

The Mildmay Gazette

SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 In Advance.

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1925

J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher



Alarm Clocks
A GOOD FRIEND IN THE MORNING

THERE ARE PLENTY OF FRIENDS WHO WILL HELP YOU TO STAY UP LATE AT NIGHT—BUT ONLY ONE TO HELP YOU GET OUT IN THE MORNING.

CHOOSE ONE OF OUR ALARM CLOCKS—IT WILL BRING YOU UP CHEERFULLY AND PUNCTUALLY.

\$1.50 to \$4.50

WENDT
JEWELLER

Arrived
Shipment of

Wahrney's
Glasses

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Dollar Day at Sovereign's. Read advt.
Mr. O. L. Sovereign was in Toronto on Monday.
Special Prices on Mens and Boys Suits at Weiler Bros.
Bring in a can of cream and get a broom 39c. Sovereign's.
Weiler Bros. shipped out a car of potatoes on Monday. They paid 60 cts. a bag.
Miss Anna M. Scheffer has taken a position as assistant at the Mildmay post office.

Leonard Lenahan, of the Canadian National Railway staff, at Forest, was home over Sunday.
Miss Florence Culliton is attending the Millinery Openings at Detroit and London this week.
Miss Mary Parker of Paisley was the guest of Miss C. Pearce at F. Hargreaves' over the week-end.

Potatoes Wanted. Bring them out in sugar bags, so they can be exchanged, or call for bags. Sovereign's.
Mr. P. D. Liesemer was at Toronto last week attending the annual convention of the Ontario Hardware Dealers Convention.

The Evangelical Male Chorus will render a special number next Sunday night. The pastor's subject will be "The Test of True Discipleship." All welcome.
Isaiah Mawhinney is making arrangements to erect an addition to his barn this summer, and to have the stone foundation walls repaired. He has given the contract to Jos. Schickler.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hotten intend leaving in a couple of weeks for Langdon, N. D., where they will remain for the summer, and if the U. S. suits them they may remain there permanently.
J. F. Schuett is fitting up a suite of rooms over his furniture store for living quarters, having leased the same as a dwelling to Mr. A. Diemert, of Millbank, who purposes moving to Mildmay soon.

Stanley Darling shipped a pair of choice Hereford calves last Saturday night. The pair were raised and fed by George Culliton, and weighed between 700 and 800 lbs. each. The price was 8c per lb.
Seraphine Schwartz, who is employed on Peter F. Diemert's farm on Con. 5, Carrick, went to Walkerton on Tuesday to lay a complaint against a neighbor for assault. The affair occurred at a dance which took place in that locality on Monday evening.

Auction sales are going along busily this winter, and in nearly every case the proceeds greatly exceed the estimates of the proprietor. Last Thursday Nelson Harrison's auction sale was held. There was a good crowd and bidding was keen. The sheep, which were of extra quality, sold at from \$26 to \$27 each.

Professor Katz is coming again to Mildmay, Tuesday, March 3rd, at the Commercial Hotel, to relieve your eye sight trouble. Will examine eyes without fail to stop eye-brain headache, pain in the temples, even at the back of the neck, for Prof. Katz is recommended for his great skill in restoring eye trouble. So don't miss to consult Professor Katz. He is in town. Glasses ground for \$7.00; worth \$12.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Gowdy returned home on Monday night from their visit to their sons at Walkerville and Detroit. There is no snow west of Carrick and they had fine mild weather for their trip. Detroit appears to be very busy, nearly all the car factories running full time.

The Mildmay Council has not yet taken any definite action concerning the purchase of a new fire protection apparatus and will probably postpone the purchase until a committee of the council can see each machine properly demonstrated. Four firms are fighting hard for the order.

Matthew Weiler of Carrick received a rather painful injury at the auction sale at Formosa on Tuesday afternoon. A heavy horse fell, which was tossed out to the buyer in the crowd, and it missed its intended destination and hit Mr. Weiler squarely in the eye.

Rev. R. B. Nelles, pastor of Dale Presbyterian Church, Toronto, returned to perform the marriage ceremony between a Chinaman and a white girl, stating that it was morally wrong. The dailies reported the case, and made comment upon it. Mr. Nelles was a former pastor of the Mildmay Presbyterian Church.

It is stated that hotel property has increased about 40 per cent. in value since the announcement in the speech in the throne that the bars would be open and beer with "kick" sold to all customers. A Kitchener citizen purchased two hotels last week when he learned that a stronger beverage would be permitted to be sold over the bar.

The Federal Government loses a large amount of revenue each year through the exemption of war bonds from taxation. As these tax-free bonds fall due and the wealth now invested in them becomes assessable, the revenues of the country will benefit to a very considerable extent. Hon. Goe. P. Graham estimates that the annual loss to the Federal treasury under the exemption amounts to \$50,000,000.

SCHUETT
FUNERAL DIRECTOR

LEITCH—In Carrick, on Feb. 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Leitch, a daughter.

Yesterday was Ash Wednesday—the beginning of the Lenten season. Overalls \$1.99. Bring in some potatoes in exchange. Sovereign's.
Louis Martin has moved to the Reinhardt residence north of this village.
Mrs. J. Lack was at Kitchener and Waterloo over Sunday visiting her sisters.
Get your New Spring Suit and Overcoats at real prices at Sovereign's.

The next meeting of the Carrick Council will be held on Monday, March 3rd.
Fish on Hand—Fresh Salmon and Herring, Salt Herring and Labradors at Weiler Bros.
Doctors say kissing is dangerous and the quota of young dare devils grows larger every year.

The expensive thing about a car is the pride that makes you want a shiny new one every year.
Miss Gladys Duffy went to Kitchener last Saturday to take a position in the office of the Dominion Life Assurance Company.
Miss Casey, of St. Michael's hospital nursing staff, is in attendance upon Mrs. J. M. Fischer, who is suffering with gangrene.

As wheat passed the \$2 mark an exchange remarked that the florists' slogan would have to be altered to read, "Say it with flours."
John A. Taylor of Howick expects to move his family to town next Monday, having purchased the Kupferschmidt residence west of the depot.

1925 Auto Markers now ready. 6c postage to Mildmay and all Rural Routes. Secure your application forms at any garage. A. Cunio, Walkerton.
Teh Greenock township council has decided to retain the statute labor system for this year, and to submit the question to a vote of the ratepayers next January.

A lot of us hear too much, a lot more see too much and most of us talk too much about things that are none of our business, and of many more things that we don't know anything about.
There is a well founded report that if the new amendment to the O. T. A. passes allowing the manufacture of 4.4 per cent. beer, the Formosa brewery will be put into operation again.

Henry Bieman, the Clifford butter factory man, has decided not to erect a concrete and steel building for his new factory, and has asked Mr. Jos. Schickler to cancel the contract.
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FUNERAL DIRECTOR

LEITCH—In Carrick, on Feb. 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Leitch, a daughter.

Cream, Eggs, Dutch Sets, Potatoes, Etc., Wanted. Sovereign's.
Just received another consignment of Christie's famous Biscuits, 25 to 60 cts. a pound at Scheffer's.
The Carrick tax collector reports that practically all the 1924 rates have now been paid into the treasury.

Reeve A. Fedy went to Toronto on Wednesday morning to attend the annual meeting of the Good Roads Association.
A drive to raise funds for the Bruce County Hospital by the ladies of Walkerton was very successful, over \$800 being collected.
Big Demonstration of Ladies, Misses and Girls Spring Coats, Suits and Dresses on Friday, Feb. 27th in Miss Culliton's Millinery Parlor.

Mrs. Almada Schweitzer of Decker, Manitoba, arrived here this week to spend a couple of months with her sons and other relatives.
The Dominion Government is to spend this year \$250,000 to repair the Kincardine pier, and \$10,000 to repair the harbor and wharf at Southampton.

Village Assessor S. F. Herringer has started on his annual rounds. There has been a great growth in our dog population, and the assessor will see to it that every canine within the village limits is properly tagged.
Mr. Louis C. Dahms had a successful wood bee on Tuesday of last week, when several of his neighbors assembled and cut up a good winter's supply of fire-wood for him. The young folks were entertained to a dance in the evening.

The local Lutheran congregation is still without a regular pastor. Rev. Mr. Rembe of Zurich, to whom a call was extended, not having as yet announced his intention to accept. It is thought probable that a Seminary student will have charge of the Walkerton and Mildmay circuit for the summer months.
A charge has been laid against a prominent Easton farmer by the Lions Head Fair Board that he obtained money under false pretences in showing the registration papers for another animal to the Secretary in order to collect a prize on a bull. The case will be heard at Lions Head this week with Crown Attorney Freeborn prosecuting.

How often visitors have expressed their praise of our fair town. How often have they spoken favorably of our lawns, boulevards and flower gardens. We take a just pride in keeping our homes and streets beautiful, and the cultivation of flowers does much to enhance the beauty of our surroundings. Let us do more of this in the spring and the summer season to come.

A more intensive war on noxious weeds, the establishing of community seed-cleaning plants, a revision of the combined crop and threshed grain competitions and provision of an Eastern Ontario spring seed fair were the chief objectives outlined by the Ontario Seed Growers' Association at their annual meeting at Toronto recently. Resolutions covering these four points were passed without a dissenting vote, although there was some discussion.

Auction Sale of Farm Stock and Implements at lot 8, Con. 8, Carrick, Feb. 26th. Bernard Goetz, proprietor; John Purvis, auctioneer.
Timbers are Ready.
The timbers for Schwalm's new sawmill have all been framed ready for erection and most of the other material are also in readiness for the new building. The new mill will be 30 x 60 feet, and the boiler house will be a separate building.

Roadmaster Retires.
Mr. R. Davey, of Palmerston, retired from active railroad work on February 1st and his many friends are congratulating him on his successful railroad career. At the time of retirement Mr. Davey was Supervisor of Tracks on the Southampton, Owen Sound and Wiarton divisions.

Adjourned Auction Sale.
The balance of the chattels, owned by Valentine Weiler, sawmill, of Formosa, will be disposed of by public auction next Tuesday, March 3rd, by John Purvis, auctioneer. The list contains several teams of good horses, wagons, sleighs and a variety of other valuable articles. Sale will commence at 1 o'clock.

Football Prospects.
With spring advancing, the question arises "what will Mildmay do in the line of sport this summer?" Football seems to be our strong lead and the game is so popular here that it should be boosted to the limit. From present indications, Mildmay will have a good eleven again this year. Some of the veterans may be quitting, but new material is coming along to fill in. Ephraim Schwalm will spend the summer here, and will sign up with the Stars, and along with George Scheffer, Geo. Kaufman, Milton Filsinger and Rev. Mr. MacGowan should put some "punch" into the forward line.

Five cases of Tip Top Soap Chips, regular 3 for 25c, at 6 for 25c while they last at Scheffer's.
Mr. D. E. McDonald of Wingham purposes bringing a carload of cattle to Mildmay to sell by public auction on Saturday, March 7th.
Mrs. A. A. Schaab of Wilke, Sask., and Mrs. G. F. Schwalm of Saskatchewan, who have been spending the past six weeks here with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pletsch, leave this morning on their return journey, going via U. S.

Harry Naylor, who was arrested last week by Inspector Widmeyer on a charge of being intoxicated in a public place, was acquitted by Magistrate McNab. Naylor drank a glass of a bottle of medicine prescribed by a veterinary for a sick cow, and he became very ill.
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schumacher of the 8th concession were given a pleasant surprise on Monday evening, when about fifty of their friends and relatives came unexpectedly to spend a social evening. They all had an enjoyable time, the strains of music rendered by Hill Bros. orchestra.

Feeding Pigs for Sale.
Darling & Kaufman expect to have 140 feeding pigs, averaging about 170 lbs. each, to arrive here at the end of this week. These animals are all good thrifty stock and of good bacon-type.
Carrick Farm for Sale.
Frank Kupferschmidt is offering his farm, lot 26, Con. 5, Carrick, for sale at a very reasonable figure. The farm is in excellent cultivation and has good buildings, but the owner is physically unable to work the place.

One Legged Skater.
Mr. Norman Falkner, the famous one-legged fancy figure skater, will appear at the Mildmay rink on Thursday evening of this week, Feb. 26th. He is a remarkable performer and should attract a big crowd.
Buying More Horses.
Mr. R. Stuthers of Toronto came up on Tuesday to purchase another carload of horses in this district. He and Mr. C. Schmidt are out among the farmers this week, and hope to be able to secure a load by the end of the week, although the roads are in bad shape just now.

Three Cent Gasoline Tax.
Hon. G. S. Henry, minister of public highways, has announced the intention of the Ontario Government to impose a tax of 3 cents per gallon on gasoline. This is somewhat staggering news to Ontario motorists, who did not look for a greater tax than 2 cents. The Ontario Motor League is protesting vigorously against the proposed tax.
Wanted Mildmay Industry.
The Lakelet correspondent has the following to say concerning the effort made by the Harrison Council to have Geo. Schwalm & Son locate there:—We notice the Harrison Council invited the Schwalm Bros. of Mildmay to move to that town and carry on their business there, which has been cut out for the present at Mildmay, owing to the fire. It would be a great gain to Harrison and a decided loss to Mildmay, as these chaps know their business, and are vigorous in pursuit of it. We hear though they are preparing to rebuild at Mildmay. Clifford too can verify any of the good things which can be said about the Schwalm Bros. as the mill there is quite a boost to that town.

Newest Styles in Spring Coats, Dresses and Suits will be shown on Friday at Miss Culliton's Millinery Parlor.
Turnips for Sale.
Good sound turnips for feeding or shipping purposes. John J. Weber.
Purchased Brant Farm.
Chas. Todd, who recently sold his farm in Carrick to Andrew Schickler, has purchased Gladstone Township acre farm in Brant, and is intending to move to that township in March.

Fractured Horses' Leg.
Last Sunday while returning home from church here, John J. Weber's mare slipped and fell on the ice, causing the fracture of its leg. A veterinary was called but he thought it advisable to end the animal's life to put it out of misery.
February Was Mild.
The month of February, just drawing to a close, was a remarkably mild month. The thermometer has not registered below zero more than twice during this period. There were half a dozen genuine thaws in this month, a great contrast to the usual rigorous February.

Weiler's Sale Adjourned.
Val Weiler's big auction sale at Formosa took place on Tuesday afternoon, but owing to the tremendous amount of stuff offered for sale, Auctioneer Purvis was unable to clear out everything. In fact only the smaller articles were sold, and one team of horses. The clerk had seven hundred entries in his books at 6:30, when Mr. Weiler thought it best to discontinue for the day. The balance of the chattels, consisting of horses, harness, wagons, sleighs, cutters, portable sawmills and various other articles will be sold by public auction on Tuesday afternoon March 3rd.
Charged With Assault.
Edward Ruland, who has been working for Frank Kupferschmidt for a couple of months, was taken into custody at Walkerton on Monday afternoon on a charge of committing an assault upon his brother-in-law, Jacob J. Huber, with intent to do him bodily injury. The matter arose on Saturday afternoon when Mr. Huber paid a visit to the Kupferschmidt farm. Ruland is alleged to have accused Huber of circulating untrue reports concerning him, and upon Huber stoutly denying this, a fight immediately followed. In the mixup it appears that Huber was hit over the head with a clay tile, inflicting a gash that required several stitches to close. He also had his face badly torn, and was generally pretty badly battered up. Ruland, who appears to be a battle, fancied that he was the aggrieved and injured party, and left about midnight on Saturday to walk to Walkerton to lay a complaint against Huber before Magistrate McNab. In the meantime Huber also laid his case before the local law officers, who, after a brief glance at the complainant, were convinced that the affair was pretty serious looking. A warrant was issued for Ruland's arrest, but he was not located on Sunday, not having returned to his Carrick home. On Monday afternoon, however, he was arrested in the county town by Chief Ferguson of Walkerton and placed in the Magistrate McNab on Monday evening, and was remanded to stand his trial on Tuesday, March 3rd, when it is expected that Huber will be able to attend court. In the meantime Ruland is in jail awaiting his trial.

3 cks. Toilet Soap 25c
1 pkg. Yeast 8
1 lb. Cornflakes 25
1 lb. Cocoa 20
2 lbs. Rice 20
1 pkg. Jelly Powder 10c
1 pkg. Raisins 20
1 tube Extract 10

1 pkg. Panshine 15
5 lbs. Fine Salt 10
1 pkg. Bake-All-Right 30
1 pkg. Yeast 8
1 tube Extract 10
1 Broom 35c
1 jar Raspberries 25

ASSORTMENT FOR DOLLAR DAY \$1.38
ASSORTMENT FOR DOLLAR DAY \$1.00

5 yds. W. Flannelette 28" wide. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00
5 yds. Polar Flannels, 20" wide. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00
7 yds. Towelling 17" wide. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00

5 1/2 yds. Factory Cotton 41" wide. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00
5 yds. Rippelette 28" wide. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00
4 pair Ladies Stockings. DOLLAR DAY \$1.00

BARAINS IN CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, LINOLEUMS, RUGS, DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

O. L. SOVEREIGN & SON
MILDMAY
PHONE 20

Always Buy "SALADA" GREEN TEA

The little leaves and tips from high mountain tea gardens, that are used in SALADA are much finer in flavor than any Gunpowder or Japan. Try it.



PIQUANT PIG'S FEET.

We could not conscientiously call pig's feet a poetic food, but it is really wholesome and digestible and economical. They would be served frequently if they were cooked with care and in a different style from the plain-pickled pig's feet usually obtained in a grocery store. Here's how:

Pig's Feet a la Homestead.—Boil until tender four fat and well-scrubbed pig's feet. Season only with salt and pepper and use as little water as possible, but cook covered so that they are white but delicate looking when done. When they are cold, slit them several times, dip into melted butter and then into fine fresh bread crumbs. Place them on a buttered broiler and brown over a hot fire.

Arrange them on the platter on which they are to be served. Spread with butter that has had a little parsley, chives and lemon juice rubbed into it; also a little salt and pepper. Garnish with chopped dill pickle and raw cabbage, equal parts.

Pig's Feet, Epicurean.—Cook until tender three nice pig's feet. When cold remove the skin and cut into two parts. One will have the bone and the other not. Cover these all over with tartar sauce, first having chilled the feet well. Then roll in finely minced parsley, celery, chives and hard-boiled egg yolk.

Arrange on a fresh crisp lettuce leaf, with slivers of green pepper and celery heart as a garnish.

Scalloped Pig's Feet.—Boil until tender enough to slip the bones out of four pig's feet and separate into finger-size pieces. Arrange them in a glass baking dish and pour over them a thick rich tomato sauce and cover with buttered bread crumbs thickly. For the sauce, take one can of tomato soup, heat it without adding water. To it add one teaspoonful of chopped onion, one teaspoonful of chopped green pepper and one tablespoonful of butter. Simmer a little before pouring over the meat.

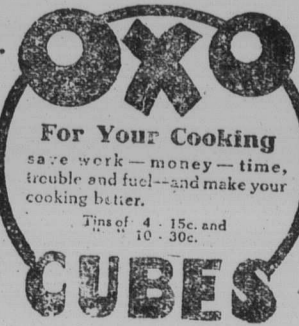
Pot-Roasted Pig's Feet.—Clean well and trim nicely about six good-sized pig's feet. Place them in a small covered roaster, and around them place small carrots, onions and short pieces of celery stalks. Season well with salt and pepper. Cook slowly until tender, and half an hour before serving open the lid and pour over the roast without moving them one cupful of strained and slightly thickened tomato juice.

Lift carefully on platter and surround the feet with the cooked vegetable.

WRIGLEY'S "after every meal"

Parents—encourage the children to care for their teeth! Give them Wrigley's. It removes food particles from the teeth. Strengthens the gums. Combats acid mouth.

Refreshing and beneficial!



ISSUE No. 8-25.

A Touch of Chivalry

BY AMY BRUNER ALMY.

PART II.

"We've got to try to ride the horses," Selma gasped.

"We'd better get back into the sleigh and cover up," advised her lover.

"No! No! We'll freeze to death! Selma was prairie-and-storm wise. How they succeeded in loosening the horses, tying the two together and mounting, they could not afterwards tell. The animals stumbled on; their riders were silent.

Suddenly Anson, whose horse was in the lead, gave an exclamation of pain and at that moment his beast fell. Selma clung to the harness with stiffened hands and slid to her feet as her horse sank to his knees and stood still.

"Don't move," Anson warned. "We've struck a wire fence. Perhaps I can let the horses through."

"A light! A light, Anson! I see a light!"

They both saw it then flickering through the veil of the storm.

"It can't be far, Anson."

Fortunately the posts were not hard to knock down and the horses struggled toward shelter.

"Can you walk, Selma? Can you reach the light?"

"We can do it together. We must . . . it's near."

Slowly they forged ahead, stumbling and falling, beaten back repeatedly by the wind and snow but at last thankfully discerning the dark mass of the house. In a few minutes though it seemed hours, the light was directly before them. Their feet stumbled upon the porch. Anson beat upon the door. No answer came. He fumbled stiffly for the knob. Shelter at last! Blinded, breathless, half-frozen, they dropped into chairs, too exhausted, too stupefied, to move or to speak.

Gradually they became aware of their surroundings. The room was large, plainly furnished, neat, evidently serving both as kitchen and bedroom. The fire had died out in the cookstove though there was still a little warmth in the ashes; a box of coal stood against the wall and there was some wood.

"People must be gone," said Anson. "I'll make a fire. You must be nearly dead."

They were startled by a moan. Was it from the bed in the corner?

Rousing herself, Selma went to the bedside and there found a young woman, her eyes wide with anguish.

"You've come to help me?" she whispered.

"The storm . . . we saw your light . . . you're sick? . . . There's a gentleman with me. We'll do what we can . . ."

"In . . . going . . . to . . . die," said the ghostly whisper.

"Tell me!" Selma bent closer, forgetting her own suffering and weariness. "Tell me what is the matter! Tell me what you want us to do for you? There'll be a fire in a minute. We'll do all we can. Are you alone?"

"My baby . . . it's our baby . . . coming . . . George is away. I want Dr. Hallett . . . get him . . ."

"Where is your telephone?"

"At the next house . . . a mile east . . . go there . . ."

"We'll do the very best we can," Selma gently laid her cold hand on the woman's burning forehead. She went to Anson then, and told him the situation. "We must get Dr. Hallett by phone, some way or other. He's probably miles away from town. He may even be near here," she added hopefully. "We came just in time."

"But it's impossible," Anson said. "I could not face the storm again. We must stay here . . . have food . . ."

Without answering, Selma went to the window and strained her eyes out into the darkness.

"The storm is abating, Anson. It's not snowing so much now and the wind's going down."

"You want me to go? Now? Did you hear that?"

"But a life . . . What time is it?" Anson looked at his watch. "Six, nearly."

"It will soon clear, I think."

"Are you going?" gasped a voice from the bed. "I . . . need . . ."

Selma went to her. "He's going . . . very soon . . . when he is a little warmer. We were lost and nearly frozen." Selma did not want to look at him. Every now and then a moan came from the bed.

"We've got into a horrible mess!" he exclaimed.

At a pleading cry from the woman, Selma's hand went to her throat. Again she stared out of the window.

"Anson," she whispered, coming back, "now you can find your way! She says if you follow the poles, you

can't miss it and there's a lantern, cleaned and filled. There's hardly any storm now—not to what there was."

"You are crazy, Selma! I am not going. Wait till morning . . ."

"She may die, Anson!" Selma said in a low voice. "It's not a blizzard. For God's sake, Anson! It's a question of life . . . two lives . . ."

"You're beside yourself to expect it, Selma. Hallett wouldn't come on such a night even if we did succeed in reaching him," he said, his voice rising in exasperation.

The woman heard him. "He will come . . . always . . . Dr. Hallett never fails."

"Go, Anson," Selma pled in a sobbing whisper. "She may die!"

"Then let . . . is her life worth more . . ."

Selma turned her back on him, but he caught her around her neck, drew her cap down over her ears, pulled on her gloves.

"What are you doing?" Startled, the man was on his feet.

"I'm going. Please look for the lantern."

"You are not going!" he caught her to him. She looked him full in the face. "Then I'll go too," he said.

"Both go and leave her alone? No. One must stay with her."

"Selma, dear, listen to me," Anson said, putting on his coat. She wondered if his voice were suddenly changed or if she fancied it. Gently then he took off her cap and kissed her. "Since you persist, I will go and you stay. I was a brute to refuse you. I . . . I didn't quite realize. I'm going for your sake, dear. I'd do anything in the world for you."

"Don't say that," she said, shrinking from him. "I wouldn't ask it."

"That's why I'm going . . . for you," he laughed oddly, almost harshly. He went out, then, with the lantern, into the storm, no longer in its first violence, yet raging fiercely enough.

Selma built up the fire. She would have to use the fuel sparingly. In the morning, she would look for more. She took her place at the side of the bed.

"My friend has gone for the doctor. When you feel like it, tell me what you can . . . what I ought to know," Selma said gently. Gradually, little by little, she learned the facts. The woman was Annie Eaton, the wife of George Eaton. They had been married two years and they were very happy on their little farm. Three months ago George had gone north to the lumber camps, for times were hard and they needed the money. He had expected to be home fully two weeks ago. If he were only here now! At that thought the wife began to cry. However, she dried her tears because she had promised George that she would be brave. See, this was George. She drew a much-worn photograph from under her pillow. It was a thin face, homely, honest-looking and kind. The wife kissed it hungrily. "If George were here . . ." She tried again to be brave. She told Selma where to find the tiny, waiting garments. The girl searched the rude, homemade cupboards and found plenty of bread and butter, eggs, canned goods, cereals and a jar of broth. This last she heated and made Annie take some of it.

"Not long ago I saw an ad in the street car, 'Soaking takes the place of rubbing'. The next day I sent for a package of Rinso and tried it. I was delighted with the result and now wash my children's clothes without any effort whatsoever — they soak themselves clean in the Rinso suds. I just had to write and tell you how 'wonderful' I think Rinso is and have told several of my friends to try it.

"It is wonderful for scrubbing floors. Without a doubt the best thing I have ever used. I also cleaned my enamel sink with it and it is splendid."

The foregoing letter is but one of the many received by the makers of Rinso from women who are enthusiastic about this newer, easier, better way to wash and clean—the Rinso way.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

Rinso

Fender Paint Insurance. Danger of scratches or other injury to the enamel finish of a car while working around the engine may be obviated by covering the fender with a piece of oilcloth lined with some soft material.

It is claimed that a Chinese statesman was the inventor of paper, which was in use in Asia long before the Christian era.

Minard's Liniment for you will talk less about others.

Kraft Potato Soup

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"I saw an Ad — in the street car"

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"It is wonderful for scrubbing floors. Without a doubt the best thing I have ever used. I also cleaned my enamel sink with it and it is splendid."

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Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.



Rinso

Fender Paint Insurance. Danger of scratches or other injury to the enamel finish of a car while working around the engine may be obviated by covering the fender with a piece of oilcloth lined with some soft material.

It is claimed that a Chinese statesman was the inventor of paper, which was in use in Asia long before the Christian era.

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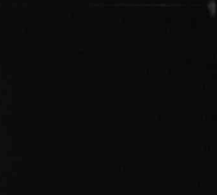
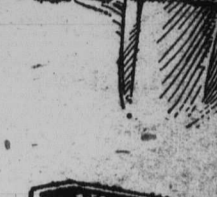
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THE AWAKENING

By William J. McNulty.

In days of yore, there lived upon the banks of the winding St. Croix River two men of the woods. In the summer they hunted for salmon and trout fishing parties. In the fall, they guided for hunting parties. And in the winter they trapped the fur-bearing animals.

The cabins of Dave Carney and Sandy Leonard were separated by two miles of densely wooded forest. And for a radius of twenty miles, the forest extended. It was one of the most valuable stretches of timber and pulpwood lands that one could visualize. Dave and Sandy exercised squatters' rights in settling on the land. They had cleared away sufficient of the forest to allow for the building of the cabins and the staking of gardens.

Leonard, the St. Croix Lumber Company, which owned the land, in a fit of pique, could have evicted both Carney and Leonard, at any time, the company, realizing the right of any man to earn his livelihood, allowed both to continue living on the company's holdings.

Came the day when forest conservation developed into a topic of vital import. Forest fires had devastated timber lands in other sections and alarm was expressed for the limits along the St. Croix. Hitherto, little attention had been paid to fire preventive measures along the old St. Croix. But the disastrous fire elsewhere had awakened the executive of the St. Croix Lumber Company to the necessity of fire protection. As a part of the campaign that was organized, the two woodmen were called to the woodlands office of the company at Milltown.

There, Charlie Dickson, the woodlands manager, impressed on both the need of exercising every precaution to prevent fires. Carney and Leonard agreed to work hand in hand with the new policy of the company and returned to their abodes in the woods.

Carney out of his office than he had been by Dickson and the Lumber Company. He had over the capitalistic message, and concluded that nothing at all that the nature of aiding the program adopted by the company. When Leonard had, all Carney had used for such talk was an oppression.

The cross buttock and the backheel, were frequently in evidence. Carney was reputed to be the champion rough-and-tumble fighter of the river. Leonard was not anxious to use the questionable methods of the rough-and-tumble, but had he contented himself with using fair fighting means he would have been incapacitated in a very few minutes after the start of the struggle.

After an hour of give and take, principally take, Carney weakened. Leonard saw an opening and whipping over a stiff right to the body sent Carney to the earth, for the latter's quietus. The victor revived the vanquished, and each went to his cabin to recuperate, after the desperate battle.

It was soon after midnight that Sandy Leonard intuitively smelled danger. Although sore from head to foot, he leaped from his bunk, and peered through the windows. To the east, was a red light just topping the trees.

"It's a forest fire," he shouted. Roused from his semi-sleeping condition by this startling news, he donned his clothes and ran from the cabin. Leonard hastened along the river bank, to the spot the woodlands manager had told him of choosing as the first telephone station in the link to be constructed by the company. The fire was fast growing in intensity. Right in the path of the flames was Carney's cabin.

Apparently, the fire had not been started more than an hour. Seizing the telephone, Leonard explained the situation to the Milltown office. Then Leonard battered through the door of the Carney cabin and found Carney asleep. It was with difficulty that Sandy could induce Carney to arise. The flames had eaten part of the rear of the cabin before the two men left the little structure. In a few minutes the building was a mass of smouldering ruins. They went to the telephone station, and found the flames had burned the telephone and some of the connecting wire. Animals of all kinds were scurrying from the woods and racing into the river, too frightened to see the two men on the river bank.

In twenty minutes there arrived from Milltown, the nucleus of the fire department that was in process of formation among the employees of the St. Croix Lumber Company. The motor equipment of the company had been pressed into service. Fifteen men and each with a fire extinguisher, Carney took charge of the hose and hand pump and as Leonard was rushing for an axe to fell trees that stood in the path of the flames, Leonard was so astonished at the change of heart on the part of Carney, he made no protest when ordered by Carney to help with the pump and hose. Water from the river was soon pouring on the fire. The wind was not strong and that aided the fire fighters greatly. So, in two hours, just a vestige of the fire remained.

When the work was over, Charlie Dickson thanked the two woodmen for saving the company's timber. For he said there was no doubt that with a longer start, the fire would have destroyed the bulk of the forest. After the party had left for Milltown, Carney turned to Leonard and said, "Say, Saggy, a fellow can be an awful fool, can't he? After what I did you here you come and save me from that fire? Well, against the odds of the company I started burning some slash, above the cabin. What was I doing when I left it? But what started that fire. You can't cure it, and that in future I'll be strong for fire prevention in this slash as you are. Beats all how blind men can be at times. Some times I haven't even know which side his head is buttered on."

The man who wrote the following letter, quoted in Punch, had an original way of calculating indebtedness, which must have proved profitable if he could get the party of the second part to take his view of the matter. Leonard had had a small fire at his house, and an insurance company sent him one pound ten shillings in compensation. Two days later they received this communication:

Please send another cheque for the same amount as cheques are no use. I need one that was to hand this morning when the door opening and with the draught of door opening was blew in to fire and was burnt up before steps could be took to save it. This is £1 10s. for loss of property as agreed under threats and £1 10s. for loss of cheque.

Your obedient servant,
Lauchlan McSwither.

Try being cheerful when your troubles are heaviest and see how much lighter they will become.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70

SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING CROSS-WORD PUZZLES

Start out by filling in the words of which you feel reasonably sure. These will give you a clue to other words crossing them, and they in turn to still others. A letter belongs in each white space, words starting at the numbered squares and running either horizontally or vertically or both.

- | | |
|--|--|
| HORIZONTAL <ul style="list-style-type: none">1—Pushed6—Small containers for liquids11—A unit of weight12—A precious stone14—Anger15—A small child16—A note in music17—Barter18—Blood19—Personal pronoun21—To disturb24—Product of a tree27—A singer28—East Indian tree30—Individual characteristics32—Portions of bacon34—Most unusual35—A powerful nation36—Farming activity (abbr.)37—A letter38—Decorative42—Position in golf46—Prophecy47—Inclines to one side49—A parent (French)50—A leather fastening52—To be borne along53—A ship55—Inside57—To escape58—To beseech59—An interjection60—A dog62—Part of the body63—To place64—To fondle65—Dried stems of grain68—To wish for | VERTICAL <ul style="list-style-type: none">1—Scattered2—Garden implement3—A preposition4—An exclamation5—Takes out6—Order of proceedings7—At hand8—A preposition9—Depressed10—Cut of beef (pl.)13—Slightest14—To disregard20—Something insignificant22—An article23—Implement on a boat26—Imprisonment28—More sparse29—Part of verb "to be"31—In kingly fashion33—A weapon38—Metal in native state39—Seldom seen40—Those who test41—Regard42—Scalawags43—With sloping ends44—Line the roof of45—Limit46—Pertaining to the eyes (pl.)48—A legislative body51—Sun god53—Cabbage salad54—Comparative value56—Product of a tree59—Possessive pronoun61—A common carrier (abbr.)64—Printer's name for mixed type |
|--|--|

The First Photographs.

In the first attempts to make a photograph in the early part of the nineteenth century, the subject to be photographed sat between the source of light and a sheet of sensitized paper fastened on a board. His shadow blocked off a certain proportion of the light rays, and as a result his profile in silhouette was left on the paper. This image, however, faded in a few minutes.

Even fifty years ago, taking a single picture was often a day's work, and required such skill and expert knowledge and such elaborate, costly, and cumbersome equipment that the few who had mastered the art were glad to capitalize their knowledge by utilizing it professionally.

The earliest sunlight picture of a human face is supposed to be a daguerotype of Miss Dorothy Draper, and was taken by her brother, Professor Draper, in 1840. The subject had to sit motionless in bright sunlight for about six minutes.

Rain at Para.

The port of Para, near the mouth of the Amazon, has a rainy season, when rain falls continuously, and a "dry season" when it rains every day. "I'll see you tomorrow morning after the shower," is a common way of making an appointment. You step into a cool shop to escape the burning sun, says a traveler, and while you are making a purchase the street outside is deluged. A clerk hastily closes the doors, or the place would be flooded. By the time you have paid your bill the sun is again shining brightly. But the shower has cooled things off.

This snap shows a winter scene on Lake Joseph, in Muskoka, where many people spend their vacations each year.

Natural Resources Bulletin.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Dept. of the Interior at Ottawa says:

At the recent meeting of the Canadian Society of Forest Engineers a matter of supreme importance to Canada in lumber manufacture, Mr. W. Kynoch, Superintendent of the Forest Products Laboratories of the Dept. of the Interior, brought up the subject, and made the statement that the waste involved in the use and manufacture of forest products is tremendous. Waste in production of lumber, in cutting or making various wood goods, and waste through decay were some of the chief items of wood waste emphasized.

In a report by R. D. Craig, on the Forests of British Columbia, the writer deals with the waste of forest products as follows: "The waste in the manufacture of lumber in this province is appalling to one accustomed to more conservative methods. Huge slabs of absolutely clear wood, 3 to 6 inches thick, are sent to the fuel pile, and ends of boards and timbers which could well be used for some purpose are sent to the refuse burner. The burner is the most conspicuous thing about a British Columbia sawmill. The fire never goes out, and it furnishes a pillar of fire by night and a cloud of smoke by day. Heavy saws are necessary to 'break down' the large logs, but it is not unusual to see one-inch lumber being cut with a saw that takes out a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch kerf (cut). It is estimated that at least 25 per cent. of the tree is left in the woods, and another 30 to 35 per cent. is wasted in the mill."

Calling attention to wood waste in manufacture, where the consumption of wood is under control is of first importance. Losses by forest fires, by insect and fungus destruction, by wind-throwing, and other causes are already heavy, and more or less beyond control, but when the lumbermen and millmen undertake to convert the tree into lumber it should be done with the minimum of waste.

The Automobile

HEADLIGHT ADJUSTMENT.

Procedure for headlight adjustment is as follows: Place car on level surface so that the headlamps are twenty-five feet from the wall or screen. Examine bulbs and reflectors. Repair or replace if necessary. See that the lenses are installed so that they cannot turn in the lamp door. Examine focusing mechanism. See that it works freely but will not jar out of adjustment. Measure the distance from the floor to the centres of the lamps. Subtract the loading allowance and set cross-bar or mark the wall at that height. Light the lamps. Cover one at a time, and focus the other. Always focus with the lenses in place if the lamps have an outside adjustment. Aim the lamps so that the top of the beam on the wall comes even with the cross-bar or mark.

CARBON MONOXIDE.

During the ensuing cold weather, you will be doing work on your automobile indoors, which you have lately been doing out in the open-air. Remember, if you have your engine running in the garage, that the exhaust contains the deadly carbon monoxide, a gas which is poisonous to breathe. Play safe and either leave your door open when the engine is running or make other provision for the rapid escape of exhaust gases. Carbon monoxide stupefies so quickly and completely that its victims seldom have time or consciousness to save themselves. They drop before they can call for help and once they drop they're done.

Haying Under Fire.

Much has been printed about the war, but comparatively little about those stirring, tragic or merely human episodes that passed on the distant front where Russia and Austria came to grips. In the London Times there have recently appeared some interesting articles by Gen. Likhonsky, who was Chief of Staff of the Russian Army during much of the war. From one of them we take this amusing extract: The "Brusiloff offensive" occurred on the southwestern Russian front in the spring of 1916 and ended in the crushing defeat of the Austro-Hungarian army. On June 3, the eve of our assault on the fortified positions of the enemy, I made a round of the front-line trenches. While going down the line of the Rylsk regiment where our wire entanglements were interwoven with those of the enemy I stopped a moment to study the enemy's position through a periscope. Next to me stood a private. From the expression of his face it was plain that he was anxious to tell me something. So I encouraged him to speak by asking what he thought of the Austrian position.



He—Surely you wouldn't marry a rich man who'd made his money dishonestly?" She—"Sure. If he were rich, I could reform him."

A Fortune in a Match Box.

The third biggest diamond in the world has recently been brought to London, and now reposes in the strong-room of a city bank. This precious stone, formerly called the Excelsior-Jubilee, but known now as the Tata-Jubilee, after its owner, Sir Dorabji Tata, came from the famous Jagersfontein mine. It originally weighed 671 $\frac{1}{2}$ carats, but was reduced by cutting to 239 carats. Even so it has had the distinction of being the biggest diamond in the world belonging to a private individual, the two Cullinans, which weigh 516 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 309 carats respectively, being the property of the crown. Valued at a million and a half dollars, it is easily contained in an ordinary match box.

What Impressed Him Most.

"Tell me," said the interviewer at the bedside of the aviator who had fallen three thousand feet and hit the earth, "what was your dominating thought as you fell through all that space?" True to his record for coolness, the aviator lit a cigarette, smiled and said: "Why, I think the thought that impressed me most was that I was about the only thing that wasn't going up."

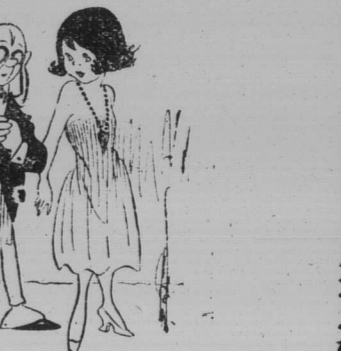
White Topaz.

A white topaz that weighs ninety pounds has been placed on view in the Field Museum in Chicago. The head of the department of geology, who led an expedition to South America, brought it from Brazil. Lapidaries estimate that it would make at least a hundred thousand stones of one carat each, but the museum naturally has no desire to put it on the market.

Home.

Heaps of faith in one another O'er the years what'er they bring, Memories and not one bitter; Each for all in everything!

There is one debt that you can never pay in full—your debt to your mother. She does not ask it or expect it. All she asks, she hopes, is just that you pay the interest on it. And you can't pay even that in money, but only in patience and love and gentleness—the one kind of currency that is legal tender in the place where mothers go.



He—"Won't you travel through life with me?" She—"Not on foot."

Dr. T. A. Carpenter
Physician and Surgeon
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Graduate of University of Toronto 1915. One year as Intern at the Toronto General Hospital and six months at the Hospitals in New York City.
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Northbound 11.20 a.m.
Southbound 3.19 a.m.
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Wit and Humor

I. W. W.—Let's strike for shorter hours.
Red—Yes, sixty minutes is too much.
.....
Mr. Croal (teaching science)—Give me the name of the largest diamond.
Jack—The Ace.
.....
Russ Zinkann—Gimme a sheet of music paper will you?
Clerk—What for?
Russ—I wanna write my girl a note.
.....
Hudson—Here's a smart advertisement.
Mrs. Hudson—What is it, John?
John—Wanted—Boy for bakery must be an early riser, born in the yeast, a good mixer, and will get his dough every Saturday night.
.....
Sweet Young Thing (coming in with attentive partner from room where a hard bridge match has been in progress)—"Oh, mother, I've just captured the booty!"
Mother—"Well, well! Come here and kiss me, both of you."
.....
He—"I'm going to kiss you." No answer.
He (louder)—"I'm going to kiss you." No answer.
He—"Say, are you deaf?"
She—"No, but you're dumb."
.....
"Now I've had my revenge," said the shoe salesman to his friend, as a customer left the shop.
"Revenge? How's that?"
"Well the girl who just went out is a telephone operator. I gave her the wrong number."
.....
Father meets daughter just home from college and exclaims affectionately:
"My, but you're looking well!"
"Yes, father, I weigh 140 pounds stripped for gym."
"And who's Jim?" shouted the astonished father.
.....
The maid had been using surreptitiously the bath tub of her employer, an elderly bishop. He was a bachelor, very fastidious about his toilet, and desired the exclusive use of his tub.
He reprimanded the maid with much indignation:
"What distresses me most, Mary, is that you have done this behind my back."
.....
Some one tacked on the wall of a restaurant recently a sheet of paper on which was painted in bold characters:
"The umbrella in the stand belongs to the champion heavyweight fighter of the world. He is coming back."
Five minutes later umbrella and paper had disappeared. In their place was another notice.
"Umbrella is now in possession of the champion Marathon runner of the world. He is not coming back."
.....
His First Offence
In New York City, all those who are sent to jail for thirty days are required to take a bath. A bath attendant upon noticing that Ike Kabilie's person was none too clean suddenly exclaimed:
"Hey, there, you guy! Did you ever take a bath before?"
"Vell," Ike replied, "I never was arrested before."
.....
A Trifling Mistake
The wife of a man who had enlisted in the navy handed the pastor of a church the following note.
"Peter Bowers having gone to sea, his wife desires the prayers of the congregation for his safety."
The minister glanced over it hurriedly, and announced:
"Peter Bowers, having gone to see his wife, desires the prayers of the congregation for his safety."
.....
His Excuse Accepted
"I want to be excused," said a worried-looking jurymen addressing the judge. "I owe a man \$10 and as he is leaving for a post abroad to be gone some years I want to see him before he gets a board and pay him the \$10. It will be my last opportunity."
"You are excused," returned his Honor, in icy tones. "I don't want anybody on the jury who can lie like that."

Growing Gladioli

Mr. T. J. Hannigan, well-known as a flower fancier, and more particularly as an authority on the gladiolus, has delivered several lectures to various horticultural bodies throughout the province during recent months, and his address delivered at the annual meeting of the Ontario Horticultural Association, held in Toronto, last week, proved of great interest to the 500 delegates present.
The following is the address of Mr. Hannigan:
In the limited space at my disposal, it will only be possible for me to skim briefly over a few of the various phases of the gladiolus as we know it, and I intend dividing what I have to say under the following headings:
Soil and Location
How to Plant
Ground Preparations and Planting
Cultivation
Where to Plant
While the gladiolus is one of the easiest flowers to grow, remember this: you cannot plant them any old place in any kind of soil, and let them take care of themselves and expect to grow prize-winning flowers.
First, you need an open, sunny location. It will not thrive under trees, along foundations or back of the garage or barn.
Secondly, you need an open, melon soil, sandy loam being ideal, but if your land is inclined to be heavy it may be lightened by the addition of sand or ashes.
Cultivation
Good top dressing of fertilizer preferably from stables or stock pens, which has been allowed to stand for some time, but blood, either liquid or dried, or fish refuse or any other good fertilizer will do.
Ground must be ploughed or spaded sufficiently to thoroughly incorporate the fertilizer with the soil, and harrowed and cultivated so that all lumps are completely broken up and pulverized.
Planting
When your ground is ready in the spring you may start planting any time after danger of frost is over, generally beginning about the 15th of April and finishing up about the first of June. Gladioli do not germinate well in cold weather, so pick warm days to do your planting.
I have had gladioli of some varieties planted on May 24 surpass those planted the first of May chiefly because of better weather conditions. For the amateur the ideal way of planting is to make beds 4 to 5 feet wide and plant rows crosswise, as you can cultivate with hoe from either side.
Make trenches about 18 inches apart and plant bulbs right side up; large bulbs 4 inches deep, 6 to 9 inches apart, depending on the size of the variety; medium size 3 inches deep and 4 inches apart, and small bulbs 2 inches deep and 2 inches apart; bulbs 1 inch deep and sow thickly, like peas.
In planting bulbs you may remove the outer husk or not, just as you wish. If the earth is warm removing the husk will secure quicker germination, but if early in the season, when the earth is cold, leave outer husk on for protection, as nature intended.
If you have expensive varieties and wish to increase the stock, you may do so by dividing the bulbs, as follows: first remove the outer husk and divide with a sharp knife from top to bottom, leaving at least one eye and a piece of root on each part. Dust cut parts with flour of sulphur and plant same day as cut. This will give you better shaped bulbs and more bulbets, as each eye produces a flower stalk, and it is a common occurrence to see from 3 to 5 flower stalks growing from a single bulb, each stalk in the fall having a bulb at the base which, on account of crowding, will not be as large, or as good shape or produce as many bulbets as where there is only one or two bulbs.
In planting bulbets, if you have only a few, you can speed up and increase germination by cracking or removing the outer shell either by pinching or rubbing between the hands, but if you have a quantity the easiest method is to soak in warm water for 24 hours, which will help to loosen the outer shell.
One method of preventing the shell on bulbets from becoming hard or softening after they have hardened is to mix sand with the bulbets and keep moist either by spraying or throwing in a handful of snow occasionally.
In planting we start with bulbets, then the smaller sizes of bulbs, leaving

the larger over until the last, and follow the same method in taking up in the fall. If it is desired to keep varieties separate as each variety is planted, put a stake at the end of the row with the name written plainly. Lath dressed and cut in 1 foot lengths make excellent stakes, and are very cheap. The name may be written in pencil, and if coated thinly with shellac will last several years.
After the gladioli are planted and covered, do not worry. Give nature a chance. If they do not come up in a week or so, do not dig them up. They will come along all right in due time, but before they come up there is something else you must do. In a week or ten days after planting on looking over your garden, some morning you will notice a green haze or shade all over where the gladioli are planted. No, it is not meadow, but the first crop of weeds, which, like the poor, are always with us, and the better the ground the stronger the crop of weeds.
Now is the time that a stitch in time saves nine, for if you go carefully over the ground with a hoe, preferably what is known as a Dutch hoe, which only goes to a depth of an inch or less, you will not only eliminate a good lot of your weed trouble, but you will also, by stirring up the surface of the earth, prevent crust from forming and conserve the elements necessary for plant food, but also make it easy for the moisture to get down to the roots.
The gladiolus requires a considerable amount of moisture, which in most seasons in Ontario is amply supplied by nature, but it is a good insurance to have a supply of water available at all times, for when you need it you will need it badly; in fact, most large growers today are using some form of sprinkler system.
But I would ask you to remember this, if you must water your gladioli do it thoroughly, so the water moistens the earth to the depth of the bulbs, as otherwise you are wasting your time, as sprinkling lightly only moistens the surface, which encourages the little rootlets to come up to the surface looking for moisture, instead of going down, as they will do if water goes down all the way.
However, I consider cultivation the most necessary thing in connection with successful gladioli growing as cultivation prevents crust forming on the surface, admits air, conserves moisture and kills the weeds which rob the earth of the nourishment needed for your bulbs and spikes, so do not fail to cultivate each part of your garden at least once every two weeks, with an extra effort after each rain fall and about blooming time.
A small amount of fertilizer worked into the surface of the ground between the rows when cultivated will be of material advantage, and for this purpose I have found a combination of bone meal and pulverized sheep manure to give excellent results as this is easily handled and very easily worked into the surface of the ground, and you will find yourself amply repaid for the extra trouble.
In cutting bloom it is well to do so when the first bud is showing color, as they will open just as well inside, and you avoid any fading by the hot sun. In cutting your flower spikes be sure that at least four leaves are left remaining on the stalk as this is necessary in order to produce best results under ground, and if your bloom is for show purposes you may retard development by keeping in a cool, dark cellar while, on the other hand, you may increase development by putting in a warm, light place.
Dig in the fall after foliage begins to turn brown or after several heavy frosts. Cut tops off just above the bulbs and lay out thinly for a few days to thoroughly dry. Then remove the old bulb and roots, put them in a basket or trays not over four inches deep and store in your fruit or vegetable cellar away from the heat. Do not tie bulbs in a

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A Safe Investment
The Huron & Erie is chartered by the Government and is "Older than the Dominion of Canada."
Surplus security for Debenture owners and depositors totals \$6,650,000.
Debenture owners and depositors have First claim upon every dollar of the Corporation's assets.
5 1/4 per cent. per annum is payable half-yearly
Let us arrange a Debenture investment in your name.
Applications for Huron & Erie Debentures are accepted at any time by
J. A. JOHNSTON - Mildmay

paper bag or keep them in any kind of deep tin receptacle, as they will mold and rot in either.
And let me say again, that cultivation and more cultivation and still more cultivation from the time the spikes are out of the ground until digging time is the most necessary thing that I know of to produce good flowers and first-class well-matured bulbs and bulbets.
In purchasing bulbs, you will find it to your advantage to get your stock from growers whose reputation stands back of the goods, and who are not too far away to make any reasonable adjustment, even if the price is a little more, rather than from a jobber, or someone whose only merit is cheap prices and whose only desire is to dispose of present stock, rather than to encourage the growing of better flowers and the building and keeping up of a desirable business connection.—Guelph Mercury.

FAREWELL TO DEPARTING NEIGHBORS
Having a large circle of friends, between fifty and sixty gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Martin on Thursday evening, July 12th, to bid them farewell before their leave for their new home.
After a little amusement the crowd was called to attention by Mr. Albert Schumacher, and A. Weiler read the following address:
Knowing that your sojourn with us is becoming very limited we your friends and neighbors decided to assemble here to-night to give expression to our feelings and make our desires towards you known and to let you know in what esteem we hold you before your departure.
Unbounded generosity, patience, tribulations, love of righteousness and fidelity to family duties, qualities possessed by you mark character well worthy of admiration and imitation. We are very sorry to see you depart from our midst for we imagine that we will be "lonesome" without you.
However, we feel that you know how to act best to meet circumstances.
In concluding we should like to wish that the Almighty bestow on you numerous blessings and the greatest prosperity. To give you just slight tokens of our love and gratitude we present you with a couch, a purse and a sum of money.
Signed on behalf of your neighbors and friends.
After the presentation Mr. Martin made a splendid reply, followed by a few words from Mrs. Martin. Immediately after this a tasty lunch was served. Singing and dancing followed till the party broke up, and the friends departed with best wishes for the future for Mr. and Mrs. Martin.

RUSSIA BUYS MORE FLOUR
Since the middle of December last representatives of the government (such as it is) of Russia have bought nearly two million barrels of flour in Canada. Besides a lot of Canadian wheat has been shipped to that unfortunate country.

ASTHMA HEAD and BRONCHIAL COLDS
Just Swallow a RAZ-MAH Capsule
Restores normal breathing. Quickly stops all choking, gasping and mucus gatherings in bronchial tubes. Gives long nights of restful sleep. Contains no injurious or habit-forming drugs. \$1.00 per box at drug stores. Send for generous trial. Templetons, Toronto.
RAZ-MAH
GUARANTEED RELIEF
For Sale by J. P. PHELAN

400 sets a day!
New Manufacturing Economies
TRIRDYN NOW \$85
Formerly \$100
New price starts rush!
Order your Trirdyn to-day

Greater production than ever—new manufacturing economies—new low price—and, of course, our stock is dwindling rapidly!

We want no disappointed customers—so we emphasize our warning! Lose no time! Secure your Trirdyn now!

—the set with three tubes doing the work of five tubes. Volume! Selectivity! Cross continental ranges. Beautiful tone/clarity. Results equal to sets costing double the money. Handsome mahogany case. Unquestionably the most astonishing value in radio.

No wonder there is big production and low prices! Order today!

C. H. PLETSCH

Authorized Dealer
DE FOREST CROSLY

A NEW MARK TWAIN STORY

Mark Twain has told countless good stories about the various people he has met and his experiences with them, but the "Bookbuyer" has a story which he has never told, and which has not been printed before. He once had an engagement to lecture in a small town, and was met at the railway station by the minister, as the leader of intellectual society in the place. As they walked up to the parsonage, his host conversed on several topics, and finally said: "Mr. Clemens, it has always been our custom, in this little town, to open every engagement given here with prayer and I should like to do so to-night, if agreeable to you. Would you have any objection to my doing so?" "Why, my dear sir," replied Mark warmly, "on the contrary, it will give me great pleasure—I should be very glad to know that the lecture was going to be started right, anyhow."

So, with the understanding, they went to the lecture room, and the minister took the centre of the stage and proceeded to offer a prayer about half an hour long, and concluded by saying: "And now, O Lord, we have with us tonight a man who is known throughout all the world as the great American humorist. Help us to understand what he is about to say to us, and to be amused by it; and, if possible, grant that we may derive some real benefit from his lecture." Mark, it is said, needed all his philosophy to pull him through the next few minutes.

TEACHERS' INCOME TAX

In the January number of the Municipal World this question is asked: "In February 1924 the teachers in this municipality were assessed for income tax. At midsummer some of them resigned and refused to pay the tax, stating that their income was not large enough in 1924 to assess." The answer in the Municipal World is that the proper income to assess was for 1923. That is not only the legal thing to do but the common sense viewpoint as well. The assessor could not tell what the teachers' salaries for 1924 would be in February of that year because when the teachers were re-engaged in June their salaries might be increased, or in some cases decreased, though the latter is very rare as it is a polite intimation from the trustees that the services of the teacher whose salary was reduced are no longer required. In regard to the exemption on incomes the law is plain as a pikestaff. To non-householders the exemption is up to \$1000. Above that amount they pay the usual rate on the dollar. The town of Chesley made a test case on income tax and won out. The collector received the full amount sued for and costs of the Court on Monday.

The Ontario Minister of Agriculture says Fall Fairs must not be subordinated to mere entertainment if they are to receive government grants.

A lot of us hear too much, a lot more see too much, and most of us talk too much about things that are none of our business, and of many more things that we don't know anything about.

RESCUES HIS MASTER

From Montana comes this story of a dog's fidelity and intelligence:—Johnston fell fifty feet to the bottom of an abandoned mine while herding sheep and was so badly bruised he was unable to speak above a whisper when he regained consciousness. His chances of being rescued depended on his brother missing him and chancing across the deserted mine shaft.

Arvid Johnston, the brother, told his story about the rescue: "I was awakened at an early hour by Fred's dog trying to pull the blankets off me, and at the same time barking to attract my attention. I thought nothing of it. I thought he merely wanted to play. When I refused to play he left. A few moments later I heard him barking at the horses, and decided something was wrong.

I got up and discovered the dog trying to round up my saddle pony. When he saw me he rushed up, barking wildly and catching my coat, as if wanting me to follow him. He led me direct to the mine shaft. The moment I saw that hole in the ground something told me that Fred was in it. I summoned help, was lowered to the bottom and found Fred covered with blood from a gash caused by his chin striking a mine timber when he fell."

INHERITS A FORTUNE

Mr. Duncan Stewart, for four years a station master at Dunkeld, and who left last spring to take a position as section boss for the C.N.R. at Shallow Lake, has fallen heir to a fortune of \$6000 left him by a relative in the Old Country. Duncan is a native son of Old Scotia, saw service in both the South African Campaign and the Great World War, and after combating his country's foes at \$10 per day, the \$6000 bequest will doubtless loom large in his vision. He has a wife and three children, and being but forty years of age will have the satisfaction of knowing that he fell heir to the cash before he was too old to enjoy the full benefit of such a windfall. We understand he is returning to the Old Land in the Spring.

The 1925 license markers are now in order on all cars. This year's colors are just the reverse of last year, being a black background with yellow figures and are a strong contrast with last year's black figures on a yellow background.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY COMPLETES BUSY SEASON

Many Fathers of Children Born Out of Wedlock Made Provide For Their Offspring

Rev. R. Perdue, the energetic Inspector and Superintendent of the Bruce Co. Children's Aid Society, gives an interesting story of the year's work in his report. During the year 12 children were made ward of the society. Thirty two applicants were received, mostly for boys and girls of from 12 to 14 years of age, and Rev. Mr. Perdue expresses pleasure at the way men and women have opened their hearts and received the little ones into their family circle and affections. Fourteen children were placed in foster homes. The volume of business during 1924 doubled that of any previous year and the work has been the most strenuous in the history of the society. Absconding husbands have given the society a lot of trouble. The supt. attended court 32 times during the year on behalf of neglected children, while 45 investigations were conducted in their interests. 236 children were involved in the society's activities during the year. 3300 miles were covered by the supt. in his year's work. There were 1200 pieces of mail received and 2340 sent out, which involved a tremendous amount of clerical work.

Rev. Mr. Perdue goes on to say: "I have much pleasure in presenting you with the 26th annual report of this Society and the sixth for the present Inspector and Secretary.

During the year we have been engaged in protecting the neglected and dependent children of the county as well as looking after the interests of children born out of wedlock and carrying out the terms of the Adoption Act. The work during the year has been very strenuous and nearly doubled in volume to any previous year.

As a result of complaints received your secretary has been brought in-

WHEAT WANTED

BRING IN YOUR WHEAT AND EXCHANGE FOR FLOUR FEED AND GROCERIES—ALL OF WHICH WE HAVE A SUPPLY OF AND OF FIRST QUALITY.

TRY OUR CURED FILLETS AND LAKE SUPERIOR HERRING.

ALL KINDS OF CEREAL, FRESH AND SWEET. OAT-MEAL, MADE BY THE FIVE ROSES' PEOPLE.

THE PRICE OF ONE EGG WILL PAY FOR ALL THE PANACEA A HEN WILL EAT IN SIX MONTHS. ALSO 2 GALS. OF MILK WILL PAY FOR ENOUGH STOCK TONIC FOR ONE COW FOR 30 DAYS.

GET YOUR SUPPLY OF BLUE GOOSE ORANGES AND GRAPE FRUIT HERE—BEST ON THE MARKET.

GOOD DAIRY BUTTER, DRIED APPLES WANTED. EGGS BOUGHT ON THE GRADED SYSTEM.

GEO. LAMBERT.
 FLOUR FEED & GROCERIES
 PHO 41 36

to contact with homes where dirt and filth and vice abound, and where the children cannot get a chance to succeed in life. In cases of this kind we make a visit and try to give the best advice and assistance possible, the result is that in most cases visible results follow and the home is saved from being broken up. Frequently several visits are necessary. The knowledge that the law of the land compels parents to give the children a decent chance in the home is of great assistance in our work.

Poverty, however, is not the worst foe that we have to fight for the sake of the children. The immoral home is far worse. During the year we were compelled to take action under the Criminal Code in which parents were charged with making the home an unfit place for children to live in. In these cases some of the children were cared for in the shelter until foster homes were provided for them, while others were placed immediately without being brought to the shelter. In all twelve children were made wards of the society. There were five children in the shelter at the beginning of the year, making seventeen in all. Of these, fourteen were placed in good foster homes, two were sent to the Industrial School and one is in the shelter waiting placement.

The Act for the protection of children of unmarried persons has added very materially to our work. We have had sixteen cases, most of which were settled by private agreement between your Inspector and the responsible party, which agreement must be approved of by the Provincial Officer, and agreed to by the County Judge. In all cases, the money goes to the Provincial Officer and is disbursed by him on behalf of the mother and child. We are glad to be able to report that of twelve children born out of wedlock, only one was brought to the shelter and 11 placed by me in foster homes. These cases take up a great deal of our time.

In all, between six and seven thousand dollars have been collected under the Unmarried Mothers Act and sent to Toronto.

It occasionally happens that the mother of a babe born out of wedlock is also the mother of a family of children. In one such case the father of the child was prosecuted and convicted under the criminal code and under the Unmarried Mothers Act. However, mere statistics can give no idea of the time and trouble involved in cases of this kind.

Absconding husbands have also occupied a great deal of our time during the year. When they take refuge in the States or in Western Canada there is not much that we can do. We were successful in getting satisfaction in one instance, where the husband, a man named Barrett, took refuge in Portage La Prairie. We got no assistance from the Crown Officials, but on the contrary they seemed to protect him. Barrett has a family in Lucknow and another in Portage La Prairie. At a great expense to the county Barrett was brought back and kept in jail until he made arrangements to settle the case for \$700 cash down and \$35 per month for the support of the family at Lucknow. In default he is to be arrested again and brought back.

Visiting Wards

For the sixth year we have spent our month's holiday in August in visiting the wards of the County, who number about one hundred and thirty. The children, on the whole, are doing remarkably well, being happy and comfortable and sitting most har-

moniously into the family life. In a few instances adjustments had to be made, but on the whole, the children are doing well.

Legal Adoption

A great number of people think that being in a foster home is the same as "adoption," but this is not the case. Legal adoption papers can be taken out by the foster parents by signing forms to that effect. The local society gives its permission. The Inspector recommends the home and the county Judge makes the order. The child then belongs to the husband and wife as if born to them. We have put through twelve adoption cases, all children born out of wedlock. The children are all in comfortable homes. One man said to me with tears in his eyes, that the child they were adopting helped to make the home what it is.

Court Cases

We have attended court more than 30 times. The Barrett case occupied most of our time for some months. Several other notorious cases are pending, and when these are disposed of, the county, as a whole, will be in a very satisfactory condition with regard to the children. In the ordinary work of the county we have travelled about 2300 miles, which with 1000 miles visiting wards, makes about 3300 in all.

Savings of Wards

When a boy or girl is earning money, the surplus, after clothing, etc., is provided, is put in a bank in Trust till the coming of age. In one case a young girl of weak mentality received from us a sum of over \$300. She lent it to a farmer with whom she was staying, and got no security. The farmer became bankrupt before our solicitor could take action to seize some of the property.

In another instance, a boy got over \$700 when coming of age. The boy was also of weak mentality. He got in touch with a firm which sold motor cycles. On a Sunday they brought a motor up, and in a short time the boy had the motor and the firm had the \$700. It was a tough proposition getting back the \$700, but we did under a threat of prosecution for selling on Sunday, and to a boy of weak mentality.

Statistics can give no idea of the amount of work entailed in the work in connection with and on behalf of the children of the county, but the foregoing will give a slight idea of what the work is like and the amount of it.

Through the generosity of the Societies and Institutes we were able to procure a beautiful Victrola for the shelter, which has afforded a vast amount of pleasure and instruction to the children residing in the shelter. We take this opportunity of paying tribute to the work of our Matron, Miss Hall. Under her instruction the children are framed in morals and manners, the result being that no child having had a reasonable stay in the shelter has had to be brought back on account of bad conduct.

In conclusion, our thanks are due to the members of the board for their continued interest, support, advice and consideration shown in our work. Our thanks are also due to the members of the County Council for their co-operation and financial assistance, thus obviating the necessity for canvassing and begging the public for money to keep the work going. And to all our friends throughout the county we offer our thanks for the sympathy and help in making the lives of the little ones brighter and happier.

FORD
 no doubt in moving her one of the coldest days of this winter she contracted a cold which developed into pneumonia.

A. Wylie, Hugh Douglas, Wm. Kreller, Frank Wright, and Chas. Cook are without a phone these days. They had the Wroxeter line in and the wires were strung on the Springbank poles for about three-quarters of a mile. The latter sent men along recently and cut and appropriated the wires. We presume there was nothing illegal in the work but when a family have been using the phone for years they feel a great want when it is gone.

While assisting at a wood-bee at the farm of Wm. Ferguson recently, Howick, in the Melvin Hubbard, son of Deputy-Melvin Hubbard, had the misfortune to split his great toe right through the centre. He made a swipe at a tree with a very sharp axe and glanced off the tree and took his toe right through the centre. Though he is confined to the house he is not suffering so much, and as young and healthy it will soon be all right.


A singular coincidence was that Cligord, so not Wallace happened with a similar incident the day before.

There are quite a number of farms, some around here, but there are more see too much, a lot more see too much, and most of us talk too much about things that are none of our business, and of many more things that we don't know anything about.

NORMANBY MAN HAS LEFT LEG BROKEN

An unfortunate accident occurred at the farm of John Fleming, Normanby Tp., last Thursday afternoon when Christian and Will Kaufman sustained injuries while engaged in felling trees for Charles Fleming. It appears that after a tree had been sawed through, the two young men were trying with their axes to fall the tree away from them, when a gust of wind sent the tree backward. Both were caught by the falling tree. Christian Kaufman was the most injured. The tree caught him on the thigh, breaking the bone into three pieces, and he was injured to some extent on the head and a few other minor injuries but is not seriously hurt.

Pittsburg had 313 pairs of twins during 1924, the highest record yet. Nature has evidently decided that there are to be fewer births there and will have to be more children.

Agent Wanted
 to sell "Community" Products—Bread and Cakes.
 The agency for this famous line of superior food products offers a splendid opportunity that will add prestige to your local trade and bring you new business.
 Local advertising is part of the service we provide suitable agents. Write for particulars.

BROWN'S BREAD LIMITED
 TORONTO



Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

FERTILIZER MIXTURES FOR POTATOES.

May profitable returns be obtained from the use of commercial fertilizers? What is the best combination for potatoes? What is the most economical quantity to use per acre? These questions are at this season of the year uppermost in the minds of the growers. With the increased demand for potatoes, both for the home and export market, there has come the demand for a supplement to farmyard manure to provide the necessary food elements such as nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash.

The growers will be reviewing their past year's experience and results from the use of various combinations, and comparing them with those of their neighboring growers, in order to arrive at some decision as to the most economical mixture and quantity to use for 1924. In order to aid them in determining these questions, a series of experiments was started at the Experimental Farm, Nappan, in 1922. While it is realized that no hard and fast rules can be laid down in the use of commercial fertilizers, nor may final deductions be drawn from two years' results, nevertheless, it is felt that these results may help in making a decision.

It may first be noted from this work that commercial fertilizers have a distinct value in potato production. The average yield from all plots receiving an application of fertilizer was 247.6 bushels per acre, while the average from the twelve check plots without fertilizers was 107.5 bushels, thus showing an increased yield of 140.1 bushels per acre, of which one-fifth were graded unmarketable and valued at 20 cents a bushel, while the marketable were valued at 55 cents per bushel. This gave a gross return of \$67.20 per acre on the increased yields over check in favor of the fertilized plots. The average cost of fertilizer was \$27.27 per acre, leaving an average net profit of \$39.93 per acre.

The second point of interest is what mixture gives the best results. By averaging the two years' results the respective standing of the different mixtures tested are as follows, based on the value of the increased yield over the check plots: No. 1, 3-8-6 mixture with a yield of 260.8 bushels per acre gives a profit of \$43.56 over cost of fertilizer; No. 2, 4-8-10 yielded 270.6 bushels and \$41.42 profit; No. 3, 4-8-8 yielded 267.2 bushels and \$41.40 profit; No. 4, 3-6-6 yielded 246.5 bushels and \$38.93 profit; No. 5, 4-6-6 yielded 247.1 bushels and \$37.20 profit; No. 6, 4-8-6 yielded 249.5 bushels and \$34.25 profit; No. 7, 5-8-6 yielded 250.8 bushels and \$31.24 profit; No. 8, 5-6-6 yielded 234.1 bushels and \$26.93 profit; No. 9, 4-8-4 yielded 233.6 bushels and \$26.11 profit; No. 10, 6-6-6 yielded 216.5 bushels and \$15.25 profit.

From the preceding figures it will be noted that, in the main, those mixtures reasonably low in nitrogen and high in phosphoric acid and potash gave the highest profits. The highest two-year average was obtained from the use of a 3-8-6 fertilizer, that is, one containing 3 per cent. nitrogen, 8 per cent. phosphoric acid (citric soluble) and 6 per cent. potash. The 4-8-10, 4-8-8 and 3-6-6 mixtures all gave average profits and from the two-year average, it would appear that any one of these four formulae would give satisfactory returns. Further, the results would indicate that with a reduction in the amount of potash applied there will be a corresponding decline in the profits.

Having shown that commercial fertilizer can be used economically in the growing of potatoes, further that certain combinations give better results than others, the next question is, what is the maximum amount to apply per acre? From a two-year average, the 2,000-pound application yielded 266 bushels per acre or an increase over the average of all checks of 159 bushels, the 1,500-pound application yielded 250.2 bushels, or an increase of 143.2 bushels over all checks, the 1,000-pound application yielded 226.7 bushels per acre or an increase of 119.2 bushels over checks.

At first glance it would appear that the 2,000-pound application would be the more profitable, but when put in

terms of dollars and cents the results are different. The market value of the extra 15.8 bushels increase due to the larger application is \$7.57 against an extra charge of \$9.09 for fertilizer. This shows a reduction in profit of \$1.52 per acre from the heavier application. The increased yield of the 1,500 over 1,000-pound application was 24 bushels with a market value of \$11.52 against the extra cost of \$9.09 for fertilizer. This left a profit of \$2.43 per acre over cost of fertilizer in favor of the 1,500 pounds. If interest on investment, freight, truckage and handling charges are taken into consideration, these figures would indicate that of the several applications employed 1,000 pounds per acre is the most economical application and not more than 1,500 pounds can be profitably used on the average soil.

The preceding figures are based on the average of all mixtures sown at the rate of 2,000, 1,500 and 1,000 pounds per acre. All marketable potatoes were valued at 55 cents per bushel and the unmarketable at 20 cents. In summarizing the results, it may be said that, at a reasonable price, a well balanced fertilizer applied at the rate of 1,000 to 1,200 pounds per acre will give profitable returns from the average soil.

POULTRY.

Since an egg will start to incubate very slowly at a temperature of 68 deg. to 70 deg. F., it is well to put eggs that are to be used for hatching in a place that is below this temperature as soon as possible after they are laid.

Just what is the temperature at which eggs for hatching first begin to show the unfavorable effects of chilling is not so accurately known.

Practical experience seems to indicate that best results will be obtained from eggs held at as uniform a temperature as possible, somewhere between the limits of 55 deg. and 65 deg. F.

The place most likely to furnish favorable holding conditions is a cool, well-ventilated cellar.

Since thermometers will not remain accurate indefinitely it is always a wise precaution to test each one that is to be used in an incubator in order to be sure that it is indicating the correct temperature.

This may be done easily by comparing it with an ordinary clinical thermometer. Immerse the two bulbs in warm water, stir the water well to be sure that it is of uniform temperature throughout and read the two thermometers.

Care should of course be taken to use water that is only lukewarm, so that there will be no danger of breaking the thermometer. Since the important range of the incubator thermometer is from about 99 deg. to 104 deg. F., it is the scale between these limits to which most attention should be given. One need not care if the thermometer is inaccurate above or below this range if it records the temperature correctly at the incubation point.

Occasionally it is necessary to use a centigrade thermometer as the standard of comparison. Since the scale on this thermometer is entirely different from that on the Fahrenheit thermometer used in incubators it is equal to 40 deg. C. and that 99.5 deg. F. is the same of 37.5 deg. C. If the thermometer is accurate at these two points it is reasonably certain to be correct at intervening points on the scale.

Poster Sells His Apples.

What a roadside poster can do has been demonstrated at the Henry Adams fruit farm. The poster is made of heavy cardboard and mounted on a wooden frame 3x5 feet. Here is what the sign says:

SLOW DOWN, FRIENDS!
Just wanted to tell you that there's some mighty fine Baldwin and Red Macintosh apples for sale on this farm at only \$1.50 per bushel. Come in.

During the first two weeks Mr. Adams sold 320 bushels of apples, bringing in a total of \$480.



Farmer Proves Value of Pure Bred Bull

W. G. Potter received \$52.25 more for steers sired by a Pure Bred Bull than for steers sired by a Scrub Bull. He shipped five steers from common grade cows of equal merit. The two steers sired by the Pure Bred Bull brought \$147.80 each. The steers received the same care.

Fewer and better cattle are more profitable than a larger number of Scrub animals. Make your cows work for you rather than you should work for them.

Your 1925 resolution was to get rid of that Scrub Bull—Have you done it?

BETTER BULLS PAY

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

A Statement of Remarkable Progress

Extracts from Directors' Report

Your Directors present their fifty-fourth Annual Report with unusual satisfaction. The rapid expansion of operations, and the steady upbuilding of resources, which have so markedly characterized the Company's transactions in previous years, have continued during the past twelve months, and at a greatly increased rate of progress.

These figures (herewith quoted) show the growth which has taken place in the volume of the Company's operations, and in its resources. The figures as to profit-earning power and financial strength are even more impressive. As to profits actually paid, the sum of \$6,661,632.40 has been disbursed during the year to policyholders under this heading. As to provision for the future, the Company's position has been materially strengthened in all directions.

There has been a further upbuilding of the life policy reserves. Heretofore policies issued prior to 1923 have been valued on the basis of assuming three and a half per cent. interest, as the discounting rate for the Company's obligations, but this year the entire life assurance contracts have been valued at three per cent., the extra amount thus set aside being \$1,111,032.

There has also been a strengthening of the Annuity Reserves. Recent investigations have shown a progressive increase in the average lifetime of annuitants. A special annuity reserve of \$750,000 has this year been set up beyond the amount required by the Government standard.

The Company's Head Office and branch buildings and other real estate, have been written down by \$750,000.

The Contingency Reserve have been strengthened by the addition of \$4,000,000 taken from the earnings of the year, \$3,000,000 of this amount going to the fund to provide for possible fluctuations in the market value of our securities, raising that fund to \$5,000,000, and \$1,000,000 going to General Contingency account, raising that to \$2,500,000. These contingency accounts thus amount now to \$7,500,000.

After making these heavy allocations, the undivided surplus has yet been increased by \$4,234,400, bringing it to a total of \$92,107,258.

The Company is, of course, in a position to increase its already generous scale of profits to policyholders, and your Directors have pleasure in announcing for the fifth year in succession, that such an increase will be made.

While many factors have contributed to the remarkable showing, the most noteworthy has been the long-keeping from investments. As has been mentioned in previous reports, it has for many years been the policy of the Company to invest in long-term bonds and similar choice securities, in order that by this means the high rates of interest then prevailing as a result of the abnormal conditions produced by the war, might be projected into future years. This policy is now bearing fruit. Current rates of interest, though still very satisfactory, are materially lower than those of former years, and as a consequence there has been a marked rise in the quotations for most of the securities owned by the Company. During the past year some of these increased values have been capitalized by sales, and a net profit of \$2,891,450.48 has been realized from this source. In addition there has been an increase of \$6,321,577.69 in the market value of the securities still held. Although most of this increased value is undoubtedly permanent, and due mainly to the readjustment of interest rates to a more normal basis, it will be noted that the Company has carried \$4,000,000 of the amount to contingency accounts, as already explained.

The rate of interest earned during the year on the mean invested assets has been 6.25 per cent., exclusive of profits from sales. This is a substantial increase over the rate of the previous year, and has resulted from our having realized on some of our holdings of Government and other bonds which had risen to high figures, the proceeds being then reinvested in securities yielding better returns.

1924

New Assurances Paid For	\$137,466,000
Increase	\$30,075,000
Total Income	\$62,245,000
Increase	\$15,280,000
Payments to Policyholders and Beneficiaries	\$31,881,000
(Total paid since organization, \$183,798,000)	
Assets at December 31st. . .	\$274,130,000
Increase	\$64,873,000
Reserves for Unforeseen Contingencies	\$7,500,000
Surplus Over All Liabilities and Contingency Reserves	\$22,107,000
Increase	\$4,234,000
Assurances in Force (Net) . .	\$871,636,000
Increase	\$167,871,000

Policies in force (excluding Group Policies) . . . 384,113
Employees of firms protected by Group Policies . 30,160

Dividends to policyholders again increased

The Sun Life ranks amongst the Foremost Life Assurance Institutions of the World

Incorporated 1865

Began business 1865

LANDSCAPING THE FARM HOME

It's Easy to Transform Bleak Surroundings Into a Beauty Spot.

BY FRANK A. WAUGH.

Hundreds of farmhouses are bare and dreary—perched on high, bare foundations, unshaded by trees, with none of the decorative beauty that comes from shrubs, flowers and lawn. They need not be so. Simple landscaping is easy to do, and the results are astonishing.

First of all comes the necessary clean-up. The home grounds must be cleaned up and kept clean. Good house-keeping is just as important outside the house as inside.

The next step is often to place a satisfactory fence around the immediate home grounds. On most farms the home yard is subject to incursions from livestock, the tractor, the flivver and the binder. These must be kept out of the front yard at all costs.

Of course this fence must be a good one. It should be made of solid posts and boards in some simple, not too ornamental, pattern. It might be painted white, gray or green. A picket fence is very pretty in a village or city, but is hardly appropriate on a farm, and a barbed-wire fence is not sufficiently attractive for the purpose in hand.

Then provide a clean and practical walk from the front door to the front gate, or to the side gate where the automobile stops, or to both. This walk should be as simple as possible.

Next, attention should be given to the lawn, for without a reasonably good lawn no home grounds can be considered satisfactory.

Nearly always it is necessary to re-grade the lawn. It should be plowed up and put in thoroughly good condition. At the time of plowing, it is desirable to use a large quantity of fertilizer. Barnyard manure is best, unless it happens to be very full of weed seeds. Good commercial fertilizer may be very useful, especially if it is accompanied by a reasonable proportion of well-rotted barnyard manure. All this plant food should be well worked into the soil before the seed is sown.

Lawn seeding may be done very

old-fashioned, beautiful and indispensable lilac, several of the native dogwoods, the forsythias, the deutzias, Japanese quince, the hydrangeas, and of the hardy privets, several species of bush honeysuckle, the good-fashioned mock orange, the flowering almond, dwarf species of sumac, most any of the hardy roses, bridal-wreath spiraea and other shrubs and the viburnums.

Vines have been recommended for these same plantings. The species most widely available in this country are the Virginia creeper, the trumpet creeper, the Dutchman's pipe vine, bittersweet, clematis, climbing roses, matrimony vine, wistaria and some of the grapes.

In any such planting of the home as we are here discussing, planting of flowers will certainly be desirable.

All the more delicate flowers can be grown to best advantage in a separate flower garden.

In the flower garden one can grow sweet peas, asters and all his other favorites. The list is a long one, but among the hardy perennials—and hardy perennials are especially desirable—may be mentioned the following: Columbine, campanula, hardy chrysanthemum, fox-glove, sneezewort, Iceland poppy and Oriental poppy, Sweet William, rudbeckia, larkspur and hollyhock.

How I Sell My Rye.

There is seldom any demand for rye, and the price paid for same is very low. Last fall I had some winter sown rye which I was unable to sell for a reasonable price. I could not use it for chickens or stock.

I brought it to the mill and had it up into fine flour. I bought white sacks, 50-pound size, and put it up neatly. Afterward I marked "Rye."

There was no difficulty in getting this flour to retail grocers, or to others who wished rye flour. I received almost twice the amount that the whole grain would have brought.—A. S. H.

A dead ear of corn may mean nine hundred missing stalks.

Fish are scared and fowls plucked easily and quickly if dipped into boiling water for an instant.

Order from your grocer his best tea and he'll usually send "Red Rose."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The same good tea for 30 years. Try it!

Classified Advertisements

REMNANTS.
BARGAIN PARCEL, \$2; 5 LBS. Patchos, \$2. McCreery, Chatham, Ontario.

FREE CATALOGUE.
RASPBERRY BUSHES, GLADIOLAS, IRIS, PEONY, FANCY DAHLIAS and Barred Rock Eggs. The Wright Farm, Brockville, Ont.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.
LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

LADIES ONLY—OUR BOOKLET. Ladies' Friend, mailed in plain envelope, free. CASIER 2423, Montreal.

WANTED.
KILN DRIED 22" SOFTWOOD Heading Boards, dressed one side to 1/2" and saw-jointed both edges. Quote F.O.B. here. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

BERMUDA
Ideal Winter Playground
Only 2 Days from New York
Sailings Twice Weekly
Leaving N.Y. Wed. and Sat.
Via Palatia, Oil-Burner, Steamers
"FORT ST. VINCENZO" and
"FORT ST. GEORGE"
Leaving Bermuda Wed. and Sat.
For Montreal, Quebec, St. John's
and other ports.
New York City
Tourist Agent

On farms in
\$2,246,231, of
classified as
as other cat-
\$2,753,
and poultry.

Names and Their Origin

HUTTON
Racial Origin—English.
Source—A locality, also a character-
istic.
This is a family name, which, if one
judged it by one of its meanings alone
should be classified as a variation of
names Houghton and Haughton,
a large number of cases it is de-
rived from a place name which means
"down." Both the place and the
name, however (which is Hutton),
are identical in origin from those
of Houghton and Haughton.
There is another derivation of
the name, from the old Nor-
wich word "hutin," meaning
"the mention of such char-
acters as this in connection with
name, to distinguish him from
other men with the same given
name quite common in the middle
ages. Just prior to the
of family names and co-
with it, populations were in-
so rapidly and shifting as
the same given names were
to so many persons, that some
method of differentiation, such
as the use of the place whence a man
came, or of some personal char-
acteristic of his, was the rule rather
than the exception.
Those who can trace their ancestry
back to a form of the name prefixed
either by "re" or "le" will have no dif-
ficulty in determining whether their
family names develop from the place
name or the nickname. The "de" in-
dicates the former and the "le" the
latter.

LUMBAGO
There is scarcely any disease which physicians find more difficult to treat successfully than rheumatism. Long study, however, has shown that the seat of the disease is in the blood. By maintaining the quality of the blood, you are doing the best possible thing to prevent and combat rheumatism.
That is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has proved successful in thousands of cases of rheumatism and lumbago. These pills enrich the blood and enable it to throw off the poisons of the disease. And so long as the blood is kept pure and rich, there need be no fear of a return of the trouble.
Mrs. Annie Wright, Woolchester, Alta., says:—"I was a sufferer from rheumatism for six years and most of that time my life was one of misery. I tried several doctors but never got more than temporary relief. The trouble seemed to affect my whole system. Finally I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and through these I found complete relief. I can strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to anyone suffering from this trouble."

and more.

A Poem You Ought to Know.

The Flower.
Clifton is proud of one of its famous masters, Thomas Edward Brown, because he was a true poet. The Isle of Man shares Clifton's pride because he was not only born at Douglas and wrote many poems in the Manx dialect, but spent his last years in his native island.

I was in Heaven one day when all the prayers
Came in, and angels bore them up the stairs
Unto the place where he
Who was ordained such ministry
Should sort them out, so that in that
palace bright
The presence-chamber might be duly
dight;
For they were like to owers of various
bloom.
And a divinest fragrance filled the
room.

Then did I see how the great sorter
chose
One flower that seemed to me a hedge-
ling rose,
And from the tangled press
Of that irregular loveliness
Set it apart—and—"This, I heard him
say,
"Is for the Master": so upon his way
He would have passed: then I to him:
"Whence is this rose? O thou of cher-
ubim
The chiefest." "Know'st thou not," he
said, and smiled,
"This is the first prayer of a little
child."

A HAPPY CHILDHOOD IS A MATTER OF HEALTH

Little children quickly get out of sorts but by prompt treatment they can just as quickly be set right again. Most of their troubles arise in the first place from the stomach and bowels; that is why a good clearing out is the first thing the doctor prescribes. Mothers, why not let Baby's Own Tablets keep your children well. Unlike that ill-smelling, rank tasting castor oil so dreaded by most children, the Tablets are pleasant to take and their action, though thorough, is gentle and causes no discomfort to either the baby or the growing child. Baby's Own Tablets are a never failing remedy for relieving constipation and indigestion; thus they break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms and make the teething period painless. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



A Raw Deal.
"I understand the City Council has turned down the meat-inspection bill."
"Yes; I heard they'd cooked it, but I'd say it's a raw deal."

A Warning to All Mothers!
Ralph's father is a doctor, and Ralph likes to get hold of an old medical case and a hat of his father's and play that he is a doctor also. One day when the telephone rang he called out, "Somebody wants me!" and, catching up the hat and case, hurried out the door.
"Come back and shut the screen door," called his mother.
Ralph obeyed reluctantly. When he returned a bit later he looked solemn.
"Well, how did you find your patient, Dr. Ralph?" his mother inquired jocularly.
"Dead," the boy replied accusingly.
"Died while I was coming back to shut that door."

The bars of a grate often have a burned and ugly appearance, which prevents their taking a good polish. This difficulty is soon overcome. Before applying the blacking rub the bars with a piece of lemon and they will be quite easy to polish afterward.

Some diseases give immunity from another attack, but rheumatism and lumbago (which is really muscular rheumatism) work just the other way. Every attack invites another.
There is scarcely any disease which physicians find more difficult to treat successfully than rheumatism. Long study, however, has shown that the seat of the disease is in the blood. By maintaining the quality of the blood, you are doing the best possible thing to prevent and combat rheumatism.
That is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has proved successful in thousands of cases of rheumatism and lumbago. These pills enrich the blood and enable it to throw off the poisons of the disease. And so long as the blood is kept pure and rich, there need be no fear of a return of the trouble.
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"The Tobacco of Quality"

SMOKE OLD CHUM

15¢ per Package also in 1/2 lb. VACUUMIZED TINS

MANUFACTURED BY IMPERIAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED.

No Brains Needed in Falling in Love.

Science makes another discovery. No great amount of brains is required for falling in love. Most of us had suspected it, but a scientist tries to prove it. He used 200 pigeons. From these he removed the cerebral cortex, the part of the brain that is supposed to do the thinking for folk. The pigeons recovered from the operation and kept on billing and cooing. The scientist advanced the experiment. He removed more of the pigeons' brains. He found that of all instincts the love instinct seemed to function on the slightest amount of brain matter.
So much for science and love. Lovers needn't feel badly about it. While the experiment indicates that no brains are needed to fall in love it doesn't prove that being in love indicates a lack of brains. Love may not be amenable to reason, but it isn't necessarily feeble-mindedness. If so, it is a pleasant form of insanity—sometimes.

Will a Good Pure Bred Sire Pay?

A bull will sire anywhere from one hundred to several hundred calves during his lifetime.
Suppose we place the number of calves at one hundred, and suppose the calves by one bull are worth an average of \$5.00 per head more than the calves by another bull, what would this mean?
It would mean that one bull would be worth to his owner \$500.00 more than the other bull, except the small difference in interest on investment.
If the difference in value of the calves were \$10.00 per head, the difference in the value of the bulls would be \$1000.00 and correspondingly greater for wider differences in the value of the calves.
There are cases where steers by a good bull have brought \$50.00 per head more than steers of the same age by inferior or scrub bulls.
These figures should make any man pause before buying an inferior bull merely because the price is low.
It is true that merely paying a high price for a bull does not make him a good one, and excellent bulls are often bought at very modest prices; but it is equally true that really good bulls are always worth the money paid for them, while inferior bulls are dear at any price.
No man can afford to use a scrub bull. A good bull at \$1,000.00 is cheaper than a scrub bull received as a gift, as the figures given above amply prove.
It is also worth noting that steers by good bulls have "topped" the open market in Canada and the United States, and still hold several open market high price records.
Surely the thoughtful farmer will see to it that the bull he uses in future must be a good pure bred, and the result will be more beef, more milk, and more profit.

Pragmatism.

Eclipses of the sun in China, as is well known, are greeted by the populace with a great beating of drums, kitchenware, wooden rattles and other instruments of percussion, for the purpose of frightening away the dragon that is preparing to swallow the sun. Is this superstition or science? After all, the brass kettle and the firecracker as an antidote to solar catastrophes have worked. The Chinese have been handling eclipses for five thousand years, and there is no record of a single instance in which the sun failed to reappear. Very few laws of science are based on data that have stood the test of anything like five thousand years.

Plunger Tire Safeguard.

The plunger inside the tire valve is responsible for the life of the tire, and should never be removed unless absolutely necessary.
When a dog barks at night, in Japan the owner is arrested and sentenced to work for a fixed time for his neighbors whose slumbers may have been disturbed.

Easy Familiarity.

"How do you know the lady is remarkably wealthy?"
"By her conversation," replied Miss Cayenne.
"But that does not indicate extraordinary advantages."
"Oh, yes it does. She is rich enough to refer offhand to a genuine pearl necklace as a string of beads."

Quick Relief for Rheumatism

Mrs. Bert Young of Fitch Bay, Que., writes as follows:
"I could not turn over in bed at night. I tried doctors and sent off for medicines which did me no good, but after using three bottles of Minard's my rheumatism left me entirely, and I have never felt it since."
Always keep Minard's handy.
Minard's Liniment



Clear Your Complexion With Cuticura

Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water to free the pores of impurities and follow with a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. They are ideal for the toilet, as is also Cuticura Talcum for powdering and perfuming.
Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot, "Cuticura," P. O. Box 2418, Montreal.
Price, Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Talcum 25c.
Try our new Shaving Stick.

For Every Ill—Minard's Liniment.

No truth so sublime but it may be trivial to-morrow in the light of new thoughts.—Emerson.
One American firm recently gave an order for 10,000 British-made overcoats.

Look Younger

Care-worn, nerve-exhausted women need Bitro-Phosphate, a pure organic phosphate dispensed by druggists that New York and Paris physicians prescribe to increase weight and strength and to revive youthful looks and feelings. Price \$1 per pkge. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS

Letter from Mrs. Ayars Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her

Spring Valley, Sask.—"I took the Vegetable Compound before my last confinement, when I got to feeling so badly that I could not sleep nights, my back ached so across my hips, and I could hardly do my work during the day. I never had such an easy confinement and this is my sixth baby. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the 'Farmer's Telegram' and wrote you for one of your books. We have no druggist in our town, but I saw your medicine in T. Eston's catalogue. I am a farmer's wife, so have all kinds of work to do inside and outside the house. My baby is a nice healthy girl, who weighed nine pounds at birth. I am feeling fine after putting in a large garden since baby came. (She is as good as she can be.) Yours is the best medicine for women, and I have told about it and even written to my friends about it." — Mrs. ANNIE E. AYARS, Spring Valley, Sask.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an excellent medicine for expectant mothers, and should be taken during the entire period. It has a general effect to strengthen and tone up the entire system so that it may work in every respect as nature intends. All druggists sell this dependable medicine. Give it a trial.

FOR Neuralgia

ASPIRIN

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

- Neuralgia Colds
- Headache Pain
- Lumbago Toothache
- Rheumatism Neuritis

Safe Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monacetic-acidester of Salicylic Acid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Lloyd Cross."

Bigger Poultry Profits

Only a few years ago the chicken business was a gamble, a will o' the wisp of uncertainty.

Today the business of raising chickens is a recognized industry. Recognized not merely by those who are engaged in it, but by everyone whose activities are related to finance, agriculture and world markets.

The business of raising chickens is no longer merely a source of pin-money for the farmer's wife. It is no longer an uncertain enterprise, no longer a gamble.

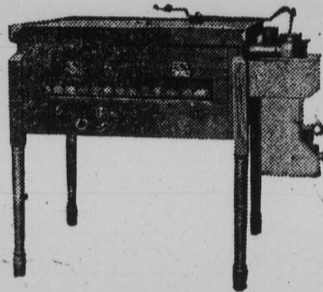
It is certain, it is safe, it is a man's size job—just as profitable as any other branch of farm activity.

The change has been brought about

- 1—By the greatly increased demand for poultry and eggs.
- 2—The development of dependable methods of artificial hatching and raising of chickens.

BEGIN EARLY—BUY AN INCUBATOR

— WE SELL THE —



Buckey and Ideal
Incubators and
Brooders

Let us show you

Leisemer & Kalbfleisch

HARDWARE

EXECUTOR'S Notice to Creditors

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF MARGARETHA BENINGER, late of the Township of Culross in the County of Bruce, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 56 of the Trustees Act that all Creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Margaretha Beninger deceased, who died on or about the 9th day of December A. D. 1924, are required on or before the 5th day of March A. D. 1925, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Frank Beninger, Mildmay R. R. No. 1, or to Edward George Kuntz, Formosa, Ont., the Executor's of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their names, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars in writing of their claims, a statement of the accounts and the nature of the security they hold if any duly verified.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after such last mentioned date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice; and the said Executors will not be liable for any claims, notice of which shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 10th day of February A. D. 1925.

UNION STOCK MARKETS TORONTO

With the exception of lambs, live stock prices were generally stronger for the opening market of the week at the Union Stock Yards. There was a sharp advance in the price of hogs and nearly all grades of cattle were slightly higher. The strength in cattle and hogs was generally attributable to weather conditions, as some shippers were unable to market their stock on account of impassable roads.

Hogs generally changed hands at \$11.25 f.o.b. and \$12.25 off cars. There was an advance of 40c a cwt. from the close of last week, or up 50c from a week ago. The run of hogs was a slight one, and dealers expect that shipments will be light for the balance of the week.

In the cattle market the improved demand in evidence at the close of last week continued, and prices were slightly higher. Heavy steers were generally up 25c a hundred, while bulls made a similar advance. Cows just held firm, but butcher steers and heifers strengthened from 10c to 25c a hundred.

A good clean-up was affected and the top price for the day was \$8.65 paid for a load of steers. Exporters also took three loads at \$8.40 and paid from \$7.75 to \$8.40 for the bulk. They also took some heavy weight steers from \$7.50 to \$8.25 a hundred, and some feeders down to \$6.70. Heifers for export brought from \$7 to \$7.25. Packers paid up to \$7.50 for a few good heifers.

The abattoirs paid as high as \$7.50 for some choice steers, with the bulk of the best moving from \$6.50 to \$7. Medium to good steers and heifers sold from \$6.25 to \$6.50, and an odd lot of common as low as \$4.50. Some heavy cows were taken for export from \$5.25 to \$5.50. The bulk

of the good butcher cows sold from \$4.25 to \$5, and the balance from \$3 to \$4. The bull trade was the best in some weeks, an odd one bringing the top of \$5.50. The bulk of the good heavy bulls sold from \$4.50 to \$5.25 with light bolognas at \$2.7. Two loads of stockers sold at \$5.2 and \$5.75, and three loads of feeders from \$5.75 to \$6.50.

The run of calves was about normal one, and there was a strong trade. An odd one brought \$13 hundred, with the bulk of the best from \$12 to \$12.75. The rest of the sales ranged from \$6.50 to \$11.50.

There were very few sheep offered for sale, and odd ones brought from \$8 to \$8.50. There was a steady trade in lambs, with tops at \$19 a hundred. There were quite a few at \$15.50, and the rest sold from \$12 to \$15.

FORMOSA.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kuntz spent a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Gus. Tiede of London is visiting relatives here.

Miss Marie Heisz of Mildmay spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. F. Heisz.

Messrs. A. L. Oberle and George Kreutzwiser visited relatives in Owen Sound.

Mr. and Mrs. Gregory Reich celebrated their twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding last Thursday.

Messrs. Ralph Oberle and Frank Obermeyer of Hanover spent Sunday in town.

Mr. William Weiss left for the West on Monday.

A big crowd attended the sale of Val. Weiler's on Tuesday.

Miss Marie Schnurr returned to Kitchener, after spending a few weeks with her parents.

Mr. Tony Schnurr, noteiman, had three fingers on his left hand lacerated in a buzz saw he was operating at the home of a neighbor last Wednesday. Although one of the fingers was almost severed, a Walkerton doctor, who was summoned, succeeded in stitching the digit in place, and will, it is expected, save the injured hand from being permanently maimed.

"What's the matter with Smith? He lumbago or spinal curvature or something?"

"No, he has to walk that way to it some shirts his wife made him."

"That silver paint makes the radiators look so cold."

"Yes, I think it would be better to paint 'em red during the coal shortage."

"Well," said a farmer to an Irish lad who was employed on his farm: "I heard you had a little encounter with my bull yesterday. Who came off the best?"

"Sure, your honor," said Patsy, scratching his head "it was a toss up!"

Inquisitive Passenger—"I see you have your arm in a sling. Broken isn't it?"

Meek Ditto—"Yes, sir."

"Meat with an accident."

"No, broke it while trying to pat myself on the back."

"Great Scott! What for?"

"For minding my own business."

Farm for Sale.
50-acre farm on Con. 6, Carrick, all in grass. Will be sold at a reasonable price on easy terms. Apply to J. A. Johnston.

Carrick Farm For Sale.
100-acre farm two miles west of Mildmay. Good buildings. Close to school. A cheap farm on very easy terms. Apply quickly to J. A. Johnston, Mildmay.

Farm for Sale
Good 50-acre farm composed of part of lots 19 and 20, Con. 8, Carrick, adjacent to Desmerton, is offered for sale at a reasonable price. See J. A. Johnston.

Farm for Sale.
Lot 30, Con. 11, Carrick, is offered for sale at a very reasonable price. No better wheat farm in Carrick, no waste land, fairly good bush, plenty of water, and fences all good. Good frame house and fine bank barn and stabling. 15 acres fall wheat. Everything in great condition. Apply to Mrs. John Willfang, or to J. A. Johnston.

AMBLESIDE

Miss Martina and Mr. Clemence Illig spent Sunday at Alex Schiestels near Teeswater.

Miss Eleanor and Mr. Alfred Schnurr of the Elora Road visited at John Cronin's last Sunday.

Miss Alice and Mr. Mat. Schiestel visited at J. D. Meyer's last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Obermeyer spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Illig.

Miss Rose Meyer of Teeswater visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Meyer last Sunday.

A great number of friends and neighbors assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Illig last Wednesday evening to bid them adieu before leaving for their new home in Teeswater. A very appropriate address was read by Mr. Jos. Cronin.

Mr. and Mrs. Illig were the recipients of two lovely gifts and they expressed their gratitude in a few well chosen words. Refreshments were served and the remainder of the evening spent in dancing and other amusements. Two of the outstanding features of the evening being a speech given by the well-known speaker, Mr. Joseph Cronin, and a Schottische danced by Mrs. Harry Weisnar and Mr. Jos Cronin.

Mr. Jos. Cronin has been appointed by the Culross Council as patrolman on the roads from Belmore to Ambleside.

CARLSRUHE

A number from here attended the sale of farm stock and implements of Julius Jagelewski, 2 miles from here (known as Fogel's Berg) last Friday. Mr. Jagelewski has rented his farm to John Montag. He has lived in Hanover for the last ten years but has also sold his property in town and will move to Mildmay in the near future.

A progressive euchre party and box social was held in the Berish Hall last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schill of Gull Lake, Mr. and Mrs. Sisty Illebrunn of La Brad, Sask., and Mr. Nicholas Trub of Mildmay spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.

Mr. Andrew Spielmacher of Sask. is on an extensive visit at his brother's, Wm. Spielmacher.

Mr. John Vath of Hanover spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Girodat.

Mr. Chas. Schwan made a business trip to Toronto on Monday.

A very enjoyable time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Roesel last Friday evening when a large number of friends and neighbors assembled. The evening was well spent in dancing, music and playing cards. Everybody reported a good time. Clarence is well known and liked among the young people and he allowed himself the opportunity of treating them to a good time since taking unto himself a "better half."

BRUCE PENINSULA YIELDS LARGEST DISTILLERY YET

Warton, Feb. 21—In the early hours of Friday morning License Inspector Beckett of Owen Sound, and License Inspector Beatty of Tara, left Owen Sound for a visit to the Bruce Peninsula. They arrived at Warton and instead of going thru the town went along Gould Street and thence toward Purple Valley. About two weeks ago they went on a similar trip but their coming was well known before they arrived at their destination. This time they arrived unannounced at the farm owned by the Wrights, at Purple Valley, before the arrival of daylight. The inspectors made their way to a tent that was located in the bush and there they found one of the largest outfits for distilling whiskey ever found in these parts. The capacity of the brew can was about 40 gallons. There was also located in the tent two barrels of mash that was in the course of fermentation. Four large lamps were used to keep the barrels warm and the inspectors state that the mash was too hot almost to touch. The outfit was seized and brought to Warton, together with samples of the mash discovered in the tent. The inspectors drove about 45 miles from the time they left Owen Sound till they arrived back in Warton, which they did in time for breakfast. Samples of the mash have been taken and forwarded for analysis to Toronto.

Girls who do their own sewing don't sow many wild oats.

Helwig Bros. Weekly Store News

New Fabrics and New Patterns for Spring Sewing

Spring In Our Wash Goods Dept.

Newly arrived fabrics for Spring and Summer wear. All have been carefully selected from the leading manufacturers. The range of colors and designs are of this season's and will appeal to all who wish a new spring dress.

Fancy Crepe

This ever popular fabric is going to be one of this season's most useful dress cloths. This is a beautiful cloth of medium weight and can be recommended for smartness of designs and durability.

38 ins. wide @ \$1.50 yd.

Dress Gingham

New colors and patterns in Dress Gingham in neat small checks, also larger checks and in plaids in just the wanted colors for Dresses, Aprons, Rompers, Etc.

32 ins. wide @ 29c 35c 50c

Ratine & Gingham Voiles

A beautiful light weight material that is very effective and fashionable. The correct fabric for outdoor wear. Comes in a full range of plaids in colors.

38 ins. wide \$1.50 and \$1.75 yd.

Gajateas

This useful fabric in navy blue, white, and pattern, also white fancy stripes, is suitable for house dresses, aprons, rompers, suits, and many other uses.

27 ins. wide

Mens "Headlight" Overalls at

Mens Overcoats

Ladies and Misses Winter Coats, some lined with fur collars, others made with self collar.

PRICES \$14.95 \$19.95 \$24.95

Womens Winter

Mens Winter Overcoats in style, 3 piece belt. Size 36, 37,

PRICES

Bring us your Eggs, Butter and Cream

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

THE PEOPLE'S

February Clearing Sale

Art Sateen Special

One yard wide. Regular 60 cts. yard. SPECIAL 34c yard

Cretonne Special

One yard wide. Regular 60 to 65 cts. SPECIAL 39c yd.

Curtain Scrim

Regular 60 cts. yard. SPECIAL 29c yd.

Curtain Scrim

Regular 75 cts. yard. SPECIAL 34 cts. yd.

Curtain Scrim

Regular 35 to 50 cts. yard. CLEARING AT 10 cts. yd.

Mens and Boys Caps

Regular 75 cts to \$1.50. CLEARING AT 39 cts.

Gingham Special

Regular 40 to 60 cts. yard. CLEARING AT 25c yd.

Dress Goods Special

Serges, Cashmeres, Voiles, etc. Regular \$1.00 to \$2.50 yd. CLEARING AT 49c yd.

Wrapperette Special

Regular 45 to 50 cts. yard. CLEARING AT 29c yd.

Kimona Cloth Special

Regular 75 cts. yard. CLEARING AT 29c yd.

Mens Fine Shirts

Regular \$1.75 to \$3.00. CLEARING AT

Overalls

Kitchen and Leather Label Brand. Regular \$3.00. SPECIAL \$2.29. Regular \$2.50. SPECIAL \$1.95 for 9

WEILER BROS.