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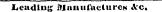
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Commercial Summaru.

THE St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery is being rebuilt with characteristic rapidity. A large force of workmen is employed day and night. eight electric lights having been supplied for the purpose by the Phoenix Electric Co. of this city.

THE stock of J. O. Normand, hatter, this city, whose failure was noted last week, has been sold at auction for 59 cents on the dollar.

THE TROUBLES OF Mr. John Craib, of Clinton, Ont., referred to last week, are partly due to his venture in Manitoba, where he is known to have lost \$1,000 in the ordered clothing trade.

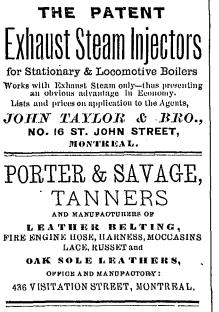
THE SEAT ON the Montreal Stock Exchange lately owned by Mr. C. G. Geddes, broker, who failed last week, has been advertised for sale to the highest bidder on the 5th March next. We understand that the son of a leading bank manager is the aspirant for it.

MR. DAVID DOWNS of this city, has resigned the management of the Union Mutual Life Ins. Co., of the State of Maine after an engagement of thirty days. Mr. Downs says he has not been able to satisfy himself in the premises by a comparison of the recent made-to-order statement of the company with its former claims.

Two LUCKY brokers, one of them till recently representing an unfortunate Fire Insurance Co. in this city, are crecting handsome residences beside that of Mr. R. B. Angus on upper Drummond street, nearly opposite "Ontario Haul." Sheridan's definition of " party " may be applied with equal fidelity to stock speculation,-being " the madness of many for the gain of a few."

HENRY RITZ, of Mitchell, Ont., a boot and shoe dealer, having been served with a series of judgments and executions, ending by the sheriff going into possession, has come to grief, leaving a very poor prospect for unsecured creditors, as the estate is almost worthless. His difficulties are due to his social instincts and to competition.

MR. E. FORD was the second of the members of the Stock Exchange to acknowledge his inability to cover his engagements, owing to the recent advance in securities. The captain was similarly circumstanced on one or two former occasions. His liabilities are somewhere about \$5,000. A settlement has again been effected.



C. W. COUPLAND, a dealer in fancy goods and notions at St. Mary's, Ont., having been served with a writby one of his creditors, gave his mother on the same day a mortgage for \$284 on his house and lot, and a few days after assigned for the benefit of his creditors. Liabilities about \$1,500; assets about \$500. He is offering to compromise at 25 cents in the dolhar, in 3, 6 and 9 months unsecured.

MR. WILLIAM HULL, proprietor of two barber shops in this city, besides that at the St. Lawrence Hall, has disposed of the entire three establishments, and leaves to-day for London, England, where he purposes to open a firstclass parlor on the American plan in the Arcade, Old Bond street. Success will probably greet Mr. Hill, as the method which is in vogue on this continent is acknowledged to be much superior to that which obtains in Europe.

Thos. FutZZEL, of Owen Sound, Ont., who succeeded his brother James Frizzell in the boot and shoe business about 8 years ago, and who had previously devoted his attention to the tilling of the soil, which he evidently considered too slow for the full development of his talents, has assigned in trust to a Montreal creditor. His trade has latterly been falling off, and stock is now being taken, but it is not at present known if he will be able to resume-

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Fredericton, says that business is fairly good in the capital of New Brunswick; the winter has been unusually cold and favorable to lumbering operations throughout the Province, but the cut of lumber will be about 30 per cent. below the year's. Tenders have been received by the Department of Public Works for the construction of a bridge for pedestrians across the St. John River, which, when built, will be a great boon to the citizens of Fredericton and the county of York generally.

THE GENERAL advance in stocks last week brought down one or two "brokers". Mr. C. G. Geddes was the first to acknowledge Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal.



his shortcomings, which were on the following securities: Bank of Montreal, 240 shares; Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co., 160; Uity Passenger Railway, 75; Canadian Pacific, 25; Bank of Commerce, 175; Bank of Toronto, 175; Merchants Bank, 205; total 1145 shares. The liabilities are estimated at about \$6,000, chiefly due to other stock brokers. Mr. Geddes was similarly embarrassed on two former occasiors, but made satisfactory arrangements with his creditors.

THE LIQUIDATORS of the Exchange Bank are awaiting action of the Government in relation to the claim of \$300,000 against the institution, money advanced during the past year, before proceeding to redeem the balance of its circulation, about \$100,000. 'Exchange brokers were paying 99 cents in the dollar for the Bank's notes last week. The late president is still across the boundary line, although be is said to have ventured over lately and had an interview with some persons interested. The liquidators say his services would avail them nothing.

Ma. Thos. TOOKE, for many years in the service of the Bank of Montreal, and recently superannuated, died in this city the 23rd inst., at the age of 67. Mr. Tooke owed his promotion to the late Hon. Peter McGill, while president of the Bank, who discovered his value while in his own establishment. Mr. Tooke's two sons, one in wholesale and the other in retail trade, are well-known to the business community. The funeral on Tuesday was largely attended by the managers and officers of the Bank as well as by a large concourse of cilizens.

As injunction has been placed by the Governor of Manitoba on the publication in that Province of what is known as the "Mercantile Test," a quarto sheet of four pages issued

weekly in Toronto, purporting to give a complete list of suits, judgments, mortgages, foreclosures, etc., taking place throughout the Dominion. The clerks of the Courts who furnish the information in the other Provinces, have been forbidden to do so in the Prairie Province. A secretary has been appointed by those interested to obtain the information direct.

WM. MESSER, a Toronto grocer, whose assignment we noticed on the 1st inst., commenced business, presumably for the first time, about eighteen months ago. His failure was solely owing to payment coming due on his property in Winnipeg, on which, being almost worthless, he did not wish to make any further expenditures. His liabilities and assets are each \$1,000. —Another grocer of Toronto, J. McArthur, who has given his creditors some trouble of mind, has also assigned in trust with liabilities of \$3,700 and assets \$5,000, the latter comprising \$700 worth of stock and the balance, in real estate.

A DIVIDEND of 74 per cent. on the estate of Thos. Miller & Co., of Millerton, N.B., formerly consisting of J. J. & T. C. Miller, has been sent to Mr. J. M. M. Duff, this city, to pay the creditors of the concern, which, with the proportion coming from T. C. Miller-about 2 cents more,-will make about 91 per cent as the final distribution after paying all expenses. The firm offered 25 cents in the dollar in January, 1882, but the western creditors, not satisfied with the change from a surplus of \$4,000 at the time of T. C. Miller's retirement in 1881, to a deficiency of some \$6,000 at the time of offer, sent Mr. Duff to examine. The result was the discovery of a flaw in the dissolution, and the recovery of nearly double the amount of the offer-



Bunting & Walsh, recently referred to, was purclused at auction last Friday for 70 cents in the dollar by Messrs. Charlesworth & Co., of Toronto, one of the creditors.

JAMES HENNIGAN, gents' furnishings, etc., Hamilton, has been compelled to suspend temporarily. As he shows a considerable surplus, it is very probable that he will be able to resume within a short time.

MR. F. STANCLIFFE, manager in Ganada for the British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Go., who has returned from an extended trip to England, reports an improved state of trade in the United Kingdom.

C. E. DION, dry goods merchant, Quebec, has compromised with his creditors at 75 cents in the dollar in four payments, to mature on the 15th June, 1st September, 1st December and the 15th June, 1885, without security.

THE landed Banking and Loan Company of Hamilton has absorbed the business of the Ontario Trust Company The former company has removed into the premises, hitherto occupied by the latter.

C. H. SMITH & Co., boots and shoes, St. Stephen, N.B., are offering to compromise at 25 cents on the dollar, in cash, mostly secured by bills of sale. Their liabilities are \$21,247; assets \$21,718, in the shape of book debts and stock in trade. The boot and shoe stock of C. A. Mann, of Strathroy, Ont., realized at auction 60 cents in the dollar, terms one-third cash and balance at 2, 4 and 6 months. Two firms in Quebec were creditors for about a thousand dollars each. The business will be continued in the name of Mrs. Mann under the title of C. A. Mann & Co.

M. FERON, trader, St. Winceslas, Que., who was recently capiassed, has got away.—Isaie Pigeon of this city, grocer and shoe dealer, is again in trouble. Liabilities about \$8,000.—N. Rivard of St. Paschal, Que., having been pressed by three judgment creditors for about \$400, has assigned. He left the plow about 1½ years ago.

J. L. TAILLEFER of Montebello, Que., has assigned to Jas. Ross, having evidently been unable to finish the payments of his compromise of about a year ago.—Isaac Rozand, tailor, is again in trouble, and has assigned to his fatherin-law, Mr. Blumenthal.—E. Poulin, fancy goods, this city, has also assigned.

A WHOLESALE clothing house in this city will drop some \$7,000 by the recent business troubles in Sydney, N.S.—The Windsor hotel sold over the "bar" nearly \$5,000 worth of drinks during Carnival week. The sales on Wednesday of that week amounted to about \$1,500.—The Royal Canadian Insurance Co, pays no dividend the current six months. Mn. THOMAS Davidson, of the firm of Mac-Dougall & Davidson, stock brokers and insurance agents, this city, has resigned his seat on the Stock Exchange. A recent bank manager is the probable successor. The price fixed upon is \$4,200.—Capt E. Ford has effected a satisfactory settlement with his creditors, and consequently retains his seat as before at the Board of the Montreal Stock Exchange.

MR. THOMAS MOFFATT, a general merchant of Tayside, Ont., is giving up business at the above place, and will open up a general store, early in March, at Maxville, in partnership with his brother, James Moffatt, late of the firm of H. & J. Moffatt, of Pendleton. The new firm, Moffatt Bros., in addition to a large stock of general merchandise, will also engage extensively in the manufacture of cheese and the production of honey.

THE stock of D. Barry, a small dry goods dealer, of Toronto, has been sold out by the firm of Boyd Bros. & Co., of that city, to whom Mrs. Barry had previously given a chattel mortgage on the stock, which was estimated to be worth \$2,000, but only realized, at auction, about \$900, and the other creditors will of course get nothing. Barry, who was formerly in the employ of T. Eaton & Co., failed through the garelessness incident to a merry life,



Ont, will not lind his credit enhanced by the circumstances which led to the sale of his stock by auction a few days ago. The father, who had a claim against the estate for about \$2,000, did not prevent his son confessing judgment in favor of a firm who were creditors for \$1,400. Of course neither party was supposed to lose by the transaction. The stock was knocked down to John Shea, of Hamilton, at 78 cents in the dollar.

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The officers and employees of the Ganadian Bank of Commerce, in Toronto, were exceedingly startled on Monday last by the explosion of a quantity of gas in one of the vaults. Several of the employes, including the submanager, Mr. Bolster, received injuries more or less severe. The accident was the result of negligence on the part of plumbers who had been at work on one of the vaults on the preceding Saturday, and had neglected to turn off the gas, which had been escaping up to the time of the accident. Damages are variously estimated at between \$1,000 and \$5,000.

MR. R. D. FREEMAN, manager for Mr. James Stinson, banker, Hamilton, Ont., has been replaced by Major A. H. Moore. "Stinson's Bank," as it has been familiarly known to Hamiltonians, is one of the oldest private banking institutions in Ontario, its establishment dating from 1849. Major Moore is an old *attaché* of the institution, having entered its service in boyhood, and remaining on its staff, ever since, with the exception of three or four years. No doubt the prosperity which unfailingly attended the concern in the past will continue under the new management.

Some of the creditors of Louis Leveille, a respectable trader of Yamaska, Que., are now convinced that they erred in compelling him to pay 70 cents in the dollar about a year ago, when he offered them 50 cents—evidently all he could afford. A few of the creditors who had promised to accept at first would not even sign at 70 cents, payable in 3, 6 and 9 months, but insisted on being paid in full. A Sorel creditor sued him for \$350. His liabilities at the time of the former trouble were about \$10,000. An offer of 50 cents, secured by his father, would now appear to be most probable. He has assigned to Kent & Turcotte.

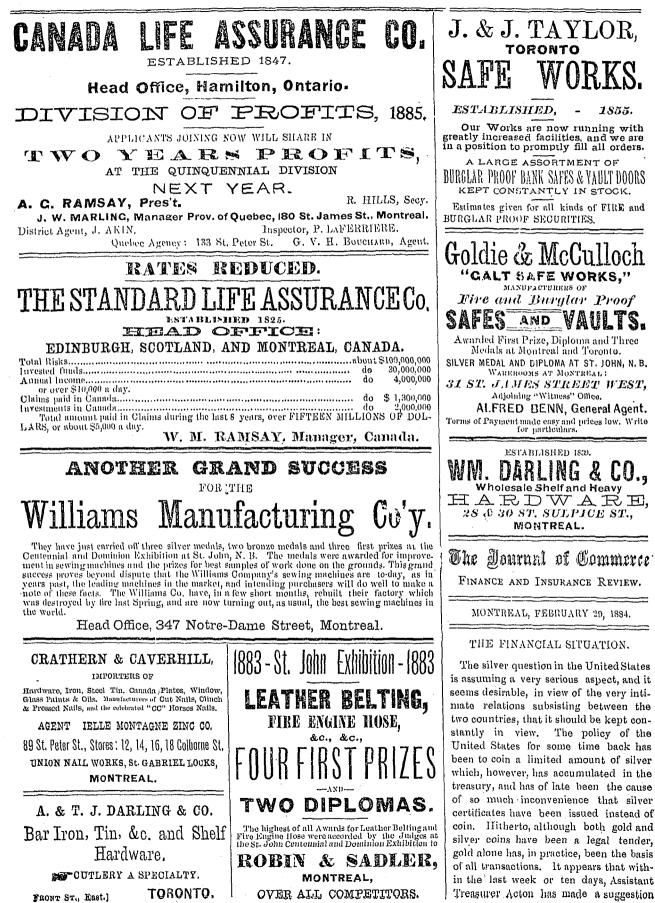
O. G. MARTIN, a jeweller of Blyth, Ont., has been detected in the nefarious business, technically called by his class, "shoving the queer", through the agency of a Hamilton' reporter, to whom he had made advances in view of making him one of his agents. The different implements of his craft were found on Martin s person, and his arrest has led to the discovery of a new process in counterfeiting, by which the different shades and colors requisite for the perfection of a bank note may be produced by the action of light in a camera, without the former necessity of a delicate artistic haud finishing.

As action has been entered in this city on behalf of A. M. Foster, against the Ontario Bank for \$250,000. This amount is claimed to be the damage sustained by him, owing to a seizure before judgment taken out by the bank against him some time ago. He alleges that, as a result of this seizure, his property was attached, and he found that his creditors were pressing him for a settlement. In order to satisfy them he was compelled to dispose of a large amount of real estate and bank stock at a ruinous sacrifice. When the case was brought before the court the seizure was quashed, and Mr. Foster now chains from the bank the loss on the property and damages for the injury done to his business.—*Star*.



quantities of coal were purchased by one of the principal customers of the bank at the neigh-boring mines, and the mischief resulting from the difficulties which overtook the said cus-tomer was far from being one-sided. Some of the heavy failures in Sydney during the last few months have been noticed in these columns. The smallest stock among the failures there was not less than \$15,000. It is estimated that upwards of \$250,000 worth of bankrupt stocks and book debts have been thrown upon the market by the condition of things referred to

\$17,000; Premium receipts in the Fire Depart-ment are scarcely 44 per cent less, or about \$32,000; while. Marine premiums are greater by \$13,000, or about 18 per cent. There is a reduction of less than 6 per cent in the assets of the company, but the liabilities are also less by nearly an equal proportion. The only change in the election of directors is the sub-stitution of Mr. G. M. Kinghorn of this city for Mr. John McLennan, M.P. mortgage had been given has seized enough goods to cover his claims, and Magness' pros-pects of a compromise are not now so favorable. The stock of H. J. Smith, pawubroker and junk dealer, Brantford, Ont, is being sold at auction, but the estate is not expected to pay much on the dollar, as Smith has been losing ground for some years past.



to Mr. Camp, manager of the Clearing House Association, as to the effect of his paying his balances hereafter in silver dollars. The reason assigned is that his gold may prove insufficient, and that he may find it necessary to draw on his pile of dollars. This notice led to a meeting of the committee, which took the course of setting out the terms of the agreement under which the Government entered the Clearing House, and pleading the claim to thirty days' notice if any such change in the character of the payments, such as from gold to silver, should be made. The New York Financial Chronicle has pointed out most clearly and correctly that if there should be a change of policy on the part of the Government, such as indicated, the banks could offer no resistance, but that, within thirty days, they would have to suspend gold payments, and silver would then become the standard of value, gold becoming again an article of merchandise. Already bids have been made to call gold at 101 for the remainder of the year. This, however, will be very far short of the premium which it will bear should silver become practically the standard. We fear it is too late too adopt the advice of the Financial Chronicle to stop the coinage of silver, and, moreover, there would be no chance of Congress agreeing to adopt a single standard of gold.

THE RE-OPENING OF THE SUGAR QUESTION.

The demand of the Halifax deputation to the Government recommending the adoption of the saccharometer instead of the Dutch color test, as a means of determining the purity of sugars, will have the effect, probably, of re-opening the sugar question, settled only four years ago to meet the wants of the refiners and warrant them in re-engaging in an industry admittedly closed by previous fiscal Legislation. The tariff of 1879 maintains the color test given by the Dutch Standard, measuring the intrinsic color of sugars as the basis of the duty. In the United States, by the tariff of 1881, the testing of the intrinsic quantity of sugar by the analysis through the use of the saccharometer has been limited to sugars below No. 13 of the Dutch Standard, showing that the color test remains-the basis of the classification and analysis only an adjunct. Now, the demand of the deputation from Halifax rejects entirely the use of the Dutch Standard, and extends to all sugars the testing of the quantity of crystallizable sugar they may contain, a change that no chemist of wark

countenanced in the United State, because of its giving such opportunities for fraud.

The Dutch Standard originated in Holland, where sworn brokers annually classify the sugar crops of Java and other Dutch dependancies according to the natural color of the raw product; numbering the different shades from one to 22, beginning with wet sugars nearly black, and ending with white sugar. Having separated the sugar into grades of natural color the samples are placed within glass bottles, sealed and numbered accordingly; and sales are made of the coming crop, to accord with the samples in the sealed bottles. In connection with experience and knowledge, the Dutch Standard proves a reliable guide to merchants and refiners. False samples and unnaturally colored centifrugal sugars presented for duty appraisement do not make it obligatory upon the Government to levy duty according to such misrepresentations, simply because false samples and outside appearances of centrifugal sugars conform to a certain color-shade of the Dutch Mandards; on the contrary, it is the business of the Government to discover such imposition, measure the sugars imported by their commercial value, both in the market of production and the home market, and levy duty according to their natural color thus developed, which is well understood by the sugar trade.

We cannot, in a purely commercial article, enter into the phenomena of rotatory polarization, and explain the reasons why certain substances possess the property of causing a right-handed rotation of a ray of polarized light; others of causing a similar rotation to the left. Crystalized sugar has the property of turning the ray of polarized light to the right, and this property has been made use of to determine the quantity of pure saccharine matter held in solution in a given volume of water. The polariscope or saccharometer, fitted with crystals of quartz adapted to the analysis of cane sugar crystals in solution, is used for determining the percentage of pure saccharine matter in a given volume of sugar of cane solution. The process is as follows, the proportion being always necessarily the same, in order to secure accurate results as regards the quantity tested : Weight of cane sugar crystals. 26.048 grammes; dissolve in 100 cubic centimetres of water, gently heating the preparation; add acetate of lead, sufficient to precipitate; filter through prepared bone dust to clarify, reduce to proper temperature, and fill a glass tube

200 millimetres in length, with the solution; place the tube in the polariscope, turn on the light, look through and adjust the instrument until both hemispheres of the circle that appears in the instrument to be divided by a dark line present to the eye precisely the same shade of color. The test is then perfected, the per cent of pure sugar will be found registered in degrees and flactions on the scale attached to the polariscope, and may be read through the magnifying tube, 100 degrees represent entirely pure sugar crystals in solution.

So delicate and sensitive an instrument is valuable for purposes of chemical analysis; but for testing imported sugars for the purpose of levying duty thereon, or for sale, it would be impossible to devise any method whereby the Government, the importer or the buyer, or all together, could be defrauded with greater ease and safety. For instance, the operator may add a few more drops of water and the grade is lowered, or a few grammes of sugar more than the proper quantity and the grade is raised. The color test in the instrument provides fresh opportunity for both error and fraud; only the more accurate eye and skillful adjustment can equally determine the perfect color blending which marks the record of the true grade upon the scale; and the slightest deviation therefrom raises or lowers the grade with such facility, at the pleasure of the operator, that detection is next to impossible. The test is made upon 26.04S grammes-less than two ounces; an average sample of the grade of a cargo cannot be taken, as every sample from the mixture of cargo will give a different fractional result in each analysis. In order to accurately determine the grade of a cargo of raw sugar by the polariscope test, the whole cargo must be reduced to a prepared solution of the proper proportions of sugar cane, water and acetate of lead, and samples thereof be tested. The test by the saccharometer ought to be authorized by legislation as an adjunct to the color standard, only in case of any suspicion of discoloration of raw sugar for the purpose of evading duty especially as regards centrifugals.

It is difficult to understand the motives that prompted the Halifax delegation to petition the Government for such a radical change in the appraisement of sugars. Perhaps the following figures may be suggestive enough to point out the nature of the redress they seek.—Importation of raw sugars in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and Quebec, during 1882-83; the value thereof and average per pound :

Provinces. Quantities. Value.	Aver. per lb.
Sugar above No. 14-D.S	s.
lbs.	c.
Nova Scotia. 1,486,023 \$ 52,28	36 3.52
Quebec 523,698 20,33	$34 \ \ 3.88$
Sugar between No. 14 and N	To. 9.
Nova Scotia. 10,659,944 385,79	8 3.61
Quebec 34,292,942 1,189,51	5 3.44
Sugar below No. 9.	
Nova Scotia.12,566,003 412.23	52 3.28
Quebec 59,142,549 1,821,0-	49 3.07

To exhibit more clearly the discrepancy in the valuation of sugar entered at the customs and on which the *ad valorem* duty has been imposed, the following table gives only the importation in both Provinces of West India sugars (centrifugal), and of Brazil sugar:

West India S	ugar, No.	14 to No.	9.
	lbs.	Ş	c
Nova Scotia1	0,345,358	374,122	3.61
Quebec	28,022,962	981,718	3.50
West India		ow No. 9.	
Nova Scotia	7,119,972	244,069	3.42
Quebec	20,512,491	681,814	3.32
Brazil Sug		to No. 9.	
Nova Scotia	9,545	246	2.59
Quebec	2,367,545	67,079	2.83
· Brazil S	ugar below	No. 9.	
Nova Scotia	2,519,189	71,201	2.82
Quebec	30,252,699	878,307	2.90
These figures	are subm	itted to	those
who may be co	ncerned in	n the sul	bject.
and we need			
direct them in clusions.			

LIFE POLICY CONDITIONS.

In view of the decision recently rendered by Hon. Justice Mathieu, this city in the case of J. A. Boyce vs. the Phœnix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., a few remarks upon this subject may not be unacceptable to the many readers who are interested in life insurance. In this case Wm. A. Charlebois insured his life in August, 1876, for \$3,000 with said company, and the policy was subsequently assigned to the plaintiff Boyce. At the end of the application there is a covenant sotting forth, amongst other things : "It " is agreed that this application shall " form the basis of the contract for insur-"ance herein applied for, and that the " same shall form part of said contract as " fully as if therein recited, and that all " the answers and declarations shall be "taken to be strict warranties;" also " that should the opplicant become as to habits so far different from the condition in which he is now expressed to be, as to

increase the risk on the life insured, or, etc....the policy shall become null and void," etc. Sufficient proof having been adduced to show that since the summer of 1881 the habits of the said Charlebois, as to the use of intoxicating liquors, had so much changed, that the risk upon his life had been increased in a perceptible manner, it was held by the Court that by the terms of the said application it is not necessary, in order to annul said policy. that the intemperate habits have been the cause of the death, and that it is sufficient, according to the terms of said application, that his habits increased the risk ; consequently judgment must go in favor of defendants.

Not only are the terms of the agreement exceedingly vague and capable of a variety of constructions adverse to the insured, but it appears that the policy itself contains no reference whatever to this point, further than that it sets forth that "In consideration of the representations made in the application," etc. Now the question arises, is it reasonable that uch pit-falls or traps for the unwary should be allowed to exist in such an important contract as a life insurance policy ? If the condition had been clearly set forth in the policy itself, it might have exercised some beneficial or restraining influence upon the insured, and it would at least have opened the eyes of the innocent assignee to the true character of the security (?) which was being conveyed to him. Such conditions as these not only materially detract from the benefits of life insurance, but also very seriously impede its progress, and, so far as purposes of collateral security are concerned, it divests a life policy of any value whatever. How can any man guarantee what his future may be in this respect? "Let him who thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall." No man ever set himself purposely to become a drunkard or opium-eater, but the effects of alcohol or opium are so insidious and so alluring to some constitutions, that the habit of over-indulgence creeps on so gradually and stealthily that persons are ensnared and enslaved thereby before they are aware, and it becomes a positive disease, the risk of which should be covered by a life policy as well as that of any other disease in the present case. Mr. Charlebois lost his wife in the summer of 1881, and was so much affected thereby (as adduced in evidence) that he became unfitted to attend to his business, and, unfortunately, had recourse to stimulants to mitigate his grief. How many others, deficient in moral courage to face their troubles unaided,

have been seduced in a similar manner, or by financial disaster? How many, likewise, have acquired the opium habit under medical prescription for the mitigation of the overpowering pain of neuralgia, sciaticn, tic doulcreux or other acute disease?

Fortunately this is a progressive age, and the tendency is to relax to the utmost-consistently with safety-all such onerous conditions. And to the credit of our leading companies be it said that such a condition, as that referred to, is not now, as far as we are aware, in existence in any one of our Home Companies' policies, but the blemish still remains upon the policies of the majority of American Companies doing business in the Dominion, the Ætna, the Union Mutual and others-the Equitable being one of the honorable exceptions-let us hope however, that by those also it may soon be relegated to the shades of oblivion. Extremes are never good, and, while advocating on the one hand judicious relaxations, we deprecate the tendency with some companies-for the sake of gaining a short-lived advantage over their neighbors---to sweep away wholesome safeguards and issue almost unconditional policies. Sound principle is the cornerstone upon which the whole fabric of life insurance is erected, and any departure therefrom inevitably weakens the whole structure. The tables of mortality upon which the rates of life insurance are based are compiled from statistics of mortality amongst the non-hazardous class of the community resident in temperate latitudes; it must therefore be obvious that if the usual safeguard of charging higher rates for persons going to reside in tropical climates, or for those engaged in mining, blasting, sub-marine explorations, etc., is removed,—an element of danger not contemplated is introduced, and, if the company is not weakened thereby, it at least tends to impair their profit-paying capacity, and saddles the non-hazardous class of policyholders with their share of the losses upon the hazardous class. The most dangerous innovation in this direction is, according to our view, the exemption of volunteers from extra rates for actual warfare. The British Companies many years ago inaugurated the system of dispensing with extra for volunteers so long as they were not sent out of the country, but there the position of affairs is widely different, seeing they have not only.a regular standing army to depend upon, but a sea-girt coast for a defence, and the famed "wooden walls of England" to protect her against invasion.

The risk involved in this, from a life insurance point of view, may be judged of from the fact that the experience of the British Companies during the Crimean war shows that it required ten per cent on the amount insured to cover the extra risk, that is nearly four times the average ordinary premium as an extral! The plea for granting exemption from extra is the "remote contingency of war," but life insurance is a science which takes special cognizance of probabilities and contingencies, however remote ; and what, let us ask, would be the probable results should such a contingency actually arise, to the respective companies charging a remarkable or compensating extra and those dispensing therewith, or, as they may be aptly characterized, "the wise and the foolish virgins?" The "wise" will of course have enough of oil and to spare to meet all demands, while the lamps of the "foolish" must necessarily become extinguished for want of supplies. Which class would even volunteers (extras notwithstanding) prefer to belong to in such an emergency? Volunteers are undoubtedly entitled to the sympathy and gratitude of their country and to have their interests adequately recognized, but life insurance is a business transaction and philanthropy does not enter into its calculations.

We cannot close these remarks without throwing out the suggestion that it would be very desirable for all life insurance companies doing business in the Dominion to form themselves into a Life Insurance Bureau for the purpose of taking coguizance of such matters and securing more uniformity of action on questions of such vital importance.

FARMERS' BANKS.

Although we are not very apprehensive that the scheme propounded by Dr. Orton, of establishing Farmers' Banks for the purpose of making loans to farmers at a rate of interest below that of the market, is likely to be entertained, yet we think that under the circumstances the subject ought to engage the attention of the public. Dr. Orton moved for a Special Committee on the subject, and was followed by Mr. Sproule and Mr. Hepson, both of whom spoke at length in favor of the scheme, after which Sir John Macdonald spoke briefly, saying that he was not a financier, but suggested that the subject was one for the consideration of the Committee on Banking and Commerce, of which Dr. Orton was a member, and that he had no doubt that if Dr. Orton suggested the appointment of a sub-committee, with himself as chairman, his request would be acceded to, which led Dr. Orton to remark "I am satisfied." Certainly he had good reason to feel abundantly satisfied when in the House of Commons of Canada there was not a member prepared to demonstrate the utter absurdity of the proposition, which was in substance to issue an unlimited amount of inconvertible paper money.

The arguments of the gentlemen who spoke were that all issues should be suppressed but the notes of the Government, and if this had been accompanied by any suggestion that ample security should be provided for the redemption of such notes in gold on demand, it would at least have the merit of being in accordance with the opinions of many enlightened economists. It is, however, obvious that nothing was further from the intention of the advocates of the proposed issue than that the notes should be redeemable on demand. It seems hardly credible that three members of the House of Commons of Canada should be blind to the ruinous consequences of an irredeemable currency. It is a comparatively short time since we had an opportunity of witnessing in the United States the disastrons consequences to which such an issue led. There it was a necessity, caused by the Civil War, and no time was lost in gradually contracting the legal tender issue, and providing for a resumption of specie payments at the earliest possible moment: But in Canada, without the slightest object, except to enable farmers to borrow money at rates far in excess of the most exorbitant demands of any loan societies, it is proposed to inflict on the whole community the evils of rag money. Is it possible that the advocates of this currency can be ignorant of the fact that the rate of 5 per cent payable in rag money would be infinitely greater than 10 per cent payable in gold?

We have not failed to notice the assertions that our money transactions are not on a gold basis, but the fact nevertheless is that any man having a deposit in a chartered bank payable on demand, or the notes of such a bank, can obtain gold for them at his pleasure. How would it be if we had an irredeemable currency? Every loan made at 5 per cent to a farmer would add to the volume of the currency, and of course reduce the value of the aggregate issue. No man would know from day to day what the currency of the country was worth. It would fall daily in value, and be precisely on a par with the French assignats, of which many of

our readers must have heard. For the credit of the Dominion we should have thought that the Finance Minister would have promptly exposed the fallacies which were uttered by three members of the House, and which the Premier suggested should be considered by a special committee. Mr. Blake, it is true, pointed out that the Committee of Banking and Commerce can only consider bills or other subjects referred to it by the House. We are well aware that there have been for a long time back a number of advocates of an irredeemable currency, notwithstanding the ruinous consequences that have invariably attended its issue, wherever circumstances have reluctantly forced civilized nations to adopt it.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT.

The report of the Postmaster General contains, as usual, a considerable amount of interesting matter which it is a matter of some difficulty to compress within the narrow limits which we are able to devote to it. In addition to the receipt and transfer of mail matter, the Money Order and Savings Bank departments are each well deserving of attention. We shall endeavor to give a summary of the results of the departmental work during the year ending 30th January, 1883. The aggregate expenditure of the department was \$2,-687,394.81, and the receipts \$2,264,384.94, ~ leaving an excess of expenditure, \$423,-009.87. When we examine the receipts and expenditure by Provinces, we find that the net revenue of Ontario was \$1,268,487.33, and the expenditure, \$1,286.648.02, the balance being only \$18,160.19. The Quebec receipts were \$471,627.85, with an expenditure of \$629,896.59, the balance being \$158,-268.74. The other provinces of course exhibit smaller receipts, and we shall merely point out the balances against them. Nova Scotia was short §95,663,51. New Brunswick \$74,865.43, Manitoba and the North-west \$15,892.78, British Columbia \$34,377.15, and Prince Edward Island \$24,782.07. The sale of postage stamps and cards in Ontario was \$1,208,837.11, in Quebec \$448,707.80.

The Savings Bank department shows most satisfactory progress, the increase in deposits having been about two and-ahalf millions in excess of the preceding year, while the cost of management has been lower than in any year since 1868 being a little over one-quarter of one per cent. The number of offices has been increased by 22; the average amount at the credit of each depositor is §196.13 which is the highest on record. It is satisfactory to find that so large an amount as twelve millions of dollars, which is within a fraction of the aggregate amount at the credit of depositors, should be obtained at a low rate of interest from our own people, who thus evince their entire confidence in the Government of the country.

The Money Order department has made rapid progress during the year, and there is every reason to believe will show still more important results in the next report. Conventions have been signed by the respective Governments of Germany, Austria, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland for the exchange of money orders with Canada, and it is stated that there is reason to expect that one will also be agreed to with France. It is singular that the European State which it might be supposed would be the first to enter into such arrangements with Canada, and where we have a resident agent, Mr. Hector Fabre, should allow other European States to show greater willingness to enter into reciprocal arrangements with us. So it is, however, and it is a fact that we are not warranted in ignoring. The system has likewise been extended to the British Colonies of Jamaica and Barbadoes. There are \$65 money order offices in Canada, more than the half in the Province of Ontario, while Nova Scotia is likely soon to equal, if not surpass, Quebec. At present the latter has 13 offices more then Nova Scotia. There has been a general increase in the operations of the money order system during the year, which is partly attributable to the great reduction in the charges which took place on the 1st July, 1882. Domestic business increased 9 per cent during the year; Canadian issues payable in the United States increased 31 per cent, and those payable in the United Kingdom 50 per cent. It is satisfactory to find that 367 orders on Germany amounting to \$7,376 were issued, while 70 from Germany payable in Canada and amounting to \$1,475 were issued, during the year. And yet not a single order to or from France, the boasted Mother Country of the Province of Quebee 1 Italy took 167 orders, amounting to \$5,223. Montreal is the head Money Order office of the Dominion, being conveniently situated in respect to the St. Lawrence and the New York routes, and the western terminus of the special train service in connection with the European mails. We learn from the report that money orders from the United Kingdom can now be paid in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario and the Western Provinces from twenty-four to forty-eight hours

earlier than under former arrangements. It is satisfactory to learn from the report that the business of the money order system was marked by continued freedom from defalcation during the past year. We are inclined to think that the next report will show that the Ontario business is even more than self-supporting, and that Quebec and the smaller provinces will alone show a deficiency.

NEW DEPARTURE IN THE TEA TRADE.

It may not be generally known to the commercial community outside of the groceries department that a very active trade has been going on for the past few weeks in tea on export account to the United States, chiefly to New York and Chicago merchants. Such is the case both in this and the Toronto market, competition on the part of the American buyers being keen and resulting in forcing values up to quite a favorable figure for Canadian holders. It appears that fully 3,000 packages were sold during the early half of the week, with every probability of as many more going forward before its close. The quality is chiefly of the cheaper descriptions of last season's tea. This is a condition of affairs in the Canadian tea market which is a complete reversal of what has heretofore been experienced. Should this demand continue, the depletion in stocks held in first hands in Canada will give us a bare market before another crop, and probably result in a higher range of prices than has been experienced for the last four or five years.

HOW CAN A BROKER FAIL?

This is a question simple in itself, but to many seldom if ever, answered, and would appear at the moment a very appropriate one for every legitimate broker on our Exchange to look into. The failure of a broker would pre-suppose that many of his principals had been unable to meet their obligations towards him, and could only be explained by a material and sudden shrinkage or inflation in values.

We are not amongst those who would arbitrarily condemn buying or selling for future delivery, but we claim that there should be a reasonable certainty for the man who invests his money in stocks, bonds or anything else on the margin principle or otherwise, that he is dealing with responsible parties, and that he may not have to run the double risk of losing both by the market going against him, and, paradoxical as it may appear, by turning in his favor. A broker, if we understand the meaning of the word correctly, is one who acts for another. When a broker undertakes to buy or sell on futures, he exacts from his constituent a guarantee in the shape of a margin

to cover any possible loss in the transaction. Under ordinary circumstances, the broker can have no difficulty in closing the transaction. How then can a broker fail on an ordinary market or even extraordinary ruling if the legitimate custom of his calling is complied with? Only when he becomes agent and principal as well, we opine, and trades on his position at the Exchange or elsewhere without any or little capital as against outsiders who have entrusted theirs to him or his colleagues. It would therefore occasionally appear to the initiated, as well as the uninitiated, that unless some remedy can be found for this existent feature in connection with ventures in merchandise or securities for future delivery, the tendency to shake the confidence of the public in speculation, or otherwise, through brokers on our Exchanges, must increase.

When one employs a broker to buy or sell for him, as the case may be, he does not know but that his agent in the transaction is actually his adversary, and is assuming the responsibility of the transaction himself, or, in other words, is adopting the bucket-shop course sub rosa. If the market goes in the broker's favor, he pockets his customer's money, but if fortune is against him he fails. We do not insinuate that the transaction is always between the customer and his own broker (for far from this is the opinion we entertain of this department in commerce), but we do contend that such a failure should seldom indeed, if ever, be the case, and any system which recognizes even in a degree its excusability is dangerous, and should be eradicated as soon as possible. Moreover, when a member of any Exchange undertakes to buy or sell on his own account for future delivery, he should be obliged to give some security other than his mere position or seat at the Board that his obligations would be met.

It might be well, therefore, for those who conduct a legitimate brokerage business to see to this in their own interest, if not that of the operating public, or they too may find themselves swamped on transactions with the speculating brethren. If some security be not given to the public on some sound basis, it is apparent that it will be merely a question of time until that body will withdraw from dealing in futures and leave the market solely to the brokers themselves.

A RETAILER'S COMPLAINT.

Complaints are heard between whiles of errors on the part of houses in New York and elsewhere in the United States in filling orders taken by their travellers from dealers in this city. These errors may arise from various causes; some of the lines specified may be all exhausted before the order reaches headquarters; or the manufacturer may have been unable to fill the bill; or the traveller may have been obliged to "cut" prices below a profit. Canadian commercial travellers, as a body, may justly boast of a high degree of principle in dealing with customers; it is exceedingly rare to hear of any complaints on the score of misrepresentation or even mistakes attributed to individual members of either of the associations east or west. We must not be understood as implying that the following order comes under any charge more serious than a mere mistake. We give the circumstances as they occurred; our renders may form their own conclusion. We suppress the name of the wholesale firm, merely stating that they are not engaged in what is generally known as the Dry Goods business.

Last October a traveller from the Toronto house indicated visited the retail dry goods firm of Lefebyre and Viau, this city, and took their order for a lot of embroideries. The firm held the original copy of the order which we give in the table subjoined under the heading "Bought." Under the heading "Received " is the order as it was filled. It was agreed that Messrs. Lefebvre & Viau should have the goods at an average price of 81 cents per yard. It will be seen that generally the number of yards of the higher-priced goods is considerably less under the heading "Received" than in the original order. As the wholesale firm agreed to take back the goods, the purchasers have nothing to complain of beyond any possible inconvenience in getting their supply from some other sources later on. The goods were shipped in January. In the last week of the month the firm sent their account as per filled order-"Terms 1st March 4 months,-deducting 10 per cent. Three days afterwards a " Monthly Statement" was rendered, and a further 6 per cent. deducted, on condition that they receive a note dated 1st January 4 months this, they state beneath in a lithogram circular. being the regular cash discount as "1st April, 30 days," The purchasers wrote, objecting to the manner in which the order was filled .- In a few days the firm reply, expressing astonishment, They say "the figures you say the traveller called the lengths, were the maker's reference numbers, and had nothing whatever to do with the quantity of yards." They regret the trouble, and agree to take the goods back and pay freight charges. About two weeks ago, they wrote promising to bring the matter before the traveller on his next return, and, if discovered to have been deliberate, to have him discharged. Two days after they reply that a full investigation will be made, and have no doubt the misunderstanding can be explained. They refer to another house in this city, that of Mr. Cuddy, who ordered the same case lot of embroideries, and made a similar, though not so specific, a complaint. One of the firm would be in Montreal soon, and would produce the pattern card with the travellers' explanation, whatever that might be.

Before referring to the matter as requested, we communicated with the Toronto firm. In their reply they claim to have sufficient evidence in their possession to fully substantiate their position, and if the purchasers choose to pursue the course [indicated in a former communication doubtless of publishing the whole affair. "they must be prepared to face the consequences." The firm reiterate their having done their business honorably in every way, and think Messrs. Lefebvre & Viau have nothing-to complain of, as the goods were taken back as soon as they expressed themselves dissatisfied with them. The following is a copy of the order furnished us, and beside it the order as it was filled.

	REC	EIVED.	. 1		Bouc		1
No.	Qu't'ty	Price	Total.	No.	Qu't'ty		Total.
	yds.	cents	Ş		yds.	cents	Ş
17120		0	0	17120		25	18.75
17791		7		1779		7	1.75
11419		13		11419		13	7.15
17795		10		17798		10	4.10
17471	54	4}	2.43	1747		4호	56 ~
17799		10		17799		10^{-}	3.80
17487		5		1748'		5	85
17794		9		1779		9	2.97
17128		25		1712		25	18.75
17500		7		1750		7	1.89
17371		7		1737		7	1.89
17493		8		1749		8	2.00
17329		12}		1750		7	2.03
17800		9	1.62			12출	6.63
17360		6		1780		9	3.42
17129		25		1736		6	1.02
17478		5		1712		25	18.75
17479		5		1747			69
17509		10		1747			76
17504	1 18	9		1750		10	3,50
17492	45	8		1750		9	3.06
17128		22		1749			1.96
12128		5		1712		22	15.84
12150		7		1212		5	1.20
14177	18	73	1.35			7	1.82
17498	3 18	10		1417		71	2.63
17350) 45	6	2.70	1749	8 38	10	.3.80
17-19-	L 36	10	3.60	1735		6	1.44
17790) 45	7	3.14	1749			2.55
17488		6	3,25	1779			1.79
1759:	2 36*	5	1.80	1748	8 17	6	1.02
	10.08 ye	ls	\$79.38		1071		138.34
Avei	nge:	67			rnge al		

Average :67 cents. Average about 123 cts

THE IMPORT OF AMERICAN FLOUR.—During the last six months considerable quantities of American flour bave been imported to Canada, especially to the Province of Ontario, coming chiefly from Minnesota and Illinois, and, to a lesser extent, from St. Louis. Home-made flour is said to be so poor that it can not be used by the bakers without mixing with American brands. The quality of the flour imported is of the higher grade, Strong Bakers', made from both Spring and Winter wheat, and of excellent color. It is scarcely necessary to repeat what has alrendy been said on the subject, that, even after the duty imposed on imported flour has been paid, the cost is found to be not greater than home-milled flour of similar grade, while the former shows much greater strength, a circumstance which dealers seem anxious to bring to the notice of that body which is sipposed to possess a panacea for all the ills that afflict flour and other articles of Irnde.

MERCANTILE FIRE INS. CO. OF WATERLOO, ONT.-The eighth Annual Report of this company will be found in another column. The business for the year shows an increase of 1018 in the number of policies insured, and \$1,125,379 in the amount of insurance. The premium income was increased \$17,091.55. The losses for the year, including claims under adjustment, were \$43,346.12, which is 65 per cent of the premium income. This is a full average, though not as high as the average in the Dominion for the last ten years. The expense of management is notably low, being only 23 per cent of the income. The re-insurance linbility is \$27,242, and the balance of assets is \$34,878, which, with the paid-up stock of \$20,-000, should be ample security for policy-holders. The stock-list is largely composed of gentlemen of excellent financial standing, while the amounts subscribed by each are small, an undoubted element of strength to the company. The company's record for honorable dealing is not the least of its claims to the favor of the insuring public.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Company was held in the Company's offices, Front street, on Wednesday, the

20th inst., the Governor, Mr. John Morison, in the chair.

the chair. Present:—Messrs. J. Morison, H. R. Forbes, H. S. Northrop, John Lyman, T. R. Wood, John Leys, Geo. Boyd, J. Y. Reid, W. J. Macdonnell, W. S. Lee, E. H. Rutherford, C. C. Baines, A. Myers, Barlow Cumberland, G. M. Kinghorn, Rev. J. Douse, S. J. Vankoughnet, O. Gilpin, Alex, Wills, Dr. H. Robertson, Alex, Smith, W. A. Sims, and others. Mr. W. J. Frederick acted as Secretary. The minutes of last meeting were confirmed. The annual report and statement were read by the Secretary.

REPORT.

The directors beg leave to submit the annual statement of this Company's assets and liabilities, ending the 31st December, 1883. The directors regret that the business has not been more profitable. The shareholders will not fail to observe that during the past year the business of fire and marine insurance in Canada and the United States has not been satisfactory. The aggregate loss among the various compaules in fire alone in these countries has been estimated at over (103) one hundred and three million dollars, a far greater waste ratio than has occurred for years. The directors are assured the stockholders will share with them the pleasure they feel to know that this Company's liabilities with English companies under certain treaties in Europe and other foreign countries have been greatly reduced. The directors look with confidence for a more satisfactory business for the year just entered upon, on account of increased rates having been established in many parts of the country All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. MORISON, GOVERNOR. SILAS P. WOON, See'y TORONTO, 20th Feb., 1884.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1883:---

	As	sets.	

Cash in hand and in banks	\$39,547	90
Debentures and mortgage on real	. ,	
estate	67,395	58
Bills receivable	17,874	
Agents' balances		
Real estate	90,000	
Bank and other dividend paying		
stock	81,270	20
United States bonds and special de-		
	756,620	79
posits Office furniture	11,590	
Liubilities. S	1.123.491	00
Capital stock		
Losses under adjustment		
Dividend No. 79 (belunco)	9 455	

Dividend No. 79 (balance)	2,455 33
" " 80	25,000 00
Sundry accounts payable	7,943 44
Balance	471,524 83
	•

\$1,123,491 00

Profit and Loss.	, .	
Fire losses \$	368.814	58
Marine losses	46,197	
Commission and charges	257,060	
Re-assurance	65,269	
Unsettled losses	110,717	
Balance	11,238	
	11,400	04
c c	\$859,297	97
Premiums received-Fire depart-		
ment Premiums received—Marine depart-	\$718,245	52
Premiums received-Marine depart-		
ment	86,931	99
Interest on investments	40,717	
Increase in value of investments	11,888	
Rent account	1,514	
		<u> </u>
	\$859,297	97
Surplus Fund.	,,	•••
Dividend-No 79	\$25,000	00
" No. 80	25,000	
	471,524	
	<u></u>	_
•	\$521,524	83
Balance from last statement	6510.286	31
Profit and loss		
		- 4

Re-Insurance Liability.

Balance at credit of surplus fund \$471,524 83

Net surplus over all liabilities \$173,191-46

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

To the Directors of the British America Assurance Company.

GENTLEMEN,-We beg to report that we have carefully undited the books and accounts of the Company up to and including the 31st of December last.

The vouchers and securities have also been examined and found to agree with the statement and balance hereto annexed.

R. R. CATHRON, R. C. Fizgerald,	} Auditors.
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TORONTO, Feb. 15th, 1884.

Moved by the Governor, seconded by the Deputy Governor, that the report now read be adopted and printed for distribution among the shareholders. Carried.

Moved by Mr. E. H. Rutherford, seconded by Mr. W. J. Macdonell, that the thanks of the shareholders are due and are bereby tendered to the Governor, Deputy-Governor, and directors of this Company for their attention to the interests of the Company during the past year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. John Lymnn, seconded by Mr. A. Myers, that Messrs, W. S. Lee, W. J. Mac-donell, and C. C. Baines be appointed scruti-neers for taking the ballot for directors to serve during the ensuing year, and that the poll be closed as soon as five minutes shall have elapsed without a vote being taken. Carried.

The following is the Scrutineers' report :--

We, the undersigned Scratineers, appointed at the anamal meeting of the British America Assurance Company, on the 20th day of Feb-ruary, 1884, declare the following gentlemen unanimously elected Directors :--Messrs, John Morison, II. R. Forbes, Hon. Wim, Cayley, H. S. Northrop, Geo. Boyd, J. Y. Reid, John Leys, Henry Taylor, and G. M. Kinghorn.

WALTER S. LEE, C. C. BAINES, W. J. MACDONELL,	Scrutineers.
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Moved by Mr. Barlow Cumberland seconded by Mr. S. J. Vankoughnet, that the thanks of the shureholders be presented to the Scrutineers and that they be paid the sum of five dollars each. Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

At a meeting of the Board Mr. John Morison was re-elected Governor, and Mr. H. R. Forbes Deputy-Governor.

MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE_COY.

The stockholders of this company held their And an an an entry at the company's head office, Waterloo, Ont., on Thursday, the 7th of Febru-ary, 1884. The president, Mr. 1. E. Bowman, oc.upied the chair; and Mr. P. H. Sims, secretary of the company, acted as secretary of the meeting. The eighth annual report is as follows:-

REPORT.

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insuranes Company.

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GENTLEMEN,—We, your directors, submit the following as our report of the business of your company for the year ending on the 31st Derember, 1883. During the past year 4,537 policies and renewals were issued for insurance, amounting to \$4,705,376, on which we received for premiums the sum of \$66,198,75. This shows an increase on the business of the pre-yious year of 1,018 in the number of policies

and renewals issued, \$1,125,379 in the amount of insurance granted and \$17,091.55 in the amount of premiums received. We have also received for interest on our investments the sum of \$2,595,82, which makes our total receipts for the year \$68,794.57. Our expenditure for the year is as follows : Paid for losses for the year \$40,846 12 9,453 50 3,611 40 747 04 Agents' commissions and bonuses..... Salaries and directors' fees Adjusting losses and inspecting risks Re-insurance, cancelled and refund 7,052 22

premiums..... Books, stationery, postage & printing Government charges..... 1,295 24 All other charges

Claims under adjustment 2,500 00 Carried to reserve..... 1,340 39

\$5.040 39

177 73

570 93

Our losses were all promptly paid without litigation. Our total assets available for the payment of losses are \$54,878.62, which is more than twice the amount required to re-insure all our risks. The total insurance in force on the 31st December last was \$4,805,444, and the re-insurance liability on these risks is \$27,342,38. Insurance hability on these risks is 52^{1} ,242-38. The secretary's statements of receipts and dis-bursements, assets and liabilities, the certified report of your auditors, and a list of the stock-holders of the Company with the amount of stock held by each, are herewith submitted for your information. There are no calls on any of the shares in default. On behalf of the board,

I. E. BOWMAN, President.

Waterloo, Feb. 7th, 1884. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, DEC. 31ST., 1883.

Receipts.

Balance per last state- ment
Less suspense amount written off 1,279 61
written off 1,279 61
Premiums 66,198 75
Interest 2,595 82
C100 000 01
\$103,629 94
Balance\$ 37,225 76
Disbursements.
Losses for 1882\$ 1,050 00

Dividend No. 7 for 1882	1,600	00
Losses for 1873	40,846	12
Re-insurance and cancelled premi-	•	
ums	7,052	22
Agents' commissions and bonuses	9,453	50
Salaries and directors' fees	3,611	40
Postage, printing and advertising	´ 948	78
Adjusting losses and inspecting risks	747	04
Books and stationery	346	46
Rent of office	100	00
Government charges	177	73
Sundry expenses	470	93
Balance	37,225	76

Annala

\$103,629 94

2105010.		-
Cash at head office		
Cash account Molsons Bank		
Cash on deposit	2,000	
First mortgages on forms		
Debentures		00
Office furniture and Goad's Plans	136	
Bills receivable	4,766	30
Agents' balances	2,687	66
interest accrued	1,352	86
	\$58,578	
	· · · · -	
Balance	\$34.878	62
Stock paid up	20,000	00
Total assets	QEA 070	00
Total assets	20 7 91010	04

Capital stock paid up	\$20,000	-00
Claims under adjustment		
Dividend No. 8 for 1883	. 1,200	00
Balance		
	O+0 550	

\$58,578 62

The amount deposited with the treasurer of On tario is \$20,100. Audited and found correct.

ISRAEL D. BOWMAN, Auditors. THOMAS HILLIARD,

WATERLOO, 26th January, 1884.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholders of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company.

GENTLEMEN,-We beg to report (that we have carefully examined your Secretary's books of account, including the Application Register, and have compared the various items of expenand nave compared the various items of expen-diture, with the vouchers, and have computed the value and accrued interest upon the sect-rities held by the Company. We have much pleasure in reporting the Secretary's statements and balance sheets herewith submitted to be correct, and in complimenting the Secretary and his assistant on the clearness and accuracy of their herebulancing and accuracy of their bookkceping as well as in thanking them for their uniform courtesy and assistance during the progress of our labors.

Waterloo, January 26th, 1884.

THOMAS HILLIARD, ISRAEL D. BOWMAN Auditors.

The President in moving the adoption of the foregoing report said that the Mercantile had a full share of the heavy losses experienced by all full share of the heavy losses experienced by all the Fire Insurance Companies doing business in Canada for 1883. He thought, however, that the shareholders might well congratulate themselves upon the sound and prosperous con-dition of the company. After paying an average dividend of 8 per cent on the paid up capital during the eight years of the Company's existence, we have still on hand over and above the paid up stock an amount at least 25 per the paid up stock an amount at least 25 per the paid up stock an amount at feast 25 per cent, greater than would be required to re-insure all our risks. There has been a large increase in our business during the past year, which is the best evidence we could have that the sound financial position of the Alercantile and the fair dealings of the directors in the settlement of losses are appreciated by the public.

Our large cash assets in proportion to the amount at risk are sufficient to secure the prompt payment of future losses, but those who insure with the Mercantile have a much more insure with the Morcantile have a much more substantial security than even this, in the strong list of stockholders whose names are appended to the report, almost every one of whom is quite able to pay up the full amount of his stock in the event that it should be called for by the board. The increase in our business is a source of congratulation in view of the in-creased rates on the more hnzardous risks which now prevail, as commared with those which now prevail, as compared with those which were current quite recently.

F. G. Allanby, Esq., seconded the adoption of the report, which was carried manimously, On motion of Dr. Bowlby, seconded by Alex. Miller, Esq., Messes, F. G. Allanby, and George Moore were appointed scrutineers for receiving and reporting the ballot for the election of dir-cetore ectors.

The scrutineers reported the following gentle-Lie scrutineers reported the following gentle-men duly elected as directors for the current year :-- Messrs. I. E. Bowman, J. B. Snider, Robert Melvin, J. B. Hughes, D. S. Bowlby, M.D., J. W. Walden, M.D., Cyrus Bowers, and John Shuh.

Moved by George Moore, Esq., seconded by Alex. Miller, Esq., and carried, that Messrs. Thomas Hilliard and Israel E. Bowman be re-

Appointed auditors of the company. Moved by Simon Snider, Esq, seconded by F. G. Allanby, Esq., and carried, that a vote of thanks be tendered the President and Directors of the Company for their efficient services of the past year.

Moved by J. P. Hughes, Esq. seconded by Dr. Bowby and carried, that a vote of thanks be tendered to the officers and agents for their valuable services in promoting the best interests of the Company.

The Secretary in replying thanked the shareholders for their very kind vote, and said that though the profits of last year were not so large as in former years, he could confidently say the officers and agents had been indefatigable in their exertions to promote the best interests of the company. He was also pleased to say that the directors had on all occusions taken a most liberal and business-like view of all matters coming under their consideration, and this more than anything else had contributed to the popularity and good name which the Mercantile has acquired for honorable dealing. He further said that he considered the success of the Company was largely due to the care and good judgment of our most excellent staff of agents. Our aim has been to secure the services of men of good character and sound business ability to represent us, and the result has been that we have secured and are securing, an increasing share of the best business risks in the cities and towns of the Province. It affords him great pleasure in replying to the vote on behalt of the agents. He would convey to them the stareholders' appreciation of their labors, and he felt assured that it would stimulate them still more to advance the interests of the company. In short he felt convinced that the success of the company depended most largely upon the integrity and ability of its agents, and in the agents of the Mercantile he had the greatest confidence.

The board of directors met at the close of the annual meeting, and re-elected I. E. Bowman, President, and J. W. Walden, M. D., Vice-President.

Μ.

P. H. Sims, Secretary.				Bowm? residen
JOSEPH	Ε.	SE	AG	RA
			ER,	
WATEF Alcohol, 65 O	.Р.	-		
Pure Spi Pu	rits, 1 ire Sj	65 O. pirits,	.P. 50 O	.Р.

Pure Spirits, 25 U.P. Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies, Sole manufacturer of the celebrated WHITE WHEAT WHISKEY.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. THURSDAY, February 28, 1884.

There is nothing new to report in mercantile affairs, which, as already noted, are characterized by comparative quiet. Although business is admittedly dull, it is only so in comparison with the corresponding period of the last two or three years. There is something to account for this beyond the expansion in cotton manufactures last year, the investment of some 15 millions in the North-West, and the deficiency, estimated at about 30 millions, in the late harvest. The winter weather has not been favorable to movements in the country. There was too much snow in January for good sleighing, and winter gatherings and enjoyments were of necessity almost neglected. The farmers' and mechanics' sons and daughters were compelled to remain around the fireside, and there was consequently no demand for ball dresses and trimmings, dancing shoes, or horse-shoes, harness, new sleighs and cutters or repairs to old. ones, extra groceries for these entertainments,

and many other articles usually in considerable demand during the winter season. The impetus given to outdoor as well as indoor amusement in Montreal by the inauguration of the Carnival lest year has promoted the sale of blanket cloths, and other winter goods to an extent never approached in former years. Something may be similarly done in remote towns to promote local trade. It must not be understood, however, that the volume of business has been very largely curtailed. A desirably fair amount of orders has been obtained by travellers. One large dealer from the Bow River country in town this week gave an order for \$13,000 worth of goods to a single firm Taken all together, this city. in not much cause for apprethere is hension. The purchasing power of the farmer's family is so much the greater because of the enforced economy and stillness of country life during the winter passing away. Leading securities reflect a more confident tone and are advancing, while much idle capital is seeking investment at low rates of interest. In London the rate of discount for bank bills, sixty-days to three months is 3 5-16 to 33 per cent, and for trade bills 31 to 33 per cent, and a general recovery is reported as evident. Here exchange rules firm, with light offerings at 97-16 to 99-16 premiums for sixties between banks and 9 } premium for cash bills. Demand bills 101 to 104 premium. Cables 104. The London money market is quiet, and Consols are quoted at 101 13-16. Canadian Pacific Railways are quoted at 56]. The stock market, in the main, has ruled strong, with the tendency higher. The following are the highest and lowest prices for the week and number of shares sold of each :

Banks.	Shares sold.	Highest price.	Lowest price.
Commerce Eastern Townsbips Federal Jacques Cartier Montreal Merchants Untario Peopies Quebec Toronto	$1182 \\ 15 \\ 10 \\ 64 \\ 3769 \\ 2428 \\ 60 \\ 218 \\ 125 \\ 14 \\ 1901 \\$	$123\frac{1}{142}\\142\\90\\191\\.1163\\118\\101\\65\\107\frac{1}{2}\\180$	$ \begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 114 \\ 136 \\ 85 \\ 1863 \\ 1134 \\ 116 \\ 99 \\ 644 \\ 107 \\ 176 \end{array} $
Miscellaneous. Mont. Gas Co Mont. Tel. Co N. W. Land City Passenger R'y Gan. Pac. Ry Richelieu & Ont	6553 . 861 . 350 . 2273 . 1450 . 1622	194 1233 63s. 6d. 1194 559 594	189.121162s 1163153153153155315531555255555555555555

ASHES.—Receipts moderate. Sales of Firsts during the week at \$4.15 to \$4.25 for First Sort, advancing to \$4.20 to \$4.30, and two small bills at a little higher than the outside figure. Seconds \$3.60 to \$3.70. No Thirds offering. *Pearls* are quiet and nominal at about \$6.25 for First Sort. Receipts since 1st January, 957 barrels Pots, 93 barrels Pearls. Deliveries, 793 barrels Pots, 63 barrels Pearls. Stock in store 1481 barrels Pots, 180 barrels Pearls.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—The trade is exceptionally dull, and fally one-third less in the overturn is reported than at the same period last year. Country merchants are holding off until April, when a substantial revival is expected to ensue. In districts west of Toronto trade is reported worse than for years past. Payments are moderate to fair. CATTLE, etc.—A fair number of cattle were bought for export at the local markets last Monday, at $5_1^{+}c$ to 5_2^{+} per lb., live weight, a few choice bringing $5_3^{+}c$. Live hogs were scarce and dear, a few small lots selling at $6_2^{+}c$ to $6_3^{+}c$. Recent cable advices from England show an easier feeling in cattle, under a large supply and limited demand. The offerings of butchers' cattle comprised about 200 head, and prices ranged from 4c to 5c, and a few of the best lots sold at $5_1^{+}c$. A few calves sold from \$3.50 to \$7.00 for middlings, and \$8 to \$10 each for good to choice. Sheep and lambs were scarce, only a few being offered at prices ranging from \$4 to \$7.

COAL AND WOOD.—Business in this line was slack a week ago, but has picked up, and a brisk demand is now manifested, at former prices however.—Egg is quoted \$7.75; Store and Nut, \$8. Scotch Grate, \$6.50; Blacksmiths \$7; Soft Coal, \$5.50. Hardwood, \$7.50 to \$8; Softwood, \$7.

COAL OIL.—The demand is but moderate and trade very slow, and, with the exception of a trifle reduction at Petrolia for car lots, there is no change.

DAIRY PRODUCE.—The trade in butter on local account has been to a steady consumptive demand for the finest and medium grades, as the export trade has about ceased to be any factor in the market. The grade of creamery has disappeared excepting in occasional lots of small proportion, and the Eastern Townships and Morrisburgh and Brockville comprise the best offerings, at a range of 19c to 21c per lb. The cheese market continues to rule very firm, in sympathy with the strong position occupied by the American markets and the steady tone in Britain. Two Canadian firms are reported to hold the bulk of the desirable quality in Ganada, Choice is quoted at 132 to 14c and 112c to 132c for poorer grades.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.-- The trade for the ordinary line of goods is very quiet; however, heavy chemicals are very firm at a pretty stiff range. Bleaching Powder has advanced very materially abroad, owing to the manipulations of a combination of dealers. Consumers here refuse to buy only for actual requirements. Sal Soda is scarce and firm, and special brands of Caustic Soda command our outside quotations.

Day Goods.—Trade has been rather dull in all lines in this department, and while there were several liberal buyers in the market last week from Manitoba there has been but one this week. The out-turn has, therefore, been correspondingly less, and orders coming into first hands are of a varied and sorting-up character from the interior points, and very light from the local trade. The feature of the market has been the open cut on the part of either the cotton miles or agents in one or two instances on the current rates. The true inwardness of this deviation has not yet altogether clearly transpired, but a fact it is, that 300 cases of *White* cotton have been sold to a Toronto wholesale house by a wholesale firm here, at a discount of $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. less 10 per cent. It further transpires that a large order for Hudon *Grey* (xxx) has been filled here at 15 per cent, less than the current rate of $8\frac{1}{2}$ per yard. It might be added that in addition to the tabled quotations of the Valleyfield factory, to be found elsewhere, pillow cotton is quoted at 13c, thirty-six inch bleached wigan 8c, and forty-inch twill 12c.

FISH.—The trade during the week has been active, and stocks are becoming much depleted, owing to the lenten season demand. No change in quotations, however has occurred Furt.—Trade during the week has improved, and under an active demand Oranges have advanced \$1, in sympathy with foreign markets. Valencias are quoted at \$5 and \$5.50. Lemons, on the contrary, are of slow sale, and rule very low. Sales in cases of Palermo have been made at \$3.50 to \$4, and in boxes at \$3. Apples have favored the buyers, owing to their poor quality. Prices are, however, high, and thus the demand has been considerably curtailed. Good stock is quoted at \$5 to \$6 per brl. Grauberries rule steady, with a moderate business doing at \$10 per brl. Dried Apples are scarce at 9c to 94c per lb., and Kouporated are steady at 14c to 15c per bl., and Kouporated are steady at 14c to 15c per bl. Valencia Raisins, selected, are 7c per b; best ordinary, 5% to 6c, and ordinary brands, 5c to 54c.

FURS AND SKINS.—Prices are unchanged, very few furs are coming in. There has been a considerable advance in London at the last sale on Beaver. This fur has become exceedingly popular for ladies' wear in the way of trimmings and shoulder capes, particularly the lighter shades or Southern Beaver. Prices are as follows. Beaver, per lb., Winter, S3 to \$4.00; Ouer, per skin, \$5 to \$10 and \$11 as to quality; Fox is quoted at \$1 to \$1.40; Martin 75e to \$1; Lynx \$2 to \$3.50; MinK 75e to \$1.25 as to quality; Muskrat, 8e to 15e for winter; Kitts, 2e to 3e; Racecon, 20c to 75e (average about 50e); Skunk, 20c to 75e; Fisher, \$5 to \$7.50; Bear, \$3 to \$10; Cubs, \$2 to \$5, all according to quality.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—The demand for flour of the stronger grades has been moderate, and the feature of the general trade is the large quantity of the superior qualities of American brands that are finding their way hither and throughout Canada. Prices remain steady. In grain of all descriptions the trade, either on local or export account, has amounted to almost nothing. The condition of the Chicago wheat and course grain market has been irregular, while in Britain, under heavy accumulated stocks of brendstuffs, both in the way of flour and wheat, the tendency is to a lower range. The exports of breadstaff, continue exceptionally light, and thus more correctly reflect the true position of foreign markets than any other feature.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.—The demand for hog products, more particularly Mess Pork, has been moderate at 'quotations elsewhere to be found. The condition of the Ghicago market has been very irregular during the week, and fluctuations either way have amounted to 25c to 50c per bbl. The outlook in the main, owing to manipulative operations and the continuance of light receipts of hogs in the west, is favorable to holders of stock. Western and Ganadian lard in pails has ruled steady at 13c and 124 respectively. Dressed Hogs are coming in only in a very small way and remain at \$8.75 to \$9.00 per 100 bs. Tallow—Receipts are also but very moderate, and, owing to the decline in Britain recently, the outlook for late shippers is not so promising. Here the range is from 7e to 74c per lb. In contrast to the condition of the egg market but recently, this market, continues to decline, and cased lots are liberally offered at a range of 25 to 27e per dozen. The American market, also continues to droop, and the demand is based on the hand-to-month policy by dealers and receivers.

GROCENTES.—The tea market has been buoyant and strong, with large sales of the cheaper descriptions to both New York and Chicago merchants. An advance has therefore taken place, as will be seen by our quotation on "common to medium" and "good" grades. In sugars a moderate trade is doing at former quotations. Bright yellows are searce and firm. Granulated has sold at 8½. Yellows range from 54 to 73c as to quality, with sales at both prices. Porto Rico is quiet at 64c. A cable from London quotes sugar dall but stead 5 Java No. 15, 214. 6d. ; centifrugal,96 degrees 20s. 6d. ; fair refining Muscovado 16s. 6d. ; and Austrian and German, but 86 degrees, 17s. 9d. ; Syraps have ruled quiet and steady, at 35c to 55c as to quality. *Rice* is unchanged, viz., 53.50. *Coffees* are firmly held at quotations, with a fair trade doing, and spices are firm with a larger movement to note. Stocks of pepper continue light, and prices firmly maintained *Tobaccos.* are in active request, with a good business doing. Reports from the South state the supply of leaf to be light and the tendency of the market buoyant and to higher prices from this forward until the new crop.

HARDWARE AND IRON.—The trade in Pig Iron during the week is reported as almost nil, dealers further stating that the Ontario supplies in first hands are still very large, the purchases made last Fall being excessive. Prices of last week are hence nominally sustiined, thus Warrants are cabled at 42s 4d, and Middlesborough, No. 3, 36s 9d. The Plates and Ganada Plates are very quiet and unchanged. This is also the case with Copper and Lead, Ingot Tin, Spelter and Antimony. In London Tin is quoted at LS2; 5s and L63 for the best Copper; Spanish Lead, L11 12s dd; Silesian Spelter, L1los; and Halletts Antimony, L45. The trade in shelf hardware has been correspondingly slow with other branches of trade.

LIQUORS, ETC.—The trade has been moderately fair on country account on the medicine quality of goods, while the local call has been much weakened in view of the uncertainty of many of the retail vendors and saloon keepers as to being enabled to renew licenses.

On.s.—There is a steady business doing with tanners in God Oil at previous quotations. In the main, however, holders of all descriptions are firm in view of depleted stocks at quotations of last week. The first seal oil inspection this year took place this week, the lot numbering 87 barrels.

PAINTS, GLASS, ETG.—In paints and colors the demand is of the most trivial proportion, and not in accordance with the former auticipations of the trade at this season of the year, and prices are, therefore, nominally unchanged. In window glass there has been a moderate call experienced by both druggists and hardware merchants, prices ruling firmer but not higher.

PETROLEUM.—Prices during the week have remained about the same, although there is the possibility of a slight decline, owing to Grude having dropped to 80c per barrel. Demand is still good for country orders.

SALT .-- Trade is exceedingly dull, and the market is substantially without feature.

SEEDS.—Clover continues active in Ontario, where it is quoted at \$7,00 to \$7.25 in car lots The market here is quiet, and we quote it at \$7,-25 to \$7.50. Timothy still comes forward slowly, and prices remain unchanged at \$2.00 to \$2.25 per bushel.

TIMBER, LUMBER, ETC.—There is no change whatever in the situation of the market, which has been very slack for the past two months. In view of extensive building operations in the near future, and better roads in the interior, trade is expected to materially revive. Quotations remain unchanged.

Woot.—Prices are considered low by those in the trade, and although there is little animation in any kind, holders are firm at our quotations. As is usual at this season, manufacturers are ordering but little, being now busy in laying out Spring patterns, and will be for the next month.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28, 1884. (Beerbohm's Advices.) Cargoes off Const.— Wheat, steady. Corn, nothing offering. Cargoes on passage—Wheat steady ; Corn, firm: Quantity Wheat on passage Continent.— 310,000 qrs.; Maize, 75,000 qrs.; 'Wheat and Flour on passage for U.K., 2,050,000 qrs.; Maize, 120,000 qrs. Liverpool Wheat and Corn on spot inactive. Liverpool mixed Maize, 5s. 12d. Peas, 6s. 6d.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Bosrox, Feb. 28.—*Flour*, steady, with moderate demand. Western Superfine \$3 to \$3.25; common Extras \$3.25 to \$4; Minnesota Extras, \$4.25 to \$5.75, including choice Bakers; Patent Spring \$6 to \$7, Patent Winter \$6 to \$6.75. *Commeal* quiet at \$2.70. Outmeal \$4.50 to \$5.25 for Western ground, and \$5.50 to \$6.25 for Western cut. *Builer*, steadier; stocks reduced. Western creamery 36c to \$8c. Cheese 15c for finest; 13c to 142c for good to choice. *Eygs* lower, at 24c for 'Eastern. *Polatose* continue plentiful at 45c to 46c. *Apples* quiet at \$3.50

Chicago, 2.30 p.m. - Wheat, March, 914c; April, 993c; May, 973c. Oorn, 523c; Apl., 534c; May, 573c. Onts, Mch., 32c; April, 324c; May, 304c. Pork, Mch., \$17.80; May, \$18.00. Lard, Mch., \$9.40; April, \$9.522; May, \$9.622.

New York, 2.00 p.m.—Wheat, Feb., \$1.07^a;
 Mch., \$1.07^a; April, \$1.10; May, \$1.12. Corn,
 Feb., 62c; March, 62c; April, 63^ac; May, 64^ac.

Milwankee. 2.00 p.m.-Wheat, Feb., 907c March, 907; May, 964c.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

(Revised By Telegraph.)

Tonox To, February 28, 1884. The current business is unchanged; in no branch of trade is there reported any degree of activity, neither is there any marked depression. Country trade is reported rather quiet, but with no signs of increasing dullness. Money is abundant in the banks, the circulation having considerably decreased during the past two months. Following are prices to-day compared with those of last Thursday:

Banks.	Bid Feb. 21	Biđ Feb. 28	Lorn Cos.	Bid ¹ Bid Feb. Feb 21 28
Montreal	180	189	Can. Per. (New)	200 201
Toronto		1791	Freehold	1654 1654
Ontario		101	Western Can	187 187
Merchants		1143	Bldg. & Loan	103 103
Commerce		122	[Farmers' Loan .	120 122
Dominion	193		Lond. & Can'da	144 1145
Hamilton,	114	114	Huron & Erie	
Stand'd	113	11-(]	Dom. Savings .	1131
Federal		1373	Ontario Loan	122 122
Imper'l		133	Hamilton Prov	120
Molsons	114	l	Imperial Savin's	109 1083

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour is still in very moderate demand. Manufacturers are working at a disadvantage with poor wheat and a dull market. The British market is unchanged and quiet, and American flour is likely to be more abundant immediately the western mills can run full time. There is only a local trade being done here, and prices are steady but not improved. Inspected Superior Extra is quoted at \$55 to \$5.05; Spring Extra is offering more freely at equal to \$4.50; and Extras offering more freely at equal to \$4.50; and Extras offering also at \$5.475; Patent flours, \$6 to \$6.25. Stocks on Monday last were 1,125 barrels, against 625 barrels on the Monday previous; 4,320 barrels, Feb. 26, 1883; and 7,258 on Feb. 27, 1882. Oatmeal unchanged and in light demand. Car lots of ordinary grade are nominal at \$3.90 to \$3.60 per harrel. Shorts in cur lots, \$17 per ton on the track. Bran rather scarce, and sales occurred recently at \$14 on the track.

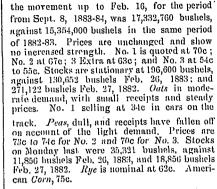
COARSE GRAINS .- Barley experiences a quiet demand. As far as speculation is concerned,

WHEAT.—The future of the wheat market promise little advance, if any. With the approach of Spring foreign supplies are certain to be large, and "*The London Miller*," a reliable journal, says prices may have a sudden fall. From all'sources of supply it is expected that the United Kingdom markets will have about 75,000,000 bushels up to May 3, and will have a surplus then of 24,000,000 bushels. The visible supply in the United States and Canada on Feb. 16 was 31,825,000 bushels; and there were on passage to Europe Feb. 21, about 18,400,000 bushels, which was exclusive of the quantity Ξ supply. Within the past few days the Chicago market has been weak. The market, here is nominally unchanged, but really weaker. No. 2 Spring is quoted at \$1.03, with no buyers. No. 2 Spring is quoted at \$1.03, with little doing j No. 3 Fall might be quoted_at \$1.03 ; Goose wheat nominal, at 80c. There is no shipping from here. Slocks on Monday last were 171,-482 bushels against 147,080 on the Monday previous; 336,977 bushels Feb. 26, 1883 ; and 344,-850 bushels Feb. 27, 1882. The total grain in store on Monday last was 403,409 bushels, against 377,635 on the Monday previous ; 521,-015 bushels Feb. 26, 1883 ; and 653,856 bushels Feb. 27, 1882.

Crawford House WINDSOR, Ont. NEW MANAGEMENT. NEW FURNITURE. ENTIRELY REFITTED. GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS. H. D.LENTZY & CO., Proprietors.

giving up Canadian Business would sell the balance of Mortgages, well secured on Real Estate and payable by instalments over terms of years.

For particulars address C. W. J., Box 388, Post Office, Halifax, N.S.



Davas.—Trade is rather better, and prices continue steady. Leading drugs quoted : Aloes, Gape, 20c to 26c per lb; Cubeb Berries firm at \$1.25 per lb; Fresh Ergol, 55c to 60c; Cantharides firm at \$3 to \$3.25 per lb; Oils, unchanged and firm. Opium, \$4.30 per lb; Quinine, Howard's, \$1.85 per oz. German, in oz. bottles, \$1.65. Morphia, \$2,50 to \$2.60 per oz. Tartaric Acid firm at 03c to 63c. Newfoundland Cod Liver (Di, \$2 50 per gal. Norwegian, \$6.25 to \$6.50 per gal. Gum Arabie firm at 30c to 32c.

HUGH LAVERTY,

37 Wellington St., Montreal, Canada.

Dealer in and Manufacturer of

Cattle Head Ropes, Horse Covers, Tar-

paulins and Waggon Covers.

A LARGE SUPPLY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Orders solicited, Lowest Prices.

FUEL.—Prices are unchanged. It is owing to a combination among dealers that prices are so high here at present.

F181.—Very quiet, and nominally unchanged. Cod, No. 1, per 112 lbs, \$6.25 to \$6.50; Herrings, No. 1, \$4.50; Lake Huron Herrings, \$2.75 to \$3. Salmon, \$18 to \$20 per brl. Lake Trout, \$4; Whitefish, \$4.75.

Hogs AND DRESSED MEATS.—Receipts continue light and prices firm. The Chicago market continues advanced, but latterly not so firm. Dealers here are safe on account of small stocks. Prices of car lots of hogs are \$0.05 to \$0.15 for ordinary to good, and \$0.25 for choice. Dressed beef on the market sells at \$0.50 to \$0.50 for fore-quarters ; and \$7.50 to \$8.50 for hind-quarters. Mutton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ e to $7\frac{1}{2}$ e ; lamb, Se to $\$\frac{1}{2}$ c.

HARDWARE.—Quiet and unchanged, and the demand for building material rather slower than was expected.

GROCERUES.—Orders continue light, but the amount of loading is not below the average for this season. Prices are steady in nearly all lines. Sugars are quiet: Teas not so active for high grades, and Fish very quiet. Rio Coffee has advanced to 16c and 16kc.

JOSEPH PAQUETTE, Manufacturer of

MACHINE KNIVES,

Grooving Knives, Planing Knives, Paper, Leather, Cotton, Wool and Cork Knives, Of as Fine a Temper and Finished Edge as the best of American Manufacture.

All orders promptly and carreling excented. MR. EDWARD PONTBRIAND, of Worcestor, Mass., who has had 15 years' experience in the business, superintends the work and the excention of orders. Also Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Window Frames, Flooring, Wash-Boards, Moulds, etc., of all sizes and descriptions.

Wardlaw's Yarn Mills, CALT, ONT., John Wardlaw, MANUFACTURER OF Every Kind of all-Wool and Worsted Yarns In 2, 3 or 4 ply. Knitters supplied.

Office: 286 to 290 CRAIG ST, (Opposite the Viger Market,) Factory: 12 to 22 PERTHIUS ST., MONTREAL.

CIRCULAR SAWS. THIN Give us a chance to estimate for you before

you place your order for Circular Saws this year, and we will explain the advantages of our AMERI-CAN DAMASCUS TEMPERED Solid Saws and inserted Tooth Saws, and how it comes that we can save you money by using them.

THE WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO., BRANTFORD, Canada. 300

HIDES AND SKINS .- Trade is steady, with little change in values. Green hides are buying at The for cows and 84c for steers; cured are in better demand, and selling at 84c for car lots. *Calfskins* quict and unchanged; green buying at 13c for No. 1 and 11c for No. 2; selling cured at 15c for No. 1 and 13c for No. 2. *Sheep*skins offering moderately, and bringing from 95c to \$1.05.

LEATHER .- The market is still quiet, country trade dull, and prices nominally unchanged.

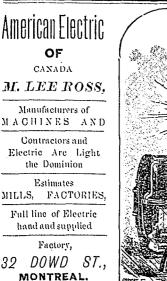
PROVISIONS, ETC .- The market for the general provision list has been regular and unexcited, but prices in some lines have advanced, Bucon is firm. Long Clear selling at 104c for car lots, and 11c for box lots. C. C. is firm also at 94c to 10c; Smoked, small lots quoted at 134c. Hams are in moderate demand, and quoted at 134c in round lots and 134c for small lots for smoked; pickled in therees at 124c. Lard is quiet at 124c for tinnets, 13c for pails. Pork in small demand, and quoted at \$19.50 to \$20. Beef quoted for small lots at \$15 for prime and S16 for mess. Poultry, still scarce and firm; box lots selling at 13e to 13he for turkeys; 9e to 92c for geese; 60c to 65c for clickers, and 75c to 85c a pair for ducks. Butter is putet and prices nominally unchanged; fine selling at 19c to 20c; medium at 16c to 17c; inferior at 12c to 13c; *Eggs* easier, with larger receipts; fresh are worth 26. *Cheese* firm at 13½c to 14c for fine; 12c to 12½c for fair to good. *Dried Apples*, 9c to 9½c for common;

NOTICE T0 MARINERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Examiners of Candidates for Coasting and Inland Certifi-enters as Masters and Mates will meet at the office of the Harbour Commissioners, Montreal, at a p. m. on Wednesday, the 20th instant, to com-mence examinations, which will continue until the following Saturday at 4 p. m. The Examiners will also meet at the office of the Agent of this Department, m the Gity of Quebec, on Monday the 25th instant, at 10 a. m., to commence exami-nations, which will continue until the following Thursday at 4 p. m. Candidates should bring their Certificates from former employers with them. them.

WM. SMITH. Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine & Fisheries, Ottawa, 15th February, 1884.



15c for evaporated. Green, in lots of a few barrels, arc selling at \$3.50 to \$4.25 for good to choice. Beans, \$1.66 to \$2 a bushel, as to quality. Onions, \$1.75 to \$2.10 per barrel as to quality. Potatoes, in good supply and ensier at \$5c to 70c, in car lots. Hops, quiet, at 22c for medium and 26c for fine. Tallow ounds the table for rough solding et \$6a to 70. qought at 31c for rough, selling at 63c to 7c 2r rendered. Sult in moderate demand and brices unchanged; Liverpool bags, 65c in car lots and 80c delivered; Canadian barrels, \$1.20 in car lots and \$1.45 to \$1.50 delivered.

SEEDS .- There is not near the activity nor bulk of movement in seeds that was displayed a year ago, but receipts have recently improved. The condition of the American Markets shows weakness, and dealers are rather slow in trading, except at lower rates. Red Clover is quoted at S6.75 for good samples, and choice parcels a shade higher, but the market is dull. Alsike is steady, and quoted at \$9.75 to \$10.75 as to quality. Timothy is rather dull, at \$1.50 as to quality. Timothy is rat to \$1.75 per bushel of 48 lbs.

WOOL-A limited movement of country lots exists, but prices are weak, and the export trade affords no prospect of better prices. Sales of selected fleece are effected at 19c to 191c, and rejected at 16c and 161c. Sale of pulled wools to factories are slow. Supers are quoted at 22c to 23c, and extra supers at 27c to 28c.

LONDON, ONTARIO. CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL. Bar Steel - Flats and Rounds Coil Springs, Railway and Machinery Steel Castings, Cranks, Dies, &c. Bar Iron THOS. MUIR. Manager.



dent company in which he held poictes han pair, and the entire absence of any trouble or annoyance to me in completing proofs, bespeaks for your firm and the company you represent the appre-ciation due to honorable dealings and prompt payments. This money comes to me in a time of great need, and should be a living example to every one of the terrible liability to accidents, the baselist of accident insurance, and the ban the benefit of accident insurance, and the hon-orable and prompt treatment which your company bestows upon its claimants. Wishing you the success you so richly deserve, I am, truly yours, SARAH W. TYLER, BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Feb. 12, 1884., Hurd & Roberts, COR. YORK AND BAY STS .. HAMILTON. MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS. All kinds of MARBLE & GRANITE WORK. INSPECTION INVITED. C. H. CORDINGLY & CO. WINE MERCHANTS, 32, 34, 36 & 38 St. Dizier Street, MONTREAL. Sole Proprietors of the Trade mark, and Manufacturers of the celebrated "John Bull Bitters,"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

very prompt manner in which you have paid the full amount of the policy (\$1000) on the life of my husband, John F. Tyler, who was in-jured Jan. 12, and by reason of the accident died Feb. 4th, and at the time of his death had not paid to you any part of his premium. You were not obliged to pay the claim for a number of mathe hit is ground and full outbarrent within a

weeks, but its prompt and full settlement within a few days of his death, and before any other acci-dent company in which he held policies had paid,

A MONTREAL CO. ABROAD.-Messrs. Sherman & Jenne, General Agents of the Accident Insurance Co., of North America, Brattleboro, Vt.,-Gentlemen: I beg to thank you for the very prompt manner in which you have paid

Prize Medal and Diploma, Exposition Universelle à Paris, 1867. Silver Medals, Provincial Exhibition, 1868, 1870 and 1873.

Also Proprietors of the favorite

"BEAVER BRAND" 6 Year Old Pure Rye Whiskey.



SURETYSHIP.	STOCKS AND BONDS. NAME.	
THE GUARANTEE CO. Of North America. Of North America. Capital Authorized,, \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash incontes), 300,000 Assets Resources over 775,000 Deposit with Dominion Govit. 57,000 <i>THE BONUS SYSTEM</i> Of this Company renders the Premiums in certain case annually reducible until the rate of On-half p. Cent per Annun is reached. This Company is under the same experienced man- agement which introduced the system is this conti- ation of its clioned the business to the same accessfully conducted the same conducted the business to the responsibilities of any other and to fully for the responsibilities of any other and to fully for the responsibilities of any other accessfully conducters (out.) 20 years 6 per ct. Bot for the stock. Bot for the responsibilities of any other and the for the responsibilities of any other and the for the responsibilities of any other and the set stock. Bot for the	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
100 Grand Trunk of Calluda Collision	MINTO, LAVIGNE & CO. Linen Merchants and MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, 10 ST. HELEN STREET, MOINTREAL. Large Consignment of Fresh Goods just arriving for sale to the Trade on Manufacturers' Account. WHOLESALE ONLY. William Minto. Auction Sales of Real Estate By THOMSON & GOW Auction Sales of every descripting Stock and General Sales at our Rooms will our personal attention. Liberal advances afficiency of the State and Auctioneers, 211 ST. JAMES State and Auctioneers, 211 ST. JAMES State and Auctioneers, 211 ST. JAMES State and Auctioneer, will give his personal attention. Manufacturent, Jame Lavigne	DEY. and on. Farm l receive on Con- uations of EY. d General ET.

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BUSINESS changes not mentioned elsewhere : Ontario.—Assigned in trust.—J. P. Wright, drugs, Kincardine; S. L. Doolittle & Co., furnitare manufacturers, Aylmer; M. A. Adams, grocer, Dutton Station; Thos. Frizzel, shoes, Owen Sound; M. McLean & Co., general store, Madoc, J. C. Van Camp, cabinetmaker, Petrolia, offering to compromise at 25 cents on the dollar; J. Darrach, cabinetmaker, Stayner, failed and out of business. Quebec.— Assigned.—M. A. Plamondon, general store, Arthabaskaville; Mrs. Reeves, milliner, Montreal. New Branswick.—W. E. Blanchard & Co., fancy goods, and Berton Bros., grocers, St. John, assigned in trust. Nova Scatia:—McAlpine & Toole, general store, Louisburg; R. Barnhill, cattle dealer, Onslow; Wm. Ives & Son, general store, Picton, and R. S. Thorpe, general store, Centreville, assigned in trust. Manitoba.—G. E. Becmer & Co., auctioneers, Emerson, and Rogers & Hastings, general store, Ti dde, assigned in trust. J. At Moore & Co., croal estate agents, Winnipeg, bailiff in possession.

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Manufacturers of TENTS, FLAGS, TARPAULINS, WATERPROOF GOODS, CAMP FURNITURE, &c. At Toronto, Ont., and St. John, N.B., we made the best display, of Tents ever shown in Canada—and we never substitute an article inferior to sample in filling orders.

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SPRING 1884

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KID GLOVES,

LISLE GLOVES, SILK GLOVES.

LACES & LACE GOODS, Large Variety and Special lines.

CARSLEY & CO.,

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY FEBRUARY 28, 1884.

]	MONTRE.	AL WHOLESALE	PRICES	CURRENT-THURSD	AY FEBRU	JARY 28, 1884.	
Name of Article:	Whoiesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Boots and Shoes. Men's Thick Boots Wax " Split " " Call Boots, pegged " Kip Brogans " Split do Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Trunella do " Trunella do " Trunella do " Trunella do " Buskins. do " Trunella do " Buskins. do " Trunella do " Buskins. do " Trunella do " Dairy Produce, Greamery.the to choice " Split Bals " Frunella do " Trunella do " Trunella do " Buskins. do " Buskins. do " Trunella do	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Name of Article. Grain. Canada White, No. 2 " Red Winter ' " Spring No. 2 white Michigan No. 1 Red Winter, No 2 Toledo. Spring, Chicago No. 2 Spring, Milwaukie No. 2. Barleyper 66 lbs Ryeper 66 lbs Rye Gron in bond Flax Seed, prime Grozeries. <i>TEA</i> , (Hi-Ch. & Cad.) Japan, com. to gd mcd. 1b. good med. to fine Japan, com. to gd mcd. 1b. good med. to fine Japan, com. to gd mcd. 1b. Good to fine to thoest Japan, Chicast " Twankay.com.to gd " Fine to finest " Twankay.com.to gd " Twankay.com.to gd " ine to finest " Twankay.com.to gd " med. to good " ine to finest " med. to good " ine to finest " Marzeatbo " Coffees, green Mocha per bl Java " Singapore&Ceylon " Sugars, (Ceks. & Bris.) Porto Ricoper lb.	$\begin{array}{c} \$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Casing, Lox, Shook: 14 in. p100 lb. keg., 14 in. to 13 " " 22 in. i to 21 " " 23 in. to 24 " " 3 in. to 44 " " Cut Spikes, all sizes. Finishing Nails: 1 in. to 12 in. " " 2 ln. and up " " Tobacco Box Nails: 1 in. to 12 in. " " 2 ln. and up " " Tobacco Box Nails: 1 in. to 14 in. p. 100 lb kg 14 " 2 " " " 2 4 " 3 " " " " 2 4 " 3 " " " " " 2 4 " 3 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Leather (at 6 month. No. 1, B. A. Sole No. 2, B. A. Sole No. 1 Ordinary Sole No. 2 " No. 2 " No. 2 China " No. 1 " " No. 2 China " No. 1 " " No. 2 Slaughter, No. 1 Harness Upper Heavy " No. 2 Slaughter, No. 1 Harness Upper Heavy " Light Grained Uppr Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French. English Cant.ia, Kip. Hemlock Calf. " Light French Calf. Splits, Laght & Medium " Small Leather Bourd, Canada Leather Bourd, Canada Enamelled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain B. Calf Brnsh (Cow) Kid Buff " Heavy " No. 2 Manuf's of Cotton. Hochelaga. " (Brown Sheeting A	
Alum. Borax xuls Borax xuls Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Cream Tartar. Epson Salts Extract Logwood. Indigo Madras. Madder. Opium. Ovalic Acid. Potass Iodide. Quinino Soda Ash. Soda BiGarb. Sal Soda. Soda Ash. Soda BiGarb. Sal Soda. Camphor Eng. Ref. "Am. Ref. Gun Arabic, por Ib. "Tartaric Acid. Citric Acid. Citric Acid. Citric Acid. Camphor Eng. Ref. "Am. Ref. "Tartaric Acid. Citric Acid. Coperas per 100 lbs. Bhire Vitrici. Potash Bichroma. Dry Goods. (See Manuf's of Cotton. "No. 2. Lakk Trout Green Coil No. 1. ""No. 2. Dry "No. 2. Dry "Coysters.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cuba	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$	Coltness	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \ 00 \ 21 \ 50 \ 21 \ 50 \ 21 \ 50 \ 21 \ 50 \ 20 \ 50 \ 20 \ 50 \ 20 \ 50 \ 20 \ 50 \ 20 \ 2$	G	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0.07 \\ 0 & 0.07 \\ 0 & 0.07 \\ 0 & 0.07 \\ 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0.05 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$
Flour. Superior Extra	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 x 24 Tin: Block, per lb. Grain. Copper: Ingot. Sheet. Cat National States Cat National States Cat National States Sheet. Sheet. Cat National States Sheet. Sheet.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	F. F. to F. F. F. Barbed wire, per lb Barbed wire, per lb Hides and Skins. Green Hides, No. 1, p.100 "No.2" "No.2" Hamilton, No. 1 "Toronto, "1 "1 "50 Western Buff, No. 1 "51 Dry Salted, No. 1 "2" "4" "51 Lamb & Sheepskins, el b	4 75 5 6 0 071 0 0 1bs. 8 00 0 1 7 0 0 0 1 8 0 0 0 1 0 8 75 0 1 8 25 0 1 8 25 0 8 50 8 15 0 0 8 50 8 15 0 0 15 0 0 13 0 0 13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 C Cheese Cloth	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 &$

* Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. *92_ Ferms for casing, box and shook, finishing and Tobacco Box; also for Olinch and Freeseed, and Barrel Nails, NET cash within 80 days; or months. Note, adding interest from the date of delivery at seven per cent. Discount on Bolts, Carriage, Tire and Machine, 70 to 75 per cent.

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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENTTHURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1884.								
Name of Articie.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of	Artiole.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Bates.
AB Blue B Brown BB Brown BB Brown BB Brown Bronen Sheefing. A'Catedonia Canada. ShurtungsClyde Checks. Canada ShurtungsClyde Checks. ''' No. 2, 32 in Undas (Groy)D 30 in '' C 33 in Undas (Groy)D 30 in '' C 33 in Windsor. Br' Sheeting. 22 33 Windsor. Br' Sheeting. 22 44 55 Meats, Eggs, &c. Pork, Mess, Western Hams, City Cured Lard, in pails Bacon, per lb. Fggs, Strictly Presh. Heid Iots Tailow, Rendered '' Kongh Ness Beef, per brl Potatoes per brl Oils. Cod 0il, Newfoundland Strait's Oil, American Straw Scal S. R. Pale Scal S. R. Pale Scal S. R. Pale Scal Mess Beef, per brl Pate Scal S. R. Pale Scal S. R. Pale Scal S. R. Pale Scal '' No.1 Linseed Raw '' Eating '' Lucca, Flasks Antonini's (ts., cuss I doz ''' Jucca Spirit Turpentine, brls. Whale Refened	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Car Lots in Broken Lots Single Bris. Ostrich Pinne. Cipe, Nos. 1 Mongador, 1 Egypt, 1 Domestic P. Tames Natural Gre Disc. 5 p. Paint. White Lead. Venetian R Ked. Lead Venetian R Yel. Ochre White Lead. Venetian R Yel. Ochre White Lead Venetian R Yel. Ochre White Lead Venetian R Red Lead Venetian R S Liverpool C Canadian Pipes per yar S Liverpool C Canadian Pipes Darah Pipes Liverpool C Canadian Pipes Der yar Black Walnu Do do Cedar, round Cedar, faquare Elm, sort, 1sa.	35 (<i>wild.</i>) 10 2, p. 1bs 10 2, p. 1bs 10 2, p. 1bs (os. 1 to 3 (os. 1 to 3 30 days. 30 days. 3 & & c 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 3. 1 & (' 2 3 & 4 & c 1 & (' 2 3 & 4 & c 1 & (' 2 3 & 4 & c 1 & (' 2 & 3 & 4 & c 1 & (' 3 & 5 & c 1 & (' 5 & c 1 & (' 5 & c) 5 & c & c 1 & (' 5 & c) 5 & c & c & c & c & c & c & c & c & c &	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<pre>Soft, do</pre>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Can. Spirits, Imp. gallon. Alcohol — 650, P. " Pure Spirits " 25 U. P Whiskeys: — Family Prool. Old Bourbon Rye, Toddy, Malt Rye, 4 years old 5 " 6 " 7 " Wool. Fleece, Pulleed, unasorted " B Super Australian Cape	6 00 9 50 8 00 8 50 8 00 8 50 2 90 8 525 2 90 8 50 1 90 5 2 195 2 90 8 50 2 90 8 100 2 90 8 50 2 90 8 50 2 90 8 50 1 90 5 00 2 90 8 50 2 90 9 8 50 0 2 9
Guelph Adve	ertisement	S.	DATT				Galt Advertisements	•
	TEEL SI Plated & Extra	KATES,	REFINED	MANUFA MALLEA	VOON & CO., CTURERS OF BLE IRON CASTINGS!	CANI	C, LAIDLAW (CALT, ONT.	& CO., warded the
IRON S CAST CLAMP, SAW SETS, MANUFAC	CAST CI MORRILL TURED BY	JUB, PATTERN.	For Agricu and Waggo blue u	ltural and G m Malleable nade to orde	eneral Machinery. Carriage s. All description of Mallea- r. Quality guaranteed.			LD MEDAL
WM. RU Guelph Sewing Machin The Trade supplied.	SSE e and Nove	LL, alty Works. alph, Ont.	G		WA, ONT.	0		of Dod-Working Machinery and mprovements,
/	rs ron		Μ	cCRA	E & CO.,			AT Danada's reat Fair,
McEwall's Celebra And Mallory's,					RS, HOSIERS' and Manufacturers.		T T	oronto, 1883, d GOLD-MEDAL AT
BALTIMOR.				+	IG YARNS		C X X X	Nestern Fair,
BALLINON.	W VIO	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			otton. Union and Woollen			ondon, 1883.

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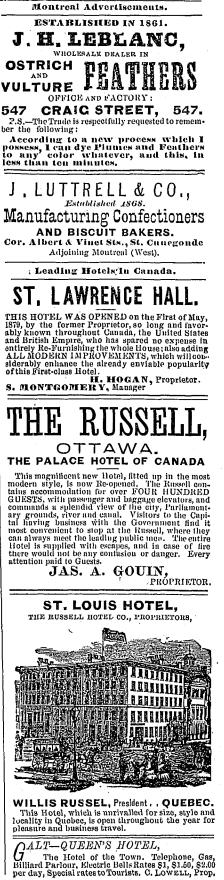


Montreal, December, 1883.

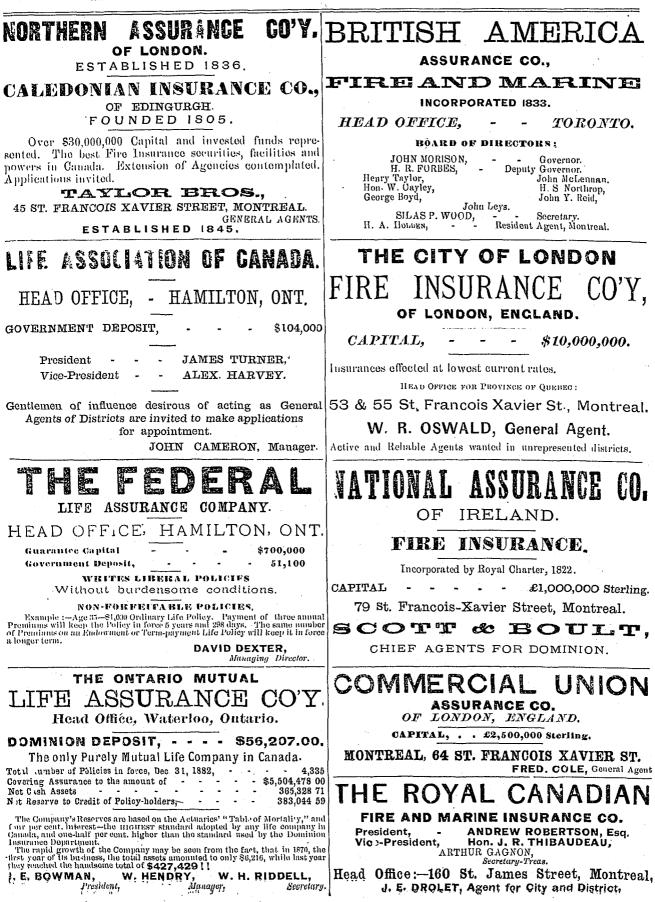
CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.

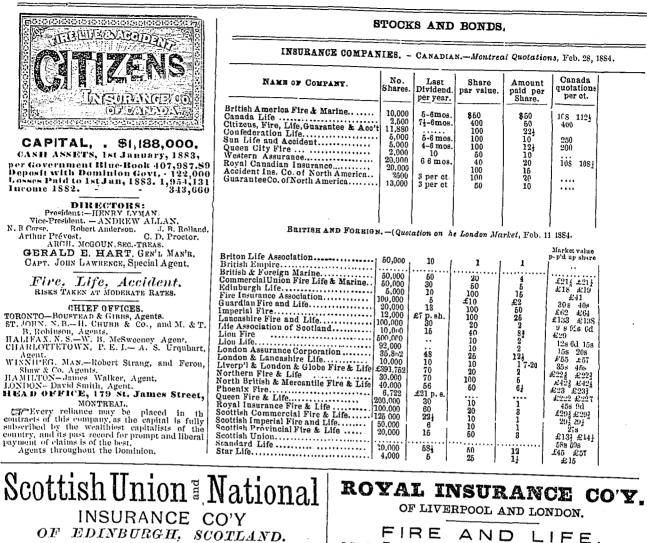












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PROVIDENT MUTUAL ASSOCIATION of Incorporated by the Con. Stat. of Can., chap. 71 and amendments.

\$5,000 deposited in trust with Provincial Covernment, Nov. 20, 1883.

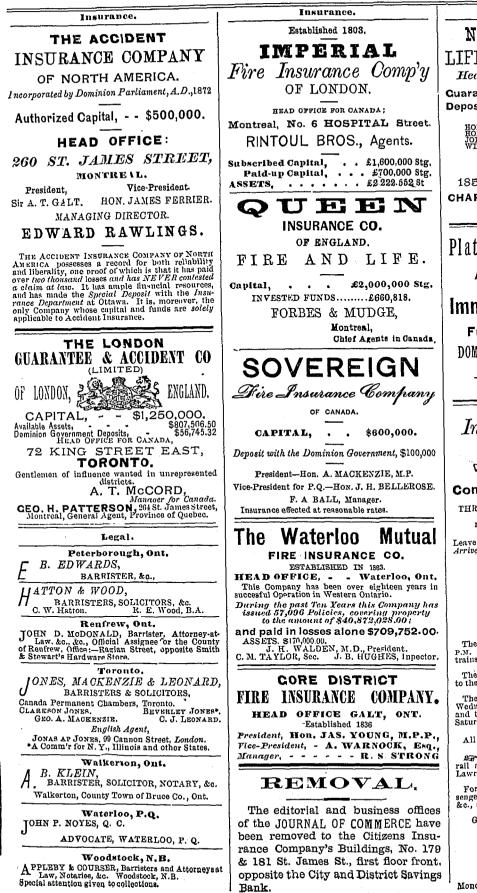
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JOHN	HOPPER,	Ceneral	Againt

SECTION 11.- Assembly Bill 130, passed March 30th, 1883. "The Provident Mutual Association of Canada shall be deemed to be an Association duly formed under the said chapter 71 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada." Reserve fund to be invested in Dominion Bonds and deposited in trust with the Provincial Treasurer.

GENERAL OFFICE :-- 162 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL, P. Q.





B. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent, Moncton, N.B., Dec. 7th, 1883.

