Mr Jeefy Pichwould R

YOL. 1.

TORONTO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1859.

NO. 45.

THE GRUMBLER.

" If there's a bole in a' your coats I rede you tent it : A chiel's among you taking notes 'And, faith, he'll prent it .

SATURDAY, JAN. 22, 1859;

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Some very silly correspondent has felt the necessity of enlightening the Colonist on this vexed question. His first remark is a very sage one; after all the fuss that has been made in the contest between religious and secular education, "W" (Wiseacre?) informs us that it is "exceedingly superficial." Being so, he is of course prepared to treat it in a "superficial" manner, and we feel bound to admit that he has succeeded wonderfully. After ransacking the records of all the nations of Europe, he confesses bimself nonplussed; and confesses with a frankness that does him infinite credit, "I am perfectly unable to find a parallel that will bear on the state of society in this country." So we should think: a "parallel bearing" upon anything would be a novelty indeed. He however makes one discovery which will doubtless excite some surprise, particularly in the higher tiers of our social world,-" the population of this country is made up chiefly of the lower orders of nearly all the nations," in other words, Canadians are the off-scourings of the old world, the scum of mankind. Perfectly astounded with the force of his own patriotism, he tries the mystical in the following abstruse fashion: "In those countries (European) the authorities are more competent to act, than the authorities are here to meet with the approval of the people." Can any body tell us 'the meaning of this paragraph? we give it up as utterly hopeless. It reminds us most of the celebrated poser, "If a man be six feet high, required the color of his coat?" Let us hope that the letter will soon be issued, with explanatory notes; at present it would baffle the greatest master of hermenentics. Take another sentence,-"If I had the least shadow of a proof that we had (when?) too much of the Bib e, then I would say at once, let us have a little more of the secular;" as it is, however, he declines sending for a fresh supply of the latter article, and piles on the argumentation in good style. "Knowing by every succeeding day that we have too little of the former, and too much of the latter, I come to this conclusion, that a little more" of the former is necessary .-Apart from the really serious and important nature of the subject, what nonsense the fellow writes. Apply it to a small matter, and who can fail to see interesting, and we are sure it will be made enter-the absurd weakness of the argument. "Knowing taining and instructive to the audience.

by experience that we have too much milk in our ten, and too little sugar, I come to the conclusion, that we want some more sugar." What an addition to our knowledge that would be; and yet in a matter, about which people are so divided, a poor scribbler writes, as he would scorn to do about the trivialties of daily life. But "had begins, and worse remains behind." A child and a teacher are represented as conversing in a "secular" school. The child asks "Who made the sun, moon and stars?" The teacher answers Nick-my-dolly," The child then enquires, who made Nick my-dolly. The teacher responds, "Ask the Hon, Geo, Brown?" and forbids the pupil to ask any more questions. Yet this wretched blasphemy appears next the leading article in Old Double, with all the adornments of punctuation, and italies for public benefit. What is too absurd for the journal after this letter? Whether is the editor or his correspondent the greater offender of public taste, the more serious outrager of public decency?

THE HOMESTEAD.

Reformers of Upper Canada, you ought to be ishamed of yourselves. For four years your names have been paraded in public as the generous doners of \$5, \$10, and \$50 each to the praiseworthy object of buying a homestead for William Lyon McKenzie the honestest and oldest reformer in Canada—the man that became poor that you might become rich the man whose life, when life was worth living for, has been one long struggle to secure Reform for the people and to keep the wolf from his own door. He did not ask you for a Homestead. You offered it to him and pressed him to accept it. In an evil bour he thought you were sincere and did accept it. You put down your names as subscribers-but never subscribed a penny. Was this genilemanly? We think it the meanest and most contemptible transaction that ever any body of men engaged in. It is such a trick as we would expect from a body of professed sharpers-but not from men boasting, to be the Reformers of Canada. There is no other way to save the credit of the country but to publish the list of eathusiastic Reformers-renegades, rather-once more, so that the world may learn by heart the names of the poltroons who have acted so shabby a part.

T. D. McGce.

-We are glad to notice that this talented gentleman will lecture in Toronto on Thursday next. Apart from the position he occupies in political circles, men of all parties acknowledge Mr. McGee's ability and eloquence. He is to lecture on "Thomas Moore and Robert Burns;" the subject is

THE MAN FOR WELLINGTON.

Try again, Nassaa C., Don't you be faint hearted. Sure the Gowan's glory yet Cappot have departed: Sconted ouce, beaten once, Every man must be a dunce. Who don't see, that you alone, Are the man for Wellington.

Try again, Nassau C., What though Middlesex went wrong, Nover venture, never win-You'll be M. P. P. ere long, Try ngain, Nassau C., Every man at once must sec, With the aid of Ferguson, You're the man for Wellington.

Try again, Nassau C., What's "Old Double know about it? Get the whiskey for the " lambs," You'll go in, man, never doubtit. Try again, Nassau C., Thoro's good luck in number three; Let "bully Tom" but bring his gun, And you're the man for Wellington.

Nassau C., Nassau C., Don't give way, my bully boy, Canvas brisk!y, get the whiskey, Ogle soon will wish you joy ; Scouted once, beaten once, Every man must be a dunce : Who don't see that you alone Are the man for Wellington.

An Enraged Leader.

-At first sight we were much struck to see the walls of the city placarded with large posters, stating that the Leader was "enraged," but on examining the printing closely it turned out to be an announcement that the Leader was "calarged." It is all very well of course for the Leader to make a little fuss about its enlargement-and, when not overdone, no objection can be taken to it. But when we are bored to death by being told every day in that paper, the precise number of inches, that it is larger than any other paper in the Province, we think it high time to check the nuisance. Size is no criterion of merit. A squash is not as good eating as a strawberry; nor a whale as a herring. If this mania progresses much farther we shall have newspapers advertizing, in rapturous periods, the respective sizes of their editors. In that case the Editor-in-chief of the Globe will be able to compare favourably with the Editor of the Leader.

The Pot and the Kettle,

-" Here again it will be our duty to trace Mr. Brown along his well-beaten path of misrepresentation and deceit."--- Colonist of resterday. "Onr contemporary (Colonist) now perpetrates a double lie, a lie in regard to the Globe, and a lie in regard to itself."-Globe of yesterday. Comment is unnecessary, the extracts carry their own moral with them.

THAT'S THE QUESTION-Where's the An wer?

Whence this paper "harly burly?" Whence this putting on of armour-Armour by the Grits and Moderates? Grit and Moderate aging War about the Queen's decision.

- "Ottawa shall be the chy;"
- "Ottawa be hanged, it shan't be ;"
- "You're disloyal Grits and rebels :"
- "You're corrupt and spoony Moderates; We want Rep. by Population, We'll bare Rep. by Population 'Poro we fix on any city, Be it Ottawa or Quelec, Be it Montreal or Kingston."
- " You insult the Queen, you blackguards;"
- "" Blackguard" in your teeth, you spoonies, You'd no business, Sirs, to ask her, Ask the Queen about the matter ; She do'nt care a cold potato Where the capital be fixed, Sirs,"
- "You're a set of scheining humbugs, You're all Brown and Dorion scheiners, You're the ininisters what would be; But the grapes are sour, old husses, You must get a longer inddes, 'Fore you're slick enough to clutch them, Put that in your pipe and snoke it All you hungy Gritty schemors."
- "Guess you're all swell covies, aint you? All you loud, tall talking moderates? Guess you'd botter not be cock-sure, Better not suppose you'll always Rule the roast, you queer old fogies; Guess you've had your cay, you dogs you, Make way for your betters, capt you? Make way, or by Jove we'll pitch you 'Cross the House just neck and crop, Sirs, We're the chaps what all the people Confidence reposes in, Sirs : We're the real Clear Grits what's going To reform this ill-used Province, Pave with Californy gold, Sire, All the streets of all the cities ; Itnild up all the folks you've rained. Rained by your rockless squanderings; Yes, you spendthrift, jobbing moderates, There aint nothing now can save you, Not c'en 'vou I vas at Vindsor,' Se just mizzle-you're a used up Slick, community confound you."

Whonce this paper "lurly burly?"
Whonce these bickerings "tit for lat;"
"You tell lles," and "you're a liar,"
"You're a regue," and "you're abother,"
With the numerous of coterns
Which adorn our Morning Papers?
That's the question!—Where's the answer?
Won't some stud, good Clear Grit give it?
Won't some smooth-tongued Moderate give it?
No!—Well, lung them, then Tae GRUNBLER
Must just speak his suind about it.

"There a set of polay wranglers, Those who write for Morning papers ; They begatter with foul language, These, the 'Ins' and those, the 'Outs,' Sirs. Would you know tha ' why' and ' whorefore ? There's the rub-these stick like leeches To the treasury pap and pickings ; Those, are anxious, quite as anxious To secure the map and pickings, To enjoy the sweets of office. . Well, that's natural, but just let them Be more digained and moderate; Wage with worthfor arms the battle, And for all The GRUMBLER careth They may fight till they are weary, They may fight while pen and ink last, They may fight till types are worn out, They may fight and fight forever.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE.

The usual weekly meeting of this Scientific body took place after Tuesday. Present—Professors Dullman, Flatman, and Hardbrain. Hon. Mr. Tallboy in the chair.

The chairman read a paper on the " Phenomenon of the Sea," which could occupy about 136 columns is printed in full. We give a synopsis of it, however as it is both interesting and instructive. The Sca was composed of salt and water, if the lecture might be allowed the expression. But how the salt and water came together was a matter of dispute. Whether the water came to the salt, or the salt to the water, or whether both met half way was an open question. He had crossed the sea himself, and had seen it in storm and in calm; and he had often spent days in examining the curious effect which a storm had upon the ship. At times the waves rolled very high, and immediately afterwards sank very low, and invariable the ship rose and sank with the waves. He could not account for this in any other manner than that there must be an Indian rubber bed at the bottom of the Atlantic. which the weight of the ship pressing on the water and the water on the Indian rubber would cause to sink, while its elastic nature would immediately give it an upward tendency, which in its turn it would impart to the sea, thus producing what are commonly called waves. With these remarks he would resume his seat.

Prof. Dullman exhibited the skin of a very rare and curious animal called the Pig. The race of this animal was, he was sorry to sny, now extinct in Canada. The skin he now held in his hand was sent to him by a gentleman living in Stanleystreet—a city of some consequence in the Hudson's Bay Territory; and he had informed him that he had taken it with his own hands from the last pig that was known to exist in that quarter of the globe. Of the habits of the Pig he had a great deal to say that was curious and new to the members, but as the saw Prof. Flatman had something to say, he would take another opportunity.

Prof. Flatman exhibited a piece of wood found by some men digging in the woods. There were certain characters upon it, which, although nearly obliter ated, he, with the help of Prof. Altongues, had been able to decipher. The characters, as near as he could make them out, were—

"Beware of the Paint."

From the position in which this relic of antiquity was found, he had no hesitation in saying that it must be at least 5000 years old. It might have been a part of Noah's Ark, indeed, for all he knew. To exactly determine the meaning of the characters traceable upon the piece of wood must at least be only guess work, inasmuch as no clue to their interpretation could now be found. He had read a great many works of antiquity, but he could not remember ever having read of any one whose name was Paint. But it was quite evident that he must have been a great tyrant, inasmuch as people were cautioned to Boware of him. The prefixing of the definite article the before Mr. Paint's name was a fact worthy of notice, because it went for to establish the fact that Murray's English Grammar was not extensively read in those days.

Prof. Hardbrain, after the learned disquisitions that had already been Ixid before the Institute, felt some diffidence in saying anything. However, he had brought with him a curious article which he had picked up in his rambles, and which he was as yet unable to write an account of. It was evidently one of those images which barbarians worship as their Gods, and may have been brought to this country by Bramah or Confucius. It was a smal image of a warrior, as the members might see. At its head was a piece of string, while another piece of string hung from between its legs-which would go far to prove that men in those days had tails. Now, by holding the upper string in one hand, and pulling the other string the Idol immediately expanded its legs and arms. No doubt this Idol owed its origin to the aucient Egyptian priests, who were skilled in deceiving people by means of such Punch-and-Judyism. He begged to present this ancient relic to the Institute.

OUR CORPORATION BLOWERS.

We are greatly pleased with our new Council, because we find others displeased. There is mourning in the city; and we rejoice. The hope of the jobbers is gone. No more fat contracts given by underhand means, will again fall to the lot of the hangers-on around the members of our Corporation. Corruption has fled, incorruptibility now rules!

Is this strain we hoped to be enabled to write with sincerity; but our dreams are dispersed. Evidence of jobbery appears at the very first meeting of the Blowers. We do not make the charge unadvisedly, but can prove our words, and name the traitors. His worship the Mayor is one, and Coun. Fincks another. This is the case. A law passed by the late Council determined that no Blower should supply goods for Corporation purposes. With shame and confusion of face we saw that the Mayor had on a new coat; made like a Quaker's. Smelling corruption with the acuteness of Brown or Mackenzie, we instantly asked who the maker might be, and learned he was no other than Councillor Fincks. The coat was new; it was not borrowed from Davy Read; it fitted His Worship too well for that. Fincks pleads in defence that, as a general rule, it takes nine tailors to make a man; but that by his extraordinary skill in the use of the goose, he has made a man of the Mayor. Well, if he can turn a mare into a human being, perhaps he can change a mule into a man also. If such be the case we beg that he will commence operations with Ald. Sheard forthwith.

Ald. Brunel has declared war against the groggeries. He was in such haste to issue his proclamation, that when the Mayor got up to make a speech, St. George's Alderman got up too. He had to wait for ten minutes; cach one of which seemed to him a year. Succeeding at last in his object, it was with intensest pain we witnessed the despair of Mr. Wiman. His hair straitened out; his lips quivered, and, grasping hold of an ink-pot, he was going to hurl it at Brunel's head, but did'nt; and sinking back in his chair he moved but once, and that was to vote; on which side he evidently did not know.

ROBERT BURNS.

One hundred changeful years
Have wept and smiled upon this changeful world,
Sluce Scotia's glorious bard,
Life's logant sails unto the breeze unfurled,
Embarking tundly

His lowly vessel on life's checquered sea.

No stately noun was there, Such as breather "welcome" when a lord is born, No loud rejoicings met The lowly infact on his matal morn,

None dreamt—no lips declare
A greater than a thousand lords lies there.

Greater—though as life sped,
life lot was numbered with the sons of toil.
Greater—for such sweet song
Gushed from the tiller of fair Scotia's soil,
As proved him well to be.

As proved him well to be, Poor, in the ranks of nature's horaldry.

Yes, in the foremost ranks
Then stood'st enrolled then glorious son of song,
Thy toil worn brow was decked
With genus more precious than to kings belong.
Genius enshrined sat there,

And shone all lustrous through the mists of care.

Shone out in fadeless song,

Sweet as the music of a whispering river.
Things fleet and fade and die,

The songs of Bunns shall live, and live for ever-Live in the smiles a jet cars,

The hearts of millious, on, through countless years.

Gay, gentle, winsome bard,
Although thy place is known on earth no more.
This day a wealth of love,

Earth's best and noblest o'er thy memory pour. Live on, sweet bard, let fame

Rest still more glorious on thy honoured name.

SATAN REPROVING SIN.

The Globe of Saturday contains the following choice bit. "They (the Gowans) laboured to excite denominational animosity, and the effects of their teaching and example have been rendered visible in various forms."

Well now, that is pretty good. "Denominational animosity" forsooth; how particularly disagreeable that must be to our friend of the Globe Of course he never expressed aught but the greatest abhorrence of "denominational animosity," and never denounced one sect and mounted to power by the assistance of another. Where is the Leader with his old fyles to prove that he was once very denunciatory? Of course he will be silent; for not even a ministerial print can so falsity facts. Seriously we think the Globe is going on too fast in the new track; it is far too zealous in the cause of toleration to be thoroughly sincere. Blaming the Gowans for intelerance went do for at least twelve months to come, when the events of the last six years may perhaps have slipped from our memories. These politicians change and pirouette so frequently that an honest man can't keep pace with them. What next, we wonder?

We shall soon hear approving discourses from Powell on honesty, Hogan on consistency, McGee on Protestantism, Gowan on integrity, Ferres on modesty, and Robinson on common sense. All these we could endure, but the *Globe* on toleration is certainly a dose too much.

LECTURES.

The surest way to ruin any cause, is to have it advocated in the columns of Old Double. The failure of John Geikie's lecture on Ralph Walde Emeron's religious opinions, was hastened in a great measure by this cause. They say that "birds of a feather flock together," accordingly Johnny being a dull man, went to the fountain-head of dullness, Old Double, and secured the support of that paper and his own defeat at the same time. Johnny is an excessively dull man-so dullindeed that if he had lived in the days of Pope, and had had some pretentions to cleverness, he would have attained immortality in a corner of the Dunciad. But to return to the lecture. Old Double sounded the pennywhistle-Pantheism, Atheism, mysticised and done up in the most harmless guize, were said to have been inculcated by Emerson in the lecture on the "Law of Success," which he delivered here some time ago in this city, and "the Christian portion of our population," were called upon to go and listen to what Johnny had to say on the subject, as the only way in which all Emerson's diabolical isms could be negatived. But whether it is that there are very few Christian people in Toronto, or that they are all blessed with more common sense than Johnny and his compeers, we will not determine. Certain, it is however, that very few people were there to appreciate the able manner in which Johnny and the other speakers demolished opinions which Mr. Emerson never advocated, and overturned doctrines the advocacy of which Mr. Emerson never dreamt of. We will not particularize which of the speakers is entitled to the merit of discovering the greatest mare's nest on this occassion "Birds of a feather," as we said before, "flock together." Johnny is a dull man and surrounded himself with dall men. and got the dullest and stupidest paper in the world, Old Double-to advocate his dull doctrines. For the future he should chain down his aspiring genius to the more profitable task of selling Mr. Emerson's works since it is evident he cannot understand them; and we advise him to allow the public to judge of the merit of a lecturer for themselves. If he needs must meddle with edged tools, D'Arcy McGee is going to lecture next week, and there is nothing easier than for him again to misunderstand the lecturer, and once more to make a fool of him-Before we conclude, we state distinctly for the

Before we conclude, we state distinctly for the benefit of such dull men as Mr. Geikie, that in writing these remarks we express no opinion as to the orthodoxy of Mr. Emerson's belief. We deal with him as we found him, and as an intelligent Toronto audiouce found him. But in the meantime we must be excused if we hesitate to rely upon the opinion of a man who could interrupt a lecturer at night to bread him as a sceptic, and advertise all his works at the cheapest rates the next morning.

Lecture next week.

—Mr. Stokes, we understand, will address the citizens of Toronto next week, on "J. C. Geikie, his books and bookship." We trust there will be a good audience

THE HAPPY FAMILY.

We are extremely glad to see the good spirit in which the Burns' Centenary celebrations are likely to be conducted; we trust they will be well supported by the people of Toronto. There is something extremely gratifying in this appreciation, tardy though it has been, of the peasant poet of Ayr It is fortunate that there is at least one man whose touching story reaches the hearts of all, one whose name is the angry watchword of no political or sectional party, the signal for no outburst of ani-

mosity, the rallying cry of no religious strife.

While therefore we mark his errors as the sad evidence of the fallibility of human genius, let us gladly honour the warm, noble heart which beat under the rough garb of the Scottish ploughman. We have no desire, however, to enter into the contest of culogy, for which the Beechers, and Everetts and McGees, and McCauls are now polishing and sharpening the weapon of rhetoric; we leave that in their hands, whilst we notice one feature in the Toronto entertainment which seems almost ludicrous. We refer to the strange, though not fortuitous concourse of atoms which are to meet within the walls of the St. Lawronce Hall and Rossin House.

Draper and Brown, McDonald and McGee, Cameron and Mowat, Vankoughnet and Connor have agreed to meet together at one board without fighting. In England this would not be surprising, because public men there learn to dispute without accrbity, and to differ without malice. But in this country, imagine the Attorney General sipping wine with George Brown and complimenting him upon his editoriol powers, and Dr. Ryerson hob-nobbing with D'Arcy McGee without ever alluding to the mission to Ireland. We can almost imagine Vankoughnet in the fullness of bi- heart, imparting the secrets of the next session to Dr. Connor, whilst the latter forgetting all malice, firmly embraces his quondam foe. "The double shuffle," "perjury," "demagoguism," and all the rest of the political jargon laid on the shelf for an evening. The lion of the Common Pleas sitting with the lamb from South Ontario; and the polar bear from Oxford having a comfortable chat with the fox from Montreal. The sight Will be entertaining in the extreme, let us hope that no unforeseen accident will interrupt the harmony, or break the spell on the felicitous occasion. By the way, why not make a week of it, and beginning with Monday, let neither the Colonest nor Globe calls its neighbour "a liar" oftener than once a day. Let the former give a little discriminating praise to Brown, and the latter find some redeeming point in Mr. McDonald. This will allow a little breathing time before Philippi the week after, and then they may slash away to their heart's content. At any rate, we are to have one night's truce from this sickening recrimination; let us be thankful for small mercies.

The Junior Warden's Toast

——Is the title of a new Piece of Music composed by J. D. HUMPHREYS, Esq., and printed by Messrs. Roddy & Reilly. The composer sang it with great success at the Concert on Thursday evening. We hope that it will meet with an extensive sale.

THE MASONIC BALL.

The blow out of the Masons is the event of the week among our would-be fushionables. Any amount of money was expanded in crinoline and other failings to which the vanity of ladies is heir, and no doubt many conquests were made by the fair ones who graced the occasion with their presence. So far as enjoyment was concerned, the ball was a decided success, but we regret to learn that the same remark does not hold good in a financial point of view, and that our local charities will not be very much enriched by the proceeds. Indeed it was hardly to be expected that any considerable surplus would be over what we must term the extravagancies of the committee, and although we cannot but thank them for their labours in providing such a splendid entertainment, we do question the propriety of parading charity as the end and aim of their exertions. It would have been much better to allow the affair to come off simply as the occasion for enjoyment, at which the young people might meet their friends, extend their acquaintance-ship, and have a good time, than to have carricatured the idea of charity. If to aid the poor was the object, much more effective means might have been taken by the Masons, and if the committee really desired that end, they went to work in a strange way. One-third of the money expended by the committee and the parties present, if judiciously given to the poor, would have accomplished more good than fifty such celebrations. We do not wish to be considered cynical, but we must enter our protest against making charity the excuse for having a jolification, and aid to the poor a paliation of useless extravagance.

With reference to the ball in itself, we have not a word to say, except that it was a very pleasant affair. All classes of society were very well represented, and it was amusing to observe the care taken by our upper-tendom to avoid coming in contact with those of the "common sort, although the distinctive mark of either was hardly perceptible. The ladies' dresses were not remark. able for anything beyond their extreme size of hoop, and serious danger was threatened to those of weak understandings. Indeed, one gentleman who we understand goes by the sobriequet of "Pe-tah," and who was attired in the most unexceptionable negtops, was so much injured as to have serious apprehensions entertained as to whether he will ever again be able to perambulate King street in his nanal snobbish style. We are sure the regret will be unanimous among the fair ladies on whom he deigns to level his eye-glass. Three or four cases of strangulation were observed during the evening in consequence of the tight dog-collars which some of the "nobbies" wore, and the sympathy and condolence of our fair friends were much excited.

The Governor General honoured the company with his presence, and took it into his wise consideration to leave just as a spirited dance had commenced, when the music had to be changed from a lively waltz to the national anthem, resulting in great confusion among the dancers, and causing more than one uncomplimentary epithet on such a breach of court etiquette.

Nothing could better illustrate the extreme de-

pression of the times, than the crowd that assembled at the supper-room door, a full half bour before supper time. One would faucy from the anxiety manifested to get inside, that the parties had been on short allowance for some days. To make the matter still more tautalizing, the door was now and again slightly opened allowing an odor of cooked viands to escape, which had the effect of making the general appetite still more keen. No doubt this was done by direction of the Committee, who perhaps were afraid that the supper would not otherwise be appreciated.

On the whole, the blow-out was a creditable affair, and will long be remembered by the partici-

Attention!

To be sold, cheap,-An Officer's Scarlet Uniform, Address Y. Y. at this Office,-Globe.

What a story of disappointed ambition is unfolded here! What a dark tale of military glory prematurely choked off! Perhaps, poor fellow! his tailor grew inexorable, or he may have sued in vain for Adjutant-Generalship, or he may have shot his trigger finger off, or perchance he may have joined the peace society, and abjured the camp from conscientious scruples. Who can tell what is up with Y.Y. Y.? In the meantime, the "Scarlet Uniform" is in the market and is to be sold cheap. We trust that the purchaser will not be sold with the coat; we have our doubts, however. There is a dark enigma wrapped in the mystical Y. Y. Y. A nursery rhymer, whose name an envious world has wrapped in oblivion, has spoken with eminent pathos of one whom he apostrophizes, "Too wise(Y.Y.) you are, too wise you be," &c., but here is a man who eclipses this doubly cute individual; he is trebly wise, and we tremble lest the unhappy man who may be induced to purchase 3 Y.'s coat may conclude the quotation, " I see you are too wise for me."

Pno

-The man who does the daily telegraphing for the Press of Canada occasionally sends us rare specimens of what he considers important news. The other day he was at the trouble to inform us that the British Government and presented the American Consul General to Japan with nothing less than a snuff box-a real, whole snuff box! And to enhance the value of this inestimable piece of information he further tells us that when the representatives of the people at Washington were asked to allow him to accept it-one Mr. Pugh dissented. Who is Pug, or Pugh? Who the deuce cares what Pugh does: He is only a Pug, and Pug dogs are always waspish. We should like to know if the operator considers it part of his duty to telegraph all over the globe that so and so has made an ass of himself? If so, he had better send on his own name at once.

Yo Critic Criticized.

"We hope the author (Prof. Kendall), will pardon our pointing out a need for his attention to the completeness and symmetry of his sentence."—Colonist of yesterday

To say nothing of several sentences in the leading articles, twenty lines long, what think you of the "symmetry" of the following?

"Hin (Bura's) fame will be fanned into a flame in a most remarkable manner throughout the domain of the English language, and also in those out-of-the-way regions where only Scots penetrate as their fellow citizens are pleased to say."

DR. RAE.

The lecture delivered by this gentleman was very interesting. His anecdotes of Arctic life were listoned to with the most lively attention, and the souvenirs of Sir John Franklin's party which he exhibited were eagerly examined by the audience. In addition to these relies, the skins and other Arctic mementoes excited great curiosity. The lecturer, perhaps, did not dwell on Arctic scenery long enough. He failed to satisfy our curiosity as to the immensity of those icebergs which nipped the strong ships of the Franklin party, so nicely alluded to by Dr. McCaul. Nor did he succeed in transporting the imagination of his audience by the force of his "word painting" to the inhospitable shores of the north pole. But as he says himself, he is no lecturer; and what be had to tell us was told in a plain and homely manner, which did not fail to satisfy the understanding.

Something New under the Sun.

—— A visionary creature issues the following advertisement selecting the Globe as the best medium for his purpose:

"AN EDITOR WANTED—For an epidependent Daily paper in Kingston. Parties applying must be free from Religious prejudices, well acquainted with the past and present state of our political affairs and imbued with a spirit of energy, and imbued with a spirit of energy, and prose."

What next will they want? Just think of it ! An honest editor, "free from religious prejudice" and imbued with " honesty of purpose !" The philosopher's stone, the elixir of life and all the mysteries of the Rosicrucians were nothing to this. We just want to know whence the raravis is coming, and when Mr. Lightfoot gets him, by all means let us have a good look at the fellow. If the advertizer will take him round in a cage, he may make his fortune by exhibiting him at 12} cents a head The idea is so ludicrous that if we were an engraver, we could upset the gravity of even the editor of the Colonist, by exhibiting this literary Diogenes searching through the province, with the Globe for his lantern, in the Quixotic hope of finding an "honest editor."

An Advantage.

One advantage resulting from the new ten and twenty out pieces appears to have been overlooked by our cotemporaries. It is that two drinks can now be had for ten cents which formerly cost twelve and a half cents. Such a saving is not to be despised in these hard times.

THE GRUMBLER

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