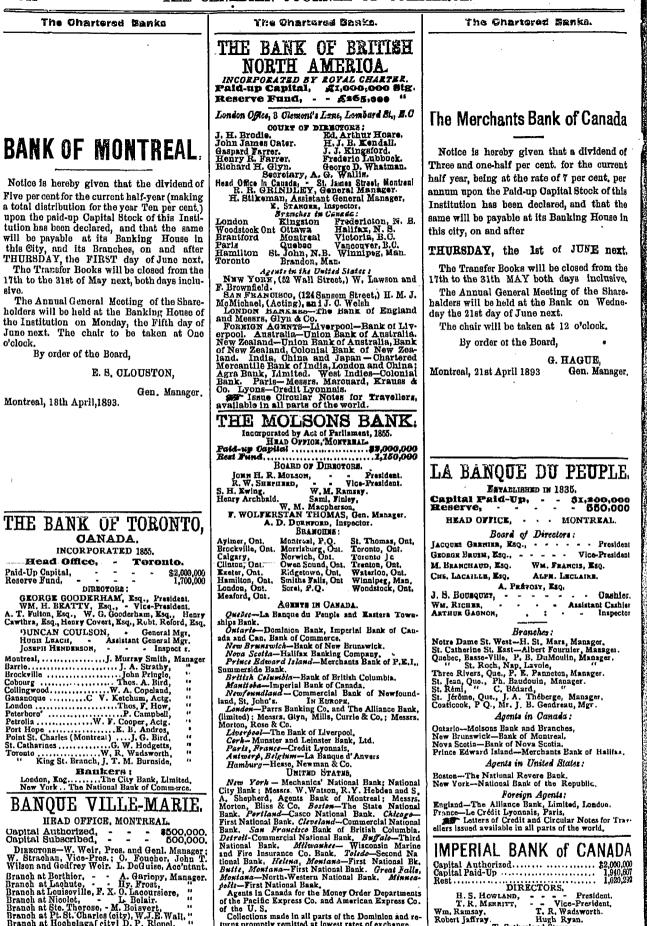
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17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

holders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution on Monday, the Fifth day of June next. The chair to be taken at One o'clock.

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Paid-Up O	apital,		1,000,000	
Rest.		<u> </u>	1,000,000	
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Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three and one half per cent for the current half-year (being at the rate of seven per cent per annum) has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Ins-titution, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after.

THURSDAY the first day of JUNE next,

The chair will be also set from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Sharchelders will be held at the Sanking House in this City on Tuesday the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at twolve o'clock neon. By 'order of the Beard.

C. Holland, General Manager.

Toronto 21st April 1893.

# BANK OF OTTAWA, HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA. Capital Authorized, "Subsoribed, "Paid Up, Rest, CUAPLES MACENE \$1,500,000 1,500,000 1,335,000 707,549

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GEO. BURN, General Manager **ILA DATA** HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC. Capital Paid-up, S1,200,000 DIRBOTOBH: A. GABOURY, Esq., President, FRS, KIROUAC, Esq., Vice-President Manager Manag

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	500,000
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Feb. 2893

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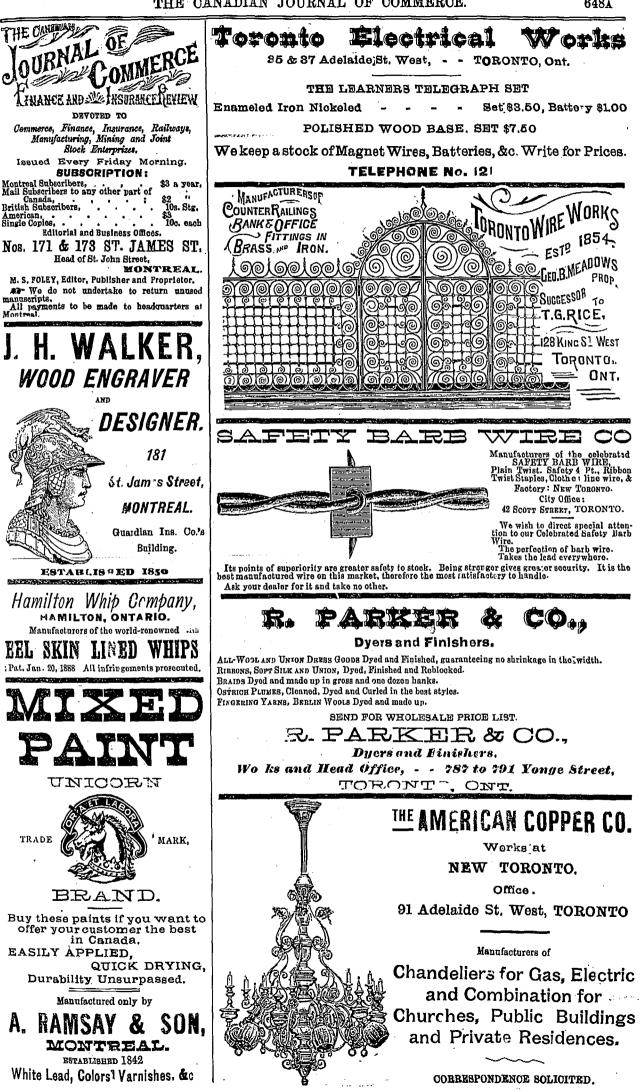




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145 TO 179 WILLIAM STREET MONTREAL.









One carload has gone through to British Columbia. The shippers say they can sell from 20 to 25 thousand boxes in Toronto yearly.

-Within a few days, over a million dollars in gold have been withdrawn from the United States, by the Bank of British North America and the Bank of Commerce. It is intended chiefly for mercantile purposes in Canada, rather than to be placed on cell loans, on stock exchange securities.

-There is one firm in Bussorah engaged in the liquorice trade, and what they produce is entirely exported to Marseilles, London and America. At Damascus but a small export was effected in 1891, and the trade is doomed on account of the discovery of liquorice root of superior quality in Asia Minor and elsewhere.

-The first of the season's shipments of fat cattle to England takes place on the 29th inst. by steamer Numidian from Halifax. Every animal will be carefully inspected. At the ports of landing in Great Britain the interests of the Canadian exporters will be watched by a skilled veterinarian.

-A bill to prevent trusts and monopolies has been adopted by the New York Legislature. It declares to be illegal every contract whereby competition in the supply of any article in common use is restrained or prevented. A fine of \$5,000 may be inflicted on those who engage in unlawful combinations.

-Toronto banks have decided to accept United States silver certificates at a discount of 1 per cent. The same policy, is being pursued at St. John, Halifax, and Winnipeg, and will doubtless be adopted here. Canadian business interests would suffer were this country to become flooded with depreciated American currency.

-Last fall a syndiente of European capitalists made a raid upon the American coffee market and bought extensively at 12c. They then forced up prices until in February they reached 17c. Since then there has been a gradual decline, which in the last few days has developed into an avalanche. Many New York speculators have met with financial ruin.

The reported embarrassment of Evariste Talbot, general store, Fraserville, Que., is the result, to a large extent, of a bad bargain when buying his stock. He had a fair capital at the start and his assets in stock, immovcables and credits are now reckoned to be worth \$14,000. There is a mortgage extant of \$4,000 to \$5,000.

 $\stackrel{-2}{\rightarrow}$  P.O. Higgins, grocer, London, Ont., who recently assigned, commenced business in '87, and settled on a former occasion on a 60 per cent. basis. He had nothing in his own name at starting, but purchased the stock from his wife on credit, according to report. Whatever his failings, he appears to have shown some originality in this. He was not too careful, gave overmuch credit, and made some unfortunate speculations in produce. His liabilities are \$8,000 and assets are made up of stock. \$4,000, book accounts \$2,000.

The past week has been an important one in the way of shipments of horseflesh





Brass Goods, Poles, Rollers, Fringes, Laces TORONTO, ONT

# POROUS TERRA COTTA

Is acknowledged by all Architects to be the best Material known for fire proofing buildings of all grades. It is Vermin and Sound Proof.

MAPANEE HYDRAULIC CEMENT, guaranteed to equal any native Oement. Address,

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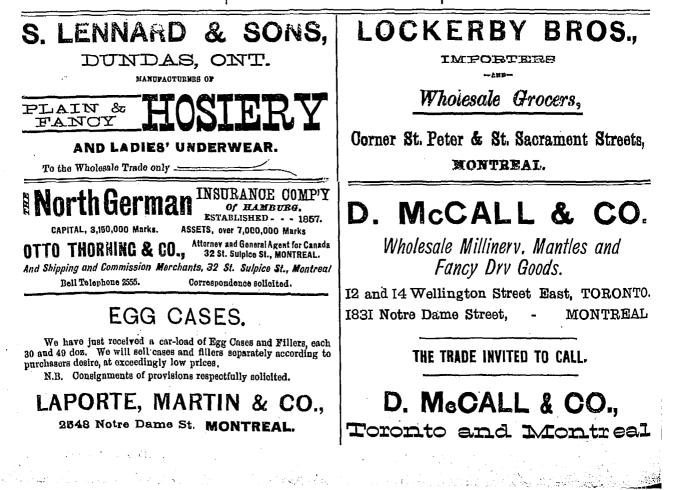
from London,Out.In all about 100 head of first-class animals have been forwarded to New York, valued at upwards of \$10,000 The shipment of hackneys was the most notable. It comprised 34 head valued at \$4,157. A shipment of 32 horses was valued at \$2,337, and one of 18 at \$2,170.

A Boston buyer is shipping a fine lot from Excter. All the horses are destined for New York to be sold at the spring sales.

-E. Gohier & Cie, St. Laurent, have assigned. Liabilities \$70,000; assets \$76,000. The principal creditors are: Garand, Teroux & Co., \$1,470; Jacques Cartier Bank, \$602; Banque du Peuple, \$2640; Banque d'Hochelaga, \$6,584; Canadian Bank of Commerce, \$1113; M. Fisher & Sons, \$746; 8. Harris & Co., \$1488; Jos. Robert & Fils, \$659; P. Lacroix, \$850; Taillon, Bonin & Co., \$500; Bourgouin, Duchesncau & Co., \$1,500; A. Racine & Co., \$7,000; T. Migneron, \$2,000; J. U.Emard, \$2,000; Jos. Sewell, \$8000; A. Miron, \$1,000; U. Miron, \$1,500; Rev. Cure P. Beaudet, \$1.500; Mme. T. C. De Lorimier, \$8700; P. P. Gosselin, \$4000. The assets consist mainly of real estate in the town of St. Laurent.

-E. D. Gough, storekeeper, Belleville, Ont., reported involved for \$36,000 started 10 years ago in the village of Norwood, subsequently removing to Peterboro and Toronto. He opened up also in Hamilton, Brantford, Belleville, Kingston and Brockville, but had scarcely got the latter coheern under way when he became close pressed. The Belleville, Kingston stors are the only ones now in his name. He recently sold those in Peterboro and Brantford. Mr. Gough states that the Belleville branch is the only one that paid and he also says that Gough Bros. have no connection with him, except as creditors. The assets are principally in stock, but there is some Toronto real estate. There is a mortgage of \$1,200. His estimated capital when commencing was \$2,000 cash. Mr. Gough is credited with being steady and attentive but too energetic and ambitious in covering so much ground. He hopes to continue on a good basis and the report that he had assigned was premature. It should hot injured him in his negotiations.

-New Orleans is venturing to do a direct banana trade without paying her respects to the great part of New York. Consignments have been sent to Buffalo, and even to Montreal. A New York paper finds that it is not alone upon "cut rates" that advantages are gained, but that the railroad companies place no restrictions upon



MAGFARLANE SHADE CO., Ltd. Window Shades and Brass Goods.

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J. F, M. MACFARLANE, President.

Late of MACFARLANE, MCKINLAY & CO., TORONTO, ONT.

# HODGSON, SUMNER & CO'Y

Dry Goods, Small Wares and Fancy Goods, 347 and 349 St. Paul St., MONTREAL.

-IMPORTERS OF-

Agents for The Churchgate brand of Hoslery



Factories and Salesrooms 570 KING STREET, WEST TORONTO, CAN.

JNO. C. COPP.

Sec.-Treas.

E. G. GOODERHAM, Manager.

quantities loaded into cars, the rule being pile to the root without regard to weight, whereas from New York the companies place restrictions upon the quantities to be carried. The Southern railways are not burdened with an overplus of business and evade the Inter-State laws, whenever possible, if New York advices are reliable.

-Johnston Bros., dry goods, etc., Walkerton, Ont., who recently assigned with liabilities of \$15,000 to \$20,000, began three years ago with \$400 in cash. Before this, A. G. Johnston, one of the partners, used to buy job lots of goods and sell them at country fairs, and was an auc-

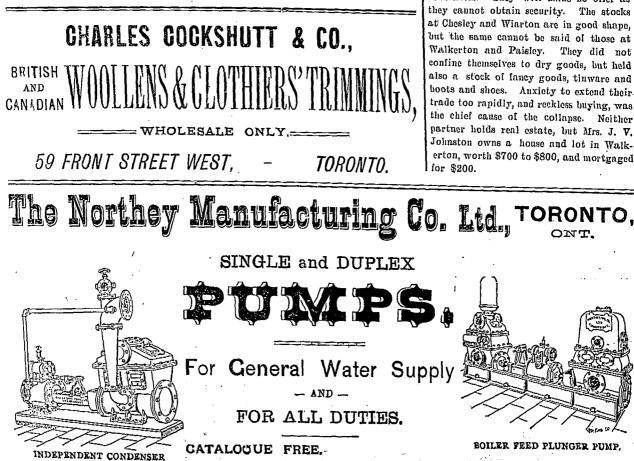
tioncer as well. The other partner, J. V. Johnston, worked in a saw mill, and was also engaged in the auctioneer business. When they got \$400 together they started auction rooms in Walkerton, doing fairly. They then opened a branch store in Paisley and one of the brothers managed each place After succeeding well in this way for a couple of years they opened up stores in Chesley, Wiarton and Tara. They thought that by buying in large quantities they could get better quotations and started additional stands to dispose of their goods. The firm bought heavily last fall, and this spring, particularly for the Chesley and Wiarton stores.

AND SOLE MANUFACT URERS

A. J. WHIMBEY, Manager.

Spoons, Etc., Etc., Etc.

WM. ROGERS' Knives, Forks,



Brantford and Pelee Islard. Ou Wines are the best in the Market ! -BRANDS-DRY OATAWBA SWEET OATAWBA, ISABELLA, OLARET. DELAWARE, OLD PORT. P.I. SHERRY

658

And our selebrated communion and invalids wine St. Augustine," registered. Our Pelee Island Wines are the finest Canadian Fines, and being free of duty are much better alue than imported Wines Prompt attention to Letter Orders.

# J. S. HAMILTON & CO.

Brantford, Ont., Can.

and not selling as rapidly as they had galculated upon, and having no capital to speak of, they were unable to meet their liabilities. They will make no offer as they cannot obtain security. The stocks at Chesley and Wiarton are in good shape, but the same cannot be said of those at Walkerton and Paisley. They did not confine themselves to dry goods, but held also a stock of fancy goods, tinware and boots and shoes. Anxiety to extend their. trade too rapidly, and reckless buying, was the chief cause of the collapse. Neither partner holds real estate, but Mrs. J. V. Johnston owns a house and lot in Walkerton, worth \$700 to \$800, and mortgaged -The failure of Henry Dunne, of the "Terrapin," once a somewhat popular resort on East Notre Dame street, is no surprise to the trade. Dunne had done fairly well in his way, sufficiently at least to render him less disposed to mix behind the bar than among the rank and file in front of it, and more attentive to afternoon "tables" up stairs than to the more gastronomic ones below. The "Terrapin," as its name should imply, had once a reputation for cookery, but to maintain such a name, it is necessary that lunch or dinner be prepared afresh, instead of cooking in the early morning for the whole day, and relying on dish-covers and spirit-lamps to maintain warmth and flavor. His credit was fair to the last, but he obtained his supplies chiefly from one house whose facilities for supplying "V.O.'s" would not discredit a "cave" in Bordeaux. The business of late years has suffered from being too far from the English speaking district which has been well taken up by other restaurants. The insolvent was easy going, had a large family expenditure, and doubtless lived well up to his income. The liabilities are \$5,400; assets are advertised for sale by auction.

-The city furniture firm of Fee & Martin, whose difficulty was briefly referred to inst week, was started by W. Reid Fee and L. E. Martin in October, '87. They appear to have attempted too much, from the first, and in January, '92, obtained an extension sprend over 18 months. At that time they showed liabilities of between \$30,000 and \$35,000 and assets of some \$53,000. The firm dissolved in December, '92, Martin retiring, while Fee continued with a special partner. The present total liabilities will amount to \$65,800, of which \$4,886 are privileged claims, \$27,845 direct liabilities and \$32,900 indirect. The principal direct claims are those of T. C. Foster & Co., Brockville, \$3,500 ; J. Hay & Co., Woodstock, \$2,000 ; Brondfoot & Box, \$1,000; Watson & Malcolm, \$1,325; Gnult Bros. & Co., \$1,283 ; J. Lewis, Hamburg, \$900; Alexandria Manufacturing Co., \$900. The indirect liabilities are: the Union Bank, \$13,000; Jacques Cartier Bank, \$4,000; Fred. Nash, \$9,000; James Baxter, \$2,500 ; F.A. Clark, \$1,600; G. Bishop, \$400; Jas. Fortier, \$1,500; and Euard & Macdonald, \$500. The printed list is not quite accurate.

#### Onr latest leader is

" The New Era Pattern

of Glassware, and it leads them all. A case contains 39 articles, as follows ;

S large table sets (sugar, butter, cream and spoon holder).

- 6 half gallon pitchors.
- 9 large fruit bowls, high foot.
- 6 large covered fruit bowls, high foot 6 large cake stands, high foot.
- As each article can be sold retail for 25c., further comment is unnecessary.

Send for a sample case and you will order more]

James A. Skinner & Co. TORONTO & VANCOUVER, B.C.

-The Toronto Roofing Company, operated by W. G. McMurchy, has the assigned, after existing since Liabilities moderate. spring of '89. -A. Kern, general store, Waterloo, has assigned. He was formerly of Kern & Lundy, Lynwood, which firm dissolved in February, '92, Kern retiring and opening out in Waterloo. -W. J. Holland, a small Belleville jeweller, handicapped through lack of capital, has come to grief. -W. R. Gray, card clothing, Dundas; Wm. Wilson, furniture, Owen Sound, and Griffith Lloyd, pressed hay, Stratford, have assigned. -W. R. Gladstone, store, Blackwater Junction, is offering to compromise at 30c in the dollar. -Tunstead & Co., manufacturers, hats, Hamilton, have assigned. The business has existed since the fall of '87. A new partnership was formed in August, '91, composed of Mary E. H. Hart, wife of John Hart, John Tunstead and Miss C. MaNamara. For some time the firm has been lagging behind and found it difficult to meet its liabilities. In March last it asked an extension proposing to pay in four monthly instalments from the first of May. Its total assets are said to reach \$10,500 and the liabilities \$7,800. .. .

-A demand of assignment has been made upon J. B. Monier and F. X. E. Lafontaine, co partners in "La Societe de Publication Commerciale," by Henri Trudel and L. E. Caron (Caron & Cie). Mr. Monier contested the klemand, but his partner assigns with liabilities of about \$4,200. The principal creditors are Caron & Cie., \$2371. Mr. Monier and Mr. Lafontaine have dissolved partnership, and the former gentleman has made application to have a liquidator appointed for the purpose of adjusting their affairs.

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-A Goderich, Ont., correspondent informs us that E. Campaigne has sold out his grocery to R. W. Runeiman, late of the Goderich foundry, for a consideration in cash. The foundry business is being continued by J. B. Runciman. Blake Bros., who started a brewery, a short time ago, are offering it for sale. Roofs, fences, standing timber, etc., have been damaged by the recent heavy storm. Fall wheat looks well, so far.

-In this province, Geo. Endic, crockery, city, is asking an extension spread over 2, 4, 6 and 8 months. His liabilities are \$4,000 and he shows a surplus of some

# M, § L, Samu IBenjamin & Co.,

26, 28 & 30 Front St. West, TORONTO.

Importors and Doalers in British, American Foreign and Continental

Shelf and Heavy Hardware Metals, Tinplate, Tinware, Tinners', Plumbers', and Steam Fitters' Supplies, Gas--Fixtures, Lamos and Lamp Goods.

English House, SAMUEL, SONS & BENJAMIN. 164 Fenchurch St., London, E.C. Shipping Office, 1 Rumford Place, Liverpool, Eng.

\$1,500. He commenced in the fall of '90. succeeding one Louis Deneau. -J. A. Martin, general store, Nicolet, started five or six years ago in a small way, and did well for a time, but latterly has been falling behind. He owes \$800 and is offerring 25c on the dollar, cash.

-F. W. Long & Co., dry goods, St. Mary's. Ont., of which F. W. Long is the only partner, have assigned. He succeeded to the business of his father, known under the style of E. Long & Co., about three years ago. He traded to the full limit of his capital and appears to have attempted too much. The liabilities are not definitely known, but must be moderately large.

-The Acme Silver company, Toronto, has appointed Thomas Woodhouse, their secretary, as receiver, The company's liabilities are said to be in the neighborhood of \$145,000. The difficulties of the Acme Silver company were brought about by the keen competition in the silver plate business, and they were unable to meet their obligations. The Quebec bank, which is largely interested forced this action.

-The outlook for the general creditors of L. W. Curry, livery and stableman, Hantsport, N. S., is not encouraging. Liabilities are \$1,000 and assets \$600, but, through bill of sale and preferential assignment, claims to the extent of \$650 are secured. He commenced two years ago with a capital of \$500. The place offered a poor opening in this line and the business was not looked after any too well.

-The Grand Trunk gave prompt despatch to their Italian Exhibit trains, four of their specials having made the journey from Portland to Chicago, 1,132 miles, on an average of 53 hours. Not the slightest hitch occurred in getting these shipments through. Two other specials made equally good time, but were detained outside Chicago, on the request of the World's Fair author-A DE LEC ities.

-W. D. Bradford, general store, Granby, Que., formerly of Bradford & Roberts, was burnt out about the middle of the month, just after getting in a new stock, worth some \$23,000. He was insured for only \$14,000 and was obliged to seek the indulgence of his creditors. Liabilities nearly \$17,000, settled at 72 1-2c on the 、 1 11日朝 dollar, cash.

-Pierre Breton, stationer, city, has made

#### We manufacture the .



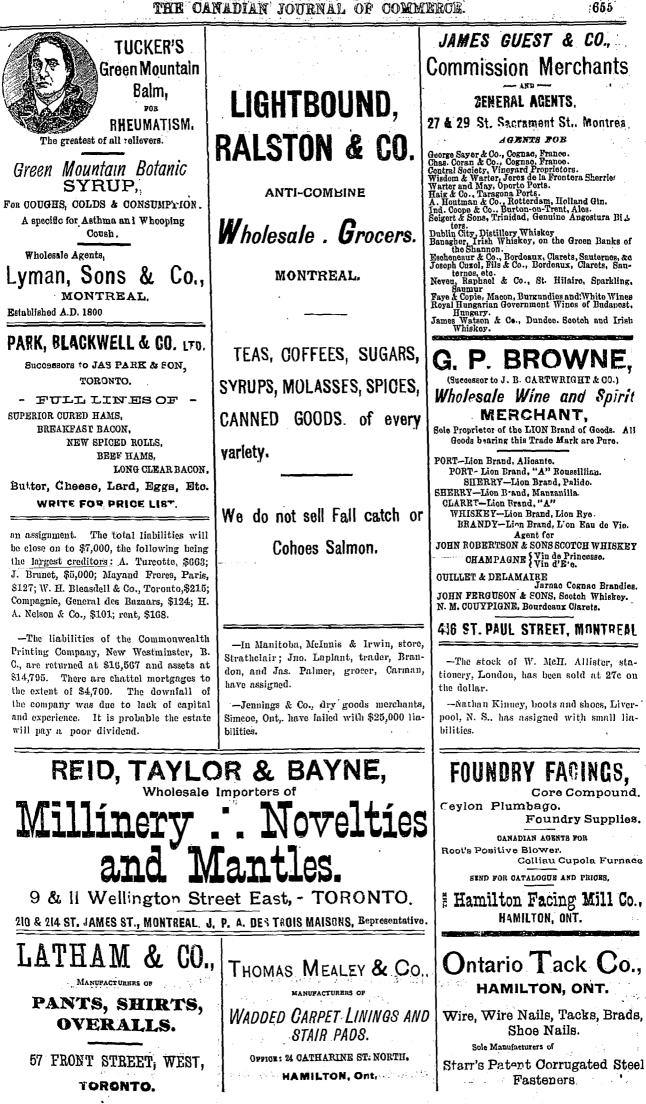
It is the best

Hydraulic Cement.

Write us for prices.

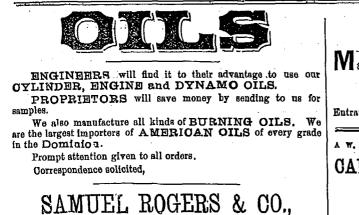
ESTATE OF JOHN BATTLE.

Thorold, Ontario. કેત્∔ જ





-....-



30F.RONT ST., - - TORONTO, ONT.

in financial circles by the requirements of trade, in marked contrast with the case prevailing in the corresponding period of 1892.

From the fact that circulation did not reach, at its highest point, beyond \$34,666,646, and closed with an increase of only \$452,043 over the figures of February, we discover that the large expansion of discounts did not relate to departments of trade which call from the banks those much coveted payments in their own notes, but on the other hand referred to such as necessitated outside credits, cable transfers, sterling and American drafts, and other forms of settlement of pre-contracts. New transactions originating with the season had their place, but their volume\_is shown to have been very moderate. The reduction in deposits of \$1,725,253 indicates a continued non-realization of commodities held over from last harvest. Notwithstanding low prices for grains, March a year ago showed \$752,807 of an increase in deposits over the previous month. It is obvious that the present quarter has contained elements beyond those of market prices, affecting commercial progress adversely, amongst which we may instance bad roads, unfavourable weather, a late opening of navigation, tariff uncertainties, and slow payments.

The expansion of discounts which at its total of \$204,903,994 is \$7,194,480 beyond the figures for February is a further feature of the banking return which must be classed as unfavourable.

It was during 1874 that the banks began to realize that they had been unduly expanding their loans, and within two years the' evil effects were disastrously apparent. If we look at the ratio of discounts to deposits and circulation in the year named, and compare it with the figure derived from an analysis of the March statement it will be observed that there is but little difference From 1874 to 1880 there was a forced decrease of \$15,000,000 notwithstanding a concurrent growth of \$6,028,436 in deposits. Will the banks heed the lesson of the past? If so, voluntary curtailments of discounts will be in order and possibly diminish future accretions of past due bills' account. The reserves of \$17,857,475 in specie and Dominion notes, on liabilities of \$201,668,685, in the shape of deposits and circulation, are inadequate to serve as a basis for further expansion.

The reduction of foreign credit balances and increase of foreign overdrafts, denote a strain which is at least severe, and for the endurance of which any prospective gain from a decline in the sterling exchange market can be but poor compensation.

We conveyed to the brokers last month the assurance that it was the exigencies of local trade which had necessitated the calling in of street loans, and not the greater attractions of the New York market. A study of the return must demonstrate to them the need there was for their contribution of \$1,800,889, and thus afford a measure of consolation.

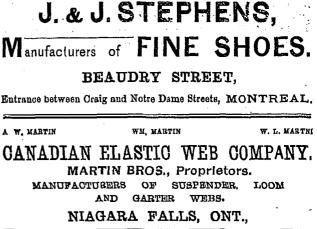
As an encouraging feature of general trade we note a lessened number of failures for the quarter ending 31st. March, there being 33 fewer than in 1892.

The bank clearings at Toronto, Halifax, Hamilton and Montreal during March show the following increases as contrasted with 1892:

For the month -- \$ 5,141,244 - -- 20.612.869 For the quarter

Last week witnessed the departure of the Provincial Treasurer for Europe in the interests of his department.

The Paris banking houses which he will call upon will scarcely be in their



most generous moods for discussion of a renewal of the Provincial loan of 20,000,000 francs, or the granting of an additional one. The condition of the London financial market is also most unfavourable through the aggravation of the Australian crisis by further bank failures. The Treasurer may find himself practically cut off from it. and in the end may, like our city fathers, bring back his loans to the Canadian banks. We referred to his visit in our last issue, and in recommending him to our local institutions we suggested the displacement of some of their foreign investments to make room for his requirements.

The acute stage in regard to the silver question is nearly reached at New York and Washington. President Cleveland's utterance of last Saturday that he intended to maintain the parity between gold and silver will selve to allay any immediate fear of the discontinuance of a gold standard, but the disappearance of the free gold from the treasury caused by continued shipments and the contraction in general exports, show that a grave national crisis can only be averted by an issue of gold bonds and by the immediate repeal of the Sherman Act.

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We learn that bankers here insist that drafts on New York be crossed payable in gold as representing the equivalent of the Canadian currency which they disburse for their purchase. This is a wise precaution.

From the Official Gazette we take the following figures as of 31st March, which are of interest:

Dominion Government,

\$297,697,164.66 gross debt Dominion notes in circu-

lation	17,587,711.66
Specie held	5,550,381.36
Imports for month -	7,989,834.00
Exports	
Produce of Canada	8,556,604.00

Produce of Canada

P. O.Savings' Bank bal 23,130,324.88 Dominion do do City and District do Caisse d'Economie do

17,127,760.73 8,767,027.68 3.993.856.43

The subjoined comparative table was crowded out last week, the detailed will be found on other pages : "

BANK STATEMENTS.	,		
	March 1893.	Feb. 1893	Maroh 1892
Capital authorizod Capital subscribed Gapital paid up	\$75,958,685 63,170 454 61 945,554 25,274,165	\$75,458,685 63,269 643 61,943,791 25,263,960	\$75.904.665 62 878 932 61.516.842 23,964,819
LIABILITIES.	-		
Notes in Circulation	33 430,883	32,978,840	32 483,965
pa2 hsts, ecc. Balance due to Provincial Govts Public deposits on demand Cons from other banks in Canada secured Deposits mayable ou dem'd, after notice or on a fixed day by	3,052.639 2 962.0 $\cdot 8$ 64 536 898 103,700 904 166,290	2,407.166 3 612 373 66 822 851 103,140 204 125,000	2.806,472 2.965,245 60 352,542 93,824,415 105,000
othor Can. banks	2,500 071 107 727	3,167.869 108,791	2 754.556 94,495
in foreign countries Balance due to agencies of the bank or to other banks or agencies	127,760	87,710	140,634
in the United Kingdom Other liabilities	6,412 180 367 547	4,766,619 397,465	2,852 992 203,560
Total liabilities	217,365,066	217,614,977	198,583,868
ASSETS.			
Specie, Dominion notes. Deposits with Government for security of circulation	$\begin{array}{c} 6,162,891\\ 11,694,584\\ 1,761,2\cdot9\\ 6,790,524\\ 150,000\\ 3,122,760\\ 78,430\\ 20,539,621\\ \end{array}$	6,558,156 13,233,280 1,761,259 7,203,054 125,000 3,922,736 116,302 21,397,371	6.105 187 10 553,558 846 927 6,335,141 105 000 3,225,346 185,954 18,165,638
Balances due from banks or ngoacies in U. K Dom (loyt. Delonture Stocks Can Municipal Securitios and British. Foreign, Provincial or Colonial public securities (other than Dominion)	375,597 3,282,975	1,159,930 3,285,975	2,358 549 3,054,034
Canadian, British and othor railway soonrites Call Leans on bonds and stocks Current Leans and Discounts	8,801,977 <i>5</i> ,594,314 17,655,291 204,903,994	8,696,997 5 568,428 19,456,180 197,709,554	6 580,869 5,918,759 14,900,269 190,647,188 1,916,70
" to Provincial Governmots. Overdue debts. Roal estate, other than bank promises, the property of the bank Morignges on real estate sold by the bank. Bank promises.	$1,115,010 \\ 2,426,202 \\ 982,667 \\ 756,264 \\ 4,852,263$	1,056,916 2,297,630 1,011,715 774 375 4,831,276	163,494 2,666,666 1,100 24 772,60 4,514,213
Othor assots	1,440,628	1,585,788	1,469,398
Total Assots Aggregate of loans to directors and to firms in which they are partners.	302,490,430 7,386,404	301,752,118 7,186,872	281,640,93 6,506,30
Average specie for month Average Dem. notes for month Greatest circulation during month	6,185,941 11,833,742 34,666,646	6,516,132 13,095,234 33,736,404	6,051,17 10,263 74 93,870,430

#### AUSTRALIAN AFFAIRS.

There is something perhaps ungracious in dwelling upon the disasters of a sister colony, but if we allude to the loss of reputation which Australian credit has sustained, first, through haste in heaping up a national debt, secondly through the wreckage of several mortgage and property institutions and lastly through bank failures, it is that we ourselves may heed the lessons which these disasters teach. In a decade the indebtedness of the group of antipodean colonies was swollen from £64,000,000 to £140,000,000. The mortgage institutions had money thrust upon them when inflation in real estate was the order of the day. The fortyseven societies in Melbourne alone had nearly £4,000,000 of deposits, which were as rapidly loaned out as they were easily obtained. The banks had £149,000,000 of deposits at the beginning of the year, and of this total the tempting influences of 4 1-2 and 5 per cent. interest had drawn about one-half from British investors. The expansiveness of the banking system is shown in the total of £154,000,000 of advances, a sum alarmingly in advance of the deposits. The banks number twenty-five, and of these several have been in difficultics since the first of the year, and notwithstanding the request of Government that the Associated Banks act as helpmeets to each other, this has not stemmed the tide, and two further failures have resulted during the past fortnight. Reconstruction, and the acceptance of preference shares by depositors, it had been hoped, would have been effected, but a crisis has again been reached by these later failures.

Melbourne bears the brunt of it, and to the group of colonies generally it means as much as the Baring trouble did to Europe. The trouble becomes national not only by the ramifications of the bank agencies but from the fact of the large holding of outside deposits. A run does not mean money out of the banks and into the hands of the abiding local population; but if the British deposits be called for they draw across the waters the very life blood of the For some time depositors colony. have been withdrawing funds from the younger banks and placing them with the older institutions, but some of the latter are in jeopardy, and the English, Scottish and Australian Bank which

failed a fortnight ago dates back to 1852. القاما المالية المراجع المراجع Neither a plethora of deposits, nor a gigantic national indebtedness, show a country's real greatness, and no progress can be really lasting in the absence of population and lack of production from the soil.

The following figures seem to invite attention: - L Deposits Advances.

#### London Stock

Joint Banks - £282,000,000 £148,000,000 Provl. Banks - 62,000,000 46,000,000 Austral'n Banks 149,000,000 154,000,000 Can. Banks -33,000,000 44,000,000 While these figures are momentous, we must remember that our Canadian banks base a standing portion of their loans on subscribed capital.

Our bankers were accused by an Australian bank president, travelling in Canada, of an over-readiness to address the general public at great length through their annual reports to shareholders. Even were this the case they have served to inform the public not only of the position of the banks, but of the country at large.

Had that bank president wisely collected and noted those same addresses during the past twenty years he would in their reviewal of the difficulties and vicissitudes of banking in Canada found object lessons from which the sister colony to which he belongs, also young in years, might have drawn most useful instruction. Many of them he could have carried back to the antipodes with profit to himself, and his own particular institution.

## THE MINISTERS AND IMPORTERS IN COUNCIL.

From a policy decidedly protective, to one fairly protective, is but a natural transition and not to be characterized as the outcome of vacillation, or weakness in administrative principle. New formations in the organic relations and commercial policy of nations are observable from time to time, indicating enlarged experience, enterprise, and care for the best interests of the people concerned. Policies can only shape themselves, tariffs can only be amended after standard measures to secure a permanent and adequate revenue have been introduced and approved. An uncertain revenue and a shifting tariff can advance nobody's interest, but a welt digested, and imliberal, partial tariff becomes acceptable to everyone, when framed to produce just such revenue as is necessary for an

economical and liberal administration of Government. This must be held to embrace not only the protection of native industries, but leave something over for the encouragement of education and the arts of peace. A day would be to long to continue the protection of any one industry as a matier of special bounty or favor,

The present Government have shown that there is no such purpose underlying the present tariff, but where circumstances might give colour to the complaint that favor existed, the Ministers have invited open comment, and have shown a commendable readiness to satisfy contending interests where possible. To this end the visits of the Ministers and Deputies to Toronto, Montreal and elsewhere have been undertaken. While between sessions of the House it may deemed idle and superfluous to conjecture what shall be the future history of the protective system, we may not be far astray in predicting that the known policy of the Ministers of Finance and Trade, and their public announcements, foreshadow some general modification of the existing tariff, and along the lines of a reduction ranging from five to seven and a half per cent. In many cases it will be found, as we endeavoured to point out-in-a-recent article bearing on Customs appraisements, that the complaint is not in every case with the tariff itself, but its interpretation. Uniform interpretation alone at every port of entry may prove equivalent to an advantage of several points beyond what the Ministers may be willing to recommend in the shape of a change in the tariff. The merchant who enters his goods as 'cutlery' will be quite able to compete with his neighbor elsewhere who through indulgence has been allowed to enter similar wares as 'tools' and for whom no necessity has yet arisen to pass an 'amended entry,' and whose integrity under the protection of some public servant stands unimpeached.

Amongst the measures which from time to time have been suggested to encourage the honest importer, to protect him from injustice at the hands of civil servants, and deal out even-handed justice to those disposed to commit a fraud upon the revenue, is the institution of a Customs Court. To this we have made reference in past numbers of the "Journal of Commerce". It is not found practicable to have such a court composed of importers to sit in judgment on their own acts, but the

preference appears to rest in favor of a court consisting of the senior customs officers in each of the larger districts, with the Commissioner as chairman. When we come to consider that the senior officials at the different city ports are men possessing experience in the various departments of wholesale and retail trade, it will be apparent that these officials represent a combination of practical experience, technical in many instances, which could work great good to both Government and importers.

Closely allied to the tariff are the methods of its collection. If the latter are cheeseparing and petty, the men who serve as the instruments of its collection may become petty too, as well as susceptible to perverted notions of what is right, The poorly-paid underling is not necessarily the best servant. The well-paid one can produce as good results, and is above the temptations of poverty. It would pay to have a customs' service of first rank and generous in its emoluments. There is room to increase the stipends of several seniors especially among the appraisers, at various ports of entry and fit them for higher duties, amongst which might be included the arbitrations in the Customs' Court.

It has been instanced in one year alone that as much as \$30,000 to \$40,-000 was saved to the revenue through the quick-sightedness of one city officer in calling for 'amended entries.' Such a result from watchful attention to the interests of the department, repeated at all the ports of entry, would produce of itself the revenue necessary to provide a higher grade of pay amongst officials and develop those professional instincts and accomplishments which make the worthy public servant. This may be aside from the question of the tariff and its changes, but the subjects are interwoven, and merchants can detect the fact without the aid of glasses.

Ministers Foster and Bowell were busy men this week listening to the complaints and suggestions of the various deputations from the trade interests of the city. The discussions which arose may be taken as simply preparatory to, and helpful towards, a revision and re-adjustment of the tariff. They are indicative of good faith on the part of the Government, and of a fulfillment of the promises given before and during the last session of the House from the Ministerial benches. They show further; that the interests of all sections of the community are to be

considered, none carelessly imperilled, and that trade is to be promoted in wise directions.

The evident desire of the Ministers to bring the Departments of Finance and Trade into closer touch with the commercial life of the country, must comuend itself to men of every shade of political belief as conducive to the best interests of both Government and people.

#### AUDITING LOAN COMPANIES.

One of the auditors of the Loan Company, Toronto, to which we referred in our issue of 14th April has addressed a letter to us which appeared last week. He informs us that the money was taken, "not within the last two or three years but during the last ten or eleven years." During the last ten or eleven years necessarily includes the last two or three years. When the frauds were committed is however not the point, which is this, that, during a number of years the company's books were systematically falsified to conceal frauds, and that the auditors for those years gave a certificate that the books and accounts were correct.

For a number of years there had been no examination made of the balances of what our correspondent terms, " the subsidiary ledgers," one of which was the "deposit ledger." This is surely ngt a "subsidiary" book, but one of prime importance, as is evidenced by the fact that owing to the non-auditing, or the bad system of auditing that book, the officials in charge had been able to defraud the company of \$25,-000. Had that ledger been skilfully audited, frauds would have been discovered at an early stage, and its continuance nipped in the bud. The existence of very grave and suspicious irregularities was so glaring that, had the system of auditing been less loose and perfunctory, they would have been examined thoroughly and frauds exposed. An auditor who asks for the balances of certain ledgers and does not obtain them, is not justified in their absence in signing a certificate that they are correct. The non-production of those balances was highly suspicious, and ought to have led to a formal demand for them from the Manager, and, if he failed to furnish them, the Board should have been appealed to. Yet, for a number of years, the balances of the deposit ledger were not examined and proved. How then could a certificate be justified which affirmed their accuracy? When those balances were examined in July last the whole of the frauds were discovered. This demonstrates the manifest fact that, had the same examination been conducted each year, those frauds would have been discovered during the first year in which any of them occurred. Thus our contention is sustained that the system of auditing that loan company's accounts was exceedingly defective and illusory, and we have good reason to affirm that this applies generally to other companies.

The correspondence clsewhere will have further interest in this connection.

#### ANOTHER LARGE FIRE.

The fact that one of the members of the Montreal fire brigade lost his life at the fire on St. Paul street, which has taken place since our last issue, is only an additional proof, of the bravery and fortitude of the individual members of the force. If anything is lacking it is system and management and more perfect appliances. The premises damaged were those of Mongenais, Boivin & Co., and A. Racine & Co., and the insurance was as follows: On the building, Royal \$17,000; Quebec, \$8,-000; stock of Mongenais, Boiyin & Co., Manchester, London Assurance, Insurance Company of North America, and Standard, \$5,000 each; Phoenix of Hartford, \$10,000; London, Liverpool and Globe, \$10,000; Connecticut, \$1000 Insurance Company of North America, \$3,000, and Scottish Union, \$2,000; total, \$54,000; insurance on stock A. Racine & Co., Scottish Union and National Company, Atlas & Caledonian \$10,000 each; Commercial Union, \$20,-000; total, \$60,000. The loss to Racine & Co., will not exceed \$5,000. In the main establishment of Mongenais, Boivin & Co., there is a total loss by fire, but the damage to the other building will not be heavy, and that principally by smoke and water. With reference to the risk of the Commercial Union, there is a re-insurance of \$10,000, namely, \$5,000 in the Western and \$5,000 in the United Fire.

## THE POSITION OF WHEAT.

The recent revival of speculative activity in Chicago has again drawn attention to the conditions governing the wheat markets of the world. We have heard a great deal about the losses of a room trader called Partridge, and others, who appear to have persistently "gone short" many millions of bushels and, at last, were caught by several sharp upheavals engineered by the 'bulls.'

Many of these quick speculative turns are due altogether to local causes of daily, or even hourly, interest only. An important factor at this season is the condition of the winter wheat crop, True reports are almost impossible to obtain. It will be remembered that when the actual crop reached 612 millions of bushels, early spring advices were, to the effect, that enormous damage had been done. Holders are naturally interested in starting, or affecting belief, in such stories, as it gives them a chance to work off their old stock. The assertion that attempts are made to gull the public, especially that portion inclined to speculate, does not, however, lessen the importance of the fact that the crop is sometimes injured, and this is the time of year when the injury would be first known. The development of new wheat lands in the United States has made exact calculations difficult, and the experience of buyers has generally proved that both growing crops, and supply, have been underestimated. No country takes such pains in the matter of reports and statistics as the United States and the work produced is, to all appearance, honest and disinterested. Yet official accounts may err and the reason is not far to seek. Almost invariably State accounts are influenced in no small measure by the supposed interest of farmers, and it may be called to mind that several governments have passed under the control of farmer's organizations. The avowed attention of some of these rural clubs is to govern for the farmer, at the expense of creditors, store-keepers, railways, etc., both selling and buying prices being fixed to suit themselves. Reports also come from railway agents and from journals which make a specialty of recording crop prospects and movements. These accounts are often difficult to reconcile, but it can readily be seen that, at this season, their source goes back directly to the producer, and seller, who is too apt to give the most doteful reports if his fields have sustained the least injury. There is now a consensus of opinion that the winter wheat has sustained injury in some States, and in Kansas, especially, the extent of that injury is yet to be determined by the rainfall, and the weather in other respects, within a short time. Our New York confrere, the "Commercial Bulletin," thinks the advices from various sources have foundation enough to warrant the belief that the yield this year may prove 40, or mossibly 50 millions of bushels, short of a full crop.

The April report of the department of Agriculture at Washington, makes the

average condition of winter wheat 77.4, against 81.2 last year.

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There are causes, already alluded to, that make even official reports uncertain. This is more particularly true of the various States. Last year their official accounts went even further than the purely commercial advices in alleging that great disaster to winter wheat which never materalized, The March report of wheat in farmer's hands proves that the estimates for last year were grossly inaccurate. It was asserted that the yield had decreased 100 millions of bushels, but it is now doubted if the decrease was as much as 50 unillions. Latest official reports in the Granger States admit that it is astonishing how much wheat remains unsold in the hands of farmers. It is well known that there is a natural tendency to exaggerate injury to a crop, and at the same time the acreage os more than likely to be under stated. Briefly stated it is certain that the United States has on hand more than 200 million bushels of wheat, hot including large quantities of flour, and there is not the slightest probability that as much as 140 millions will be wanted for home consumption, or export, before July 1st. If 60 million bushels is carried over, that will compensate for a decrease of 30 per cent. in the yield of winter wheat, in the States where injury is reported. But if winter wheat is really injured, and prices are advanced, increased sowing of spring wheat will make up some proportion of the loss.

A Washington official bulletin shows that Britain imports 105,530,000 bushels of wheat annually and the next largest consumer is France which takes 37,430,000. Roughly speaking the United Kingdom absorbs about 43 per cent. of the commercial supply of wheat in the grain and France, Italy, Belgium, Germany and Switzerland rank next. These countries use 83 per cent, of the exportable surplus. The met exports are 250 million bushels made up as follows :- Austria, Hungary, 5,816,800; Bulgaria, 5,690,996; Roumania, 19,200,979; Russia, \$3,170,011; Servia, 2,236,912; India, 30,946,842; United States, 83,343,864; Argentine, Republic, 3,747,733; Canada, 2,416,821; Chili, 3,924,346; Australasia, 8,178,886.

#### WESTERN BANK OF CANADA.

This institution, whose head office is at Oshawa, Ont., held its eleventh annual meeting on the 12th inst. A report of the proceedings will be found elsewhere in our columns, along with a statement of the liabilities and assets! One very noticeable feature is the strong position which the Bank holds in regard to cash

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assets, which amount to \$765,630.15, or more than double the paid up capital. The lessened demand for accomodation throughout the year has bestirred the directors to find an avenue of investment for the increasing deposits, and they have wisely made choice of Provincial and Municipal Debenture's as affording a reasonable return in interest, combined with absolute security. In this way a sum of \$218,386.04 has been employed which more than absorbs the new deposits of \$160,773.57. The discounts show a decline of \$18,863.55 as compared with the previous year. This, with the claims for interest on new deposite has reduced the nett profits by \$2717.58.

Naturally the slackeneed demand for advances has affected circulation likewise which shows a falling off of \$4580, but the time is fast approaching when local needs will create a change in this respect. A small increase in capital account has taken place, the total now paid up being 3366,005.49, on the subscribed amount of 500,000. It is to be noted that out of the whole number of shares, 5,000, forty per cent. or 2087 shares, are held by the directors. Though the past due bills are larger by \$19,448.28; the directors report the amount as fully secured.

The rest account has been increased to \$86,000, and there is a balance of \$1044.48 of ordinary profits carried forwad.

#### COTTON SUPPLY

A number of facts bearing on the supply of cotton, etc., are contained in the last report of the statistical branch of the United States department of Agriculture recently issued, which possesses some interest for us in view of the great 'development of our cotton manufacturing industry. Practically all the cotton which is consumed in the civilized world is drawn from four sources—United States, India Egypt and Brazil. It is difficult to get returns down to recent date, but estimates have been prepared for 1889 and 1890, and they compare as follows:—

	1890 Bales	1889 Bales
Brazil	864,707	329,166
Egypt	- 946,856	740,047
India	- 8,005,258	3,314,593
United States -	10,790,110	9,057,069
Total	15,106,926	13,440,875

The calculation is based on uniform bales of 400 lbs. The reduction in the Indian crop shown above may be more apparent than real, the figures for 1888 being only 2,907,046 bales for that country and 8,593,521 for the United States. During the past few years an effort has been made to grow cotton in Russia, as there are large areas in which conditions of soil and climate are favorable. The contemplated railway from Samarcand to Kliskan, in Central Asia, will open up provinces from which much is expected in this direction. A European journal recently made the following announcement: last year there were 8,000,000 poods (108,839,000 pounds) of Russian cotton and as much of Asiafic cotton called American. In other words, in the space of ten years since the first attempt Russia has succeeded in furnishing within her own territory one-third of the cotton necessary to her. By guaranteeing a regular growth in its cotton plant production it would perhaps obtain an exportation equivalent to the former importation." Confirmation is given to this statement from figures of the cotton trade of the United States with Russia. During the four years, 1881 to 1884, inclusive, America exported annually an average of 124,117,441 lbs of cotton to that country. In the period 1885 to 1888 the average was 86,014,804 lbs., and it fell to 75,889,614 in the period 1889 to 1892. The decline was from 134,000,000 lbs in 1881 Wo 67,000,000 in 1892, a fall of 50 per cent. It is not improbable that the United States cotton planters will in time experience that world-wide competition that has so discouraged their wheat growing brethren in the States further north.

Europe and the United States furnish the consuming market for the surplus production of the world, though Canada and Japan absorb between 25 and 30 millions of pounds each. Europe, excluding the trade of Turkey, imports each year an average of 3,478,000,000 lbs, and re-exports 493,000,000 lbs, leaving for annual consumption nearly3,000,000,000 lbs. Of this the United Kingdom alone demands one-half, with an annual supply of 1,-490,000,000 lbs. The United States ranks second as a consuming country, using 1,-134,000,000 lbs. In late years there have been some significant changes in the relative consumption of the United Kingdom, the Continent and the United States. According to reliable records, the United Kingdom now consumes about 87 per cent of the cotton of the world, which is recorded in the commercial supply, the rest of Europe 38 per cent, and the United States 25 per cent. Fifty years ago the proportions were materially different. During the period from 1841 to 1845 the United Kingdom required 55 per cent. of the supply, the Continent 30 per cent, and the United States only 15 per cent. With the natural advantages of being a large cotton growing country and possessing immense water power, an inventive people and advanced methods of machinery, it scems surprising that the United States should have met such a stubborn manufacturing rival in Great Britain, but doubtless the great Civil war was for many years a powerful check to development. As time goes on the accumulation of wealth on this side may go far to offset the advantages enjoyed by the mother country of huge combinations of capital and factories. Her market also has been limited by hostile tariffs.

More recently much misery and trouble has been caused by ill-considered strikes extending over whole districts. If the supremacy is being gradually wrested from Great Britain, as is claimed by the official American publication referred to, labor troubles brought about by her own misguided people should not be omitted as factors operating to bring about that result.

#### OYSTER CULTURE.

The English experts appointed by the government to inspect the oyster beds of the Maritime provinces have made their report, and few points were made which have not been already touched upon in these columns. The grounds possess great natural wealth but have been greatly damaged by indiscriminate raking and by the operations of the mussel mud diggers. During the whole inspection the experts did not see "any death or marine enemy to the oyster, which is very remarkable over such an extensive area of ground." Many of the grounds are not at present in a fit condition to plant oysters upon. It is suggested that they be thoroughly cleansed by dredges as used in England. These instruments always improve and enlarge the beds, and also bring up oysters at any depth of water. When introduced in the Dominion it is predicted they will supersede the rake and open a new feature in the oyster industry. The culture of oysters is carried on most prolitably in both England and France, and with proper official supervision and assistance, we are led to believe that the whole coast of New Brunswick, from Caraquette to Bay Verte, and the shores of Prince Edward Island, as well as a great many places in Nova Scotia, could be made to yield a handsome revenue. In some places grass, weeds and soft mud are to be found where once existed famous oyster beds; this is largely the effects of mud digging, which will have to be restricted if the oyster industry is to be actively encouraged. Of Richmond Bay the inspectors "This ground covers an extensive say: area, and is nothing short of a gold mine; it is very prolific. Some of the beds are large, consisting of many acres, the stock upon them comparing well with cultivated grounds; the resources appear to be enormous for the beds are well stocked with oysters and oyster brood, which we find

<sup>3</sup>of a good quality, and in a healthy condition, growing rapidly." The regulations suggested are:-

1. Boats engaged in the oyster fishery should be duly licensed, registered and numbered with the respective ports to which they belong, having a number painted in large figures on the boat, as well as her name, in the same manner as is done in the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Holland and other European countrics. The above system answers admirably and most effectually in British and continental waters. It seems to be an excellent way of preserving this and other fishing industries.

2. Licenses might be granted to oyster fishermen; each license having a list of rules printed at the foot, such as: No round oysters to be landed under two inches in diameter, or long oysters under three inches in length, under penalty of a fine for each offense. The rule would apply only to localities where the above size could be defined, as sizes vary according to different waters, but the above rule would apply to all places visited by me and mentioned in this report.

3. No fishing for oysters should be allowed on Sunday, nor at any time during the close senson.

4. The number of each fishing boat to

correspond with the license held by them. With the assistance of the above rules a record of bonts and men could be kept, showing the number of people engaged in this industry, and whether it prospered for not. It would also be useful to fishery officers, for the purpose of detecting boats poaching during the close senson, or fishing on licensed or reserved grounds.

#### "TRADE WITH DEMERARA.

A recent visitor to Canada, A. D. Mackny of Georgetown, British Guinna, is of opinion that the Dominion can profitably extend her trade with Demerara. Having been horn in Ontario he has devoted considerable attention to this subject. As a member of the Royal Agricultural and Commercial society he was instrumental in getting a commission appointed to test the merits of Canadian flour, against which there was strong prejudice. The commission made full investigation and proved that Ontario flour had been grossly misrepresented. On the last steamer from St. John there went down ten barrels and a number of bags of Manitoba flour, sent by Premier Greenway. It is stated that this country must send the flour in barrels such as the people require. There is also a chance to develop a trade in batter, cheese, lard and hams. But cheese must be sent in smaller and butter in better packages. Lumber and potatoes are also items to be considered, and P. E. Island onts always hold their own. The Americans are fighting for the trade and are now putting on a direct steamer, but the people recognize the merit of Canadian goods, and he believed that if the subsidy to the steamer was continued and a good service kept up, Canada would get the trade. At the beginning of this century an imperial statute forbade the West India provinces from trading with the United States, and he was inclined to think history would eventually repeat itself, the change coming this time in the natural hourse of trade. Naturally the people of Demerara want to get their sugar into Canada in exchange for our products, and already much of their raw sugar is received at the maritime pro-vince relineries. At the World's Fair Demerara will have a large exhibit of sugar, timber (including greenheart, mora, crabwood, purple heart, silver balli, etc) \$1,200 worth of gold nuggets, fibres, hemp, cocon, medicinal barks, jams, preserves, etc. The enormous development of the gold industry of the province will be illustrated by a series of pyramids in gold foil, representing the output each year since 1885. Speaking generally of the colony Mr. Mackay said its population is about 300.000. Georgetown has 50,000, of whom 12,000 or 13,000 are Portuguese, who are the wealthiest people in the colony. The work is done by East India. coolies, for whose care the colony is responsible to the East India government. They are apprenticed for ten years and many go home quite wealthy. One coolie morchant in Georgetown is worth fully £25,000. The negroes are worthless since emancipation, and Portuguese laborers could not stand the work-hence the importation of coolies. The Portuguese are the distributors of merchandize or retail traders. Last year Demerara mined \$2,-500,000 worth of gold, of which the government got \$125,000 royalty. Our visitor says the Canadian steamship service is an excellent one.

#### THE IRON INDUSTRY.

An Ottawa contemporary points out that with 'the aid of a duty of \$4 per ton, and a bounty of \$1.50 per ton, the production of pig iron in Canada last year was less than 20,000 tons, while in 1887 it was 16,000. The duty and bounty combined amounted in 1892 to \$895,000.

It is somewhat discouraging to find that such a heavy import has gone but a small way towards promoting iron smelting, and the development of our valuable mineral properties. Quebec has made some advances, as recently pointed out, whilst Ontario, though possessing excellent ores in abundance, has practically stood still. Quite lately a move has been made, but it is one not likely to be popular with the rate payers, as it has taken the form of an attempted raid on the provincial trensury, which is asked to contribute a bounty of \$2 per ton on all iron made in Ontario. This would make in all a hnargin for the local manufacturer of \$7.50 per ton. If such extra inducements are necessary it is to be feared that consumers will have to content themselves with foreign iron for a time, at least.

The product of British furnaces is being gradually supplanted at most Ontario points by American iron. The latter has been more largely produced of late years, especially in the South, while quality has been improved, and greater care than formerly taken in testing and grading. British iron is likely to hold its own at Montreal, as freights are favorable, but the rail rates to far interior points are against it. American iron is able to obtain better rates to the West, and the production is going on there at such a rate, that prices are likely to recede further, thus steadily limiting the market for British iron. In 1880 our imports of pig iron from Great Britain were 56,-107 tons, and from the United States 3,-169. Last year the classification was as follows: Iron in pigs, iron kentledge and cast scrap iron-Great Britain, 43,510 tons; United States 25,874.

Our Ottawa contemporary appears to be somewhat astray in its figures, as the production of iron in Canada is stated to be between 50 and 60,000 tons annually. With regard to the point that American iron is driving British out of the market, it is known that Canada took 14,796 out of the total of 15,940 tons, exported by the United States last year.

#### AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVES.

The announcement that English engines are to be exhibited at Chicago seems to have caused some surprise to American builders. The ingenuity of our neighbors has certainly done a great deal for locomotive building. It is said that an English engine demands the finest rond-bed that can be built, and that it will run with one wheel in the air on a track where an American engine will run, with all the wheels hearing their due proportion of weight, and doing their share of the pulling. American builders boast that they have excelled all others in getting the greatest amount of power in proportion to weight, and in making a machine that will run around short curves and over an uneven track. The extension of their sale abroad, whether due to ac-Yual merit, persistent puffing, or the superior tactics of selling agents, is certainly surprising. The Trade and Navigation returns show that Canada imported 31 locomotive engines from the United States last year at a cost of \$248,432. Australia and South America have purchased largely. In the past two fiscal years the West Indies and South America took 855, of which 193 went to Brazil, 86 to Cuba, 34 to Mexico and 23 to Chili. The New York Bulletin says: We sent three locomotives to Belgium last year and two to Sweede, whither one went the year before. Japan has taken six of our engines each of the last two years, and the railroad from Joppa to Jerusalem is equipped with American motive power. In these last two years we have exported 472 locomotives of a declared value of \$4,142,078. As the iron and steel of which the engines are built is cheaper in Europe than in this country, it is a matter of some surprise, as well as gratifiention, that our locomotive engine builders have acquired so much of an export trade.

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# WM. DARLING & CO.

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The suspension of the above widely known wholesale hardware firm was quite a surprise to many in the trade, who had always looked upon them as possessed of ample capital. The Merchants Bank is the largest creditor; outside of its claim the direct liabilities probably do not exceed \$17,000. It appears the bank held a considerable amount of the firm's paper, and the pinch came when it asked for security which Darling & Co. were unable to furnish. A meeting of the creditors is called for Monday. Since January, '89, the firm has consisted of William and James Darling. Another brother is a partner in a large Toronto house. When the estate of the late Mr. Darling came to be divided, Andrew Darling and Mrs. Darling, senior, took over the Hochelaga property which has considerably increased in value, the other sons acquiring the business and stock. One of the members of the firm, as proof that the business had not been failing behind, pointed to orders on his desk which, he said, aggregated between \$20,000 and \$30,000 in value. The house was established by the late William Darling in 1839 At one time there was a branch in Toronto under the style of A. and T. J. Darling & Co., the partners being sons of the founder of the firm. The partners in the suspended firm have the sympathy of hosts of friends in the reverse which has overtaken them.

-J. L. Gaumond, general store, St. Anne de la Perade, who commenced four years ago in a small way, has assigned.

-A. E. Harper, dry goods, Toronto, and W. B. Gardiner, general store, Lyn, Ont., have both assigned for small amounts.

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A novel and interesting machine is now in use at the Millwall docks, London, for the discharge of cargoes of grain in bulk, the principle applied being the removal of the grain by the creation of a strong current of air. The machine is erected on a barge which is placed alongside the ship to be operated upon. To the machine is attached one end of each of six five-inch flexible pipes, the other end of each of which is carried into the hold, or holds of the vessel and immersed a few inches in the grain The engine is then started and the grain immediately flows at the rate of one hundred tons an hour through the pipes into the receivers, whence it falls by gravity into the receivers, whence it fails by gravity into weighing machines, and then aga u by gravity into the craft sent by buyers to receive it. The machine in use has a power of one hundred tons per hour, but the work done can be increased indefinitely by the addition of a corresponding engine power. The six pipes are worked together, but when necessary more or less of them can be shut off, and (the rate of discharge is then reduced, but not in proportion to the number of pipes detached. With one pipe only in use, the power exercised carries 88 tons an hour through it.

San Francisco papers at hand by latest mails confirm previous reports of failure of the attempt to combine the salmon packers on the Columbia river. Private accounts and the newspaper reports are in accord. In the natural course of events the failure to combine is likely to lead to what may be termed an enlargement of spleen, which, on the Pacific coast, is paramount to vindictiveness on the part of aggressive cauners, and opportunity for fishermen to exact fancy prices for raw stock that is almost certain to be made the most of. Hence the cost of new pack Columbia River salmon is shrouded in more than ordinary uncertainty, with the prob-abilities that nothing short of heavy run of fish will prevent an advance on last season's cost. The Alaska canners, unless they deviate from plans already laid out, will pack no greater quantity than was distributed last year. The British Columbia camers have also decided upon a lim-ited pack. In short, there seems to be a nice opening for the Columbia River people, since spot stocks are low, and the restrictions upon packing in Alaska and on the Frazer river sufficient to divert more attention to Columbia river lish. Thus far opening prices are about the same as those that ruled at the beginning of the 1892 season.

#### Vorrespondence. 🗄 1- ji

AUDITING LOAN COMPANIES' ACCOUNTS.

Editor Journal of Commerce, Montreal. Sir : i to i e la

In your issue of 21st inst., I observe a letter from Mr. Robert Sewell, one of the auditors of the Imperial Loan & Investment Co., in which he states that he had Irequently asked for the balances of the sub-idiary Ledgers but never obtained them. How can Mr. Sewell reconcile this state-

ment with his certificate given for the past four years?

"We have carefully examined the books, accounts and vouchers of the Imperial Loan & Investment Co., for the year ending and find them correct in every particular." Yours truly,

# Manager.

Toronto, 25th April, 1893.

## THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA.

The eleventh general meeting of the sharcholders of the Western Bank of Canada, Oshawa, Ont., was held at the head office of the bank on Wednesday, the 12th day of April, 1893. The following shareholders were present : John Cowan, Esq., W. F. Allen, Esq., Dr. McIntosh, J. A. Gibson, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., T. H. McMillan, Esq., Thos. Patterson, Esq., C. W. Scott, Esq., John McLaughlin, Esq., Thos. Conant, Esq., and R. S. Hamlin,

Esq. The president, Mr. John Cowan, occupied the chair, and Mr. T. H. McMillan acted as secretary to the meeting.

Report of the Directors.

Submitted to the shareholders at the eleventh annual meeting held at the head

eleventh annual meeting held at the head office of the bank, 12th April, 1893. The directors beg to submit to the share-holders the bank statement for the year ending February 28th, 1893. Owing to largely increased deposits, coupled with a moderate demand for monar the carvings have been below

money, the earnings have been below the general average.

With a view to counteract this condition of alfairs in future, as far as possible, the directors have recently invested a considerable portion of the unemployed re-sources of the bank in Provincial, Do-minion and Municipal debentures.

The not carnings have been considered sufficient to warrant the payment of the usual seven per cent dividends on capital, and to admit of adding the sum of six thousand dollars to the Rest Account, also to carry forward a balance of \$1,044.48. The officers of the bank have discharged

their respective duties to the entire sat-isfaction of the board.

John Cowan, President.

Oshawa, April 12th 1898. Statement of assets and liabilities of The Western Bank of Canada on the 28th of February, 1893: Statement of profits for the year end-

ing 28th February, 1893: Balance at credit of Profit

Balance at credit of Profit		
and Loss account February		
29th, 1892 \$	20 00	
Net Profits made during the		
year	32,499 58	• • •
\$	82,519 58	
Applied as follows:	•	
To pay dividend No. 20 - \$	12,697 82	
To pay dividend No. 21 -	12,777 78	
Carried to Reserve - ' -	6,000 00	
Balance at credit of Profit	9,000 00	
	1 0 / / /0	
and Loss account ·	1,044 48	
. <b>-</b>		
\$	32,519 58	
-		
Liabilities.		
Capital paid up \$	866,005 49	
Rest account	86,000 00	
Notes in circulation	302,880 00	
Deposits and interest 1	,281,282 87	
Dividend No. 21	12,777 78	
Balance at credit of Profit		
and Loss	1,044 48	
\$1	,999,440 12	
. –	·	
Assets.		
Specie	24,567 01	
Legals	82,142 80	
Notes and cheques of other	,	
banks / -	18,747 55	
000000		·

Due from other banks in Canada 894,285 02 Due from agents in foreign Countries 18,241 16 Due from agents in London England 28,114 98

Cash Assets immediately available 506,048 47 Ontario Government Deben-65,676 54 tures Dominion Government Debentures 25,246 58 Municipal Debeniures 162,695 80 Deposits with the Dominion

Government for security of note circulation 15,962.76 1,204,978 78 Bills Discounted Current -22,506 95 Past Due Bills fully secured Office Safes and Furniture 6,829 29

\$1,999,440 12

T. H. McMillan, Cashiery

Oshawa, February 28th, 1893. Moved by the President and seconded by the Vice-President that the report as

by the vice-President that the report as read be adopted, printed and circulated amongst the shareholders.—Carried. Mr. Conant, seconded by Mr. McLaugh-lin, moved that the thanks of the share-holders are due and are hereby tendered to the President VicePresident and Dito the President, Vice-President and Di-rectors of the bank for the manner in which they have conducted the affairs of

the bank during the past year.—Carried, Dr. McIntosh, seconded by Mr. Gibson, moved that the thanks of the shareholders he given to the Cashier and other officers of the bank for their attention to the interests of the bank.—Carried. Mr. Conant, seconded by Mr. Allen, moved that this meeting do now proceed to elect by ballot seven directors to fill the places of these retiring and that

the places of those retiring, and that Messrs. C. W. Scott and John McLaugh-lin be scrutineers for said election, and that the poll remain open for one hour to receive the votes of the share-holders, but that should five minutes elapse at any time without a vote hav-ing been taken the poll shall be de-clared closed, and that the scrutineers be paid \$4 each for their services .- Carried,

The scrutineers reported the following 7 gentlemen as having received the unan-7 gentlemen as having received the unan-imous vote of the shareholders, viz: John Cowan, Esq., R. S. Hamlin, Esq., W. F. Cowan, Esq., Dr. McIntosh., W. F. Allen, Esq., Thomas Patterson, Esq., and J. A. Gibson, Esq., who were declared duly elected Directors for the ensuing year. A vote of thanks was tendered to the chairman for his able conduct in the chair, and the meeting then adjourned.

-At a subsequent meeting of the new Board, John Cowan, Esq., was unani-mously elected President, and R. S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.

# Financial.

Thursday Evg., April 27, '98.

Money on call has been loaning at 5% and 6 per cent. Owing to the naval review and holiday in New York, American quotations are not to hand. Money in London 2 per cent., bank rate 21/4 per cent. Sterling, 60 days sight, closes here at 9 1-16 to 14 and 914 to 16; demand 914 to 11-16 and 9% to 10; cables 10 to 14 New York funds 1/4 dis., to 1/4 and par to On the Stock Exchange, banks were 兆 quiet and closed at about the lowest figures of the week. Montreal and Commerce were in most active demand. Cable fluctuated between 145% and 140%, closing at 144 bid. Telegraph was fairly steady. Richelieu fell to 63% and reacted to 68 before the close. Passenger x.d. closed with buyers at 188, after soll-ing at 190 and 185. Gas closed at 200%, after a fair week's business. Pacific quiet but about stendy. Business in other stocks unimportant. Following is the record for the week, as per Clouston Co, stock brokers. ٤

Banks.	Budres.	Hlghest price.	Lowest price.	Average this week has year-
Montreal	135	- 232	230}	. 2274
Ontario	40	124	123	116
Peoples	45	117	1144	103
Molsons	22	174	172	



Butter and Cheese .- Butter is only in moderate demand, but the market is steady. Good old dairy is held at 1Sc to 19c, and the supply is not excessive. The spring demand for the lower ports is exexpected to clean up the supply. New expected to clean up the supply. New make is not plentiful as yet. Fresh Town-ships dairy has sold at 22c to 23c and old creamery at 20.1.2c to 21c. There is little to say about cheese at this period of the year. In Eastern Ontario the cold weather has kept the make back. The cheese boards west of Toronto will open, as sheady stated analy in Mar. but only moderate offerings are looked for. The make of folder stock is not likely to be

traders are drawn towards the opening of the shipping season, when money should circulate more freely. Travellers are cry-ing out against the backwardness of the season for, as a rule, people do not buy dry goods until wanted. Our city re-tailers report an active week's business, evidencing the fact that many citizens are expecting warmer wanther soon and are expecting warmer weather soon, and are making provision for it. Suburban cusexpecting warmer weather soon, and are making provision for it. Suburban cus-tom is, however, like that in the interior, adversely affected by the backwardness of the season. Manufacturers offer no com-plaints and have plenty of orders. Prices are firm. In linen goods there has been a sharp rise in yarns, and as much as 15 to 25 per cent. advance has had to be paid. Lievrpool cotton quiet; American middlings, 4 5-16d. New York cotton fu-

19.00

land will bring \$500 an acre, some of it. Water creates incredible values.

We want a share of our stock in good hands at every post-office. In a year we shall want the people to know we are ready for settlers.

Send for pamphlet and map. We want you to know what wealth and health await our partners and customers there. THE COLORADO RIVER IRRIGATION CO., 66 Broad Street, New York, and

CANADA LIFE BUILDING. Toronto,

(1,2,2,3) = (1

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. (31 p.c) has been declared on the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the current half-year, payable at the office of the Bank in Montreal, on and aiter Thursday, the 1st day of June next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the

18th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive. The general annual meeting of shareholders will take place at the offices of the Bank in Montreal, on Wednesday, the 21st of June next, at 1 o'clock p. m. By order of the Board,

A. DEMARTIGNY.

General Manager. Montreal, 20th April, 1893.

# The Standard Bank of Canada DIVIDEND No. 35

Notice is hereby given that a dividend ef four per cent, upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and the same will be payable at the Bank and its agencies on and after the FIRST day of JUNE next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31th May, inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareho ders will be held at the bank on WEDNES-DAY, the 21st JUNE NEXT, the chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

J. L. BRODIE.

Toronto, 25th, April, 1893 Cashler,

# THE OANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

#### DIVIDEND No. 52

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three and One-Half per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Bask and its branches on and after THURSDAY, 1st day of JUNE next The Transfer Books will be closed from the

16th of May to the 31st of May, bo h days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stare holders of the Bank will be held at the bank-ing house, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

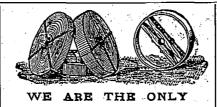
The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock. By order of the Board,

#### B. E. WALKER,

General Manager. Toronto, April 25th, 1892.

tures, steady; May. 7.46c; June, 7.59c; July, 7.68c. Close-Spot, firm; uplands, 7 13-16c; Gulf, 8 1-16c; futures, steady; April, 7.50c; May, 7.51c; June, 7.60c; July, 7.60c; August, 7.76c; Sept., 7.82c.

Flour and Grain .-- The enquiry for flour has been slow, but is gradually improving, and a better business is likely to be reported from this on. Grain quiet and steady, on spot, but considerable will be moved on the first steamers. Rates of freight about 1s 6d to 2s. Feed, easier and in good supply. Cash wheat in Chi-cago 713-4c. May 721-Sc, July 741-4c. A Chicago writer sys: Wheat sagged off 8-4c under selling caused by easier cables 8-4c under selling caused by ensier cables and some appearance of rain in Kansas, but rallied 1-4c on covering by shorts when clearances of wheat and flour reach-ed to about 550,000 bushels for the day. There appeared to be some liberal buy-ing orders in the market on the basis of



#### IMPORTERS

Of RUBBER BELTING in Canada, Undersell all who make a grand uisplay in highly rented palaces and keep a regiment of olerks, agents and commer-oial travellers.

and keep a regiment of elerks, agents and commer-onal travellers. We sell direct to the consumers, giving them the immense profile squerzed and coaxed out of them by that class of men. 100 000 feet extra heavy Belts 5) and 20 discount. 150 Machines at prices that cannot be equaled. 1200 Hickory heat rim (not glued), split wood Pulleys and light American metal Pulleys, all balanced, 40 to 60 div. Come and see them ers send for catal rgue. MULLIN & CO., 37 Papineau Sqr., Montreal.

# ASBESTOS FOR SALE CRUDE ASBESTOS OF

Nos 1, 2 AND 3 QUALITIES, THE WELL JEFFERY ASBESTOS MINES

At DANVILLE, P.Q.

Is offesed for sale in lots to suit purchasers

The quality of the Asbestos produced from these mines is the best in the market; the systems of grading pursued being superior to that in vogue elsewhere. As the supply is practically unlimited contracts will be entered into for a large or small quantity as de-sired. For prices and other particulars sprly to

W. H. JEFFERY, WINDBOB HOTEL. Sele Owner and Manager.

74c for July wheat. Corn opened strong on good general buying, but lost half from the top under local selling in sympathy with decline in wheat. Market was strong again at the close. Liverpool standard California wheat is cubled at 5s 111-2d. American red winter, 5s 9d. Bombay, 5s 11d. Liverpool mixed maize, 4s 2 1-2d. Canadian peas, 5s 2 1-2d. The Liverpool public cable says: Wheat, firm, The fair demand; holders offer sparingly; corn, steady, demand moderate. The total quantity of wheat in sight on this con-tinent and afloat to Europe, 114,185,000 bushels, against 78,592,000 last year.

Green Fruits .- Business fair and likely to improve with the opening of naviga-Apples \$1 to \$3 per brl. and dull tion. Sales slow. Oranges, Florida, \$4 to \$6 per box for good counts, others \$3.50 to S4: Valencias in cases \$6 for 714 size; \$5 case, 420 size; Messinas in boxes, \$2.25 to \$4 per box; Cantanias 200 size, \$8.50. Lemons, \$2.50 to \$4.50 per box; cran-berries, frozen, \$7 to \$8 per br!, not fro-zen, \$10.50 to \$11.50; pineapples, 8c to 80c large size; onions cotting source but 80c, large sizes; onions getting scarce, but in good demand at \$3 per case; \$1.10 per crate for Spanish, and \$3 per brl. for red and yellow Canadian. Bananas at \$1 to \$2.50. Nuts—Grenable walnuts 13c, shel-led 25c; almonus 17c; pecans 15c; fil-berts 10c; peanuts, rew 91-2c; roasted 10c to 101-2; figs 121-2c in large boxes; dried apples 6c to 7c; evaporated 10c to 12c; cocoanuts per 100 \$4.50. Blood oranges \$3 to \$3.25 per half box; per box, \$4.50 to \$5.50; California \$3.50 to \$4.25. and yellow Canadian. Bananas at \$1 to box, \$ \$4.25.

Groceries.-Only a moderate trade is being done. The sugar market is excited and irregular. One refinery has marked ap granulated to 51-Se, and we quote 5c to 51-Sc, but prices are subject to inmediate change. Low yellows are scarce and none can be got under 41-8c to 1-4. A recent London cable reads: Cane firm; Java 18s 8d; refining 16s 9d.



A Rare Opportunity for making a Safe and Profitable

# MINING INVESTMENT

It has been decided to place on the market the First Block of Stock of the place North western Mining Develop-

ment Oo Nearly one-half has been spoken for a'ready, and it is likely to be only a few days before it will be all subscribed for when the list will be closed.

The amount of Stock available is very limi (d, it is now (flered at Par, and when it shall be taken up no new subscribers can possibly obtain nny Stock except at a Promiu m(a condition requi ed by the very articles or Incorporation) The object of the formation of the North-

western Development Co. was to take advantage of the exceptional opportunity for buyiny Newly Discovered Mines, afforded by the wonderful richness of the mineral deposits in the West, especially in British Columbia (Okanogan, Kootensy, Hot Springs, Slocan, Lardeau, etc.) There was at d is absolutely no question of the fact of the opportunity. The only question was how should the far-off and inexperienced investor take advantage of it. The formation of this Company was the result of years of experience and months of special study of the situation and the result is readily admitted to be an Ideal Organization for the purpose in view. If the investor has been slow to ta eadvantage of it or looses the present opportunity, it is not for lack an opportunity that left nothing to be desired, and may not soon cccur again.

On the judgment and advice of a well-known and thoroughly competent mining engineer an Option was secured on a valuable group of Gol v properties, on exceptionally favor-able terms, by the promoter of this company.

It has now been decided to make over this group to the company so soon as the amount of subscriptions shall warrant Here, there, fore, is the desired opportunity. This company undoubtely is the first one of its kind ever organ'zed, and it may the last. Every dollar of your investment will go into actual purchas inse or working of mines. All costs of "floating" the company, obtaining capital, as well as the future administration of the affairs of the company, etc., etc., are borne by the promotion, and the latter can be recouped in no other way than from the ultimate profits of the successful employ-ment of every dollar invested by stockholders I Not even is this advertisment paid for by the invest-or I is not this plan far better than where perhaps ball of your investment goes into costs of promotion. or, worse still, to provide im-mediate profits to some peripatiete "floater" mediate profits to some peripatiete "hoater" who has nothing at stake and nothing to loose The latter has too long had the field almost wholly to himself, and honest mining has suffered accordingly. Is it not time for a change? The barder it is made by investors for honest promoters to obtain capital, the greater the cast thereof, and the smaller is the next the cost thereof, and the smaller is the percentage of their money which goes into actual mining

We offer to-day an opportunity for investors to put premium on a Rational Mode of Inv stment, thus making their invest-ment just so much safer and more promising of profits.

For further particulars, Subscription Forms, etc., apply to our agents, or at our offices.

Do not miss securing some of our Oolumbis American Mining Stock at only 25 cents per share, for it will go to 35 cents or higher, so soon as the Syndicate Block will have been all taken up. Remember that it is our determination to

make an Unbroken Becord of Suc-COSS in every investment we offer.

THE KOOTENAY MINING INVESTMENT CO.

Foom 24, Fraser Building.

MONTBEAL AGENTS:

A W. STEVENSON. J. M. M. DUFF. GUIMOND & BROSSEAU.



ceded to, and duplicates are now being endorsed under instructions of the board by the superintendent of the Exchange, in lavor of the parties to whom the mon-eys represented by these certiare due. Iron and Hardware .- Pending the open-

ing of navigation there is no life to the market, and the suspension of a large house in the trade has not helped matters. Sales for future delivery continue to be made slightly under our quotations. A gentleman well qualified to speak,

ther tanuers have not yet completed their proposed system of shorter terms, reduced discounts, etc., as already outlined in these columns. The official details of the new tanning corporation in the United States have not been published, as United States have not been published, as they are not fully arranged. The organ-ization' is established and will soon be in operation. There is little local de-mand for leather. Many manufacturers are through with the spring trade and are working up their fall samples. Spring shipments have been large. Until the

Wool.-Cables from London report a poor attendance at the auctions, but bidding brisk. .Medium greasies sold readily at full rates to French and German buyers. Crossbreds were in demand and the bidding for them was active. Cape

light, and the shipping demands of good that the market could easily be handled. Eggs on this market are offering freely and prices are weak. Sales at 11 1-2c to

12c.

#### THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. CANADA SMELTING AND REFINING WORKS Leading Wholesale Trade of Montrea FRED. T. TREBILCOCK. Manager. Office : Cor. Richmond and King Sts. **RIGBY GAINING!** Works : 173 King Street, The sale of **RIGBY** POROUS LONDON, ONT., CANADA. CLOTHING seems to be steadlly increasing throughout GOLD AND SILVER SWEEP the Dominion. SMELTING 100 REFINING & ASSAVING. HEAD QUARTERS; Special attention and prompt re-Our place is Head Ouarters for turns given for Jewelers the sale of Rigby Clothing in Sweeps and Photographers' Waste. All kinds of ore, Jewelers' Sweeps, Photograph Waste, old gold or silver or plated metals MONTREAL. or any kinds of residue containing gold and silver, smelted and refined, and cash sent promptly to cover same. The Reliance Electric Manufacturing Co. A good assortment of the following garments Ltd. always in stock : Manufacturers of MEN'S CAPE COATS. The Reliance System of Arc RIGBY ON EACH COAT, and Incandescent Lighting BOYS' RIGBY OVERCOATS. The Rae System of Electric RIGBY ON EACH COAT. **Railway** and **Power** Apparatus LADIES CAPE CLOAKS, Branch Offices : RIGBY ON EACH CLOAK. 141 KING STREET, WEST, GIRLS' CAPE COATS, TORONTO, ONT RIGBY ON EACH COAT.

HEAD OFFICE & WORKS:

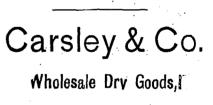
WATERFORD, • ONT.

LADIES' CAPE ULSTERS. RIGBY ON EACH ULSTEB.

CAUTIONI CATTTION See that the words RIGBY and POROUS are on the ticket of each garment, otherwise they are not genuine.

THE BIGBY garments for ladies are now the most fashionable in the market, combining as they do a good useful ulster, and at the same time a sure protection against rain.

We can confidently recommend BIGBY GARMENTS as superior to all others.



113 ST. PETER STEET, MONTREAL.

18 Bartholomew Close, London, Eng.

Flour and Grain-Flour is inactive. with straight rollers quoted at \$3 to \$3.10, and extras at \$2.75. Manitoba patents \$4.20 to \$4.30, and strong bakers \$3.75 to \$3.80. Bran quoted at \$14 on track and shorts \$15. Oatmeal steady at \$4 to \$4.20. Wheat White sold outside west "at steady. 68c, and spring at 62c on the Northern 68c, and spring at 62c on the Northern Goose 61c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 85c. No. 2 hard at 82c, and No. 3 hard at 75c, No. 1 frosted at 67c, No. 2 at 60c, and No. 8 at 56c, without sales. Barley quiet, with of-ferings of No. 2 at 40c outside, extra sold at 37c to 88c. Oats steady with.

## Notice to Builders and Founders. HE undersigned are Sole Agents for the all-wool Manhattan Felt, manufacturers of the celebrated Patent Victoria Paint, Rosin Cement, Pitch, Japan Paint for Metal Roofs, Castings, &c. All the above materials are FIRE PROOF. A11 kinds of Roofing and Building Felts sold. New Roofs made in all styles, and Old Roofs repaired and painted at low rates. For further information Telephone 7134, or address JOHN TOWLE & CO., 220 DeLorimier Avenue, MONTREAL of Good Hope and Natal wools sold onto at 257, Dominion at 274, Com-

T. W. NESS, 749 Craig St., Montreal, - Agent Province of Quebec.

on a par with the recent offerings. Cape of Good Hope and Natal scoured, 10s to 1s 1 1-2d ; greasy, 6d to 7 1-2d.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE. (Revised by Telegraph.)

ance.

Toronto, April 27, 1898 General business has been quiet the past week, without features of import-The usual sorting-up trade is

reported, while payments generally are unsatisfactory. There is a little more enquiry for flour for export but the grain trade continues dull. Money on call firm at 6 to 6 1-2 per cent., and discounts unchanged at 6 to 7 per cent. Sterling exchange is lower in sympathy with the decline of rates at New York. Dealings on the Stock Exchange are restricted, while the feeling is rather better than a week ago. Montreal sold at 231, Ontario at 120, Tor-

merce at 147, Standard at 166, and Hamilton at 162 1-2. Miscellancous shares irregular. Telephone weaker at 140, and Cable steady at 144. C.P.R. sold at 82 7-8, Northwest Land at 79, Gas at 195 1-4, Western Assurance at 150 3-4, and Toronto Electric at 180. Loan issues steady, with sale of Can-ada Permanent at 201, Real Estate at 80, Canada Landed at 136 8.4, London and Canadian at 131, Manitoba at 115 1-2, and Dominion Savings at 96 1-2.

Butter-The demand is fair and prices Prime sold at 21c to 22c in firm. tubs, and medium at 17c to 18c; creamery is quoted at 23c to 24c. Eggs steady at 11c to 111-2c per dozen. Cheese dull at 11c to 11 1-2c in a jobbing way.

Dressed Hogs-There is a little demand, with sale of good to choice lots at \$7.25 to \$7.60.

SURETYSHIP.		; :	STOCK	B AND	BONDS				
The only Company in Canada confining 11sel/ 19 this business.		Par Val's	Cspitsi Sub- soribed.	Capital pad-up	Roos	Oly. Iest Sie	Dates of Dividenda	PerCen Price April 27	Cash Value per 8 1
THE GUARANTEE CO. OF NORTH AMERIDA.	Bris. Porth Azert.a. Can. Back Commissie Commercial, Manitoba. Commercial, Mid. Commercial, Windsor Dominion Durbach	\$ 3434 50 200 40 50 50	24,245,686 6,000,003 587,200 306,000 500,000 1,500,000 1,200,000	4.856,566 6 000,000 546,950 305,500 250,000 1,500,000 1,200,000	1,289.366 1,000.000 50,000 5165,000 1,850,000 550,000	81 8 5 3	April Oci June Dec May 2Nov 30 June 81 Dec 1 May 1 Nov 3 Mar 3 Sept	46 100 400 105 274 xqd 1143	2/9 86 73 · 04 800 00 42 00 137 09 57 37 68 25
Paid up it cash (nenets), to4.500 Resources 1,119,046 Deposit with Dom. Gov't, - 57,000 THE BONUS SYSTEM	Sastorn Townships Federal Hamilton Hocholaga Imperial Jacques Cartior	50 100 100 100 100 25	1,500,000 (,250,00) 1,232,560 710,100 2,000,000 500,000	1,466,684 1,250,000 1,250,000 710,100	625,000 in liquid 650,000 200,000 956,000 150,000	ation 3	2 Jan 2 July 1 June 1 Dec June Dec 2 June 2 Dec	150 162 133	162 50 183 10 187 00 33 18
of this Company residers the Frontlums in Cattelle cross innually reducible until the rate of One-Haif per cont, per annum in resched. This Company is udder the same experienced man- agement which introduced the system to this continent over thirty years ago, and has since actively and successfully conducted the busisens to the satisfaction	Morohants' Gan Morohants, Halifax Molnoas Mohoreal Netroyale Netroyale	100 100 50 200 80 100	6,00°,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000	6,000,000 1,100,000 2,000,000 12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000	2.725,000 510,000 1 100,000 6,000,000 560,000	4 5 2 6	2 June 1 Dec 1 Aug 1 Fel 1 April 1 Oc 1 June 1 Dec 1 May Nov 1 Jan 1 July	159 140 175 2304 93 249	159 10 140 60 87 50 461 00 27 60 49 00 118 00
<ul> <li>Precident, - SIR ALEX, T. GALT, G.C.M.G.</li> <li>Precident, - SIR ALEX, T. GALT, G.C.M.G.</li> <li>Vice-Precident and Signaphic Director</li> <li>EDWARD RAWLINGS.</li> </ul>	Ontario Ottawa People's of N. B. Guebes St. Stephen's. Standard.	160 100 20 100 100 50	1,500,000 1,500,005 180,000 2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000	180,000 2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000	550,000 45,000 500,000		l June 1 Do l June 1 Do Jan. July June Do April Oo Jan July	165 117 120 166	155 00 23 40 110 09 83 90
EDWARD RAWLINGS. EDWARD RAWLINGS. 3484475, • THE BANK OF MONTREAL. HHAD OFFICE; Dominion Square corner Metcalle St.	Toronto Union, (Halifax) Union of Gan Villo Marie Western Bark of Gan. Agt. Bay. and Joon. Go	100 50 100 100 100 50	2,000,000 500,000 1,200,000 370,500 500,000 630,000	2,000,000 500,000 1,200,000 350,00 860,000 619,132	1,700,000 40,000 225,000 86,000 98,000	5 8 8 8 8	1 June 1 De 2 Jan 2 Jul 2 June 1 De 1 April—Oct 1 Jan 1 Jul	123 1031 82 99	2 6 00 61 50 103 50 82 60 99 60 118 50
MONTRHAL EDWARD RAWLINGS,	Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Assoo Canada Cotton Co	100 100 25 100	450,000	289,030	53,000	31 81 3	1 Jan 1 Jul 2 July 9 Jan 2 Jul May Au	105	26 25 62 60
Vice-Pros. and Humageng Director. *N.BThis Company's Deposit is the inrect made for Guarantee buckness by any Company, and is not linkle for the responsibilities of any other risks.	Can Landed & Nat'l Inv't G Gan. Parm. Loan and Sav Can. Sav. and Loan & Sav. G Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co Dominion Telegraph Co	100 100 50 100 50 50	1,500,000 5,060,000 750,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	663,990 2,600,000 681,075 1,000,000 915,250 1,000,000	158,000 1,562,252 150,000 \$50,000	3 8 1	2 Jan 2 Jul 1 Jan 1 Jul June De Jan. Jul 30 July 31 De 15 Jan-Quy	13c <del>1</del> 201 c 122 c 122 c 961 c 107 xd	186 75 201 09 61 00 122 00 48 25 53 50 65 60
AUSTIN & HUOT,	Farmer's Loan and Sav. Co Freehold Loan and Sav. Co Hamilton Prov. and Loan Home Sav. and Loan Co	.  100	3,221,500 1,500,000 1,750,000	1,317,16 1,100,00 175,00		1 34	2 Jan 2 Ju 2 Jan 2 Ju 2 Jan 2 Ju	a 142 3 187 3 130	142 08 137 00 130 00
WAREHOUSEMEN, STORAGE, Bond and Free Customs and Commission Agents.	Hochelaga Cotton Co Huron & Lambton Loan Co Imperial Loan and Inv. Co Landed Banking and Loan	100   100	500,000 629,850 700,000	315,03 625,90 493,00	9 <b>47,</b> 570 0 106,000 0 80,000	3	March-qtly. 2 Jan 2 Ju 8 Jan 8 Ju 2 Jan 2 Ju	y 125 y 119	81 00 125 (0 119 00
518, 520, 522 St. Paul Street. 155, 155, 157 Commissioners St.   MONTREAL.	Lond. & Can. Loan and Az. London Loan Co. Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba Inv. Assoc Manitoba Loan.	100   100   100	679,700 2,452,700 100,000 1,250,000	0 622,65 0 490,54 0 100,00 0 812,50	0 60,000 0 115,000 0 3,000 0 111,00	3		e 110 xd y 118 y 600 y 115	
Bookbinding ard Jcb	Montroal Telegraph Co Montroal City Gra Co Montroal Street By. Co Montreal Cotton Co	40	2,000,000	0 2,000,00 0 600,00	4	4	2 Jan-Qtly 15 April 15 O 6 May 6 No	144 2 -01 181 126	812. 91 00 126 00
Printing	Morchants M'f'g Co Montrosi Losp and Mortg. Ont. Indus. Losn and Inv. Ont. Losn and Deb. Co	. 100	1,000,00	0 500,00 314,29	1 185.00	8	15 Moh 15 Se 30 June 31 D	oc 100	123 00 65 00 107 00 133 00
Of all kinds done at the	People's Loan and Dep. Co. Real Est. Loan and Deb. Co. Richeliou and Ont. Nav. Co.	. 5	) 600,00 800,00	0 589,39	2 107,00 9 5.00	3		ly 101 ly 80	50 50 40 00 68 00
Journal of Commerce.	Royal Loan and Bay. Co Starr M'Is Co., Halifax Toronto City Gas Co Union Loan and Say. Co Western Can. Loan & Ray.	10 10	) 500,00 200,00 ) 800,00 ) 1,000,00	470,00 200,00 800.00	57,00 Feby.		J n July March 1 ch-Qtly J an 1Ju	130 25 1951	65 00 25 00 97 <u></u> 6 69 55 87 50

er, with sales of light fat at 61-4c. and rough and stores at 51-2e to 53-4

Provisions-Demand inactive and prices steady. Long clear bacon 101-2c; bellies 18c; backs 121-2c and rolls 101-2c. Hams 13c, and lard 12c to 131-4c. Mess pork \$20 to \$21.50 Beans are quoted at \$1.50 to \$1.60. Apples \$1.50 to \$2 per barrel; dried apples 4 1-2c to 4 8-4c. Potatoes 78c to 80c on track. Hops 17c to 18 1-2c

Wool—Trade quiet. Fleece nominal. Pulled wools unchanged at 211-2e to 22e, and extras 26e to 27c.

#### PROFIT AND LOSS, AND INSURANCE DRAMA.

"This was the way. So he'd blot out his fault." Such was his thought till he found him-self on the third floor moving towards the ladder staircase. He had gone per-haps hall, the way when he felt himself choking with the smoke; his eyes, too, were burning; he closed them and held his breath and went on quickly. A dozen steps and he opened his eyes again. Be-fore him to his left was the staircase, a round furnace mouth of flame eating away at the ladder which ted to the fourth floor; it scored his face; unconsciously he drew breath and was nearly choked with the thick smoke. One quick glance and he turned and ran back to the window.

The fireman had followed him up. Tryon drew two or three long, cool, breaths. The fireman said, "It's no use. No one can do it." Tryon filled his longs to the uttermost and turning with eyes shut ran down the store. He had judged the dis-tance in his mind. Of a sudden he stopped and opening his eyes found himself almost where he had been before. Meas-uring the space with his eye he took two quick steps—and jumped. He landed on the ladder and scrambled up it. As he came to the top he fell forward on his face on the fourth floor. He could still breather there. came to the top he fell forward on his face on the fourth floor. He could still breache there. Instinctively he rubbed his legs together to put out the fire which had caught his trousers and was burning fim. Then he called out, "Where are you?" No answer. He ran to a window and smashed it with his fist in a sort of vague hope to get light and air. Again and again he called as he went along the front wall feeling sure the child would be there.Suddenly he saw it crouching in the farthest corner. Quickly he picked it up and ran as well as he could towards the ladder. As he put his foot on the first step, the child began to scream and strug-gle. No wonder: it seemed to her as if gle. No wonder: it seemed to her as if they were going into the heart of the furnace which was roaring beneath them. Tryon held her firmly and went down a few steps carefully to get beneath the

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sales of mixed on track at 331-2e, and outside at 30c to 30 11-2c. Peas, stendy at 57c. Rye is quoted at 51c, corn at 53c to 54c, and buckwhheat at Peas, 4Sc

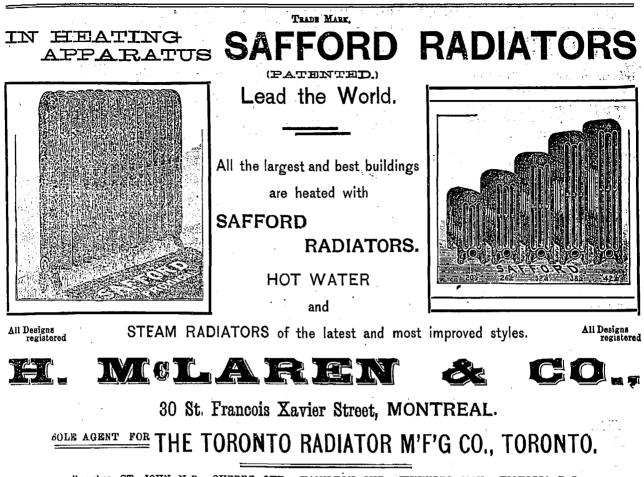
Groceries-Trade quiet, with prices unchanged. Granulated generally sugars 51-Se to 51-4e and yellows 4c to d 3-de. Tens unchanged. Coffee is selling at 21c to 22c for Rios. Canned vegetables 90e to 95c. Dried fruits unchanged, with good Valencias quoted at 5c to 51-2c.

Leather-Trade fair, and values generally steady.

Hides and Skins-Hides are quoted at 51-4c for cured. Green brings 41-2c for No. 1, 31-2c for No. 2 and 21-2c for No. 3. Sheepskins are quoted at \$1.20 to \$1.40, lambskins at 15e to 20c, and caliskins at Sc to 9c. Tal-low 6c to 6 1-2c for rendered, and 2 3-4c to 3c for rough.

Live Stock-Market firm, with prices firm on limited receipts. Choice shipping cattle bring 4.1-2c. The best butchers sell at 4c, medium 3 1-2c and interior 3c; bulls 3c to 3 1-4c and mileh cows \$35 to \$45 per head. Sheep bring \$5.50 to \$6.50 a head, and yearling lambs 5c per 1b. Hogs firm-

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Branches: ST. JOHN, N.B., QUEBEO, QUE. HAMILTON, ONT. WINNIPEG, MAN. VICTOBIA, B.C.

floor. The heat was too frightful; he could go no further. As he turned on the ladder he felt almost sure that he couldn't jump beyond the flames. But there was nothing else to he done. Holding the child tightly to him with his left arm, he sprang out with desperate effort.

So far he was fully conscious and sensible. But in his determination to protect the child he had jumped in such a way that if he fell his right arm would sustain the shock. As he landed on the floor and pitched forward just clear of the flames, his consciousness seemed to turn to sick agony. His right arm snapped under his weight. He rolled over on his back, and Weight. He relied over on his back, and he had to push with the broken arm to regain his balance and rise to his fect. Each time, too, he put his right foot to the ground he grew faint. How he got iorward he never knew. But the will in him held, sharpened now by a dread which was all instinctive. Of a sudden of it areard to him he wardehd the min which was all instinctive. Of a sudden as it seemed to him, he reached the win-dow; he saw the fireman's hand on the sill; he pushed the child against it. In an instant the fireman had taken the child, lifted it over the sill and disap-peared with it down the ladder. With the removal of his burden, Tryon seemed to loss his purpose and almost his purpose. to lose his purpose and almost his senses. A sick faintness came over him and he sank down against the sill without strength sufficient to put his leg over it, much less to descend the ladder. His lorce was spent. But the fresh air re-vived him a little, and the intense pain of his wrist arousing him to a sense of langes would him the lock of art for the danger moved him to a last effort. Slow-ly and with infinite pain he got his right leg over the sill, and so lay astride upon it, half unconscious, movement. But the incapable of it, half unconscious, incaptions of movement. But the crowd below, much more interested in him than in the saved child, shouled to the firemen, two of whom, realizing his state, ran up the ladder almost side by side. Just as the foremost reached him, there came another crash, and, as the third floor lell in, the imprisoned flames sprang up round Tryon as it relatant to lose their round Tryon, as if reluctant to lose their prey. For a moment the crowd saw him

in the heart of the fire, and then he was dragged down on to the ladder and held in Iront of the firemen, who began to descend slowly, letting the unconscious body slide after them. As he passed the light of the second storey it appeared to everyone in the crowd that Tryon was dead. So limp he lay and helpless, with the right hand bent bach, like a stick broken which hangs only by the bark.

As the men reached the ground and bore him across the street and laid him on the pavement not a sound was to be head, save the hysterical sobbing of the negrogirl. A few moments passed, moments of intense anxiety to thousands who didn't even know 'Tryon's name, and then as the doctor stood up with, "I think he'll bear carrying," a wave of joy went through the crowd, and tears came into many eyes all unused to weeping. Stretched on a mattress he was borne still unconscious to his mother's house. The crowd followed quietly; the interest in the fire was lost in this deeper interest. As the doctor reached the door just before the bearers, it was opened for him by Mrs. Tryon

In a few haste words he told her of her son's daring, and assured her that he thought he would pull through. The mother took the sentence without flinching, and candle in hand showed the way into her own bedroom on the ground floor. As the bearers emerged from the house and closed the street-door after them, the crowd began to move away. At last it occurred to them that the night was far advanced. But still they went in groups talking and discussing the story.

occurred to them that the hight was far advanced. But still they went in groups talking and discussing the story. "Jack Whatman said it couldn't be done. The smoke was awful. All for a nigger-girl. I'll just be dammed. He has sand in him. But why did he go? Not I for a nigger. He's broke his arm. And leg! Did ye hear the nigger cryin'? I guess he was more worth'n 'a pile of nigger-girls. The doctor thinks he'll live. He'll never be as good a man again. Never! What'll Boulger say? What'ld he do? He's insured, I guess. You bet. He ain't no fool. The nigger might have

burned for him. He'll get the greenbacks." "Yes; he was the manager."

868A

To be Continued.

#### SPECIAL NOTICES.

### REDUCTION IN SOAP.

When prices of tallow and soap stocks advanced in price, prices of soaps generally advanced, but the St. Croix Soap Mfg. Co. of St. Stephen, N. B., kept their price on their well known brand of "Surprise Soap" antil compelled to advance by the large number of orders they received and the continued advance in prices of soaps stocks. Now that prices of stock is lower, though not as low as it was, they hasten to give the trade the benefit of the rduction and have reduced the price of "Surprise" to about the same as before the advance, the slight difference being more in terms than in price, which they feel is more in accord with the advanced ideas of the trade of to-day and will be a benefit to all. The large reduction in price is hardly justified by the present price of stocks and the insettled state of the market, but their motto is "whatever you do, do well," and their policy has always been to protect the interests of their customers, knowing that by so doing they are protecting their own interests, and will eventually merit and receive the good will and confidence of the trade and the people. They are cortain to be commended for so prompty and fully giving the trade the benefit of the changed conditions, and will undoubtedly areceive their reward in a large increase of trade.

#### HOTELS FRONTENAC AND BRITISH AMERICAN, KINGSTON, ONT.

The travelling public will be pleased to learn of the changes recently made in the proprietorship and management of the above hotels, which are now practically, under one ownership, that of the Kingston

#### 668B

# THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

	668B	THE	CANAI		O TOT ( TTT	01 00					
	Bank Statement to Govt. Month ending Mar 31 '93.	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid up.	Reserve Fund,	Dividend Rate p. c. p. annum.	Notes in Ciro'l'tion.	Eal. due to Dom. Govt. aft'r ded'ot adv'no's for Credits.&c.	Balance due to Provincial Govts.	Deposits by the Public. payable on demand.	
-12 3 4 5 6	Toronto Commerce Dominion Outario Stundard Imperial	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,570,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,570,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 1,963,610	\$2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 1,948,033	\$1,700 000 1,000.000 1,400.000 315 000 525,000 1.024,005	10 7 10 7 8 8	\$1,554,908 2,888,519 1,105 612 1,016,848 764,793 1,403,873	\$27,014 3 \ 496 20 623 21,777 20,325 23,201	552,738 273 896 290,891 157 053 267,848	\$5,460.451 5,439.725 8,130,714 1,663,290 1,723,254 2,686,346 ~	1284567
7 8 9 10	Tradors Hamilton Ottawa Westorn	1,009,000 1,259,000 1,590,000 1,000,000 19,759,000	1,503,040 697,401 1,25 , 00 1,500,000 590,000 17,821,000	607,400 1,250, 00 1,343,300 367,055 17,515,785	55.000 650,000 710,902 80.000 7,459,907	8 8 7	597,075 1,011,654 1,014,428 278,777 11,635,507	20,109 17,860 	69,934 5,806 1,617,666	671 767 1.362.372 1.010 430 <u>179,974</u> 23,328,323	7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16	Montreal British North America Du Peuple Jacques Cartier Ville-Mario D'Hocholaga	12,000,000 4,866,666 1,200,000 570,000 500,000 1,000,000	12,000,009 4,866,668 1,290,000 590,000 590,000 710,100	$\begin{array}{r} 12,000.000\\ 4,866,666\\ 1,200.000\\ 500.000\\ 479,5 0\\ 710.100\end{array}$	6,000 000 1,3'8,3'3 550 000 175,000 200,000	10 71 6 7 6 6	5,131,321 1,119,140 782,868 425,266 231,609 583,517	1 671,156 4,463 9,181 20,773 5,807 19,782	21,071 95 167.318 50,000 8 <u>3,764</u>	12,414,515 2,168 158 1 423,558 793,763 153 574 625,531	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Molsong Morchants Nationalo Queboo Union	2,000,000 6,000,000 1,200,000 8,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000	2,000,000 6,000,000 1,200,000 2,590,000 1,200,000	2,000,000 6,000,000 1,200,000 2,500,000 1,200,000	1,150.000 2,725,000 550.000 225,000	8 7 6 7 6	1,595,525 2,9 6,888 840,576 625,175 967,522 65,218	18,343 214,445 3.781 17,851 6,621	7,611 2,375 11,897 6,185 332,203 7,842	625,531 5 3~6,811 3.409 643 920 322 4,535 103 951 425 8,248	17 18 19 20 21 22 28 24
	St. Jean St. Ilyacinthe Eastorn Townships Total, Quebee Nova Scotia Morehants of Halifax	1,000,000 1,5%9,000 36,966,666 1,5%0,000 1,5%0,000	590,200 504,601 1,500,000 35,181,566 1,5 10,000 1,100,000	254,937 309,525 1,499,815 34,720,513 1,570,000 1,100,000	25 000 625 000 13,563,333 1 050 000 510 000	8 6	233,817 732,746 16,351,188 1,066,837 959,343	23,411 2,015,464 289,447 152,954 6,293	10,684 12 693 663,238 2,029 8,462	57 152 1468,587 33,315,390 1.173 362 1,090 439	25
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Peoples. Union	800,000 500,000 500,000 300,000 280,000 500,000	700,000 500,000 500,1 300,000 280,000 500,000	700,000 500,000 500,000 300,000 249,788 260,000	130.000 120.000 210.000 60.000 30.000 80.000	6 6 6 6 6	593,152 240,970 440,002 84,091 42,603 87,067	4,453 25,5.8 21,510  12,753		816 960 449 986 482,020 54 945 57,975 51,642	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835	Total, Nova Scotia Now Brunswick Pooplo's St. Stophon's Total, N. B	5,889,000 500,000 189,000 200,000 889,000	5,380,000 500,000 187,000 200,000 880,000	5,109,788 500,000 180,000 2/0,000 880,000	2,19),000 525.000 105,000 45,000 675.000	12 8 6	3,504,065 460,191 139,492 122,820 722,503	512,968 44,953 13,407 22.812 81,172	10 491	3.677,329 515 434 54.759 58,690 628,884	33 34 35
36 87 38 39	Commercial, Man Brit. Col	2,000,000 9,733 333 48 666 200,021	747,590 2,929,000 48,666 198,722	552,650 2,92,1,000 48,666 198,122	50 000 1,290,445 5,460 40,000	6 6 8 8	325,050 764,421 30,019 94,13)	261,630	90,613 580,0c0	735 644 2,769,311 14,732 67.285	36 37 83 99
		75,458 685	63,170,454	61,945,554	25,274,165		83,430,883	3.052.639	2,962 068	64 536,898	
	BANKS. LinbilitiesContinued.	Deposits by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day.	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'its pay on demand aft'r no'ice or fixd day by other bks in Can	25,274,165 Balances Due other Banks in Capada	Balances Due bks. or agts. not in Canada.	Balances Due other Bks or Ags. in U. K.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.	64 536,898	
120345 8	BANKS. Liabilitics—Continuod. Toronto Commerco Dominion Ontario	Doposits by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340,543 11,541,223 6,483,776 8,679,380 3,037,456	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'its pay on domand aft'r no'ice o- fixd day by other bks in Can \$103,142 351,520 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,606 19	Balances Due bks. or agts. not in	Balances Due other Bks or Aga	Other	Total Lisbilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 5,801,904		123456
.234	EANKS. Liabilities—Continuod. <sup>1</sup> Toronto Commerco Dominion	Doposita by the Public, paynble after affxed day. 33,340,543 11,541,223 6,433 776 3,679 390 3,037,456 5,201,470 2,469,515 3,075,871 2,770,515 1,037,263 4,1,237,044	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'its pay on domand aft'r no <sup>+</sup> ico o <sup>-</sup> fixd day <sup>hy</sup> other <u>bks in Can</u> \$103,142 351,520 	Balances Due other Banks in Capada \$ 7 431 5,606	Balances Due bks. or agts. not in Canada. \$6,871 13,016	Ealances Due other Bks or Agas in U. K. 69,503 1,000,050 280,799	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 	Total Liabilitios. 10,570,1 6 21.825,726 11,295,442 6.724,419 5.801,904 9.584 817 4.104,052 6.509,121 6.509,720		4
2345 67890 10 1123 145	EANKS. Liabilities—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario. Standard Imporial Traders Hamilton Ottawa Western Total, Ontario Montreal British North America. Da Pouplo Jacques-Cartier Ville-Marie	Deposite by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,511.223 6,433.71% 8,6433.71% 8,6433.71% 9,649.515 3,475,871 2,770,515 1,037,263 4,1247,044 1,077,605 7,758,333 3,756,775 1,706.019 63,498	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dely'its pay on domand aft'r no'ico or fixid day iyo ther bks in Can \$103,142 351,520 52,211 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,606 19  2,077 13 197 1,452 757 30,539 1,541  16 035 10	Balances Due bks. or ngts. not in Canada. \$6,871 13,016	Ealances Due othor Bks or Ags. in U. K. 69,503 1,000,050 280,799 99,021 282,532 429,555 137,133 2,293,593 472,240 122,141 4,765	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 	Total Lisbilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 5,501,904 9,564,817 4,104,052 6,509,121 5,053,719 1,510,466 82,979,212 31,344,435 10,502,288 6,286,974 3,002,305 1,009,347		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
23345 67899 10 1122345 13144 155166 17718 1920 201	BANKS. Liabilities—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario	Deposite by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,511.223 6,433770 3,037,456 5,201.470 2,469,515 3,057,871 2,770,515 1,037,223 43,237,044 1,077,605 7,155,383 3,756,775 1,706 010 63,409 2,216,138 3,848,372 6,-22,838 1,600,171 1,375,514	Loans from Banks in Can. socn'd	Dep'ita pay on domand aft'r notico or fixel day by other bis in CAN \$103,142 351,520 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. 3 7 431 5,606 19 2,077 13 197 1,452 767 780,539 1,541 16 035 10	Balancos Duo bks. or agts. not in Ganada. \$6.871 13,016 	Balances           Due other           Bks or Ags.           in U. K.           69,503           1,000,050           280,799           99,021           282,532           422,555           137,133           2,293,553           472,240           122,141           4,705           216 807           787 372           8,341           280,330	Other Liabilities. 2,829 2,829 13,592 16,701 109,155 200 9,093 1,707 1,187 17,724 100,3 3,401 30,307	Total Liabilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 5,801,904 9,584 817 4,104,052 6,509,121 5,053,719 1,510,866 82,979,212 31,344,435 10,6562,238 6,286,074 3,002,305 11,183,117 14,694,241 3,464,470 7,432,618		$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 5\\ 6\\ 7\\ 8\\ 9\\ 10\\ 11\\ 12\\ 13\\ 14\\ 15\\ 16\\ 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 20\\ \end{array}$
2 3 4 5 67 8 90 10 11 22 13 14 15 16 177 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	BANKS. Liabilities—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario	Deposits by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,511.223 6,43377, 3,057,450 5,201.470 2,469.515 3,475,871 2,770.515 1,037,263 7,155,383 3,745,775 1,770 619 63,498 2,216,138 3,348,372 6,~29,858 1,600.171 1,875,514 3,095,893 40,743 7,06,277 2,220,486 46,550,857	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'its pay on domand aft'r no'ico or fixid day iyo ther bks in Oan \$103,142 331,520 52,211 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,606 19  2,077 13 197  4,52 767 30,539 1,541 16 035 1,636 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305	Balancos Duo bks. or ngts. not in Gunada. \$6,871 13,016  19,887 18,303 1,670 47,505 193  67,671 17,526	Ealances Due othor Bks or Ags. in U. K. 69,503 1,000,050 280,799 	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 	Total Lisbilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 5,501,904 9,564,817 4,104,052 6,509,121 3,564,817 1,510,866 82,979,212 3,344,435 10,502,288 6,286,974 3,002,305 1,009,347 3,579,065 11,183,117 14,664,241 3,464,470 7,432,618 5,842,901 122,187 1,007,832 3,346,033 102,039,463 7,514,860		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 177 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
23345 67 8910 11231415 16718190 222234 25527289 931	EANKS. Liabilities—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Standard Imporial Traders Hamilton Ottawa Western Total, Ontario Montreal. British North Amorica. Daques-Cartier Ville-Mario D'Hoeholaga Molsons Morchants Nationale Quebeo Union St. Jean St. Jyanithe Eastorn Townships Total, Que. Nova Scolia Merchants of Halifax. Pooples Linion St. Jean St. Jean St. Jean St. Jean Nora Scolia Merchants of Halifax. Pooples Linion St. Jean St. Jean	Deposite by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,511.223 6,433770 3,037,456 5,201.470 2,469,515 3,057,871 2,770,515 1,037,223 41,237,044 1,077,605 7,158,383 3,756,775 1,706 010 63,409 2,216,138 3,848,372 6,402,838 1,600,171 1,375,514 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,092,102 9,22,547 4,353,577 4,353,577 4,353,577 5,03,302 11,5706	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'ita pay on domand aft'r no'ice or fixd day isy other bks in Can \$103,142 \$351,520 52,211  612,523 445 738 33,726 612,523 445 738 33,726 61,671 681,309 19,655 52 959 150,000  1,445,058 48,023 253,000 243,103 24,103 24,103 24,103	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,606 19  2,077 13 197 1,452 767 30,539 1,541 16 035 10  328 365 56,230 337  76,532	Balances Due bks. or ngts. not in Canada. 	Balances           Due other           Bks or Ags.           in U. K.           69,503           1,000,050           280,799           99,021           282,532           422,555           137,133           2,293,553           472,240           122,141           4,705           82,328           216,807           7787,372           8,313           339,330           29,058           2,352,665           554,086           385,362           204,183           13,527	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 	Total Liabilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 9,584 817 4,104,052 6,500,121 5,053,719 1,510,866 82,979,212 31,344,435 10,502,288 6,286,074 3,002,305 11,183,117 14,694,241 3,464,470 7,432,608 5,342,001 1,222,187 1,007,932 3,486,933 103,039,463 7,514,860 5,873,027 1,853,712 1,754,860 5,873,027 1,553,027 1,754,860 5,873,027 1,754,860 5,873,027 1,754,860 5,873,027		45678910 11121341516671892021222324 252672829
2345 678910 1123145 1678920 10 1123145 1678920 22234 2505782930	EANKS. Liabilities—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario	Deposits by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,611.223 6,43377,456 5,201.470 2,469.515 3,475,871 2,770.515 1,037,263 41,227,044 1,077,695 7,458,383 3,746,775 1,770 019 63,498 2,216,138 3,845 372 6,529,838 1,600,171 1,875,514 3,095,693 400,743 706,277 4,353,272 3,021,102 922,547 709,470 (1,563,329 603,302 115,700 2,226,17 709,470 (1,563,329 603,302 115,700 2,226,17 11,666,676 147,198 10,1,80	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'its pay on domand aft'r no'ico o' fixid day iyo ther bks in CAn \$103,142 331,520 52,211 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,605 19  2,077 13 197  	Balances Due bks. or ngts. not in Ganada. \$6,871 13,016 	Ealances Due othor Bks or Aga. in U. K. 69,503 1,000,050 280,799 99,021 282,532 429,555 137,133 2,293,593 472,240 122,141 4,765 82,322 214 47,753 83,81 289,183 339,350 29,058 2,352,565 554,086 385,362 204,183 13,527	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 16,701 109,155 20 9,093 1,707 1,187 17,724 10,633 3,401 30,307 1355 183,464 8,274 1,854 4,312 6,573 1,366 328 22,861 135,000 	Total Lisbilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,225,412 6,724,419 6,801,904 9,584 817 4,104,052 6,509,121 5,053,719 1,510,366 82,979,212 31,344,435 10,502,288 6,286,974 3,002,305 1,090,847 3,579,065 11,183,117 14,634,241 3,464,470 7,432,618 5,842,001 122,187 1,007,332 3,486,983 103,039,463 7,514,860 5,873,027 1,853,712 1,720,467 2,531,012 603,850 217,654 4,438,006 20,812,678		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 177 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
23345 67890 11213445 1677890 11213445 1617819 2022324 25327289 98132 334	EANKS. Liabilitics—Continued. Toronto Commerce Dominion Ontario. Standard Imporial Traders Hamilton Ottawa Western Total, Ontario Montreal. British North Amorica. D'Hocholaga Morchants Narionale Quebee Union St. Joan St. Joan St. Juacitho Eastern Townships Total, Que. Nora Scolia Morchants of Halifax. Pooples Union St. Jana St. Jana	Deposits by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day. \$3,340.543 11,511,223 6,433773 3,037,456 5,201.470 2,469,515 3,037,233 41,237,044 1,077,035 7,758,383 3,756,775 1,700 019 63,498 2,216,138 3,448,372 6,0-29,838 1,609,171 1,855,514 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 3,095,893 40,743 1,555,14 4,553,272 2,220,486 46,565,857 4,553,271 1,566,767 1,156,670 14,653,251 1,156,670 14,653,251	Loans from Banks in Can. socu'd	Dep'ita pay on domand aft'r no'ice or fixid day isy other bks in Can \$103,142 351,520 52,211 	Balances Due other Banks in Canada. \$ 7 431 5,606 19  2,077 13 197 1,452 757 30,539 1,541  16 035 10  325 365 56,230 337  76,532	Balances Due bks. or agts. not in Canada. 	Ealances Due other Bks or Ags. in U. K. 	Other Liabilities. 280 2,829 	Total Lisbilities. 10,570,1 6 21,825,726 11,295,442 6,724,419 6,501,904 9,564 817 4,104,052 6,509,121 3,0366 82,979,212 3,344,435 10,502,238 6,286,974 3,002,305 1,090,347 3,579,065 11,183,117 14,694,241 3,464,470 7,432,618 5,842,901 122,187 1,007,832 3,486,983 103,039,463 7,514,860 5,873,027 1,853,712 1,720,467 2,551,80 20,812,678 2,355,180 3,9068,990 1,455,966 5,721,690		45 67 89 10 11 12 13 4 15 167 18 190 21 22 23 4 25 52 57 28 90 30 1 32

Roturn of Bank British North America includes Canadian business only. Bank of British Columbia bonus of 3 per cent equal in ' o a dividend of 9 per cent. per annum. Molsons' Bank bonus of 1 per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 9 per cent. per annum. Dominion Bank bonus of 1 per cent equal in all to a dividend of 11 per cent. per annum.

Real Estate Corporation. This body is composed of the Hon. Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, Henry Folger, president of the St. Lawrence Steamboat, Co., of Kingston, and three other Kingstonians of prominence and wealth. Kingston has for some time past been wakening up from its old time simularis, and while its hotels have not lacked in some of the comforts of the olden days, they have been gradually falling behind the times as compared with the magnificent hostelries being creeted in our principal cities. The new proprietors have been making extensive improvements in the hotel buildings, rendering them as commodious as those of the best modern appliances. They are connected with each other by an elevated enclosed archway, which cannot fail to be a pleasant feature of the new order of things. Mr. E. W. Dowling, the new lessee, will have much to contend with

in view of the short-comings of former, tenants, until such time as people call and see for themselves what improvements hav been made. He has had, however, a prosgerous career, extending from the cities of the Maritime Provinces, the Tecumself House, London, the Balmoral and Windsor in Montreal, and the Murray Hill Hotel, New York. All friends of the old capital of the Banner Province will be glad to learn of the success of its new enterprise.

BANKS	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Domini'n Notes	Deposits with Dom dovt. for s'o'r'ty of note oir.	Notes & Cheq. on other bks	oth'r bks.	day with bks.	Bal. due from bks. in Can. in daily exch'ngs.	Bal. due from bks not in Canada.	Due from Bks or Ag in U. K.	Dom. Gr. Deb. or Stock.	Prov'l · or Pub.Sec's not Can.	Rolling	Call Loans on Bonds and Stocks	
1 Toronto . 2 Commerc 3 Dominion 4 Ontario . 5 Standard 6 Imperial	e 414.25 1 198 05 1 172.26 1 172.26 141 76	671,025 738,542 338,723 229,672	\$82,000 143,391 75,000 50 676 38,706 70,500	\$ 233,541 867 850 364,741 237,406 141,939 298 337	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$26.792 85 324 103.487 127 160 142,116 283 951	2,994	\$ 271 892 3,590,968 1 470 222 148 455 62 622 246,755	7,853	\$ 155,411 33 845 148.666 172 783	\$84 338 1 893 852 334 022 253 062 1 149 470 977 571	1,400,705 95,960 155,814	\$ 893.950 1.488 381 1 896 147 769 157 1,420.591 1 194 574	1234 56
7 Traders - 8 Hamilton 9 Ottawa 10 Western - Total.	85 10. 178 87. 116 80. 28,48	3 197,973 3 255 131 126 623 9 25,550	27,505 52,330 45,800 15 657 601,565	102,834 131,245 67,009 9,250 2,445,152		75 638 74 895 90 714 292,479	241	22, 58 67,498 114 924 3,663 5,999,757		302 560 321 270 172 300 25,000 1,331,835	367.336 30 000 247,207 5,336,858	247 272	1,194,574 967 219 488 963 323,077 9,442,059	7 8 9 10
11 Montroal 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Peupl 14 Jacq. Car	1,548.66 364.10 e 51.19 tier 30.82	2,134,199 718 702 205,497 61 598	260,000 59.888 38.570 22.187	$1,165,031 \\311,115 \\151,773 \\242,410$	· • • • • • • • • • • •	7,154 1,832	3,139 1,059 12,554 12,385	$\begin{array}{r} 11.760.101 \\ 623.578 \\ 46.019 \\ 23.199 \end{array}$		540,000	1,243,844	854,964	$129\ 063 \\ 429,900 \\ 1,261.804 \\ 277,932$	13 14
15 Ville Mai 16 D'Hoche 17 Molsons 18 Merchan 19 National 20 Quebec	aga 77.913 220,8 4 .s 275 45 81,15 79,39	3 121,484 570 699 817,5+1 15+,381 401,959	21,000 29,644 90,000 153,699 35,332 32,786	85.972 122.993 809.404 570.547 812.710 250.734	150,000	137.693 72.932	4,591 64 4.840 4 554 981	27.624 46.625 133.817 706 131 41 914 79.550	••••	104.375 1,078.132 35,000 148,433	373,430 129,279	727,180 287,987 304,627	$\begin{array}{r} 23,619\\ 736,100\\ 321,839\\ 1,165\\ 589\\ 370\\ 820\\ 1,848,317\end{array}$	16 17 18 19
22 St. Jean 23 St Hyacin 24 E. Towns	45.39 2 55 14 13.82 112,85 112,85	257.694 3.929 17,431 94,446	52,000 2,647 13,100 40,819 851,672	187,745 3,486 19,102 22,337 3,705,361	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	47 109 22.101 87.842 426,376	2,537 743 3,170	82,515 17,061 30,880 88,181 18,657,195	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,000			854,771 11 107 84,100	21 22 23
Total, C 25 Nova Sco 26 Merchan 27 People's 28 Union 29 Halifax I 30 Yarmout	tia. 318 253 5 . 151 653 Bk. 26 876 26.777 .Co. 38 15	3 306.708 390.767 3 105 295 2 161.747 4 119 548	61.379 49.083 24.768 20.000 23,944	213.403 120.323 33.751 43.174 64.753		73.258 42.112 32.014 112 248 26 943	726	439.318 100.959 5 195 18 643 51 064	23,080	1,918,940 15,000 1,000	621 441 373,444 254,851	2.174,758 1,029.852 232.000 7 786	898.048 607,489 	26 27 28 29
31 Exchang 32 Com'l W' Total, I 32 N Brunsy	h 80 65 3.74 dsor 14,72 N. S. 610,83	7 25 007 5 6 510 0 15 030 5 1,134,621	4 800 3 000 4,803 191,777 23,305	5,499 1,675 4,428 487,006 46,399		121 639 85 950	726	58 686 27 276 11,427 712.571 57,449	2,674		71 000 35,000 1,355.736 12,227	1,269,638 250,167	1,103,137	30 31 32
<sup>35</sup> St. Steph Total, 1 36 Com.B. M	n's 9,71 N.B. 168.30	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6,730 5 383 35.418 19 750 55.424	4,909 2,454 53.762 46.938 36,260		2 252 22,022 80 551 53 067	4,054	10.48 26,299 94.23 12,81	3,185 41 2 38 837 4 85 0	<u></u>	3,000	250,167	96.134	35
37 Bank B. 38 sum'e,P. 39 Mrht.,P. Gr. To	6.1. 11,40	0] 3.45 (	1,761	1,392 5,650 6,790,524		41,243		46,97 2,80 13,26 20,539,62	8,424		4,700	5,594.814	·····	38 39
BANK Assets c	on'd Loans	· to Don Govt.	Govts.	Dverdue R Debts. si	des Bk. R. des Bk. R. remises. by	.E. sold P	Bank remis's.	Other asets.	Assets.	Liabi't's of Direct'rs & their firms.	Average specie for m'nth	Average of Dom.Notes	Notes in	·
1 Foronto 2 Commer 3 Dominio 4 Ontario -5 Standar	\$12,001 36 18,743 n 7.426	424			~~				l				oirealat'n dur'g mth.	:
Gifmanoral	6.134 1 3,886	.704 .891 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 8.654 195,531 89.358 53.126 20,555	\$5.504 21,340 9 952 101,086	147 456 27,900	\$120 000 688 412 273 825 165 832 90.000	78.276 5,453 828 26,430	14.720 596 29.188 176 14 387 507 8,717,157 7,502 276	199 589 363 876 482 000 463 986 156 737	354.073 415.000 208.000 176.000 144.637	770 938 733 000 677 000 316 300 253 450	dur'g mth. \$1,673 000 3 158 000 1,150 000 1.016 863 812,460	
6 Imperal 7 Fraders 8 Hamilto 9 Ottawa 10 Western	7,778 2 984 n 5,885 6,030 1,252	.550 .814 .750 .714	1	53.126 20,555 45,788 18,142 163,472 90 794 24,498	21,340 9 952 101,086  52,862 6,755 23,152	147 456 27,900 95,642 958 10,553 1,916	688 412 273 825 165 832 90 000 229 460 33 501 234 203 70 4 2	78.276 5,453 828 26,430 20,762 18 040 53,815 	29.188 176 14 387.507 8.717.167 7,502 276 12 868.653 4.837.047 8 544.249 7.804 339 1.971.900	199 589 363 876 482 000 461 886 156 737 311,494 294,644 27,373 34,634 9,640	354.073 415.000 208.000 175.000 144.637 291,498 85,000 176 800 118 053 26,528	770 933 733 000 677 000 253.450 807.317 183.638 232 417 122 625 30 346	dur'g mth. \$1,673 000 3.158 000 1,050 000 1,016 868 812,460 1,466.349 601 650 1,073 000 1,055 733 306 920	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 8 9 0 8 9 0 8 9 0 10
7 fraders 8 Hamilto 9 Ottawa 10 Wostorn Total, 11 Montres 12 B. N. A 13 Du Pou 14 Jacq. Cs 15 Ville M	7,778 2 984 n 5,885 6,030 1,252 Ont 72,120	.550 .814 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	53,126 20,555 18,142 163,472 90,794 24,498 709,918 281,724 307,835 48,932 20,657	21,340 9 952 101,086 52,862 6,755 23,152 220,651 2,573 13,895  83,677 49,010	147 456 27,900 95,642 958 10,553 1,916 284 425 41,321 83,206 63 577	688, 412 273, 825 165, 832 90,000 229,460 33,501 234,203 70,4,2	78.276 5,453 828 26,430 20,762 18 040 53,815 	29,188 176 14 337,507 8,717,167 7,502 276 12,868,653 4,837,047 8,514,249 7,304 339 1,971,900	199 559 363 876 482 000 463 986 156 737 311,494 294,544 27,373 34,384 9,640	354.073 415.000 208.000 176.000 144.637 201.498 85.000 178 800 118 053 26,528 1,994,589 1,557.000 357.006 73,026 37,546 16,*25	770 933 733 000 677 000 253,450 807,317 183,638 232 417 122 625 30 346 4 127 031	dur'g mth. \$1,673 000 3.158 000 1,150 000 1,016 863 812,460 1,466.349 601 650 1,476 000 1.055 733 306 920 19 317 690	
7 fraders 8 ifamilto 90ttawa 10 Western Total, 11 Montres 12 B. N. A 13 Du Pou 14 Jacq. Ca 15 Ville M 16 D'Hoch 17 Molsons 18 Morchat 19 Nationa 20 Quebec.		.550	428,463 187,182 50,000 100,000 250 000	53.126 20,555 45,788 18,1421 163,472 9) 794 24,498 709,918 281 724 301 724 301 724 301 724 301 724 3057 51.217 65,318 108,177 91,396 103,177 91,396 103,177	$\begin{array}{c} 21,340,\\ 9,552,862\\ 101,086\\ \hline \\ 52,862\\ 23,152\\ 23,152\\ 23,152\\ 23,152\\ 23,152\\ 33,55\\ 34,55\\ 35,532\\ 49,010\\ 49,010\\ 48,185\\ 33,6571\\ 49,010\\ 48,185\\ 53,300\\ 187,312\\ 25,842\\ \hline \\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 55,380\\ 187,312\\ 125,842\\ 187,312\\$	147 456 27,900 95,6(2) 958 10,553 1,916 41,321 284 425 41,321 83,206 63,677 12,216 33,051 12,216 63,611 14,414 6,001	683         412           273         825           105         832           90.000         29.460           33.501         234.203           70.4.2         70.4.2           105         830.000           667.705         600.000           350.000         667.60           91.037         33.068           5.750         5750           100.000         512.477           141.263         103.007	78.276 5.453 823 823 824 8040 80.815 8.481 217,085 105 25,877 6733 105 25,877 6733 105 25,907 25,903 57,904 22,003 57,904 47,579 17,227 17,227	$\begin{array}{c} 29.48176\\ 14.875.507\\ 8.717.167\\ 7.500276\\ 12.8495.653\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.544.249\\ 7.504339\\ 1.971.900\\ 1.971.900\\ 1.971.900\\ 1.921.2211.237\\ 8.639.838\\ 3.779.203\\ 3.779.203\\ 4.609.436\\ 4.609.436\\ 4.850.912\\ 3.850.912\\ \end{array}$	199 589 363 876 482 800 463 896 156 737 311.494 294.544 27 373 34.364 9.640 5 997 222.449 176 725 94.902 191.639 137 538 1.095.125 19.5,000	$\begin{array}{c} 354.073\\ 415.000\\ 208.000\\ 176.000\\ 128.000\\ 176.000\\ 144.637\\ 201,498\\ 85.000\\ 176.800\\ 118.053\\ 26,528\\ \hline 1,994.589\\ 1,557.000\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.900\\ 3$	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 770.933 \\ 773.000 \\ 677.000 \\ 316.300 \\ 253.450 \\ 807.317 \\ 183.638 \\ 232.417 \\ 122.625 \\ 30.346 \\ \hline \\ 4.127.031 \\ 2.348.000 \\ 747.705 \\ 243.715 \\ 105.902 \\ 16.100 \\ 163.986 \\ 462.395 \\ 612.000 \\ 103.000 \\ 435.777 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 12 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 15 17 18
7 Iraders 8 Hamilto 9 Ottawa 10 Wostern Total, 11 Montres 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Peuy 14 Jacq. Ca 15 Ville M 16 D'Hoch 17 Molsons 18 Morcharl 19 Nations		.550	428,463 187,182 50,000 100,000 250 000	53,126 20,555 45,788 18,142 95,794 24,498 709,918 281,724 307,835 20,657 51,217 65,318 108,177 91,396 75,804	21,340 9 952. 52,862 	$\begin{array}{c} 147 \ 456 \\ \hline 27,900 \\ 95,6(2) \\ 958 \\ 1,916 \\ 1,916 \\ 1,916 \\ 1,916 \\ 31,816 \\ 32,016 \\ 63577 \\ 12,216 \\ 33,051 \\ 12,216 \\ 33,051 \\ 12,216 \\ 33,051 \\ 12,216 \\ 33,051 \\ 12,216 $	683         412           273         825           1165         832           90.000         229.460           33.501         234.203           234.203         70.4.2           1234.203         70.4.2           1235         600.000           350         000           66         750           91         087           33         068           5,750         103,007           190,025         15,700           101,723	78.276         5.453           5.453         823           823         20.762           20.762         20.815           8.8481         -           217,085         1           435 055         25,877           6 733         106 3640           270,016         25,903           57,904         47,5794           17,227         12,701           12,701         21,745           11,996         28.842	$\begin{array}{c} 29, 188 \ 176\\ 14 \ 387, 507\\ 8, 717, 157\\ 7, 502 \ 276\\ 12 \ 868, 653\\ 4, 837, 047\\ 8 \ 544, 249\\ 1, 971, 300\\ 50, 804, 319\\ 1, 971, 300\\ 50, 804, 319\\ 12, 211, 237\\ 8, 039, 333\\ 3, 779, 205\\ 1, 539, 048\\ 3, 779, 205\\ 14, 723, 600\\ 123, 797, 261\\ 14, 360\\ 012\\ 3, 360\\ 14, 360\\ 012\\ \end{array}$	109 559 363 876 482 000 461 896 156 737 311,494 294,544 27,373 34,364 9,640 5 997 222,443 176 726 94,962 191,639 137 538 1,095,125	$\begin{array}{c} 354.073\\ 415.000\\ 208.000\\ 176.000\\ 208.000\\ 176.000\\ 144.637\\ 201.498\\ 85.000\\ 176.800\\ 118.053\\ 20.528\\ 1.557.000\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.906\\ 357.900\\ 357.906\\ 1.557.000\\ 357.900\\ 357$	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 770\ 933\\ 773\ 000\\ 677\ 000\\ 316\ 300\\ 253\ 450\\ 807\ 317\\ 183\ 638\\ 232\ 417\\ 122\ 622\\ 30\ 346\\ \hline \\ 4\ 127\ 031\\ 2\ 348\ 000\\ 747\ 705\\ 243\ 716\\ 105\ 902\\ 105\ 986\\ 402\ 396\\ 612\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 143\ 000\\ 143\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\\ 100\ 000\ 0$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 3 0 0 7 8 9 10 12 3 3 0 10 12 3 3 0 10 12 3 3 0 10 12 3 12 2 2 2 3 3 0 10 12 2 12 2
7 fraders 8 iiamiito 9 Ottawa 10 Western Total, 11 Montres 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Poup 14 Jacq. Ca 16 Ville M. 16 D'Hochd 16 O'Hochd 19 Nationa 20 Quebec. 21 Union 22 St. Jean 23 St. Hyac 24 E. Town Total, 25 Nova SS 26 Mercha 27 People's 28 Union 28 Haifaz		.550	425,463 187,182 50,000 100,000 220 000 100,000 100,000 100,000	53.126 20,555 45,788 18,142 9,704 24,498 709,918 281,724 24,498 281,724 20,557 51,217 65,318 109,177 91,396 65,318 109,177 91,396 65,318 109,177 91,396 65,318 109,177 142,833 72,891 46,436  31,897 67,782 67,782 1,421,849 28,675 49,446 26,755 21,421,849 28,675 29,261 21,5261 23,501 23,501 24,501 24,501 24,501 25,555 26,755 27,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 28,757 29,757 20,7577 20,7577 20,7577 20,7577 20,7577 20,7577 20,7577 20,7	21,340 9 952. 52,862 52,862 6,755 23,152 220,651 2,573 13,895 7,83 48,185 48,504 55,390 187,312 25,842 65,848 18,183 17,947 46,419 662,845 11,752 1,500 	147 456 27,900 95,642 958 10,553 1,916 284 425 41,321 284 425 3,051 63,577 12,416 33,051 1,444 6,061 3,700 1,444 6,061 3,4805 11,462 75,040 432,778 18,923 1,000 1,000 1,001 8,205 1,424 1,424 1,422 7,001 1,444 1,422 1,422 1,422 1,422 1,422 1,422 1,422 1,425 1,445	683         412           273         825           105         832           90.000         229.460           33.501         234.203           70.4.2         70.4.2           105         830.000           600.000         330.000           667.760         91.037           33.068         5,750           100.000         512.477           141.263         103.007           190.025         15.700           101.723         —	78.276         5.453           5.453         823           823         20.762           20.762         217.085           217.085         1           435 055         25.877           6 733         106 3640           227.016         25.9877           7.904         7.200           47.579         17.227           17.227         12.701           21.702         24.7579           17.227         12.701           21.795         1.996           28.842         -           -         28.842           -         1.3956	$\begin{array}{c} 29.188\ 176\\ 14.87.507\\ 8.717.167\\ 7.502270\\ 12.869.653\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.514.249\\ 7.504339\\ 1.971.900\\ 11.964.900\\ 50.804.319\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.211.237\\ 1.589.908\\ 4.609.436\\ 1.722.11.237\\ 1.589.908\\ 4.609.436\\ 1.735.583\\ 5.742.428\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.735.583\\ 5.742.428\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.583\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 5.742.428\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.558\\ 1.335.588\\ 1.335.$	$\begin{array}{c} 199\ 559\\ 363\ 876\\ 482\ 000\\ 464\ 836\\ 156\ 737\\ 311\ 494\\ 27\ 373\\ 34.384\\ 9.640\\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 19\\ 2.3434\\ 9.640\\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 3\\ 725\ 000\\ 5\ 97\\ 222\ 443\\ 176\ 726\\ 94\ 902\\ 191\ 639\\ 137\ 538\\ 1\ 095\ 125\\ 194\ 000\\ 314.166\\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 3\\ 594\ 571\\ 222\ 92\\ 50.490\\ 314.166\\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 3\\ 594\ 571\\ 122\ 92\\ 324\ 051\\ 71\ 022\\ 122\ 722\\ 122\ 722\\ 18\ 837\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 354.073\\ 415.000\\ 208.000\\ 176.000\\ 208.000\\ 176.000\\ 144.637\\ 201.498\\ 85.000\\ 118.053\\ 20.528\\ 1.994.589\\ 1.557.000\\ 357.906\\ 37.546\\ 15.*25\\ 73.026\\ 37.546\\ 15.*25\\ 73.020\\ 220.473\\ 272.000\\ 84.000\\ 78.461\\ 12.651\\ 2.543\\ 112.661\\ 2.944.800\\ 309.07\\ 2.85016\\ 2.543\\ 309.07\\ 2.85016\\ 2.543\\ 309.07\\ 2.85016\\ 309.07\\ 2.85016\\ 309.07\\ 2.85016\\ 309.07\\ 38.32\\ $	$\begin{array}{c} & 770\ 933\\ 773\ 000\\ 677\ 000\\ 316\ 300\\ 253\ 450\\ 307\ 317\\ 183\ 638\\ 232\ 417\\ 122\ 622\\ 30\ 346\\ \hline \\ 4,127\ 031\\ 2,348\ 000\\ 747\ 705\\ 2437\ 112\\ 2,348\ 000\\ 747\ 705\\ 2437\ 112\\ 105\ 902\\ 165\ 983\\ 462\ 393\\ 612\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 163\ 000\\ 103\ 000\ 000\\ 103\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 3 4 15 6 17 18 19 20 21 22 3 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
7 fraders 8 iiamilto 9 Ottawa 10 Western 11 Montree 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Peup 14 Jacq. Ca 16 U'Hochd 17 Molsons 18 Morchar 20 Quebeo. 21 Union 22 St. Jean 23 St. Hyac 24 E. Town Total, 25 Nova Sc. 26 Mercha 27 Peopley 28 Union 29 Halifax 30 Yarmoo 31 Exchan 32 Com'l W		.550	428,463 187,182 50,000 200,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 200	53.126 20,555 45,788 18,142 9,794 24,498 21,794 24,498 21,794 24,498 21,794 24,498 21,794 24,498 20,57 51,217 65,318 20,657 51,217 65,318 108,177 91,395 65,318 108,177 55,804 1142,833 72,891 145,436 31,897 67,732 1,421,849 28,675 21,218 15,2218 16,2218 14,2218 15,2218 1	21,340 9 952 52,662  6,755 23,152  220,051 2,573 13,895  2,573 13,895  83,677 49,010 49,105 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,185 49,010 49,18549,185 49,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,185 49,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,18549,185 49,185 49,18549,18549,185 49,18549,18549,185 49,185	147 456 27,900 95,612 958 1,916 284 425 1,916 284 425 33,800 63,577 12,416 13,805 1,414 6,001 3,051 1,444 6,001 3,051 1,442 75,040 432,778 1,900 1,877 1,975 1,000 1,877 1,975 1,9	688.412           273.825           165.832           90.000           33.601           234.203           70.4.2           70.4.2           1.905.705           600.000           33.000           667.60           91.037           33.008           5.750           190,000           512,477           141,263           163,007           190,025           157.700           101,723           2,460,860           81,692           64,000           60,796           92,4000           1,800           8,000           23,425,714	78.276 5.453 823 20.762 20.762 20.762 18.040 65.815 217.085 217.085 270.016 225.937 6.733 105.860 270.016 225.903 57.904 77.020 47.579 12.701 21.745 11.9962 22.453 13.646 4.416 7.702 44.587	$\begin{array}{c} 29.48176\\ 14.875.507\\ 8.717.167\\ 7.502.276\\ 12.869.652\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.514.249\\ 2.769\\ 12.869.652\\ 11.92869.652\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.544.249\\ 12.869.652\\ 11.92869.652\\ 11.92869.652\\ 11.92869.652\\ 11.9290.833\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.91.233\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.91.233\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.91.233\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.912.123\\ 1.9290.833\\ 1.971.900\\ 12.912.123\\ 1.9290.833\\ 1.92900.833\\ 1.9290.833$	199 559 363 876 482 000 464 1836 156 737 311,494 294,544 9,640 725,000 5 997 7222,449 176,726 94,905,125 191,639 137,538 1,095,125 193,000 311,045 16,422 50,490 314,166 3,534,571 122,922 324,051 71,022 72,33 315,034 71,022 71,	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	770 933 733 000 677 000 316 300 253 450 807 317 183 638 232 417 122 625 30 346 4,127,031 2,348 000 747,705 243,716 105 902 44,127,031 165 903 612 000 163 000 445 377 169 022 3,653 19 100 95,800 95,576,16 3335,700 95,800 95,576,16 3335,700 95,800 95,576,16 3335,700 1219,52 1219,52 1219,52 1219,52 122,57 15,29 9,1,231,67 15,29 9,1,231,67	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
7 fraders 8 Hiamilto 9 Ottawa 9 Ottawa 10 Western 11 Montree 12 B. N. A 13 Du Poup 14 Jacq. Ca 15 Ville M 16 D'Hocht 17 Molsons 18 Morchar 19 Nationa 20 St. Jean 23 St. Hyac 24 E. Town Total, 25 Nova Sc 26 Mercha 27 People's 29 Halifax 30 Yarmou 31 Exchan 32 Com'l W Total, 33 N. Brun 34 People: 35 St. Steple	7773 2984 n 5,855 6,030 1,252 0 nt. 72.120 1 29,371 8,817 8,817 1,252 11,259 11,219 11,219 11,219 11,219 6,578	.550	428,463 187,182 50,000 100,000 2>0,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 2>0,000 100,000 2>0,000 20,0000 20,0000 20,00000000	53126 53126 20,555 45,788 18,142 183,472 9,794 24,798 24,798 24,798 24,798 24,798 12,774 307,835 48,932 20,657 51,217 11,289 24,638 75,804 112,839 26,675 20,722 20,675 20,675 20,675 20,722 20,675 20,732 20,675 20,732 20,735 20,735 20,735 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,755 20,775	21,301 9 552 52,662  23,152  220,651 2,573 13,895  220,651 2,573 13,895  220,651 2,573 13,895  3,677 13,895  49,010 45,185 49,010 45,818 187,312 25,842 65,818 187,312 25,842 65,818 11,752 1,500  7,333 3,550  24,135 2,000 17,488	147 456 27,900 95,642 958 10,553 1.916 284 425 41,321 284 425 12,416 33,001 33,001 1,444 6,001 3,005 11,442 75,040 432,778 18,923 1,000 1,877  21,805  21,805 	688.412           273.825           165.832           90.000           33.501           234.203           70.4.2           70.4.2           1.905.705           600.000           33.004           667.60           91.037           33.004           67.705           600.000           33.004           67.705           600.000           33.004           67.750           91.037           33.008           5.750           190,000           612,477           141.263           163,007           190,025           101.723           2,460,860           31.692           2,460,860           1,800           81.692           95.714           30.000           295.714           30.000           48.000	78.276 5.453 823 20.762 20.762 18.040 65.815 217.085 217.085 217.085 270.016 225.877 6 733 106 360 270.016 225.003 57.904 47.579 12.7701 21.745 11.996 21.745 11.996 21.745 13.9.063 22.453 13.616 4.416 4.416 4.416 4.416 4.457 16.339 16.339 16.339 18.414 1.457 18.414 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.457 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.5777 1.	$\begin{array}{c} 29.48176\\ 14.87.507\\ -7.502276\\ 12.869.653\\ +4.837.047\\ -8.514.262276\\ 12.869.653\\ +4.837.047\\ -8.662276\\ 12.869.653\\ +4.837.047\\ -8.6624276\\ -7.504339\\ -7.50439\\ -7.5049\\ -7.50439\\ -7.50439\\ -7.50439\\ -7.50439\\ -7.50439\\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 199\ 589\\ 303\ 876\\ 482\ 000\\ 463\ 986\\ 156\ 737\\ 311.494\\ 291.644\\ 27.373\\ 34.364\\ 9.640\\ \hline \\ 291.644\\ 27.373\\ 34.364\\ 9.640\\ \hline \\ 291.629\\ 176.726\\ 991.629\\ 176.726\\ 991.639\\ 176.726\\ 91.639\\ 176.726\\ 91.639\\ 176.726\\ 91.639\\ 176.726\\ 91.639\\ 176.726\\ 91.639\\ 105.125\\ 191.639\\ 105.125\\ 191.639\\ 105.125\\ 105.1$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	770 933 773 000 677 000 316 300 253 450 807 317 183 638 232 417 122 625 30 346 4,127,031 2,348 000 747,705 243,715 105 902 44,127,031 165 903 44,237,16 105 902 6612,000 163 000 445 5,776 16 002 3,655 19 100 95,800 97,955 120,155 90 120,155 120	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	12345 67890 11234567890 12876 5 73103202 8 13420
7 fraders 8 Hiamilto 9 Ottawa 9 Ottawa 10 Western 11 Montree 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Poup 14 Jacq. Ca 15 Ville M 16 D'Hoch 17 Molsons 18 Morchar 19 Nationa 20 Quebeo. 21 Union 22 St. Jear 23 St. Hyac 23 St. Hyac 23 St. Hyac 24 E. Town Total, 25 Nova Sc 26 Mercha 27 Peopley, 28 Union 29 Halifax 30 Yarmou 31 Exohan 32 Com'l W Total, 33 N. Brun 34 Peoples, 35 St. Step 70 Com, B	7773            2984           n         5.855           6030         1.252           Ont.         72.120           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         29.371           1         101,577           0.061a.         6.469           1.055         1.055           0.051a.         6.491           1.15.         1.057           1.057         10.057           0.051a.         6.491           1.057         10.577           1.057         10.577           1.057         10.577           1.057         10.577           1.057         10.577           1.057         <	.550         .814         .891         .760         .770         .789         .116         .783         .162         .161         .734         .861         .734         .734         .734         .162         .116         .734         .861         .734         .909         .915         .9099         .944         .034         .474         .805         .915         .915         .915         .916         .917         .918         .9191         .913         .914         .914         .936         .936         .936         .936         .936         .936         .937         .938         .936         .936         .936         .936         .937         .938         .936	425,463 187,182 50,000 100,000 220 000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 220 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 200 100,000 100,000 100,000 200 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 200 100,00000000	53.126 20,555 20,555 20,555 20,555 18,142 163,472 9,794 24,794 24,794 24,794 24,794 24,794 24,794 24,794 24,932 20,657 51,2177 45,348 20,657 51,2177 45,348 20,657 51,2177 45,348 109,177 91,728 20,657 50,44 142,839 28,675 49,446 26,555 12,707 14,21,849 28,675 49,446 20,677 65,555 12,707 179,015 4,302 12,7340 11,769 26,679 4,302 12,744 12,7340 11,769 26,675 4,302 12,744 12,7340 11,769 26,675 4,302 12,744 12,7340 11,769 12,744 11,769 12,744 12,744 12,745 12,745 12,747 12,745 12,747 12,745 12,747 12,745 12,747 14,745 14,945	21,340 9 552. 52,862 	147 456 27,900 95,612 95,81 1,916 284 425 1,916 284 425 3,906 63 577 12,216 63 577 12,216 63,501 1,444 6,001 1,444 6,001 1,444 6,001 1,444 6,001 1,444 1,402 75,010 432,778 18,923 1,000 1,877 21,805 21,805 	688.412           273.825           165.832           90.000           229.460           33.501           234.203           70.4.2           70.4.2           1.905.705           600.000           350 000           607.000           600.000           350 000           667.705           91 037           33 068           5.750           100.000           512.477           141.263           163.007           190.025	78.276 5.453 828 20.762 18.040 53.815 8.481 217.085 1.35 035 25.877 6.733 105 360 270.016 270.017 270.016 270.017 270.016 270.016 270.016 270.016 270.016 270.017 270.016 270.017	$\begin{array}{c} 29.48176\\ 14.87.507\\ -7.502276\\ 12.865.653\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.717.167\\ -7.502276\\ 12.865.653\\ 4.837.047\\ 8.544.249\\ -7.504.339\\ 1.971.900\\ 10.041.900\\ 50.804.319\\ -7.504.339\\ 1.971.900\\ 10.041.900\\ 50.804.319\\ -7.504.339$	199 559 303 876 482 000 461 896 156 737 311,494 294,644 9,640 5 97,67 191,639 176 726 94,962 191,639 137 538 1,095,125 193,000 311,045 16,422 50,496 314,166 3,534,571 122,922 324,051 71,022 122,722 18 83 53,300 61,035 53 844 16,70 79,922 22,455 71,022 71,022 71,022 73,24,055 71,022 71,022 73,24,055 71,022 71,022 73,24,055 71,022 73,24,055 73,844 16,70 99,644 870,565 336,552 53,844 16,70 94,227 79,926 336,552 53,844 16,70 94,227 336,552 53,844 16,70 94,227 53,845 10,70 94,227 53,845 10,70 94,227 53,845 10,70 94,227 25,345 10,70 10,227 10,2777 10,2777 10,2777 10,27777 10,2777777777777777777777777777777777777	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} & 770\ 933 \\ 770\ 933 \\ 773\ 000 \\ 677\ 000 \\ 816\ 300 \\ 253\ 450 \\ 807\ 317 \\ 183\ 638 \\ 232\ 417 \\ 122\ 622 \\ 30\ 346 \\ 93\ 44 \\ 22\ 437\ 112 \\ 224\ 43\ 000 \\ 747\ 700 \\ 105\ 900 \\ 612\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 163\ 000 \\ 100\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \ 000 \\ 103\ 000 \ 000\ 000 \ 000\ 000 \ 000\$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	12345678910 11233456678910 11233451667615 7310320218 11430 50067666

# WIRE FENCING.

The Ontario Wire Fencing Co., of Pic-ton, Ont., began the manufacture of woven wire fencing in 1886, and their goods were so manifestly superior in the quality of their material as well as in the form of mesh and style of selvage, and combined in such a striking and complete monney mesh and style of servinge, and complete manner, such a striking and complete manner, lightness and safety with strength and gurability, that railway engineers and other capable and scientific judges were

convinced at once of their superiority over

may have been destroyed by domestic ani-mals or by snow or ice. They have never yet been called upon to fullfil this prom-ise. In spite of the discouraging condi-tion of agriculture, during the last five or six years, and the necessity for rigid coo-nomy on the part of the farmers, they have convinced at once of their superiority over any other kinds of fencing in the market. The consequence has been, that the goods found a large sale as soon as they were offered to the public; and, during their seven years of use in all parts of the Do-minion and the United States, they have given the fullest satisfaction to all par-ties who have purchased them. The pro-prietors have always felt so sure of the gennineness of their goods that they have continually offered to replace gratis to any customer any of their goods which

668d



confidence in it. Most farmers have now learned, through and experience and loss of stock, that four or five barbed wires make a dangerous torture instead of a safe and perfect fence; hence, it is not surprising that they have been driven by the loss and the suffering of their stock to procure the best and safest fence made. The Fencing Co. lost their factory at Picton, last June, by fire; but the proprietors, with

their usual energy, erected a large brick one in its place, and had a fine, new machine in place and running within sixty days from the time of the fire. They have just completed another and the largest yet built in Canada, and will now offer to purchasers the finest hex netting ever put on this market. These goods, like their fencing, will be made only of the best steel hvire, galvanized when drawn and not of iron wire, galvanized after weaving. These goods will also be woven 8 feet wide, when desired, and cannot be equalled for poultry yards, trellises, etc. The advertisement of this company will be found in another column. The McMullin Woven Wire Fence Co., of Chicago, composed of the same people, make vast quantities of these same goods and are the leading wire fencing company of the United States.

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AGENTS FOR MONTREAL.

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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY APRIL 27, 1893							
Name of Article	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Farm Products. GUTTE: Creamers Now Meriaburg and B dairy Meriaburg and B dairy Mediums Mediums Mediums Mediums Mediums Fresh (held) " Fresh (held) " Fresh (held) " Fresh (held) " Fresh (held) " Hors: 1892 ner 1b " Yearlings " Yearlings Hors: 1892 ner 1b " Yearlings " Yearlings Hors: 1892 ner 1b " Garwaszed Pork Ca. s. o. per bbl Koss Now Western Lard per 1b Timothy, (Car'n) per bal Timothy, (Car'n) per bal Smaps: Cloyer, red, per bushel Timothy, (Car'n) per bal Strained Strained Grains Ordinary White Chass	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & (0 & 0 & (0 & 0 & (0 & 0 & (0 & 0 & $	Pingeagy med. to gd Pingeagy med. to gd Twankay, com. to gd Colong Congon, common good cotamon med. to good in to finest. Ningehow common in to finest. Ningehow common in to finest. Ningehow common Cases. Ningehow common in to abale Cases. Add do te 5 for rosating and grinding Jamaios Plantation Ceylon Ex Ground, in bris Powdered, in bris Paris Lumps, in bris Ex Granulated, bris Ex Granulated, bris	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Soltanaz	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 &$	Nelson's Matohes: Steamboat Railroad Washboards; Nelson's Favorits Nardware. Antimony Fin : Block. L & F per ib Strip Strip Copes: : Ingot Strip Naw Cur NAIL SonzDULZ. Base-50d and 60d, f o.b. Cut nailspor kes Steel nails Cut nailspor 100 lb.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$





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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT -? HUBSDAY, APR IL 27, 1893

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Hor bour of Artist	0 16 0 00 0 20 C 00 0 25 0 0C 0 40 0 00 0 60 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 50 0 00	tolid B GetiCkatn-1 Ceti Ckatn-1 B-16 T-16 Gaircented Joon : Moreowiged Jion. No. 28.	7 00 7 80 9 50 10 00 0 64 0 00 0 65 0 05 0 05 0 00 0 64 0 00 0 64 0 00 0 64 0 00 0 64 0 00	Lead Fips per 100 hs 28mc : Shcet Scrig from Machinery scrap. Wrot iron F to F F J Wrot:	5 50 0 00 5 60 6 00 5 25 5 50 0 00 16 00 0 00 16 00 3 00 3 50 4 75 5 00	Sooth Grain Kip Skins, Freich Canada Kip Canada Kip Hamlook Caif Isht French Calf Oplits, Light & Medium. Splits, Light & Medium.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Su Fine bir. o tails 3d per i o she 2d Casing and Jox, flooring shock, and tobacco box nait		Common	0 041 0 05 19 00 0 0 0 21 00 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 21 00 0 0 21 00 0 0 21 00 0 0 20 00 0 0 0 0	oiled """ Galvd, No. 7" Barbed Wire— 2 & 4 barbs" Plain Twist, 2 & 2 wrs" Ribbon" Staples"	2 70 0 00 3 25 0 00 4 50 0 00 4 25 0 00 4 76 0 00 4 25 0 00	Small. Leather Board, Caucda. Enameled Cow, per ft. Pobble Grein. Glovo Grain. B. Colf. Brush (Cow) Kid Buff. Hussotts. Light	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
124 to 30dper 100 lbs d and 9d 6d and 7d 4d to 5d 3d Finishing nails-	0 60 0 00 6 75 0 00 0 90 0 00 1 10 0 00 1 50 0 00	Carabree Bglinton Hemstite C. I. F. Three Rivers Charcoal Iron Bar irre,-per 100 lbs Ord. Crown.	00 00 18 50 19 50 0 00 23 50 0 00 26 50 28 00 0 00 1 95	Wire Nails—75 p.c. off the list. Hides and Tallow. Montraal Green Hides No. 1 per 130 lbs No. 2	0 00 5 00	Russetts, Hoeys No.3 Exddiars' Imt. Fr. Oalf English Oak Rough Dongola, extra Dongola, extra	0 26 0 30 0 20 0 80 8 00 9 00 0 85 0 76 0 88 0 48 0 16 0 81 0 30 0 82 0 20 0 85
8 inchper 100 lbs 21 to 21 '' 2 to 21 '' 11 to 11 ''	0 85 8 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 6 00 1 35 0 00 1 75 0 00 2 25 0 00	Best Rofined Swedt Iron to No. 28 Boiler Plates Boiler 'Lowmoor. Hoops and Bands Casada Plate: : Good Brands	0 00 2 20 3 25 8 0 2 50 2 60 2 40 2 60 0 00 0 06 2 40 0 00	"No. 5 Tanners pay 50c. more for sorted, sured and insp'd Toronto 1 Norz The above are prices in the west. Excouskins	0 00 3 00 4 50 0 00 9 00 0 00	Colored Pobbles Colored Pobbles Calf Cod Oil, Newfoundlaud "Holifax S. R. Palo Scal S. R. Palo Scal	0       15       0       20         0       13       0       15         0       20       0       23         0       00       0       421         0       0       0       00         40       0       00       00
6dpor 100 lbs 4d 3d 2d Common barrel nails 1 inohpor 100 lbs	0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 0 00	Wro't fron pipe, t to h n 62t p.c., over 2 in 60 p.e Sissi, cast per 1b "Thro " 1b" Bisigh Shoe, 1b" "Bisigh Shoe, 1b	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Clips. Lamberins, Calfskins uninspected Horse Hides western, each "Gity. Tallow, refined rough	0 00 0 0 00 0 00 0 50 0 05 0 00 2 75 9 00 2 00 2 25 0 06 0 04	Cod Liver Oil	0 424 0 474 0 674 ( 73 1 09 1 10 0 (0 0 00 C 00 0 60 1 1 1 25
Clinch nsils- 3 inch.per 100 lbs 2 and 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0°85 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 50 0 00	Tim Plais; IC Coke IC Charcosi IX " DO " DX " DXX "	4 00 4 50 Usual Trade Extras.	Loathgr. No. 1 B. A. Sole. No. 3 "" No. 1, ordinary Sole No. 3 ""	0 17 0 18 0 15 0 16 0 19 0 20 0 16 0 17	Do Halifsz Do Gaspo S. R. Pale Scal Cod Liver Oil, Nfd Castor Oil, Norw gian Castor Oil, Extra	0 00 0 00 0 421 0 45 0 55 0 60 0 45 0 61 0 75 0 85 1 10 1 91
2 and 2; " " 1; and 1; " " 1; " "	1 50 0 00 1 65 0 00 1 85 0 00 2 50 0 60 8 69 0 99	Terms Plate : IO, 20 x 28. Russ. Sheet Irou Anohots, per He Lion & Crown, Thro Shi's 24 grage Last : Pig, por 100 lbs Sheet	4 75 5 50 6 60 6 25	Buffalo Sole, No. 1 No. 2 Zanzibar, No. 2 No. 2 Slaughter, No. 3 Harness. Upper Heavy.	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 20 0 24 0 23 0 28	No.1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Retailers will please bear in mind that above quotations apply only to large lots. \*Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately.

AG Terms for Gut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel, Glinch and Pressed Nails, four months note or 8 per cent. off for cash in 30 days. Discount on Boltss: Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash in S0. Nails and horse shoes, three per cent. of within 30 days. Horse nails and spikes four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. within lays.

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0, P.	SCLATER,	5	۰.	-	۶.	٠	800	Tree	aurer

This Company manufactures and will sell its Telephonia Instruments, including the inventions of Bell, Blake, Milson, Gray Phelps, Berliner, Anders, Watson, Good-man, Gilliand, and the Law and Consolid-ated Companies, many of which are fully protected by patents, at prices ranging from \$10 to \$50. It also manufactures every description of Electric Fire Alarm Apparetus, and will contrast to supply Cities and Rowas with the same. It will contrast to build private lines for all Electrical purposes, on reasonable terms.

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Gest OW :       S. G. S. G. Sorte Winker	MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THUE-Day, APRIL 27, 1893						
Class.       Oundation in finances of the second seco		e Name of Articlo. Wholesale.					
Class.       Oundation in finances of the second seco	Gesi GH:       \$ c. \$ c.       No. 1 Furnit'o Vrn'h, pr gl 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0 60 0	Mackie's R. O. Special					
Paints, &c.       Tebacce (duty paid)       No. 1 Black Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W Lead pure, 50 to 100 bkgs       5 25       5 75       No. 2       bxs       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W Lead pure, 50 to 100 bkgs       5 25       5 75       No. 2       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W No. 3       Sight Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W No. 4       Sight Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W No. 5       Sight Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514       Mokensie, Driscoll & Co.       2 40       6 60         W No. 5       Sight Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514       Sight Cherring, cads       0 46; 0 514         W Nito Lead, dry       50       575       Sight Cherring, 68       0 50       0 55       Offarets       2 00       5 50         Wentian Red, Bigh       1 25       1 05       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50       1 50 <td< td=""><td>Class.         Cantors</td><td>0         Gin-           0         Jo., De Kuyperper gal 2 85 2 90           0        os. red 10 50 10 90           5         A. O. A. Noletper gal 2 75 2 85           5        os. red 9 50 9 90           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           6         Bushmills</td></td<>	Class.         Cantors	0         Gin-           0         Jo., De Kuyperper gal 2 85 2 90           0        os. red 10 50 10 90           5         A. O. A. Noletper gal 2 75 2 85           5        os. red 9 50 9 90           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           5        os. green 5 00 5 20           6         Bushmills					
Vermillion	Paints, &C.       Tebacce (duty paid) No. 1 Block Chewing. cads       Club ryo, in brls., 1886, p.g       3 38 e         W Lead pure, 50 to 100 lb kgs       5 25 5 75 4 00 4 0 00       No. 2       No. 2       No. 1       No. 2       240 6	0         Jno. Jameson&Bons. 1 star 9 50 000           0         Jno. Jameson&Bons. 1 star 9 50 000           0         "* two stars. 10 25 000           0         "* two stars. 11 25 000           0         Geo. Roc &Co. one star. 738 9 25 10 25           0         0         fit two stars. 738 9 25 10 25           0         0         0           0         fit two stars. 748 9 25 10 25           0         0         fit two stars. 748 9 25 10 25           0         Wisdom & Warter's Sher-           0         Wisdom & Warter's Sher-           0         Brandy. "         15 06 50           0         " casson. 1 star."         15 06 50           0         " casson. 1 star."         15 00 12 00           0         " casson. 1 star."         15 00 12 00           0         fit casson. 1 star."         15 00 00           0         fit casson. 1 star.         15 00 10 00           0         ford. Alos					

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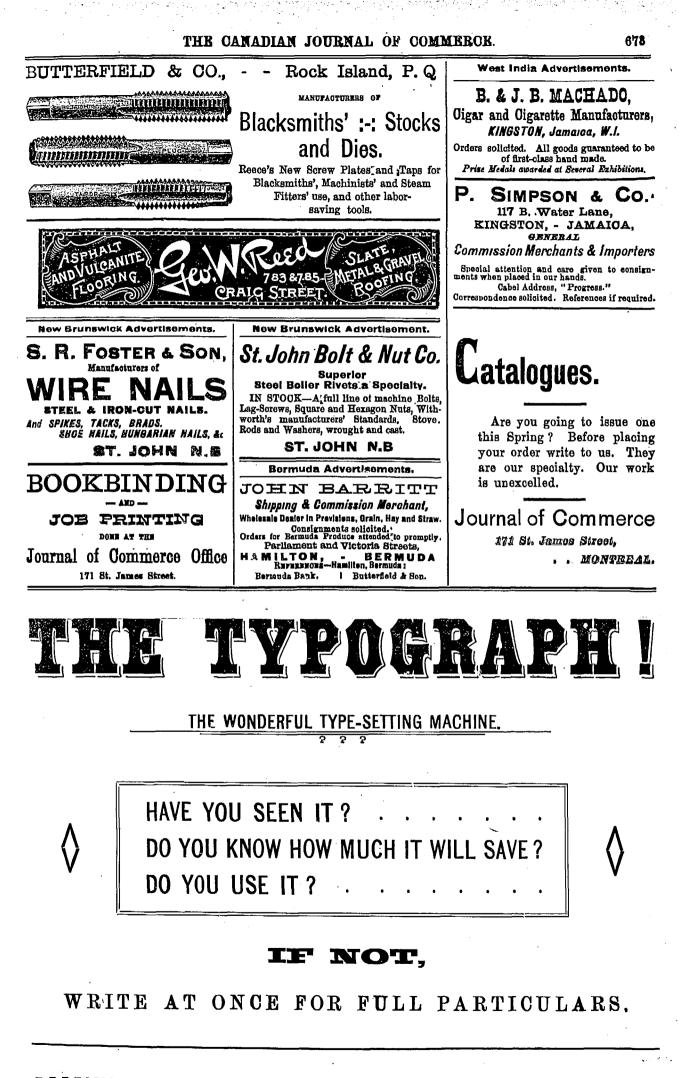
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