NOTIFICATION EFFECTED BY AN

EXCHANGE OF NOTES

(May 17, July 1 and 23, 1935)

EXTENDING TO CANADA AS FROM THE 1st AUGUST, 1935

THE CONVENTION

BETWEEN

HIS MAJESTY

AND

THE PRESIDENT OF THE POLISH REPUBLIC

REGARDING

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS

Signed at Warsaw August 26, 1931
Ratifications exchanged at London May 31, 1932

IN FORCE AUGUST 1, 1935



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From the Secretary of State for External Affairs of Canada to the Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

On noiseonn add noiseonn add to (n) II eloitta Ottawa, May 17, 1935. force one month from the date of this note, chartis Sir,—I have the honour to invite your attention to the Civil Procedure Conventions which have been concluded with Spain, Sweden, Norway, Poland, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Turkey and Germany, all of which have been signed and delay. and duly ratified. I have the honour to state that His Majesty's Government in Canada desire that, in accordance with the stipulations therein contained, these Conventions shall be extended to Canada by notification to the representative Conventions shall be extended to Canada by notification to the representative Conventions shall be extended to Canada by notification to the representative Conventions shall be extended to Canada by notification to the representative Conventions of the conventions of t Governments. Such extension might well come into force from the date of ratification, or from a fixed date. In the latter event, it would be most convenient if the date could be the same in respect to all of the Conventions, and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory and I venture to suggest the I venture to and I venture to suggest that the 1st August of this year would be a satisfactory, and, presumably, a practicable date. The question of dates will, of course, depend upon the circumstances but, if feasible, a uniform date would be preferable. erable.

The authorities to whom judicial and extra-judicial Acts and Commissions Rogatoires are to be transmitted, will be, where action is to be taken in any Province in Canada, the Attorney-General of such Province; in the North West Territories, the Commissioner of the North West Territories; and in Yukon Territory, the Gold Commissioner of that Territory. The language in which Territory, the Gold Commissioner of that Territory are to be made will be Communications to such authorities and translations are to be made either in English. English, except in the Province of Quebec, where they may be made either in English or in French. In order to insure due execution, Commissions Rogatoires should contain full and complete interrogatories.

I shall be obliged, therefore, if steps will be taken to make the necessary notifications to the representative Governments.

I have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your obedient servant,

Wors book store and and selected to do of O. D. SKELTON for the Secretary of State for External
Affairs necessary where the theory of the property of

From the British Chargé d'Affaires ad interim at Warsaw to the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Poland

BRITISH EMBASSY

Warsaw, July 1, 1935.

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At the instance of His Majesty's Government in Canada I have the honour to notify to Your Excellency, in accordance with Article 17 (a) of the convention regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters, which was signed at Warsaw on the 26th August, 1931, the accession of His Majesty to that convention in respect of the Dominion of Canada.

The attached list indicates the authority in the various Provinces of Canada to whom requests for service under Article 3 or Letters of Request under Articles 7 or 8 should be transmitted, and the language in which communications and

translations are to be made.

In accordance with Article 17 (a) of the convention, the accession now notified will come into force one month from the date of this note, that is to say, on the 1st August next.

In requesting that Your Excellency will be so good as to acknowledge the receipt of this communication, I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

A. F. AVELING

Province or Territory	Authority and a more	Language
Ontario and and to the or	Attorney-General	English
Quebecadas and bloow as	Attorney-General	English or French
Nova Scotia	Attorney-General	English
Prince Edward Island	Attorney-General	English
New Brunswick	Attorney-General	English
British Columbia	Attorney-General	English
Manitoba	Attorney-General	English
Saskatchewan	Attorney-General	English
Alberta	Attorney-General	English
North West Territories	Commissioner of the North West	English
	Territories	
Yukon Territory	The Gold Commissioner of the	English
Commissions Rogstoires	Yukon Territory	

From the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Poland to the Acting British Ambassador at Warsaw

(Translation)

WARSAW, July 23, 1935.

Monsieur le Chargé d'Affaires,

In your note No. 86/117/8/35 of the 1st July, 1935, you were good enough to inform me of the accession of the Dominion of Canada to the Convention between Poland and Creat P. between Poland and Great Britain regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters signed at W commercial matters, signed at Warsaw on August 26, 1931, such accession becoming effective as from August 1st, 1935.

In acknowledging receipt of the above mentioned note, I have the honour to inform you that it was duly noted and referred in due course to the competent

authorities.

Accept, Sir, the assurances of my highest consideration.

CONVENTION BETWEEN HIS MAJESTY, IN RESPECT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE POLISH REPUBLIC, REGARDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS

His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, and

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Being desirous to render mutual assistance in the conduct of legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters which are being dealt with or which it anticipated may be dealt with by their respective judicial authorities;

Have resolved to conclude a Convention for this purpose and have appointed

His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions as their Plenipotentiaries: beyond the Seas, Emperor of India:

For Great Britain and Northern Ireland: The Right Honourable Sir William Forbes Erskine, G.C.M.G., M.V.O., His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Polish Republic, and

M. August Zaleski, Minister for Foreign Affairs for the Polish Republic; The President of the Polish Republic:

M. Stefan Sieczkowski, Under-Secretary of State to the Ministry of Justice

Who, having communicated their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:-

I.—Preliminary

ARTICLE 1

(a) This Convention applies only to civil and commercial matters, including non-contentious matters.

(1) "Territory of one (or of the other) High Contracting Party" shall be interpreted (a) in relation to His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, as meaning at any time England and Wales and all territories in respect of which the Convention is in force by reason of extensions under Article 15 or accessions under Article 17; (b) in relation to the President of the Polish Republic as meaning at any time, without prejudice to the

(2) "Persons" shall be deemed to mean individuals and artificial persons;

(3) "Artificial persons" shall be deemed to include partnerships, companies,

(4) "Subjects or citizens of a High Contracting Party" shall be deemed to include artificial persons constituted or incorporated under the laws of

the territory of such High Contracting Party;

"Subjects of one (or of the other) High Contracting Party" shall be deemed (a) in relation to His Majesty to mean all subjects of His Majesty wherever domiciled, and all persons under his protection; (b) in relation to the President of the Polish Republic to mean, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 16, all Polish citizens; (6) "Consular officer" shall be deemed to include diplomatic officer.

ARTICLE 2

EGARDING LEGAL PRO (a) When judicial or extra-judicial documents drawn up in the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties are required by a judicial authority situated therein to be served on persons in the territory of the other High Contracting Party, such documents may be served on the recipient, whatever his auth nationality, by any of the methods provided in Articles 3 and 4.

(b) In Part II of this Convention, the expression "country of origin" means the country from which the documents to be served emanate, and the expression "country of execution" means the country in which service of docu-

ments is to be effected.

ARTICLE 3

(a) A request for service shall be addressed and sent by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin to the competent authority of the country of execution, requesting such authority to cause the document in question to be served.

(b) The request for service shall be drawn up in the language of the country of execution and shall state the names and descriptions of the parties, the name, description and address of the recipient, and the nature of the document to be served, and shall enclose the document to be served in duplicate. Where the document is of considerable length, a duplicate of the material parts sufficient to identify it will be accepted.

(c) The document to be served shall either be drawn up in the language of the country of execution, or be accompanied by a translation into such language. Such translation shall be certified as correct by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or an official or sworn translator of one of the

two countries concerned.

(d) Requests for service shall be addressed and sent:—

In England to the Senior Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

In Poland to the Ministry of Justice in Warsaw.

If the authority to whom a request for service has been sent is not competent to execute it, such authority shall (except in cases where execution is refused in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Article) of his own motion forward the request to the competent authority of the country of execution.

(e) Service shall be effected by the competent authority of the country of execution, who shall serve the document in the manner prescribed by municipal law of such country for the service of similar documents, except that if a wish for some special manner of service is expressed in the request for service as expressed in the request for service is expressed in the request for service as the service is expressed in the request for service as the service is expressed in the request for service as the service is expressed in the request for service as the service as the service is expressed in the request for service as the serv vice, such manner of service shall be followed in so far as it is not incompatible with the law of that with the law of that country.

(f) The execution of a request for service, duly made in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Article, shall not be refused unless (1) authenticity of the request form authenticity of the request for service is not established, or (2) the High his tracting Party in whose territory it is to be executed considers that his sovereignty or safety would be compromised thereby.

(g) In every instance where a request for service is not executed by the authority to whom it has been sent, the latter will at once inform the Consular Officer by whom the request was sent, stating the ground on which the execution of the request has been refused or the competent authority to whom it has been

(h) The authority by whom the request for service is executed shall furnish a certificate proving the service or explaining the reason which has prevented such service, and setting forth the feature for such service, and setting forth the fact, the manner and the date of such service

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or attempted service, and shall send the said certificate to the Consular Officer by whom the request for service was sent. The certificate of service or of attempted Service shall be placed on one of the duplicates or attached thereto.

ARTICLE 4

(a) Service may be effected without any request to, or intervention of the authorities of the country of execution, by any of the following methods:—
(1) By a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin;

(2) By an agent appointed for the purpose either by the judicial authority of the country of origin or by the party on whose application the document was issued;

(3) Through the post; or

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(4) By any other method of service which is not illegal, under the law

existing at the time of service, in the country of execution.

(b) All documents served in the manner provided in (1) of the preceding Paragraph shall, unless the recipient is a subject or citizen of the High Conracting Party from whose territory the document to be served emanates, either be drawn up in the language of the country of execution or be accompanied by a ranslation into such language, certified as correct as prescribed in Article 3 (c).

(c) The High Contracting Parties agree that in principle it is also desirable hat the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Article should apply to documents erved in the manner provided in (2), (3) and (4) of paragraph (a) of this Article. Nevertheless, in the absence of any legislation in their respective terriories making translations obligatory in such cases, the High Contracting Parties o not accept any obligation in this respect.

ARTICLE 5

(a) In any case where documents have been served in accordance with the Provisions of Article 3, the High Contracting Party, by whose Consular Officer he request for service was addressed, shall repay to the other High Contracting Party any charges and expenses which are payable under the law of the country of execution to the persons employed to effect service, and any charges and expenses incurred in effecting service in a special manner. These charges and expenses shall not exceed such as are usually allowed in the courts of that country.

(b) Repayment of these charges and expenses shall be claimed by the com-Petent authority by whom the service has been effected from the Consular Officer by whom the request was addressed, when sending to him the certificate provided

for in Article 3 (h).

(c) Except as provided above no fees of any description shall be payable by one High Contracting Party to the other in respect of the service of any documents.

III.—Taking of Evidence

ARTICLE 6

(a) When a judicial authority in the territory of one of the High Conracting Parties requires that evidence should be taken in the territory of the ther High Contracting Party, such evidence may be taken, whatever the Nationality of the parties or witnesses may be, in any one of the ways prescribed Articles 7, 8 or 9.

(b) In Part III of this Convention, the expressions

"Taking of evidence" shall be deemed to include the taking of the statements of a plaintiff, defendant, expert, witness or any other person on oath or otherwise; the submission to a plaintiff, defendant, expert,

witness or any other person of any oath with regard to any legal proceedings; and the production, identification and examination of documents, samples or other objects.

(2) "Witness" shall be deemed to include any person from whom any

evidence, as defined above, is required to be taken. "Country of origin" shall be deemed to mean the country by whose judicial authority the evidence is required, and "country of execution," the country in which the evidence is to be taken.

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(a) The judicial authority of the country of origin may, in accordance with the provisions of the law of his country, address himself by means of a Letter of Request to the competent authority of the country of execution, requesting such

authority to take the evidence.

(b) The Letter of Request shall be drawn up in the language of the country of execution, or be accompanied by a translation into such language. Such translation shall be certified as correct by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or by an official or sworn translator of one of the two countries concerned. The Letter of Request shall state briefly the nature of the proceedings for which the evidence is required, the names and descriptions of the parties thereto, and the names, descriptions and addresses of the witnesses. They shall also either (1) be accompanied by a list of interrogatories to be put to the witness or witnesses, or, as the case may be, by a description of the documents, samples or other objects to be produced, identified or examined, and a translation thereof, certified as correct in the manner heretofore provided; or (2) shall request the competent authority to allow such questions to be asked viva voce as the parties or their representatives shall desire to ask.

(c) Letters of Request shall be transmitted— In England by a Polish Consular Officer to the Senior Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

In Poland by a British Consular Officer to the Ministry of Justice.

In case the authority to whom any Letter of Request is transmitted is not competent to execute it, such authority shall (except in cases where execution is refused in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Article) of his own motion forward the Letter of Request to the competent authority of the country of execution.

(d) The competent authority of the country of execution shall give effect to the Letter of Request and obtain the evidence required by the use of the same compulsory measures and the same procedure as are employed in the execution of a commission or order emanating from the authorities of his own country, except that if a wish that some special procedure should be followed is expressed in the Letter of Request, such special procedure shall be followed in so far as it is not incompatible with the law of the country of execution.

(e) The Consular Officer, by whom the Letter of Request is transmitted. shall, if he so desires, be informed of the date when and the place where the proceedings will take place, in order that he may inform the interested party or parties, who shall be permitted to be present in person or to be represented if they so desire.

(f) The execution of a Letter of Request which complies with the preceding

provisions of this Article can only be refused—

(1) If the authenticity of the Letter of Request is not established;

(2) If, in the country of execution, the execution of the Letter of Request in question does not fall within the functions of the judiciary;

(3) If the High Contracting Party in whose territory it is to be executed considers that his sovereignty or safety would be compromised thereby

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(g) In every instance where a Letter of Request is not executed by the authority to whom it is addressed, the latter will at once inform the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted, stating the grounds on which the execution of the Letter of Request has been refused, or, in the case provided for in Article ⁷ (c), the competent authority to whom it has been forwarded.

(h) When a Letter of Request has been executed, the competent authority to whom it was transmitted or forwarded shall send to the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted the necessary documents establishing its execution.

ARTICLE 8

(a) The judicial authority of the country of origin may, in the Letter of Request addressed to the competent authority of the country of execution, equest such authority to appoint to take the evidence an individual specially designated in the Letter of Request.

A Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or any other suitable

Individual may be so designated.

(b) Where this procedure is adopted, the provisions of paragraphs (b), (c),

(f), (g) and (h) of Article 7 shall apply, but the following paragraphs shall be

Substituted for paragraphs (d) and (e) of that Article.

(c) The competent authority of the country of execution shall give effect thereto and shall appoint the individual designated to take the evidence, unless such individual shall be unwilling so to act. In addition, if necessary, such authority shall make use of such compulsory powers as it possesses under its Own law to secure the attendance of and the giving of evidence by the witnesses before the individual so appointed.

(d) The individual thus appointed shall have power to administer an oath, and any person giving false evidence before him shall be liable in the courts of he country of execution to the penalties provided by the law of that country

for perjury.

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(e) The evidence shall be taken in accordance with the law of the country of origin, provided such method is not contrary to the law of the country of ecution, and the parties shall have the right to be present in person or to be epresented by barristers or solicitors or by any other persons who are combetent to appear before the courts of either the country of origin or of execution.

ARTICLE 9

(a) The evidence may also be taken, without any request to or the intervention of the authorities of the country of execution, by an individual in that Ountry directly appointed for the purpose by the court of the country of origin. Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or any other suitable individual

may be so appointed.

(b) An individual so appointed to take evidence may request the persons amed by the court appointing him to appear before him and to give evidence. Te may take all kinds of evidence which are not contrary to the law of the ountry of execution, and shall have power to administer an oath. The attendance and giving of evidence before any such individual shall be entirely voluntary and no measures of compulsion shall be employed.

(c) Requests to appear issued by such individual shall, unless the recipient a subject or citizen of the High Contracting Party for whose judicial authority be evidence is required, be drawn up in the language of the country of execution

be accompanied by a translation into such language.

(d) The evidence may be taken in accordance with the procedure recognized by the law of the country of origin, and the parties will have the right to be resent in person or to be represented by barristers or solicitors of that country by any representatives who are competent to appear before the courts either of the country of origin or of the country of execution.

ARTICLE 10

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The fact that an attempt to take evidence by the method laid down in Article 9 has failed owing to the refusal of any witness to appear or to give evidence does not preclude a request being subsequently made in accordance with Article 7 or 8.

ARTICLE 11

(a) Where evidence is taken in the manner provided in Article 7 or 8 the High Contracting Party, by whose judicial authority the Letter of Request was addressed, shall repay to the other High Contracting Party any charges and expenses incurred by the competent authority of the latter in the execution of the request in respect of any charges and expenses payable to witnesses, experts, interpreters or translators, the costs of obtaining the attendance of witnesses who have not appeared voluntarily, and the charges and expenses payable to any person whom such authority may have deputed to act, in cases where the law of the country of execution permits this to be done, and any charges and expenses incurred by reason of a special procedure being requested and followed. These charges and expenses shall be such as are usually allowed in similar cases in the courts of the country of execution.

(b) The repayment of these charges and expenses shall be claimed by the competent authority by whom the Letter of Request has been executed from the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted when sending to him the docu-

ments establishing its execution as provided in Article 7 (h).

(c) Except as above provided no fees of any description shall be payable by one High Contracting Party to the other in respect of the taking of evidence.

IV.—Judicial Assistance for Poor Persons, Imprisonment for Debt and Security for Costs

ARTICLE 12

The subjects or citizens of one High Contracting Party shall enjoy in the territory of the other High Contracting Party a perfect equality of treatment with subjects or citizens of that High Contracting Party as regards free judicial assistance for poor persons and imprisonment for debt; and, provided that they are resident in the territory of the other High Contracting Party, shall not be compelled to give security for costs in any case where a subject or citizen of such other High Contracting Party would not be so compelled.

V.—General Provisions

ARTICLE 13

Any difficulties which may arise in connection with the question of this Convention shall be settled through the diplomatic channel.

ARTICLE 14

The present Convention, of which the English and Polish* texts are equally authentic, shall be subject to ratification. Ratifications shall be exchanged in London. The Convention shall come into force one month after the date on which ratifications are exchanged and shall remain in force for three years after the date of its coming into force. If neither of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice through the diplomatic channel to the other not less than six months before the expiration of the said period of three years of his

^{*} Not printed.

intention to terminate the Convention, it shall remain in force until the expiration of six months from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to terminate it.

ARTICLE 15

(a) This Convention shall not apply ipso facto to Scotland or Northern reland, nor to any of the Colonies or Protectorates of His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, nor to any territories under his suzerainty, nor to any mandated territories, nor to any territories under his suzerainty. tories in respect of which the mandate is exercised by His Government in the United Kingdom, but His Majesty may at any time, while this Convention is In force under Article 14, by a notification given through His Ambassador at Warsaw, extend the operation of the Convention to any of the above-mentioned

(b) Such notification shall state the authorities in the territory concerned to whom requests for service under Article 3 or Letters of Request under Article 7 or 8 7 or 8 are to be transmitted, and the language in which communications and translations are to be made. The date of the coming into force of any such extension shall be one month from the date of such notification.

(c) Either of the High Contracting Parties may, at any time after the expiry of three years from the coming into force of an extension of this Convention tion to any of the territories referred to in paragraph (a) of this Article, terminate such extension on giving six months' notice of termination through the

(d) The termination of the Convention under Article 14 shall, unless other-Wise expressly agreed to by both High Contracting Parties, ipso facto terminate it in respect of any territories to which it has been extended under paragraph (a)

of this Article.

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ARTICLE 16

(a) The High Contracting Parties agree that the Government of the Republic of Poland, acting in virtue of Article 104 of the Treaty of Peace signed at Versailles on the 28th June, 1919, and of Articles 2 and 6 of the Convention concluded between Poland and Dantzig on the 9th November, 1920, may, at any time while the present Convention is in force, under Article 14 or by virtue of any the D. declare that the present Convention shall apply to the Free City of Dantzig, by a notification given through the diplomatic channel.

(b) Upon such notification being made, the provisions of the present Con-Vention shall apply to the territory of the Free City of Dantzig and the citizens

(c) Either High Contracting Party may terminate the application of the Convention to Dantzig at any time after the expiry of three years from the date of the coming into force of the notification referred to in paragraph (a) of the of the coming into force of the notification referred to in paragraph (b) of the coming into force of the notification through the diplomatic this Article, by giving six months' notice of termination through the diplomatic

(d) The termination of the Convention under Article 14 shall, unless other-Wise expressly agreed to by both High Contracting Parties, terminate it in respect

of the Free City of Dantzig.

ARTICLE 17

(a) The High Contracting Parties agree that His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, may at any time, while the present Convention is in force, either under Article 14 or by virtue of any accession under this Article, by a notification given through the diplomatic channel, accede to the present Convention in respect of any Member of the British Commonwealth of Nations whose Government may desire that such accession should be effected, provided that no notification of accession may be given at any time when the President of the Polish Republic has given notice of termination in respect of all the territories of His Majesty to which the Convention applies. The provisions of Article 15 (b) shall be applicable to such notification. Any such accession shall take effect one month after the date of its notification.

(b) After the expiry of three years from the date of the coming into force of any accession under paragraph (a) of this Article, either of the High Contracting Parties may, by giving six months' notice of termination through the diplomatic channel, terminate the application of the Convention to any country in respect of which a notification of accession has been given. The termination of the Convention under Article 14 shall not affect its application to any such

country.

(c) Any notification of accession under paragraph (a) of this Article may include any dependency or mandated territory administered by the Government of the country in respect of which such notification of accession is given; and any notice of termination in respect of any such country under paragraph (b) shall apply to any dependency or mandated territory which was included in the notification of accession in respect of that country.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed the present Convention, in English and Polish texts, and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done in duplicate at Warsaw the 26th August, 1931.

WILLIAM ERSKINE
AUGUST ZALESKI
STEFAN SIECZKOWSKI

