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You are Thinking of Attending
FREDERICTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
 ...
W. J. OSBORNE, Prin.
 Fredericton, N. B.

STINSON'S
LAUNCHES SERVED AT
A MOMENT'S NOTICE
ICE CREAM
 ...
RASTINSON
 ST. ANDREWS

WHY IS IT
 ...
NEW SHOE STORE OF
DGAR HOLMES
 ...
 31 WATER STREET, North End
 EASTPORT, ME.

ance
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 ...

SPECIAL
Spring Clean-Up
SALE!
For One Week
Commencing
Monday,
June 4
 ...
All Coats in Navy and Black
One-Quarter Off.
Fancy Shades in Sport Coats
One-Third Off.
 ...
Special Sale of Silks
 3000 Yards. All Silks are Double
 Width, and Fifty Shades in Stock.
10% Discount
Special for Thursday,
June 7th
 ...
50 Old Rose, and Copenhagen
Silk Sweaters, regular value \$6.00,
for \$3.62. One day only.
Lots of Bargains for June 7th.
C. C. GRANT
ST. STEPHEN

Alliance
CH
 ...
W. G. CLARK
Treasurer
Fredericton, N.B.

Social and Personal
 Miss Maud Weddall left on Monday for a week's visit with relatives in Fredericton. The Methodist Ladies' Mission Society held its Annual Convention in Fredericton during the week and Miss Weddall attended some of the meetings.
 Mr. R. D. Rigby was in St. John on business last week.
 Mrs. Allan Grimmer and Miss Marjorie Babbitt spent last week-end in Fredericton and attended the Farewell Field Day of the 28thth Klitke Battalion.
 Mr. Robert Clarke, B. Sc., visited his mother, Mrs. Jennie Clarke, on Saturday last.
 Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ganong and party of friends came from St. Stephen by automobile last Saturday and returned the same evening.
 Mr. Caswell Wilcox, of Wood Island, Grand Manan, was in St. Andrews on Saturday last.
 Mr. and Mrs. Norman Guthrie and family have arrived from Ottawa and are occupying their summer home on Water Street.
 Mrs. George J. Clark was in Town on Wednesday.
 Miss Freda Wren arrived from Fredericton on Wednesday, having attended the Klitke Battalion Field Day on her way home from Montreal and Quebec.
 Mrs. E. Lee Street has moved from the "Anchorage" and will spend the summer with Miss Rebecca Morrison in her cottage on Kirk Hill.
 Mrs. Boyd, of Calais, has been a recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Cockburn.
 Mrs. George Smith left on Wednesday to make a short visit with friends in Woodstock.
 Mrs. Walter Stuart, of Boston, joined her husband, and they will remain with his parents, Sheriff and Mrs. R. A. Stuart, during the summer.
 Mrs. Gifford arrived on Tuesday and will spend the summer in Town, the guest of Mrs. Fred Andrews.
 Mr. Percy Odell returned on Wednesday from a three week's visit in St. John.
 Miss Bessie Wren arrived this week and is visiting Mrs. Hunt.
 Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Thompson and their daughter, Mrs. Balfour, have reopened their summer home here.
 Mrs. Charles Smith and her daughters are now occupying their summer residence, Rosemount, on Carleton Street.
 Mrs. John Peacock returned on Thursday from a visit with friends in Houlton.
 Rev. Mr. Blackall, of Oak Bay was in town on Thursday.
 Dr. A. G. Huntsman came on Wednesday to the Biological Station at Joe's Point. He expects to spend the greater part of the season at Cape Breton, and Mrs. Huntsman and their two daughters will not occupy their cottage this summer.
 Mrs. L. V. deBury and her son are leaving early in July to spend the summer at St. Andrews, N. B., where they will be guests at the Algonquin.
 Miss Winifred Tait will be among those taking part in the concert which will be held on the evening of June 11 at His Majesty's Theatre in aid of the Khaki League. Miss Kathleen Quinn will sing, while Miss Tait will do some fancy dancing. —*Montréal Herald.*

Local and General
 The bridge just beyond the blockhouse on the front street is undergoing some much needed repairs. At present it is completely dismantled, and no wheeled traffic can use that route.
 The Red Cross Society wishes to convey its most hearty thanks to the members of Gillman's Orchestra for providing such an excellent programme of music at the performance of "Bachelor's Romance" on Monday evening. \$76.84 was realized after paying expenses.
 The Young Women's Patriotic Association wishes to thank all those who so kindly saved their old rubbers and gave them to the Association. From the sale of these \$11.50 has been realized, which sum is a very welcome addition to the funds.
 Tag Day on Grand Manan June 11th. Proceeds equally divided between the Y. M. C. A. work among the soldiers overseas and the Klitke Battalion.
 Watch for the collector from the Women's Institute, and be prepared to give generously.
 The Algonquin Hotel is being put in order for the season. Some of the help arrived on Friday last and are engaged in clearing up the hotel. The new building for the hotel has been handed over by the builders to the decorators. From the outside it is very picturesque, a long narrow stucco-covered building roofed in red, and trimmed with dark oak. On the north side facing the Power House is a deep veranda supported by stucco pillars.
 Mr. G. B. Finigan came from Freeport on Wednesday in his new motor boat, which was specially built for him at that place. The new boat is a very fine one, larger than his previous one, and with cabin accommodation.
 Mr. Finigan crossed the Bay in his boat alone on Wednesday, making the run from Freeport, Digby Co., N. S., to St. Andrews in nine hours, forty-five minutes, the distance being about 60 miles.
 The grounds of All Saints Church were given a thorough overhauling by volunteer workers from the men and boys of the congregation, on Tuesday evening. The impossibility of hiring labor for the work resulted in the improvement of spring cleaning the Church grounds. Refreshments, provided by the ladies of the congregation, were served to the workers in Mrs. G. H. Stickney's residence. The grounds of the church of St. Andrew have recently been much improved by the removal of two large trees that blocked the light from the Church windows.
 The St. Stephen District of the Methodist Church held its Annual Session in the Town on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.
 The Rev. R. W. Weddall, as Chairman of the district, presided over the Sessions, and with him were associated the Brethren D. R. Chown, H. S. B. Strothard, W. R. Pepper, A. C. Bell, and J. Harold McLellan, with laymen Dr. J. F. Worrell, Capt. Joseph Kilpatrick, W. H. Stevens, and D. A. Nesbitt.
 The general review of the work of the general Circuit, was highly satisfactory indicating both spiritual and financial prosperity. The annual Conference meets next week in the city of Moncton. Dr. J. F. Worrell, Capt. Joseph Kilpatrick, and Glenn Thompson, are representatives to the Conference.
 Mr. Weddall leaves on Saturday for Moncton, and no services will be held in the Methodist Church here for the two following Sabbaths.

CARD OF THANKS
 Mrs. Porter and family desire to express their thanks and appreciation to their friends who showed their sympathy in their recent bereavement.

NEW COUNTERFEIT \$10 BILL
 Washington, June 4.—Discovery of a new counterfeit \$10 certificate of the 1907 series was announced to-day by the Secret Service. It is not as finely executed as the genuine note, but is likely to prove very deceptive, it was stated.

ST. ANDREWS MARKET
 Wholesale Prices to Farmers
 June 7.
 Print Butter, 35 per lb.
 Eggs, 35 per doz.
 Chicken, 30 per lb.
 Fowl, 25 per lb.
 Beef, 13 to 15 per lb.
 Pork, 17 to 18 per lb.
 Mutton, 12 to 14 per lb.
 Veal, 12 to 14 per lb.
 Potatoes, \$7.50 per bbl.
 Turnips, Carrots,
 Onions,
 Hay, loose, \$10.00-\$12.00 per ton
 Hay, pressed, \$12.00 per ton.
 Straw, \$8.00 per ton.

WHAT IS A TON?
 The word "ton" conveys no definite meaning unless a qualifying adjective is used. "Gross ton" or "long ton" means twenty hundredweight of 112 lb., that is, 2240 lb.; "net ton" or "short ton" signifies twenty hundredweight of 100 lb., that is, 2000 lb.; "metric ton" implies 1000 kilograms, and is the equivalent of 2204.6 English pounds. "Ton" also signifies 40 cubic feet, and is used in that sense in reckoning freight on cargo which is lighter, bulk for bulk, than water. "Ton" and "tonnage" as applied to vessels signify either the displacement or the deadweight carrying capacity.
 In Great Britain and the Colonies generally the ton is equivalent to 2240 lb., but in Canada as in the United States the ton is usually equivalent to 2000 lb. Certain commodities, however, in both countries are sold by the "long ton," among them being coal. A coal merchant in Canada buying coal from a colliery either in Canada or the United States should receive 2240 lb. for every ton specified in the invoice. In retailing the coal the merchant usually gives only 2000 lb. to the nominal ton. He thus buys by the long ton and sells by the short ton, the difference enabling him to recoup himself for handling the coal and for delivering it to his customers.
 In the hope, however, that the recent

CHINESE PROVINCES IN REVOLT
 Peking, June 1.—The provinces of Anhui, Chihli, Hupeh, Chekiang, Fokien, and Honan have proclaimed their independence and threatened to send a joint expedition to Peking to force the dissolution of Parliament and the reinstatement of Tuan Chi-ji as Premier. Tang Hsiung, Speaker of the Assembly, has resigned and gone to Tientsin to join the Military Government.
 The attitude of Chang Hsun, the commander of the Government troops at Nan king, and Fen Kwo-chang, the Vice-Premier, is undefined, but it is believed that both are inclined to support the militarists. The President has issued a long statement defending his dismissal of the Premier, at the same time highly praising him and expressing the hope that he may serve the country in the future. The statement ends: "If those responsible for the present crisis intend to provoke internal war, I will under no consideration watch the country sink into perdition. I am not afraid to die for the country."
 The general tone of the statement is apologetic and lacking in strength. Owing to the refusal of Li Ching-hsi to accept the Premiership the President's position is precarious.
 Amoy, China, June 2.—The Provinces of Shensi, Shansi, Chekiang, and Shantung are reported to have seceded. According to the opinion held here the secessions were not due to the international political situation, but were caused by the dismissal of Tuan Chi-ji as Premier.
 The six revolting provinces in China form the major part of the southeastern portion of the republic, and have a population of about 120,000,000. The situation in China has grown steadily more threatening since President Li Yuan-hung dismissed Premier Tuan Chi-ji from office on May 23, following a riotous session of the House of Representatives at which the deputies refused to pass a resolution declaring war on Germany. The parliamentary building was surrounded by a mob demanding war, and the President accused the Premier of attempting to coerce Parliament. The Military Government sided with the dismissed Prime Minister, and left the capital in a body.
 Peking, June 3.—Eleven provinces of China, including the provinces of Chihli, in which Peking is situated, no longer recognize the authority of the Peking government. The provinces of Kwantung, Kwangsi, and Yunnan, are supporting President Li Yuan-hung. The provisional assembly of Kwantung, in assuring its loyal support to the president and parliament, demands that the military governors be dismissed and punished. Dr. Sun Yat-sen, former premier of the Republic, has been invited to return to the capital to head the military government. The military governors are proceeding hurriedly to Canton. It seems probable that should the military governors persist in their revolutionary course that the three loyal south China provinces named by the Premier, Kwangsi, and Yunnan, will rise in support of the president. At present the situation is serious and the president virtually powerless.
 Parliament was convened to-day to consider a bill calling for a declaration of war against Germany, but there was no quorum owing to the fact that 250 members had left Peking. Attempts are being made to influence President Yuan-hung to resign rather than to dissolve parliament, the object being to throw the blame for any disturbance while they are in control of the railways. Traffic has been uninterrupted and the militarists are demanding a new election immediately for the purpose of securing a workable constitution.
 President Li Yuan-hung is powerless owing to the Peking military commanders refusing to carry out his orders.
 Shanghai, June 3.—General Chang Hsun, military governor of the province of Anhwei, arrived in Tientsin Saturday evening and after a conference with the militarists, a provisional government was formed. Hsun Shih-chang was appointed dictator. Wang Shih-cheng the acting premier was made premier, Tuan Chi-wei, brother of Tuan Chi-ji, former premier, was named minister of war. Chao Jui-in, who is believed to be strongly pro-Japanese, was given the portfolio of foreign affairs, and Tung Hsiung, former minister of communications, was chosen as minister of the interior.
 The militarists have completely isolated Peking. The government has established a strict censorship on the telegraph lines.
 San Francisco, June 4.—Vict-President Feng Kwo-chang handed his resignation to President Li Yuan-hung to-day, according to a cablegram received here by the Chinese World.

RELIEF WORK FOR THE VICTIMS OF THE WAR IN BELGIUM
 Montreal, Canada, June 2, 1917.
 Dear Sir:—
 In view of the recent statement issued by Mr. Hoover, Chairman of the Commission for Relief in Belgium which points out the impossibility at present of obtaining the necessary shipping tonnage to forward to Belgium the food supplies in the same quantities as in the past, and also draws attention to the fact that the United States Government have made arrangements to loan to the Belgian Government the sum of \$45,000,000—payable to the Commission for Relief in Belgium in six monthly instalments—which sum will cover the cost of such food supplies as can be shipped in that time by the limited number of ships available to the Commission—the Central Executive Committee of the Belgian Relief Fund in Canada finds it unnecessary for the present, to make appeal to the generously disposed people of Canada on the plea of the urgency of support in order to stave off starvation.
 The needs of Belgium continue however as pressing as in the past and the situation may be considered as being even more pitiable as, through the forced decrease in imports, Belgium will be compelled to fall back on her last native resources already so denuded. In order to maintain that so limited ration that has been doled out in the past it will be necessary to encroach upon the Country's stock of Milk Cattle which has been reserved to maintain a supply of fresh milk for the children.
 F. H. GRIMMER,
 Town Treasurer

Farm and Fishing Stand For Sale
 The Harold Mitchell place near Wilson's Beach, Campobello. Over thirty (30) acres land. Good soil. Splendid beach privileges. One thousand (1000) feet shore front. Good house, partly furnished. Barns in good repair. Some farm implements. Excellent water supply. One mile to Post Office and Church. Three Quarters mile to School. Choice location summer residence, also first class stand for fishing business. Respective property invited. For further information and terms of sale write or apply to F. H. GRIMMER, St. Andrews, N. B.

TOILET SOAPS
 All kinds of Toilet Soaps have advanced in price from 10% to 20%.
 We have a large stock of all kinds of Toilet and Bath Soaps which we bought before the advance.
 This we are selling at the old prices, and will continue to do so while our present stock lasts.
 It will pay you to buy a full season's supply at the present prices.
The Wren Drug & Book Store

A. E. O'NEILL'S
 FOR
MILLINERY
 AND
FANCY GOODS
 Water St. ST. ANDREWS

General Tax Notice
TOWN OF ST. ANDREWS
 1917
 Notice is hereby given that the St. Andrews Town Assessment List for 1917 has been received by me for the collection of taxes.
 All persons assessed in the Town will be assessed against their respective rates to me as Town Treasurer, within 10 days, and a like discount will be allowed.
FIVE PER CENTUM
 on the amount assessed against them respectively upon payment of their respective rates to me as Town Treasurer, within 10 days after the first publication of the said notice, after which time no discount will be allowed.
Two and One-Half Per Centum
 upon payment within 20 days and more than 10 days after the first publication of the said notice, after which time no discount will be allowed.
 Dated May 26, A. D. 1917.
 F. H. GRIMMER,
 Town Treasurer

Indurated Fibreware
 (Which is really Paul hardwood and baked by a special process)
 It cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear your clothes. Double value for your money—almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.
 Ask Your Dealer.
The E. B. Eddy Co.
 Limited
 Hall, - Canada.

Two Washboards
 FOR
The Price of One
 Both sides of EDDY'S Twin Beaver Washboards can be used—giving double service for the price of one. Made of
Indurated Fibreware
 (Which is really Paul hardwood and baked by a special process)
 It cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear your clothes. Double value for your money—almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.
 Ask Your Dealer.
The E. B. Eddy Co.
 Limited
 Hall, - Canada.

Advertise in the Beacon

MEN'S READY-TO-WEAR SUITS
 For Spring and Summer
 We have just received a large shipment of Men's Ready-to-Wear Clothing consisting of all the latest designs and colorings for Spring and Summer.
 The Great Variety of Neat, Dressy Patterns, the Style and make of the Garments will appeal to you at once.
 The Sole Agency for the Famous
House of Hobberlin
 Made-to-Measure Clothes
 is Another Feature of Our Business.
 Perfect Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed or No Sale AT
The EDWIN ODELL
DRY GOODS STORE
 Telephone 11 St. Andrews, N.B.

BORN
 Born on Campobello, May 30, to the wife of Frank Cline, a daughter, Edith Cavell.

DIED
 Died, at River Glade Sanatorium, June 3, David Chate, aged 23 yrs., 8 mths., 20 days.

OBITUARY
 W. P. WISCOTT
 St. Stephen, N. B. June 6.
 After an illness of several weeks at the Chipman Memorial Hospital, Mr. W. P. Wescott passed away on Monday. The funeral service took place this afternoon and was conducted by Ven Archdeacon Newham of Christ Church. The interment was in the Rural Cemetery. Mr. Wescott was at one time a prominent grocer in St. Stephen. He was twice married, and leaves a widow and two sons both grown to manhood.
 At the Yarmouth Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found MINARD'S LINIMENT most beneficial for sun burn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.
 ALFRED STOKES,
 General Sec'y.

LOYALIST SETTLEMENT AT PASSAMAQUODDY
 We have on hand a few sets of THE BEACON from October 7 to November 11, 1916, inclusive, 6 numbers, containing an account of "The Exodus of the Loyalists from the Penobscot, and the Loyalist Settlements at Passamaquoddy," being a reprint of an article by Professor W. H. Siebert, in the New Brunswick Historical Society. The complete set of six numbers will be sent post paid for 25 cents.
 Beacon Press Company,
 St. Andrews, N. B.

S. Kerr,
 Principal
Two Washboards
 FOR
The Price of One
 Both sides of EDDY'S Twin Beaver Washboards can be used—giving double service for the price of one. Made of
Indurated Fibreware
 (Which is really Paul hardwood and baked by a special process)
 It cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear your clothes. Double value for your money—almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.
 Ask Your Dealer.
The E. B. Eddy Co.
 Limited
 Hall, - Canada.

NICE NAVAL ORANGES
 AT
BURTON'S

Advertise in the Beacon

Auto Repair Tools and Sundry Supplies
 GET YOUR AUTO IN GOOD SHAPE FOR SPRING
 WE HAVE IN STOCK:
 Weed Chains, Rido-Said Chains, Auto Wrenches, all kinds, Spark Plugs, Puncture Plugs, Self-cleaning Patches, Valve Grinders, Valve Grinding Compound, Winshield Cleaners, Dry Batteries, Battery Testers, Magneto Files, Graphite Lubricant, Cup Grease, Grease Guns, Auto Socket Sets and Extra Sockets for Socket Sets,
 Tire Pumps, Auto Taps and Die Sets, A. L. M. thread, 1-4 in. to 3-4 in., Adamson's Vulcanizers, Carbon Remover, Auto Jacks, Storage Jacks or Tire Savers, Valve Lifters, Finished Hex. Blank Nuts, Machine Screws, Auto Split Washers, Drills and Reamers, Cotter Pins, Cutter Pin Lifters, Oilers, all kinds, Anti-Door Batteries, Auto Enamel.

T. McAvity & Sons, Ltd.
 ST. JOHN, N. B.

Pansy Week
 To arrive on Tuesday next from Boston a lot of very beautiful Pansies like those we have had in years past.
 Any order will have careful attention
J. D. GRIMMER

SPRING SUGGESTIONS FOR YOUR GARDEN
 Spading Forks, Spades, Rakes, Hoes, etc. Garden Seeds, Wire Netting 48 in., 60 in., 72 in., by the Yard or Roll.
FOR YOUR HOME
 Ramsay's Paints and Varnishes, Berry Craft, Stains, Wall Papers, Screen Wire Cloth to keep out the Flies.
 When you buy that New Camera come in and let us show you the
"ANSCO"
 We carry a large stock of Fresh "ANSCO SPEEDEX" Films, including that popular 2A size.
 Let Us Do Your Developing, Printing and Enlarging For Best Results.
J. A. SHIRLEY
 Hardware, Paints and Glass

WE HAVE IN STOCK ONE CAR LOAD
BOKER'S
 Potato, Vegetable and Grain
FERTILIZER
 Which We Will Sell LOW for CASH
G. K. GREENLAW
 SAINT ANDREWS
 Advertising Pays---Try a Beacon Adv.

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ADDRESS OF RT. HON. ARTHUR J. BALFOUR, O.M., IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, OTTAWA, MAY 28, 1917.

The Right Hon. Mr. BALFOUR then, speaking in English, said: Mr. Speaker of the House of Commons, Mr. Speaker of the Senate, Honourable Gentlemen: I turn to a language which I do not admire more than the one I have been somewhat imperfectly speaking, but one with which I am very much more familiar. Perhaps you will allow me to make a few personal remarks in accents that come most familiarly to my tongue.

Ladies and gentlemen, it is with the profoundest emotion that I enjoy this opportunity of meeting the two Houses of the Canadian Parliament in joint session. Many of your most distinguished members are I think I may venture to say, personal friends of my own; I have seen them and have enjoyed their company in the Home land, and now that I come here and have again the opportunity of meeting merely a personal pleasure to interchange ideas and to come in contact with them as those responsible for the government of this great community, but there is a special emotion in feeling that I come at one of the greatest crises not merely in the Imperial history of Great Britain, but in the world history of civilization.

Gentlemen, I do not believe that anything more unexpected to the outside world has ever occurred than the enthusiastic self-sacrifice with which the great self-governing Dominions of the British Empire have thrown themselves into this great contest. The calculation of the ordinary foreign politician and especially of the German politician, was that the British Empire was but a fair-weather ally, and in the vast surface of the globe which it occupied, but quite unprepared to deal with the storm and stress of war; and like a house built on the sand, it was destined to crumble at the first attack to a great ruin. I do not think myself that that was nearly so foolish, or so obviously idiotic a miscalculation as some of those others in which our German enemies have indulged. On the other hand, I think that the inner spirit which animates the British Empire from end to end to the other, it would be impossible to conceive of a great State which apparently was less well fitted to deal with the terrible stress which the world colored red. They are separated by vast oceans; they encircle the globe, and while the fact that the sun never sets upon the British Empire is proof of its magnitude, it is no evidence of its strength. Moreover, remember what the foreign speculators about the British Empire must have thought before the war began. They said to themselves: This loosely constructed State resembles a structure that has never existed in history before; it is held together by no coercive power; the Government of the Mother Country cannot raise a corporal's guard in Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or wherever taxation; she has no power. But they forgot that power which a certain class of politician never remembers—the moral power of affection, sentiment, common aims and common ideals. Even those of us who most firmly believed that the British Empire was a new experiment in the long history of the world, was going to succeed; even those who, like myself, took a sanguine view of the future of our great Empire, must have felt—so loosely was it knit, so vast were the areas that it covered, so improbable that this immense body should be animated by one soul, or that the indirect thrill of a common necessity should go from end to end, as it were, with a response—that such a dream was difficult, and such an ideal hard to carry into effect. When, unexpectedly, without giving an opportunity for preparation, or discussion, or propaganda, war burst upon the world, even those who doubted whether this great Empire—each unit of which had it in its power to hold aloof had it so desired—might act as one organization animated by one soul, moved by one purpose and driving towards one end, it seems to me almost a political miracle, but the miracle has occurred, and no greater event in my opinion has ever happened in the history of civilization than the way in which all the co-ordinated democracies, each one conscious of its separate life, each one not less conscious of its common life, worked together with a uniform spirit of self-sacrifice in the cause in which they believed that their merely their own individual security, but the safety of the Empire, and the progress of civilization, and liberty itself were at stake.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, it seems to me to be interesting to compare the picture which I have just sketched of the perfectly free working of the British democracies working freely together, each under its own institutions, each according to its own lights, towards a common and unselfish end, with what is happening, and has happened, in the Central Powers and Europe. There you find also many communities, independent, or nominally independent of any alliance, working together towards objects which they, at all events, conceive to be in their own interests. But how different is that which unites them, how different are the ideas which they pursue! At this moment, if all the stories which reach us from every source have the least grain of truth in them, you have Germany fighting for her own self-centred ends encircled by a set of states whom she has brought under her control, who love her not, whose interests are really not identical with hers but whom she has got into her grip, and who doubtless, if they could, would carry out their own policies in their own fashion. The greatest of all these powers is Austria, and yet we all know, or all of us who have access to authentic information know, that Austria is not working with Germany as we are working with France or as the different units and elements of the British Empire are working with each other. Germany has so contrived her diplomacy and has so arranged her material forces, that Austria perhaps has not a will of her own, and if

in their modern developments are the invention of the British race, and which, at least as much success by the British race as by any other race in the world. That Canada is with the Allies through all difficulties of this great conflict is the conclusion of a free people's opinion, the message which you, Mr. Speaker of the House of Commons, and you, Mr. Speaker of the Senate, have asked me to convey to the Motherland. In the truth of that message I firmly believe. I know that the democracies of the old world as well as of the new—whether they belong to the British Empire, or are outside of it; whether they speak the English language or the language of other nations—will come out of this struggle not merely triumphant in the military sense, not merely conquerors where victory is essential to civilization, but strengthened in their own inner life; more firmly convinced that the path of freedom is the only path to national greatness; and with orders fully learned that patriotism will always overcome the dangers and difficulties inherent to a democratic constitution, and that the strength which is derived from having behind efforts the consent of a free people is greater than the strength that can be secured by the most elaborate, the most tyrannical, and the most well thought-out system of military despotism.

I most gratefully thank you for having shared with me I shall carry back from this meeting the message which has been entrusted to me by the Speaker of the House of Commons and by the Speaker of the Senate. And I shall do more, I hope however imperfectly, to convey to my friends in the Motherland the tidings that the spirit which animates their children here is not less ardent, not less resolute, not less firmly devoted to the achievement of a final victory that that which they themselves are animated by.

London, June 4.—Discussing the honors list, The Times says the public will offer congratulations to the soldiers and sailors who are the object of these distinctions. "We are allowed to wonder, not for the first time, whether our political system really requires the wholesale production of peerages, baronetcies, and knight-hoods in return for some heavy disbursement for purely party services," says The Times. "The system seems to have swayed the service like here and there, in a dreamy mood of baronets, one encounters a name like J. W. Flavell, the devoted chairman of the Canadian Munitions Board; but the old atmosphere of party brawling hangs heavy over the list."

Dear Mary— Until lately I'd overlooked getting a kitchen cabinet. Why, I wouldn't be without one! It takes up so little room and saves so many steps. And then there is a place for everything. By all means, Mary, get a kitchen cabinet. You'll soon save enough from waste to more than pay for it. You'll thank me for this "tip."

As always—HELEN. P. S. I got my new kitchen cabinet from BUCHANAN & CO. Water Street St. Stephen

THE WEEK'S ANNIVERSARIES June 9.—Arklow, 1799. William Lilly, astrologer and almanac maker, died, 1681; George Stephenson, Scottish engineer who developed the locomotive, born, 1781; John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home", born, 1792; Great Fire of Copenhagen, Denmark, 1795; Hon. Eugene Hale, former U.S. Senator from Maine, born, 1836; Hon. Charles J. Bonaparte, former Attorney-General of the United States, born, 1851; Vice-Admiral Sir Doveton Sturdee born, 1859; United States decreed abolition of slavery in all Territories of the Union, 1862; Charles Dickens, novelist, died, 1870.

June 10.—First Council of Nice, 325; First Dutch emigrants to America landed at Manhattan, now New York, 1610; Adoption of the American Flag ("Old Glory"), 1777; Andre Marie Ampere, French physicist and mathematician, died, 1836; Dr. F. A. Cook, American Arctic explorer, born, 1863; Lord Montagu of Beaulieu born, 1860.

June 11.—St. Barnabas, Apostle and martyr. Roger Bacon, English philosopher, scientist and philosopher, died, 1294; George Wither, English poet, born, 1588; Sir Kenelm Digby, English philosopher, born, 1603; died, 1665; Peter the Great of Russia born, 1672; George I of England, died, 1727; Dr. William Robertson, Scottish historian, died, 1793; Douglas Stuart, Scottish moral philosopher, died, 1828; Mrs. Humphry Ward, English author, born, 1851; Earl of Ronaldshay born, 1876; King and Queen of Serbia assassinated, 1903.

June 12.—Tolosa, 1211. City of New York incorporated under English law, 1665; William Collins, English poet, died, 1759; Harriet Martineau, English writer, born, 1802; Charles Kingsley, English divine, novelist, and poet, born, 1819; Dr. Thomas Arnold, Headmaster of Rugby School, died, 1842; Sir Oliver Lodge, English scientist, born, 1851; Sir Harry H. Johnston, English administrator, explorer, and author, born, 1858; William Cullen Bryant, American poet, died, 1875; Great Fire in Vancouver, 1884.

June 13.—London, 1861, was restored by King Alfred, 886; Madame D'Arblay, novelist, born, 1752; General Winfield Scott, Thomas Arnold, born, 1795; William Butler Yeats, Irish poet and dramatist, born, 1865.

June 14.—Nasby, 1645. Marengo, 1800; Sir Harry Vane, beheaded, 1682; Benedict Arnold, American Revolutionary officer who joined the British, died, 1801; Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin", born, 1811; Grand Duchess of Luxembourg born, 1894.

HILL'S LINEN STORE. OUR Stock is Complete. We have been steadily receiving New Goods and will dispose of them at prices that may not be duplicated. TELEPHONE 45. HILL'S LINEN STORE SAINT STEPHEN, N. B.

ELMSVILLE, N. B. June 4. Empire Day was observed by the school children in the usual way. It has been arranged that the Red Cross Society is to meet with Mrs. Jacobs this week. Mr. A. D. Lunn, of Milltown, Me., spent the week-end with his daughter, Mrs. Jas. Monahan, returning home on Monday, accompanied by his wife, who had been making an extended visit with her daughter. Miss Lelia McKinney, who is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKinney, of Rolling Dam, visited relatives in Elmsville this week. Miss Blanche Maxwell, of St. George, is visiting Mrs. James Monahan.

BAYSIDE, N. B. June 5. Private Arthur Hannay, of the 236th Battalion, returned to Fredericton on Saturday, accompanied by his sister, Miss Margaret Hannay. The sale and tea held by the Ladies' Sewing Society on Thursday evening was a marked success. A large number were present, including several ladies and gentlemen from Red Beach and St. Andrews. The sum of \$51 was realized. Much credit is due the President, Mrs. McNabb, for the work that has been done for the circle this year, the ladies knit 46 pairs of socks for the soldiers, the yarn being supplied by the Red Cross Society, of St. Andrews. Miss Annie Ross was a week-end visitor with friends here. Mr. Durrell Wiley, of St. Stephen, spent Sunday with his family here.

PURITY FLOUR. Milled especially for particular cooks—those who want "MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD"

FLEET FOOT. For Summer Wear at Work and Play. Don't work in heavy, leather boots this summer. Wear "Fleet Foot" Shoes. They are honest and sturdy enough to stand the farm work. Easy and comfortable—light—sensible—and so much cheaper than leather. When you go out in the evening, wear "Fleet Foot" White Shoes. There are plenty of different styles and shapes, for every occasion, day as well as evening—and they are far less expensive than leather boots. Next time you go to town, be sure to see the "Fleet Foot" Shoes for summer wear.

Standing Out From The Crowd. Is The Newest Temperance Advocate. RED BALL. The Prince of Summer Drinks. which is rapidly winning its way, and will soon be the reigning favorite. It touches the thirsty spot in a way that delights and surprises. On every occasion, in every place, Red Ball will always be welcome—at summer social gatherings, for yachting, motoring, hunting, fishing, at the summer camp or country villa, at the beaches—everywhere you find thirsty folks Red Ball will be the favorite. Red Ball is A TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE of the very highest grade, wonderfully pure and healthful, being made from the finest materials, under highly sanitary conditions, and from first to last of the process, HUMAN HANDS NEVER TOUCH IT. RED BALL Beverage is made to comply to the conditions of Chapter 20 of Acts of 1916 of the Province of New Brunswick. ASK FOR RED BALL WHEREVER TEMPERANCE DRINKS ARE SOLD. MADE ONLY BY Simeon Jones, Ltd., St. John, N.B.

Preserve all you can. Lantic Sugar. "Pure and Uncolored". The best preserving sugar on account of its high sweetening power and "FINE" granulation. 2 and 5-lb 10, 20 and 100-lb cartons. Ask your Grocer for LANTIC SUGAR

MINIATURE ALMANAC. ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME. PHASES OF THE MOON. Table with columns for Day of Month, Day of Week, Sun Rises, Sun Sets, H. Water a.m., H. Water p.m., L. Water a.m., L. Water p.m.

TRAVEL. CANADIAN PACIFIC. HOMESEEEKERS EXCURSIONS. Tickets on Sale Every Wednesday until October 31st. For full particulars, see Local Railway Agent, or write: N. R. DesBrisay, District Passenger Agent, St. John, N. B.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. CUSTOMS. SHIPMENT NEWS. PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. CHARLOTTE COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS. ST. ANDREWS, N. B. George F. Hibbard, Registrar. Office hours 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., Daily. Sundays and Holidays excepted.

GRAND MANAN S.S. COMPANY. On and after June 1 and until further notice the steamer "Grand Manan" will run as follows: Leaves Grand Manan Mondays at 7:00 a.m. for St. John via Campbellton, Eastport and Wilson's Beach. Arrive at St. John 2:30 p.m. Returning leaves Turnbull's Wharf, Tuesdays at 10:00 a.m. for Grand Manan via Wilson's Beach, Campbellton and Eastport. Arrive at Eastport 2:00 p.m. Grand Manan 5:00 p.m. Leaves Grand Manan Wednesdays at 7:00 a.m. for St. Stephen via Campbellton, Eastport and Wilson's Beach. Arrive at St. Stephen 2:30 p.m. Returning leaves St. Stephen Thursdays at 7:00 a.m., for Grand Manan via St. Andrews, Eastport and Campbellton. Leaves Grand Manan Fridays at 6:00 a.m. for St. John direct. Arrive at St. John 10:30 a.m. Returning leaves St. John at 2:30 p.m. for Grand Manan direct. Arrive at Grand Manan 7:00 p.m., same day. Leaves Grand Manan Saturdays at 7:00 a.m. for St. Andrews and Eastport. Arrive at St. Andrews at 11:00 a.m. Returning leaves St. Andrews at 1:30 p.m., same day, via Eastport and Campbellton.

SHIPPING NEWS. PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. The publication of the usual shipping news in this column is suspended for the time being, in patriotic compliance with the request issued to all papers by the Admiralty.

CHURCH SERVICES. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. W. M. Fraser, B. Sc., Pastor. Services every Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 2:30 p.m. Prayer services Friday evening at 7:30. METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. W. Reddall, B. A., Pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School at 12:00 p.m. Prayer service, Friday evening at 7:30. ST. ANDREW CHURCH—Rev. Father McEahan, D. D., Pastor. Services Sunday at 8:00 a.m., 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.

ST. ANDREWS POSTAL GUIDE. ALBERT THOMPSON, Postmaster. Office Hours from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Money Orders and Savings Bank Business transacted during open hours. Letters within the Dominion and to the United States and Mexico, Great Britain, Egypt and all parts of the British Empire, 2 cents per ounce or fraction thereof. In addition to the postage necessary, each such letter must have affixed a one-cent "War Tax" stamp. To other countries, 5 cents for the first ounce, and 3 cents for each additional ounce. Letters to which the 5 cent rate applies do not require the "War Tax" stamp. Post cards one cent each to any address in Canada, United States and Mexico. One-cent post cards must have a one-cent "War Tax" stamp, or a two-cent card can be used. Post cards two cents each do not require the "War Tax" stamp. Newspapers and periodicals, to any address in Canada, United States and Mexico, one cent per four ounces. ARRIVES: 12:20 p.m. CLOSURE: 5:05 p.m. All Matter for Registration, must be Posted Half an hour previous to the Closing of Ordinary Mail. SHERIFF'S OFFICE ST. ANDREWS, N. B. R. A. STUART, High Sheriff. Time of Sittings of Courts in the County of Charlotte: QUEEN'S COURT: Tuesday, May 8, 1917, Chief Justice K. B. D. McKewen; Tuesday, October 2, 1917, Justice Chandell. COUNTY COURT: First Tuesday in February and June, and the Fourth Tuesday in October in each year. Judge Cartwright.

GLANCING BACK AT DAYS OF... ALTHOUGH it is in existence since the dawn of time, it was really no local phenomenon until the year 1853 when it was first recorded in the Annals of the Club of Golf. It is a curious fact that it is not only a game of the British Isles, but also of the United States, and it is interesting to note that it was first introduced to this country by a young man named James H. Murray, who was a member of the Club of Golf in Edinburgh. He was a student at the University of Edinburgh, and he was a member of the Club of Golf in Edinburgh. He was a student at the University of Edinburgh, and he was a member of the Club of Golf in Edinburgh.

KEEN GO. A keen golfer set himself to work to link and work fellow-member. He was a student at the University of Edinburgh, and he was a member of the Club of Golf in Edinburgh. He was a student at the University of Edinburgh, and he was a member of the Club of Golf in Edinburgh.

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