

TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1902. \$2 A YEAR 10c. PER SINGLE COPY. TO THE TRADE. July 24th. ALWAYS AT THE TOP IT WILL The Importance of BE WELL Good Linings used in Men's Cloth-TO HAVE Irade ing is becoming greater every day. ONE OF We are showing 12 different makes Mark of Black Mohair Twill Linings; 6 of Colored, 4 of Black Italian Cloth, and 6 of Colored, all in OUR CATA-LOGS Shirts FOR BELWARP GOODS. REFER-Collars Filling Letter Orders a Specialty. ENCE. We will send and one if you request it. Wellington and Front Sts. E., Toronto Cuffs We Make-Wheelock Engines, Ideal High Speed Engines, Gas and Gasoline Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Water Wheels, Flour Mill Machinery, Oatmeal Mill Machinery, Wolf Gyrators, Emery Choppers, Wood Working Machinery, Shingle Machinery, Heading and Stave Machinery, Wood Rim Split Pulleys, Iron Pulleys, Shafting, Hangers, Friction Clutch Couplings, Friction Clutch Pulleys, Safes, Vaults and Vault Doors. "BEST MADE" Manufactured by Heating ... The WILLIAMS. GREENE Dwellings and Public Buildings has & ROME COMPANY. The Goldie & McCulloch Co. been our specialty for over thirty LIMITED years. We both manufacture and BERLIN, Ontario Limited, - GALT, Ont., Can. instal all kinds of Hot Air and Hot Water Heating Apparatus, and our line comprises heaters that will satisfy any condition or burn any kind of fuel. Send for our booklet "About Heating." The non paying building is the big building with-LIMITED **CLARE BROTHERS & COMPANY** out a modern elevator. ARTHUR B. LEE, A. BURDETT LEE, Preston. Ontario. VICE-PRE ESIDENT ANI TREASURER The dividend - paying DEALERS IN block is the one in which Such SHELF AND HEAVY has been installed elevators Articles that do their work steadily, THREETEL as these safely, and economically give great all the time. . . . satisfaction. Fensom's High Grade BAR **BOECKH'S** Elevators never run wild, **IRON AND STEEL** Brushes are sure, and earn their and cost. IRON CANE'S Wooden-Works and Office-PIPE AND FITTINGS ware. 50, 52, 54 and 56 Duke St., Toronto. TORONTO. UNITED FACTORIES, LIMITED Toronto, London, Newmarket.



THE MOLSONS BANK Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855.

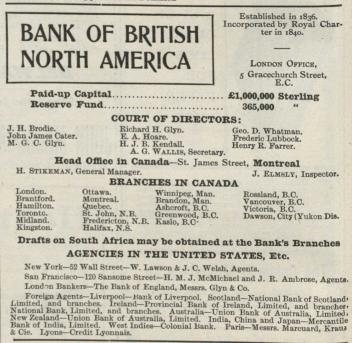
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, \$2,500,000.00 Reserve Fund. 2 1 50 000 00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :
WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President.
W. M. Ramsay Samuel Finley J. P. Cleghorn H. Markland Molson It Col F. C.
Henshaw. JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager
A. D. DURNFORD, Chief Inspector and Sunt of Branches
W. H. DRAPER, Inspector. H. LOCKWOOD and W. W. T. CHARLES. Aso't Insp'rs

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Alvinston, Ont. Aylmer, Ont. Brockville, Ont.	KK
Calgary, Alta.	M
Chesterville, Ont	M
Exeter, Ont.	
Fraserville, Que. Hamilton, Ont.	M
Hensall, Ont.	M
A GENTE TN TTT	on

A. D. DUENFORD, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches. W. H. DRAPER, Inspector. H. LOCKWOOD and W. W. L. CHIPMAN, Ass't Insp'rs BRANCHES: Alvinston, Ont. Kingsville, Ont. Norwich, Ont. St. Thomas, Ont. Brockville, Ont. London, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Brockville, Ont. London, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Brockville, Ont. London, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Calgary, Alta. Meaford, Ont. Port Arthur, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Chesterville, Ont. Montreal, Que. Quebec, Que. Vancouver, B.C Clinton, Ont. "St. Catherine Revelstoke St'n, BC Victoria, B.C. Exeter, Ont. Mar. & Harbor Br. Simcce, Ont. Waterloo, Ont. Hensall, Ont. Morrisburg, Ont. Sorel, P.O. Waterloo, Ont. Morrisburg, Ont. Sorel, P.O. Woodstock, Ont. AGENTS IN EUROPE-London-Par's Bank, Ltd., Messrs. Chaplin, Mine, Grenfell & Co., Ltd. Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Ltd. Ireland-Munster & Leinster Bank, Ltd. France, Societe Generale, Credit Lyonnais. Germany,-Deutsche Bank. Belgium, Antwerp. La Banque d'Anvers. China and Japan-Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Lid. France, Societe Generale, Credit Lyonnais. Germany, "Deutsche Bangue I Anvers. China and Japan-Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation."
 AGENTS IN UNITED STATES-New York-Mechanics' Nat. Eank, Nat. City Bank, Hanover Nat. Bank, The Morton Trust Co. Boston-State National Bank, Kidder, Peabody & Company. Portland, Maine-Casco Nat. Bank, Chicago-First Nat. Bank. Cleveland. Commercial Nat. Bank, Philadelphia-Fourth St. National Bank, Phil National Bank. Detroit-State Savings Bank. Buffalo-Third National Bank. Milwaukee-Wisconsin Nat. Bank of Milwaukee. Minneapolis-First Nat. Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Butte, Montana-First Nat. Bank K. Toledo-Second Commerce. Portland, Oro.-Can. Bk. of Commerce. Seattle, Wash.-Boston Nat. Bank. Cleveland. Collections Indee in all parts of the Dominion, and returns promptly remitted at Circular Letters issued, available in all parts of the world, also "Bank Money Orders payable at all banking points in the Dominion



The Dominion Bank.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current Quarter-being at the rate of TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House in this City on and after

Friday, the First Day of August Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st July next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

T. G. BROUGH, General Manager.



BANKERS MONTREAL-Molsons Bank; Imperial Bank of Canada. NEW YORK-The Importers and Traders National Bank. LONDON ENGLAND-The National Bank of Scotland.

AUXA BOULTA AND Canada. BRITISH COLUMBIA—Canadian Bank of Commerce. A general Banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued. available in China, Japan and other foreign countries.





100

Huron and Erie

	L	Da	In		ar	nd	Sa	avin
London, Ont.				C	0	mp	a	ny
Capital Subscribed	-					\$3,0	00.0	00
Capital Paid-up Reserve Fund		-	-	-	-	1,4		00

Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling.

Executors and Trustees are authorized by Act of Par-liament to invest in the Debentures of this Company. Interest allowed on Deposits.

J. W. LITTLE, President. G. A. SOMERVILLE,

The Home Savings and Loan Company, LIMITED

Office No. 78 Church St. Toronto

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,000,000 Deposits received and interest at current rates allowed. Money loaned on Mortgage on Real Estate, on reason-able and convenient terms. Advances on collateral security of Debentures, and Bank and other Stocks.

IAMES MASON, Manager.

THE Toronto Mortgage Company Office, No. 13 Toronto St. - \$1,445,860 00 - 724,540 00 - 250,000 00 - 2,530,194 17 ANDREW J. SOMERVILLE, Esq. WM. MORTIMER CLARK, K.C., W.S. Debentures Issued in currency or sterling. Savings Bank Deposits received, and interest allowed.

Money Loaned on Real Estate on favorable terms WALTER GILLESPIE, Manager

The Ontario Loan and Savings Company

Oshawa, Ontario

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED			 	\$300,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP			 	300,000
CONTINGENT	***		 	25,000
RESERVE FUND			 	75,000
DEPOSITS AND CAN. DI	BENT	URES	 	523,751
	-	11		

Money loaned at low rates of interest on the security of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures. Deposits received and Interest allowed. W. F. COWAN, President. W. F. ALLAN, Vice-President.

T. H. MCMILLAN, Sec-Treas.

THE GANADA LANDED AND NATIONAL

Investment Company, Limited

HI	AD OFF	ICE,	23 TOP	ONTO	ST., 1	ORON	NTO.
CAPITAL S		BED					\$2,008,000
CAPITAL]	PAID-UP						1,004,000
REST							350,000
ASSETS				***			4,133,794
		Ι	DIREC	TORS	:		
	John I John H	ang Ioski	Blaikie n, Esq.	, Esq. K.C.	, Presi , LL.D	dent. ., Vic	e-President
Hon. Sena Playfair K.C., Fr	N. Silv	verthe	orn, Jo	ohn St	tuart.	D. E	orne, J. S. Thomson, g.
Money ler	nt on Re	al Es	tate.	Deben	tures]	Issued	l for 1 year

and upwards. Inter EDWARD SAUNDERS, Manager

Imperial Loan & Investment Co. ESTABLISHED 1869. OF CANADA.

DANIEL LAMB, Esg., - - - PRESIDENT. Highest Rate of Interest Allowed on Deposits, Currency and Sterling Bonds, Payable Half-Yearly.

Money Advanced on Stocks, Bonds & Debentures Loans on Lands in Ontario and Mani-toba, by Mortgage, at Lowest Rates.

OFFICES -- IMPERIAL CHAMBERS, 32 and 34 Adelaide St. East, Toronto. ROLPH & BROWN, - - Solicitors.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Following is a list of new companies, lately organized throughout Canada, that have received Government charters, or have been granted supplementary Letters Patent. The object of the company, amount of capital stock, location of principal office, and names of incorporators are given, so far as possible, and whether the charter has been granted by Provincial or Dominion Governments:

Messrs. Hogg & Lytle, Limited, Oakwood, Ont.; \$150,000. To carry on the business of a grain, seed, and produce merchant. W. T. Hogg, H. J. Lytle, A. O. Hogg and E. G. Lytle. Ontario charter.

The Sovereign Mfg. Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$100,000. To purchase, import, manufacture, sell and deal in perfumery, colognes, etc., and all kinds of druggists' specialties, drugs and medical and pharmaceutical preparations, and to take over the business now being carried on by the P. R. Corson Company, Limited, Toronto. D. W. McPherson, G. C. Arnott, W. W. Sloan, H. B. Somerville and Edward Newton. Ontario charter.

The Chaney Burglar Proof Sash Lock Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$10,-000. N. P. Chaney, E. S. Arnold, M. Z. Arnold, and C. F. Chaney. Ontario charter.

The Modern Telephone Co., of Hamilton, Limited, Hamilton, Ont.; \$300,000. O. W. Rogers, Fritz Leoffler, J. S. King, W. A. Johnson, H. A. Drummond, Whit-ford Vandusen, S. C. Biggs and J. B. Scovell. Ontario charter.

The Allen & Hanbury Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$250,000. To manufacture and deal in drugs, medicinal preparations. etc. F. J. Hanbury, W. L. J. Wood and A. R. Deacon. Ontario charter.

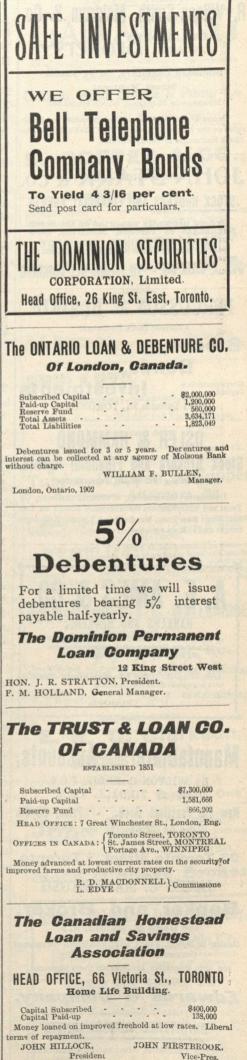
The H. Krug Furniture Co., Limited, Berlin, Ont.; \$100,000. Hartman Krug, A. T. Krug, and A. E. Ruby. Ontario charter.

The Toronto Contracting and Paving Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$40,000. Albert Chamberlain, George Orpen, A. M. Orpen, James Williams, and W. J. West, Ontario charter.

The Ault & Wiborg Co., of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$50,000. To manufacture and deal in all kinds of lithographers' and stationers' supplies. J. S. Lovell, William Bain and E. W. Mc-Neill. Ontario charter.

La Reina Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont .; \$50,000. To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, lands, plantations, ranches and timber limits, and to cultivate, develop and improve the same. Geo. Gillies, John Gillies, J. S. Gillies, Robt. Patterson, and A. J. Gillies. Ontario charter.

The Malaga Suburban Railways, Limted, Toronto, Ont.; \$2,500,000. Sir Richard J. Cartwright, Peter Ryan, J. E. Thompson, E. L. Sawyer, J. S. Lovell, William Bain and E. W. McNeill. Ontario charter.



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Reserve Fund \$270.000 Authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Receiver, Committee of Lunatics, Guardian, Liquidator, Assignee, etc., etc. WINNIPEC BRANCH The Corporation has opened a branch of its business in Winnipeg, and the attention of property owners, executors, trustees, etc., and others resident in Ontario, who have interests in Manitoba, is called to the unusual facilities offered by the Winnipeg Branch for effecting sales of property, prompt collection of rents, appraisement of property, and generally looking after the interests of non-residents, at most reasonable charges. J. W. LANGMUIR, ---- Managing Director, A. D. LANGMUIR, ---- Assistant Manager. JAMES DAVEY, -- Manager Winnipeg Branch. AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY LONDON, . - ONTARIO Directors: W. J. Keid, Pres. T. Beattie. T. H. Smallman. M. Masuret. Money advanced on improved farms and productive city and town properties; on favorable terms. Mortgages purchased. Deposits received. Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling. C. P. BUTLER, Manager. THE DOMINION SAVINGS & INVESTMENT SOCIETY MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING, LONDON, - CANADA Capital Subscribed \$1,000,000 00 Total Assets, 1st Dec., 1900.. 2,272,980 88 T. H. PURDOM, Esq., K.C., President. NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager. Have YOU Made Your Will? The greater the efforts put forth by an individual to accumulate property for the benefit of his family or others the more impera-tive becomes the duty of making a will. We will give you, free for the which will give you, free for the asking, the various forms of wills, which will enable you to draw up your will without any further trouble. Just send us your name and address. THE

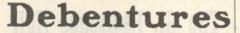
Office and Safe

. .

\$1,000,000

Deposit Vaults,





Municipal, Government and Railway Bonds bought and sold. Can always supply bonds suitable for deposit with Dominion Government.

Stocks. New York, Montreal, and Toronto Stock purchased for Cash or on margin and carried at the lowest rates of interest.

H. O'HARA & CO. No' 30 TORONTO STREET Members of the Firm-H. O'Hara, H. R. O'Hara, W. J. O'Hara. mbers Toronto Stock Exchange-H. R. O'Hara, W. J. O'Hara.

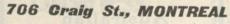
JAFFRAY & CASSELS (MEMBER TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE) Stock, Bond and Investment Brokers Minway. 15 Jordan St., TORONTO.

J. F. RUTTAN REAL ESTATE, INVESTMENTS, INSURANCE.

PORT ARTHUR & FORT WILLIAM. ost Office Address-Port Arthur, Ont.

H. McLaren & Co. COMMISSION MERCHANTS & BROKERS

AGENTS FOR—The Dominion Radiator Co. The Metallic Roofing Co. Anti-Friction Alloys, Ltd., Atlas Metal





Estate and Fire Insurance Agents.

	Toronto				-	To	ronto.
466	Temple	Building,	-	-	-	Mor	itreal.
100	William	Street,	-	-	-	New	York.



Mercantile Summary.

MESSRS. Dobson, Jackson & Fry, of Medicine Hat, Assa., have been awarded the contract for putting in a water-works and sewerage system at Edmonton.

J. E. DROLET, of Quebec, who engaged in the grocery business a few months ago, is already reported assigned. His liabilities are altogether local.

ONE of the best advertising mediums for a city is the possession of a fine large up-to-date hotel. This is what Vancouver, B.C., will shortly have, and work has already been begun on a hotel which, it is announced, will be a credit to British Columbia in every way.

THE International Jewellery Workers' Union, at their third annual convention in Philadelphia, Pa., held last week, elected a Toronto man, Mr. J. C. Strachan, vice-president. The secretary is Mr. J. O. Jakoons, of Buffalo.

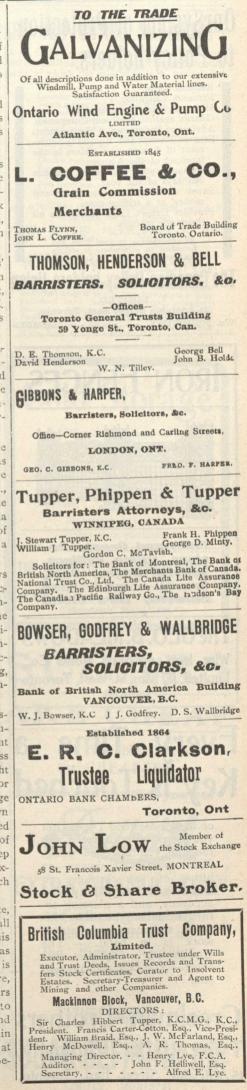
THE contract for making a wider channel of a uniform depth of 20 feet, in Collingwood, Ont., harbor, has been awarded to Mr. C. S. Boone of that place. The council have voted \$54,000 for the completion and improvement of the sewerage system.

THE Montreal Pipe Company, whose factory at Acadia Mines, N.S., was burned down a week or two ago, are asking what inducements Truro, N.S., would give for the rebuilding of the works at that place, instead of at Acadia Mines. They would require 20 acres of land, certain tax exemptions, and a bonus.

A REPORT from London, Eng., says that a syndicate is being formed to acquire and develop the coal areas adjoining the Dominion Coal Company. The Gown and Blackhouse collieries are particularly mentioned. Isaiah Butler, managing director of the great steel producing firm of Urigal, Butler, & Spalding, of Newport, England, are said to be interested.

MR. WM. ERICKSON, of Vancouver, associated with the Hastings Mill Company, is about to initiate an important new industry on the Pacific Coast, no less than the building of large sailing freight carriers. Already he has contracted for the construction at Cates' yard of a large four-masted barkentine, under his own superintendence, he being an experienced shipbuilder. The vessel, which will be of 200 feet keel, 44 ft. beam and 16 ft. deep in hold, is to cost \$57,000, and is expected to prove the first of many such vessels built in Vancouver.

A CLERK in a general store at St. Tite, Que., who has also been running a small fancy goods and stationery store on his own account, managed by his wife, has been obliged to assign. His name is J. C. Deleglise.—A. Beauday & Frere, hotelkeepers and flour and grain dealers at Longueuil, Que., have been obliged to assign. They were formerly farmers, and are said to have been foolishly lavish in crediting. Liabilities are scheduled at about \$8,000, the larger proportion being due on mortgage.



OurSystem of Protection to Policy-holders.



rangement of the letter, in-

voice, statement or whatever

Underwood is a perfect machine. You ought to possess

one.

Creelman Brothers

Typewriter Company,

15 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.

The

work is in hand.

Mercantile Summary.

McLEAN's hardware store, in London, Ont., was on the 22nd inst. damaged to the extent of \$10,000 by fire. Insured.

SHAWINIGAN Falls, Que., is to have another new industry, it seems, a company having been formed, under the name of the Shawinigan Carbide Co., to establish extensive calcium carbide works there. Messrs. James W. Pyke, of Montreal, and Thomas L. Wilson, of Ottawa. are among the provisional directors.

THE Lake of the Woods Milling Company gave its many employees a treat this week. The entire staff of the Keewatin and Portage, Man., mills were transported by special train, at the company's expense, to Winnipeg, for the purpose of seeing the Industrial Exhibition in that city. The company's elevator men, throughout Manitoba and the North-West, were also brought in. The entire plants of the company were shut down for twenty-six hours. This is a most unusual piece of liberality.

THE Winnipeg Street Railway company has given its employees a raise in wages, which now range from 15c. per hour for the first six months of employment, to 20c. for the fourth year. The company hold out hopes, too, that if their business continues good, the maximum will be raised to 21c. per hour. Some time ago, shortly after the victory of the strikers of the Toronto Railway Co., some threats of a similar strike were made in Winnipeg. The present mode is ever so much better for all concerned.

THE Republic Consolidated Gold Mining Company in British Columbia, has elected Mr. Patrick Clark, of Spokane, president, and Mr. Robert Jaffray, vicepresident. The other Canadian representatives on the board are Messrs. James Crathern and Robert Reford, of Montreal, and Thomas Long, of Collingwood and Toronto. The company proposes to issue \$300,000, first mortgage bonds, repayable in three years with interest at 6 per cent. It is stated that railway connection with the camp will soon be complete.

A CAPE Town firm calls attention to the fact that the Government of Cape Colony is in need of hardwood sleepers for the railroad at Port Elizabeth, and hardwood lumber at Cape Town. It is stated that there will be no duty on the sleepers, but there may be on the lumber.

WE hear from Halifax of two late failures. D. C. McGillis, men's furnishings, has assigned, and is said to owe about \$6,000. He has been in uneasy shape, and under chattel mortgage for some time past .---- P. J. McManus, boots and shoes, is reported suspended, and offering creditors 40 cents on the doilar, liabilities being estimated at over \$10,000 with nominal assets of \$9,000. He has been in business since 1891, and at first did fairly, but is reported to have somewhat embarrassed himself by building some few years ago, and since then has not been very easy.



The NORTHERN ELECTRIC

Manufacturing Co., Limited

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Electrical Apparatus

and

Supplies

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Special attention to

all classes of

METAL WORK

OFFICE, Bell Telephone Building, Notre Dame St. FACTORY, 371 Aqueduct St.

MONTREAL

Business Men Know

that the most refreshing summer drinks are not cold drinks.

Most business men know, also, that a cup of **COWAN'S COCOA** with a layer of whipped cream surmounting is perfection so far as hot drinks are concerned.

Those who run soda fountains know, moreover, that COWAN'S CHOCOLATE excells even fresh fruits for a flavor.



Mercantile Summary.

THE Halifax city council has voted the sum of \$5,000 as a bonus to help pay for the right of way for the proposed railway between Halifax and Yarmouth.

WORK has been begun by Messrs. Viau & Lachance, of Hull, on the new Dominion Observatory, on the grounds of the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa. It is to cost \$75,000.

MR. W. H. MELDRUM, of Peterboro, and some friends from the United States are contemplating the establishment in Canada of a factory for the manufacture of spades, shovels and garden tools. They are asking what inducements Ottawa will offer.

THE Ogilvie Flour Mills Company has already this season built new elevators at Arnaud, Oakville, Basswood, Sinclair, Arcola, Grenfell and Balgonie. Their average capacity is 32,000 bushels each. In addition to these seven elevators already completed, they intend to build fourteen more, bringing the total number up to 83, with an aggregate capacity of 3,000,000 bushels.

It is announced in the Halifax Herald that the Commercial Bank of Windsor has accepted the offer of the Union Bank of Halifax, and that the former will presently be amalgamated with the latter. It is deemed probable that "the Commercial Bank stockholders will receive Union Bank shares, which, at the present price of the latter stock, will be about equal to par on Commercial stock."

MURPHY & Co., general store-keepers at Sturgeon Falls, have had their premises closed by the mortgagees. This is the second time, we are told, John Murphy, one of the partners, failed, being unfortunate in August, 1891.—It is nearly twenty years since W. E. Mitchell began tailoring at Port Elgin, and during all the intervening years he never managed to accumulate any capital. Now his assignment is announced.

 \overline{T}_{HE} Dominion Iron & Steel Co. has, it is said, entered into a contract with Venezuela mine owners for the purchase of 300,000 tons of ore per annum at a low rate. It is stated that the company is receiving about \$1,000 per day from the sale of by-products through the operation of 400 Otto-Hoffman coke ovens, and that these by-products are sold ahead for a long time at a good profit. Three of its furnaces are now running and the fourth will be in a short time. Six openhearth furnaces also are in operation.

MR. G. W. HUDSON, of the firm of G. Hudson & Son, timber merchants, Sydney, New South Wales, is visiting Canada, with a view of placing some larger orders with the lumber mills on the Pacific Coast for exporting British Columbia pine, fir and cedar to Australia. He will also look into the prospects presented by Canada as a market for several kinds of Australian hardwoods. Mr. Hudson is in Vancouver this week, and intends visiting Winnipeg, Montreal, Ottawa, and other points.

ARE YOU BUYING MACHINERY?

If so, I have a well selected stock of both new and second-hand machinery for immediate shipment, of which the following is a partial list.

Tinsmith's tools. Laundry machinery. Single acting and duplex pumps. Horizontal boiler feed pumps. Vertical boiler feed pumps. Centrifugal and rotary pumps. Combined air compressors and pumps. Fans and blowers. Water wheels and motors. Electric motors and dynamos. Emery grinders and buffing lathes. Pipe cutting and Threading Machines. Bolt machines. Portable forges. Also a full line of engineers' supplies, write for monthly list and prices.







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Mercantile Summary.

THE Egarton Tramway Company are surveying the route of the New Glasgow, Stellarton, and Westville, N.S., electric railway, and will shortly begin the work of track-laying.

WORK on the St. George Pulp and Paper Co.'s mills, at St. George, N.B., is being pushed rapidly forward, and it is expected they will be finished by November. The capacity is proposed to be 25 tons per day.

HAVING been in business five years as a general storekeeper in Qu'Appelle, with varied success, C. T. Bailey & Co. were at length sued by their principal creditor for \$1,000, and the sheriff is now in possession of their premises.

THE death is announced in London of Mr. John W. Mackay, the wellknown capitalist and president of the Commercial Cable Company. He was one of the richest men in the world, and had a career which did him credit.

A GASOLINE motor observation car has just been built in England for use as an observation car on the Canadian Pacific Railroad. It has a capacity for sixteen persons, and a speed of thirty miles an hour. Several more will be built on the same pattern.

THE main line of the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway, between the Soo and Michipicoten, Ont., is rapidly approaching completion, though there still remain to be built several large bridges, that over the Montreal river being 1,500 feet long and 150 feet high.

ON the 19th inst. the Collingwood, Ont., Steel Shipbuilding Company launched a new steel vessel, the "Agawa," for the Algoma Central Steamship Co. She is 390 feet long and the company, we understand, is preparing to build three other large vessels.

A CIRCULAR sent to us from Sherbrooke states that the following named banks have agreed to close at twelve o'clock on Saturdays, beginning 19th instant: The Eastern Townships Bank, the Merchants' Bank of Canada, La Banque d'Hochelaga, and La Banque Nationale. The arrangement by which all the banks in Montreal and Toronto close at noon, instead of at one p.m. on Saturdays, is giving great satisfaction to bank clerks, who can now enjoy the Saturday halfholiday as they could not before.

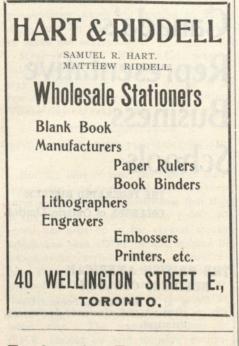
ON the 17th inst., the ratepayers of Sydney, N.S., held a meeting to discuss the advisability of granting a bonus of \$250,000 towards the establishment of a shipbuilding industry within the town limits. One strong argument presented in favor of such a course was the fact that since the granting of a bonus of \$50,000 to the Dominion Iron and Steel Company in 1898, the town's population had grown from 2,500 to 14,000, without the taxation being increased one cent. A resolution in favor of granting a substantial bonus towards the project was passed with enthusiasm.

Debentures.

Municipal Debentures bought and sold, also Government and Railway Bonds. Securities suitable for Investment by Trustees and Insurance Companies and tor Deposit with the Government, always on hand.



51-53 Wellington Street West, Toronto.



Tenders for Timber Limits

Sealed tenders will be received up to 31st October next for 13,776 acres or thereabouts of British Columbia Timber leases, particulars of location, etc., will be given on application to the undersigned.

The vendor reserves the right of rejecting any or all tenders, or to sell by private sale before 31st October.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA. Vancouver, B.C.

As to Bank Railings and Fixtures

Some may think that anyone in our line of business can do such work as well as we.

But we submit that our facilities, our reputation, our ability to do things right, and our determination to excel, give us a great advantage over other concerns.

What we would like of you is to allow us to make a design, quote a price, and guarantee satisfaction, for anything in the way of Railings or Fixtures that you intend having.



Mercantile Summary.

THE contract for building the new car-shops of the British Columbia Electric Railway has been awarded to Mr. D. Bayne, of Vancouver, and work is being rushed forward. They will have a capacity of eight cars per day, and will cost \$15,000. They are to be in readiness for operation by October 1st. A good deal of interest is being attracted, as this is the first undertaking of this kind in British Columbia.

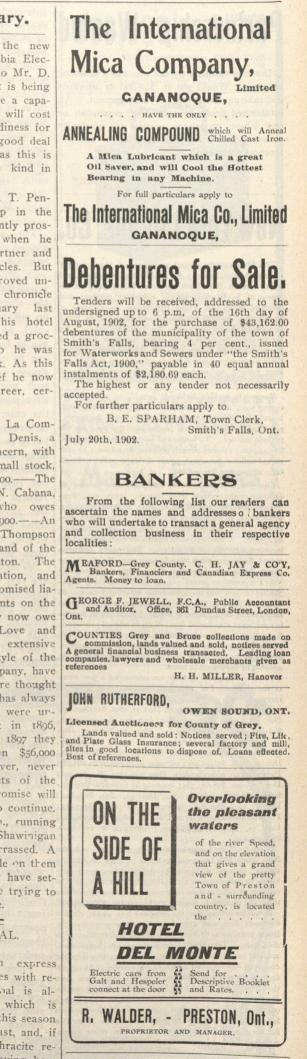
IT is now 22 years since G. T. Pendrith started a machine shop in the city of Toronto, and he apparently prospered until November, 1896, when he admitted W. M. Brodie as partner and began the manufacture of bicycles. But this branch of the business proved unprofitable and now we have to chronicle an assignment.-In February last George Waud disposed of his hotel business in Toronto, and started a grocery store. A few weeks ago he was obliged to mortgage his stock. As this did not afford sufficient relief he now assigns. A short business career, certainly.

HERE is a Montreal budget: La Compagnie d'Approvisionement St. Denis, a Montreal suburban grocery concern, with a very big name, but a very small stock, has assigned, owing about \$1,200 .---The insolvency is also noted of J. N. Cabana, another Montreal grocer, who owes \$4.200, with assets of only \$1,900.--An assignment has been made by Thompson & Reynolds, clothiers, on demand of the Sanford Mfg. Co., of Hamilton. The firm is not one of long duration, and were reported as having compromised liabilities of about \$8,000 at 30 cents on the dollar, just a year ago. They now owe some \$4,000. Thomas H Love and Thomas L. Jackson, doing an extensive laundry business, under the style of the Montreal Steam Laundry Company, have been obliged to assign. They are thought to owe \$46,000. The business has always been a leading one, but they were unfortunate in being burned out in 1896, with disastrous results, and in 1897 they got long extension terms on \$56,000 liabilities. They have, however, never fully recovered from the effects of the fire and it is thought a compromise will be necessary to enable them to continue.

A FIRM, styled Goulet & Co., running a sash and door factory at Shawinigan Falls, Que., are reported embarrassed. A demand of assignment was made on them a week or so ago, which they have settled, but it is reported they are trying to arrange a general compromise.

HIGH PRICE OF COAL.

COAL dealers around town express ignorance as to the probabilities with regard to coal prices. Hard coal is already about \$6.50 per ton, which is higher than it has reached at this season of the year for a long time past, and, if the present strike in the anthracite region continues, there is no saying how prices may range. If a general strike of



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New York Life Ins. Co.

The fifty-seventh annual statement of the company shows: Assets, \$290,743,386, an increase of \$28,546,874; policy reserve, New York standard, \$237,713,904, an increase of \$24,681,702; special voluntary reserves and dividend funds set aside, \$38,782,064, an increase of \$3,113,123; general surplus (if we may call it that), \$10,480,054, an increase over the previous year's. By the severest standards of the states the New York Life has a surplus of \$49,262,118, but the company has set aside a special reserve of \$5,153,396 on its 3 and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. policies, and set aside a special reserve for deferred dividends, as tollows:

Reserve to provide dividends payable to policyholders during 1902, and in subsequent years, per policy contracts—Payable to policyholders in 1902, \$4,350,704; payable to policyholders, subsequent to 1902, as the periods mature : To holders of 20-year period policies, \$21,444,120; 15-year period policies, \$7,228,627; 10-year period policies, \$412,399; 5-year dividend policies, \$192,-818; aggregate, \$33,628,668.

Last year's premiums were \$56,412,619, an increase of \$7,654,041; the receipts from interest, rents, etc., \$14,-389,932, an increase of \$4,233,990; the total income, \$70,802,551, an increase of \$11,888,031. The year's payments to policyholders were \$27,609,389, an increase of \$4,253,563. Commissions to agents on both new and old business aggregated \$7,344,171. The year's disbursements, \$5,856,520 more than in 1900, were \$40 982,883, nearly \$30,000,000 less than the receipts. During the year the company wrote 115,299 policies insuring \$232,-388,255 in 1900, and 131,398 policies insuring \$262,443,788 in 1901. During the last ten years there have been increases of \$164,796,096 in assets, \$34,121,094 in surplus (as per legal standards), \$30, 156, 334 in annual premiums, \$38,948,347 in annual income, \$2,182,723 in annual dividends, \$14,937,888 in annual payments to policyholders, 417,015 in the number of policies and \$789,679,650 in the amount of insurance in force.

In the accompanying table are contrasted a few items of the statements of 1892 and 1902, together with the increases made :

Ten years' growth: Assets. Dec. 31, 1891, \$125,947,290; Dec. 31, 1901, \$290,743,386; increase in 10 years, \$164,796,096; Income, Dec. 31, 1891, \$31,854,194; Dec. 31, 1901, \$70,802,551; increase in 10 years, \$38,948,357; Dividends to policyholders, Dec. 31, 1891, \$1,260,341 i Dec. 31, 1901, \$3,442,921; increase in 10 years, \$2,182,580; Payments to policyholders, Dec. 31, 1891, \$12,671,491 i Dec. 31, 1901, \$27,609,389; increase in 10 years, \$44,937,-898; Paid-for policies in force, Dec. 31, 1891, \$182,803; Dec. 31, 1901, \$299,818; increase in 10 years, \$417,015; Paid-for insurance in force, Dec. 31, 1891, \$575,689,649; Dec. 31, 1901, \$1,365,369,299; increase in 10 years, \$789,679,650.

A study of the foregoing shows that in ten ears the New York Life has considerably more than doubled its assets, income, dividends to policyholders, tetal payments to policyholders and insurance in force, while the number of policies now outstanding is more than three times the number in force at the beginning of the decade.

It will be noticed that the company has again divided its funds over and above the liabilities prescribed by State laws, so as to show the ultimate distribution of its dividends. The total liabilities, as per State laws, amount to $$2_{41,4}$_{1,2}6$$, and in addition to this sum the company has set aside an additional reserve of \$5, 153, 396for policies which it values on a higher basis than does the New York Insurance Department; \$4, 350, 704 for dividends to be paid to policyholders in 1902. and \$29, 27, -964 to be paid in subsequent years as the dividend periods fall in, while in addition to these reservations there is a further sum of \$10, 480, 054 to provide for other contingencies.

When writing to Advertisers please mention this Journal.

soft coal miners had been ordered at the recent convention in Indianapolis, one probable result would have been the greatly enlarged demand for soft coal from Canadian sources, which in any case in the utter absence of hard, has to be resorted to. As it is, however, things remain in statu quo. Even if the anthracite strike were declared off immediately, it is hardly likely that there would be any appreciable drop in prices, if, indeed, they did not rise, which is more likely.

WHOLESALE TIT-BITS.

The large Toronto wholesale dry goods establishments are a good deal worried these days trying to keep up with orders, which is practically an impossibility. In at least one case, men m the shipping department are working up till 10 o'clock every night trying to catch up. Travellers' orders are coming in so freely that the entering rooms are so crowded that the attempt to get goods out as quickly as needed seems well nigh hopeless. This year, more than usual, it would seem to have been the case, that country merchants waited in order to see how the crops were likely to prove, with the result, now that large yields are practically assured, that orders are being rushed forward without respite. Under the above circumstances we would suggest to merchants the advisability of particularizing only those goods in their respective orders which it is absolutely necessary for them to have for immediate use ..

Messrs. W. R. Brock & Co, Toronto, are just placing in stock in their woolen department a mixed clearing lot of black and blue cheviot serges and black vicunas, which they are selling at a price that will permit of retailing at a dollar. Some of the selection are worth nearly double that sum. This firm is having also a large trade in cotton blankets, particularly in an extra heavy line made like a woolen article. In the linen department they have a 58 inch cream damask table linen to retail at 25c. For this there seems to be a special run. Balbriggan underwear F. U. is another thing which is meeting with great success. Messrs. Brock have a specially, large stock of outing goods such as bathing suits, regatta shirts, sweaters, etc. They also have some fair-sized clearing lots of ladies' shirt waists.

Messrs. John Macdonald & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, Toronto, have just opened up a large stock of the celebrated Crum's prints, including a full range of indigoes. These are scarce goods and in keen demand, and they ask purchasers to send in their orders early.

From what we hear around town, we should gather that exporters of eggs are viewing with considerable apprehension the results of the season's business. British importers seem to be able to buy their supplies cheaper than Canadians can afford to send them.

Messrs. McWilliam & Everist, wholesale fruit merchants, Toronto, call

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Business men make no mistake when they secure the services of graduates of any of these Colleges.

Most of the successful traders, bankers, manufacturers and managers throughout the country received their training at one or the other of the above institutions. special attention to the large arrivals of gooseberries which are coming to hand daily, and on which they are prepared to make the best prices.

Messrs. Perkins, Ince & Co., wholesale grocers, Toronto, will receive, by way of Vancouver, in the course of a few days, a first shipment of new season Young Hyson teas.

TORONTO STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

For the time of year, the basis of trading on the local stock exchange has been surprisingly broad. Considering that this is the holiday season, the way public interest has kept up in the various stocks which has been shown by the volume of transactions carried through, is wonderful. This has been much more strongly marked in Toronto than in Montreal, though there is nothing to complain of in the way business has moved in the latter city. The expected boom in C.P.R. cannot be said to have eventuated, though this stock is keeping its position well. One feature is the lessened difference now between the old stock and the new, which are now in better proportion. Little has been done in Dominion Coal Company, a condition which has perhaps been helped by the non-payment of the expected dividend early this month. This fact, however, is not likely to have any more than a temporary influence upon the stock as it is caused by a slight hitch in the business. A somewhat strong feature during the last week or two has been Sao Paulo Tramway. Though this stock is established as a payer of dividends, the banks as yet do not lend on its shares, and this doubtlessly keeps down speculative trading, as full value of the shares has to be paid in. Twin City Rail has been another fairly strong feature this past week, and numbers of shares changed hands at strong prices. Commercial Cable had a drooping tendency on news of Mr. Maq-Kay's death, but quickly rallied. Transactions for the week in detail were: Bank of Ontario, 7 at 1301/2; Toronto, 10 at 2481/2; Commerce, 197 at 1581/2; Imperial. 87 at 250; Dominion, 280 at 2451/2-2481/2; Hamilton, 62 at 234-2341/2; Traders', 7 at 1211/2; Ottawa, 17 at 216-2161/2; British American Assurance, 50 at 99; Western Assurance, 33 at 96; Dominion Telegraph, 8 at 12114; Can. North-West Land, 316 at 80-95; C.P.R., 7,835 at 1351/4-1363/4; new, 807 at 131-1333/4; Toronto Electric Light, 25 at 152; Can. General Electric, 150 at 2063/4-2071/2; Commercial Cable, 100 at 163 2-3; Bell Telephone, 5 at 1643/4-166; Richelieu & Ontario Navigation, 871 at 1061/2-109; Toronto Railway, 705 at 1203/4-1213/8; Twin City Railway, 3,225 at 1191/2-1213/4; new, ditto, 82 at 1157/8-117; St. Lawrence Nav., 23 at 150; Dominion Steel, common, 2,850 at 58-5934; preferred, 27 at 951/2; Bonds, \$96,000 at 903/8-911/4; Dominion Coal, 580 at 135¹/₂-136³/₄: Sao Paulo, 1,822 at 100-105⁵/₈; W. A. Rogers, 65 at 10434-105; Nova Scotia Steel, 1,555 at 109-1121/2; Bonds, \$2,000 at 110; Packers, A, 300 at 1011/2-102; Carter-Crume, preferred, 15 at 105; Lake Superior Navigation, 635 at 27-28¹/₈; Northern Navigation, 70 at 150-152; Crow's Nest Coal, 50 at 480; Canada Landed and National, 40 at 107; Canada Permanent and W. C. Loan, 1,131 at 120; and People's Loan, 10 at 36.

DISHONEST BANK DIRECTORS.

A cable of last Saturday from Berlin brings the intelligence of the sentencing of dishonest directors, as follows: After many weeks' trial the directors of the Prussian Mortgage Bank and its allied concerns charged with falsifying balance sheets, were sentenced as follows:

Eduard Sanden, to six years imprisonment, and a fine of 15,000 marks (\$3,750).

Heinrich Schmidt, nine months and a fine of 2,000 marks (\$500).

Puch Mueller, fifteen months and 4,-000 marks (\$1,000).

Eduard Schmidt, a year and 10,000 marks (\$2,500).

Waraniski, a year and 5,000 marks (\$1,250).

Otto Sanden, a year and 1,500 marks (\$375).

Haenschke, nine months and 1,000 marks (\$250).

In the case of Eduard Sanden, the year he has already spent in prison will be deducted from his term.

THE COMING TRAMWAYS EXHIBITION.

The opening of the Tramways Exhibition at the Agricultural Hall, London, next month, will serve to call attention to the growth of an industry which to-day is rapidly rivalling steam traction in national importance. Twelve years ago there was not a single electrical tramway

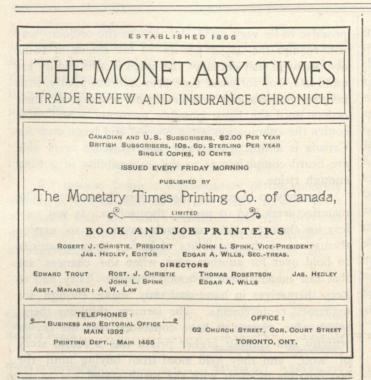


in Great Britain. To-day the amount of capital invested in new and coming electric traction schemes in and around London alone amounts to about \pounds 50.000,000; while there are many hundreds of miles of electric street railways in the country. And the extensions of the next ten years will make the existing condition of things seem insignificant.—London Globe









TORONTO, FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1902.

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MEAT AND LIVE STOCK TRADE.

Whether popular opinion be correct, and the exorbitantly high prices which have been obtaining during the last few months for beef and cattle be the result of the action of a trust, or whether it be, on the other hand, due merely to the legitimate effect of a scanty supply upon a keen demand, as affirmed by the dealers, is a question which needs not now be discussed. The farmers, as is not always the case with the primary producers, have reaped considerable benefit from the prices which the public, while not exactly willing, have been forced to give for butchers' meat. For weeks past, prophecies have been frequent that prices would have to give way, that the wholesale butchers would absolutely refuse to pay the prices asked, that the exporters could not by any means, according to what they were realizing on the other side of the Atlantic, face such values as were being put upon export cattle at the markets on this side. Yet those prices continued and indeed went still higher, and the exporters and the dealers had to put up with them, or go away without purchasing, which latter they were far from doing apparently.

However, during the last week the long-foretold

easing off in prices has taken place to a considerable extent, not only in Toronto, but in the Montreal East End market as well. In the former market this has taken place, notwithstanding the falling off in the receipts, so that the decline would appear to possess some of the elements of permanency. It should be said, however, that there was an appreciable falling off in the quality of the offerings, which probably went a considerable way towards bringing about this result by rendering purchasers luke-warm. In this connection, it may be well to state that considerable complaint has, on occasion lately, been found in Great Britain with the quality of many cattle arriving from Canada, they having been variously described as scraggy and immature. Prices in the London, Liverpool and Glasgow markets, according to cables last to hand, continued high. Another condition which should go far towards bringing about easier values in Canada, is the splendid pasture-growing weather which has prevailed for some time past, a state of things that has been met with through practically the whole extent of the Dominion, and particularly in the North-West ranching districts. One feature, which has been brought to our notice more than once by butchers, is the fact that the general advance of prices of meat, which has distinguished the present year, has to any marked extent affected only the higher grades of meat; for while the poorer cuts are certainly dearer than normal, still they have been purchasable at fairly reasonable prices.

The live stock exporting trade of British Columbia has been agitated over the case of a Mr. Page, of Mission City, who was compelled to pay \$1,000 in duty on ten Percheron horses exported to the United States by way of Sumas, Wash., last October, though they were accompanied by the usual registration papers. Mr. Page claims that this was an illegal action, as the animals were entitled to free entry as pure-bred animals of a recognized breed; but the collector of customs defends his action on the ground that they were imported into the States for the purpose of being offered for sale. If the latter contention be admitted by the courts, it will lead to a practical cessation of the trade between this country and the United States, which has heretofore always been carried on without the payment of duties. The attention of the various breeders' associations is being called to the matter, as it is one of very great importance to the trade.

The report of the Registrar of Live Stock, which includes reports of the meetings of the associations of the Dominion Shorthorn Breeders, the Canadian Ayrshire Breeders, the Canadian Hereford Breeders, the Clydesdale Horse Breeders, the Shire Horse Breeders, the Canadian Horse Breeders, and of the Hackney Horse and Harness, Hunter and Saddle Horse societies, is a Blue Book full of interest. One of the questions discussed is: "Why are prices for cattle in Ontario so much lower than those realized in Chicago?" The Hon. John Dryden, Ontario Minister of Agriculture, attributes this lamentable feature to the scattered market in this country, to there being not sufficient centralization. Then, says he:

"There are higher insurance rates, which always must be paid by men shipping few animals instead of many. There are higher freight rates on the railways and steamships, and then there is, worst of all, a lack of proper competition in this trade, and a number of men engaged in buying cattle in this country have, apparently, no desire that we should secure the highest place in the matter of beef cattle, and are therefore content to carry on their dealings with cattle not worth more than four or five cents a pound."

Mr. Robert Miller, of Stouffville, president of the Dominion Shorthorn Breeders' Association, gave some good pointers, not only to live stock breeders, but to those engaged in all agricultural pursuits, when he said:

"I could not give you any better advise than to ask you to follow carefully the advice he has given you. I am sure there is a brighter future for all those who will supply themselves with better cattle and take good care of them. There is a scarcity of good cattle throughout this country, and there is a scarcity throughout the United States. I am asked the question very, very often, as to the prospects of the good prices keeping up as they are at present. My answer is, always, that so long as the times are good, we will get good prices for good cattle, and when times are not quite so good animals will be the last thing that people will cease to buy. There is a fascination about buying good animals that there is about nothing else."

There is always a market, and a profitable market, for the best; this applies to apples and peaches, to cheese and butter, as it does to cattle.

THE BINDER TWINE SITUATION.

During the past two months, there have been several successive advances in the price of binder twine, while it may probably be said with truth that the farmers are not half supplied with this very necessary material for binding their grain, and to many it will be a difficult task to obtain sufficient to supply their needs in the coming harvest. The reasons for the present situation are somewhat complicated. In the first place, for a long time past there has been, owing to the war, a noteworthy scarcity of the raw material, manila hemp, which comes from the Philippine Islands. Some little time after the United States obtained control of these islands the Washington Government imposed on the fibre an export duty amounting to something like 3/8c. per pound, but this duty is refunded when the fibre is entered for consumption in the United States, or to be made up into twine in that country. Now. there is no duty imposed upon twine coming into Canada, so that the United States manufacturer has a clear first-hand advantage of 3/8c. per pound in the cost of his raw material, compared with the Canadian manufacturer. A good deal of binder twine has been made from sisal hemp, a substitute for manila, but the quality of this is inferior.

The result of this disadvantage on the part of the Canadian manufacturer is this. Seeing that the demand for his product depends very much upon the plans of his competitors in the United States, and that these plans depend very much upon the abundance or the poorness of the crops in the latter country, which mature as a general rule before those here, he, the Canadian manufacturer, waits as long as possible in order to see what his chances for the profitable consumption of a large output are.

In the case of the present year everything has conspired towards bringing about a great scarcity in the article referred to. Raw material has been expensive and particularly scarce; the United States crops promise to be very good and thus in the ordinary way will require the larger portion of the stocks of twine at present in that country; the crops in this county are quite late, and for some time promised but poorly, thus keeping farmers and retailers from sending in their orders until the latest possible moment. And now comes the culmination when a good and large crop for Canada is almost a certainty, and when on every side are heard complaints as to the impossibility of getting enough twine.

Largely to blame are the farmers themselves. The manufacturers had to protect themselves. It was useless for them to make so much twine as to expose themselves to the possibility of having large quantities to hold over for another year, when the chances are that raw material will be much cheaper. They had to keep themselves in hand and only make enough for expressed requirements. The farmers, thinking themselves wise, appear to have concluded that the cry of scarcity and coming higher prices was a retold story of "wolf," and they held aloof from buying until the last possible moment with the result stated.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Owing to the fact that there was little or no export demand, butter has been rather slow and dragging during the last week or so, more especially dairy. Such bids as have been made have not, on the prevailing buying prices, been able to show any margin of profit. Creamery shows a little more activity than dairy, and there is a slightly firmer feeling.

The cheese market is active at an advance of from $\frac{1}{2}$ c. to $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per pound. It looks, however, as though the advance had been on the part of the Canadian dealer rather than following any stiffening in prices by the importers in Great Britain. At the same time, it is possible that the latter may shortly conclude to meet the price asked, though, speaking for the actual present, practically no orders have been given at that advanced range of values. The abundant pastures will no doubt mean an enlarged production both of cheese and butter.

The receipts of eggs are light. Some dealers, indeed, say they are lighter than has been the case for some years past. It is not thought the actual production of eggs has been less, but rather that, owing to the high prices prevailing for meat, farmers are consuming eggs to a considerably greater extent than in previous seasons, recognizing them as one of the cheapest forms of food even at the advanced prices. The British dealers apparently are able to buy supplies of eggs from other countries at lower rates than those at which Canadian dealers can afford to sell them. We do not know of any export trade passing for some weeks past, and we fancy that the result of the trading previous to that time has not been altogether satisfactory.

Referring to hogs and their product, live hogs continue firm. Though \$7.25 is the nominal price for select weights, yet we know that a considerable number of those now coming forward are costing \$7.50, live weight. Packers intimate that the present price of hogs is altogether too high, and that shipments landing in Great Britain show serious loss. However, it is difficult to believe that Canadian prices of hogs can be much lower, at any rate until there is a marked decline in the United States. All lines of pork products are firm with the exception of lard, which remains about the same.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

We present below a condensation of the monthly statement of Canadian banks for June, 1902. It is compared with the bank statement for the previous month, and shows capital, reserve, assets, and liabilities; average holdings of specie and Dominion notes, etc.

CANADIAN BANK STATEMENT. LIABILITIES.

	June 1002	May, 1902.
Capital authorized	June, 1902. \$79,126,666	\$79,126,666
Capital paid up	69,584,308	69,358,448
Reserve Funds	40,407,911	40,203,693
	40,407,911	40,203,093
Notos in simulation	e la	0
Notes in circulation Dominion and Provincial Government	\$53,953,043	\$50,754,716
deposits	8,898,661	7 500 206
Public deposits on demand in Canada	105,137,781	7,599,206
Public deposits on demand in Canada	239,812,120	101,714,180 239,969,781
Deposits outside of Canada		
Bank loans or deposits from other banks	35,731,417	30,163,079
secured	698,096	680,815
Due to other banks in Canada	3,194,350	2,946,303
Due to other banks in Great Britain	5,024,180	4,740,853
Due to other banks in foreign countries	1,054,241	920,190
Other liabilities	11,599,460	10,600,764
	a la la la la la	and here shows
Total liabilities	\$465,103,425	\$450,089,961
ASSETS.		
Specie	\$12,409,855	\$12,304,824
Dominion notes	23,690,782	
Deposits to secure note circulation		23.778,337
Notes and cheques on other banks	2,644,760 16,918,470	2,584,513
Loans to other banks, secured		13,255,351
Deposits with other banks, secured	698,097	679,196
Due from banks in Great Britain	3,821,451	4,215,064
Due from other banks in foreign	5,957,350	6,374,242
countries	12 18 1 668	
Dominion or provincial Govt. debentures	13,484,668	13,551,470
or stock	10,024,060	10,169,429
Other securities	49,567,525	48,972,314
Call loans on bonds and stocks in Canada	45,828,253	41,308,894
Call loans elsewhere	46,388,241	38,277,922
	40,300,241	
Her Mitchen House and Confi in	\$231,433,512	\$215,471,556
Current Loans in Canada	300,714,347	303,738,098
Current Loans elsewhere	26,097,921	26,327,300
Loans to Dominion and Provincial		
Governments	3,935,592	4,118,213
Overdue debts	2,148,011	2,091,730
Real estate	890,756	893,000
Mortgages on real estate sold	793,776	777,942
Bank premises	6,851,226	6,814,182
Other assets	9,011,660	6,129,466
		/
Total assets	\$581,876,985	\$566,361,675
	1.2. Cop	
Average amount of specie held during		
the month	12,420,737	12,323,898
Average Dominion notes held during the	party success of	
month	23,413,978	21,821,409
Greatest amount notes in circulation		
during month	54,648,201	52,184,227
	South States and States	
Loans to directors or their firms	10,497,230	9,802,821

The return for June of the Canadian chartered banks to the Government, compared with that for the same month last year, shows marked expansion in trade. Circulation last month was \$4,833,000 greater; current loans were \$20,600,000 greater; and call loans —about half the total of \$92,000,000 being made in the United States—show an increase of more than

\$17,000,000, or nearly one-fifth. Speculators and investors, as well as manufacturers and merchants, therefore, have been busy this year. It is worth remarking that the call loans on stocks and bonds were much larger in June, 1902, than in May, 1902, while the ordinary discounts were \$3,000,000 less, indicating that the stock brokers were active last month. Readily available assets show a marked increase over May, and the banks are in a strong position. Deposits exhibit a growth within the month of \$9,000,000, largely in those outside of Canada. Total liabilities stand at \$465,103,000, as against \$450,089,000 the month before. Turning to assets, other than the loans, we find a slight increase in railway securities and also in municipal securities, while the aggregate of specie and Dominion notes remains practically unchanged at \$36,000,000. Total assets show a change from \$566,-361,000 in May to \$581,876,000 in June.

ABSTRACT OF BANK RETURNS.

30th June, 1901.

[In thousands.]

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BANK CLERKS AND MARRIAGE.

Editor, Monetary Times;-

SIR,—Word has been received that the Bank of Montreal has issued a new rule or by-law to the effect that none of their employees can get married until his salary is \$1,200, and he or his wife must have a private income of \$300 per annum. If this is so, it means that marriage is prohibitory to about seven-eighths of the staff.

Personally, I believe it is much better morally, financially,

and every other way, in nine cases out of ten, for men to marry early in life. Will you kindly give your readers (who are interested), the benefit of your views on the above. Yours truly, DISAPPOINTED.

Chatham, N.B., June 24th, 1902.

Replying to this, and referring to the savage letter written by a clergyman to the Toronto press on last Tuesday, we think it well to say a few words upon a subject which some people think has only one side. The Rev. John Langtry, D.D., is an excellent gentleman, full of kindly impulses, in impracticable directions, and in most things-the proper road to heaven excepted-fairly reasonable. But when he gets a notion into his head, and has a few days or weeks to dwell upon it, he is apt to show intolerance and to use language strangely at variance with his cloth. This week he writes to the Toronto papers condemning, as "scandalous and immoral," the recent regulation of the Bank of Montreal authorities raising the limit of salary at which their clerks are to be allowed to marry. He calls the board and head officials "money-grabbers, pursuing a fool's policy," and can see nothing in such a regulation but a desire to increase the bank's net gains. Is the reverend gentleman aware that not one bank only, but many banks, have a regulation for their employees similar to the one he condemns, and are all their chief authorities, therefore, fools and immoral? Does he know that the authorities of banks have been driven to such a course by the teachings of experience. And has he ever heard, as we have repeatedly heard, from the confession of bank clerks themselves, that marriage handicaps a man in the service of a bank for the reason that promotion is generally got by an officer's being changed about from place to place. If mankind were perfect, every person prudent and honorable, living within his income and scorning to borrow from his employer, far less to rob him; in short, if old heads could be put upon young shoulders, and optimistic theories could replace facts, there would be less need for rules such as the Doctor objects to. We do not pretend to say whether the limit of salary set for marriage in this case is too high or not, for we do not know what experience the Bank of Montreal have had to induce them to alter their former rule. But we do know that numbers of bank directors and bank general managers have been driven by the imprudence of members of their staffs to do something towards restraining them. It may seem-nay it does seem, hard to many a young man, who is madly in love, to have a stern parent or grave superior officer say: "You must not marry just yet;" and the man with lots but little of sentiment experience calls such Still we cannot but see a course cruel. that there are two sides to such a question, and we think Dr. Langtry goes too far in describing the Bank of Montreal authorities, and by implication many other people, as "immoral tyrants," driving young men into dissolute ways by their "pitiless, grasping greed."

THE FIRE INQUEST.

The enquiry into the death of firemen at the Mc-Intosh building fire in Toronto has been concluded. The coroner's jury finds that "the system under which the city inspection of buildings is conducted, especially in regard to the interior alterations of buildings, is in a deplorable state, and we recommend that the city authorities pass a proper building by-law or bylaws, including a rigid inspection of all such buildings, under a proper regulation." A further recommendation is made that the Fire Chief be given power to have all buildings inspected by his men. The County Crown Attorney, Mr. Dewart, in declaring that something must be done in the circumstances, referred to the effort made, several years ago, by the architects of Toronto, to have a modern building by-law adopted, something like the one possessed by New York. Is it too much to hope that something practical will result from the enquiry?

It is also necessary to have existing regulations carried out, if human life is to be safeguarded. A city by-law states that all doors of factories of a certain kind must open outward. Now we know of four factories of women's garments, etc., on Front street in this city, employing from 50 to 200 hands each, mostly women and girls, and the street doors of all open inward. True, one of them has a fire escape. This is a grave state of things in view of the panic created in such places by an alarm of fire. Who that saw it can ever forget the dreadful scene opposite St. James' Cathedral, when dozens of girls in a burning factory, rushed in a frightened mass down a stairway only to find that the street door opened inward, and they had to rush upward again to save themselves by jumping to the street with bruised and broken limbs!

Gratifying progress has been made in the movement to provide a permanent fund for the relief of widows and orphans of the firemen. The city of Toronto has granted \$25,000 towards such a fund, and the subscription of individuals, companies and financial institutions thus far added brings the total up to say \$45,000. Therefore, whether we can expect to have any adequate salutary measure passed by the city council during the present decade or not, the brave fellows who continue to risk their lives for the citizens have the satisfaction of knowing that their dependent ones have a large and growing relief fund to rely upon.

GILDED PILLS.

In the fifties, when some of us, now grizzled, were members of a secret order of moral youths, who wore around the neck white linen regalia adorned with a tricolor rosette, bearing the letters L. P. and F., we had an elaborate form of ritual. Admitted upon the giving of a pass-word to the tyler at the door, the procedure was somewhat as follows: Advance and salute the outer guard-ditto the inner guard-half turn to the left and salute the Worthy Archon-turn to the right and salute the Vice-Archon-lastly, approach the Secretary and sign the roll-and be a good boy, if you could, during the singing and subsequent proceedings. All this, with occasional day-light march-outs, flying little banners bearing such mottoes as: "No Compromise" (the writer, who carried one such banner, did not know until years afterward what compromise meant), and "Down with the Foe," along with picnics and soirces, was aimed to induce the lads, aged from ten to fourteen, to assist in a benevolent crusade then active among men, as well as boys, in Western Ontario. We knew, I fear, but little about the principle of the movement, which was a perfectly proper and praiseworthy one, but we did know that we were having a good time; and this good time was the bait shrewdly thrown out by the principals in the movement to attract the juvenile mind.

We see to-day a survival of similar tastes and the application of similar methods in the proceedings of various friendly societies, notably the Independent Order of Foresters. The motto of this order is L. B. and C., meaning, we are told, Liberty, Benevolence and Concord. The brethren wear decorations, have a ritual, indulge in songs, mutual-encouragement speeches, conventions, and now and then a welcomehome celebration, or a special rejoicing over the advent of newly-joined brethren and sisters. But all this is not "free gratis." Oh! no. To pay for this amusement and incidentally to form an insurance fund, the members have to pay so much bi-monthly. Possibly the ladies are let off free of expense, not being insured, for the attraction of their presence at meetings is astutely calculated on. How like all this is to the youthful goings-on we have just described!

Take, for example, the occasion, now some weeks or months ago, when the Temple Building was the scene of an initiation of women members, arrayed in sashes of white, blue and gold. This performance was described as "unique and dazzling," and so no doubt it was, and the after rejoicings included songs and recitations. But how do the male members feel at having to foot all the bills for this and other like sprees, while the women are let in free? Is the female detachment simply a side show to the main circus? That must be the way of it, for if the women were on the same plane as the men, they would have to pay \$4.50 apiece, because this, as we read the constitution of subordinate courts, is the initiation fee for mortuary assurance in the Order. Let the Knights and Workmen, Foresters, Woodmen, and Chosen Friends, and such social orders, have their temperance sprees if they like, and wear velvet sashes and golden slippers if they like : let them sing and even dance, if they feel like it. But in the name of economy and equity let them beware how they incur the grave responsibility of promising stated sums to the widows or orphans of deceased members, while neglecting to put aside the sums which actuarial experience has shown to be necessary in order to keep faith with those members who think their lives are assured.

THE GROWING CROP.

Since we wrote last week on this subject more rain has come in Ontario at intervals, but not in such quantity as to cause alarm for the growing crops, the condition of which on the whole, is not worse than a week ago. The prospect of good crops is therefore maintained. In consequence of what was said in the letter of "Summer Time" on Tuesday, we asked for a special and late crop report up to Thursday noon by wire. And our Montreal correspondent wires us on that day as to the crop outlook for Quebec province: "The present harvest season is a late one, there is no serious damage yet except to corn and peas. Hay, while not so large a field as last year, which was a record-breaker, is estimated a good average and will be saved in very fair condition if we have good weather from this time onward. Oats are backward,

and on low lying lands are suffering somewhat, but the general growth is heavy, and a good average is anticipated. Potatoes promise well, except on low lands."

AFFAIRS IN MONTREAL.

It is of no use denying the fact that business people here, as a rule, have had their characters changed within a few weeks from sanguine and gleeful to doubting and doleful by the persistent rain and the consequences thereof. It will need all the brighter Manitoba crop telegrams of to-day continued for several days to offset the doubtful accounts from Ontario's and the knowledge of our own eyes as to Quebec's crops. There has been too much rain; and the rich hay crop, on which in this province so much depends, is in poor shape, even where cut. As to grain, fine weather might do wonders even yet, but the outlook is so alarming that it is poor comfort to be told that fruit is sure to be abundant. For another thing, the wet weather has greatly affected tourist travel, and thereby lessened the trade of the city retail dealer in dry goods, fancy goods, curios and a hundred things. The wet is good for cigar trade and for books and magazines, however, because the man who can't go out driving around the mountain or the park with his women folks will sit in the hotel and smoke and read-if he doesn't take the train home. The railways from the south and west and the boats down the St. Lawrence have not carried nearly their usual quota of passengers this year, and the hotel men tell me that not only have the usual number of summer visitors not come to Montreal this year, but those who did come did not stop as long as usual.

Down at the wharves there is much movement. I hear that the Harbor Board has awarded the contract for building the concrete wharf wall between King Edward and Queen Alexandria piers to the Continental Engineering and Construction Company. This company forms a part of the Steel Storage and Elevator Construction Company, which is already engaged in constructing the elevator. The wall, which in reality forms part and parcel of the elevator scheme, is to be 588 feet long, 25 feet high and 30 feet wide, and upon its centre will stand the marine tower to form a part of the elevator plant. The board have sensibly decided to order a new steel tug boat for use in harbor improvement work, to cost about \$16,000. They are discussing the advisability of having installed on the boat a fire pump, to cost about \$5,000 extra, and there is a chance, in the event of this being done, of the tug becoming a part of the city fire brigade, as in London, Liverpool and other cities, or at any rate of being partially supported on behalf of that body.

The Montreal Street Railway Company has offered the city council the sum of \$10,000, and the Canadian Pacific Railway \$8,000, towards the cost of constructing a subway on Upper St. Denis street. The total cost of the work is estimated at \$50,000. The city will pay its share, but so far the money for this purpose has not been appropriated.

While it is true that the majority of the accidents which vessels meet with in the St. Lawrence happen below Quebec, yet the need for a drydock in Montreal is being increasingly felt. The one in Quebec has been occupied ever since the opening of navigation, with the result that vessels bound for Montreal which have unfortunately met with mishaps have had to turn back to Halifax or New York to receive the necessary repairs, which is a matter of considerable expense. The Montreal Harbor Board has decided to send a delegation to Ottawa to press the immediate need of a drydock on the Government.

Montreal, 22nd July, 1902.

SUMMER TIME.

WEST INDIA TRADE.

Importations by the last steamer were very large, including, as usual, sugar, rum, molasses, cocoa, fruits and various oher articles produced in the tropics. Sugar continues to bulk very largely, but our increased purchases are not very profitable to the planters. As a matter of fact the business is being carried on at a loss on their part. The price of sugar produced in Europe has ranged about \$10 or \$15 below the price obtained in Trinidad, and Mr. Edgar Tripp reports one concern as having lost \$250,000 on last year's crop. The Government of the colony has had to afford relief by the provision of a small bounty.

Outward freights from Halifax have been very heavy. The last steamer to the Windward Islands carried a full cargo, comprising a vast assortment of products in which this country is continually obtaining a large trade. Of these articles we note butter and cheese particularly. A fortnight ago we said that Canada could get the market in these articles practically for the asking, but we might have gone further and said the market is Canada's already. Nearly all the better quality cheese imported into the islands is now Canadian, and if the factorymen were able to supply more they could readily find sale there for it. The season has been somewhat backward for dairy products, and this has made it difficult to make satisfactory delivery of butter.

A Demerara importer was in Halifax for a few days this week, and in speaking of the comparative merits of Canada and the United States as supply markets, said that in certain lines it was possible to buy goods of Canadian production much cheaper in New York than in any Canadian city. He instanced canned salmon and canned peas. Whether or not the fact was due to a system of lower prices, charged by Canadian packers to American middle men, he did not know, but said the situation was not right, and, however, much the importers of the West Indies might prefer Canadian exporters, they would be likely to send orders to Americans if the latter can do better for them in the matter of prices. People interested in this matter should investigate.

Biscuit shipments have been large, but whether the volume of business will continue or not, it is difficult to say; for the removal of the Boer prisoners from Bermuda may have the effect of temporarily reducing the demand. However, there is plenty of market for our products in this line, if our manufacturers keep up their interest, Of late Canadian producers have had such demands upon their capacity by reason of the influx of population, that even with increased plant they have been unable to supply the home market. Christie, Brown & Co., of Toronto, have managed to take care of the home demand on them, and at the same time persevere with the market in the West Indies, and other manufacturers have sought a market in the latter place with more or less persistency, but do not seem to have a sufficiently large surplus of product available for that trade. An expansion in the industry, however, will enable this country to supply the West Indies to a greater extent.

It will interest you to know that Messrs. Pickford & Black are making preparations for an exhibit of West India products for the next Toronto Fair. They are also having a handsome booklet printed which will contain engravings and matter descriptive of the producing capacities of the West Indies, and 25,000 of these will be given away at the Exhibition. All the islands will be represented in this exhibit, which will go forward at the end of this month.

Halifax, N.S., July 16, 1902.

MANUFACTURERS EASTWARD BOUND.

A valued correspondent in the Maritime Provinces, who is a prominent business man of St. John, referring to some copies of the handsome pamphlets about the sea-side charms of New Brunswick issued by the St. John Corporation and Board of Trade, writes thus to the Editor of The Monetary Times upon returning east after a sojourn in Ontario: "I hope the circulation of the pamphlets may do good. We all need to be better acquainted with each other; and the more that Eastern Canada realizes the wonderful progress of the interior and the west, and the west recognizes the possibilities of the Maritime Provinces, the better it will be for all." These sentiments are doubtless shared by many from both sections who have had the opportunity of exchanging visits or who have even made the acquaintance of representative commercial men from a distance. In the last issue of Indus-

trial Canada we find confirmation of the value of wider knowledge by each province of the others. It is entitled The Maritime Number, and contains an account of the formation of the Halifax branch of the Manufacturers' Association and some fourteen pages of illustrated matter concerning the Maritime Provinces generally. There are no fewer than 55 members already of the Nova Scotia branch, and these are not all in Halifax, for Sydney, Truro, Amherst, Oxford and New Glasgow are among the dozen additional places furnishing members. The paper lays stress upon the annual meeting of the Association, to be held next month in Halifax. On that occasion transportation, the tariff, export trade, legislation, are among the subjects to be discussed. We are glad to learn that there is a prospect of from two to three hundred manufacturers, from all parts of Ontario and Quebec meeting in Halifax on that very interesting occasion. The salt water attractions will be numerous, no doubt.

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

This old and strong company is now transacting accident and burglary insurance as well as fire and life assurance, which renders it desirable to alter its designation to the one given above. The company's eightieth annual meeting was held in London last spring, and the report of the directors, then submitted, shows the result of the combined business. The net premiums amounted to \$2,118,250, as compared with \$1,966,245 from fire premiums alone in 1900, an increase of \$152,005. The losses amounted to \$1,253,920, against \$1,290,-140 in 1900 for fire alone. The ratio of losses to fire and burglary premiums in 1901 was 59.19 per cent. as compared with 65.62 per cent. for fire business alone in previous year. The expenses and commissions together were 33.45 per cent. of the premiums, which is a slightly better result than in the previous year. The premium reserve fund amounts to \$914.-930, which added to \$1,862,500 general reserve fire fund, makes the fire fund \$2,777,430. The total assets of the Guardian at close of 1901 were \$24,366,400, invested in sound securities. The Canadian business of the Guardian is extensive. Its premium receipts in the Dominion last year were \$395,463, a large sum; but the losses were \$324,000, which leaves no margin for profit. In this respect, however, the Guardian is not singular. It is expected that the fine premises now being erected in Montreal for the company will be ready for occupation before next year.

INSURANCE NOTES.

It should be explained, in reference to a paragraph on page 86 of last issue, under Fire Insurance Items, that it was only the business placed by Blogg & Hargraft with the Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co. that was intended to be mentioned as being transferred to the Canada Accident Assurance Company, and not the whole business of the Lloyds' company. The general agents for Canada of the Lloyds Plate Glass Co. are Messrs. Eastmure & Lightbourn as formerly, and we regret that a misstatement in the item of last week should have ignored them and given a wrong impression of the actual conditions.

We have not seen a more tasteful booklet on the subject of life assurance than the one just issued by the Canada Life under the title "The Story of a Great Success." Upon a tasteful cover of light colored gray the title is embossed in letters of white. Within, the story of the company is printed on plate paper in a gray tint, agreeable to the eye and is embellished with well executed half tone cuts of the Canada Life's own buildings and its state headquarters. The strong position of the company, its progress, earning power, and the advantages it offers to insurants are well brought out in this attractive publication. The testimonials from policyholders are interesting reading.

The July issue of "Sunshine," the neat monthly published by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, contains a group photograph of the representatives of the company in North Carolina and in South Carolina. An additional feature is the illustrations of the Blue Ridge country and the views and buildings in Columbia and Beaufort. We notice with pleasure the appointment of Mr. Abner Kingman of Montreal to the directorate of the Sun Life, in succession to the late lamented Senator Ogilvie. Mr. Kingman is a business man of the right stamp. His career has shown that he has good stuff in him and his shrewd sense will be of advantage to the company.

FOR GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

The three-masted schooner "Charlevoix" arrived in Montreal from the Barbados on Sunday last with a cargo of molasses.

Santa Clara (Cal.), prune growers have agreed to accept nothing less than $2\frac{1}{2}c$. as a basis for this year's crop, which is an advance of $\frac{1}{4}c$. over the present price

The Grocers' Picnic last week was a very successful affair, more than usually so indeed, some 5,000 people, mostly from Hamilton and Brantford, taking part. It took place in the Queen Victoria Park at Niagara Falls.

Mr. Jas. Pierce, a leading rancher of the Lethbridge district, has just sold in Winnipeg, a hundred head of what are described to be one of the finest lots of cattle ever brought to that city. They averaged 1,750 pounds each.

A large Paris (France) firm has written to a fruit house in Toronto asking for quotations on 100,000 barrels of apples for export. This year's apple crop is likely to be large, and it would appear to be a good opportunity to develop our apple export trade along this line.

The British Columbia canneries and the fishermen have agreed upon a scale of prices which ranges from 20c. down to 11c., according to the size of the catch. The canners agree to employ not more than 2,000 boats during the season, and to consider August 25th as the last day of the sockeye season for settlement, etc. It is expected naturally that the pack will exceed 200,000 cases, and therefore that the maximum price of 20c. per fish will not be paid. A 300,000 pack would call for a wage scale of 15c. Much satisfaction is expressed in trade circles in British Columbia at the result of the negotiations.

FOR DRY GOODS DEALERS.

Agents of cotton growers in the Southern States are reported to have made approaches to a number of the cotton spinners in Lancashire, England, with a view to inducing them to sell their plants and properties.

The Toronto carpet factory is experiencing some little trouble with its employees, and nearly 300 are now off work. We understand that, though the matters of wages, number of working hours, etc., have been brought up in the dispute, its primary cause is merely a question of discipline. The secretary of the Ontario Labor Bureau, Mr. Robt. Glocking, is endeavoring to bring about an amicable settlement.

From reports received from Lyons, it is judged that the cost of production of this year's silk will be higher than usual. But buyers are not willing to commit themselves to higher figures, and contracts for new silk have therefore been few, although some business has been done in French silk on the basis of 50 to 51 francs for Cevennes extra. Sellers are very firm, the more so as they are not yet certain as to what their cost of production will be, and are helped in their firmness by the fact that old stocks are not heavy and that thrown silks are in short supply. Buyers of raw material, on the other hand, are not very sanguine, as the condition of the silk industry has not been a very brilliant one, and they are unable to get better prices for tissues.

-The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario held their annual meeting in Toronto last Friday afternoon, and re-elected Mr. Wilton C. Eddis, president; Mr. W. T. Kernahan, 1st vice-president; Mr. David Hoskins, 2nd vice-president and Mr. W. B. Tindall, secretary. -We are advised by the Sovereign Bank of Canada that a branch of the bank has been opened at Exeter, Ont., under the charge of Mr. F. E. Karn.

—Sooner or later apparently there always looms up the question "Why be debarred from using the ordinary means of transportation because the day is Sunday." Often it happens that to many people, especially of the poorer classes, that is precisely the day when electric cars would be found to be of greatest utility to them. London, Ont., is the latest city to report such an agitation, though so far it has not reached any protentous proportions. Such agitations usually grow, however.

-We are glad to see that the difficulties with regard to ship labor in Quebec harbor have been at length settled. An agreement has been reached by which two well-known local stevedores undertake to load and discnarge the Leyland liners at Montreal rates, the Quebec Harbor Commissioners consenting to pay part of the cost of shed fabor, which will, of course, enable the stevedores to pay the union men their full rates. This is practically a victory for the men, in a conflict which was working serious havoc to the best interests of Quebec city.

—The meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada will be held in Toronto on September 9th and 10th. We understand that one of the most important of the subjects to be discussed will be the unsatisfactory condition of the graniteware business. There are two grades of graniteware, a first and a second class, and the latter is being continually passed off for first-class ware. None but experts can tell the difference at first, but householders can tell soon afterwards by the speedy manner in which the ware goes to pieces. An effort will probably be made to have all first-class ware stamped. Other trade subjects, and particularly the relations between wholesaler and retailer, will come up for discussion.

-For a conscientious and sensible official required to perform unpleasant duties, the general public can entertain a feeling of respect. But for a jack-in-office, full of his own consequence and displaying arrogant incivility, no one can feel anything but contempt. And so there will be a general satisfaction over the dismissal of J. R. DeBarry, immigration inspector at Buffalo. He has abused his office long enough; and now upon the report of an officer from Washington, who found the complaint that Debarry had insulted an American lady—he had long insulted Canadians, both male and female -substantiated, he has "lost his job." Let us hope that his fate will prove a warning to officials on both sides of the line whose attitude may often provoke a breach of the comity of nations.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES.

The following are the figures for Canadian clearing houses for the week ended with Thursday, July 24, 1902, compared with those of the previous week.

	CITIES	July 24, 1902.	July 17,1902.	
Mor	ntreal		\$19,988,954	
Tor	onto	13,905,364	13,659,233	
	nipeg		3,444,358	
	ifax		1,545,279	
	nilton		948,796	
	John		914,960	
	couver		1,371,470	
	oria		482,779	
	bec		1,538,895	
	wa		1,878,432	
	don		702,179	

\$45,518,757 \$46,475,335

Aggregate balances, this week \$8,753,508; last week \$7,105,926

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STATEMENT OF BANKS acting		1		1	1 7	1	LIAB	ILITIE	S.		
under Dominion Gov't charter for the month ending June 30 1902.		Capital sub- scribed.	Capital paid up.	Amount of Rest or Reserve Fund.	Rateper cent. of last Divi- dend declar'd	Notes in circula- tion.	Bal. due to Dom. Gov. after deducting advances.	Govern-	Deposits by the Public payable o demand	Public pay	n
ONTARIO. 1 Bank of Toronto Toronto 2 Canadian Bank of Commercedo do 3 Dominion Bank do 4 Ontario Bank do 5 Standard Bank. do 6 Imperial Bank do 7 Traders Bank of Canada	\$3,000,000 8,000,000 3,000,000 1,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 8,000,000\\ \hline 2,500,000\\ \hline 1,400,000\\ \hline 1,000,000\\ \hline 2,500,000\\ \hline 2,000,000\\ \hline 2,000,000\\ \hline 3,300,000\\ \hline 1,300,000\\ \hline 1,300,000\\ \hline 1,300,000\\ \hline 1,300,000\\ \hline 4,866,666\\ \hline 873,637\\ \hline 1,999,800\\ \hline 2,500,000\\ \hline 6,000,000\\ \hline 1,490,010\\ \hline 2,500,000\\ \hline 2,000,000\\ \hline 504,600\\ \hline 504,600\\ \end{array}$	0) 5,000,000 2,500,000 1,399,660 1,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 4,18,389 844,222 12,000,000 4,866,666 818,246 1,973,140 2,500,000 0,465,485 2,500,000 2,000,000 2) 2,700,000 2,500,000 425,000 550,000 2,125,000 3,50,600 1,600,000 1,765,000 1,776,333 Nil. 950,000 2,700,000 350,000 0,150,000 2,700,000 350,000 10,	7	7,116,136 2,463,293 793,918 1,509,614 2,416,843 3,896,973 1,406,319 1,560,108 1,955,168	19,206 26,235 	199,22 73,95; 257,10; 163,814 233,69; 336,025 774	$\begin{array}{c} 12,247,34\\ 6,610,38\\ 2,247,34\\ 6,610,38\\ 2,645,81\\ 6,071,21\\ 1,866,81\\ 1,866,81\\ 1,866,81\\ 2,950,631\\ 5,794,545\\ 16,8502\\ 1,784,282\\ 1,584,284\\ 1,584,282\\ 1,5$	6 10,053,402 7 31,184,085 8 6,387,225 0 6,389,876 5 11,705,580 5 7,050,454 5 9,408,966 5 9,408,966 5 9,408,966 3 9,388,673 8 9,239,357 0 186,900 1 38,764,185 3 7,568,518 2 713,282 9 5,228,146 11,497,579 14,840,858 3 3,524,810 3,766,990 5,554,915	2998 5600 4663 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12
NOVA SCOTIA. 24 Bank of Nova Scotia	2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 800,000	2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 700,000	1,966,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 700,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1,200,000\\ 2,800,000\\ 1,700,000\\ 280,000\end{array}$	7 9 7	1,510,885 1,943,479 1,884,814	23,732 636,725 318 456	25,437 30,722	22,336 90,954 1,547,503 5,150,715	1,016,972 5,748,950	2
27 Union Bank of Halifax	1,500,000 1,000,000 300,000	1,000,000 660,000 300,000	$1,000,000 \\ 600,000 \\ 300,000$	642,659 500,000	6 7 7	688,364 858,620 579,784	11,843 12,321 7,719		2,538,991 553,500 722,472	9,078,737	2
20 Exchange Bank of Yarmouth do 31 Commercial Bank of Windsor Windsor NEW BRUNSWICK.	280,000 500,000	280,000 500,000	265,608 350,000	40,000 40,000 60,000	5 5 6	79,714 92,403 308,167	10,047	••••••	679,875 38,520 55,764	2,535,211 3,088,665 415,269 233,605	2
32 Bank of New Brunswick St. John 33 People's Bank Fredericton 34 St. Stephen's Bank St. Stephen	500,000 180,000 200,000	500,000 180,000 200,000	500,000 180,000	700,000 169,000	12 8	474,161 153,180	51,220	0	97,805	235,605 858,638 1,936,424	3
P. E. ISLAND. 35 The Merchants Bank of P. E. I, Charlottetown	500,000	300,013	200,000 300,013	45,000	5 8	125,800	14,002		116,945 104,846	280,117 182,640	33
36 The Summerside Bank Summerside Grand total					in career			842	554,261	405,729	36
Grand total	79,126,666	70,844,926	69,584,308	40,407,911		53,953,043					
STAR SECTORED DIE STREET OF STREET, S	A MARINE	10.000	ASSETS	C Participante and Contraction of the Contraction o		00,003,043	5,577,134	3,321,527	105,137,781	239,812,120	

	BANK	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Deposits with Dom Gov. fo security of note circula- tion.	r Notes or and Cheques	other Banks	or at notice or on a fixed day with	Balance due from agents of Bank or from other banks, etc., in United Kingdom	Balance due from agents of the B'l or from other Banks or agencies	Dominio	Public and Munic securi- ties not Cana- dian	adian,	Call Loans o Bonds and Stocks.	else-	Current Loans.	
1223	ONTARIO. Bank of Toronto . C. Bk. of Commerce Dominion Bank		7 1,841,932	309.00	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 2,996,768 \\ 0 & 947,638 \end{array}$	5	21,000	10,000	824,997	1 529 27		- wy021,02:	5 1,775,46	-		
4 5 6	Ontario Bank Standard Bank Imperial Bank Car	202,21	406.548	50.000	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 640,29, \\ 0 & 306,79 \end{array}$	5 7 1	125,296		259,583 120,546	96,624 50,000 580,285		6 2,609.221 6 875,220	4,195,25 1 5,647,33 0 776 94	3,593,000	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 35,969,611 \\ 14,795,839 \end{array}$	123
7 8 9	Traders Bk. of Car Bank of Hamilton. Bank of Ottawa	264,570	945,502 937,084	10.000	221,663	3	188,276		92,432 325,619	556,448 528,514 130,151	1,161,02 4,788	1 984,237 8 1,226,031	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		· 7,492,401 · 13,407,971	4 5 6
10 11	Western Bk, Can. Sovereign Bk. Car QUEBEC.				33.644		592,752 4,343	2.087	422,512 13,965 134,659	164,252	902,25t	302,737 199,703	1,037,019		12,450,984 11,862,577	7 8 9
12 13 14	Bank of Montreal Bank of B. N. A Provincial Bk of Can	. 909,877			652,952	•••••	11,693 27,930	4,611,840 223,838	3,243,401 310,226	676 614	319,672	58,208	927,777	200,000	0(0,200	10 11
15 16 17	Bk. de Hochelaga Molsons Bank Merchants Bk.Can	. 471,093	754,777	70,000 120,000 190,000	555,362 834,095		148,886 33,961 206,249 4,282	3,894 25,296 319,611	5,535 374,473 600,030	767,958	260,681 438,889	283,972	567,555		10,496,208	12 13 14
18 19 20	Bank Nationale Quebec Bank Union Bank Can .	. 271,875	277,208 619,363 688,152	70,000 90,230 81,000	377,182 308,217		63,840 102,909		6,528 83,684 114,045	$\begin{array}{r} 323,769\\ 1,118,980\\ 35,000\\ 201,060\end{array}$	816,853	1.374 695	2,467,721 4,696,394	4,513,072	7,456,093 15,208,074 12,866,720	15 16 17
21 22 23	Bank de St. Jean B. de St. Hyacinthe Eastern Tp. Bank	13,144	10,985 17,140 157,695	3,837 15,786 72,047	8,524 10,489		23,214		246,281 7,732 34,026		42,868	561,884 69,553		50,000		18 19 20
24 25	NOVA SCOTIA. Bk. of Nova Scotia. Royal Bank of Can	853,514	1,705,510 874,276	95,755 98,877	1,294,526 545,232		375		3 73,370 1,045,915	180,073	259,590 1,267,554	125,262	15,913 899,490		632,905 1,583,140 9,084,914	21 22 23
26 27 28	People's Bk. of Hal. Union Bk. of Hal'x. Halifax Bank'g Co.	67,933 108,512 71,195	156,435 293,427 260,458	35,000 50,000 30,000	177,977 136,844		16,051 151,193 48,742		254,368 8,215 148,490	399,652 120,909 639,337	415,991	2,672,303 2,808,789	• 2,687,320 1,500,093 121.090	1.464 679	8,368,678 10,373,190 3,658,476	$ \begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \\ 26 \end{array} $
29 30 31	Bank of Yarmouth. Exchange Bk. Yar Com. Bk. Windsor.	26,654 6,444 30,616	19,929 6,020 40,754	4,437 4,018 11,807	8,495		41,071 22.699 61,782	11,748 5,606	117,554 7,955 58,540	319,860 39,400	392 958	180,000 108,000 17,075	393,965 363,402		4.491 241	20 27 28 29
32 33	N. BRUNSWICK. Bk. of N. Brunswick People's Bank, N.B.	146,053 5,682	247,834 11,322	27,538 7,500	57,498		94,532	31,212	344.213	6,120		64,000 23,849	39,400		504,728 1,311,021	30 31
34 35	St. Stephen's Bank, P. E. ISLAND, Mer. Bk. of P.E.I	11,835	11,900	7,398	12,432		6,284 52,781	17,696 159	19,580 58,359	36,247	87,795 4,600	193,808 2,300	221,932	150,000	2,233,933 811,666	32 33
36	Summerside Bank	22,440	30,553	9,907	Participa Sala Sala		53,544	4,234	4,335						456,152 1,536,514	34 35
	Grand Total	12,409,855	23,690,782	2,644,760	16,918,470	698,097	3,821,451		13,484,668						300,714,347	36

.

LIABILITIES

14	1	1	Balances	Bals. due to	Sugar Star			1
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada,	Loans from other banks in Canada secured.	Balances due to other Banks in Canada in daily exchanges.	due to agen- cies of bank, or to other banks or agencies in United Kingdom.	bank agencies or other banks or agencies out of Canada or Britain.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads.	Total liabilities.	Directors' liabilities.	
6,588,506		295,156 123,742	700,376	7,208 177,244	1,027 8,167	17,523,860 58,661,866 24,001,432	637,400 770,045 395,000	
		25,998 61,483	459,372 533,563			10,551,742 11,203,908 20,601,038	84,784 352,019 126,602	1
		837 97,771				10,527,302 16,265,079 13,429,675	164,461 73,293 129,830	
		6,231 91 26			291	2,998,618 933,192	10,400 71,363	10
				84,200	11,266,315	95,621,131 29,786,632	2,677,000	19
	698,096			3.475	12,530 74,519	2,477,901 8,712,374		1
44.021		875 323,245 791,154	55 357,252	52,363		19,146,815 25,558,522	248 318 334,368 470,792	1
		9,712 154,785	135,230 229,189			6,366,264 8,998,045 10,971,732	472,916 505,625	1
		10,032	78,534	••••••	4,958	466,725 1,391,040	762,500 19.767 41.120	2 2 2
••••		1,765	21,885	5,927		8,891,373	262,266	22
2,103,518 1,843,765		325,996 37,042 14,092	92,911 755,377 76,804	367,468 353,454	90,000 70,042 3,396	22,182,675 16,880,681 3,374,686	269,241 209,986 410,750	222
		91,739 224	843,560 109,937		18,309 21,100	5,380,235 1,487,307 543,551	405.671 7,376	22
				6	645	382,425 1,278,561	46,364 24,431 89,168	21
		7,579				3,257,294	128,371	3
		23,458 951		2,896	186 187	586,268 432,204	132,692 53,819	33
					20,104	1,239,282	109,462	33
35,731,417	698,096	3,194,350	5,024,180	1,054,241	11,599,460	465,103,425	10,497,230	125

N. Mile	icles, v	tog Be	dexpla	o vor	ASSE	TS.	Reserv	niginie	el all'		1
Current Loans elsewhere than in Canada	Loans to Provin- cial Gov- ern- ments.	Overdue debts.	Real Estate owned by bank not bank premises	Mort- gageson real estace sold by the Bank.	Bank pre- mises.	Other assets not in- cluded under the fore- going heads.	Total assets.	Average amount of specie held during the month	Average amount of Dominion Notes heid during month.	Greatest amount of Notes in circula- tion at any time during the Month.	
6,010,719	1,827,740	3,624 328,773 50,212	166,502 14,060	182,834 13,371	200,000 1,000,000 435,133	1,057,107 12,903	22,868,415 69,208,963 29,511,010	667,100 1,380,000 917,000	1,137,200 1,833,000 1,140,000	2,222,467 6,642,318 2,387,000	10400
		5,907 15,225 25,133	30,000 42,153	10,323 79,219	$125,000 \\ 106,000 \\ 384,404$	2,466 3,297	12,592,554 13,077,804 25,443,156	103,000 201,723 625,954	381,200 513,240 1,546,691	1,261,462 923,363 2,447,126	400
100,000		1,593 51,945 103,018	11,414 12,096 10,843	31,299 31,114	145,000 412,436 183,997	24,753 92,622	12,260,855 20,045,582 17,416,315	$168,100 \\ 267,000 \\ 461,565$	554,100 689,500 885,988	1,346,645 1,903,000 1,968,711	17000
34,475		269	15,122	26,700	12,214 13,692	15,389 1,400	3,612,744 1,912,524	25,762 2,942	21,631 112,686	396,215 135,180	10 11
8,652,293 5,679,776	933,726 355,218	340,958 192,561	27,358 24,626	25,000 49,473	600,000 514,457	108,165 6,944,778	116,294,055 38,238,325	2,498,094 933,211	5,177,999 1,251,784	7,116,136 2,716,376	12 13
••••••		22,714 86,627 132,870	23,794 55,713 110,150 16,628	9,032 27,967 38,555 66,347	130,000 111,012 300,000 749,113	138,128 89,826 12,592 142,550	3,352,448 11,692,027 24,161,829 34,314,379	$11,583 \\163,219 \\393,802 \\481,715$	24,300 586,988 905,888 1,184,834	804,543 1,509,614 2,452,652 3,896,973	14 15 16 17
1,386,875 		248,335 32,739 42,337 21,560	46,010 57,734 78,826	7,250 25,895 30,393	185,501 222,506 340,225	122,381 50,385 3,190	8,298,247 12,482,551 13,737,329	80,600 272,676 214,146	252,300 529,674 789,639	1,412.909 1.560,108 1,955,168	18 19 20
······		39,251 12,812 111,261	3,210 23,024	8,573 4,900 61,278	14,170 19,181 207,554	10,982 64,805 57,225	767,445 1,864,089 12,248,992	6,762 13,603 133,645	$10,550 \\ 16,001 \\ 148,930$	163,463 264,115 1,510,885	21 22 23
2,997,7 7 824,620	123,883 150,233	26,786 35,042 38,590	1,577 15,215	3,191 51,844	92,215 71,720 59,689	9,772 14,926 889	27,203,824 20,778,433 4,446,340	1,294,570 613,458 66,417	1,594,198 1,012,090 170,542	1,981,525 1,984,000 697,344	24 25 26
••••••	192,258	27,588 23,871 6,928	7,902		52,000 2,440 8,000	10,000	7,130,31? 5,683.733 914,118	105,074 71,363 26,521	348,751 244,400 19,509	858,800 579,784 79,715	20 27 28 29
••••••		793 65,237	10,175		23,327 59,608		711,752 . 1,704,548	6,122 29,621	6,249 42,345	95,117 309,002	28 30 31
362,070	254,0'4	27,459 4,895 14,692			30,000 13,500 12,000	5,931	4,521,937 954,275 688,208	146,077 5,458 11,275	227,638 10,785 11,485	486,291 163,852 136,500	32
		13,406			21,132	15,293	1,737,964	21,599	31,813	279,842	34 36 36
									<u> </u>		30
26, 97,921	3,935,592	2,148,011	890,756	793,776	6,851,226	9,011,660	581,876,985	12,420,737	23,413,978	54,648,201	

J. M. COURTNEY Dep'y, Min. of Fin.

NOTE TO THE BANK STATEMENT.

Return of Canadian Bank of Commerce. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads" includes gold bullion.

going heads" includes gold burnol. Return of Bank of British North America. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads," includes bullion. The figures for the Atlin and Dawson City Branches are taken from the last returns received, viz.: Atlin, 17th May, 1902, and Dawson City 21st June, 1902.

Eastern Townships Bank bonus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 8 per cent. per annum.

Bank of Toronto bonus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 11 per cent. per annum.

BRITISH WOOD TRADE.

According to Farnworth & Jardine's Liverpool circular for the 1st July, the arrivals from British North America during June were 14,877 tons register, against 29,812 tons register during the corresponding month last year, and the aggregate tonnage to that date from all places during the years 1900, 1901, and 1902 was 172,988, 169,224, and 172,991 tons respectively. The cessation of hostilities in South Africa had not, so far, created any change in the business, but there was a steady trade throughout the month. The arrivals have been on the moderate side, and although a short month on account of the Coronation holidays, the deliveries were fairly satisfactory. Stocks, with few exceptions, were not too large, and values generally steady. Speaking of Canadian woods, the first direct shipment (chiefly on contract), had arrived, and went largely into consumption; values rule high, with stocks very light. Deck wood, also on contract, was imported more freely, mostly going into consumers' hands. Stocks were fairly moderate; values unchanged. Of red pine the import consisted of about 5,000 cubic feet fresh wood; the demand was quiet, with stocks sufficient for present requirements; prices steady. The arrivals of oak were moderate, chiefly first-class wood for special requirements. Deliveries were not large, but stocks were light and values very firm; there had recently been more enquiry for later delivery. Elm was imported more freely, consisting generally of fresh rock elm; the deliveries were fairly satisfactory, stocks moderate, and prices steady, but soft elm was practically unsalable. Ash was only in limited demand, stocks being sufficient. In Quebec pine deals the imports were large. and the deliveries showed considerable improvement, but stocks all round were heavy, values being unchanged. Red pine deals were dull of sale; stocks ample.

Of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia spruce and pine deals, the import of 10,-000 standards, although exceeding the previous month, was slightly less than that of the corresponding month last season; the deliveries have fairly kept pace, and stocks are still moderate; values have ruled steady. Pine deals are in fair request; the stock is light and prices unchanged.

The arrivals of birch logs have been chiefly from Quebec; there was fair enquiry at firm rates, stocks being moderate. The imports of planks showed a marked falling off, but the deliveries were very disappointing, and the stock was too large; there was little change in value to report.

Arrivals of pitch pine during the past month were five vessels, 3,071 tons register, against fourteen vessels, 11,973 tons register, during the corresponding period last year. The import of hewn was small, and there was a fair consumption, but stocks were ample and values low. The stock of sawn. though considerably reduced, is sufficient, and though the import was light, prices showed very little improvement. Deals and boards were coming forward too freely for the requirements of the trade; the consumption was small, and stocks were much too heavy. Of British Columbian and Oregon pine there was no import, but the deliveries from recent arrivals had been fairly satisfactory at steady prices; the

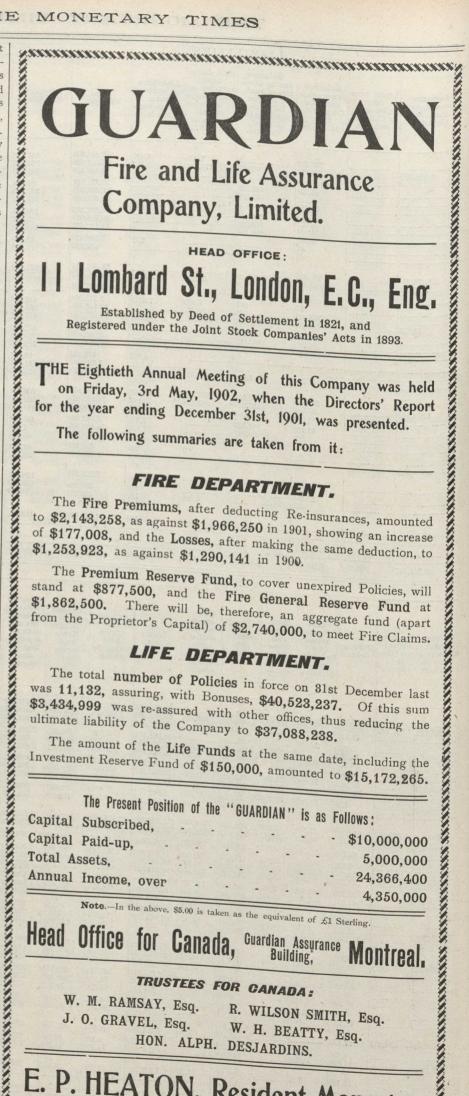
FINANCIAL CONDITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

stock was not too large.

Henry Clews & Co., in their weekly circular, under date July 19th, say:

Developments during the week have been of a favorable nature, particularly regarding the strike and crop situations, which have been the chief uncertainties for some time past. Apprehensions concerning the labor outlook have been fortunately relieved by the collapse of the freight handlers' strike at Chicago, and by the wise decision of the coal miners not to order a general strike. In consequence of these developments the market showed a more hopeful tone and signs of increasing activity. More now depends upon the harvests than upon any other single element. The outlook in this respect continues encouraging.

. A large corn crop will prevent the deficiencies in exports shown last year and bring our exports back to their former level. This is of great importance in the foreign exchange market, and will do much towards averting any monetary stringency in this market during the fall and winter months. In all probability we will experience firmer rates for before long. Fortunately. money Europe is able and willing to loan freely in this market, the amount of foreign money employed here in loans being unusually large; and our bankers are depending upon the good harvests to pay back these loans-another instance of the special bearing this year of the crop situation. During the latter half of the week, the market displayed decidedly more activity and strength, chiefly among the better class of low-priced railroad issues, which have been comparatively neglected, and afford better speculative opportunity for the reason that they involve less risk than many of the high-class stocks that are selling at "sky-scraper" prices. For the first time in many weeks the public showed a disposition to enter the market, induced by the favorable developments referred to London was also a purchaser above. of Americans on an increasing scale, and the promise is for a steadily widening market should no untoward circumstances interfere. Summer and a summer and a



TRUSTEES FOR GANADA:

E. P. HEATON, Resident Manager

W. M. RAMSAY, Esq. J. O. GRAVEL, Esq.

R. WILSON SMITH, Esq. W. H. BEATTY, Esq. HON. ALPH. DESJARDINS.

SHREWDNESS AND HONESTY.

An honest merchant made as strong statements about his stock as the goods would warrant.

What he said was true.

A shrewd competitor always went him one better.

What he said was not true.

The honest merchant lost some sales, but saved his reputation.

The shrewd competitor fooled a number of people, but lost their friendship.

In the end the honest merchant had the bulk of the business.

In the end the shrewd fellow had nothing but experience.

Moral-Shrewdness is not a desirable quality in dealing with customers .-Southern Merchant.

When October comes

there will be a rush of business to the West Indies

The busy season commences there then, and those Canadian manufacturers who take space in the forthcoming Special West Indian Edition of "The Monetary Times," to be issued about September 1st., will have a very great advantage over those who do not.

This Journal has the reputation of getting up the right sort of export numbers - The kind that create business. . . .

Better order a space now. One Page, \$40.00 20.00 Half " 10.00 Ouarter.

THE MONETARY TIMES. TORONTO, Can.

THE WIFE'S PEROUISITE.

One of the most curious cases ever tried in a court came before the district tribunal of Josephstad, Austria, last week. says the London Daily Mail. Frau Marie Essler was accused by her husband, a day laborer, of stealing from him the sum of 7s.

The husband deposed that he had always given his wife 41/2d. to buy his daily dinner with, but that he had now discovered that she never spent more than .4d. for the dinner, appropriating the additional half-penny. This had been going on for seven months.

The woman confessed to taking the money, but swore that she used it for household purposes. She was acquitted.

PLATINUM MINING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Platinum has long been mined in the Similkameen, about 150 miles east of Vancouver. It said that Chinamen have been earning living wages for the past fifteen years by recovering platinum from placer deposits of the Tulameen River and of Granite Creek, B.C. The Slate Creek Hydraulic Company, composed of men largely from the city of Seattle, Wash., proposes to work a tract of 320 acres on Slate Creek. Slate Creek is just over the divide of the Similkameen River, on the U.S. side, but work will be done in British Columbia also. Mr. Dudley, the United States Consul at Vancouver, tells his Government in the July report, that the proportion of precious metals in the gravel, as shown by hundreds of assays made by the Slate Creek Hydraulic Company, is about two-thirds gold to one-third coarse platinum. Some of the nuggets are as large as the little finger of a man's hand. The gravel runs 25 cents to the yard in platinum and gold. It is believed, however, that somewhere in the 320 acres of the company's claim the old bed of the creek will be crossed, and that much richer gravel will then be found. Another deposit of platinum is also said to have been discovered in Kennedy Mountain, near Princeton, British Columbia. Considering the great value of platinum, this information is of decided interest.

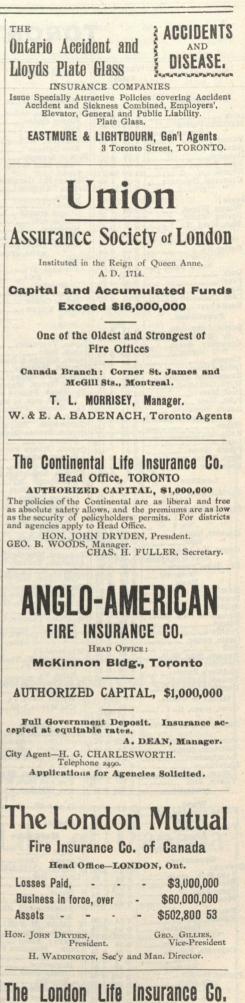
Commercial

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 23rd, 1902.

Ashes .- There have been a few recent shipments to Britain, and values appear a little firmer. First quality of pots are quoted at about \$4.20, with a little more actually paid for good tares; seconds, \$3.75 to \$3.80; pearls are very scarce, and holders ask \$6.50.

Cements and Firebricks .- Receipts for the week ending to-day are 3.500 brls. of Belgian and German cement, and 41,550 firebricks. There have been no



Head Office, LONDON, ONT

JOHN McCLARY, President JOHN McCLARY, President A. O. JEFFERY, O.C., LL.B., D.C.L., Vice-President. Every desirable form of life insurance afforded on a favorable terms as by other first-class companies. MONEY TO LOAN on Real Estate security at lowest current rates of interest. Liberal Terms to desirable agents.

JOHN G. RICHTER, Manager

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.

Name of Article	Wholesale Rates	Name of Atticle	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.
Breadstuffs.		GroceriesCon.	\$ c. \$ c.	HardwareCon.		Connection
PLOUR "Strong Bakers "Strong Bakers Patent (Winter Wheat) Straight Roller Oatmeal. Bran per ton Shorts Commeal. Domestic. "ground. GRAIN Winter Wheat, Spring Wheat, Spring Wheat, Man. Hard, No. 1 (1 :: 6: 1) "Nort. No. 2 :: 6: 1) No. 3 Extra No. 3 Extra Oats, Peas Rye. Buckwheat Provisions. Butter, dairy, tops	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SYRUPS: Com. to fine, Fine to obolee Pale	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	WIRE: Brass. Copper Wire Galvanized Coll chain § in. Barbed wire Iron pipe, § in Sorews, flat head " r'u head Boller tubes, 9 in. " " 3 in. STEEL: Cast Bilack Diamond Boller plate, ‡ in. " " 3/16 in " " 3/16 in CUT NALS 30 to 60 dy. 16 and 90 dy. 8 and 9 dy. 6 and 7 dy. 4 and 5 dy.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Canned Fruits. PINE APPLE— Extra Standard
Creamery, boxes Prints Dried Apples Bvaporated Apples Hops, Canadian Beef, Mess Dork, Mess Bacon, long olear "Broakt'st smok'd Hams Rolls Lard Pionio Hams Bggs, # doz. new laid Beans per bush Leather Spanish Sole, No. 1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TEAS: Japan, Yokohama	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	¥ dy. Wire Nails, basis Rebate HORSE NAILS:'C'' Monaroh HORSE SHOES, 100 lbs. CANADA PLATES: all dull. Lion # pol Full pol d TIN PLATES IC WINDOW GLASS: 25 and under 26 to 40 51 to 60 61 to 70 Sisal,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 Sockeye Sockeye 1 (0 1 25) 1 (0 1 80) 1 (0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Slanghter, heavy No. I light. No. J light. No. J light. In No. 3 " Harness, heavy "light & medium. Kip Skins French "Domestio "Domestio Heml'k Calf (30 to 40). French Calf. Bnamelled Cow, # It Patent Pebble Grain, upper Buf Russets, light, # lb Gambier Saddler's Russets	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Broken Pekoes Pekoes Southong Southong Kangra Valley Oolong, Formosa Tosacco, Manufactured American Tobacco Co. Derby, '3', 4''s, 8''s, 16''s Old Chum, out, 1/10. Empire Tobacco Co. Currency, 6''s, 10's Bobs, 5''s, 10''s McAlpine Tobacco Co Beaver, 9's British Navy, 6''s, 15oz " " 10's Macdonald's Prince of W., 8''s, 16's	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Axes : Single Bits Double '' Olls. Cod Oil, Imp. gal. Palm, # lb. Lard, ext Ordinary Linseed, boiled Linseed, raw Spirits Tarpentine Olive, # Imp. gal. Seal pale S.R. American Family Safety Photogene.	11 00 12 0) 0 38 0 40 0 063 0 40 0 073 0 82 0 60 0 85 0 85 0 90 0 32 0 97 0 70 0 80 1 36 1 30 0 55 0 60 0 174 0 03 0 17 0 175	" 2's 7 50 0 00 " 2's 8 25 0 00 LUNCH TONGUE—Clark's, 1s, 1 doz. 3 15 3 25 " 3's, " " 6 15 6 25 CHIPPED BEEF—J's and 1's, per doz. 1 65 2 75 SOUP—Clark's, 1 s, Ox Tall, 2 doz " 0 00 1 00 FISH—Madlum soled Herring" 0 00 1 00 FISH—Madlum soled Herring" 1 06 1 17 KIPPERED HERRING—Domestic 1 06 1 10 Ales Efte. 1 06 1 10 Mhite Label \$1 00 0 70 India Pale. 0 90 0 60 XXX Porter 0 90 0 60 Max Pine Lumber, Inspected, B.M. CAR OR CARGO LOFS AT MILL.
Sumao Degras Hilden & Skins. Cows, green, No 1. "" 2 Steers, 60 to 90 lbs. No 1 Curel and Inspected Calfskans, green. Lambskins. Shearlings fallow, rough. Tallow, caul "rendered. Bleece, combing ord i clothing Pulled, combing super extra	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	G. E. Tiokett & Son Co. Mahogany, 3's Myrtle Navy, 4's Cut Myrtle, 1-10 Pure Spirit, 65 o. p "50 o. p 25 u. p Family Proof Whiskey 20 u. p Old Bourbon, 20 u. p. Rye and Malt, 25 u.p Rye Whiskey, 4 y. old "7 y. old G. and W Special Hardware	5 25 8 70	American Watte White Paints, &c. Mhite Lead, pure In Oil, 25 lbs. White Lead, dry Red Lead, genuine Venetian Red, Les Venetian Red, Res Vermilion, Eng Varnish, No. 1 furn Varnish, No. 1 Carr Bro. Japan Whiting Putty, in brl. per 100 lbs Drugs.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 17\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 13 \\ 5 & 87\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 00 \\ 6 & 75 & 0 & 00 \\ 5 & 01 & 5 & 12\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 75 & 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 & 2 & 25 \\ 0 & 95 & 1 & 00 \\ 0 & 90 & 1 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 & 1 & 75 \\ 0 & 60 & 0 & 70 \\ 2 & 50 & 3 & 50 \\ \end{array}$	12 inch flooring 20 00 21 00 14 inch flooring 20 00 21 00 1x10 and 12 dressing and better 21 00 21 00 1x10 and 12 dressing 25 00 30 00 1x10 and 12 dressing 28 00 45 00 1x10 and 12 dressing 29 00 45 00 1x10 and 12 dressing 29 00 45 00 1x10 and 12 mill oulls 18 00 13 00 1 inch siding common 16 00 18 00 1 inch siding box 14 00 15 00 1 inch siding mill oulls 12 00 13 00 1 inch siding mill oulls 11 00 12 00 1 inch strips, common 10 00 20 00 1 inch strips, common 45 00 75 1 noh strips, 16 in 25 00 75 1 no, strips, 16 in 27 0 75 300 " No. 2 27 5 2 5 00 " Norway 28 5 2 5 2 00
Groceries. CoffEs Java # lb., green Porto Riso " Mocha FRUT: Raisins, Malaga " Valencias. " Valencias. " Valencias. " Valencias. " California. Currants, Filiatra " Datras. Vostizza Prunes, 90-160 " 20-50 " 30-40. Tarragona Almonds. " roasted. Grenoble Walnuts Filberts, Sioily Brazils Shelled Walnuts. " Almonds. " Almonds.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ingot	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Brimstone Borax Camphor Carbolic Acid Castor Oil Caustic Soda	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 06\frac{1}{9} & 0 & 07\frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 04\frac{1}{9} & 0 & 05 \\ 0 & 75 & 0 & 85 \\ 0 & 075 & 0 & 85 \\ 0 & 09\frac{1}{9} & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 03\frac{1}{9} & 0 & 105 \\ 0 & 150 & 1 & 75 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 & 17\frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 & 17\frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 20 \\ 1 & 50 & 1 & 75 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 20 \\ 1 & 50 & 1 & 75 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 20 \\ 1 & 50 & 1 & 75 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 27 & 5 & 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 27 & 5 & 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 07 & 5 & 0 & 35 \\ 0 & 02 & 0 & 04 \\ 1 & 02 & 0 & 03 \\ 10 & 2 & 75 \\ \end{array}$	2 x 10 and 2 common

recent receipts of American cement, all makers in the United States being reported sold ahead. Prices are unchanged.

Boots and Shoes and Leather.—Most of the bigger boot and shoe manufacturing houses report good orders, and one of the more important firms has recalled its travellers, having all the orders in hand that can be well turned out for the fall trade. Quebec shoe men are also said to be better employed than they were. The demand for leather is somewhat improved, more especially for sole, box calf, kid, etc., but ordinary black leather is dull. Prices are well maintained in all lines.

Dairy Products.—Last week's exports were of a fairly liberal character, 76,479 boxes of cheese being shipped, figures some 30,000 boxes in excess of same date last year, and of butter, 16,135 pckgs. were shipped, as against only 1,897 pckgs. for same week of 1901. Cheese values are again this week a shade firmer, and finest Ontario's are now quoted at 10 to 10½c.; townships, 97% to 10c., and Quebecs at 9½ to 9%c. Butter is in good demand with a good business reported in fine township creamery at 20 to 20¼c.; regular creameries, 19½c.; dairy, 16 to 17c.

Dry Goods.—The city retail trade has continued depressed under the phenomenal weather conditions, which almost suggest an overcoat, and collections in this quarter are affected, but country remittances are very fairly maintained. Travellers still report good orders, and considerable deliveries of fall goods have already been made. With regard to values nothing new is reported.

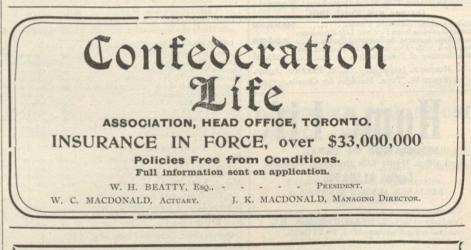
Groceries.-Raw beet sugars are cabled a penny halfpenny dearer, but the quotation is still a very low one at six shillings three farthings. Local refiners report good business, but have made no alteration in their figures, standard granulated being quoted at \$3.65, and yellows from \$3 upwards. Another cargo of Barbados molasses is discharging this week, being the last expected this season. Prices continue easy at 23 to 24c. Some samples of new Moyune gunpowders are being shown at firm prices, ranging from 22 to 28c. Japans continue to occupy a very strong position. White beans are advancing sharply, \$1.30 a bushel now being asked in quantity. A Smyrna letter under date 7th inst., says the Sultana crop is progressing favorably with estimates ranging from 31,000 to 33,000 tons. Reports with regard to figs are more and more unfavorable, and present speculative prices are higher than those quoted end of June. A leading French commission house, of Tulins, in the walnut district, writes that no further offers of last year's nuts need be expected, as all the remaining available stock has been cornered by E. M. Dadelszen & Co., Bordeaux, who have been buying in view of the unfavorable appearance of the new crop. General reports as to dates say that the crop looks well. From Patras

it is reported the currant crop is looking well, no further complaints of the peronosperos being heard, and if nothing happens before gathering the crop will be of good quality, and perhaps a little larger than last year. Nothing special is reported from Denia regarding Valencia raisins. Leading packers there still decline to make quotations, though some have made speculative offers about equal to last year.

Hides.—Trade is quiet, and there have been no recent changes in prices. We quote dealers as paying 9c. or over for No. I beef hides, 12 and 10c. for callskins, 70c. for sheepskins, and 30c. for fambskins. It is probable lambskins will be advanced next week.

Metals and Hardware.—The movement in these lines continues to be wellsustained for the season, and there is nothing specially new as regards prices. The "Monteagle" has managed to get afloat and reach Montreal, with a considerable proportion of her tin, Canada and other plates, badly damaged by salt water, and the cases of the salved proportion are said to be pretty badly knocked about. As regards prices there is not much new to note. Ingot tin has recovered a little from the decline, and $31\frac{1}{2}$ c. is now quoted locally; lead is a shade firmer at \$3.15; copper, steady at $13\frac{1}{2}$ c.; in spelter there has been a rather strong advance, and $5\frac{1}{4}$ c. is now quoted; sheet zinc, 6c.

Oils, Paints and Glass .- Both linseed oil and turpentine are again weaker from 2 to 3c. a gallon. Glass is reported a little easier in Belgium, but local prices are unaltered. We quote: Single barrels, raw and boiled linseed oil, respectively, 77 and Soc. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 76 and 79c., net 30 days, or 3 per cent. for four months' terms. Turpentine, one barrel, 68c.; two to four barrels, 67c.; net 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, 90c.; Cod oil, 371/2 to 421/2c. per gal.; steam refined seal, 50 to 55c. per gal.; straw, ditto, 47 to 50c.; Castor oil, 9c.; in quantity; tins, 91/4 to 91/2c.; machinery castor oil, 81/2 to 9c.; Leads (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$5.871/2; No. 1, \$5.371/2; No.



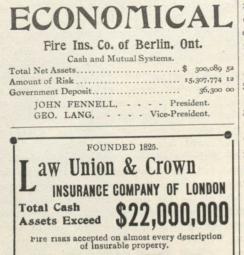
The National Life Assurance Company of Canada.

ELIAS ROGERS, - - - President. W. D. LONG, A. S. IRVING, Vice-Presidents. MATSON Managing Director. F. SPARLING Secretary.

R. H. MATSON, Managing Director. F. SPARLING, Secretary. The Guaranteed Reserve and Option Policies of "**The National Life**" are the best contracts of life insurance obtainable, and guarantee Free Residence and Occupation, Automatic Non-forfeiture, Cash, Loan, and Paid-up Values, One Month's Grace for Payment of Premiums, Thirteen Months for Revival of Policies. AT For explanatory pamphlets apply to HEAD OFFICE, TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO, Active and reliable agents wanted.

The Mutual Life of Canada (Formerly the ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE) Death rate per \$1,000 of mean insurance in force, 1901-In 15 Canadian Life Companies, average \$7.00 By In The Mutual Life of Canada \$6.86 Way Expense rate per \$1,000 to total income, 1901-In 15 Canadian Life Companies, average \$36.20 In The Mutual Life of Canada \$16.88 of Combined Death and Expense rate per \$1,000, 1901-Con-In 15 Canadian Life Companies, average \$22.70 In The Mutual Life of Canada \$13.91 trast From the above figures intending insurants will see where their interests will be best served.

Commercial Union			Crook	A		BOND	KEP	OKI	•	10	
Assurance Co., Limited. 01 LONDON, Eng.			CHI MINE SHOW			1		D: .			
Fire - Life - Marine		F	BANKS	Share	Capital Sub-	Capital Paid-up	Rest	Divi- dend		DSING	
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Canadian Branch—Head Office, Montreal.	Commer Halifax	cial Banking	nerica k, Windsor, N.S Co Zanada	40	500,000	350,000	1,776,000	3%	98	140 102	335 3 39 4
Jas. McGregor, Manager. Toronto Office, 49 Wellington Street East.	Royal B New Bru	ank of Cunswick	Canada	100		2,000,000	500,000 1,700,000 700,000	31 31 31		170 175	33 4 172 0
GEO. R. HARGRAFT,	Nova Sc People's	Bank of	Halifax	100		2,000,000	2,800,000	6 4 ¹ / ₂	300	301 ¹ / ₂ 260	300 0 255 0
Gen. Agent for Toronto and Co. of York	St. Step	hen's	N.B	IOO	180,000 200,000	180,000 200,000	160,000 45,000	$ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 4 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $		t 35	26
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The Oldest Scottish Fire Office.	Montrea	d		200		6,000,000 12,000,000 2,500,000	2,700,000 8,000,000	31/2	152	 258	152 512
HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA, MONTREAL LANSING LEWIS, Manager.	Quebec Union B	ank of C	an	100	2,500.000	2,500,000	2,150,000	$5 \\ 4\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 3\frac{1}{2}$	215	218	106
J. G BORTHWICK, Secretary.				0.00		2,000,000	650,000	32	Torc		130
MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agents	Dominio		of Commerce	50	8,000,000	8,000,000	2,000,000	31/2	1581	y 23 159	79
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Northern Assurance Co. Of London, Eng.	Western			100 100	1,350,000 500,000	1,350,000 418,000	350,000	3	122	·····	247 122 109
Canadian Branch, 1730 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.		LOAN	COMPANIES.					*quarterly		199.90	109
Income and Fund, 1901.			CT DOM. & ONT. ent and Western Can-					tAnd 1% bonus			
apital and Accumulated Funds,	ada M	lortgage	Corporation	10	6,000,000	6,000,000	1,500,000	1		Service .	
and from Interest on Invested Funds 6,665,000 Peposited with Dominion Government for	Agricult	ural Sav	IG SOCIETIES ACT, 1859 ings & Loan Co				-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1192		11
the Security of Policy-holders	Canada	Mortgag	ge Co & Loan Co	50	630,200 1,120,860	630,200 725,000	207,000	3 21/2		119	58
ROBT. W. TYRE, Manager for Canada.	Dominic Huron &	on Sav. &	Inv. Society	50	750,000	750,000 934,200	268,000 40,000	3 2	93 118		46 59
TT T.C.	Hamilto	n Provid	ent & Loan Soc & Loan Co of Canada	0-	3,000,000	I,400,000 I,100,000	925,000 340,000	$4\frac{1}{2}$ 3	703 1821 120		35 91
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HUME LIL	People's	Loan &	Savings Co., Oshawa Deposit Co		300,000	1,200,000	560,000	33	(31		60
ASSOCIATION OF CANAD	Pait Ca	UNDER I	PRIVATE ACTS.			600,000	40,000			42	
Head Office, Home Life Building, Toronto			w. Co. Ld., (Dom. Par.) an and Savings Co n. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do.			398,481	120,000	;; 1 <u>1</u> *	68	69	58
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RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented districts.	Imperial	Loan &	NIES' ACT," 1877-1889. Investment Co. Ltd			0.0	; 1,000	and the second	70		70
Correspondence solicited. President-HON. R. HARCOURT, M.A., K.C.	Can. La	nded & N	National Inv't Co., Ltd.	1000000000	839,850 2,008,000	734,590 1,004,000	174,000	21/2	80		80
Managing Director-A. J. PATTISON.	ONT. J	т. Stk. 1	LETT. PAT. ACT. 1874.	40	578,840	373,720	50,000	3 2	107 78		107 31
			e Loan Co al Loan & Inv. Co	100	450,000	411,000 271,993	140,000	3			
he Dominion of Canada Guarantee &	Toronto	Savings	and Loan Co	100	373,000	271,993 600,000	120,000	··· 3			
Accident Ins. Co., Toronto, Ont.			•					*quarterly	127		127
SONDS for the fidelity of employees.			URANCE COMPANI			1. 1. 1				Par	1.
COMPENSATION for accidental injuries.	E	NGLISH	(Quotations on London	Mar	ket)		RAILW	AYS.		value Value	Lon
NSURANCE against sickness.	No. Shares	Yearly	par	ent	Last		Chilling and a start			-	-
GEO. GOODERHAM, J. E. ROBERTS, President. Gen. Manager	or amt. Stock.	Divi- dend.	NAME OF COMPANY	Amount	Sale	Canada Pa C. P. R. 1st	cific Shares	s, 3% Bonds, 5	·····	. \$100	: 384
			Sh	V I	July 11	C. P. R. 1st do. 50 Grand Tru: 5% per	year L. G. nk Con. sto	Bonds, 3	%		112 102 138
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Mercantile Fire	50,000 200,000 60,000	35 81 81	Alliance	0 5	5 44 45	do Ti	cond prete	rence stoc	k		196
ncicalitic ric	136,493 35,862	5	Lancashire F & I		5 ·· ··	Great W	ina prefere	ence stock		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
INSURANCE COMPANY	35,002 10,000 85,100	175	London Ass. Corp. 2 London & Lan. L. 14 London & Lan. F. 2	0 2	51 52 8 8 84	Toronto, G	rev & D	bonds, 5	10	. 100	105
All Policies Guaranteed by the LONDON AND ANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF	245,640 30,000	90	Liv. Lon. & Globe St	tk 2	$43\frac{1}{2}$ $44\frac{1}{2}$		tgage		•••••	. 100	106
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Society	2,000		Western Assurance. 4	0 0-	5 280 96	City of Tor- do.	onto Water do. gen. d	Works D	eb., 1908	5, 6%	101 103
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EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.	D	ISCOUN	T RATES.	ondo	n, July 4	City of Ott	awa, Stg.	s	1920	3, 4% 932% 4, 6%	99 98
The second se	I main is	No. or	Const Hander		, July 4	City of Qu	do. ebec, con.,	41%	20 year	debs	101
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Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.	Bank B	ills, 3 m	onths	,	1 25	City of Va	do. sterlin ncouver,	ng deb.	192	3, 4%	101
	Bank B do Trade E do	Bills, 3	onths do do do	2		City of Va do. City of W	ncouver,		1923 193 193		101 102 103 105



Canadian Head Office : 67 BEAVER HALL, MONTREAL J. E. E. DICKSON, Mgr. DOUGLAS K. RIDOUT, Toronto Agent. Agents wanted throughout Canada.

Established 1824

The MANCHESTER FIRE Assurance Co. Head Office-MANCHESTER, ENG.

H. S. MALLETT, Manager and Secretary.

Assets over \$13,000,000

Canadian Branch Head Office—TORONTO. JAS. BOOMER, Manager. T. D. RICHARDSON, Assistant Manager. City Agents JAFFRAY & MACKENZIE JOSEPH LAWSON.

THE DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

	1900	1901
Amount of Applications\$	681,700	\$ 959,700
Policies Issued	583,970	841,090
Net Insurance Gained	232,496	542,292
Total at Risk	3,879,332	4,421,624
Income	138,057	158,459
Expenditure	59,842	79.079
Total Assets	539,266	615,690
Total Security to Policy-holders.	839,266	915,690
THOMAS HILLIARD, Mana	aging Dire	ctor.
C W CHADWICK, I	District Ma	anager.

C. W. CHADWICK, District Manager, Dineen Building, TORONTO.



2, \$5.12¹/₂; No. 3, \$4.87¹/₂; No. 4, \$4.37¹/₂; dry white lead, 5¹/₂ to 6c.; pure; No. 1, do., 5c.; genuine red, ditto, 5c.; No. 1, red lead, 4¹/₂ to 43⁴/₄c.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., \$2; bladder putty, in bbls., \$2.35; ditto, in kegs, or boxes, \$2.50; 25-lb tins, \$2.45;12¹/₂-lb. tins, \$2.75. London washed whiting, 40 to 45c.; Paris white, 75 to 80c.; Venetian red, \$1.50 to \$1.75; yellow ochre, \$1.25 to \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$1.75 to \$2; Paris green, in kegs, 14¹/₂ to 15c.; in lb. packages, 16c.; window glass, \$2.10 per 50 feet for first break; \$2.20 for second break.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, July 24th, 1902.

Chemicals, Drugs, Etc.—A fairly active business is being transacted in local drug circles, though no special feature comes up for notice this week. Prices remain steady. The advance in cod liver oil appears now to have come to a standstill. Paris green is firm. From New York comes news of an improvement in the jobbing demand for quinine, but speculative interests still remain dull. Opium is quiet, but the price keeps steady.

Flour and Gram.—A certain degree of dullness is to be noted in the flour market, but 90 per cent. patents continue to be quoted at \$2.90 in buyers' bags, middle freights. Millfeed keeps quite steady. shorts selling at \$20.50, and bran \$15.50 middle freights. Oatmeal remains about the same. Ontario wheat is now somewhat scarce and has advanced in price abort a cent. Corn is strong, though it made a considerable drop during the last few days in Chicago. Peas are dull. Oats are a little firmer.

Dry Goods.—The wholesalers report very busy conditions of late; indeed, so hard pressed are many of them that they find it difficult to fill orders from day to day. Travellers out on the road are sending in orders very freely. The good prospects are stimulating business as is also the improvement in the weather.

Insurance Co. of America. **BEORGE SIMPSON, Resident Manage** WM. MACKAY, Assistant Manager MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agent. Temple Bldg.. Bay St., TORONTO. Tel. 9309. C S SCOTT, Resident Agent, HAMILTON, Ont

The Mutual Life Insurance Company

RICHARD A. MCCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending December 31, 1901.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

rellow	Department of the State of New	v York.	
\$1.75	S. S. Company and		
15c.;	INCOME		
\$2.10	Received for Premiums	\$51,446,787 73	
r sec-	From all other Sources	14,177,517 78	
Section 1	DICDUDCEMENTS	\$65,624,305 51	
	DISBURSEMENTS	Dan a () 000 10	
10/19/10	To Policy-holders for claims by Death To Policy-holders for Endowments,	\$17,344,023 13	
Sec. Sec. 19	Dividends, Etc For all other Accounts	11,335,646 77 13,772,936 60	
	For all other Accounts		
1902.	ASSETS -	\$42,452,606 50	
		\$198,063,981 24	
fairly	First Lien Loans on bond and mortgage	81,564,209 88 10,638,000 00	
ed in	Loans on Company's own Policies	11,319,067 23	
special	Real Estate: Company's Office Buildings in London, Paris, Berlin, New York,		
week.	United States bonds & other securities First Lien Loans on bond and mortgage Loans on Bonds and other Securities Real Estate: Company's Office Buildings in London, Paris, Beelin, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, Sydney and Mexico, and other Real Estate		
ice in	Real Estate	27,542,442 44	
come	Real Estate Cash in Banks and Trust Companies Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Pre- miums, etc	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
firm.	miums, etc	6,964,376 42	
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nd for	LIABILITIES -	\$ 280 650 288 B	
s still	Liability for Policy Reserves, etc Liability for Contingent Guarantee Fund Liability for Authorized Dividends	\$289,652,388 84 60,706,582 83	3
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Second Sector		\$352,838,971 6	7
100	Insurance and Annuities in force	\$1,243,503,101 1	r
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WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

The Australian Trading World. Thursday. Price, 2d. Weekly.

Established 1886 Established 1886 The large and influential circulation which the Austra-lian Trading World now enjoys in the Commercial and Financial world places it in the front rank of newspapers devoted to the Australasian Colonies. **Trade Reports** are a Prominent Feature. **Stocks** and **Shares** are Carefully Followed. **Special Articles** by Eminent Writers. **Subscription**—ros. per annum, including postage. EDITORIAL AND PUBLISHING OFFICES:

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LONDON, E.C.

THE INVESTOR'S CHRONICLE.

The British Monthly Financial Review in addition to signed articles by leading expert writers gives a complete review of the world's Financial Press.

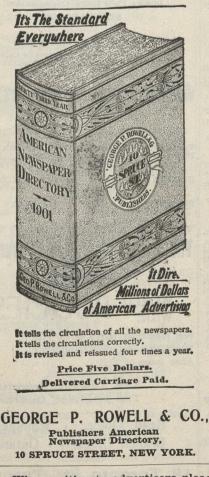
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Annual Subscription for Canada: TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. Tower Chambers, London Wall, London, E.C.

Electrical Edition of **Profitable Advertising** For June Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø

This Special Number treats in the most comprehen-sive manner the subject of electricity as applied to the advertisers' use, showing by text and profuse illustra-tions ways and means in which the electric current is made to play a prominent and valuable part in his pub-licity plans. — This single edition is quite worth the yearly sub-scription price (\$2.00). At 20 cents it is a genuine bar-gain. The strikingly appropriate cover design in colour is alone worth this sum. — The June issue begins Volume 12 of this acknow-ledged leader among advertising trade journals. Let it mark the beginning of your subscription year if your name is not already on our list.

Profitable Advertising, 140 Boylston Street, Publisher, 140 Boylston Street, KATE E. GRISWOLD, **Boston, Mass**



When writing to advertisers please mention The Monetary Times.

been coming in quite freely after the slight lull caused by the wet weather. All the domestic fruits are meeting with a ready sale. A fair supply of lemons exists in the market, but oranges are very few. Prices are quoted as follows: Bananas, per bunch, \$1.50 to \$2; oranges, Sorrento, \$4 to \$4.25 per box; lemons, Messina, \$2.50 to \$3.50; Florida pineapples, 30's to 42's, \$3.25 to \$3.75 per case; loose, according to size, 5c. to 14c.; tomatoes, 4-basket carrier, 90c. to \$1; strawberries, per quart, 7c.; cherries, per basket, 90c. to \$1.25; California apricots, \$1.50 per case; California peaches, \$1.50 per case; California plums, per case, \$1.75; California pears, per case, \$4.45 to \$5; watermelons, 25c. to 30c; gooseberries, 40c. to 60c. per basket; red currants, per basket, 30c. to 45c.; black currants, per basket, 8oc. to \$1; red raspberries, per box. 7c. to IOC.; black, 7c. to 8c.; muskmelons, per crate, \$2.50 to \$3; huckleberries, per basket, 8oc. to \$1; harvest apples, per basket, 40C.

Hardware .- No changes in price have taken place since last issue. A fair volume of business for this time of the year is passing. The harvest tool season has opened in earnest. In heavy metals, a large trade is being done. Prices keep very firm, in sympathy with conditions in the United States, and to a certain extent, with those in Great Britain.

Hides and Leather .- The market for hides, though prices have not receded, is dull, Calfskins are steady. Tallow remains the same. The leather trade, though quiet for the moment, presents bright prospects. In Chicago a fairly full volume of business is reported transacted last week and prices advanced slightly for some grades. Native steers sold up to 131/2c. and heavy Texas to 141/2c. Prices quoted are 131/4 to 131/2c. for native steers, 141/2c. for heavy Texas, 121/4 to 121/2c. for butt brands, 12 to 121/4c. for Colorados, 101/2c. for heavy native cows and 101/4c. for branded ditto. Country hides are firm at 83/4c. for No. 1 buffs. On the 17th there was a sale in London, Eng., of sheepskins, numbering 3,119 bales. Competition was slow and prices were irregular. Merino combing and clothing were firm and unchanged. Fine crossbreds were unchanged to 1/4d. lower and medium and low grades showed a decline ranging from 3/8d. to 1/2d.

Groceries .- The general grocery trade has been fairly active the last few days. Sugars remain in about the same comparatively quiescent state, though a keener demand is beginning to spring up for preserving purposes. Molasses is very weak. A somewhat easier feeling prevails in coffee, owing to large crop reports in Brazil. In dried fruits, currants are weaker, having declined a fraction of a cent. Other fruits of this class remain about the same. It is difficult to procure supplies in any quantity of canned tomatoes, and they are correspondingly strong in price. New pack salmon is in fair request.

Wool .- The offerings of fleece are quite liberal, but local dealers are buying but little, there being no export demand. This week there was another wool sale in London, at which the offerings numbered 11,433 bales. The attendance was large. A good supply of scoureds was in active request, the home trade trading fine New Zealand grades, while French and German buyers secured fair quantities of combing. All other grades of merinos sold quickly at full rates, Americans securing some fine lots. Crossbreds were in brisk demand, chiefly for the home trade. Prices for crossbreds were firm. A few lots of good medium greasy were sold to Americans. A good selection of Tasmanian caused active bidding, and sales were made at extreme rates.

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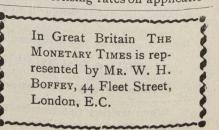
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