
"The Clock and the Pillar Box" by Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch. See Page 7



## Save

## With Neolin Soles

Neolin soles for the whole family save you money just as surely as would two pairs of shoes for the price of one.

There can be no question about Neolin's economy. It wears longer than leather-even two and three times longer, depending on the grade of leather. Yet Neolin costs you the same as leather.

On your own shoes-on the children's shoes-on the men-folk's shoes -Neolin means an all-round lowering of shoe-bills.

Long wear is not Neolin's only advantage. It is foot-easy and foothealthy. It is light and more flexible than leather. New shoes with Neolin soles need no breaking-in. Neolin grips the ground, pavement or floor. It is waterproof. It is trim and smart in style, and makes ugly rubbers unnecessary on rain-soaked pavements.

Every virtue that you could desire in a shoe sole, Neolin has. All the disadvantages of leather and rubber soles have been eliminated. Just as surely
as science adds new comforts to our daily lives, you will come to Neolin. One word of warning-be sure you get Neolin, the synthetic shoe sole that is different from all others. Avoid fibre and composition imitations.

Go to the shoe-merchant near you who shows Neolin price tickets in his window. They identify his store. One is illustrated here. He has many styles and prices of shoes with Neolin soles.

Neolin has been a great success. Because of distinct superiorities, it is replacing leather for shoe-soles. Neolin's appearance can be imitated. But NeoBut Neolin's qualities are the result of methods and materials known only to us.

No wthere are other soles that look like Neolin. But there is only one Neo-lin-and every pair is branded with the trademark below.

To be sure of the genuine Neolinmark that mark; stamp it on your memory. Ask for Neolin with the accent ion the " 0 "-Neolin-the trade symbol for a quality product of
The Goodyear Tire \& Rubber Co., of Canada, Limited

This is the Neōlin price ticket, which you will see on shoes with Neölin soles. Look for them in your dealer's Window.

## Meōlin soles



# What of soldiers Pensions 

## By Sryplririv Iraccocr



EW people realize the magnitude of the problem that will be before the country after the war in the form of the pensions' list.
The "Man on the Street," whoever that is, is generally regarded as the touchstone of public opinion and sentiment. If he were asked what ought to be done about the pensions, he would say without hesitation that he wanted wounded and disabled soldiers, and the dependents of those who have fallen, to enjoy a pension. He would want the pensions to be on a liberal scale with no niggardliness about it. He would be quite willing, more than willing, to pay for it. Send him the bill and let him hear no more about it. After which, being now for three years quite accustomed to problems of appalling magnitude, he would turn to consider something else.
If one were to tell him that the amount of the bill, already incurred, represents a charge upon our revenue of some eight million dollars a year, and that over' sixteen hundred new pensions are being granted in each current month, he would be properly interested. It would serve him as a topic of conversation in his home or his club for several days: until such time as he began to forget whether one had said eight million or eighty million. After which he would fall back on the idea that the country will pay it anyhow, and would cease to talk about it. For, truth to say, the head of the "Man on the Street" has been of late so battered and dinted with enormous figures of war debts, liberty loans, and colossal expenditures generally, that millions, even billions, leave little mark upon it.
The "Man on the Street" is, as usual, partly right and partly wrong. He is perfectly right, good fellow that he is, in feeling that the bill has got to be paid. His conscience tells him that the burden of the war, as far as it can be lifted with more dollars and cents, must rest upon the shoulders of all and not on the devoted few. But he is wrong when he thinks that the vast and intricate national problem involved can be dismissed as a mere matter of dollars and cents, as a mere addition to our annual budget with nothing more needed than to pay it.
We need not look far from home to find a country in which the pensions problem, in the hands of an easygoing, generous and opulent people, became one of the greatest difficulties of public life and an ever-flowing source of political jobbery and corruption. "We have paid in taxes," said the New York "Times" the other day in speaking of the pensions' problem, as it will affect the United States, "twice as much for pensions as we borrowed to wage the war, and we are still paying at a burdensome rate. The question as to how the nation shall safe-guard the future of its soldiers and sailors is second only to that regarding the finances of the war."

THE first truth to be realized is that the war has, in all matters of government, taken us into a new world. The old relation of the individual to the state is finished. A nation which calls its men to arms under compulsion of the law on the ground that the nation is and must be a unit for the sake of which the life of the individual must
be sacrificed, incurs a new set of responsibilities to match the new duties which it imposes. There are two sides to conscription. If the state forces men to fight for the common welfare, then the state must hold itself responsible for the welfare of the single man. We must have in future no such social irony as unemployment; with men willing to work, but standing idle in the market place: we must be done with pauperism, with sweated labor, with the half-starvation, the long hours, the crowded dwellings and the stunted lives of the great submerged mass of the lower grades of the population. The old creed of every man for himself has broken down. In place of it has come a new doctrine of social solidarity in which the welfare of each is the common cause of all.
incurred up to September 30th, 1916, amounted to $\$ 700,000$. By April, 1917, it had reached $\$ 2,750,000$. On the first of September last it stood at $\$ 4,600,000$; while an estimate recently presented to the Parliament of Canada places the cost of pensions for the current year at eight million dollars. The appalling increase in these figures speaks for itself. But even with this the end is by no means in sight. If the overseas force supplied by Canada is increased, as is expected, to half a million men, if further and further drafts are sent from training camps in England, the number of casualties per month, and therewith the number of new pensions incurred can easily increase to double the present amount. There is but little hope of the war reaching its end before the autumn of 1918. Many of our best military men tell us that we must be prepared for at least two years more of war. Under the conditions of modern warfare even conquest-in the case of a highly organized enemy operating on the defensive on ground of their own choosing, is cruelly slow. In the Civil War in America the cause of the South was doomed, to all intents and purposes, in the summer of 1864. Yet the war was protracted for another nine months and the losses of the Northern armies in this last phase of the war were greater than ever before. The Boer War in one sense was ended when Pretoria fell in 1900, and when the civil government of the Transvaal as such was extinguished. To complete the conquest two years more were needed. Yet the Boers were but a handful, and even the armies of the Southern Confederacy (its whole white population five million souls,) were a mere nothing compared to the colossal armies to be faced to-day.

TAKING all these things into account, it requires no great cal-

We shall be compelled when the war is over to set our house in order. And the first and most obvious obligation of our new social life will be found in dealing with the returned soldiers, in finding employment for those able to work, and in finding maintenance for those who bear upon them the wounds and mutilation of war, and in supporting at the common charge the dependents of those who have fallen.
This is what is meant in its wider sense by the pensions' problem. But a part of it-it may prove ultimately to be the larger part of it-may stand over for the present. The time has not yet come to deal with the problem of finding work for the army that will return to us after the signing of peace. Large though that problem is, it is premature to discuss it. Too much discussion of what is to be done after the war merely helps to blind us to the fact that the war must first be won and that the nearest and most urgent obligation of the nation is to win it.
But the other part of the question-the matter of dealing with pensions for the wounded and the bereft has begun already, and began with the first year of the war. The accompanying tables of figures will show more plainly than words the exact extent to which we are already pledged.
Converted into terms of money to be paid, these figures are equivalent to saying that under the scale of payment at present in force, the annual expenditure as

Table I.

## CASUALTIES.




## What has he said to her?

Brilliant lights revealing every grace cand every flaw ; eyes fixed upon you ready to admire - can you face them unembarrassed?
Don't spoil your evening wondering about your complexion. Descend the stairs to meet your friends radiant and blooming thrilled by the knowledge that you are looking your best.

## You can have this confidence

Any young girl has a right to a soft glowing skin. Youth should not endure the thought of wrinkles, of colorless faces, of blemishes ot any sort. Constant care of the skin in youth insures a clear, fresh complexion later.

You can make your skin what you will. Nature does her part. You can do the rest. Every day the old skin dies and new skin forms in its place. What this

## Does your glowing face cause an exclamation of pleasure?

 skin lose every flaw; watch it take

## Let this treatment give you the charm of a flawless skin

Begin tonight to get the benefits of this skin specialist's soap for your skin. Use, this Woodbury treat-
new skin is depends on the care you give it.

Skin specialists say that the best way to build up a clear, beautiful complexion, to keep the skin in a healthy, active condition, is by proper cleansing and stimulating treatments with a soap carefully pre pared to suit the nature of the skin.

Woodbury's Facial Soap was prepared by a skin specialist after 30 years of experience with the skin and its needs.
on a smooth texture, a soft glowing color.

Lather your washeloth well with Woodbury's Facial Soap and warm water. Apply it to your face and distribute the lather thoroughly. With the tips of your fingers work this cleansing antiseptic lather into your skin, always using an upward and outward motion. Rinse with warm water, then with cold - the colder the better. If possible, finish by rubbing your face for thirty seconds with a piece of ice. Always be careful to dry your skin well.

## A 25 cent cake of Woodbury's

 Facial Soap is sufficient for a month of this treatment. Get a cake today. It is for sale at druggists and toilet counters everywhere in the United States and Canada. Watch your skin gradually improve so you can face themost glaring light, the most critical eyes-confident of its smoothness and
freshness.

## 5c brings you a week's treatment

For 5 c we will send you a sample cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap large enough to last a week of any Woodbury treatment, with the booklet, "A Skin You Love to Touch. For 12 c we will send you in addition to the soap and booklet, samples of Woodbury's Facial Cream and Facial Powder. Write today. Address The Andrew Jergens Co., Ltd. 2601 Sherbrooke Street, Perth, Ontari•

## $\underset{\text { whorsalo }}{ }$ wherever toilet goods




## And What Canada Flad to OHfer Fer


"He found her making splints out of match sticks to set the broken leg of a baby chicken."
hang curtains and do a things and one Jittle make the room a suitable habitation for Evelyn Magrath, Ellen hummed a joyous tune as she
worked. "After all," she said, "if it is done to-night, then I won't have to do it to-
morrow," which meant morrow, which meant
that she would have more time to spend sunning herself in the
radiance of Evelyn's radiance
Ellen's love for Miss Johnson's niece had intensified during ten years until it combined all the elements of wor
ship. It was such an ship. It was such an
adoration as the emoadoration as the emo-
tional young girl feels tional young girl feels for the matinee idol, the
devout Russian for his


Often, too, she was sent for, and in Miss Johnson's stateroom, she answered exha
and her life in the Home.
It hardly surprised her, therefore, to learn, after a tiresome day spent with Quarantine and Immigration officials, that she was to accompany Miss Johnson to her home. Ellen had a tremendous respect for this elderly spinster whose severe manner and sharp commands were
obeyed on the instant by every one from the stewardess down - and up.
The child was so bewildered by the multitude of her experiences that she moved as one in a dream and it was behind that she gathered her wits tonetreal were left covered that she was travelling with Miss Ior and disvery luxurious train. She rubbed her thin, pinched cheek appreciatively along the plush seat and sighed. Then she felt a pair of keen gray eyes boring into her.
"Yes, ma'am," murmured Ellen, from force of habit. "Ahem-er-Ellen," said Miss Johnson, severely, "you are going to be my latest experiment. Do you "now what an experiment is?", have forgotten what it is, ma'am.
Miss Johnson turned her head away and looked out of the window a moment, then she said.
"I have tried married couples, and widows; unmarried people and widowers. I have had them old, young, medium; but I have never tried a child.
Did y ou ever milk cows?" she demanded suddenly.
"No, ma'am," Ellen whispered. She felt rather
sick. Cows and man-eating tigers were one and the sick. Cows and man-eating tigers were one and the
same to her, released from the safety of picture books, "Nor feed chickens, nor weed a garden, nor make butter:
ma'am. Please ma'am, do you keep a
Miss Johnson exclaimed at this and declared emphatically that she did not. She explained rapidly for spinsters was on farms where they the best place way of people who had to crowd into cities to earn their salt. She spoke enthusiastically of Theories and a lot of things that Ellen did not even try to understand and finally said with heavy impressiveness:
"I am trying to prove - I am proving-that by going back to the land we can support ourselves from the land without the frantic effort now being made in the citie to keep body and soul together. A small farm will yield an abundance for the needs of a small family, and the residue can be sold or exchanged for such commodities as four, sugar and so on. If more people would adopt
my plan and live on farms-I mean those people who mot bound to the city -the congestion there would are relieved, there would be greater production wand be knows there would be fewer faces in the world . . . like yours."
were dirty "am," said Ellen and wondered if her face
SHE recalled vividly her amazement at seeing "the farm," nothing more than a small house set in the centre of a fenced-off enclosure and the whole surrounded by a stretch of unbroken snow-covered country; it re-
minded Ellen of a toy decoration on a huge expanse of minded Ellen of a toy decoration on a huge expanse of sugar frosting, and she timidly squealed her delight. She remembered the exuberance of Toby who met them at the door and who was the first and only person of her
acquaintance who did not stand in awe of his adopted acquaintance who d
aunt, Miss Johnson
"Greetings, fond relative," he shouted, folding her in a hug which dislocated her severe hat and sent her bags clattering. "Why didn't you let me know you were coming? Never mind, so long as you're here. .... Pettia bachelor. . . . Let the women rule if they like the job. I don't. Housekeeping-no, sir. Sure, the live stock is all alive, and no pipes burst. I've been able to eat most of the eggs from the hennery, but several dozen would accumulate in spite of my valiant efforts. They're worth about $\$ 10.00$ a yoke in the city, now.
gized the child, "an' I'm used to children-I likes
'em," she added. That was the
Miss Johnson beginning of her acquaintance with grew a sensation Although it was years before she outgrew a sensation of uneasiness at the sound of the harsh, ladv 'whose face had no smiles in it,' in the steerage.
sacred ikon. Evelyn Magrath was a being above and apart from ordinary humanity, a being to whom one gives, and
from whom one asks nothing, a being one loves to serve, And if Ellen felt her own commonplaceness while she built a picture of simple beauty in that bare room, there was no sting of resentment accompanying it. On the contrary, she felt privileged and thankful that her lot
had fallen in such happy surroundings. She shuddered to think where it might have lain.
$H^{E R}$ mind bridged a space of years and she saw her a tiny atom who formed part elt again the ache in her arms the name nf Home. She back as she ceaselessly washed and scrubbed She remembered, vividly, even now, the pleasure of being allowed an hour with the younger children when she spun them wonderful stories, and angered the Matron by making them cry. They used to howl for her and refuse to eat or sleep or pray for any one but Ellen.
The day which was of paramount importance in her life was but a blurred and hazy memory. She was
dressed in her best clothes, handled by a bewildering dressed in her best clothes, handled by a bewildering number of officials and finally delivered into the steerage of a huge C.P.R. liner. She did not know the joy in
store for her, and she felt terribly frightened and alone
The ocean was vastly more terrifying when upon it han when describing its mysterious delights to the open-mouthed children round her knee. Ellen would have died of terror had there not been so many babies made them understand her. 'Love's the same in
rocking a forlorn product of Galicia upon her heart. "Now, don't yer cry, my angel," upon her heart. is cold ayn't it? She'd orter have somethink on her feet." "You look cold, yourself," said a harsh voice over her shoulder, and turning, Ellen saw that one were making a tour of the steerage. 'Untry' many of her companions she did not resent their coming any more than she would have resented the interest of the king and queen of Mars. She liked to be with them. So she stood up respectfully, bobbed a curtsey and clutched the baby closer.
Haven't you any other sort of wraps? demanded the lady in a very angry voice. give it to a little gurl. She's awful bad, give is, an' I don't feel the cold.',
been lady looked as though Ellen had been guilt
continued.
"Are you trying to take care of the whole steerage
She pointed to the crowd of children who had edged cautiously closer, until they hung around her like bees about

## 'M.

But, I say, who -" he broke
off and stared at Ellen.
Miss Johnson flung a few
words of explanation at him words of explanation at him
and remarked: and remarked:
a pig-pen." a pig-pen.
Toby, whose name was "Couldn't do everythabashed. couldn't do everything," he eating eggs. I fancy, it will eating eggs. I fancy, it will It was to Toby that Ellen turned in her loneliness and it frightened almost into insensibility by some bitter
sarcasm of Miss Johnson's sarcasm of Miss Johnson's. So that as spring slipped into
summer he became to her summer he became to her
what thesun was to the growing what thesun was to the growing
things they planted together, things they planted together, and if he realized what Ellen
 in love with Ellen?", by her devotion He was cheery comrade. Then Evelyn came,
Although a child just two years Ellen's senior, she never played with her aunt's "experiment." She commanded and was obeyed; she was idle and was served.
"To run away," I answered
There's the place you rented over in Surrey. You "Rest in a show place where there's an Italian garden and three footmen to dress up to. Oscar, you're absurd.'
"You re absurd. "Yould go to a sanatarium," he suggested. "Worse still. Fashionable hypochondriacism is the last last "Well, where do you think of going?" asked Oscar desperately I'll be dressed where I'll be a number, no more. Where not be asked what I want for breakfast or for dinner." not be asked what I want Oscar, "have you committed a murder or a forgery? You're not expecting to be a murder or a
pinched, are you? "To allay your anxiety, Oscar, I shall tell you at once that I am going to a condirioning-house over in Devon. It is kept by a lady doctor with masculine feet and voice. She guarantees to divorce you from your ego within six weeks. The moment you enter her establishment, you put aside your identity. By the way, they say duchesses, actresses, artists and well known women of all, was I was to be found in the Brent melting pot. Well, as I was saying, you put aside your identity. You've got to nothing more, to the other inmates. wear your own hair and own complexion, dress in the wear your own hair and own complexion, before you. garments and eat the food that in communication with or to discuss the outer world in any way. A fine and expulsion is the penalty for breaking any of the rules." "Well. I don't doubt that it must be a mental relaxation to shed one's identity for a time,", said Oscar. "It's a very clever stunt of your lady doctor."
Doctor Brent's conditioning house I found-as one finds most things of this life-neither so pleasant in some respects, nor so unpleasant in other respects, as I had expected. It was a large English country house with a few more conveniences, such as one usually finds and an adequate heating system, the country about was lovely as in English houses. The regime for the day was simple: only Devon can be. felt like it, ate what one got, walked one arose when one felt ilke it, according to one's pedestrial ability, and went to bed not later than nine o'clock for want of something better to do.
We inmates, the word patient was under taboo, were, with a few exceptions, of middle age or close to it, and looked pretty much alike with our short skirts and shapeless, unbelted blouses of no particular color, and our coiffures which, being made up solely of our own hair, were unremarkable. Conversationion of all topics bearcourse, limited owing to the exclusion or identity.
ing on or tending to disclose our
IT was not strange that several persons should have 1 appeared familiar to me. I daresay that had I seen them surmounted by their habituated headpieces, I should have recognized them for the personages they probably were: One of these was a fat old woman with the insolent manner of a boarding-house proprietress or of a duchess. I could not decide whether I had seen her face in its customary circumjacence long, however, bepapers or under a tiara. It was not lite inged to me.
I was returning from the morning's constitutional which we were required to take unaccompanied, when at a crossroads, I came upon the old woman panting like spent runner.
"My dear 25," she gasped, "if I had your figure, come to this bally old hole."
I smiled an acknowledgment.
She looked about her furtively, then coming close to me, whispered:
to "Whatever brought you here anyway, Miss Mallo?"
I was not wholly surprised that she should have recognized me. Ever since I had made my debut in my demure little song and dance act, I had continued to wear my hair in the simple parted fashion which had made such a hit in that day of exaggerated pompadours, and which
quired of us by Doctor Brent.
quired of us by Doctor Brent.
that a Cheapside boarding-house keeper would have been more careful in the selection of her adjectives)," the reason I came here was to get away from Goldine Mallo."
"Hm," said she, ignoring or unmindful of my "Duchess," "I don't accept the hint, Miss Mallo. You may be 25 to the other inmates of this silly "place, but, surely, you
won't be so ungracious as not to be lick-clap " said click-clack on the boards of the 'Gaiety, you ve got to
shut up shop and let them slip out of this fashion show. Yout must admit that I've behaved beautifully since we've been abroad. I've been on dress parade at races and charity bazaars; I've smiled winningly alike upon johnnies and old tops; I've given donations and the fagwithout If you press me too far, you'll find yourself in the plight of the woma
"What do you want to do?" asked Oscar.
yourself to a poor old woman who hasn't so much as munched at a bit of scandal in three weeks' time. You come from the Grand Prix, don't you? I say, was that old blighter, Lord Topham there? There's never a feast, but he's the skeleton at the board."
"Yes," I answered, "and Lady Bunting and Lord
"Stepney, that old sharper! I never thought that he'd crop up again after that Ardsley scandal that say, was there a blonde young thing trailing the Bunty Come, sit here on the grass, but, I warn you, that 'though I go down easily, I come up heavily, and you've got to do the hoisting."
I retailed the news of Paris for her edification. I was naming the guests at the Marquis Castlemont's dinner which I had attended "-and a quiet man with patien eyes, the Duke of Turrets, sat at my right. Do you
know him well?"
"Rather; that is as well as a woman ever gets to know her son."
"Oh-h."
"Didn't you address me as duchess?"
"Yes. I took a chance."
"How clever of you ... and with your pink and white
skin! By the way,. what did you and Turrets talk about?" "Poultry architecture."

Indeed. What do you know about chicken castles?"
"The considered an authority."
I arose stiffly.
" There there
wildly waving her arms," leave me," quavered the Duchess, until the crack of doom in this be obliged to remain You ought to know that In this God-forsaken spot exactly what I think, else what's accustomed to saying peerage. You don't mean to tell me of being of the know that the Duke is balmy on poultry that you didn't at Turrets, the poultry is housed better than the family.'
"raised my eyebrows, and the Duchess took the hint I may be able to arise from this spot. Thank you. I shall manage to get on very well now."
of it, we became within the next few perhaps, because as the relaxation of Docthe next few weeks as chummy the contrivings of Doctor Brent's vigilance or, rather surreptitious meetings wits would permit. We planned in code for all the world slipped each other note stolen conversations, howeve two school girls. Our schoolroom. We had lived, both did not smack of the of the world, and had been singled us, in the world and treacherous of all things, the world out by that most rockbottom we were, both of us, very favor. Yet, at The Duchess, by virtue of her age and position creatures need to dissemble as I had. She had no secrets and she have none She matter of course that you, too should have none. She did not attempt to cour too, should (CONINUED ON PAGE 29)
"Please stop that
Engine," I said.

MR. BANNISTER stood in the doorway of his five-roomed private residence in Quocunque Livery; which is in Little
Britain in the City of London, and hard Britain in the City of London, and hard
to find nowadays, notwithstanding that to find nowadays, notwithstanding that
two lofty archways give access to it, north two lofty archways give access to it, north
and south, out of the City's traffic. and south, out of the City's traffic
These
These passage-ways, though wide enough to admit a coach and spare a few inches of kerbing, are long and very dark, eading in between blank walls of shop-buildings that aulted also to carry upper floors that continue the street frontage.
But if you press on through either of these tunnels, at the end of it you will get-even at shut of day-a
sensation of light restored to you without artificial aid sensation of light restored to you without artificial aid
and in unexpected beauty. For you find yourself in and in unexpected beauty. For you find yourself in
an ample paved yard lined with low buildings which, an ample paved yard lined with low buildings which,
designed by Sir Christopher Wren after the Great Fire, still squarely and sturdily hold the surrounding skyscrapers at their distance and keep open a broad patch of sky.
The reason why Quocunque survives defying all rises in ground values, is that a certain City Company, now and long since
defunct, in the act of expiring conveved the defunct, in the act of expiring conveyed the
site and premises, for the advancement of site and premises, for the advancement of piety and good learning, to a certain College
in Cambridge which, absorbed in those twin in Cambridge which, absorbed in those twin pursuits, has treated its treasures with a generous neglect. Its bursar is kind to old tenants, lenient over arrears of rent, but The yard which Mr. Ba
surveyed from his doorway ane job-master last July, wore an appearance hardly less solidly respectable than it had worn a hundred years ago, when Lord Mayors' coaches had
rumbled in and out beneath its archways. rumbled in and out beneath its archways.
The main coach-house, his coach-house The main coach-house, his coach-house
faced him, with an Ionic portico and a clock on the roof above it. In the gloom of the portico one could hardly detect how shabby coat of paint. But Mr. Bannister knewcoat of paint. But Mr. Bannister knew-
and, worse, his enemy Horrex, at the end of the yard knew-how shabby they were, and
why, and what dilapidation why, and what dilapidation of poverty, they
hid: a moth-eaten barouche, a brougham hid: a moth-eaten barouche, a brougham
presentable enough for nightwork, and hearse. Of late years his old clientele had come more and more to choose the hearse for their drives, or to speak accurately, to have it chosen for them, and Mr. Bannister's circumstances were such that while con-
ducting yet one more old patron to ducting yet one more old patron to interment
he could drink present solace, as a drug he could drink present solace, as a drug,
from the thought that funerals were, so to say, ready-money jobs or thereabouts. Of the five horses he possessed two years ago (and fed with difficulty) the war had the hearse. The war had also claimed his son Dick, but had given him back.
This brings us again to the coach-house clock. It had stopped for no ascertainable reason, on the very day that news came of Dick's being severely wounded in Gallipoli. listening, as you followed Mr. Bannister's gaze, you might also swear you heard the
clock ticking yet, though the hands stood motionless, and as if glued together, at ten
minutes past two. The ticking came from stairs where Dick, aged twenty-one, blinded room upeyes by one of our own naval shells, and now discharged, was assiduously practising on a type-writer, in the hope to quality himseff to earn a living. Dick, who in 1914, was just coming to an age to save the business; Mrs. Bannister-bedridden and querulous in an adjoining room, maintained that the clock had never stopped on that day by accident, but, as a presage and a seal set Thus Mr Bon the family's 1 -luck.
son in whom he had built his hepes a wife, a blinded extinct, owing rent, with his lease closing in a few almost and nowhere to turn to for money, was in a few days, Yet he dared neither tell the worst to his wife, for fear of her useless nagging, nor to Dick, in pity. Yet he looked a solid man enough as he stood and sucked his pipe in the doorway; solid and durable and old-fashioned as Sir Christopher's facade opposite; each with stout front covering ruin and the worm within.
And Horrex knew. That was the worst. . . . . that had been the worst during old wrathful indignant days foreman and had nearly snamped up a lease of the prem ises at the north end of the yard and leasened a premHorrex had said, "A man must look out for himself Here were these premises which you never used. Times and again I warned you that a few years would see motors driving every horse off the streets; but you never would listen.

Io which Bannister returned irascibly, "That doesn't excuse your chipping in ander my very nose and playing me this dirty trick. God forgive me for trusting you all these years!
"I don't call it trusting a man," retorted Horrex, "when you won't listen to him counselling for your good. ... Suppose you drag the business down, as you will. Then one day you'll come and tell me 'Sorry, Horrex,' you in say, 'but I find I can't pay you wages any longer.' And sorry you'll be; but I shall be on the
streets. streets. . You had your chance. You went to the conege and just proved that you couldn't take a renewal
of lease unless they lowered the rent. Easy enough you could prove that, having let the north building go to Jack Straw's Castle for fifteen years. But the fact was, you hadn't the renewal-money handy. So I stepped in and proved that the premises could be made to pay. I didn't prove too much, either. I didn't go so far as to tell them monsters o' learning as the whole place was a gold-mine to an enterprising man."
like to be that enterprising mand I ve no doubt you'd and your wages never once behind on a Saturday night.

though I've pinched myself, that's gratitude, I reckon, in "this world," and Mr, Bannister spat. a son as well as you have and Horrex patiently., "I've a son as well as you have: and all being well, Jim's going firm. ... But to be clear of this talk of ungratefulness, I'll offer you this. For the name of the old business take me in as partner and let me run this garage affair in my own way. In two years I'll prove to you which side of the concern is paying best on its capital."
Bannister kept his, sneer. "Beginning to talk 'of your capital already!", Horrex kept his temper. "I wish it were yours, Sir. You know it can't be mine, first-along, out of the forty shillings you've paid me. pointing to the lease secure, as it is now-and everything pointing to garages all over the place at five times the
rent-If you'd only listen, Master!" "I reckon you don't understand
Bannister coldly "that there's such a thing as natura aversions. I can't abide the stink of motors nor of skunks.'
$\mathrm{F}^{\text {IVE years had passed since that quarrel. The out- }}$ ward aspect of Quocunque Yard, solemn and solid, had altered scarcely at all in the interim. There was a wide garage entrance in the northern corner, and a
scarlet-painted pillar-box six paces to the scarlet-painted pillar-box six paces to the right of Mr . novations and they affronted hime the structural inalready given; the pillar-box-well there is nothing
intrinsically wrong with a pillar-box. In fact, to have a inar-box hay door is a convenience G.P.O. to provide pondence entailed by his growing business large corres Horrex had caused it to be erected near hisold Moreove, door because, as he put it to himself quite simply and sincerely, 'The old boss is main tenant after all . sort of recognizes it, and may soften his feelings a trife, Of course, it did nothing of the sort. Mr. Bannister was in the frame of mind to conclude, and promptly "Horrex has got 'em to stick this blasted object jus here, so's it'll be out of the way of his manoeuvring cars along as he does with planned it to insult me-coming Happen also," added a pre of letters for every post. . . suspiciously, "he reckons I find it to himself, yet more coming home in the dark. He's capable of it," at times, For Mr. Bannister of late had capable of it. in the dark, after deadening care at the coming home rme
But what most affronted Mr. Bannister just now was young Jim Horrex, in spectacles, cleaning a
Red Cross Ambulance car in front Red Cross Ambulance car in front of the
garage door, over which the legend $P$. H. HORREX AND SON hit the eye, in gilt two-foot lettering
For while Dick Bannister, having enlisted
in the second week of the War in the second week of the War, was fighting in Egypt and afterwards at Gallipoli, young ground that his father's thriving busines ground that his father's thriving business
could not spare him, and twice afterwards on the ground of defective eyesight. Defective eyesight, just Lord! And here was Dick returned, totally blind!
The typewriter upstairs went on ticking, now with hesitation, anon with a cheerful rush.
The door of Horrex's office opened, and
Horrex himself came briskly Horrex himself came briskly across the yard with a thick bundle of letters in his hand,
At sight of Mr. Bannister in the doorway he seemed a trifle disconcerted, but came on bravely.
asked fost hasn't been collected yet?" Horrex on speaking terms. He poised the bundle in on speaki,
his hand.
"Won
"Won't be here for another five minutes," answered Mr. Bannister shortly.
"Nice time we keep here," observed
Horrex, with a glance up at the arrested clock, while he slid his letters one by one into the pillar-box.
It was an unhappy remark. Bannister had
been eyeing him suspiciously been eyeing him suspiciously. "You'll be
able to repair the darned clock when you've abusted me," he answered sourly. "That son
oust of yours has a gift for looking into machinery they tell me, though his eyes give out when t comes to sighting a rifle.
Horrex, apparently without hearing this, selected a long envelope and dropped it
very deliberately into the box: selected another. in a smaller square envelope and ransferred it to his breast-pocket: then thrust the rest, in a heap, through the slit. And "As I make it out," he said slowly "" boy that can drive wounded soldiers "a hospital, as Jim does, is doing his bit just as much as one in the trenches." "Think so?" sneered Bannister. "Well, "tisn't for us ol ones to have opinions on that. Let your son go
out and try. Mebbe, when he comes back to you with his eyesight cured, I'lil listen."
Horrex did not retort on this but turned and went somewhat heavily back to the garage door, before which
he paused for a word with Jim Bannister with the tail of
Banverse beside the anbulance, saw them there in converse beside the ambulance car; saw them step
apart, in an irrational sort of way and stand starin at the Heavens. His own straight gaze was firing up tiny patch of moss or grass-in the uncertain light a could not tell which-sprouting at the angle of two paving-steps, some five yards away. He had not observed it before. He had a mind to step out and kick it
Hesitating, with a foot half over his doorstep, he heard a sudden rousing sound overhead, as of an express train Something fell out of the
Sid-pavement of the the sky, hurtling. It struck the mid-pavement of the yard with a crash, and-as it were and with an awful shattering detonation Bannister fell back half-blinded with ears al bursting, the wind of the concussion fairly lifted and flung him down the house passage to the very foot the stairs. ... The world seemed to be full of the sound of raining, glass.
Dick's voice brought him to, calling down the stairs,
(CONTINUED ON PAGE 41)

## 8 Everywoman's World For January, 1918

# What sind of Men showld rhese cirls Maarry? 

## Fere is an opportunity to determine your type-wous future happiness may depend upon it

By ARTHUR BLACK FARMER, B.A

WAT kind of man snould any girl marry? Just there you will find a great difference
of opinion among people of experience. Some women of wide experience stoutly maintain that single blessedness is best, and others of equal years as vigorously contend that any man is better than none. Notwithstanding all the jibes of the humorous and the warnings of the unhappy, however, young people continue to marry They have always done so as far back as human records go and very likely they always will. The lure of the Christmas mistletoe prepares the way for the New Year's
resolution. There is an early spring revival in the resolution. There is an early spring revival in the jewelry business,
orange blossoms.
It seems to be but the natural course of events too that the woman who is happily or unhappily married herself, and who at any rate really,
enjoyed the zest of the sport of "man-hunting; should still be an interested onlooker at Cupid' art, and should find a hand now and then in that great game of match-making adds zest to life.
Who can say how many lives are made or marred by match-makers? When John asks Mary the great Question, it may be that he really thinks the whole thing was his own doing Possibly Mary really thinks she has led him on herself. Yet, how often, if the truth were told
the asking of this great Question is simply the the asking of this great Question is simply the thoughtful matron!

## A Question of Taste

$0^{\prime}$ F course every girl wants to marry an ideal man But what is an ideal man? Opinions differ. Fortunate it is, too, for if all girls were agreed there would not be much
chance for the most of us ever to find a life partner. Besides the chance for the most of us ever to
ideal man depends upon the girl.
It used to be said that there was no accounting for taste Yet even taste and personal preference becomes a matter for investigation to the man of science to-day. And observation, study, and analysis appear to have made clear the fact that
there is, after all, some accounting for taste even in such a matter there is, after all, some accounting for taste even in such a matter subtle attraction that impels men and women to form life partnerships in marriage operates according to some definite law established by nature for the welfare of the race.
If we ask a score of people why they married, we will find three motives: money, children, and companionship. If we asked again which was the strongest motive, the majority would undoubtedly say, money or companionship. It is hardly considered proper for folks to desire children-strange is it not? Yet if we turn to Nature and ask why Nature endows people with this strong and subtle attraction between the sexes with its magic power of endowing the most commonplace with all the deal enduring hapiness can be had here below only by obedience real enduring happiness can be had here bere's purposes
Professionally I occasionally commend young folks in their matrimonial plans. I do so because I believe everyone needs an intimate companion. First, because intimate association with someone whose chief faults and virtues are different from our own, helps round us out. There is no easier way to cultivate any quality of mind or character in which you may be weak than intimate association with someone who possesses that quality in a marked degree. Virtues are as infectious as vices. Second, because from a business standpoint, very few of us are possessed of all round common sense. Most of us need the companionship of someone with a somewhat different point of view to help us
make wise judgments in the business affairs of life. Third, make wise judgments in the business aftairs of life. Third, and make life worth while during our second half century of life- and to-day all serious people are learning to plan life on the full century basis and know that this can be achieved by right livingnothing does more to keep us young and make life interesting the second half century than to see growing up around us a lot of wholesome children and grand-children.
Many people think that it is the business of parents to educate their children and entertain them, but the education parents give their children cannot begin to compare withen provide tion and entertainme parents. There wore sense than nonsense in the remark of the woman on the witness stand when she assured the opposing attorney that it was no use for him to try to rattle her with his fool questions, because she had raised four boys and had three grandsons keeping her in training.

## Should "Likes" Marry ?

HERE are three girls-all different. What kind of men should they marry?
t is conceivable that they might ali want to marry the same man. It is even true that there are men so tactful, so well balanced, so efficient, that they might marry any It is a fact that a sufficient amount of the grace of God will enable folks to get along together quite happily in spite of marked lack of harmony in physical type disposition or mentality-and I will even say that no


class business ability, and a very stiteng love for music, art, and making. Both would have a good, but not excessive degree
of independence. Both would like the same kind of food, both would set quality before quantity, both would insist on their meals being tastefully served. From these standpoints they would be splendid pals. lacking. and sister than lovers.
matter how perfectly matched a pair may be from the of that aforesaid grace is still sery necessary, a good deal of God finds it very difficult to reside permane grace any man who even occasionally absorbs alcohol, and it usually takes its departure from the man who habitually uses tobacco. Therefore, I usually regard either of these or any other drug habits as sufficient grounds for any young woman to "call off" negotiations.
Some folks think it is fine for two young people to
marry who have exactly the same tostes marry who have exactly the same tastes. Just let us see how that would work out in the case of these three
girls. sirls.
Suppose that Girl No. 1 married a man like herself,
one who looked enough like her to be her brother. They would be alike in their
wher to be tike physical characteristics. They would require about and exercise. They
would both have first


Fig. No. 3.
The purpose of this law is to give the children a chance by offsetting a weakness in one parent by extra strength
in the other. The law is analagous to that which make in the other. The law is analagous to that which makes
cold water pleasant to one who has been overheated cold water pleasant to one who has been overheated
from sun or exercise who sun or exercise, and hot water agreeable to one who has had a chill. It is similar to that law by which two bodies charged with opposite kinds of electricit attract each ot
electricity repel. normal type, a type best suited to that condition life. In the south the type is darker than in the north In the mountains, the normal type is more muscular with larger lungs than by, the sea shore. Everywher the law holds that the strongest attraction is between those who, point by point are on op posite sides of the medium, of the normal for Whe climate and condition.
When parents are of similar type, as they would be if Girl No. 1 married a man just like herself, and as is often the case when near relations marry, the peculiarities tend to be intensified in the children. The children in thi case, if they survived at all, would be intellectua prodigies so far as natural mental brilliancy and nervous energy go, but lacking the physical vitality and endurance to support the large
and over active brains. Only by the most
Only by the most careful and abstemious From the could such children survive.
From the standpoint of companionship, again the tendency of intimate association of two such people would be a further intensifying of mental and nervous activity, and neglec of physical development. Theirs would be the tendency to make money, to make a lot of it through brilliant creative busi ness ability, and then intervals. Both would lack the end frequent intervals. Both would lack the endurance
power for continuous successful and efficient effort.
From the business standpoint again, both would be too fond of variety, of change. Both would work with great intensity for
spells, yet both need the balance of someone of more conservative disposition, someone who would not wish to change a plan or a policy just for the pleasure of changing. Both would tend to tire of the same line of business, of the same surroundings, and would often make changes to their own disadvantage.

## The Man for No. 1

THE right kind of a man for this girl to marry would be a man more of the type of No. 1 .
Because she is so refined and intelligent herself, it would be fatal for her to marry a man lacking in intelligence. He must in fact, in order that they may be tand a high order of intelligence in order that they may be congenial at all. His intelligence, however, might well be more of the scientific and philosophical type. She has eough business ability for two, provided he has the physical strength and endurance to provide the power, carry it through to a finish once he is started on the right and A man of the dark type, of muscular build, with a high square type of head, square face and broad prominent chin, thoure financially he might be a failure in business for himself with a wife should make a first class business success. While their tastes and interests might be different, there would be a very strong mutual attraction, and the children would have every chance of combining the mother's intelligence, refinement, and business ability with the father's solidity and capacity for consistent sustained effort.

The Girl Who Needs A Money-Make
GIRL NO. 2 is quite a different type. She too, is idealistic,
 With all her ambition and talent she lacks business ability. It is hard for her to look after the ness ability. It is hard for her to look after the
doliars. If she married Man No. 1. they might well find a common interest in the out-o might but they would both need to be stirred casionally to prevent them from stiving up octhe mutual attraction would lack intensity, and what love there was in their home would probably be frightened out of the window when the traditional wolf came in at the door:
least he lacks the interest in money wity, or at least he lacks the interest in money which is the first consideration in making it. He needs the financial sense of Girl No. 1 to keep him down to business. Mated with Girl No. 2 he would be
likely to duplicate the fate of the famous musician, Mozart, whose wife apparently had as little business sense as himself. You will remem as litthey used to keep themselves warm by dancing when they were too poor to buy fuel. fair, perhaps curly hair-your born salesman or financier f you like-full of vitality, and the instinct for catching the nimble and elusive dollar on the fly would be the proper mate. Such men sometimes in spite of their alent for money-making, fail to accomplish much in life for lack of ambition and purpose. Girl No. 2 would provide the purpose and the ambition. Man No. 2 is ambitious, but still would make an excellent match for her. He is sufficiently refined and artistic to

# Making the Old Arts 

How Canada is Prowiding Permanent Iwcrative Occupation for Returned Soldiers Incapable of Strenuous worls patch of woven rags which the mothers of the Confederation fashioned for utility's sake, is manifesting a charm as potent as the Carpet of Bagdad in turning the dust of despair into gold for the disabled veteran of the Great War.

When the Military Hospitals Commis sion was created by the Government for the purpose of giving the returned soldiers the proper medical treatment to restore them to the best possible physical condition, and to provide the industrial education necessary to make them self-supporting members of the community, specialists were sent into the factories to make industrial surveys.
The Commission wanted to find out exactly what work men with various disabilities could be trained to do efficiently, that the courses in the vocational training schools which they were establishing might meet specific needs. For instance, they wanted to know exactly what opportunities there were for a one-armed man in the industrial world.
The results of the investigation were most encouraging. There were a surprising number of things which a man with one arm, or a legless man might do well. It was evident that he could be so trained as to command good wages and a steady job without drawing upon any one's compassion. For every man who came back minus a definite faculty it seemed that there were opportunities waiting in which their disabilities might be offset by training.

What to do with the men whose injuries had left them with permanently impaired health and the prospect of never being capable of working full days under industrial conditions was another question. Where could such a man be found suitable and profitable employment?
What business man could afford to employ him however much he might desire to?
To the vocational officers it seemed a problem without an answer until one day they came upon a circle of convalescent soldiers grouped around a little FrenchCanadian in the Grey Nuns' Convalescent Hospital in Montreal, where a large number of the "bed cases" among the soldiers are being cared for.
Propped up in his bed, he was working at a hand loom, a counterpart of the big one on which his old mother in the hills of the Gaspe country had woven all his clothes until he donned the King's khaki. To him it was no novelty but a means of livelihood which opened to him when he returned to the old home.
The cod fisheries and the land were now out of the question, but he could depend upon the wealthy tourists from the great cities to provide for his future. He remembered them as veritably begging the old pink lustre china from under his dinner, the candlesticks off the mantleshelf, the bed-spreads off the beds. They were
willing to pay any price for the homely hand-loom textiles which his women folks worked over in the winter firelight.

The Handicrafts Guild
BEFORE the war the Canadian Handicrafts Guild an organization with headquarters in Montreal whose aim it is to foster these old peasant arts in the Dominion, had come into the district and bought up quantities of their stock of woven materials. They took their sheeting, their bedspreads, their towels, their woven rugs and even offered such undreamed of prices for their woolens that they stretched a point and sold their next year's gowns in the pattern. Although the strangers were offering only moderate market prices, the villagers were little used to ready money and it seemed a fortune to them.
Their commonest utensils threw the visitors into ecstacies. They little knew that they were a precious tag end of a century past, and a vein of pure gold in the eyes of the enthusiasts for peasant arts. They did realize, however, by dint of a thrift, which among other


Convalescent soldier in a Montreal hospital learning to operate a hand loom. The loom turns out home-spun much in demand for clothing, hangings, etc.
be taught to make artistic textiles on the hand looms, rugs, and baskets and their products could be marketed in the same manner as the products of such peasant communities as the Gaspe villages.

## Art Value of the Goods

THE art value of such goods, when brought before the people who are eager to secure them, is the chief consideration, and the demand is ever increasing. Primitive simplicity gains in charm among those who have the most of the world's goods and can best afford to pay for their fancies, with every advance of the modern world. As appreciation grows apace with wealth, business grows with appreciation, and the future for the soldier who is trained to these handicrafts is assured.
In preparation, handlooms have been given the men to work at in their beds, and qualified textile workers are engaged in teaching them how to weave. Larger looms which turn out materials of greater width have been set up in the wards for advanced work, and weaving rugs on still larger looms will be taught as they progress.
The men are enthusiastic. A new hope is improving their condition and hastening recovery. Where gloom reigned before and the hands of the clock dragged, time passes too quickly now, and the place is bright with ambition. "Bed cases" are no longer a problem for the vocational officer.
"T. B." patients in the sanatoria established by the Military Hopitals Commission will also profit by this arrangement. Many of these boys will never be able to engage in heavy labor again, but when the disease has been arrested they will be entirely capable of carrying on such work as this. Arrangements may be made that these men can live in communities in suitable climates and engage in some of the crafts, or return to their own families and set up looms. In this way they will earn perhaps more than they could in the cramped confines of the city, and enjoy infinitely better health and a longer life.
Modern education in tuberculosis has removed the prejudice against articles handled by such patients. The sanatorium trained man is known as the least likely man in the world to circulate germs.
Capt. R. T. MacKeen, the vocational officer for the Commission, under whose direction the plans have been completed, will allow no imperfect work. The boys know that they must turn out a marketable product to be sold on its merits and not for its sentimental association. The fact that a returned soldier made it is never known.
The men understand that such a ruling is made for their own good, since a demand artificially stimulated for the time being by the popular sympathy with a veteran is a poor business basis on which to place his
future. future.
The aim of the Commission is to put every soldier who comes back from the front in a position to earn an honest living, independent of sympathy or philanthropic aid; to make him a necessary factor in some phase of industrial life where he will find a demand for his labor.
The cost of selling service is not taken from the profits of the cottage worker. No profits exacted for the Handicrafts Guild, which finds its reward in seeing
the old crafts flourish.


N
RRIS CARTER told her afterward it first. first; the sun glinted on it, and the
sparkle caught his glance. Hope looked up and through him, with concentrated scorn, and fixed her rapt gaze on a woman in purple hat and tangerine coat, and then she bent to her pad again. The eyeglass tricity does any man because he know tricity does any man he is too great a coward to dare so much himself in the ace of his fellowmen. He leaned against the railing nd looked at her, getting
"She looks dissipated," he pronounced, observing her pallor, but failing to note the faint hollow of her cheek, its concomitant. "Queer eyes. That green fades them, or something. Her eyelashes are black. I'm sure she drinks." Then he caught sight of her spats, as she shifted and crossed her feet. "I have really got to meet her and find out why she does it," he said, being horoughly alive, and interested in almost anything. He was waiting for a reporter he knew. "She looks
horribly bad tempered," he concluded, charitably horribly bad tempered, he concluded, charitably. where was Ellerslie, the man he knew. He rushed for-
" "No, I don't know her," said Ellerslie, "but I'll find someone who does. Another, Nick? Gad, you're the . They climbed to the box,
eporter said he had met her, once, but she lid another to remember it, judging by her frosty look. Under re peated urgings, however, he went forward and recalled the incident to her.

I think I do remember," she said, not so uncordially as he had feared. "But you know I'm a perfect idiot about that sort of thing. My friends invariably throw a brick at me by way of salutation, to remind me of their existence and identity. I'm glad there is someone here Jnow. Isn't that blackpointed bay a lovely thing. I've got ten dollars on him-of course, you may introduce someone. Howjedo, Mr. Morris. Did you order a rainstorm? There's one coming. I hope my bay can
swim." She continued gazing at the horses and was not quite sure of which of the several men at her elbow they were crowded now, since some people have almost a mania for pressboxes-had been introduced.

There was a rainstorm coming up. Carter disclaimed any responsibility, and tried to tell her his real name.
She called him Cartwright, and he She called him Cartwright, and he began to feel deeply exasperated. Later, as the last race was ending and they, were making their way gingerly across the muddy "lawn"
toward the exit and the cars, she piled on the last straw. toward the exit and the cars, she piled on the last straw.
He had implored her to wait for an umbrella, or whatHe had implored her to wait for an umbrella,
ever protection he might be able to conjure up.
"Thanks, but don't trouble,", to conjure she said.
I'm more used to this sort of thing than you.
He wanted to box her ears. Did he look like a man of sugar? Or as if he feared the weather? All she had in mind was that it rained eight months of the year in Seattle; but he could not know that.
"Why," he began in an aggrieved tone, "I've lived half my life out of doors-1-
Now what had she done? She knew that tone, from long habit of stepping on people's toes unaware. How
had she insulted this-she took her first real look at had she insulted this-she took
him-very agreeable young man
A very comely young man, too-was it possible? He had strong looking hands, tanned beyond fashionable requirements; he had no stick; he had a fresh brown face with wide-open blue eyes-and where had she seen
such yellow hair on any man? It was unusual, but suan yiliar.
fam
lat
"Haven't I seen you before?" he asked, voicing her "houghts so neatly that she started.
"Could you ever forget me?" she asked gravely, keeping her eyes down.
"Not now," he countered readily.
"Oh, piffle!", was her mental comment. "Served me right." And she did not answer, not knowing what to say. They splashed along silently.
"You look tired," he ventured at last, banally. suit; makes me look yellow. I fancy you mean cross suit; makes me look yellow. I fancy you mean cross,
though. I lost twenty dollars on those deceitful horses though. I lost twenty dollars on those deceitful horses; dashes-nice name, they look it now." The mud was dashes-nice name, they look it now.; The mud was plorable sight. "All the money I had in the world," she went on dreamily. Somehow that remark gave him a dreadful pang-to think of her losing all she had in the world. All she was thinking was that it meant she simply must, now, find a cheaper room somewhere, for this extravagance of betting, on top of her previous extravagance of clothes, had taken almost all her reserve fund.
But he could only express his anxiety indirectly, and returned to teclared, almost angrily.
he "Ieclared, almost angriy. "Llike tt, honestly," she sard. "Like rain, and the feel of rough weather if it isn't too cold; I like even this mud, millions of miles of streets, and even the parks paved and railed off-make you feel as if you'd never get your feet on the earth again. People in New York don't, do they? I get homesick for the wilderness, sometimes; I don't want it always but, a touch of it is so sane." She was surprised that she had found so much to say, and still more at his quick enthusiasm. He asked her if she did not love the Adirondacks, and she confessed they were no more than a name to her.
"I came from a very far country," she said, and
amed it vaguely as "the Northwest." named it vaguely as "the Northwest."
"Where?" he asked. 'I travelled through there once -more than ten years ago-" hard. Now-now she knew-she had seen him before, the picture rose in her mind vividly. Would it for him?
No, that was not possible; she had merely fallen No, that was not possible; she had merely fallen back on a cliche when he had said that. To punish him she
was silent on what was going through her mind; it was was silent on what was going through her mind; it was
more amusing not to tell him, and she remained purmore amusing not to tell him, and she
posely vague to his repeated "Where?
"All over," she said. "I cannot stay anywhere. By and bye I shall fly, away from New York. There is "Wy car-thank you."
the question casual as he helped her He tried to make the question casual as he helped her aboard; duty com-
pelled him to rejoin the party he had come with they might have gone by now. She told him the name of her hotel, and maliciously refrained from adding that she would undoubtedly leave within a day or two. He would forget it anyway; people did forget in New
York. And he did not write York. And he did not write
it down, so she felt more certain.
He did not in the least
need to write it down.
Chapter XX.
$W_{\text {served }}^{\text {ATching him from the cor- }}$ ners of her from the coreyes, Mrs. Sturtevant felt certain that Norris had some thing on his mind. Being a toin it, was another wo cerIt was not intuition so much as the mere vanity from which neither sex is exempt a vanity of sex itself, told her so; but it was truth none Sturtevant's They were in Mrs. room, a very delightful room, full of sunlight and graceful Colonial furniture and masses of pale flowers. Norris was there very frequently, as a eousin mis conscience on the matter, even if only a second cousin.
The drawing-room suited Grace Sturtevant perfectly. in a moment of studied cynicism, told a friend that she had been obliged to eliminate her husband-by way of the divorce court-because he simply did not match either of them. He was a large, ruddy, full-blooded creature, or had been when she saw What he was now she neither knew nor cared. thergher to do her justice, she had once cared very deeply.
She was tall, almost taller as like him as one so different could. But the likeness was fined down, attenuated, as in
a half-tone copy of an oil painting. She was slim, and very white; her complexion endured with credit the proximity of the white and pale pink blossoms she loved her hands and feet were long and narrow, what is called patrician, and her straight, silky hair of an ash-blonde int. Distinguee, her friends called her; she did no "Do sit down, Nick;"
cultivated cear he," she said at last. Her voice was cultivated, clear, passionless; it seemed to express her perfectly - and did not. "Spare my carpet," she added or in debt? You have all the symptoms." you in love

Neither, thanks," he said, slowly, F.
moment he was inclined to confide in her; fleeting particular distrust of her stayed his tongue, but rather a shamefaced thought that the whole matter was so trivial as to border on the absurd. The fact was that had he belonged to the species for which such naive "Gumes are compiled,, , would have been resorting to a Guide to Manners, on How a Young Gentleman Should Pay His First ,Addresses to a Young Lady He Respectfully Admires." He wanted, in brief, to call on frankly wondered what it might be. rankly wondered what it might be.
Now he had never before found it
all upon any woman, and that alone a difficult matter to Perhaps it was because of her mal-treatment of his name; possibly he feared she would call him Mr. Cartwright again, or even be unable to get so near as that to fixing his ident.ty. It would be quite horrible to have to account for himself in detail and give a reason for his mere existence while attempting at the same time to explain why he was there giving such a reason. The matter at that point became too complicated to be pur-

sued further, but it seemed to have endless possibilities and ramifications. "Nor was it simplified by the fact her absent; and the knowledge of having bribed the desk clerk with a cigar to ask of the baggageman whither her trunk had been conveyed-she had said she would call for letters, if any came,-weighed on him like a secret crime.
But, having gone so far, he felt bound in honor to himself to reach a conclusion-and the lady of his quest. He had got her telephone number, too; at least, that of her landlady. It was a real problem to him whether he
should telephone her, or go in person. . . Actually, should telephone her, or go in person. . . . Actually,
he had twice removed the telephone from its hook in he had twice removed the telephone from its hook in-
tending to take the first alternative, and backed down tending to take the first alternative, and backed down
ignominiously, and the remembrance of that made him ignominiously, and the remembrance of that made him
rise and walk across the room each time it came to his mind, which was every five minutes or so. He wondered
feebly if his brain might be giving way. Hang it all, she would hardly bite him ... she was only about as he reflected with a certain malignant satisfaction, she wasn't a bit pretty. He repeated that to himself severa times. No, she looked wash ed-out, and her profile wa
smudgy. smudgy. . And he distinctly recalled crows' feet at " $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{O}}$ of I just feel restless. Sick. If I could away I think I'd go up to the like to woods cor a month; 1 like to sniff a campfire, again, and had been talking about the wilder"My "dear Nicko," said Mrs Sturtevant, with provoking calm "you came back from the Addirondacks just ten days ago, didn't
you? Think up a better one. Or you? not tell the truth?," "Oh, Grace," he sai
rather rueful laugh, "call off you rather rueful laugh, "call off your as if I'd been up to something positively criminal. I can't help it if I'm a wild ass of the desert. guess I'll beat it down town Business," he be there anyway. Business," he added, with that
firm vagueness a man employs when using that magic word, twin sister to charity in its powers of benevolent concealment; sighed Mrs. Sturtevant, and cam to him, laying her long white glow, a warmth, came into faint glow, a warmth, came into her
cool eyes; and a veiled impatience Ah, if he would! She had waited so long, years, for him to grow up and he was still the boy she had played with when she was in pigtails and he in knickers. She had grown up, though she was
one of those fine-grained, poised one of those fine-grained, poised
creatures who awaken slowly. creatures who awaken slowly.
Marriage had been her hothouse, but when she had come to sided about it; her excellent brain was equal to her oneconserved emotional nature. And now, sometimes Nick made her feel not only mature but old! $\begin{aligned} & \text { Why, why did }\end{aligned}$ he remain so maddeningly the same, when all else in her apparently solid world had changed so incredibly? slap slap him, as an exasperated tutor might an inattentive pupil.
Oh, now, Gracie," he began deprecatingly, his eyes twinkling. What do you want-gray hair, or to see What did she want?
What did she want? Her hand dropped; she turned away, her movements gracefully deliberate, and went to need of concealment You are a fool, N
much as that. I made the mistake of "but not so interested in -in your welfare; you will pardon me. If you do not care, there is no reason why I should
Sometimes he thought Grace was growing a bit shrewBut he was used disappointment- he ne put it down to her one grea anyway, he thought, were rather inclined to worry a chap. They were always scolding him, at least, and And good old Grace was really fond of him, he folt sure. comfortably sure just comfortably sure, just as he was of his own fondness for
"I'm getting on your nerves," he remarked resignedly.
"Nonsense," she said brusquely. "Aren't you going

# Iooking Over rhe TOp 

## Mountain Climbing as Out-Door Sport for Canadian Women



By FRANK YEIGH

 OUNTAIN climbing for Canadian women Why not?
If it has been called the king of sports for men, why should it not be for women
also? Why should not the daughters of Eve share the glorious pastime with the sons of Adam, for the latter have no inherent rights to the hill tops? All these interrogation marks are their tive reply. Mountaineering for and by women has long since passed the experimental stage, and some of the exceptional feats in this realm are to be credited to the skirted sex, though skirts are taboo when cliffs are to be scaled and ice walls negotiated. Women climbers have over and over again proved themselves to be, in all parts of the world, as successful in overcoming nature's obstacles, as sure-footed and clear-headed and as resourceful in the face of danger, as the most successful Alpinist of the male sex that ever scaled a towering cliff
or surmounted a cloud-wrapped peak. They have too exhibited the same high quality peak. They have, too, vital requisite if success is to crown the efforts of the mountaineer.
What are the compensations or rewards for the exertion involved in mastering a mighty peak? Those who have experienced the effort will have many replies to
the inquiry. There is, primarily, the physical wellthe inquiry. There is, primarily, the physical wellbeing as one of the by-products for those who are physically fit, for care should be taken to make sure of the physical fitness. It is a case where
heart and lungs must be free of any heart and lungs must be free of any
impediment and where the climber must be sound of wind and limb Then the sheer physical joy of a climb is its own adequate reward. But there is, too, the mental and spiritual tonic that comes with the ascent, the thrill of the Excelsior spirit as the heights are gained and the valley floor recedes; the uplift of mind and soul as the vision enlarges and the panorama takes in other ranges and
ranks of serried peaks until the climax comes when the summit is achieved comes when the summit is achieved,
when the Alpinist stands on the roof of the world, and the eye drinks in such a view as will never fade while memory does its work.
Under the spell of the rare and ennobling sight, the lines of Goldsmith are recalled:
'Even now, where Alpine solitudes ascend,
I sit me down a pensive hour to spend; And, placed on high above the storm's career
Lakes, forests, cities, plains extending wide appear; The pomp of kings, the shepherds' humble pride."

But the beatific vision, from the crest of a Rocky or


Ready to scale the heights to the world that above
the distant clouds.


On the brink of the Crevasse.
vaguely vise after range spreads out before the eye and the deep clefts between
cooped up and life is so largely artificial, but valleys stretching into the misty distance, winding streams o glacier to a river and the ultimate sea and oot of a hearted forests that look like carpets of green in per spective
And what overhead? "I to the hills will lift mine eyes," runs the old psalm, and lifting one's eyes from the cairn of rock on the highest point of the peak, with all the world at one's feet, there is another wonder world revealed in the passing pro cession of the fleecy clouds on summer day, or the wild swir that betokens an approaching storm and that brings its own warning. man is, it is not always wise as man is, it is not always wise to
flout her anger or treat her admonitions lightly.

## Ascending Mt. Tupper

A GRAPHIC recital of the climbA ing experiences of a Canadian lady, Miss Jean Parker, of Winnipeg, in ascending Mount Tupper, in the Selkirks, affords another interesting glimpse.
work began-the rounding serious work began-the rounding of the
sheer foot of the Hermit, a pinnacle sheer foot of the Hermit, a pinnacle
that occupies the whole of the that occupies the whole of the
narrow neck that separates the arete from the Tupper peak There is no getting out of it. You cannot climb over, for it is too sharp; you must go around it. There are few footholds and there is a great drop beneath, but by doing exactly as we were told and with the help of the wind which blew us tightly against the rock, we passed safely.
From the couloir we had a good view of the climb before us. Immense blocks of rock were footholds, and in some places long faces without a single jutting rock We had to ascend a chimney fourteen feet high, in which rocks fell continuously. But with the help of the guide and a hand from above I managed to get up. We passed another very rotten chimney that barred our crawled up a next ridge, and then to an overhanging shelf along which we crawled. Our surprise was great when a short climb brought us suddenly to a small plateau upon which was a long rock mound holding a stoneman or cairn. It took several seconds to realize that we were actually on the top of Mount Tupper.
Another woman climber in the Canadian Alps, Miss Mary E. Crawford, thus writes of her experience from "She is going to view:
She is going to know herself as never before-physically, mentally, fallible instinct of self-preservation She gains confidence with every step, finds the dangers she has imagined far greater than thos she encounters and arrives at last upon the summit to gaze upon a new world. Surely not the same old earth she has seen all her life Yes-but looked at from on top-a point o view which makes an indelible impression upon her mind.
"This woman returns to her round of daily duties in the work-a-day world, but she has only to close her eyes for a second and she is transported to her mountain top. Brain fag? have lost their dread meaning Time They drag now, for the the mountainer the passes quickly looking back and looking passes forward."

If mountain climbing is a suitable pastime for Canadian women, have any as yet taken


A tricky bit of rock work
advantage of it?" might be asked. Again the answer is decidedly in the affirmative. Of the seven hundred members of the Alpine Club of Canada, no less than two hundred and twenty-ive are women, and a majority of these are Canadians. Not a few of them have in surmounting some of the highest, in irst ascents and and Selkirks. Among those qualifying in the Rockies active membership, at the annual camps of year for Club, there have always been a camps of the Alpine women members, the qualification required being the ascent of a peak at least ten thousand feet being the level. A different qualification operates on the Pacific coast. Scarcely a year passes that many lady climbers do not win for themselves admittance to the inner ranks of the climbers in this unique School of Mountaineering.
As a result of these annual camps, the questions of camp equipment and camp attire, so far as they affect trations will show, what been solved and, as the illustrations will show, what might be called, in the words of o what should be worn in the actual climbing operate as解 What should the mere man to dare sules be? It is certainly not for pass on the opinion of expert women campers and cimbers.
To begin with, a good tent is a prime requisite, with plenty of warm blankets (it's awfully cold at 3 a.m. even in mid-summer, in a tent 5,000 feet above sea level) balsam boughs for dampness mer earth, or on the bed of a little pillow will come in must be guarded againstconducive tow will be far more conducive to sleep than one's shoes!
requisite, and the term includes knickerbeckers, a preshirtwaist, a necktie, substantial hobnailed boots, laced high, or arranged for puttees, woollen stockings are des
rigueur, and a hat of felt with a generous rim. A sweater for low tempera coat for rain-for both will be experienced-are alsoamong thenecessaries Old-timers in camping would further provide pair of shoes, a short skirt for camp wear, it of mosquito netting a hot water bottle and a few emergency medicines that will readily occur to one.

## U. S. Ladies Were Pioneers

$\triangle$ MONG the first to 1 discover the pleasures and delights of climbing in the Canadian mountains were several United States ladies and due
credit should be corded them for their pioneering contribution. Outstanding among these American ladies was Miss Mary M. Vaux, of Philadelphia, now Mrs. Charles D. Walcott, of Washington. She was the first lady to conquer Mount Stephen, making the ascent in 1900 with Chr. Hasler and Edward Feuz, and two Swiss guides, her own interesting story:

A cloudless sky and a perfect temperature were the reward of several days of waiting, and as we followed the trail to the fossil bed, the early morning lights over the carpeted in ple mith the dainty vines and blossoms of these upper regions. After leaving the trail we followed the fossil bed up to the arete, where a large rock afforded shelter from the sun's rays and where we "Th of our second breakfast.
"The real climb began when the pillared top of the mountain was reached. The rocks were very treacher(Continued on page 12)

## 

## Looking Over whe Top (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 11)

 ous, while at times the ledges were barely sufficient for our passage. As we neared the summit, the top towered above us even more precipitously, but we surmounted this steep piece more easily than we expected and finally stood upon the summit at two o'clock."The snow almost covered the McArthur stone cairn. The sky was almost loudless and the peaks rose on every side one behind the other in unknown numbers. The Kicking Horse River ran at our feet like a streak of silver, while the
Wapta Fall, the great North Fork valley with a magnificent glacier at its end, and the various ranges made a circle of striking beauty

The difficulties near the summit were descended in safety and a perpendicula wall of rock, to which we held on by our eyelids, brought us to a steep snow slope down which we hurried to the amphitheatre back of the mountains, and thence to the hotel.
It was an English lady who had the honor of making the first ascent of Mount Sir Donald, the giant of the Selkirks, in guides. The story of the climb is found guides. The story of the climb is found "Before deciding on the trip," writes Mrs. Berens, of St. Mary Cray, Kent, England, the lady in question, "I was greatly puzzled as to what I should wear. Not being a new woman, I had no unmentionables packed away at the bottom of my trunk, and did not think it safe to attempt it in skirts and frills. Someone suggested I should go to my husband's pair of-something, and naturally out a pair of-something, and naturally, being a woman, chose his very best knickers as being the prettiest color and as becoming When we first got on the rocks I asked the guide how long it would take us to get to the top. His reply was, four or five hours Thinks I to myself, 'What nonsense. I am sure we can easily get there in an hour or two.' Alas, my conceit was quickly taken out of me as I soon found it was not so easy a climb as it looked! Be wise, and never despise a mountain. It always gets the best of you in the end.
looked down once, and after that carefully avoided doing so again, as the far as we were concerned below looked, as Piccadilly, and to look up seemed about as bad. In climbing al seemed about your next foothold and nothing more, as if you look down it is apt to frighten you. t is surprising, too, how small the top of Sir Donald is.

I cannot attempt a description of the scenery, I only try to write from woman's point of view, but what I would ike to suggest to other lady climbers is first, to wear knickers and putties to pre vent one's legs being knocked to pieces by the rocks. Wear good strong boots, with plenty of nails in the soles. Drink as efore starting, with a sandwich or two and an orange on the way. Take also a coat, which the guides will carry, to put on at the top, as it is very cold up there.

## Conquered Eagle Pea

A NOTHER lady climber, was the first to conquer Eagle Peak, adjoining ount Sir Donald.
Miss Benham holds the record for being the first lady to reach the top of Mount Assinaboine, 11,860 feet high-a gigantic peak that has baffled many a man ring for women, mention should be made of the Alpine literature that has sprung up as yet another by-product. Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, of Winnipeg, was one of the pioneer writers to make known the beauties of the mountains, to advocate the formation of an Alpine Club for Can ada, and to hold climbing camps. Her work in this connection in the Manitoba Free Press largely laid the foundations for the success of the Club and its annual camps.
Mrs. Julia Henshaw, of Vancouver, has also rendered an excellent service in her books on the flora and fauna of the
mountains, which are recognized authorities on the subject. Mrs, SchafferWarren's volume detailing her explorations in the Rockies makes fascinating reading, as it illustrates what women can accomplish in mountain exploration as distinct from climbing. Many too, will recall the entertaining articles in Harper's Magazine in which Miss Mary L. Job and Miss Margaret Springate recount their experiences in searching for a new and mighty peak far north of Mount Robson. Women are not only possible mountain climbers but successful explorers and mapgreatest domains in the world for original investigations of this nature


0public women in Canada, it would be difficult to select one more generally, more intimately known in every province in the Dominion, than Mrs. Adam Shortt. Wherever there is the necessity of spreading the gospel of some new national movement, there one may always find Mrs. Shortt. She has travelled from coast to coast, with national problems as her incentive and wherever she has gone she has always had vast audiences as her objective. Women have come to rely absolutely upon her opinion and upon her judgment. She is requested to serve on committee after com mittee, and one would almost believe that she gives to each her undivid ed attention, so potent are the results achieved under her direction.
Since it is always necessary, before getting very far in this old world that one be born, it is only fair to state that Mrs. Shortt first intruded herself upon the attention of her family somewhere back in 1869 at Mountain Hall in the village of Winona, Ont.
Oliver Wendell Holmes once said in regard to a classmate of his, "Fate tried to conceal him by naming him Smith." If such were Fate's intention in regard to the subject of this sketch what an
awful blunder was made!
As Elizabeth Smith

Mrs. Shortt attained the
first measures of success, which now go to make her so outstanding a figure in Canadian public life. Every single member of Sylvester Smith's family has been of more than local importance. One of the sons, Mr. E. D. Smith, of Winona, was for some years a member of Parliament for Wentworth, and is well known in Canadian manufacturing circles. Another son, the late Cecil B. Smith, the Hydro-Electric engineer, has won more than casual prominence in his profession. Elizabeth Smith was educated at private school, and afterwards attended Hamilton Collegiate Institute, then going to the Royal Medical College, in affiliation with Queen's University, where she obtained the degree of M.D. in 1884

We have now become accustomed to depending upon lady doctors. In these days every Canadian city has a fair list of women who are devoted to the practice of medicine. Twenty-eight years ago, however, it took no little courage and individuality for a young girl to adopt medical career. By the very choice o her profession, Dr. Elizabeth Smith showed her tendency for leadership. She was not only determined to succeed, herself, but to make the way easier for other women students who were to follow
It was with this in view that she sup ported so strongly and so enthusiastically the call of the separate course for women at the Royal College in Kingston. Thi movement finally resulted in the creation of the Women's Medical College at Kingston, in affiliation with Queen's Un versity. She wrote the history of this

College, which was published in brochure form last year as "Historical Sketch of Medical Education of Women in Kingston.

For some time Dr. Smith practised in the city of Hamilton. In 1886 she became the wife of Professor Adam Shortt, then a member of the Faculty of Queen's University.

and energy to the anti-tuberculosis crusade, was made convenor. An enlightening pamphlet on the social aspect of tuberculosis, written by Mrs. Shortt, was issued a few years ago
In 1911, when Professor Shortt was appointed Civil Service Commissioner, the family moved to the Capital, where $M \mathrm{rs}$. Shortt has been decidedly active in civic and social work. She was for three years President of the Mothers' Union of Ottawa, and for a time President of the Ottawa Women's Canadian Club. For the past six years, she has also been President of the Ottawa Local Council of Women, and t is probably in this connection that she has accomplished some of her most important work.
She has labored unceasingly in the endeavor to make local conditions healthier and happier During the particularly hard times that preceded the war, when the cost of living soared to such heights, Mrs. Shortt wa responsible for reduction in the prices of not a few commodities through her agitation with the local council as a medium. In the past couple of years she has worked with a determination to better market conditions in Ottawa. The improvements that have been effected are undoubtedly due to her insistent effort.

For six years, from 1887 to 1893 , Mrs Shortt lectured on medical jurisprudence and sanitary science in the Woman's Medical College, and took a warm interest in all student movements. Professor Shortt became head of the Department of Political Economy and in their home many students found a cordial welcome and a social intercourse which proved most helpful to the young and ambitious collegian.

In fact, the family circle was always charming. Mrs. Shortt has two daughters and one son. The latter (unfortunately lame) not being able to serve in France went over as a Paymaster, and is living in London. He has married in England as has also Mrs. Shortt's elder daughter. The younger is taking a course at Queen's University.

IT is almost impossible to chronicle Mrs. Shortt's various activities. She was President of the Y.W.C.A., for three years, President of the Kingston Musical Club for seven years, and became the first president of the Queen's Alumnae Association. Since the beginning of the war she has been doing active service with out salary in the Maple Leaf Club for Soldiers, London, England. It would be well nigh impossible to imagine the National Council of Women without her. She has been on the Executive of that Dominion-wide organization for years, having acted as the first convenor of the Immigration Committee. Later, when a Public Health Committee was formed, Mrs. Shortt, having devoted much time

Immigration is an all-

## important matter in the Dominion,

 and it is absolutely necessary that women immigrants should be properly met and furnished with what information they need in a new land. Mrs. Shortt was one of the first to realize the importance of this movement, and was the organizer and first president of the Women's Immigration Hostel in Ottawa.SINCE 1914, her days of service have been nearly twenty-four hours long. At the very first public meeting of women, called in Ottawa by Her Royal Highness, the late Duchess of Connaught Mrs. Shortt was one of the chief speakers Since then, she has laid aside all other interests but those which contribute to patriotism and the winning of the war
Mrs. Shortt is, of course, a strong believer in woman's suffrage, as she says -"in the abstract." She has always been keenly active in spreading interest in municipal affairs, her idea being that the best argument women could ever advance for the extension of the total franchise, is to make use of what they have to the fullest extent. In her opinion women cannot divorce domestic and civic housekeepin have a live interest and a real part in the government of our towns and cities. Just now she is very much concerned Just how they will use the right given them As she recently said in an address:

Surely every woman here desires to use her vote with clear vision as to the object to be obtained, according to her own conscience, before God and man

# Music in Canada as a National Art 

What it is, and what it may mean to this Country when
we cease to be apologetic in regard to our native Art, and
begin to study seriously an individual espression along
national lines-Our Folk Songs and Indian Tribal Miolodies.
By KATHERINE HALE

1Canada an apologetic country? Amid the roll of drums, the waving of flags and the eager chorus of the "next of
kin," as glorious a host as they who have gone forth to battle, I hear the voice of Ihe nation answer "No.
I agree with the voice that in arms, in energy, in merchandizing and a certain
sort of enterprise, we are capable of holding sort of enterprise, we are capable of holding
our own with any other country in the our own with any other country in the world. But there are two most important factors in
the life and growth of any nation about which we, as the life and growth of any nation about which we, as Alas for the country that possesses neither and statesmen nor great artists. There is something weak in the very fibre of its being.
I do not admit any limitation in our possibilities in either direction, but I distinctly affirm that while we dwell on the negative side of our resources, and state that which is not, instead of that which is, we shall ontinue to be tolerant of men who have gone into politics as a side issue and a game, and of colleges and conservatories of music who have no instructor in the
study of national music and what it may mean to the study of national music and what it may mean to the In all Canposer
In all Canada is there, at the present time, one man along a definite line of this sort, having to do with the fabric of Canadian music?
So far as I can find out the answer is "no," with the postscript: "What is there to teach or to lecture about?" The other day I noticed an article in a leading Can adian newspaper the heading of which was heavily leaded. The cheerful message ran: "Canada Cannot Have Folk-Songs. But a , Canadian School of Com position is not Impossible."
That, it seems to me, is absolutely typical of our attitude. First, a dash of ice-cold water, and then a
little luke-warm water applied as a faint encouragement In this case, the truth is, of course, that we have what is technically known as "folk-song" in one of the most interesting phases imaginable in the Province of Quebec, in Northern Ontario, in the northern end of New Brunswick, wherever indeed that delightful type of French-Canadian-the habitant-remains.
TO realize these French-Canadian songs and their 1 meaning one must go back over two hundred and fifty years ago when, as we know, some aristocrats of
France were lodged behind the wooden palisades of the France werel odged behind eithe wooden palisades of the nuns, they seemed to have brought with them as adjuncts to their bravery a store of guns, beads, bibles, knitting needles and songs.
Come to think of it, every one of these articles is
more than ever to the fore to-day, so after all they have more than ever to the fore to-day, so after all they have proved to be essential.
The songs were largely those of the people; gay little ditties of love and adventure in towns and villages, and of grape-growing and hay-making in the sunny fields and uplands of France. These were hummed by the ladies and their maids and by the brave Henris and Jeans who made up the little companies that followed the seigneurs fires and famines. Mingled with these were the holy songs of the priests and nuns, echoes of the Gregorian



Tribal Melody of Iroquois near Caledonia, Ontario.

chants-than which there is no more austere and beautiful music-and they began to float through the still air and to mingle with the plaintive or merry chansons of the Province and Picardy
And that generation, all-French, died away, and another arose and the precious home songs became per-
meated with the keen, Canadian atmosphere the early-Canadian life of struggle and adventure, and gradually improvisation stole in until we have now a

"Day Star" Indians at Kutana, Saskatchewan, during a song
typical and most distinctive sort of thing, that is not in the least a succession of songs that are French of France, but wholly French of Canada, a blossoming peculiar
It has been most difficult to
It has been most difficult to arrange accompaniments for modern use, as these songs are so very old that they were written before the major and minor scales appeared Another characteristic is their extreme simplicity, a fine art, however, lying in the skilful repetitions and the quaint monotonous sing-song verses which hold such a world of pathos and sometimes of comedy within their oft-recurring phrases. Musical students will be inter sted in the fact, which gives one some clue as to dates, that almost invariably the last word of the verse has a seeming rhyme so far as vowels are concerned with the preceding word. This puts the songs at once into a class with the other French "imperfect rhymes" of which the Guilbert has found much pleasure in the study of these French-Canadian songs, and there is surely suggestion
for all musical students in the fact that such folk-songs exist in abundance near our door-rich material for the taking.
THEN the tribal songs of Canadian Indians make a 1 great study in themselves. Nearly every important Government, save that of Canada, employs a specialist
to collect and preserve national folk-songs and melodies.
One effort in this direction has been made in Ontario when the Department of Education some years ago authorized Mr. A. T. Cringan, of Toronto, to secure
transcriptions of the songs of the Iroquois, of the Indian transcriptions of the songs of the Iroquois, of the Indian
Reserve near Caledonia on the Grand River in Ontario Reserve near Caledonia on the Grand River in Ontario.
As there is no written note of music in the record of As there is no written note of music in the record of
any tribe, the hunter for these melodies has a more or any tribe, the hunter for these melodies has a more or
less exciting time. The songs come down less exciting time. The songs come down truly "by
word of mouth" from one generation to another Wringan sourht from one generation to another. Mr phone, and so the sude or the useful, necessary grama of a tribe that is fast fading away to-day hear many song A study of this music reveals $t$ unconventional tonality and rhythm most striking and a jumble of unconnected sounds, harsh At first it is all The predominating quality is loudness. Yet, as one follows and studies the queer tribal melodies with their monotonous absence of accent, we find the most fascinat ing features. The origin of the songs is lost in the dim past. The Indian whose life is very simple takes everytions makes up his sum of monotonous air of a few variaat any convenient point as long as it ceases with the ceremony or dance which it accompanies; and so the conclusion is often unconventoinal and emphatic. It would seem that the Indians employ a five-tone scale to avoid the interval of the semi-tone. This little trick they have acquired in common with the Chinese and the Hindoos.
WHEN it is realized that there are, in all, no less than fifty-eight tribes of Indians in North America, and that each tribe speaks a language so separate that even the root meanings of words are different, the magnitude But each tribe has qualities in common, and the fact But each tribe has qualities in common, and the fact to an Indian. He makes a song for everything. Not only are his themes the usual ones of love and war, of death and dancing, but, like the Japanese, he will epitomize in a tiny frame of music the most ordinary happening of his day and generation: the new path cut through the forest, the red blanket just acquired, the smoke blowing from the chimney, the bacon sputtering in the pan, the whiskey bottle on the shelf-these become epyncopated rhythm with its slur up to an unexpected climax, and the mournful whoop down.
Modern composers such as the American-Cadman, are finding much to interest them in the adaptation to What music of these tribal Indian themes.
What about Canadian composers?
As this is an article of suggestion, I shall leave you to work your way towards a better knowledge of the rich basic material that lies like an unworked mine at the
foundation of Canadian music.

## Leading Art Achievement in 1917


him into the full blaze; but the Bell memorial will send his name, with that of the inventor, a-
round the world. The illustration shows the beautiful design, but no photograph can do justice to the magnificent proporand the grandeur of the conception. The bronze figures on the pylons flanking the panel, also in bronze, show Humanity speaking and listening across the waves of wire-cut air, and the panel presents Man guided by Inspiration, sending his thoughts out, by magic of his own making. And Mr. Allward has epitomized these thoughts in the Knowledge, Joy Knowledge, Joy
and Sorrow. In
some of the great men and the great moments of his In Ottaw

Baldwin-Lafontaine and Nicholas Flood-Davin Memorials. The glorious monument to the Victory in South Africa, on University Avenue in Toronto, brought
the days to come many a pilgrimage will be made
to Brantford, the telephone city, where this magnificent group is placed.


## A Dog Fancier

Ssells doeks ago we published the photo of a woman who who judges dogs and is President of pheto of a woman Kennel Club, the largest in Western Canada. Terminal City years ago, we would have gasped, "but that is a man's work." Mrs. Halstead lives in Moose Jaw, and inherited a taste for dog fancying, her father having been an importer and breeder I see English pugs, Skine says, "Down through the years, 1 see English pugs, Skyes, grey hounds, fox terriers and then, when I begin to fancy for myself-Bostons. In trying to beat my dogs at the Coast, the American market was searched Vancouver can vie with any whow, in recess, so that now, Her first judging was thrust upon her by fanciers the. selves, who recognized her ability to specialize in some four particular breeds. Now, ,Mrs. Halstead judges all sorts of dogs, and has never had a complaint from a dissatisfied exhibitor. The photo of her shown here includes that of her champion French Bull-Charlemagne, a proud winner of thirty-one firsts.

## Insurance Agent

W'ITHIN a week, without any previous thought of becoming actively identified with the business world, Miss Ida Ethel Miner, of Smith's Falls, found herself firmly established as the representative of more than twenty Fire and Life Insurance Companies. She was literally hurled into business. This happened through the sudden death of an Insurance business. His daushter occasionally assisted him, and in this way she dained some insight into the details, but it was with considerable trepidation that she faced the responsibility thrust upon her. She asked herself if it were possible to retain even a part of the business her father had built up, if the public would talk Insurance to a girl, and if the companies would not jeer at her application for agencies? Fortunately for Miss Miner, she had no time to weigh these questions, and cast them into the balance with her timidity. She had to decide and that, quickly. She bravely put her shoulder to the wheel and from the first it began to creak. To-day, the citizens of Smith's Falls are

Miss Beaton of Ottawa

proud of their plucky, energetic Insurance broker. The old business was retained and new business added. But one company refused application for an agency, and regrets its stand. Miss Miner's receipt for success, in her line of business, any way, is to earn the good will of your customers .. but attention to business and an honest effort to master detail must be a firm foundation.

## WOMIFNOF

## BUSINTSS

## Two Eyes for An Eye!

0UR thrifty forebears considered themselves "pretty clever when they drove a bargain on the "Eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth" basis, but we have learned a trick worth two of that.
We demand two eyes for one, because we have found it is quite possible to get them. Canada offers them to the astute woman of business; her commercial fields are almost as broad and unexploited as are the vast lands through which the farmer may express his ambitions. In other words, there is room in Canada for Business Women-they may be fairly well assured of success. It remains for them to "homestead" on the field and work. This is just what the women on our page have done, and we think that any of them would tell you that they were received into the Commercial Fraternity right heartily. The old lines which divided work into two classes, men's and women's, are rapidly disappearing; the days when "man's sphere" and "women's sphere" were as separate as the two sides in a Quaker Meeting House, are almost if not quite gone; we have one sphere upon which men and women work in friendly competition, the best worker climbing out on top. It is due to women workers that this is so, for men and "the market" have seen the value of their work and accorded them a place which their energy and sincerity deserves These are but a few, but we will tell you about many others.

Yours faithfully,
MADGE MACBETH.


Proprietor of Wood Yard

MASCULINE prejudices against woman's entry into the business world would readily succumb F. Beaton, whose wonderful spirit three years E. F. Beaton, whose wonderful spirit three years
ago, overcame the burden of invalidism and ago, overcame the burden of invalidism and who is now the proprietor of an extensive wood trade,
whose thousands of deliveries per year employ the use of two of the big railway yards as well as private properties. Miss Beaton requires the use of vate properties. Miss Beaton requires the use of
crutches but she knows no handicap, and every detail of the trade is at her finger tips. The many stalwart men in her employ marvel at the business ability of this little lady, still in her twenties, who gives as her reason for "making good,"- "Well, you see, I was not like other girls, and I just wanted to do something different. These busy ones have
been the happiest years of my life."


An Apiarist

THIS is the queen bee of the Bliss Apiary at Port Elmsley, Ontario. Bliss who for several years has conducted this business with a happy combination of pleasure and profit. Certainly, she does not look as though troubles could fasten themselves like barnacles upon her. Perhaps she believes with the political economists, that she had no cause to worry, even though Canada is carrying a heavy burden of War Debt. Perhaps she realizes that the men and women who work with nature, are about the only ones who will not feel the pinch degree. degree.

## Owns Business College

T would be difficult to find anything more commercial and business-like than a Business School, itself. Calgary boasts of one, the only one in Canada which is conducted by a woman. It is a war product. Mrs. A. Hollingshead had in charge classes in typewriting and stenography for the Calgary School Board when the war broke out. Retrenchment made it neces-

Mrs. A. Hollingshead

sary to drop these classes for a time. She saw that the demand for girls with a commercial education would be greatly as the Central Businened what is known now on a sound business College which is tion includes English, French. Instrucsubjects.
 Edward, Prince of

## 

## Camadas sisstoric Inandmarks

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 15)
panies (some 2,000 letters) from 1612 The brass memorial tablet on Fort Garry in Winnipeg, Manitoba, pre-
sented by the Canadian Club of that city, bears an interesting historica record from the erection in 1806 of the first fort named Gibraltar--the second in 1822, re-named Fort Garry; rebuilt in 1835, demolished in 1882, except the gateway which in 1897, with the park,
was presented by the Hudson's Bay was presented by the Hudson's Bay
Company to the City of Winnipeg. To the heroic Hudson, from whom the company derived its name, there is, as yet, no memorial. Might not this be son's Bay Railway "opens the Bay," that, "where he went a thousand ships
In Saskatchewan, at Fort Qu'Appelle, a fine monument has been erected by the Western Art Association, Saskatchewan
Branch, to commemorate the First Treaty Branch, to commemorate the First Treaty between the Indians of the North-West
Territories and Queen Victoria represented by her Commissioners, known as the
"Qu'Appelle Treaty No. 4," whereby "Qu'Appelle Treaty No. 4" whereby titles and privileges to all lands whereso-
ever situated within Her Majesty's ever situated within Her Majesty's
N.W.T. to Her Majesty the Queen and Interest attaches also to the story of
the little stone schor the little stone school house of Saskatoon,
built in 1887, where the first efforts of education began in that part of the great prairies. It is built of their varied colored stones. When the need for a larger school arose, the original one was preserved through the efforts of the Golden West Chapter, I.O.D.E., the stones all
numbered and on October 11 th, 1913, looking exactly as it did in 1887 , the little
stone school house was removed to stone school house was removed to a site on the University of Saskatchewan
campus. The school was presented by campus. The school was presented by
the Regent, Mrs. R. R. Morgan, and re ceived by the President, Dr, Murray, and is now used as the University
Archives. Among the relics there is a first history of Saskatchewan written in Indian script on cow hide, before the days of paper.
Mrs. Arthur Murphy (Janey Canuck) early enlisted our sympathies in her efforts to preserve the old Hudson Bay Company Fort at Edmonton, Alberta, which was threatened with demolition to make way for the grounds of the new
Parliament Buildings of the Province. It was carefully removed in Octoberce 1915, preserved intact, to be rebuilt and adapted to museum purposes.

## The "Great Divide"

0the confines between Alberta and ivide" is erected a monument- "In Divide
honour of Dr. James Hector, K.C.M.G., honour of Dr. James Hector, K.C.M.G., Expedition of 1857-1860, one of the earliest scientists to explore the Canadian Rocky Mountains. He discovered the Kicking Horse Pass, through which the Canadian Pacific Railway now runs from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean."
Many historic landmarks in British Columbia are still calling for recognition, plorer and mapmaker. The only Bastion plorer and mapmaker. The only Bastion Nanaimo, retained and proserved by in Nomen's Club of Vancouver, the same Club of which Mrs. Ralph Smith, the coming M.P., is President. They have coming M.P." is President. They have Princess-Poet "Tekahionwake, (Pauline Johnson) on Siwash Rock in Stanley Park, where they have also planned an artistic fountain to be placed after the war. Would that we could infuse (in
those who need) some of the spirit of her those who need) some of the spirit of her
latest poem "Capitulate? Not I." In closing, a word for the work of our Historic Landmarks Association of Canada. The American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society has asked for a Annual Report to the Legislature. The cordial exchange is warmly appreciated, particularly with the knowledge that we are one in earnest endeavor to attain
"the supreme purpose." More than ever "the supreme purpose." More than ever in these times is the recording of history
being recognized as a necessary corollary to the making of history. We believe
that our efforts in these lines will be carried that our efforts in these e ines will be carried
on long after the present officers have. on long after the present officers have passed into the realms of history
themselves. Thus, still under the shadow of the world war, we continue our work with energy and enthusiasm, believing exalting touch of every landmark that bears a living message, and that she can keep, either in substance or in souvenir.

# Oleomargarinea-Our New Food Ally 

## The Product of a Warnior Miargarine appeared lirst to relieve distress at the time of the Franco-Prussian waroit comes to us when tat loods are scarce and high in price.

By KATHERINE M. CALDWELL, B.A

O$\checkmark$ the stormy shore of the north Allantic, huddied in a cleft of the steep, stern cliff, crouches a little
fishing village-perhaps thirty huts in From each one of them, the head of the house and the sons, as they grow old enough to reef a sail or haul on the nets, go out on the trips that are all so much alike, with yet such possibilities of tragic istinction.
When the boats are in," however, and the best is set before the fisherman-
what is it? Fish, mo
that sorely needs a likely, and a black bread that sorely needs a gentling influence.
Butter, you will say-why it needs butter, of course-the fish will be improved by it, too.
Yes, most of us would look upon
butter as an essential Fish oil-just fish oil. Butte costs too much for them.
In these days of ever-higher food costs, butter has been growing too dear for many people who never saw or expect to see a fishing
village--for people who live in the heart of the besple who lairying in the in Canada. For the cost of producing that butter has soared with everything else, with the result
that this, one-time that this, one-time most taken-for-
granted of foods, has entered the granted of foods, has entered th
class of almost-luxuries.

## Mr. Hanna To The Rescue

$W_{\text {butter-substitutes that cheaper }}^{\text {HAT }}$ in other countries- "oleomargarine" or "butterine?" They have not been for Canadians.
Butter or no butter-it has been a simple alternative. And in a greatly increasing number of cases no butter.
And of late, Canadians, women in Canadian homes who have wrestled with the problem of the constantly
swelling grocery bill, have been deswelling grocery bill, have been demanding oleomargarine. As the likeliest source of relief, they called
upon Mr. Hanna to secure it for them.
On the recommendation of the Food Controller, the long-existing regulations against butter substitutes have been set
aside for the duration of the war.

## Is Oleomargarine Good?

$A^{\text {ND now, with true human wayward- }}$ A ness, the public, after winning its point, is becoming just a tiny bit dubious and here, there and everywhere, women
are asking each other-"What is oleoare asking each other- "What is oleomargarine made from? Is it--er-good?
It is good-when it's good! In fact It is good-when it's good! In fact-
like the famous little girl with the fore like the famous little, girl with the fore
head curl, "when it's good, it's very very good, but when it's bad, it's horrid! margarine and stipulates that it must be margarine and stipulates that it must $b$
manufactured under government inspec tion, he by no means constitutes himsel Taster-General to the Households Canada. Like every other food product she buys, each woman must be her own judge of margarine quality.
The point is, she can get good-excel-lent-oleomargarine. The best grades (there are a great many qualities of margarine') will be made here or will come into has stood firm - margarine guvernmen has stood firm-margarine must be sold butter-coloring will be permitted Once we have mastered the identifying once acteristics of the various grades, we char be well on the way toward assuring ourselves of the best.

## What It Is Made Of

THE fats, so essential to our bodily fats and animal fats. The former are well represented by olive-oil, peanut oil, consecd on, and the animal fats by the hog and beee fats, and the butter The oleomargarine
our market is made from is destined for fat families. The higher grades are made
from the refined oils from the very choicest of these animal fats, with peanut or cotton-
seed oil, milk cream or butter, and salt the ingredients of the succeeding grade are similar except that lower grade oils are substituted for peanut oil and the carefully selected animal fats.
Just our most every-day foodstuffs, Fats such as we eat in our or stast beef ang. bacon, oils that we put into our salad dressing and our staple dairy products. The process, too, is simple. The oils are refined to a degree that corresponds with the quality of butterine that is to be attained. In this process of refine-
ment, the oils lose their own characteristic

To gain this end, the Government stipulates that no artificially colored margarine shall be brought into Canada it must be the natural color, as produced by the food stuffs from which it is made. This means that we shall have a variety of margarines offered us when the sale opens. There will be pure white oleomargarine, that resembles lard in appear-
ance,--one of the best grades obtainable ance, -one of the best grades obtainable. Therough refinement of the oils lies in the it is manufactured. Some from which we are told, have a "yellow margarines, the result of less refined yellow streak,' up. Exactly the same oils may be used in varying grades, but if they are not so much refined they will be neither as colorless nor as tasteless as the
oils that go into the white margarine.
of abe are also promised margarine of absolutely the finest quality
that will have the yellow tone that that will have the yellow tone that
we associate with delicious, creamy we associate with delicious, creamy
butter. Its color will be given it by the high percentage of butter that is used, instead of milk, in its manufacture.
So flavor will have much to do garine, just as it governs our choice of butter. We will seek the true butter flavor that the best brands alone will be able to assure us either the yellowish margarine with butter in it or the white in which milk, with its full quota of
butter fats, is used. The butter fats, is used. The brand
that we once find lacking in this basic requisite, will fail to hold our patronage.
The excellent lard-white margarine would be under a severa handipelled to serve it in all its we com whiteness. For most its pristine not care to change the timehonored formula, "Please time butter" to even the thrift-charged request for a substitute. We can, however, practise the harmless and perraps, appetizing subterfuge, of adding our own coloring matter.
Butter-coloring is where and a few drops of liquid or a every where and a few drops of liquid or a tiny
capsule, if it comes in that form, will capsule, if it comes in that form, will
color a pound of margarine to defy decolor a pound of margarine to defy detection as anything but the truest of
butter. One just softens the margarine in a bowl, adds the coloring and works it in with a spoon or fork. Then one tells the family as little ar one Then one tells perhaps they have eaten it and until nounced it to be "good butter." A little mild diplomacy of this sort, A little effective in ousting prejudice if any should exist in the minds of one's suspicious or perhaps uninformed family.

## Comparing Food Values

## 0

 F course, fresh milk, and the butter and cheese made from it, are unique The fats in it, which we call for milk. (and which we recognize call butter fats as the cream which rize most frequently are peculiarly whilding materials topthis reason, a growing child moterils. For have milk, plenty of it, to drink. He will not miss butter if a first-class margarine is substituted,; but his milk quota could be increased a little, just to make assurance doubly sure. These animal fats are so essential to proper bodily put on the European margarine was put on the European market so cheaply malnutrition that bay it, diseases due to way amongst peasant gained great headeffectually stamped out. children, were On the whole, oleoma its own very well on the parine will hold value. It will supply a liberal portion of the needed fats, at a low cost portion The stress that the food administrations in all of the countries administra laying on the need for conserving and us ing every bit of fat, of every kind, gives the human of the importance of fats in the human diet. So the arrival of a new tively low-priced, - is as, and comparaevent in Canada. Is a very importan come only awaits its appeargarine's wel only awaits its appearance.No longer o'er the supper board Will Dad's grave voice resound: "Go easy on the butter kids-
It's fifty cents a pound.'
Fraud of this sort has flourished or died wherever oleomargarine has been introduced. Great Britain has been as successful in stamping out these fraudulent practices as the United States has been
unsuccessful, and it is chiefly from the unsuccessful, and it is chiefly from the our rulings have been drawn up. We may count ourselves as being sure of we are willing to pay for it.

flavors-and, of course, the more neutral they become, the better for the finished These oils give the "body" for the oleo-margarine-and that body has a high Ther
The next step is to incorporate with the butter semblance tive the margarine Here is where the that is so desirable butter comes in; its flavor is in a manner grafted on to the flat, flavorless oils, in a churning operation which makes it granular, like butter. This blending
successfully achieved, it "add salt to taste" and label the whe to add salt to taste" and label the whole,
The fact that margarine can to an unsuspecting aublic can be sold because of the impossibility of distinguishing them by taste, smell or color, has been
Our Food Controller, willing to put
this valuable product in the tands of this valuable product in the hands of
Canadian housewives, that they shall be victimized by the substitution, by the victimized by the margarine for butter, at butter prices
$\overline{\underline{ }}$

ITFNTNG GPTE SREROUD
By MRS DONALD SELAWM

JUST ten years ago it was vouchsafed
vastating upon the internal health o a nation as are such scourges as tuber culosis and cancer. No mother hesi tates to warn her children against the risk of contagion from either of these diseases; she does not hesitate to tell of infection from diptheria, measles or typhoid-in fact she would consider herself as very lacking in supervision and education did she fail to do so But in nineteen cases out of twenty boys and girls alike are launched forth into the world to find their own feet, without one single syllable of warning regarding the risk they will run of infection from venereal diseases. I know the word is an ugly one
so ugly that senso ugly that sensitive ears shrink
from even seeing from even seeing it in print sometimes. I know that pure women by some old-fash ioned people to ioned people to ${ }_{\text {know nothing }}^{\text {whater }}$ the existence of vicious diseases, or if they have a suspicion, at any rate they must never betray their knowledge-I am fully aware this has been the accepted code up to today for I have suffered bitterly for my own refusal to be bound by convention and
inherited inherited prejuhave all therefore with athers sathy arly placed arly placed. 1 know too, that women are often seized with a sensation of actual physical nausea at the first mention of such
diseases and all that they imply, and experience a repulsion and loathing sufficient to make them wish to bury their heads ostrich-like in the sand forever and try to forget, rather than look with unveiled eyes upon the facts -loathsome and revolting and sadly undeniable facts as they are. Truth to tell, I should not think much of a woman who does not experience such sensations- 1 have felt them myself, and know others who have suffered too. But there is one thing that should is-that it is and resolution, and that shrink and shudder most when who ones in whose hinds the no are the lies to put things right and that knowledge should be sufficient to able any right-minded woman, after she has fought and overcome her elementary repulsion, to come forth and lend a hand in cleaning out the Augean Stables of humanity. It is such women as these to whom the world is looking to raise and carry forward the Banner of Purity rather than let its folds be engulfed in the mire of selfish oblivion.
And so I ask you all, every individual mother, and mother-to-be amongst you, to think before you turn away in shuddering horror from the prospect pre sented to you, to think the matter out and having thought it out-to bring all the influence you possess to bear upon the fathers and potential fathers to think unflinching courage to go forward with the same determination with which you fort face the unpalatable pros house which had house which had been left in a filthy d it. No self respetion hacas she suddenly plumped down in, wer fice left with reeking floors and stain ed walls would say with blithe irre sponsibility-
"Oh, I'll just lay a few carpets down and put up a few pictures and hangings and forget what is underneath." Any more than if she found a leak (Continued on page 42)


## As if made

 to your orderIvory Soap is white. Ivory Soap is pure. Ivory Soap contains no harsh materials of any kind. Ivory Soap lathers quickly, copiously, bubblingly. Ivory Soap contains no unsaponified oil to retard rinsing. Ivory Soap floats. Ivory Soap sells for a few cents. Ivory Soap combines all the qualities you like.

## IVORY SOAP



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## Montreal-Canadas Metropolis

## A Travelogue That Takes One Particularly into the Old fistoric section of the City

By MARY M. MURPHY


THERE have been many illuminating sketches written, of Montreal. They have been pennedthe majority of them-by that class of tourist who
sees Canada in a week and writes about it in a day The writer has in mind several pen picture painted by well-meaning Englishmen who have come to this country on tours of inspection, hre sumably for the purpose of settling for all time the doubts; solving the problems that exist in the minds of their fellow countrymen, in regard to thi particular star in the colonial diadem. And so they come They see! And they write!. (More's the pity!) They pass Halifax with a cursory glance, and proceed to Quebec. The old citadel town baffles them. So they shrug their shoulders-or mayhap, affix their monocles -and depart. But Montreal Ah, that is different. There is food for thought. What combination of the modern and the antique, the commercial and Royal Park, Dominion Square, and Notre Dame Church and Royal Park, Dominion Square, and Notre Dame Church and This little chat concerning Montreal two chapters. Illuminating impressiveness. It may not have the spontance of ness of first impressions. But such hasty opinion and Montrea can scarcely be called akin. To understand the city, one must know it, and to know it one must have lived in it, mingled with its citizens, become familiar with its customs. Much as this is desirable with any city, it is necessary in Montreal.
It is a metropolis where To-day has for a constant background Yesterday. Past and present move side by side like substance and shadow Retics of past glory, mementos of early ments of these later days. There is an ments of these later days. There is an ver afterwards will associate with Montreal only.

THREE aspects of consideration are thrust upon the viritor: its home life; the magnitude of its commerce; and its historic reminiscences.
The Royal Mount is studded with fine residences, and the other sections of the western end of the city are distinctly in contrast with the centre, or business section and the alluring, dirty east end. Yet here and there, in unexpected places, residence lacking all the modern unterity: telling the story of the austerity; telling the story of the past.
Commercially, Montreal is the capital of the Dominion. As is well known, the city lies at the extremity of a fertile island thirty miles in length and ten in breadth, clasped by the waters of the St. Lawrence and the Ottawa, whose confluence was inevitably destined to bestow on any city absolute control of It is not surpuising then that the scene of Montreal's greatest the scene of Montreal's greatest animation is the shore of the St. Lawrence. Although a thousand miles from the open
 hips and steamers quays. Here, when the river is open, ver ansteamers of all sizes are discernible, for end for milt trans-Atlantic liners. Metaled paltitude of freight cars Elong which roll back and forth a of com of freight cars. Everywhere, the sable plume of com nerce waves triumphant. The steamers heap their furnaces, and elevators extract grain from barges, or be remembered that Montreal is the $\begin{aligned} & \text { reatest } \\ & \text { rain }\end{aligned}$ of America quantity handled.

There is no Canadian industry that is without repre-
Burning of the Parliament Buildings


$r$ Christ Church, on St. Catharine


As soon as one strikes the section known as lower town, thi becomes apparent. On every side, the old flat-fronted early French architecture confronts one. And yet, even here, the realization is borne to one that the place is a marvellous city of contrasts. This particular section is unsullied by the march of civilization except that here and there, beside tumble-down houses, stands an up-to-date building; that branching off from a broad square (undoubtedly cleared, for modern purposes) are narrow lanes, skirted on either side by structures quaintly and narrow, high-set doors Notre Dame Street is a
It was a thoroughfare of some for students of Canadian history residential avenue which brestige in the early days; in truth habitues. To-day, when standing on the nobility among it one sees the City Hall, the Court on Jacques Cartier Squar Mars in the background, Nelson's Monument whe Champs de famed Bonsecours Market, at different points of and the far A word about that market-there is not its equal American continent. On market days, twenty equal on the farmers - think of it, 22,000-assemble to dispose of their produce. A scene worth witnessing is presented these days. Mont real housewives, having become imbued with the spirit of thrift and economy, insist upon doing their own marketing. It is ndeed a heterogeneous, not to say cosmopolitan crowd that bar Only a few steps away is the chains.
the magnificence of which is only rivalled Notre Dame, an edifice vellous structures in the old world. It vellous structures in the old world. It
is capable of seating 18,000 people. Its is capable of seating 18,000 people. It
bell is the third largen bell is the third largest in the world,
taking eighteen men to ring it done only three times a year-Christ mas, New Year's Day and Easter. Ordinarily, a smaller set and Easter used.
Behind the church is a chapel which cost $\$ 240,000$. It is worked out in in laid oak. In the sacristy are fourteen cil paintings which were presented by Louis XIV of France, to the first church old Seminary Beside Notre Dame is the occupied by the pri. Sulpice erected and founders of Montreal of that order, the Ville Marie). In (then known as stretches from the Seminary then that


Ruins of La Salle's house on the Lachine Road. church are the ruins of the old of the nobles the rendezvous underground passage from there to their quarters, for protection from the Indians. The old stone wall still stands, with its loop-holes for musketry, etc. Notre Dame was originally in the middle of the street. It is admirably illustrated in one of the pictures reproduced herewith, in which is also shown the new church in the background church as it stands to-day, inset in the right hand corner, inset
sentation in Montreal markets, and her manufactures have a world-wide repute
In the centre town district the commercial atmosphere naturally predominates. Along St. Catharine Street the main business artery, an almost ceaseless and endles stream of humanity flows. branching at frequent inter vals into channels equally important though not noticeably congested. St. James' Street is known as the Wall Street of the Metropolis. Along either side range the immense banking houses. The atmosphere is tense One feels that one has no right to be obtrusive-that an air of respectful quiet should be preserver, for indeed beyond ,
Yet one rather expects prosperity, pursuit of big interests, and general activity in a city of over half a million souls. These are the visible elements critics generally gather impressions. They may critics generally gather impressions. They may
suppose the existence of these conditions in an hour and find thereby, food for a chapter or two.

BUT Montreal is interesting not alone for what it does but for what it is, and more particularly for what it has been. It is its third aspect of con iscences grip one, carry one back centuries, prompt one to cry out: "Behold, side by side with all that stands for progress and modern efficiency, is Canada still in the embryo.'
called the "City of Churches" Montreal has been rightly magnificence impress one at Their number, and their of the city, St. James' Churchery turn. In the heart Peter's, at Rome. On St. Catharine Street, loom the to note, in connection eh Cathedral. It is interesting presented here thection with this, that in the photograph excavations and
To-day the elements of construction.
To-day the same spot is almost the axis of the commercial district. When originally designed and built, necessary, was twenty feet higher than it is now. It was that extent.


THERE is scarcely a historic spot in 1 Montreal that has not been marked by a tablet. One finds them in most unexpected places. Some are in French, and
those of later date, in English. On Place d'Armes Square, on a stone of fair pro portions appears the inscription: "Near this square, afterwards named La Place d'Armes, the Founders of Ville Marie first encountered the Iroquois whom they defeated, Paul Chomedy de Maisonneuve killing the chief with his own hands, March, 1644 .'
After reading this and similar inscriptions, one becomes weirdly introspective. One remembers that Montreal was, in
those days, a far more dangerous place of habitation than Quebec, being much less protected from attack than the well-situated fortress on Cape Diamond, and lying farther west, in a territory swarming with decidedly unfriendly savages. Less than two centuries since, the fields near Montreal had to be tilled by bands of armed men under the eyes of soldiers ready at a To der when to derend them.
ro-day, when standing in such safe and and Dominion Square Place d'Armes and Doeminion incredible that it seems incredible that could venture even a little distance into the adjoining country without a serious risk of being scalped. Still clinging to things historic-and they are one can spend an inter esting and enlightening two or three days in Chateau de Ramezay This old structure is the haunt of the student and the antiquary. It was built more than two hundred years ago by Claude de Ramezay, then Governor of Mont-
real. If the American
Congressional Commission, comprising Benjamin Franklin, Chase and Carroll, wheading, insisting that Canada should unite with the thirteen states in their rebellion against England, had prevailed; if the French Canadians had yielded, what would the course of history have been? How would its trend of events have contrasted with the present? It is an interesting and curious speculation The Ansian The Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal acquired the Chateau had passed through several vicissitudes of had passed and made of it an Historical Portrait Gallery and Museum. One finds there, old oil paintings; portraits, the gifts of the descendants or adherents of the sitters themselves; coats of arms, documents and other priceless treasures.
It may not be amiss to mention here


Laying the Corner Stone of the Victoria Bridge
obtains a charming panoramic vista of the city stretched along the adjacent shore. From an engineering standpoint the Lawrence River , Mt Mich spans the St . the foremost strut Montreal, ranks with achievement. The Victoria Tubular Bridge which it replaced was built in 1860 and was at that time considered the eighth wonder of the world. But it became insufficient to meet the increase of traffic, and in October of 1897 the work of building the present stupendous structure was inaugurated.
There is something extremely lovable about Montreal. With its odd mixture of nationality, religion, progress and antiquity, it stands out in its own attractive, quaint way. It is an anomaly that
Montreal, a commercial metronolis Montreal, a commercial metropolis of the most pronounced type, should be the one idealization. It even surpasses Quebec in this. One is haunted by voices that for cenby voices that for cen-
turies have been silent on earth. The twentieth century clasps hands with some dim historic period. The result is bewildering. One sees Canadian life at its best and at its worst in Montreal. Its citizens ness not found in any ness not found in any They have the traditions of centuries behind them and the possibilities of an even more glorious future ahead. Montreal looms up as the epitome of what Canada has accomplished and what Can-
ada can still do.

## Mrss Adam Shortt

(CONTINNUED FROM PAGE 12)

Surely no woman here wishes to be the tail to any political kite or the tool of any man's political ambitions.'
She has been very active in the cause of food conservation, and has recently delivered many addresses on food economy at various points in the Dominion.
Many tales could be told of incidents wherein Mrs. Shortt has attended public gatherings, special meetings, not to mention deputations where the presiding voice was distinctly man's. Her sang froid on such occasions is most noteworthy. She has a remarkable memory for details and an inexhaustible supply of facts and statistics with which to back any statement she makes, or to prove any points she is striving to emphasize.

The result is that she generally achieves her purpose.
Mrs. Shortt is continually in demand To-day, she is in Ottawa-next week in Halifax, two weeks hence in Vancouver having been called to these cities to deliver addresses, to drive home to the women the necessity of some national movement. She is a marvelous organizer and in consequence she is kept busy or ganizing. Undoubtedly, there is no woman in Canada who has so wonderful a grasp on national affairs, who is so universally relied upon, and withal is so wholly unassuming. Mrs. Shortt is the master mind amongst Canada's public women. To her we hand the laurels due the leading woman in the Dominion.


## How We Reduced Our Table Cost

## With Delicious Quaker Oats

In the writer's home, when foods began to soar, we made a study of food values and costs. We figured by calories, because all rationing is based on this unit of nutrition.

We found that 1000 calories cost five cents in Quaker Oats. We found that in eggs the same nutrition cost over 40 cents.

## In steak it costs over 27 cts. In ham, 19 cts . In potatoes, 16 cts . In bread and milk about 13 cts .

Our average meal, measured by calories, cost four times as much as Quaker Oats. So I figured that every dollar's worth W.e used Quaker Oats in breaut $\$ 3$.
cookies, as well as in porridge. Then muffins, in pancakes and Oats made most things more delightful. That inscoved that Quaker found in no other grain food, has made our new meals twice better than the old.

We were missing all that before.

# Quaker Oats 

## Just the Queen Oats Flaked

 of Quaker Quker Oats has become flavor. Among oat lovers everyYet it costs no extra price. The way to make oat foods doubly popular is to make them
with Quaker Oats.
30c and 12c per package in Canada and United States, except in far West where high freights may prohib $t$.

## Quaker Oats Bread

2 cups Quaker Oats $\quad 5$ cups flour 2 cups bolling water
$1 / 2$ cup molasses $1 / 2$ tablespoon salt 1 tablespoon butter or other fat cake compressed yeast dissolved in $1 / 2$ cup lukewarm water

Add boiling water to oats and let stand one hour, add molasses, salt, butter or fat, dissolved yeast cake and flour. Let rise until double in bulk. Knead thoroughly and shape into loaves. Put into greased bread pans, let rise until double in bulk and bake 45 minutes

Quaker Oats Muffins $11 / 2$ cups flour, 1 cup scalded mils,
1 powder, 2 tablespoons melted butter 1/2 teaspoon salt, 3 tablespoons sugar. let stand five minutes; add sugar, salt and melted butter; sift in sugar, and baking powder; mix thoroughly and add egg well beaten. Bake in
buttered gem pans.

## Quaker Oats Sweetbits

 1 cup sugar, 2 egss, 2 teaspoonsbaking powder.
1 ed teaspoon Vanilla, $21 / 2$ cups uncook-
equaker Oats ed Quaker Oats. and sutter yolks of egutter And sugar. Add which baking powder has be added, and add vanilla. Beat whites of eggs stiff and add easpoon, but very few on each tin, as they spread. Bake in slow oven.

## NEXT TIME <br> you send a parcel to your soldier

 friend in training or at the front,don't forget to put in some Zam-Buk. The soldiers say they cannot get enough of it. Capt. Brooks, No. 4 Company, 7th Battalion, writing from the front, says: "Tell my friends, if they want to help us, we should be
awfully glad of some Zam-Buk. We awfully glad of some Zam-Buk. We
find it just splendid, and can use find it just splendi
all that is sent us." the place of Zant-Buk amongst the soldiers. They use it for rheumatism, blistered
feet, sore hands, cuts, burns feet, sore hands, cuts, burns
and scratches. Being antiseptic, Zam-Buk prevents festering and Zam-Buk prevents festering and any skin trouble, it is equally good, and for piles there is nothing to compare with Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores, or
Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50 c . box, 8

## for $\$ 1.25$. <br> Tam-Buk





## HORLICK'S

Malted Milk for the Home
A nourishing food-drink for
All Ages. Anywhere at anytime.
Delicious, sustaining. No cooking.

# FxperilMmrivr dircrorn 

## Iittle Things That Tave Big significance



AGOOD housekeeper cannot always be known by her tools, as the old
saving assures us we can judge ang assures us we can judge can point to some woman who has little equipment but a broom, a dish-cloth and a rew saucepans, who has yet earned a
jolly good reputation as a cook and a jolly good rent
housekeeper.

## housekeeper.

But such a woman succeeds "through the toil of hands"- and of feet and back
and brain! She misses, too the satisand main sthe innwn only, to the possessor
fact thining ut ensils and helpful iittle de-
of vices.
For instance, the season of large fruits is with us-fruits that we pare or cut in
serving or in cooking them. And either serving or in cooking them. And either
for speed or because their skins may be for speed or because their skins may be
tough or thick, we often use a steel knife; so, observation teaches us, does every
member of the household-each being member of the household-each being
careful to select a different one-a knife


## sheen.

scoured and polished to a mirror-like
The woman who knows the heartbreak of removing those heavy rust-like stains, will welcome the sanitary and attractive glass knife that is so quickly becoilly popurd glass that, given reaspecially hardened glass that, given reasonably careful treatment, will not be at to go cleanly through the most hardened lemon or toughened and reluctant apple skin. This knife will quickly popularize itself with the whole household. Something else that the family will appreciate is a lamp that is different from the coal-oil lamp, we all know so wellwith its wick that chars so regularly and is so perver
straight.
straight.
This lamp follows the principle that gas-lighting has so
It is fed by coal-oil like an ordinary lamp, but resembles it little in the light it gives-a steady, clear, white light, that of the lamp is sew or read a good supply of oil, and it stands high enough to diffuse the light generously and impartially.

## Small Kitchen Helps.

O return to the housewife's particular 1 territory-a new bread board that has a simple system for holding the loaf squarely and guiding the knife, will mee fitted with strong metal bars at one side and at one end. The loaf is placed against hese two bracket
Two tall brackets that fit over the loaf, guide the knife which is placed between them. The thickness of the slice is regulated by the little ef holes at varying distances from the knife-guard. To get the thinnest slice, you place the wire in the thinnest slice, you place the wire in want thicker bread, say for toasting purposes. The price is fifty cents, or by mail, ten cents extra to cover packing and post-
age. If one has also a real bread-saw like the one illustrated, slicing a whole baking of bread would scarcely look formidable. Finely tempered and keen, this knife It, too, is sixty cents by mail.

A little article, for separatten cents, and is a pet possession of many housewives. It is a small metal disc, shaped like a saucer with a handle, and average-sized cup. Two perforations almost complete circle, about two inches in
diameter. The little island in the centre catches the eggyolk, the white slips neatly
through the cut. No puncthrough the cut. No punc-
tured yolk, at the last moment tured yolk, at the last moment Another little convenience hat is tremendously worth a

well-adjusted cover
sink, is a cleanser for pots and pans that seems to have a streak of magic warp woven with fine coarser warp woven with fine copper corner to hang it up by. Plates on which gravy or egg or some other stubborn foods have hardened, a pan coated with white sauce or
greasy soup, the porcelain sink-all these will yield promptly and gracefully to a few rubs of the little metal-cloth, which can be purchased for fifteen cents.
For the woman who knows either the joys of a well-adjusted cover on her ironing-board, or the sorrows
of a loose and wrinkled one, comes of a loose and wrinkled one, comes
a set of clamps that will fasten the a set of clamps that will fasten the
ironing sheet closely and neatly. ironing sheet closely and neatly.
sisting of a closely coiled spring, severa inches long, with sharp hooks at each and stick one hook ineet over the board stretch the spring, and thrust in the other hook. Do the same at the other end of your board, smooth the sheet between and clamp it tightly at two intermediate places. These hooks can be removed in a moment, if the sheet is to be washed o changed, and do way with the harassing uncertainty of pins or the old trouble of sewing and tacking. They are priced at A small cr
A small crimped metal roller on a handle, is useful to the baker of many pies. It has a handle on which the little tiny blade for trimming the pastry around the edge of the dish. A quick run-round with the roller, and your upper and lowe crusts are efficiently bound together and crusts
fluted.


A rubber sink-stopper will make possible the thing you may often have
wished for-some method of holding wished for-some method of holding water in the sink as we do in the wash-
basin. A flat rubber disk with a metal asin. A flat rubber disk with a metal ring, will fit well over the drain in the bottom of the sink and the suction will cents is little to pay for the conventeen such a stopper offers.

## Minute-Savers.

THE busy housekeeper who has much telephoning to do, will appreciate emancipation from looking up numbers that must be called frequently -especially if she is one say unfortunate people
who have to say most of their A.B.C.'s who have to say most of their A.B.C.'s A handy little contrivance the directory right on to the telephone, is made like a window blind, with a tight spring roller. t is about three and a half inches wide It is about three and a half inches wide. names and number. A metal ring fits over the mouth-piece and another metal ring invited you to pull the little "blind" down until the number you want is re
vealed. When released, it will
snap back. There is snap back. There is room to write in about fifty names and numbers-all the average perbe had from various dean for fifty cents, post paid for fifty cents, post paid.
spoons-all on one ring in one place, whenever wanted It is hard to think of more comfort that could be bought for fifty cents. The spoons are made of aluminum and those not in use will swing readily Something mo
will both appreciate and baby that neither teciate is a plate nor a desire to strong a push
 unexpectedly to the floor. This plate has an attachment which will person's the table or to the young with a flange edge, that loees the food in bounds-or in fact, helps baby capture it. Most important from the youthful point of viewthere are pictures on the plate of attractive litle folk, or animals, or illustrated nursery rhymes, to keep one's mind in the pleasant state advocated as an aid to digestion. Especially planned for the woman whose day holds much serving and no servants, is a combined dinner-wagon, dumb-waiter and
helper. She may buy it in several helper. She may buy it in several
designs and finishes which govern it is built price. Of a pleasing plainess, wheeled castors that run it readily in any direction; a mare touch on the handle at either end will propel it. A complete version of the table wagon shows a broad top with a drawer for the silver that is required at every meal; it is also sometimes equipped with a serving tray. Two dishes in shelves below will carry all the wheels are or out at one time. The rubber-tired. This quiet variety and are will be of the greatest efficient helper kitchen. Made of oak service in the with a charming oak or mahogany, and in a low style with only to match, shelf, it becomes a tea-wath only one under wheeled into the drawing-room fully equipped to entertain one's most hored guests at the tea hour.
A flour sifter that has a good word
to say for itself is made cups of flour. It is hade to hold just two cups of flour. It is marked like a mixer, is simply equipped with a rotary pressure of and a little lever that by a with an up-and-down works an agitator enables you to hold and mork the sifter with one hand hold and work the sifter to stir the contents of your the other free It costs thirty-five cents, post maid bow
If you have been in the post paid
your ironing board one end on the table and the other on the back of a chair, at a height that is awkward and an angle that is precarious, you will like the idea of a little folding stand that will tuck up out of the way when not in use. Two uprights with a connecting cross-piece near the bottom that will not interfere woard, hold it firmly slipped over the a convenient height for evenly, and at woman.
As a safeguard for clean floors and the nothing better than temper, there is firmly attached to the metal footscraper made of heavy sheet steel and screws firmly at the side of the step, leaving an of the shoe.


A mending or knitting bag that has all appeal to the womande makes a strong appeal to the woman who likes her accessories to be becoming as well as use-
ful. An astute manufacturer has evolved a splendid revision of the high work is too cumbersome to one's chair but about (besides being to be readily carried pensive thing to busually a rather exof white enameled wood A dainty stand like a camp stool, support, that will fold prettily lined, figured cretoneep bag of thirty inches high, it is just right About beside one's comfiest chair. It will hold a whole frock that may be under construction or merely one's ball of wool, if In these days occupation of the moment. In these days of the very careful use of little that is thot want to waste even the paper used chrown away on the bit of article made for grease a pan, A small convenient handle this purpose, has a will fit well into the corners pad that tins, greasing them evenly When not in use, it rests ind smoothly. a neat little habit that recommend it it once.

# Canadians Can Write <br> <br> Iiterary Accomplishments in Canada <br> <br> Iiterary Accomplishments in Canada within the past year 

 within the past year}


## DO YOU USE MUSIC 'MAMMOTH FOLIO"

Instrumental Piano Music 288 full-size pages
of the World's most famous compositions.
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Solos and duets, a real song Treasury, for Printed on onest Music Paper, from Engraved
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WHALEY, ROYCE \& COMPANY, Ltd.
FREE
perhaps, than anyone who has appeared

Doubtless in England it is represented as Great English Novel, and in Zambesi would be a Great Zambesian Novel. It not Mr. Gordon at his best. If he would get back to Glengarry he would do regarded as an example of dignity and mpudence
Percival Cooney's novel, "Kinsmen," is an important contribution to Canadians the Ottawa Valley, is the background for well written story. There should be more books from this author. He is little known but he is doing solidly good work So, too, is E. W. Thomson who gives us a volume of "Old Man Savarin Stories. This is a reprint, with additions, of a book first issued in 1895 . The writer of this article had never read these stories before but he has vastly enjoyed them now Vivid, intensely human, these tales, now twice told, must be regarded as assured of permane been other stories; Isabel Patter sons's, "The Magpie's Nest," which is known to readers of EVERYWOMAN's known to readers of Everywoman's The Amateur Diplomat," in which T B. Costain and the present writer colla borated, are among them.

## Canadian Poetry

SO much for fiction. Even more, Canadian poetry has, this year attained a high level, and we have volumes of which modern poets of establised reputation might well afford to be proud reeman Tist place lies between Twiligh and Other Poems," and Father Dollard' "Irish Lyrics and Ballads." The first is exquisite poetry. Lieutenant Trotter like Rupert Brooke and Alan Seeger, died for humanity "over there," but he has eft us a very real and vital memory o in the whole range of modern koow let finished than his sonnet, "To Esther"
'I thought to-day, how, long and lon
Upon the beach at Santa Barbara,
And in the marble moon-washe
And up the canyon pathways treadin We talked of England; and in words With the strange magic of that
so far of producing a series of romances dealen Raine did for Wales, and Cynthia Stockley for Rhodesia
decided to get worse who has apparently book, turns out "Frenzied Fiction." It is very frenzied stuff, indeed, and will disappoint many who saw in his "Sun
shine Sketches" an intensely interesting H A Cody one of the most virile of Canadian authors, has done splendidly in "Under Sealed Orders" a story of the kind which is assured popular success. pets, hands out "The Major," hailed fo the Canadian public as The Great Can adian Novel, and for the public across
the border as A Great American Novel.

as

 a small book of promising verse under the
In war books, there are a number of excellent things. In fact, this is the surprising development this year. Easily first is Private Peat's story, "Private Peat," who spent "two years in hell" and is "back with a smile." He is an Edmonton boy, and he has managed to crowd more of the graphic and vital of point of view into his story than men's point of view into his story than one gets in almost any other narrative. Private Pasmith writes well, if somewhat drily, in "Fringe of the Great Fight." Lt.-Col. "First Canadians." We have further "First Canadians." We have further
correspondence from the "Sunny Subbaltern," in "More Letters from Billy," but they do not come up to the first batch, nor will they find the same large public.
Ralph W. Bell has produced while book in his "Canada in War worthMr. Bell writes well. He uses good EngMr. Bell writes well. He uses good Eng-
lish, for which, these days, the saints be praised, and his book is that of a cultured praised, and his book is that of a cultured
stylist who has something to say and can make it worth listening to. Louis Keene, a Montrealer, gives us "Crumps," which is the plain taleof a Canadian Who Went. It is good, and the illustrations, the author's own, are an added attraction.
Clifford Almon Wells is Clifford Almon Wells is only mediocre in "From Montreal to Vimy Ridge and BeA mere list of books dealing with
national affairs must suffice. Those by Z. A. Lash, M. O. Hammond, E. B. Biggar and John Hunt, are the outstanding titles in a list which is all good:
Z. A. Lash- "Defence and Foreign tion and its Leaders"; E. B. Biggar"Canadian Railway Problem"; John Hunt-"Dawn of a New Patriotism"; W. H. Merritt-"Canada and National
Service"; W. H. Moore-"Railway Nationalization and the Average Citizen"; "Fash, Wrong, Willison and Falconer(Ed.) "The New Era in Canada"; J. A. Macdonald-"The North American
Idea"; (Continued on page 46)
To $\begin{gathered}\text { shrine of fames } \\ \text { our } \\ \text { goved } \\ \text { loved poets } \\ \text { por }\end{gathered}$ England we would h: hoappy dreams: but you will never
 And IShelley's lark; no sterner part to Than pupil-idler, go with naked ICry: "Take and use!"-to England Holding the pass'gainst a barbarian
horde.
James B. Dollard needs now no comforefront. He is our premier lyricist, and his this year's book lives up to the great name, which, among cultured people, Norwood, whose poem, "The Witch of Endor" was a powerful piece of work,
gives us "The Piper and the Reed." It is beautiful work. Mr. Nor has the touch of the true music and his work-
manship is fine and finished. It is a pity that, like others who were doing pity that, like others who were doing Canada's claim as a producer of a national left for the land across the way where his public may be larger and recognition that much more quick.
sented acknowledged poets are repreHale has a slender collection in "The New Joan and Other Poems." Anne Bethune McDougall gives us "Songs of our Maple Saplings. Margaret Buller Allan, along another line, is certainly to be congratu-
lated upon her "Rhyme Garden for Children." L. M. Montgomery, holidaying mortal Anne, has "The Watchman and Other Poems." Virna Sheard made herself heard with a slim volume, "Carry
On." T. A. Browne, of Ottawa, has one or two good things in an otherwise
wretched collection, "The Belgian Mother." Albert Durant Watson's
"Heart of the Hills" is up to Doctor "Heart of the Hills" is up to Doctor
Watson's usually high standard. A notably good volume of poetry is by Sir Clive Phillips Wooley, and is called is strong, virile verse, and many, like the present writer, will infinitely prefer it to Service's work. F. O. Call has published Id
Planned how, as pilgrims to the
, the work, and has more chance Sullivan has done a good deal of short
story work, and some really exquisite a book or two. This new novel, however, places him in the front rank. Reviewers from near and far accord it a great deal remarks, it "marks a real stage in Canadian novelistic literature. first in the Canadian fiction of 1917. L. M. Montgomery drags from the little waif Anne yet
more material for novelizing and promore material for novelizing and anne's House of Dreams." The brightest thing about this is its decorated cover. Madge Macbeth, who for some years has been has published this year a first novel in "Kleath," which is a tale of the Klondike. I should be inclined to place this second only to Mr. Sullivan's achievement. American publications have long been aware of Mrs. Macbeth's genius, and this of the best stories published this year, either by Canadian or any other pubon a Thousand Hills.," The Montreal thanks for one of the most finished masterpieces of serious fiction we have read for a and if the author has not been there, she has managed mighty well to secure her Nellie McClung, whose word is appar-
Mchosper and ently worth a great deal, either delivered of Kin," a series of stories of "those who wait and wonder." It is but indifferently good, and certainly does not come up
Mrs. McClung's earlier stories. It is on the cards that those who waited for it, It is a collection of shallow tales, and marks no advance on previous work, but rather retrogression. Isabel Ecclestone
Mackay, on the other hand, has produced a markedly good novel in "Up the Hill and Over," which is one of the best pictures of small town life in Canada
that has yet appeared. This author is

Tend. The making of Canadian books, by Canadians, for Canhe year of 1917, however, is proof positive Other years have not been sterile in production of Canadians, but the one just before that those interested in this phase stop, look and listen. It is very much to be questioned whether the average man in the street is aware of the progress we of producing a national literature of our its steel another thousand miles into hitherto little-known and less-exploited achievement-and promptly, in a fervor umpty-umpty millions grant another When our tables recording imports and exports show marked development of our trade we indulge in a warm glow and write articles by the score in which we we ought to do. But, conceivably, those who are doing something towards estabof good litada's name as the hall mark sum of the common weal, as much as these others who more conspicuously, concrete resources. The pen, in other words, is as mighty as a mile of steel or Sir George Foster's statistics-potentially. year the following totals of books. The rigures err on the side of conservatism: teen volumes; Books on the Great War: Seven; Books on National Affairs: Twelve; Letters and Art: Three; Books on Travel: Let us take the fiction first. Here is a have some of our stand-bys represented by a novel, in some cases marking proimportant novel of the year by a Canadian is by a comparatively unknown
author, Alan Sullivan. It is "The Inner Door," a story of the conflict between capital and labor in Canada. Mr. ory work, Has also previously published dian novelistic literature." Mr.

## CANADIAN PACIF!C

CALIFORNIA<br>OFFERS UNSURPASSED ATTRACTIONS FOR THE<br>WINTER TOURIST<br>Warm Sea Bathing-Golf-Tarpon Fishing, etc.<br>> Home-like, moderate-priced Resorts as well as The More Palatial Hotels<br>\section*{CHOICE OF ROUTES-}<br>See That At Least One Portion of Your Ticket Reads<br>"Via Canadian Pacific Rockies"<br>Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto

# In and Around the shops 

## January is a month of Odds and Finds with Fiur as the Outstanding Consideration

By MLITE MARISE



AFTER one has seen the newest street things offered by the couturiers, one migh
say, remembering one's say, rempling:
"There are nine and sixty of trimming suits these days,
le furry one is right." And every single furry one is right."

Frocks, coats, wraps-all of them are collared to the ears with peltry; and if a coat and skirt manage to emerge from the designer without this wintry embellish ment, the ultimate consumer demands a vest of fur before she will venture to excellent reason for all this; coal is sixty dollars a ton in Paris
Two important facts stand out in the fashions for winter which have just begun their career. The extraordinary display of peltry is one, and the juxtaposition of different materials is the other.
The first fashion spells extravagance; the second stands for economy. It is the latter in which the great majority of women should be more interested, but with that delightfur inconsistency which makes the sex charming they pay more allow it to ebsorb the better -part of their thoughts on dress.
The last savage instinct to exist in a woman is her desire for pieces of fur to adorn her person. There was once a time when peltry belonged to winter and was needed for protection, and this excuse was used by every woman who could filch money from the house-keeping allowance to buy a bit of fur to go about her neck; but this flimsy excuse has faded into the background since it has been the fashion to be as pr
weather as in cold.
Much of the interest in clothes has been weakened, from an artistic point of view, importance of dressing in a seasonable manner.

When summer had its clothes and winter produced those that belonged to itself, there was a sharp contrast in feminine apparel. The shops made money by it, it, and they took to the comfortable about of the joyous changes of nature and presented the green leaf and the white snow as pleasing contrasts. Even so Fur, fur, fur, is the rage of the moment. There are swinging panels at the sides of skirts which are edged with fur; there are immense collars with wide, separate wristlets of fur used on blouses and coats; there are jackets which have fur peplums
or a fur panel down the back; there are or a fur panel down the back; there are
other coats that display waistcoats of peltry and, possibly, patch pockets which correspond with the hem on the skirt.
The milliners have made hats of fur in patchwork fashion. A turban of yellow will have brown spots on it; a flaring brim of sealskin will be attached to a crown of
ermine which has a medallion of seal on ermine which has a medallion of seal on top; a beehive hat of black velvet will
have bands made from three kinds of have bands made from three kinds of to end in a lover's knot at the side.
The newest thing in the muff line shown in Canadian shops is a bag muff, an idea which will be quite popular this winter. The bag muff is small as compared with but fourteen inches across and twelve and a half to the top. This over-night muff is lined and made into a bag with a casing for a cord, which is drawn up or left open as desired. Usually the bag is lined with white or Dolly Varden silk. In it is carried anything or everything a woman might desire to carry. Seal is very popular this season, but needless to say, velvet would be equally effective and not so expensive. A cloth cape of blue is very charming and most fashion-
able this season.
With cos dark colors, the Parisienne is wearing a hat of some frivolous shade, and a soft rose is first in favor. These hats are made of velshirred on the brim shirred on the brim silk stitches which show plainly. The crowns are usually high and the trimming of the simplest, a mere band or bow of the same fabric. They are worn so far down on the head that they completely cover the eyebrows. Hats down and collars up is the order, and the effect is almost as concealing as a gas-mask.
Semi-dress hats are being made of metal brocade velvet and are very often varying the trimming on these hats is accomplished by veiling them with silk net, which is allowed to fall over the edge of the brim about an inch. Moleskin crowns are sometimes introduced with the metallic brims and the simple trimming consists of a large flower and leaves of
silver or gold tissue silver or gold tissue.

Drooping hats are among the favorites at the recent showings, large slightly
stiffened brims that are considerably wider at sides than back, with high collapsible crowns and a crushed band of satin ribbon of a contrasting color about the crown, holding in place a band of monkey fur or feather, such as goura or ostrich which is placed flat on the brim.
One hears a good deal about the Restaurant hat: It is usually large, for it is to be worn in the late afternoon and evening, and is appropriate for the theater, the restaurant, and in fact any semiformal occasion. The one shown in the illustration on this page is quite effective. Of course, it may be worn with the true larly for the feathers and velvet are used, and the wide brim is almost always transparent.
It is sometimes a difficult thing to express personality and individuality in the choice of gowns, for surroundings and prevailing modes are both to be considered;
but the simple gown for evening wear at home gives unusual opportunity for this. Particularly lovely is a quaint and charming frock in a soft French bluethat old-blue shade that suggests silver.
An underslip of silver tinsel would brighten it, and a corsage bouquet of hand-made it, and a corsage bouquet of hand-made purple silk and silver threads. If one wishes a more elaborate effect, all the outer edges might be picot-edged in silver thread.
The gown for home occasions is claiming a tremendous amount of interest in the realm of fashion, chiefly because informal entertaining will be in evidence more than ever this winter. Of course, there will as the night at the stately dinner party when the formal gown will make its distinguished appear ance, but the greater part of hospitality's favors will undoubtedly be dispensed at home. These informal gowns have the satisfaction of being luxuriously comfortable and exquisitely artistic. They never fail to combine grace and practicability and certainly the most beautiful fabrics have been assigned to the creators of these indoor costumes. One of the best soluto be worn when entertaining in which is ing is the choice of a one-toned velvet with chiffon or georgette and often a touch of fur. These models are as lovely as an afternoon tea-gown and as elaborate or as dignified as the formal evening gown. Yet the informal gown is neither of these. It is something between the two-a gown quite by itself, and it is interesting to note again that many of the loveliest designs are the simplest. A beautiful
frock for just these occasions discussed is frock for just these occasions discussed is a creation of soft gray
deep ruffled cuffs of
deep rule gray chiffon: an underskirt of pleated chiffon peeps out between the coatlike front hems of the frock
which flies loose as the wearer walks. Narrow bands of skunk trim this gown, and the contrast of the dark fur with the delicat material is very lovely
Popular as home en Popular as home en there will still be times when one must go out to more formal affairs. The gown for these occasions, too, should be as distinguished as it is simple. One such design is of a style which is appropriate for almost every evening occasion-dinner, play, or opera, worn for all of these material, is being worn for all of these occasions. Vivid colors are never quite so good in a gown A soft shade of petunia would be very lovely for the velvet of this gown, and the. tulle sleeves should be in the same shade The underßodice should be of silver, veiled in the tulle, and the narrow girdle, which seems to tie in front, would be lovely in silver cloth embroidered in tiny rhinestones.
Afternoon gowns are still being shown in velvet, for velvet is favored for almost any costume this year. There is a lovely shade of moss green that is especially not need elaborate color that it doe used a great deal, particularly in narrow bands. In fact, fur has almost entirely taken the place of embroideries.
COLORED beads are good for wear With the modern gowns-that is, when they are wisely worn and chosen with a view to the completion of a cos tume. They must not be thrown on a random, just because they are beads and if the beads are considered smart. But y uninteresting then flash and studied of brilliant beads suitable to your rope particular aura and youl have something that speaks of individuality
There is really something altogether wrong and abnormal about the woman who is not mad about lingerie. You can
understand her not caring particularly about modern art or being indifferent to eurythmy or pistachio ice cream or ver day, or any of the large movements of the day, but a woman whom lingerie leave wrong with her. The lingerie of this season is absolutely irresistible this varieties are endless. Each individual piece is indeed "a thing of beauty," The Canadian woman may while away many a minute in its consideration for the choice is endless.
Bags are bewildering in their profusion, and it is impossible to choose from among the piled-up mass of them a few that are really interesting and original in design
Upon examining them, there was one gold-embroidered damask, done in a all-over pattern. It was lined with dark blue, heavy taffeta, and mounted on twb oval rings. Its size was its chief charm for it measured not more than eight inches from end to end, and where it met the rings it turned back in two points on either side, showing the blue lining. The stiffness of its materials made it perky and full of character.
One knitting bag actually looked new. It was from orange felt, and oval in shape. Each side was laid absolutely flat against
the other side, and the two were held the other side, and the two were held
together with purple blanket stitches of together with purple blanket stitches of
wool. It had large oval rings at the top. Blouses are a never-ending source of feminine joy, and seldom have there been more beautiful ones than now. Among the many designs shown was a black and white chiffon affair that had every poster point duly recognized and carried out. Its sleeves and underarm portions were black, while its panel front, with low and black silk floss around the edge.


All things considered, the odds and patriot who gives most of her time to serious work, they prove a real relaxation.

## DISSOLVE IT IV YOLR MOLTH

That's the way to take the Peps treatment. Nothing can equal it for asthma. Mr. Fred Hinz of stI suffered with asthma for years, and although I tried many remedies. Peps is the only remedy that has brought me relief from this distressing ailment."
The victory of Peps over asthma is due co the fact that Peps is a breathe-able remedy, and all the minute air passages which ordinary remedies, that go to the stomach, cannot reach.
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## If Everywoman's World is Late

If Everywoman's World is not on time in getting to you -orperhaps is lost altogether --please remember the difficulties we are all up against through the exigencies of war. These stirring times are making demands upon all of us that make delays impossible to avoid. If your copy is delayed or lost let us know and we shall look after you.

## SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS

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notes." Speedy, practical system that can be learned in 30 days of home study, utilizing spare time. For full descriptive matter, free, address Unity Building, Chicago, III

Probroideries and Enitting Designs
ATPRACTIVE PASTMME FOR A


SIMPLE embroideries are the favored trimming on dresses of silk and woolen materials. This embroidery, however, except on very elaborate gowns
and coats, is not of such character as to require a great deal of work individuality may oftentimes be given to a dress or waist that would otherwise be rather commonplace, by running in a simple border or applying an embroidered motif or two.
These dress embroideries are entirely new in effect, and the encouraging thing about them is that they are so easy to do. The borders, composed chiefly of line are frequently executed in a plain running or darning stitch. When the
satin stitch is used, no attempt is made at padding, nor are the stitches very closely laid; in fact, it is not a fault when the material shows between. Darning, however, is the favorite stitch when there are large spaces to cover. It is surprising what beautiful darning stitch with the just the simple little of the solid or addion of a work. The stitches are usually horizontally, the design being emphan ed by beginning the stitches, or ending them in the outline of the motif The ingerie design for the two sm stitch is embroidered in raised satin stitch and eyelet work.


Infants' Knitted Kimono
Material - 5 Hanks White Saxony Wool, 2 Balls of Color, 2 Celluloid Yard of Ribles No. 6, Instructon No. 7 Instructions - Note: A rib is over and back or orn.
BACK-With white cast on 90 stitches, knit plain until you have 26 ribs, then decrease 1 stitch at 5 th rib until needle every stitches left on have 60 now decrease 1 stitch at each end every other rib until you have 52 stitches left. Work 12 ribs on this on a spare needle, bind off 12 stitches for the neck. On the remaining 20 stitches off begin to knit the front of the garment FRONT Wnit the front of the garment. until you have 30 stitches. Work 2 ribs on this length the neck every other rib underarm, now increase 1 stitch every 5th rib toward the cast on 6 stitches for have 50 stitches on needle. Work on this length until front is as underarm seam. Bind off loosely. Work 2nd front to correspond as back on


Ladies' Knitted Shoulder Comfort Material-Columbia Zephyr Floss, 6 Balls White, 2 Celluloid Knitting Needles No. 7, 2 Celluloid Knitting Needles No. 3, ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Yards of Ribbon No. cast on 60 Tions-With No. 3 needles cast on 60 stitches, knit No. 3 needles rows, slip on to No. 7 needle purl 2 for 50 back of stitch by knitting the front and needle knit titch, having 120 stitches on now decret plain 180 ribs on this length, gether, having by knitting 2 stitches toslip on to No again 60 stitches on needle, 5 n rows, bind 3 needles, knit 2, purl 2 for to form a small collar rihbon through
whe Busy Woman will welcome


1089--Ladies' Dress, sizes 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 re quires $3 \frac{1}{2}$ yards 54 -inch material, with $\frac{1}{4}$ yard 27 -inch silk for collar. Charmeuse or taffeta may be adapted to this
dress, which is cut on dress, which is cut on particularly smart ines, derneath bib section. The two-gored skirt is cut with regulation waistline, and is plaited cents.

Home Pattern 1068-Ladies Long-Waisted Dress. Sizes 36, 38,40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ yards 54 -inch material, with $\frac{3}{8}$ yard 36 -inch contrasting goods. The pattern provides for two styles of pocket, and the full-length sleeves permit of shortening. Price, 15 cents.



Home Pattern 1091-Ladies Dress. Sizes $36,38,40$ and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 4 yards 44 -inch material, with $\frac{3}{8}$ yard 14 -inch organdie
for vest. The skirt completing this charming afternoon frock is a two-piece gathered model cut with slightly raised waistline. The embroidery design 14816 furnishes a very effective finish. Price, 15 cents.
 Price,

Home Pattern 1072 - Ladies' One-Piece House Dress. Sizes 36 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 require, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ yards 54-inch material, with 2 yards 27 -
inch contrasting goods. This dress fulfills its purpose splendidly and is unusually easy to make. The front tabs may be omitted, and the sleeves full-length if desired
15 cents.


Home Pattern 1103 Ladies' Waist. Sizes 36, 38, 40,42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $3 \frac{5}{8}$ yards 27 -inch material, with ${ }^{21} \frac{1}{4}$ yards insertion. This is an extremely pretty waist, especially suitable for mak-
ing up in the softer, fleecy ing up in the softer, fleecy materials. The collar ending in long revers crossing in front at the waist-line, particularly new and good looking.
Price, 15 cents.



Home Pattern 1098 Ladies' Shirtwaist. Sizes
$36,38,40$ and 42 inches $36,38,40$ and 42 inches
bust measure. Size 36 rebust measure. Size 36 rematerial, with $\frac{3}{8}$ yard 36 inch contrasting goods for trimming. The sailor waist or modifications of
it, such as this pattern is always in demand, and is becoming to all types. Made of heavy china silk, nothing could be better for general wear. Price, 15 cents.


1102 - Misses' and Small Women's One-Piece Dress. Sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 16 requires, $4 \frac{1}{8}$ yards 44 -inch material, with $\frac{1}{2}$ yard 32 -inch contrasting goods. This dress although simple to the last degree is particularly smart looking, and is given a touch of individual style by the tabs on the skirt, and the way in which the cuff is finished. Price, 15 cents.

1169. -- Ladies Slip - on Waist.
Sizes $36,38,40$ and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $2^{\frac{1}{4}}$ yards 36 or 40 inch material, with $\frac{3}{8}$ yard 30 -inch contrasting goods. Three supplied, and are one is decidedly smart. Two types of turn-overs are given to finish the ne-piece fullwhich are perforated for shor ter length. 15 cents.

$I^{I}$$N$ spite of the increase in the cost of Beef (the raw material of Bovril) there has been

## NO INCREASE in the Price of BOVRIL

 during the WarHome Pattern 1066Ladies' One-Piece Dress. One size- 36 inches bust measure. Pattern requires $2{ }^{5}$ yards 54 -inch 36 -inch silk, and $\frac{3}{8}$ yard 18-inch crepe. The collar may be omitted, and the sleeves are perforated for shorter frock is an excellent model for the combining of two materials which fashion continues to favor so much. Price, 15 cents. Embroidery 14814, costs 15 cents.


## Music Lessons



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## Have a Little Shop of Your Own



Beautifully Curly,Wavy Hair Like Own"
In three hours you
can have just the can have just the
prettiest curls and |remain along sime e. when nitium
Liquid Silmerine




# Uncle Peter's Train of Cars Contest for Boys and Girls 

As this issue of EVERY- WOMAN'S WORLD goes to press we are busy sorting out the qualified entries to the Christmas "Trainload of Cars Contest" we held for our boys and girls. When this task is completed, the answer will be sent on to Uncle Peter for the judging and awarding of the prizes.

There was such a last minute rush to send in entries before Christmas that we were quite swamped, but we hope to have the judging completed in time to announce the winners in next month's issue.

We shall write all the boys and girls who sent in qualified entries and advise them of the results just as soon as Uncle Peter makes the decisions. The winners will then receive their prizes promptly.

On page 26 there is another big prize contest announced in which you should enter.

## WIN <br> a Chevrolet Car OR \$750.06 CASH


 the leading prizes for the senders
of the best replies a Chevrolet and
a Ford-or their full a Ford-or their full cash value,
$\$ 750.00$ or $\$ 495.00$, if the winners
prefer are besides dozens and dozens of
other fine cash prizes ranging up to $\$ 100.00$.
This interesting competition $r e$ presents a marvellous opportunity
for our friends and readers. You
should send your answers today and should send your answers today and
try for one of these great prizes. This ine of these great prizes.
This is Roy McGrath, of Ottawa
Ont., winner of the first Ont., winner of the first prize in our
last contest. He asked for and received cash in place of his prize car,
and now he is nearly $\$ 500.00$ richer and now he is nearly $\$ 500.00$ richer
as a result of entering one of our
great contests. Read what he says:
HE WON THE FORD CAR IN OUR LAST GREAT CONTEST


64 Laurie Dear Sirs Dear Sirs,
This being
Thanksgiving Day, I can think propriate time in which to ac-
Roy C. McGrath,
Ottawa, Ont. ngich your letter contains, informing me that 1 have been, awarded
Special First Prize in "Percy's Puzzled!" Contest, of the Ford Touring
zle
Car. ICar. ing and unexpected. I can find no expression of my thanks to the
judges and the Continental Publisha magnificent prize be my earnest desire to that it shall power for such a splendid, wideawake, up-to-the-minute magazine
as EVERYWOMAN'S WORLD, as it
is a veritable pillar of and helpfulness to
Again
main,
Yours very
Roy C. MeGrath,


## 울 <br> By SGT. MATTHEW WAYMAN

treacherous two hour trip seem years in length. The crew were mostly Belgians, who calmly cooked their meals to the tune of many groans. As they tried to pass ong it deck on the way to perform some task it was funny to see them straddle
across the sprawling soldiers or fall with easy grace upon them each time the ship rolled.
A'few of us who kept our sealegs curiously peered around the engine room and quesne Belge officers or tried our French on succeeded in During these migrations, with one of the ship's officers. The following catechism took place.

> "How long have you been on this ship?"

Since the war broke out.
"How many trips have you made?"
About seven hundred.
"I guess you have seen lots of subs." "Nope, never heard of one. Don't believe, they are as dangerous as men

How far are we from Boulogne?"
"You'll see it soon. You can't mistake
Boulogne, the docks are lined with Boulogne, the docks are lined with
ambulances,"
At this point he strode off and I went on the upper deck and procured a salt shower bath from a kindly wave that happened to be passing. Then came the upper deck and we slid into the shied the upper deck aring the many Enclish sied that covered the fronts of the stores and hotels on the great promenade o Boul logne. Along the dock were motor ambulances with their huge red crosses painted on them and their number seemed unending. Along the river lay many fishing ships, which seemed to have reefed their sails somewhere in the dark ages and for gotten to wake from slumber. As I left the ship and went along the quay to mark the line where our troops were to line up, I saw the officer with a grin on his lips. I bade him good-bye and Sonny." "Hope to take you back,
The hope came true but he was a different man. I did not speak to him when I next saw him, because I was lying on a stretcher and my wounds had rendered me incapable of doing anything but taking a mere casual interest in my surroundings. After the Canadian advance in the spring of 1917, there were so many Canadian casualties that other ships be ides hospital boats were used to trans port the wounded to English hospitals.
The P- H.- loaded up with our hoys, and I was loaded up with our France bound for Southampton, but just st port was sighted the ship turned nd when I again awo we were back gain in Le Havre. We started out again and the next time England was seen, something like a big shell hit the ship and everybody rushed about screaming. The boat was run ashore and while the crew were hurrying the cot cases into baskets which hung from cables that were at tached to the masts and connected with another ship, I gazed at that officer with cheering the wounded like a demon, Germans in the same and cursing the the swiftest, calmest man I have was beheld. Not one wounded man was lost and only two of the crew injured And through the dullness of my sickly gaze I saw the small British Destroyers rush out to sea like leash hounds loosed from a den. They circled around and around
with increasing speed until the sea for miles seemed to be a whirlpool. Then we heard a great explosion and it was explained to me that this circling method
blinds the subs and blinds the subs and when the whirlpool of pounds of gun cotton into the hundreds This goes to the middle of the matron. and the subs are blown to pieces by the explosion. I forgot the world after that

## Sgt. Matthew Wayman

SERGEANT MATT WAYMAN enlisted two years ago and pro-
ceeded overseas in the rank of Quarter-Master Sergeant. He gave up his rank in order to reach the firing line. He saw fighting at Somme and Vimy Areas. During the great May, he was twice wounded and treatment in many hospitals wafter turned to Canada for further medical care. He was on the staff of Toronto Newspapers and his poems have dained wide circulation. These,-his best impressions-are written exclusively for, EVERYWOMAN'S WORLD. This first article is tinged with the gruesome. But is vivid, distinctly Surgt Way what entertaining. In plains:
'I am writing the scenes of a soldier' life
life sa
The

## The sadness, or the mirth;

struth or lies but if you're wise
You'll know what my songs ar Singing of hopes, of fears, or strife In prose and rhyme expressed, And clinging to all that's in life
and when morning came a pretty nus said to me, "If it will set your mind at est I will tell you that both of the U. Boats were blown up. But why do you laugh so much ?" I was too sick to tell failed.

## The Night's Work

$\mathrm{F}_{\text {RANCE }}$, March 20th, 1917;-Buried dead German spy and $\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{M}$ - to-
night. Wrote epitaphs for both. They night. Wrote epitaphs for both. They
lie between the lines near Neuville Ste. Vaast.
The Sergeant-Major sent for me and spoke as follows:
corporal, get half a dozen men and You can rig up the crosses while you too. in the old Stokes Gun Pit, before it gets dark. Nice little job Ph?,, before it gets sstructions in the front and imperative. The task line are brief ful and made more so by thas distastethe six worthy members of the C.E. F when I went to warn them for duty. The writing of the reature to me lay in the writing of the epitaphs. I urged the boys to get busy with the biscuit boxes and the crosses, These de were to make seen to-day if shells and weather may be disturbed them

Then came
came the black night and snowy front ditch until the communicatine trench was reached, then we paused for rest. One said:

## Corp?

Yep,
smet , gown in here and have a "Alright.
talk." Alright. Keep it low, and don't
In the gun pit the silence was broke Fy whispers such as these, "Who got the "Cassy, I believe! He shot him as , he "Good, for Cas. He always was lucky anyway." "Won't waste much time ons was lucky eh. Corp?", Widen a shell hole the Fritzie "No. Widen a shell hole. Let's get
out. Doble will be here in a minute."
". Who is patrol ser "Who is patrol sergeant? Knibby

Yep, bury our boy first.
the boys. Not a word the trench went by the Corporal who was spoken except petter keep closed who said, "Rotten dark Walk in single file., or we shall lose time Over thise file.
went that Indian file and of the parados shells screamed and the all the while the and chilly. They ploughed their drab along the treacherous earth their wa ines and seemed to feel their way ineen the "f seeing., Behind them rang the harsh "rat tat" of a Vicars machine gun Mauser bullets ripped the "zipping small shells and Overhead screamed the small shells and higher still the sizzlin carrying men to rush like engines of death "Them bullets whistle like wild birds,"
whispered one.
"Heavies are giving Fritzie plenty of spoke of the death that lay, nand no one stark and ghastly, in the near to them ight of German star shells. momentary ell on the party while the shells screamed and the snow fell. Picks and spades wer ound. Slowly back towards the support lines filed the men. The spot was marked After a while ther and digging started or cover. ing too closely. Aerman shells were aim explosions further in little while and the told them that the danger to left or right, a while. Through danger was passed for query, "Who could write mind rang the could tell of the sacrifices epitaph that adian boys?" Presently can these Cannearly six feop,?", ain't this deep enough
Slowly, let's get back.'
the front line crawledly back towards boys. They came to a or jumped, the the ground neame to a stretcher and on form. A near it lay a grey blanketed "I believe I knew now the work whispered, "Better not. Fritzie. Can I look?" enough star shells to isn't sending up work done. I shall complain us to get our about this. Come boys let to the Kaiser The form was placed let us move and the grim funeral procession on the stretcher sent show the a star shell as though in irmy to party halted to the gaping grave. The ground and, placed their burden on the shells whinel, thile, no word spoken, melting snow, bullets whistled, and the Two men leaped in them.
lowered their comrade into the hole, four ently laid to rest. The two regained the top; spades worked fast and in a few pall marked white chalk like a funeral pall marked the spot. The cross was shrapnel helme head and the boys's steel "He gave his half hid the inscription: Liberty." gave his life for Canada and The boy
their cloys wiped their muddy hands on star shell light and waited until anothe take one last lop he air that they might Canadian comrok at the place where enriching the shattes in his sumless be Calais. Then shattered soil of Pas D task, while the shurried to the second whistled and the show screamed bullet <br> \section*{Quick Work <br> \section*{Quick Work <br> WHERE'S the Fritzie, Corp?}
as a spy anyway," blanket on him. H Vever mind
nd. He has paid the price
Once more the stretcher came down anc rear two shells had onto it. Further in he bosom of Mother Earth figure eight in vere half filled with water. The holes dug away the mound between the boys two oval pit last the grave looked like an oottom and strondy splashed into the dit The samg hands quickly cover The same sort of white chalk for a pall boys looked at a rude cross, but as the peated the epitaph I last work they remight not look well in print written, which
The night's work was
passed amongst them as done, whispers " back to the dugout.
Poor Jim. He soon
"Yep. I hope rations got a napoo.
the Fritzies are deaf?", Do you think Then silence, broke
shells, whise, broken only by the whine shell, whice of bullets the whine

# Utilizing Natureys Sweets 

## The energy that the cold months call for is bountifully supplied by the sugar of the sum-dried fruits

TO sweeten or not to sweeten"-conserving our sugar supply has put another question in our daily rationing. The temporary shortage in manufactured sugar can be tided over with care and ingenuity on the part of Canadian housewives. Treat sun-ripened, sun-dried fruits are great aids to enlist, both as sugar-savers three-quarters pure, nutritious sugar, are very rich in the most valuable mineral elements and have some vegetable fats and a small portion of protein.

As the greatest producer of energy, we nced sugar perhaps more, in these strenuous days, than in times when we were not asked to conserve it. Raisins, dates, prunes and figs are therefore more valuable in ${ }^{\text {² }}$-day's diet than they ever were before.

Do women realize their value?
Realizing, can they utilize them?
These few recipes will assist materially.

## Raisin Bran Bread

NE quart white flour, one quart toasted bran flakes, one and one-half teaspoons sugar, one and one-half teaspoons shortening, one teaspoon salt, four tea-
spoons baking powder, one pint milk or water, two cups seeded raisins

Mix white flour, toasted bran flakes, sugar, salt and baking powder with the shortening; then add the milk or water. Just before putting into pans separate and add the raisins dredged with flour. Put the bread in a hot oven and bake about an hour and a quarter. This bread is particularly good for afternoon tea sandwiches. ation twenty minutes.

## Raisin Ginger Bread

ONE cup seeded raisins, one cup brown sugar, one cup baking molasses, one-half cup shortening, one cup boiling water, three cups flour, one teaspoon ginger (or to taste), one teaspoon cinnamon, one teaspoon baking soda.

Put sugar, molasses and shortening into bowl, mix well, add water and baking soda which has been dissolved in a little hot water; add ginger and cinnamon. Sift flour,
add and beat well. Last add the well washed and dried raisins. Bake in Turk's head or brick pan, which has been lined with paper, in moderate oven forty minutes.

## Raisin Bread

THREE cups flour, one teaspoon salt, three scant 1 teaspoons baking powder, one and one-half large spoons of sugar. Sift well together. One-half package seeded raisins, one and one-haif cups milk. Bake spoons butter and mene oge may be worked in to make the bread richer.

## Prune Mold

§ NE pound prunes, washed, soaked, stoned and halved, one and one-half pints cold water, one-quarter pound sugar, one lemon, juice and rind.
Simmer slowly for twenty-five minutes. Add one ounce of gelatin, previously dissolved in cold water. Pour into a mold and serve cold, with cream or custard. is turned out are an improvement.

## Galway Date Cake

A QUARTER pound oleomargarine, one and a A quarter cups sugar, one quart flour, four teaspoons baking powder, half a pound of dates, three ounces candied peel, three eggs, and milk to moisten. Bake in a large loaf for about an hour. This recipe makes delicious confection, especially for afternoon tea.

## Prune and Raisin Salad

STEAM well soaked remove stones and fill cavities with chopped nuts and raisins. Cut some crisp celery into short straws, and arrange with the prunes on lettuce leaves. Serve with a cream mayonnaise and grate a little cheese ove the top.

## Raisin Cookies

TWO eggs, one cup brown sugar, one-half cup flour, one teaspoon baking-powder, sifted with flour, onehaif teaspoon cinnamon, one-half teaspoon allspice, citron and candied orange peel together with walnuts, colate.
Drop teaspoonful into pan and bake in moderate oven about ten to fifteen minutes.

## Raisin Scramble

0 NE cup chopped seeded raisins, one cup flour, one baking powder, one teaspoon melted butter.

Sift flour, baking powder and salt into bowl; add milk, well beaten eggs and butter; beat well; add raisins. Have pan hot (an iron pan is best) put in one teaspoon olive oil or lard, pour in mixture and with fork stir o scramble same as scrambled eggs. Keep doing this until well cooked and nice and brown, but not hard. Pile This makes a very good luncheon dish.

## Raisins and Bananas en Casserole

0 N

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WE cup seeded raisins, one cup stale bread-crumbs, }
\end{aligned}
$$ bananas, one-half teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoons sugar two tablespoon butter or oleomargarine.

Brush
Brush casserole with butter, put half the bananas in bottom, cover then with the raisins, which have been stewed and thickened (add salt to raisins) put the rest of the bananas on top and sprinkle with sugar. Cover, put in hot oven twenty minutes, reduce the heat and leave in twenty minutes longer. Serve with plain boiled rice.


Mix all ingredients well together, turn into a mold and steam three hours. Serve with lemon sauce.

## Raisin Pie

$\bigcap^{\text {NE }}$ cup seeded raisins, one cup water, one tablespoon cornstarch, one tablespoon sugar, one level easpoon salt.
Wash the raisins, put in saucepan with cold water, bring slowly to a boil, add sugar, salt and corn starch which has been mixed with a little cold water; boil three minutes; pour into pie tin which has been lined with crust, while hot: cover and bake.

## Raisin Turnovers

〇NE cup seeded raisins, two cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, one teaspoon salt, two tablespoons shortening, one tablespoon butter, one-half cup granulated sugar, three-quarters cup milk.

Sift flour, salt and baking powder into bowl; add shortening and rub in very lightly with tips of fingers add milk enough so it can be rolled out one-hal inch and put two tablespoons of raisins in each turnover in a


A Tempting Fruit Salad
three-cornered shape. Brush top with milk and sprinkle with sugar; bake in moderate oven thirty minutes, or until nice and brown

## Piquant Sandwiches

COMBINE one cup seeded raisins, two-thirds cup C cold boiled ham, one-quarter cup sweet cucumber pickles and put through food chopper. Add one tea spoon lemon juice and mix with mayonnaise to spreading consistency.

## Coffee Cake

กNE tablespoon butter, one full cup sugar, two eggs, whites added last, one and one-half cups milk, three cups flour, measure before sifting, three teaspoons baking powder, one scant namon added to flour before sifting, one-quarter pound seeded raisins.
For top.-Four tablespoons sugar, one-quarter nutmeg. Mix together and sprinkle on top: then place small bits of butter or oleomargarine on top of this. Bake forty minutes in slow oven.

Date Buns
$\mathrm{R}^{\text {OLL light bread dough quite thin, spread it with soft }}$ R butter or oleomargarine and chopped dates. Roll the dough up and cut into pieces half an inch thick, with a sharp knife. Lay in a greased pan, let them rise till light and bake in a moderately quick oven.

## Date Suet Pudding

CUT a pound of dates in small pieces and sprinkle with a scant cup of sugar. Chop six ounces of fresh beef suet and add to it three-quarters of a pound of bread crumbs, and mix with the dates. Add half a cup of milk to a well beaten egg and stir into it half a cup of flour sifted with a level teaspoonful of baking powder.

## Raisin Cream

NE scant cup cream, one-quarter cup seeded raisins, one egg, onethird cup sugar, one tablespoon butter, three tablespoons grapenuts.
Add sugar and egg to Add cream, butter well. raisins and heat to scald ing point heat to scaldbet cups, chill into sherwith or without whipped ream. May be served in tart shells if preferred.

## Raisin Puffs

ONE cup seeded raisins, two cups stale breadcrumbs, one cup boiling milk, one-quarter cup sugar, onehalf teaspoon salt, two eggs, one teaspoon butter. Pour the boiling milk over breadcrumbs, when cold add sugar, salt and well beaten eggs. Wash, dry and chop the raisins, add and mix well. Brush four custard cups with melted butter, put in mixture; bake thirty minutes in moderate oven, turn out in sauce dish, serve with lemon sauce or fruit syrup.

## Raisin Dessert

TO one cup of chopped seeded raisins add one table1 spoon of sugar, one teaspoon of flour mixed to a smooth paste with a little cold water, one teaspoon of grated lemon rind and one-half cup of water. Cook until thick and cool before using. Cut plain cake into oblongs and spread the raisin filling between two pieces. of cake. Serve with lemon flavored custard sauce.

## Overseas Fudge

THREE cups granulated sugar, one cup milk, two squares bitter chocolate, one cup chopped raisins. Boil until it makes a soft ball in water, add butter size of a walnut, pinch of salt, vanilla flavoring. Remove from stove and set in pan of cold water without disturbing. Let stand until cool, add raisins chopped, and beat until creamy, pour out into buttered pans.

## Raisins with Oatmeal

NE cup seeded raisins, one cup oatmeal (or whole wheat) one teaspoon salt, three cups boiling water. Put water on in top of double boiler, add the oatmeal slowly, boil rapidly until it thickens, add salt; put in bottom of boiler on back of stove overnight. In the morning add the well washed raisins.

## Raisin and Rice Mold

NE cup seeded raisins, one cup rice, one and onehalf teaspoon salt, one-half cup sugar, one tea poonful butter.
Put rice in three quarts boiling water and boil hard or ten minutes. Drain, mix with raisins which havebeen washed and separated, and put in top of double: Steam forty minutes. Mold in single large mold or cups. Turn out on individual dishes and serve with whipped cream.

## Raisin Cake

NE-QUARTER cup butter or oleomargarine, one cup sugar, one-half cup milk, two and one-half teaspoons baking powder, two eggs, one-half teaspoon vanilla, one and three-quarters cups flour, one-half package chopped seeded raisins.
Cream butter and add sugar, gradually, add beaten eggs and milk. Add the flour sifted with baking powder vanilla and raisins. Bake in layer tins about twenty to thirty minutes. Or this may be baked in deep tins as pound cake.

## Canada's War Cake

TWO cupfuls brown sugar, two cupfuls hot water 1 two tablespoons butter or oleomargarine, one package seeded raisins, one teaspoon salt, one teaspoon cinnamon, one-half teaspoon cloves or ginger.
Boil all these ingredients together for five minutes after they begin to bubble. When cold, add:
Three cups flour, one teaspoon baking soda dissolved
Bake in two loaves for forty-five minutes in a slow oven. This cake is better at the end of a week or even longer. It "ripens" as does all fruit cake.

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drop and is serone pearl drop and is set with aroque pearl The chain is also synthetic a amethyst.
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long, with wong, with safety full 15 inches only three new or renewal sub-
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Beautiful
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Whe Making of a Duchess

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 6

in me and my possessions. It did not require much perspicacity to discern the design in her seemingly ingenuous frankness. In speaking of the Duke to me she said:
"His marriage was a sublime mistakehe married for love, and realized boredom His wife was the saintly daughter of a
penniless baronet. She possessed all of penniless baronet. She possessed all of somebody or other once said. After presenting him with an heir and two other bresenting she died, satisfied that she had done all that could be expected of her. After he married money in the first place Unless he does now, and not less than forty thousand pounds per annum at that, he li lose his estates. I tell him that in his second marriage, a man
The mistakes
Turrets is nearly forty. If he marries young girl, he'll become her slave. A until time forces her to take inventory of her charms."
"A man of consequence need not be a stickler for birth. It is the middle classes and the undistinguished,
to lose ground with their neighbors, who to lose ground with their

A DAY'S hike had been planned for a A certain Thursday. We were to take our luncheon with us, and were on this special occasion to be permitted to have a companion to be chosen by Doctor Brent herself. How it came about that the Duchess and I were paired off together I do not know. Certainly, coupled according to our pedestrial ability, we wer il-matched.
The Duchess was delighted.
"My dear," said she, "I'm going to elope with you. I've got it planned My motor, or rather the Duke's-we have only one between us will meet us a bit beyond the cross roads. Turrets is only thirty miles from here. We'll be there in time for luncheon I haven't had a full-sized meal or a glass of ale in five weeks."
up?" I inquired.
"Certainly. We'd never manage to get away in any other. At any rate is away on fishing trip, and the boys are is away on,"
On Thursday, we came upon the motor at the designated spot. Looking about to make sure that we were undetected we slipped quickly into the disguising dust-coats, caps, goggles, and veils which had been made ready for us, and climbed into the car which sped switing Doctor road past th
Turrets-Brenham, as it is called, covers some twenty square miles and, unlike England, is made up of scattered farms and a straggiing village. When I remarked that it seemed a pity that so much fertile land should not be giving its due returns, the Duchess told me that in the time of the seventeenth Duke (the present Duke's grandfather there had been a severe outbreak or typhus feve due to the antiquated dranage from the which had driven many been forced to and. The Do the cottages and farms, and since then through lack of funds, had been unable to rebuild to attract tenants Turrets Castle, itself, is a tremendous uccession of turreted battlements. The Duchess informed me that owing to their inancial straits, which had necessitated the reduction of their retinue of servants, she and the Duke and his family were obliged to limit their occupancy to one wing only. The motor stopped befor worn livery, and a ing-room where a cheery log-fire leaped up in preeting to us. The best of the room had been drawn to the centre. The corners appeared to have been neglected even by the common duster, and the raperies at the doors and windows wer faded and bore ravages of moths.
The luncheon, however, of which we par took in a sunny dining-room nearby was irreproachably prepared and served The Duchess was a gourmet-she had than her chef Russian caviar, American creamed chicken. Indian curried rice Italian chicory, and French mousse, not
forgetting the English brewed ale, formed a delicious composite of cosmopolitan tit-
bits. drowsily.
"Will you find some way of amusing yourself, child, while I get forty winks. Wing. Thomas" (the footman) "will open it up for you. It wouldn't do to leave Turrets without seeing our Lawrences and our Lelys. The place is musty and damp; I hate it. Take a peep just to say that you've been there, then"run over and see the Duke's chicken castles.
You'll be interested, I know, in his Plymouth Rocks, or whatever you call them. Now, be off, before I gape in your face."
The portraits in the Long Gallery were wonderful, but the place smelled of dust, and the stone flags were dank, so that I was glad after a brief survey, to run out into the warmth and freshness of the afternoon. Thomas followed me into the pitiless sunshine wots in his ridiculous livery. The poultry housing, unlike anything construction and cleanliness. I was in the laying-house, bending over a splendid specimen of a White Wyandotte, when a voice at my side said:
a "That is my prize lady. What do you think of her?
I looked up into the patient eyes of
the Duke. He took my hand the Duke. He took my hand.
"You must forgive my not being at
the Castle to receive you, but the Mater the Castle to receive you, but the Mater 'a deux,' so I consoled myself by going 'a deux, so I consoled myself by going as I dared appear."
He took his basket and handed it to Thomas, together with his rod.
"Now, Miss Mallo, I am at your service. Will you let me show you about Turrets?
I WAS hot with resentment at the 1 Duchess's treachery concealed as it had been in half truth. I felt as if the hideous garments of the Brent design determined that the Duchess should be dragged into my misery.
"Gladly, Duke," I answered, "if you will stop back at the Castle for your mother."
"The mater's not much of a walker, you know," he suggested.
"Oh, yes, she is, since Doctor Brent's had her in charge.
Upon our entering the Castle, Thomas informed us that the Duchess was resting in the morning-room.

Please take me there," I demanded. As we approached the room, I heard the door, the maid looked at me abashed and pointed to her mistress, to all aspects sound asleep upon the wicker couch. My inclination was to shake her . . . but there was the maid. It has often amused me to think how these purveyors of our gross comfort decide our actions
Clearly, there was nothing left to do, but to let the Duke show me about.
Poor, patient man, he did his best, but my mood was ugly-ugly as the garments which enveloped me.
After a time, his magnanimity won me over. I extended my hand to him.
"I've been horrid, but even a woman less vain than I would balk at displaying, these garments outside of a mad-house." "So that's been the trouble," he laughed, with a note of relief.
"You mean the mater." His face lengthened into gravity. "Miss Mallo, lengthened friends, and I hope you count yourself one of them, have learned not to take her too seriously
The Duke, I decided was not attempting to disarm me, but was conveying as best he could the hint that he was not privy to his mother's scheme. My constraint fell from me, and he and I spent a delightful hour by the drawing-room fire.
Then, realizing that we must be starting if we were to get back to Brent's in
time for supper, I went to awaken the time for supper, I went to awaken the
This time all was quiet at my approach and I found the lady in a genuine slumber from which I encountered some difficulty in arousing her.
"Oh," she sighed, "you have brought me back to the grim reality of a return to
Brent's. I was dreaming that I had Brent's. I was dreaming that I had (CONTINUED ON PAGE 30)


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usceptible to climatic condtions, over-heating, exertion, mental and physical

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Circulation Manager, EVERYWOMAN'S WORLD, Toronto, Ontario

## Auto-Intoxication More Deadly Than Warfare

By Warren Webster

At a time when so many of our people have sons or relatives at the their safety and welfare which such a condition is bound to which such is interesting that I find more or less comforting to examine into statistics and learn the exact mortality among the men who have been in active service in the real fighting, as compared with that of the people of Canada engaged in peaceful pursuits.
Dependable statistics show that for six months of the year 1916, the morFrench Army in service was 012 the French Army in service was .012
During exactly the same period the mortality per thousand of residents of Canada was .0135 .
It hardly seems conceivable, but these figures which are absolutely
trustworthy, show a higher perenter of mortality among people of peaceful of mortality among people of peaceful
pursuits than those engaged ond most pursuits than those engaged
actively engaged in warfare

It may be truthfully claimed that many of these deaths in our country were of people advanced in years, which is true
But if the average age at the time of death was available, it would doubtless be found that it bears a fair comArmies of France Armies or France
The reason for this surprising showing is not far
The mortality in the Army is almost always caused by gun-shot or shell wound, because these men in their
training are so actively drilled training are so actively drilled and exercised that their functions work perfectly and all food waste is natural-
ly eliminated from the lower intestines
$y$ eliminated from the lower intestines.
Approximately ninety-five per cent. to leading physicians and specialists is caused directly or indirectly by cumulated food waste in the lower intestine, because of our sedentary pursuits and lack of physical hard work or daily exercise.
This accumulated waste contains the deadliest of poison, and our bloodflow absorbs this poison, distributes it throughout the system, woefully weakening it and lowering our re which we are most subject hase toll opportunity to develop and lay us full

For our Country's highest interest even a more significant phase of this Auto-Intoxication problem is that when it is present, long before you are really in you are not more than fifty per cent. efficient

Show me a man who, when bilious headachy" or with a disordered diges tion can possibly have that bright, eager, confident outlook or steady
nerve so essentially and solve successfully thecess to meet of solve successfully the problems of today-yet these are all infallible
signs of mild Auto-Intoxication or signs of mild Aut
And unless this accumulated waste is properly eliminated Auto-Intoxica tion progresses until we are really ill the form which the illness takes.
There are more laxative medicines (or physics) taken for this trouble than all other ills combined-but these only partially remove the trouble are at best only temporary and if persisted in, require constantly increasing doses to have any effect at all.
There is, however, an entirely natural, rational way of keeping this waste out of the system entirely-a way which has been constantly growing in general use for the past twentyfright, years until now over a million who believe in Nature treatments are now practicing it-
That way is an occasional Internal Bath with purified warm water by means of the J. B. L. Cascade
And whenever, as in many, many cases, practicing Physicians have adopted this treatment, they are unanimous in their generous and unqualified praise of its effective results.
Chas. A. Tyrrell, M.D., of New York, over twenty-five years ago, restored his own health and strength by In ternal Bathing after trying all other known resources without avail and has ever since that time specialized on his treatment, making it his life's study and work.
Much of this long and valuable ex perience and the practical cases which have come to his notice, are summe Why a little book, "The What, The which he will be pleased to send fre on request if you will address Dr. Chas. A. Tyrrell, Room 441, 163 College St., Torontt, and mention having
read this in Everywoman's World. read this in Everywoman's World.
Inasmuch as the most noted Specialists including the great Professor absence of accumulated waste will positively assure better health greater strength and much greater efficiency to think and to work, it would certain. ly seem worth while at least to inform yourself on this subject by writing for the little gift book now, before it passes from your mind.


## $(4)$

## The Making of a Duchess

## Continuen prom pace 29

The Dume to stay. Where's Turrets?
The Duke appeared within the door
"I say, Jim," she pleaded, "you're going to drive us back, aren't you
Brennan is nothing better than a coach Brennan is nothing better than a coach
man. He drives a motor as if it were man. He drives a motor as if it were a
balky horse. The ride here gave me 'mal de mer.'", The ride here gave me 'ma The Duke could not but smile as he The Duchess was not yet do
wiles. She hat not done with her because, as had me seated by the Duke because, as she put it," Claude's luncheon abstemiousness at Brent's, and I've got to sleep it off, so if you don't mind I'm going to hog the seat of the tonneau for a couch." And, no sooner had we started, than she assumed a clever semblance of sleep. Gradually, however, as we drove through the splendor of the late afternoon, the Duke and I forgot the occupant of the tonneau, and found ourselves telling each other many of those intimate we never confide to those whom we have known longest. Through a silly sorig and dance, I had accomplished recognition in the world into which he had been born. My business was to be a humming-bird where he was an eagle . ... yet we found ourselves akin. If only the Duchess had not taken a hand- Brent's, the Duchess awoke with a suspiciously well-timed "You must let us off, Jim, it's as near "for a Brent gupper now," she groaned, cornstarch pap. By the way cornstarch pap. By the way, Jim, do
you think that the two stone I've lost is worth it?" She smoothed down her
hips. You know that I liked you as you were mater, but your dress-maker will probably be pleased." He patted her shoulder ave her a dutiful peck, and held out his hand to me.

I hope, Miss, Mallo, you will come The Duchess

Fhe Duchess, clutched my arm
couple of the animated Here come a couple of the animated meal sack We scuttled
he Duke sped by, and a moment later we came upon Doctor Brent and he ompanion. Supper was ready and he arrival, so that I was unable to get word with the Duchess. She sat opposite o me, and regarded me with a mixture of mischief and satisfaction.

AFTER lights were out for the rught softly opened the door. "Who's there?" "oor.
> "I, Duchess."

I approached the bed where the Duchess cowered in an unlovely flannel nightie, and stood over her, grimly
"Duchess," I said,,"you are a man oeuvering old woman."
"S-sh," she whispered, "or that bogie Brent will get us. Don't you know that this is against the rules?
which fair-minded men and women cons, which fair-minded men and women con sider against the rules.
"Oh, I say, Goldine
blighter." say, Goldine Mallo, don't be a
"S-sh. Do shut that transom, and come over here and, sit on the bed. I "I can hear very well from here, Give as I say, child. Ah, this is better. Give me your hand. Now, you Mallo as ridiculously pretty as a bit of French bisque, and that I've taken one of my absurd fancies to you, you're at headyou ve proved it throughout your career too,-well, I suppose you know that I was a penniless, obscure curate's daughter it, that neither you I have Now, I take of sentiment. You know that scruples and none better on the island at that is not to be despised, any more than your fifty thousand pounds per annum which I "Duchess,". said I, "may I tell you a little story
"Tmy a poor listener, but have your
"About eighteen years ago," I began, "there was a young girl playing ingenue parts in a second-rate stock company in
the middle west of the States. She fell in
love with the leading man of the company wooed her in whe first man who had ever honorable way. She appeared to be an she thought marriage meant a home and babies. She had never known home and creature she could call her a human foundling, she had call her own. A childhood, and a bit of flotsam in her girlThe Duchess patted my hand. I went on: "Less

Less than a month after her marriage by her refusal of a stormy scene caused manager of a contract with a tation or a particularly unsavory repu a divorce upon her husband who obtained read of his death her desertion. Later she at the time, but she was only nineteen sufficient of the bitterness of life tasted her as wary of its brews of life to mak She looked about her well, and dewager that, henceforth, she would brew decided dovicallage, or to put it plainly, if para doxically, that she would accent if parafrom life but what she could wrest from the stage, but she pht for the things o beauty, a cool she possessed personal work. Thereol head, and a capacity fo work. There was but one thing she feared to ward it.off, Early and late, she worked her beauty, and raring as best she could situations in which women give their emotions the rein.
When, eventually, she became over night, as it were, a luminary on Broad she and one astute manager luck. But For three years, he had watched better fore he had taken her from the ranks be paused for breath. the Duchess, as I

There is not much more to tell, Duchess. Despite the fact that she was ever hoped to more money than she had awoke in the night with her life, she stil dependence might with a horror of what more than the dependerice to. Yet from want of money, she drice resultant pendence resultant from dreaded the dedetermined, should be what Home, she make for herself.
the Duchess softly the Duchess softly. realize that."

My Duchess leaned over and kissed me ruples of sentild, alter all, I like you sentiment. I won't say that ever, sentiment and busine them. Howadvantageously and business can often be you'll leave me, I shall take my now, if
beated beauty sleep.
A week later, the Duchess's six weeks were up. I thought that I detected mischief in her eye as she bade me a farewell, but I was hurt that she made no Three days ang me again.
from my morning's walk when returning crossroads, where first when at the very accosted me, stood the Duke pachess had awaiting me.
He came forward with his customary "Miss Manner
forgive my uncon hope that you will know, the rules of this inferity, but you not permit of my asking place did whether this intention of mine worehand agreeable to you. I have hiddould be motor in a thicket farther down the my and hope that you will let me take you for a little spin
I asked your mother send you, Duke?" I asked which was rather nasty, yet He smiled his patien me.
"What would patient smile
yes?", "he asked. you do, if I should say "Simply walk
$k$ on and finish my six
send me, but-", of fact, the mater did I was about to go, "please at my arm as until I can place the situat wait a minut in its entirety. The mater before yo etch you back for luncheon. sent me to however, no intention of doing so htend, with your consent, of course to woodland luneon with you myself at any woodland spot you may designate. To the luncheon, I have brought with me guest. Will you accent needed, is the Mallo? I am anxioust the part, Miss you at length the respectiviscuss with various plans ferive merits of
CONTINUED

## The Real Cause of Much Waste lies in <br> Defective Regulation of Femperature

WITH a general shortage of coal
in Canada, the housekeeper is in Canada, the housekeeper is
confronted by the necessity of finding ways and means of conserving it. There is the cry by many that furnaces are not properly constructed. Furnace manufacturers deny this. Again protests are many that the quality of the coal now being supplied is quite inferior. Much of this contention may be true, but it has been investigated and proven beyond doubt that the majority of householders waste coal through urer temperature as to the proper
to be maintained.
The temperature of living apartments, places of business, churches. schools, theatres, railroad coaches, and other public and private places of sojourn should never
be allowed to rise above 70 degrees be allowed to rise above 70 degrees
Fahrenheit. This is high enough even in. Fahrenheit. This is high enough even in
hospitals, except where heat is used as a hospitals, except where heat is used
remedial agent, as in Turkish baths.
remedial agent, as in Turkish baths.
In establishing a temperature not to In establishing a temperature not to be
exceeded indoors the comfortable point exceeded indoors the comfortable point
should not be taken as the standard. should not be taken as the stancard. individual and has relation to the accustomed temperature moderate, too high, or too low. A person habitually living in
lomer a temperature of 80 degrees feels chilly at
70 70 degrees; habituated to 70 , he scarcely finds 65 uncomfortable. The young and
those accustomed to being much in the those accustomed to being much in the
open suffer greatly from hot rooms. open suffer greatly from hot rooms.
Robust men properly fed and accustomed Robust men properly fid and accustomem-
to an active outdoor life are not uncomto an active outdoor life are not unco 60 .
fortable at a house temperature of 6 . The comfortable point with them would too low for the common living room. living constantly outdoors in a cold climate should no more be taken as a standard than should the preferences of chilly persons whose reaction to moderately
healthful temperatures has been lowered healthful temperatures has been
by living in overheated rooms.

## Waste of Health

APART from the waste of coal caused $\mathrm{A}_{\text {by overheating, the waste of health is }}^{\text {PART }}$ appalling. Space will not permit a de-
tailed study of the matter. But if one reflects in regard to the common cold, the conclusion will be speedily arrived at that high degrees of temperature indoors
are the cause, in nine cases out of ten. Dryness of atmosphere pla
the average constitution.
the average constitution.
The amount of moisture contained in the air is one of the chief factors to be considered in the heating of a dwelling
during cold weather. during cold weather.
Cold air will not hold as much moisture as warm air, and when air becomes cold, therefore, it usually loses part of its moisture. The result is that during the winter we take air that has but a small amount of moisture, and by heating this arr cause a
change in it which is similar in its effect change in it which is similar in its effect
to a reduction in the amount of moisture. As cooling air reduces the amount of moisture it can contain, heating air has the opposite effect and increases the amount of moisture the air will take up. When we take winter air, therefore, and heat it for our dwellings the dryness of
the air is increased unless moisture is the air
added.

This dryness of the air causes irritation of the mucous membrane of the nose and throat and makes those breathing it more | susceptible to colds. It will be found also |
| :--- |
| that the dry air heated to $72^{\circ}$ |
| $4^{\circ}$ | that the dry air heated to $72^{\circ}, 74^{\circ}$, or

even $80^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit will be less comfort able and will appear more chilly than a able and will anper more cher $66^{\circ}$ or $68^{\circ}$ when there is a
temperature greater degree of moisture in the air of the room. In a room in which the air is overheated and overdry the least movement of the air gives the sensation of
drafts. If the moisture is increased and drafts. If the moisture is increased and
the temperature lowered the air will give the temperature lowered the air will give
the impression of balminess and the the impression of balminess and the
movements of the air, unless of considermovements force, will cease to be noticed as able force, will cease to be noticed as It is the experience of many individuals that overheated, dry air produces restlesshand, moderately heated air in which there is sufficient moisture to give an impression of balminess is restful and quieting in its effect.
When considering ways and means whereby coal may be used economically look first to the quantity being consumed daily; then look to the temperature of a doubt, but it lies in your power to keep a doubt, but it hes in your power to keep
the amount used down to the average-keep the temperature at the proper degree.

## Fighting Trim for stay at fomes <br> scription. In ninety-nine cases out

T
HE soldier in the trenches has been trained until he is physically fit-the Government has seen to that. The soldier now in highest point of physical efficiencythe Government is seeing to that.
But what are we, the seven and a half millions of stay-at-homes, doing? Every one of us needs health training: We need to be efficient to fight the enemy from the home trenches-to fight famine, want, disease and self; enemies more deadly, more to be dreaded tha
Healthe-field.
Health and a little care spell youth. Once, women were old at forty-five or folks; we are learning that health and care are the elixir of life, but we have not yet learned that the care must be begun when health and youth are ours, that we must not wait until they are disappearing and then frantically clutch at restorers and quickresult dopes.
One of the best preservatives of health is exercise. In these days of easy transportation, of swift trains, automobiles and street cars, people are beginning to lose their powers of pedestrianism, and with that loss goes much of the joy of living. Who does not know the sheer delight or a winter air crisp snow, in the blood winter air. How it brings the your frame! And with what an appetite you attack your next meal. Keep in the open air as much as possible. There is no tonic that the doctor can administer that will do as much good as that which wise old Mother Nature offers for our use, and she makes no charge for the pre-
of a hundred, even when there is organic disease, a large improvement can be achieved by right living, daily bathing, correct diet, exercise, and fresh air. "Be sober and temperate and you will be healthy, wrote wise ld Benjamin Franklin and his words hold good to-day
In conclusion, when you walk, see that you are properly clothed for the exercise. Wear a short skirt, which will not impede your movements, and stout low-heeled shoes. Do not atpractice, power will at first. Wher practice, you will find yome and beting of a five-mile walk on good roads as a mere trifle.
We stay-at-homes owe it to our country and to ourselves to become as physically fit as it is possible for us to be. The clerk from store and office, and often the boy from the farm, is flat-chested, round-shoulder ed and short of breath before enlist ing. But three months in the train ing camp makes a new man of him He has muscles like rubberbands; his heart is a dynamo of energy and his is a competent fighting man. He is in fighting trim.
And are we stay-at-homes to fall behind him? Are we to allow the precious gift of health to be lost to us for want of a litle care and deter mination?-unpleasant at first, may be, but growing less so with every hour of exercise and attention to diet and training? Shall we be slackers in the great battle against the powers of disease and physical weak ness? No, a thousand times, no!
Are we doing our bit? Are we in fighting trim?


Stretched to the limit-To make both ends meet

## HOW CAN I HELP?

How many earnest women have turned that thought ove and over in their minds during the past few months?

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The war has enforced many economies. It has opened to women many new channels of earning money. It has dignified women's work in factory, shop and farm. For that work is now an essential part in the world's struggle for freedom.

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As the announcement of the competition frankis and introduce EVERYWOMAN'S WORL further advertise Canadian readers, and makes is introduced to many them, The fine prizes that are awary more warm friends. ess and increased opportunity to $m$, have brought test, the winner of a Ford Car, Mr. Wh a recent conGuelph, Ont., asked for the cash vartue W. F. Geddes, of The education ( $\$ 550.00$ ) to pay his way throuph prize, and to obtain a commission in, at the beginning of college. is now "S a commission in Canada's great army, and war, ner established himself in ance!" Another first prize win prize money. Still another furnished his home with the aid won in our last contest. $\$ 500.00$ prize he contest.
us, have won great prizes during the quite unknown to through entering EVERYWOMAN'S wo last few years, Their names and addresses will gladly be competitions. you wish.

Make up yaur mind te share in this bution. Send your solution of the mystery to-day distri.

Turn to page 37 now. You can Win one of these fine Cars

## Infant welfare worrs in War rime

In These Days of General Fcomomy, the Geatest Measure is the Protection of Ous Children

## By MONA E. CLARK

THREE years of the great world-war are over, and the fourth is well begun. We Canadians have learned the meaning of sacrifice and courage; of saying good-bye to splendid boys, and of greeting worn-out men with the same brave smile. We have found our hearts; but have we learned that the heart must work hand-in-hand with the brain? Are we doing all that a young and vigorous warring people can do, to minimize the terrible results of war?
Twenty years hence, Canada will need a mighty race of men and women. She will need everyone of the Babies of To-day-the most valuable asset of our state. Now, what is Canada doing $t$ safeguard this source of wealth, what ishe doing in comparison with other countries? Since we have no Federal Bureau of Child Welfare, it has been necessary to make use of the excellent report of Dr. Grace L. Meigs, of the United States Children's Bureau, to obtain certain facts regarding the different roads which other nations have travelled, in their search for Better Babies.
Every country overtaken by war in 1914, has done a vast work in the protection of infancy and maternity.' Strange to say, the nations hardest pressed,-France and Belgium - have done the most.
England is watching its birth rate and infant death rate, with as great concern as its casualty rate. Due chiefly to measures passed in the House, for the welfare of babies and mothers, the Infant Mortality rate for 1916 , was 91 per 1,000
births, the lowest for births, the lowest for any year of the war.
Lord Rhondda, President of the Local Government Board, declared, in the spring of this year, that the lives of 1,000 babies can be saved each week, by the still greater efforts which are being made. With this splendid goal in view, the Motherland has much to be proud of.
With the far-sighted alacrity that characterizes the French race, Paris, within five months of the declaration of war, had made public provision for its babies, before, at, and after birth.
In Belgium, such strenuous efforts have been made to save both mothers and children, that conditions are now slightly better than in normal times. In the face of the terrible conditions existing there, this is probably the most encouraging triumph that Infant Welfare work has made.
Dr. Langstein, director of the movement for the protection of infancy in Germany, says, "It is just as important a patriotic task, to serve children who need care, as to serve the soldiers in the field."
Even Austria, a country slow to move, has had to close many of its institutions since the war, because mothers, by reason at homernment grants, are
Our American ally has not fallen behind, and in fact, has gone so far as to institute

## Babyhood

## What is the

 about?Very wonderful things, no doubt;

Unwritten history! Unfathomed mystery Yet he laughs and cries and eats and drinks,
nd chuckles and crows, and nods and winks,
As if his head were as full of And curio sphinx!
dies as an J. G. Holland.
government investigations in various cities, to learn why their infant death rates are so high, why certain diseases are so prevalent, and what are the best methods to be followed in improving conditions. So intense is the interest in the welfare of children, that a nation-wide association has been formed, through whose efforts the death rates in certain localities have been reduced 50 per cent.

## Canada's Part

CANADA has done something for the cause too, probably even more than the meagre vital statistics given us, would indicate. Montreal has established a splendid system of milk distribution; Ottawa has a staff of visiting nurses working under the supervision of the local Board of Health; Winnipeg and Calgary are doing excellent work. Hamilton has gone even further , and is a striking example of the results that could be effected if the whole of Canada were roused to action. This city has formed an association for Better Babies, which is maintained by private support and which last summer induced the Provincial Board of Health, to make a survey of the Hamilton babies, such as has been made by the Federal Bureau at Washington.
But with the larger cities, Child Welfare work ends. We have no Federal Bureau, and only one or two Provincial Governments-the Ontario Board of Health being a very potent factor-are interested, in the movement. In Ontario alone, 1 in every 10 children dies before reaching its first birthday. This rate, for ? young country, is high, particularly so when every life is a necessity, as in these times.
Certain definite measures must be taken, if Child Welfare work is to have any far-reaching effects in the Dominion of Canada.

1. The law providing for the registration of births, should be enforced, that a basis may be laid for the formation of intelligent plans.
2. The establishment of the system of MOTHERS' PENSIONS throughout the country, should be recognized as the prime factor in keeping together the mother and her child.
3. Public Health nursing for prospective and nursing mothers and for children before and during school years, should be extended to the smaller towns, and to the rural and isolated districts.
4. The training of voluntary nurses, to take the places of our public health doctors and nurses now at the front, should be regarded as an absolute ne cessity.
5. Child Welfare activities should strive for correlation, since success results only through united effort.

In conclusion, let Canada show an increased solicitude for the lives and welfare of its children.

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34 Everywoman's World For Janu

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C.W.Lindsayl

## In the Realm of Boolss

Whaty what in the Newest Iiterature

## The Amateur Diplomat By Hugh S. Eayrs and T. R. Costain. Hodder \& Stoughton Price, $\$ 1.25$.

THE Amateur Diplomat" is the story in of a young Canadian, Don Fenton, not get to England to enlist, but he wants not get to Enland to enist, but he wants
to do his bit. He chooses the thing nearest and seeing the importance of Ironia, a Balkan country, becoming one of the Allies, he works to that end. But the "white passion of statesmanship" soon involves him with the red one of
love, the lady of his desire being no less love, the lady of his desire being no less
than Princess Olga, heiress to the throne than Princess Olga, heiress to the throne
of Ironia. How Fenton secures Ironia to the Allies and Olga to himself after her renunciation of her murdered father's crown, is woven into a most thrilling story of intrigue and adventure. The
authors are two young Canadians who have long had a distinct following who Canada, and their story pulsates with interest from the first page to the last The "Amateur Diplomat" is about the breeziest and most exciting romance of ove and politics that has appeared since Canada has been at war.

## More Letters from Biily

By the Author of "A Sunny Subaltern." McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart. Price, $\$ 1.00$.
THOSE who have read the author's former volume, "A Sunny, Subaltern o persuasion to invest in its sequel "More Letters from Billy." This lates instalment of breezy epistles from the frank, stout-hearted Canadian boy, whon many of us have learned to know and ike, is equipped with a short preface written by "Billy's Mother" thanking the readers of the earlier work for their kindness and appreciation. The letter themselves are natural and spontaneous boyishly expressed and full of the "slang fnd army, but they tell a tale of patien would be well for many of that homes to read and ponder over.

## The Shell

## By A. C. Stewart. William Briggs.

IN this little volume of verse dedicated to "the chivalrous sons of Canada; to the native born and his foster brother, and Vimy wrote wis from the battlefield of Vimy wrote his mother that he had borne hast dozen songs, the majority of which concern themselves with various phases of the war. In the short prefatory note which Mr. Stewart has affixed to the booklet, he claims no "attention on any basis save its fragmentary consonance with the wreckage of the great war." While not pretending to any great artistry, these verses have a gallant swing and movement about them which makes them

## How Could You, Jean?

By Eleanor Hoyt Brainerd Musson Book Co., Limited. Price, $\$ 1.35$.

IN Eleanor Hoyt Brainerd's own inimitable style she has told the story of a "cook lady" who became metamorphosed, in the process of which she became attached, permanently to one Teddy Burton, a genial-oh, well, why unravel the tale
It is one well worth the reading

## More Power to You

By Bruce Barton.
The Century Co
$\mathrm{M}^{\mathrm{R} \text {. BARTON, the well-known edito }}$ and author, expresses his belief through "More Power to You," that one of the greatest forces for righteousness is nothing more or less than the onc maligned business, and he backs thi elief up b, weighty arguments. The book constitutes wise advice to youn,
women and men who would "make good."

## The Next-of-Kin By Nellie L. McClung Thomas Allen Price, $\$ 1.25$.

$I^{T}$ has only to be announced that Nellie
to assure a wide reading. Whatever may be said in, favor of, or contrary to ways good and wholesome. The are a and sketches in "The Next of Kin" sive a remarkably clear and interesting revel: tion of public feeling in typical towns and country communities throughout Canada show with telling effect how Canadian


Mr. HUGH S. EAYRS, who, with Mr. T. B -a gripping tale of love and war.
women and men are doing their bit to win the war, and outline their plans for safer and better social organization here
after.

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SUDDEN JIM merited his title. He found himself called upon to manage a factory turned over to him by his and it to him. Through sheer necessity he developed his own business methodi which became so unusual, so sudden that they kept his friends and enemies in constant state of uncertainty and ex pectation. Later he proved how sudden his love was. The story is a trifle un usual, and most entertaining.

## Crumps

By Louis Keene
Thomas Allen.
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$\mathrm{C}^{\text {APTAIN LOUIS KEENE, the }}$ Can breezy freshness the training and fith with of the Canadian army and the light hearted courage with which the light mocked death on the Ypres salient. Thav vividness of his descriptions is reinforce by a series of striking sketches that a graphic impression of life in the trenches dug-outs and machine-gun emplacement of the Western Front.

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## On the Fringe of the Great Fight By Col. Geo. G. Nasmith, C.M.G McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart.

C OL. NASMITH'S
narrative ve conIts gravity is lite a remarkable book its technicality supported by thrilling he Mesical He Toronto First Contingent went to England with the and an expert as adviser in sanitation, later, in France on water purification Canadian Mobile he had charge of the was carried on for always just in on for eighteen months the firing line"-and his on the fringe of with description and informatis packed unusual character. It gives the reader an insight into what goes on behind the lines, and the means employed to maintain the health and efficiency of the frield. In and Canadian soldiers in the Col. Nasmith In regnition of his services as a C.M.G. was decorated by the King

## The First Canadians in France

By F. McKelvey Bell.
McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart. Price, $\$ 1: 35$
$\mathrm{M}^{\text {R. F. McKELVEY BELL, in his }}$ in the Chronicle of Military Hospital work France," has given "The First Canadians in readable account of the establisting and the first Canadian hospital in France and the happenings attendant thereon He has much praise for the heroism and self Of the Can the Army Medical Corps. "No adequaten nurses he says
of the trainede description can be given is one of the marse at the front. She industrious marvels of the war. Patient brave, she has robtul, self-sacrificing and horrors. She has mar of much of it soldier feel that a made the wounde ove and a clever wran', a mother' cim wherever he roes Hill heered his lagging day; her stle touch has soothed his pain and the warm sympathy of her kindly heart has made the foreign land a home. Under stres ul of self, nervous strain, ever forgetno truer or always thoughtful of others ever left the shores band of gentle women

Stokes' Wonder Book of Fairy

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W ITH the best of the old fairy tales and the newest of the new, a most The illustrationstion has been, effected Elizabeth Curtis Frorence Choate and whole is attractively charming. The book has been made 'treasureable," in een sense. Best of all, the type ha been chosen with great care type ha o little readear, that it offers no strain

> Verses of Idle Hours By O. Chester Brodhay. Frederick C. Browne. Price, $\$ 1.00$.

SIMPLE, unaffer
therse-wholly free fritle stories in the war-restful and rom reference to one poem- "The Invisible Are", is wrought suggestive of the havoc being fully be in europe. The book is beanti welcome addition to and gold, and is a

The Eyes of the Army and Navy
By Lieut. A. H. Munday, R.N. Musson Book Co., Limited
T HIS is a comprehensive though sim text book of aerial navigation in all won his laurels with Munday, who has was, prior to the war the R. N.A.S. newspaper man. Following service on wounded ern front in which he was wounded, he was invalided back to he compiled leave, during which period from itsiled this book. Altogether apart it invaluable to thechnique which makes with interest for the student, it is replete (Continued on Page

## TME TMPPORANCE OF MOUNT FTYGTENT

Unsamitary Mouth Conditions Causes More Physical Deterioration Than is Produced by Alcohol

T$\rightarrow \mathrm{HE}$ influence of dental diseases upon the general health, because of the seases produce in the mouth, is much more disastrous than has been generally understood, though their effects are becoming more clear with increasing knowledge. There has long been a disposition to regard the mouth and its condition as of no consequence in its relation gateway of nutrition: the avenue through which must pass all food upon which the nourishmust pass all food upon which the nande of health depends. Pure food laws are right and should be enforced, but a clean mouth is an equally important factor in the conservation of the national health. Regarding the importance
hygiene, Dr. Wm. Osler says: There is not any one single tange of more important in the whole range or
hygiene, than the hygiene of the mouth. hygiene, than the hygiene ore ther more physical deterioration was produced unhesitatingly say defective teeth."
Dr. Wm. Hunter, of London, makes this statement regarding the effects of unsanitary mouths:
"I desire to point out how common a cause of disease it is, how grave are its effects, how constantly remarkably beneficial effects can be got from its removal."
CONCERNING the influence of such Conditions upon the nose, throat and lungs, Dr. Wadsworth says:

## The Magpiegs Nest

Maddie will to stay and see the babies? Maddie will absolutely howl the roo,"
you've been and gone." you've been and gone.
"All right, if you can stand me a little longer." She smiled at that; he put his hat down. "They ought to be back soon. Madeline was an imp and a darling, and reciprocated with enthusiasm was evireciprocated when a moment later her nurse brought her in, bright-eyed and strong, with flying curls, fresh screamed in a delighted treble, hurling herself at delighted "treble, huring legs, "tackling low," as put it "His legs, "tackling is me. What've you dot for me." "Little pig," he said, tossing her to his shoulder. "Got a kiss-tied with a pinribbon. Hello, sonny; how's tricks? Grace's boy, who was two years older than Madeline, came forward more gravely, but even so rather boisterous. They swarmed over him, ruffling his bright hair, going through his pockets-and getting their hands gently slapped for it, whe with Madeline pouted and looked at a roguish side-glance. Mrs. Sturtevane
watching him carry Madeline on one watching him carry Mas silent, her face
strong arm to a sofa, was strong arm to a soa, was she had always singularly immobile. been a trifle afraid to classify her emotions when she saw him with her children another man's children-in his arms.
"You spoil them, Nick," she said at last, still a little sharply.
"Get out-I spank them more than you spoil 'em; you simply send them out of your sight when they misbehave-and then they go on misbehaving where you can't see them. Maddie, isn't your mummy a naughty girl?"
"I love my mummy," said Madeline, with sudden grave loyalty. "I am a naughty girl. Yesterday-I stealed a little cake." She looked so pensively proud of her own wickedn
Mrs. Sturtevant laughed.
"Then," said Carter, "I shall have to bring you a little cake, so you won't need to steal one. Now I must go." Madeline promises of an early return. "Y," said Mrs. Sturtevant.
"I've an engagement for dinner," answered Carter, and hoped later that it might happen to be true.
Mrs. Sturtevant shrugged her , slim
"From the hygienic standpoint the secretions of the mouth constitute the chief, if not the only source of respiratory infections, and the infectious material is, in some cases through the air, as from sneezing or coughing, and to an even more serious extent by personal contact, or by the use in common of the various accessories of life.
As it is the child who is most susceptible to decay of the teeth, with consequent unclean mouth, so it is the child who is the greatest sufferer, especially as it affects his growth and development
Concerning its effect in relation to in-
fectious disease, Dr. Henry C. Langfectious dise
worthy says:
"A foul mouth and decaying teeth, particularly in children, decidedly increase the chances of catching such contagious diseases as scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles and tuberculosis. A clean mouth from gaining a foothold in the body." from gaining a foothold in the In brief, dental diseases of whatever nature, alwoys. But they mean more than this, and this is the important thing to be remembered; they are the cause of other and more serious conditions, such as digestive disorders, anaemia, malnutrition, septic poisoning, neuralgia, etc., and predisposition to such other diseases as diphtheria, tuberculosis, and pneumonia, as well as the infectious diseases of
several.

He was gone. Maddie came and climbed up on her lap, unnoticed, and presently put her arms about her mother's neck. "Mummy sick?" she asked sorrowfully. Mrs. Sturtevant started
"Yes, "dear," she said, as if with an effort. "Mummy's head aches. Run away to nursie."
So, left quite alone, she sat very straight and still, trying to question herself closely, looking at her own heart, out of a certain natural pride in her honesty with herself. How long had she cared for Nick like this? But she could not positively remember; not even when she had been aware of it first, for it seemed to her now that she must have cared for him longer than she had known. Only, having always had herself schooled to exquisite restraint, she kept her emotions far below the surface-it was a family tradition with her people, the Camberwells, to be "sen-
sible"-and aided by her sense of possession of him, which another family tradition, that of loyalty, insensibly translated by her into a secure personal ownership, ignorance had not been difficult. Jealousy had been needed to shock the truth to the surface. Once he had been reported engaged to another woman-a false report, but before she knew it false she had hated that other woman utterly. And then she knew, though very slowly had she acknowledged
it. But he would never know. Unless he sought the knowledge. She set her ing, small teeth.
There was something hopeless about not even being able to remember when it had begun. It made the end look equally uncertain.
She went to the old, dim, gilt-framed mirror at the far end of the drawingroom, and studied herself for a long time, and turned away with a bitter pride in the fact that nothing in her face betrayed her. And fair? Other men had thought so. There is no woman who is not beautiful to her own eye in the light of the one man's praise; nor one who is not despoiled of all the usufruct of beauty if he prove blind.
In the meantime, her cousin was ringing Hope's doorbell-or at least, her landlady's doorbell-in a pitiable state of incertitude as to what he should say if he found Hope at home. By the time the door opened he quite hoped she would not be at home.

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handy in every home, to use handy in every home, to use at the first sign of a cough during the night Any druggi
$21 / 2$ ounces of Pinex $\begin{aligned} & \text { supply you with } \\ & \text { Pour this } \\ & \text { ( } 50 \\ & \text { cents worth) }\end{aligned}$ Pour this into a 16 -oz, bottle worth). the bottle with plain granulated sugar and you have 16 ounces of the most effective remedy you ever used. most This quick, lasting relief you get from this excellent cough syrup will really
surprise you. It promptly heals the in flamed membranes that line the throat and air passages, stops the annoying thraat tickle, loosens the phlegm, ang soon your cough stops entirely. Splencough and bronchial asthma. pound of Norway pine extract, and is effect on the memibranes. its healing " To avoid disappointment ask for A guarantee of absolute anything else. money promptly refunded goes with ronto, Ont.


Canadian As Their Thakri-clad Sons Overseas See Them

WHEN God saw that the world He had made needed mothering He did not try to fill the need by domesticating an angel from the Shining Camp, He made a woman. And, perfectly or imperfectly, according to her lights (and her opportunities) she has gone on mothering the world ever since.

Right here some pessimistic person may remind himself-and me, that she made trouble at the start by stirring things up and has gone on stirring things up ever since, but in return we ask: "What would this old world be to-day without her?"
Do we seem boastful? Let us explain our extra enthusiasm. One of our nurses who went overseas two years ago was allowed to come home at Christmas to rest up, and, incidentally, display the decoration pinned on her breast by King George,-the decoration won by her own fortitude and bravery. The things she told us of our boys broke our hearts with mingled pain and pride.
"And back of these splendid fellows are their splendid mothers," she exclaimed, sitting there in the fire-lighted livingroom of the old manse,- the home of her childhood and girlhood, the home from which she went forth to a life of danger, and what, perhaps, is harder to face, unceasing grind, work and care-with a few of us clustered about her.
"I only wish they could know-the mothers-how high a place they hold in the hearts of those big boys of theirs. One incident made a lasting impression on me. It was after the battle of $\longrightarrow$ and I had a score of these same boys under my immediate care. It was good to note how cleanly of habit and of speech they were. Their poor bodies were more or less maimed, torn, and shattered, but their spirits seemed to hold fast to indomitable daring, wholesomeness and youth. Even the horrors of war failed to age them. They were just boys, and, as boys will, when far away, they talked of home and of Beth and Bill as the days wore on.
"Do you know, almost everyone of them had a way of saying when thanking us nurses for any special kindness, from dressing a wound to helping write a love letter. 'I wish you, knew my mother.' 'Indeed, I'd love to know her!' We'd answer back in all sincerity, and the bond was formed.
"One day there was quite a discussion among the convalescents. It grew so warm I was called in as a sort of arbitrator. 'He says,' explained a Nova Scotian pointing a shaky finger of the one hand left to him at a much bandaged young Frenchman, 'the mothers of his country are the best in the world, and we know better. Canadian mothers are the cream! Three cheers for Canadian mothers, God bless them.'
'Lie right down, both of you,' I told them sternly. 'Do you want to waste all the work we've had getting you as well as you are?' The Frenchman subsided with dispatch, too chivalrous to disobey a woman, but my Nova Scotian persisted:
'Tell him how fine they are,' he pleaded of me boyishly. 'Other mothers may be all right, but ours-ours,' his voice was shaky, 'have a something about 'em no other mothers have.
"When men are weak of body emotion
redemption." He, or she, is certainly a individual who should not be teaching the young idea how to shoot, Think of the fun missed! and the wisdom-none of your acquired, cut and dried article, but the fresh, spontaneous kind found only in children!
"They are the joy of my life those daring, darling youngsters who throw scraps of outrageous information at one as carelessly as they throw a ball in the playground," was how one teacher put it, dimpling as she spoke. "Think of my prize pupil, the daughter of an eminent divine, ending up her composition-a glowing pen picture of the red man in his native state-with the embarrassing as. sertion:
"But gone is his greatness and his glory,-the poor North American Indian has got civilized and converted."
You begin on the examination papers listlessly. Stupid enough some of them -but wait. On a sudden you wake up, and you wake up laughing. How up, you help it when in response "w can the first person singular"" to "Define bold characters of a cert you see in the she had no clothes to certain boy? "Eve, she had no clothes to wear and no other women to talk to, or about." And from some sweet faced girl who has chosen the

## Iaura Secord

## I search the pages of our history over

 For a courageous one, whose name shall standFor staunchest patriot and for truest lover, And prove the same by deed done for the Land.
My heart beats high, for 'tis a woman bears it,
You'll find it, marble carved, on Laura Secord's grave,
And every true Canadian woman shares it, The right to stand for what is grand and brave.

Jean Blewett. br
breaks them easily. A mere boy on the someone to wh mper, down the l.ne growled a lad from Hamilton, Ont 'St 'Nough's a feast of all that sentiment, "It grew very still in the ward, and by and by, I slipped away. From the door I looked back. The Frenchman had reached over near enough to touch the other's empty sleeve. 'Comrade mine,' he was saying earnestly, 'I know ze Canadienne mammas are grand; by ze sons they send us I know.' The argument was ended for good.'
"Our mothers have a something about em no other mothers have!" The tribute straight from one lad's heart makes an echo in the hearts of all. "Canadian. mothers, God bless them!'"

## Don't Ridicule Childreen

T is Stephen Leacock, I think, who defines the school teacher who cannot laugh at the absurd answers given to his questions by pupils as "a person pas


## U

## Peculiarities of Iittle Follss as viewed by Mothers

"It canesome subject of Capital Punishment: "It can't be nice to hang a man. They have a kinder way in the States-elocution." No satire intended, just the state-
ment of a fact ment of a fact.
Oh, they are funny little mortals these school children! The other day we had a visitor who read a chapter aloud, and then questioned the pupils concerning its contents. He was a very solemn man, and the youngsters were solemn too, "What is meanted to put the query: "What is meant by a Job's Comforter?" to a lad who had been paying scant attention. "Please sir,"" came the answer with an engaging smile, "it's a thing for Then evaryone inclun't know no better." way to mirth, including the visitor gave No mirth.
No wonder anyone too much of a laugh of purge such delicious efforts a ridicule, is, to enjoyment, untouched by "A person past redemption", Leacock,

## A Protest Against "Don'ts"

 NLESS you have lived when young ill not be familiar or country-town you "hanging on beb-sliar with the pastime of tell you that it is sleighs," but when we and dangerous yo exciting, exhilarating, popularity. No sooner it once realize its there is a wild is school out than a wilder scrambsh for the street with its big horses tossing their heads at all the clamor, making the bells which circle their necks sing the maddest gladdestsong you er song you ever heard;
> "Come along! they sing, with a
> jing a-ling, a-ling,
> "Come along! come along! come
along!"

And with shout and laughter the invitation is accepted. The
kindly driver kindly driver might be the pied
piper so tumult children follow him do the children follow him and his music. It is great fun, there is
no denyinn it no denying it. When I took six year-old Paul "back home"
on a visit last the sleigh ridinter he caught thing. His heart fever first thing. His heart was bold, He was in a wreck most of the time, and to attempt any mjury we forbade him signs of rebellion, but we it. He showed don't mind getting we stood firm. "I We told him he was ourte," he pleaded. we loved him too much our little boy, and into danger. " much to allow him to rum sleighs, and he's awful yrown hangs on "Poor Bertie is an young," he argued. gently, "he has an orphan," we said papa to see has no kind mamma or danger. You wouldn't doesn't run into orphan, would you?"" like to be an flashed into his bou? A speculative look dently measuring upn eyes, he was evicareer free from " the advantages of a mind one bit being an "I wouldn't awhile," he answered with orphan-for (and conviction) answered with the candor

SA Statesman's Opinion

Sare certainly publishind: "You
magazine for Canashing a fine Thanks, sir George! 125,000 homes." women agree with 125,000 Canadian more are seeing thou and more and By the way, don't forget every day. card asking us to torget to drop a tion when it expires your subscrip-

## The Great Movie Mystery!



Here's a Problem that Kept an Entire Audience Puzzled a Whole Evening. Can You Solve It?
IT'S so interesting that you will get an hour's stimulating mental took the names of the players and so mixed up the letters in each name that exercise from it and no end of amusement. You see the ownce film was flashed on the screen en you see above. Time and time again this of this particular Movie Theatre was very proud of the excellent character of the plays he produced and each night would fasn on his pictures. But on this particular players who would soon te appearing little joke on his audience, film was flashed on the screen only to be demanded back. Many of the If you are not frying to solve the mysterious names. Can you help them? actors and actresses the list below names of the best known moving picture
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| ize, \$75.00; 5th Pri |
| ( ${ }^{\text {6th }}$ Prize, $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 . 0 0 ; ~ 7 t h ~ P r i z e , ~}$ |
| Prize, $\$ 10.00$; 10th Prize, $\$ 10.00$; |
| Prize, \$1 |
| \$10.00; 13th Prize, $\$ 5.00$; 14th |
| Prize, \$5.00; 15th Prize, \$5.00; |
| 16th Prize, $\$ 5.00$; 17th Prize, |
| 10; 18th Prize, $\$ 5.00$; 19th |
| ze, $\$ 3.00$; 20th Prize, $\$ 3.00$; |
| 00; 23rd Prize, $\$ 3.00$; ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 24th |
| \% ${ }^{23 \mathrm{ra}}$ |
| Prize, $\$ 3.00$; and 25 extra Cash |
| Prizes of $\$ 1.00$ each. |



> CAN YOU NAME THE MOST POPULAR MOVIE STARS

PROBABLY you know the names of most of the famous playerskow but the names of motest of your memory we mention belom

Charitic Chastin, Hazzel Dawn, Francis. X . Bush.
 Ward, Max Liarke, Clara Kimintin Farnum, Young. Fance Brady,
Theda Bara, Witton Laclaye Haeda Bara, Witton Lackaye, Douglas Fair-
banks, Blanche Sweet, Julia Sanderson, Marie Doro, Pauline Frederick, Robert Warwick, Anita
Stewart, Olla Stewart, Olga Petrova, Norma Tallaga, Lou
Tellegan, George Beban, Annette Kellerman
Mary Piclford Mary Pickford, Lillian Walker, Mabel Normand,
Fearl White,

All the puzzle names can be re-arranged to spell So sharpen your pencil, put on your thrinking cap
and when you think you have the right names,

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without this lamp." without this lamp.
The air carrying the
Tith every breath, makes breathing easy and
relieves the congestion relieves the congestion, assuring rest eal nil and
It is called a boon by Asthma sufferers. It is called a boon by Asthma sufferers.
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$\boldsymbol{F}_{\text {for adme first application by a girl, }}^{\mathrm{ROM}}$ the banking profession, matrimony has been the nigger in the wood-pile, which has made banking officials dubious about admitting the feasibility of allowing women to
But while in the positions.
But while in the past, this considera-
tions has restricted women, and has dampened the ement for of the powers that be it the enthusiasm the same importance in the future The name importance in the future. young widows and bachelor girls seeking some form of intelligent occupa-
tion, displaces the tion, displaces the
most telling argument against fair promotion in this profession.
The splendid response which the men of our Canadian banks, bondhouses and insur-
ance business have ance business have
made to the Emmade to the Em-
pire's call has depleted the staffs of such organizations from fifty to seven-ty-five per cent.
The attitude of these institutions, under very difficult conditions, h a
been wholly admir able. They have encouraged the en-
listment of their listment of their
men and have en men and have en-
rolled in their rolled in their
places inexperienc ped girls, and boys under military age. Many of the banks have not enough senior officers to place one at the head of each branch.
Moreover, the volume of business in the banks is increasing and the successive war-loan is a serious prob-
lem. It really needs lem. It really needs

the services of more | $\begin{array}{l}\text { the services of more } \\ \text { experienced men }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | experienced men

than the banks are than the banks are
in a position to proin a p
vide.
The real progress of women in banking life will depend, on the attitude which they themselves assume. The girl who enters a bank because it has required of her no specialized trainng and is therefore to be regarded as an pin money will
the promotion list climb far on eithe Neither will the me pay-rol
Neither will the maiden who is thrilled momentarily by the idea of "releasing a more essential these days than that women should recognize the necessity for doing just this thing-but they must realize that the responsibilities they are assuming are not to be measured by whims and passing enthusiasms. They call for steady, trustworthy service as ong as the need for such reliet-work exists. But for the girl with ambition, with a good education, a training that has in tilled ind her the capacity for concentraopening in the financial world that can is be gauged at this juncture Reliability stedins,
learn and retain the knowled ability to amount of detail, and a clear, logical head for the tenets of good business practice these are the essentials that will enable her to fill competently the positions of accountant, or even to be manager of a deposit branch bank. It does look, to-
day, as though, contrary to the expecta tion of any banker in the country, a few years ago, there would very shortly be a women in the banking world place, for opening, it will depend, first, last and always, on each girl's own ability to conscientiously qualify herself for this new Won Women have, to some extent, filled acceptably the vacancies left by the me who have enlisted, but according to the assistant gener al manager of one

One Notable Success

$A$GIRL of twenty-two, recently graduated from the niversity, was paying a pleasantly indolent visit to Boston. She had just managed to forget that lecture hours and examinations had ever enslaved the aspiring Bachelor of Arts, when along came an imperative but non-committal wire from her grandfather, the vice-president of one of Canada's large financial institutions.
Before she had fairly caught her breath after her arrival at home, the girl found herself understudying the Teller at Head Office, for he had signed up and would join the colors in month.
By the time he left, this girl who had never viewed any but the customer side of a banking house, was a trustworthy teller. Application, dependability and the best of her mind for her problems-these were the reasons of her success.
Other girls have joined her and the vice-president of the company, known as one of the country's most conservative financial men, declares unreservedly that business offers no better field for women than banking.

This authority states that he has found girls to be more reliable, more thorough and more patient than the boys that had previously filled all junior posts, and looks for the not distant day when women will be found in many positions of responsibility in Canada's financial institutions. banks, they are still viewed in the light So far, the tryout has proven sucfilled the need of the moment, which has not involved
anything more radical than the plac ing of girls in the more or less minor posts such as those savings ledgers and of a few tellers.

The Possibilities in View
$\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{T}}$ is still a matter of debate as to the whomen on realized have significance true banking opportunities. It conceded by erally conceded by
most authorities that a qualified woman is eligible for almost any po
tion in a bank. Already, have risen to be
teller - account -that is, girl tellers have as girl tellers many of the dued hitherto assigned to the accountant and the rest-the supervisory parts, es-pecially-have reverted to the mangeneral manager o one of our largest banks, says that girls have attained o much more im portant posts, al ready, than the average account In fact, one bank which has a larg branches has been onsidering the ossibilities of a new policy which would confine that portion of their business relative to loans, to four or ly of their branches judicious only a deposit bughout the city and do only a deposit business in the remaining sued, there is absolutely no reason why a woman, technically efficient, should not be competent to manage one of the latter branches.
In order to attain such a degree of efficiency, the student in banking will find no speedier aid to the necessary office experience, than the banking course offered by Queen's University.
Tuition in the provides correspondence Shaw in the Fellow's course and the Shaw Correspondence School takes charge
of the Associate's Course,each maintaining of the Associate s Course,each maintaining
a staff of recognized experts.
It is not generally anticipated by banking authorities that returned soldiers are going to be attracted by the apparently inshould time show such a prediction to be should time show such a prediction to be ment of the banking business augurs well for the permanency of its female staff.

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 compolet cure. of shaw View, Firter, whonse home homis
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## *

In The Realm of Books CONTINUED FROM PAGE 34 A Hillside Christmas By Ethel Penman Hope. McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart. $\mathrm{M}^{\text {RS. HOPE'S }}$ little pamphlet, "A Hillside Christmas," is Caintily
bound in grey paper, with a Christmas bound in grey paper, with a Christmas
vignette upon the cover. It is a simple story of a war-time Christmas spent by one of the many mothers left at home, who face with aching hearts the suspense and uncertainty which are, perhaps, as hard to fight against as the more material sufferings of the men at the front. "Neighbour Goode's" troubles are sympathetically portrayed and the booklet ends with the tale of how the Christmas message came to her, bringing with it hope and are at the front should read this tale with interest.

The Book of Holidays
By J. W. McSpadden.
Thos. Y. Crowell Co. Price, $\$ 1.25$.
WHAT is a holiday? As a matter of knommon practice, it is simply a day knocked off from work-accepted with little thought as to what it stands for. In "The Book of Holidays." Mr. J. Walker McSpadden sets forth for us in chatty and interesting fashion the what and why of these days. He tells of New Year's Day and of the nations that have celebrated it and the manner of that celebration; of Lincoln's Birthday, dear to every American heart; of St. Valentine's Day, and of the good Bishop, the patron of lovers. These and many morelling commemorates in simple story-teling form. The book contains a citun and will appeal to older as well as to younger readers. Appropriate poems are quoted for each holiday and there are numerous illustrations. As the author says in his Preface, much of this material, while formerly available, was in widely scattered sources. To bring it into the covers of one volume is therefore a public service. This is a book that may be profitably added to any reading shelf.

## The New Joan

By Katherine Hale.
McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart.
A DMIRERS of Katherine Hale's poetry $\mathrm{A}_{\text {will find in this little booklet, "The }}$ New Joan" with its artistic cover of crimson and gold, no decline from the level of her former work. There are some dozen poems included in the present volume, of which the well known forms Knitting is one, although it now heada part of the title poem, under the of the others On the Battlefied. , work-in the home, on the land and elsewhere-though there, is a Christmas Song for soldiers. In her brief foreword, Katherine Hale says, "These songs are bound in crimson for that is the color of courage; and in gold which signifies the strength and joy of life which is work.

## Poems

By Alfred Gordon Musson Book Co., Limited.
$\mathrm{M}^{\mathrm{R} \text {. ALFRED GORDON in these }}$ in poems shows a sense of style rare spicu young a man, but his verse is conityously lacking in warmth and humanhis. Mr. Gordon, as acknowledged by that sch preface, is strongly insuenced Arthur Ransome Arthur Ransome and Arthur Symon of his work is lhat of an earlier and more artificial school. In the two fine odes which appear on pages 4 and 8 of this volume respectively, however, he shows a mastery over "the stately march, the long resounding line," not often found in our modern poets. If Mr. Gordon can import into his future work, a little more of the "veined humanity" which the present volume lacks, he has a promising future before him

## Other Books Received

Inspirations and Ideals-By Grenville Kreisler-Funk \& Wagnals Co. Price $\$ 1.00$.
Clive Prom a Young Man's Land-By Price, $\$ 1.50$
The Heart's Kingdom-Maria Thompson Daviess-Reilly \& Britton. Price,
The Mask-Florence Irwin-McClelland, Goodchild \& Stewart. Price, \$1.40. America At War-Prof. W. F. Osborne $\$$ Musson Book Co., Limited.


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## 

## The Canadian Nursing Sister

And the Cheer She Radiates in Holiday Season Abroad

## By MILDRED LOW

T$T \mathrm{HE}$ Canadian Nursing Sister is a disnot just what point of view she mow present when she comes back to a well. earned and generally all-too-brief rest at home. But whatever differences we may
notice in one from another in notice in one from another in their way
of looking at things, they are all alike endowed with one special quality
rraceulul modesty with regard to the work they have been doing. Tm sick unto death of having ever body talk to me as though 1 were a herio
and a martyr," remat wadrer of the natemy blue one sprightly
wroclaims the overt
phifrm that She had just returned to to Canada after a period of two and a half yearsa in ther
hospitals abroad, and, of course the being made much of and asked a thousand questions on the subject of her work.
Most enthusiastic she was, too, and full of information that was eagerly seized upon by her numerous listeners. Yet she infor her share
"Heroes and martyrs indeed! Why, we are not the ones that deserve those names. Keep them for the men. They time. We don't work a bit harder than we did at home-except now and again and we have heaps of fun when we are off
duty. And think of all we have seen and duty. And think of all we have seen and
the interesting experiences we have had 'I'm sure nobody ever called me a her when I was nursing here at home or down in NewYork-a lot of cranky old chronics matter with them. And that at all the deal harder. The men are as areat deal harder. The men are perfectly and lively as can be, and, of course jolly from the wounds, they are all in the best of health, so most of them feel all right as soon as they get fixed up in hospital and the wounds heal very quickly

Of course," added this typical
men of her class, with that characteristic idea of self-effacement, "I have been awfully lucky, as I have been in France much nicer there last two years, and it is much nicer there than in England, where you get more of the long tedious cases. expect to be placer in an English hospital when I go back, as I must take my turn All the girls want to get to France",

## Work of the V. A. D.'s

THEY do not all speak quite so cheer1 fully, as all have not the happy faculty of seeing and remembering only
the brightest side, but are haunted by the brightest side, but are haunted by
the memories of ghastly sights and dreadthe memories of ghastly sights and dread-
ful sounds that have been all too frequent ful sounds that have been all too frequent the case with the V. A. D. nurses, who
have not been innured by previous year have not been innured by previous years are unable to steel their hearts, even for their own good, against the piteous appeal presented by many ,of these poor "fragments from France
The V. A. D.'S from Canada have done splendid work. It is over a year since
the first lot was sent across, and in the first lot was sent across, and in all in the capacity of nurses. By the term V. A. D. is properly understood a quali fied member of a Joluntary Aid De tachment, St. John Ambulance Associa frequently used for any voluntergh it is while various interpretations have been put upon the strange letters by the unnitiated, from the "Very Damsels" of the gallant old general to the Virgins Almost Desperate" of the spite ful and jealous slacker.
In one group of ten of these certi-
ficated though amateur nurses, all did
well that they passed their first month their six monthe satisfactorily, and when were six months term was ended, they months, ex on again for another six fulfil a very pressing who came home to fulfil a very pressing engagement, and others were sent to France, to their great delight.
The holiday season spent far from home of the V. A. D.'s writing home after last Christmas gave a vivid account of the during the mappy ment that prevailed ing description of decorations, dinner and dances, of programmes and present and right good-will, made one feel that returned in full force in thate must have and sorrow such things as care and pain "Don't the nurse
someone remarkses have a good time!' and again it comes from the thoughtless arefull. For if you look the letter ove un was and read between the lines, the was no special good for the men. There except such as they found ine nurses, the details of the celebration arranging up the decorations, in providing the items or the programme, in serving the dinners, cheerfully with cripples, and in submitting Christmas to the penalty imposed at Christmas time by the sacred plant of
old.

## And Mistletoe

FOR there's mistletoe everywhere," aught-no "and one is always getting The men, you protesting? ing such a privilege, feel justified in claimoffered them repeatedly since the war
began

## But we think wount to lose you

was the constant cry in the music-hall tinually echoed the sentiment. And ther was distinctly he sentiment. And ther kiss on their return a promise of to make good, and some somebody ha mas-it falls to the Chmes at Chris sister, like many the lot of the nursin task she has to fulfil. Oh, yes, it is a ray a military hospital at Che a nurse has a if you follow this letter carefully you wil plum-ruds no mention of her turkey and What cold pom dinner. There was none eaten hurriedly off she got was.in reality table, that she off the corner of a kitchen to her patients might get back quickly them feel that and do her best to mak Merry Christmas had had a truly As for her own
she was much too busy and presents hough the thought busy to open them membered her and the pleasure in store or her when she could give her in store her attention kept a glow in her heart for day itself, she for the celebration of the even though she did enjoy it immensely, self to sleep for was tired, and cried herin her weary limbs Yet they will
jolly times. Which tell you they have out to say-the hich is just what I started of a nursing sister is pacity for disclaiming any wonderful cashe is doing. But someredit for what the it not hard to guess , we at home the pain and discomfort that lies behind the cheery accounts of their lives, behind entitled to thinking that they are quite heroines. 0 regarded in the light of

## Bumny-Club Competition Ior October <br> $T \begin{gathered}\text { HERE were a lot of answers to Uncle } \\ \text { Peter's Bunny Club Competition for }\end{gathered}$

There will be sixpetition for January: best six letters telling Unizes given for the Letters must Christmas."
findred words in not be more than one be awarded accordingth, and prizes will All letters must reach to age and merit. tenth day of February
Club should enclose fing to join the Bunny postages. A pretty badge is sent to ach new member. Be sure is sent to

## Fhe Clock and phe Pillar Bos

## ather! Fathe <br> All right, my lad," Mr. Bannister

 quite sure of it ye"Thank God!
. I heard something strike the house

I heard something sounded. Not hurt! - sure you're not hurt ? i I Mother's alright I beilieve... to death of course . . I'm going back to her. . . . What about the stables?" dully The stables?" "Most of these bombs are incendiary. Can you get out
I had my eyes!"
"That's all right, sonny," said Bannister "Tho had been picking himself up heavil "The College keeps up the insurance.

But the horses?"
Oh, ay," muttered Mr. Bannister, steadying himself. I'll run out and see." He made his way to the front doying as he went. Twilight had scarcely fallen, but the yard shone in another light and a strange one. It came from the south east corner where the door of a deserted building-it contained three e
boxes-had burst into a blaze.
"Nowhere near the stables." Mr. Bannister decided. . . ."Fire Brigade will be round presently and get the horses
out" . . a kind of paralysis held him. The fire showed the pavement, where the Somb had fallen, standing on edge like a ring of grave-stones. He cast a glance, out of dim remembered habits, up at the stable-clock.
There was no clock. The cupola stood there seemingly undamaged, but the clock had gone. This puzzled and annoyed him. Numbed in all his body, scarcely capable of locomotion, he yet found himself
wondering impatiently why no one came wondering impatiently why no one came
to help, why no one seemed in any hurry. to help, why no one seemed in ance up at the clock. . . . His gaze fell next on the entrance of the garage. Horrex was there, stooping low with his back a tire
to the flame, apparently examining a to the flame, apparently examining as if of his silly ambulance car, jost positively noteating the light as if it had been turned on to help the examination! Why was nothing doing? What had taken the police? The fire brigade? Even the postman was late on his round,
mysterious reason. ... mysterious reason.
As a matter of fact, the bomb had dropped less than three minute
and the postman was barely due.
$\mathrm{M}^{\mathrm{R}}$. BANNISTER found himself starshard had struck the edge of the case, wrenching it back, so that the sniall iron flap-door hung open, dangling by hinge, exposing the letters to view. ..
Mr. Bannister's brain began to work ane Mr . Bannister's brain began to workan it.
and now his muscles worked with and now his muscles worked with he
Yet it was still as in a dream that he Yet it was still as in a dream e pile of
stepped to the box, caught up the letters, abstracted the long legai-1. He one which Horrex crammed the rest back into
was turning to steal indors with his prize when a cry smote on his ears.
'Help here-somebody! Bannister if that's you-O in mercy!
It was Horrex's voice. Mr . Bannister opened a door on the left, a little way darkthe passage, flung the letter intepped forth
ness of the front parlor and stepp again-calmly to all appearance.
"What's the matter?" he hailed, and at that moment a couple of policemen ran in
man.
a
"It's my Jim, here $\ldots$ He's alive, but broken to pieces... And I can't lift him
"Steady!" shoken, I think.
Steady!" said the policeman, "We'll get him out from under this car, gently as we can, and then ring up an ambulance.
Here, Webster, hand me your lantern while I have a look: and then run and ring up the fire brigade and ambulance, misyour life. That fire yonder mas
"Ambulance?" shouted Horrex, fairly beside himself and frattic. "Ain't this an ambulance staring ye in the face. Lift him in -Oh, my boy! my hay," "All very well," said the sergeant, looking up from his inspection. His nace kindly., 'But who's to drive? it's out of ster can't. I can, a bit, but that fire's got under. There don't seem anybody, about . . . Are you the lad's father, sith a ob, "Leastways I was."
but breathing and none so thickly, either. If there was anyone to drive ye-But, as
it is, we'd best fetch up the regular ambulance. Constable-" "Stay a moment," rung in Horrex. My mechan arm here is as you see it. and my left arm here is as you see $\begin{aligned} & \text { It } \\ & \text { But lift my boy in and Irive my Jim }\end{aligned}$ to Guy's one-handed, I will.'
"No, you won't," said Mr. Bannister,
stepping forward. "I don't know the stepping forward. cramk and contraptions. But I see the halfbakeds that can steer em apparently; and by God, Horrex I can drive-or could, once on a time, eh? Lift the lad in, Sergeant. . . And you, Horrex, slip in beside me and tell me about the breaks and clutches. Ifl do the steering, and don't you interfere. hurt one."
arm to nurse your arm to nurse your will?" asked Horrex, eyeing him wan y.
"Why the devil not?" retorted Mr. Bannister.
"Boss,", stammered Horrex, "You're
"No I'm not," Mr. Bannister cut in. "I'm three parts a criminal, if you want to know . there, give me your sound hand and climb alongside. Now, if the others can lift the boy in? and-hullo! here's the postman!. . Give a swig on that forra'd crank, my son, and hire the
cattle up . . Ready? ... Then hey-to
Mr. Bannister being unhandy, the ambulance started with a wild forward leap, as a colt bounds from bridle. But he, who in days gone by could work a tandem through a Derby crowd wark not to be frooled boy could drive.
ten seconds he had the feel of the brute's mouth (as he put it) and the van after taking a fine round, for an the world as though it were approaching a nobleman s portico, fetched through the archway like an arrow.
"Sorry to shake you up like that," he found time to growl to Horrex. Fraid it hurt your arm a bit. .. Bun
must have outside, the police herded back a gathering crowd to give the van passage: and beyond, the road was City had long the asphalt smooth. traffic centrifugally since discharged its traffic centrifugally. But Mr. Bannister was in a mood to have welcomed difficulties of steerage. a he engine purred beneath his feet like a wild beast that knew its master;
master again he knew himself.
$A^{\text {BOUT three weeks later, a little before }}$ $\mathrm{A}_{\text {sunset, Mr. Horrex-discharged from }}$ hospital but stul carrying hisocunque Liv-splint-where his housekeeper, duly foreery; where his housekeper him. He did
warned, had supper ready for him not make straight for his own door, hownot make straving paused at the entrance for a survey of the enceinte, walked slowly across to Mr. Bannister, who stood smoking a pipe in his doorway, much as
so had stood on the evening of the he had
"Good evening," said Horrex.
"Good evening, Horrex." said Mr. Bannister. "Glad to see vou about again. How's Jim?" The enquiry was pitched in a hearty keo. weariness.
"Mending - mending steadily, thank the Lord. Those doctors timake a man of him yet
Upstairs, Dick's typewriter ran on ticking.

They'll never make a man of mine again," said Mr. Bannister gloomily.
Horrex was for changing the, subject. with a glance around -"and the pave ment relaid-new stable door-yes, and upon mace and working? How the dickens have you managed it, in the time?
"College sent down its Bursar," an swered Mr. Bannister, shortly and yet swerewhat shiftily. "But I don't mind telling you a funny thing about that clock. It was hale and hearty all the time. Some darned sparrow had built in the works, and when it fell and shook out the nest, III be shot in the and on start working again, there on the pave ment. The fireme
ing up for lost tim
"You don't say!" said Horrex. "Well, t's no more wonderful than other things.
"post?" "Just a souvenir," Mr. Bannister
"Just a souvenir," Mr Bannister
answered. "A bit of the blamed thing struck and sucked itself into the post, here, not just as I'm standing now. Just
take a hold on it and try to pull it out. .. just going to lett, it bide there-as I say-
"But-but I don't understand," said Horrex, looking around him helplessly... "One would say the old place hadn't
changed at all, or only for the better And the clock's going. . ..., Did you say hey sent the Bursar down
"They did, and he hustled things hip-shape."
"Well, that's queer," Horrex mused aloud. "I wrote him a letter-in point of fact I'd posted it that very evening, asking him to come down and survey.. Never an answer did I get, though mayb,
it was overlooked and is waiting for me." Horrex was turning to go.
"No, it isn't," confessed Bannister with an effort. meaning to get it off my chest
rotten hand at business as you pretty hot in my line -and-well, I'm thieving is not in my it over. That blessed pillar-box
get it
when I all askew, and the door hanging. Iwell as the saying goes, the temptation was to much for me.... I picked it out and, what's more, I opened it. What' more I kept it back and wrote one of my own in its place.... You see, there was
the door of the loose boxes blazing and I counted on the insurance money to tide me over. That's all. Now you have it, and can call me what you like!',
Horrex stepped back ta the edge of the kerb, stared at his old master and broke
into a laugh-yes into a laugh long and hearty.
"Boss," said he, "I remember well what was in that letter, but you ain't the only criminal as has suppressed part of this correspondence. You may remember being extra sharp that evening, and my picking a letter out of the heap and pocketing it? . . well, it was your letter,
addressed to you and stamped . I'm addressed to you and stamped wearing the same coat as I wore that evening. My left arm is not serviceable yet: but if you'll pick it out from the left pocket h her
Mr. Bannister obeyed, drew from out Horrex's left pocket a pile of letters, ound one stamped and addressed "Mr the seal and read:
"Mr. Bannister, Sir,
"It was my hopes in the old days that, some time, my son Jim might grow up and share as partner with yours In carrying on the business. Now, Sir, that all is wrong and I hear your brave lad practising all day to be a
clerk, and all for having served his lerk, and all for having served his Country, it aches my heart. I write this to say that I can't give up my opinions as to the future lying with motor traffic, if the same could hold wood and your son take over writin. would still be an honor to
"Yours respectfully
P. H. Horrex.
"And, father," said Dick, when he heard the news, "if it prospers, we'll put again, Whittington- that clock. Turn You can't think how friendly it sourds to a blind man, just hearing something ever fifteen minutes... But the difficulty will
be to find chauffeurs in these be to find chauffeurs in these times.
"Well, you may try me for a stop-gap," said Mr. Bannister., I rather like suit a man at my time of life.

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## IIfting True Sharowd

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 17)
ing ill-smelling drain at her fron $\hat{i}$ door
she would say "Well,
Set some bright a fow creepers and goow over it and then we fiowers to it is theres, Because sh
Because she would know it was there able to time, and she would not be satisfied sleep o nights until she ho. been washed and hat every corner had ed until thede scrubbed and cemest germ of dirt was no possibility of any through of dirt or disease wriggling tized heme her perfumed and saziAnd that
now, you mothers And hou have to do ters of Canada- and wives z - 1 sis broom and mada-you've just got to talke to work to mop, pail and soap and set is more you'ven things up, and what a cheerful sive got to set to work in dency to spirit, and without any ten-morbidity-for way to depression or kill effectually these two latter will you may hally at the outset any good bright, brave to achieve. Only a clear, steady, sanguine heart; only clear, steady, and even laughing eyeslaugh when we women can often breaking if our irrelevant hearts are our men if thereby we can hearten succesz?fully the able to accomplish ing at our fees.
paragraph from would like to quote a man prominent the writings of a woagainst social disease inis campaign

It is well theases
mined to know the women have detersystem," says the sores of our social book, "The Social Creighton in her Fight it"" "ond Disease and how to shielded from longer ask to be ful it may be Bledge however painmember the. But they need to reflesh, subjects as we are in the have their own concerning the flesh even an unwholesomlar perils, and their own. Those whe attraction of for purity Those who want to wcrk purity of their be careinul of the some truth in the own souls. The:e is ignorance of the old idea that the very womance of evil possessed by a good wom often had a purifying effect vith the men who came in contact With her. We must beware lest wi2askamed assertion, lest speech which has lost all reserve, destroy the power fich women should wish to preserve Whenking an atmosphere of purity When knowledge takes the placs of ignorance, and frank speaking th place of silence, it will he the way in which women use their knowledge the way in which they touch subjects on which formerly they were silent that will make for purity. were silent, to have an unconscious ini no this, the men with whom they come upon lact, they must keep coms in conthoughts pure. In keep theif own everything, to go everywhere to know everything, to go to play and discuss it to every dotiotfu women may often preely afterwards fusion in their often produce such con fusion in their own minds that their own rision of what is right may grow obscure and their power to help others to see straight and think clean
thoughts may be lost,"

This I think desct
the attitude in whiches very plainly enter upon this which women should is obvious that esent campaign. It upon the way it everything depends of at the outset, lest more and thought good may result from more harm than same writer gult from our efforts. The "As we learn on to say
and evil in the world ing of the sin and disease the world and the misery it is difficult at first in its track, whelmed with first not to be overBut women must bring and despair or hope into the long strugele spirit social evils, to dwell on the against we learn to disbelieve in evil till
will make us useless in ine good, Perhaps this seems a the struggle. before going into actur long preamble be divulged at a later date statistics to to me that some prer date, but it seems sary before entering uaration is necesforce a subject of upon what is percomplexity. It or some length and upon the spirit. very much depends

## MPiss Johnson's rillen

she was rich yet she was greedy, and she never gave. Evelyn only, was she an abject slave. It was as though she had been given a wonderful flower, in whose beauty and
perfume she took her highest delight, whose preservation was her sacred charge. "I must have water," said the flower, and Ellen got it. "I must," have light. . I must have shade. ..." Ellen found no task too heavy to procure it. Throughout the community she commanded respect; she was universally popular. Although' she was still called "Miss Johnsons Ellen,' there was more than one young
man who would have felt honored had man who would have felt honored in was She consented to share his name. changed; that she, was nothing but the menial, the waif, the uneducated atom plucked from a London Home.
But Ellen did not worry. To quote Miss Johnson, she had "a fine mind. She can forget more things than you can remember," boasted the spinster with one of her acid smiles, and the group of people laughed uneasily and felt sorry for a truth But Miss Johnson had told them. Ellen's
so big, they could not grasp it. so big, they could not grasp
ability to forget was the secret of her great happiness. She forgot all the unpleasant things and remembered the other ones. She had forgotten the morning when unable to express her joy in Canada, in her new home, her gloriously expanded life, unable to express this in routine,
she burst into a loud shrill song.," she Work, for the night is coming, sords. carrolled suiting her actions to her kitchen Suddenly Evelyn appeared in the kitchen
doorway. "What are you doing?" she demanded. What are faltered Ellen, "I'm praising God.
"Be good enough to praise him in the barn,", returned the older girl. like any kind of noise
No one ever presumed to correct Evelyn, and least of all, Miss Johnson. She never corrected any body. Scasm, but flayed them with her bitter saiece in an she sometimes looked at hough asking, "How far will your I wonder?" That was the look on her face when Ellen came downstairs after preparing the spare room, and the look she wore pretty consistently throughout the whole of Evelyn's visit. Toby's coming threw the house into a merry turmoil. He seemed th foup every nook and corner of it wirits
some gaiety and buoyant spirits.
He insisted the first night of his arrival He insisted the first night of hishes while upon helping Ellen wash in the garden and Evelyn was busy on the verandah with a Evelyn was busy on the veran he helped,
book. He talked more than hat him as but Ellen liked it. She looked at him ong she looked at Evelyn. with an enveloping radiance shining from her eyes.
"There, now, that's all, thank you," she said. "You just run along and is will come in a minute. Miss, Evelyn is all alone on the verandah." Althoug,", Toby had never been "Master Tobyy," Evelyn had always been
Toby lingered
What are you going to do?" he asked. "Set bread." That's not important. Besides, you are ungrammatical. You should say "seat bread." After you have" done it, then it is set. Come on,
She laughed and shook her head. He held
Then he began to tease her. He held things up so high that she could, he reach them and the ones she could, to whipped away just as she was abo toite
grasp them. Finally, Ellen stood quen grasp them. Finally, Elen stood Toby "Come on, like a good girl, and let the bread stand. I want youShe made a swift pass, touched him and left a dab of flour on his nose. Berore she could escape, he caught her tightly around the waist and held her to him. She struggled and the color flamed fast her cheeks. Her heart beat
and he could feel its thumpin died in his eyes, and o the atlen as though seeing something strange about her something he never knew existed. growing amazement possessed him, an "Ellen"" he stammered. "Why, Ellen .$"$ He released her and walked rapidly the kitchen.
$A_{\text {ND Ellen stood in the middle of the }}^{\text {Noor }}$ A floor staring after him, her hand
clutching at her throat, trouble in her
warm, brown eyes. "Oh, dear," she whispered. "Oh, dear me..." the preMiss Johnson approached the pre-
occupied young man who was trampling occupied young man who was
the flower beds and remarked,
the flower beds and remarked,
"We took considerable pains to make broad paths through the garden, this broad paths through the garden, this year, Granvine. to crush the nastur by the way, Evelyn ex-
tioning it. Oh, pects you to go motoring with her. She is waiting."
Toby was not an ideal companion on that drive. He was plainly abstracted, and made no attempt to amuse Evelyn Magrath, a fact which she soon began to resent., here, said aloud. "After all, Maplehere, she said auch to offer. It was all hurst has not we were children, but nowshe broke off to ask, "I say, Toby, have you noticed Ellen?
"How do you mean?" words. She has changed ... she has an air of complacency as though she owned the farm. She presumes and Aunt Frances spoils her." Toby smiled at the idea of Miss Johnson
Evelyn went on. Ellen, mark my words. "Does she want to get rid of her?"
asked Toby, quicklv.
"Oh, I don't know that she does this
an't minute, but these arrangements don't last forever. I must confess that Ellen has got on my nerves. thought outside the stupid arm.
"Fortunately for us, that thought in"Fortunately for," u, tharked Toby. cludes our comfort, remarker sighed Evelyn "Mere materia subject.
and changed ene suts "expect" a good Evely things of him during the next few many and when she did not, Miss Johnson devised some grotesque means for his amusement. "You and Evelyn had better take your lunch and molor over to the Grange, to-day, this morning getting "Ellen was up at hey must take their tea it ready. Or cascade by moonlight, or and see the cilly thing at an equally silly some othe hour. "Can't Ellen come,too?" Toby asked at last "It seems as though she had an of the fun."
"Oh mercy, no," Miss Johnson cried. II the first place three in Evelyn's car would be a crowd, and then Ellen has too much work to do., She's used
bother, anyhow, But Ellen vowed "Irritating optimist," acShe was an Evelyn. She held a glorious cording the Big Scheme of Things and knew that they all worked for the best. If it rainied she was thankful because she could turn out the pantry cupboard; if the sun poured down a gruelling heat, she was thankful because she could bleach some linen or wash the blankets;, said person like "don't you think so?" Evelyn, "don't you think so. "On the contrary," replied Toby "I think she gives the best kind." Ellen's He was disappointed that night in the manner was perfectly natural and unkitchined. He would have been glad to find that she could not meet his glance without a blush; he would have been glad to know that she sought him, shyly, or better, that she avoided him. Tb saw her clearly for the first mer her beaut her selfessness, her sp: and he wondered generosity ortion far deeper than curiosity with an emotionee any difference in him if she could see an we were constantly It was as sign. But Ellen did not give looking She was just the same.
It was Evelyn who changed, who be It was Evelyn who chast as caustic came restees, as her aunt, and especially in her speech. Finally, Toby protested. "I say Eve," he said one afternoon "I say, Eve, when her, "t what can a clumsy fellow do
to help?", "Oh, I'm all right, thanks," she answered shortly.
"But you are not-that's just it. You are all wrong.
"A pleasing, tactful remark for you to make, returned Evelyn.
"Why should there be tact between us? It is only a polished form of insincerity Eve! Let me try to help.
(CONTINUED ON PAGE 44)


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Weiotht


## body

Toby went directly in search of Ellen. He found her making splints out of match sticks to set the broken leg of a baby
chicken.
"I wonder," she mused. "Well, then, " you answer me one question?" "A dozen."
Ellen?",
A HEAVY curtain of silence dropped A between them for an instant, then he answered clearly.

Yes, I believe I am
"I thought so," muttered Evelyn growshall we turn back?" "If you like," Toby assented, "but why this heavy disapproval
"One need hardly point out the incongruity of a Granville, a Pearce marry-
ing 'Miss Johnson's Ellen,' I should think
"Rubbish," answered Toby. "For all we know she may be as good as I am-
and better. Evidence seems to point to such, anyhow

The trouble is that you don't know,' I should like to know my wife's nam par ", "I don't care a cuss," replied the other. "She will have mine; that's rood other for two. . . . if she will accept it," he
"And have you thought what Aunt Frances will say to your forming an alliance with a Foundling Institution?" I don't care what she says. I'd infinitely rather have an Institution for a mother-in-law than lots of women I know," he laughed. "Evelyn, old pal don't quarrel with me. Shut you eyes tight and wish as hard as you can hat she won't turn me down."
danger," she said. "I am wise cure's no danger, she said. I am wise enough change the viewpoint of a man in love but-you asked me, and that's my worry
seeing you throwing yourself away,
she. dropped him at the gate and said
e was going to drive alone for a while As a matter of fact she motored back to wn without saying good-bye to anychicken.

Ellen," he said, solemnly, "will you Very gently, she refused him. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ She be out of place in wife for him, she would the dirt, the smells city. "The noise, the thunder of traffic, artificial palms, which reeks of gasoline squalor, and air would find me ridiculously out of place, Toby, among your friends.,", out of place, "They are artificial, too.
bitterly
"The city," whispered Ellen looking It maver a long vista of years, "is cruel "Not many ", like me.
"Not many," Toby remonstrated. and Canada to give Miss Johnsons said Ellen. "Poor give them ,a chance," He could not cor children.
mination, and conquer her quiet deterthat it cost her something to stand firm The eyes which were raised to his wer full of love and this almost shrouded the pain behind them-in their very depths He knew she looked upon their very depths comrade, but he had sought as a good a sign that she loved him in vain for hing told him that Ellen was sacrificing
"Is it A refusing happiness to him Is it Aunt Frances you're afraid. he asked with a desperation born of de-
feat. "In
opinion a way, yes. I am afraid of her thing. But thank allowed you to do this Toby, I shall treasure all the same, dear all my life." treasure this remembrance
She move
felt as though an immeas from him. He fell between them and his heasure distance maddened him. Ellen was so sure, so strong.
Then Miss Johnson came in jerky steps
down the path. Seeing the and looked grimly Seeing them, she stopped

Aunt Frances, help her, glasses. impetuously. "Help me," cried Toby to be my wife. She me persuade Ellen "Have .. spinster harshly "Of course.
for the last hour. . . ." didn't you begin four sneered. ", "Why

## The Making of a Duchess

I decided to go in order that I migh punish him in his own coin by discussing chicken runs and nothing but chicken runs. We had driven twenty miles before I let go on chicken runs through pure exhaustion of the subject
When I had finally done, the Duke turned toward me.

M
ISS MALLO," he began in his quiet, even tones, "you have, indeed, acquainted me with the facts I was after. Now, if you will grant me a few minutes, I should like in turn to acquaint you with a few facts. Are you quite comfortable ?
resting on a fallen tree hed-we were resting on a fallen tree
He raced me his lins grim and a pallor "Are vou cold?" he asked, I shivered
Ye-s," I stuttered. "Don't you think it's time I was getting back?
He did not answer, but going to the motor, he took from it a lap robe, and throwing it about my shoulders, reseated himself, determinedly
"When $\dot{I}$ first met you, Miss Mallo, he began, "at the Marquis Castlemont's thought your interest in poultry archi tecture purely affectation. When next met you down at Turrets, I thought I detected in you a love of simple things as well as. . poultry architecture. Toyour interest in poultry architecture if in nothing else, comes, indeed from your heart."
He paused with an intentional dramatic uplift of his voice.

Are you presuming on my interest in your successive impre
"That I am, Miss M
there is one more impression Moreover, there is one more impression to which
must ask you to listen. pression, I did not get first hast imthrough my mother. It is the picture not of a footlight favorite, a sportswomen not a fancier, but of a woman, at heart a

## woman, yearning for the simple elementa things of life." I sprang lipe.

" sprang up with hot cheeks.
meddler, Duke," is an incorrigible old He stood oppo
first time since I bo to me, and for the was pride in his i had known him, there Miss Mallo," said.
to disclaim my mother's, "I do not wish or desiring " he hesit material reason painfully, "a marriage ", then went on me. She and I love our ancestral and in a way-you must our ancestral land - which it is difficult for yous saying it to understand. It is true you American ew years, we shall, undoubtedly desire them up. My mother's earnest desire to keep them for me has earnest her 'an incorrigible old meddler,' or not it. Yet, whether you believe it placed even above my lands, she has thought, poor womal happiness. She arranging a marran, to secure both in me. I hope that you will fou and and me, as her accessory. And nive her, we return?", I had n
horrid and so lonely in and mean and Meanwhile the Duke all my life. motor and was cranking the gone to his I went over to him
"Pl-ease, stop that
"He complied quickly withe," I begged me?" he is it that you wish my request. "No-thing", gently.
went on, "only that I hed. "That is," over in Surrey a fave a show place house in New Ya Long Island, a Paris and a villa ork, an apartment in there a place that I can call homowhere is He extended his hand to me.
not look up at his face. "It has twenty-five.
hundred and fifty rooms," he and five I think that together we may said, "bu make it home.
Of course, the Duchess maintains that

## The Bunnie's New Year

 Part I."To go to bed," John Bunny said "Would surely be a sin, It's New Year's Eve, and, we must wait To see the New Year in."
"Above our doorway slopes the hill And there upon the snow While we watch the old year go." "Here are some boards will
do for sleighs
So we'll have lots of fun,
Each will hold three, so
eight, you see Will hold you, "And at the bottom, herea So that when sliding down the hill Too far you will not go."
"Now Mr. Fox has not been well To-day, I hear he's worse Two doctor Foxes wait on, him, Two doctors and a nurse!
"So we may go without much fear To see the old year out, That there's no harm about.

+The Bunnies jumped and clapped their hands They were so full of glee, This was the first time they
had watched The old year out, you see.

In groups of three the family The sleighs were rather he The sleighs were rather heavy
But they worked with great good-will.
Now little Fluffy was quite small Much smaller than the others He wedged himself quite tight.
Between two bigger brothers. And good John Bunny stood above Wio start them on their way And packed them on their sleigh
First slowly down a little grade Each sleigh would quietly Then faster, faster it would And there was heaps of fun

## $y$ $y$ $y$ $y$

## Sometimes a sleigh would o <br> Though why, I do not know,

 And then three little bunnies would Be landed in the snow.Head over heels three furry balls But they did not seem to hurt themselves
Although the ground was hard
And thus the merry hours went by With laughter and with glee With caks. Bund rabbit tea.
And many little bunnies came To snatch a quick repast (Their appetites were extra good The pace was very fast)
Now as it nearea the hour of twelve John Bunny stopped the pia put Their little sleighs away.

## UNCLE PETER'S MONTHLY LETTER

DEAR BUNNIES:
As we are just commencing a new year, let us see what

## M

 motto,-"Effort with Contentment." How short this last year seems to most of us as we look back upon it, and how long the year that is coming seems by comparison. And, ater all, a year is a long time. A day is a long time in some warm may be done in a single day sometimes. It is certain that if we take care of the hours, then the days, weeks, months and years will look after themselves, just as it is said that if we look after the cents the dollars will take care of themselves.This is the month when Canada looks ahead towards the possibilities of the New Year, and towards a happy conclusion to the Great World Trouble which is standing in the way of progress, and you, my Bunnies, must not be forgotten in this looking forward.
I wonder whether you all fully realize that Canada, so far as its people are concerned is maus It means just one of anya unit is, don't you? It means just one of anything, and everyone up of the Canada of to-day, and unit Canada of the future. It seems to Uncle Peter the Canad a other kinds of units, too. Our actions day by day are surely individual units all going
 together to make a life. As
long as we travel in the right direction, firmly sticking to the right, and avoiding the wrong, our life must be a suc-

cess, whether we actually make a lot of money or not. The truly successful life is not to be reckoned

## Just Like a Railway

Here is an illustration for you, imagine a railroad, miles and miles of shiny steel rails, all leading forward to a certain road, ahead, all bound together in unity of purpose with a single aim in
point ahe powt. The express train thunders over those rails at speed, the freight
view. train follows with its thousands of tons of goods and both safely reach
thestinations. But in the hundreds of thousands of rails which their destinations. But in the hundreds of thousands of rails which
the make up the line, if one is pointed away from its straight course, the train will be wrecked, if it is not oun lives they must point straight forward of those raus together by good purposes, for a single day, mis-spent, and be bound together by good purposes, may wreck.
to others. So it pays, and pays well, to look ahead sometimes, and plan for our own parts, big or little, in the future of canada, and forw to march with all Canada, ahead to success by the Road of Progress. And to do all this happily, Bunnies, we shall need our own Bunny Club Motto, Contentment with the things of to-day, and ourselves for the benefit of toand oursel
morrow!


A Happy New Year to You
Stand up straight, little Bunnies, and hold your heads high, knowing that each one of you is just as much a part of the real Canada, as any one else can be. The year 1918 is ahead, life is ahead and our own Canada, and looking to you, my Bunny, and to me, and to every single unit of us all over the land, to grow into strong links in the chain which binds our whole country together.
I wish you all a Contented New Year, and yet a New Year full of energy, perseverance and effort towards better things, and I hope that you will all be as ortuna pass you very quickly, and bury itself deep in a conowbank or anything else which happens to be handy.
Come, Bunnies, get into line, quick now, two hundred and fifty thousand of you, a whole army of future Canadian men and women, and help to push Canada this year along the road of progress. You're small, perhaps, but then there's such Gour affectionale Bunny- Encle, a lot of you
in a year!
Here's luck to you!
Zinele peter.
P.S. I've written you such a long leter this time that I Thaven't
left space for anything else. So please 1ook on page 48 for the T [国]

The Bunnies' New Year Part II.
$\underset{\text { Fox }}{\text { Now }}$ as told you, Mr. Fox had, in his head* Two doctor Foxes,. and a Were gathered by his bed. And news was brought, the Bunnies Were playing in the snow.
Then Doctor Fox spoke up and said That he would like to go.
Said he, "My patient ought to have Some rabbit pie to-night If that will be all right?

When Doctor Fox came to the hill No bunnies there he found But he found a sleigh which they had Lying upon the ground!
And down below the hill he And saw with many a grin The Bunnies in the bright
moonlight Watching

Said Doctor Fox, "If I go down They all will slip away,
And I could never catch one-", (Here his eye fell on the sleigh.)
And Doctor Fox then laughed with "It's better than I'd reckoned, "IIl sit upon the sleigh," said he

## Part III.

The clock struck twelve, John Bunny "Look, children, up the hill, The New Year's coming in, so let us Cheer him with a will!'
They all looked up and had begun When Doctor Fox came rushing down At sixty miles an hour!
The Bunnies rushed this The sleigh passed on the jump, hit the Bunnies
And A most enormous thump!The Bunnies rushed into the house (You should have seen their haste,) But Doctor Fox was buried in

John Bunny watched him wriggle out (He stood within his door)
And Doctor Fox went sadly home, His head was very sore.
Now I have told you all I can So here I'll end my rhyme You will agree, I think, with me, They had a dandy time.

Now Bunnies all, both great and small I wish you all good cheer, May trouble pass you "on the jump In this, the coming year.


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## pot hat

## HIS MA <br> Much Ado About riss ${ }^{6}$ Inayette <br> By MADGE PHILLIPS

THE little visitor about to make its appearance in any home is the
centre of interest. Its trousseat centre of interest. Its trousseau
creates more excitement bride's, and is, of a cerctainty, more imbride's, and is, of a certainty, more im-
portant, and deserving of deeper attenportant, and deserving of deeper atten-
tion. For the bride may have her choice tion. For the bride may have her choice in the matter. while His Majesty the Baby
must rely upon the judgment not only of must relv upon the judgment not only of
the family, but a score of friends and the famil.
The judgment should not be formed tions that must influence selectionsidera individual pieces of the "layette," as the miniature trousseau has been called. Soft materials and neat seams are good starting points.
Fine nainsook, percale and batiste are better than handkerchief linen or organdie, for they do not muss as easily, and they edgings and insertions should be used instead of wider ones.
The Government has asked that wool and other materials be conserved and so the wee newcomer is co-operating and the layette is much shorter. It is really more practical, for after a few months the long clothes have to be shortened Twenty-five inches is the average length of a short layette
Here is a list of the things that should be found in every baby's wardrobe
Four dresses, nainsook, linen or

## Canadians Can Write <br> (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 21)

Government and Citizenship"; C. B Sissons- "Bilingual Schools in Canada." There are two books of art and criticism which are important: J. D. Logan's "Aesthetic Criticism in Canada", and Garvin's "Canadian Poets," which is more notable for its omissions than for
its inclusions. Rev. Robert Law pubits inclusions. Rev. Robert Law pub-
lishes a book of sermons under the title lishes a book of sermons under , the title
of "The Grand Adventure." Under travel comes one book, "Canada the Spell Binder." It is the usual ridiculous book which comes from some tourist who runs up to Canada, looks us over, from a car window, and writes a book about us.

## More Encouragement

THERE are two or three important I contributory reasons why Canadian literary production has had a bull movement this year. The first, perhaps, is the active support given by Canadian pub-
lishers. One of these recently declared lishers. One of these recently declared
that "outside half a dozen the publisher that "outside half a dozen, the publishers in Canada invariably lose on their Canadian books. This has been the
pessimistic view, it is plain, of the maiority pessimistic view, it is plain, of the majority
of our publishers for some years and hence Canadians with literary wares to sell have hitherto gone to markets other than Canadian. We may blame Canadian publishers of an older day for that we have lost Bliss Carman, Arthur Stringer, Harvey O'Higgins and others to the American public and to American letters. They got little support here. After all, authors must live
But this year, our publishers have taken more chances. They have plucked up their drooping spirits and they are earnesthome industries" by running the risk of Canadian-written work finding no support in Canada. In many cases the results have justified the chances they took. We may search for a more ulti-
mate reason for the outbursts, in Canada mate reason for the outbursts, in Canada, of Canadian writers just now, and find
that Canadian publishers have had two that Canadian publishers have had two
prosperous years, and consequently have prosperous years, and consequently have
been in a better position to take chances. It is good that they have taken them.
The writer believes that Canadians, little by little, will support the serious attempt now being made to secure a
national literature. If this is the right national literature. If this is the right if a prophet is not without honor except in his own country, he is not without potential profit. It is fair to accord publishers in the Dominion a certain amount of praise, then, for the excellent and comparatively heavy output of work by Canadians this year. The author must find a publisher, and a strict regard for the truth makes one admit that some of the books published here this year
would never have attained wook-form in America or Entand the
six simple slips, nainsook, lawn or batiste wrappers, challis ounel nightgowns; thre four flannel Gertrude knitted bands; four pinning blankets three skirts of cotton and wool, or silk and wool, for all-wool should never be worn next to the baby's skin; a warm coat and cap, two dozen small and two dozen large diapers; two sweaters, jackets or short kimonos; small flannel shawl four pairs of stockings or bootees, and an eiderdown sleeping bag
When buying flannel for the baby gar
ments, it is well to remember that it ments, it is well to remember that it should be unshrinkable, for, as you know, it has to stand not a few trips to the tub. yemember that all-wool shrinks and turn yellow. Cotton petticoats are usually
for "dress-up" occasions, to be slipped on over the flannel ones.

## The Christening Robe

THE Christening Robe is always longer than other dresses, and more elaborattached to the bottom of the skirt, tucks and embroidery above of the skirt, tucks.
and
Some choose to have the front panel embroidered nearly to the neck. Occasionally, the bonnet matches the dress, with a warm lining of silk covered flannel, which is also used as a cosy lining for a lingerie
coat.

The reason for the general excellencefor it is generally excellent-of the stuff ever, is found written this year, however, is found to be a psychological one.
It is worth while goods"一if one may use that the "real this year one may use a vulgarismknown authors. thing to tell, however, and wheth someextraordinarily literary or whether it was merit of what it was has or no, the sheer "Private Peat," for instance is literough. if literature be life. Its author may not be mash of a stylist, but the point is that he has lived. He has had the experience of what he calls "two years in hell." is supremely his telling of that experience is supremely worth, while. The same It has no excellenps," another war book. who wrote it livence of style, but the man before. So lived, as he had never lived of his personal experiences the telling book. Arthur Copping ences a welcome friend who was trying once told a young ing to "get rid of fiction, and write wact" Then he would find he write fact. fiction! It is true. That writing is most supremely worth while which is virtue of and produced by and lives by So, of its writer's actual experience. deserves instance, Private Peat's writin reception the wider commendation an ness of than the mere ground-out sill has lived for Leacock. Private Pea cock hasn't. So years., Professor Lea dwarfs Leacock's Peat's achievemen moon. Nellie McClung sun eclipses the litterateur recently wittily an eminent continue to sow seeds in Daid, may other kinds of literary gardening and do Canadian public, at any rang, but dis cerning Canadian public, wants some virile a great deal stronger, and more stories for more vital than pretty little Sullivan thi vacant little minds. Alan of power of year has turned out a nove Ralph Con some claim to permanence. recent output has merely added to his Dollard has map popycock. James $B$ the treasure hau a real contribution to while Virna Sheard of Canadian verse carry on with empty done nothing but ingless bits of alleged purposeless, mean It is the fact of the few Can.
have proved it against Canadians who the truth they have, that demonstrates that truth of the caption of this article these few-the can write. They take seriously than their art seriously, more is the undoub their royalty account. It tions this year value of their contribu notable year for that has made 1917 a progress towards the goal of securing hall lanadians, a national literature which other great English-speaking countries



To Set the Bald rolling (as indicated in the panel) I will give my reasons for thinking women in portics in a not revolutionize the wo much the
hurry Human nature is mut toly hurry Human nature men, and look
same in women as in mel same in women as in meen, muddiling
how long men have been how long men have been , fatally
matters. We are adaptable, fait of matters. We are ade the habit of
so. We have formed th bad one in so. We have formed a bad one in
getting used to things, ar reformer. Our strength lies in our broad sympat mat weakness in our lack and innate desire to dogood, out this and tilt at that
of concentration. We tilt at we are too diffuse, we do not stick to one not a iion at lion in the way of our achievement is th which makes all, but a mangy little dog of self conccit which mathing us cling to the idea that deere't think as we do. wrong, with anyone who doesn't think as arike hard. We will have to learn- not only over, if we are to but to strike all together, over and over
accomplish any thing worth while. Strength we have, accomplish anything worth while. sorrk. Ah, but in
and initiative-witness our war work. and initiative, - witness. our war work. ding force-
war work we have a central motve, a leading the help:ng to win out!
Butp ning to win out! ne that we are essaing general reforms
Bht What in the that weading force? And whose? We are just beginners. We may go far, but up until now our idea of co-oper
side in with us.


Pretty Matron Looked Serious. She was at serious work. In the Book of Things, leather-covered, she was putting down her New resolutions in a clerkly hand with his
"I will be more patient "I will be more patient with his exactions, and do - ringing of
was interrupted by the red it, holdwas interre. She answered it, hold ing a finger between the pages to keep the ase she blotting. An angry red flushed "another out-of listened. "What!"' she exclaimed, "another brought town customer! that makes the third. We've no real home to dinner in a little over and won't have while you think more o' your business than you do of your wife. Sat looking She hung up the receiver with a jerk, and sat looking down at the Book of Things. A tap at the door. in came the old colored woman to wax ", "A cup of coffee first, Nancy," said Prety Me this, pouring it out, "and, while you drink it, temeone so you wise old dear, if you lived with temper, how aggravating you were always in a tempould you would you go about curing yoursell? book, and carry frame a resolution, put the same in a book, Tell me, it with you as a constant reminder turned on the questioner.
"Lawzy, Miss Caholine, de only reminders wor a cent doan come from no book, dey comes from de heart ob us. 'Fo'get it,' dey sa, 'fo'get it, as a lub him all de moah." "I didn't tell you it was " "San," severely. Nancy's mellow laugh rogravatin' "S'pose youah de onliest woman wif a as black an husband?" she said. "Mos' women (olly, "lost 'em. white, has 'em, has had 'em, or,' sofnd of r'minders Ole mem'ries caint be beat foh de kind times, kissin youah speak ob, mem'ries ob cous-for de pair dat times, yaas, an' snivellin' casions togeder ain't found out what real lovin' is yet. Good resolutions and out what real lovin' is yet. jus' as foolish as gibben youhsef an I.O.U. If youh am worf it dere s no all de foh paper promises, an' if youh ain't worf it al De I.O.U.'s ain't goin'ter make youh worf it, see. only way is ter lub yer man outen his aggravationatingif youh kin, an' if youh cain't, lub holine?
ness an' all, yes'm. Goin' Miss Caholine? " in a voice which "Only as far as the phone, trembled a little. "I knees "doing"
upon the discarded Book of Things.

[^0]
## THRE

You took some light and laughter from my life old Year,
You took the friend I trusted, the faith I called my own,
Took toll of love and happiness,
But old Year, Bold Year,
You brought the thing I needed most-strength to stand alone.

JEAN BLEWETT
to her girlhood's figure through discarding sweets, meat, and white bread. Fat women invariably deny they eat much, limt watch them reduce when put living to eat among the Russian women. They are all dieting-Karelling they call it, after the famous $W$. Karrell, at one time physician to the Czar. Karelling means a diet of skim milk at least three days a week-no bread, no sugar, nothing but the
skimmed milk. The patient sips slowly a glassful

## Everywoman's Forum

Here is an Opportunity for You to Have a Voice in the Public Affairs of the Day

Asswoman to woman do you believecross your heart-that the opening of the bss on its hinges and hangs fire) to the clear-eyed, clean skirted applicants, the women of this country, is going to result in an immediate Utopia? I do not, It look to me as though it were going to be quite awhile before the feminine element makes much of an impression on the legislative life have championed the sex and the cause first, last, always. Et tu Brute!
Iam merely stating my opinion, and here and now I invite you all-city woman, town woman, country woman-to state yours. In times like these there should be in a magazine of the calibre and scope of EVERYWOMAN'S WORLD-a national publication-a page for the discussion of questions of the day by the women of this country. We propose during the coming months to bring up some vital problems for our joint handling, among them, "Aliving "Euge; ing Popular; "Eugenics and Euthenics;" "Clean Bill of Health."
If there is any question upon which you want advice; if you feel you would like to voice YOUR OWN opinion publicly, address your correspondence to Everywoman's Forum, EVERYWOMAN'S WORLD, Toronto, and Jean Blewett will see that space is allotted to you. This gives you an opportunity of sharing your views with the other When Lloyd George not long ago favored the placing of women as well as men on certain important committee an outraged member of the House exclaimed: "A petticoat parliament!" A good thing, too. Let us have one of our own. Co-operation is born of understanding. "Let us get together and argue things out "between ourselves." This is YOUR invitation, your personal "bid" to a free speech party in Everywoman's
petticoat parliament," some disgruntled person may dub us, but wh
The latch string is out-come along.
(six ounces) at 8 a.m.; 11 a.m.; 2 p.m.; 5 p.m.; and 8 p.m. The milk may be taken hot or cold. The five glasses give a total of, say, a quart a day, and many following the prescription lose as much as fifteen pounds per week, we are told, without ex-
periencing any noticeable falling off in strength. periencing any noticeable falling off in strength. person cannot starve so long as there is fuel on the person cannot starve so long as bere is fuet, rather. And such a saving, eh!
> - Wi

> High
> Ideals
> and Skirts!
> Sob

Hich Ideals and Short Skirts seem to be the order of the day. One of our cities boasts a woman magistrate (boasts is right) of whom,
it is very proud; and with reason, it is very proud; and with reason,
she being not only one of our best she being not only one of our best
known women, but one of our best women. Not long ago she took occasion in addresssing a young man,
tried before her on a charge of driving a car while drunk, to speak some grand truths on what he owed to himself and to others. He listened in a bored way at first but by and by he winced, flung up his head fiercely, then let it sink again. As she probed deeper, reaching beneath the callousness,
a flush of shame mounted to his face. "We used to a flush of shame mounted to his face. "We used to
know you as a promising boy," she said, "but now we know, you only as the profligate son of a good mother." She proceeded sweetly and earnestly as though he were one of her own flock to tell him some terrible truths, tear the veil from vice and show its hideous face. She won him. By the tears in his poor bleared eyes and in her clear ones we knew he
was won.
Thank
Thank heaven for women like that! cried an old gentleman blowing his nose vigorously. "She sets our ideals high." "And cuts her skirts by the same pattern," snapped his wife, who was a "cat." "In
my day a woman would have sunk through the my day a woman would have sunk through the
floor if such things were as much as mentioned before for Young men sow their wild oats." "Yes," her. Young men sow their wild oats. Yes,
broke in the husband, "but the new woman is bound
to make the sowing an unpopular business. They've always had the cure in their own hands, but never knew it until lately.
It was fine, the whole thing. One could not help
thrilling with pride in that big hearted woman nor thrilling with pride in that big hearted woman nor
could one help wishing that she wore her skirts longer.


Wiley Grier, one of Canada's best Political Equality League, on the progress of woman, gave us house wives something to ponder over He said: "Most of us have heard the remark 'A woman's place is at home darning her husband's socks,the inference being that her crowning duty is to keep the wardrobes of the male members of her household in good repair. The woman of to-day has another ideal, a better one we weak spots in the make up of her men folk, 'father and the boys,' than in their wearing apparel, yester day's woman busied herself mending her boys' socks, to-day's woman mends the boy himself, first, the socks, If she finds opportunity.
"Quite right," agreed Mrs. Hector Prenter, who presided, "first things first.
To be sure, but it can be carried too far, don't you think? In the matter of what we shall do and what leave undone one listens to both sides, and, listening recalls Mark Twain's remark on another much argued question: "If Christian Science had a a little more Christianity we believe both would be improved." But first things first is a good motto.


The Belle of the Ball dropped in
at the tea hour to tell us how well she was getting on at her dress-
making school. Right at the start making school. Right at the start
I had better explain that the sobriI had better explain that the sobri-
quet "belle of the ball" is a nickquet "belle of the ball" is a nick
name bestowed on her in ante name bestowed on her in ante
bellum days, when she was that pretty, preening person, yclept a pretty, preening person, yclept a two ideas in her head-to have the best time going, and look her loveliest while having it. And in spite of the fact that she has been fitter and genera manager of the "school" she has managed to hold ast to her good time and good looks.

That's because I enjoy the work," she explains 'I could write a book on the fun of being a patriot What's that? Oh, with so many talking about th duty side of it, let me have the fun of things for my "How did I co
How did I come to catch on to the idea? I didn't the old frivolous days I made the frocks from it. In admired so much; it was my one talent. So, when I become enthusiastic for king and country, so patriotic it was do or die with me, it had to be the needle or nothing. At first it was the money I was able to give that counted, but now I realize," her gay voice sobring, "that to teach a girl like myself, just a com mon ordinary girl, to be worth more to herself and others to-day than she was yesterday is in the way

# MIENUS TO SUTT Tr SLENDRR PURSE 



I
Ne the effort to economize, to ge patriotic, to help out generally in the meat conservation campaign, it must not be forgotten that meat is really essential to the well regulated diet, for the nor-
mal person. It is possible to do person. It is possible but it is not altogether sensible to do without any.
What the wide-awake housekeeper the up-to-the-minute cook, aims at, these days, is to excel in meat menus that combine economy and nutrition; thrift and satisfaction. The following will solve the problem for many a meal.

## - Beef Stew with Hominy

0NE and a half pounds neck beef, 2 teaspoonfuls sugar, 3 tablespoonfuls cut onions, 2 teaspoonfuls salt, $\frac{1}{8}$ tea spoonful pepper, 2 cupfuls of strained tomatoes, 2 tablespoonfuls flour, 4 small cupfuls boiled hominy.
Wash
and wind
Wash and wipe meat, cut into two inch pieces, boil twenty minutes with two cuptuls boiling water, add onion,
sugar, salt and pepper; boil sowly sugar, salt and pepper; boil slowly two
and a half hours. Add tomatoes. Boil and a harr hours. Add tomatoes., Boil
altogether, ten minutes. Mix four with alolderher, ten minutes. Mix flour with boil three minutes. There should two cupreels gimuty.s. Serve with border of hominy.

## Veal Balls with Tomato Sauce

$0^{\mathrm{wN}}$NE and a half pounds neck veal, 1 ful grapful dry bread crumbs, 1 teaspoonful grated onion, $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoonful of nutmeg,
2 teaspoonfuls salt, 1 teaspoonful of any 2 teaspoonfuls salt, 1 teaspoonful of any
table sauce, 1 teaspoonful poultry seasontable

Put raw meat through good chopper, add breadcrumbs and seasonings. Mix well, roll into eight balls. Brown quickly dish, cover with strained tomato sauce. Bake forty minutes. Serve in casserole.

Veal Croquettes with Tomato Sauce.
Make a forcemeat of 2 cupfuls of cooked chopped veal, 2 tablespoonfuls of breadcrumbs, 1 teaspoonful salt, pinch of paprika, $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoonful mace, 1 tablespoonful onion juice, 1 tablespoonful butter,
yolks of two raw eggs. Stir in saucepan yolks of two raw eggs. Stir in saucepan Set aside to cool. When cool make up into croquettes, dip in breadcrumbs, fry in hot fat. Serve with tomato sauce.

## Meat Balls

THREE quarters of a pound lean beef, $\frac{1}{2}$ pound lean veal, $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful milk, egg, $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful dried bread crumbs, 1 teasalt, 2 tablespoonfuls chopped onion, 4 tablespoonfuls butter, 2 tablespoonfuls Italian tomato paste.
Wash meat, cut into dice, put through ood chopper, beat eggs, add milk and breadcrumbs and let stand till crumb are soft. Fry onion brown in a little butter, stir into crumb mixture and then work this into the meat together with seasonings and fried onions. Form mix ture into small balls, brown well in butte and add one cupful boiling water. Cover take twenty minutes Dilute this will paste in ${ }^{3}$ cupful of warm water, add to gravy. If desired thicken with a little flour.

## Polpettine

T1 tablespoonful steak sliced very thin, clove garlic minced, $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful salt, few grains pepper, 1 tablespoonful butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ pound sausage meat.
long and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ into pieces about four inches long and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches wide. Mix together Sausage, gariic, salt, pepper, and spread
thin layers on veal slices. Roll slices and tie: or fasten together with sices and tie or fasten together with a skewer. Brown the polpettine and add enough boiling water to cover half. Place lid over frying pan and simmer for 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours. Add a little more water if necestoast. Thicken the gravy add salt and pepper to taste. Serve garnished with peas, spinach or mushrooms.

Lamb Curry with Rice (East Indian)

TWO pounds lamb, clear meat, 1 clove garlic, 1 large onion, 1 teaspoonful salt $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoonful pepper, 1 tablespoonful curry powder, 2 tablespoonfuls shredded cocoanut, 1. teaspoonful ground cloves 1 teaspoonful allspice, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ tablespoonfuls butter, juice of 1 small lemon.
Boil lamb in salted water till almost done, then cut into small pieces. In the meantime melt butter, add garlic and onion minced and cook slowly till onion is soft. Then add the salt, pepper, curry, cocoanut and spices. Add to the meat. There should be more than 2 cupfuls of broth; return the meat and curry mixture to the broth, thicken with a little flour, if necessary; let cook thirty minutes border of boiled rice
teaspoonfuls grated onion, 1 cupful home Wash boil and drain rice pepper oil in rice stock Brush put meat on to with dripping put in this a baking dish with dripping, put in third of rice; then layer of meat, then peas, and so on till dish is filled. Have rice on top. Add meat. Bake in a moderate oven fove five minutes.

## Braised Short Ribs of Bee

0VE and a half pounds short ribs beef, 1 cupful cut onion, 1 tablespoonful salt, $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoonful white pepper, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cupfuls cut carrots, $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful cut celery,
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ pints of potatoes, 2 tablespoonfuls $1 \frac{1}{2}$ pints of potatoes, 2 tablespoonfuls flour, 1 tablespoonful caramel.
Hut in double roasting into 2 inch pieces. Put in double roasting pan, sear, add

Curried Veal, Rice Border
TWO pounds lean boiling veal, 2 cup 2 tablespoonfuls flour, teaspoonfuls salt 2 tablespoonfuls flour, 2 teaspoonfuls curry Wash wipe sear on both sides in a little drinin pieces, put in boiler and cover with boiping, then In pan in which meat was booling water onions; add to meat Add salt brown slowly 3 hours or till tender. Mix four and curry in a little water . Mix flour with celery and boil ten minutes. Serve with boiled rice border.

## Beef Olives

TWO pounds thinly cut round steak, spoonful oil, 1 teaspoonful juice, 1 tablespoonful oil, 1 teaspoonful salt, $\frac{8}{8}$ teaspoonful paprika, 2 tablespoonfuls four. Brush both sideak with lemon squares. Brush both sides with lemon juice and
olive oil. Sprinkle with salt and paprika,
roll and pin each square with a roll and pin each square with a toothpick.
Roll in flour and set in a cold hours before baking. Put the trimmings hours before baking. Put the trimmings and rolls into a shallow pan; add $\frac{1}{4}$ cupful minutes, Baste bate hot oven 20 Serve on hot mashed potatoes. Add gravy.

0NE pound dried lima beans, $\frac{1}{2}$ pound smoked bacon, 1 teaspoonful salt, 1 teaspoonful grated onion, ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ teaspoonful thyme, 1 egg, $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoonful paprika. Soak and boil the beans with bacon: drain, put through food chopper when cold, add the seasonings and the egg, well beaten. Save a little of egg to brush tops. Brush custard cups with baco dripping and fill with mixture. Brush ops with the egg and bake for 30 minutes with tomato sauce.

## Veal Spice Roll

$\mathrm{O}_{\text {NE }}^{\text {NE and a }}$ half pounds raw veal rolled, 1 teaspeggs, 6 buttered cracker epper, $\frac{1}{2}$ nutmea ong roll. ${ }^{4}$ Either bake with and form in on top or tie up in cloth and boil. Use

## Turkish Lamb

STEW 11 cupful cold lamb with 1 tea spoonful minced onion in 1 cupful water till very tender, remove meat and add to the liquid enough strained tomato
to make 1 pint. to make 1 pint. Season highly with salt and pepper, add little chutney sauce Return meat, bring to boiling point
Serve on buttered squares

## Fricandilles

C fine, veal, about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cupfuls chopped grated onion melted it 2 eggs, a little grated onion, melted butter, 2 pulverized
soda biscuits, soda biscuits, pepper and salt. Form gravy made of four Serve with add one cupful of boilinged in butter thicker, juice of of boiling water when

## Egyptian Cannelon

$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{HOP}}^{\mathrm{HOP}} 2$ fine 2 pounds round steak, add and spoon of pepper, 1 cupful chopped spoon of pepper, 1 cupful chopped and 2 tablespoonfuls grated onped parsley in compact roonfuls grated onion. Form in compact roll, wrap in a piece of oiled paper, place in baking pan, add a cupful Bake and baste taber thpoonful of butter. Bake and baste over the paper for $\frac{3}{4}$ of an centre of platter. Rub lift cannelon to spoonfuls of butter and together 2 tablepan with 1 pint of stock. Stir until boiling. Add level teaspoonful salt and 2 tablespoonfuls of tomato catsup, strain Cut 1. Garnish-with toast and parsley. inch. Flatten theund steak into oubes 1 a potato mashem with a hard blow from aood sized notato. Pare and slice three good sized potatoes and four onions. Put a layer of potatoes in tl.e bottom of a onions, dust lightly with salt meat and and then another layer of solt and pepper etc., and season. Take the fesh of meat, canned tomatoes chop fine, put of home of dish, add 1 tablespoonful butter top into pieces, and if you have it pour cut $\frac{1}{2}$ cupful sour cream. Cover, stand in pan of boiling water and cook in a slow


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[^0]:    Not in War Time Surely! Yes, in
    war time. Right here in Canada we Living to war time. Right here in Canada wo are still concerned, very what we
    with what we shall eat, what with what we shal eat,
    shall drink, and wherewithal we shall drink, and wher the other day
    be clothed. Why, be clothed.
    when the big stores, and most of the when the big stot down on selling us
    little ones, shut little ones, sook what a fuss we mard do any sugary famine in sugar would do good, it would help to make our fat people mean and lean people are seldom lazy. something, in these work crowdeditish matron was never so good looking as now, she having gone back

