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Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00				
Reserved Fund, - 6,000,000.00 Undivided Profits, - 815,152.10				
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Chatham, "Picton, "Regina, Ass'a. Cornwall, "Sarnia, "Winnipeg, Man. Deseronto, "Stratford, "Nelson, B.C.				
wt William, " St. Marva, " New Westmins-				
Gueinn. " wanaceourg, " vancouver, p.c.				
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San Francisco-The Bank of British Columbia,				
The Anglo-Californian Bank. Portland, Oregon-The Bank of British Columbia, Montreal June, 1895.				
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INCORPORATED 1855.				
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HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL,
Capital Authorizod, \$500,000 Capital Subscribed, 500,000 Rest, 10,000
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CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMME				
The Chartered Banks.				
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Resers. Givin & G. Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand -Union Bank of Australia. Bank of New Zealand, Colonial Bank of New Zealand, India, China and Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China: Agra Bank, Limited, Weet Indies-Co- lonial Bank. Paris-Messre. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais. Experisence Circular Notes for Travellers, avail	[E E t I			
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Rest Fund, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOHN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Ramsay. Henry Archbald. Sam'l Finley. W. M. Machnerson, J. P. Cleghorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager.				
F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. Durkfrond, Inspector. H. Lookwood, Assistant Inspector. BRANGUES:	.1			
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Manitoba-Tinperial Bank of Dritlen Columbia. Manitoba-Tinperial Bank of Canada. Neuronalland-Bank of Nova Scotia, St. John's. IN Eurore London-Parts Banking Co. and The Alliance Bank, (limited); Meesra. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., Meesra. Morton, Rose & Co. Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool. Cork-Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd Paris, Franze-Credit Lyonnais Barlin.-Deutsche Bank. Aniwern, Beldium-La Banque d'Anvers. Hamburg-Hesse, Neuman & Co.; Neur York-Mechanics' National Bank; National City Bank; Meesra. W. Wateon, R. Y. Hebden, Agents Bank of Montreal; Meesra. Morton, Bliss & Co. Boston-The State National Bank; Port-land-Casco National Bank. Chicago-First Na-tional Bank. Cleveland-Commercial National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of Britleh Co-lumbia. Detroit -Commercial National Bank. San Francisco-Bank of Britleh Co-lumbia. Detroit -Commercial National Bank. Butt. Toledo-Second National Bank. Butte, Montana-First National Bank. Great Falls, Moniand-North-Weetern National Bank. Chicago. Moniand-North-Weetern National Bank. Concernerial National National Bank. Colina Bank Great Falls, Moniand-North-Weetern National Bank. Colicetions made in all parts of the Dominion and re-turne promuty remitted at lowest rates of exchange, Commercial Leiters of Credit and Travellers Cir-cular letters issued available in all parts of the world.

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đen,	I HAR BOURT WELPORTH LECOLICS AND INCLOSE BUDWON
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B. BENNINGS, Asst. Cashter. E. HAY, Inspector.
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Chatham.	Orangeville	Stratford.	Woodstock.		
Collingwoo	d Attanto	Strathroy,	Winnipeg,		
Dundae.	Parie.	Thorold.	in much col		

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Montreal-Ba	Correspondents: nk of Montreal. and, National Bank of Scc onal Exchange Bank.	tland,

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	Wm. Gibson, M.P., A. T. Wood, A. B. Lee, (Toronto.) J. Turnbull, Cashier.	
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•,	DIRECTORS.	

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Brantford,	Chatham,	Markham.	지 말 같다.
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Traders Bank of Canada

(Incorporate	d by Act of P	arliament 1885).	
Authorized Capit	аі,	\$1,000,	000
Capital Paid-Up,	•• ••		,000
Reserve Fund,			000
B	oard of Dire	clors:	18.7
WM. Bell, E C. D. Warren	sa., of Guelp , Esq.	h. President, Vice-President.	
W. J. GAGE, ES	Q. JOHN	DRYNAN, EBQ.	S. 1
J. W. DOWD, ES	Q. ROBI	. THOMSON, ESQ.,	
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Capital Paid-Up, Reserve Fund, \$500,000

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prompt returns made. THE DOMINION BANK. Capital, \$1,500,000 | Reserve Fund, \$1,500,000 DIRECTORS: JAS. AUSTIN. President. SR. FRANK SMITH - President. Wm. Ince, Edward Leadley, E. B. Osler, James Scott, Wilmot D. Matthews. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. Agencies-Brampton, Belleville, Cobourg, Guelph, Lindeny, Napanee, Oshawa, Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitiy, Toronto, Queen St. W., cor. Esther: Dun-das St., cor. Queen; Spading Ave., No. 366; Sher-bourne St., cor. Queen; Market St., cor. King and George Ste. Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Britain and the Continent of Europe bought and Fold.

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Capital Paid-Up,					1,250,000	00
Reserve Fund,		••	•••		325,000	00
Contingent Fund	••	••			84,025	4(
Total Assets,	••			•• .	5,454,720	84
Depentures issued	fn c	urrency	vor	ster	Ing nava	ble

Debentures issued in currency or sterling payable in Canada or Great Britain. Money advanced on Real Estate. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest in the debentures of this Company.

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N. MILLS, Manager.

THE HAMILTON

Provident and Loan Society.

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-fourth General-Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Society will be held at the Society's office, in Hanniiton, on

MONDAY, 2ND DAY OF MARCH NEXT,

at eleven o'clock in the forencon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for all other general purposes relating to the management of this Society. By order of the Board.

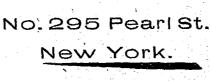
C. FERRIE, Acting-Treasurer.

Hamilton, Ont., 10th Feb., 1896.

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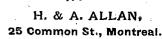
as reb., Laurentian,..., 5 Mar. 7 Mar.
 Trains connecting with the steamer leave Montreal, via C.P.R., 8.40 p. m. Thursday, or via G.T.R., 7.55 am. Friday.
 The Salcons and Staterooms are in the central part where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lights being at the command of the passesengers at any hour of the might. Music rooms and smoking room on the promenade deck. The Salcons and Staterooms are hested by steem.
 WINTER RATES-Cabin: \$50 and upwards. A reduction of 10 per cent. is made on Round Trip Tickets except on the lower trates.
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Special Notice:-The R. M. S. Laurentian sailing from Halifax 25th January, will call at St. Johns, N. F., with and for mails and passengers. For further information apply to







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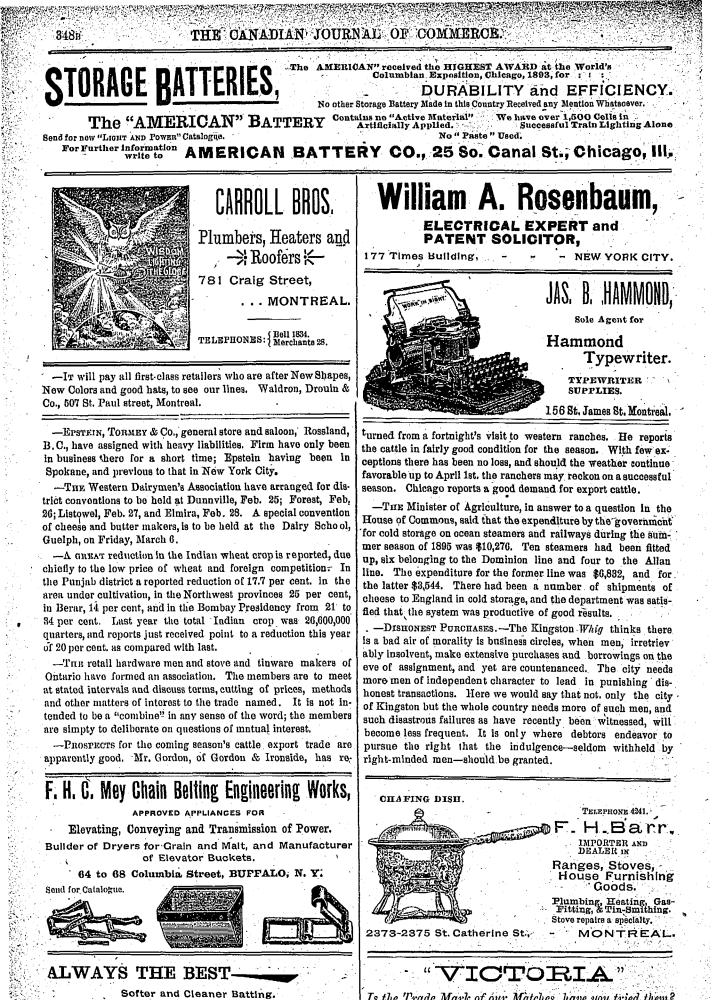
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Is the Trade Mark of our Matches, have you tried them?

The VICTORIA MATCHES are warranted equal in quality to any other brand on the market. WRITE FOR PRICES TO

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72, 74 76 & 78 Bt. Feter ft., . . . Wholcesle Grecers. B (NJRFAL

Will make these goods sell Baled or Cased in 4 6'8, 12 or 16 oz. Rolls, unungually well in 1895-96.

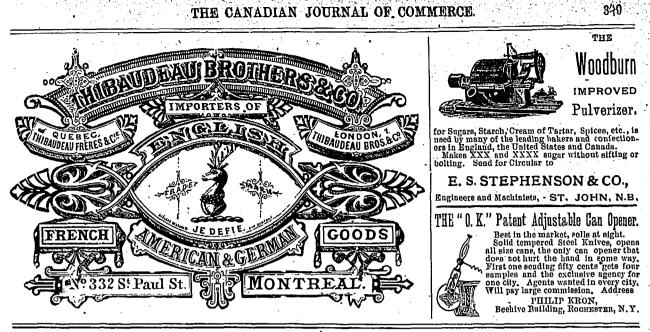
marked improvement in the quality of

NORTH STAR. CRESCENT,

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PEARL.



WE are always glad to submit our goods for inspection ; if you like to see samples write to that effect. Letters and telegraph orders promptly attended to. Waldron, Drouin & Co., 507 St. Paul Street, Montreal,

LINDBERG & FRANKLIN, brewers, St. John, N.B., already noted have been endeavoring to arrange a settlement, but assignment is now reported. The deed shows liabilities of \$9,322, and assets of \$4,792. The latter consist of book debts \$3,911; beer on hand \$350; and stock \$521.

-W. H. ABRAHART, tailor, Medicine Hat, N.W.T. An assignment has been registered to Jas. P. Mitchell for the benefit of creditors. He failed and compromised a year ago at 50 cents on the dollar, being assisted at that time by his father-in-law.

-Ar tho annual meeting of the Kingston & Pembroke Ry., the following directors were elected :- President, C. F. Gildersleeve, Montreal; B. W. Folger, M. H. Folger, J. Swift, Kingston; G. A. Kirkpatrick, Toronto; R. P. Flower, J. D. Flower, H. Siebert, New York; and H. H. Porter, Chicago.

-THE production of pig iron in America during January, dropped below 200,000 tons. The Iron Age notes stocks as large

work.

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Rider

PURE OAK BELTING The J. C. McLaren Belting Co., Montreal · and · Toronto Tel, No. 363. Tel. No. 475 Do You Use Water Do You Want it Every Day Only the best pump will meet this want. The best ones are the Rider and Ericsson Hot-Air Pumps s a record of twenty years proof enough? They re not "the cheapest." The best of anything s never cheapest in first cost. But you do not buypumps every day, and in the "long run" the lowest priced things are not always the cheapest. Any boy can run our engines, and under all cir-cumstances they are absolutely safe. If in-terested, send for catalogue "J" and state con-

ditions under which your pump will have to

86 Lake Street, CHICAGO 37 Dey Street; NEW YORK

-WALDRON, DROUIN & Co., 507 St. Paul Street, Montreal, have always on hand the year round the newest styles coming out and staple hats in softs or-Fedoras in black and colors running from \$4.50 to \$24 a dozen.

and a marked falling off in active capacity. Statistics for 1895 show production the largest ever reached, being 9,446,308 gross tons against 6,657,388 tons in 1894; 7,124,502 tons in 1893; 9,157,-000 tons in 1892, 8,279,870 tons in 1891, and 9,202,703 tons in 1890.

-In the House of Commons, the Minister of Marine has answered Hon. J. McShane, M.P. with regard to the tonnage tax, that he did not believe its imposition had led to a retaliatory tax being put on Canadian tonnage trading with ports in the United States. He was not aware that the abolition of the tax in this country, would lead to a similar action across the line, and as the hospital rate was not peculiar to Canada, he could not see how it injured the St. Lawrence route. Memorials had been received from time to time on the subject from the Montreal shipping interests and Board of Trade.

-MRS. JULIA S. BEN OIT, general store, Arichat, N.S., has assigned to W. Dorey of Arichat for benefit of creditors, making

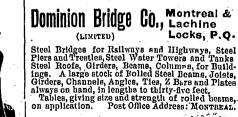
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J. H. McGREGOR, Agent, Canada Life Building, Toronto, Ont,



-IT will pay all first-class retailers who are after New Shapes New Colors and good hats, to see our lines. Waldron, Drouin & Co., 507 St. Paul street, Montreal.

no preforences. A statement is being prepared. She has been doing business in her own name since 1893, at which time her husband registered consent. He is the local collector of customs —Andrew D. Taylor, general store, Amherst, N.S., was burnt out in Dec. last and lost heavily over insurance. This has practically crippled him, and he now finds himsolf unable to pay in full and is offering his creditors 50 cents on the dollar cash, payable March 15th, 1896.

-Jos. MONETTE, Jr., butcher, Montreal, has assigned to Bilodeau & Renaud. Azsmall affair-Holler & Hecker, hardware, Montreal, already noted, have assigned to the court, with liabilities of \$21.600, direct. To Molsons Bank, \$7,000; Sollingen, Germany, \$252; G. L. Koeller, \$1,970; H. Theis & Co., \$274; Hilger & Sohn, Rennes Cheid, \$3,792; Korten & Scherfohlings, \$1,470; Friederno & Co., Weire, \$675; Fred. Reynolds, Sheffield, \$1,600; C. G. Blood, Birmingham, \$380; Schultze & Ruchgabler, New York, \$920; Mrs. E. Hecker, Montreal, \$4,358; Boyd & Co., \$2,-096; Walter Holler, Godosburg, \$1,182-F. Duclos, plumber, Montreal, has held a meeting of creditors. No regular statement was prepared or submitted, but affairs are reported in bad shape, showing a deficit of \$15,000. He made an offer of 10c on the dollar, but was not accepted. The business is an old one, with an extensive trade, but unprofitable contracts caused trouble.—Hempey & Stryde, bakers, who registered dissolution, are offering 40c on the dollar. Their liabilities including rent are \$1,600. The firm began business about a year ago, but have lost money in bad debts—Mrs. E. Rafferty, hats, held a meeting of creditors. She showed liabilities of \$1,800, and agreed to pay 30c on the dollar, in three short time payments.

-WE note the following Quebec failures : Wm. Mann, confectioner, Quebec, has assigned to Lafaivre & Taschereau. No thought liabilities will be large. Was formerly in business in Montreal, but was not successful. Moved to Quebec last spring and since has been doing a small trade-R. G. Frigon, general store, St. Thecle, noted previously, has assigned to the court-Israel Rheault, general store, Stanfold, is offering to compromise at 50c on the dollar, payable in 15 days. Has assets of about \$1,800, and liabilities of about \$1,200-J. N. Turcotte, general store, Drummondville, has effected composition at 65c on the dollar, 25c cash, and balance by note spread over 4, 8 and 12 months. Liabilities are placed at \$18,957. Assets at \$15,076-J. C. Lislois, general store, Montmagny, already noted, has com-







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promised at 65c on the dollar at 4, 8 and 12 months, secured-Miss E. Leclair, milliner, Warwick, has succeeded after considerable difficulty in effecting a compromise at 50c on the dollar. She owed about \$1,000, with a nominal surplus of about \$200.-J. B. Montambault, general store, Batiscan, noted previously, have offered 25c on the dollar; half cash and balance in three months, secured. This was not accepted, creditors holding out for 35c on the dollar. Shows liabilities direct of \$3,500 and assets \$2,600; besides this has some real estate worth \$1,800, but mortgaged for \$1,000-M. Rothschilds & Co., general store, Baie des Peres, have assigned to John Mann, with liabilities of something like \$14,000 or \$15,000-L. H. Grenier, shoes, Magog, already noted, was unable to effect a settlement, and has assigned-L. J. Savard, boots and shoes, Quebec, noted last week, has assigned. D. Arcand being named as provisional guardian. Following are some of his principal creditors: Chas. Paquet, \$235;

-WALDRON, DROUIN & CO., 507 St. Paul Street. Montreal, have always on hand the year round the newest styles coming out and staple hats in soft or Fedoras in black and colors running from \$4.50 to \$24 a dozen.

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Jobin & Rochette, \$694; J. S. Budden, \$376; Quebec Bank, \$1,344; Banque du Peuple, \$300; A. A. Duchesne, \$400; Dme. F. R. Savard, \$1,850; indirect are Dme. F. R. Savard, \$5,027; F. Goudreau, \$750 and minor claims, making in all \$18,800—Oliver Houde, hotelkeeper, Sorel, has made a voluntary assignment to L. T. Trempe. Came from Berthierville, where he had been in business for years. Liabilities are small.

-AMONG the failures in Ontario during the week we note the following:-M. White & Co., tailors, Brockville, are offering 50 cents on the dollar, which may be accepted. The business was started by Matthew White, style subsequently changed to M. White & Co., his wife being registered as the partner. Keen competition and poor collections were the cause of the trouble-W. H. Proctor, drugs, Drayton, has assigned to O. B. Henry. Liabilities are not large. Formerly in business in Toronto, from February 1895, but in October moved. There



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was apparently no opening at this point-G. W. Murton, grocer, Forgus, has assigned to F. H. Lamb. Liabilities are not large. Wm. McLaren, shoes, Guelph, is offering 60 cents on the dollar. Was originally is same line of business in Montreal, of the firm of Wm. McLaren & Co., who failed. Received his discharge and afterwards removed to Guelph, buying out R. Mc-Gregor. Is understood to have done fairly well, but has suffored some losses of late. It is probable that a compromise will be accepted-John Dean, hotel keeper, Milton, has assigned to H. Campbell. Does not owe much. His business has not been satisfactory, and his estate will not be a vory good one-John Maddagh, flour dealer, Morriston, has failed. Estate is a small one, and liabilities not likely to exceed \$1,000 or so-Jas. Kelman, drugs, Newmarket, already noted, has offered to compromise at 30 cents on the dollar, and a meeting of creditors will consider the matter-F. Routhier & Son, foundry, Vankleek Hill, have assigned to W. H. Pamburn. The firm is an old established one, founded by the father years ago, present partnership being formed in 1884. They have worked hard but have had obstacles in their way. Lack of capital and mortgages were the principal-D. Davidson, drygoods, Woodstock, has assigned to Henry Barber & Co-Alex. C. Wilson, drygoods, Chatham, has assigned. Started there some years ago by Alex. J. Wilson, who failed in February 1892, subsequently compromising for 55 cents on the dollar, and resumed business. In the summer of 1893 he again offered creditors 75 cents but this was not accepted and stock was sold to his son Alex. C. Wilson, for 60 ceuts on the dollar. The father, however, has managed the business, but prospects have always been cloudy .-- Wm. Steele, tins. Carleton Place, is offering 55 cents on the dollar, secured, spread over 3, 6 and 9 months. Liabilities are given at \$4,400, and assets at \$3,800, the latter largely made up of book debts, tools, etc., only having stock of about \$1,000. He started on his own account in 1890 in a small way. Trade has not been a progressive one-John Ward, harness, Seaforth, has assigned to R. Logan. An old trader here. Failed in 1889, with liabilities of \$4,000. He compromised and continued, but was burnt out in 1892, losing something over insurance. Expenses have been high, and competition strong-J. Cleghorn & Son, fruits, Toronto, have assigned. The business is of long standing. The firm has been for some time composed solely of Thos. H. Cleghorn, his mother, having retired some years ago, he buying out her interest. Had at one time quite a good business, but has lately met with losses. He has never been considered a very prompt paying account. David Turner, planing mill, Toronto, has assigned to J. C. McLean. The business is only a small one. A carpenter by trade, and principally worked at that-D. A. Mackenzie & Co., varnish manufacturers, Tor onto, are offering 381/3

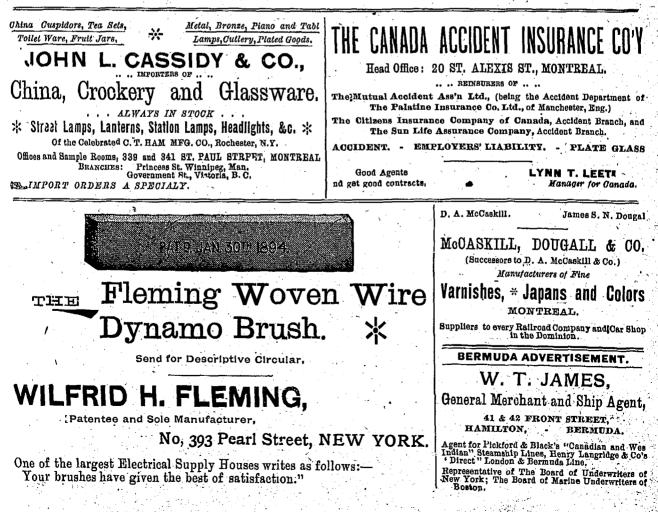




cents on the dollar. The firm was originally MacKenzie, Mussen & Co., who dissolved in May 1887, and meantime D. A. Mackenzie has continued. He was burnt out in the fall of 1889 meeting with a heavy loss, and appears to have been working along carefully since, but competition was too keen-W. E. Brown & Co., boots and shoes, Ottawa, have suspended payment. Considerable paper went to protest on the 4th. The business is a succession of Brown, Edmonson & Co., who had been in business for years, and the present style was adopted in the spring of 1894, Chas. Ernest Baker, being registered as the sole partner, a stepson of W. E. Brown's, who had the management of the business. It is understood that their liabilities will be quite heavy .- A. M. Anderson, boots and shoes, Owen Sound, has called a meeting of creditors. He has been in the shoe business there since early in 1890, and previous to that a general storekeeper at Sullivan. Lack of capital has been against him-E. R. Martin, auctioneer, Kingston, has assigned to A. M. Loscombe. His affairs for some time past have been in poor shape, and in October 1895 he compromised at 50 cents on the dollar. -Allan & Co., drygoods, Ottawa, already noted, have assigned to Peter Larmonth, with liabilities of about \$27,000, and assets somewhat less than this-W. M. Wightmau, drygoods, Oshawa, has assigned to W. F. Cowan. Liabilities will be pretty heavy. He is an old trader there, and has made money ; but competition caused his trade to drop off-Stewart & Co., shirt makers Guelph, have assigned to C. H. Francis, after having been in business at this point for some 10 or 12 years. Duncan Stewart was at one time the principal man in the concern, but for several

years Wm. Stewart has been sole proprietor. He had been in business there man y years ago, and at that time was unsuccessful, as he was not a practical man. He again failed in Dec. 1893, but compromised with creditors-Mrs. M. L. Parker, clothing, St. Catherines, has assigned to W. J. Carroll. Business started 3 or 4 years ago, and known as St. Catharines Clothing Co. Strong competition and "price cutting" was cause of failure---Mrs. A. J. Mahaffey, fancy goods, Toronto, is asking an extension of time; claims that her assets are about \$8,000, with liabilities of \$2,600; the cause of her difficulty is indebtedness to Samson, Kennedy & Co., and McCa be, Robertson & Co., whore cently failed. She has been in business there for years steadily making money. Wtih a little assistance she will probably pull through all right and pay her engagements in full-D. A. McKenzie & Co., varnish makers, Toronto, who endeavored to compromise at 331/2 cents on the dollar, were unable, and have assigned to E. R. C. Clarkson. Their statements shows assets of \$24,000. They are credited with having real estate valued at \$33,000, but mortgaged for \$20,000. The bank refused further assistance, and losses through bad debts were heavy. The estate is not likely to turn out very well-Barber & Boach, drygoods, Trenton, are offering to compromise. They have a very limited nominal surplus and have all along been under control of a Toronto house. Trade has been cut up, a number of bankrupt stocks having been sold off, and they have suffered in consequence. The firm is understood to have been composed of Mrs. Robt, H. Barber, and John Broatch.

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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

ASSESSMENT S

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last we stated :—" It must be obvious to an onlooker that the Canadian public is a long-suffering one, patient, complacent, easily solaced—for we have before us a banking corporation which suspended payment nearly five months ago, and yet its creditors have not been called together to discuss its affairs nor have they taken any action to demand a hearing,"—and concluded our article with the following queries :—" The November Statement to the Government will, we suppose, be prepared by the Board. Will they sign the certificate which must accompany it? Who will certify the Statement to be submitted to the meeting on 17th December ?"

Two months have elapsed since that meeting was held and it may not be amiss for us to review the situation up to date—a situation which has no parallel in the annals of Canadian banking.

The bank after a successful and honorable career of nearly forty years found itself during the troubles of 1873-4 compelled to reduce its capital from \$2,000,000 to \$1,200,000 and continued its business under the original charter which, among other special features, gave its directors absolute control in the management, in return for which they became personally liable to the. creditors of the bank, relieving the shareholders from the double liability exacted from the shareholders of other banks under the Banking Act. After a series of apparently successful years a most gratifying but deceptive statement was presented at the annual meeting in March last, and yet in July the directors found themselves compelled to seek the assistance-securedof other banks which was readily granted to the extent of some \$1,200,000 notwithstanding which however, they were compelled to suspend payment.

The cashier having resigned, owing to an alleged disagreement with the directors, two well-known bankers were engaged as joint-cashiers to look into the affairs of the bank in the interests of the assisting banks, and after a most careful examination brought in their report showing that after providing for "the payment of the circulation and deposits in full only some \$400,000 would remain of a capital of \$1,200,000 and a Rest of \$600,000. This report not being quite satisfactory to the directors and the loan from the other banks being paid off, the joint-cashiers were also paid off and relieved from duty. The directors then resumed control and inaugurated a policy of drift.

Upon the strength of the valuation made by the joint-cashiers and the promise of a payment of a dividend of 25 per cent. to the creditors the Board secured the consent of a majority of the depositors to wait two years for the balance of their money with a view to re-

ADDEDDMENT BYDTEM.	WOLOVU LUINOTLUM
Mutual Reserve Fund	Life Association
E. B. HARPER, F	ounder.
Home Office, cor. Broadway an	d DuaneSt., New York.
40 MILLION DOLI SAVED IN PRE	LARS . EMIUMS : 40
The total cost for the past 14 years for \$10 Reserve amounts to less than Old System ordinary life rates—the saving in premiume nearly 60 per cent.	0,000 insurance in the Mutual a Companies charge for \$4,500 at being equal to a cash dividend of
1881. THE ELOQUENCE	OF RESULTS, 1895.
No. of Policies in Force, over Interest Income, annually, exceeds Bi-Monthily Income exceeds Reserve Emergency Fund, exceeds Death Claims Paid, over New Business received in 1894, over Insurance in Force exceeds	\$ 185,000 \$00,000 3,633,000 23,000,000 \$1,000,000
F. A. BURNHAM	, President.
D. Z. BESSETTE, General M 12 PLACE D'ARMES	anager, Prov. Quebec. MONTREAL. Que.
	WANTED.

organizing the Bank and a meeting of shareholders was called for 17th December to authorize steps being taken to this end. This meeting was largely attended and the directors submitted a report stating that, intheir opinion, there would be a surplus of some \$500,-000 or \$600,000 for the snareholders after paying the creditors in full and asked for the necessary authority to apply to Parliament for a reduction of capital and to be brought within the operation of the general Banking Act, the directors meantime magnanimously consenting to continue their unlimited liability until this was done. Before committing themselves to any such course the shareholders, not unnaturally asked for some more detailed statement showing what had become of \$1,400,000 of their money which had been entrusted to the exclusive control of the Board. It was then learned that large advances had been made by the late cashier without the knowledge of the directors who professed absolute ignorance of them; that advances had been made to some of the directors upon little or no security; that the inspector whose duty it was to have found out these things, had been prevented by the cashier from inspecting the head of. fice and city branches and the Board 'had sustained the cashier in his action, thereby relieving the inspector from any responsibility; and that the assistant-cashier and others of the staff who were cognizant of these irregularities had been completely under the control of the late cashier (who, by the way, has since gone west for his health) and consequently the directors had been kept in ignorance of the true state of the bank's affairs. Three months having then elapsed since the valuation of the joint cashiers was made and submitted to the Board and rejected as being too low, the meeting, hav. ing | erfect confidence in the gentlemen who had been selected by the other banks as joint-cashiers, was not disposed to accept the valuation submitted by the directors without confirmation, and a committee of six was appointed to examine the assets and report to a meeting of shareholders on 10th January. This meeting was duly held and the committee presented their report to 31st December which showed that not only were the capital and rest amounting together to \$1,800,000, completely gone but there would be a shortage of \$388,000 in paying the deposits in full and consequently to this

MUTUAL PRINCIPL

extent the depositors must look to the personal liability of the directors. This showed on apparent shrinkage in the value of the residium of assets of \$800,000 between 31st August and 31st Dncember. After heated discussion and much angry recrimination during which the president, speaking for himself and co-directors, denied all knowledge of certain books which had been produced by the assistant cashier when called for by the special committee, it was finally decided that it would be in the interests of all concerned, instead of availing themselves of the provisions of the "windingup Act" to go into voluntary liquidation provided the services of an outsider, a trained banker could be secured for the position of cashier, and to this end the following resolution was moved by Mr. MacMaster and seconded by Rev. Mr. Adam and Mr. Lavery and carried :-

"That this meeting do now name one shareholder of at least one year's standing : that the creditors of the bank be requested also to name one of themselves which two persons shall form a committee to represent the interests of the shareholders and creditors of the bank for the following purposes : (1) The committee acting jointly with the directors, shall select a proper person an outsider and trained banker, to be appointed by said directors as cashier of said bank; (2) they shall advise with the directors from time to time and so often as necessary, as to the best mode of realizing the assets of the bank until all the debts are paid; (3) and they shall in the meantime, obtain from the directors as large an amount of security as possible, the better to secure the payment of all the debts of the bank; the whole, however in no way to prejudice existing rights against those responsible for the management of the bank."

The meeting then elected their representative to act on the Advisory Committee for the selection of the cashier.

The meeting of the depositors was held in due course on 17th January and it was then claimed that as their interest was so much larger than the shareholders' they should have two representatives on the committee and notwithstanding that it was shown that the shareholders' interest was greater than that of the depositors -in that while the latter stood a fair chance of receiving their money in full—it would only be by the most careful management the former could have any hope of recovering anything from the wreck-the meeting proceeded to elect two representatives. It is now a month since this was done and no cashier has yet been appointed and we learn that the Advisory Committee, forgetful of the purpose for which they were appointed have assumed the responsibility of ignoring the only condition upon which the shareholders and depositors had consented to a voluntary liquidation of the banks' affairs and legal proceedings against the bank were stayed, viz,,-the appointment of an outside trained banker to take charge-but announce to the public through one of the committee that, as a measure of economy, they deem it expedient to leave the affairs in the hands of the directors.

We carly expressed the opinion that with careful and competent management the shareholders might consider themselves fortunate if, in two years' time they realized 25 per cent of their stock, but under present conditions even this hope recedes to the vanishing point. Truly were we right in saying "the Canadian public is a long-suffering one, patient, complacent and easily solaced." Of course we are bound to believe that in assuming the control of the estate, the directors are influenced purely by motives of economy, however people may differ as to the wisdom of the undertaking. Mr. Leclaire is a man of experience, and he and his fellow-directors have had dire experience and knowledge of how a bank may be mismanaged and thus brought to ruin.

THE GRAND TRUNK PROBLEM.

It is to be assumed that the new general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway fully weighed the task which he had before him in undertaking to re-organize the economy of that gigantic corporation. Those who stood looking on from a distance at the movements of the scalpel arm may have concluded that operations were cruel ; but as the object was to save the life of the patient, they could not be supposed to have sufficient critical knowledge; they should have waited a while before pronouncing judgment. Some there be also who have raised the racial or national cry in respect of the recent resignations in the Montreal offices. Respecting the statements that old official employes have been dismissed to make room for men of American origin, we are in a position to say that there is not a particle of foundation for them. The new encumbents are mainly tried officers of the road, men of long experience, and of Canadian, English, Scotch and Irish origin. It is absurd to suppose that one who has undertaken such a task could or would be swayed by such favoritism or that any sensible railway manager could harbor such ideas.

We may add as a rider to the statements that have already appeared concerning enlarged accommodation for grain shipments, that they doubtless anticipate a larger quantity of grain, or its equivalent, for shipment along the line of the road. Flour millers have for years watched the destruction of their business by the policy pursued by the great mills of Minnesota who, to capture the English markets, have been selling at prices so profitless that there was nothing left for our own millers to do but bide their time and confine themselves, as most have done meantime, to a mere gristing Whether the new policy of the Grand business. Trunk shall embody something that may deal with this subject is something which we cannot foresee, but there certainly is not wanting an opportunity for a master mind to grapple with and solve the difficulties that have stood in the way of a larger freight business from mills and factories at various points along the road which have been hampered or handicapped by a competition against which there seemed no prospect of fairly contending. As we have already stated, the railway world, the shareholders here and abroad, and especially the Canadian public are watching with no little anxiety for the developments anticipated from the new departure.

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			RAILWAY		NY.
Return of	traffic wee	sk end	ling Feb. 15,	1896 •	
	•		8	1896.	1895, 82,431 181,142
Total	do. Increase	do. 1896,	\$13,586.	\$277,159	\$268,573

THE ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE COMPANY.

The above company has issued its 25th annual report which, considering the trade financial conditions prevalent for a length of time, must be regarded as satisfactory. Although much difficulty has been felt in securing desirable mortgages, the company during 1895 was able to loan \$506,113. The tendency of the times is shown very plainly by its having received \$742.083 during the year for principal and interest. The mortgage loans at close of year. were \$3,594,808 towards providing funds for which the company has sterling debentures running in the hands of British investors to extent of \$1,738,887, and debentures in Canadian currency, held at home, of \$224,751. During the year the former were paid off to extent of about \$50.-000, while the currency debentures were increased \$34,400, a manifest indication' of there being a large supply of money in Canada seeking investment. The company, like others, reports having secured renewals of its debentures at lower rates of interest, Scotch investors, who favor the Ontario Loan & Debenture Company, preferring to retain these securities even with the interest lowered. The deposits held amount to \$520,701. These have increased in recent years, in spite of hard times, and farm products being so low in price. The amount of real estate foreclosed and owned is stated to be \$29,500, this a very moderate amount after twenty-five years lending money on farm mortgages to extent of from 3 to 4 millions. The president stated that, it would be a good investment for a private capitalist to take over all these properties at the valuation put on them by the company, the farms being "the most desirable in the world for soil, climate. and rainfall." He very frankly foreshadowed a reduced rate of dividends owing to the decline in rate of interest, but, he said, "I deem ample security to be our first consideration," and this means declining loans at high rates. A declaration like this, and the fact that the properties foreclosed are leased and yielding a fair. rate of interest, show that the company is being very prudently managed. Mr. McClary, the president, is a first-class business man, pushing but cautious, and Mr. Bullen, the manager, can point to the high credit of the company and its success, as evidence of his ability and sound judgment.

MUSIC TRADE FAILURES.

The news that some of the largest piano firms in the Unitca States, were in financial trouble, has caused quite a ripple of interest in local circles. Later information is to the effect that W. E. Wheelock & Co., New York, have assigned, and the Weber Piano Company has applied for a receiver. The first named concern has branches throughout the United States, and was considered to be in good condition. The business was established in 1878, by Mr. Wheelock, who has also been president of the Weber Company. The immediate cause of the assignment of Wheelock & Co., was the inability to meet obligations assumed for the The latter was incorporated in Weber Company, 1892, with a capital stock of \$700,000. The importance of the failures of these two concerns is reflected in the fact that as a consequence, several other plano firms have assigned ; notably The Stuyvesant Co., the Smith

Co. of Denver, the Chicago Piano Co., and the Hendricks Music Co. of Pittsburgh. The cause of the failure of the Webers is reported as poor business, owing to the hard times, although it is generally considered that they became too widespread. The expenses of management were also a good deal larger than the business of the last two years warranted. It is understood that a couple of other piano houses, are, or will be involved in the wreck of the Weber Co. The well known firm of Decker Brothers is also undergoing a -change but it is not thought that this has any connection with the last named report. It is claimed that the reason for the change is that the heirs of John J. Decker, want a division of the estate. Whether this, be true or not, it is a bad commentary on the piano trade of the United States, that an apparently flourishing concern like Decker Brothers, should be offered (as was stated in a musical paper), to the John Church Piano Co. plant, stock and goodwill, for less than \$200,000. The latest news is that a joint stock company is to be formed by which the old name of Decker Bros. is to be retained. It is probable that the John Church Co. will be interested. _ Members of the local music trade do not believe the failure of the Weber Co., is any indication of the strength of the piano trade either in the United States or Canada. The older and more wealthy concerns will doubtless have their trade increased, and their standing strengthened by the weeding out of cheaper and weaker concerns. The piano business is going through an ordeal somewhat similar-though in a smaller way-to the sewing machine trade. There is too much forcing on people who may, through being thrown out of employment by the general economizing of the day, not be able to meet their installments as they fall due.

THE WESTERN LOAN AND SAVINGS COM-PANY.

It is evident from the statement of the Western Loan and Savings Co. which will be found elsewhere in these columns, that whatever the environments of a number of the loan societies throughout the country, and especially in Ontario, may be, the company under review has no serious cause for complaint or apprehension. The president in the course of his address has taken the public into his confidence, having nothing to conceal. In common with all our financial institutions the Western Loan & Savings Co. has had keen competition for the good business offering, and it is therefore not surprising that, where great care is exercised, as it behooves all such companies to exercise, especially during such periods as that which we have been passing, the company under review should experience more or less diminution in the volume of its business. Nevertheless, there appears to have been no anxiety with regard to the maintenance of the usual volume, and at fair rates of interest.

It will be observed that the company has taken time by the forelock in reducing its investments in Toronto suburban property, these and the city loans now comprising only about one-fifth of the company's total investments. Mr. Allan refers to Manitoba as having been greatly enabled to reduce its liabilities to the loan companies during the past year, but this has lessened, to some extent, the demand for money in that Pro-

THE CANADIAN JOUBNAL OF COMMERCE

vince. That the directors and management have been thoroughly alive to the situation as regards the more or less falling off in the value of real estate throughout the Dominion is also shown by the president's address, a depreciation, the result of the great pressure brought about by the influence of active real estate agents upon people with money and a few without, to invest in all kinds of properties which, in many instances, have become comparatively valueless on their hands, and which they are not able to dispose of at any price. The numerous sheriff sales in the Province of Quebec is an evidence of the application of this feature to this province also.

The statement of the liabilities and assets of the company show a reserve fund of over 50 per cent, of the capital, with a contingent account of \$63,005.36. The net profits for the year reached \$144,472.08, out of which a dividend amounting to \$60,000 was paid and \$22,079.78 was carried to the contingent account. It will be seen, in conclusion, that the Western Canada Loan & Savings Co. is progressing with well trimmed sails, making satisfactory profits for the proprietors and taking good care of its customers.

THE BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COM-PANY.

The report of this old fire insurance company, which enjoys'a high reputation all over this continent, has been awaited with no little interest, and some anxiety, owing to the disastrous conflagrations in Toronto last winter, and the misfortunes so prevalent in marine circles, owing in part to the extremely low water in our lakes and rivers and the exceptionally disastrous storms of last season. The premium receipts are stated to have been \$1,506,863, with losses of \$981,073, which left a very bare margin for expenses and profits. The company however received \$44,612 for interest which, with \$7,888 appropriated from the active business, enabled dividends to be paid amounting to \$52,-500. The total assets stood at close of the year \$1,-450,537 against which were liabilities of \$930,425, leaving \$520,112 as reserve funds, which, with a cash capital of \$750,000 makes up \$1,270,112 as security to the policy holders. The British America had a good year with its business in the United States, which calls out the timely remark in the report that "it affords a forcible illustration of the advantages which a Company derives from a widely distributed business in providing for exceptional losses, such as are liable to occur in any of our large business centres." Had this, and other companies, been confined to Toronto they would have been very seriously embarrassed by the disastrous fires in that city early in 1895, which inflicted losses aggregating \$1,600,000 on the insurance companies, a sum equal to 25 per cent of the total premiums of all the fire insurance companies during the entire year. Instead however of any embarrassment being felt, the companies paid all claims with promptitude, and thus enabled the owners of the burnt properties to rebuild, a service which merits far more appreciation than some critics of the companies seem willing to show, though the public at large recognizes it gratefully. As a native company with a high continental reputation every Canadian should take pride in the British America as its record is an honor to the country.

JUBILEE OF THE NEWSPAPER FOUNDED BY CHARLES DICKENS.

We have to thank the publishers of the *Daily News*, of London, England, for a copy of the Jubilee number of that paper, which is a fac-simile of its first issue dated 22nd January, 1846. The event is not one of world-wide concern, but the Jubilee issue contains materials that are deeply interesting, and some of them valuable as having a bearing upon matters under discussion in Canada.

The literary world was startled in 1845 by the announcement that a new political paper to rival the Times was to be published, having as editor Charles Dickens, then at the height of his popularity. " The Cricket on the Hearth," published for Ohristmas reading in 1845, had taken England by storm. The extraordinary hold it had secured on the public mind is shown by the first issue of the Daily News containing the advertisements of five theatres in London in each of which the leading attraction was, "The Cricket on the Hearth," dramatized, a fact that has no parallel in theatrical annals. At this time the great novelist's health was precarious. He had spent a long holiday in Italy without much benefit, so that his friend Forster wrote him strongly urging him not to undertake " the labor and responsibility of a daily paper," the prospectus of which is extant in his own handwriting.

Dickens however, with more pluck than prudence, became Editor, and the first issue of the paper contains the first of a series of, "Letters of a Traveller," now known as, "Pictures from Italy." His first editorial, two columns long, although bright in spots, and intense as was his nature, clearly revealed his genius being not adapted to editorial work. Imagination, fancy, humor, pathos, so rich in Dickens, are not the staple materials for a daily newspaper. He was like a high mettled racehorse harnessed to a waggon.

Those who regard Dickens as a mere novelist do wrong to his memory. He was possessed with "the passion of humanity," as a great writer says, this it is which gives such fascination to his Christmas tales. He was ambitious of being a great social reformer, the amelioration of the condition of the poor, and the education of the people being objects to further which he was prepared to make great sacrifices. He sat in the editorial chair four months when he broke down under the strain, but the Daily News, as his child, was stamped with his reforming spirit, and for fifty years has been honorably associated with every movement of social advancement. It was the organ of the Free Trade party, and was intended to contain Peel's great speech for the repeal of the Corn Laws in its first number, an intention which had to be abandoned. In a week after the first issue Dickens wrote, "I am tired to death, and been revolving plans for quitting the paper." On leaving the Daily News he commenced writing "Dombey & Son," with occasional letters on "Ragged Schools," "Public Executions," &c., to his old , paper.

A most interesting page of the Jubilee issue is a verbatim report of a discussion on "Free Trade versus Protection" between Cobden, and a Mr. Wodehouse, held at Norwich. In Cobden's speech the landlords are handled without gloves, as a class who alone profit by the Corn Laws. The farmers of England are spoken of in almost the same terms as they are to-day. Cobden tells them they are the only class who are unable to save money. He pictures the whole agricultural community as ground down by exactions which keep them in poverty, their rentals being raised whenever prices rise, so they reaped no benfit from enhanced values, thus their financial condition was deplorable. In this Cobden was "stretching," as the farmers of Norfolk well knew, and as some Yorkshire ones told him very bluntly when he and Bright spoke in these terms to an audience of farmers in the West Riding, every one of whom was, living in great comfort, and many of them in luxury and ease. Coliden saw what the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE has repeatedly

said, that, wheat to be sold cheaply must go directly from the producer to the market without having to pay toll to a middleman-the landlord. Were he out of the way wheat could be raised in England to compete with the foreign grown. His aim was to get cheap food by which cheap labor could be had for the manufacturers, hence the Free Trade agitation was primarily a movement against the landed interests. His speech is then very significant for us; as it betrays no trace of a fear that the supplies of this continent would so reduce wheat and other prices as to bring ruin to British agriculture. Cobden's prophesies as to the prosperity assured to English farmers by Free Trade were made in total ignorance of the opening out of the vast grain fields of the Western States, or of Canada, or Argentina. Thence, his prophesies were utterly falsified, as those also were which he made in regard to the millenium of peace which was to result from Free Trade, and the certainty of all other nations adopting that policy if England set the example. Cobden. in fact. never realized-how could he ?-how severely foreign competition would press upon producers, or manufacturers, nor dreamt of the effect of England's ports being open free to the world, while her goods were shut out from the ports of other nations.

Although we believe England will never re-enact a Corn Law, there is a profound conviction growing in the old land that the paralysis of the agricultural industries of the country as the result of Free Trade is a very grave national calamity, and that the competition of foreigners is not the unmixed blessing it was said to be by Cobden and his party.

The Jubilee Daily News as a picture of the commercial and political affairs of England in 1846 is unique in historic interest; it should however have borne a fac-simile of the Government stamp which all newspapers then had to carry and its buyers had to pay for, in securing the removal of which impost that paper did great service. We wish the conductors of our contemporary a career as distinguished for success in advocating social, educational and political reforms as their predecessors achieved.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE.

The report of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, which we give on another page, fully explains the step taken in the recent transfer of the business elsewhere referred to. Although the company deemed it advisable to discontinue insuring farm property a year ago, save in a few instances, a large number of losses have resulted from the risks on hand. It will be seen that the total receipts from all sources amounted to \$186,563.95, and that the expenditures for the year exceeded them by \$486.48. It is disheartening to contemplate that the moral hazard does not appear to be on the wane in rural districts, and that no advance in rates is sufficient to make such a state of things profitable to the underwriters. The company has been honorably and carefully conducted and directed throughout.

SMALL SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

The City & District Savings Bank is endeavoring to close a number of the small balance accounts on its books. These probably cost in accounting—in ledger and pass-book entries and interest calculations—more than they are worth. Many depositors simply use their bank as a convenience for paying by cheque their accounts to tradesmen and others. Apart from the extreme economy resulting from carrying no money on the person, it looks more respectable to pay the butcher and the baker, the tailor and the milliner in this way. An old-time merchant—now a manufacturers' agent, has had a balance of \$1.50 to his account steadily in a city branch bank for over a year past. The bank wants to close that account. Offence is complained of by some of the depositors, and when the social standing of some of them is considered, this falls a little short of true wisdom. There

are ups and downs in life, and some of the hurt ones may have memories. The suspension of La Banque du Peuple has doubtless caused a number of small deposits to be transforred to the City & District Savings Bank, and these require additional clerical assistance. There is, besides, unusual difficulty in finding safe employment for money, and something more than interest must be earned.

THE COLONIAL MUTUAL.

The Colonial Mutual Life Association is to be congratulated upon the excellent statement of its business, which appears in our columns elsewhere. It is probably not too much to say that the very marked success of this home company, during its career thus far, is largely due to the financial and social standing of its long list of guarantors and directors, not a little to the ability of its office staff, but chiefly to the valuable series of policy contracts worked out by Mr. J. F. Mathieson, its manager, assisted by Major E. A. Baynes, its secretary, which series in reality amount to a new system of insurance under assessment law. The claim is fairly put forward that under this system the insured has not only the advantage or reduced rates, but increased security as well. It may be remarked that each new successful Canadian institution marks the development of our 'national life. Money is retained here by home companies, and may be used in fostering and building up new Canadian industries. The company received during the year from the limited territories opened up, applications for over a million dollars of insurance. Looking to the gratifying success secured by our leading Canadian life insurance companies, it is surely not too much to bespeak for the Colonial a fair degree in the same direction, especially with the prudent control which has marked its career to date.

THE GRAIN STANDARDS BOARD.

The proposal before Parliament to exclude Toronto and Montreal from representation on the Board for the establishment of Manitoba grain standards, is naturally meeting with no favor in either of these cities. The Montreal Corn Exchange, and the grain section of the Toronto Board of Trade have named deputations to visit Ottawa to protest against the proposal. Eastern province dealers handle a large portion of the western product, and consequently they should have an interest in the making of the standards. Should the course outlined, be pursued the Board would consist of sellers only, with the buying interest unrepresented. This would operate against the eastern grain trade.

REAL ESTATE.

Although real estate transactions during the past month were not numerous, the results are better than might have been expected, considering the dullness of business generally. The sales numbered 123, amounting to \$414,747. The Real Estate Record remarks in this connection, that there is more desirable real estate for sale now at moderate prices than at any time within the last seven or eight years; owners are also less exacting in their terms. Real estate is now sold like any other necessary commodity-on business principles and not on speculative excitement, and the indications are that an increased activity in business and investment properties may be experienced this year. The sales last month at Maisonneuve, Mile End, Montreal Annex, St. Cunegonde, and St. Henry amounted to about \$107,000, of which St. Henry contributed about \$45,000. The mortgages in Montreal West amounted to \$229,267.94; of this amount \$125,000 was placed at 41 per cent., \$47,500 at 5 per cent., \$21,000 at 51 per cent., \$15,400 at 6 per cent., and \$11,867.94 at 8 -per cent. and \$8,500 at a nominal rate. In Montreal East the loan amounted to \$165,831. Of this amount \$38,900 was placed at 5 per cent., \$49,500 at 51 per cent., \$28,930 at 6

per cent., \$18,800 at 7 per cent., \$625 at 8 per cent. and \$29,-076 at a nominal rate. As there is, in a quiet way, more money being made all over the city than people generally have any idea of, it is probable that some of the handsome large residences ranging from \$15,000 to \$40,000 may find occupant purchasers ere long. But it takes money to live in such houses and—there's the rub.

A DEFAULTING ASSIGNEE.

It is many years since Montreal merchants have been troubled with suspicions through the neglect of assignees to promptly forward dividends on bankrupt estates placed in their hands. Within the last year or two, however, the old evil appears to have been reviving, showing indications in a spot or two that it had not been altogether healed. The latest evidence of it found street expression last week, when it was bruited about that Mr. W. A. Caldwell of Caldwell, Tait & Wilks was in trouble through want of a proper regard, for some time past, of the difference between meum and tuum. Mr. Caldwell does not appear to have been living wisely of late, doubtless half-crazed over the difficulties closing around him, and which he should have to face sooner or later. His absence from the city last week gave color to the rumour that he was largely behind in his accounts, the residue of some bankrupt estates, chiefly the old one of Mc-Lachlan Bros., with those of S. R. Parsons, the Cole, the Hearle and others of recent date. Mr. Tait has simply been Mr. Law _____ for some time, although ______ The three book-keeper for the office his name has appeared in the connection. upon as respectable, although were all looked Mr Tait had not been fortunate formerly in the drygoods trade here, and it is regretted by many prominent citizens in financial and mercantile walks who encouraged them from the outset and favored them from time to time, that the concern had not exercised more discretion, and guarded with greater care the reputation so foolishly jeopardized by at least one of the members. The total amount at stake is variously given at from \$30,000 to \$40,000. One or two banks seem determined to make Caldwell face the music in Montreal. That there was no suspicion of an approaching evil day was shown by the purchase of a handsome house on Peel street early last year by the wife of the absent accountant, who has the sympathy of many friends in her day of trial.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STATEMENT.

The preliminary statement of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895, compares as below with previous years :--

Gross earnings Operating expenses	1895 \$18,941,086 11,460,086	1894 \$18,752,167 12,328,859	1898 \$20,962,817 13,220,901
Net earnings Other income	7,480,950 112,246	6,423,308 206,012	7,741,416 209,863
Total D. S. S. A. int. (balance)	7,593,196 440,667	6,629,320 127,813	7,951,279
Total Deduct.	8,083,863	6,757,183	7,951,279
Interest on bonds	6,659,478	6,589,378	5,888,597
Contingent Int (" Soo") Dividends	1,281,960	694,487 1,881,960	2,275,000
Total	7,891,488	9,165,825	7,613,597
Balance	Surplus 1895 142,435	Deficit 1894 2,408,692	Surplus 1893 337,682

The resumption of dividends on ordinary stock by the C.P.R. Co. is hailed with general satisfaction for a time when business generally has not been over bright.

-THE annual meeting of the Richelleu & Ontario Navigation Co., was held on Tuesday. The statement showed gross earnings of \$689,168.46, and a net profit of \$106,437.86. Two dividends of 8 per cent. each were paid out of this, and \$25,000 added to the surplus. The following officers and directors were elected:--L. J. Forget, president; W. Wainwright, vice-president; Col. Honshaw, Hector Mackenzie, Jos. Louis, J. Swilt, M. Connolly, C. O. Paradis, R. Forget, W. Hanson and E. D. Garneau. -MoKAY & ERWIN, shoes, Truro, N.S., are in difficulties, and offering to compromise at 25c on the dollar. The firm was formed in 1892, having succeeded C. E. McKeen in his real estate business. They were understood to be practical but inexperienced and their means at start were quite limited. One of the partners for some time past has been away in the States working at a trade, but still retained his interest in the business. The composition will likely be accepted.

-DUFOUR & FILS, general storekeepers, Murray Bay, Que., have had a demand of assignment made on them by Paradis & Jobin. O. Jobin has been named provisional guardian. The business was established years ago, and was run for a time as Dufour & Cuturrier, present firm being formed in 1886. Competition, lack of capital, etc., have been against them—J. A. Boulanger, furniture, Louiseville, Que., has assigned on demand of J. L. A. Grenier; liabilities about \$1,000, assets nominally \$750. Meeting of creditors is called for the 26th inst. to appoint a curator.

-J. S. ATKINSON & Co., general store and lumber, Albert, N.B., are in difficulties, and offering to compromise at 40 cents on the dollar. J. S. Atkinson was the only member of this firm, which was originally Atkinson & Son, who failed in 1884, father dying shortly after this and the son succeeded to the business, which he has since carried on, but has been having more or less hard work, and for some time past has shown signs of being considerably hampered, and has been sued and judgment obtained against him. No particulars of assets and liabilities are as yet received, but is not thought to owe a great deal.

-J. E. TAILLEFER, drygoods, Montreal, has assigned with liabilities of \$2,500. Kent & Turcotte are curators.

--THE Newcastle, Ont., agency of the Standard Bank was closed on the 15th inst., and the business transferred to the Bowmanville agency.

--THE several mills engaged in making roofing paper in Canada are said to have sold the whole of their production, valued at \$200,000 per annum to one concern.

-MR. S. Leiser, wholesale grocer, Victoria, B.C., owner also of general stores at various points on the island of Vancouver, is on a purchasing visit of over a week in Montreal. Mr. Leiser needs no introduction to Montreal wholesale houses.

-Ar the annual meeting of the Wm. Parks & Son cotton mills, St. John, N. B., last. Tuesday it was decided to engage in the manufacture of prints. The old Board was re-elected. We (consequently, no doubt) see no mention of a dividend. Particulars later.

-REFORTS have reached the city that the notorious Andrew Boyd (formerly of Boyd, Ryrie & Campbell and later Boyd, Gillies & Co., wholesale stationers here) who figured in a glaring case of arson some months ago, has been arrested on the other side of the ocean. Should he be brought back there will likely be some quickened heart-throbs within certain walls this city.

-MESSAS Wm. L Gerstle, Jas. M. Wilson and Rudolfe Neuman, all of the Alaska Commercial Co., of San Francisco, are on a visit to Montreal to make purchases for their business in the Canadian portion of Alaska. Some idea may be formed of the extent of their labors from the fact that it takes Mr. Wilson about a six weeks' journey over the great "Divide" before he can reach the end of their northern stores. The party have been visiting the leading cities of the U. S. also.

-W. W. JOHNSTON, dry goods, Peterboro, Ont., is offering 40 cents in the dollar. Has been in business off and on for years; resumed in March 1890, but was unable to pick up, and competition has been very strong.-Donald McEachern, gen. store, Clifford, Ont., has assigned. An old trader there, and for a time made money. A very fair dividend is expected.-Switzer Bros., dry goods, Ottawa, Ont., are offering 60 cents in the dollar, secured by their father R. Switzer. They succeeded him on 1st of Auggust, assuming liabilities, taking over stock, and agreeing to payother claims. It was thought they had a moderate surplus.

-CAMPBELL BROS., hardware, Winnipeg, Mau., have assigned to John Emsley, in trust; and a meeting of creditors will be called during the next few days. They started in 1880, and for a time were understood to have made money, but of late years they have been slow, and have allowed suits to be taken against them showing that their position has been gradually becoming worse. In spring of 1895 they were obliged to consult their principal creditors, and to seek an extension on their liabilities, which at the time were placed at about \$12,000. Only some of these payments have been met, and this is the cause of their present difficulty.

JOHN MOMULLIN, baker and confectioner, Carleton Place, Ont, has assigned. In business off and on for quite a number of

years; at one time as McMullin & Lackey, but alone since 1891. Not credited with ever having much capital. Living expenses have been rather high, and together with strong opposition and have been rather high, and together with strong opposition and some losses through bad debts he has been brought down—E. R. Martin, auctioneer, Kingston, Ont., failed last fall and offer-ed creditors 50c on the dollar, which was generally accepted. He now finds himself unable to carry out the arrangement, and has assigned to A. E. M. Loscombé—H. S. Alseph, butcher, grocer, etc., Cornwall, Ont., is offering to compromise at 25c on the doltar—Mrs. Jane Evans, grocer, Forestrille, Ont., has as-signed to C. B. Armstrong of London. Has been doing a small business about 3 years, gradually going behind.

-J. D. WILLIAMSON & Co., drygoods, Guelph, Ont., are offer-ing 87½ cents on the dollar. This is an old established business there, but has been subject to several changes, as already noted in these columns. Competition in Guelph has been very stiff during the past few years, and there has been little profit in business. The firm were in difficulties in March 1894, and com-promised their liabilities of \$18,000 at 60 cents, owing their mother at the time a considerable amount. On January 6th, they were burnt out, loss being placed at \$30,000, and it was under-stood "they had an insurance of about \$22,000 or \$28,000. This was adjusted at 60 cents on the dollar for general goods, about \$2,000 for clothing; besides this they had an insurance on the building ; made some salvage, but are understood on the whole to have lost money. It is generally understood that a composition will be granted.

-F. X. MARTIN, dry goods, Quebec, Que., referred to at length last week, are offering 50 cents in the dollar, psyable in 2, 4, 6 and 8 months, secured.—John M. Inglis & Co., jewellers, Montreal, Que., have filed consent to assign on demand of R. C. Nelles. Was of firm of Inglis, Picard & Co., from which he re-tired in 1885. Of late years American and other competition has tired in 1885. Of late years American and other competition has been so strong, and prices cut so fine that it has been impossible to make headway. A meeting of creditors will probably be held shortly.—Z. Dupuis, grocer, Montreal, has assigned to Bilo-deau & Renaud, with liabilities of about \$1000. Commencing with a capital of a few hundred dollars about a year ago he has been unable to make headway.—Alex. Larue, drugs, Quebec, has compromised at 25 cents in the dollar and is continuing. Has a fair little business, and should be able to make it pay with such a settlement. such a settlement.

-ADELARD JOLICŒUR, carriages, Coaticooke, Que., is an ab-sentee, and à demand of assignment has been filed by F. Lamy for \$702. Meeting to appoint curator has been fixed for March 4th. The business was started only last May, buying out Fran-cols Lemay. Probably will be wound up.—G. Daignault & Co., dry goods, St. Hyacinthe, Que., have compromised at 50 cents in the dollar, at 8, 6, 9, 12 and 15 months, last payment secured. Liabilities about \$11,000 and assets about \$12,000. He has been close run for some time. The business was carried on there for several years, and while there was some money invested, they have been unable to make a success. Competition, and attempt-ing too much, have been against them. Future, prospects are favorable.—J. E. Tremblay, general store, St. Anne de Bellevue, Que., referred to in a previous issue as having assigned, is offer-ing to compromise at 30 cents in the dollar, 4, 8 and 12 months secured. secured.

-MRS. L. SIBLET, general store, Denbeigh, Ont., has assigned to John Ferguson. In business for some time, but in a very small way, husband managing.-Joshua McKim, dry goods, Wallaceburg, Ont., is offering 75 cents in the dollar, cash, and it is understood that a majority of creditors have accepted. In business since Nov. 1889. During last year trade has been dull and competition keen. Has been endeavoring vainly to reduce stock and concentrate his business.-Mrs. McLean, milliner, Wallaceburg, Ont., for some time in financial straits, and on 17th was obliged to assign. Liabilities about \$1,500; assets about \$1,100. Has had trouble, through sickness and death, losing two of her children in one season, and sympathy is felt for her. Business limited.-Mary Henderson, milliner, Winchester, Ont., has assigned to S. S. Reveler, and meeting of creditors will, shortly be held. Began in 1890 in a small way; capital light, and has been under chattel mortgage. and has been under chattel mortgage.

and has been under chattel mortgage. -WM. SIMMONS; confectioner, Bracebridge, Ont., has assigned to J. W. Bettes. Business small; carried on since December 1891, when he bought out J. B. Gowan. Is a British pensioner, ad-vanced in years. Liabilities small.-D. W. Dart, furniture; Dese-ronto, Ont., has assigned to H. R. Bedford. He began a year ago, when he succeeded to the branch of Gibbard & Co. For-merly a lumberman; little experience and capital, and bought his stock subject to chattel mortgage. Slow all along in meeting engagements.-Thos. Arnold, hotel, St. Thomas, Ont., is offering; to compromise at 25 cents. Liabilities estimated at \$3,000. The hotel is a fine building erected a few years ago, and which he bought for \$12,000, paying a small amount in cash. Formerly at Tilsonburg and had a fair business training, but his capital wasa limited, and shouldered more than he could carry. Several suits against him lately.-Wm. Pearson, clothing and men's furnish-ings, Toronto, Ont., is asking an extension. He was burnt out last April ; insured for about \$8,000; was awarded \$6,060, which it is believed will cover his loss. Competition and sacrificed goods made it impossible for him to make any money. He shows a surplus nominally.

J. N. GRAVEL, furniture, Montreal has assigned to Bilodeau & Renaud, with liabilities of \$2,700. Formerly Paquet & Gravel for several years, but on his own account for the past 8 years. Had strong competition from the start. Was also "burglarized" last fall, and lost goods to amount of \$200 or \$800.

Porrespondence.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERIES.

(Third and Concluding Paper.)

BY JAMES MURRAY, EX-M. H. A.

BY JAMES MURRAY, EX-M. H. A. Except on a portion of the southwest coast of Newfoundland, where a limited winter fishery is carried on—between Harbor Breton and Channel—" The Fishery," so called, is always in-tended to mean the summer codfishery, which commences in the month of May and ends in October. The (hair) seal fishery is entirely a distinct enterprise, of brief duration and limited in-terest, and is never included in the general reference to the New-foundland fisheries. There is also a herring fishery, a lobster fishery and a salmon fishery; but no one in Newfoundland would dream of supposing that either or all of these had any distinct existence or importance apart from the staple fishery of the country—the general codfishery. The latter consists of three distinct branches, and as each of

them is pursued independently of the others, and as each pro-duces an article commercially distinguishable from the other, it is necessary to consider them apart. I shall treat of the main is necessary to consider them apart. I shall treat of the main fishery first, and of the other two in their subordinate capacities.

is necessary to consider them apart. I shall treat of the main fishery first, and of the other two in their subordinate capacities, as adjuncts to or offshoots from the former. By "The Fishery," in Newfoundland, therefore, is always meant the inshore or inland fisheries, *i.e.*, that quantity of doc-fish which is caught in the waters around the coasts of the island, and in its numerous bights and bays. It can feasily be seen that, other things being equal, this product must of neces-sity be superior in every way to any other codfish caught and cured upon the island. When experts want to obtain the choicest product of the Newfoundland codfishery they therefore buy "shore" fish, ask for it, and like the man in the patent medicine advertisement, "will take no other." The reason for this is quickly seen. The fish caught within sight of the fisherman's door and brought home every evening lies for the shortest length of time in a moribund state, is more quickly drained of its stagnant blood, washed clean, and laid down under salt, so that the vital juices—the freshness—the *flavor* of the living creature is caught up and preserved. Then, this product is not allowed to lie in salt too long, on the other hand, but is again washed out and exposed to the sun and air before it becomes sodden, so that a codfish dried in this manner has a beautiful fresh, crisp look, with a bloom on it like that on a bunch of the best Muscatel raisins. This article—the "shore" fish—as it is: called—*par excellence*—whether it subsequently ranks as Mer-chantable, Madeira or West India—will be *sui generis*, the best of the crop, and with the least proportion of inferior or defective individuals. Now, then, it is quite easy to dispose of the other two branches individuals.

Now, then, it is quite easy to dispose of the other two branches of the Newfoundland codishery—the Bank fishery and the Lab-

rador fishery. As to the former it is carried on in small schooners on the great banks of Newfoundland, from 800 to 500 miles off the coast. As to the former it is carried on in small schoolers on the great banks of Newfoundland, from 800 to 500 miles off the coast. These schooners of course have to be crewed and provisioned for a lengthened voyage, for they do not return to port until a full fare of fish has been secured, unless some mishap is experienced, such as the loss of a mooring cable from the effects of a gale or the like. The vessels anchor on the banks, and catch their fish by means of "trawls"—"dories," a peculiar kind of boat, being used by the crew to attend the trawls. The fish, caught in deep water, is generally a large run, but it is not so highly esteemed as the "shore" fish—partly for the reason that it has to be left longer in "salt bulk" before the process of sun-drying on shore com-pletes the cure. Nevertheless the "bank" fish is often passed off for the shore caught article, and, when proper care has been bestowed upon its final processes, it would take a professional expert to detect the difference.

Lastly we have the Labrador fishery, which is conducted on the coast of Labrador, on the Canadian side of the Straits of Belle-isle, and at a considerable distance from the homes of most of the Newfoundland fishermen who prosecute that voyage. The Labrador coast is a kind of "no man's land," except as it is used for squatting purposes by the fishermen who resort every sum-mer thither, although portions of it have become somewhat set tied, and by a sort of generally recognized custom, where par-ticular crews are in the habit of occupying the same location

ticular crews are in the habit of occupying the same notation season after season; their right of occupation is respected. The Labrador fishery may be engaged in by fishermen who spend, the first part of the season in the Shore fishery; as a spend, the first part of the season in the Shore fishery; as a spend, the first part of the season in the Shore fishery; as a supplementary effort or it may be, as in other cases, the sole-enterprise of the year. In either event it is usual for the whole of the fisherman's family to embark on the voyage, taking with them all requisites for their summer's living, and employing a convenient-sized schooner for that purpose. Arrived on the scene of action, they build or tenant a roughly improvised dwelling, and provide "flakes" and other needfuls for conducting the voyage. When October sets in, they gather up the remains of their harvest and embark for home, so as to avoid the autumin

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gales. When they have settled up for the voyage their work is then done until the following season opens.

then done until the following season opens. Labrador fish is of inferior quality to any other, being "soft-cured," manufactured in a hurry, and of a lean and emaciated substance as compared with the "Shore" and "bank" codfish. Some of it is usually brought home and cured on shore at the end of the voyage, when it is sold as "shore-cured Labrador"—a sort of mongrel article. It is the shipment of this to foreign markets, mixed with genuine "shore" fish, and passed off as such, that so frequently injures the Newfoundland fish trade, and gives to Newfoundland codfish, in certain cases, such a bad name abroad. name abroad.

name abroad. The total quantity of codfish of all kinds shipped annually ranges from a million to a million and a quarter quintals. The quantity has not greatly increased since the population sup-ported by it numbered only one-tenth or one-twentieth of what it does now. The minimum quantity appears to be about as much as the outside world has consumption for, and therefore the over-production of the excess has for years vitiated the value of a legitimate-sized crop, handicapped the legitimate amount of capital and labor that ought to be employed in the industry, and caused widespread losses, not only to private but also to public interests of the Colony, as a consequence of the economic distur-bance. "A little more than enough is good for nothing," may. be cited as an apt proverb to apply to such a case, for the extent of excess-whatever it is—both injures itself and all around it.

Meetings, Reports, &c. BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY. The sixty-second annual meeting of the shareholders of the British America Assurance Company was held at its head office, in Toronto, on Thursday, the 13th instant. The president, Mr. Geo. A. Cox, occupied the chair, and Mr. P. H. Sims, the secretary of the company, was appointed secretary. The directors' report showed that there had been a moderate gain in promium income in the fire branch over 1894, without any corresponding increase in losses, so that a very satisfactory profit was shown on the year's transactions. In the marine branch, in common with all others engaged in lake underwrit-ing, the company had suffered from the unusually heavy losses of the past season, due in part to the unprecedented low water on our inland lakes and rivors which prevailed during the entire season, and parily to the exceptionally disastrous storms in the closing months of lake navigation The earnings from interest show a slight gain over those of 1894. The following is a summary of the financial statement:—

The following is a summary of the financial statement:-

Premium receipts Interest account	\$1,506,863.96 44,612.54
Total income	\$1,551,476.50
Losses incurred Expenses, including commissions, taxes and all other charges	\$ 981,073.13 510,567.32
	\$1,491,640.45
Dividends to shareholders	\$ 52,500.00
Total assets	\$1,450,537.45 930,425.40
Reserve fund Cash capital	\$ 520,112.05 \$ 750,000.00
Security to policy-holders	\$1,270,112.05

The secretary, having read the directors' and auditors' reports, the president said:-

The secretary, having read the directors' and auditors' reports, the president said:— I am pleased to avail myself of this opportunity to supple-ment the necessarily brief remarks contained in the report by a few words relative to what appear to me as the most note-worthy features of the business of the past year. First, lot me say in regard to the largest and most important dopartment of the company, the fire branch, that it is seldom that companies in Canada have been called upon to face a more unpropitious opening to a year's business than that of the one under review. The two large fires in Toronto in January, which were referred to at the shareholders' meeting in Febru-ary last, were followed by a third and equally serious one early in March. The aggregate loss by these fires was close upon two and a 'quarter million dollars, and the amount paid by insurance companies was in round figures, one million six hundred thousand dollars, or nearly one-fourth the en-tire year's Canadian premiums received by all the companies doing business in the Dominion. While our losses, considering the magnitude of these disasters, were not excessive, their effect, nevertheless, combined with rather heavy losses from other adverse balance on the first three months' operations of 1805, and to present at the end of that term a very doubtful prospect of any profit being realized from the fire business for the year. The experience of each succeeding month, however, was more favorable than might have been anticipated, and the directors had the satisfaction of seeing, as the year progressed, a steady gain of income over expenditure, and an ultimate profit balance of some seventy thousand dollars upon the business of

this department at the closing of the books. This result, as in-timated in the report, is largely attributable to the favorable ex-perience of the company in the United States, and it affords a forcible illustration of the advantages which a company derives from a widely distributed business in providing for exceptional losses, such as are liable to occur in any of our large business

losses, such as are liable to occur in any of our large business centres. Passing to the marine branch, the business of which is con-fined chiefly to the insuring of hulls and cargoes on the great lakes, it will be unnecessary to say to anyone who has been suf-ficiently interested in the lake carrying trade to have noted the casualties recorded during the past season that we have just passed through a year which has been unprecedented, both in the number and magnitude of its losses. From the opening of navigation till its close vessels had to contend with the dangers arising from the lowest water ever experienced on our lakes, re-sulting in almost daily strandings in the river channels; while the fall months were more than usually prolific in storms, which brought disaster upon many of what were regarded as throughly sea-worthy craft. When I add that within one single period of ten days in the month of November underwriters in Canada were called upon to pay \$95,000 for losses on Manitoba grain cargoes (independently of the value of the vessels carrying them) it will be readily appreciated that the premiums received in this branch were not sufficient to meet the losses, and that as a con-sequence we, in common with all others engaged in this line of business, have transacted it at a loss. While this has materially affected the outcome of the past year's business of the company, its effect will, it is believed, also be to place inland marine un-derwriting upon a more satisfactory basis as to rates for the coming season. It will be interesting to shareholders to know that the fire

derwriting upon a more satisfactory basis as to rates for the coming season. It will be interesting to shareholders to know that the fire business of the present year has opened favorably, but parhaps the most gratifying feature regarding our present position is the steady growth in our Canadian income—particularly when con-sidered in connection with our loss ratio during the past two years as compared with the average results of all companies do-ing business in Canada—for the best recommendation a com-part on have abread is avidence such as this affords of the years as compared with the average results of all companies do-ing business in Canada—for the best recommendation a com-pany can have abroad is evidence, such as this affords, of the public confidence it enjoys in its own home field. The security which the "British America" offers to policy-holders, namely, the sum of its reserve fund (\$520,112.05) and its paid-up capital (\$750,000), making in all \$1,270,112.05) in assets of unquestionable character, is, I feel assured, such as to continue to command for it an increasing share of public patronage. In conclusion I must express the directors' appreciation of the work of our officers and field force during the past year as well as of the services of our local representatives throughout Canada and the United States, who are so heartily seconding the efforts of the management in building up the business of the company. The vice-president seconded the adoption of the report, which was carried unanimously, and a vote of thanks was passed to the president, vice-president and directors for their services during the past year. The following gentlemen were elected to serve as directors for the ensuing year :--Geo. A. Cox, J. J. Kenny, Hon. S. C. Wood, S. F. McKinnon, Thomas Long, John Hoskin, Q.C., L.L.D., H. M. Pellatt, R. Jaffray, A. Myers. At a meeting held subsequently Mr. Geo. A. Cox was elected president, and Mr. J. J. Kenny vice-president.

[ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.] THE COLONIAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION.

Subjoined is the Annual Report of the Board of Directors of the above Association for the year 1895 :

In presenting the Report of the business of the Company for the year ending Dec. 81st, 1895 (the first in its history), and of its present financial standing, the Directors of the Colonial Mutual Life Association are enabled to congratulate its members on its present condition.

During the year 597 policies were issued, for insurance am-ounting to \$824,250.00. Considering the small number of agents in the field, we have received a large share of the business written in the territory, within which we sought business; and with a larger field staff, and a proportionately larger territory covered, a-great increase of business may be looked forward to with confidence.

with connence. It is gratifying to be able to say that the general character of the applications which have been received are of a high class, among which are included a number from men who, by experi-ence and ability, are capable of exercising good judgment in deciding the merits of a Life Company, and of any system of Life Insurance business.

Life Insurance business. Within the last decade a class of co-operative societies have sprung up, in which we have little confidence, and in which the public are learning to have little confidence, for no temporary cheapness can offset the false principles upon which these post-mortem Assessment Companies are conducted. From the first your Directors have recognized the importance of building up the Company upon a solid basis, and the reserves set aside under the several forms of policies amply justify the statement. These reserves, together with the Guarantee Funds held by prominent men in the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, offer unexceptional security that the obligations to policy-holders will be fully met.

We desire to call attention to the progress made by Home Companies, and it is gratifying to notice that as a result of the increasing patronage bestowed upon these Home Companies, much money which formerly went abroad, is retained at home, and increases the capital available in promoting and fostering Canadian Industries.

Canadian Industries. As this tends to increase the prosperity of Canada, intending insurers should not overlook it; especially as Home Companies are in a position to furnish insurance, in this healthy country, at a lower cost than Foreign Companies, which have to provide for a heavier death rate and larger working expense. Allusion has already been made to the fact that it is the in-tention of the management to keep within the lines of s fety; yet every effort has been made to furnish a liberal Policy con-tract. Technical and objectionable clauses, to be found in many Companies' Policies, have been omitted. The Policy is indis-putable after being two years in force; and from the first is almost so. Among the several kinds of Policies issued, our Savings Bank

almost so. Among the several kinds of Policies issued, our Savings Bank Policies deserve special mention. The fact that a large percen-age of the applications received are for policies of this kind, prove that they are popular, and as they afford all the advantage of a Savings Bank Account, with the protection of Life Insur-anco, they are deservedly so. The remarkable low mortality we have experienced, is an evi-dence of the fact that the greatest possible care has been exer-cised in the selection of risks. In resigning the trust which has been confided to them, the Directors desire to excress their confidence in the Company's future, and have no doubt that prudence and care will continue to characterize the direction of its affairs. A Dividend equal to 7 per cent. per annum on the amount paid

A Dividend equal to 7 per cent, per annum on the amount paid up, is payable to Guarantors, in keeping with the terms of their subscriptions.

The valuable and efficient services of the Agents, Medical and Office staff, deserve special recognition. The Directors all retire, but are eligible for re-election. F. P. Buck, First Vice-President and Acting President. Montreal, February 11th, 1896.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of The Colonial Mutual Life Association, for the year ending 31st December, 1895 : 1895.

Dec. 81st To amount paid by Guarantors, includ-	
- ing Loans	\$ 12,880.01
	18,148.92
" " Interest	149.51
	\$ 31,178.44
1895.	
Dec. 31st.—By Expenses, Advances, Commissions and Salaries	\$ 20,504.77
" " Re-insurance	512.39
" " Claim paid under Policy No. 172	1,000.00
" " Balance as in 2nd Schedule	9,161.28
	\$ 31,178.44
1895. LIABILITYES	•
Dec. 31st To due on Account of General Expenses	\$ 1,262.51
" " due on Account of Loans	3,000.00
" Contingent Fund for Collection of	
Outstanding and Deferred Prem-	000 00
iums, 10 per cent.	667.88
Interest or Dividende ravable to	410.00
Guarantors	412.29
" " Surplus	9,161.28
	C 14 509 48
1895. ASSETS.	\$ 14,508.40
Dec. 31st.—By short date notes for Premiums	¢ 9 647 70
" " Furniture	\$ 3,647.72 517.67
" " Gross Prems existing on Policies in	011.01
" Gross Prems. existing on Policies in Agents' hands and in course of	
transmission	01 000 8
" "Agents'Ledger Balances	8,026.12 5,058.77
" " Cash at Head Office and in Bank	2,253.18
Cush as Head Onice and in Dank	A,400.10
	\$ 14,503.46
Guarantee Fund subscribed, but not called or paid up	\$ 28,432.50
Total for Security of Policy-HoldersJ. F. MATHIESON,	\$ 37,593.78
General M	anager.

neral Manager. I have examined the assist for the correctness of same. THOMAS T. TURNBULL, Co I have examined the above Statements of Account, and vouch

I have examined the Books, Documents and Vouchers repres-enting the foregoing Revenue Account and Statement of Assets, and certify to their correctness.

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A. W. STEVENSON, C. A. Auditor:

In moving the adoption of the Report, Mr. F. P. Buck, the vice-president made the following remarks

"In moving the adoption of the annual report, which I do with much pleasure, I cannot take my seat without noticing the very satisfactory showing of the Company at the end of its first fin an-cial year. Taking into account the number of Agents we have had in the field and the amount of money expended, nothing could be more satisfactory. This is largely due to the strong and influential names of those who are guarantors, to its ener-getic management, to the zealous work of its agents, and to the very excellent plans of insurance which the company have adopted. Notwithstanding keen competition, and the depression existing in nearly all branches of business, policies of insurance for nearly one million dollars were written, and with a larger territory covered, proportionately larger results will be attained in the future: "In moving the adoption of the annual report, which I do with in the future.

in the future: I desire to say a word about our several Policy-Contracts. These have been very ably worked out by Mr. Mathieson, the Gueral Manager. These policies form a complete system of business, and place this company far in advance, in this respect, of all other companies operating under Assessment Law. In response to the vote of thanks to the office staff Mr. Math-ieson, the General Manager, said:— It affords me much pleasure to ac' nowledge the vote which has just been so kindly passed. In organizing a new company a great deal of work is required which is only required to be done once. This is especially true of this company which has adopted a number of policy contracts, the carrying out of which amounts

a number of policy contracts, the carrying out of which amounts to what may fairly be termed a new system of business under

a number of policy contracts, the carrying out of which may adopted to what may fairly be termed a new system of business under Assessment law.
Notwithstanding the crude condition of the law governing Assessment law.
Notwithstanding the crude condition of the law governing Assessment Companies, I saw that a number of policy contracts might be worked out under it, which would constitute what might fairly be called a new system of insurance. This I succeeded in doing; and these policy forms were approved of by the solicitors of the Association; the Insurance Departments at Ottawa and Toronto, and by the Board. This series of policies give us all the advantages possessed by the so-called old line companies, while on the other hand we are free from the theoretical liabilities which increase the cost of insurance, without bettering the policy-holder's security.
Young companies in the past have had reason to complain of the unfair comparison made by some of the older companies, as to the ratio of expense to income. As the income of Life Companies includes both premiums and interest; and as the entire cost of placing a policy in force comes of the first premium, I need not tell you that such comparisons are most fallacious. The Superintendent of insurance has repeatedly stated years ago that "such percentages ought not to be taken as a proper gauge of the economy of a Company," still these unfair statements are continued. But it is easily proved that the cost of collecting remewal premiums and interest bears a very small percentage to that of securing the first year's premiums on new business. I am pleased to be able to state that our agents like our company, and our plans of insurance; and that their efforts are meeting with marked success. More especially is this the case during the past two months. One of our agents, Mr. Tessier, recently visited a neighboring city, and in the face of keen competition, wrote a very large number of applications, of the very best class, and I might

bisotially, and I might monitor the good with date by outlies did time permit.
After further complimentry remarks the report was unanimously adopted. Votes were then passed, thanking the medical, field, and office staff, for their careful and able services.
The following gentlemen were elected Directors:—F. P. Buck, Esq., 1st vice-president; Hon. P. Garneau, 2nd. vice-president; Hon. F. G. Marchand, M.P.P.; Wm. Farwell, Esq., Sherbrooke; C. J. Chisholm, Esq., Montreal; R. A. E. Greenshields, Esq. Montreal, T. J. Tuck, Esq., Sherbrooke; T. H. Dunn, Esq., Que; G. F. Slack, M. D., Farnham; Thomas Trimble, Esq. Montreal; I. H. Starnes, Esq. Montreal. A. W. Ross; R. H. Pope, M.P. O'Hara Baynes, see'y; A. S. Ewing Esq.
Immediately afters the annual meeting the Directors met and elected Mr. F. P. Buck, Presidents.

MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The twentieth annual meeting of stockholders of the Mercan-tile Fire Insurance Company was held at Waterloo, Ont., on January 25th, 1896, the president, I. E. Bowman, M.P., in the chair, and Mr. James Lockie acting as secretary. The directors report and financial statements were read, as follows :

REPORT.

We, your directors, desire to submit for your consideration the following report of the affairs of our company as at the 31st of

December, 1895. During the past year 11,145. policies and renewals were issued for insurance amounting to \$18,804,488, on which we received the sum of \$179,125.44. We also received the sum of \$7,488.51 for interest on our investments, which makes our total receipts for the year \$186,568,95. for the year \$186,568.95.

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Our expenditures for the year are as follows:	
Paid losses for the year 1895	\$109,072.65
Agents' commissions and bonuses	38,071.72
Salaries and directors' fees	6,364.60
Adjusting losses and inspecting risks	1,997,18
Re-insurance and cancelled premiums	80,217.25
Books, stationery, postage, printing and advertising	2,208.99
Government charges	186.97
Rent, taxes and light Dividend No 22 for six months ending 80th June,	909.35
1895	2,000.00
All other charges	

\$187,050.43

The total insurance in force on the 81st December, 1895, was \$17,792,621, and the re-insurance liability thereon, \$82,598.69. At the end of 1894, finding that this company's farm business had been steadily unprofitable for the past ton years, we stopped insuring that class, excepting in three agencies, and being un-able to sell out that business to any other company, we are carry-ing these risks to maturity. This accounts for the decrease of premiums in the past year, and the losses paid on farm property during the same time amounted to over \$19,000. The secretary's statement of receipts and expenditures, assets

The secretary's statement of receipts and expenditures, assets and liabilities, the certified report of your auditors and a list of the stockholders of the company are herewith submitted for your information

On behalf of the board,

I. E. BOWMAN, President.

\$807,686.82

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Receipts.

December 31st, 1895.

Balance per last statement Premiums, fees Interest	\$121,072.87 179,125.44 7,438.51
	\$807,636.82
BalanceDisbursements.	\$101,659.18
December 31st, 1895.	
Losses for 1894 Dividend No. 22, for 1894 Dividend No. 28, for 1895 Losses for 1895 Resinsurance and cancelled premiums Agents' commissions and bonuses Salaries and directors' fees Postage, printing, advertising, books and station-	
ery Adjusting losses and inspecting risks Rent, taxes and light Government charges All other charges Written off Goad's plans Balance	2,208.99 1,997.18 909.35 186.97 1,021.77 890.10 101,659.18

ASSETS.	· ·
Cash and cheques in course of transmission Mortgages Debentures (market value) Office furniture and Goad's plans Bills receivable Agents' balances. Due from other companies. Interest accrued.	\$ 3,792.12 66,410.00 67,277.72 2,429.93 222.70 6,922.91 6,886.99 3,818.20
	\$157,760.57 -
Cash capital Re-insurance reserve Not surplus	\$ 40,000.00 82,598.69 19,494.46
Assets	\$142,093.15
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid up Claims under adjustment. Dividend No. 24 for six months ending 31st of Dec- ber, 1895. Re-insurance reserve. Bank of Commorce overdraft. Balance.	82,598.69 8,249.65
	\$157,780.57
The subscribed capital is \$200,000. Paid in cash : The uncount deposited with the Dominion Govern	\$40,000. ment is \$50,-

079.76, being municipal debentures, of which the face value is \$55,644.18 Audited and found correct Auditors.

ISRAEL D. BOWMAN THOMAS HILLIARD, Waterloo, January 15th, 1896.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company : Gentlemen,—We have the honor to report having audited the company's books of account quarterly for the year 1895. We are pleased to be able to state that these books are very

we are pleased to be able to state that these books are, very neatly and clearly kept, and that all vouchers for expenditure are in good order and clearly account for the same. We have carefully compared the premium entries with the original appli-cations, thus verifying the premium income in detail. We have also examined the securities enumerated in the schedule of as-sets and computed the interest accrued thereon.

sets and computed the interest accrued thereon. As a result of our examination, we have pleasure in certifying that the balance sheet and statement of assets and liabilities cor-rectly exhibit the financial condition of the company as at Dec. 31st, 1895. Al⁻⁻ of which is respectfully submitted. ISRAEL D. BOWMAN, THOS. HILLIARD, Auditors.

Waterloo, January 15th, 1896.

The president, in moving the adoption of the reports, dwelt at at some length on the condition and prospects of the company, and after some discussion the motion was seconded by Mr. John Shuh and carried.

Messrs. H. Kranz and T. Hilliard were appointed scrutineers for receiving and reporting the ballot for the election of direc-tors, viz.: I. E. Bowman, M.P., D. S. Bowlby, M.D., J. H. Webb, M.D., Geo. Moore, John Shuh, Robert Melvin and E. W. B. Snider, Ex-M.P.P., unanimously re-elected directors.

JAMES LOOKIE, Secretary.

WESTERN CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

The 88d annual general meeting of the company was held at its Head Offices, No. 76 Church Street, Toronto, Canada, on Monday, the 17th February, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

The Hon. G. W. Allan, president, in the chair.

THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT.

The directors have much pleasure in laying before the share-holders their thirty-third annual report, showing the results of the company's business for the past year, together with the balance sheet to the 81st December, 1895. After deducting all charges, and writing off a sufficient sum to provide for ascertained losses, the profits of the year amount to

\$144,472.08

Out of this sum have been paid two half-yearly dividends, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum together with the income tax thereon, amounting to \$122,892.30, and the balance has been carried to the credit of the Contingent Fund. The amount now standing at the credit of the Contingent Fund is \$03,005.36. The unsummative on consumption fund is \$03,005.36.

Standing at the credit of the Contingent Fund is \$55,005.36. The repayments on account of mortgage loans, both in Ontario and Manitoba, have been satisfactorily met. The borrowing powers of the company having nearly reached their limit in the early part of the year, obliged the directors to refuse for a time, fresh money offered for investment with the company. The larger part of the debentures, however, falling due during the year, have been renewed on very advantageous terms and any net renewed hour been renewed on year more terms, and any not renewed have been replaced by new money at still lower rates.

The lower rate of interest now obtainable on mortgage loans, having rendered it desirable to reduce the rate of interest here-tofore allowed in the Savings Bank Department, many of those who had been depositors reinvested their moneys in debentures of the company. The total amount of moneys entrusted to the company by

British and Canadian investors is now \$4,470,598.69. The balance sheet and profit and loss account, together with the auditors' report, are submitted herewith.

G. W. ALLAN, -President.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING ON S1ST DEC., 1895.

Liabilities and Assets. LIABILITIES. 1.5 To Shareholders.

Reserve fund	770,000.00	
Contingent Acc't, Dec. 81, 1894		
92,525.68 Contin't. Acc't written off.		
1895 29,520.32		
Contint'. balance, Dec. 81, 1895, Dividend, payable 8th January, 1896	63,005.86 60,000.00	\$2,893,005.8 6
To the Public. Debentures and interest Deposits	\$3,511,460.88 929,187.81	\$2,395,000.80 4,470,598.69
Sundry Accounts, including coupons outstanding		4,410,098.09 505.52
	지 이 가 이가 봐야? 이 아이가 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있다.	\$6.864.109.57

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Assets :	「おい」の構成
Land mortgages	3,564,263.21
Mortgages on other securities	6,989.28
City of Ottawa Debentures	32,441.74
Office premises and Furniture, Toronto and Win-	
nineo 🔨 🖞	125,171.07
Cash on hand and in banks	135,294.32
	0,864,109.57

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Cost of Management, viz.: Salaries, Rent, Inspection and Valuation, Office Expenses, Branch Office,		
Agents' Commissions, Auditors' Fees, &c Directors' Compensation Interest on Deposits	8,590.00 83,749.84	
" Debentures	142,376.22	\$232,294.90

..... 122,892.80 Dividends and tax thereon ... 144,472.08 22,079,78 Carried to Contingent Account..... \$376,766.98 \$876,766.98 Interest on Mortgages and Debentures, Rents, &c...

\$876,766.98 WALTER S. LEE, Managing Director.

TORONTO, 5th February, 1896.

To the Shareholders of the Western Canada Loan & Savings Company :

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to report that we have completed the audit of the books of the Western Canada Loan & Savings Com-pany, and made the usual inspection of the securities, (with the exception of the business of the Manitoba Branch, which has been audited and inspected by a local auditor,) and certify that the above statements of assets and liabilities, and profit and loss, are correct, and show the true position of the company's affairs. The bank balances and cash are certified as correct.

The managing director, Mr. Walter S. Lee, read the annual report and financial statements, which were adopted on motion of the president, who said :

of the president, who said : In moving the adoption of the report and balance sheet which has just been read, I think I may say with confidence, that they present a very satisfactory statement of the year's business, and of the financial position of the company. Having regard to the decline in the rate of interest, the large amount of money seeking investment, the consequently keen competition, and the difficulty in securing thoroughly good mortgage loans on as favorable terms as in former years, it could not be a matter of surprise if the volume of business, during the : year which has just closed, should suffer some diminution. year which has just closed, should suffer some diminution.

Joan which has just closed, should suffer some diminution. I am glad however to say, that, thanks to the energy and zeal of our inspectors and agents, we have been able to secure such an amount of excellent loans, at fair rates of interest, as have en-abled us upon the whole to keep the funds of the company safe-ly and profitably invested.

In regard to the distribution of our investments, I may mention that we have about an equal amount in mortgage loans on farm property in Ontario and Manitoba; while in the city of Toronto, we have been gradually reducing the number of our leans, until they amount to only about one-fifth of our total in-vestments, and these are all secured on properties in the central and business parts of the city.

and business parts of the city. The repayments on our loans during the year have been ex-tremely satisfactory; and in this connection, I may specially men-tion Manitoba, where the magnificent crop of 1895 has not only enabled the farmers to reduce their liabilities, but has even less-ened to some extent the demand for money in that Province. The directors have been fully alive to the necessity for con-tinued care and watchfulness, which the depreciation in the value of real estate requires them to exercise in the selection of their loans: and they have also not hesitated to provide for all as-

their loans; and they have also not hesitated to provide for all as-certained losses, by charging them to the contingent fund, as may be seen by a reference to the balance sheet now in your hands.

In regard to the borrowed money of the company, the state-ment shows that the total amount in debentures and on deposit taken together is less than in 1804. The sterling debentures however are some \$91,000 in excess of last year, while the cur-rency bonds are of the same amount. The reduction is in the amount of money held on deposit, which is \$100,754.62 less than in 1804. in 1894

The directors have for some time past considered it desirable to reduce the amount on deposit in their Savings Bank Branch, and notified their depositors accordingly. A very considerable amount of the money withdrawn in consequence has been re-invested in currency bonds, which are rapidly becoming a very popular form of investment among all classes of the com-munity;

In looking forward to the future, there is no doubt that the superabundance of money seeking investment, the lower rates of interest, and the keen competition for business, reader it in-creasingly difficult to secure as profitable returns as hitherto; nevertheless the directors see no reason whatever to doubt, that with their thoroughly organized and excellent staff of experi-enced and energetic agents in Ontario and Manitoba, the com-nany will always command a large and profitable share of huel pany will always command a large and profitable share of business in both provinces.

ness in both provinces. Having regard, also, to the exceedingly favourable terms upon which the borrowed money of the company is now obtainable, both in Great Britain and Canada, thus meeting to a very con-siderable extent the lower rates of interest on money lent, the directors look forward with confidence to the Western Canada continuing to offer to its shareholders a thoroughly safe and profitable medium for the investment of their money; and be-lieve that the company will continue to maintain the same high and stable position which it has hitherto held among the finan-cial institutions of these brief remarks without again acknowledge

Cial institutions of the country. I cannot close these brief remarks without again acknowledge ing the services of our excellent agents in Great Britain, Messrei Bell, Cowan & Co., of Edinburgh, in the management of our de-benture business, and our constant indebtedness to them for many valuable suggestions in connection therewith. I desire to bear testimony to the strong sense which the direc-tors entertain of the ability and caution with which our manag-ing director continues to discharge his most responsible duties and to express also our sense of the valuable services of the manager at our Winninger office. It is pleasant also to be able

manager at our Winnipeg office. It is pleasant also to be able manager at our writingeg once. It is pleasant also to be able to speak in equally commendatory terms of all the members of our office staff. In this connection however, I have with great regret to mention the death of Mr. F. J. Menet, one of our auditors for the last twenty-two years, which took place since our last meeting. The board appointed Mr. A. Wickson, of Winnipeg, in his place.

Scrutineers having been appointed, a ballot was taken, and the retiring directors, the Hon. George W. Allan, the Hon. Sir David Macpherson, K.C.M.G., and Thos. H. Lee, Esq., were re-elected. These gentlemen, with George Gooderham, Esq., Alfred Gooderham, Esq., George W. Lewis, Esq., and Walter S. Lee, Esq., form the board.

At, a subsequent meeting held by the directors, the Hon. George W. Allan, and George Gooderham, Esq., were re-elected president and vice-president, respectively.

ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE COMPANY.

The twenty-fifth general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario Loan & Debenture Company was held at the company's office, London, Ont., on Wednesday the 12th inst.

The following shareholders were present, viz. : Messrs. John McClary, A. S. Emery, William Bowman, William McDonough. W. A. Gunn, Albion Parfit, A. M. Smart, Albert O. Jeffrey, John G. Richter, P. W. D. Broderick, &c., &c. The president, Mr. John McClary, was in the chair. The manager, Mr. William F. Bullen, acting as secretary.

The annual roport, as follows, was taken as read :-

REPORT.

This company has now been in existence for a quarter of a century. Your directors, therefore, have the pleasure of sub-mitting the twenty-fifth annual report and balance sheet for the

year ending 31st December last. The sum of \$500,113.99 has been loaned, and \$742,083.85, prin-cipal and interest, has been repaid. Your directors, in view of the continued steady decline in the rate of interest, have found considerable difficulty in procuring satisfactory investments and

the previous year. After paying the usual dividend, at the rate of per cent., the sum of \$12,000 has been added to the Reserve und.

Fund. Properties foreclosed and owned, and properties brought to sale and unsold at the end of the year, show a slight decrease, and are as set forth in the accompanying accounts. The rate of interest on all our borrowed capital is being gradually reduced. All maturing debentures are either renewed at lower rates or paid off. Starling debentures outstanding at the end of the year amount to £357,305, as compared with £367,-992 at the end of the previous year—showing a decrease of £10,-687, while currency debentures 'have increased \$34,400 during the same time. the same time.

We have again to acknowledge the valuable services of our financial agents in Scotland, Messrs. Mylne & Cook, C.A., of Edinburgh.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN MCCLARY, President.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.	
Interest on Sterling debentures \$ 69	.218.88
	.850.26
Savings bank interest	489.02
	160.43
Commission and expenses in connection with loans	3.538.98
Expenses of management.	9.230.71
가는 그의 눈물 것 것 같아요. 것 글 것 같아요. 그는 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 말 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 한 것 같아요.	

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Income tax paid Dividend No. 63, paid July 2nd, 1895 Dividend No. 64, due January 2nd, 1896 Carried to Reserve fund Balance carried forward	42,000.00
	\$222,246.87

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

ASSETS.

 Mortgage on real estate	\$8,594,868 88 186,896.08 50,950.60 29,500,00 56,177.44 72,0°0.00 2,893.20 266,406.89
•	

LIABILITIES.

\$4,209,698.09

Liabilities to the public— Sterling debentures Accrued interest on same	\$1,738,887.57 17,394.75	I
Currency debentures Accrued interest on same Sayings bank deposits	8,878.69	228,124.69
·····		\$2,505,108.24
Surplus Liabilities to the shareholders— Capital stock, paid up	· ·	

Dividend No. (94 (SIDCe paid)	42,000.00	
Reserve fund		450,000.00	
		12,000.00	
Balance at cred	it of Revenue account.	584.85	
		· \$1,70)4,584.85
. 1	- Wr	LIAM F. BULLE	N,
		- Mai	lager.

To the Shareholders of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company :

We hereby certify that we have audited the books and ac-counts of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company for the year 1895, comprising a monthly cash audit and the verification of the postings and balances in all the company's books, and we find the whole correct and in accordance with the above state-ments. We have also argamined the securities and find them We have also examined the securities, and find them GEO. F. JEWELL, F.C.A., A. M. SMART, London, Ont., Jan. 20th, 1896. The president in mark ments.

A. M. SMART, A. M. SMART, London, Ont., Jan. 20th, 1896. The president, in moving the adoption of the annual report, said: "I may say that the financial statement in the hands of the shareholders speaks for itself. I think I am warranted in assuming it to be highly satisfactory in view of surrounding conditions. There never was a time when greater care was re-quired and has been bestowed by your directors in scrutinizing the business of the company. Our securities are in good shape. All properties on hand and unsold at the end of the year have as usual been carefully re-valued and reported on by the com-pany's inspectors and taken into account at their valuations, and I am led to think it would be a good investment for a private capitalist to take over the entire quantity at the prices placed on them. I need not remind our shareholders that not all the good things in life are confined to one business. The average early investors in loan company's stocks, when the rate of interest was high, have enjoyed good dividends with increased value of their shares. Desirable, secure dividend-paying stocks for per-manent investment in this country have been limited. Loan companies have been for many years a favored investment to such an extent that it has enticed excessive capital from less productive investments, resulting in lower rates of interest and reduced earnings for the company. The depreciation in values of the products of the farm has resulted in a steady depreciation in the value of farm properties, with very little changing hands, consequently a light demand for money for purchasing. In my judgment there never was so favorable a time for purchasing farm property. Our farms are among the most desirable in the world, considering soil, climate and rainfall. I feel called on to impress on our shareholders, if the present low accessfully compete for the most desirable business, which means the lowest current rates on a high class of security. Loaning on less desirable se-curity with increased rates means the en

earnings in keeping with the reduced earning power of money, they have to accept the inevitable. This company with its large reserve fund should always be able to pay in dividends one per-cent. higher than the current loanable rates for money on a high class of real estate security, and still make a substantial annual addition to the reserve fund. If any shareholder re-quires any further information I shall be pleased to give it to him. " I will now move the adoption of the report." The vice-president said :

The vice-president said : Before seconding the adoption of the report, I would say that when we take into consideration the excessively low rates of in-terest prevailing the past year, together with the difficulty of making desirable loans, the report, I think, will be a favorable one. For some time heretofore we have found it necessary to have our own inspectors make personal inspections and valua-tion of nearly every property which has been offered for a loan before advancing the money ; this somewhat increases the ex-penses, but it is the only safe course to pursue. The large sum of \$724,000 has been repaid by borrowers during the year, and speaks well as to the care exercised by your directors in the selection of securities. The properties foreclosed and owned, and properties brought to sale and unsold at the end of the year, are nearly all temporarily leased, and yield a fair rate of interest on the the investment. These properties have each been re-valued and taken in at such figures as, should there be a reasonable deand taken in at such figures as, should there be a reasonable de-mand for farms, will insure a speedy sale, ` I fully concur in the remarks of the president. "I will now second the adoption of the report."

The motion adopting the report was carried unanimously, and the retiring directors, Messrs John McClary, A. S. Emery, Wil-liam Bowman, William McDonough and W. A. Gunn, were re-

Ham Bowman, withian McDonough and W. A. Gunn, were re-elected for the ensuing year. Messrs. George F. Jewell, F.C.A., and A. M. Smart were re-appointed auditors for the ensuing year. At a subsequent meeting of the board, Mr. John McClary was re-elected president, and Mr. A. S. Emery, vice-president.

LEGAL RECORD, &c.

Week ended Feb. 10, 1896.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments Rendered for sums of \$300 and upwards, and Chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sums of \$550 and upwards :

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

February	12.	۰,

February 13.

- February 14

February 17.

Ξų.

- Montreal—Leitch & Turnbull vs. E. M. H. Beard, \$1,000; R. Audette et al vs —Colette, \$1,229; M. Barsalou vs Hamilton Glass Co., \$9,732.
 St. Stanislas—Laporte, Martin & Cie. vs E. Rinfret...... 809
 Westmount—Julia A. Cadwell vs R. I. Wynne et al...... 850

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

February 12.	
Baden-R. R. Johnston vs. Jas. Livingstone	0
Cayuga N-F. W. Lambier vs. H. & S. Delameter 40	9
Dunnville-Delilah Cowell vs. Job Phipps	55
Galt—J. Betzner vs. Thos. Keachie	37 -
Goderich-Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. Coal Co. vs. Jos. Kide	đ,
\$517.	
Hamilton-P. Arland vs Henry Arland 12,70)0
London-R. Rae vs Tunis Griffith	39
Ottawa-Wall & Co. vs. F. H. Martelock	
Verulam Tp-Can. L. & N. I. Co. vs. Chas. Fairbairn 2,05	i5
Woolwich-H. Vollmar vs. H. S. Funk et al	11

C. Rice vs. Mimico Real Est. Security Co. Ltd., \$2,199.

Hamilton-G. E. Mills vs. Dominion Construction Co.	et al,
\$998.	4 000
Ottawa-Patterson & Jolly vs. J. B. Abbott	1,086
St. Catharines-R. Darche vs. E. T. U. Reed	1.114
Toronto-J. Montgomery vs. H. Gourlay, \$3,585; J. Gray	& Co.
vs. McWillie Bros., \$1,262.	
February	14.

Brantford—C. Caron vs A. R. Williams Mach Co..... 1,000 Grantham Tp—A. Moot vs. John & Emma J. Betts..... 477 London—H. Cargill & Son vs W. Willis & Co...... 976 Markham Tp—L. Guthrie vs. S. G. Burkholder 607 Toronto—J. H. Ewart vs R. H. Bowes et al, \$630; Toronto Gen'l Trusts vs G. & M. A. Evans, \$9,761; Jane E. Hovenden vs S. E. Townsend, assignee, \$2,012. February 17.

February 17.

- Woolwich Tp-W. S. Mi G. S. Miller \$419.

WRITS ISSUED, MANITOBA

February 12.

- Winnipeg-J. McNeill vs. A. J. Ross..... February 13.
- Elkhorn-J. Macdonald & Co. vs. R. M. Coombs & Co., \$1,875; Knox, Morgan & Co. vs. R. J. Spratt & Co., \$335; G. D. Wood & Co. vs. H. W. Sleep, \$5,658.

WRITS ISSUED, B. C.

February 18. Golden-Golden Lumber Co. vs. E. N. Murphy..... 750 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

February 12.

- Montreal-Bank of Commerce agt W. B. Davidson et al, Pillow & Hersey Mfg. Co. agt. D. S. MacIntyre, \$416. St. Sophie-H. Hogan agt. P. N. Kennedy..... \$425;
- 572 February 13.
- Montreal-Dme. M. Laurin et vir agt. Scottish Union & Nat. Ins. Co., \$900.

, February 14.

- Montreal-Montreal L. & M. Co. agt. M. N. Roy et al.. 513
 Point Claire-A. Letang agt. Cie Chemin Peage Point Claire, \$2,587.
 St. Henri-Montreal L. & M. Co. agt W. H. Macalpine, 0146
- \$2,146
- St. Ursulé-E. Morin agt. R. Pichette..... 1,097 February 17.
- Montreal—R. Mallette agt. G. Meunier, \$320; Banque du Peuple agt J. P. Whelan et al, \$551.
 Sault Aux Recollet—Montreal L. & M. Co. agt A. Pepin, \$600; Montreal L. & M. Co. agt. N. Pepin, \$600; Montreal L. & M. Co. agt W. Pepin, \$600.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

February 12.

- Goderich-R. Thompson agt. Jas. Porter, A. Whitely & J. H.
- Waterloo Tp-F. W. Tuerk agt. D. M. & Jane A. Shoemaker, \$358.

1.51

February 14.

- Thurlow Tp-D. Graham agt W.-H. Campbell 1,029 February 17.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, MANITOBA.

February 13. Winnipeg-T. May & Co. agt. Robt. Elliott, \$648; Ogilvie Milling Co. agt. J. G. Dennison, \$862.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

February 18.

Vancouver-C. P. Wolley agt. J. M. Buxton 1,848 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA.
February_14.
Louisburg-McAlpine & Townshend, G.S.; for \$ 389 Northport-F. Brownell, G.S. for \$458 & 381
CHATTEL MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. February 12.
Arnprior-W. A. Brown to H. W. W. Gardner, \$1,000; Mrs. Effic
J. Halliday to W. Halliday, \$1,800. Cobourg—H. J. Snelgrove & wife to W. P. Hoskin 700
Colborne Tp—Peter McEwan to J. Ransford
Goderich Tp-E. C. Potter to J. Proctor
Hamilton—Mrs. A. E. Lambé to J. A. Mackenzie 4,815 Ridgetown—Geo. Richardson to C. Campbell 1,600
Toronto-Thos, McQuain to J. L. Doyle
Toronto Junc-Fawcett & Spurr to Laura Spurr 1,000
Toronto N-Mrs. Thos. Moore to Gwatkin & Son 1,100 Wawanosh W. Tp-T. J. Davidson to J. Irwin 700
February 18.
Amherstburg—J. W. Gibb to P. B. Leighton
Meagher to Can. Sav. & Loan Co., \$672.
Clarence Tp—S. Windsor to H. Moffatt
Plantagenet S. Tp-J. Johnston to H. Moffat
Toronto-Mrs. Mary J. Piper to Louise Carruthers 633
Windsor-Maria Wilkinson to Harvey & Van Norman 1,593 February 14.
Dunwich-Mrs. Janet Bennett to A. McCrimmon 616
Hamilton-O. H. & B. H. Webber to Molsons Bank 6,628
St. Thomas—G. Ordish to W. E. Idsardi
Toronto-Toronto Cycle Co. to T. A. Crow
February 17. ,
Belleville-C. P. Holton to Sir Mackenzie Bowell 9,000
Berlin-Mrs. Martha Stubing to Randall & Roos
Ingersoll—T. A. Bellamy to C. J. Bellamy \$1.878 & 1.918
Kingston-W. H. Potter to J. McParland
Norwich N—Jos: Kelso, Jr. to E. Pettit
Oshawa-W. M. Wightman to J. Cowan
Smith's Falls-C. H. Wallace et ux to Levy, Bros. & Co., 810
Thorold—Mrs. J. R. Fraser to Can. Perm. L. & S. Co 1,000 Toronto—R. A. Bolton et al to A. Maclean, \$619; W. C. Price to
J. Soby, \$4,270; J. F. Shaw to McMahon, Broadfield & Co., \$1,500.
Westminster Tp-C. W. Hourd to J. Johnston
Whitby Tp-Robt. Hinton to Sawyer-Massey Co 860 Woodstock-J. R. & Mary J. Oliver to Oxford Perm. L. & S. Scy., \$940.
CHATTEL MORTGAGES, MANITOBA.
February 12. Carberry—J. G. Fitch to MacKenzie, Powis & Co 599
February 13,
Gleichen-V. J. & P. Beaupre to E. A. Beaupre 8,000 CHATTEL MORTGAGES, B.C.
February 18,
Kamloops-G. P. Raven to D. Campbell
Scultto et al to A. Fairon, \$800. Vernon—Padmore & Peers to Mary A. Meakin 1,500 February 14
February 14. Rossland—Hy. Dalton to Josephine Dalton
BILLS OF SALE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
Ridgetown-Mat. Campbell to G. Richardson 1,600
February 13.

- Millbrook-W. T. Wood to Millbrook Elec Lgt Co. February 14.
- Ingersoll-M. T. Buchanan to J. W. Cameron 14,000 BILLS OF SALE, MANITOBA & N.W.T. February 12.
- Calgary-Hawkey & Co. to W. Pitman, jr., \$2,000; J. Sharples to J. Halenback, \$3,500.

BILLS OE SALE, N.B. February 12,

St. John-L. G. Holder & Co., machinists, for 900 - BILLS OF SALE, B. C.

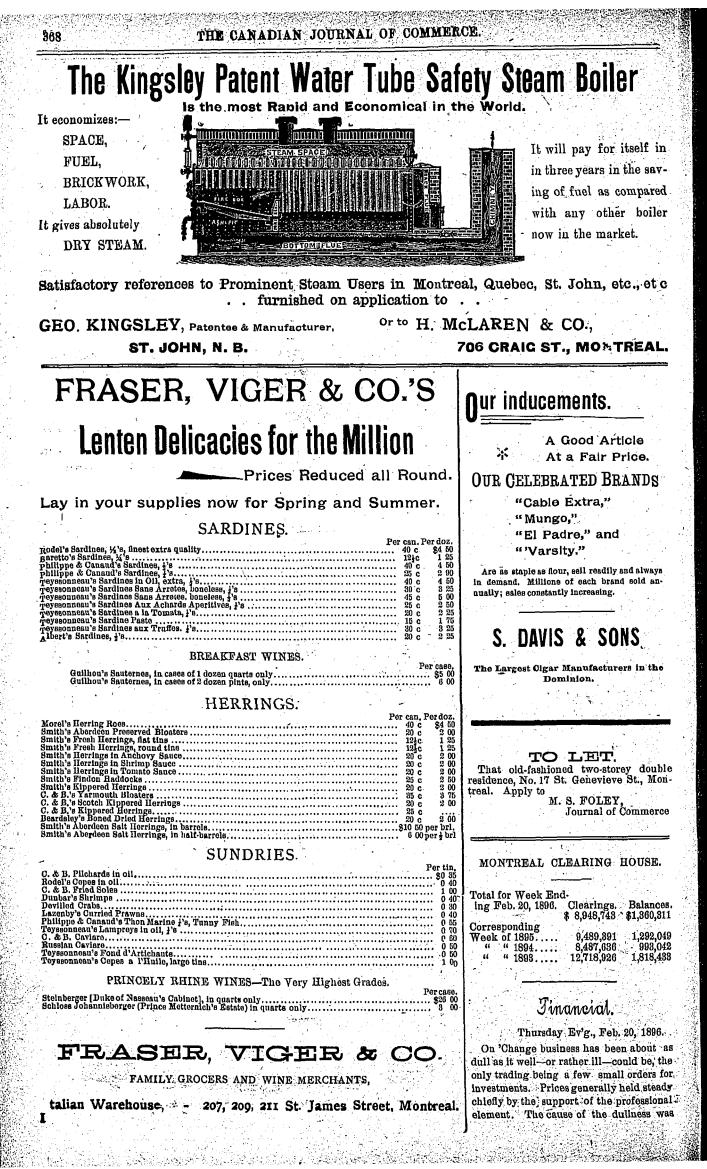
February 14.

Wellington-E. Mormon to Leiser & Hamburger.....\$8,000 BILLS OF SALE, N.S.

Eatonville-C. F.& F. R. Eaton, lumber, for \$24,000 Westchester-N. C. Halliday, lumber, for

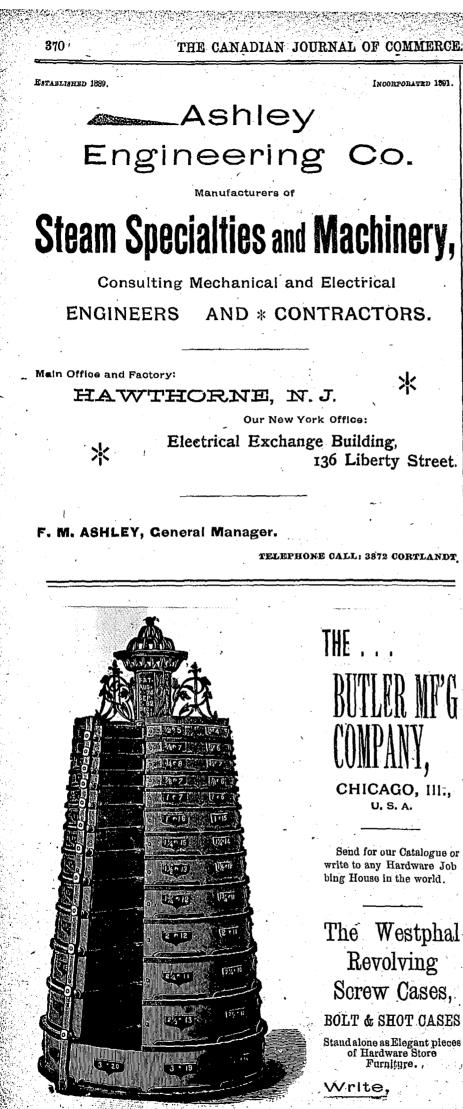
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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.



Sixties, 914 to 93% ; demand, 9 5-8 to 9%; cables, 9% to 9%. Counter rates are: Sixtles, 91/2 to 91/4, demand, 91/2 to 91/8; cables, 10: The following are the tran-sactions for the week as per Messrs. Charles Meredith & Co., stockbrokers.

BANKS.	Shares.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average Last Yea
B'k British N. A.	4	104%	1041	
Commerce	49	186	186	1371
Montreal	45	219	218	220
Molsons	10	175	175	171
Union	2	99	99	· · ·
Toronto	2	288	238	••••
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Cable	635	1601	158	1461/2
Can. Pacific	810	581	6716	491
Gas	240	2011/2	200%	198
Mt. St Rv.	415	2181%	217 12	1861
Toronto Ry	20	761%	76	7812
Bell Tel	- 4	158	158	155%
Telegraph	104	165	1681%	157%
Duluth Com.	200	61/4	61/2	4
Mont. Cotton. Co	78	182	130	
Col'd Cot. Bd's\$	1500	991/4	991/4	
			7-8	

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

Toronto advices report business very quiet. Wheat and dressed hogs are weaker while flour and groceries are unchanged. Money continues very firm and call loan rates are now 6 per cent. Business in stocks was exceedingly dull, owing to the difficulty in obiaining loans. Our detailed report of the Toronto markets is unavoidably crowded out.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. Thursday Evg., Feb. 20th, 1896.

A more hopeful feeling is noted. The volume of trade during the past week has been larger than for some time past. Wholesale grocers report trade for February as nearly 50 per cent. better so far than for January. Sugars are quite strong, and an advance is possible at any moment in New York and also here. Canned goods: and fish have been more active. Dry goods merchants report firm markets and fair business, while wool, though quiet, has an advancing tendency, although the demand from Boston is somewhat easier. Paints, oils, leather and other lines have been fairly active, and in Petroleum an advance of %c in Canadian and 1c in American has been recorded. In grain the feature has been an advance in oats and decline in wheat. Collections are reported somewhat improved, but there are frequent complaints on this score as yet.

BOOTS AND SHOES - Manufacturers are busy shipping, and report a steady business, principally for the finest goods. Prices are unchanged.

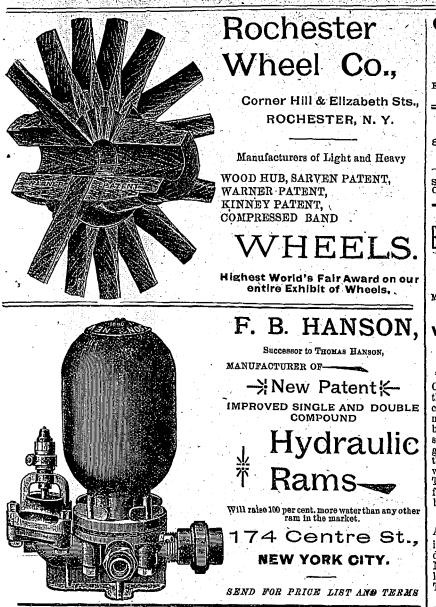
CEMENT-Business rules quiet at unchanged prices. No marked activity is looked for until next month. English sells at \$2.05 to \$2.15; Belgian, \$1.95 to \$2.05.

DRESSED HOGS-Market continues firm ; light weights in demand at \$5.65 to \$5.75, and heavy weights at \$5.50 to \$5.60 per 100 lbs.

Day Goods-A better demand is noted for staple goods, and wholesale houses are busy shipping. Cable advices are that manufacturers of Berlin wools and all kinds of woollen yarns have advanced their prices 2d per lb., and the tendency is higher. Other lines of cotton and woollen goods are firm, and the prospects are for an advance here later on. Collections are reported improved, and in some cases bet-

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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.



ter than last year. The city trade has been fair, "removal" sales having stimulated activity.

FISH—Although Lent has stimulated business somewhat, it is still below what has been noted in previous years. A fair demand exists for fresh fish, while salt shows little change. Green cod is again higher, No. 1 selling at \$4.50 to \$4.75, No. 1 large, \$5 to \$5.25, draft \$5.50 to \$5.75, and No. 2, \$2 to \$2.25. The last named is said to be of poor quality and almost unsaleable. In the fresh fish market a feature is the growing popularity of haddock. It solls freely at from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4c.

FLOUR—A brisk demand exists for both Ontario and Manitoba grades, and prices hold fairly steady. Manitoba patents sell at \$4.20 and strong. bakers at \$4.15. Ontario straight roller solls at \$4 to \$4.10, same as last week. In the meal and feed markets a fair amount of business is noted, but prices rule about the same.

GRAIN—A docline of 2c in the price paid to Manitoba farmers for wheat was the feature of the week. Farmers now receive 48c, but deliveries are still light. Oats have again advanced, owing to an improved demand, sales having been made at 314c. Some holders now ask 31½c. Peas are selling West in small quantities for export, while barley is quiet.

GREEN FRUIT—Advances are again reported in oranges, while the demand is fair. Valencias sell at \$8.75 to \$4.50; Mossina, \$2 to\$2.50, and California \$3 to \$4.50. The few Jamaicas remaining sell at \$7 to \$8.50 per brl. Lighter receipts of lemons

have led to expectations of a better market. Quotation is \$1.75 to \$3. Some fair sized sales of apples have been made at at \$3.00 to \$3.75 for fancy Baldwins, and \$4 to \$4.50 for Spys. Off grades of different varieties realize \$1.50 to \$2.25. Some small ehipments of California cauliflower have been received and sell at \$5.50 per crate of 20 to 30 head. Other lines show no change. To-day there were sold by auction one car each of California oranges, lemons and apples. Fair prices were realized.

GROCERIES—Canned and salt fish and canned fruits have had an active week, the Lenten season, together with better country roads, having stimulated business. Other lines have not been neglected, sugar holding strong, with a fair business. Prices remain the same as last week, but another advance in New York would influence a similar advance here. Some small country orders for tea have been filled. Arrivals of dried fruit have been light, and the demand is good. Rice, coffee and molasses show no change from a week ago, with a fair business doing.

HARDWARE—Business continues quiet with no change in prices. The quarterly meeting of nail manufacturers will be held on Friday, but it is not anticipated that any changes will be made. From a circular recently issued, we notice that owing to the combination among wire manufacturers, merchants and consumers in the Province of Quebec, are charged higher prices than merchants in Ontario, although the wire is made here. Quotations are nominally the same for both provinces, but goods are sold delivered free of charge in



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Celebrated Buhring Water Purifying Machines.

Ontario, while in the Province of Quebec the purchaser pays freight. The same condition is said to apply to cut and wire nails. Collections are reported a shade better. Manufacturers of "soft centre" steel in the U. S. have succeeded in amalgamating the last recalcitrant concern in the business. This, it will be remembered, was herein referred to about a year ago. The arrangements of this combine provide for a pro rata distribution among the members.

HIDES—No change is reported in prices. A small business is noted, but the supply is quite equal to the demand. Tanners are doing little. Quotations are: No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 5c; No. 3, 4c. A lot of sheepskins is offered in Toronto at from 72c to 93c. There are about 5,000 of each.

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LEATHER—The market is quiet, with a firm undertone. A number of small transactions have been noted on local account, chiefly in Dongola and colored, while the export demaud for sole and black is good. Prices here are unchanged, although advances in American markets may lead to similar advances here.

PAINTS AND OILS—Little local business has been done, but orders continue to come in for forward delivery. Collections, however, are only moderate. Linseed oil is firm, and the crushers in Baden are said to have none to offer before about June. Complaints of "cutting" have been general in Toronto for some time, but it is understood that this has ceased, as a result of meetings of trade representatives that have been held. Turpentine is steady at 45 to 46c.

POULTRY—The demand for fresh killed continues, but held frozen stock moves slowly. Good chickens and ducks are very scarce, consequently prices are firm. Chickens, 8 to 10c; turkeys, 8 to 9½c; ducks, 8 to 10c, and geese, 6 to 7c.

PETROLEUM — American marilets are strong and advancing, and in sympathy, Canadian refiners have advanced prices. The continued scarcity of crude has also had an effect; demand is good. Canadian refined is now quoted at 15% to 16%c; American P. W. 19 to 20c; W. W., 20% to 21c.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS-Cheese is very dull, the demand for export being small. Some few lots are moving for local account, but as stocks here are heavier than had been expected, the market is not

THE CANADIAN JUURNAL OF COMMERCE.

SURETYSHIP.

The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.

The GUARANTEE Co. OF NORTH AMERICA.

Capital Authorized. - - - -\$1.000.000 Paid up in Cash (no notes) - -804,600 Resources. 1.225.572 *Deposit with Dom. Gov't, - -57,000

THE BONUS SYSTEM

of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of One-half per cent. per annum is reached.

This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this continent over thirty years ago, and has since ac-tively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients.

Over \$1,140,000 have been paid in Claims to Employers.

President and Managing Director:

EDWARD RAWLINGS. EDWARD RAWLINGS. Vice-President. - . . . WM. J. WITHALL Secretary and Treasurer, - ROBERT KERR. SELKIRK CROSS, 0.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & COMMON, Auditors.

HEAD OFFICE: Dominion Square, Corner Metcalfe St., MONTREAL

*N.B.-This Company's Deposit is the largest made for Guarantee business by any Company, and is not liable for the responsibilities of any other risks.

BAYLIS MNFG. CO'Y

Manufacturers of

Varnishes, Japans White Lead,

Colored Paints Dry Colors, Printing Ink, Machinery Oils and Axle Grease. And Dealers in

Painters' &-Printers' Materials Gen rally

16 to 28 NAZARETH STREET, MONTREAL.

. AND . JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.	Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co 100 1,350,000 1,350,000 Toronto Electric Light Co 100 500,000 1,350,000 Toronto Street Railway 100 6,000 6,000 Union Loan and Sav. 50 3,000,000 1,350,000 Western Loan & Trust Co 50 1,000,000 1,350,000 Windsor Hotel
Brighton Man	ufacturing Co.
Z5 YARDS MOHAIR BRIGHTON: MANUFACTU	G COS PARRANTED FAST COLOR
Manufacturers of Dress Guard & Ti	re Lancing Cord.
P· O. BO	X 1395, Rochester, N.Y,

NAME.	Par	Capital Sub-	Capital	Rest.	Div.	Dates of	Per Cent Price	Cash
	Val'e.	scribed.	paid-up.		6 Me	Dividends.	(Feb.20	per S.
					<u></u>			
British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce	248 <u>7</u> 50	4,866,666 6,000,000	4,865,666 6,000,000	1,888,888 1,200,000	21 <u>4</u> 31 <u>4</u>	Apl. Oct June Dec.	240 186	684 40 68 00
Commercial, Windsor Dominion Du Peuple	40 50	500,000 1,500,000	288,640 1,500,000	95,000 1,500,000	3 5 & 1	May Nov	105 238 6	42 00 119 00 8 00
Eastern .Townships Hamilton	50 100	1,500,000 1,250,000	1,499,905 1,250,000	720,000 675,000	3¼ 4	Jan July June Dec	135 152	67 50 152 00
Hochelaga Imperial Jacques Cartier	100 100 25	800,000 1,963,600	800,000 1,962,310 500,000	820,000 - 1,156,175 235,000	8 & 1 4 8½	June Dec June Dec June Dec	115 182 1/ 100	115 00 182 50 25 00
Merchants' Can	100 100	500,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000	6,000,000 1,500,000	8,000,000 975,000	4 81/2	June Dec Aug Feb	164 163	164 00 168 00
A Molsons	50 200 30	12,000,000	2,000,000 12,000,000 1,200,000	1,875,000	4&1	April Oct June Dec	218	86 50 486 00
A Nationale New Brunswick Ontarlo.,	100	1,200,000 500,000 1,500,000	500,000	80,000 525,000 40,000		Jan July June Dec	70 249 77	21 00 949 00 77 00
People's of N. B	100 150	1,500,000	1,500,000 180,000	925,000 115,000	4	June Dec Jan July	158%	158 75
Quebec St. Stephen's Standard	100 100 50	2,500,000 200,000 1,000.000	2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000	500,000 45,000 600,000	8	June Dec April Oct June Dec		115 00 162 00
Tóronto Traders Union (Halifax)	100 100 50	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,800,000	5.	June Dec	238 98	288 00 98 00
Union of Can Ville Marie	100 100	700,000 500,000 1,200,000 500,000	418,040	280,000	18.	Jan July June Dec	123 97 72½	61 50 97 00 72 50
Agri. Sav. and Loan Co Bell Telephone Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co Brit. Mortg. Loan Co	50 100 100	630,000	626,006 8.168,000	800.000) 4º /.	Jan July Quarterly Jan July	156 <u>%</u> 109	156 50
Building and Loan Assoc	100 25 100	1,620,000 450,000 750,000 2,700,000	811,978 750 000 2,700,000	75,000	8%	July Jan July	65	109 00 16 25
Can. Colored Cot. Mills Co Can. Landed & Nat'l Inv't Co Can. Perm. Loan and Say		2,000,000 2,008,000 5,000,000 750,000	1,004,000	850.000	3½ 5	Oct Jan July Jan July	45 107 140	45 00 107 00 70 00
Can. Sav. and Lean Co Central Can. Lean & Sav. Co. Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co	50 100 50-	750,000	1,400,000	195,000	∦_ 3	June Dec Jan July July Dec	111 120	55 00 120 00
Dominion Telegraph Co Dominion Cotton Mills Co	50 100	1.000.000	1,000,000		1½	Jan-Qtly Mar-Qtly	126 88	40 50 63 00 88 00
Farmers' Loan and Sav. Co Freehold Loan and Sav. Co Hamilton Prov. and Loan	50 100 100	3,000,000 1,057,250 8,223,500 1,500,000	611,430 1,319,100 1,100,000	659,650	S1/2 4 81/2	May Nov June Dec Jan July	112	50 50 112 00 115 00
Home Say. and Loan Co Huron & Brie Loan & Say. Co Imperial Loan and Inv. Co	100 50 100	2,000,000	200,000	400 000	816	Jan July Jan July	135 170	185 00 85 00
Landed Banking and Loan Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag	100 50	840,000 700,000 5,000,000	1. 700,000	405.000	8 3½ 8	Jan July Jan July Mch Ser	118	104 00 118 00 54 00
London Loan Co Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba & North-W. Ln Co.	50 100 100	679,700 2,750,000 1,500,000 2,000,000	659,050 559,000 375,000	160'000	31/2	Jan. July Jan July Jan July	110	51 00 110 00 95 00
Montreal Telegraph Co Montreal Gas Co	40 40	2,000,000			2	Jan-Qtly April Oc	168	95 00 65 20 79 90
Montreal Street Ry. Co Montreal Cotton Co	50 100	1,800,000	1 4 400 000		4	May Nov March—Qtly		108 59
Montreal Loan and Mortg	100	600,000 500,000	600,000 500,000	300,00	4 81/2	Feb Ang Mch Sej	120 184	127 00 120 00 33 50
Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ont. Loan and Deb. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co	100 50 50	466,800 2,000,000 600,000 581,000	314,816 1,200,000 600,000	450,00	0 8%	Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul	125	80 00 62 50 20 00
Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co	100	1,350,000	1.1.000,000	50,00 250,00	0 8	Jan Jul	65 75	82 50 75 00
Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Street Railway Union Loan and Sav. Co	100	500,00 6,000 1,000,00	679.642	20,00 5 260,00	NII	Quarterly Jan Jul	185 76 110	185 00 76 00 55 00
Western Can. Loan and Sav. Western Loan & Trust Co Windsor Hotel	50 50	8,000,000	7 1.000.000) 770.00	0 5	Jan Jul	146	73 0

STOCKS AND BONDS.

firm. Fall makes sell at 9 to 91/c, and summer goods at 81% to 81/c. The cable is unchanged at 45s. In butter, creamery is unchanged at 45s. In butter, creamery is jobbing out on local account at 20 to 21c, dairy at 14 to 16c, and rolls at 14 to 15c. Good quality rolls are reported scarce. Provisions are firm, while eggs remain about steady. The colder weather has helped trade somewhat, as also has lighter receipts. Boiling stock sells at 18 to 20c; held stock, 18 to 15c; Montreal limed, 12 to 14c, and Western limed, 11 to 12c. -

SEEDS-The spring trade is just opening up, the principal business being in Western timothy at \$2,20 to \$2.50 per bushel, and red clover at about 9c per lb. Cana-dian seeds are not yet offered.

WOOL-Prices continue firm locally, bu sales are slow. New York advices are that prices have advanced there, and this may affect local markets. In London some 0,000 bales low wools mostly Persian were offered. Nearly all were sold, white Per-slan realizing 1/4 to 1/4, and colored 1/4 above the November prices.

STORES OF GOLD.

A Washington correspondent writes to the New York Journal : How did Russia amass the immense store of gold which she has offered to Uncle Sam ?

The answer is simple. She has been for ever so long a hoarder of the yellow

FOR THE SEASON 1895-96

We are placing on this market the Finest Assortment of

Ever produced in this country, consisting of over one hundred and fifty lines . .

AND SHOES

RUBBER BOOTS

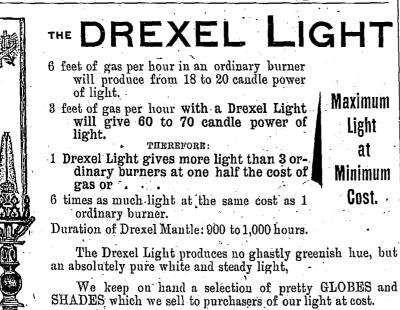
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MONTREAL.

metal, withdrawing from circulation not only the product of her own mines, but also the foreign coin and gold bars imported into the country. Hardly any gold leaves Russia, while she receives annually from outside \$60,000,000 to \$90,000,000 worth of it. Thus she has got together a a gigantic heap of specie by draining the channels of the monetary circulation of the world. The treasury of the Czar now contains about \$680,000,000 in gold.

It is not known why Russia has adopted this policy of hoarding. Perhaps it may have been for the purpose of improving her credit and financial standing among the powers. If so, the plan has been successful. It has been contended by other authorities that the gold is a war fund.

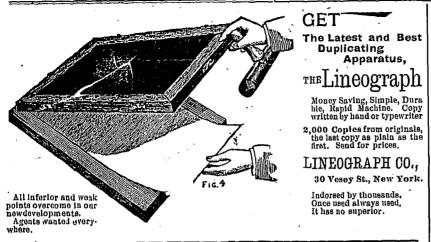
fund. Ever since the dawn of history India has been gathering gold and hiding it away. Pliny, who died in '79 A.D., complained that India drew from the great Roman Empire not less than \$2,700,000 in gold and silver yearly. A Frenchman named Bernier, in 1609, writing a report to his Government from Delhi, said that "the gold and silver of the world, after circulating for some time, finally flow to India, as into an abyss from which there is no return." It was estimated by Dr. Soetbeer that during the half century previous to 1885 India boarded \$1,500,000,000 of silver and gold—nearly one-third of the total amount of coinage in circulation in the world.

Treasures of great value are possessed by many Indian princes. Maharajah of Burdwau died, and the stock of gold and silver left by him was so large that no member of the family could make an accurate estimate of it. A report made to the British Government by a secref: agent stated that on the estate of the defunct po-





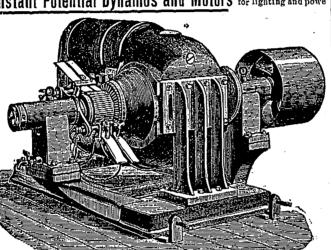
网络小白藻色 经补偿



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ADVANTAGES CLAIMED: Substantial construction; smooth running and durable; well protected from external injury; parts easily r o m o ve d for repairs Automatic Solf-Lubricating Journals, wastes no oil; current generated with least sparking consequently small wear of Commutator and prashes.

orushes. Perfectly self regulating and so simple any man of ordinary ability can run them.



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Belonging to MR. GEORGE FURNISS situated at L'ORIGNAL, ONT., CAN.

The property consists of 95 acres and is a Point of land immediately adjoining the Village of L'Original and stretching out on the Ottawa River, with a shore line fully one mile in length on the East side and half a mile on the West.

L'Original is a County Town, having the Court House and Jail of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, L'Original being in the County of Prescott. Its population is 1,000. It is 60 miles from Montreal and 60 from Ottawa.

The whole Point is one solid body of clay, forming a perfectly level plateau, with a slight incline to the Eastern shore and with a height of 25 to 35 feet above the water. The banks are perpendicular and the clay is clearly exposed. The shore is river sand in never failing quantities.

This saud is used in very largely for building purposes and is always replaced during the high water in the spring by a fresh deposit from the river.

The Point has a splendid site for a wharf, which is the only possible place of shipment, by water, for any of the clay which extends some acres above the Point.

The Montreal & Ottawa R. R. is built to within 15 miles from L'Original and in a year or two at most, will be completed to L'Original and would pass within half a mile of the property.

Labor is of the cheapest. Firewood costs from \$1.25 per cord to \$2.00 for the best hardwood.

The Point is completely cleared and at present is all under hay. It is considered the most beautiful Point on the Ottawa River.

Extensive tests have been made at McGill University by Professor Bovey, with samples of vitrified brick made from this clay. It has stood a higher pressure test than any brick on record, and the building brick (facing) is said by experts to surpass anything known on this continent. It will also make the finest Terra Cotta and Pottery. The vitrified brick takes a polish superior to granite and is harder than that stone.

The proprietor is willing to sell the property or form a company for the manufacture of brick, etc.

For full particulars address the proprietor.

GEO. FURNISS, L'ORIGNAL, Ontario, Can.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1896.

Name fArticle.		Wholesale,		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of A rticle.	Wholesale
Boots and Shoes Brogans or Cobourgs Split Balmorals Buff " or Congress Split Boots Kip " Grain " \$2.00 to \$3.00, Fe Felt Boots, half fox \$		Mens. Boys. \$0 60 0 80 \$0 60 \$35 0.90 1 40 1 00 1 20 1 90 1 60 1 00 1 25 1 90 1 60 1 00 1 25 1 60 2 00 1 10 1 60 2 00 3 00 1 50 2 00 2 00 3 00 1 2 0 1 60	Youths. \$0 55 \$0 50 0 70 0 80 0 75 1 00 0 90 1 15 0 85 1 10 1 00 1 00	Binder Twine. Good mixed Pure manilis Brooms.	\$ c. \$ c. 0 00 0 061 0 071	Soda Ash Soda Bicarb Sal. Soda "Concentrated	1 2 80 2 50
Split Batts or Bals Kip Pebbled or Buff Bals Pebbled Button, Machine Sev Glazed Buff Button. " Goat " Polish Calf " French Kid " Dongola Kid '	wed	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Childs, 0 55 0 65 0 65 0 75 0 70 0 80 0 50 0 70 0 80 1 85 0 90 1 85 1 40 1 75 0 75 0 90	Rose 4 varn, band heavy. Panay 4 " " medium Thitelie 4 " " " Map Leaf A 4 stgs. " B 4 " stained Shamrock A 4 " varn handle " B 4 " stained " B 4 " stained " B 3 " stained " " Unip No. 1 Sotge " " " Curling 4 "	2 55 0 00 2 20 0 00 2 75 0 00 2 25 0 00 2 25 0 00 2 25 0 00	Dyestuffs. Archil.con Cutch Ex.Logwood. Chipe. Indigo (Bengal) Indigo Madras. Gambler Madder Sumac. Fish.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Mene' Calf, Bale. Cong or Ba ""Tan Russia Calf, Bale. ""Tan Russia Calf, Bale. "French Pat. Calf or E. Ladies' Glaze Dong. Butt. and	u namen God	aar Welt Sewn MCKay har Bale, But, and Cong. dyear Welt Turne Kay Sewn	200 800	Drugs & Chemicals Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. Aloce, Cape. Alum Brom. Potaes Camphor. Eng. Refoz.ck With Ref Rings Citric Acid	0 80 0 85 0 13 0 15 1 50 2 00 0 07 0 08 0 60 0 65	Distributors prices. Cape Brit. Herring, Sea Trout No. 1eplit p.b. " half bris No. 1 Shore Herrings " Nova Scotta Mackerel No. 1. kitts " May herri	7 00 7 50 4 25 4 50 2 75 8 00 2 75 8 00 0 00 0 00
Name of Article. WH Canned Goods. Sardines	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Name of Article. Corn Beef 1-lb "2-lbs	2 25 2 60 5 35 0 00 6 00 8 60 2 50 18 50 2 40 3 25 4 7E 6 90 0 00 2 00	Copperas, per 100 lbs Cream Tartar. Epsom Salts Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb ⁶ Trag. Morphia Opinm Oxalic Acid Phosporus Potash Bichromate Potash Dichromate	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Green 'God, No.1 Green '' large Draft '' No.2 '' Largedry'' per quintal. Salmon No. 1 brie Lab '' Brit, Col bris Bonelees Fish '' Cod Finnan Haddies	$\begin{array}{c} 4 50 & 4 76 \\ 5 00 & 6 25 \\ 5 50 & 5 75 \\ 2 00 & 2 25 \\ 4 50 & 4 75 \\ 12 (0 12 50 \\ 10 50 12 00 \\ 10 50 12 00 \\ 0 03 & 04 \\ 0 06 & 6 \\ 0 05 \\ 0 05 \\ 0 05 \\ 0 00 \end{array}$
Construction 2-1b. white	76 2 00 30 2 40 25 1 50 65 2 00 75 0 80	Deviled Torgis, ½ lb." Ham, ½ lb. " Chicken, ½ lb. " Chicken, ½ lb. " Ox Tongue, 1½ lb. " Ox Tongue, 1½ lb. " " " 2 lb. " " " 2½ lb. " " " 2½ lb. " Finnan Haddles Roast Chicken 1-lb tins Roast Turkey, 1-lb tins	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Quinine. Strychnine Tartaric Acid Tin Crystals. Heavy Chemicals.! Bleaching Powder Blue Vitriol. Brimetone. Caustic Soda 60	0 35 0 40 0 20 0 25 2 25 2 75 4 50 6 50	Winter Wheat Manitoba patent b brands. Straight roller Extrs. Superfine Manitoba Strong Bakers Standard oatmeal, brl Bran Shorts Moullie	4 20 0 00 4 00 4 10 0 00 0 00 4 15 0 00 4 15 0 00 8 00 3 25 14 00 14 50



The work of preparation for the British Empire Exposition, Canada's first great International Exposition to be held in Montreal from May to October next, is progressing rapidly, and there is every indication that everything will be in shape for the opening on the Queen's Birthday. The Exposition idea, we are informed is being enthusiastically taken hold of throughout the country and the prospects are that Montreal will be the Mecca of hundreds of thousands of visitors during the coming summer.

France will take a leading part in the British Empire Exposition to be held in Montreal this summer, and the French section will, undoubtedly, be one of the finest. M. R. Saulay, who was the director of the French exhibit at the Atlanta Exposition and who is now in Montreal, has already arranged for over three 'hundred exhibits and he expects to increase the number to five hundred as soon as he returns to France. The French people owing to the large French population in Canada naturally take a warm interest in Canadian matters.

Chevalier A. Macchi, who was Commisioner-General for Europe at the Atlanta Exposition, has arrived in Montreal and has assumed charge of the Foreign Department of the great British Empire Exposition to be held in Montreal this summer. Chevalier Macchi has had a vast experience in exposition work and the states that the Foreign Department at the fortheoming Exposition will, judging from present indications, be one of the great features of the Fair. Extensive exhibits have been arranged for from France, Italy, Germany, Russia, Belgium, Sweden, Denmark, Switzerland and even Turkey.



	THE OT THE AT M	DDTOTO	CURRENT-THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1896.
MONTREAL	WHOLESALE	PRICES	CUKKEN I - I RUKSDAI, FUDKUARI 20, 1000
montmun		1 101 0140	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Nome of Article	Wholessle	ll Name of Article	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessle.
Name of Article. Farm Products. Surren: Greamery, Townships, dairy, Western Lower grades. Rolls. Jurgare: Finest Western Fall made. Finest Townships'. Finest Townships'. Finest Townships'. Finest Townships'. Finest Eastern Edus: Montreal limed Held. Shipped as strictly fresh. Hors: 1895, per b. " Old Hors: 1895, per b. " Convassed Pork Ca. s.c. per bbl.clea do meas. " Convasses Clover, red, per lb. Alelke, per b. Timothy, (Can'n) per bell " Wester Flax 56 lbs. Potatoes, per bag. Honey, strained. Beoswax. Beans: white ordinary bu " hand-picked	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Barley, malting "feed,	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	African " unbi. " African " unbi. " Pimento" Pepper, Black" " White" Mustard, 41b \$\vee jar, Eng. " 11b " " " 41b jars, Cana" <i>Rice</i> , large lots, standard] " Patna \$1000 b	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, " "Italian Peel-Citron Crange Lemon Chocolat Menier. Vanilla, yei. wrap. 24 x½ Ib do Chamols do do do Pink do do Trip. Van. Green do do do do Lilac do do do do Lilac do do do do Bronze do do Uneweet'd blue prem do Starch: Can. Laundry Silver Glose Benson's Prep. Corn Cas. Pure Corn Vinegar: Imp Trip. 1 brl Cote D'or Crystal Pickling W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX M. M. XX M. M. XX M. M. XX M. M. XX M. W. XX M. M. M	
Grain . Bard Manitoba, No. 1 " No. 2 Oats No. 2	. 0 00 00	" " 50-lb bxs Ex Granulated, brls Off grade gran d Branded Yellows Syrup	0 054 0 00 0 019 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	" Patna	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	do Rose Hardware. Antimony Tin: Block, L & F, 爭 D "Straits" Conner: Ingot"	1 40 0 00 0 09 0 10 0 16 0 10 0 16 0 10 0 16 0 17 0 12 0 13



MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, FEBRUARY. 20, 1896

Hardware—Continued. New cor stal. controuted. S c \$ c Margan 2 d m d 2 d m d m d m d m d m d m d m d	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	- Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessle.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Casing and box, and tobacco box, and tobac	Hardware-Continued. NEW GUT NAIL SCHEDULE. Base-50d and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nails per keg Steel nails, fence and cut splkesHot cut. 40d extra 20d. 16d and 12d. (" 10d 6d and 7d 4d to 5d 4d to 5d	\$ c \$ c 2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 0 05 0 00 0 10 0.00 00 0 00 0.00 000 1 50 0.00 00 1 50 0.00 00	Sharpandflat pressed nails 3 inchextra 24 and 24 " " " 4 and 24 " " " 14 and 14 " " " Horse Shoes 6 alwanized Jron: 6 alwanized Jron: Morewoods Lion, No. 28. Queen's Head, or equal Common Pig Iron: Slemens No. 1 Summerlee	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	IX Charcoal	Usual Trade Extras, 5 76 6 00 0 094 0 10 0 044 0 05 0 064 0 063 0 064 0 063 2 006 0 063 0 064 0 063 5 55 5 75 0 04 0 043 0 00 4 50 0 00 15 00 2 00 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 00 0 00	No. I, ordinary sole. No. 2 " " " Buffalo Sole, No. 1. " " No. 2 … " " No. 2 … " Harness Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. Upper, heavy. " No. 2 … " Light… Canada Kip. Hemlock Calf. " Light… French Calf. " Light… Splits, light and medium. " heavy " email. Leanther Board, Canada.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3d	Casing and box, flooring, shook. and tobacco box nails- 12d to 30d	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C.I.F.T.Riv.Charcoaliron C.I.F.T.Riv.Charcoaliron No. 1 Ferrona	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Annealed No. 7 " "olled " " Galvd. No 6,… " Trade discounton above 20 per cent. Barbed Wire— 2 and 4 barbs Plain Twist 2 and 8 wrs. Staples Wire Naile—75 p.c., off list delivered for Onta- rio, and 75 and 5 p.c., f.o.b. Montreal for Que- bec, 10 kgs & over up to 25c per tan tor Uni, Hides and Tallow	2 65 0.00 2 65 0 00 3 15 0 00 3 15 0 00 1 bs&more del. up to 1 25cfreih t	Peoble Grain. Glove Grain. Brush (Cow) Kid. Brush (Cow) Kid. Brush (Now) Kid. " No.2. " Saddlere". Imt. French Calf. English Oak. Rough. Uongola, extra. " No.1. " Ordinary.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 8 & 00 & 9 & 00 \\ 0 & 70 & 0 & 75 \\ 0 & 38 & 0 & 48 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 20 \\ \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5d	0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 75 0 00 2 25 0 00 0 85 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 95 0 00 1 10 0 00	Canada Plates: Good Brands	2 25 2 75 0 00 0 00 2 50 2 75 2 00 0 00 0 051 0 09 2 50 2 75 2 00 0 00 0 00 1 90	" No.2 " No.3 Tanners pay \$1 extra for sorted, cured & inspect'd Sheepskins Clips Calfskins, uninspected. Horse bides west., each " " City Tallow, rendered " rough Leather	0 00 5 00 0 00 4 00 C 00 0 00 0 70 0 75 0 06 0 00 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 50 0 00 2 50	Cod Oil; Newfoundland, "Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil, Nfd """ Norwegian Castor Oil Lard Oil, Extra "No. 1 Linseed, raw "" bolled Oilye, pure	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

within 30 days. Discount on Bolts; Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months note or 3 per cent. off for cash Nails and Horse Shoes, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Spikes, four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, etc 4 mos. or 3 per cent. off in 30 days.

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80 St. John Street, MONTREAL

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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1896.

Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessle.	Name of Article.	Wholessle.	Name of Article.	Wholes ale
		Mane of Article.		Name of Article.		Name of Article.	W HOLEB ALE
Toal Oil:	§ c. § c	Constant Operations	Sc. Sc. 0 25 0 80	•	\$ c. \$ c.		
Car Lote Store, [2. p.c. off]	0 164 0 00	Canadian, Quarters	0 25 0 20	Ports-	0.10 1.00	Alter alle Contak	S C. S C. 6 50 12 50
1 to 20 bris	0 101 0 10	Factory Filled per bag		Burmestees		Mitchell's Scotch	0 00 12 00
American P.W		do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per brl.	2 25 2 50	Tarragona Sandeman		do Irish] Jas Watson & Co. Dundee	
do W.W Astral Benzine American	0.001 0.21	do quartera.	0 45 0 50	Warter & May's Porte gal.	2 10 6 50	8 star Glenlivet, per case.	
Dongino Amorican		Cheese Salt per bag 210 b.	1 25 1 50	Sherries-Pemartin	2 00 5 50	1 do do	8 50 9 00
do Canadian	0 143 0 16	Turk's Island per bush		Misa		Old Glenlivet per gal	
Class		Tobacco duty paid.	000 000	Mackenzie		Watson's Old Scotch at. cs	6 50 7 00
Glass. United inclues, 00 to 25 do 26 to 40	1 25 1 35		0 461 0 611	Wisdom & Warter's Sher-		do do pte, per ce	
do 26 to 40	1 85 1 45	No. 1 Black Chewing, cade No. 2 do	0 45 0 00	riesper gal	200 6 50 1	Gin-	1
do 41 to 50	3 00 3 10	Old Chum bri't do sol. 8a		Clarets-		De Kuyper red cases	11 00 11 00
do 51 to 60	3 80 8 40	Navy, Bright Smoking 38.	0 56 0 57	Barton & Guestler	4 00 25 00	do green do	5 75 0 00
Paints, &c.		do do do be.	0 55 0 00	Nat. Johnson & Sons		do hhds	2 80 0 00
Paints, &c. Lead pure, 50 to 100 lb. kgs.	4 75 5 00	Derby Plug Smk'g eol. 12s.	0 60 0 000	J. Calvet & Co	4 50 40 00	Blankheynn & Nolet, Key	Į
do No. 1	J 4 50 4 76 J	do do do 78.	0 50 0 00			gin, red cases	9 50 9 75
do No.2	4 25 4 50	do do do 88.	0 50 0 0	Champagnes-	1	Green cases Ponies	4 75 5 00
do No. 8		Myrtle Navy Plug Smkg sol	0 60 0 00	Pommery, File & Co	28 00 80 00	Ponies	2 50 2 75
White Lead, dry	5 00 5 25	Old Chum Plug Sinkg sol 4a	0 67 0 00	Pommery, Fils & Co G. II. Mum Perrier. Jouet & Co	28 00 80 00		ł
Red Lead	4 00 4 25	do Smoking sol.	1 1	Perrier. Jouet & Co	28 00 80 00	Irish Whisky-	
Venetian Red Eng'h	1 50 1 75	 and R. & R 89. 	0 67 0 00	1	1	Bushmills	9 60 0 00
Yel. Ochre, French	1 25 3 00	do Cut Smoking, 98.	0 67 0 00	Brandies-Hennessygal.	650 800	Mitchell's Irish	6 50 12 50
Whiting, ordinary	0 45 0 50	Myrtle do do 98.	0 70 0 00	1 Star Cases	112 00 0 00 1	Geo Ros & Co. 1 star, qts	9 50 0 00
do London, washed	1 00 1 10	Can. Chewing	0 321 0 33	Martellgal.	6 00 0 00	do do 8 stars, ots	9 70 10 50
do Paris, do	1 00 1 10	do Smoking, Plug	0 35 0 45	Martell	12 25 0 00	John Jamieson & Co	7 50 11 00
English Cement, cask Belgian Cement	1 95 4 10	Wool.	((CREES (ONE STAT)	(14 75 15 00)	Dunville & Coqts Angostura Bitters, per	611 00 1 15
Fire Bricks per 1000	15 00 91 50	Fleece comb. ord	0 00 0 00	Bisquet Dubouche.one star	9 50 10 50	case of 2 doz	14 50 15 00
Fire Clay	1 50 1 75	[] do clothing			16 00 16 50	Banagher Irish Whisky, qts	9 50 10 00
Rosin	1 9 40 4 50]] do Combing	000 000	Renault & Co	10 00 36 00	do do do pergal	
Gine:-	1 10 1 20	[Pulled		E. Puet, V.V.O.P	0 00 28 00	Watson'sOldIrish, qts, pr cs	6 50 7 50
Domestic Broken Sheet	0 11 0 14	North West	0 00 0 00	do 1840	0 00 29 00	do do pts per cs.	7 50 8 50
French Casks	0 101 0 12	B. A. Scoured	0 25 0 34	Boutellean Fils	0 00 20 00	Miscellancous-	
do bris	1000 013	Natal	0 00 0 00	DeLauge-	9 00 24 00	Marie Bizard & Roger Lia	
American White, bris,	0 15 0 20	[] Саре	0 14 0 16	Richard V S.O.P do V.S.O		Creme de Menthe glaciale	
Coopers' Glue	018 0 24)) Australian	0 14 0 105	do V.S.O do V.O		verte	110 75 00 00
Golden Ochre	004 004	Wines, Liquors, &c.		Geo. Sayer & Co's	0.00 0.00	Curacao	00 00 11 75
Branswick Green	1001 010	Ale-English	2 50 2 55		4 50 8 50	Prunelle	00 00 18 00
French Imperial Green	0 11 0 15	""	1621 1671	do do cases 1 star do	11 50 12 00	Kummel	00 00 12 25
Vermillionette	0 12 0 40	Ind Coope & Co, Rom-) qta ford Ales	2 10 0 00	do do do V.S.O.P do	16 50 17 00	Creme de Cacao	
Genuine Quickeilver	075 0 90	ford Ales) pu	145 0 00			Anisette, case	00 00 18 25
No. 1 Furnit'e Varn'h, pr.g.		Porter-	0 40 0 45	Scotch Whiskeys-	0.00 0.60	Cherry Brandy case	00 00 11 75
Extra do do	0 75 1 00	Dublin Stoutqt	1 571 7 45	Kilty Moraing Dew.		Creme de Noyau, Moka, Ge-	0.01 10
Brown Japan	0 50 1 20	do dopt	1 574 1 624	And. Usher	0.95 10 95	nevieve etc. case	9 20 12 75
Bleek Janan		Spirits Canadian-per gal Alcohol	1 95 0 00	House of Common	9 95 19 00	Absinthe super, case	00 00 18 75
Orange Shellac, No. 1 do do Pure	1 20 4 00	Spirits	871 0 00	Sheriffs per gal	8 90 4 00	Vermouth, case	0 20 0 00
White do	10 0g 9 40	do	200 000	do	975 000	Kirsch de com., case Kirsch, fine	10 25 11 22
White do		Rye Whisky25 U.P		Glenfalloch. Highl'd gal	1 8 40 8 50	White Ball old Jamaica	10 10 11 80
Salt.	0 45 0 50	Corby's IXL Rye, orts	8 00 8 50	Walkers Kilmarnock	10 00 15 25	Rum, cases	
Liverpool per bag	1210 800	Corby's IXL Rye, qrts "XTO "	6 00 6 50	1	1		
Canadian, in amair bage	1~10 0 00	P ALV					<u>'</u>

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THE RESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE OF

THE BRITISH EMPIRE EXPOSITION

And International Display of all Nations,

Montreal, Canada, May 24th to October, 12th, 1896.

CHIEF OFFICES:

154 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. CAPITAL, \$125,000.00.

(£25,000 Sterling) in 25,000 shares of \$5.00 each (£1).

Bankers: The Merchants Bank of Halifax, Montreal.

"It may be set down as an axiom that the chief and direct advantages of an Exposition are derived by the coun-try which holds it."—COLE.

THE CANADIAN EXPOSITIONS, LIMITED, was incorporated August 29th, 1895, for the purpose (*inter alia*)—(a) To hold, in the Dominion of Canada, British Empire, Expositions and International Displays of all Nations.

(b) To hold Expositions of Arts, Science, Industries, Manufactures, and the Products of the Soil, Mine and Sea ; to lease or purchase, hold and acquire, by any species of contract, real estate for the above purpose, and to build and erect-thereupon all buildings and appurtenances deemed necessary for such Expositions.

(c) To establish and maintain, within the precincts of the said Exposition Buildings and Grounds, restaurants, amusements, or any species of entertainment; to lay tracks, run cars, and establish electric lighting plant upon the grounds; to allot space for exhibits, determine the plan and scope of the Expositions, appoint Judges and Examiners, award premiums, and do all things usual and appertaining to similar International Expositions in whatsoever part of the world they may have been held.

The Certificate of Incorporation, with full text of the powers conferred on the Company by its Memorandum of Association (Charter) as also Contracts, and plan and scope of the Exposition, and other details, can be seen, and the magnitude and forward state of the Exposition realized, by a visit to the Exposition Office, 154 St. James Street, Montreal. The holding of a great Exposition in Canada for the first time is of such importance to the Dominion as a whole,

that it should commend itself to the support of every true Canadian that desires the welfare of the nation.

It will open up new avenues of trade, old ones will be broadened, and both will bring into the Dominion millions of dollars and thousands of people That will be the result to the commercial world. As an institution of wide educational value its effect will be quite as great.

New modes of life and action, new phases of art and triumphs in science and industry, will be brought before the people of the Dominion in a form which will leave an indelible impression.

The arrangements are so very complete that there is every feasibility of being ready on time, at the end of May Indeed, the people putting up the buildings and making the alterations will be very considerable losers if they fail in this respect, as they will forfeit heavy bonds; but many of them have accomplished, even in shorter periods, things more diffi-cult. Many of them only repeat what they so well know how to do in a little time.

It is intended to use the present Exposition Buildings, and expend about \$30,000 in transforming them to the purposes required for the five months of the Exposition, and to erect two other buildings, at a cost of \$75,000, for Fine Art and other purposes.

It is proposed to spend a large sum in bedding out the Grounds with Shrubs and Flowers, also in making a Vene-tian Waterway, Fairy Lights and Illuminations, Decorations and Public Comfort, Motor Power, Boiler Plant, etc., it being the Director's first desire to see that the Exposition is one well worthy of the Dominion.

This being of first importance, it follows that the financial side of the Exposition is more likely to be made suc-d profitable. Very careful estimates have been made of the probable Receipts and Expenditure; in this and in cessful and profitable. other respects the directors are relying upon the experience, help and assistance of the Director-General and his staff of able chiefs, who have successfully filled similar duties in many previous Expositions, who are working on the lines that made the Manchester Exposition, 1887, and California, 1894, so successful-artistically, industrially and financially.

Manchester and California made considerable profit, and both were opened within seven months of their conception. The holding of the Exposition in the City of Montreal means placing it within twelve hours' travel of fifteen millions of people, and, consequently, a large attendance from all parts, as well as from the United States, may be expected. The admission fee will be 25 cents, not 50 cents, as in other Expositions on the American Continent.

A large revenue will be derived from Exhibitors and Concessionaires. In this respect their buildings will cost them not less than \$150,000, and they have already entered into arrangements, and paid substantial deposits, to the Expositioni authorities that aggregate upwards of \$50,000 on contracts.

All the advantages and experience gained from the working of the Paris, Chicago, California and recent Expos, tions, will enable Canada's Exposition to have the best results at the minimum cost.

The pecuniary results to the business community will be very great. For instance, preparing the ground and constructing the buildings, and the preparation of Concessionaires' buildings, together with the installation of exhibits, etc., will, for three months prior to the opening, amount to a very large sum, which will be principally spent in the city. ing the admissions at four millions of visits, it is far below what it is believed will attend. In estimat-

Paris had an attendance of over twenty-eight millions, Chicago over twenty-one millions, and California (far from the centres of population) two and a quarter millions.

The attendance at Toronto Fair in a few days totals up to 250,000.

Montreal is so centrally situated, and available for all the leading railroads and steamboats, that it is more likely

to have twice the number estimated, which at four millions is a very low proportion. Railways, steamers, tram-cars, cabs, private vehicles, theatres, hotel proprietors, store-keepers, merchants, real estate agents, house agents, --will derive great benefit from the millions of dollars spent.

The best incentive of all should be the fact that the promotion and consummation of Canada's Great Exposition will do more in making known the resources of the Dominion than anything that has been done during the past twenty years.

The magaitude of the undertaking, as also the number of people engaged in making known the Exposition, and for the bringing together of the vast collective display of Exhibits, is best told in the following list of officials, domiciled in most parts of the world :

The Chief European Office, 421 Mansion House Chambers, London, E. C.

The Office of the High Commissioner for Canada, the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., C. B., 17 Victoria Street, Westmin-ster, London, S W.

Commissioners-General Chevalie et Saulay, 92 Rue d'Hauteville, Paris, France. The London & Burmah Merchandise Co. (Limited), 15 Mogul Street, Rangoon ; or Rangoon Times Office and Rangoon Gazette Office, Rangoon, Burmah.

Commissioner James Craig, 17 Ulster Chambers, Belfast, Ireland. Commissioner-General Adolf Taussig, 18 Wahringer Gurtel 118-1-9, Vienna (for Austria-Hungary.) Commissioner-General at large, J. Alf. Ellis, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, Cape Town, Cape Colony (for South Africa).

Commissioner-General for India, in Europe, R. Krishna, London & South Western Bank, 465 Brixton Road, London, Eng. Commissioner-General H. Pcasad, Rais, Chunar (N. W. Province), or Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhey's Garden, Tardeo, Bombay, India.

General Agent H. H. Karpeles, 1609 7th Street, Washington, D. C., U. S. A. Commissioner-General Oscar Moser, 23 Union Square, New York, U. S. A. Commissioner-General at large Hugo Benedix, 253 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

Commissioner General at large, Thomas T. Stokes, 88 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass. (for the New England States, U.S.A.) Commissioner General at large, Ferdinand A. Haber, 209 Sansome Street, San Francisco, Cal. (for California).

Commissioner John Binns, 607 South Fairfield Avenue, Chicago, S. W., U. S. A. Commissioner Emil Meyer, St. Helen's Mining District, Toledo, Washington, U. S. A. (for Washington). Commissioner General Col. George M. Green, Hotel Iturbide, City of Mexico (for Mexico).

Commissioner-General Dato James Meldrum, D.P.M.J., F. I. Inst., Johor Bharu, Malay Peninsula, S. S.

Representative J. Pierson, fils 40 A. S. No. 29, Guatemala (for Central American Republics), Commissioner-General J. S. Muir, of Langdon & Co., P. O Box 802, Sydney, N. S. W. (for Australasia).

Commissioner-General Senator Artere Vercruyssen-Brack, 8 Rue du General Moine. Bruxelles (for Belgium.)

Commissioner F. DEBAL, 71 Rue Gaucheret, Brussels (for Belgium and Holland). Deutsche Kolonial Gesellschaft, Berlin, W. Linkstrasse, 25 (for German Empire).

Commissioner General Kloth, Schuenemann & Co., Hamburg (for Germany.) Commissioner General at large Capt. Wesley F. Orr, Calgary (for the North-West Territories), Commissioner at large Alexander W. Murdoch, 28 Wellington Street East, Toronto (for the Province of Ontario, D. of C.)-The Provincial Exhibit Association of British Columbia, Vancouver, B. C., D. of C

John Hilbert, Commissioner at large (for the District and City of Nanaimo, B. C., D. of C.)

In most other cities that have held similar Expositions, the people, knowing the great benefits that must of neces sity come to them through it, have been very liberal in donating and subscribing capital, as, indeed, they have to carnivals In the present offer of stock, it combines a more than reasonable possibility of receiving back not only the principal, but also a large bonus on the investment, and in other ways conferring great benefit on the city and Dominion. The Incorporators and Directors of the Company in London are :-

> GEORGE BUTLER HERBERT H. STILES GEORGE STADDON

IAMES LEE HENRY STADDON GEORGE BENNION

JOSEPH H. STILES (Managing Director).

Of these gentlemen, Mr. Butler and the Director-General will, in conjunction with two Directors from the Board of the Montreol Exposition Company, and such others as may be chosen by the subscribers of stock in Canada, be the Executive for carrying out all the arrangements of the Exposition, and to receive and control the funds, from whatever source derived.

The subscriptions for the shares now offered will remain intact in the Merchants Bank of Halifax until the shareholders have selected the other members of the Executive for carrying out the project. There is now offered for subscription \$107,000 of stock, payable as follows : Ten per cent. forthwith, 20 per cent.

on the 1st of March, 20 per cent. on the 1st of April, and 20 per cent. on the 1st of May. It is not expected that any further calls will be made, as the revenue from sales of space, concessions and privileges, together with the proceeds of the sale of tickets—Season, *Souvenir* and otherwise—will, it is expected, bring in ample funds for all further needs prior to the open-្រុះPrun (Friends of the Exposition have signified their intention of taking up quite a portion of this. ing,

Applications for shares, addressed to the Merchants Bank of Halifax, Montreal, will be received up to Saturday, February 8th, 1896, when the lists will be closed and the allotments made by the Directors.

380в







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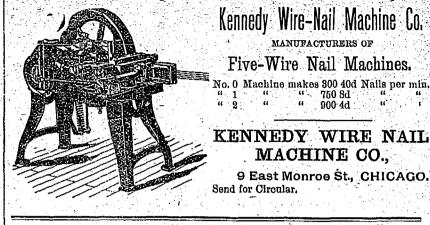
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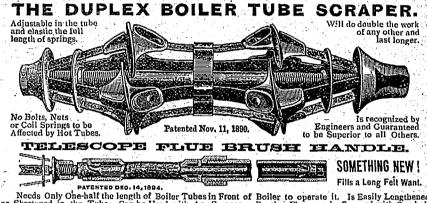
This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now re-opened. The Russell contains accommodation for over Four Hundred Guests, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the City, Parliamontary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet the leading public men. The entire liotel is supplied with escapes; and in case of fire there would not be any confusion or danger. Every attention paid to Guests.

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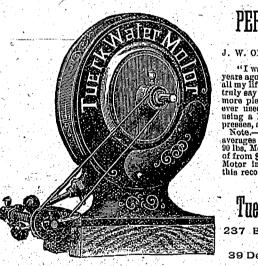


Gontinued on Page 336





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J. W. OLIVER, Editor-Proprietor of Yonkers, N.Y., "Statesman," says: "I was associated with Robert Ho? over 40 years ago and have been in the printing business all my life and used all kinds of motors. I can truly say that the Tuerk Motor has given me more plessure than any plece of machinery I ever used. For ten years I used and am now using a No. 13 nut governor to run three large presses, a folder and several jobbers." Note.—At Yonkers the vater is metered, price sverages about 12 cents per 1000 gallons, pressure 90 lbs. Motor running about all the time at a cost of from §1.00 to §1.25 per day. No other Water Motor In the market can come anywhere near this record for economy. Others have tried it.

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