

Northwest Review.

"AD MAJOREM DEI GLORIAM."

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2. Jan. 1st. The Circumcision.
3. Jan. 6th. The Epiphany.
4. The Ascension.
5. Nov. 1st. All Saints.
6. Dec. 8th. The Immaculate Conception.
7. Dec. 25th. Christmas.

II. DAYS OF FAST.
1. The forty days of Lent.
2. The Wednesdays and Fridays in Advent.
3. The Ember days, at the four Seasons being the Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays of:
a. The first week in Lent.
b. Whitsun Week.
c. The third week in September.
d. The third week in Advent.
4. The Vigils of:
a. Whitsunday.
b. The Solemnity of St. Peter and Paul.
c. The Solemnity of the Assumption.
d. All Saints.
e. Christmas.

III. DAYS OF ABSTINENCE.
All Fridays in the year.
Wednesdays in Advent.
Fridays in Holy week.
Tuesdays in Holy week.
Fridays in Holy week.
Saturdays in Holy week.
Sundays in Holy week.
The Ember Days.
The Vigils above mentioned.

Do you agree with the Catholic Bishops that is with the Roman Church?—St. Ambrose [A. D. 385-397].

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Week days—Mass at 7.30 a. m.



A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill St., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

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Yes, clean yer house, an' clean yer shed
An' clean yer barn in every part;
But brush the cobwebs from yer head
An' sweep the snow bank from yer heart,
Jes' when spring cleanin' comes aroun'
Bring forth the duster an' the broom,
But rake yer foggy notions down
An' sweep yer dusky soul of gloom.
Sweepol' ideas out with the dust
An' dress yer soul in newer style,
Scrape from yer min'tis worrout crust
An' dump it in the rubbish pile.
Sweep out the lates that burn an' smart,
Bring in the new tones serene an' pure.
Aroun' the hearthstone of the heart
Place modern styles of furniture.
Clean out yer morril cubby holes,
Sweep out the dirt, scrape off the scum;
'Tis cleanin' time for healthy souls;
Git up the dust! The spring breeze come!
Clean out the corners of the brain,
Bear down the scrubbin' brush and soap,
An' dump of fear into the rain,
An' dust a cozy chair for Hope.
Clean out the brain's deep rubbish hole,
Sweep every nook an' every small,
An' in the front room of the soul,
Hang portier pictures on the wall,
Scrub up the winders of the mind,
Clean up an' let the spring beging;
Swing open wide the dusty blind,
An' let the May sunshine in.
Plant flowers in the soul's front yard,
Set out new shade an' blossom trees,
An' let the soul once more an' hard
Sprout crocuses of new ideas.
Yes, clean yer house an' clean yer shed,
An' clean yer barn in every part;
But brush the cobwebs from yer head
An' sweep the snow bank from yer heart!
—[Sam. Walter Foss.]

"MAIL" ATTACKS ON MR. COSTIGAN.

False Charges of Treachery—What the Record Says.

The Ottawa Citizen says—It would seem from its recent utterances, that the Toronto Mail has received a special mission to drive Mr. Costigan from the cabinet. That journal's antipathy to the Secretary of State has long been notorious, yet it is largely a matter of speculation whether the Mail's virulence is to be understood as directed personally against Mr. Costigan or only incidentally as against an Irishman and a Catholic.

The Mail's objection to Mr. Costigan is one of treason to his colleagues—a charge sufficiently serious, if true, to necessitate not only his withdrawal from the Cabinet, but his retirement from public life and from the society of all honorable men. But the weak point in the "Mail's" impeachment is its untruthfulness for indeed that journal has deliberately repeated charges against Mr. Costigan, which it has known for years to be utterly unfounded.

Our readers are aware of the delicate position of a Cabinet Minister. On all questions of public policy, the Cabinet is a unit, and if a Minister is unable to agree with his colleagues, his duty is to resign. But his reasons for resignation can be revealed only by permission of the Governor General, so that unless this is obtained, his lips are sealed, while his motives are liable to misconception at the hands of unscrupulous men, whose conception of character is cramped by their moral obliquity. Sometimes it occurs that, after a Minister has tendered his resignation, explanations take place and the resignation is withdrawn; in which case the Minister's difficulty is enhanced, for not only is he compelled to silence, but the field is enlarged for men of vivid imagination and lax moral sense, to exercise their talents.

It was in such a position Mr. Costigan found himself during the session of 1884. For reasons which, though never officially announced, were an open secret at the capital at least, Mr. Costigan placed his resignation as a Minister in the hands of Sir John Macdonald. He had then for two years occupied a seat in the Cabinet, and was recognized as he still is, as the representative of the Irish Catholics of Canada. Rightly or wrongly, he conceived that they were not being treated with the same impartiality as other elements of the population and that they did not enjoy a proportionate measure of the benefits and privileges in the bestowal of the government. Impressed with this belief and unwilling to lay himself open to the charge of being bribed by office to perpetuate a state of affairs abhorrent to any high-minded man, Mr. Costigan sacrificed position, emolument, and comfort to what he considered to be his duty, and resigned his portfolio and seat in the Cabinet. What the nature of the negotiations which resulted in the withdrawal of his resignation within twenty-four hours was, we do not know any more than does the "Mail," and it is absurd to indulge in speculation. This, however, is the true story of Mr. Costigan's resignation, and the account of it fabricated by the "Mail" is wholly illusory.

Speaking in Kingston, a fortnight ago, Mr. Costigan referred to the incident of 1884; but unfortunately he was reported as having placed the date at the time of the Pacific scandal in 1873. Mr. Costigan was then a private member of the House and, so far from having any

misunderstanding with Sir John Macdonald, followed his illustrious leader into opposition, when it was open to him, had he desired, to have joined with the deserters and gone over to the enemy's camp.

It is true that Mr. Costigan's resignation was tendered at the time that the loan to the Canadian Pacific Railway was under discussion. It is also true that Mr. Costigan agreed to the government's policy of granting the loan, but it is absolutely false, as stated by the "Mail," that "he rose in the House to make a speech against the loan to which in his Ministerial capacity, he had given his approval." When Mr. Costigan rose that morning it was half-past one o'clock; he was suffering from a severe hoarseness which rendered his voice almost inaudible. He moved the adjournment of the debate. Sir John Macdonald objected, but Mr. Costigan persisted, pleading that, in the state of his voice, he would prefer not to be forced to speak, but that if he must speak he would do so. Sir John then gave way and the House adjourned. What Mr. Costigan would have said, as he frequently informed his friends, would have been to declare his purpose, notwithstanding his altered relations to the Ministry, to support the loan to which he had assented at the council board. Sir John Macdonald subsequently stated to the House that Mr. Costigan's resignation was dated the 18th February, was received by him on the 19th and withdrawn on the 19th. When Mr. Costigan rose to speak it was in the early morning of the 19th and his resignation had probably been in Sir John's hands for twelve hours.

Neither is there a spark of truth in the "Mail's" statement that Mr. Costigan seized upon the dissatisfaction of the French supporters of the Government as his cue to strike for the other side and to be among the first to make peace with the Liberals. On the contrary, during the whole period that the French members were in consultation, Mr. Costigan studiously avoided their company, although he had always been on terms of the closest intimacy with them, and he even refrained from entering their committee room—No. 8—where he was always welcome, lest, as a member of the government, he might embarrass them by his presence.

The "Mail" goes on to say that "the Blues counted noses and found that their voting power, with that of the Liberals added, fell short of the figure necessary to a Government defeat; whereupon they resolved to stand by the Cabinet and await results." So far from this version being correct, the fact is that had noses been counted that night, a majority of the House would have been found ready to vote against the Government, as no settlement of the Quebec claims had, up to that time, been arrived at. Indeed, many friends of the Ministry subsequently admitted that it was a fortunate circumstance that Mr. Costigan's motion of adjournment prevailed, since before the debate was resumed, the difficulty with the Quebec supporters had been arranged, and the resolution granting the loan was finally passed by a majority of 70.

The "Mail" is certainly drawing copiously on its imagination when it depicts Mr. Costigan going to Sir John Macdonald and begging forgiveness and the return of his resignation. The idea is too puerile and silly for a moment's serious consideration. Mr. Costigan, it is well known, is neither beggar nor sycophant; while Sir John Macdonald's most rabid enemies never accused him of being a simpleton; for who else would have admitted to his councils a man of such character as the "Mail" ascribes to Mr. Costigan, or have taken back into his favour a traitor who had tried to stab him in the dark.

If corroborative testimony be desired as to the accuracy of our relation of Mr. Costigan's resignation, abundance of it is at hand. Referring thereto, in his place in the House of Commons, Sir John Macdonald said:—"I will also say in reference to my colleague who was alluded to in that article (Mail, 20th Feb., 1884), that his conduct is unexceptional in every possible way. He is now my colleague, sir, and I hope will long remain so, and I would say, as his offer of resignation has been alluded to in the press, it has been from personal motives altogether, not in the most remote degree connected with the resolutions before the House (C. P. R. loan). I regretted very much that he did so, and almost refused to present his proffer of his resignation to the Governor General; and after explanations between him and myself, he has withdrawn his resignation, and he stands a member of the Government as he has done ever

since he has joined it." (Hansard, 1884 Vol. 1, page 457.)

Speaking a few days later, Sir John repeated in almost the same words, the explanation we just quoted, and added: "My hon. friend, (Mr. Costigan) withdrew his resignation for reasons which I have given and which are of no interest to anybody in the world, and can have no political significance and can be of no constitutional significance. My hon. friend withdrew his resignation. I was very glad of it, and I hope he may long remain my colleague." (Hansard, 1884, Vol. 1, page 525.)

Notwithstanding that Sir John Macdonald, the chief of the party, of which the "Mail" was then a leading organ, made and reiterated this explanation, within a day or two of Mr. Costigan's resignation, that journal has the shameless dishonesty, nine years afterwards when it imagines that public recollection is fading, to repeat the false and slanderous charge against the Secretary of State, that he tried to betray his colleagues. We submit that no stronger vindication can be demanded by the public than Mr. Costigan received from Sir John Macdonald.

Referring to Mr. Costigan's speech and vote in the Clarke Wallace affair, the "Mail" denounces them as discreditable, and charges the Secretary of State with having broken away from the Cabinet decision, and with having again thrust his knife into his colleagues. What does the "Mail" know about Cabinet decisions, and what right has it to assume that any policy whatever was adopted in council? The only means the public have of judging of the attitude of the Government on any question is by the utterances of the Ministers. Now the Canadian government has no policy on the question of Home Rule for Ireland, and as the members of the Cabinet have a perfect right to hold what opinions they please on the subject, and to express them in public, they are at liberty also to signify their approval or disapproval of one another's views, if occasion demands, and their doing so need involve no breach or strain of the links which bind them together as members of the Cabinet charged with the care of Canadian affairs.

Speaking of Mr. Dawson's motion of censure, Mr. Foster said:—"In this case what my hon. friend (Mr. Wallace) said was his own opinion; he stated it not in his public capacity, but in a private capacity. He did not bind the government—he could not do it. It is not a matter of policy with reference to the government, and the government does not hold itself bound to these utterances, or responsible for them in the least degree." (Hansard, 1893, Revised Edition, page 2727.)

In the Senate, the leader of that body, Mr. Bowell, said:—"The government have no official knowledge of the language used by Mr. Wallace more than the gentleman (Mr. Foster) has; neither do they hold themselves responsible for language which may be used outside of the house in connection with the political affairs of the Empire generally." (Senate Hansard, 21st March, 1893, page 7.) Mr. Costigan, following Mr. Foster, said that, while he agreed with him in repudiating Mr. Wallace's utterances, he went a little further, and refused to assume the responsibility for them which he considered he would be doing, did he vote against the amendment. It is difficult to understand how Mr. Costigan can be justly chargeable with "breaking away from a Cabinet decision," or "trusting his knife into the Government," by merely recording his dissent from and disapproval of views expressed by a Controller (who is not a member of the Cabinet) in his private capacity—views which as stated by Mr. Foster, did not bind the government, and for which they disclaimed all responsibility.

The "Mail" can do Mr. Costigan no harm among his friends; yet as he is a public man, and the property of the country at large, it is necessary that the charges which that journal has made against the Secretary of State, should be refuted and their slanderous nature exposed. The best answer to the "Mail's" accusations of treachery, is to be found in Sir John Macdonald's explanations to parliament, which we have quoted at length, as well as in the fact that it was at Sir John's urgent request, Mr. Costigan withdrew his resignation in 1884, and remained a member of Sir John's Cabinet until that statesman's death seven years later—in the additional fact that when Sir John Abbott formed his ministry, Mr. Costigan was asked to retain his portfolio; and that when Sir John Thompson succeeded Sir John Abbott, he was again invited to a seat in the Cabinet, without Mr. Costigan having sought the position on either occasion.

The Northwest Review

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The Northwest Review

NOTICE. The editor will always gladly receive (1) ARTICLES on Catholic matters, matters of general or local importance, even political if not of a party character.

Our Archbishop's Letter. St. Boniface, May 10th, 1893. Mr. E. J. Dermody.

DEAR SIR,—I see by the last issue of the Northwest Review that you have been entrusted by the directors of the journal with the management of the same.

I need not tell you that I take a deep interest in the Northwest Review which is the only English Catholic paper published within the limits of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

The study of Scriptures under competent exponents must always be an important and interesting Christian duty, and Pope Leo, in ordering more attention to it in all Catholic educational institutions and associations, simply reiterates an old rule of the church now made more easy of observance by the advance and cheapness in the art of printing.

The Winnipeg Tribune in an attempt to be witty, says: "A Woodstock preacher, says an Eastern exchange, is to tell his congregation why he is a Protestant. It will be interesting to know whether he will ascribe the same reason as did a windy ex-politician in this city some moon's ago—that he is a Protestant "by accident."

It would be interesting to know why the "smart aleck" on the Tribune is a Protestant. We presume one of the reasons is that it pays to be one, and to the Tribune, that must always be its greatest reason. It may have other reasons but they are strictly of a minor order.

The desperation of the baffled Tories of England is manifested when the infamous Ballou hires himself to Ulster, and endeavors to incite insurrection by the most inflammatory speeches.

The Paulist Fathers, from their publishing house, at Ninth avenue and Fifty-ninth street, New York, are doing one of the most substantial works in the way of scattering tracts and inciting thought on the things most dear to the salvation of men.

The Emperor of Germany was accompanied on his visit to Rome by Baron von Marschall and Councillor Waechter.

The Sovereign Pontiff gave an audience on the 22nd March to the members of the Roman nobility who have remained faithful to the Holy See, and in the course of an address said he was greatly pleased to see them true to traditions which were for their families a heritage of honour.

The late Jay Gould left at his death, according to the sworn statement of his

executor, seventy million dollars of personal estate. The assessed valuation for the year preceding his death, which was based on representations made, it is said, under oath by the millionaire himself, was five hundred thousand dollars.

An African traveler tells of a tribe which requires its public declaimers to stand on one leg, and forbids their speaking longer than they can endure that position.

The celebration of the sixth centenary of the translation of the Holy House of Loreto will begin in December, 1894, and will be kept up by special pilgrimages and processions during the whole of the succeeding year.

The Princess of Wales, the Duke of York, and the two Princesses had an audience of the Holy Father on Thursday, the 23rd March.

There is now no prospect of the Catholic party in the German Reichstag making any compromise with the Government on the Army Bill.

According to a letter from Father Wendelin of Molokai, to the San Francisco Monitor, the population of that leper settlement is on the decrease.

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poetry and culture. It there is a thing specially alien to religion it is divisions; if there is a thing specially native to religion it is peace and union.

The Catholic Lord Mayor of the city of London, England, has aroused a very storm of bigotry around his devoted head, because at a banquet which he gave in honor of Cardinal Vaughan he placed the name of the Holy Father first in the toast of the "Pope and the Queen."

The London has been stirred from centre to circumference because its Catholic Lord Mayor, at a banquet given by him in honor of Cardinal Vaughan, placed the name of the Holy Father first in his toast to the Pope and the Queen.

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large" will be better looked after and kept more within the limits of that fraternity which is supposed to be a leading characteristic of the governing body of the C. M. B. A.

HON. JOHN COSTIGAN. Our esteemed contemporary the Canadian Freeman of Kingston, in an editorial on the recent visit of several Cabinet Ministers to Kingston, has the following to say about our esteemed representative in the Dominion government.

"It was fortunate that Hon. John Costigan was present at the meeting. His speech was really the only one worth listening to for it gave the audience some relief from the old flag and prosperity bores. Being his first address in this city it was listened to attentively, the more so because it dealt with matters pertaining to his own private affairs and accusations brought against him by the Mail.

The Freeman should know that the class of conservative papers who neglect to defend John Costigan against the attacks of the Mail, is directed by men who cannot condone the many independence of a man like the Hon. Secretary of State. If Mr. Costigan was more subservient to the Party whip and would vote party always; if he would sacrifice principles and the rights of those he so creditably represents at the dictates of party, the conservative organs would be extolling his treachery and singing his praises.

Notwithstanding that His Grace the Archbishop had forbidden all public demonstration on the occasion of his feast, still the pupils of the Academy could not refrain from disobeying a prohibition which they felt was imposed on them only because His Grace feared that their affection would prompt them to overstep the limits of prudence, owing to the extra work already occasioned by the forced vacations during the sickness of the winter.

For any public man to be abused by the Toronto Mail is no disgrace, but, if that public man be a Catholic, then indeed, the Mail's abuse is an honor. The Mail's record since it abandoned the party, because its manager's political ambition could not be gratified, has been one of bitter and unrelenting hatred of the government. Its thoughts by day and its dreams by night were how it could wreak its vengeance on the government.

The French Canadians were, in a special manner, the objects of its most virulent attacks. The amount of abuse and misrepresentation, which were heaped on their devoted heads, was truly astonishing. Perhaps, among all the journals in Canada, none have been so abusive, so reckless of truth, or so indifferent to the principles which are supposed to govern all honorable journalism, as the Mail, when the objects of its vituperation were the hated French Canadian and his holy religion.

The little tots then claimed their turn to take part in the feast, which they did in a most charming French dialogue arranged for the circumstance. His Grace responded to the demonstration of this cherished portion of his flock, with his usual kindness and affability, and after bestowing on all his paternal benediction, he retired as four of the pupils, Misses Cyr, Kittson, Gingras and Despars, executed a brilliant Quartette on four pianos.

Following is the address: To His Grace the Most Reverend A. A. Tache, Archbishop of St. Boniface: My Lord,—The blessed month of the

Catholic public men have seen. The most unfortunate, and yet natural, mistake which the Mail makes in its attacks on Mr. Costigan, is to measure his conduct and the motives which called it forth, by its own low standard of right and wrong. This is the reason why it was contemptible enough to accuse Mr. Costigan of acting treacherously to his party and leader, when he placed his resignation, as a minister, in the latter's hands, on a certain occasion.

This is an infamous falsehood, and the Mail knows it to be such. Whatever may be Mr. Costigan's faults—and who of us are without faults—treachery and duplicity are not among them. He is the soul of honor, and even though forced at that time to resign, owing to the systematic manner in which his every attempt to obtain fair play and justice for his own people, had been frustrated by the government, yet the Mail knows that it is indulging in a malicious lie when it dares to state that Mr. Costigan anticipated a defeat of the Conservatives and, therefore, wished to join the Liberals.

During the dark and stormy days of 1873, when traitors were numerous among the Conservative Party; during the following five years when they were only a handful in the House, where was John Costigan? Did he desert his leader or turn his back upon his political principles? No! That was the time for traitors and cowards to do so—but not for honest men. If afterwards, when he had helped to put his party back into power, if afterwards, when they were strong in the House and in the country; if afterwards, possibly on account of that strength and power, they became indifferent to those who helped to put them there and wished to ignore their rights, when Mr. Costigan wished to have them recognized, he placed his resignation in the hands of the government, can he be justly charged with treachery? Rather, was not the treachery on the side of the government? And would he not have been guilty of treachery to his own people, had he silently and uncompromisingly allowed the government to have systematically ignored them?

That had been the policy of many of Mr. Costigan's predecessors but it was not and never can be his. And this is the reason why he is so cordially hated by the Mail, and, we may add, so universally trusted, respected and admired by his own people. The Mail's abuse is only another additional reason for increasing—may intensifying that trust, respect and admiration.

THE FEAST OF ST. ALEXANDER. At St. Boniface Academy.

Notwithstanding that His Grace the Archbishop had forbidden all public demonstration on the occasion of his feast, still the pupils of the Academy could not refrain from disobeying a prohibition which they felt was imposed on them only because His Grace feared that their affection would prompt them to overstep the limits of prudence, owing to the extra work already occasioned by the forced vacations during the sickness of the winter.

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Queen of Heaven is awakening to our eager gaze the beauties of slumbering nature, also brings us the dearest of all our feasts—that of St. Alexander. By a sweet coincidence Our Immaculate Mother has placed it at the beginning of her own beautiful month, as if anxious to share with her valiant son, the concert of praise and benediction which ascends to her glorious throne from the entire Christian world. Though Our Heavenly Mother is ever attentive to the voice of all her earthly children; yet, on this day, she seems to incline with loving condescension toward the happy people of your diocese, My Lord, there to receive a new glory from the abundant harvest reaped by the Oblate of Her Immaculate Heart, the illustrious Prince of the church. We, who feel our incapacity of even liping the grateful admiration due to such merit and success, solicit the favor of one look of benediction, upon the Lumbale flowerets which hide beneath the golden grain of your glorious harvest. Such are My Lord, our young souls, under the influence of your pastoral vigilance, showing to all the way to Heaven and by your paternal solicitude and advice, finding the way to our hearts. Feels as is this melodious strain of our respectful affection, nevertheless it pretends to the honor of mingling with the concert of felicitation which greets you on all sides, on this, the happy occasion of your feast. The flowers of the field in return for the benefits received from the kindly oak, can only exhale their sweet rural perfume. We, the pupils of this institution possess only our prayers with which to testify our lively gratitude. Bewinch to the ardor of our young hearts for your Lordship, whose benevolent protection seems like a gentle reflection of the goodness and love of God, and under the inspiration of the filial piety which fills our souls, we form this wish, which we solicit Your Lordship, graciously to accept. May the balmy breeze of spring, wait this prayer to the Eternal Throne; may the Angel of God's church, be spared many years before taking flight for His heavenly home.

UNIVERSITY COUNCIL. Met on Thursday and Transacted Much Business—Late Consul Taylor.

The University Council met on Thursday, the 4th inst., the following being present: His Lordship the Bishop of Rupert's Land (chancellor), Canon O'Meara, Canon Coombs, Canon Matheson, Archdeacon Fortin, Prof. Stewart, Cochrane, Benrick, Baird, Hart, Dr. King, Bryce, Laird, Father Cherrier, Father Drummond, Lynch, Good, Gilles, Chowan and Messrs. Ashdown, Wade, Pihlblad, Arelblad and Prendergast.

The report of the board of studies making recommendations regarding 16 persons were adopted.

The appointment of Messrs. Good, McDiarmid and Ferguson as representatives of the Medical College on the council was notified to that body.

The finance committee recommended the acceptance of Ferguson & Co's tender for stationery.

The general course for the B.A. degree was then discussed.

Rev. Father Drummond S.J., moved, seconded by Mr. F. C. Wade, the following resolution in connection with the death of Consul Taylor.

Resolved—that this council has heard with deep regret of the death of the late Hon. James W. Taylor, United States Consul, of Winnipeg, and desires to place on record its highest appreciation of his great natural gifts of mind and heart and the noble use he made of them in promoting the best possible feeling between his great country and our own, and in furthering the progress of Manitoba, and the Canadian Northwest, with which his name will be henceforth historically connected for all time.

Both the mover and second, as well as the chancellor, spoke in eloquent terms of the excellent qualities of heart and mind of the deceased consul.

It was moved by Dr. Chown, seconded by Dr. Laird, and resolved, that a committee composed of His Lordship the Bishop of Rupert's Land, Dr. King, Father Drummond, Prof. Stewart, Canon Matheson, Rev. R. G. MacBeth, E. C. Wade and the mover be appointed to consider the advisability of accepting the tickets in clinical surgery and in clinical medicine from the staff of an incorporated hospital in which lectures in these subjects are given by such staff, the committee to report at the June meeting of the council.

The council adjourned.

Gladstone and the Pope. At the banquet of the Catholic clergy held in New Orleans recently, His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, in the course of his response to the toast, "The Holy Father," said: "The two most conspicuous figures before the world's gaze today are the two ortogenarians, the Hon. William E. Gladstone, Prime Minister of England, and His Holiness Leo XIII. Mr. Gladstone is the ruler of the nation on whose dominion the sun never sets. Some weeks ago, in presenting the Home Rule Bill, he accomplished a feat which has seldom been equalled and never surpassed. He spoke for two consecutive hours with all the vigor of youthful manhood, before one of the most distinguished audiences that ever assembled in the House of Commons. Although Leo XIII does not own an inch of temporal dominion he is today the most powerful ruler in Christendom. He is the spiritual head-chieftain of 250,000,000 of people, who are not restricted to one continent, but are scattered over the entire globe. He has no standing armies to enforce his mandates, like temporal sovereign. He has no police or civil magistrates to coerce refractory subjects. He has no prisons in which to confine the violators of the law. He has recourse only to moral suasion and spiritual penalties for the maintenance of the Gospel dispensation. The only weapon that he wields is the sword of the spirit, which is the Word of God. Leo XIII can say what Gregory XVI said long before him, that nowhere is his authority more respected than in the United States."

GRANTLEY MANOR.

A TALE

LADY GEORGINA FULLERTON, Author of "Lady Bird," "Ellen Middleton," &c

CHAPTER VII. Continued.

"Does he come back tomorrow?" asked Walter. How grateful Margaret felt to him for that question. "I don't know," was the answer; "he did not say."

answered Genevra, and her soft low voice repeated the Lord's Prayer, and as the Amen fell from Margaret's lips, a heavy sleep closed her eyes.

What is an Invisible Church? The Archdeacon of London, the Protestant Archdeacon of course, regrets that thousands of educated and intelligent Englishmen should have left the church of Christ.

All who use Ayer's Hair Vigor pronounce it the best hair-dressing in the market. Certainly, no other is in such constant demand.

Save Paying Doctors' Bills BY USING Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. THEY are the Remedy that the bounteous hand of nature has provided for all diseases arising from IMPURE BLOOD.

Sugden's Pills for Bronchitis. Winnipeg, Man., April 10 1893. N. W. SUGDEN: DEAR SIR:—I regard Sugden's Compound Tar Pills as one of the best remedies for the cure of bronchitis that has been discovered for years.

"The one that God himself made,"

INSOMNIA is fearfully on the increase. The rush and excitement of modern life so tax the nervous system that multitudes of people are deprived of good and sufficient sleep.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE REVIEW, The only English-Speaking Catholic paper published west of Toronto.

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ANY SHAPE OR FIGURE of body or pocket-book, no matter whether you are as lean and attenuated as a rail or rotund as a ball, can be fitted to a T at our store.

WHITE & MANAHAN'S 496 Main Street.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Industrial School, Brandon, Manitoba," will be received at this office until Friday, May 28th, 1893.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 1st May, 1893.

The C.P.R. All Rail Line - IS THE - SHORT AND DIRECT LINE EAST TO MONTREAL, QUEBEC, HALLOWELL, BOSTON, NEW YORK, TORONTO, LONDON, ETC.

Palace Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Luxurious First Class Coaches, and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars on every train.

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MRS. LUCIER'S Wonderful Cough Syrup. Not only cure Colds and Coughs, La Grippe, all affection of Throat and Lungs.

DO YOU KNOW? THE LARGEST STOCK. THE FINEST GOODS. THE BEST MAKES. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Are to be found at the Manitoba Music House.

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A. G. MORGAN, 412 MAIN ST., McINTYRE BLOCK

CITY AND ELSEWHERE.

Ex. Premier J. J. Abbott is said to be dying at his home in Montreal.

A MOMENTS reflection rarely convinces the lady in front of the mirror.

"I'm having a gallus time," said the old bachelor, as he mended his suspenders.

Mr. G. BROPHY has returned from an extended trip to San Francisco and Vancouver.

Now is the time, of all others, when good butter ought reasonably to be expected everywhere.

It is a veritable feasting time now for those who love fresh fish—and who does not?

If we had to be judged by one another, the gates of heaven would remain closed forever.

A MONSTER muskrat shot at Armstrong Point last week, will be stuffed and sent to the World's Fair.

"SOLOMON'S MINES" has been translated into German, and one publisher catalogues it as "Old Testament Literature."

Miss ANNIE SIMPSON, of Brandon, has accepted a position as one of the cashiers at the World's Fair, Chicago.

The new cardinal red tennis shoe for young girls is increasing in favor. They look pretty with the light colored suit.

Mr. W. J. MITCHELL has been awarded the contract for the supply of drugs, etc., to the general hospital.

Mrs. BOWLES, wife of Major Bowles, has returned from the Southern States, where she has been spending the winter.

The late Earl of Derby who used to be known as "Scorpion Stanley," was a bitter enemy of Ireland and Home Rule. His bitterness availeth little now.

Life's full of compensations. We see as we go along; If the coffee is weak in the boarding house, The butter is always strong.

The biggest things at the World's Fair are the Krupp gun, the Mammoth Canadian Cheese and the gate receipts. The smallest will be the amount of cash you will bring back with you.

THE REVIEW tenders to Mr. J. Barreau, of Medicine Hat, its sincere thanks for his letter and post office order. Mr. Barreau has always evinced a lively interest in our welfare for which we are truly grateful.

MR. SAM GRIGG, of the Manitoba hotel, Chicago, says there are ten times more applicants for positions of all kinds there than can be accommodated, and advises all searchers after work to keep clear of the Windy City.

THE Port Arthur Sentinel has ceased to exist as a daily publication; and this because the civic authorities of that place utterly fail to see the value and importance of a local daily paper.

THE boys who toss lacrosse and baseballs on the streets these days are a nuisance to pedestrians and drivers. They should be compelled by the authorities to confine that sort of amusement to vacant lots.

THE feeling of uneasiness which prevailed in the city during the past week, in consequence of the rise of the water in the Red river, has now abated, without causing much inconvenience to our citizens.

THE average number of patients treated in the hospital for last week was eighty-four, of which fifty-three were males and thirty-one females. Seventy-two out patients were also treated during the week.

MAY—the month of flowers, the month of Mary. How beautiful to contemplate on. We are much pleased to notice the well attended evening services in St. Mary's and the Immaculate Conception. The instructions present reasons for our faith that all may well study.

BAD luck is simply a man with his hands in his pockets and a pipe in his mouth, looking on to see how it will come out. Good luck is a man with pluck to meet difficulties, his sleeves rolled up, working to make it come out all right.

In reference to subscribers towards the completion of St. Mary's spire, we have received some inquiries if the full name of the contributor will be published should the amount be small. We leave that to the contributor's choice; should the request be made, only the initials will be published.

RUMOR has it that this is the last year that the C. P. R. will carry exhibits free of freight charges to the Winnipeg exhibition. We hope the rumor is premature, as the withdrawal of the privilege would prove a serious drawback until the exhibition association is on a more solid footing.

THROUGHOUT the United States the Irish people are responding nobly to the call for pecuniary aid sent across the Atlantic by Justin McCarthy and our own Edward Blake.

THE McCarthy organization in Toronto is troubled as to the selection of a name for itself. This seems a needless worry. Just wait long enough, Dalton, and if you can get the organization into active operation, you will hear names enough applied to it from which to make a choice.

Two genuine Irish ferrets, the famed exterminators of rats and mice, are at present caged in a box at the Butler house. They are the property of Mr. Richard Mitchell, and are from Ireland. They will be forwarded to Mr. Mitchell's farm near Prince Albert, N. W. T.—Ottawa Free Press.

THE Northern Pacific and Great Northern Railway companies have now fixed the rate to Chicago and return for World's Fair business, it being on the basis of 80 per cent. of the two one way fares, thus making a rate of \$41.25 from Winnipeg, are now on sale and will be good to return up to and including November 15th.

MR. W. JORDAN, our enterprising and favorite hackman will have a couple of handsome cabs to enliven our thoroughfares probably this week. They are really handsome and imported from a well-known Ontario Manufacturer, and we bespeak that all who will have the pleasure of a jaunt in them will feel the hours while away so pleasantly that, like the girl and the ice cream will "call for more."

ANXIETY is being felt by wheat growers about the possible lateness of ripening of wheat sown say in the second week of May. In an average season wheat sown late in March will take 130 or more days to ripen. Last year there was wheat sown on April 15th and cut on Sept. 15th, or 150 days. The same wheat, Red Fife, was sown at Glenboro on May 24, and ripened in 96 days. At Winnipeg, sown on May 24, it ripened in 100 days or less. If the land is fat and spongy all the extra moisture must go off by evaporation and that cools the land, so ensuring a slow growth. If the land is dry seeding in such a season as this should be followed by ripening in 100 to 120 days. In early seasons, one month's growth does not ensure a week's earlier ripening and for those who are all right with their cultivation and seed, there is still every probability of a capital crop and a very early season.—Free Press.

His Grace's Feast day—May 3rd, being the feast of St. Alexander and, therefore the patronal feast of His Grace, the Archbishop of St. Boniface, was made the joyous occasion of many congratulations to that Venerable Prelate, from all parts of the Archdiocese. The clergy, religious communities, the pupils of the college, the young ladies Academies, the pupils of the Indian Industrial school and the Catholic Deaf Mutes, all gathered around their Venerable Father and Chief Pastor and presented to him tokens of their filial devotion in the form of addresses and beautiful floral gifts. One of the young Indian girls from the Industrial school read a beautiful address in English and another little girl presented His Grace with a handsome bouquet. His Grace was visibly moved by an address from the Catholic nuns of the city. The address was read in the sign language by William Liddy and was interpreted by the Rev. A. J. Brindamour, of St. Boniface college, who is the devoted friend and spiritual instructor of those dear afflicted members of the church. Dr. Barrett's little daughter, Monica, then presented His Grace with a beautiful bouquet of flowers which was repeated in the sign language to the nuns by the Rev. Mr. Brindamour. We are pleased to say that His Grace's health seemed much improved.

Our Separate Schools a Success?

Dr. May, who has charge of the Ontario Educational exhibits, writes the following complimentary letter to the Inspector of Separate Schools in Ontario. When "out of sight" Joe copied his now notorious Revised Statutes of Ontario, he was careful to overlook the benefits to be derived from properly conducted schools, over which there are and will not be any political control, but still included the "apple orchard clause"—and this in Manitoba, too.

MY DEAR SIR,—I have just completed the catalogue of Educational Exhibits and have about seventy-five cases ready for shipment, so that I hope to get away on Monday next. Before leaving, I feel it my duty to say that the pupils of the R. C. Separate schools in your Inspectorate have done most excellent work, and I do not think that the pupils work from the R. C. Separate schools of this Province will be surpassed at the Exhibition by pupils of the same age.

Yours truly, W. MAY, Superintendent To C. DONOVAN, M. A., Sep. School Inspector.

The City Markets.

Quotations on the city market for farmers' produce this week are as follows: Feed barley 20c to 22c; malting barley 25c to 30c. No. 1 hard, 55c. No. 2 hard and 1 Northern, 53c. No. 3 hard and 2 Northern, 45c. No. 1 frosted, 35c. No. 2 frosted, 25c. Feed, 20c. Oats, 25c to 27c. Butter—Scarce dairy, fresh prints, 20c to 25c. alb.; tub, 18c; cooking, 12c to 14c. Eggs—Fresh, 25c. packed 20c. Poultry—Chicken (dressed), frozen, 12c; live, per pair, \$1. Turkeys—12c to 13c a lb. Geese—Scarce; 10c a lb. Hay—\$4.50 to \$5.50 a ton. Wood—Tamarac, \$5 per cord; popular \$3.50 to \$4; cedar posts, 8c a post (7 ft. length.) Vegetables—Potatoes 35c per bush; turnips, 25c to 30c a bush; onions \$1.80 a bush; parsnips, 40c. a bush. Meats, etc.—Butchers' killed beef, 5c to 6c per lb. by the carcass, frozen mutton, 12c; pork, 7c to 7c; lambs \$4 to \$5 a piece. Fish—Whitefish, 5c per lb; pike and pickerel, 2c. Hides—No. 1, 3c; To. 2, 2c; No. 3, 2c; sheepskins fresh killed, from 75c to \$1 No. 1 steers, 3c; No. 1 cows, 2c. Straw—\$3 per ton.

THE BLUE STORE, SIGN OF THE BLUE STAR, 434 MAIN STREET.

To the Public: Having over-bought ourselves, expecting a big spring's trade, we must now sell the whole of our large stock of Clothing at astonishingly low prices. Beautiful French Tweed Suits at \$13 75. Splendid Scotch Tweed Suits at 13 75. Very Best English Whip Cord Suits at 13 50. Fine Canadian All-Wool Suits at 7 50. Fine Canadian All-Wool Suits at 6 00. Fine Canadian All-Wool Suits at 5 00. Union Tweed Suits at 4 50. Pants for the million from \$1.00 Upwards. Youths', Boys' and Children's Suits equally cheap. Come in and see for yourselves. Again remember the spot—

THE BLUE STORE, SIGN OF THE BLUE STAR, 434 MAIN STREET.

Consumption and Lung Difficulties. Always arise from particles of corrupt matter deposited in the air-cells, by impure blood. Purify that stream of life and it will very soon carry off and destroy the poisonous matter, and like a crystal river flowing through a desert, will bring with it and leave throughout the body the elements of health and strength. As the river, leaving the elements of fertility in its course, causes the before barren waste to bloom with flowers and fruit, so pure blood causes the frame to rejoice in strength and health, and bloom with unfolding beauty. All Medicine Dealers sell Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

SEEDS Send for Catalogue. Send to J. M. PERKINS for his ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE. When you can choose from his LARGE VARIETY OF SEEDS. Acknowledged to be the LARGEST and BEST STOCK in MANITOBA or the NORTHWEST. J. M. PERKINS, 241, Main St., Winnipeg.

THE NEW STORE. Watson Armington & Co (McIntyre Block) Are showing all the Latest Novelties in FINE DRESS GOODS. Dress Trimmings, Delaines, Prints and Chambrays, Hosiery, Gloves &c., at the Cheapest Possible Prices. You are respectfully invited to call and examine the NEW STOCK. Goods Cheerfully Shown.

Watson Armington & Co For Invalids. Armbrech, Coca Wine, Armbrech Coca Wine, Armbrech Coca Wine. A most wonderful restorative of vocal, mental and physical powers.

RICHARD & CO., 365 Main St., - - Winnipeg. RADIGER & COY. IMPORTERS OF Wines, Liquors, Cigars. Are selling Pure Ontario Grape Wines at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Per Gallon. A CHOICE lot of Cigars containing the Leading Brands at cost price. 513 Main St. Telephone 241.

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During the opening months of the Spring Season we will make you all TO REMEMBER AS

A Revolution in Fine Goods and Fair Prices! We are going to do business with you because we have exactly what you want, and Our Prices are simply Irresistible.

OUR SPRING AND SUMMER ATTRACTIONS! Will Cause a Big Turnout!

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We have the ability, disposition and the ELEGANT GOODS to please every buyer who is seeking Bargains in the line of

BOOTS AND SHOES. MENS' FOOTWEAR

Our Stock is Complete in all sizes and goods of Lace Boots, Button Shoes, Low Shoes, Congress Shoes, Working Shoes, Boots of All Kinds And Slippers.

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We keep the Latest Shapes in Walking Shoes, House Shoes, Dress Shoes, Low Shoes, And Slippers.

CHILDRENS' FOOTWEAR

Our Assortment is Complete in Youths' Shoes, Misses' Shoes, Boys' Shoes, Girls' Shoes, Childrens' Shoes, and Slippers.

Our Stock is Complete in all Sizes and Widths and Perfect Fits are assured in any Style of Shoe or kind of Leather Desired.

Try us for Good Quality and Money Saving Prices. It Will Pay You to keep your EYES ON US for a while. Yours for Fine Goods and FAIR FIGURES.

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Passengers will be carried on all regular freight trains. Pullman Palace Sleepers and Dining Cars on St. Paul and Minneapolis Express daily.

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St. Paul, Minneapolis, And all points in the UNITED STATES and CANADA.

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An opportunity to pass through the celebrated St. Clair Tunnel. Baggage is checked through in bond, and there is no customs examination.

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