## PAGES

MISSING

# WESTicirn HOME MONTHLY 



MAY, 1914
WINNIPEG, CANADA

## Say "I Want Blue Ribbon Tea"



Mention the name when you buy Tea. Otherwise there is a chance that you may not get Blue Ribbon, which is guaranteed superior to other Tea. If you are not fully satisfied with it you merely have to return the packet to your grocer and we authorize him to refund your money at once.

## FREE GIFTS FOR THE CHILDREN

## Three Big Dollies. We Want to Play With You

 1 Great big doll, 27 inches tall, and 2 SMALLER DOLLIES, ALL READY TO CUT OUT, $\qquad$ SEW UP, AND STUFF.We have a great, big, handsome, life-size doll, 27 inchus tall, looking for a little mama. She is just the finest playmate any little girl could wish for and you will love her as soon as you see her pretty face and big brown eyes, her pink cheeks and light cur!y hair.
In addition to the great, big dolly we also send two smalls
dollies, making three dollies in all.
You will have lots of fun playing together and needn't be afraid of hurting the big mama dolly and her two baby dolls, because they won't break, soil their hair or lose their pretty eycs. These three dollies are stamped in bright colors on strong cloth and mother can


These three beautiful dollies will make any little girl or boy happy. They won't break and we believe they are the most popular plaything you can give your children or little friends.
Actual size of big dolly, 27 inches tall. It is so large that baby's own clothes fit it
Every little girl wants a big doll. Think of the joy and happiness these three dollies will bring into your own home when the little The tho
Thousands of little ones all over the country will be made happy with these three dollies. After your little girl gets her dolls all your neighbors' children will want dolls
The ten minutes. You can set these
dollies down, bend thir arms and
legs and dress them upin all kinds
of clothes and play all day long. just like hers. The supply of dolls is limited and we will fill all orders as long as our supply en-
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Indestructible

## No

 littleare How To Get These Don't Delay Signing This Couponmovable Dollies Free Ofier Limited to June 30
and Sond us a yearlys sulseription to The The Western Home Monthly, Winnipeg.
Western Home MIonthy at $\$ 1.00$ and Enclosed find $\$ 1.00$ for "One Full Yorn's"
these three beautiful dolling-one tiy
one and two smaller oncs-will te sent subscription to The Western Home Monthly. these three beautiful dins-one bif
one and two smaller oncs-will te sent
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YOU TAKE NO RISK hecause if you should decide not to
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are the editors of ${ }^{\text {and }}$ The Western Home Monthly, ,
If you haven't seen our new Hat
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plume along and let us tell youl how it can be attrantively made over into a
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## THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY









## A Chat with our Readers

Last month we told you something
about a few of the men and women who are regular contributors to The Western have more to say in this conpection, as we are daily exploring all quarters for matters of interest to the Western Canadian Home. Few magazines can bonst of such galaxy of able writersis an outstanding and widely known authority in his or her respective departments. To be a regular reader of
The Western Home Monthly means that The Western Home Monthly means that one is kept well informed on all matters to have intelligent and sane views on the problems of the day. This issue will not we feel be a disappointment to any one. Its every department is full of good live instructive matter-dealing with questions that are pressing for so
lution. Its fiction is fascinating and lution. It fiction is fascinating and
wholesome, and almoit entirely Canawholesome, and almost entirely Cana-
fian. Here is the bill of fare, at once appetizing and satisfying: Editorial
.The Editor
STORIES
A Rough Diamond ...E. Charles Cuming $\underset{\text { Georgia }}{\text { Springtime }}$ Adventures in the Gulf of A Strange Warfare Mrs, David H. Williams When Faint Heart Won...Myrtle Levine A B.C. Jury on Six Months' Duty ..... The Sunset, $\cdots \cdots \cdots$ Frank. Steele The Doctor's Visit ........Elliot Roberts The Joy Tear Only Jack $\qquad$ J. D. A. Evans
W. R. Gilbert Our Neighbors-The Buffaloes Wolf Willow Rural Schools in Alberta. .S. J. Wigley The Reil Rebellion .....Edith J. Bayne
The Passing of the Cowboy..Max McD. The Canadian Forest Rangers
H. Mortimer Batten DEPARTMENTS
The Young Man and His Problem Comments on Current Events Whe The Philosopher What the World is Saying...The Editor The Woman Quet E Cora Hind The Young Woman and Her Problem The Farm Pearl Richmond Hamilton Poultry .........................E. Vialoux Other departments conducted by our office Editorial Staff are The Home Doc tor, Sunday Reading, Household SuggesPeople Lighter Vein, ete Then there is that other interesting section where we make foom for a number of letters earh ideas. We would lik, to la, alle to allow more rain ar this popuar department, alout 10 per cent of the very excellent communications received. We would suggest to our readers that
in writing they practise the virtue of hrevity, and enable ns to publinh a
wrater number of letters and a wider

We reproduce the following kind ap preciations from this morning's mail:
 Having been an interested reader of
Whe Wiantern Hom, Monthly for two
1ears, 1 cannot $d$, without it now. My
cousin and I have been taking it together but now I want it myself. It is no use oo recommend it, for that it does itself come often enough. But how much doe one expect for a dollar? Joel Hillstrom. Crossfield. Alta.
Dear Sir,-
Enclosed please find postal note for one dollar in payment for this year's subscription. I may say it is the best magazine we get. The matter is is varied, and interesting to all. Wishing
it all success, 1 am ,
Yours respectfully,
John Morrison.

Winnipeg, Man.
Dear Sir,-
The enclosed money order for one dol lar and twenty-five cents is for re-
newal of my subscription to The Western Home Monthly for one year. I have been a subscriber for a few years now, and certainly would not want to do Without it, as it has become my favor
ite among the magazines. ite among the magazines. Miss Bone.

Nelson, B.C.
Dear Sir,-
I am a present subscriber to The I am a present subscriber to The
Western Home Monthly, and regard it very highly. "A good thing" deserves to be passed on, so 1 am interesting a
few friends in your cheap introductory few friends in your cheap introductory
offer of the Monthly for five months offer of the Monthly for five months
from date for twenty-five cents. I hope to interest more of my acquaintances
in The Western Home Monthly because of itis worth and as a bit of appreciation of the publishers' efforts to enter-
prive in producing monthly so much prise in producing monthly so mi
wholesome reading. Yours truly, Geo. A. Purvis,

Portage la Prairie, Man
Dear Sir,
I have been a subscriber to The Western Home Monthly ever since it was
hrst printed, and find it so interesting educative and useful in every way, that we do not want to be withont it or miss one paper if possible. Please find enclosed a subscription for three years. It certainly has improved in every way
since we first subscribed for it, and we hope it will still improve. It is splendid now, and I am sure it will yet be

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { more so. } \\
\text { Dear Sirs,- } \\
\text { Mrs. Jas. } \\
\text { Maisley. } \\
\text { Mattleford. }
\end{array}
$$

Dear Sirs,-
 arribers to The Western Home Monthy,
which we find most interestimy and edu cative. We regret that we had not carlier subseribed for your valuable magazine.
Having
Having seen your offer of a free dinner set, for seven new subseribers, we de-
cided to try for it, and have succeeded in securing the neces-ary number this We-tern Home Monthly is so well known and appreciated.
Yours respectfully,
Mrs. J. P. Cousins.


Write to The Cudahy Packing Co., Toronto


## All Ten Are Free This Week

## Now again we Invite you-as once each year-to breakfast and sup with us. Breakfasts for five of you-suppers for five. And all with our compliments-nothing to pay.

Take this coupon to your grocer-that is all. He will give you for it a Package of Puffed Wheat-a full-size, 10cent package. And we will pay him for it.

Don't hesitate We make this offer only once a year. And you will s̀erve Puffed Grains hundreds of times when you learn their fascinations.

## Just a Revelation

You read of Puffed Grains. But cold type can never picture these delightful foods. The first taste always means a revelation, and we want you to have that taste.
'Twill reveal these things to you:

Bubbles of grain, thin-walled and porous, with a taste like toasted nuts.

Airy morsels-dainty, fragile

## Puffed Wheat, 10c

 Puffed Rice, $\quad 15 \mathrm{c}$Except in Extreme West

Thus the granules are broken for ease of digestion By no other method is whole grain ever made wholly digestible.

## This Coupon Pays

This coupon pays for a package of Puffed Wheat. Go get it. Serve with our compliments.

Serve in the morning with sugar and cream, or mixed with any fruit. For supper serve like crackers floating in bowls of milk.

Use like nut meats in home candy making or as garnish for ice cream. Or heat the grains in butter and let the children eat them dry, like peanuts; when at play.
-ready to melt at a touch of the teeth into almond-flavored granules.

Grains puffed by steam explosion to eight times normal size. Made three times as crisp as crackers and four times as porous as bread.

## 100,000,000 Explosions

Each of those grains of Wheat or Rice contained 100,000,000 food granules. In Prof. Anderson's process these grains are shot from guns. And each of those granules is exploded from within.

## The Quaker Oats Company



## Prison Reform

## Prison Reform

In Manila, Philippine Islands, there is a great prison in which are confined almost two-thirds of the prison population. In 1904 a penal colony was opened on Iwahig with forty-two men from the central prison. This number was speedily increased to one thousand "colonists."Mark the word! Among those who have Mart the colony at the expiration of their left the colony at the expiration of their
sentence, or who have been pardoned, not sentence, or who have been pardoned, not
a single individual has reverted to a life a single individual has reverted to a life
of crime. This is remarkable when it is of crime. This is remarkable when it is remembered that the "colonists" were of the hardened criminal class-murderers, robbers, and the like.

The colony was started with the purpose of giving the prisoners a chance to make self-government and self-support would be as effective in rebuilding the lives of criminals as they were in building the lives of young people in the George Junior young pe

The colony has more than 100,000 acres. It is an island from which it is practically impossible to escape, but even if there were opportunity to get away few of the colo-
nists would take advantage of it. They nists would take advantage of it. They
find it more profitable to remain, for they find it more profitable to remain, for they
can pass from grade to grade in the service, and even the worst of them is-able to look for ultimate pardon and freedom as the result of consistent good behavior. On arrival at the colony the workers are at first restricted to the barracks zone. On showing power to reform they may be removed to the home zone-in which they live in small houses along with their families. smail houses along with their families. where they live on their independent small where they live on their independent small
farms-which they work on shares with the farms-which they work on shares with tac
gpuernment. From the beginning, each gbvernment. From the beginning, each the government. The rest of the time he can give to earning money for his family, or for use after his liberation. All the officers but nine are "colonists." The executive council is elective, and the punishments meted out to offenders, thougin severe, are just. The chief of police for a time was a murderer. Having by good conduct merited a pardon he returned to his native town and reorganized the police force. The success of the colony as a
moneymaking proposition has not yet been moneymaking proposition has not yet been
assured, but it surely has been a maker of men-and that is the important thing. The ordinary prison-the prison of Western Canada-cuts a man off from all opportunity for self-development just at the time when his only hope lies in such development. The ordinary prison is a huge failure. It is constantly sending forth men who are a menace to society. Should we not unite in urging such prison reform as will make it easy for fallen men to become once more useful members of society

## Western Growth

At times we all grow discouraged. We hear the words depression and stringency until we begin to believe there is nothing but blue ruin ahead. It is like taking a tonic to read a little table of Western productions in 1913. Here it is:

| Wheat | \$94,000,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oats | 14,500,000 |
| Barley | 6,000,000 |
| Flax | 11,000,000 |
| Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. | 24,000,000 |
| Potatoes, Hay and Roots. | 13,500,000 |
| Dairy Products ..... | 5,000,000 |
| Total Farm Products | \$168,000,000 |

A parallel ilkustration of growth is the case of the greatest local Life Assurance Co. The Great West had over thirteen millions more insurance than in 1912, and the income was increased by over two million dollars.

These figures show that in spite of occasional hardship caused by indiscretion progress has been abundantly evident. The West is all right

## Growth of Sentiment

A political platform has at least one value. It crystallizes public sentiment. Evidently one of the parties in Western Canada believes the people are in favor of the referendum, woman suffrage, the abolition of the retail sale of liquor. That is tion of the retail sale of iquor. That is
surely a great advance on the beliefs of surely a great advance on the beliefs of
twenty years ago. It seems also that all twenty years ago. It seems also that all
parties in the West are in favor of free agriparties in the Westare in favor of free agri-
cultural implements, and lower duties generally for farmers. When people are only bold enough and patriotic enough to express their honest convictions the politicians are sure to get into line. Although the voice of "the farmers has not been loud enough to reach Ottawa, after redistribution there will be a scurry to grant all just demands.

## The New Education

Nothing that has appeared recently is more illuminating than the report of the Royal Commission on Industrial Education. Dr. Robertson, the chairman, has just paid a visit to Western Canada, and his addresses in Winnipeg, Moose Jaw and his addresses in Winnipeg, Moose Jaw and Lethbridge have aroused general interest
and enthusiasm. Evidently the secondary and enthusiasm. Evidently the secondary
school must change"its methods and its attitude if it is to accomplish the high purpose for which it was intended. There are 387,000 Canadian children between 14 and 18 who should be in school, and if the schools were offering the bill of fare they should, at least, 200,000 of these children would be attending classes. To transform the secondary schools into institutions which will provide vocational, as well as cultural education will require an immense outlay of money, and the discovery and employment of an army of instructors, not now in sight, because there has been no demand for them. If the recommendation of the commission, that the Federal government commission, that the Federal government
give to the provinces $\$ 3,000,000$ a year for give to the provinces $\$ 3,000,000$ a year for
the purposes of vocational education, be the purposes of vocational education, be
carried into effect, the financial difficulties carried into effect, the financial difficulties
will be overcome. Time will provide the instructors. Winnipeg has shown-what is possible in a few years. Courses are now given in domestic science, needlework, dressmaking, home economics, drawing (mechanical, freehand, architectural), iron work, wood work, painting, printing and half-a-dozen other lines-and this is but the the beginning. The evening classes alone provide instruction to 1,500 people. If Canada is to hold its place with Denmark, Finland, Prussia, France, with Denmark, Finland, Prussia, France,
England, or, indeed, with any of the England, or, indeed, with any of civilized nations it must wake modern civilized nations it must wake up.
We are hopelessly behind in the matter of We are hopelessly behind in the matter of
education. We must not only protect ourselves against illiteracy, but must make certain that our young people possess intelligence, practical ability and co-operative power. It is comparatively few people who attend a university, but there are thousands who would attend secondary schools if the right bill of fare were provided. The following from a contemporary magazine, discussing the place of the agricultural college (which is but one department of the aniversity) seems to meet the situation pretty accurately:

Agricultural colleges, such as exist today in Guelph; Ont.; Winnipeg, Man., and Saskatoon, Sask,, fail to educate the farm ers of the province. These colleges produce experts, who may help to educate the farmers, but the colleges themselves do not. In the very nature of the case they should not be expected to do it.
Take Ontario, for example, where there are 175,000 farmers. Not more than five per cent. of them ever had or ever will have a chance to attend the one agricultural college in the province. The other 165,000 farmers must get their farming education elsewhere, or go without.
The agricultural college is useful, but it does not produce an educational generation of farmers. The people of any-province who think it will are doomed to the disappointment which has come to the people of Ontario. Professor Robertson makes this absolutely clear in his report on "Industrial Training and Technical Education?" (See Part II. p. 344)
What, then, is more necessary than agricultural colleges? The answer is simple. A university is a fine institution, and every province should have one; but the great majority of boys and girls get their training at a high school. Applying this principle, there should be rural high schools for farm boys and girls. In Ontario, at least half of the present high schools and collegiate institutes should be turned into rural high schools. As a preparation for these courses, elementary agriculture should be taught in all rural schools.
Ten county agricultural schools have been established in Wisconsin, and a recent act provides'for twenty more. North Dakota makes a special grant to any high school providing a special course in agriculture, manual training and domestic science. Carolina, in 1911, provided for "county farm life schools," which embody all the features of a rural high school. In Massachusetts, cities and towns may establish independent agricultural school and the State pays half the cost of maintenance.
Agricultural colleges train experts for other agricultural colleges and schools; rural high schools train farmers' boys and daughters for actual farm work.

## A Question of Honot

It is a great lesson which President Wilson has just given to the American people. He has impressed upon them the fact that a nation must keep its word. The lesson is not for Americans alone, nor for that matter for nations alone. It is for all classes and parties within a nation. We need the lesson in Canada at the present time. We need it in our politics. If as a nation we have so far been able to keep our word, no one will pretend that either party in provincial or federal politics has even pretended to live up to its professions. The use of the word platform usually creates a smile of derision. Indeed the creates a smine of derision. nat ndeed of the nature of the legislation that is enacted is considered as of secondary importance.
It is administration that counts. There are now many. excellent laws that ar inoperative because of the apathy or wilfit disregard of the parties responsible for theif enforcement. It is comparatively unimportant what the statutes say with regard to the sale of liquor, bribery at elections, employment of children. It is of the great. est importance that the officials of a government enforce the provisions of the various acts with sincerity and goodwill. After all it is moral character that tells.

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## A Rough Diamond

Written for The Western Home Monthly by E. Charles. Cuming

66 V ELL, anyhow I don't believe he'll ever make out in all his
life, boys, for he's a real life, boys, for he's a real
$\qquad$
Thus was summail up the character of the worst fellow in all the Prairie pest had earned his reputation by a long series of misdemeanors ever since he had made his advent some two years before. Like many fellows, he had he had been a working man, who through long periods of unemployment had begun to lose the vital interest in life and things. He had migrated to the West just in time to save himself from an absolute and overwhelming
ruin. His homestead upon which he had settled, adjoined the one upon which the present discussion was taking place, and was an advertisement of his sloth-
ful habits. Weeds were everywhere ful habits. Weeds were everywhere
galore. His breaking was badly done, galore. His breaking was badly done,
and his buildings were already in a bad state of repair. Yet there were those who thought they saw in him the prom. ise of large heartedness. There are a large number of men whom one meets
on the Prairies, whose good nature on the Prairies, whose good nature
causes them to go wrong and whose causes them to go wrong and whose
generosity is often the first step on the groad downward.
The speaker was Sam Vistune, a Swede and the neighbor of Tempest. He had come into the district about the same time and his farm was the antithesis of the one already described.
For some reason Sam had always been somewhat unkindly in his criticism of passed between them as a result. He with his English training had failed to understand the somewhat rough treatment by Vistune to his wife and had quietly remonstrated with him. Mrs nificant women to whom life is little more than one long drudgery, even without the unkindness that such men heap upon them. The chivalry of his British origin was roused orten, as he heard the harsh ras and saw the which to say the least were outside the feminine sphere. The fact that he had dared to interfere had been the means of dispute between these two men and every time they met the estrangement grew worse.
Vistune was, however, one person in the real affection. They had a small baby girl of some three years. How this aflection started no one ever knew much
less Dick himself, but that it was there less Dick himser, but thai was there
was a fact that was indisputable. She seemed to be the veritable angel in his life, for whenever he came into her presence it was as though some subtle influence was upon him, restraining the vile words he would otherwise use, and
he would sober himself when she was hear. There was never a trip to town would find its way into his possession until it became a joke that the "bachelor bought toys for the kid he hadn't got.e. Xmas a ways meant a doll and
several nights would be spent studying the catalogue in that department only to be followed by an order to "Eaton's" a few days afterward. His trip to town at this time of the year, meant an extra present for the kid, which was in-
variably purchased first to avoid the money being spent in other ways and Everyone was agreed upon one point namely, that Dick was a good fellow his foe and perhaps no one knew it bet ter than he.
Sometime before the story opens made the break letween the which had complete. Coming tone one men more seeing the baby playing with the latest toy from town, which had been left dur-
ing the day, he smashed it up and sent it down to the neighbor's shack with
she request that the thing be stopped the request that the thing be stopped.
In his pharisaical mood, he had endeav.
ored to tell him of his unfitness to associate with the innocent child; a fact self. Instead onew better than Dick himself. Instead of giving him what most men would have judged his deserts, that was torn and lacerated. Now the star had gone from his heart he would go into the very depths and before long he was well on the way to carrying out his determination. It was not long pletely turned and the influence was not only to be restored but the bache lor's shack was to become almost a paradise.
It happened two weeks after the discussion already referred to. The winevery Westerner learns to read forecasted some bad weather within the next few hours. Some ten inches of fine snow had already, fallen and the huge
sundog at sundown had foretold sundog at sundown had foretold a bad
and stormy night to follow. As he looked out from his door after the lonely supper, Dick noticed the wind was rising and a fine snow falling fast. The temperature was well below zero. "Thank goodness I am not out on such a night," he commented as he piled now almost red hot.
"I pity any guy coming from town in this blizzard, it, means a certain freezing if he's lost!
With this he sat musing over the events of the day and to dream of the
future. The information him that little Dolly Vistune to awfully sick, and he had felt just wa though his own child was in danger. Oh! how he had wished to go and see the kid and to see if anything he could oo would help to ease the small sufferer Then he soliloquised concerning his own he too had hoped to have some day curly headed bairn, but now that seemed afar off and impossible.
"Hello! What's that? Some one coming? Gee-whizz bhey must have had pretty urgent cal to be out in this: All this was addressed to his dog who hearing the approach of sleigh bells ha mmediately sprang to the door and with ears and eyes strained tried to locate the possible visitor.
"No, it was merely a fancy, no one could be out in this surely?" But again the bells sounded and this time somethe lantern he always kept in readiness, he went out to try and attract the way arer and to help him if possible on his way. He noticed especially the terrific ite of the north-western wind upo which was being carried one of the worst blizzards he could remember. Vig a hopelessness that its feeble light could penetrate such a storm. The bells however again caught his ear and thus he edoubled his efforts. As he glanced to istunes shack he noticed its light en came the thought of kindness concerning his little friend. By this time the sleigh was drawing nearer and some "Hello signal had been seen.
"Hello there! Who are you eh? A pretty night to be out in old boy!"
All this was addressed hom as yet he could to someone whom as yet he could not see, but the welcome which is characteristic of the Western people. One feels that it
must be the fellowship of danger which must be the fellowship of danger which makes such cordiality possible.
When the sleigh drew to a standstill, however, there jumped out a man who Jim Owens had been up to Vistunes and had delayed his departure until he found himself almost storm-bound, and
had thus missed his trail somewhat, in had thus missed his trail some
his attempt to make for home.
"Well, old man, you'd better put the chance it for the night, rather than "No thanks, kid, I must hike it if I
"n," was the rick.

Winnipeg, May, 1914. The Western Home Monthly
to Sam's and say T am a arraid it's all
up witt therr kid" he ammounced "They up with to have eug ector out but of course that's out of the question to night, for no one would go to town in such a storm. By George, if ny team knew the way back 1 believe I'd chance it myself if the wife ud let me," he For a moment Dick said nothing. Within him was being fought a battle in which the Angel and Demon were
struggling for supremacy. "What did it concern him whether the kid died after Sam's treatments After all it was a risk whether a ellow could get to town
and whether a doctor would come out., Then came the sweet face of the laughing ghild and in its appeal it conquered once again the soul of a hard matter-offact man.
"Say Jimmy, if you'll go back to a doctor!" was his startling rewn for ${ }^{\text {a }}$ acocthat was, his startling reply. you go to Weyburn after Sam's way with you the last month. Well you must be a, bigger fool than I thought you were," was his comment. "Besides you'll never reach town in this and do you think Doc Rose
will come out thirty miles without any likelihood of getting his pay? No sir, you bet he won't!" "Well welll see Jimmy! Will you try and do as I ask you and Ill have a shot at my part any how," was the reply to "Sure boy, you bet T'll get to sitor, if you are going to Werbburn, but say you've got some spunk left yet, and I 1
wish you luck athough I don't think wish you luck although I don't think it's any use," was Jimmie's reply, and
he felt an admiration for his friend which was too deep for words.
Which was too deep for words. the horses were ready and the two men had parted on their respective errands, Owens to what he thought was a joy-
ful one to Sam's, Dick to battle for ful one to Sam's, Dick to battle for
thirty miles to Weyburn. thirty miles to weyburn.
Tempest has gone in to town for Doi Doe Rose to come out to see your, kid, and announcement to Sam on his arrival.
"What? Dick gone to town tonight," Was the astonished reply to his visitor. "Well I hope he don't get too drunk to
return, that's all, and somehow I don't return, that's all, and somehow I don't
think Ill put myself about a great deal think 1 'll put mysel
against his return."
If ever he had been near getting a thrashing, Vistun was near getting one at that moment, for Owens was enraged
more than words can relate against

## NEW LIFE

Found in Change to Right Food.
After one suffers for months from acid dyspepsia, sour stomach, and then
finds the remedy is in getting the right kind of food, it is something to speak about.
An Eastern lady and her young son had such an experience and she wants
others to know how to get relief. She Writes: boy and musself hau suffered with sour stomach. We were unable to retain much of anything we ate.
"After suffering in this way for so long I decided to consult a specialistst in ing drugs, he put us both on GrapeNuts and we began to improve immediately.
"It was the key to a new life. I found we had been eating too much
heavy food which we could not digest In a few weeks after commencing Grape-Nuts, I was able to do my house
work. I wake in the morning with a clear head and feel rested and have no sour stomach. My boy sleeps well and
wakes with a laugh "We have resuined and continue to eat Grape-Nuts for both the morning and evening meals. We are well and happy and owe it to
Grape-Nuts." Came given by Canadian Postum Co.. indsor, Ont. Read "The Road to ellEver read the above letter? A new
one appears from time to time. They one appears from time to time. They
are genuine, true, and full of human interest.
such beastly ingratitude. But Owens
knew Dick too knew Dick too, and in fact the same
misgiving had arisen in his concerning this arisen in hissibe hailure, ann min so he said nothing in reply, but with a disgusted crack at the team turned on bis way home.
While
plowing his was going on Dick was plowing his way through the blizzard. All the rugs, which he possessed had
been piled into his sleigh and he soon seen piled into his sleigh and he soon
found that even these were not enough to keep out the intense cold. The best team he had, was chosen and the driver new the utmost that could be got out
of them. They had often made ten miles an. They had often made ten tonight in order to land him sy morning back again. Only those who have driven in the face of such a blizzard for a mile or two can realize just: what such an experience means. The howling wind,' Which piloses even the furs and hills the very blood; the blinding
snow, which shuts out all sight of the now, which shuts out all sight of the
trail; the impenetrable darkness which makes every mile seem twice its real length; to understand such is to enter fully into the heroism of this comparatively simple act of kindness.
Let's see what we can do to save the kid now." So he urged the horses on and they with an instinctive reasoning seemed to understand what was expected of them
"Am I on the trail, though? Yes!" the question rose once but that was all kept the track and at every turn took
tome strange power the horse the riglt one. If they had made a mistake the whole project would have been entirely off and possibly would have meant the death of the driver. So the struggle lasted mile after mile, hour after hour he fought that almost infer-
nal storm. The cold began to freeze his hands so he must stop and rub them, now the long inactivity causes him to become drowsy and he had better get out and walk away. No, with a brave effort he fights on and he is rewarded after a turee hours battie with the
knowledge that he is near town. What that fight meant no one ever knew. As he arrived he thought the storm was
lifting a little and it argued well for lifting a little and it argued well for the return.
After having given orders concerning the care of the horses, Dick made his way out into town to find the Doctor
and the quest of his journey. Going down the main street however to his office he was met by his arch-enemy and the power which was to attempt to ruin the whole action. There standing with its inviting signs and windows stood the saloon and within were a number of
associates. The cold never made associates. The cold never made
sharper pierce than at that moment, and never had he felt thirst as he felt it now. "Yes he would go and get something hot for the journey back." But there was one person who knew that something hot meant that the child for whom he was making tor sac-
rifice would never see the doctor if he succumbed. For five minutes he stood fighting the hellish thirst, now giving in, now withstanding until with a curse
he turned away to find the dootor's office.
"Well I'm not so sure about going out in this storm. Do
morning would do
"No, sir, you are needed to-night and if you'd come I'll see that you get double your fees," was Dick's reply to the doctor's query.
with the dollars for don't be so free it costs \$70 to go out under those conditions?"' was the doctor's kindly rejoinder. if it costs one hundred a seventy $I^{\prime} l l$ see you're paid if you'lll only just come out and save the kid," This won the doctor's heart and immediately bade him get ready.
"All right boy, Nll be re
quarter of an boy, ग" be ready in a quarter of an hour."
Dr Rose was one of the great army when overwhelming danger comes with it. The question of fees was a minor one with him, and although those mentioned may seem exhorbitant, = when balanced by the losses and dangers en-
dured they become almost paltry. When


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smoothness that is a delight. The $S W A N$ in perfecty
balanced-fitit the hand sunugly - banishes writeris

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you absolutely free of charge. Also supply free ster scheme for suited for your purpose. Your Hardware or Paint Dealer will supply you with "Alabastine." But write for full particulars, and

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- .


With almost breathless silence that the group listened with strained ears diagnosis. After all that fateful -truggle, was it too late to save the kid? "Well!" said the doctor at length with a saddened face, "I think we might be able to pull her triough, although she is now rery sick. She seems to be passing through a crisis and with very
gentle care she may be through in a gentle care she may be through in a
few hours.D What hours those were and what joy
filled that shack when the danger was filled that shack when the danger was
"Well Dick, thank you old boy!" were the only words Sam could utter through the welling tears. His wife who stood hardle spoke but just looked the news. at the man who had aved her child to
For some weeks later there hovered between life and death a man in the neighboring shack. The doctor made
another trip out and brought with him with lovingo for those weeks tended ceived, what almost hero. He had re blow that night. in the effort to say the child, but the happiest day in hi prattling smile and footstep gave him the baby kiss. the same shack as the taken place in clergyman was present and for his bene fit Sam was telling the story for the
hundredth time. "Somehow a change in Dick these days for he nem.
gets drunk now!" he commented at
length.

MASON \& RISCH LIMITED
winirss

To the visitor this was plain, for had seen similar cases wherein by "o act of kindness men's lives had been cultured and polished. To the people who look to the Northwest and who say there are those who live their lives of excess, the story of Dick Tempest em-
phasizes another point that the Whasizes with its hardship, also polivies the roughest of diamonds.

Earnest Pleas for Spotless Townc
"Do not drop the fruit yon're eating. Neighbor mine
Neighbor mine
But lest you and should quarrel,
Listen to my little moral,
Go and toss it i: the barrel
Neighbor mine
"Iook! Whene'er you drop a paper Neighbor mine,
In the wind í cuts :- caper,
Neighbor mine;
Dowr the street it madly courses Down the street it mady courses,
And should fill you with remorses When vou see it searc the horses,

Neighbor mine.
Paper cans were made for papers,
Neighbor mine,
Let's zot havo thi: facis sscape us, Anc' if you will len
And. if our city deard a hand, As the cleanest in the land,

Neighbor mine.'
irish Retort
A pompoue physician who was in clined to criticize others was watching neighbor, and thought the mason was using too much mortar, Ie aid. "Jim, morta covers up in jood many mistakes, does it not?
"Yes, doctor," replied the mason, "and so does the spade."-Sacred Heart. Re? view.

## Smiles

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Ready to eat with cream or good milk, and a sprinkling of sugar if you like.

## Post

Toasties

## Springtime Adventures in the Gulf of Georgia

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Bonnycastle Dale.
66 SAY! Look at that for a fish," ejaculated Fritz as we stood in
front of the huge sea bass in the Victoria Museum; all about us were cases and jars containing some of the wondens of the Northern Pacific Ocean. "Why not take another cruise? It is April, the rains are over and we are
used to the old Terror" (the lad's faused to the old Terror lithe lad's fa-
vorite name for our little unstable steam puffer the Terra Nova called you will remember by her distractors the "Turn Over.")
"Laddie, I have an unusual respect for my interior department and that
old wabbler has none, still the storms are about over, let's get the crew together for a Gulf run." So we left the well regulated Museum and sought Watts the Engineer: He had fully half the engine grime worn off by this time and was almost a white man. He al-
ways carries his hat in his hand when ways carries his hat in his hand when
speaking to the owner of the unruly craft, and I could hardly keep my face straight when I saw the lad tack around behind him to take bearings of his neck. Fritz swears thet neck is a chart and he can tell- just what month
it is by the smut on it. Our engineer's it is by the smut on it. Our engineer's Henry. The lad said it kept him


The Strawberry Starfish of the Pacific. in a dear little bay, shallow enough to let us rest on the bottom when the tide
was out and threaten to turn ns comwas out and threaten to turn us com-
pletely over and fill us when it returned; but we straightened up before dawn-don't tell me there is not a after the cares of poor Jack" truly we needed a w' e host of these good people. I think the anchor had got
fouled in the smoter fouled in the smokestack or some such thing for Watts was blacker than Eberus when he emerged, but we finally
puff, puff, puffed on our uncertain way -puff, puff, puffed on our uncertain way
and came to anchor off Starfish Bay


The Sea Bass of the Pacific Runs to 80 lbs. weight.
puffed up by calling him this and not |We wanted to see $t_{\text {netes. }}$. wonderfully just common fireman. He wore many colored star fish, so Fritz and I rowed sweaters and coats and Fritz declared he had "as many skins as an onion." Next morning was bright and sunny with a bit of the early trade wind
blowing. In the harbor of Victoria all blowing. In the harbor
"Didn't I tell you, Sir," laughed Fritz "they would have a nice big swell all ready for us outside. Oh! golly here comes, the Princess now we will get ours," Along came the huge passenger
steamer, just slowing down for the ensteamer, just slowing down for the en-
trance and we had to steer pretty close trance and we had to steer pretty close

to her to avoid the rocks. Our little thirty footer rushed up her swell like a dog up a hill, took a good shake on the top and plunged dowr like a runaway whale. I must have a marine | 501 |
| :---: | :---: | Eage



The "Terra Nova" otherwise the "Turn Over." built, she acts everyway but the one you would expect. Now we entered the of Fuca and the Terror-I beg her par don the Turn Over-No! I mean the Terr. Nova ducked and dipped and rolld in a truly a vrming manner. 1 e bobbed along in our insane manoeveres until we reached the fishing
gremas, just at nightfall. We anchored ashore in the eight foot Dingy Fritz swears this was mude for a tribe of lilliputians, it is just big enough for a nice little bre d trough or a maple syrup log. Anyhow we got to shore and
searched the pebbly beach for these exquisite things-there were hundreds of them, more beautifully colored than the strawberries they were called after, about ten inches across, five short points and myriads of sucking feelers
that acted like legs and feet. They were found with their prey beneath were found with their prey beneath
them, completely smothering it, their stomachs come right out and envelop the shellish or other small objects they feed upon. The bright blue water, the clear white pebbles and these brilliant red stars made a wonderful combina-
tion.
We fitted ourselves gingerly into the dingy and paddled out as carefully to the steamer.
"Take care you don't upset her get ting aboard," said Fritz. "I'll be careful of the little dingy," I answered.
"No! I mean the Terror-say $1-, ' s$ b a pirate crew-'The Terror of the Seas -cay she's got all the old Black Flags beaten 'cause she could dip under so nicely if we were chased. So he heard
the lad mutter to himself as hed lifted the very small ferry to the very small deck on which it watched and waited for us.
Now we were passing in behind Den
man's Island and the water was nicely man's Island and the water was nicely sheltered. We went closely by the ree
where H.M.S. Flora one foggy morning when the look-out mistook a gull sitting on the rocks for the buoy, on with a bump! bumpety! bump! A lady friend
of mine was seated on her verandah along in our the fishing $\begin{aligned} & \text { would lift. She heard these crunching } \\ & \text { heavy bumps and, when the fog king }\end{aligned}$ romds, just at nichtfall . We anchored lifted, it showed her a great British


## Concrete walks need no repairs

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Farmer's Information Bureav

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or overwork-when your vitality is lowered or overwork-when your vitality is lowered
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exertion tires you-you are in a "run-down" exertion tires you-you are in a run-down
condition: Your system is like a flower condition. Your system is like a flower
drooping for want of water. And just as drooping for want of water. And just as
water revives a drooping flower-so water revives a drooping flower - so Wincarnis. gives new life to a run-down ful you can feel it stimulating and in vigorating you, and as you continue, you can feel it surcharging your whole system with new health - new strength - new vigour and new life. The result will delight you
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war vessel right in front of her landing war vessel We fitted ourselves into the waiting marinie error and paddled ashore -and years ago though this happened, fully a score of years ago, we found
little bits of crushed up copper from the little bits of crushed up coppe
bottom of the great cruiser.
bottom of the great cruiser.
Now, after paddling back with extreme care-Fritz said the cooper might disarrange the balance of this weird craft, we puffed ahead and cast anchor off the three mile long sandspit, a most truly interesting place. The few fir trees, or helmlocks rather that grow upon it are tortured and wind wisted could not wreck them fully, Man has stepped in, for the great guns of the
cruisers were often trained upon tarrets along these sands and the branches the projectiles. We camped here sev eral days. We found many Moon-fish this is a shellish about the size of a baseball, with three whirls or turns and does one most remarkable thing. "Look, I've found some gray felt
hats," called the boy. I walked over and examined the find. Yes, they and examined the ind. Yes, they the tops of the aforesaid hats but there was a gap left in every brim. When we squatted down and examined these posed of sand, all glued together with ome mucous- here was the nest of the Moon-fish. This big shell fish can prorude its foot or mantle all ont about its shell and cradually build up a thin Fide nest, al so smooth and polished sheltered place for the. This makes


Specimens of B.C. Sea Fish in Victoria Museum.
young for a time. Every time we saw working up the slight rise of the shore thought of it as a gray felt hat thrown carelessly there
Now was the season of flowers along the coast, of all that bloom in that moist climate none are more beautiful than the "wild cabbage, vulgarly known
as the "skunk cabbage." Fritz had never seen this gorgeous, big golden never sen this gorgeous, big, golden
yellow flower so when we approached a swamp place where the spit met the shore of the island he leaped into a patch of black muck and siezed the beaut the camera ready, "Has it there. got the camera ready. "Has it any per-
fume laddie," I asked. He raised it to his nose, took one whiff. "Say! What's the matter with this flower anyhow?" he exclaimed. Of all the repulsive odors extant this takes the world's
series. He heard the camera me laughing and threw the great handsome bloom away. You can smell this foetid plant several hundred yards off when the air is mois and wind blowing your way.
The spring migration was on and the of shorebirds a multitudinous flight and curlew, turnstone and sandpiper willet their hundreds and their thousands. The air was filled with their querulous cries The lad, imitating the young natives made a snare. This was composed of thick and three feet long two inches matchlike posts three inches, set with each of these was a tine brass wire noose (the Indian lads use the coarse black hairs out of their mothers head). I was much surprised culce on the west
coast when a little brown eyed lad dashed into the native homse where we
were sitting and arked "Pot-latel hy rak-so" (give me plenty hair). These three sticks were buried in the s.and near the water's edoe making an open
square, with the tops of the posts and
the snare just above the sand, the birds, bill-seeking for sand worms put thei heads in to noose. I did not know Fritz had made these. I was sitting studying clam, the first I hellish and the warm sun and apring


Fritz and the Dowitcher.
tides had uncovered them, and there they stood showing just how the colony of clams had lived and worked. I saw the lad creeping along the edge of the ater, very cautiously and slowly, seizslowly driving a flock of phalarope head of him. By instinct I searched for the snare, it was too small to find at two hundred yards, foot by foot the
creeping lad advrnced, edging towards creeping lad advrnced, edging towards the sea if the hirds were
they were feeding inland. Ahead of them walked a solitary Dowitcher, the and the big awkward "snipe" did like wise. Finally I saw Fritz pause and watch steadily, then he half rose to his knees, fell back as the birds halted, sat up, jumped up and ran like wild to
undo the harm his inquisitiveness led him into-for the Dowitcher was on its back giving a very good imitation of a bird chocking to death. I saw a spont of sand as the lad darted in, a hurried
lifting and quick working of his hands ifting and quick working of his hands
and lie came running to me to picture and he came running to me to picture
his first-and as I told him-his last noosed bird.

Po' Li'l' Ram
A ram, famous in a West Virginia village for its propensity to butt, was phia Prese morning, says the Philadel aged darky, to discover Uncle Billy, an Billy sat with his head bowed low and his bald spot shining in the sun. The Billy nodded, and the bald top of his head bade defiance.
The ram stood up and waved a chal lenge with its horns. Uncle Billy nod ded in acceptance. With a sharp launched itself like a catapult at the offending pate. the ground and wandered away to the farthest side of the pasture to ruminat over the collision Uncle Billy looked "p drowsily.
tone wanlered fom de fold and fonu sorrow and tribulation!"

## A Strange Warfare <br> In which Cattle are both Victors and Vanquished

Written for The Western Home Montiny by Mrs., Bavid H. Williams
OTTONWOOD farm, where dwelt from the farmers, but poisoned their the Camerons, formed one of the dogs, broke down their fences, left Cumerous homesteads, situated in
south-eastern Alberta in the waning open their gates, and by many petty south-eastern Alberta in the waning Four or five years previous, vast herds of cattle, numbering many thousands, with their attendants, the cow-boys, roamed over the great prairies, or aner west. No smoke from a settler's shack curled upwards, nor were there extensive ranges obstructed by fences, or other indications of the immigration thas was soon to invade their solitude. As the buffalo period plose the era of ranching on the boundless plains of Western Canada. Landseekers from the East, and across the border to the South, treked over their territory; viewed with favor the rich soil, flowing streams, and liked well the homesteads, pitched their tents, built annoyances told the newcomers they
were unwelcome. They ridiculed the were unwelcome. They ridiculed the
idea of grain-growing in that vicinity The soil was not suitable. Crops would be frozen before the grain ripened, or cut down by hail. If they escaped these calamities, they would dry season. burnt by the fierce sun in
To this list of woes the tillers of the soil paid little heed, thougn the ranch ers' predictions were verified. The firs year's crop was destroyed by hail; the The following year the scorching sun burnt them into mere stubble before the dog days of August. The ranchers were jubilant, and expected the settlers to abandon their visionary schemes o grain growing
omesteads, pitched their tents, built cially poorer than when they came to


## Camping by the River Bank near Winnipeg.

| ther shacks, and settled by the side of | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Alberta, were determined to tesc fate, }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| a small river known as Cottonwood | or Provid nce, another season. No | a. small river known as Cottonwood Creek; the name being derived from a banks Othorswood maples fringing its Little by little they encroached upon the prairie, bit by bit was wrested from the wildernesss, the days of its virginty gone forever. The homesteads were course of new song the whir of machinery East of the creek was left in its wild The Cameron family consisted of the father, a man of sixty years; one daughter, a fine looking gir of twenty; entering his teens. They had received what in those days was called a fair education. Capable described Stella and the sons were fine strapping fellows; the right kind of settlers to a new country Unfortunately

them, their choice of location was one that was particularly favored by the ranchers and their cattle. The banks of the stream here sloped gradually to
the water's edge. Always flowing, in the driest of summers, the cattle found their way hither, over trails the buffalo had made in a by-gone age. Nearby, the cowboys had erected their largest round-up corral. The creek was also a convenient stopping place on their
way to town, twenty or thirty miles distant. Their wrath was great on finding this district invaded. They could no longer dash to town over unobstructed prairie, and their cattle were place in the coultry by the farmer's place in the couatry by the farmers. They accepted no friendly overtures
homestead was vacated. The fourth year-ah! that glorious of former seasons. The weather, upon which the crops depend, was perfect. Early rain, long sunny days, balmy atmosphere, with no suspicion of frost They rejoiced in A thrill of excitoment permeated the settl-ment, men, women and children, when the first golden tinge appeared. While they rejoiced and prepared for harvesting, far out on th open plains, revelling in luxuriant grass,
wandered the ever restless cattle, needing little care. To the cowboys the fast ripening grain and prospects for a bountiful harvest, was a source of consternation, but they were divided in their hostility. With some the fleeting and enmity. To them the farmers were not such a bad lot, the prairie was wide enough for both, immigration was sure to come, it was in ven to stop it, bethe camp of the Philistines" who were not averse to bestowing smiles and friendly greetings to them as they passed on their way to town, or took their cattle to the creek. Others, and by far The farmer number, argued differently. their harvest. Already the outside world was commenting on the success attending the grain growing. Next settlers, and ranching be put clean out of business. They would not leave their in the vicinity, the large rocks worn smooth by the rubbing of countless buffalo. They needed no guiding to the fattest, richest grass and flowing


King George's


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Many Doctors Eat


## Relo $04 y^{3}$ <br> 100

 CORN FLAKES Every Morningstreams. No! here they would remain
as long as possible, the farming outfit must go
The The grain growers, working and waiting in fancied security, gave little
heed to ranchers and cattle. They had heed to ranchers and catte. They had
not seen either for days. Since the grain matured, the cowboys had taken the cattle further down stream; they had been more friendly of late, and had visited their shacks earlier in the season. rider, had been a frequent visitor at the Cameron homestead, the dark-eyed Stella being the supposed attraction. She had ridden with him to the Fair in town. Oft scanning the horizon for signs of
approaching storms, all unconscious of approaching storms, alu unconscious roses and summer sunshine, they gloated over their treasure, the golden grain. One moonless night, when the crops
were about ready for cutting; something Were about ready for cutting something
dreadful happened. Awakened at night by the now familiar sound, the thud,
thud, thud of many cattle, they rushed out to find their fences down and homesteads invaded by the largest herd they had ever seen. From both sides of the creek they came, at head-long speed, a
stanpede, tearing through the settle. ment as though mad with fear Not a rancher, not a cowboy was to be seen. What were wire fencing, shouting men, ighted torches, and firing of guns to taring for miught the bewildered and stampediñg cattlés Onward they rushed,
caring for naught, the bewildered and of ice and frozen snow, through
which the animals in their weak state
$\square$

The first really high peaks in the Rockies going west on the new C.N.R. transcontinental. enraged farmers saw their treasured $/$ could not break. Many perished, the grain a trampled mass, more utterly
ruined than in previous years. Only a few escaped. To them the little settlement owed its existence in the succeeding months. An investigation followed, at which both farmers and ranchers attended, but nothing came of it. Some-
thing had frightened the cattle which caused the stampede-there was nothing uncommon in that. They had made for the old fort at the creek regardless of
homesteads. They regretted the incident homesteads. They regretted the incident of course, but could not be responsible
for stampeding cattle-thus testified ranchers. No one told of the camp-fire conclaves, or the rounding up of the vast
herd. The ruined farmers, herd. The ruined farmers, wrathful and
unsatisfied, appealed, through the press unsatisfied, appealed, through the press,
for protection. In town they had their for protection. In town they had their
sympathizers, so had the ranchers. each, also throug representative assured should receive his most careful consideration, and there it ended. Henceforth and ranchers deatings between farmers more at the round-ups, nor did the riders of the plains receive glances from bright eyes, or merry words of greeting. Bert McDougall tried in vain to re-establish
friendly relations between himself and the Camerons.. The boys avoided him scornful eyes.
If the settlers prased for vengeance they had reason to think their petition
granted. Before many moons came their great opportunity to "do good to them Who despitefully use you." or get even,
During the winter seacon the mained out on the open prairie, no fued being stacked. They foraged for themselves, scraping the rich bunch grass
from under the soft, not overly deep, snow, seeking the coulees in inclement
weather and welcoming the ent occurring at frequent intervals, when the next downiall.

The winter following the stampede wa unusually severe. Storm succeeded storm; soow fell to unprecedented depths, blown into high drits by bliz zards which swe
relentless fury The settlement, illy prepared for this state of affairs, suffered keenly; and the ranchers, in trying to preserve and proand their cattle, had many adventures and narrow escapes from death by ex thinner, weaker and less able to find food for themselves.
In February the ranchers appealed to the farmers. "Would they sell their straw stacks to save their starving their stacks at fabulous prices; but sold majority, controlled by the younger element, utterly refused to comply with the request.
Another period of snow, blizzard and zero weather sent a second deputation which fared worse than the first, no
straw could they get. The farmers were obdurate to a man. A chinook came to their relief. The ranchers hailed the balmy wind and almost summer-like emperature with hilarious delight. In
few hours there was running when bare grass and feed in plenty, the cattle were saved. Their joy was of short duration, another twenty-four hours saw the prairies wrapped in a force. Again the settlement was besieged and, in spite of bribes and threats, met with a flat refusal. The older farmers, led by Mr. Cameron, would have sold; needed the monev. The waftering and they had been won oyer long since, the moaning and starving cattle had pleaded their own cause. The dejected cowboys, riding their lean and dispirited ponies, were objects of pity. Stella, from her little marked pinto, bearing the the finely broncho rider, slowly over the plains on his way to town, or back to their shacks his way to
and cattle.
"It is a s
"It is a shame, an unholy conspiracy," she cried, her dark eyes flashing omin we do need the money. How can you hear the poor brutes and withhold what will keep life in them?"
"An eye for an eye, a tooth for a a fight to the finish; the "It must be but not large enough for us both. If the ranchers win out, then we must pull up stakes and go." This view was gen-
eral throughout the settlement. Bob Cameron, Stolla, ye settlement. Bob brother, did not share this opinion. He had a great admiration for ranchers, owboys and cattle. Ranching was more this liking than farming. "Some day, with his herd. Pity the stampede had occurred to spoil the affair between have been useful to further lis, he might ambitions," At the close of a cold dar, Stella, reolitary ramcher louping along the icy rail, lowking neither to the right or left,
nor slarkening speed till the ice-bound ford wis reached. Dropping her feed
can in amazement, she perceived her one-
time wooer, Bert McDougall, waving for her to stop, as she was about to flee to the shack. Not since the stampede had they exchanged greetings, Outwardly calm, but his approach, Ranchers and pioneers, soft meeting emergencies and perils, learn self-control. Consequently there were no tender or harsh word exchanged. Leaning against his tired and sweating pinto,
"Miss Cameron! Stella! I am fortunate in seeing you. I have ridden far secretly and alone, to warn you, and through you, the settlement. The stra stacks that we have tried in vain to buided tonight. It is a case of necessity." Seeing her face flush, and the indignant glance of her dark eyes.
"Will the trouble "never end," she cried passionately. "Is this guerrilla warfare to go on inderinitely? Are you out? And -
"Not so," he interrupted eagerly. "We are not so bad as you have cause to think. We must have feed for ou cattle. Most of us are tired of the feud. You may expect a we will try to make amends, but, to-night the raid will take place." This was spoken in a very decided tone, then, in a changed voice, he continued: "No one must know I have betrayed the boys, we are leal and true to each other, bat,"
woe be to the 'unfaithful,' Stella!"


Boating on the Lake.
There is a wonderful softness in his voice
now, "I have done this for you, will you be true to me?" She had been stroking the pinto, seemingly absorbed, she gazed man the wan but rugged features how proud she was of him now. A telegraphic signal flashed from eyes to eyes, from soul to soul.
Who shall say when, or by whom wireless Who shall say when, or by whom wireless telegraphy was invented? When soue,
speaks to soul, by a flash of the eye, when no speech is needed to carry the message. Ah! wireless telegraphy is as old as Adam. Her glance was sufficient, the man was satisfied. With a clasp of hands he remounted and was soon speeding across the prairie while the gir
returned thoughtfully to the shack. Cottonwood Creek had witnessed many scenes of a dramatic nature when Indans roamed at will, tenting on its banks, chasing buffalo, or waylaying caravans as they trekked westward, buy never in its history had such a unique
battle been waged as that which occurred on that eventful night when ranchers. cowboys, farmers and cattle were mixed in a great melee. The enraged and insulted farmers cared not how or by whom the warning came. They believed the ranchers capable of every their own ground and give them a warm reception. Fencing was taken down, cattle corralled, stacks encircled with barbed wire, and ererything barricaded as far as possible.
When dusk deepened into night, a pyramid of fire towered upward, a silent signal which was followed by others tin ated by countless huge bon fires, and the air infused by the odor of burning straw. Gut on the plains, gradually drawing air frantically, and cowboys muttere
icance of the fires. What cared starving attle for barbed wire or burning stacks Of what avail were shots from infuriated ushed into the homesteads from north outh, east and west completely encirc ng the settlement. Bellowing, moaning crowding, trampling the weaker to earth ushing over the fallen, they bore down all before them, making for the stacks urned and unburned, often buried by those they pulled down upon themselves
Until the stacks were either burnt or de molished, the ranchers had no contro ver the maddened creatures they had driven into the once peaceful settlement In spite of their efforts and those of the armers, more than one shaok was burn and other damage done. It was a night
of terror to Stella and the women shut in the shacks with doors and windows barricaded. The din outside in every homestead was appalling. Bob was Stella's only companion; occasionally she heard the voice of her father or brother as they galloped to and fro, and one
Bert's call to her father concerning he safety. She knew that their littie home was guarded and took comfort from the knowledge that their stacks were feeding the cattle untouched by fire.
At the dawn of day that heralded wild March morning, with some difficult dre cattle were rounded up and slow
driven across the creek, leaving many dead animals in every homestead and a despoiled settlement. Weary and dis-
pirited, the farmers viewed the desolation, and later in the day assembled at the Cameron shack to decide upon their supreme. None heeded the chinook wind, fast disappearing snow, and balmy atmosphere. Outside all was dirty, down Stella prepared coffee, frequently gaing to Stella prepared coftee, frequently gaing to
the window, which commanded a fin the wiew of the wide reaching plains. Smil ingly she gazed; she had confided in no one as to whom or what she expecte She scarcely knew herself, but she miled, and, woman-like, trusted. a frown gathered on her brow. "We" not try it again," her brother Fred spoke; "we need not expect any redres nor mercy from the ranchers. They have won out; let them keep the prairie. W will go further west." In this th younger men concurred without a dis-
senting voice; but even now the olde senting voice; but even now the olde
farmers would remain. They had ven tured and dared much; they would wait for their patents, and then would sell. Coffee served, the men strolled ou one by one, ill-satisfied and gloomy
Someone spied a moving object away across the prairie; another, and yet an other. What were they? Men or cattle Horses! was the general verdict. No Ranchers! Ranchers! They are return ing. Now there is wild excitement almost equalling the Indians when sur prised by a war party. All the guns straps on the log walls; farmers rushed to their homesteads to protect them from -they knew not what-but the majorit remained and awaited the coming of mounted cowboys, louping along th glad light in her eyes, wateled from her


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 the creek, now flowing water, they mad
straight for the Cameron hom their laughter and merry voices sounding strangely to the waiting and overstrained men. Forming a semi-circle, each rancher dismounted and stood beside his horse, while Dick Walters, the oldest rancher growers, and, cap in hand saluted grainCameron, the only gray-haired present. "Mr. Cameron and gentlemen," he be gan politely, we - the ranchers - hav left our cattle to wander at will whlule we come to you first to ask pardon for past offences. Not being ranchers, you that prompted those offences, but be bs sured it was no personal spite. Th events of the past winter have taught u it is wiser to 'live and let live.' We do not wish the settlement to be abandoned We stand ready, both with service and
cash, to repair the damage we and our cattle have caused and hope this sum mer will see again golden fields of grain in the settlement at Cottonwood Creek when none will rejoice more than the cowboys of the plains." Extending his hand to farmer Cameron, his further words the feveren, from the delighted drowned in a deafening cheer from ranchers and farmers, while the guns, which the cowboys pretended not to see were sneaked out of sight. Bob, not waiting for the handshaking which followed, dashed to the kitchen to give a Stella. What he saw on reaching the door caused him to execute a war dance. Stationing himself close by, he mounted guard. No one should enter. No! Stella should have her chance. He would jolly her aiterwards; that was what sisters
were for. but now -well, that bronch rider was' the right kind. His'horse could do more tricks than any other on the range. It would be great fun being a
cowboy with Bert cowboy with Bert. McDougall for a
hrother.
He wondered if dad would let hrother. He wondered if dad would let him go this summer. If so, he-Golly!
ere were the whole bunch coming toward ere were
the shack.
"Stella," he bawled to two who oblivious of all else, were making up after months of storm and stress. "Stella, you'd better get a move on. The outfit's coming, and dad says, 'Coltiee for alll'"

## Not a Hearty Dish

A lively imagination is a source of great fun to many men. Unlike women, they have a faculty for "pretending" Not long ago, in a Chicago restariant a man called the waiter and asked him what kind of fish he had on hand. The Cleveland Leader tells the story. "Oh," said the waiter, "all kindswhitefish, bluefish, graylings, sea-bass,
weakfish, perch-" weakfish, perch-
tired of cried the customer. "r'm you got some new kind of tisi-som thing I never ate before?"
"the whiffletits the waiter. promptly, "the whiffletits are very fine to-day"" The waiter looked disgusted.
"Don't you know what a whiffletit is? Common enough here. You see, the whiffletit lives in-er-in circular lakes. You go out and find a circular lake and hire a boat. Then you row out all alone to the midae of the lake, about a mile or so, and ar chor. Then you take
an auger and bore a hole in the water and put a piece of cheese on the edge of the hole. The whiffletit comes up to get the cleese, eats it, and it swells him out so that he, can't get back down the "Well", said the customer, breathlessly, "what then ?"
"Why ", said the waiter, "you lean over the side of the boat and laugh the whiffletit to death. Want some?"
"Yes," said the customer, "half $\vec{a}$ "Yes," said the customer, "half a
dozen. And you might bring me me dozen. And you might bring me me me
l,luefish, also. Whifletits aren't very filling, you know."

The full dinner pail follows the full
$\mid$ them telling the same story scores of $\mid$ accepted his plea and agred to drop the

One hundred and twenty jurors-the them telling the same story scores of group here shown-were released from times. At first the trial of a prisone service on March 26, at New Westminter, B.C., where they had been on duty and most expensive assize ever held in Canada. expensive assize ever held in most exclusively with the hearing of 140 cases arising out of the labor troubles at the coal mines of Vancouver Island last August, when demonstra tions took place at Nanaimo, Cumber land and Extension. The more serious troubles were at Extension, where sevstrikebreakers pelled to flee to the bush for shelter. Three hundred witnesses were exam ined during the long assize, some of
occupied several days, but towards the close the witnesses had become so ex pert that occasionally two cases could be disposed of in one day.
During the third week in March the committee having charge of the defence of the accused miners came to the con avert convictions, as prisoner after pris oner was being convicted with distressing regularity. So a compromise was arranged with the crown prosecutor, and in one dáy forty-four miners came forward and pleaded guilty to being members of an unlawful assembly, a
comparatively venial offense. The court
close of the special assize.
Two days later sixty-three miners stood before the judge for sentence. pended sentence, on their promising to abstain from all disturbances in future. A. few others he sentenced to six months in jail, some others to twelve months, and one, Joe Angelo, a notori the penitentiary.
The assizes cost the country the huge sum of $\$ 150,000$, an average of $\$ 1200$ a day for every day court was held. This sum does not include the fees paid the lawyers, which were very large
'Indeed. You must be quite anxious 'Indeed. You must be quite anxious hall and passed on up the stair to his room. For some reason Reginald Browning did not play tennis well that afternoon much to Ruth's disgust.
Ther ening they arrived late at the verton Grounds. Almost immediately Ruth spied Helen and ran to her. Reginald followed, and after shaking hands and talking for some minutes with you this evening, Helen?"
"Oh yes. He. is: somewhere on the grounds, Reg, and is no doubt looking for you."
"Then, if you ladies will excuse me, $I$ will look for him," and raising his hat he cturned away, leaving the' two girls separation.
"Had you a good trip, Helen?" asked Ruth as they seated themselves on a near-by bench.
"A perfectly splendid trip, Ruth. The Weather was ideal for travelling, and mother's health was exceptionally good trifle lonely sometimes, though, and would have been glad to have had you along with me. I was sorry I had not coaxed mother to persuade Mr. Browning to allow you to accompany us. So particularly beautiful spot he would say, "Couldn't Ruth paint this scenery beautifully, and wouldn't she enjor herself immensely if she were only here?",

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## When Faint Heart Won

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Myrtle Levine


#### Abstract

T HE big car stopped in front of command your hothing. Sweet lady, swept her a low bow.


 "Then, Sir Reginald, take me to the party," she commanded "Why, garden parties are extremely stupid, I think," said he, "uninteresting speeches and bad music usually constituting the programme. I'd much sooner play tennis at home, and fitted across her face caused him to drop his bantering tone and ask hastily, "Are you really anxious to go to this garden party, Ruth? If so, why we go." A faint flush crept into her face a she said hesitatingly, ou think that the Chatterton's are back once more to their city home. Helen will be there, she added significantly.Reginald threw back his head and laughed heartily. "Two words for vour terton will be there also you think. I noticed he was growing rather attentive before he went away. I shall have to talk to him, I fear. Well, for dear old Dick's sake we go to-night." He scarcely knew he canned her face owarhing es she protested, "Nonsense searchingly as she protested, rally do
Reginald. Don't tease. I really want to see Helen almost as much as


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## ,

"Glad to see you back again, old man Evidently your trip agreed with you as you're looking fine," sa.d Reg.
Dick laughed delightedly. "I am in
and pretty good shape. How's everyone
around town? Did you bring Ruth along with you Reginald nodded. "I left her with "Lead the look y man," exclaimed Dick with freat, ol rity. "You've already seen Helen then. She looks pretty good too, does
she not? She wished a hundred time she not? She wished a hundred times
that Ruth had been with us to Europe, that Ruth ha
and so did I."
For the next hour he and Helen toured the grounds together stopping occasionally to exchange a few words with some of Helen's friends. But Reg
was strangely silent, listening to Helen, was strangely silent, listening to Helen, but answering her in monosyllables
only. For the first time in their lifelong friendship he was in trouble and did not confide in Helen. And she knew it. But she talked bravely on and,
when he finally took leave of her at her when he finally took leave of her at her
own door, she own door, she merely said, "Good night
Reg. When will you be over?" Reg. When will you be over?
"Possibly to-morrow afternoon or evening, Helen. Goodnight," he an swered, and passed out into the night. When alone orce more he stood with
his hat in his hand, and sweeping back his hat in his hand, and sweeping back a mass of hair from his forelead he
looked earnestly at the stars. "Tell me," he whispered, "why should I I care so
much? He is the best friend I have except dad, and he is in every way worthy
of her. He loves her too, and he will of her. He loves her too, and he will
speak to-night, I saw it in his face. He speak to-night, I saw it in his face. He
will speak to her to-night," he repeated slowly, and groaned aloud in the night. As he neared his home he saw a light in the den. "Dear old dad is home and waiting for me," he thought. He absently opened the door and stepped inside the hall.
"Yes" you, Reg?" called his father.
"Come up here and have a smoke with me." "All right," he returned in a disheartened manner "Where's Ruth?" asked Mr. Brown ing, as Reginald entered the room.
"Are the Chatterton's back again?
"Yes. They came yesterday." They puffed a way in silence for a few
minutes. Mr. Brownings minutes. Mr. Browning's eyes were half
shut, but they were sufficiently for him to note Reginald's haggard face and it's misery touched his kindly old heart. He was a shrewd man.
"Reg." "Yes, father."
"I am tired to death to-night. I'm getting too old to do so much knock-
ing about. Since Bob Carson, my old ing about. Since Bob Carson, my old
college chum died twelve years ago, leaving me the guardian of his motherless little Ruth, I have grown to love the child as though she were my own and I have set my heart on seeing you once and I am going to sign the business to do you, my boy. You've not enough the rest. All I ask is that when you and Ruth settle down in your own home that
neither of you will forget your old dad" Reginald stared hard at his father, too surprised for the moment to utter a
word. Then suddenly the realization of the miserable truth burst upon him and he dropped his head in his hands. Before him rose the picture of a girlish undisciplined curls. He saw a pair of bright blue eyes that had looked trustingly into his own thousands of times. He almost felt the touch of a soft hand nestling in his own. But that form small head would never snuggle against his shoulder. That head belonged to Suddenly Reginald Browning squared his shoulders. held his head up and looked his father in the face. if I could help it I wouldn't. But Ruth loves Dick, and nothing must cross her happiness; she must marry him and
never know how we feel about things." Mrs Browning jumped to his feet.
"Who said she loved Dick? Did she?" "No." in thunder did, then ?"
"Humph" grunted the old gentleman muder
oughit to have sense are fools after allit There was a suspicicons moisture in his eves as he viciously poked the fire
invthe grate. His leart wis sore for the ${ }_{\text {sind }}$ bine gear the child coming now, I think Better trot down anal id ile th, boy, he said in a wonderfuly gente tone. As Reginald reached the door he heard and he felt glad that Dick was happy He resolutely put aside his own grie and framed a message of congratulation for Ruth. He softly opened the door
then then stood in a mazement at the sight of
n mall finure swaring to and fro and a small figure swayng to and fro and
sobbing. Instinctively Reginald laid his
ner sobbing. Instinctively Regiald laid his
hand on her shoulder, and his voice expressed much concern as he exclaimed. pressed much concerns as he hexclaimed
Ruth. What has, hapened? Have Yout two quarreled ${ }^{\text {P }}$
"Oll. no. We have not quarrelled." Tell mo about it Ruth," he said
softly. "You surely have not sent Dick softly,
away,
During
and
During the silence that followed the ticking of Reginald's watch was dis tinctly audible.
with downcast eyes Ruth replied, " ${ }^{\text {I }}$ lad to, Reg, though it made me sid."
"Why, Ruth
No annwer. A flush slowly dyed her
cheek, and she did not raise hel $A$ great wave of liope surreed intopolis heart, and made him trenble. Giently he took her face betwer trembe. Gienty raised it that he might llook into fler "Whiv, Ruth?" he repeated as he scanned her face.
But she only dropped her eyes, while

the fush on her | the fush on her fare deepeneel. Reg. |
| :--- |
| thald made a sudden | "Oh God," he breathed as he caught

"ald made and and her and carried her swiftly upstairs to his father.
his.
. Dad.
"Dad," he called buoyantly, "do you clink you could manage the businiess a few months more, white Ruth and Igo
on our honermoon?

## Substitutes for Wit

Chinese school-teachers do not strengthen the brains of children with
algebra and calculus, but stuf them with Confucian morals, cavs, a writer in the Chicago Record-Herald. He fur ther declares that in China he found no
wit or imagination, but tells the fol lowing incidents, which prove that the Chinaman has good unconscious substi tutes for one or the other:
One day in Shanghai, when I wa feeling sick, I called a Chinaman to me and said, "John, do you have good doc
tors in China?" tors in China?"
have best doctors in exclai
"Eudon, over there," I said, pointin
to a house covered with a doctor's signs, "do rou call him a good doctor?" "\$ "Eudon good doctor!" he exclaimed
"He great! He best doctor in China He save my life once!", "You don't say so!" I said. "How "Me velly sick," he said, confiden tially. "Me callee Doctor Han Kou Givee some medicine. Get velly, velly more medicine. Me grow worse. Going to die! Blimeby call Doctor Eudon. He no got time, no come. He savee my In Chefoo my wife engaged a Chinese cook. When he came she asked his
name. Shaking hands with himself and smiling, he said, "My namee Yong Hang
Ho." "Oh,

## "-All light. he saitl emiline "What

## Mr name," sain my wic, slowly. " ". "H:", Mille D. Lambinn."

at cried John. "Tino long namee

## It'; mair enough to be pleasant When liie Hows along like a song,



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## The Sunset

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Frank Steele

$\pi^{T}$$T \begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \text { was in the early fall of nineteen hun- } \\ & \text { dred and seven when Phyllis Cart- }\end{aligned}$ lot like her, too. He imagines he's somedred and seven when Phyllis Cart-
wright, special correspondent of a
ond wants to know why he can't go
to school. It was that Sally Perkins, a leading Toronto daily, halted her horse silly school marm from Ontario, that put leafore the front gate of old Charley the stuff into his head. He says he Crockett's place.. She had selected Old wants to be a painter, and when I gave Crockett's home as a possible abode for him a dollar to spend at the Dominion the night, not from any atmosphere of Day celebration at Prairie View, the comfort or refinement that it possessed, but rather because it was harshly barren
of these qualities. Undoubtedly, it was her keen journalistic eye that did it, for her editor had entrusted her with an important assignment-the investigation of social conditions in the Great West. And the special correspondent knew that it would find her best material. $\quad$ gets enough sense from me to whip any
hussy se
"Poor fellow,", cried Miss Cartwright seating herself beside the blustering seating
farmer.
"Poor
"Poor fellow! Rats! He's a darned
fool. That was fool. That was a year ago, and he has never done a good day's work since. What


As the gravel creaked and an ugly, yel- $0^{\prime}$ them slick, smart, oily, good-forlow cur barked, Old Crockett mending for the eleventh time. His face horse. That's all the education we need slightly reddened, old as he was, when he in the West. It's muscle and hard work beheld the cause of the disturbance, and that the kid wants, and he'll get it, too the tug dropped from his dry, bony fingers as he arose to meet the dainty bit of beauty and freshness.
young lady, in a sweet, pleasant the "Well, yes, that's what they call me when they come for the insurance money. Sorry, miss, but I can't ask you in the iront room 'cause Miriam is gettin' the supper,", and musn't be taken from her rather loquacious mood continued: "You see, miss, we farmers out here in the West work from sun to sun, and we want our meals on time. So she hasn't any time to waste on Ontario school marms. Not on your life. Miriam's been a good Wife, but she's gettill kind o pale and
sickish lately. She's not near the wife that she used to be. No, miss, you school marms--". "Pardon me, sir," cried Miss Cartwright, "but I am not a school teacher. I coniess that I am from the East, but we are human beings in Ontario., My father was a pioneer and a armer. duds you're wearin' would prove that," sneered Crockett, sarcastically. "I'm gettin' on in vears and I never wore anything but a back shirt and corduroy pants in my 'cept when I buried my first wife.
Winalliam is her boy, and he's a
or get off the place."
ver "" asked the any education what
 become genuinely interested in so
strange and yet so real a story-a story which may still be heard in almost any district in the great Westland
"Yes, I sent him three winters to dis trict school, but he got iso many fool
notions in his head that I took him out He cried like a baby, but I gave him a yearlin' calf to keep his mouth shut. But here's the joke. He got stuck on the teacher, the little idiot. When she went home, a few post cards and a letter came
back from her. The kid would ask for hack from her. The but ne never got any. Not on your life. I read 'em, then I' burned your "How could you be so cruel!" cried the young lady, as tears came to her tender ${ }_{\text {".Cut it out, please. None of that }}$ "Cut it out, please. I None of that
mammy talk goes here. I didn't want t mammy talk g,"
spoil the boy"

## "But it was only natural."

"Natural! Fiddlesticks! It might be natural for you Easterners who spend the week layin' around the parks or in your soft, warm parlors, then go to
church on Sunday with faces as long and church on Sunday with faces as long and
pious as a cow's after she has kicked over pious as a cow's after she has kick you spoonin', your education, your churches,
or your preachers. I wasn't in Toronto four hours and a half three years ago for
nothin' I saw a few things. Look here, miss, I guess you want me to buy one of your farm papers written by some city fool who knows as much about farming as that yellow cur knows about his forefathers."
"But you are mistaken. I am not paper. I only want you to allow me to-"" "Sho see, you're as slick as the rest of 'em. 1 am surprised that a handsome young


## Sooner or Later

drugging, even in its milder forms, clouds and mars the fairest complexion.

Tea and coffee drinking isn't considered drugging by most people, but physicians know that the average cup of tea or coffee contains from $11 / 2$ to 3 grains each of the drugs "caffeine" and "tannin," that affect stomach, liver and kidneys, disturb circulation and work havoc with natural nerves and a healthy skin.

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veteran a new lease of life. But fo some reason his big fingers were in the way. He was getting warm, but for no evident reason. He gave the stiff wire a
lusty jerk, the plyers lost their hold, and lusty jerk, the plyers lost their hold, and
the poor fellow's hand flew backward, the poor fellow's hand flew back lyang
striking the edge of a ploughshare lying on the porch.
"Miriam!" was all the helpless Crocket could ery. At the sight of the blood issuing from-the wound he groaned ${ }^{\text {pitiously. }}$ Miss .
Miss Cart wright took full charge of the patient. She now acknowledged the wis-
dom of a practical mother, who had taught her the rudiments of nursing. The wound, though not dangerous, was carefully dressed, the young nurse ordering a two days' rest. The horny, old farmer at first flatly refused, but when he was told that blood poison might set-in, he
vielded like a child. yielded like a child.
of Old Charley Crockett that evening Miss Cartwright instantly won her way into the hearts of the whole family. And what a magnificent supper they had that
night! 'Never had the snow-white tablenight! Never had the snow-white table-
cloth looked so spotlessly clean and atcloth iooked so spotlessly clean and at-
tractive, nor the dishes glistened so tractive, nor the dishes gistened so
brightly, nor the roast pork and the squash pie tasted so delicious. Never had the rosy cheeks of the little Crocketts beamed so joyously, or the plain yet at-
tractive features of, tractive features of Thomas William and
the thin, languid face of Miriam shone with such a warm, hopeful light as they did that September evening.
Even the stern, flinty sire arrayed him-


## A Fine Field of Lettuce.

self in a clean shirt, and chatted families in these parte-always taking
familiarly with one of them " familiarly with one of them "good-for- up with something that calls for the nothin' Eastern females." That night exercise of the mental powers to the the hogs, horses and cattle rejoiced over
additional rations, and Miss Corter pony was treated to a generous feed of Old Crockett's specially selected oats, fed only to "Prince Napoleon", his fine, imported Percheron stallion.
That night, grouped on the porch, was
Old Crockett, seated in chair, his good wife, wearing on her cheeks a little color for the first time in montas Thomas William planted on à wooden stool, the little ones sitting in
divers places and divers positions, and divers places and divers positions, and in their midst, Miss Cartwright, in grand-
mother Crockett's a ncient English rocler mother Crockett's ancient English rocker toare can, the lesson of life-the love of an of the highler, the nobler, the godlier things in human existence.
Their eyes followed hers to the west. The sun was setting, its golden shafts
immersing the plains in a tlood of lights. immersing the plains in a flood of light
and painting in the skies a picture of divine loveliness. A thousand colors, tints known only to celestial artists, blemded in perfect harmony and proper intensity
the whole, set in the pale, blue vaults of heaven, forming a scene of exalted beaut the picture was fast perishing a But the picture was fast perishing as weary of his eternal labor, gathered the ravs into his blood-red braast, and prater
fuils sank into the depths of the fuily sank into the depths of the far-
distant Rockies. A chill autumn trean distant Rockies. A chill, autumn breeze
arose from the north, the wail of humb arose from the horth, the wail of hun-
gry coyote was borne on it w wings, and
with sentiments of with sentiments of heavenly-ins.pirell
wrigin, the little group sought the comforts of the fire-sile.
Five rears have pastel since that eren Five Years have passed since that even.
ing, and many clanges have transpired
to the group on the rustic porch. make our story complete we are constrained to add another incident. It was n the twelfth day of last June when he social columns of Toronto's papers re
orted the most charming wedding of the ported the most charming wedding of the
season. Smiling serenely from a bulwark of type was the picture of the bride Miss Phyllis Cartwright, President of The Women's Press Club, and beside it was the features of the young husband, James Wallace McDonald, managing
editor of the "Daily Express." Following ditor of the "Daily Express," Following
marvellous flow of exguisite descriptiv hetoric, of which society editors have uch a remarkable command, was the ollowing paragraph
Among the most highly- prized favors to the bride was a beautiful painting 'The Sunset,' the gift of the promising Canadian artist, William Crookett, who is now in Rome studying his art in the
the studios of that classic city the stuaios of that classic city. It is
said that it was Mrs. McDonald who dis. covered this gifted, young painter, a boy
on his father's farm in the West."

## A Practical Puzzle

There is still something for the husband and father to do aboard the family
ship. Mr. Glidingberry, who ship. Mr. Glidingberry, who figures in
a dialogue in Judge, understod duty. "Yes, sir," Mr. Glidingberry said
proudly proudy y to the newcomer in town, "I
guess Ive got one of the intellectualist "It most."
"Is that so?" politely murmured the "Yes. Now, there's mother. She' up-stairs this morning with a set $0^{\circ}$ newspaper puzzle-pictures. If she solves em, and writes a good serial story to on along with em, sle gets two dohlars dinin'-room floor with sheets ${ }^{\text {ong }}$, that she's been figuring on, trying to find out how old Ann is.
"Henry, he's trying to cut down the ime-record on the pigs-in-clover puzzle And Jim-that's Jim over by the fence The's studying up a new way to work for three years now, and thinks he's pretty near gat it."
"But you," inquired the new citizen "what problem are you devoted to?" "Who-me? My problem?" repeated prollem of keeping the family to gether."

## He Knew the Instrument

Mr. Clancy, the blacksmith, had pratimed his wrist and went to the docbot le of doctor started to take down found the loottle empt
After a moment's searech he called for me ascitant, and said, "Will you get he ac couple of those phials from the
"Files!", cried Mr. Clancy, in alarm. "Sure, if ye're goin' to work at it wid
tools cann't ye tilike a smoother wan?"

## The Joy Tear

A Story of Manitoba by J. D. A. Evans. Written for The Western Home Monthly

MCOURDY'S stage from Holmewood his business; that his absence was in had stopped in front of the Lakeview Habigoosis. Amongst a sprinkstreet of Wabigoosis. Amongst a sprink
ling of passengers alighting in that ling of pas Munsbery, who, after deposit ing his valise in the hostelry office wended his way toward a house, to which, in the years before, his visits were frequent. There was not much change to be noticed in the hamlit on Lake Man were visible. For a moment he stood at the garden gate of the house, then walked down the gravelled pathway to the front door.

Munsbery had loved Beryl Fanning, but a stronger than he came upon the scene He won. In a departmental store of th great city on Red River's bank the gir on he had purchased a business in a smal town situate amidst the pine woods o Southeastern Manitoba. Then Beryl re turned to Wabigoosis. But a dark clou hovered over Munsbery's life, its mean ing only realized when the girl of his heart transferred her love to an elderly of somewhat rare occurrence that a stranger, a reputed Croesus, signed the register of the Lakeview and intimated to Frigon, the proprietor, that his stay might be lengthy, having arrived spend the summer amidst the quietitud of Northern days afterwards, Beryl was noticed walk ing along the lakeshore with the man o the fleshpots, who was a Chicago widower, which fact the girl had learned from him - lips which might have re vealed the hideous truth concerning th death of his wife a few years before.
Some event of local interest was ap-
parently creating a stir; little groups of parently creating a stir; little groups of people could be seen standing upon the
street, and were evidently in eager dis cussion. A team and buggy from Den ham's livery had been standing in fron of Beryl's home. Into the vehicle stepped the girl and the elderly gentleman; the the driver sped away toward Holme wood, a bride and groom his passenger telegram conveyed by special messenge from Holmewood to the bride's mothe contained startling information. The message dispatched by the proprietor of a well-known hotel in Winnipeg said "Misfortune occurred to party known you; come soon as possible."
heralded amongst front page items:
"Chicago business man on wedding
"Chicago business man on wedding trip in

The news of Beryl's marriage becoming The news of Beryl's marriage becoming nated. A Winnipeg friend, to whom his engagement was known, had read of the bridegroom's marriage with Beryl in connection with his sudden demise, hence communicated with Munsbery over the ways, deeply puzzling, for what reason the girl had continued to write him whe her affections were usurped by another was a problem he could find no solution for. Then Munsbery's thoughts swerve into one direction. The deed was done; he had loved and-lost. That he winge leaving by the evening train o
en route for a Western trip was the only comment made to his clerk. Four days afterward Munsbery stepped upon the station paltform at Edson. A busy world would not furnish the goal he desired to attain; on the prairies of Peace his life's grief might be forgotten in the mists of years, tranquility enter into his soul. He learned that a party of emigrants would leave a few days for the Ragged Hills; he would travel thither to take up a homestead. To the wholesale firm in Winnipeg with whom he transacted much of his dealings a letter was
forwarded with the request that they assume control of his affairs and dispose of
spark had been rekindled; he could realize that. And then he longed to meet her, tell her of that forgiveness $h$ the valley of the shadow land

There was not much change to be noticed in the hamlet on Lake Manitoba' visible. in fact, few alterations were house in the years ago well known to him. For a few moments he stoad at the garden gate, then walked down the gravelled pathway to the front door. He his ear. Soomeone was approaching. The latch slowly lifted, the door opened, she was standing there-Beryl his once-loved, the light.of his life. She stared at him
"Archie!" she cried.
"It is I, Beryl," he said
And as these words were spoken the dream leaves one who awakens. Then he clasped her in his arms, the old, old story which never ages with the years.
The long kept tears had come.

It may be a refreshing change from stories of "quiet times" to learn tha in March of this year The Great-West Life Assurance Company wrote the larg of the Company's existence: applications being received for $\$ 2,686,000$ o Life Insurance. This is a new Canadia record.

A Good Investment
L. C. Worthy
"How can you afford the money for that?" asked a close-fisted neighbor of mine, years ago, as I was putting a window into the basement of our house their mother had planned for their use. I replied. "Yes this will cost \$15, to I replied: "Yes, this will cost $\$ 15$, to
say nothing of the work, but if it make the place interesting for the children so they can benefit by working with their tools, and keeps them at home in stead of idling their time elsewher mother and I think it will pay."
He disdainfully answered: "I don' believe in such nonsense," and went hi way.
He has had trouble with his children his boys ran away from home, one of them turned out badly. That our chil dren have done better, mother and with which partly to the little workshop ur woys wad providec them. One down there, and is now in the publish ing business. Another made a number of handy contrivances for use in the home and around the farm, is now in the agricultural college, and will retur to run the farm. One daughter is mar ried to a good farmer and runs her hom better than I do mine; - the other is studying domestic science

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## SEEDS



LIERIVERSIDELIMBEROLTP CALGARY, ALBERTA

## "Only Jack"

Written for The Western Home Monthly by W. R. Gilbert
$66 \sqrt{ }{ }^{\text {ELL }}$ Lena, all I can say is think you're "behaving ver "Oh Aunt Emily, what nonsense! Why, Jack and I have been pals for goodness knows how long"!
"Yes, I know, but you can see as
well as I can, that it goes deeper with him than that."
"Well, I can't help that, can I auntie?" Lena looked up with a coquettish glance from the flowers she was arranging. "Yes, you can-at least, you migh have played fair with him!"
Aunt Emily gave an extra vicious fused to discuss the matter further. Only under extreme provocation did she ever interfere with the affairs of her niece. In this case the provocation had been supplied by Lena's outrageous
flirtation with Jack Lawrence flirtation with Jack Lawrence. Aunt self, had the greatest sympathy with any pair of lovers. But she loved fai


Jack and Lena had been neighbors and friends since their young days, and Aunt Emily was quite ready to admit
that, up till the last six months, Lena that, up till the last six months, Lena
had been justified, in more or less "makhad been justified,.in more or less "makhad a convenience of Jack. Indeed she that to rely on it, had become almost a habit.
Six months ago Jack had accepted an excellent post in India. He was due to start in a month's time now. And it
was during these last six months that his attitude towards Lena had changed. It was patent to everyone-to Lena herself, to Aunt Emily, and to all their mutual friends-that Jack loved her. Lena had found it a little thrilling, quite a welcome variation in the more or less
monotonous round of her days. monotonous round of her days. And "played up" to Jack, though she knew all the time that he was in deadly earnest. into the garden to gather more flowers, wicket gate, that led from the garte to the meadrw path. "Lena, I want to talk to you."
"Talk away, then, while I I clip this "Talk away, then, while I clip this "I can't, Lena. Put all that stuff He came towards her, and Lena was a
little frightened when she lor of his face and felt the trembling of his hands. I "Lena, you do care for me, don't you? I love you dear. "Will you wait for me
till I come back?" ity, and for were crude in their sincer sponsive thrill. Buit thena felt a reup. This wasn't the romance she pined for. This was only Jack-her old pal
-the boy she had played, with, the roung man she had "led on" just for a
bit of fun Oh, no, no, no! She could never marry him. She must get him
back to the old friendly level

So she laughed. Pulling her hands So she laughed. Pulling her hands
a way she drew back a step, and as she laughed she said gaily: Why, of cours
"Don't be silly, Jack. Wher I shan't 'wait for you' or do anythin half so sentimental. Let's drop it all and be the pals we've always been."
But as she looked up into But as she looked up into his face she was amazed at the change she saw
there. Jack looked as if someone had struck him. His face had flushed and there was anger in his eyes. When he spoke his voice was older, tenser, mor vibrating than Lena had ever heard it "Then you mean you've-you've been playing with me?"
you mean?" Lena tre What ever do you mean? Lena tried to speak nat sounded artificial. Aunt Emily's word suddenly flashed acrose her mind: "A least you might have played fair"! Sh knew-her conscience told her-that she hadn't played the game." She had
felt pleased and flattered when she real ized the ohange that had come over Jack
in the last few months. She had under stood quite well that he cared more deeply than she did. And now she was "Well, never mind. There it is!" Jack was speaking again. "I've been a fool that's all. I shan't come to see you again, Lena. This is good bye." get this, and-and perhaps you'll find someone' heaps nicer in India." "Would you like me to?"
"Why sure, Jack."
"Then I'll do my best. Good bye." Without another word, he hurried remained as a sting in Lena's mind for many* a long day.
The months passed away and neve once did Jack Ingle set foot inside the house or grounds of Meriton, Lena's village or at a neighboring function Jack was cheerfully polite and apparently in excellent spirits. And Lena tried to think she was glad. Just at the time he sailed for India, Lena's days and nights were filled with
a round of garches. Her father Cone Frodsham, took her up to London, - and she enjoyed "the time of her life." The women were very sweet to her and she hat many admirers among the men But, somewhat to her father's disap pointment she did not seem inclined to Though of them
to herself she missed confess it eve ionship at every turn. She was hurb that he never wrote but she tried to per suade herself that che would have fel just as hurt if any other of her friends
had treated her in the same wat And so the time passed on till Jack
had been away for three whole years. By this time Lena had found many new so that the memory many new friends fo that the memory of her "chum" had farled a little and she had givyen up all

Then all at once there came a letter. It was very brief, and merely announced that Jack was coming home

The weeks that followed passed very slowly for Lena. But at last the day She had expected a cable or a wire to tell her exactly when he would reach home, and she had meant to go down to the station to meet him
But to her astonishment he sent her no further dntails of his arrival. So
she made a point of going of to some she made a point of going off to some
friends some miles away to spend the ${ }^{\text {day }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ "Just like him, silly fellow!" she smiled to herself. "I expect he thinks he'll surprise me, or that I shall go But of course I shan't.'
She felt gay and happy, and though she would not acknowledge the fact even to herself it was because she knew that her old chum was coming back.
As she pedalled her trusty bicycle up
the drive to the door of Meriton, after the drive to the door of Meriton, after
the day with her friends she felt quite the day with her friends she felt quite self waiting for her or at any rate a note from him.
But she found neither.
The next day passed and still there was no sign of Jack. Lena knew that
he had really arrived, because several of her friends had already seen him. And then on the second morning she came face to face with him in the vilBut her heart stood still as he drew linked in his, was a charmingly pretty woman-a stranger to Lena. She was laughing and talling with Jack, and every now and then their merry con-
versation was interrupted by the shrill versation was interrupted by the shrill
voice of a tiny boy who was toddling along with his hand in Jack's. With an effort, Lena pulled herself
together. Of course she did not care together. Of course she did not care!
It made no difference to her that Jack It made no difference to her that Jack
lhad taken her advice and found "somehad taken her advice and found "some-
one nicer" in India. But he might have one nicer" in India. But he might hav
written to tell his old friends. Lena bowed and fored lips as she passed Jack had smile to her sight of her until she was quite close, sight on her until she was quite cose,
and Lena saw that he pulled up sharp as though to stop and speak. But she gave him no chance, for she walked
briskly on.
A strange trembling had overtaken her, and she felt her hands grow cold. Blindly she kept on her way, but it
needed a mighty effort of her will to carry her on. For a few seconds things ooked black before her eyes. And in that one tragic moment she
realized how she loved Jack Ingle Now that he was lost to her, she would have given all she possessed to have recalled her foolish words of three years ago and to be to him what that laughing brown eyed woman was who had just After a time when her thoughts grew more colerent, Lena reviewed the situation. She had no intention of " "iving herself away," Whatever happened she
must feign indifference and be as nice must feign indifference and be as nice
as she possilly could to Jack, and to ack's wife and child.
It proved a difficult task-far more would be. The first meeting was so hard to bear-Lena could not help feeling that Jack's eyes rested on her very
often, and sine found it almost more Iten, and sie found it almost more
than she could bear to have to appear indifferent. He had grown into such a splendid perfect companion than he had been in the old days, and in addition there was an indefinable charm and vigor about fore. that she had never discovered be-
Perhaps it was due to his travels: or perhaps marriage had improved him,
as it does sometimes improve a man. But in that case, it would mean that his marriage must have been a great suc-
cess.
Yet if so often find his eves following her? The little hoy Vivian was altogether The little hoy Vivian was altogether
charming. His lisping voice was the prettiest thing imaginable and he soon berame great friends with Lena. Sometimes his mother would look at him
wistfully, and then Lena knew that she
was thinking of the day when she
would be would be compelled to leave him behind as the doctor had said that he must not
remain in India. remain in India.
she said one day. "You have in India," your children. You must get reconciled to that if you ever come out." "Why I shan't come out to India;", said Lena with a laugh. "Can't afford." delivered with a strangely wise smile, which somewhat puzzled Lena.
Little Vivian was not a strong child and although every care was taken of him, he suddenly contracted pneumonia.
His poor mother was nearly distract His poor mother was nearly distracted,
and Lena's sorvices were called in For three days she watched and cared for the patient, ana then the little lad was declared out of danger.
Lena heavy eyed and weary crept out
of the room, of the room, and left the mother and father alone with the child. She felt
a strange sensation of desolation a stelingess, for though sho knew the were grateful to hcr, she realized that they must want to be tog3ther at such a time by the side of the little child. "'I'm a fool! And I suppose I'm over have to cry!" And burying her head in the soft cushion of one of the easy chairs she
gave way. All the pent up tortures gave way. All the pent up tortures of
the last few weeks, the cruel irony of the whole situation came home to her and she sobbed as though her heart would break.
"Why Lena! What's the matter?" She felt a firm hand drawing her up wards and hastily brushing aside ner
tears she sid tears, she said:
"Oh it's-I'm quite all right, Jack Chan it's-l'm quite all right, Jack, Ihank you. You see,
I'm overtired, and-"
But the rest
But the rest of her sentence was never uttered for her mouth was covered with
Kisses. Straining her to kisses. Straining her to him Jack kissed her again and again.
late? Is there anyone els? "Am I to take me now? The questions tumbled out as he gazed eagerly into her eyes. For one delirious moment Lena gave herself up to the sheer joy of resting in his strong arms.
Then remembering everything she pushed Then remembering everything, she pushe
him from her, and her eyes blazed "Jack Ingle how dare you? Let me go!" "No, Lena, not again-not till you tel me definitely that you don't love me." "Are you mad? Have you-thin
your wife, and your little child." "But they're nour mine, Lena!" She almost stopped breathing as she
looked at him. Was he mad really? ${ }^{\text {Or }}$ "Listen, little woman! It was like this. When you sent me away before quick to think that you had played with me. I didn't realize that I had been to precipitate that you could naturally
only look upon me as a pal-I vowed wouldn't writc to you, and 1 very nearly rushed into marriage, just to-well just this. "But I wouldn't do that. At the last moment something held me back, any other woman in the whole world but you. Well, to 'cut a long story short, when I arranged to come home, I promised a pal of mine out thereand kiddie on the way over. She's a splendid little woman, and one night I told her all about you, I told her, Lena, that you were the only woman in the
world for me, but that I was desper ately afraid of making a fool of myself a second time." "Well little Mrs. Masters thought out a plan. She arranged to come and stay with my people here for a while, and
we were to pretend that she was my we were to pretend that she was my
wife; and she said we need only keep it up a short tume because if you cared you would-well dear, she said you would-" "CGi" "Give myself away"" said Lena with
a smile
And $i$ did, Jack, in a thoua smile "And I did, Jack, in a thou-
sand ways" Just at that moment Mrs, Masters ame downstairs humming a gay tune "Ah!" she cried, with one comprehen sive glance round. "Who said she wasn't
going out to Inda."

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## CHALLENGS




## Told by a Life Agent

"About two years ago I endeavored to interest a young man in this town, who had just been married, in Life Insurance. He was a travelling salesman and carried $\$ 5000$ Accident Insurance, a fellow of splendid physique and rare good health, he was quite content and felt secure in this class of Insurance, in fact he allowed a former Life Policy to lapse. It was impossible for me to write him, and I naturally presume that other agents have tried. After a child was born I tried again, but was unsuccessful. He died of Typhoid Fever last Fall, and there was another birth in the family just last week, no Life Insurance at all to help smooth the way for wife and family."

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Head Office--WINNIPEG


## Rural Schools in Alberta

Written for The Western Home Monthly by S. J. Wigley, Edgerton, Alta.

P
ERHAPS the most healthy sign
and certainly one of the most and certainly one of the most pleasing prospects, amidst all the
change on our western plains, is the now almost universal country or prairie school.
The settler's struggle to success may
be long and difficult, crops may fail and be long and difficult, crops may fail and hard times be in store, but the children must have a chance, and at any cost the
little ones must be educated. le ones must be educated
And so a school district is formed; a
school site is chosen and in a few weeks a pretty little school springs into existence, to become also the centre of social and religious life and the pride of
the whole neighborhood the whole neighborhood. To one
familiar with the indifference shown to familiar with the indifference shown to
educational advantages in the Old educational advantages in the Old
Country, it is almost pitiful to witness the eagerness to attend and the willingness to learn of the children themselves.
Through storm and heat and even in sickness a school day must not be lost; for the long cold winter is coming when roads are blocked and the school doors
A long trainp through prairie grass, soaked with early dew and the only trail to guide them the one made by their
own little feet, is the lot of own little feet, is the lot of many a
child. And it is the child. And it is the custom to come stockings may be kept dry boots and even hats are given the shelter of a coat for hair and flesh are not harmed and will dry more quickly than clothing. The average number of scholars in twenty and thourh so few child exceeds use the building/ the fittings and furniuse the building, the fittings and furni-
ture are of the best, and up-to-date in ture are of the best
every possible way.

Nature study forms an important item in the course of studies for these rural schools and one calls to mind the best wish of Captain Scott-that his little
son Peter be'taught natural history Wild animal life exists right at school steps and the teacher may find illustrations for her teaching from the little shrew-mouse, past the gopher, the wolf and the bear, to the giant moose; or all have been and can still be seen
"Tommy, your master's report of your work is very bad. Do you know
that when George Washington was your that when George Washington was your
age he was head of the school o" age he was head of the school?" "Yes, pa; and when he was your ag

## Good and Best

Once from my .
from windows towards the north
outhward the mountains rise;
Enard the sea in majesty
Enchained my awestruck eyes;
Westward the sunset's glow skies,
"Yot beauty is mine," I said,
planted trees all more; and so
Full swift and strong they rise
But sea and height are hid from sight The dawns and sunset skies!
Now see I as I had not seen
How earth's good things may hide 's best from view, and shut off, too,
All heaven's horizon wide.


## Household Suggestions

## Household Helps

To Prevent Iron from Rusting-Iron nails-indeed, all metal hooks used for hanging things in damp places, such as bath-rooms or sculleries and wash houses, where there is much steamthem from rusting and from damaging material hung on them.
The rust, verdigris, which forms on copper utensils is very poisonous, and must be removed immediately. Dip a rub the affected part until it has gone It is essential to have the interiors of all copper cooking pans retinned when once they begin to wear through badly and show blackened patches and spots A few drops of methylated spirit on a
pa cotton-wool will quickly lead stains from lamp or gas chimneys that will not yield to the ordinary washing methods. Polish with tissue paper.
Waterproofing Tarpaulins-A suitable recipe for rendering tarpaulins thoroughly waterproof is. as follows. It is by the courtesy of the Chief Commissioner treatment given to tarpaulins by the


Buster" Holden. The youngest exhibitor
,at the Winnipeg Horse Show. Department of Railways of New South Wales. The tarpaulins are dressed with two coats of the following mix per cent; fish oil, 9 per cent.

Some Good Cooking Recipes
Graham Gems - One egg, one cup graham flour, one cup white flour, one half teaspoon salt, one scant half teaspoon soda, two tablespoons melted but
ter, and sour milk or butter-milk er, and sour milk or butter-mile make a moderately stiff bat ter. Beat well and bake in gem pans.

Soda Biscuits - If soda biscuits are made right they are no harder on the stomach than baking powder breads. always with cold water and then add some of the cold milk. One quart of flour, one-half teaspoon soda, teaspoon and flour to make a soft dough. Mix the flour, salt and shortening well together and then add the soda and milk. About one cup will be required, but it is better to start with too little than too much. Mix quickly and roll as soft
as can be handled., Bake in a quick oven.

Corn Bread-One egg, one cup whits hour, one cup corn meal, one scant half easpoon soda, two tablespoons melted butter and enough sour milk to make a
good batter. Mix the egg, milk, salt flour and meal well together and then
add the soda dissolved in a little cold
water. Lastly add the melted butter and pour into a buttered pan. Bake 40 minutes.
Brown Bread - One cup each of graham, white and corn flour, one cup cup of raisins, pinch of salt soda, one sour milk enough to make a stiff batter. Pu the dough in a well buttered tin, pail or coffee can, put on the lid and stean The raisins may be omitted if liked. Figs, dates or currants may be used in stead of the raisins.
Wheat Gems-Beat one egg well and add one-half cup of buttermilk. Add quarter teaspoon of salt and enough about half enough flour has been added or the batter is about like pancake bat ter, then add one scant half teaspoon o
soda dissolved in a little cold water soda dissolved in a little cold wate
Have oven and gem pans very hot and bake quickly.
Nut Layer Cake - Three eggs, tw cups sugar, one cup butter, one cưp sweet milk, two teaspoons baking pow der sifted with three cups of flour. Try
your batter to see that you have flou your batter to see that you have flour and one cup of English walnuts or com mon walnuts. Use a plain whit frosting.
Drop Cakes-Two eggs beaten light one cup sugar, one cup molasses, threefourths cup butter, half cup milk lavoring and about two and one-hal cups of flour into which has been sifte two teaspoons of baking powder. I more must be usell sifted. Last of al lightly stir in one cup of nut meats of ny kind, or two kinds mixed. If the meats are large break them up.
White Nut Cake - Whites of four eggs, two cups of sugar, one cup butter eggs,
$2 / 3$ cup milk, two teaspoons of baking powder (heaping) in three cups of flour, one teaspoon lemon flavoring and one cup of nut meats. Make the cake and try it, and when the batter Bake in a quick oven, but be careful not to scorch.
Backbone and Vegetables - Cook a tender pork backbone in a little water two quarts of turnips peeled and cut in blocks, one quart of potatoes, and one quart of carrots. Put the turnips and carrots on with the backbone, adding he potatoes half an hour before dinner Baked Macaroni With Cheese - Four tablespoons butter, four tablespoons lour, two cups milk, one teaspoon salt, pepper, l lb. cheese, half small box of boiling water until soft. Drain, and pour over it cold water to prevent the pieces adhering to each other. Melt the butter in a saucepan; add flour and stir until smooth. When cooked add milk in cubes. Stir until thoroughly blended; add macaroni, put in a buttered baking. dish, cover with breadcrumbs, and brown uniformly in the oven.

The young Scotchman never liked his nother-in-law, and this weighed heavily on the mind of his wife, who was ill cailing her husband to her bedside she him : "Sandy, lad, I'm verra 'ill,
sail and I think I'm gang to dee, and be fore I dee I want you to gie me a ore I dee
oromise."
"I'll pre
"I'll promise," said Sandy. "What is
"Well, I ken that when I dee I'll hav a fine funeral and I want you to ride up in front.in a carriage wi' my mother," "ied ye my word, an' it's nae me that's gang back on that; but I'll tell ye one thing, ye've spoilt the day for me."

The only man who never makes mistake is the man who never does any thing. -Theodore Roosevelt.


## All the World Joins with You

## When You Sit Down to Quaker Oats

Every morning, in every clime, millions sit down to a Quaker Oats breakfast.

Some in mansion, some in cottage. Some your nextdoor neighbors, some 10,000 miles away.

Folks who love Quaker Oats, and who want the most, send from all the world over for it. For nowhere else do people find such flavor and aroma.
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## Our Neighbors, the Buffaloes

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Wolf Willow. Photos by J. H. Cano

WHEN we sold our free homestead
in Manitoba, and came from the in Manitoba, and came from the fo the around the lake of that name, altitude of the Wainwright district, we found quite a contrast.
After our journey on the G.T.P. from Winnipeg we stayed in the town of the buildings were going up on the purthe buildings were going up on the pur-
chased homestead. The month of the town was quite enough and my two little boys and I enjoyed packing up, and wending our way, with the same old horses and dog, between leafy trees, and rose and lily grown paths, out to the
country, resplendent in early July. The farm is adjacent on one side to the picturesque Battle River, and on another, is separated by a fence merely, from the famous Dominion Buffalo Park. We have not many human neighbors, so a good deal of our attention.
In settling out here all the lumber, stock, household effects, implements, etc., had to be brought through the park, a distance of about fifteen miles, as the road around is quite inaccessible; so we park, inside and out.
to annually plow guards, men to put up hay in case of deep snow, gate keepers, missioner, and superintendent.
We live so close to the park that we take our observations of it along with the weather. The buffaloes seem, in the warm weather, to make the rounds of the inclosure about once a month. There Heart Hill, and once every month, or thereabouts, we will look out, and see it dotted all over with hundreds of the big fellows-like gigantic ants on a gigantic ant hill. They feed along like cattle, and peacefully make their way run down to look through at them, with their front-heavy, furry bodies, and little, searching black eyes.
The buffalo calves are red like a red calf of the domestic cattle, and, not yet having so much fur, look quite like a
calf. When frightened, the buffaloes bounce along, with a funny lope, ap parently as lightly, for all their great bulk, as a rubber ball.
The park is cross fenced, making parks within the park, by which the buffaloes and then, in some of these smalfer in-


Leader of the Great Buffalo Herd

This park is an enormous enclosure, and juts in and out in all kinds of country, it seems you cannot around the from it, and in most unexpected places, will loom up the black fire-guards, the high fence, and, maybe a monstrous black bulk or two, peering out at you with bright hittle eyes-in other words, some buiraloes.
The park con
hundred thousand acres of land, and is surrounded and cross fenced by 75 miles of strong fencing, at a cost of $\$ 1,000$ a mile. This park is a fine grazing ground,
the land is rolling, and partly wooded and has many sand dunes, providing wallows, which the buffaloes enjoy.
In it are many In it are many crystal clear, fresh water lakes, with sand beaches, and the native grasses, luxuriant at all times,
and nature cured, provide pasture the and nature
year round.
This park contains the largest herd of wild buffalo in the world. A few years
ago the Dominion Government purchased ago the Dominion Government purchased
from Michael Pablo, a Mexican halfbreed, of Kaliespell, Montana, the only in existence, and the animals wer, crated up and shipped in instalments to Wainwright. Fifty more were got in various parts of Canada, Oklahoma and Texas. There has been a natural in-
crease, and now there are over 1,400 . Two were presented, lately, to Phoenix
Park, Dublin, and a few were killed to provide juicy steaks for old timer's reunions. The balls fight terribly amongst themselves, and I suppose some are killed that way. I often notice some going Quite a number of men are employed in conneetion with the park: fence report on the condition of the fence, men
closures, a number of other animals are kept in considerable numbers, such as elk, moose, deer and antelope. The latter are beautiful, graceful, fairy like creatures. When we drive through the females and the dear little fawns will stand shyly back, but the male will follow the rig for some distance with a
curious boldness to curious boldness, to the delight of the
children We do the main not much mind driving through with a light rig Park in daylight, and But, of course, the buffaloes are a good deal like range cattle, and, if not downright ugly, might stampede over somean old buffalo bull or two might take it into their heads that their charges were not safe when such intruders as ourselves were about. In that case a wagon with an upright piano or a load of making might be a serious handicap in do, I suppose, would be only thing to they gave you time enough, jump on one horse and lead the other, and make for a gate.
The Domin
The Dominion Government is now considering a petition from a number of settlers, asking for a fenced-off road
through the park We would not
through after night, as a herd might be camped across the trail, and one thing that these animals never think of doing for that is, of getting out of the road try to make a great noise And, if you them, the noise is apt to affect them the ame as a dinner bell in a boarding house.
One time, when we were moving out father the boys and I and their grand

Winnipeg, May, 1914.
The Western Home Monthly
with a load of lumber. Just when we were started into the main park, a tire
came off the wagon. The men started came off the wagon. The men started
to try and fix it, and the boys and I to try and fix it, and the horses, new to endeavored to quiet che frightened of a
these parts, who were big buffalo on the other side of a crossfence, that was rolling and wallowing. terror of a herd of the buffaloes, somewhere in the park in which We were, coming thundering and stampeding over out of existence. But, fortunately, such an event did not happen. It was impossible to fix the wheel, so the lumber was unloaded and left in the park, and we went back to town, to try the trip he next day
Another time we were going through the main park, with the buggy and to see any of the animals, when, just as we went over a hill, spread before us were hundreds of the dark monsters. The horse smelled them and snorted, but needed no urging, as he wound, shieing,
through them. I hardly breathed with terror. They all remained unmoved, but one old fellow at a distance, that put his head to the ground, tore up the sand with his feet, and advanced a few paces repeating the performance. But he then stopped, and our fine driver soon had
us clear of them. No shooting is allowed in the park, and it is wonderful low it, as to a city
of refuge in shooting season. Its lakes have thousands of wild ducks and laeese
upon them, and the prairie chickens upon them, and the prairie chickens
abound. The coyotes also multiply abound. The coyotes also multiply
and take their toll of fowl. On one trip to town, seventeen wild deer ran across our path in a line, at a great rate. I never before realized what especially the head one of the herd. It is said that these deer simply happened to be in the section of country enclosed by the park fence, and their
number was not known until after the enclosure was made. Although there is still quite a number of wild deer in this part of the country, some bold and lawess settlers with a taste for venison, do | bandit.

Buffaloes in Wainwright Park, Alta.

not like the trouble of stalking these, but have actually, it is said, shot some in the park, and, I suppose, hoisted them
over the fence. The park authorities believe this, Tence. The park authorities believe this, anyway, and are on the qui
vive for such marauders. The superintendent was quite badly gored, not long ago, by one of the deer in the park.-
We find the leafy, green park and its We find the leafy, green park and its in these prosaic times, and my little boys, when they read of Sherwood Forest and Robin Hood and his merry men, picture to themselves the Dominion Buffalo Park, and surely 100,000 acres, must, somewhere, shelter such a jolly bandit.


## How The World is Filling Up

-Most people do not realize how the world is filling up now, and although we hear of minions of acres of land still unoccupied, yet the population is pressing already on the food supply. Probgreater than it was, say, at-the time of the Norman Conquest, but it is increasing in geometrical ratio, and the production of food is not increasing accordingly. We are, as a matter of
fact, approaching the limit of food profact, approaching the limit of food pro-
duction. Twenty years ago, when "the depression" was at the worst, a great deal of wheat was sold at under 20 s . per quarter. It has been rişing ever since, and although it is not much over
30 s . still it touched 40s. last autumn 30s. still it touched 40s. last autumn. States, which is actually now importing food, and where the population has made up on the food production. Thirty or forty years ago the reverse was the case, and we were drowned out in this country by American produce. As the
result of all this the price of food is bound to rise, and will continue to rise irrespective of anything that may be done. There are many regions still to bring under for farm use, but these are very remote, or they are undesirable to a certain extent; such districts, for in-
stance, as the extreme north-west of Canada and the dry regions of the earth. The price of all land is certain to rise also, because it will become more valuable for the production of food as time goes on. The earth is growing no big.
ger, while the population does, and ger, while the population does, and
although there will not be any famine or trouble in our time, yet there is certainly ahead of the human raee the time when a great deal more food will require to be produced somehow than is being done at the present time. Even in
our colonies at the moment settled land is actually selling at a higher price than in this country, and this where by going a few miles farther virgin land may b obtained. In other words, the cost o land Kas already risen and is probably likely to go still higher, and open. spaces time goes on and as the population increases. All this, of course, will be to the benefit of farmers, but the rest of the population may not like the out look. ""The Dairy," England.

## Promissory Notes

It is said that a man whose musica talent was as widely known as his im pecunious condition once accosted a
friend on the street, drew him into a friend on the street, drew him into a doorway, and
five dollars.
"When do you think you'll be able to repay it?" asked the friend, to whom it was by no meahs a new experience. "This time," said the ready borrower, with an engaging smile, "I hoped you'd
be willing to make it a 'Kathleen Mavourneen' loan."
"A what?" demanded the practical "A 'Kathleen Mavourneen' loan," sai his expensive friend. "It may be for years, and it may be forever.'"

## Married in the Dark

Sir Mountstuart E. Grant Duff says in his "Notes from a Diary, 1892-95," that Browning was not in the least thin-
skinned about the charge of obscurity so commonly made against his poetry.
He once repeated to Sir Mountstuart a story which illustrated Wordsworth's strange want both of humor and of the sense of humor.
"But, after all, Wordsworth was un just to himself," commented Browning "He was not without humor, for on hear he said, 'Well, I suppose they under stand each other, although nobody understands them!'
"Tf I were poor would you be as eager to marry me as you are now?" "Every bit, my dear, but we might
have to postpone our wedding for a have to postpone our wedding for a
year or two."


Ask your neighbor to take The Western Home Monthly Write for special clubbing offers

## The Doctor's Visitor

By Elliott Roberts

DR. WHLIAMSON had just got into his first sleep when the ofbell bell rang. As the up bedroom divor, and was possessed of a strong and violent voice, the doctor leaped from bed and thrust the first object that came to hand under the edge
of the gong. After that the bell rang, of the gong. After that the bell rang,
muffled and hoarse, at frequent intermuffled and hoarse, at frequent intervals, while the doctors.
One slipper he found by groping diligently under the bed. The other was gone, and after a fruitless search he hurried down, one bare foot pattering on the hard-wood stairs. Down in the
hall he remembered that he had muffled the bell with the other slipper, but the
man at the door was pounding vigorously now, and with visions of a mangled form
"Is that Dr. Williamson?" "It is."
"Well, look here, doctor. This is the Clearield Asylum for the Insane. I
don't want to worry you, but one of the patients here got away to-night, and as he'd been fooling with an old business card of yours for a day or so, his attendant thinks he may give you a call." "Indeed!" said the doctor in a noncommittal tone. looking furtively at his visitor, who had opened the instrumentcase, and was running his fingers
"If he comes, you'd better call us at
nce. He's been pretty quiet for a time, once. He's been pretty quiet for a time,
but he killed his first attendant here at the hospital-brained him with a ohair." The visitor was walking the floor again, his hands clasped behind his back, the fingers lacing and interlacing ner-


Deer is Wainwright Park, Alta. (See Article on Page 22.)
from the street-car track before the $\mid$ vously. The doctor's voice was a bit house, the doctor opened the door. A $\delta$ st of cold wind and a dash of rain man was standing, the rain Outside a man was standing, the rain dripping
from the rim of his derby hat and rolling from the shoulders of his light overcoat "Good-evening," said the stranger, taking off his hat. He was extremely bald and in the light above the office door
the doctor could see the rain-drops foll the doctor could see the rain-drops fall-dome-like surface. "It's a wet evening." "Come in, man," said the doctor. "We'll talk about the weather later." The man stepped through the doorway "I'm sorry to have hurried you," he said. "I- Im very nerrous, doctor. I
feel that I am on the verge of a nervous explosion. Can't you give me something?" The doctor led the way into the con-sulting-room and struck a match. "Try to calm yourself," he said. "I'll
have to talk to you a little before I give have to talk to you a little before I give
you anything. You haven't been drinkyou anything. You haven't
ing to excess, have you?"
The tone was somewhat injured and the doctor's next words were soothing.
"Well, well," he said, drawing up his "Well, well," he said, drawing up his
chair to his desk, "I didn't suppose you had, but it's common, sir, very common." The visitor did not sit down. He
threw his coat over the back of a chair and began to pace the floor restlessly.
The doctor was chilly. The doctor was chilly.
drawing his the simptoms," he said At that moment the cer around him. rang-the imperative ring of the night operator, who expects to rouse people
from sleep. If there is anything that makes more noise in the middle of the night than a telephone bell, it must be
two telephone bells. two telephone bells.
The doctor took down the receiver, while the visitor paused in his uneasy
uavery as he spoke aga "Look here," he said, "if that's the case, suppose you come around at once!"
"Holy smoke! Do you "Holy smoke! Do you mean that he's "Yes," said the doctor faintly "Nervous-looking fellow, bald-headed "erby hat, and light overcoat?"
"Wes, yes."
"'Well, keep him as quiet as possible I'll telephone to the police-station and have them send the patrol. He hasn'
got a weapon, has he?" The doctor turned. The nervous patient had taken the poker from the rack beside the fireplace and was weighing it abstractedly in his hand.
"Well, watch him." There'll be help there soon. Good-by!" off the visitor turned to him abruptly. "I'm flying to pieces, doctor. It's nervousness, of course, but every time I close my eyes I see a blood-red mist. I tell you, in this condition, I'm a menace to society-rm not resp.nsible. I could
shriek with the tension." He took a step forward, holding out a large clenched fist.
"Feel my pulse," he said. "I can hear it in my ear-drums. I've been taking bromide for a couple of months, but for upset, and l've been stomach has been
"I'll give you some" said the doctor promptly, looking at the office clock. He unlocked the medicine cupboard and got out some bromide. The patient ran his restless eves ever the labels.
"Ah," he said "there"s
"Ah," he said, "there's prussic acid, peach-stone odor, quick death and all.
And carbolic acid, too!" He took down the bottle and, uncorking it, sniffed the contents. "It's a peculiar taste, but I
am fond of the odor of carbolic acid. It am fond of the odor of carbolic
seems to titillate my nostrils"

The doctor had measured out the bromide, ar enormous dose, and was proffering it in a rather unsteady glass. The patient yielded the medicine. Then struggle, and a chair.
"I'm overdone," he said. "That's the trouble. This thing of having always a tot of people around, never a minute to oneself, is enough to drive a man mad. Whatever I do, whatever I say, there is always some one to
privacy doctor went to the instrumentcloset, and, taking out a heavy bone forceps, laid it carelessly on the desk beside him.
"There's not much privacy in my life, either,", he said.
"You've helped me already, doctor. nervous irritability is gone, but I am still restless." The visitor got up as he spoke, and began again o pace the floor.
II was at one time an athelete, doctor, in "I was at one time an athelete, doctor, in my younger

The doctor felt considerably relieved.
"As you can imagine, I have little time "As you can magine, I tave on volubly;
an hour ago, in the rain. Has he been The doctor
"A large man with his dry lips., asked.
"Interested in jui-jitsu?"
The yes.
The doctor's jaw dropped, and he picture of the nervous system that hung over the desk.
"My dear madam," he said huskily "your husband was here, but he was-er -called away suddenly, I may say peremptorily. He-he will be quite certain to return in the morning."
"But the rain, doctor! It's a frightful night for him to be out."
"He - he was driving," said the doctor; and human endurance being at an end, he hung up the receiver and laid his
throbbing head on his desk.
$\qquad$
"That horn doesn't blow, sir," said
the friendly salesman. "Wrap it up, the friendly salesman. "Wrap it up, of a horn I want."


A Moose Chieftain in the Park
"but through a correspondence school I haive taken up the study of jui-jitsu. It's a wone loctor laid hir! on the bone forceps. n the buid-headed an enthusiast," went ably sleepy, but I'd like. "You're probfew things about it
The doctor strained his ears. Far off gong of a patrol wagon. "Don't be in a hurry," he said. "II'm interested in jui-jitsu myself." "Well, it's something like this. Just stand up a minute and I'll show you. Now, you see, I put my right arm here,
so, and my left there." The doctor drew a long breath. The wagon was stopping at the door. "Then my knee here, and presto!"
"Great Scott, he's got the doctor down!" shouted a hoarse voice. "Easy, boys, he may have a gun!"
four burly officers carryin head he saw writhing and expostulating form of the disciple of jui-jitsu. With a sigh of thankfulness, he closed and locked the office door. He was starting up-stairs again when the telephone rang, and with a groan he retraced his steps.
"Is that Dr. Wiilliamson? Well, look here, doctor, I guess we gave you a false hare, doctor, a while ago. Some doctor of the same name on the next street has called up to say that he has our man there,
locked in a cupboard. When the patrol ocked in a cupboard. When the patro? His number is-"" "Hello," said a feminine voice on the line. "Is that Dr. Williamson? Doctor, I am very anxious about my husband,
Dr. Martin, of the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Martin, of the Presbyterian Church.
He's been overworking on some lectures He's been overworking on some lectures
on the Pentateuch, and as he was unon the Pentateuch, and as he was un-
able to sleep, he started for your office

## (See Article on Page 22.)

## "Just Like McCabe"

Chaplain, afterward Bishop, McCabe had the amusing weakness of being indifferent to all red tape in ecclesiastical,
parliamentary or military law and disparliamentary or military law and dis-
cipline. He was impatient of the petty pipline. He was impatient of the petty
technicalities that hindered him in his technicalities that hindered him in F.
good work. As a rule, says Bishop $F$. good work. As a rule, says
M. Bristol, in his biography of the chaplain, his disposition to ignore the relain,
straints of regulation and the technicali-
ties of discipline met with good nature. ties of discipline met with good nature.
In his speech at a reception in PhilaIn his speech at a reception in Phila-
delphia in 1904 he gave this charming bit delphia in 1904 he gave this charming bit characteristics of his nature:
"I went down to the army and joined my regiment. It was not yet quite time for the forward move, and I got the boys to help me build a big arbor church, and we began to hold meetings every day and every night. Fully five hundred
were converted at those meetings. were converted at colonel the other day. He is in his eighty-fourth year, and he reminded me of an incident that I had forgotten. He said that one day during that protracted meeting, when he went out or the usual three-oclock dress
parade, the soldiers were not present. He parade, the soldiers were not present. He
stood there almost alone on the paradeground. The bugle had called the men to the order of the day, but they did not
respond. The colonel shouted to the adrespond.
"utant: "The chaplain has them all in the church, The chaplain has them all in the church, and he declares that the mon't let out.'
good that
"The colonel was angry. He sent a "The colonel was angry. He sent a
message to me and ordered me to dismiss message to me and ordered me to dismiss the meeting. I sent back word that I going on with such great power that going on with such great power that
did not feel that it would be right.
"The colonel then sent a guard and a "The colonel then sent a guard and ar-
ters, where be remonstrated with me for interfering with the military discipline of the camp. Two or three days, but that I came one day to his tent and put my head in and said, 'Colonel, you were right and I was wrong; henceforth I will obey
orders." "Just like McCabe," said his friends.

Place and power do not give happiness. Gold will not bring joy. Whatever is born in vanity must end in vanity.

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sand Persons Hear Him Speak." New York "World"-"Twenty Thousand Cheer as Sulzer Opens His Primary Campaign""
New York "American"-"Fifteen thou sand cheering, militant citizens. greeted Governor Sulzer.
New York "Tribune"-"An audience
of 7,500 persons."
At any rate, we suppose all are agreed that the meeting was in Buffalo, lumbia; S. C. State."


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## The Long-Range Fisherman

How a silver quarter came to assume the dimensions of a cart-wheel, and the

By Harry B. Allyn

HE hobbled painfully down Park Row It is singular how all other thoughts bridge, pausing intermittently to step back when hunger pushes itself to feast his eyes through the crevices of ways has been, even back to the original the swinging screen doors upon the variegated free lunches so temptingly displayed upon the counters of
called Workingmen's Clubs."
While Mr. John Lyon was not, to use a vulgar phrase, "busted," three of the minutest coins of the realm were the bulwarks which stood between him and a compound financial fracture.
Eight months of disheartening effort in the newspaper line had seen his sink-
ing fund dwindle from forty-seven dollars to the smallest sum a man can be possessed of in the United States and still have money.
eater, his greatest source of trouble or satisfaction.
John stopped in front of one of the second-hand book stores and varied the monotony of thinking by reading over literature externally exposed for sale or theft.
As he did so, leaning heavily on his roller to favor the injured ankle, his of a sidewalk grating.
He received a twinge which drove his thoughts momentarily from his visions Even his latest acquisition-a sprained
ankle-had been acquired by his chase ankle-had been acquired by his ohase
after the elusive dollar-or, rather, dime to the bottom, he barely escaped an at-
 Moose also are pleatiful in the Park. (See Article on Page 22.)
-which he with thirty or forty other tack of heart failure, for there in the mercenaries of the park had seen fall dirt and refuse lay a bright and shining yesterde h. of a news purchaser of quarter
The deafening roar of the elevated Oh , vision of wealth
trains overheng thoar of elevated As he stood over the grating and rattling trucks, the extremely lurid and marks of their drivers, and the retinual shouts of the news-vendors, in combination with the countless mysterious and awful smells, made his stomach back up in disgust.
Why his stomach should get its back up was rather puzzling, seeing that it Without attempting to further disguise the fact, John was hungry-and good and hungry, too. His last attempt at epicurean satisfaction had been a five cent plate of "ham and," purchased att
one of the aforesaid "Workingmen's Clubs" the day before
Leaning upon an old shade roller culled from the debris of the subway
near the City Hall, he limped down the near the City Hall, he limped down the
street, stopping to gaze with covetous street, stopping to gaze with covetous
eyes at the windows wherein were dis played, under the sign of the three hunger and-incidentally- thirst.
He thought of the comfortable kitchen in his up-State home; of the ram barrel upon which he had tapped with the scare the wrigglers down; of the thrice a-day loaded table; of the of the thrice upon the shelf to cool; the puss set out with its broad, shallow pans of milk, the crocks of doughnuts, cookies, cakes and, thunking of cakes, mother's buck
wheat cakes; no soggy flannelette wheat cakes; no soggy flannelette counerfeis, but real crispy brown buck How well he remembered the earthen batter pail, which was always placed be ning mate of the cakes, the home mad sausage and maple syrup; chickens, apples, popcorn. pigs, cider. He thought of
every good thing edtbble. every good thing edtrble
Tears came to his eyes, and he en
deavored to turn his thoughts deavored to turn his thoughts to other
things, succeeding only
azed down upon the coin, it assumed the proportions of a wagon-wheel. It ortunate enough to have dropeed that quarter, he would have missed its weight rom his pocket instantly
Here arose a point in social ethicso whom did the coin belong: the perso ho dropped it, the one upon whose roperty it had fallen, or to our friend A hungry stomach has
science, and John came to the swift and unalterable decision that the quarter was or should be his, if by means of any tupendous engineering skill he could raise it from its lowly bed. He im In the doorway of a neighboring confectioner's stood one of those highly decorated machines of mystery, where by means of a copper coin placed in the roper aperture, one may become the "Wint." or some tablet labeled either "Pep," "Wint." or some other delectable flavor. qualities of the different brands of chewing gums with which his boyhood days had made him familiar, and, deciding in Slor of "Pep." approached the machine. rashly hazarding his temerity in thus pashly hazarding his fortune, he de sions in the all devouring machine posses heard it timkle down into the metallic bowels, and, with fear and trembling lest he had picked an empty, pushed the brass plug according to the printed direcWith a dull but not sickening thud cized it tropped into view. John everishly thrust it into his mouth. Now arose a new fear. Supposing he cismg great care he kept it in the place intended for it. and, standing guard over
tude as his agitated condition would allow, he soon had the sub
He threw a sharp look around to se there were any prospects of claim jumpers in the vicinity, and, taking the sticky mass from his mouth, applied it to the end of his shade roller. It stuck like a politician in office, and with few fears now as to the result, providing he rupted for a few moments longer, John rupted for a few moments longer, John
pushed his gum-baited stick down through the grating firmly on to the coin.
He waited a few seconds, so that the gum and quarter might become deeply ttached to each other, then slowly an arefully raised it from the depths. n the deepest recesses of his pocket tightly clinching the quarter, his mind busy making calculations as to the best means of laying out a portion of his find food.
He passed several places offering able-d'hote dinner, including wine, at the astonishing figure of seventeen of swindles having taught him to put ot his trust in prices-and quantity be ing the important factor-he at length, fter deep meditation, settled upon a
denoted a man of parts-and widely dis-
tinctive parts inctive parts at that-for he had the the flat nose of an Ethiopian, and a pair f pale-blue eyes obliquely set under heayy sandy brows.
The lower part of his face had enjoyed two-week's respite from a-razor, an eminded John of a cocoa fiber door somewhat lighter was thatched wit somewhat lighter shade of fiber.
John broke the bread and divided the
cheese upon a paper. The disciple in his cheese upon a paper. The disciple in his
turn made a swift but comprehensive mental inventory of his host. As his yes rested upon the bandage around John's injured member, he glanced up inquiringly.
"Got it yesterday," said John.

## "Serious

"Well, that's what I call a neatly turned ankle," said the disciple.
John grinned.
"Out of work?" inquired John. "Nope
"But you're not working," insisted "Never have. Man's never out of a thing he has never had, is he? How "Yes," replied of a job?"
"Yes," replied John.
"What line of business?"


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If you want to buy or sell any thing, or if you want help or em ployment, use the Classified Page of The
WESTERN HOME MONTHLY per word per insertion Cash with order
an option on the land and buy it in at that-great, isn't it?"' mathe He enthusiastically vigorous assault upon the loaf., he con-
"I'd let you in on the ground," timued, "if you had any money, but of course, in big operations like this, one
bas to interest the captains of industry, Still, when the stock is issued I may slip you a block on the strength of this
John, dumb with amazement, bread and cheese, furtively put his hand down on his nineteen cents, gulped down his accents: I know I wasn't born in New York City - for which my parents will some day receive grateful thanks-but 've got enough horse sense to know ho air when I catch a blast of it."
"Young feller," exclaimed the indignant disciple, "let me give you a wad
of advice. Get before the people. It of advice. Get before the people. Io
don't make any difference how you do it-decently, if you can-but get there! Get a reputation! If you can't get re-putation-notoriety! It's about as wêll, in these days, to be notorious as it is to
be famous.
which he immediately wound upon stick. Picking up the two young men
bers of the finny tribe, he made his way back to the street.
A shabbily dressed individual with a limp dropped off the rear end of a truek ter of the big bridge. He had carefully gauged his chances of being seen, and chose the time when the car inspector on duty, and the police officer, supposed to be, were looking opposite ways He jumped, across the roadway as quickly as his lameness permitted, clambered through the steel work of the outwardly so, at least-upon the mighty The very audacity of the act made it successful
He unwound a fish line from a stick baited it with a bit of clam obtained rom a garbage can behind a restaurant cquired by the expenditure of a cent and with apparently as much interest in the sport as though he were fishing from the bank of the creek at home, he cast his two hundred or more feet of fishing
tackle into the water below.


Now, I may not be famous yet, but He tied the end of the cord to one I may say, without jeopardizing my of the suspending cables and busied him modesty, that there are few police judges self stringing a couple of undergrown fish, in New York with whom am not on his pocket. He arain went into these And the advice-giver arose, gazed at same pockets, and, after a lengthy and the empty papers regretfully, and luxuriously stretched himself.
"rve got to meet a man at the City Hall. Pleasant though our meeting has been, one must obey the mandates of have a chance to reciprocate some if I command me!" Brushing a few crumbs from his he strolled leisurely from the pier.
Left alone, John pondered upon the peculiar advice so freely given. He thought how hard it is to tackle the ladder of fame, and, after a few steps
up, find that the man who climbed it before him has kicked out the rungs, making it imperative to shin up the side ail, if one got up at all.
Discouraged and disgusted, he gazed down on the greasy water of the East for an ointment - wondering how fish for an ointment -- wondering how fish
fattened on Standard Oil would taste. Fish! Ah! He painfully arose to his feet and hobbled out fartlier on the wharf to where some small boys were trying to entice the wily denizens from "Had any l
ny luck?" inquired John
And he held up a couple of dininutive" And. "Had lots of bites, too," dıminutive "Yes?" sald John. "How much will
ou take for your you take for your catch and fishing
tackle?" "What'll yer give?" asked the business. like fisherman. the "A nickel?" "Aw, nit!" Gimme seven cents, an" she's your'n."
John dug up a five cent piece and two John dug up a fivecent piece and two "Aw, wwan you and yer bridge fishcoppers, dropled and took possession of the grimy the driveway, swingng his locust by its

Winnipeg, May, 1914.
The Western Home Monthly
"Hey, boss! Feller fishin' back thar! yelled a dirty-faced un
the rear of a delivery wagon.
"How fur?" shouted the officer, in whom this corroborative evidence had aroused a hitherto unsuspected case of "hot-foot. a block."
"Here, get t'ell off that wire 'fore I git out there an' wear this stick out on ye!" yelled an authoritative voice; and
John, looking back over his shoulder, responded in a complaining tone "Don't make so darned much noise; you'll scare the fish!"
The bluecoat must have been familiar with the old proverb, for he opened his mouth three times, evidently thinking once at each effort, before he spoke:
"Well, I'll be-be cussed from Harlem to high livin'. You're sure the president of the nerve builders, you are Come out of that now fore I come out after ye!"-and he made a motion in John's direction.
John held his position, well knowing that the only things that would induce the patrolman to venture out upon that
fragile eighteen-inch cable would be the presence of his captain or a pair of wings-which latter generally feathe ife $\rightarrow$ and, realizing his security, was about to parley for terms when he felt a violent tug at the line which lay He looked down expecting to see some blunt-bowed soft-coal burner in distress. His sporting instincts instantly arose "Say, hold on a minute! I've got a thundering good bite!"
Again the tug. John struck, and hand ver hand, up from the briny deep, ame a wriggling, glistening victim! tense as John's; and after hauling up what seemed a mile of line, John laid his fish at his captor's feet.
They both gave vent to great sighs of The officer was the first to break the silence. "Say, young feller, Tke Walton wasn ${ }^{\text {t }}$ "Say, young feller, Tke Walton wasn't
one, two, three with you. That fish has saved you just about ninety days on the
island. It's a shame to do it, but I've island. It's a shame to take ye in." "Wait till "All right,", said ohn. which held the two fish taken from his pocket.
The policeman stretched his neck through the braces, gulping down hi astonishment as he did so.
"What? Two more? How long ye "Only a few minutes," replied John "Only a few minutes," replied John blamed good notion to set a line "Yes, you might as well combine business willy prawled from his perilous seat up to the roadway.
"What's th' matter with th' foot?" inquired his good-hearted captor as John "imped along at his side
"Sprained ankle." but don't ve "That's too darned bad; but don't ye
care-I don't believe the judge will be care-I don't believe the judge will be hears about yer fish. He's somethin' of a sport himself. Them fish show you know where to go to get 'em, and the in the station-house an, ye can lay over up till Monday mornin'," With this questionable consolation, the two, officer and prisoner, moved
"across the bridge to the New York terminal.
"So you were fishin' from the center of Brooklyn Bridge, eh ?" questioned and offenders. "Yes, sir." "Why did you go there to fish? Couldn't you find any better place?" "Why not?" have been fished to "Other places have been fished to leath, sir.", phaces have been fished to
"What are you doing here in the
city?" John told the story of his hopes and aspirations, ending his narrative with his discharge from the staff of the Morn ing Eyeopener on account of the dull
The judge eyed him a few minutes with great interest, then gazed out of the window a few more, and then, turninquired:
"Tot any money?"
"Ten cents," replied John
"Here, take this" - reaching out
ollar
John gasped, but took the dollar ime come in here to-morrow at this ity and I will give you a letter to the city editor of the Eyeopener, who hap pens to be a personal friend. I think $t$ large, and perhaps he can keep you Wusy."
With renewed hope, the fisher for public recognition stepped down and out.

The bee that gets the honey. doesn't loaf around the hive.

Making the Best of Land I am free to say that I have never an American writer. I have seen many run-down farms in such bad condition that they can't produce good crops; but these are not exhausted farms. If they are intelligently handled they will repond with good, crops, provided the in fit condition so that they can live there in comfort. I am satisfied that the first step in restoring rundown land is to practice good tillage. Next to this must go drainage to get rid of the wet portions of the arable land. Then the meeds must be killed and clean, which is also a tillage operation. On top of these things must go more manure. I don't care what method is resorted to to get the manure, whether it be stable manure, or green manure, or chemical
manure, but manure you must have, not only to help the soil at the very present time, but to grow better crops so as to get more vegetable matter that will make humus, the real backbone of good
soil. soil.

Some years ago grass was called the pivotal crop of American agriculture. No ne appreciates the importance of grass
more than I, but I am inclined to think that the pivot of which our agriculture tands and rotates lies deeper. The grass rop as we know it, creates nothing, it eally develops nothing, it takes plane ood out of the soil, may or may not when it is sold from the farm, helps to deplete the fertility of the land. Indeed as used ordinarily on the farm, through the improvident methods of feeding, much of the real ferthity in grass or hay is lost. Pasture lands and grass lands, unless they are top-dressed with
bone, chemical or other manures, seldom become more productive. It takes a lons time for grass alone to make the land rich. Grass is a good savings bank. It gathers up and saves plant food from running to waste. It pays a good in-
terest, and is a capital institution, but erest, and is a capital institution, but
unless other things are added to it, the principal is not greatly increased.
Mabel-"He's a perfect bear!" Daisy-"Do you refer to his arms or his temper?"

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## THE YOUNG MAN AND HIS PROBLEM

By James L. Gordon, D.D., Central Congregational Church, Winuipeg

## TAKING LIFE SERIOUSLY

The world is looking for the man who takes life seriously, whose spirit is dominated by an high ideal for the sham popularity of life. They do not seek to be known among men as the "hail fellow, well met." They are not willing to saturate their physical frames with stale beer and bad whiskey in order to develop a reputation for sociability. They have a
goal and seek to reach it-an ideal and they seek to achieve it.

## STANDING ROOM

If you would know a man's size and calibre ascertain his ideal of success; know, if possible, the can, the ambitions which stir his heart. After a man is what he would like to be. Every man needs a solid foundation upon which to build. There ought to be a certain fundamental element in your nature which would remain solid and unmoved if every"Give me a good standing place away, Goethe said: world." The standing place we certainly need, even though we never move the world.

## GETTING ALONG WITH PEOPLE

The greatest art in the world is the art of getting along with people. Some of the best people in the son of "General" Booth said to Gipsy Smith: "Gipsy, we can get along without you in the Salvation Army," So Gipsy retired from the ranks of the
Salvation Army, and made a name for himself Salvation Army, and made a name for himself
standing upon the rock of his own individuality. "Gipsy, we can get along without you." It is so eapy to we cater such , „a sentence as as that -"We can get along without you." But, my friend, the main thing in life is not to get along, without people, but to to get
along with them, and this requires "Tact," infinite in life
along
tact.

## SOCIAL LAWS

David Thoreau, the naturalist, once said: "T have three chairs in my house: one for solitude, two for
friendship, and three for society " That third chair friendship, and three for society." That third chair is the important one. Social laws touch and in fuence the commercial realm, and the circle of a affects his prospects of success and prosperity It affects his prospects of sucesss and prosperity. It
was said of Abraham Lincoln that he never lost a friend. What is the secret of making and keeping friends. Tact, sweetness of disposition, high honor and personal magnetism are all important elements which have to do with the science of Salesmanship,
because they have to do with a man's sovereignty in the realm of his social relationship.

## GET AN IDEA

Carlyle has said that "every noble work is, at first impossible." It is when man attempts the are suggestive: "Do the thing which you are afraid to do." And I may add that if you will do the thing which you are afraid to do, the thing which you are afraid to do will do the most for you. Fall in love with your own work. Give your whole heart to it. Do one thing and do it well. "You must have capitalist, to John Gutenberg, the inventor of the printing press. Gutenberg replied with enthusiasm, "When one gets on the track of a great idea it is hard to give it up." That is the secret of all success -the inspiration of a great idea. And that is what Baudelaire the French poet and philosopher means
when he exclaims: "Be ever intoxicated-with poetry or philoosphy, or or virtue, or what you will,
but be ever intoxicated." That is, let hought take full possession of your soul, and give yourself to it completely.

## A \$6,000 MAN

When the late Professor Henry Drummond was in Tokio, he said, in addressing a conference of forty Japanese Christian pastors: "Have you any message
which you would like to send to the Christian which you would like to send to the Christian
Churches in Great Britain and the United Stateq" Churches in Great Britain and the United States? Their answer was exceedingly striking and sugges-
tive. "Tell them to. sent us one six thousand dollar tive. "Tell them to. sen 1 us one six thousand dollar
missionary rather than ten two thousand doll missionaries." There is a difference in men. The difference is not in the color of the skin, or the height of the form, or the weight of the body, or the contour of the face. The difference is an internal one; it has to do with the fibre of the intellect and
the quality of the grey matter which floats in the

## HE LIVED

"That man won't live," said the chief surgeon to his assistant, as he wandered. over the field of battle, boot, and looking for likely cases. "No use paying boot, and looking for likely cases. "No use paying
any attention to him, he can't live." Just then the wounded soldier requested the surgeon to examine his knapsack. The surgeon did so and in so doing came across an cld five dollar bill. "Place that bill .n my right hand," weakly whispered the wounded warrior. The surgeon did as he was requested, and placed the old, greasy bill in the pale hand of the soldier whom you can, the surgeon's surprise, when the young soldier shook the five dollar bill in the surgeon's face and exclaimed: "I'll bet you five dollars I will live." The surgeon turned to his assistants quietly and remarked: "Put him on the stretcher, boys, he'll
live,"-and he lived.

## WORK YOUR PLAN

We must begin our career with a decision. An intelligent resolution must be the foundation upon which we shall build the superstructure of our
character and achievements. The Intellect may character and achievements. The Intellect may
provide a programme for the day and outline the provide a programme for the day and outline the
route for the procession, but the Will must give the command "Forward, March!" Having reached the decision that success is possible for us-that the gem is within our reach and that the coveted jewel may be had if we are ready and willing to pay the price-the next thing in order is the plan of battle is the mother of commercial progress. System is the father of financial success. Take nothing for granted Lay the foundation solid and secure. "Plan your work and work your plan."

## DO THE NEXT THING

There are two possibilities before you: the possithe first and shun the latter. Remember that. Wo mercial life is a science. Life is a game of skill and not a game of chance. It was Hugh Price Hughe concerning whom it was said that "He never opened door in front of him without shutting the door behind him." "Do the next thing" was John Wanamaker's reply, when someone asked him what his
business motto was. And it is this steady applicabusiness motto was. And it is this steady applica-
ion to the daily procession of events which secures teady and reliable results as we mark the onward evolution of the months and the years. Few men are brilliant and brilliant men are not always uccessful.

## MAKE ANOTHER

Everything depends upon yourself. No man can Write you up and no man can write you down. When a newspaper reporter said to Sam. Jones, the famous evangelist, of the south, "Mr. Jones, the papers the world would never have heard of you." Sam. Jones replied with a smile, "If the newspapers made Sam. Jones, let them make another just like him." Every man, good or bad, successful or unsuccessful is a self-made man. Your destiny is in
your own hands. "If you journey to the end of the world," says a modern philosopher, "none but yourself shall meet you on the highway of life." To
every city which you attack, to every visit, to every problem which to every circle which you enter, you bring-yourself.
Everything depends Everything depends on you.

## Flattery

Disraeli affirmed that "all men liked to be flattered, "kings, dukes, lords and earls." "In fact," he says, expects and enjoys flatterỳ." I can hardly I such a doctrine. I would flatter no man, but I would not hesitate to express to a man things which would be pleasing to his pride and an inspiration to his soul. If a man is enjoying excellent health, if his business is evidently prosperous, if his children ar possessed of peculiar gifts and talents, or if wife self, has just made a public address, which ha reflected credit upon the community, what harm cau there be in letting him know that you are consciou of any or all of these things. Tact, true tact, ha humanity. Tact, true tact, has of a genuine love of humanity. Tact, true tact, has to do with the head Tact, true tact, has to do with the hand-whereve man touches man in social contact, there we need to be students of the greatest science in the world-the
art of getting on with people-Tact.

WHAT IS CHARACTER?
Guard well your own character. "A man's character," says one writer, "is what a man is in the dark." Let the secret springs of your soul be true. If you are right in your thinking and living the
world will find it out. Right thinking is the mother of right doing. Wrong thinking is the mother of wrong doing. You can't think crooked and live straight. As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he The way in which a man lives will ever be the best expression of what a man believes. Alexander Pope
was right when he said: "For modes of faith, let graceless zealots fight
He can't be wrong whose life is in the right."

## STUDY MEN

"Get the reasonable men on your side and you
need not fear the unreasonable." There are splendid need not fear the unreasonable." There are splendid perience is of value and may be had for the eir exAssociate with men who are older and more perienced than yourself. Remember that the keenest compliment which you can pay to a man is to ask him for his advice. (You need not always follow it.) James A. Garfield once said that: "Mark Hopkins at one end of a log and a thoughtful
student at the other end make a University " books if you can spare the time, but study men, no matter how busy, you are. "The proper study of mankind is man.

## SECRET OF SUCCESS

"History," says the historian, Mr. Lecky, is full of the examples of men who in great trials and ing heroism, yet who readily succumbed to persever vices and passions." And he might have added that here have been many men who have acted in a heroic spirit in the time of some sudden emergency who have failed miserably in discharging the little duties and details of every day life. When somebody questioned William Carey concerning the achieve I' can plod, and I can pursue a plan when once have decided upon it." Dwight L. Moody seemed quite surprised when a newspaper reporter asked him how he had succeeded so well as a preacher and an evangelist. He replied: "The secret of my success can be expressed in two words, 'Consecration and essful business man could tell you the secret of his prosperity in a sentence of five words.

## LAW

Remember that our civilization rests on law. The difference between civilization and barbarism is in that word. A poor law is better than no law, and a true citizen will obey a poor law until he can get a better one. We need, to-day, to preach, and write,
and exhort concerning the sacredness of law. A "yellow pulpiteer" is better sacredness of law. A if the pulpiteer stands for law. British politician" law is the thing which commands international respect and consideration. Thomas Starr King remarks: There was great wisdom starir King expressed in the exclamation of a little constable I heard of once who went to arrest a burly offender against the statutes, and was threatened with a a matter of fists and muscles, the majesty of the law would have been miserably bruised. But the intrepid little officer responded: "Do it if you please; only remember, if you shake me, you shake the whole

## bUSINESS IS BUSINESS

Let business be business. Let it be understood that lying, eheating, defranuding and deeeiving are
not business. Business is the science of and an honest bargain. It does not take sruat brains to muckle people out of money by unfair meansalmost anybody could do that. In an old volume of illustrations I find the following: An incident is related of Mr. A. T. Stewart's first day's business. that the colors were fast and would clerk told her Mr. Stewart indignantly remonstrated with out. salesman. "What do you mean by sayine what you know to be untrue? The calico will fade; she will demand her money back, and she will be right. I "Look here, goods represented for what they are not." are going to be your principle clerk, "if those are going to be your principles in trade, I'm going to
look for another situation. You won't last long."
But Mr. Stewart did last.

## The Riel Rebellion

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Edith G. Bayne.
WENTY-NINE years ago this $\begin{gathered}\text { Wpring witnessed the last struggle } \\ \text { Day the surprise. On St. Patrick's }\end{gathered}$ spring witnessed the last struggle $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day the metis formed a provincial } \\ & \text { of the red man against the forces }\end{aligned}$ of law and order in Canada. His final Gabriel Dumont as adjutant-general, and surrender was inevitable, but he did not a large council. The Saskatchewan bury the hatchet and smoke the pipe of Indians, under the leadership of Beardy peace without one last long reign of terror and the shedding of much blood. Slowly and surely year by year he had puted possessions until even the limitless prairie was wrested from him by the paleface. Mounted police posts, forts, farmsteads and embryo towns encroached upon his happy-hunting-ground and his trails bore the wagon wheel imof land were given him but the Indian makes an indifferent farmer. He wanted failed to tame his wild free spirit. Louis


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Riel, a half-breed, belonging to the hotblooded race once known as FrancoIndian, was born at St. Boniface in 1844 and educated at the Jesuit College in Montreal, as a protegee of Bishop
Tache. He had all the qualities of a leader and he early grew to believe that his mission in life was to lead his people in a war upon the white man to regain
the land in the west of Canada. In 1869 he took an active part in a protest against Canadian authority but the rebellion was suppressed by force under
Sir Garnet Wolseley and Riel fled the country for a time. In 1873 he again incited rebellion among the Indians and half-breeds but it did not gather
strength and a warrant of outlawry strength and a warrant of outlawry,
was issued sentencing him to five years was issued s.
banishment.
In the summer of 1884 he returned from Montana and again led a movement of the metis or half-breeds-augmented by a force of Indians from the valley of
thie Saskatchewan-to a grand rally at the Saskatchewan-to a grand rally at
St. Laurent. Here they drew up a Bill of Rights and forwarded it to the government, demanding the same grant
of 240 acres per head for the half-breeds on the territories that had been given theli kinsmen in Manitoba. There were other more extravagant demands, but, although the government appointed a whole affair to look into the matter, the Whole affair aroused very little public
attention, and so when the news of attention, and so when the news of
a ctual revolt came in the following
Itarch, eastern Canada was taken com-
and One-Arrow joined them and they proceeded to shout defiance at the Canadian government. All a vailable stores were seized and telegraph communication
was shut off by cutting the wires. Supwas shut off by cutting the wires. Sup-
plies en route to Prince Albert were intercepted and the rebels demanded the surrender of Fort Carlton, a North West Mounted Police post, 40 miles from Prince Albert. Major Crozier with a few of his aides held this post and succeeded
in getting word to Prince Albert and in getting word to Prince Albert and with whose assistance he made an effort to secure the stores from Duck Lake. But at this point he was attacked and forced to retreat.
The only forces available to cope with
the insuirection were 500 Mounted the insuircction were 500 Mounted
Police scattered in small detachments over the territory, with much less than half that number distributed between Fort Carlton, Fort Pilt and Battleford, the most important posts. Great excitement prevailed throughout Canada,
now that the fight was on and steps were now that the fight was on and steps were
immediately taken to despatch a force immediately taken to despatch a morce of April 3,000 men had gone out from Ontario and Quebec, and 1,500 had been raised in Manitoba.
The main body of the rebels was gathered at Batoche on the South mustered his men at Qu'Appelle and Swift Current resolving to attack the rebel camp in two columns. The largest under himself, was to proceed north by trail to Clark's Crossing, a rough 40 miles from Batoche and the second,
under Lieutenant-Colonel Otter, was ordered to march on Battleford. Lieutenant-Colonel Van Straubenzie, a veteran of the Crimea, of the Indian Mutiny and of the Chinese Rebellion was second in command under Middetro
An auxiliary army was to descend from Edmonton to Fort Pitt.
Poundmaker, the Cree chief, with 500 Indians laid siege to the stockade near Battleford while Big Bear with his Indians seized the stores near Fort Pitt and killed nine people. The settlers in the valley of the upper river fled in
terror north and west in an effort to reach Edmonton while hot on their trail sped the Indians, pillaging and trail sped the Indians, pinaging and the smoke of battle hung like a pall on
the horizon and no white man's life was the horizon and no white man's life was
safe. By forced marches the main army, safe. By forced marches the main army,
the Royal Grenadiers and Battery A with other troops gained Clark's Crossing
and advanced boldly on the enemy. At and advanced boldly on the enemy. At
Fish Creek the Indians were gathered Fish Creek the Indians were gathered
behind rifle pits which they had conbehind rifle pits which they had con-
structed in a wooded coulee or valley. A structed in a wooded coulee or valley. A A
sharp and bloody conflict ensued on April 24th and although the rebels fought stubbornly under Gabriel Dumont they were finally defeated at this stronghold. In the meantime, Otter's army, leaving Swift Current on April 13th, marched
steadily the two hundred miles to the fort at Battleford and successfully met the Indians there, beating them back to the river. Moving on with 325 men to attack Poundmaker, Otter came upon
the Indians at Cut Knife Hill. A severe the Indians at Cut Knife Hill. A severe
skirmish followed and the white men, skirmish followed and the where mored
through insufficient numbers were forced to retreat to Battleford again. General Strange with a small division directed his forces against Big Bear while Van Straubenzie proceeded to Batoche and planned and carried out the attack there.
Spring was now well advanced and the Spring was now well advanced and the
steamer Northoote was enabled to navigate the river, going down with a plentiful supply of food and ammunition for the main army who reached Batoche on May 9th. They found the rebel. entrenched along the river banks in rifle pits and Van Straubenzie immedintely army, and began to use his artillery. Unfortunately the Northcote was of no
material assistance after all, for, as she
advanced down the river under a heavy fire from the enemy, her captain found count of a severe injury to her wheel Having thus tecome disabled she drifted
on past the fort. The siege of Batoche continued for four days, the firing at
first desultory but on the last day a full and determined charge by the militia gaining for them the victory. Riel and

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many of his aides were captured. Dumont escaped over the American border
Poundmaker surrendered and Big Bear Poundmaker surrendered and big bea
was ultimately captured. With the siege was untimately captured. was practically
of Batochte the rebellion was ended, although not without severe loss to the militia.
Louis Riel was taken to Regina and
 sentenced to be hanget withstanding the
the same year, and nothwither eloquent pleading of his counsel and the many letters from French-Canadians asking for commutation of his sentence it was carried out to the full letter of the law. Eight Indians met the same in the Manitoba penitentiary.
The excellent work of Straubenzie and of Capt. Howard and his gatling gun at Batoche and of Col. Williams and his men of the midlands has gone down to reason to be proud of the "fighting 90 th" or "the little black devils," as the halfbreeds called them. The suppression of the rebellion throughout was distinguished for bravery in the ranks of our defenders who fought, every man,
like a Canadian and a hero.

## Poultry Keeping in Alberta

G. P. W., Irvine, Alta.: "Our climate here is very dry with winter weather which changes very suddenly from very cold
flock in a hopper charcoal, oyster shell, fock in a hopper chareoal, oyster shell
granulated charcoal, sharp sand, fine gravel and alfalfa hay. In the drinking fountains we keep separator milk and twice a week we give them fresh but termilk. They have water all the time
We feed whole oats in the morning We feed whole oats in the morning, a
mash of crushed grain at noon mixed with water, milk or buttermilk, and towards evening plenty of whole wheat in wheat straw litter eight or ten inches deep. We fetd beets one day, raw potatoes the next and cabage the thir day. what popord in the mash end how much salt? What quantities of wheat and oats should we give and
when? Would it be wise to feed when? Would it be wise to feed a
cooked root mash twice a week in place cooked root mash twice a week in place of an all grain 'mash?' We want all the early spring. Would green cut bone increase the egg yield when plenty of milk is always before them? Is there any important factor missing in the
diet of my hens? Would sprouted oats diet of my hens? Would sprouted oats wish to breed from purebred White Wyandotte males, but we intend to hatch the ehicks early enough to sell
the cockerels for broilers during June and July. If we use White Wyandotte males on the Barred Rock pullets will the pullets early enough to sell them for broilers? With the purebred White Wyandottes the sex is not distinguish able until the birds are almost mature." As corn is not procurable these hens
are being fed about as well as they are being fed about as well as they
can be. Milk is a good substitute for meat as far as it can be made to go. but average milk is about 85 per cent water and the solids in it are so greatly diluted that laying hens cannot con-
sume enough of it to secure as sume enough of it to secure as much
protein as they should have for the best protein as they should have for the best
results. I Io not feed oats to my hens. except at long intervals. I try them two or three times a year but my hens
will not eat them unless I starve them to it and short feeding has no place in my system. If I could get clipped oats I would try to accustom my hens to element found in eggs, in larger propor tions than any other grain. 1 never feed $m y$ rens
I boil the potatoes and use them in making a mash, mixing wheat shorts with them. Raw calbage and beets are yood green feels, but I doubt if there
is any adrantage in is ally adrantage in bothering with
them as long as alfalfa hay cun bith plied. I feed my heus alfalfa hay hy the forkful and I notice they do not care much about other green feed as long as they can get the alfalfa.
I have no set rule for feeding my I have no set rule for feeding my
hens. I give them the kind of grain
they seem to tike test they seem to like best and as much as
they will eat with a good appetite

Much of the time I give a mash made of wheat middlings for the morning beef scraps. In spring and summer when the young birds are growing up. I feed a dampened mash made of equal weights of wheat and corn coarsely
ground together to which is ground together, to which is added 10
per cent of beef scrap, for laying per cent of beef scrap, for laying hens
once a day and for the chickens twice. If there is any advantage for fowle in cooking roots-except potatoes, which are not roots-I have not discovered it. Green cut bone is one of the very
best feeds for laying hens if not best feeds for laying hens if not more
than half an ounce every other day than half an ounce every other day is
fed to each hen. Too much of the feed is not good as it brings on bowel trouble.
Sprouted oats is the best form of
green feed for fowls at green feed for fowls at any age. This
is the only form in which I would is the only form in which I would use ing the oats softens the hulls, ohanges the form of the starch in the kernel to a more digestible one and furnishes a laxative green feed which maintains good digestion.
Using White
Barred Plymo Wyandotte males on Broduce Bmouth Rock females should produce a large percentage of white
rose-combed chicks which would be to distinguish from purebred White Wyandottes. The difference between the long' bodied strains of White Wyan-
dottes and the short bodied strains White Plymouth Rocks is largely of the shape of the comb. This is not as it should be but it is the cause.
This correspondent does not seem in great need of advice. The great factors in making a success in poultry keeping variety. This flock seems to be fortu nate in having the owner it has.

## An Irpeparable Loss

The teacher of the primary school, in looking round the room after the chil dren had taken their seats, saw a new face. It pertained to a little boy. She
called him to her desk. "What is your name, dear?" she asked him
"Tommy Hunter, ma'am," he an swered.
"How
"How old are you, Tommy?"
"Six, going on seven.
"You don't look over five," she said, to ask you to bring me a certificate of your age."
"Bring you what, ma'am?"
"A statement from your parents. You may stay here this morning, but when you go home at noon ask your mother
to write me a note, telling me when and where you were born. Don't forget it Tommy. You may go back to your seat."
After
After the noon recess was over and the children had reassembled in the
schoolroom, Tommy presented himself at her desk, flushed with triumph. The glow soon faded from his little face however, as he felt in his pockets, one after another, and failed to find the note his mother had written. He began to "ry. "What is the matter, dear?" asked the teacher.
"I-I've lost my-my excuse for bein"

## The Real Reason

Certain public employees who have to submit daily to a rapid fire of wellmeant but needless questions may be their persecy occasionally turn upon the New York "Tribune," was one of the victims.
"Don't you ever feel sick going up and down in this elevator all day?" a fussy lady asked him.
levator maam," courteously replied the "Is it the motion going down?" pursued the lady.,
"No, ma'am."
"The going , up?"
"Is it the stopping that does it?"
"Then what is it""

Winnipeg，May，${ }^{1914}$
The Westepn Home Monthly

## Ingersoll and Alcohol

Mr．Windle，of Chicago，who has been doing a lct of work for the liquor party in Ontario，has alsc been lauding the work of the famous American anti－Bible orator，
R．G．Ingerscll，of whom he holds a very igh opinion．The question has been asked if Mr．Windle is familiar with the ubjoined quotation from an address de－ cred by Col．Ingersoll to a jury in a case $n$ which the liquor traffic was discussed． It is to be found on pages 12 and 13 of the 1885 edition of the＂Wit，Wisdom，and Eloguence of Robert G．Ingersoll＂：－－ ＂I am aware that there is a prejudice against any man engaged in the manu－ the time it issues from the coiled and poisonous worm in the distillery until it empties into the hell of death，dishonor and crime，it demoralizes everybody that touches it，from its source to where it ends．I do not believe anybout becoming prejudiced against that liquor crime． ＂All we have to do，gentlemen，is to think of the wrecks on either bank of the stream of death；of the suicides，of the
insanity，of the poverty，of the ignorance， of the destitution，of the little children tugging at the faded and weary breasts of weeping and despairing wives，asking for bread；of the talented men of genius it has wrecked，the men struggling with imaginary serpend when you think of the jails，the almshouses，of the asylums，of the prisons，of the scaffolds upon either bank，I do not wonder that every thought－ ful man is prejudiced against this stuff

## The New Gospe

These are the days not of cure but of prevention．We cure diseases by the thousand．We know of no cu e for typhoid，and we are not very busy looking for one．We know the cause of it，and it is a cause we can so easily remove that we look on every case as a danger signal－ a warning－a call to clean up to drink was a declamation of diunken－ ness as a sin，and a rallying call to all to reclaim the drunkard．These were the deepest sin and the highest virtue．Books and books $\mathbf{w}$

## Prevention

We preach the new gospel of preven－ We preach the new gospel of preven symptom only－a symptom of drinking．
Drinking is the cause of drunkenness Drinking is the cause of drunkenness，
therefore，stop the cause．When we held therefore，stop the cause．When we held up drunkenness to opprobrium，con－ against it，preached made no progress．Al agreed with us，including the brewers， the distillers，and the publicans．We were preaching to the converted．Every－ one，without exception，resolved in his earthly use is it to－day to tell a young man not to get drunk，to show him a ghastly picture of the brain of the drunk－ ard，of his stomach，of his arteries，to paint to him the home and the miseries， ard．He agrees＇he resolves；he pledges ard．He agrees；he resolves；he pledges

## Drinking is the Evi

All this is futile if he continue to drink Drinking is the the drinker is drinking a paralytic poison that is weakening（to the extent to which he takes it），first his will power，and second，his resistance to disease．Its action is insidious．It is subtle．The victim rarely knows． cerely believe it，＂that＂drink never did them any harm，＂when it was obvious to
all their friends that they were dying on all their fr
their legs

## Cause of Drinking

The chief cause of drinking are th acilities for getting it；the temptations， the facilities for getting drink and you ne facilities for getting drink and youn
tain the facilities for getting drink and Decrease the facilities for getting drin and you decrease the amount consumed This has been proved up to the hilt Sunday Closing has proved it．Liverpoo temporary closing has proved it．Bar has proved it．Early night closing ha proved it．Higher liquor rates have proved it．No－License districts in dif ferent parts of the world have proved it Take these．In the No－License districts in New Zealand during 1910，the value of
the liquor consumed per head of the pop－ the iquor consumed per head of the pop－
ulation was 18s．In the license districts it was $£ 4 \mathrm{3s}$ ． 1 dd ．In one No－License district with which I was personally ac quainted，the total public offences for the year，prior to the closing of the were only 45 ．
I heard Mr．W．R．Gibson，of Kilsyth that trusty old Temperance stalwart give most effective testimony to the truth of this law of facilities from his travels in he United States．｜

Keeping the Connection Open． By Rev．John McNeill

In driving between my Australia wayside trough to give the horse a drink．I notice that the trough is quite full of water，and that there is a box

at one end of it．As the horse drinks at one end of it．As the horse drink
the water is lowering and presently hear a sound as of a running tap．Yes， the sound is coming from the box．That box is covering a piece of mechanism
which needs explaining which needs explaining．Within it
there is a tap connected by there is a tap connected by pipes with
the main reservoir up in the Plenty ranges．
Attached by a lever to the tap is a metal ball which rests on the surface of the water．As the horse drinks，the water on which the ball is floating is lowered，and thus the ball is lowered； the lowering of the ball opens the tap
and the water begins to pour in，so that， and the water begins to pour in，so that，
although the water is being withdrawn
by the thirsty animal a fresh supply is being poured in，the trough is＂being filled，＂so that it is always＂full．＂ believer．No matter what the outflow into the surrounding emptiness may be， or the withdrawals by thirsty，needy souls，there is the continual inflow，so ness．＂It is ours to see to the connection away up among the hills of God being kept open－to see that the faith，prayer，and meditation．
＂How awfully quiet young Mr．Bash－ ley is．＂He always reminds me of the g in gnat．＂－＇Ohicago Hecord－Herald．＇

You＇ll notice that the letter＇ s ＇ Is found quite often in distress For it is＇crooked，＇don＇t you see？

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3000 Russian Golden Willows， $6-8$ ft．，good trees， per 100 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 20.00 500，000 Maples，2－4 ft，per 100 Gooseberry and Currant Dushes，hardy varieties， $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 5．00 } & \text { Rhubarb Roots，Horseradish，English } \\ 1.00 & \text { Mint，Lillacs } \\ \text { all Hardy Sha } \\ \text { and }\end{array}$
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## Poultry Chat

H. E. Vialoux, Sturgeon Creek.

The Rearing of Chicks
Hatching is a much simpler matter than the rearing of all the wee mites brought forth from the incubator or
hatched under a hen. Therefore various hatched under a hen. Therefore various
methods of raising chickens are of the methods of raising chickens are of the
utmost importance at this season, when
millions millions of atoms of chicken life are being hatched out in both town and country
For the man or woman desirous of raising from one to two hundred chickens, I strongly advocate the old hen as a means of mothering, and find chicks, providing common sense is shown in her treatment. She should never be allowed to trail her brood about the yard,
in uncertain weather in uncertain weather especially.
Rhoumy, clean weather proof coops should be made for her reception, as
soon as the chicks are nest ripe, whether they are hatched in a machine or under a hen does not matter at all. A hen of large size, a B. Rock or Orpington will mother 20 chicks with ease in a proper coop. She should be allowed to hatch a few eggs then at night, when
"love is unusually blind," place the extra chicks under her. She will tenderly embrace them as her very own if she is a normal mother hen. For the first
24 or 36 hours 24 or 36 hours chickens should just be cuddled any way, so after feeding mother
well I cover the coop up, and leave them well I cover the coop up, and leave them
to gain strength, feeding bread squeezed out of milk and some fine grit when the young fry are 48 to 60 hours old. Gradually give chick feed, and rolled
oats, bread crumbs, bran, a little boiled egg, chopped up "shell and all," charcoal, green feed, such as lettuce, beets, chopped
very fine, are relished. are an ideal food for young chicks, and it pays to provide some for them, The oats grow readily and in shallow boxes, especially if soaked 24 hours, and there is an excellent oat sprouter on the
market, but a handy man can make one market, but a handy man can make one
easily, lamp heat to 90 degrees is all the is required. The green feed of some kind is a necessity to keep away "bowel trouble" and indigestion. I find when May is on the wane there is plenty of tender grass for the lusty little fellows placed on a grassy sward if possible be the early hatched chicks must be but vided with their green fodder, also a little bran meat or chopped liver.
Water s aringly during the first week,
then skim milk and water should then skim milk and water should be always provided, but see that both are
clean and pure. Butter milk is greatly used at the M. A. C., but I have seen very bad results from giving butter milk from a city creamery, bowel trouble set in owing to some impurity in the place in fronte some little shingles to


Fig. 7-This portable colony house for rear ing chickens is made out of two piano boxes,
with the backs taken out and placed back to
back back, on $3 \times 6$ inch runners. The illustration
shows the method of yarding chicks until
they are two weeks old. feed the chicks upon, until they have sense enough to scratch in the chaff Give very small feeds of whatever the
ration is, do not let them eat all they want, as they will gorge themselves and
get indigestion. For they need very. little at one time as the egg yolk is not yet thoroughly assimI know from experience when the chicks lave passed the danger point of
chickendom three weeks the caretaker feels much more comfortable. At 15 to 20 days whole wheat can be added to the chick feed, and cracked wheat and
corn and pinhead oatmeal. I like to send corn and pinhead oatmeal. I like to send
them to roost with a full crop at 3 weeks old. When a month old a crumbly mash can be sparingly fed, and hoppers of assorted cracked and whole grain, bran, grit and charcoal can be placed here and there in the yarded enclosure, which e
chicks.
When the chicks are ready to leave their mothers at 8 weks or the leavs a large coop similar to those pictured in these cuts can be used. The one which is reproduced from Prof. Herner's booklet
on poultry in Manitoba is very good, on poultry in Manitoba is very good,
and can be cheaply made from two piano and can be cheaply made from
boxes, as shown in cut fig. 7 .
The growing of sunflowers in abun-
dance is a capital idea, providing splen-


Robt. Miller of Scotland, are checked black and white in plumage and named "the Exchequer," on account of their
great laying qualities, producing white great laying qualities, producing white
eggs of large size nine months in the year. They are non sitters and mature very early.
Mr. William Miller, of Tompkins, Sas katchewan, got sittings of eggs over from Seotland in 1911, and also in 1913, and
gives a glowing account of their beaut gives a glowing account of their beauty and 'egg production, and claims the Exchequer Leghorn is perfectly hardy in
the northwest. We all like to success in poultry ventures hear of success in poultry ventures. "The
Christian Science Monitor," Boston, of April 20th, tells of the experience of a
Mrs. Anna Wellbock, a tired out Mrs. Anna Wellbock, a tired out boarding housekeeper, of New York, who took up poultry raising on a small holding of States. Owing to the fine parcels the States. Owing to the fine parcels post
system she was enabled to market her new laid eggs in New York at gilt-edge prices, delighting her customers. She
used an especial box of corrugated cardused an especial box of corrugated card-
board for parcels post, and has no com. board for parcels post, and has no
plaints of breakage in the mails.
Mrs. Wellbock is making money out Mrs. Wellbock is making money out of women tired of the city to try their luck. iblieve already the parcels post here in Manitoba is shipping a goodly number of fresh eggs to the city. Of course, eggs must be mailed in a proper box for
safety in transit.

## Details of Raising Ducks

J. S. Smith, Jr.

Raising ducks is my business, and in order to give the duckling a fighting
chance when it is ushered into this chance when it is ushered into this
world it is necessary that your breeding world it is necessary that your breeding
stock should be vigorous and healthy, as
"lik like pr
When the eggs are laid I place them in a cool place and mark them with an side. In order to prevent the germ from settling on the bottom I turn them a little each day.
When I have the required number want to set I place them under chicl: hens, setting four hens at one time ing the infertile eggs. than hen's eggs require more moistrre supply same. On the 15 th, 20 and 25 th days moisten with warm watc Sprinkle with a whisk broom just as if ing, but sprinkle until the water start to run off the eggs. If this system is
followed there will be little trouble followed there will be little trouble with sticking in the shell.
I remove the ducklings as soon as dry
from the nest and place them in a from the nest and place them in a basket lined with soft straw; then they
are wrapped up warm and set away in a quiet place until they are 48 hours old By this time their digestive organs are fully developed and they are ready fo bread soaked in milk consists of stale and lightly sprinkled with powdered charcoal. They are fed this powdered three hours until they are three days old.
After a week old add green food to their diet; lectuce is best, and give them all they will eat of it. When two weeks wheat bran to the food and scraps and meal and middlings. By the time they are four weeks old I have them on a ration of two parts bran, one part middlings, one part corn meal, by measure, and 10 per cent beef scrap. If
allowed to run on a range they will be busy running from one meal to the next, busy running from one meal to the next,
and will pick up one-half of their food
in the slape of in the shape of bugs, worms, weed seed
and grasses.
At five weeks of age they begin to feather out and in nine weeks look like grown ducks. All surplus stock should it sold off now at this age for profit. It is not necessary to have a pond to
raise ducks, only water deep enough to immerse their heads in.
There are many discour There are many discouragements in with it you will win out and success
will crown your efforts

## The Young Woman and Her Problem

By Pearl Richmond Hamilton

## A Message

A letter came to the Mayor of Winnipeg last month from a girl who had been lured away from the city by a wo-
man. This woman sprained her ankle man. Two girls walking behind her rushed to her assistance. She said she could not walk alone, so they helped her to her room. Of course, she invited them to spend the evening with her. They were wage-earning girls, and she expressed great interest work with higher pay. They gladly accepted, and went with her to gladly accepted, and we dropped out of existence in Minneapolis, the other was imprisoned in a den of vice in Ohicago for seven months. She escaped, and wrote this letter as a warning to Canadian
girls who are discontented with their girls who are life in the country or their position in the city. "Do not trust strange women" this girl writes. "Do not accept offers to go to the States, and use your 'will power if approached by glittering ofiers of a life or greate,
which you know nothing.
I am very sure that smooth-tongued women travel through Western Canada, stopping at small towns for the purpose of bringing country girls to the city. Most young girls in rural places long to see the city, and they gladly accept the
positions offered. These women work so mysteriously that it is difficult to catch them. Sometimes they pose as representatives of good institutions, again they offer situations in offices, and often they urge girls to come to live with them. Women of this type are and have been operating in western
Canada. Sometimes they stop at good institutions where girls room and board. They pick their way carefully, and the graft back of them prevents them from being caught while they fill the hungry hearts of young girls with the syrup of sentimen
If a country girl wants to come to
the city, the safest way is to write to the minister of her denomination, and he will see that the right woman looks after her. There are home-makers' clubs in Saskatchewan, home economics clubs
in Manitoba, and missionary and aid in Manitoba, and missionary and aid societies in most of our destern towns. direct the girls of their community who plan to come to the city to a safe
person. This would not be difficult. If a girl is a Presbyterian-communicate with a minister of that denomination;
if she be a Methodist-write to a Methodist minister; or write to the Y.W.C.A This is really important, for there are in Winnipeg certain dangerous places that pose as boarding homes for girls. I have one in mind, to which many country
girls come, as well as immigrant girls. girls come, as well as immigrant girls. Furthermore, let me urge the country
girl to remain in the rural community. girl to remain in the rural community.
She is needed there more than in the city. I can never understand how a woman will lay a trap for an innocent clean pure girl, but I am convinced that the most daring and cruel agents of white slavery are women. Their's are deeds that make the heart numb.

## What do You Need?

The first dollar I ever earned I spent for ten novels of the Bertha M. Clay kind. I began one, and the next day
found to my dismay that they had sudfound to my dismay that they had sud-
denly taken flight. The mysterious thief denly taken flight. The mysterious thief not allow me to read trash. Now we learn that Bertha M. Clay or Charlotte M. Braeme was a man who turned out
fair ladies and handsome men by the dozen to fascinate the fair fourteen-yearold school girl. Two men who were boys together recently met in Winnipeg. The tinancial world-the other is one of life's failures. Why did you not succeed like your friend someone asked? "I was too rood a disciple of Nick Carter", was the
reply.

A Successful Social Service Worker (Her Opinion of the Immigrant Gir Promin Canada
Prominent men and women from this visited Winnipeg during the past year in the interests of social service work. The need of this service in Western Canada is continually brought before th churches and charitable institutions. W have among us men, women and childre
who are unfortunate victims of circum stances they cannot control. One the most successful of social service workers in Canada is Mrs. Genevieve-Lip-sett-Skinner, Canadian organizer of the International Sunshine Movement. Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner has organized branches
in Western Canada, and her personal work touches many lives in periods o sickness and poverty. Children whose parents have died, now live in comfort able homes through her efforts, and widows in their fresh grief have appealed to her, and she has made it possible fo them to keep their little homes together of judgment, and quickly detects the im poster. None but the deserving need ap poster. None but the deserving need ap
ply to her. The best employers in Win nipeg are in sympathy with her work


## Mrs. Lipsett Skinner.

She goes personally into the homes of the sick and suffering, and cooks a or child-or sees that little bare feet and bodies are clothed and protected from the frosts of a Manitoba winter, or per
haps a young girl needs shelter from the tortures of cruel temptations when Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner listens sympathetically and acts.
During the Christmas season under her management several thousand dollars are collectëd for hampers of food and clothing $\begin{array}{ll}\text { for Winnipeg's needy. } & \text { Beginning weeks } \\ \text { before Christmas, her } \\ \text { helpers make a }\end{array}$ careful canvas of the city and every needy family in the city who cannot afford to see Sr rata Claus is remembered with a Christmas dinner and the children with mittens, stockings, caps, sweaters and toys.
Having learned so much of her good work I sought an intervi w with her. Sh had three bundles in her arms, and as
she placed them on a chair I asked: "Have you been shopping?"
"Yes," she replied. "These are some clothes for a little boy whose mother had to go into the country to work. She had no place for him to stay, so told her to leave him wite me for while. He clothes so I have a new outfit for im here. This is just a little venture of my own outside of Sunshine. SunMrs. Lipsett-Skinner enumerated the excellent qualities of the

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## Double The Yield of The Garden



Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner is a clever woman who has been engaged in many activi-
ties. Early in 1912 she was appointed ties. Early in
by the Minister of the Interior to lecture in Great Britain on "Opportunities for Women in Canada." The Minister of the Interior felt that if women could be interested in settling in Canada they
would come over as a result of these lectures. She travelled over rural England, spending a great deal of time in Yorkshire, Lancashire, Staffordshire and Devonshire. She spoke in many of the big centres-in fact, the largest audience ever gathered in the famous
Athenaeum Hall of Manchester came to hear her lecture on Canada, and to see the picturres which proved the statements she made.
Then she travelled through rural districts in a huge motor caravan, which was a nomadic exhibition of Canada's
fruits and grain-this caravan was halted and the display opened wherever a handful of people were accosted on the roads,
while Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner explained the while Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner explained the
advantages of living in Canada. This advantages of living in Canada.
caravan also drew up in the various caravan also drew up seats on mays, occupying a conspicuous place on the market
square, where Mrs. Skinner answered questions, handed out literature about various provinces and gave interviews.
London was her head-quarters, and while there she addressed some of the best known organizations of journalists
and writers who seemed eager to and writers who seemed eag
all they could about Canada.
all they could about Canada.
On her return to Canada
Canadian dailies commended the Minister of the Interior for his forward step in immigration propaganda, declaring that a
woman who combined a personal experwoman who combined a personal exper
ience of pioneer life on a homestead, ience of pioneer life on a homestead, a
sohool teacher in rural districts of Manitoba, and who also had taught foreign children in Winnipeg's north end, knew what she was talking about.
Having heard several complaints from old country girls, I asked her to compare conditions in the old country with the Canadian. She replied:
graduates-who received $\$ 1.75$ a week
"In London the highest salaried typist
"In London the highest salaried typists
receive $\$ 7.50$ a week, and have to live in the suburbs. They have tram fares to pay and luncheon and tea to buy be-
cause it is seven in the evening befor cause it is seven in the evening before
they reach home." they reach home.
receive in
The youngest and mos Winnipeg? graduate of a business college gets $\$ 35.00$ and $\$ 40.00$ a month." "What was your
maids?" I asked.
"I was interviewed by maids who worked for sixty cents a week-others or one dollar and twenty-five cents a
week, and they worked hard. grates in every room to clean and polish, steps to scour in front of the houses, and-where do they live? In
most city residences they occupy quarmost city residences they occupy quar-
ters in the almost subterranean base ters in the almost subterranean base-
ment, where the kitchen usually is, the ment, where the kitchen usually is, the
front room-an added wariness to work Ireland is a much poorer country, and domestics there told me they could not get sixty cents a week. Take the case
of the same class of workers in Canada of the same class of workers in Canada,
and what do you find! The kitchen is and what do you find: The kitchen is there are no ashes to carry, the girl has a comfortable room, and she gets from eighteen to twenty-five dollars a month.
The ligh cost of living does not affect the girl who engages in domestic service

- for some one else has to worry about the butcher's and Erocer's bill." urged.
Irs. Lipsett-Skinner replied: "I had lovely frocks made in London for had dollars-you can imagine that the girls
wao made them did not get two dollars Wuo made them did not get two dollars
a week in their pay envelope-I doubt if there is a competent girl sewing in Win-
nipeg to-day who gets less than lars a week.",
"What do you think is the most "What do you think is the most com-
mon error the immigrant girls make
when they come to this country?" I when they come to this country?" I
questioned.
offers to embrace matrimony. For ex ample, I know some who have married on a week's acquaintance. Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner as a journalist contributes to "Toronto Saturday Night," The Canadian Courier," and while in England she wrote "Impressions of the
Canadian Woman in the Motherland," She is a young woman fulf of "enth. siasm, ambition and Western Canadian optimism. She has a broad grasp of complicated situations, and is a promi nent member on executive boards of several of the most important charitable
institutions in Winnipeg. Mrs. institutions in Winnipeg. Mrs. Lipsett-
Skinner is an active worker in The Civic League, The Political Equality League and is President of The Winnipeg Branch of The Canadian Women's Press Club. Though an acknowledged success in public life, Mrs. Lipsett-Skinner is at her best in the home, where she plans
and cooks dainty dishes for a little dinner party or a reception or just for "themselves." She is extremely pleasing as a hostess, and prominent people from abroad, as well as in the Dominion, have
enjoyed her hospitality. She is a real enjoyed her hospitality. She is a real
type of the distinct Canadian type of the distinct Canadian woman-a
public spirited worker, all the genuine because she is domestic at heart.

The Aristocracy of Girlhood A young woman has sent me the prob. lem:"A young man who is above me
socially and financially, and is manager socially and inancially, and is manage work, asks me to accept his attentions. I am wondering why he does not pay attention to one of his class instead of a working girl. Is it better for me to be content with some one my own equal."
who are superior to the rest of the who are superior to the rest of the
community." In some places dollars and diamonds are the measure of value. In other lands the inheritance of blue blooded grandfathers determines rank.
The more I study this word the more The more I study this word the more
am I persuaded that there are several kinds of aristocracy. The aristocracy of girlhood may be classed under the following divisions: Aristocracy of dress forms-a factor in the girl life. The girl in shabby clothes looks up to the stylish girl at her side-even though
both earn the same wages as is often the case. This is weak aristocracy In the aristocracy of fashion, I do not censure the neatly dressed girl. In yonder kitchen a sweet young girl entertains man-bloated with dissipation he is-i tell her he is not safe. The next time she visits me she wears a gold chain
around her neck. Young girl it does not pay to be admitted into the aristocracy of dress if you sacrifice your purity on the auction block as you enter. There is the aristocracy of fascination. Cleo patra and Mary of Scotland belonged $t$ this class. These are the dangerously Then there is the aristocracy of accom plishment and the aristocracy of intel lect, but the supreme aristocracy of girlhood and manhood is that of char acter. Ask yourself: "What is he? Not what is he worth?" The young man is pure character. Character is the only true aristocracy, and there the only men to-day who are tired of the artificial deception among women of their own class that they go among wage-earning girls for a wife, whom they feel they can
trust, and one whose domesticity is not danced and bridged out.
"I never was glad for this impediment in my speech but one," said the old countryman
I would take asked me h-h-how much I:I-I was $t$-trying to tell him $s$-sixteen pounds he offered me fifty.


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## The Women's Quiet Hour

When the son of Sir Henry Irying re. |ive per cent are deaf to what is going cently visited Winnipeg be and his on about tuem. In many school build nipeg's leading clubs. They were most $\quad$ ings some pupils sit near ansed these investigations are disturbA Warm peared eager to learn all these are are in a sense true, Of course, Welcome to peared eager to learn all $\begin{aligned} & \text { these are statistics on the other side of } \\ & \text { the line; but I venture to say we might }\end{aligned}$ the Irvings Canadian, They liked our find them here. The pupil whose atten \begin{tabular}{ll|l}
<br>
Harveys the country and our people, \& tion is distracted phy admired our energy <br>
Harts can discom

 They did not bore us with $\quad$ tion offered him. The first requirement 

"the way they do things in England," but \& in effective teaching is to get a pupil's <br>
asked us: "How do you do?" So we \& thoughts free from himself. This cannot
\end{tabular} asked us: "How do you do?" So we we thoughts free from himself. This cannot

Canadians felt honored and explained
be done unless he is in a good, physical Canadians felt honored and explained $\begin{aligned} & \text { be done unless he is in a good, physical } \\ & \text { conditions as they are, and enthusiastic- } \\ & \text { ondition. Sometimes much misunder- }\end{aligned}$ ally mapped out her hopes. Mr. Irving
said it was his father's ambition that his standing could be avoided if the teache son produce a great Canadian drama. He is well for a new teacher to know the urged that small theatres be built for parents personally. A little diplomacy the best plays as it is difficult for the
most talented artists to speak to advan- maragement of parents is
in the
helpful to successful discipline in school. most talented artists to speak to advan-
tage in a large building. He, as well as
We owe to successful discipline in school
We future of the boys tage in a large building. He, as well as
other stars of the stage, have compli-
and girls to the future of the boys
ane entrusted to our mented Western Canadians on their care a training in discipline which is appreciation of the superior quality in self-control. It is the principal point o operatic singers of the threatrical world $\quad$ The modern world is still depending on


A Beauty Spot in a Winnipeg Park.

Western Oanada than in the East-and they said this after finishing their tour New York that Winarvey was tor ar the most appreciative in Canada. By the way, it was Martin Harvey's wife who suggested to him the dramading The Only Way Taile of Two Cities." One evening whe they were returning from the theatre sh suggested the dramatization. He im mediately stopped at a book store an
purchased the book, and that night purchased the boor, on hotel paper. It was she who suggested the title of this play which brought fame and success to Mr. Harvey in a single night. Both Mr Irving and Mr. Harvey paid high tribut to women's work, emphasizing the splendid assistance they have hd Mrs. Harve both act in the companies supporting their husbands. Mr. and Mrs. Harve were also popular with Winnipeg people personally as well as on the stage.
It is a treat to meet these stars of the English stage, and is well for Canada that they have come to us, as the Can-
dian stage is being too much adian stage

Recently a famous physician said city children are healthier than children in rose in arms. Dr. Hoag, of Minnesota then made investigations. He Teachers found that at least four-fifths $\begin{array}{ll}\text { and } & \text { of all country children drink } \\ \text { Parents } & \text { tea }\end{array}$ Parents tea and coftee; at least, one
fifth suffer from constant
zens who know how to obey. Some one has said: "They, who relax obedience in
the home and the school are traitors to the coming common weal."

Political equality sympathy is fast gaining ground in Manitoba. The central organization in Winnipeg is busy forming branches, and new speakers are joining Political with the great number of Equality quests coming from outside its points. The League has fo women whose combined efforts will be a force in the province.
"How the Vote was Won" and the Mock Parliament were played for the second time in the Walker Theatre. The seats were sold out three days before the in from outside points. Those who took part acted well, not only for art's sake, but because their heart was in the theme They gave the play in Brandon last month and were most cordially received. other places, come for them to play in part are busy women it is difficult for them to give the play elsewhere. Women of the West are thoroughly aroused to the necessity of equality for the protec at it in a reasonable and convincing way, thereby winning men as well as women to the cause. At the recent election in Illinois women's vote put one thousand
saloons out of business. By the way in some parts of the Old Country moving pictures are showing films picturing the curses of intemperance; they keep open
until the bars close, thus providing an

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open public place at less cost than the bar and at the same time it keeps the cown from the bar. An hour at the Immigration Hall prolessons in nation building. The face of a tired mocher reflecting a heart heavy, Mothers perhaps from parting with aged Mothers parents in the old land, suddenhope that flash across wer countenance hope that trash across her countenance
like lightning as an imaginative moving picture panorama of opportunities for her flock of little ones is thrown on the screen before her mind. All her worldy belongings are tied in huge bundles stained and wrinkled with tjaces of travelling. The little ones scious of her protection in the crowded station. The greatness of our nation depends on sympathy between parents and children, and these are amongst those so make that mother welcome in your so make that mother welcome in your
community. Women of The Quiet Hour, see that the little brood be not surrounded by vile conditions or their hopes crushed by lack of educational opportunities. It is well for these people that
such women as Nellie L. McClung and such women as Nellie L. McClung and
Mrs. A. V. Thomas are courageously fighting for justice and mercy to Candian home life.
Often our women folk of the farm long
or something beyond the wheat field for something beyond the wheat field, but those little ones are most fortunate who have their mothers always with
them. Besides, the mother who has to them. Besides, the mother who has to work hard is developing strength and
determination to pass on to her children through example and inheritance. Great women, as a rule, are not the favorites
of circumstances, but the conquerors.

The men who have and are accomplishing most are those who have been carefully mothered when children. "Woman, behold thy Son" is a text for every mother ing mothers make better citizens than children who are pampered and petted greatest tragedies of to-day is the bringing up of children by a nurse girl. There is no substitute for the mother.
Perhaps it would be well to scrub a little less and spend an hour or two encouraging the children to plant flower they will create beautiful ideals in the mind. I once asked a woman who stayed alone for some time at a lumber camp in British Columbia if she were not afraid. She seemed surprised at my
question and exclaimed: "In the presence question and exclaimed: "In the presence The earlier the child learns to love the nature blessings about him, the stronger will his personality be developed. There are hidden harmonies in the woods and grasses, and it will rest both mother and
children to listen and love. The care of the children given us is our special business; the claim of motherhood has precedence over every other claim in the world, and I do like to hear the mother speak of it as a joy, not a burden. Fran woman that has borne children has a mother's heart, and not every woman who has not borne children is devoid of it, for many times there is a wealth of motherhood in the childless woman." As babes nurse their mothers' moods so do children thrive
mother's disposition.
Every child loves his mother with his heart which is instinctive, with his strength which is reciprocative, and
of intelligent admiration. It is impossible if the mother is peevish, small Our conception and weak in ambition. moods. Be are at the mercy of our chum, his teacher and some day he will say: "Mother was the best, the wisest the most beautiful woman in the world." There is a picture of a woman who looked at her faded hands burdened with costly rings and her home crowded with priceless furniture-and as she lis Ben"" that hinted at the "jewels, ablaze on her breast whete never a child had slept" she covered her face "and wept and wept and wept." Listen to this tribute to the mother of Napoleon by himself.
"Ah, what a woman! Where shall over us with a solicitude She watched Every low sentiment, every thing was discouraged and ungenerous She abhorred falsehood and would not tolerate the slightest act of disobediooke. None of our faults were over looked. Her tenderness was
meeting severe, with equal justice. She had the energy of a man justice. She had the energy of a woman."
"The Inside of the Cup" has provoked more discussion this year than any
other book because it strikes at vital questions of the day. It asks the The Inside Church-"Are you workof The Cup ing to help humanity or of The Cup. are you selling out to isters affirm that the conditions of the Church as described in the book are rue-others say it is overdrawn. At any rate the book is worth thinking any rate the book is worth thinking I
about. These are some quotations
have marked:

A city overtaken by the plague "Unosperity." there be in the back-ground a mother, no portrait of a man is com plete-into the Supreme Canvas cam the Virgin."
The little lad's clo hes were neatly mended betokening io mother with self "The church should be an oasis in desert of misery and vice."
"He was trying to iron out some of " inconsistencies of life." "Mr. Bentley doesn't bother his head "Well," the girl continued, "Ferguson pays a lot of money to keep that going and gets his name in the papers. He hands over to the hospitals where som
of us die-and it's all advertised. forks out to the church. Now, I put it to you, why don't he sink some of that money where it belongs-in living
wages? Because there's nothing in it wages? Because the"
for him-that's why:"
"Once you have made your ideas your own," she mused, "you will have the power of convincing people."

Why We Don't Walk
"Madame," said the doctor, "what you need is more exercise. Why don't you walk four or five miles every day",
"And have people think we've hadd to "And have people think we've hafd to

First Guest:-"I'm sure I don't know why they c'sll this hotel The Parms:
Do you? I've never seen a palm ponyy where near the place." Second Guest-"You'll see themarbe. prise the waiters keep for the guests to prise the waiters keep for the

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## Sunday Reading

Vision and Work Not always on the mount
Rapt in the holy vision be The shores of thought and feeling know The spirit's tidal ebb and flow.
Yet hath one such exalted hour Upon the soul redeeming power and in its strength through after days Till all the lowly vale grows bright, Transfigured in remembered light, And in untiring souls we bear The freshness of the upper air. The mount for visions; but The paths nobler life therein shall own
The pattern on the mountain show The pattern on the mountain shown.

## The Upper Current

Dr. Peabody, in one of his inspiring Dr. Peabody, the students of Harvard, draws a picture of a vessel lying becalmed in a glassy sea. There is not a breath of


The Western Idea of Beautifying a Town
air to fill a sail. While the men wait As they grew a little older, however, and watch, however, they notice that $\begin{aligned} & \text { there were slight differences between } \\ & \text { all at once the little pennant far up on }\end{aligned}$ the masthead begins to stir and lift. took no account of them. When they had There is not a ripple on the water, nor the faintest moving of the air on the deck; but when they see the pennant stirring they know that there is a wind
rising in the higher air, and they quickly rising in the higher air, and they quickly
spread their upper sails to catch it. Inspread their upper sails to catch it. In-
stantly the vessel begins to move under the power of the higher currents, while
on the surface of the water there is still on the surface
a dead calm
a dead calm.
In life there áre higher and lower currents. Too many set only the lower
sails, and catch only the winds which sails, and catch only the winds which
blow along on earthly levels. But there also are winds which blow down from the mountains of God. It would be an unspeakable $i$ in to us all if our life fell under the influence of these upper currents. We would be wise if we so
adjusted our relations with others that all our days we should be under the influence of the good, the worthy, the purehearted, the heavenly.

> The Windows of the Soul After a beautiful summer day I was once sitting in the gloaming by the side
of a friend whose earthly life had also of a friend whose earthly life had also reached its twilight, and for a while not a word was spoken. be a poor vehicle of thought. The lamlscape, with its purple hillocks on the horizon line, had a language of its own. The clear note of jorous burds seeking their nests for the night, the rippling of a near-by stream hoping soon to lose
itself in the river, the soft music of the
pines, like a havp touched by unseen hands, were so impressive that silence was a part of our worship.
At length he said: "The soul has its windows as well as our homes. If we would lift the curtains on the heavenward side we would know better how
to live and have less dread of death. to live and have less dread of death.
We see too much of the present and too We see too much of the present and too
little of the future. To lean on the win-dow-sill and look out into the busy throng is a pleasure, for God has offered us many opportunities for work, but to lift the window on the other side and give the winds that blow from the far
east free course through the house is a east free course through the house is a
great comfort, a refreshment, a consolation. There are angels round about us, but we do not see that they are there. We need their kind offices, but the win-
dow is closed and thes dow is closed and they cannot enter."

Joint Affliction
When the Halliday twins were babies their mother always referred to them
collectively. This was natural enough, for they shared everything, from their baby-carriage to chicken-pox

## By Elimination

One day, as Pat halted at the top of the river-bank, says the chis hisun Ad
rocate, a man, famous for his inquisitive mind, stopped and asked:
"How long have you hauled water for the village, my good man?"
"Th! years, sor." loads do you take in
a day?" "From tin to fifteen, sor"
"Ah, yes! Now I have a problem for you. How much water at this rate have you hauled in all, sir?"
The driver of the watering-cart jerked his thumb backward toward the rive
and replied, "All the wather yez don't see there now, sor." An Oil of Merit-Dr. Thomas' Eclectric
Oil is
not
jumble of meticinal
jut
 the curative qualities of certain oils as ap
plied to the human body.
It it
a
rare com
 conviction to al
repart and heal. eached the age of seven she still referred to them in a way which struck casual listeners as amusing. "Where are Elnora and Eudora个" aske ternoon. "The twins have gone with their father to have one of their teeth out, said Mrs. Halliday, calmly.


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Farm Boys' Club for Winnipeg Exhibition

Another Hundred Manitoba Youths Invited to the West's Big Show
The Farm Boys' Club, originated by the Canadian Industrial Exhibition Association, last year aroused widespread in-
terest. It was of course intended to terest. It was of course intended to
appeal primarily to the youth of the province devoted to the pursuit of Manitoba's banner industry, agriculture, but the broader general interest which the announcement of the plan excited was a surprise, even to the association. province, ambitious to be included in the club of one hundred invited to spend a week at the exhibition as its guests, with railway fares and all other expenses paid, entered the essay-writing competition, the subject of which was
"The Prairie Farm." On their return home the successful boys were required to write a second essay under the head
of "What I saw and Learned at the of "What I saw and Learned at the
Exhibition." Substantial cash prizes were $\begin{array}{r}\text { Canadians are large consumers of eggs } \\ \text { and the consumption per capita of eggs }\end{array}$

awarded for the best five essays, and a
number of these were published in one or other of the farm journals. The prize winners of 1913 were: Robert Coulter, Swan River; J. Harold
Best, Benito; A. Sinclair Sw Best, Benito; A. Sinclair, Swan River;
Orville J. W. McMahon, Roland; G. H Hambly, Swan Lake.
So successful did the Farm Boys' Club feature of the 1913 exhibition prove that the directors have decided to repeat it and are now distributing a folder inviting the competition for places in the club of 1914, by writing an essay of 400 to 500 words on the following subject: "How Waste on a Manitoba Farm May be Re-
The selection of the boys will be made by a committee composed of the Deputy
Minister of Education, President Black and Prof. E. Ward-Jones, of the Manitoba Agricultural College, and a member of the Exhibition Board. The contest is open to boys residing on farins, or those intending to make farming their life
work, and who were not members of work, and who were not members of
last year's Farm Boys' Club. Each applicant must be of good moral character, and between the ages of fifteen and nineteen years. No student of any agricultural college is eligible to enter. Each applicant must notify the school
inspector of his district through his inspector of his district through his

teacher, or communicate direct with the Exhibtion Association, and write the essay as above indicated. The essays must be in the exhibition office not later | than May 15,1914 , The Exhibition |
| :--- |
| dates uhis year are July 10 to 18. |

A copy of the folder giving full par ticulars may be obtained by addressin the secretary of The Canadian Industrial
Exhibition Association, Chambers of Exhibition Associatio
Commerce, Winnipeg.

## The Canadian Egg Trade

(Extract from an address delivered by W. A. Brown, B.S.A., at the Ontario cember 8th, 1913.
The Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture has been engaged for some months in an in-
vestigation of the Canadian egg trade. At this time when the subject of eggs is being discussed so freely by the press and public generally, it may be of interest to cite some of the conclusions
reached as a result of this investigation reached as a result of this investigation
to date. to date.
The Consumption of Eggs in Canada.
ishing food that they can be served in such a variety of ways and prepared with such little labor, keeps them in constant and ever increasing demand. Canada Imports Eggs.
Canada, an agricultural country, is obliged to import eggs for home consumption. Canada once exported eggs. Ten years ago between ten and twelve million dozen were exported to England and previous to 1900 even greater quan-
tities were shipped annually to the tities were shipped annually to the
United States. The following table gives the exports and imports of eggs since 1900 .

Aunty Hopeful on Skimping
"It beats all," said Aunty Hopeful, as she set the milk away to cool, "how many women there are on the farm who don't have half enough eggs or cream
for their own use. You'd think to the way they skimp themselves that they was livin' in town, payin' eight cents for milk and 50 cents a dozen for eggs. I suppose that comes pretty near

The Farm Boys' Club, Winnipeg Exhibition, 1913. followada is steadily increasing. The the rate at which consumption is expanding.
Table 1.-Relation of Consumption to Production in the Canadian Egg Trade.

## of 1891. Census of 1901. Census of 1911 . Populas

 Population of Canada $\cdots \ldots$..... 4,833,2 | Total Eag | 16562,084 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 29,548,723 |  | 41 Doz. 84;134,802 Doz. 123,002,132 Doz. 5 Average Production per hen ...

 Imports of Eggs .................64 602,5
 Average Consumption per capita 11 It may be noted that 17.39 " It may be noted that the increased years 1901 and 1911 amounts to the four dozen. This increase is not by any means confined to the cities. Farmers generally are eating more eggs than ver before. In. many rural districts it is practically impossible to secure fresh At such times eggs are usually the year. and are used freely.
In the cities with the steadily increasing price of meat, even though eggs
may be high in proportion, the fact that
eggs are such a wholesome
bein' the real reason, after all. There is some folks who never can see a thing would bring in the market. It's jus such women folks on the farm who skimp themselves with eggs and cream and other things that's plentiful an Which makes life on a farm joyful and "Thero
"There ain't no sense in tryin' to save money that way. I most generally nofice that women folks who use plenty he most contented set of men folks hangin' 'round their table at meal time.
"I see a lot in the farm journals these days about keepin' boys and girls on the farm. It ain't no wonder so many of 'em goes to town to work. I reckon that when I was last up to the city
visitin' I see a sign 'Dairy Lunch' on almost every corner. Ther was hundreds of men folks scramblin' to get places on the stools that set in front of the counters. Now if boys and girls don't get the dairy lunch t' home they're goin' to the city after it. If they see them city folks to eat, they're goin' to follow. I don't blame 'em either.
"It's a mighty poor economy to drive the comin' generation away from the farm by makin' 'em go to town for That they raise on the place. I never east but what I wonder if a lot of 'em ain't become so because a skimpin' woman made her children drink blue milk

## The Passing of the Cowboy <br> Written for The Western Home Monthly by Max. McD

E$\rightarrow$ VERY type of man or beast has its value in the make-up of the hisis here used with reference to character evolved from peculiar circumstances or conditions. When such conditions change, the type naturally disappears. In speaking of the old-time life of the western half of this continent, the insay must be largely disregarded. The natural conditions which shaped the lives of the living beings that played their parts on that vast stage knew nothing of man-made boundaries, any
more than the driving rain stor more than the driving rain stor of summer, or the berazards of winter, or
the migrating herds of buffalo knew or cared that in the years to come there would be international boundary pillars at half-mile intervals strung across the continent from Lake of the Woods to the Rockies.
that have made the West famous, the cow-boy must be spoken of with all honor. He has been the most misrepresented of all those that have braved the frontier in an effort to establish
legitimate business. He is the man that legitimate business. He is the man that
really carved the way and proved that the country was one of vast realization. He lived on the outskirts of the farthest police patrol, away from the help of the sheriff and guardians of the law, herding stock and guarding it against of the mountains and hills. Mud roofed
shacks were his only shelter, his food was rough, and he had none of the luxuties.
The people of the East have been led by ignorant or careless writers, painters and sculptors to confuse the cowboy
with the cattle "rustler" or raider. He with the cattle "rustler" or raider. He has been pictured as a desperado, going about shooting up towns and leaving a
trail of carnage behind. He was not all that writers of fiction and romanice would have him. Not always was he picturesque in hairy schapps and wide sombrero; always vicious and dissipated. Nor did he always have a diathe same as a lawyer or a doctor has a vernacular of his own. He was ever rough and ready, with many of the graces of an angel and many of the attributes of a devil. His life called for hardihood and daring, so only the hardy
followed it. followed it.
to the ranch inpe of cow-boy who comes at all other times is a vagabond, "rid ing the grub line." Such characters have existed and do exist in connection with the cattle industry of the West, but they are not the dominant type. people of the East have had thrust upon them. If there is anything that a first-class Western man resents, it is the assertion that this particular type of disreputable cow-puncher belonged to of disreputable cow-puncher belonged to
his section of the country. As a matter
of fact, these ruffians were almost invariably drafted from the cattle-yards
of the Eastern of the Eastern markets. Science is crowding out the old type
of desperado cowboy. A better breed of cattle is being developed, and the men selected to care for them must know their business. The real type of cowboy is the man who makes his occupation as much a business as the farmer
or the manufacturer, and he is quite as or the manufacturer, and he is quite as
much an important factor in the omy of the West as either of the others. Probably the only accurate conception of the real cowboy that now can be obtained may be seen in the pictures of Russel and Remington; the one a cowboy himself with an artist's eye and
skill; the other a man of the schools and cities but with the instincts of an out-af-door lover of nature and of Western life. Their paintings of the camp and round-up, of all that pertains to a cowpuncher's life are duplicated in the memory of every man who ever
has seen much of life upon the open range.
Colonel Theodore Roosevelt knows a good deal about cowboys. He has lived their life on the Western plains and written much from his personal knowl-
edge and experience. Of the cowboy he says: "Cow-boys resemble one another much more and much less than is the case with their employers or ranch men. A town in the cattle country, where it is thronged with men from a picturesque sight. Here are assembled men who ply the various industries known only to frontier existence, who lead lonely lives, except when occasion causes their visit to the "camp.". All
the various classes-loungers, hunters
teamsters, stage drivers, trappers, shep herds, sutlers, and men drawn from all classes, plainsmen and mountain menare here to be seen. Most prominent or threes, they gallop the wild tittle horses down the street, their lithe, supple figures erect, or swaying slightly as they sit loosely in the saddle; their stirrups are so long that their knees are hardly bent, and the bridles not taut enough to keep the chains from clinking."
As picturesque as is the get-up of the into h, there is not an article entering into his outfit that has not a practicable and essential application to the comfort of the man of the plains. His in the number and variety of the gig silk handkerchiefs which he wears knotted about his neck. And yet the handkerchief is an importan ${ }^{+}$part of his outfit, covering his mouth and nose when riding the range behind a herd of lot of dust, and the alkali dust of the western ranges $i$ : not pleasant stuff to get into the lungs.
The cowboy likes a fancy bridle, an ornate sadjle, good pistols and fine spurs. The heavy leather cuffs are usutive effect is only incidental. When the cow-puncher throws his rope to lasso a steer, the lariet sometimes comes in contact with his wrist. If his arm should be bare and that whirling line
should run over it, the flesh would be cut to the bone.
The sombrero is another of the plainsman's pet articles of apparel. It is extremely picturesque and it lends the man a romantic air. But he doesn't
wear it for these reasons. He uses the

## Canadian Industrial Exhibition

## Wimineg 10 to 18



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big brimmed hat because it is the only big brimmed hat because it is the only
sensible thing for him to wear. The broad brim keeps the sun out of his
face on his long rides and shelters him face on his long rides and shelters him
from rain when he runs into stormy weather. The hat is held on by a " $G$ " string. Without it the hat would be
off the punchers head as much as on and once under the hoofs of the herd there wouldn't be even a ribbon left. The high heels on his boots are essential to his comfort, as without them through the stirrups. boy has tied to his left wrist. It isn't meant to be used on his horse; it is for the steers and is called a bull whip." In a herd there will be one or two ringleaders in mischief that will tion. One end of the whip is loaded, and when the rider sees trouble brewing he spots the bad steer, and riding up to him whacks him over the head with the butt end of the whip. Freand then the cow-puncher is off his


Among the Lakes and Mountains in British Columbia.
The fiscal year of the cowboy begins | suddenly from a bush. Every effort is in the early spring just after the snow
gets a good start and the season for feeding the poor stock is over. Then it is that he puts aside his winter ways and recklessness and buckles his belt to a hard six months work. As soon as weather permits, the "weaners," and old
cows that have been feeding at the cows that have been feeding at the
home ranch, are driven to the fresh green grass on the hillsides, and the round-up begins.
The range is systematically ridden and every beast accounted for. "The "chuck wagon" is loaded with a "grub
stake," and" follows after the punchers as they clean up miles of country for as they clean up miles of country for
branding. In most sections of the West
the spring round-up is a beef round-up the spring round-up is a beef round-up
as well, for the mild winters and abundas well, for the mild winters and abund-
ant pastures of the foothills make beef ant pastures of the foothills make beef
on the range while the stall-feds of the on the range while the stall-feds of the
Fasit are munching their corn and roots. Coralling the saddle horses each morning is an interesting part of cowboy experience on the round-up. A corall is made of lariet ropes tied to the camp
wagons, and into this the horses are wagons, and into this the horses are
driven. Each "buckaroo" picks out his driven. Each "backaroo" picks out his
string of four or five, one or two of which are usually bronchos fresh from ington picture, "The Chuck Wagon" illustrates what often happens when the brone is saddled at the round-up camp.
One might think that are kept on range within a few days are kept on range within a few days
ride from the home ranch the process of searing an ugly big brand deep into their hide and hacking off a big fraction of each ear and cutting loose the
skin of the jaw or neck or brisket so that a bloody piece of themselves would or "dewlap"-one might think that all this college fraternity initiation heartlessness were useless.
So thought a historic. tenderhearted man named Sam Maverick, who came from Boston to Texas in an early day
cattle. He didn't have a close hom range, but he trusted humanity, and his calves and cattle carried their ear and their hides whole as nature had given them. As the old story goes, the
catching up of Maverick's "sliok ears" became very popular among the worldly get-rich-quick, ambitious stockmen o the section. The story became sectiona parlance and to-day Welbster tells us that a maverick is a "bullock or a heifer that has not been branded and is un Naverick's loss of his herds seems to have been remembered. So it is to-da that the brand of the cattleman must e registered with the proof of owner ship unless, of course, theft can b proved. But the days of stock rustling the rigid brand inspection of the larger market centres.
Driving beef to the railway is, however, the climax of the cowboy year Perhaps it is also the most interesting though physically wearing work the
puncher has to do. Many of the steer are very wild and a herd has been stampeded by the fright of one animal that was surprised by a bird flying
suddenly from a bush. Every effort is
made to keep the beef from wearing made to keep the beef from wearing
away their tallow. It is the greatest of cowbloy sins ever to allow them carelessly to go faster than a slow walk. To afford a ivetter trail, the cattle are strung out single file when the country is open. From a high point one can
then look down the road sometimes for then look down the road sometimes for three miles and see the same living, From six to ten miles is a day's drive, and if the range is good before dark the cattle will have satisfied their desire for grass and water. Then they are bunched and soon lie down in one
compact, cud-chewing mass. In the compact, cud-chewing mass. In the early days of the drive they must be
night-guarded, the men being grouped in shifts, eac' to spend half of the night in riding slowly around and around the herd from one camp fire to another. Later the cattle can be left alone after
they have quieted down and they will not stir until daybreak. But the cowboy's day is past. The open ranges of the West are no more, and the vaquero of Argentina and Mex-
ico no more like the real article than an Indian cayuse is like a nervestrained thoroughbred. The rolling springs in the hills, the streams and rivers, but the range is gone forever, cut up by the fences of the farmer and the railroads. A grand country, a wheat empire, the land of the future;
but the ranches have gone, wild cattle but the ranches have gone, wild cattle
no longer roam at will across the broad sweeps of the prairies, and the corwboy has no part in this great development. The old days have passed into oblivion never to return. The days of the cowpunchers and lassoes are forgotten in endless herds of cattle and where the cities are springing up and planning
"He expects to be rich some day," "Whe expects to "e rich's he done "invented a
waterproof bread for lettuce sand-

# The Closest Thing to You is What You Most Appreciate． 

＂Munsingwear＂is the Closest Thing to Every Tenth Person in America Who Wears a Knit Union Suit

Perhaps the nearest approach to what may be fittingly called an Industrial
University，on this Continent，is the great establishment in which the popular ＂Munsingwear＂garments are produced． I have never seen anything like this which health，economy，happiness and with what is commonly called industry
The story of＂Munsingwear＂is a romance of industry．When I first vis－ Knitting Company，the home of the Knitting Company，the home of the even then impressed with the evidences of a purpose on the part of the Company to link commerce and higher education in a practical business scheme．There plan in our day and the results have proven the perfect utility of the Ameri－ can idea of making the factories，schools of efficiency in the various branches of commercial enterprise．

To－day the great＂Munsingwear＂fac tories occupying a whole city block，out of all proportion to their original size， and still growing into a Leviathan of kind in the United States；are also the most perfeet example of the highes form of industrial development．

The Northwestern Knitting Company has realized that the present day em－ ployments have passed out of the pioneer stage－the stage when the vorker was merely considered to the wage earned－into an era of system and conservation of the human element， as the best means to reach the highest efficiency．，With this in view the＂Mun－ singwear factories have been supplied with every ingredient of hygienic per－
fection，every essential for educating the worker，and with the moral and social safeguards and surroundings which ele－ vate work－a－day life．
Recently a young woman was engaged to act as Industrial Secretary of the company and has devised plans to
greatly increase the facilities for social enjoyment among the employees．In addition to the rest room，the large dining room，and finely equipped hos－ pital，a gymnasium has been provided and an auditorium also，where the
various clubs that exist among the em－ various clubs that exist among the em－
ployees can hold meetings for both educative and social purposes．
The buildings are modern，of fireproo construction，perfectly lighted and ven tilated，and are kept absolutely clean through the buildings by huge fans is purified through water before entering the work－rooms，in other words，the temperature is not only regulated，but also the humidity and the purity of the
in the hottest summer weather the whole factory is at least fifteen degrees coler than the outside． But what I particularly want，how－ Home tell the readers of The Western wear＂Monthly about，is the＂Munsing－ reputation everywhere that surpasses anything else of the kind．It must be popular with the hordes of men and women who wear it，when the Company urn out a completed garment every alf second of the full working day，and



Every woman is interested in the fashioning of the garments she wears， and there is something fascinating about he machinery of the Munsingwear man dexterity and intelligence．I could hardly convey a better impression of the devices employed than by quoting Mr．Wm．C．Edgar，Editor of The Bell－ man，Minneapolis．
When one pauses to watch with fas－
iasm over the cleverness of the operator， his estimation

To attempt to catalogue the various mechanical devices which，each in place and turn，does its perrect part toward the making of a perfect garment，would be like numbering the falen leaves that wonderfully complex to the layman，but apparently as simple and well under－
mechanical inventions going about their allotted business as if each were en－ dowed with human intelligence，and only one or two young women standing by casually，like monitors at the head work，it gives the thought that the machinery is entitled to the greater praise．But，a few minutes later，in another department，where each ma－ chine has its mistress，unerring，deft wert and feeding it the kind of food it was designed to eat in unlimited quan－
stood by the operative as if she and her machine grew up together．
Here is a device，for instance，for making buttonholes，of which there are union suit and probably twice as many more on what the Italians call a＂com binazione＂of the female persuasion The gentle reader，if called upon to make the hole and then sew around it care fully．The machine know＇s a trick worth two of that．While you are won－ dering how it will proceed，the energetic needle has sewn up and down and all around a perfect little oval，and a de－ scending knife has cut the hole in the soul！＂it has done a dozen more of them！
Another machine of more interest to the masculine mind，perhaps，is th busy little button sewer．Men have been known to take unto themselves wives just to have the buttons sewed on their garments．With one of these inventions at hand，the late Brigham fifty wives and Blue Beard could have saved himself much needless murder by installing the device in an ante－room of his bloody castle．Fifty million buttons are sewed on annually．
The thing has a protruding jaw，and its open mouth clamors fof buttons． The attendant chucks one in．Down through the hole and back again several times，then into the second and third and fourth holes．Before your lips have formed to say＂button，＂the machine has sewed on six of them and tied knots the garment is on its way rejoicing to the next stage of its completion．
＂Munsingwear＂is made in seventy different sizes and fabrics，suitable for all seasons of the year，and all ages． So far as $I$ know it is the most compre－ hensive line of Knit union－suits in the world．Taking into consideration all the different styles and sizes，fabrics and colors，it is necessary to carry in stock 6,600 different items to fill orders promptly．These orders come from all parts of the United States and Canada． A great many Canadian orders are being received from those who appreciate the perfectly fitting，comfortable，flexible， durable，easy－to－put－on，underwear，that costs no more than the ordinary kind．
During the present year the＂Mun－ singwear＂Mills will produce nearly ten million garments．It is rather a strik． ing fact，as nearly as can be estimated， that every tenth person in the United States，who wears a knitted union－suit， wears＂Munsingwear．＂



## The Home Doctor

## Care of the Children's Teeth

 Margaret RayburnIn none of life's relations do we better show a constantly broadening outlook than in the treatment of the modern child as a possibility for future health, strength and beauty. It is the poet's sentiment:

## "God in every nature folds,

Today the wise mother does not devote herself merely to nursing her baby
through childish ills. She studies him through childish ills. She studies him best of her ability to weed out physical imperfections and build for him a strong, healthy, beautiful body. He is but the image of his future self, in very plastio elligent hand that is going to mold the child into perfect manhood. Many mothers of days gone by, perhaps a few
to-day, felt that they had done their to-day, felt that they had done their
duty when they had carried the child duty when they had carried the child thrg ugh the attacks of meash other infantile, diseases sufpposed to be waiting for him when he arrived. These were his by natural in
heritance and original sin. If the child's yes were crossed, nose crooked, teeth prominent, it was accepted as the mark o make him in individual mold. 0 it was traced to some remote ancestor who suffered from the same disfigurement. The child's eyes, ears, nose and teeth were final, unchangeable assets. He was equipped with them from the the chapter.
The greatest awakening to mothers has come in the matter of caring for the hild's teeth. Just now dentistry for children rides the crest of the wave of popular investigation and research. The hat the mouth is the gateway to the intestinal tract which means to life iself. She also learns that she has it in her power to make or mar her child's physical beauty by her watclfulness
over his mouth and teeth. $t$ is driven home to a mother that her child is no stronger than its teeth. Dr Woods Hutchinson declares that there are no less than thirty-three distinct and labeled kinds of bacili in the mouth, "as parlor boarders, but they behave with propriety, unless you give them carrion
to feed upon." Some of the dread recults of tooth decay are cited as tuberculosis. c'ub foot, knock knees, smallpox and scrofulous conditions, One dental
suirzeon says the diseased end of a nerve suirgeon says the diseased end of a nerve
can manifest itself in the eye and cause temporary blindness: in the ear and cause temporary paralysis. muscles and great preventatives of adenoids and en larged tonsils is a perfect dental arch and palate. This latter, easily shaped in pense and pain in thoolves
These results for which decayed and imperfect teeth are the cause, are all things which the mother can watch and nine limes out of ten, have corrected. When the baby is two weeks old, she must have its gums examined by the pared for tooth formation His pre are soft in some places and hard others. The little gums grow feverish ache and throb all during the teet forming period. His mouth should be washed just as carefully as his body. and check fever. A small portion this, one-half teaspoonful in a cup tepid water, should be used, with a bit of soft cloth, to bathe the baby's gums boracic acid will do.
When the first tooth begin its way through the mother should pus sult her physician, if she would save hhe baby much pain and fretting. The the gums, making the to cut or lanoe incoming teeth, smoother. He may find it necessary to cut down to the teeth not cause so that the membrane will growth. The panawakened moping their allows the baby to drag through teething time spoiling the days and nights for hersel nhysician to examine baby's mouth the he end of two weeks, taby's mouth a months and one year. After that slie takes the child to the dentist each year ntil he is sixteen or in other words, apable of watching the condition of his wn teeth
penny over many tim to turn each this advice as "too expensive." Having he growing child's teeth watched to prequent future decay and illness, is like paying fire insurance. It is the ex against a great and irreparable guar the future. Under the watchful eye of
then a good dentist and with the mother supervising the cleaning of the teeth gums and mouth, and the food-chewing habits, there should be almost no ex pense for dental work. Teeth left un irregularly, may bring sickness, death to say nothing of loss of beauty in their

One of the first of the old ideas to be discarded by the modern mother is haby in cutting his teeth. These have been placed on the tabooed list by both physician and dentist. They are germ carriers, laden with germs of the most virulent type. The mother who lets her baby suck these, the rubber nipple of his nursing bottle, his fingers or a but visited by colic and intestinal troubles. She has herself to blame if one jaw projects over the other and the mouth is
unsightly. The French Senate considers unsightly. The French Senate considers this such an important matter that it size of nursing bottle nipples and thehibiting the use of pacifers. Baby's mouth is soft and yielding. These hard substances not only spoil the shape of his mouth, but they may, cause what is known as "mal-occlusion," of the teeth. That is when the upper and lower teeth
do not meet. One can not chew the food perfectly when this condition exists. That tells the entire story. A man whose teeth do not close together so he can chew hard tack, can not enter the United States Army or Navy. A man
who can not chew his food perfectly is ill-equipped for any position in life that needs a good, strong man.
Horace Fletcher says: "The whole problem of nutrition is settled in the
first three inches of the alimentary first three inches of the glimentary canal.
The wise mother has learned that the second set of teeth will not be at their best unless the first set are properly
cared for. The most important teeth to look out for are the molars. They are the grinders of all the food which enter the mouth. Of these the sixth year
molar, or the one which appears about molar, or the one which appears about the sixth year is the most important o
them all. This is often lost because the mother thinks it one of the first set When it is lost nature tries to fill up the cavity often changing the shape o the mouth and of articulation. Dentists say that the early loss of this molar
is responsible for and ill-shaped jaws than any other condition of the mouth. Dr. Woodbury of Boston calls these molar teeth the working tools of mastication." Their work begins at once and continues
throughout life. Upon them rests full growth and development. Upon them depends good health during life. "Th second year mainly because children eat sweets indiscriminately and in quanti-
ties ties. Not having learned how to brush mouths clean, this moperlar keep their easily and decays rapidly. It is necessary that mother learns the location and appearance of this sixth molar. She must watch for cavities and take tooth in perfect condition.
The very first requisite to assure per teeth. A clean tooth never decays clean does not mean a perfuntory brushing of the teeth once a day. The child must be taught to give the teeth a "bath and
scrubbing." First the mouth should be rinsed with tepid water to take a way all the food particles. Then the brash lodge be used without powder, to disthis any further substances. After horough brushing with tooth powder rinsing and to make perfectly certain
there are no foreign substanes there are no foreign substances, use the
dental floss. Brushing three times a day
is considered neeess is considered necessary for the most Tooth powder which contains grit or
acids should be avoided. Alkaline caids should be avoided. Alkaline or
soapy powder neutralizes the acids the saliva which plays havoc with the ottle. Each toilet table should contain wash. A medium brush is better thout very hard or soft one. It is not neesssary
to brush the teeth lard if one learns use the brush skillfully and well. Achild will be encouraged to take pride in clean brush, his own bottle of tooth powder, spool of dental floss and mouth wash, A mother should not take it for grante that a child has cleaned his tecth enrrect-
$1 y$ and well. but should watch the proy and well, but should watch the pro-
cess until the habit is really formed.

Regular inspection by the dentist and clean teeth are two important factors in
the proper care of the chldd's teeth. Just the proper care of the child's teeth. Just
as important is teaching the child to as mportant
chew its food properily. Food bolted causes no end of diseases. of stomach and intestines - oancer, catarrh of the stomach and gastric ulcers are some. Food must be thoroughly chewed not only for the sake of digestion, but for
the sake of the teeth themselves and the gums. Dr. Woods Hutchinson advises: "Give the child plenty of roughening food to chew and he will get the pearly vigor of the savage tooth and the vigor of the Caucasians." Too much soft
food gives neither the teeth mor food gives neither the teeth nor
necessary exercise and "massame., Setting the child aright in necessary habits is the work of the mother. For all tooth examination and treatment she needs the help of a firstclass dentist. She must go oon the ounce
theory.

## The School House

By Edna Dean Proctor
Oh, make the schoolhouse beautiful By hill and plain and sea! Delight within and bloom without-

For the boys and girls, while life shall And wherever their steps may fare, Will remember the lovely, joyous place
Or the house forlorn and bare.

And the lore they gained, and the pre And the pepts hard,
Will be treasured still if the sung In" the days when life was young.

Let the guelder-rose and the lilac bloom In welcome by the door,
And, above the bright paths betweel
And plant the elm for its regal shade And the pine for its boughs of balm, Magnolia with its lustrous leaves,
And the jasmine, by the palm;
For tree, and flower, and pleasant song And the tale by the pictures told. To turn life's gray to gold.
Then make the schoolhouse beautifu By hill and plain and sea,
For the school is
The nation yet to be!

## A Cheap Farm Wall

The very best and cheapest wall for obbtarmer who has either rough o lows: Dig a ditch about is built as fol foot wide and fill with small stones On top of that build board forms for he mot more than 12 inches wide for he largest of farm buildings, and pour of sand to of mortar made of 6 parts cement. On top of this throw in a few ough stones and pound them down pletely mortar rises over and com tones touers them. Do not have th Then pour in the boards on either side tar, add more stone quant pound of mor a before. Continue doing this, raising the oard forms as fast as needed, until Level the wall, leaving a layer of smooth mortar on top. After a few days the
boards can be taken down and used boards can be taken down and used
elsewhere. The wall is the warmest and elsewhere. The wall is the warmest and
most solid one to be built, is rat-proof most solid one to be built, is rat-proof
and allows the sill to fit on tightly. It is laid in about half the time usually taken for a rough stone wall, and looks and wears better, costing no more for
material. It is an excellent wall for basement, six sided silos and all farm buildings.

There are two kinds of hobbiesthose that cost money to keep up and

Winnipeg, May, 1914


How I Killed My Superfluous Hair
 1 SEND you THE proof free


SFCCIAL NOTICE: Every lady who wishes liarkable ofier is is good only for a fee

## Attractive Embroideries

The French Knot has always been one of the best known and most usefu embroldery stitches, and it now forms a greater part of the newest authorities, giving most realistic effect to floral designs, such as Golden Rod, Heather,
Scotch Thistle, Forget-me-not, etc. Very beautuful designs are now being shown especially adapted to French Knot embroiders. A coarse needle and either rope silk
or beavy lustered cotton are necessary, and twisting the thread two or three limes give a knot of the give a knot of the
desired size. The knots should be closely plac ed together, and any preferred color schem may be carried out, same thread being worked in to produce worked
shading

The beautiful cushion illustrated (No. 6586) shows a very sisting of festoons of

No. 6586
Cushion, Front and Back Fringe to Finish.

Forget me-nots, the flowers being worked in shades of blue, a small, yellow kno forming the centre of each. The ribbons in this design are solidly embroidered in satin stitch, using pale golden yellow outlined with black, while the small dots in the centre
colored linen colored linen.
No. 6592 shows an
 handsome linen fringe nishes all these cu-
hions, and the work is so simple that no

No. 6592-Thistle Design
ne need hesitate to embroider any of the designs illustrated
Embroidered towels are a necessity in these days of attractive household furnishing, and many varieties are to be found. Some people prefer to purchase
the towels already hemstitched; they then only require a simple embroidered decoration, which may be quickly worked and a handsome towel results. Nos. 8013 and 8017
 show two designs fo and the large and guest sizes are both be had to match both in material and de sign. The embroidery on these towels may whited or colored thread. There is strong fancy at pre
sent for colored sent for colored em
broidery on white ma terials, and these towels could be em
broidered to match the furnishings of an
furnishings of an

Designs 274 and 278 show the scalloped towels stamped on patterned huckaback These seal.
lops should be carefully and lops should be carefuly and the edges, and then working with
che even stitches. Guest close, even stitches. Guest
towels may be supplied to match either designs.
Two pretty jabots are pictured here stamped on white linen and pretty ribbons, ether of satin or


No. 315
Butterfly Bow
Butterfly Bow .....


## Large Towels, Scalloped 274

Guest Size to Match .......... 35 each 10 Lustered Cotton to Embroider Towels


No. 211, ROsEs THTED IN SHADIS OI PIIE, BROWA AND GREET GIVEN Pillow Top and Back Thi hanamo oopmitao deditiluou

 regular retail price of 6 skeins of Bolding' with and 5 cents for postage. Outfítinoludes One Pillow Top, sise $17 \times 28$ inchos,
stamped and hand tinted on pure linex Ruecian crash.
One Pillow Back.
Ono Fasy Diacram Losson, showing you
Just exacty how to take every Just exactly how to take every stitoh.
Siz Skoins Belding's Royalsikk ALL SENT FOR ONLY 350.AND YOUR HOW TO GET THE COMPLETE OUTFIT Justenclose 35 centrin atampsorsilver and
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dye nor a-stain. Its
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ticulars that will make it unnecessary for you to ever have a grey hair again. Address Mrs.
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Mary

THIS FREE GOUPON entitles any reader Home Monthly to receive free of charge
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How One Woman Keeps Cool
By Addie Hull Doerr
I am not a philosopher, and I never even thought of Dr. Wiley's auto-suggestion prescription for keeping cool, but
I have never since my early childhood suffered from the heat.
I remember one day I was so busy
making my boy's first home-mad trousers that when first home-made on the 'phone and asked what I was doing to "keep from melting on this hot day," I replied: "I did not know I have often been asked: "Can't you feel the heat?" Well, no, I can't, for I
won't. I do not stop to think about the won't. I do not stop to think about the
heat at all. I always work right along, trying to find something especially interesting to do, a void drinking ice water,
and never allow myself to sit down and perspire and fuss and fan.
One summer, "a record breaker for heat," I spent in an inland town, and I was a wonder to all who knew me
Some even seemed to feel provoked my coolness. One lady there, who suf fered dreadfully at night from the heat, had two sleeping rooms and a hammock on a balcony at her disposal. She would go from one to the other, and some-
times would walk out in the garden, times would wak out in the garden,
fussing all the night long. In the morning she was weak and cross and ugly
(this last an aside). My room was small, with only one window and no cross-draft at all. I would say my prayers, go to
bed, sleep well all nighit, and wake in the morning ready to dance and sing
and work in the "Daily Truths"-office all day.
Yes, it has been auto-suggestion that I have practised all these years, but I
Wias not wise enough to name it. I
always gave as my recipe: "Keep busy
at pleasant work: read pleasant books;

.75 each
.40 each

As a mother I am trying to instill my
keep-cool habit into my child nine-year old boy is "proving" my. recipe. One day he asked me why he felt so hot
and sick when picking blackberries in and sick when picking the heat at all when playing ball. I told him it was because he liked to play ball and disliked to pick blackberries. He decided to enjoy
the berry picking, and went out in the sun and picked twenty-five pounds of berries, and "Came up well and cool." Of course the housewife must help with proper food, and that is easy, for all cook books give good suggestions
hot-weather dishes.

## The Girl at the Desk

"I think," declared Mrs. Brewster to her daughter, "that women are just about as mean to other women as the
can possibly be. Men are bad enough, goodness knows, when they get to teasing, as your father does every littl
while. Now up at the library this morn ing there was an example of what
mean." She pulled off her gloves and mean." She pulled of her gloves and
sat down to tell the story. daughter, quietly continuing her sewing.
"Well, when I went to the desk to return my book, there was a woman was looking hard at the girl, just as she thought she was about the wretchedest person in the world. Then I heard
her say: "I didn't receive a card. How was to know that it was overdue?" "'We don't send out cards the book has been three days over due,' the girl "'Vhy don't you?' I heard the woman ask. 'I should think you might.'
"'I don't know. It's the rules. They
are pasted in the front of each book, "That made the woman pause a min ute. Then she said that she didn't read pay the fine, because how could sle be expected to know when the book was due if she didn't read the rules? I sa say something, but she checked herself just in time. "The woman said, 'Well, I think you it to a friend of my husband's, who is one of the trustees-Mr. James C. Wil son. I shall leave my card here to-day
and pay the fine to-morrow, and pay the fine to-morrow.'
"I stepped up to the desk," continue 'I am so sorry'-I began, think my book the poor girl would be nearly with mortification. She did look kind of red about the eyes. But just then
she made a funny noise, and I saw she she made a funny noise, and I saw she
was laughing! was laughing!
"'Do excuse me,' she said, 'but I have my face straight when like that talks like that!", "Now there" concluded Mrs, Brewster "Now there," concluded Mrs. Brewster, girl. Shouldn't you, Margaret?," girl. Shouldn't you, Margaret?

The Print of the Springs
A politician, upon his arrival at one o
the small towns in North the small towns in North Dakota, where day, found that the two so-called hotel were crowded to the doors. Not having telegraphed for accommo
dations, the politician dise he would have to make shift as best he could.
He was compelled for that night to
sleep on a sleep on a wire cot which had only some
blankets and a sheet on it. As the statesman is a fat man, he found his im
provised bed anything but comfortable politician appeared in the dindeng-room "ow did you sleep?"
"Oh, fairly well," replied the statesman
non-chalantly, "but waffle when I got up


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## About the Farm

## Milk Fat May be Abnormally Increased

a bulletin issued by the Missouri Experiment Station contains records of the station here which go to show that on at may be abnormally increased for some time after calving if the cow is in a fat condition, and that the percentage of milk fat gradually increases with the advance in lactation of cows moderate the advanced register of the HolsteinFriesian Cattle Association,and submitted as further proof that the percentage of fat may be abnormally high when the cow is in a fat condition at calving register with an official test at 4.08 per cent fat, although her average for the year was 2.76 per cent. Similar re
ults are recorded for Ayrshires and Jerseys. The following conclusions ar drawn: The percentage of fat in mil can be influenced to a marked extent for the animal at parturition. This influence appears to extend in some cases in a less degree for at least months, Underfeeding of the animal after parurition seems to be a necessary condiion to bring about this abnorma percentage of fat in the milk.

## Treatment of Grains for Smut

J. W. Eastham, B.Sc., O.A.C., Guelph

Since with the stinking smut and oose smut of oats infection takes place means of the spores which adher kill these germs without damaging th grain, will control smut satisfactorily The two following methods are the one sually adopted:
Two barrels, ane coarse sack, bluestone ime and water. In one barrel is placei a solution of bluestone of a strength of 1 lb . to 25 gallons, in the other lime water of a strength of 1 lb . in 10 gallons, The seed is put in the sack and im solution, and then 5 or 10 minutes in the lime water, which prevents injury to the grain from prolonged action of bluestone. The seed should now be dried as rapidly as possible by spreading it in shovelling it over at intervals.
2. Formalin Method-This has now largely taken the place of the blue stone method since it is easier to supply and there is less risk of damaging the grain, especially in the case of oats formalin in 42 gallons of water is placed in, a barrel. The seed is placed in a coarse sack, immersed for about ${ }^{20}$ minutes, a
above
A convenient modification of this method which has been found effective
consists in using a strong solution (half pint in five gallons of water) and sprinkling the seed with it. After each prinkling the seed should be well mixed each seed is covere with the liquid.

Treatment for Loose Smut
The above treatments are useless for
 is harvested, and any measures takel o kill it will be likely to injure the rain. The only treatment yet devise hours in cold water, allow to stand four hours in the wet sacks, and then place or five minutes in water at 132 degrees to 135 degrees. Care must be taken hat the temperature is not allowed to the abore this latter figure, and tha frw minutes, or it will be injured Spread out immediately to dry. Some grain will be killed by this process and
it will be necessary to sow slightly more
$\therefore$ One Cause of Lameness
$\qquad$ in shoeing. Not only is he liable to natch his foot just at the moment of lriving the nail, but he may have very examining roon, as may be seen by tub from an old nail may have been eft in, and caused the new nail to take wrong direction, or the nail itself may biver or split, or the hole in the shoe hay have been pritchelled with impercet direction. It is the custom to gard the difficulties he has to contend
with. It is not generally known how skiful a craftsman he is deserving of
better pay and more consideration. A nail may be picked on the road, or a sharp flint or other wounding body may
cause the sensitive foot to cause the sensitive foot to be pricked.
A prick manifests itself perhaps by a A prick manifests nest day, or a little lameness a week later, or acute lameness in a few hours. If the animal has been quite recently shod a prick is suspected, the shoe removed, and the foot pinched round to see where he feels
pain under the pincers. If the nail hole is cut out and a drop of blood drawn it is probable that a poultice or two will put the matter right. If neglected, a little green sappy matter forms, and if there is no more than would cover a split pea
the horse will be very lame, and tionately relieved when the matter has
been let out. Still, longer neglect results in matter under-running the foot or breaking out at the coronet, as with festered corns. Not alone should we be satisfied with local treatment. Experience is in favor of a ball of aloes-
"Farmer and Stockbreeder."

## Feeding Grain to Cows

The question is frequently asked whether it is economical to feed grain to cows during the pasture season. On ference of opinion. Judging by the direct results in milk production from feeding grain to cows on succulent and profit in such a procedure. While be no

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may be some increase in milk yields, the ihcreased yields do not in all instances pay for the grain consumed. The pastures in the early spring are mmature, and the grass contains a high percentage of water and a low percentage of dry matter, and the high nuitriments to furnish the needs of the body and maintain a large production of milk. For a cow of this type, that is, one that produces one to two pounds of butter fat daily, a grain ration should supplement the pasture, and she should she will consume
The cow that' is producing an average quantity of milk, say from 25 to 30 pounds of milk on average quality, will produce but little more when fed grain to supplement good pasture and for fed. Experimentation has proved that an additional pound of milk was secured for each paund of grain fed; but it was observed that the cows that received, grain during the pasture season gave 16 per cent better returns after the ceived no grain. In other words there was an increase in weight in the lot that were fed grain which resulted in the laying up of a considerable amount of surplus nutrients on their body which was utilized in future production.

## Raising More Cattle

With the extreme high prices of feeding cattle during the past two years, interest among farmers in raising cattle
growing very rapidly. In fact, that
is one reason why cattle are so high in cows and young heifers comes not only from the Corn Belt states, but also from the range sections, where herds have been sold down closer than ever in response to tempting prices. It is safe to assume that high cattle prices will
prevail for many years to come, and prevail for many years to come, and build up good breeding herds will get good pay for the feed they put into them, while through the manure produced they will increase the fertility of second profit.
Up until recent years, while cattle were abundant in the range sections, stockers and feeders could be bought at prices that usually permitted the feeder to fatten them at a profit, but this can of certainty; the margin between feeding and fat cattle is so small that only under the most favorable feed and market conditions can the feeder get market value for the grain fed. This is
why so many are turning their attention to raising cattle or raising and fattening them, rather than to finishing cattle raised by others.
On high priced land - that is, land worth $\$ 125$ to $\$ 150$ per acre-there is less speculation connected with raising
feeding cattle for the market fattening purchased stock. The man who is in position to milk at least half of his cows and let the other half raise all the calves has a safe business. A herd of breeding cows can be mainsilage, clover or alfalfa hay. Particularly is this true on farms that are
land is not suitable for grain growing and therefore must be kept on permake excellent use of this and thus convert relatively unproductive tracts into valuable farm assets.
Under certain conditions peef cattle can be profitably raised without milking the cows, but as a rule the profits will be considerably smaller. It is much calves on skim milk. Not all men can handle skim milk calves to advantage; this, however, is not due to the system but rather to the man in charge. Skim milk calves should be fed grain as soon to lis pounds of skim milk and what corn they will eat, calves can be raised that will be of as good quality in the fall as those that have nursed their dams without being fed grain.
Such calves will be worth $\$ 25$ to $\$ 30$ per head in the fall, when they may tened for the June or a later market, or they may be carried through the winter and sold the following spring as stock ers, or, if desired, they may be carried through the second summer on grass; in fact, they may be handled in one of
a good many ways without consuming any great quantity of high priced feed, should this be desirable. Under average conditions, no doubt the most profitable way will be to sell the calves at the age of 12 to 14 months as baby beeves then when they are ready for the marthe farm. Add to this the income in butter fat from the cows and the total makes a nice sum. The principal ad-
vantage of this plan arises from the
elimination of the speculative featur connected with buying cattle for the priced feed.

## Home Curing of Meat

One of the attractive features of the combination show held in connection ture in Nebraska was the cured meat exhibit. This was officially known the ham and bacon show. The entries were not as numerous as had been expected, but it was explained that this was due to the fact that the home curing of meats was almost a lost art on
the farms of the West. Eight exhibits were made by as many farmers. These consisted of specimens of ham, bacon and shoulder. It was contended by the managers of the exhibit that the home cured meat has a great advantage in packers' product, and that the object of the show was to induce interest in this feature of farm production. The ex hibit was the centre of a great deal of interest, notwithstanding its meager citizens engaged in spirited bidding for possession of the specimens shown. Th prizes were offered by the live stock breeders. H. H. Myers, of Fontanelle, received first and second prizes on ham, nd Abert Kilgore, of Ewing, third B. Good, of Long Pine, second.

This part of the exhibition was over hadowed by the corn show, in whic sixty boys and several girls were en
tered. There was also a number of pecimens of bread, cakes and othe dainties entered for prizes by girls
from the farms, as well as specimens of rom the farms, as well as specimens also to the boys, but none had the courage to enter.

## Potato Planting

Written for The Western Home Monthly by W. R. Gilbert

The labor bill in connection with the rowing of potatoes is one of the heaviest items relative to area the arm with the exception of hops, the potato is the most expen sive besides being the most precariou to the hop as an illustration of the fact that bountiful production is not a guar ntee of profit. The market is so horoughly governed by the relationship of supply and demand that a small crop
is often the more profitable. Potato is often the more profitable. Potato physical conditions. There is probably not a farm in the country on which potatoes are not grown, but on the great majority the area does not exceed What is required for the needs of the farm. The cultivation of the crop on a matter. It is a prominent feature, perhaps the chief feature, in certain districts proved to be well adapted for the purpose, in the same sense as hops, and Ireland potato growing is more general Ireland potato growing is more general ingredient in the home diet, but it has been only within the last few years that the gravelly soils in Dublin County and in certain parts of Munster, have been utilized

- The labor entailed in potato culture is of an expensive and exacting nature. The land has to be well tilled, for a than might rooting area is more important of the sets. As a rule the importance of a fine tilth is regulated by the size of the seeds sown, the turnip or the ent upon a por:dery seed bed than the
cone bean or the oat. The potato, however, is an exception, and growers have noticed that efficient tillage, including the loosening of the sub-soil, or of what is
known as the plow pan, facilitates the spreading of the roots, and indirectly spreading of the roots, and indirectly
affects the prosperity of the crops. The method of planting is also more labor-
ious than that of most other crops.

Winnipeg，May， 1914.
The Westepn Home Monthly

Various devices have been tried for sim－ plifying and expediting the work，but hand labor still generally prevails， on the lazy bed system，or on the flat． The accompanying photograph shows the method of planting commonly adopted．The tubers are set in the bot－ tom of the drills，at intervals of 10 inches or 13 inches，as may be desired， the experienced hand being wonderfully accurate and quack at the work．The and artificial manure in the drill，the former before and the latter after the sets are planted，but in many cases the yard manure is applied in the autumn in order that there may be as little de－ lay in the spring as possible．Although not so laborious as the lifting the crop， planting has but little fascination even for field workers，for only those hard－ ened to such operations escape the effects of the stopping or crouching at－ titude．


Busy Picking Wax Beans for Market．
Turkey Raising on the Farm

## Written for The Western Home Monthly

 by D．GrattanSome people always have good luck huck is all in the management．I would advise a begin er to start with not more than three hen turkeys and one male．If the hens be two－year－old the young turkeys will hatched from eggs laid by a bird a ear old，unless the one－year－old birds are well matured．
The hens generally make their nests in out－of－the－way places．When they start laying，the eggs should be well possible．When an egg is removed，a large hen egg or porcelain egg should be put in its place．In this way there will be no loss from chilled eggs．As
the eggs are collected，place them in a the eggs are collected，place them in a
shallow box，having a soft cloth in the shallow box，having a soft cloth in the handle them gently and they will be almost sure to hatch successfully． When the hen begins to set，remove
the eggs and break up the nest．She will aggain lay another lot，then it is ust to let her set．The other eggs can e hatched by hens．

Worms feed upon the vitality of children and endanzer thieir lives．A simple and
effective cure is Mother Grayes．Worm Fx．

There is a diversity of opinions as to whether hens or turkeys make the best not so timid，are more easily handled and will take more kindly to being cooped up than turkeys．The hen will not wander away too far with the young ones；but then，she cannot be
depended upon to protect them from that enemy of all poultry raisers，the hawk．Then again，the hen is more likely to be infested with lice，the greatest enemy the turkey has．
Birds hatched in May are the Birds hatched in May are the best，
and if the hens are set while the turkey is still laying，no time is lost． Great care must be taken to free
hens and turkeys from lice before ting．Durkeys from lice before set－ dust and and leave the mixture where the week can dust herself too and there will be to the head．One gray louse fastened will kill it．When the growing turkey crease the top of the wings，there the lice gather and the bird begins to mope


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Do you have a dull feeling in youngs head?
Do you have to clear your throat on rising?
Is you have to clear your throat on risisin?
Is there a tickling sensation in your throat?
Do you have an unpleasant discharg
Do you have an unpleasant discharge from
Does the nouse? mus drop into your throat from
Does the mucu
the nose?
NAME ..
grit in the pen, and give them to eat, cottage cheese (curds some call it) stale bread squeezed dry from swee tops or lettuce, but only a small quantity of any of these at a time, until they get their turkey appetites, fifteen or twenty days later, and begin to gobble up every thing in sight. Then begin to add cracked corn, and a mixinto a cake with buttermilk and soda and baked in the oven. Never feed more than five times a day. Be sure that at no time is any food left in their pen to spoil. If any is left, move the pen so that they cannot get it. See water all the time. Feed the mother hen or turkey outside the pen first or she will gobble up all their food. If allowed to run with the turkey hen at first, she will take the young too far nd the the pak the mother may oo out having the pen, the mother may go out
if she so wishes but will not be able to coax the little ones with her. They will require constant care and watchfulness for six weeks, and must be protected from sudden showers, and not After this length of time, they should be able to shift for themselves and are very hardy. Have a place for them, to roost in at night and fasten them in. The danger from wolves, hawks etc., is considerably lessened if the family is
astir before the turkeys are out.. When astir before the turkeys are out. When noon and night to encourage them in at those times.

## Green Manures

The plowing in of green manure crops is one of the most effective methods of enriching the surface soil. Green crops contain elements of fertility derived
from the air and from the mineral and
egetable constituents of the subsoil on which they grow, as well as what they have taken rom the surface soil. There the earth ${ }^{3}$ and left to decompose in it, as by plowing in, they naturally not only estore to the surface soil those elements that they took out, but also add to it he elements of plant food they secured best adapted for use as green manures are those that derive their support large$y$ from subsoir and grow rapidly and cover the ground well, and where roots enetrate deeply.
The growth of these crops may, with advantage, be largely increased by the rye, rape, clover and cowpeas are chief mong the green crops used as as chief manures; and of these clover and cowpeas are the most valuable, because of heir habit of deep growth and nitrogen addition. These green manure crops are summer fallow, and they should be plowed in as near as possible to the time of flowering. The improvement which they effect in the texture and fertility of the soil is most marked in clays. The
use of green manure crops furnishes a use of green manure crops furnishes a
cheap and efficacious method of manuring for lands remote from the buildings of the farm.

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"It would do no good," wearily replied the prisoner. "You would arrest me for frightening the birds."

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 2. Maver


## Fashions and Patterns

## I <br> The Western Home Monthly will send any pattern mentioned on the following pages on receiph Address Pat 1oc.

$T$, $\begin{aligned} & \text { W pretty the new spring dresses } \\ & \text { are in spite of the many imprac- }\end{aligned}$ ical features of some extreme styles. The flaring tunics, the outstanding collars and frills, lend a chic goyns. The low-cut blouse is a smart feature of the afternoon gown. Th latest note from Paris about tunics is that they are to be scalloped and draped in pannier style. The newest coats ar tunics. The smartest of the new blouse are almost shapeless in their loose lines. A pretty model was developed in a new shade of blue moire, with collar and cuff facings of darker faille silk. The fronts open over a vest of gathered tulle that is closed beneath a wide band of terra cotta crepe is finished with a Medici collar of hemstitched chiffon, and revers that outline the low front. The sleeves are short, over under sleeves of net in
wrist length that match the vest of wrist length that match the vest of
tucked net.

A pretty dress for warm days is developed in howered cotton voile in violet shade. The cuffs, collar and vest fronts are of embroidered batiste. A at the back with a jaunty sash skirt is caught up in front in a deep orosswise plait, which throws the fulness up over the hips in pannier style. A smart dress in rose-colored French Then has a new set-in kimono sleeve The fronts arp tucked to simulate a white. A tiny set-in vest is of filet in trimmed with crochet buttons. The skirt is plain and topped with a tunic in straight outline. A girdle and neck bow of black velvet give character to the dress. Striped cotton crepe combined with plain white crepe was used for a
dress made with-a double skirt. A plain net yoke and undersleeves form a dainty finish. Moire taffeta in green was used fo an afternoon dress, draped to show the new bustle effect. The waist is draped in

"Far from the Madding Crowd." A typical scene in Western Ontari
The simplicity that marks many of the galine, and topped by a vest of whit dew gowns is shown in a stylish mode green shade. The blouse is in kimono style, and closes diagonally in front. The slightly low.neck is finished with a round collar, outlining a shield of ecru net The short sleeves have pointed, turn back cuffs. The skirt is a one-piece cross plait and slashed at the lower edge.
Separate skirts, now so fashionable Separate a comfortable convenience, and this season's materials are beautiful and serviceable for such garments. Serge, golfine, poplin, taffeta and moire all come in checks and plaids. A stylish twopiece skirt is draped in a cluster of
plaits over the front, forming a pretty plaits over the front, forming a pretty
cascade at the foot. Another model more simple has the fulness disposed of in two short dart tucks over the front and back. Blue and green plaid was used for this style, with a waist of blue taffeta. A new and extremely stylish
skirt is draped high in front under a flaring double tunic. This in brown crepe was worn with a blouse of white crepe de chine, cut with a very deep yoke that combined the sleeve portions,
and was finished with a Japanese collar. Boleros and bolero effects are smart on ladies as well as misses' dresses. Eton effects are also popular. Many of the showing Raglan effects in front, but cut
she in one with the back. A collar in Medici style is very becoming on this kind of coat. Some of these short coats are finished with a shaped girdle and have
wide armscyes.
galine, and topped by a vest of white
net. The sleeve and waist body are net. The
A smart summer dress of novelty cot on crepe in brown and white checks has a gathered vest of fine dotted crepe. Th
ronts of the waist are turned back in wide facings of brown silk, trimmed with loops and self-covered buttons. The skirt is cut with a wide front panel tha meets a double tunic over the hips. A misses' dress of tan ratine, showing iste collar and cuffs, and a small vest of the same material hand embroidered. $A$ dress of novelty plaid eponge in blue s made with the waist cut low in fron and back, and with the sleeveless narrow shoulder portions finished with strapped suspender buckles. The skirt is gathered lighitly and finished with a wide-shaped pretty ecru shade has a crepe in a embroidered batiste.
A nice serviceable-looking dress in middy style for a girl of 12 or 14 years is made of black and white checked gingwhite pith shield, collar and cuffs of
The dress is made to lace in front, and has deep patch pockets below the girdle which is inserted through box plait on each side of the front.
A dainty little dress of cotton crepe showing a Dresden design in pink and blue is finished with a collar of em-
broidered net. The belt and cuffs of white crepe. A pretty hat in mushroom white crepe. A pretty hat in mushroom
shape is made of the crepe and trimmed with a simple band and bow of black

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9887-Girrs Dress (with Lining) in vieeable pockets. Percale in a pretty patBlouse or Regulation Waist Style. Ratine in a new shade of blue was used in this instance, with pearl button for decoration. The skirt is in three
pieces and is shaped over the front to correspond with the waist. The pattern is good for voile, crepe, galatea, gingham, chambrey, lawn, line, or linene, serge,
silk or cashmere. It is out in five sizes, silk or cashmere. It is cut in five sizes:
$8,10,12,14$ and 16 years. Pattern, 10 .

## -

9876-A Splendid "Sport" Model Coat for Misses and Small Women. - This new and stylish model is good
for ratine cheviot, serge, linen, or silk. The fronts are lapped at the olosing, are open slightly at the throat, where wide lapels
or revers meet a neat collar. The

collar may be rolled high and the fronts lapped with straight edge, or rolled in revers style as illustrated. The patterin
is cut in four sizes: $14,16,17$ and 18 years. Pattern, 10e.
9897-A Simple, Attractive Dress.Blue chambrey combined with blue and brown gingham was used for this
model.
It sleeves in one, and has shoulder and underarm seams. It is bloused over a lining that may be omitted, and the
waist may be finished with smooth regulation outline. A jaunty cuff and collar, together with the plaited skirt, combine to complete this naty frock.
percale, lawn, dimity, voile challie, tub Percale, lawn, dimity, voile, challie, tub
silk, cashmere or linen, are all appropriate for this style. The pattern is cut in four sizes: $6,8,10$ and 12 years. Pattern, 10 c .
9882-A Neat Lady's Apron-This simple, easily-made style is good for gingham, chambrey, percane, la wh. denim sateen and brilliantine. The waist is cut belt that holds the skirt, which has ser-
tern with binding of braid or tape in a contrasting color would suit this patterni, The pattern is cut in materium and large. Pattern, 10c.

9896-9898-A Simple Costume for Home or Calling.-This attractive combination portrays a pretty though simple blouse style thiat may be flinished with long or shorter sleeve. It is joined to a three--
piece
skirt. Skirt Pattern 9898 furnish the models. The waist pattern is cut in seven sizes: $32,34,36,38,40,42$ and 44 inches bust measure, The skirt is in six sizes: 22, 24, $26,28,30$ and 32 inches wa ist measure. Two separate patterns, 10c. each.
9886-A Practical and Pleasing House or Home Dress. - Black and white

shecked gingham, with facings of whit linene is here shown. The design would in a aretty in figured lawn or dimity, or able wear it would look well in serviceblue striped seersucker, with collar, cuffs and facings in contrasting color. The pattern is cut in seven sizes: $32,34,36$, $38,40,42$ and 44 inches bust measure.

9877-A Very Pretty Top Garment Girl's Coat-White linen with embroidery
for collar and cuffs is here shown. The coat is out on simple lines with a very pleasing front closing at the over-
lapping. It is finished with a low belt, wide collar and deep cuffs. The pattern ings, for silk, cloth or wash sen's cloak It is cut in five sizes: $2,4,6,8$ and 10 years. It requires three yards of pattern material for a six-year size. address on receipt of 10 c . in silver or stamps
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cessively oily, you are providing tie cessively oily, you are providing the
very best sil for the thriving of these bacteria.
How to Begin this treatment tomake your night: With warm water skin resist work up a heavy lather Then woap in your hands. Then with the tips of your fingers rub
this cleansing, antisenticlatherinto your skin using an upward and outward motion. Rinse well with warm water, then with cold. If possible rub your face for
a few minutes with a few minutes with a piece of ice.
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you will see a marked improvement. If you will see a marked improvement. If your skin should become too sensitive, discontinue until this.sensitive feeling
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fresh, free and healthy, and its insidious enemies will inva: :ably meet defeat.

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9883-A Simple, Becoming and Popular poplin, ratine, linen, lawn, gingham, Blouse.-Crepe, ratine, chiffon, vaile, tub
silk, linen, madras, ohallie, net, lawn, and
chambrey or challie. It is cut in four
sit, 16,17 and 18 years. Patsilk, linen, madras, challie, net, lawn, and "all over" embroidery are all suitable for this pretty model. It is cut with body style. The pattern is cut in six sizes: $32,34,36,38,40$ and 42 inches bust measure. Pattern, 10c.

9881-A Simple, Practical and Desirable Model. - Brown galatea with brown and white striped gingham is here shown. The design is effective for linen, chambray, ratine, voile, crepe, seershaped and lapped over the left at the closing. The sailor collar and simple bishop sleeve are popular style features. The fulness of the dress is held under

the wide Balkan belt: The pattern is $\mid$ sette) With Long or Shorter Sleeve, and cut in 5 sizes: 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. With Skirt in Raised or Normal WaistPattern, 10c.

9904-An Ideal Dress for School or General Wear-Plaid gingham in blue and brown tones is here combined with blue chambrey. The effect and the style are
attractive. The model will develop equally well in galatea, lawn, percale, serge, voile, poplin, silk, or challie. The serge, voile, poplin, silk, or chanie. The
overblouse closes on the shoulders, over an undersleeve. -Finished with wrist length sleeves and a round collar. The
lines are girlish and the model is comines are girlish and the model is comfortable and easy to develop.
pattern is cut in four sizes: $8,10,12$ and 14 years. Pattern, 10 c .
9901-A Simple but Pleasing Frock. Dress for Misses and Small Women. (With or Without Peplum Tunic and
Trimming Bands). Blue and white striped crepe voile is here combined with blue, to make a gown that is attractive and stylish. The blouse fronts are laid in tucks over the centre. The peplum may be omitted. The waist is fmished touch is added by the bands. The touch is added by the bands.
ern, 10c.

9880-A Unique and Attractive Style. Ladies' Skirt (In raised or Normal Waistline).-Ratine in a new shade of gray was used in this instance. The design is suitable for voile, silk, chiffon, or serge. It is cut to simulate a tunic, and is most graceful in its shaping and outline. It may be finished in normal or raised waistline, and with closed or slashed seam at the front. The pattern is cut in five sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28 and
inches waist measure. Pattern, 10 .

9889-A Simple but Up-to-date Gown Ladies' Dress (With or Without Chemi-

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9888-Child's Dress with Yoke and Long materials now in vogue. The weist has | 9888-Child's. Dress with Yoke and Long | materials now in vogue. The waist has |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| or Shorter Sleeve, in High or Low | the dip shoulder, lengthened by a sleeve | or Shorter Sieeve, in Collariess Style.-Lawn, nainsook, in kimono style, and finished with a dimity, crossbar muslin, voile, mull, wide trimming band that forms a round silk, percale, cashmere or flannelette collar over the back. The gathered may be used for this design. tunic shows a pretty style feature, and It has simple lines, is easy to is finished with a full girdle. This model lace or embroidery for a "best" dress, broidery would be pretty. The pattern is while if made of nainsook, a yoke of "all cut in four sizes: 14, 16, 17 and is years. over" would be nice, with a simple hem The skirt measures $11 / 2$ yards at lower finish. The pattern is cut in four sizes. Pattern, 10c.

9890-9885-A Ctarming Gown Suitable for Many Occasions.-Chiffon taffeta in a pretty shade of tan with embroidered crepe for the vest was used to make this attractive model. The skirt is gracewaist, which is especially suited to $\begin{aligned} & \text { er }\end{aligned}$

slender figures, has some new style fea- I embroidery may serve as trimming. The tures. A tiny undervest of the silk is sack is fitted by a belt at the waist line. outlined by the overvest of crepe, and is Its lines are simple, and the peplum is a topped by a little yoke of lace. The
sleeve, close-fitting at its lower part style feature. The sleeve is finished
with sleeve, close-fitting at its lower part,
meets the long shoulder at the upper of the arm. The waist pattern is cut in five sizes: $34,36,38,40$ and 42 inches bust measure. The skirt in five sizes: $22,24,26,28$ and 30 inches waist measure. The skirt measures $11 / 4$ yards at the foot. This illustration calls for
two separate patterns 9608-Ladies' House or Home Dress with Long or Shorter Sleeve-This neat and popular style is suitable for gingham, chambrey, lawn, percale, voile, crepe,
linen or ratine. As here illustrated blue and white striper' percale with blue for
collar and cuffs was used. The pattern is rut in s' : sizes: 32, 34. 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Pattern, 10 c.

9884-A Charming Gown, Suitable for Dressy and General Wear. - This
attractise model portrays a lovely combination of embroidered and plain voile in the new blue shade. The lines are youthful and becoming, and the style may be easily adapted to any of the
with a neat cuff. The pattern is cut in six sizes: $34,36,38,40,42$ and 44 inches bust measure. Pattern, 10 c .
9891 - Ladies' Knickerbockers and Bloomers.-Cambric, serge, galatea, mohair, sateen, flannel or silk may be used made of models. No. 1 may be also If finished in knickerbocker style. The designs are easy to make, and will give rood service, and comfort in wearing wear, for travelling and touring they are excellent. The pattern is cut in six sizes: $22,24,26,28,30$ and 32 inches waist measure. Pattern, 10c.
9903-Girl's Dress in Russian Style. - White ratine, finished with emhere shown. The design is made with a comfortable deep armscye, and a neat collar and cuff. The lines of the blouse re simple, and the model is easy to develop. The pattern is cut in four sizes:
$8,10,12$ and 14 years, Pattern, 10 .

9905-A Comfortable and Pleasing $26.28,30$ and 32 inches waist measure. $9905-$ A
Model-Blue and white striped galatea
is there combined with facings of Two separate pattern, 10c. each. ig fere combined with facings of
the fronts are crossed White linen. The fronts are crossed wide at the closing and finished with a notco skirt has plaits at the side seams. The sleve is finished with a deep cuff. The pattern is also suitable for cashmere, prunella, gingham, chambrey, mere, prilie, percale, tub sitk, linen or lawn. It is ait int four siaes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 yearsicupatterii, 10c.
9892-Boy's Russian Suit with Knicker-bockers.- Of all popular styles, there are none more desirable and suitable than bockers.-
none desirable and suitable than
Russian. bouses and "knickers." The
pattern is suitable for any of the
materials now in vogue. It is cut in modeg shown has the front finished with six sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches

over its entire length, and the extra fulness at the wrist is disposed of in several tucks. The knickers are in regulation
style. Galatea, gingham, serge, kindergarten, cloth, madras, chambrey, linen, or percale are all desirable for this style.
The pattern is cut in four sizes: $3,4,5$ The pattern is cut in four sizes: $3,4,5$ and 6 years. P'attern, 10 c .

9741-A Child's Rompers in High or Round Neck Edge. - This design with its practical closing at the lower edge is percale, galatea, flannel or flannelette. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 6 months, 1,2 and 3 years. Pattern, 10 c.

9902-9894-A Stylish, Graceful Dress for Home or Calling.- Embroidered voile in a new shade of rose was used for this charming gown. It is composed of Ladies,
Waist Pattern 9902, and Ladies, SKirt Pattern 9894. The skirt has pleasing artistic lines and, like the waist, is easy to derelop. The waist, ent with a deep shaped yoke that combines the sleeve portions, is very attractive for slight
figures. The waist pattern is cut in six iggures. The waist pattern is cut in six
sizes: $34,76,38,40,42$ and 44 inches bust measinte. The skirt in six sizes: 22,24,

Wear-Dress for Maternity or Invalid Wear.-This design is cut on lines that are graceful and stylish, and is arranged so as to insure comfr and convenience a neat vest that is cut low at the neek edge, and may be worn with or without chemisette. The skirt is cut on prevailing fashion lines, but with sufficient fulness for freedom of movement. The skirt and waist are joined, aud the fulness at the waist line may thest measure. Pattern, 10 c . white, with brown for yoke and belt portions is here portrayed. The model is comfortable and stylish. The yoke is a pretty cuff finish. The plaited skirt is topped by a wide belt. A neat collar. cut round finishes the neck edge. Chambrey, Volle, galatea, crepe. crimkieu
wash fabrics, tub silk. lawn, or linell arı wash fabrics, tub silk. lawn, or linen art
all suitable for this style. The pattern is cut in f…r sizes: 6,8,10 and 12 years Pattern, $10{ }^{\text {a }}$

9900-A Simple but Attractive Model. Ladies' Apron - Percale, lawn, cambric, gingham, brilliantine, or sateen may be
used for this design. It is easily made, is comfortable, and the bib affords protection for the upper part of the dress. of lawn the free edges could be trimued with lace or embroidery, or finished with feather stitching or buttoned-holed stitched scallops, in self or contrasting made of serviceable office pron in red. The pattern is sateen sre sizes: Small, medium and large. Pattern, 10c.

9899-Girl's Dress with or without Lin 9899-Girrs Dress with or without


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## Young People

## The Stinglest Girl

"He's the stingiest old thing!" said Becky Purcell.
girls. questioned the other three "That clerk at Boynton's I bought a remnant of silk; it was two yards and an eighth, and he charged me for the

## eighth." Laura

Laura Holcomb laughed. "When hear that word, 'stingy," she, said, "I
think of Kate Stilwell, and I guess I always ehall."
Stelle "We the girls at Chase Hall?" said Stella Ward Chase Hall was the dis. tant boarding school which Laura Holjust come home for the summer "Yes; the stingiest girl there;
that was what we called ther," that was what we called her,", sa Laura smiling a little.
"Tell about, it,", said Becky Purcell. Laura began. "She came from Hawley, and another girl came at the same time from the same place-Phoebe Williams. We didn't think much about Phoebe Williams, somehow. She was a nice girl, but she was quiet, and rather plain, and
she didn't she didn't care anything about clothes,
and she studied all the time; she just dug! and so, you see, she wasn't exactly popular.
"But Kate Stilwell was. She was one of the girls that are bound to be. She was pretty and smart; she was the kind
of girl that can do thingsof girl that can do things-anything-
and before we knew $i t$ she was on two or three of the freshmen class committees, and vice-presidert of the music club-she played splendialy-and, sub editor of the 'Chase Hall Record,' and no freshman had ever been that before
And she didn't try for anything either; And she didn't try for anything either
she didn't push herself. There was something real sweet about Kate Stilwell, and we all liked her.
"Or we all did for a while; but one day Sara Decker and Louise Northrup
 you know what I think? I think she's the stingiest, too.
"'I believe. it,' said Sara. Decker. 'I have noticed it. You know the music
class is going to buy a bust of Lisst for class is going to buy a bust of Liszt for
the music room! Well, Kate Stilwell hasn't subscribed a cent, for all she's vice-president, and I don't think she means to, either. The contributions are voluntary, of course, but don't you "hink she's rather mean?
thought she was rather mean the ond I day, too. Molly Orr was going to throw away a wicker table she'd had in her room till she'd got tired of it, and Kate offered her twenty-five cents for it, and
took it. The idea! Why didn't she bly took it. The idea! Why didn't she bly
a new one? She must have plenty of money; why, look at her dresses; they are lovely,'
a'That's
and
from Hawley, funny part of it. She's from Hawley', said Sara, 'and there is a Stilwell in Hawley that owns the paper mills there, and he's rich, and
think it is her father, Milo F. Stilwell. Papa has had business with him.'
"Why, then, it's a sorto of mania, her being so stingy, isn't it 9 ' said Louise. Something like kleptomania!
"I tried to stand up for her some, but I couldn't say much, for you know, and I thought if she was really a rich girl it was just horrid.
"That afternoon Louise and I came across Phoobe Williams in the library, studying French history for dear life,
and we stayed a minute, and Louise led and to the subject of Kate Stilwell purposely. 'What's her father's name?' said she.
"'Milo,'s said Phoebe.
"He owns' the paper mills in Hawley, "He owns' the paper $m$
doesnn't he? seid Louise.
"'Yes, said Ph
"'Well," said Louise, as we went along, 'then she must be richer than along, hen she must mo how Ruth is, just as generous and lovely as she can
bee,
I was afraid Phoebe Williams might hear her, and $I$ looked around and

I knew that she had, for she was look ing at us hard, and she was real red same town always stand up for each other, of course, but Phoebe Williams swore by Kate Stilwell anyhow.
"Well, Kate got up a perfect reputation for stinginess. She didn't seem to care if everybody knew she was stingy, nor what anybody thought. Of course if we had thought she was serimped for
money not one of us would have crit icised her, not a girl in the Hall would have been so mean as that; but when we all knew how well off she was just provoked us. There was the camera club. Kate had a camera, and Eva
Paine asked her to Paine asked her to join the club, and
when Eva told her it was $\$ 5$ for the initiation fee, she said 'oh!' and she didn't join. Then there was a ' 'grind'
in the Record: 'K.S.-Kan't Spend, in the Record: 'K.S.-Kan't Spend. Miss Chase didn't allow grinds in the paper, eeither, but that got in somehow
Kate Stilwell dian't pay Kate
to $i$, but Phoebe Williams did thought Louise had put it in, and she went to her, as hot as could be, and asked her if she had; but Lovise hadn't. I think it was Eva Payne.
"Kate had plenty of niee clothes, when she came to school, but she didn't get
anything more. Sara Decker said she hadn't had so much as a new collar button since she came to the Hall. 'And I'm just' waiting to see, said she,
'whether shell wear that same old white awn to the white
tion.
"We
were all wild about the General' reception. The General was a friend o he was gse, an old school friend, and his way to Washangton, and he had promised Miss Chase he would stop over us girls and tell us some war stories and, of course, Miss Chase was going to make a fine affair of it. It. was in the winter, when the talk about the war was growing all the time, and the girls were, all crazy about meeting the Gen-
eral. - Almost every girl was going to have Decker had a beautiful pink silk waist and I had a new drese, and lots of the girls did. Sara was determined to know what Kate Stilwell was going to do nd I were in the liy she asked her. Sara came in.
"What about the reception, Kate?" said Sara. "What are you going to war'My white dress,' said Kate, 'the one with the rosettes; you've seen it,' and he picked up her dumb-bell
and unconcerned as anything
"Stan "Sara didn't say any anthing. "Wooed at me.
"We did all we could Chase make it a could to help Miss was a great big committee on arrange was a great big committee on arrangeit, and Sara and Louise, and Kate Stilwell and a lot of others. Oh, yes, and
Phoebe Williams, Ruth Morrill nominPhoebe W,
ated her.
Louise Louise and Sara roomed together, and a week before the reception they in-
vited the whole committee to their room to talk things over and have spread-what they called a spread. We had cake and olives and oranges, and we made fudge. They borrowed tables
and chairs, and every and chairs, and every girl had a plate,
and, just for fun, they had a favor fo every girl. They were paragraphs for verses that they'd cut out of old news papers and books, and we read them out aloud in turn. They were hits,
mostly. Ruth Morrill is a chate mostly. Ruth Morrill is a chatterbox,
and hers was a verse quiet child that never talked a gentle, didn't care, nor nany of us. We laughe and had a great time-till it got round to Kate Stilwell.
"Well, Kate read hers right out, like Louise a minute, and her cheeks got a Louise a minute, and her cheeks got a
bit redder, and theu she read it; and his was her verse she read it; an

## To Suffer From Headaches makes life miserable.

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Creek district, 8 miles from Hurdman Lodge, 2 storey frame hous and plastered complete stablin for 18 head, 2 steel field granaries also frame granary, New Hog
House $24 \times 8$, divided into 2 pens House $24 \times 8$, divided into 2 pen
and hog house. Splendid suppl of water. Price $\$ 25.00$ per acre $\$ 3,000.00$ cash down, balance in 6 yearly payments.

## W. C. L. Pratt

Notary Public
ASQUITH, SASKATCHEWAN Canada
25 miles West of Saskatoon)

## Are You One of The Unfortunates

With Backache, Headache and That Tired Feoling
If So Listen to the Story of George F Stander, and Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.
Handsworth, Sask., Handsworth, Sask..,
(Special). -If you are of those un-
fortunates who suffer from sore back, fortunates who that tired, listless feeling hendache makes work a hardship and lif nof worth living, the story of Geo. F Staider, a well-known young $m$ : of this place, wi interest you.
"For nearly ten years," Mr. Stander says, 1 headache. I had a mouth tired. I finally decided that my ways
kidneys were the cause of my trouble,
and decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. and decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills I got half-a-dozen boxes, and before I had finished
pletely cured.
"I advise anyone suffering as I did to use Dodd's Kidney Pills."
Healthy Kidneys strain all impurities all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. Weak Kidnr-s leave these im-
purities in the blood, and the result is nervousness, tired feeling and pains and aches that often develop into Diabete and Bright's Disease. Dodd's Kidne healthy

## FRECKLES <br> Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly

There's no longer the slightest need of feel-
ing anhamed of your freckles, as the prescriping ashamed of your freckles, as the prescrip-
tion othine double strength is is guaranteed
to remove these homely spots. to remove these homely spots.
simply get an ounce oun othe-double
strength-from your druggist, and apply strength from your druggist, and apply a
little of inigh and morning and you should
soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones
have vanished entirely. It is seldom that
more than an ounce is needed to completely more than an ounce is needed to completely
clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear com
plexion. Re sure to ask for the double streng
othine as this is sord under guarantee
money back if it fails to remove freckles.


## Eddy's

Fibreware
Tubs
will gladden the washerwoman's day. They are made in one solid piece and cannot fall apart and

They Retain
The Heat
Of the Water
much longer than the old
wooden variety.

## I'm tight as the bark of a tree;

But I tell ye I'd suffer consider'ble wuss "One spend my good money,' said he.
"On two girls laughed, but I think we felt scared/ a little. I did; I know, ay tried to think of something to doy to smotht it over, if I could. But Somebody jumped up all at once, and
looked around and saw Phoebe Wil liams standing up. She didn't look warm like Kate; she looked pale, and ve an knew something was going to
happen, and it was as still as could be, '"'l'm going to speak out', said she;
I can't bear it any longer. You girls I can't bear it any longer. You girls
have thrown out hints like this before; have thrown out hints like this before;
hints about Kate Stilwell being stingy, and I've stood it as long as I can. No woill don't stop me, Kate-I must and
"She made me think of Spartacus to the gladiators, or Horatius to the bridge, or som mebody, the way she looked
standi standing there. I want to ask you something, she saia, just one hing
If Kate Stilwell is stingy, do you know why she's stingy? Well, I'm going to tell you why.

解 been friends at home, rich; and so Kate has koor and all about is me. She knew I wanted to be a teacher a governess if I could, and if I could go to a private school, 1 could get a goo
deal better position as a governess. And she was coming here, and she brought me with her. Yes, she just made me come. She said the allowance her fathe gave her was plenty enough to pay for little economical. She wanted to do it and she would do it; she just brough ne along.
"Her family and mine knew all about it, of course, but she didn't tell any oody else, and she wouldn't let me. And she made me promise not to to to
body about. it here, either. She said it wasn't anybody's business, but I knew what she thought. She didn't want any of you girls to know she was doing it because she never wants to take any credit for anything, and she though bion here if nobody knew but that I had money of my own. not give me work part of the time housework or anything; I didn't care what, so long as 1 co Kate wouldn't have it. She said I would heve tudying vough to doing anything else; she said she wanted to see mee get through with honors, and that she was doing it, and
was going to do it all, and do it her was going
own way
"'Now, how do you think I felt,' said Phoobe Williams, "when you called Kate Stilwell sting.? If she has been sungno
she has had to be, and now you know why. I don't believe she cared for what you thought, for she's above it-but
cared Kate Stilwell is the best girl in cared. Kate stiwell is the best gind
this school, and the noblest and dearthis send I've broken my promise to her
est-and est to tell, and I don't care, I will tell
not -and, oh, girls!' And the ! Phoebe Wil liams sat down and dropped her head
into her hands, and burst out crying." into her hands, and burst ous crying. wet; wet, so,
sympathizing listeners.
"Well, we couldn't do anything just that minute, because when we looked around for Kate Stilwell she was gone, she'd escaped. But afterwards you can
just imagine! We didn't apologize to just imagine!
Kate in so many words, for when Sara and Louise tried to tell ner how sorry they were about that mean verse she wouldn't let them; she said if :she'd erally been as stingy as they thought she mas. But there are tots of ways for
them. them. But there are lots of whays for
girls to show it, you know, when they girls to show it, you now,
like a girl, and admire her, and want her to know it.
"Sometimes, after that, ingtead of calling her Kate Stilwell, the girls 'called her 'the stingiest girl,' but we all knew and the biggest-hearted girl"-Ex.

Make a continual investment in self-
Make a con if you would hold your
improvement
lowitions. Struggle develops p , $\mathrm{trsonality}$.

A Boy King's Ride for Life
Those boys who have been to Nor mandy may remember the famous te nes to Falaise, but of which now only portions remain. But they may not perhaps know that the making of that road was the penalty exacted from
wealthy and powerful rebels for an attempt upon the life of him who year later became known in history
William the Conqueror of England.
You will remember that the mothe of this mighty warrior was Herleve, furs beautiful daughter of a dealer
fuy furs who lived at falaise, and mandy, who died on a pilgrimage in
the Holy Land. After Duke Robert's death some of the powerful nobles who were not willing that William, a mere oy, should rule over them, having already murdered his guardians, and
even threatened the lives of their children, sought his life also.
William himself
was only himself has told us that he ucceeded tight years, old when hed he also said, "From that day to this I he also said, "From that day to this
have always ione the weight of arms." "The first day," says Wace, the ancient historian, "that William vaulted on to the back of his destrier (war-horse) withrout the assistance of the stirrup was one of rejoicing throughout his dominions."
But not so was it to some of northheld it as infamous that they, warriors of noble birth, should ever be governed by one who had a tradesman for his grandfather, and was but a boy in
years. Guy of ben the companion of his clildhood, and to whom he had generously given great estates and high utiles, , mid a plot viscounts or high sheriffs, of the Bessin ind the Contenein, offering to share the Dominion of Normandy with them as the price of their traitorous aid in the price
winning it
One ni
One night, after a day's hunting William was sleeping soundly in his old ohroroicle, "in the season of hiss first sleep," when he was awakened by blows upon the door and by a loud voice, full of breathless haste and terror, crying, Awake, awake, Duke Willam! Open open, open! else we are dead men all
Where art thou, William! William, William, wherefore dost thou sleep? Awake, arise! thine enemies are about
thee, sworn to take thy life ere the thee, sworn to take thy hie, ere the
morning dawns! Up, up, up!" The voice was that of Galet, the jes er, who was frantically beating the his dauble, or fool's staff of office, and who had just before witnessed the meeting of armed men and overheard
them plotting to slay the young duke. them plotting to slay the young duke.
William arose in haste, and wearing only his shirt and drawers threw on his capat (a short, hooded cloak) snatched up his sword, and sprang forth, barefooted, to limself sadade ang the streets, unattended by a single companion, he rode out furiously into the black country, where ing back, he saw the torches and soon heard the thundering hoofs of his murderous pursuers.
All night long he kept up his speed pursuers passed him; fording the Rive Viore by favor of an ebbing tide, and landing safely near st. Clement's
Church in the vicinity of Bayeux. Entering it, he knelt and prayed to God for help. But fesh disaster befell him, enemies, and once again he was hotly pursied.
Sunrise was burning in golden radi strong the sea whe drew nea a strong castle guarding a little bay
called the Rie. It was held for one of called the Rie. It was held for one of
the conspirators against his life by a the conspirators against his life by a
stout soldier belonging to the illustrious house of Eu, named Hubert, and nicknamed "'Ponhonor Hubert," from the habit he had of swearing by his honor
A frank. honest, fearless, and loyal Arank, honest, fearless, and loya

## Her Cough Racked Her Terribly.

## DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PIIE SYRUP Effected A Cure.

Obstinate coughs and colds yield to the greatful, soothing and healing power of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and for the racking, persistert cough, often present in consumptive cases, it will be found exceedingly beneficial and pleasant
to take. The use of it is generally into take. The use of it is generally in-
dicated wherever symptoms of throat, or lung troubles appear, but especially or lung troubles appear, but especially
so with all persons of a consumptive
or catarrhal tendency as or catarrhal tendency, as its prompt
curative properites speedily remove the curative properites speedily remove the
danger, and restore the throat and lungs to a sound healthy state if used in time. Mrs. Edward Patterson, Young's Cove Road, N.B., writes:-"I have had occasion to use Dr. Wood's Norway Pinl Syrup, and can say that it is certainly
a good medicine. About a year ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs, and left them in a very weak state. The cough racked me terribly, vised me to give Dr. Wood's Norway before I had it half gone I found relief. I used two bottles, and have never been bothered since. I I would not be without in the house. Price, 25 c .; family size, 50 c . Manu-
actured only by The T. Milburn Co actured only by The
Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CANCER

R. D. Evans

BRANDON
MAN

$\mathrm{A}^{\text {ny person who is the sole head of a family or }}$ any male over 18 y ears old, may homestead quarter-seation of ar available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskat ,hewan or Alberta. The app
cant must appear in peraon at the Dominion Lande gency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain con-
ditions,by father. mother, son, daughter, brother Dutioe-Six months residence upon and cultava-
ion of the land in each of three years. Ahome
steadermay live within nine miles of his homestead steader may live within nine miles of his homestead
on af arm of at least 80 acres solely cwned and
occupied by him or by his father, mother, son. caughter. brother or sister. In eertain districts a homesteader in good stand-
ing may pre-empta quarter- section alongaid hia
homestead. Price $\$ 3.00$ per acre. Duties Must homestead. Price
reside upon the homeoseadead or or. proutmption six
months in each of six years from date of homemonths in each of six years from date of home-
stead entry (including the time required to to
earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres
A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead
ight and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for purchased homestead in certain districts. Pric
8.00 per act 33.00 per acre. Duties-Must reside six monthsi
ach of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect each of three years, eul
a house worth $\$ 300.00$.
w. w. comy

Deputy of the Minister of the Interio
N.B.- Unauthorized publication of thill advertise-
ment will not be paid for.

## The Wonderful Variety of Jaeger Garments

1 Everybody knows that Jaeger Underwear and Jaeger Sweaters and Coats have a world-wide reputation, but most people are surprised at the great variety of garments sold under the name of "Jaeger." II takes a full page of the new Jaeger Catalogue to give the list of Jaeger articles made. This includes Blankets, Cardigans, Sweaters, Underwear, Dressing Gowns, Slippers, Shirts, Mitts, Motor Ulsters, Pyjamas, Rugs, Slceping Bags, and scores of other necessary articles, all made to confirm Dr. Jaeger's theory that

## "The Wise Wear Wool"

ITo get the full list send for Catalogue-to see the full assortment call at one of the Jaeger Stores.

## 



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how easy it is to get splendid results from home dyeing with

## Maypole Soap <br> The quick, Clean Home Dye

you would certainly use it and save yourself a lot of needless expense. For with Maypole Soap you can dye dresses, ribbons, curtains, table-covers cushion-tops, feathers, parasols, bathing suits, children's clothes-in fact scores of things that have lost their beauty-and make them fresh and pretty
as new. 24 brilliant fadeless colors, from which you Colors 10c a cake-Black 150-at your dealer's or postpaid with Bookle How to dye" from

Frank L. Benedict \& Co., Montreal

## SUPERFLUOUS HAMR <br> Moles, Warts and Small Birthmarks are successfully and permanently remored by Electrolysis. This is the only safe and sure cure for these arched by this method. There are severalpoor methods of performing this work, butin the hands of an expert it may be done with very and with fifteen years' experience, the very best one of my specialties, and with ifitcen years' experience, the very best method in use, apd a Write for booklet and further particulars. <br> Mrs. E. COATES COLEMAN smith street, winnipeg <br> Phone Main 996

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Moles and Warts successfully removed. Eczema and acne treated. Facial treatments. Scalp treatments. Soft water Shampooing. Manicuring.
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## Broadenaxe Hair Food

$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}$ not a dye but a food that soothes the dry scalp and lifts the dead skin off thus
alow oing the hair to come through in its natural shade Directions for use on jar.
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29 Stobart Block, Winnipeg
enjoying the sea air near hie castle gate, with the glory of the sun ascend ngure of a routh mounted upon a spen horse wearily drawing near
Approaching him, he noticed the pain fully heaving flanks of the smoking and foaming steed, saw that his widely distended nostrils were full of blood and also noticed, with not little astonish of foot, wearing neither boot nor spur "How now-how now, young rider What means this?
The duke was famished, stiff and weary, almost desperate. He deter The blood of Rolla was in Hubert's veins, as in his own, and, recognizing him, young William remembered this and his nickname, and how he prided himself upon preserving the honor of his family. With eyes looking fixedy and nqu with the hilt of his long straight broad-bladed sword in readiness for de fence, the duke replied by affecting gnorance, "Who," he said slowlywho is he that questions meq" "'Pon honor!" replied the honest seigneur frankly. "I am Hubert of the Rie, and from you, my liege, as lord suzerain, I hold my lordship under the Count de Bessin."
William gathered up his reins on hearing this name, but Hubert laid his strong hand upon the bridle and said he, safety as precious as if you rode in my
skin" "May I trust you," asked the young
duke. "With your life!" said Hubert, gravely and earnestly: "'pon honor!" "It is my life I give into your hands," replied William
And he told him how, when soundly sleeping at Valgones, he had been suding ar thed orr hat oulk, quick beating at the door and walls or lis cham the jester, crying
"Awake! awake! my lord, or you will never waken more!", also telling Hubert how there was a great conspiracy among his enemies to kill him as he slept,
wherefore he had mounted in hot haste and fled through the darkness, with the assassins at his heels.
"It was a narrow escape," said Duke William; "I heard the tramp and snorting of their $F$, rses, and the loud rattling of their arms, as I dashed through the
barriers and rode toward St. Clement." Hubert took the youth into his castle hastily placed food before him, fitted him with arms and armor, and then,
taking him into the courtyard, showed taking him into the courtyard, showed
him four tall horses, beside three of him four tall horses, beside three of
which, armed to the teeth, stood as which, armed to the eeth, stood as
many young warriors, mere boys, the youngest little more probably than a child. They were his, sons, in whose
bravery and resolution he had the bravery and resolution he had the
strongest faith. Already tried in warstrongest faith. Already tried in war-
fare, they were proud of their deeds of fare, they were proud of their deeds of
arms, and fully prepared to sacrifice arms, and
their lives in the cause of their parent's guest. Turning to them:
"and hout and ride," said he, sternly, "and hold this traveller's life as precious as you would my own; avoid the towns
and beaten roads; and so and beeten roa
speel"
Hubert watched the four as they clattered over the drawbridge, the duke in their midst, stood looking after him
until they were out of sight. Presently thundey were out of sight. Presently thundering toward him came the fierce at-arms.
"Hyber "Hubert, have you seen the duke? they shouted, with great excitement, as
they approached. they approached.
and have seen him!" he shouted back, and ran toward them.
laugh of savage glee arose as Hul a with a smile, replied: "He was riding a passed but a little while ago." "Then he cannot escape us!" they all
cried in triumph. "Stay but a while", said Hubert grimly; "I w will mount horse and ride
with yout and when we sure, 'pon honor, that 'tis this, my hand
that will deal the first blows!" that will deal the first blows!"
He looked strangely from one to aness blue eyes, that they laughed again
for they thought him as eager for the but the of whicic he spoke were meant for thow So he rode away with them inlan. while his sons' rode along by the and Hubert was ever foremost, and very now and then rising in his stirrup to wave his great sword, he cried: quarry will escapo us selter all!", or the The foaming horses of the traitors Grenoult du Plessis, Ranulph of Bay onne and Neil, Lord of the Contenein, aboring onward, with beeding flank and nostrils, pricked by the cruel spikes
then worn for spurs, showed signs of increasing distress, for their speed was only kept up by continuous torture. Up the hills and down into the val leys they rode, and then began to suis pect- to murmur and doubt.
But Hubert,
cried, "Prick on prick on !" his still cried, "Prick on prick on!" his voice
growing fainter as he, on his fresh swift war horse, rapidly increased the In the between them.
In the meantime, William and his guides, riding down by the sea, at last reached Falaise, in no gay plight, it is
true, says Wace, but "what mattered it so that he wr safe?"
"There was great alarm next day," says Planche, "for no one knew what had become of the duke. The road from alognes was covered with his fugitive followers, who believed him to have pershed in his attempt to cross the Viore and men cursed heartily fierce Grenoult of being th3 principal traitor, for having foully made away with his lord.
After that Hubert and his sons en. joyed high favor in the Norman conrt, saying in hono became a popular saying in
clever or incredible. proud of their fellow, and often grew often in hall and bower did he after. "'Pan joyourly tell this true story. "'Pon honor."

## A Swim for Life

When the British steamship Shimosa arrived at New York from
last summer she brought a story of of most extraordinary human endurance. The tale is told by the captain in the columns of the Brooklyn Eagle. The ship, at the time of the occurrence, was three hundred miles from Perim, and
well into the Red Soo well into the Red Sea.
one day, while on the bridge, the was in sight, but still the faint whistle continued. Suddenly he descried a man swimming not far from the ship. A life buoy was thrown out, and the swimimer
brought on board. The man was so exhausted when he reached deck that he entirely collapsed, and it was some time before he could tell his story.
When the rescued man had recovered he told his adventures. He was a las car, and had fallen overboard from steamer bound for Suez. He insistee
had been three days in the water had been three days in the water, bu
that is improbable however, that thirty-six hours had passed between the time of his falling
overboard and his rescue . When the overboard and his rescue. When the Shimosa reacied Suez, she found the steamer from which the lascar had
fallen, and, according to the calculations of the crew, the poor sailor battled with the waters for a full day and a half. The most extraordinary part of the affair is how the man could have existed In the intense heat of that climate. H ing and mouth were skinned and bleed
ing but he seemed as well as could be when he was landed at Suez, four days after his rescue.
The water of the Red Sea is some what denser than that of the ocean, and therefore more buoyant. The heat is from eighty-four to to tee temperature grees. How any one could keep afloa under such a broiling sun is a mystery

The use of Miller's Worm Powders insures Seariny children so far as the aiments


Winimeg, May, 1914.
The Western Home Monthly

## Correspondence

WE invite readers to make use of many a pleasant hour in that manner these columns, and an effort win be made to publish all interesting letters reeeived. The large us has, hitherfo, made it impossible for every, letter to appear in print, and, in
future, letters received from subscribers will receive first consideration. Kindly note we cannot send any correspondents the names and addresses of the writers of the letters published. Persons wish-
ing to correspond with others should send letters in stamped, plain envelopes under cover to the Correspondence Department and they will immediately be forwarded to the right parties.

## Glorious Winter in Manitoba

Lèna, Man., March 26, 1914. Dear Editor - It is now nearly two years since I last wrote to this page, so if I beg a little space now you will not think me greedy. During my long
silence, however, you must not think me uninterested, much the reverse, I assure you. I think the improvement each month in the letters and page in general is quite noticeable. As I have not seen many letters from this district lately just thought I would show you that we are not all dead yet. I noticed a few
from Killarney lately, which is our from Killarney lately, which is our was quite curious. They were real good, too, especially "Topsy's." My, what a "goody-goody" boy "Lonely" mustbe, eh Didn't know we had such fellows around Killarney. We have had a glorious winter in Manitoba this winter. Very litt
snow and not much rough weather snow and not much rough weather. No nia. I think "Trixie" from Winnipeg in the March issue wrote one of the best letters I have seen in our page for some time. More girls like her would improve our country pretty quick. A think girls dance ald learn how to keep house in case they ever have to do it. Somewhere have read that the twenty-four hours in each day ought to be divided, up into eight hours' work, eight hours' amusement and eight hours' sleep, and I think it is all right, too. But too many dances, theatres, music halls, and so forth make
a gin prematurely old. I think "Happy a gin prematurely oll. not like our small burgs in the West. I don't blame him mueh., Should see our Lena. "Some joint," ha, ha! I am very fond of music and work a lot of fand My latest fad is I am extremely centerpiece with large American roses embroidered on it. Well, I am afraid I have made my letter long enough. Wishing The Western Home Monthly every success, for I have made a few real friends through
pondence columns, I remain,

Life on the Plains
Alberta, March, 1914.
Dear Editor - Now as several years have passed since I last had a chat with have passed since iolly correspondents, so I thought I would drop in just for a while. Your most celebrated paper has been in our
family for some years. I am always family for some years. I am always looking forward to the arrival ore is a Western Home Monthly; lost a friend. Now, boys, I think I can sympathize with the lonely bachelors as I am an old-time rancher's daughter, ana have lived on the plain nearly all my life; but must say I have had a peep with any of them I am areat haves, and have small bunch of my own. I am one that feels quite independent as I can saddle or harness my own horse, and I am not afraid to do any of the barn chores. For the past few years I have been riding
and looking after stock. But don't think for one instant that I am not acquainted with house work. I am used to doing any part of house work. When I am any part of have no work to do you will find me thumping on the piano and sing ing at the top of my voice. I also have
no objections to dancing as I have spent
myself. Now I should be very much
pleased to hear from the following in the February number:" "Sod Buster," "Thirty Bow,", Golden Ear Rancher" and "Rai Bow."

## "Prairie Echo:"

## Had Many Letters

N.B., March 3rd, 1914.

Dear Editor-Kindly allow me a smal pace in this column to thank all those Who wrote in reply to my letter in the anuary issue of The Western Home etters very much, and while I answered number of much, and whe I answere a number of them I could not find time
to reply to them all, so to those who did to reply to them all, so to those who di not receive a reply I wish to say that were very interesting, and could I find time to answer I would do so with plea sure. I am acting in the capacity of housekeeper now, but intend going to the U.S.A. in the near future to spen have as many correspondents as I can find time to write to, I cannot promise to answer any others who might write Hoping, Mr. Editor, you will find space for this letter, and wishing you and the readers every success, I remain,

## Not a Suffragette

Moosomin, Sask., March 12, 1914. Dear Editor" - I have read with grea interest the correspondence columns of your valuable magazine for a number of years and find the letters most se from the lonely bachelors on the prairie. But never mind, young men, cheer up and wear a smile, and you will find the right gal" and helpmate sooner or later Come now, girls, write to them and cheer them up, and help them hoe their long and weary row. There are not many
bachelors around here, although they wêre numerous a few years ago, but they are nearly all married now and settled down niee and comfortable. Isn't it wonderful how quickly these prairies settle up. Well, there are quite a few questions now on woman suffrage bein
discussed. As for my part, I don't much which way it goes, for I think if a woman stays at home and keeps her house clean and tidy, always has a nice hot meal cooked for her good-man an meets him with a smile, and does as sh ought to she will be treated kindy with out running all over to every meenty five miles of her. Come now, all yo members, let us know what you think of it. I guess I have said quite enough on this subject. I am fond of all out-doo amusements and can ride horseback, play baseball, skate and dance, and am
of music. Before I close I will say that of music. ikeuld to receive letters from all who care to write to me and I will an swer all.
"Honey Dew."
Is Now Homesteading
Invèrmay, Sask., March, 1914. Dear Editor-Being a subscriber for number of years, I take great pleasure writing to our correspondence page. paper-the most interesting magazine in paper-the most interesting magazine eight years, having come from Gloucester when a lad of 17 . I worked for a farmer in the district of Yorkton for over two years; then I went to a neighbor on the next section where I stayed a little over
a year. In the fall of 1908 I took a year. In ticstead and came here, and may say there is worse land in Canada than around here. I am now on my feet, having a quarter-section on which I can break every acre. I am baching now, and would be very thankfule if
could hear from some of your readers. am a great one to correspond, and letter. I will sign lette
"Sheho."

## REMARKABLECURE OF RHEUMATISM

## Supt, Of Sunday School In Toronto

 Cured By "Fruit-a-tives"
R. A. WAUGH, Ese

Toronto, OnI., Oct. 1st, 1918. "For a long time, I have thought of writing you regarding what I term a most remarkable cure effected by your remedy "Fruit-a-tives". 12 have lived
in this city for more than 12 years and in this city for more than 12 years and
am well known. I suffered from Rheuam well known. I suffered from Rhed spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" for 18 months now and am pleased to tel you that 1 am cured. Althe enlargemen will, but the soreness is all gone and can do any kind of work.
35 pounds in 18 months"
R. A. WAUGF,
55 Dovercourt Road
the Fruit-a-tives", will always cure even the most stubborn cases of Rheumatisu because it is the greatest blood purific in the worl skin
neys and skin
at 50 c a boz 6 " 6 is sold by all dealer at 50 c a box, 6 for $\$ 250$, trial size 25 c Fruit-a-tiven Limited, Ottawa.

## "SOME HA'E MEAT aND CANNA EAT

 So Bobby Burns tersely describes therich, but still poor, dyspeptics. But their case is not now so desperate as when Burns wrote. For the man who has the food now can eat without suffering for
it, if he just follows the meal with a Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablet.
These remarkable tablets banish the troubles of the chronic dyspeptic - the man who is bilious - the sufferer from heartburn, gas on the stomach or occasional indigehesome food - and digest meals of too if you take Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets.
Compounded by expert chemists, after probably the best formula known to medical science, they are quick and sertain in their action, giving prompt
relief from all forms of stomach trouble, toning up and strengthening the digestive organs and bringing about permanent cures. A man is no stronger than his
stomach. Fit yourself for your best work by taking Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia work by taking at your durggist's Tational Drug and Chemical Co. o
Canada, Limited, Montreal. Canada, Limited, Montreal.

## \$5.50 Baby's Oatifits $\$ 5.50$

Roick



## Quite a Stampede

Lindsay, Ont., March, 1914. Dear Editor - I enjoy The Western it self-educating-containing matter on many subjects. There is a party of seven young ladies and nine young men (all natives of Ontario) intending to go out to Saskatchewan to locate fomewith considerable means. We would like to settle in Southern Saskatchewan or some good place where there would be chanees of the land soon rising in value, and chances of a railroad. Would be pleased if some kind reader would write and state where we would likely find good why. My mame is with the editor.

Hard to Market Grain
Saskatchewan, March, 1914. Dear Editor-Being ${ }^{2}$, Meader. of The tin the correspondence column, In thought In would write a few lines from Southern Sasketchewan. I am a homesteader, $\mathrm{a}^{-\mathrm{d}}$ heve been here a little over three years. I find it rather lonesome sometimee, but I think it is best to stick to it. We sure have had a nice winter, and it looks as spring, and that would be nice, for lots of the fanmers around here have got lots of plowing to do. We are a long way from the railroad here yet, and we find it hard to market our grain, but hope it wot a better another year. We have caught in the summer time, and we fiud fauhing great sport. Well, I will now close, and sign myself
'Bishop Bill."

One Hundred and Twenty Miles from Town
Capital, Sask Mare 1014 Capital, Sask, March, 1914.
Dear Editor - Though but a recent sub criber to The Western Home Montuly, are in it. I, like some more of your correspondents, let everything else slide
when it comes into the house. $I$ read it when it comes into the house. I read it
from beginning to end, and enjoy every rom beginning to end, and enjoy every
word of it. The stories are very teresting, also the pietures, but what I ike best of all is the correspondence page. There are many interesting let-
ters in it which give one a chance to exchange ideas, and also help to pass away the weary hours on the $h$ homestead, at least in the winter. The summer is keep one busy. Having lived in town all my life, I find it quite a a change to come out to a homestead that is one hundred
and twenty miles from the town where and twenty miles from the town where left my friends eighteen months ago.
guess I Ill quit. Wishing The Western uess Mo quit. Wishing. The Western
IIome Montlly every sucess, I will sign myself.

## A Brownie,"

Wants to go on a Farm Manitoba, Mareh, 1914. Dear Editor-I have been taking The time, and I should like to say that it is very interesting paper for everyone It.weans away many a long, dreary hour with its interesting news. I have been in Canda two years, and I think it is fine country-it offers so much oppor-
Winnipeg is certainly ${ }^{\circ}$ a nice tunity, winnipeg is "ertainly "a nice
city with finie buildings. I notice in your correspondence columns thiat there are several girls asking for the same as my-
self. I want to be out in the country
on a farm. I prefer farm life to city
life any day. I should be glad to hear from any who care to write. Happy-go-Lucky."

## A Farmer's Daughter

Reston, Man., March, 1914. Dear Editor - For some time I have and I think there is some very good reading in The Western Home Monthly; some of the letters are very interesting.
live on a farm two miles from our I live on a farm two miles from much.
town, and I like the farm very m My father moved from Regina here eighteen years ago. I was born in Onon has a population of about 500, and, or its size, it is quite a "sporty" little own. I am a lover of music, and take lessons all the time. We also have an dison phonograph, and would not like
to be without it. Hoping you will be able to find room for this I will sign as

## Bad for Digestion

Ninette, Man., March, 1914.
Dear Editor-Rap-rap-rap, please may eoue in and join the merry circle. Oh, will be very good and sit in the corner here out of the way. Mr. Editor,
when are you poing to chain up that when are you going to chain up that
horrible green-eyed monster? See how his eyes are glaring at me, and I know his mouth is simply longing for this letter, but I can assure you, Oh, W.P.B.!
$m$ y l letters are bad for digestion. The my letters are bad for digestion. The
marriage question is evidently marriage question is evidently the
general topic at the present time, so I will endeavor to express my opinion on the subject, although I have had no experience in that line. Some say mar-
riage is a failure; while others tuink it is a very pleasant road to happiness;
but T think a great number never arbut I think a great number never arrive. You may meet with a couple who
impress you with the idea of fine eharacters and high ideals, yet when you see the other side it is a different matter entirely, especially when it is a matter of why meals are not on time and why dis socks are not darned. Now a word
or two on the suffragette movement. I, quite agree with a "Down East Lassie" and think any woman who has a good, upright husband should not wish to vote
unless it would be the means of abolish unless it would be the means of abolish-
ing the bar. If I thought it would do ing the bar. If I thought it would do
that I would want ten votes. How many that I would want ten votes. How many
homes are made desolate, how many hives are wrecked by that deady enemy ines are wrecked by that deadry enemy
of all mankind-the demon drink? Did you ever hear that old Japanese saying: "A man takes a drink, then the drink takes a drink, and the next takes a
man ${ }^{\text {" }}$ How true that is. If any should man ?" How true that is. If any should
care to write they will find $m y$ address care to write they will find my address
with the editor, and I will glady answer all letters.
$\qquad$
Not at all Fair
Saskatchewan, March, 1914. Dear Editor-1 notice in your February issue a letter from a new settler in San-
dia, Sask., who signs himself "Thirtytwo." In the course of his interesting letter he makes the remark: "It is too
bad a girl is not allowed to take up a homestead here in Canada. If they were there would not be so many lonely
bachelors." The young men should get bachelors." The young men should get
husy and give the ir views on this ubbect busy and give their views on this subject.
Possibly what they had to say might Possibly what they had to say might
have some weightit on the matter.
Iat have some weight on the mater.
hnuink the present system "homesteads
tor the laws of human nature. It is grind-
tor ing on the young men, the hard work,
the dreariness of the situation and the the dreariness of the situation, and the
want of social life want of social life. St is very unfair to
thie country girl. She has, as it were, been banished from our midst, allowed
to drift, and the must of them Cor drift and hithe the tows.s. I think some-
drifted
thing ouglit to be done to bring back thing ought to be done to bring back
our banished ones. It is the girls we need at present to keep things moving.
Country
life at present is pretty near Country life at present is pretty near
stagnation. $T$ would like to sound a note of warning before it is too late. Gold-
smith says:
Prin Princes and lords may flourish or may A breath, can make them, as a breath
has made:

But a bold peasantry, their country's When onide, destroyed can never be sup. plied
In all ages the country people have been the backbone of the nation, and the most beautiful pictures we have' in the Bible are those of country life. The first glimpse Jacob had of Rachel, his
future wife, was when she was, ployed watering her father's sheep. The we have the beautifal history of Ruth who entreated her mother-in-law to let her go to the field to glean ears of corn. Then we have the history of Job who corded that he had seven sons and three cored.that. And in all the land were no
daughters women found so fair as the daughters of Job, and their father gave them inheritance among therr brethren. I believe in equal rights for our sons and
daughters. Much has been written din daughters. Much has been written of late on how to keep the daughter on the
farm. I think the best way to keep her on the farm is to give her a portion of on the farmi is ond give her a portion of
land. If girls had been allowed to home: stead, mixed farming would have been started right away, and the country today would have been in a more con-
tented and prosperous condition.
i.

## Wants Information

Morris, Man., April 1st, 1914. Dear Editor-Although a subscriber to your interesting and up-to-date paper,
this is the first time I have written to the correspondence: page. I am aftaid $\frac{1}{}$ come now chiefly because I want help if some of your numerous readers will he
kind enough to render it. I would to get into touch with samone homo steading in the Red Deer and Lethbridje districts, as my husband and I wish to homestead somewhere down there in is few months. I have been in this countity three years, coming here from Englan, landed, that it is the most - When country in the world. I spent my fir summer in Saskatchewan on a farm, a a enjoyed every moment of it. I am surio I slaaf enjoy homesteading just as puit A bright, sunny morning on the prair silver the grass, takes an awful lot beating for beauty and for teaching the joy of living. Now, as my letter it getting rather long and as I do want the ditor to find room for it, I will close, hoping somebody will come to my reseite and write to me, as there are many ques:
tions I wish to ask with regard tock implements ate best to to w with us. Wishing The Western Home Month y every success.
"Manitoban.".

A Cheerful Word
Vanguard, Sask., Feb. 22, 1914 Var tor- he the storm is rag ing I thougght would sit down and pent a few lines hoping they may escape the looking through the letters of the January number of The Western Home Monthly. I like the tone of the letter written by "Down East Lassie." I can certainly speak from experience of what she says. It certainly would. be quite an
encouragement to have someone to speak a cheerful word when the day's. speak a cheerful word when the days
toil is finished. I would like to see some of those "Down East Girls" drift to the Western prairies; they could be a very valuable help to us bachelors out here. Of course, they may not have quite as much fun as they would in the Eastern
towns and cities; but, say girls; full owns and cities; but, say, girls, fun
don't amount to so very much when one comes to study it. I don't want you to form an idea here that I am no lover of fun or pleasure of any kind. I like fun and I also like work. A portion of either is all riglt, but all work or all fun is
not goonl. Work and play are both all right in their place. "Housekeeper" don"t seem to find much time for play, they seem to be like most people in the West -after the almighty dollar. That's all ight, too. If we don't make our money, would stand a poor show if we waitel ior someone else to donate it to us. I wo ago someone tried to describe aul il al voman. I would like some of you,girls

## Couldn't Do Housework heart was so bad.

Hurry up and give us your ideals, girls! Well, girls, our winter will soon be gone. ig. Baching is all right in the winter; but when one has to put ten hours in the eld and cook the meals besides, it's not hundred acres of crop to put in all alone this spring, so you-may guess I wont have much idle time for a couple o months. Well, I think I have said enough. I am arraid it won't find space in your columns. Wishing The Western Home Monthly success in future. "Western Sun."
To Punish Suffragettes
Elm Springs, March 23, 1914. Dear Editor - This is my maiden attempt at writing to the correspondence columns of any paper. Topsy lette caught my eye, and having been residing I thought I would like to reply. A good plan to punish suffiragettes, or rather reform them, would be to ship them to Western Canada to cook and mend for the many bachelors there. Probably they would become so interested in their slogan, "Votes for Women." A woman that can make a home bright and cheerful is a goddess. Just a word about myself. I am not a native of "Canada, but think it is "the one best bet." I have had no religion since commencing homestead uties, as the nearest to byterian Church at Killarney. Would like to hear from "Topsy" in the near future. In the meantime I remain,

Not all "Lonely Bachelors"
Nova Scotia, February, 1914. Dear Editor - I have been quite in terested in the correspondence pages of your much valued magazine as well as its
Now, if ther sections for some time. Now, few lines, as I have failed to see any letters in print thus far from this part of life and think it as good a place as a girl can live. On: a: fairm there is always something new to learn. Oh, yes, someone says, that may be true, but there is also something new all the time in a city home. Of course, there is. But on a farm everything is a nature study, and nature is alwaysteresting. I do not un derstand why every boy and unmarrie man in the beautiful West should cal himself a "Lonely Bachelor." I think that must only be a habit they have thought lessly go inke of course, it is true that lots of them do not have any neighbors o friends handy. I would be pleased to correspond with any who care to write first. Will leave my address with the editor, and sign
"A N. S. Lassie."

## She Took The Hint

At the "home stations" of the Brit ish army the private soldiers' washing is usually done by the married soldiers missing buttons and make other repairs for which, says Tit-Bits, a small sum is deducted from the privates' pay. Pat McGinnis had had a good deal of trouble with his laundress. come back with the neck button lacking or only hanging by a thread. He had spoken about the matter and the woman had promised to see to it, but still the but ton was not properly fixed.
He got out of patience one day when the missing button had made him late for parade. "Bother the give her a hint this time, anyhow."
Taking the lid of a tin blacking-box about three inches in diameter, he punched two holes in it and sewed it 1.1 to the neck of the shirt that was next to be washed. When his washing came back he found that she had tad made a buttonhole to fit the lid.


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## Woman and the Home

The Treasure Ship
By Frank Lillie Pollock
Wait through the days dark-hearted
Till my ship of desire comes home Tiil my ship of desire comes home, That I sent on a course uncharted
Through a long, unfurrowed foam,

To the shores of my boyhood's pleasure And the ultimate isles of truth, Where I buried a lordly treasure
In the richness of my youth-

Pale pearls and rubies' rapture Amber and spice and gold, The cargo of every capture
That I made on the seas of ol
And I sailed away, unknowing But my ship-shall-find it no more In the sand of the secret shore.
They will lift and load the plunder, Till my ship shall glimmer briglit Hf* . And-the dream of my old delight.
4. And I wait by the slow years failing And I barken to hear her hailing; And barken to hear her hailing;
But she comes not back to me.

## Wien Was she sacked by the sons of

 io slaughter,Sunk by the ships of crime,
That sweep the past's weird wa That sweep the past's weird water

I have seen their flags ill-fated, I have felt their dark blockade;
And they knew she was treasu freighted;
And they knew what course she laid.
But still by the slow sea's drifting,
Where the ghostly ventures roam
t, wateh for her topsailg lifting
That is bringing my treasure home.

## Training the Child in Sleep

 By Katharine Scott UmstedWhen ny little boy was four years old we were separated for sixteen weeks.
Ep to that time he had all the tender care loving mother could give $\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{s}}$ her only child. My health having given out of an ignorant nurse, while $I$ went to a sanitarium.
I shall never forget the night $I$ returned. I was not expected for several days longer. I went to the nursery at was resisting Mary Ann's attempt to undress him, because he had been told earlier in the day that for some childish offence he should have a whipping at
bed-time. I took him on my lap, told bed-time. I took him on my lap, told
his nurse to leave the matter to me, and proceeded to make him comfortable for little white bed he gave a great sigh and said:
"I am glad you are here, but did you know there is an awful place called, hell am igoing there." His whole body shook as he clasped his arms around my noo 1 had come home to great sorrow, to a hopeless and suddenly-stricken in
valid, one who drew upon all my strength of spirit to give him courage tmost. Often I would read out loud until 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning; then, going to my room, would fling my-
sif on my bed and give vent to my yerwrought nerves, as I dared not do was a great comfort; I loved to feel the Was a great comfort; 1 loved to feel the
warm little body so sound asteep, and I
wound murmiur over the dear wonf murmin over the dear curls my gief, so
the night
Soon I noticed a peculiar sympathy seemed to reflect ns, To ouy nervous state It grew-more marked, and apparently the gaiety of babyhood was leaving him For some time I had been ansious over
a fault which had arisen and develope under the tyrannical sway of his nurse ably truthful child he had become jus the opposite. I cannot tell how the in from my own inner consciousness-bu this flashed over me: "Why cannot control him in one way as in another? My nervousness has been given him
with my cares at ni-ht while he was with my cares at ni-ht while he was
asleep; now why cannot I influence him asleep; now why cannot I influence him
in this other matter?" I worked it al out in my own way and said nothing o the experiment to anybody else. night, upon coming to the bed, which
we shared, I would put my arms around we shared, I would put my arms around him and say, not loud enough to waken her little boy. She loves him the most in the world, even though sometimes she has to punish him. And he loves his
mother dearly. He must not tell her mother dearly. He must not tell her naughty stories. He does not tell her
naughty stories. He tells the truth My little boy must grow up to be an honest Christian little gentleman. He
is now an honest Christian little boy" is now an honest Christian little boy."
I kept this up night after night, and I less than up night after night, and


A Beauty Spot in one of Winnipeg's Public Parks.
wonderful change. The child is now
nearly ten years old. While of a remarkably imaginative disposition, he is
noticeably truthful and positively sur of his mother's love, even though she feels it necessary to mingle with it the would exercise I have since influence him in the same manner in regard to other mattess; his lessons, his aversion to soap and water, a certain pertness he has adopted; and always with unfailing greater than in the average child. For instance, on an ocean voyage, and al-
though there were other children, ittle son was universally known as "the boy who loves his mother."
Once in speaking of a friend whose earnestly said to me: "Oh, mother, am so sorry for her, after all these
years when she had to train him and make him into a good man, and then to lose him!
If more
ul more mothers knew of this wondermanagement of children would be much simplified. Call it thought transference, hypnotism, sub-conscious . mind control, Whatever you will, the fact remaias mother lies a wonderful force for good or good in both ways, the one's giving as well as taking; a glimmer $\mathbf{o}^{\prime \prime}$ the
divine is vouchsafed to the reverent woman who looks upon the so 1 given her to mold and says, "It is good."

All doors open to pleasing, sunny personalities, therefore, cultivate the ar reates an individual atmosphere that has much to do with one's advancement.
her former associat s did not have to come in contact with her very often, for
the sordid details of life oppressed more every day, and she spent most o her time in reading novels and poetry Not even her own family knew "how to take her." A persistent grievance-
hunter, the slightest contradiction, suspicion of it, was enough thiction, or her that nobody loved her, and make her, and everybody else, uncomfortable for the day. Yet it was an elder brother who finally comprehended and wrought a berg, he studied her for a weom Heidel made few comments.
"The trouble with you, sis," he said, brothers use, "is that you're conceited and selfish. It's a pity you didn't have o earn your living for six months,
working in somebody's kitchen. That working in somebody's kitchen. That
would knock the nonsense out of you. "Sensitive? Rubbish! You have no here on earth to make life We're put smoothly for each other, not to hunt up trifles to complain about. You don't think much of other people's feelings, or
you wouldn't go moping round as you you wouldn't
do. Brace up!?
That was "brutal," to be sure, and cella wept over it profusely, but it was
calculated to tre remembered, her a new point of view. To be able to grace that the selsitive soul generally acks. There is hope for her the moment he world has rights. that the rest of

[^0]
## How to Preserve a Husband

Be careful in your selection; dv no choose boo young, and take only such as have been raised in a good moral them in pickle, while others keep them in hot water. This only makes them sour, hard-and sometimes bitter. Even poor varieties may be made sweet, tender and good by garnishing them with patience and flavored with kisses to
taste; then wrap them in a mantle of charity, keep warm with a stead fire of domestic devotion and serve with peaches and cream. When thus prepared they will keep for years. -Ne -

## The Gàme

The car was crowded, but the two pretty girls who entered it at Madison Avenue had no trouble in getting seats. They thanked the men who gave them places, and immediately fell into an absorbing conversation, so absorbing that
one of them did not look up when this one of them did not look up when the at her doubtfully, but after a second's hesitation, passed on; it was almost beyond human possibility to be certain of every one at the crowded hour As they left the car, one of the girls
turned to the other triumphantly. "An. turned to the other triumphantly
other nickel in!" she exclaimed.
"Another nickel? What do you mean ?" the other asked, puzzled.
Claire laughed, showing her prettiest dimple. "I mean," she explained, "that that's five nickels I've saved this week by free rides. Of course I don't carc do it.'
"But-Claire Ellis-it isn't honest!" Claire laughed again. "What's the harm ?" she asked. "The company's far
too rich. Lots of people do it, ouly too rich. Lots of people do it, ouly "But I should" th
would catch you" think the conducto "That's just the fun of it-l've found out how. If I think the conductor is going to ask me, I just smile right into his eyes. They never insist when yo caught. I took a big chance that time for I'd been shopping, and had ppent every cent except a ten-dollar bill an the conductor was a grim old thing, who wouldn't know a pretty girl from
cow! When he said, 'Fare, miss,' I was cow! When he said, 'Fare, miss,' I wa
scared for a second, then before I real scared for a second, then before I real
ized it, my life was saved. The man who had given me his seat and wa standing just in front of me, said, 'I paid for that young lady-1 gave yo doubtful, but the condactor looke doubtful, but he couldn't be sure -be
cause the car was crowded, so after an instant he went on"
"But, Claire Ellis-nto let a strange man pay for you!"
Claire flushed a little.
"Well, of course I didn't quite like it "ut what could I do?". she protested And Tm sure he was very nice abou ward. I wouldn't have father know it or anything-he's so fussy over some things. Don't you dare lreathe it to.a living soul, $\mathrm{J}^{-}$.s Harriman!'

They were at dinner, and the dainties were on the table.

都 tart or pudding? asked papa of Tommy
His father sighed as he recalled the many lessons on manners he had givell he boy.
, what?" he queried, kindly. But Tommy's eyes were glued on the pastry. "Time. umphantly.

A Cure for Fever and Ague.-Disturbance
of the stomach and liver always irecede of the stomach and liver, always precede
attacks of fever and ague, showing derangeattacks of fever and ague, showing derange-
ment of the digestive organs and deterioration
in the quality of the blood. In these ailments Parmelee.'s Vegetable Pill. Phave heen found
most effective, abating the fever and subduing
the ague in a few days. the ague in a few days. There are many
who are subject to these distressing disturb-
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not dry out or crack. It will not stick in the roll,
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## PURITY FLIUR

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[^0]:    No vice is more difficult to overcome

