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The Chartered Banks.	
Bank of Montreal. RETABUTHEND IN 1818 INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.	
Capital Authorized,	F
Head Office, - Montreal.	

Board of Directors. C. F. SMITHERS, Esq., President. W. CAMPBELL, Esq., M.D. - Vice-President. P. Redpath, Esq., Gon. P. A. Smith. Edward Mackay, Esq., Alfred Brown, Esq., Live Markey, Esq., Alfred Brown, Esq., Alfred Brow Alex Murray, Esq. Alfred A. T. Paterson, Esq

W. J. Buchanan, General Manager A. Macnider, Assistant General Manager and Chief Inspector.

Branches in Canada,

Montreal, E. S. Clouston, Manager. , E. S. Clouston, august Hamilton, Ont. Pioton, Ont. Kingston, "Port Hope," Lindsay, "Quebeo, Que, London, "Sprnia, Ont. Monoton, N. B. Stratford, " Newcastie, "St. John. N. B. Ottawa, Ont. St. Marys, Ont. Perth, "Toronto. " Peterboro", "Winnipeg, Man. Almonte, Ont. Belleville, Unt. Brantiord, " Brockville, " Chatham, N.B Cornwall, Out. doderich, Guelon Halliar. N.S.

Guelph " Perth, " Toronto. "
Hallfax N.S. Peterboro', " Winnipeg, Man. Agents in Great Britum.—London, Bank of Montreal, 9 Birchin Lanc, Lombard Street. C. Ashworth, Manager. London Comantee-E. H. King, Esq., Chairman, Fobert Gillespie, Esq., Sir John Rose, Bart, G. C. M.G. "Bonkersin ureal Britain.—London, The Bank of England; The Joino, Bank of London; The London & Westminster Bank. Liverpool, The Bank ot Liverpool, Scotland, The British Linen Company and Branches. "Agents in the United States.—New York, Walter Watson and Alex. Lang, 59 Wall Street. Chicago, Bank of Montreal, 154 Madison Street." Matomatic States.—New York, The Bank of New York, N.B.A.; The Merchante' National Bank, Soston, The Marchante' National Bank, Buffah, The United States.—New York, The Bank of New York, M.B.A.; The Merchante' National Bank, Soston, The Merchante' National Bank, Buffah, The Union Bank of New Yong, The Bank of New York, M.B.A.; The Marchante', St.John's, Ndd., The Union Bank of New Zoaland, India, China, Japan, Australia-Oriental Bank Corporation.
(Jasue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Traveller agentiathe is and variation of the work of the State Circular Cortex (Cortex) (States).

(Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers available in all parts of the world.)

EXCHANGE BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP . 8500.000 REST 200,000

HEAD OFFICE, . MONTREAL

DIRECTORS.

N. H. GAULT, M.P., President T. OAVERHILL, . Vice-President A. W. Ogilvie, Thuman C. K. Greene, Thomas Tiffin,

THOMAS CRAIG, Cashier.

BRANCHES.

Hamilton, Ont.	. C. M. Counsell,	Manager.
Aylmer, Ont	J. G. Billett,	do
Park Hill, Ont.	T. L. Rogers,	do
Bedford, P.Q.	E. W. Morgan,	do .

FOREIGN AGENTS,

1

LONDON :- The Alliance Bank (Limited.) NEW YORK :- The National Bank of Com-

merce. BOSTON :-- Maverick National Bank.

Sterling and American Exchange bought and

sold. Interest allowed on Deposits. Collections made promptly and remitted for

lorates.

The	Chartered	Banl	KS.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 Sterling.

London Office-3 Clement's Lane, Lombard St. E C.

COURT OF DIBROTORS

J. H. Brodie.	H. J. B. Kendall,
John James Cater,	J.J. Kingsford,
Henry R. Farrer,	Frederic Lubbock
Richard H. Giyn.	A. H. Philpotts,
Edward Arthur Hoare,	J. Murray Robertson.
Secretary-A.	

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA .- St. James St., Montreal.

R. R. GEINDLEY, General Manager.

J. S. CAMERON, Inspector.

Bran	ches and Agenc	cies in Canada.
London, Brantford, Paris, Hamilton, Toronto	Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec,	St. John.N.B. Frederioton, N.B. Hallfax, N.S. Victoria, B.C.

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NEW YORK .- D. A. McTavish and W. Lawson, Agents.

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LONDON BANKERS.-The Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn & Co.

Messrs. Glyn & Co. Foreign Agents.—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool. Australia.—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand —Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand, Golonial Bank of New Zealawd. India. (Lina, and Japan—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies, Colonial Bank Paris-Messre. Marcuaru, André & Go. Lyons—Crédit Lyonnais.

THE MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.

Capital, \$2,000,000 Rest. \$140.000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Olrectors.

Olfoctors. THEMAG WORKMAN E.q. - President. J. H. R. MOLSON, Esq. - Fice-President. S. H. EWING, Esq. [R. W. SHEPHBED, Esq. MOD D.L. MAOPHERSON. [H. A. NELSEN, Esq. MILES WILLIAMS, Esq. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, - Gen'l Mansger. M. HEATON, - Inspector.

-

Branches of The Molsons Bank.					
Brockville,	Meaford.	St. Thomas.			
Clinton.	Morrisburg,	Toronto.			
Exeter,	Owen Sound,	Sorel. P.O.			
Ingersoll,	Ridgetown.	Trenton.			

igersoll,	Ridgetown.	Trenton.
ondon.	Smith's Falls	Waterloo, Ont.
	AGENTS IN THE DO	MINION.

Quebeo - Quebec Bank and Eastern Townships Bank.

Intario & Manitoba-Ontario Bank, Quebec Bank Federal Bank and their Branches. Neu-Brunweick-Bank of N Brunswick, St. John. Nova Scotia-Halifax Banking Company and its

Nova Scona --------Branches. Prince Rdward Island-Union Bank of P. E. I., Charlottetown & Summerside. Newfoundland-Commercial Bank of Newfoundland, St Johns.

Land, St Johns.
 AGBNTS IN UNITED STATES.
 AGUNTS IN UNITED STATES.
 New York-Mechanics' National Bank, Messrs.
 Morton. Bliss & Co., Messrs. W. Watson and Alex.
 Lang; Boston, Merchants National Bank; Messrs.
 Kidder, Fenbody & Co.; Porticand, Casco National
 Bank; Chicago, First National Bank; Clenetand.
 Commercial National Bank: Detroit, Mechanics'
 Bank; Bufato, Farmers and Mechanics' National
 Bank; Mitoaukce; Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Co Bank; Tolero Scond Onational Bank; Ilelena, Montana-First National Bank; Fort Benton, Montana-First National Bank.

London-Allanoe Bank, "limited." Messrs. Glyn, Mills. Currie & O. Messrs. Morton. Rose & Co. Antwerp, Belgium-La Banque d'Anvers. Collections made in sil parts of the Dominion and returns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchauge.

OF CAN	ADA.
Capitel Reserve Fund,	\$5,500,000. - 475,000.
EAD OFFICE -	- MONTREAL
Board of D	irectors.

H

The Chartered Banks.

MERCHANTS' BANK

HON, JOHN HAMILTON, President JOHN MOLENNAN, Esq., M.P., Vice-President Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Esq. Hector Mackenzie, Esq. Robt. Anderson, Esq. Darling, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. Wm. Darling, Esq. Jonathan Adolphe Masson, Esq.

GEORGE HAGUE, - - - - General Manager WM. J. INGRAM, - - Assistant General Manager

1.1.1	
1	BRANCERS.
Belleville.	Owen Sound
Berlin.	Perth.
Brampton,	Prescott.
Chatham.	Quebec.
Galt.	Eanfrew.
Gananoque	Stratford.
Hamilton,	St. Johns, Que.
Ingersoll.	St. Thomas.
Kincardine.	Toronto.
Kingston.	Walkerton.
London.	Waterlas Ant
Montreal.	Windsor.
Napanee.	Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Ottawa.	Emerson

Bankersin Great Britain-The Ulydesdale Banking Company, 30 Lombard Street, London, Glasgow and elsewhere

Agency in New York, 48 Exchange Place. Mesers. Honry Hague and John B Harris, jr., Agents. Bunkers in New York. - The Bank of New York,

N.B.A. Chicago Branch.—158 Washington street, Arthur Wickson, Manager

A general banking business transacted. Money received on deposit, and current rates of in-terest allowed.

Drafts issued available at all points in Canada. Sterling Exchange and dratts on New York bought and sold.

Letters of credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries. Collections made on favorable terms.

La Banque du Peuple.

Capital \$1 600,000.

MONTREAL.

HEAD OFFICE.

C. S. CHERRIER, Esq., President.

GEO. S. BRUSH, Esq., Vice-President. A.A. TROTTIER, Esq., Cashier.

PORBIGN AGENTS.

London-Glynn, Mills, Currie & Co. New York-National Bank of the Republic. Quebec Agency-The Bank of Montreal.

The Ontario Bank.

GAPITAL PAID-UP . \$3,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, _ - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

Sir WM. P. HOWLAND, LT.-LOL. C. S. GZOWSKI, President. Vice-President, Hon. John Simpson. Hon. D. A. Macdonald. Donald Mackay, Esq. A. M. Smith, Esq. Robert Nichols, Esq.

D. FISHER, General Manager.

물건 그 물건	BRAN	CHES.		teri Evite
Alliston,	Montreal,		Hope.	
Brussels,	Mount Fo	rest, Port	Perry,	
Bowmanville,	Oshawa,		thur's La	nd'ı
Guelph,	Ottawa.	l'oro	nto,	11
Lindeay,	Peterboro.		lby,	
Winnipeg,	Man.	Portage la	Prairie, M.	έn. ΄

AGENTS.

London, Eng. - Alliance Bank Bank of Montreal. New York.- Mosers, Walter Watson and Alex, Lang: Boston.-Tremont National Bank.

Tbe	Obartered	Bank	8.°'

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Dividend No. 28.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of

FOUR PER CENT.

upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after

Saturday, the 2nd day of July Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th of June to the 1st day of July, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEET-ING of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House in Toronto, on

TUESDAY, 12th DAY OF JULY NEXT.

The chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock noon. By order of the Board.

> W. N. ANDERSON, General Manager.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1881.

IMPERIAL BANK	HON. HON Hy. I U. Te
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DIRECTORS:	Agen
H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., President,	Other
T. R. MERRITT, Esq., Vice-President, St Ca- tharines,	===
JOHN SMITH, ESQ., T. R. WADSWORTH, ESQ. HON. JAS. R. BENBON, WM. RAMSAY, ESQ., St. Catharines, JOHN FISKEN, ESQ.,	
HON. JAB. R. BENBON, WM. RAMSAY, ESQ.,	BA
St. Uatharines, JOHN FISKEN, Esq.,	
P. HUGHES. Eso., D. P. WILL KIE. Condition	1
D. R. WILKIE, Cashier.	
HEAD OFFICE-TORONTO.	Capit
BRANCHES-St. Catharines, Ingersoll, Port Col- borne, Welland, St. Thomas, Fergus, Woodstock,	Capit
Winnipeg.	Capit
AGENTS IN LONDON, ENGBosanquet Salt Co.	
AGENTS IN NEW YORK-Bank of Montreal. Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange	
bought and sold. Deposits received and in-	гн
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EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.	Bran
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AUTHORISED CAPITAL,	Agen
BESERVE FUND	
Board of Directors.	
R. W. HENEKER, President.	
Hon. T. LEE TERRILL Vice-President.	
Hon. M. H. Cochrane, G. N. Galer	Pr
G. K. Foster. Hon. J. H. Pope.	[`
A. A. Adams, Hon. G. G. Stevens.	
T. S. Morey.	NC
WM. FARWELL, General Manager.	
Head Office-Sherbrooke, Que,	(-, -, -, -)
Branches.	upon
Waterloo, Richmond,	been
Coaticook, Stanstead.	and office
Cowansville Granby.	omee
Agents in Montreal-Bank of Montreal.	Th
London, England-London & County Banks.	ເມຍສ
Boston—National Exchange Bank.	the S
Boston-National Exchange Bank. Ocliections made at all accessible points and promptly remitted for.	Ha

総理 (2)

The Chartered Banks.

The Bank of Toronto **GANADA**.

Incorporated 1855.

Capital, \$2,000,000. Reserve Fund. \$750,000.

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM GOODERHAM. President. JAMES G. WORTS, Vice-President. WILLIAM CAWTHEA. GROEGE GOODERHAM, ALEX. T. FULTON. HENRY COVEET.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

DUNCAN COULSON, CASHIER. HUGH LEACH, ASSISTANT CASHIBB. J. T. M BURNSIDE, INSPECTOR.

BRANCHES.

MONTRHAL, J. MUITAY Smith, Manager; PRTEE-BORO, J. H. ROPET, Manager; COBOURG, Joseph Henderson, Manager; POET HOPE, W. R. Wade-worth, Manager; BARRIE, J. A. Strathy. Manager; ST. CATHARINES, E. D. Boswell, Manager; Col-LINGWOOD, G. W. Hodgetts, Manager.

BANKERS.

LONDON, ENG., The (hty Bank: NEW YORK, Na-tional Bank of Commerce.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.

CAPITAL	AUTHORISED	in de la composition de la composition Composition de la composition de la comp		ġ	\$2,000,000
- ()	SUBSCRIBED		•	1	2,000,000
	PAID-UP .	£.	•		2,000,000
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DIRECTORS.

. E. CHINIC, President. N. ISIDORETHIBAUDEAU, Vice-President. N. ISIDORETHIBAUDEAU, Vice-Fresident. Atkinson, Esq. Ol. Robitaille, Esq., M.D. essier, it. Joseph Hamol, Esq. 'allee, Esq. FRS. VEZINA, Cashier. atreal Branch-J. B. Sancer, Manager. brocoke-P. Lefrance, Manager. wa Branch-Sam Benoit, Manager. nts in New York-National Bank of the Republic land-Mational Bank of Scotland er agencies in all parts of the Dominion.

1.5

NQUE JACQUES-CARTIER,

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

tal Authorized. \$500.000 tal Subscribed, 500.000. 500.000. tal Paid-up

DIRECTORS :

ALPH, DESJARDINS, ESG., M.P., President, WILLIAM WIEH, ESG., Vice-President, I. Mussue, Esq., M.P. | OL. Fancher, Fils, Esq., Cassidy, Esq. J. B. Remand, Esq. A. L. DEMARTIGNY, Cashier,

ach at Beaultranois, A. Clement, Agent, ach at St. Hyacinthe, S. A. 'urocher, Agent, ach at Yulleyileid, C. F. Jrish, Agent, Itsin New York: National Bank, of theRepublic; atsin London, Eng.; Glynn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Loan Societies.

THE HAMILTON ovident and Loan Society.

DIVIDEND No. 20.

OTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of

Four per Cent.

n the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Society, has n declared for the half-year-ending 30th inst., that the same will be payable at the Society's se, Hamilton, on and after

SATURDAY, the 2nd day of July next. ne Transfer Books will be c osed from the 17th to 30th, both days inclusive. H. D. CAMERON,

Treasurer.

amilton. June 13th, 1881.



1881. Summer Arrangements. 1581:

This Company's Lines are composed of the follow-ing Double Engine Clyde built 1 50N STEAMSHIPS They are hull in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, and are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest:-

l'ersels.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
Parisian		James Wylie.
Sardinian Polynesian		J. E. Dutton.
Polynesian		R. Brown.
Sarmstian		John Graham.
Circassion		V. H. Smith, R. N.R.
Moravian	8.650 Lieu	t. F. Archer, R N.R
Peruvian		Jos. Richie.
Nova Scotian	3.3% Capt	. Richardson.
Hibernian		
Caspian	3.20.) Capt	. Trocks.
Austrian	2.700 Lieu	t. R. Barrett, R.N.R
Nestorian;	2.700 Capt	. J. G. Stephen.
Frussian		
Scandinavian	3.000 "	Hugh Wylle.
Buenos Ayrean	3.800	McLean.
Corean	4.000	
Greekan		LeGallais,
Manitoban Canadian	8.150 "	McDongall.
Canadian		C J. Menzies.
Phoeni inn	2 800 H	J. Scott.
Waldensian	2.600	Moore.
Corinthian	2.4(0 "	McNicol.
Lucerne		Kerr.
Newloundland		Mylins.
Acadian		F. McGrath.

The shortest searoute between America and Europe being only five days between land and land.

THE STEAMERS of the LIVERPOOL MAIL LINE.

Salling from Liverpool every THURSDAY and from Quebec every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be described. despatched

FROM QUEBEC :

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Rates of Passage from Quebec.

Cabin				s	70 an	ri \$80
Inter	Accordi mediato	ng to	accon	nmoda	tion.) 540
	ago					\$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

LIVERPOOL, QUEENSTOWN AND QUEBEC EXTRA SERVICE

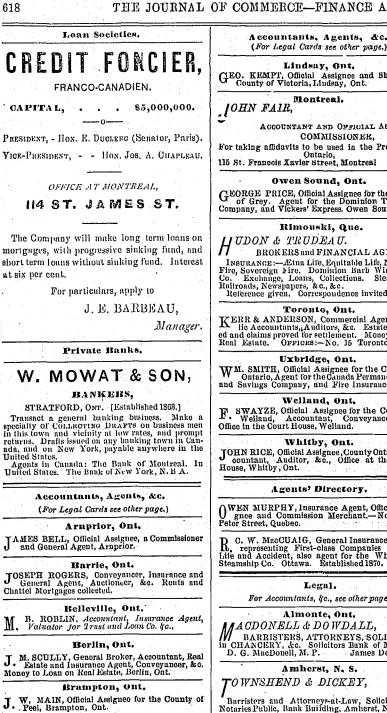
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GLASCOW AND QUEBEC SERVICE

Are intended to sail from Quebec for Glasgow as follows :-

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Brantford, Ont. THOS, BOTHAM, Banker and Broker, Brantford, Ontario, Justice of the Peace. County of Brant. Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Post Office and Bill Stamp Distributor. Agent for Steamship, Insurance and Loan Companies.

Carleton Place, Ont. A. W. BELL, Official Assignee for the County of Lanark, Notary Public and Accountant, &o., &o., Carleton Place, Ont.

Guelph, Ont. OHN SMITH.

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT, ACCOUNTANTS, &c., 82 ST. GEORGE'S SQUARE, e é GUELPB, ONT. Assignments taken and Estates managed.

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Montreal. . OHN FAIR,

ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICIAL ABSIGNER, COMMISSIONER,

For taking affidavits to be used in the Province of Ontario, 115 St. Francois Xavler Street, Montreal

Owen Sound, Ont.

GEORGE PRICE, Official Assignce for the County of Grey. Agent for the Dominion Tolegraph Company, and Vickers' Express. Owen Sound, Ont

Rimouski, Que.

HUDON & TRUDEAU.

BROKERS and FINANCIAL AGENTS. INSTRANCE:--EXTENDED IN AN CIAL AGENTS. INSTRANCE:--EXTENDED IN AN CIAL AGENTS. Fire, Sovereign Fire. Dominion Barb Wire Fence Co. Exchange, Loans, Collections. Steamships, Kaltronds, Newspapers, & c. & c. Reference given. Correspondence invited.

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KERR & ANDERSON, Commercial Agents, Pub-lic Accountants, Auditors, &c. Estates adjust-ed and claims proved for settlement. Money lent on Real Estate. OFFICES:-No. 15 Toronto Street.

Uxbridge, Ont.

WM. SMITH, Official Assignee for the County of Ontario, Agent for the Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, and Fire Insurance Agent.

Welland, Ont,

F. SWAYZE, Official Assignce for the County of Welland, Accountant, Conveyancer, &c. Office in the Court House, Welland.

Whitby, Ont. JOHN RICE, Official Assignce, County Ontario, Ac-countant, Auditor, &c., Office at the Court House, Whitby, Ont.

Agents' Directory.

OWEN MURPHY, Insurance Agent, Official Assi-gnce and Commission Merchant.—No. 85 St. Peter Street, Quebec.

R. C. W. MacCUAIG, General Insurance Broker, representing First-class Companies in Fire, Life and Accident, also agent for the White Star Steamship Co. Ottawa. Established 1870.

Legal.

For Accountants, §c., see other page.

Almonte, Ont. ACDONELL & DOWDALL, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS CHANCERY, &c. Solicitors Bank of Monireal, D. G. MacDonell, M. P. James Dowdall.

Amherst, N. S. TOWNSHEND & DICKEY,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors and Notaries Public, Bank Building, Amherst, N. S.

Brampton, Ont.

AMES FLETCHER,

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Conveyancer, &c.

Belleville, Ont. DETERSON & PETERSON, BARRISTERS, &o., Offices : Corner Bridge & Front Sts.

DENMARK & NORTHRUP, Barristers, &c., Belleville. Ont.

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1.30

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery : ad Insolvency, Notary Public, Office : Kent Street.

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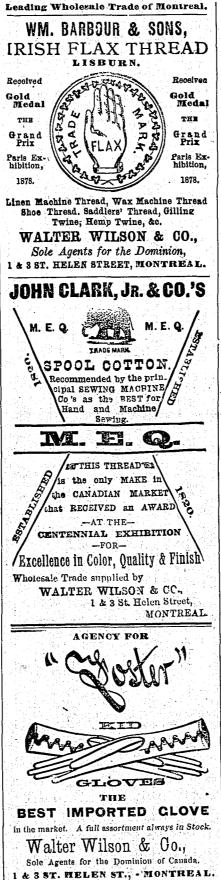


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Prises will defy competition. Call and examine.





We regret to learn that the Bill to enable the City of Quebec to issue debentures to provide an increased water supply for the city has been withdrawn. The Bill passed the House of Assembly, and was before the Legislative Council, when Mayor Brosseau caused its withdrawal.



W. J. WEBSTER & BROTHER, of Westport, general merchants, have removed to Kingston, Out, where they intend opening a wholesale hardware store.

SHEEP raising is being undertaken by several parties in the vicinity of Yarmonth, N.S., and the older sheep raisers of the country are increasing, their stock and preparing to extend their operations.- Business in Yarmouth generally continues dull; freights are low and singmunt.

The estate of Messrs. E. A. Henderson, of Lindsay, Ont., has been placed in the hands of Mr Jas. Wetherup, of that place, who is largely interested, and who is endeavoring to effect a settlement with the other creditors at 75c on the dollar. The offer/will most probably be acce ted.

The estate of Messrs. Mathewson & Patton whole-ale grocers of this city, has been sold by the trastees to Mrs. Hugh Mathewson, who pays therefor all expenses and privileged claims, and 4 c on the dollar, cash, to the ordinary crediitors. The firm have not obtained a settlement, as stated last week, but they will probably separate, and Mr. Mathewson will wind up the estate tor his mother.

Lue genial raius and cool weather have proved favorable to the crops in the neighborhood of Guelph, and the frosts that have so scrionsly affected some parts have done little harm there. The farming and business community are equally hopeful of a good harvest, whilst the moist weather favors the growth of herbage and the manufacture of cheese and butter.

The FOLLOWING have been elected the first directors of the Kingston Cotton Company : Messrs. James Richardson, Richard Waldron, James Minnes, James Brown, B. M. Britton,



John Bredon, J. Bell, Mr. Curruthers, W. R. Mc-Rac, and William Nickle. Messrs. Minnes and McRae are at present in England, where they have engaged the services of a competent maneger.

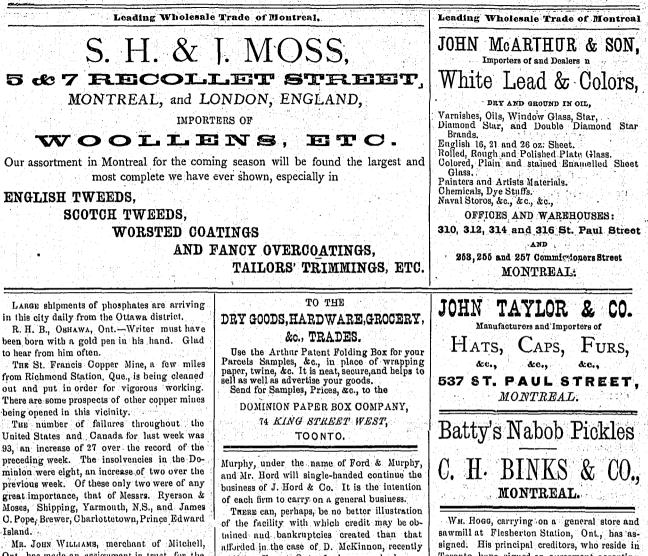
A. B. GENDREAU, general storekeeper at Capleton, Que., has assigned in trust 10 Wm. Murray, of Sherbrooke. His liabilities amount to some S3,600, with assets nominally, \$2,600 Gendrean claims to have paid too much for the bankrupt stock of Dubue Bros., Sherbrooke, in Jauany hast, but the lack of capital, capacity and experience had. doubtless something to do with his difficulty. He has made an offer, and will probably obtain a settlement at 40c on the dollar.

BUSINESS and business men continue without much change in Guelph, although the manufacturing interests are rather looking up. Messrs. McCrea & Co., worsted manufacturers, have purchased the old distillery property, and the senior partner has gone to the old country, probably to make arrangements which will introduce capital, machinery and population into the place. A spur-line of the Great Western Railway from the present station to the west side of the city, affording direct shipping facilities to the extensive milling establishment of Mr. Goldie, is under contract, and will require but a short time to complete. There are a few exchanges of property, but nothing of note. The price of produce continues steady, but most of the grain is sold.

The Western Counties Railway, says a Yarmouth, N.S., correspondent, has been extended along Water street, the whole length of the town, consequently all the wharf property has greatly enhanced in value, and the street, so recently almost deserted, is assuming great local importance.—Central wharf, at Yarmoith, owned by Hon. L. E. Baker, is being enlarged and railway tracks extended upon it. This is one of the finest wharf properties in the Dominion, and constitutes a splendid deep water terminus for the railway.

The Intest absconder from this city was Mr. Homer O. Allain, a small boot and shoe dealer on St. Lawrence Main street. Unlike many who had gone before, Allain left his estate in good shape for the creditors, the largest of whom, Messrs. Fogarty & Bro., obtained judgment and made a seizure, which was supplemented by a seizure for two years rent by the landlord. With the bailiff in possession the stock was then taken and found to be worth \$2,800, while the liabilities, outside of \$400 for rent, amount to only \$1,700. At a meeting of the creditors, the estate was placed in charge of Messrs. Fogarty & Bro., to be wound up. Allain had latterly fallen intoldissipated habits, which are said to have caused his departure for the Territory of Montana. He leaves a wife and three children behind.

WORSFOLD & Co. commenced in the furniture business less than two years since in Guelph, it was supposed with sufficient capital and skill to guarantee success where there was evidently an opening in the trade. A few months since they purchased a large factory, and commenced manufacturing as well as selling furniture, but aiming at much more than their capital warranted, with limited financial knowledge, the firm called a meeting of a few of their creditors in April last, and in May the sheriff was announced in possession of the stock. much of which was sold under a judgment obtained by a relative of the senior partner. Then an assignment was made, suits were entered, and endeavors to make a compromise seem to have failed, so that the business is losed, and a small dividend only is looked for.



Ont., has made an assignment in trust for the benefit of his creditors to N. M. Livingstone, manager of the Mitchell Banking Company. Williams' real estate is encumbered quite beyond its value.

E. AULT, druggist, lroquois, Ont., was sold out at the instance of his creditors on Saturday last.—Crops in that vicinity are reported as looking remarkably fine, and the yield promises to be far above the average.

The DECISION of the Royal Canadian Insurance Co. in refusing to join in the advance from 80 cents to \$1, recently established by the Ohicago Board of Lake Underwirters, on grain from Ohicago or Milwaukee to this port, is to be commended as tending to divert more traffic over the all-Canadian route. The 80 centrate, being 40 cents to Buffalo and 40 cents thence to New York or Montreal, placed both ports hitherto on an equality which, by the decision of this popular company, in conjunction with some half a dozen confrères, has now been changed to the advantage of our port.

THE business firms of Babb & Ford, and J. Hord & Co., both of Mitchell, Ont., are about to dissolve. Mr. Babb leaves the firm of Babb & Ford, and in company with his son will continue business under the name of R. Babb & Son. Mr. Ford will be joined by Mr. W. Q.

of Mount Forest, Ont. In days gone by he was left a good farm by his father, but the occupation was too slow or too hard for the stout young heir, and he went into peddling sewing machines, and then embarked in the musical instrument business. As long as he kept the road he was s'l right, but he next bought a fancy stock and kept store. Then matters went wrong, and a 40 cent composition resulted. A second and more serious failure soon followed, with less than half the first composition unpaid. Only a few cents dividend was paid, and after a reasonable time he went into bankrupt stock buying. Now again he is offering a composition of unknown amounts. When wholesale houses thrust their goods on such men-men. whose business incapacity has been thus repeatedly demonstrated, and whose familiarity with insolvency is so well shown-they deserve to sustain losses, but they have no moral right to encourage such incapacity for business. And perhaps, after all, it is not so much lack of capacity as lack of industry that causes these repeated failures.

MR. HUGO TURNBULL, general storekeeper at Russell, Ont., who has been in business with varied success for some few years, called his creditors together on Wednesday last, but with what result we have not learned. WM. Hogg, carrying on a general store and sawmill at Flesherton Station, Ont, has assigned. His principal creditors, who reside in Toronto, have signed an agreement accepting 25c on the dollar, but a Montreal firm with whom he only recently opened an account, have declined the offer.

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THE ESTATE of Messrs. F. & J. Mercer, Peterboro' referred to last week, has been sold for 40c on the dollar, and the firm have gone out of business. Their credit was considered good, but they seemed to lack the ability to successfully combat the keen competition that surrounded them. Their estate will probably pay about 25c on the dollar to the creditors.

JNO. R. GRAHAM, general storekeeper, Antigonish, N.S., has assigned in trust, and a receiver has been placed in charge of the estate. Mr. Graham, whose character as a business man is said to be undoubted, states that, if properly managed, his estate will pay in full His failure is attributed to family affliction, of which, it appears, he has had more than his share.

Ar the annual meeting at Farnham last week of the Beet Root Sugar Co. of the Province of Quebec a report was submitted, showing that the work was progressing favorably, 1200 to 1400 acres being under cultivation. It is expected that by October next the factory will be in full working order. The old Board of . Directors was re-elected.



Sherin at the institute of Messis A. Harvey & Co., of the same city. There is not much likelihood of a resumption, though if rumour be true O'Neil lacks not the ability to seek fortune in fresh fields and pastures new. The QUEBRO FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY is said to be settling its losses as fast as it can, priority being accorded to losses on buildings, while next in order come the losses on furni-

ture, which in most needful cases can be replaced on credit pending the settlement of claims. The larger religions corporations are instinctively reinsuring with other companies, however unpatriotic this may be,

The manufacture of lumber from straw is an industry which has already attained some growth in the West. Planks twelve feet long by thirty-two inches wide have been made from it, the resulting "wood" being almost as hard as horn, and taking a good polish. It can be planed like wood, which the shavings much THE Halifax dry dock scheme has at last assumed tangible shape. The \$25,000 required by the City Council to be deposited by Mr. W. R. Tarner, representative of an English Company engaged to construct the dock, has been placed in the Halifax Bank. A press despatch further states i "The Dominion Government have passed a minute of council guaranteeing one per cent. per annum or \$10,000 per year. The British Government have given their guarantee for a similar amount. These, with the city's guarantee, make three per cent. Mr. McPherson's property at the north end, south of the sugar relinery, has been chosen as the site." It will be remembered that Mr. Turner agreed to have his company organized within a month from date of deposit or forfeit the money.

THE CREDIT VALLEY Railway is rapidly progressing towards St. Thomas. The Company deserve credit for the excellent track, equipment and accommodation throughout the line from Toronto to Ingersoll and beyond, and no less for the unvarying courtesy and promptitude of its officers and employees. The people for miles on either side of the fertile district through which it runs should show their Mr. ANTOINE HAMILTON, retail dry goods dealer, this city, doing business on St. Joreph st., under the name and style of M. A. Hamilton & Co., has assigned in trust to C. Beausoleil, assignee, and a statement of his affairs is being prepared, to be submitted to an adjourned meeting of the creditors, chiefly in Montreal. This is not the first misfortune of the kind which has befallen Mr. Hamilton; some fourteen months ago he bought over his stock at 50c., and his book-debts at 10c. on the dollar.

THE rather startling announcement that the waters of Lake Sincoe are gradually rising and encroaching on the land is ascribed to a correspondent of the Orillia *Times*, who states that across one section, which was an Indian footpath in 1823, steamboats now run in deep water; in another place the water has risen, to his own knowledge, twenty feet within thirty years, so that the boats can pass across the butt end of McInnes' Point now, where thirty years ago it was land and trees. The cause of the rise is apparently a mystery.

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D. MCCAll & CO. HAVE JUST RECEIVED NEW MANTLE ORNAMENTS, " TUSCAN HATS, " CREAM HATS, BLACK SPANISH LACES, CREAM " " SHADED (or ombre) RIBBONS. Orders receive prompt attention.

D. McCALL & CO. 51 Yonge Street, Toronto.

The Journal of Commerce Finance and Insurance Review.

MONTREAL, JULY 1, 1881.

WHAT IS A POUND?

Among those whose opinions on the subject of the standard of value have been deemed worthy of consideration is Mr. Henry R. Grenfell, Deputy Governor of the Bank of England. That gentleman has contributed an excellent paper to the June number of the Ninetcenth Century, and has adopted as a title the old question which the late Sir Robert Peel undertook to answer. Mr. Grenfell proposes to discuss " what was a pound, and what may be a pound," and his arguments are equally applicable to the question, "what was a dollar and what may be a dollar." Mr. Grenfell reminds us that, in his speech on the Bank Act in 1844, Sir Robert Peel, in adverting to the

metallic standard, said :--" It must at the "same time be admitted that it would be "quite consistent with that principle, to " select silver instead of gold as the stand-" ard, or to have a mixed standard of "gold and silver, the relative value of the "two metals being determined, or to dis-"pense with gold coin altogether, and "regulate the amount and value of the " paper currency by making it convertible, "only according to the proposal of Mr. "Ricardo into gold bullion of a given " minimum amount." This quotation is conclusive as to the opinion of the eminent statesman referred to, that bimetallism is in accordance with the principle of the metallic standard. Mr. Grenfell remarks that most people in England seem to be unaware of the fact that, prior to the suspension of specie payments in England, towards the close of the last century, the currency was bi-metallic, and he quotes from Sir Robert Peel's famous speech on the resumption of cash payments in 1819, a passage which certainly indicates that that eminent statesman was himself unaware of that fact. He said on that occasion : "Every considera-"tion of sound policy and every obliga-"tion of strict justice should induce us to "restore the ancient and permanent "standard of value." This, as Mr. Grenfell observes, is "precisely what he did "not do, but what the bi-metallists are now "advising. What they wish for is a return "to the ancient standard of the realm in "common with the rest of the nations of "the earth." Mr. Grenfell draws attention to the "voluminous literature" on the subject of the fall of prices, which has taken place since the demonetization of silver in Germany, and quotes from the remarks of Mr. Giffen, the eminent statiscian, in 1879, on the subject of the decline in prices: "The reason is that a " sudden pressure on the precious metals "at a given period tends to disturb the "money markets of the countries using "them. Altogether during the last six "years Germany has coined £84,000,000; " the accumulation of gold in the United "States amounts to £30,000,000 sterling." While there has been an increased demand for gold, there has been a falling off in the supply. Mr. Grenfell might perhaps have been justified in pointing out that the practical effect of the suspension of the free coinage of silver in the States of the Latin Union must have contributed to the enhanced value of gold. It may be convenient here to remind our readers that, although our currency consists largely of paper, yet as that paper is convertible into gold on demand, gold is really the commodity which measures the

value of all other commodities, including silver. We all understand perfectly the effect of a good or a bad harvest on the price of wheat, and so of all articles of commerce, the price of which is governed by the supply and demand. Scarcity at once causes an advance in price, while abundance leads to a fall. As it is with other commodities, so, precisely, is it with gold. If the demand for gold is much in excess of the supply, the consequence must necessarily be a decline in the price of everything. As in many countries there is a silver standard, and in others a double standard, the natural consequence of an increased demand, concurrently with a diminished supply, must be to enhance the value of gold in relation not only to silver but to commodities of all kinds; and Mr. Grenfell justly remarks: -" In my humble opinion, violent, sudden "and frequent oscillations in the price "of commodities are an evil. A long " continuance of the inability to obtain the "due return for their labors, be they what " they may, is an evil to ordinary men. It "is an evil for those who have made fair "and honest calculations founded on a " belief in a continuance of steady returns " of any kind, to find them permanently " falsified to their loss and detriment * * * "If an enormous depreciation in prices " of all things produced in England be "not an evil, then I admit the bi-metalist "would be very wrong to press his views "on the public notice." Having expressed a strong opinion as to the evil to the entire community which would be the consequence of a considerable depreciation in prices, Mr. Grenfell points out that during the period from 1717 to 1778, when bi-metallism existed in Great Britain, there was no inconvenience felt by the public, while the relative prices of gold and silver were keptalmost exactly at the legal rate of 15½ to 1. At a much later period, indeed up to the time when, as a measure of self-protection against the demonetized German silver, the States of the Latin Union suspended the free coinage of silver, the two metals were at par in France, and in Europe generally. It will be borne in mind that, prior to the suspension of specie payments in the United States, consequent on the civil war, gold was virtually the standard, simply because the relative value of the two metals had been fixed by Act of Congress at within a fraction of 16 to 1, while in France, it was 15½ to 1. Of course the silver was sent to the country where it was at the highest value. This, however, proves that, up to a much more recent period than that cited by Mr. Grenfell the relative value of the two metals was

kept at 154 to 1. The present disturbance in values arises from several causes. Germany and the Scandinavian States have, by adopting a gold standard, demonetized silver, thus increasing the supply of that metal and diminishing that of gold. Then the United States, by resuming specie payments without a free coinage of silver, has enhanced the value of gold. Again several European States, Austria, Russia and Italy, have suspended specie payments, and as they all had large quantities of silver, this was thrown on the general market, and led to increased depreciation. Mr. Grenfell has not failed to refer to Mr. Jevons' opinion, which we recently quoted from his work on " Money and the Mechanism of Exchange," as to the "compensatory action of the double standard," adding, " the more serious of "the mono metallists admit the superior "steadiness of the bi-metallic system." Mr. Grenfell disposes very satisfactorily of the objection that "bi-metallism would vitiate contracts and alter prices," but we find it impossible to do more at present then state his dissent from this argument. We desire to occupy the additional space at our disposal with a brief reference to the remedies which have been suggested in lieu of bi-metallism. One proposal is to permit the raising of the limits of the legal tender of silver from £2 to £5. Mr. Grenfell points out quite correctly the absurdity of a proposition to raise the tender, when no one at present ever tenders 40s. in payment of a debt, and when, most assuredly, no one would dream of carrying silver to the extent of three or four pounds in his pocket. Another proposition is to issue small notes in England, as is done in Scotland and Ireland. Mr. Grenfell, we imagine, is opposed to such an issue, but he has merely quoted an extract from an old memorandum of Lord, Liverpool, which is not much in point. There can be no doubt that the effect of a small note issue would be to economize gold, and it would, therefore, be desirable. There is a strong, and, as we believe, a most unfounded prejudice against a small note issue for England. At the conclusion of his paper Mr. Grenfell adverts to the singular fact that. both Great Britain and the United States "seem to have abolished the silver ele-"ment in their standard accidentally." When Great Britain, in 1819, resumed specie payments, the question of a double standard does not seem to have engaged consideration, and it has been repeatedly stated that in 1873, when silver was demonetized, several members of Con. gress were unaware of what they were doing. There was no discussion of the subject. We will only, in conclusion, venture to recommend a perusal of Mr. Grenfell's paper to all who take an interest in the subject.

CUSTOMS VALUATIONS.

We have received a copy of the return to the order of the House of Commons calling for all the papers in the wellknown case of the Chaudière Bridge seizure for under-valuation of the iron imported from the United States on account of the contractors, Messrs. Clarke, Reeves & Co., of Philadelphia. The evidence is very conflicting, and it is difficult for any one not an expert to come to a satisfactory conclusion as to the merits, and more especially as the arbitrators were unable to agree. To the uninitiated it will appear to be a strong point in favor of the seizure that the contract price of the bridge was \$194,000, while the value of the iron according to the original entry was \$86.-971; duty, \$21,742.75; freight, \$8,777.42; cost of erection, \$15,000 ; total, \$132,491.-17, leaving a profit of \$61,509, which seems more than it is at all probable the contractors were able to realize. On the other hand, if the valuation fixed by the Customs department be taken, the value of the iron would be \$129,225.63; duty. \$32,306.40, which would give as the total cost \$185,309.41, leaving a profit to the contractors of \$8,690.55, or less than 5 per cent. We are inclined to think it probable that the valuation of \$5.25 per 100 was too high, and at all events that it was high enough. Mr. Fleck, one of the arbitrators, stated that, " without the evi-" dence before me, I would have felt per-"fectly justified in appraising the iron " work for duty at the rate of \$5.50 per. "lb." We may remark here that there has been great carelessness in the printing of the return, which is most discreditable in a parliamentary document. In one sentence Mr. Fleck is made to give the rate of \$5.50 jand \$5.25 per lb. instead of per 100 lbs. Had the valuation been fixed at \$5.50, it would have added \$7,691 to the cost, leaving the entire profit not quite \$1,000, or a fraction over one half of one per cent. We confess that our impression is that if the cost of erection, \$15,000; be correct, and it does not appear to be excessive, and the freight also as given by the appraiser, the contractors did not pay for their iron what would justify an invoice value of \$5.25 per 100 lbs.

The arbitrators appointed by the Government were Mr. John Taylor, of the firm of Taylor Brothers, of Montreal, and Mr. Alexander Fleck, of Ottawa. It appears from Mr. Taylor's report that the call for tenders was made in March, 1880, and extended to the 1st April. The main point in Mr. Taylor's report is that between the date of the tender in April, 1880, and that of the entry in November of the same year. there was a considerable fall in the price of iron. Mr. Taylor says :--" Taking " quotations given in the Iron Age news-" paper as a guide, the difference of price " in structural iron amounted to \$1.424 per "100 lbs. Allowing one cent abatement. " the importers even then would not ap-" pear to have taken undue advantage of "this circumstance." We own that we fail to comprehend this last remark of Mr. Taylor. It seems as if he thought that the contractors were required to make the entry according to the value of iron at the time when they entered into their contract. Of course the contractors were only bound to enter the iron at the market value at the time of importation. and if Mr. Taylor's quotations are correct the reduction in value from the time of the tender to that of importation would have been about \$35,000. It appears, however, that the material was imported in various lots between August and December, and there are no data on which to determine the periods when the fall of prices took place. Mr. Taylor's conclusion is as follows :-- " I am of opinion that "upon the whole the valuation of the ma-" terial imported by Clarke, Reeves & Co. " has been entered by them at the fair " market value for such material in the "markets of the country whence the " same was exported directly to Canada." The evidence of Mr. William Hugh Frazer, one of the appraisers, was very important. He said that "the knowledge of iron has "been a favorite and special study for " years." Mr. Frazer compared the price of bridges in 1880, at the time of the entry, when pig iron was \$25 per ton, with the prices in 1877 and 1878, when pig iron was \$18.881 and \$17.621. It was admitted by Clarke, Reeves & Co. that the price of pig iron regulated the price of bridges. The value of bridges ranged when pig iron was low at from \$5 to \$5.124 per 100 lbs. A very strong point against the contractors was that they had themselves entered bridge iron for the Great Western Railway Co. at \$5 50. Mr. Reeves, on the other hand, declared that in 1880 pig iron was only worth \$17.50 to \$20 per ton. The conclusion arrived at by Mr. Fleck is, that "an enormous amount of revenue must "have been lost to the Government by "fraudulent Customs entries in the "matter of bridges." We do not find in Mr. Fleck's report any facts to justify the foregoing statement, indeed it was made a ground for establishing the under-valua-والمراد المواجعة والمتعادية والمتعادية

tion that the same parties had entered bridge iron at higher rates. The impression left on our mind by a perusal of all the documents is that there was good ground for the seizure, but that a full valuation was placed on the iron by the award.

THE BANK STATEMENTS. BANK OF TORONTO.

We were unable in our last issue to direct the attention of our readers to the very satisfactory report of the operations of the Bank of Toronto during the past year. After paying a dividend of 7 per cent on the capital stock, \$110,000 was added to the rest, about \$60,000 of which was a surplus on the year's profits, while \$50,000 was taken from the Contingent fund owing to the advantageous liquidation of several accounts which had been considered of a doubtful character. The net profits for the year appear to have been rather above 10 per cent on the capital stock.

ONTARIO BANK.

The Ontario Bank has paid a dividend of 6 per cent, and has increased the amount at the credit of Profit and Loss by nearly \$40,000. The net profits for the year appear to have been about 7 per cent on the capital. It has been announced that the cashier of the Ontario has resigned, and that he has been succeeded by Mr. Holland, the Manager of the Montreal Branch. Sir Wm. P. Howland has been re-elected President, and Col. Gzowski Vice President.

BANK OF HAMILTON.

The profits of the Bank of Hamilton for the last year were rather over $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the capital, out of which two dividends of $3\frac{1}{2}$ each were declared, while \$20,000, or nearly 3 per cent on the capital, was added to the rest, which now amounts to \$100,-000. Mr. McInnes has retired from the presidency owing to his pressing business engagements, but has consented to continue on the board of direction. Great regret was expressed by his colleagues at his being compelled to resign. Mr. Hammond, the cashier, appears to have given entire satisfaction.

FEDERAL BANK.

The profits of the Federal were over 15 per cent on the capital, of which 7 per cent was paid in dividends and 8 per cent added to the rest, which is now \$300,000, or 30 per cent on the capital. In the report of the Federal attention is called to the want of legal provision to prevent fraudulent preferences and to compel an equitable division of the assets of insolvent debtors. The Federal recommends the

issue of new stock to the extent of \$500,-000, the present capital being \$1,000,000.

THE IMPERIAL BANK.

The net profits of the Imperial for the past year were \$142,824, which, with \$4,-675.33 at credit of Profit and Loss last year, gives \$147,499.33, out of which 7 per cent dividends were paid amounting to \$69,-133.30, and \$75,000, or $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the capital, was added to the rest, which now stands at \$175,000. The overdue debts, secured and unsecured, are comparatively trifling, being rather less than \$17,000.

The market value of Federal Bank stock is about 47 per cent higher than in February, 1880, while Bank of Toronto is 28 per cent and Hamilton 21 per cent higher than at the period named. The greatest advance has been in Bank of Montreal, which is 55 per cent higher while Merchants is 32 per cent. Eastern Townships 16, Molsons 32, Commerce 31 and Peoples 32. There had been a serious decline in the value of nearly all Bank stocks between September, 1878, and February, 1880, but they have not only recovered but have considerably advanced. Some of our contemporaries persist in attributing the rise in stocks and the general prosperity to the tariff, but they studiously ignore the fact that there has been a considerable inflation of prices in the United States consequent on an era of prosperity following one of as great depression as that experienced in Canada, and yet there was no variation in the protective tariff of the United States during the periods of depression and inflation. Those who pin their faith on the tariff alone for securing permanent prosperity will find themselves sadly mistaken when the inevitable reaction takes place.

COBOURG HARBOUR.

Our comic contemporary, Grip, never, fails to hit every good point that is presented to him. In his last number the town of Cobourg is represented as an old Irishwoman asking charity from Sir Hector Langevin, who has been recently inspecting the harbor. It may be all very well for our worthy friend Grip to turn the Cobourg reception into a joke, but in Montreal we look very seriously at the lavish grants to harbors in all the provinces, except Quebec. Montreal has up to the present time made no demand for the expenditure of public money in works of a local character, but her citizens feel deeply aggrieved that the improvement of the river St. Lawrence and of Lake St. Peter should be a charge on the special revenues of Montreal, while public money is being expended on strictly local works

in the other Provinces. We trust that neither the Harbor Commissioners, nor the Board of Trade will cease their efforts to obtain justice from the Dominion Government, in respect to the expenditure on the river St. Lawrence; and we feel assured that the citizens generally will be prepared to strengthen their hands if they should deem it desirable to obtain an expression of public opinion. Prior to the last session of Parliament, the prevailing opinion was that the Ministry had decided on recommending Parliament to assume the liability of the expenditure incurred in deepening the channel of the St. Law. rence, and the consequence was that there was no agitation on the subject. The probability is that the Minister at the head of the department of Public Works found it impossible to obtain the sanction of his colleagues to the assumption of the debt, and was reluctantly compelled to postpone action. We have noticed with regret that the Toronto Globe has objected to the transfer of the special expenditure on the St. Lawrence to the Dominion. although it was understood that the Honorable Mr. Mackenzie was favorable to it. This question must not be allowed to drop; and it is well worthy of consideration. whether it may not be desirable that the citizens of Montreal should be called together in a public meeting to protest against the injustice of a public, improvement like the deepening of the channel of the St. Lawrence being made a charge on the local revenues of the city.

MR. PYKE AND THE QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Mr. George J. Pyke, formerly Manager of the defunct Stadacona Company, and who now hails as General Agent for Ontario for the Quebec Fire Assurance Company, has addressed a letter to the Toronto Globe which affords conclusive proof that he is still smarting from the recollection of the criticism in the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE ON his report of February, 1876. With regard to the Quebec Fire Assurance Company it may thank its agent, Mr. Pyke, for another notice of its affairs, which are a perfectly legitimate subject for criticism in our columns, and we shall not be deterred by Mr. Pyke's insinuation, which he has made in italics, that the Quebec "does not advertise in the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE." That fact does not, under the circumstances, cause us much regret. In our notice of the Quebec Fire Company we stated nothing to which exception can be taken. We called attention certainly to the large reduction of the capital stock which, of course, deprived the policyholders of a large portion of their security.

In the case of chartered banks, which are certainly much less liable than Fire Insurance Companies to sudden and uncontrollable losses, such as have been recently experienced at Quebec, the shareholders are liable for double the amount of the capital. In the case of the Quebec Fire Company, the working capital was \$325,000 and the aggregate liability only \$500,000. Of course when the reduction was made there was a provision that the claims of existing policy holders should not be affected thereby, but that was merely a temporary provision. The recent fire should satisfy every one of the improvidence of the reduction of capital from \$1,000,000 to \$500,000. As to Mr. Pyke's criticism of our notice, it strikes us as rather singular that we should be attacked for noticing a petition from shareholders which had been previously announced in the columns of the Montreal Gazette. The denial of the President, published by Mr. Pyke, is to the effect that no meeting to wind up has been called, but there is no denial that a large number of the shareholders are desirous that the company should be wound up; indeed it is hardly conceivable that any other course can be taken. - It would be necessary in order to obtain business to increase the capital very considerably, and it is hardly probable that, under the circumstances, it would be subscribed.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

The difficulties which surround creditors in their attempts to get what in strict justice they ought to have from insolvent debtors will be seriously increased during the next two months. The legal vacation of July and August acts as a complete defense, and during this period creditors are constrained to allow the estates of debtors in default, to disappear without being able to invoke any means whereby the mischief may be arrested. A voluntary assignment may be asked, and if the debtor has an unusually strong sense of right, or has completed arrangements that render it immaterial how soon he abandons his estate, the request may be acceded to; it is pretty certain, however, to be accompanied by some stipulation as to the debtor's discharge, which is unpalatable to one or more of the creditors, and the result not unfrequently is that some underhand bargain has to be struck with the refractory ones, whereby they obtain an unfair advantage over the general body of creditors; or, if the latter refuse to make unjust concessions, it may result in the estate being substantially dissipated before the rapacious creditors awake to

the knowledge of the injury which has been done to themselves and others. This is an exceedingly unfair condition of the law, and the remedy evidently lies in the enactment of means, whereby the estate of an insolvent debtor may be secured for the creditors, in vacation or out of vacation, summarily, and under such safeguards against harassing litigation, as will procure the distribution amongst creditors of the amount which an estate may fairly realise. The loss and trouble to which a body of creditors may at present be exposed by an insolvent, or by a refractory creditor, assisted by a sharp lawver, are very serious indeed, and the trading community is smarting under the losses which are now, but ought not to be, unavoidable. Everything appears to conspire against the rights of an ordinary creditor. In the Province of Quebec, hired persons, including clerks, apprentices and journeymen, have a privilege upon the goods of an insolvent debtor for all the wages due within a year of the date of the seizure; this, added to the privilege of the landlord, the Corporation, lawyers, bailiffs, &c., leaves the ordinary creditor a sorry chance of ever getting anything out of an estate, particularly if a scrimmage occurs like one which took place recently, when every creditor ap. peared desirous to revendicate his goods on the ground of having a lien as an unpaid vendor. The proportion of justice in this state of the law is as a pinch of salt to a whole hog, hard to detect; and, if times were as they have been, and as they will unquestionably, in the course of events, be again, the effect upon staunch firms would be little short of disastrous. It is, therefore, pressingly necessary that proper provision be made to remedy the injustice at present suffered by the ordi. nary creditors of an insolvent debtor.

FRENCH COMMERCIAL TREATY.

We learn from English cablegrams that the Assistant Secretary of State for foreign affairs announced in the House of Commons that he had ascertained both from Sir John Macdonald, the Premier of Canada, and from Sir Alexander Galt, the High Commissioner in London, that there were no negotiations in progress between France and Canada on the subject of a Commercial Treaty. About the same time La Minerve, one of the organs of the French Canadian section of the Cabinet, announced that secret negotiations had been going on between M. Lefaivre, the French Consul General, and Sir Hector Langevin, who, though Minister of Public Works, is deemed much more competent to negotiate a commercial treaty than the

Minister who is generally supposed to be charged with such questions. La Minerve is quite satisfied that the negotiations "could not have been confided to better "hands than those of the eminent Minis-"ter of Public Works," and does not doubt that the Federal Cabinet will cordially respond to the "cordial and categorical overtures of the French Government." The most extraordinary part of the statement of La Minerve is that for a long time (assez longtemps) Sir Hector and M. Lefaivre avaient dejà ctudic et approfondi cette question vitale et même élaboré en commun un projet de traité. It is clear that, whatever may have been the extent of the negotiations between Sir Hector Langevin and M. Lefaivre, the Premier has been unaware of them, or he would scarcely have authorized the statement made in the House of Commons, doubtless, in reply to a question put by some well-informed member of the House. We are not sorry that La Minerve has let. the cat out of the bag, as we may hope when Parliament meets to get at the bottom of the "amicable and categorical overtures" made by M. Lefaivre on behalf of France. We venture] to predict that large concessions have been demanded from Canada on the sole condition that she will in future be admitted to the French markets on the same terms that have always been accorded by Canada to France, viz. : those granted to the most favored nations. We really fail to comprehend the precise meaning of the concluding paragraph of La Minerve's article, in which he refers to the "special aptitude" of Sir Hector Langevin to bring this negotiation to a satisfactory conclusion, for it is the first time, to the best of our knowledge, that the public have been made aware that Sir Hector had given his attention to commercial questions. We cannot admit with our contemporary that the mere fact that the French Canadians are of the same race as the people of France gives them any greater interest than the population of British origin in the trade with France. The question at issue is of the most simple kind. We have more than once pointed out that Canada has no object in asking any concession from France in the framing of her tariff. She ought to insist on the admission of her exports into France on the same terms as those of the most favored nations, and to obtain this reasonable concession she ought not to be called on for any reduction of her own tariff, which would cer: tainly have a most injurious effect on her revenue. The principal imports from France are brandy and wines, and the duties on those commodities have been imposed solely for revenue. If the duty on brandy were reduced, there would of course be a pressure for a corresponding reduction on the excise duty on whiskey, as well as the import duties on Geneva whiskey and rum, unless, indeed, Sir Hector has promised that all other interests are to be sacrificed to those of France. The subject is one of consideraable interest, although the daily papers have hitherto failed to draw public attention to it.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

THE capacity of the Montreal Woollen Mill is being enlarged, and additional machinery put in, to enable the proprietors to keep pace with the orders, which, it is said, keep the mill running night and day.

THE Montreal Webbing Factory has been sold to Dr. Smith of Frelighsburg, Que., and removed to Oraig street, this city. It is stated that enlargements and improvements will be made shortly.

A CORSET factory, giving employment to some thirty persons, has been escablished in Sherbrooke, Que., and is reported to be doing a good business.

THE ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the St. Croix cotion mill at St. Stephen, N.B., was performed by the Masonic Grand Master, Hon. B. R. Stevenson, last Saturday, in presence of about six hundred masons in line.

"THE Shoe Machinery Manufacturing Company" is the name of a co-partnership recently formed between Messrs. Chas. Childs, James Harding and H. G. H. L'Ecuyer, of this city. The company announced their intention of supplying the Trade with a first-class line of goods which they are now compelled to import, and thus meet a felt want.

A factory for making leather in soles has been opened at Woodstock, Ont.

THE SHIP LABORERS' STRIKE,-While there is a general concurrence of opinion that the present strike of the ship laborers is injurious to the trade of the port, the shipowners seem to be of opinion that it is inexpedient to make any attempt to reason with the strikers, and to endeavor to convince them that they have taken up a position that is indefensible. It was suggested to Mr. Andrew Robertson, chairman of the Harbor Commissioners, that he should see some of the representatives of the Union, and he readily consented to do so, and requested two other gentlemen, equally disinterested, to be preent at the interview. It will scarcely be imagined that the gentlemen in question would have an-deriaken to present any inadmissible proposition but the shipowners have closed the door to amicable negotiations, which in other places have often proved effective. It may be pos-sible for the shipowners to put down the line places to put down the Union by refusing to employ any of its mem-bers, but Trades Unions, however mischievous they may be, are too generally recognized both in the United Kingdom and on this continent to warrant the belief that they can be crushed. It was very satisfactory to the gentlemen who met the deputation to be assured that the Society disclamed altogether encouraging intimid-ation. It is to be deplored that the enterprising shipowners, who have done and are still doing

so much for the interests of our port and the the Dominion at large, should, at a season of the year when their harvest is ripe, be obliged to face such obstructions. A few years ago a contractor who had undertaken to remove cer-tain earth billocks in the suburbs of Boston had to face an increase in wages demanded by the workmen. As he could not afford to stop operations altogether he made a virtue of necessity, but immediately set to work upon an invention, an excavator, somewhat resembling a dredge, which, in the course of a few weeks, enabled him to dispense with all of the strikers.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

The Twenty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Ontario Bank, was held at the Banking House, Toronto, on Tuesday, the 21st of June, 1881. On motion of Robert Nichols, Esq., seconded by D. Mackay, Esq., the President, Sir William P. Howland, was requested to take the chair.—Carried. Moved by Rev. C. Young, seconded by W. J. Mac-donnell, that Mr. D. Fisher do act as secretary donnell, that air. D. Fisher do act as secretary to this meeting.—Carried. Moved by Andrew Hamilton, Esq., seconded by John Hallam, Esq., that the following gentlemen be appointed scrutineers, viz :—Messrs. W. J. Macdonell, C. S. Gzowski, jr., W. G. Cassels. The President then read the Directors' report as follows :—

REPORT

The Board of Directors, in presenting the twenty-fourth annual report, are gratified to notice the improvement of trade in the country and the apparent general prosperity attending nearly every branch of industry. The following statement shows the result of the business of the Ontario Bank for the year ending 31st May 1881 :

Balance of profit and loss from last \$116,463 76 vear. Profits of the year, after deducting

expenses of management and ac-

crued interest on deposits 217,714 85

Dividend No. 47, three per

cent., 1st Dec., 1880...... \$89,925 36 Dividend No. 48, three per

cent., 1st June, 1881..... 89,944 08

179,869 44

\$334,178 61

Balance remaining at credit of profit

and loss account \$154,309 17

It will be seen that the profits of the year have been sufficient to pay dividends a mount-ing to six per cent, and add \$37,845.41 to profit and loss account, making the balance now carried forward \$154,309.17. The general statement of assets and liabilities as on the 31st May, 1831, here presented, manifests, when com-pared with that of last year, a large increase in the volume of business, observable in the amounts representing circulation, deposits, and loans. The current business of the bank, throughout the year, has been of a safe and su-difference character, and considering the law tisfactory character, and, considering the low rates ruling for money, a fair return of profit on the means employed has been secured, while the losses accruing from the year's business have been few and unimportant. The net result has, however, been materially affected by the difficulty experienced in finding full employment for the funds in hand, and by the amount remaining in overdue debts and unproductive assets. The inactive debts and securities have assets. The inactive debis and securities have caused the directors much anxious solicitude, and have received such consideration that they believe their actual value can soon be deterbelieve their actual value can soon be deter-mined, and the proper measures taken for their final disposition. During the year the Port Hope branch of the bank has been closed, and offices at Brussels, Ont., and Portage La Prairie, Man., have been opened. The usual inspection of the bank's branches has been carried on during the year. The generation manager and during the year. The general manager and other officers of the bank have continued to discharge their respective duties zealously and

mitted.	ich is respectfully sub-
W. I Ontario Bank, Tor June 21st, 1881.	P. Howland, President. onto, }
GENERAL STATEMENT A	S ON THE 31ST OF MAY, 881.
Liai	bilities.
Capital Stock paid	
up\$	2.998.136 00
Reserve	100,000 00
Profit and Loss	154,309 17
Interest Reserved	34,174 58
Dividends unclaim-	
ed	4,501 08
Dividend No. 48,	
payable 1st June.	89,944 08
	\$3,381,064 91
Notes in circulation	912,254 00
Dominion Govern-	
ment deposits	
payable on de-	
mand	92,374 14
Deposits held as se-	
curity for the ex-	
ecution of Domi-	
nion Government	
contracts and for	
Insurance Com-	1 770 00
panies	1,730 00
Provincial Govern- ment deposits,	
payable on de-	
	132,126 48
mand Provincial Govern-	102,120 40
ment de posits,	
payable after no-	
tice or on a fixed	
day	310,000 00
Other deposits, pay-	
able on demand.	2,373,719 12
Other deposits, pay-	• The second
able after notice	승규는 바람이 없는 것이 있는 것이 없다.
or on a fixed day.	1,132,678 83
Due to other Banks	요즘 그는 것은 것을 가지 않는 것이다.
in Canada	94,762 33
Due to Agencies of	
the Bank or to	
other Banks or	물건 것은 것은 것 같아.
Agencies in the	
United Kingdom.	31,129 82
	\$5,080,794 72

		9	58,46	1,859	63
A:	sets.	1	1.1		
Specie	\$148,816	98			
Dominion Notes	608,677		25.7		
Notes of and cheques		÷.			5 je
on other banks	255,203	45		1254	
Balances due from				1. Pro	12
other banks in Can-	e e steel			3 14	,
ada	76,639	82			
Balances due from a-				1.0	
gencies of the bank,		. ÷	2.5		· .
or from other banks		100	d de la composition de la comp		1.26
or agencies in for-		1			
eign countries	34,682	33			
Balances due from	2 1 1 V			- ja	
agencies of the			· .		Lan,
bank, or from other			1		
banks or agencies			4 .	<u></u>	•
in the United King-	1 70 00 0	1.1		1. J.	5 A.
dom	170,284	: ŐŌ	12.5		: ¹ * *
Dominion Govern-	1. A. A.	1	199	48.	
ment debentures or	0.000		a de la		ч <u>і</u> з
stock	2,000	00	<u>ا</u> ر ا	at jê	1.5
Loans to the Govern-			2.1	194	
ment of the Domi-	6 6 4 9	HE.		Venes.	t., 13
nion	6,642	.10			
Loans and discounts	333,626	00	110	1957	
on call Loans, discounts, or	222,040				
advances on cur-				(fai	1
rent account to mu-					$\mathbf{e}^{(1)}$
nicipal corporations	22,600	00		200	
Other current loans,	22,000				1.11
discounts, and ad-		- (†) 192		land e	24
vances to the public	5.928.73	7.00	1		공활
Notes and bills dis-	0,020,10				
counted overdue			i di ti ti Linite		
and not specially		d de	Succession		
secured	205,918	3 37			10.1
				851 B	

Notes and bills discounted overdue and other overdue debts secured by mortgage or other deed on real estate, or by deposit of or lien on stock, or by other securities..... 321,742 49 Real estate, the pro-perty of the bank (other than the bank premises).... Bank premises..... Other assets not included under the foregoing heads ...

26,906 14 194,627 01 124,755 56 \$8,461,859 63 D. FISHER,

General Manager.

Ontario Bank, Toronto, May 31st, 1881.

hereby given to the president and directors for their efficient management of the affairs of the bank during the past year.—Carried. Moved by W. J. Macdonell, Esq., seconded by Wm. Masson, Esq., that the balloting do now com-mence and that it close at three o'clock; but if at any time five minates shall have expired without a vote being tendered, the ballot may be closed by the, scrutineers.—Oarried The scrutineers reported the following gentlemea duly elected as directors for the current year, viz:—Sir W. P. Howland, Lieut-Uol. C. S. Gzowski, A. M. Smith, D. Mackay, R. Nichols, G. M. Rose, Hon. John Simpson. W. J. MACDONELL, C. S. Gzowski, J.R., Scrutineers. W. G. CASSELS,

W. G. CASSELS,

To D. Fisher, Esq., General Manager.

The Board of Directors met after the report of the scrutineers, and elected Sir W. P. Howland, C.B., President, and Lieut.Col. Gzowski, Vice-President.

THE FEDERAL BANK OF CANADA.

The Seventh Annual Meeting of the Share-holders was held at the Banking' House in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 21st ult. On motion, duly seconded, the chair was taken by the president, S. Nordheimer, Esq., when the cashier read the following report:

The directors have pleasure in presenting to the shareholders the balance sheet for the year ending 31st May last.

The net profits for the year viding for all bad and debts, including the b \$7,182.75 at credit of p loss, brought forward,	doubtful alance of profit and
to	
Appropriated as follows, Dividend No. 12 payabl	viz.:
	\$35,000 00
Dividend No. 13, pay-	
able 1st June, 1881	35,000 00
Transferred to Reat ac-	
count	80,000 00
(Making that fund now	
\$300,000.)	17月4년 전문은 집 전
Balance of profits car-	
ried forward	14,251 46
	Q161 051 16

0164,251 46 The amount written off for bad debts for the year, and which is considered ample to cover everything bad and doubtful, was \$22,703.79. The statement as compared with that of last year shows a large increase in deposits, those not bearing interest having increased over 50 per cent. during the year. The business of the bank baving assumed proportions which point to the desirability of a moderate increase in its paid-up capital, your directors recommend that authority be given at this meeting to allot new

stock to an extent not exceeding half a million dollars. The want of legal provision to compel an equitable division of the assets of insolvent an equitable division of the assets of insolvent debtors and prevent fraudulent preferences should receive the attention of the Dominion Parliament. The various offices of the bank have received the usual careful inspections dur-ing the year.

S. NORDHEIMER. President.

GENERAL STATEMENT, 31ST MAY, 1881. Tankista.

Liabilities.	
Capital stock paid up	51,000,000 00
Rest account	300,000 00
Dividend No. 13, payable 1st June	
(3½ per cent.) Former dividends unclaimed	35,000,00
Reserved for interest, &c	111 76 36,091 00
Balance of profits carried forward	14,251 46
9	\$1,385,454 22
Notes of the bank in circulation Deposits bearing interest	985,275 00
Deposits bearing interest	3,864,102 60
Deposits not bearing interest Balances due to banks in Canada.	844,513 67 33,760 15
Balances due to banks in the	55,100 15
United Kingdom	9,794 66
	المستجيد سنبات
Total liabilities	\$7,122,900 30
Assets.	
Gold and silver coin current	\$180,044-99
Government demand notes (legal	
tenders)	230,240 00
tenders) Notes of and cheques on other	0.05 150 0-
UR11K5	265,479 96
Balances due from other banks in Canada	114,503 36
Balances due from banks in	111000 00
Balances due from banks in foreign countries	13,583 06
	ر النام وسيتشيش والم
	\$803,851 37
Loans, discounts, or advances on	505 500 01
current accounts to corporations Notes and bills discounted current	585,509 01
(including call loans)	5,557,376 50
(including call loans) Notes and bills discounted overdue	
(estimated loss provided for) Real estate (other than the bank	41,780 10
Real estate (other than the bank	-
premises) Bank premises, including safes and office furniture	7,750 00
and office furniture	126,633 32
Total assets	\$7,122,900 30
Statement of the Result of the B Bank for the Year ending 31st	usiness of the
Bank for the Year ending 31st	May, 1881.
Loss Account, 31st May, 1880	\$7,182 75
Loss Account, 31st May, 1880 Net profits for the year ending 31st May, 1881, after deducting	
charges of management, credit-	а С
ing interest to date on all inter-	
ing interest to date on all inter- est-bearing accounts, and writ-	
ing off all bad and doubtful debts	157,068 71
성 집안 여행 위험 가슴을 수 있는 것	والمتصحيح تستعمرون
Dividend No. 12	\$164,251 46
Dividend No. 12, paid 1st Deceni- ber, 1880. (3] per cent.)	
ber, 1880. (3] per	
cent.) \$35,000 00	
Dividand No. 13,	
payable ist June,	
1881 (3 ¹ / ₂ per cent.) 35,000 00	
	70.000.00
Carried to Rest Ac-	70,000 00
Carried to Rest A c- count 80,000 00	70,000 00
count 80,000 00	70,000 00 \$94,251 46
count	
count 80,000 00	

The following resolutions were then put, and

A motion having the directors power to in-crease the capital stock of the bank to the capital stock of the bank to the now read be adopted. Carried. A motion having been submitted and bal-lotted for, giving the directors power to in-crease the capital stock of the bank to the ex-tent of balf a. million of dollars, was unani-mously caproved. mously approved.

After the usual congratulatory resolutions had been moved and adopted, the scrutineers declared the following gentlemen elected direc-vote.

H. S. STRATHY Cashier.

The Federal Bank of Canada, Toronto, 21st June, 1881.

BANK OF HAMILTON.

The ninth annual meeting of the share-holders of the Bank of Hamilton was held the 21st of June at the head office, Hamilton, Mr. McInnes in the chair, and Mr. Hammond acting as secretary.

Mr. Hammond read the report for the year ending 31st May, 1881 :-The balance at credit of profit and loss account, 31st of May, 1880, \$4,839 67 of May, 1881, after deducting charges of management, and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts, were.... 72,363 90 \$77,203 57 From which has been declared : Dividend 32 per cent., paid 1st December, i 880 \$26,244 98 Dividend 34 per cent., payable 1st June, 1881..... 26.267 50 52,512 46 \$24,691 11 Carried to Rest account 20,000 00

Leaving at credit of profit and loss

account to be carried forward... \$4,691 11 The business of the bank has increased conthe business of the bank has increased con-siderably during the past year, and although lower rates of interest have prevailed the pro-fits have been satisfactory. In view, however, of the more extended operations of the bank, the directors considered that a greater margin should be retained than in former years, and they deemed it prudent to reduce the dividend to seven per ceut, per annum. The officers of the bank continue to perform their duties to the satisfaction of the board.

D. MCINNES, President. GENERAL STATEMENT.

\$2,632,860 38

Lia	bilities.		
Capital stock paid up.			\$750,500 00
Dividend No. 17, pay-			
able 1st June, 1881.	\$26,267	50	
Former dividends un-			
paid	96	46	
Amount reserved for			
interest due deposi-		11	
tors	13,855	61	
Amount reserved for		14	
rebate of interest on		맞고	
current bills dis- counted	11,500	~~	
Rest account	100,000		
Balance of profits car-	100,000	00	
ried forward	4,691	11	
		<u> </u>	156,410 68
그 것을 위한 가슴 안 된다.			
			\$906,910.68
Notes of the Bank in			at in stat
circulation	\$558,116	00	
Deposits bearing in-			
ttrest	817,436	91	
Deposits not bearing			
, interest	348,397	53	
Balances due to other	1 000	00	
banks	1,999	26	1 705 040 70
승규는 사람이 가장 잘 같아? 너무 많이?			1,725,949 70

16 1 2 7 7

······································	1.11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	and the second second
A	scls.	
Gold and silver coin current Dominion Govern-	\$73,430 87	
ment notes Notes of, and cheques	69,952 00	
on other banks Balances due from	53,570 09	
other banks Dominion Govern-	329,145-05	
ment bonds	97,333-33	623,431-34
Notes discounted and advances current\$	- 1,952,034 55	
Notes discounted overdue (estimated loss nil)	27,194 49	e est di ave Normalia
Bank premises and office furniture Other assets not in-	22,700 00	
cluded under fore- going heads	7,500 00	2,009,429-04
		\$2,632,860 38 Iammond, Cashier.

Bank of Hamilton, Hamilton, May 31, 1881.

Mr. McInnes, President, said :--I have before me the pleasant duty of congratulating the shareholders upon the very satisfactory state of the bank I think, also, that this is the proper time for me to state that, having found that I could not devote the time and attention to the affairs of the bank which it ought to have from the president, I therefore determined to resign my position as president. I should have done so last year but for the unanimous wish of my colleagnes on the board to the contrary. If there are any questions which any shareholder present wishes to put to myself or to Mr. Haumond concerning the affairs of the bank we shall be most happy to answer them, and I wish this to be done before moving the adoption of the report.

No questions were asked, and it was moved by Mr. McInnes, seconded by Mr. Stuart, that the report now read be adopted.

by an inclusion sector of an inclusion of the report, Mr. Stuart said :--I wish to notice the report, Mr. Stuart said :--I wish to notice the announcement made by Mr. McInnes, as to his retiring from the presidency of the bank. We all regret very much the necessity that seems to have arisen for Mr. McInnes to take this step. Mr. McInnes may be regarded probably as the father of the institution, and it is a great misfortune that the removal of a portion of his business interest from the city seems to make it necessary that he shall retire from the position that he has occupied in this institution from the beginning. I am sure I but express the feelings of every member of the board when I say we deeply regret this change ; regret it as a misfortune to the bank, as we also regret it as a misfortune, and a great one, to the whole city, that we have not Mr. Mc. Innes anongst us in the same high and honourable position that he occupied for so many years. The motion was carried.

After the usual congratulatory resolutions had been moved and carried, the scrutineers reported the following shareholders elected directors for the ensuing year :--Messrs, D. Melnnes, John Staart, E. Gurney, James Turner, D. Moore, John Proctor, George Ronch.

At a meeting of the board, held after adjournment, Mr. John Stuhrt was elected president, and Mr. James Turner vice-president, for the ensuing year.

MESSES. Sharples & Co. of Quebec have entered a suit against an Ottawa lumber merchant for \$20,000 damages for breach of contract. It appears that he was to furnish to the firm a certain quantity of lumber, which has been sold to another firm in Quebec.

The Dominion Steamship Company are about to add a fine new vessel to their line in addition to the Sarnia and the Oregon, of 3,800 tons

each, now on the stocks. The new vessel, for which the contracts have been given out in Glasgow, will be 430 feet in length, 45 in beam, 35.6 depth of hold, and 5,700 tons register. Her speed is to be 15 knots per hour.

FIRE RECORD-INSURANCE. ONTARIO.

London, June 22.-Alex. Thompson's steam saw mills at Ettrick, London township, were burnt this morning : loss about \$4,000; insur-ance, \$1,000. 25.—The barn, shed, and other outbuildings, with farm implements of C. Cornell, town, line of Westminster and Delaware, were totally destroyed on Tuesday night. Loss about \$1,000. Kingston, 23 .- Three empty tenement houses on George street were destroyed by incendiaries last night; loss about \$200. B. Sheridan's stable, Wellington street, slightly damaged. Owen Sound, 23 - A farm building occupied as a store room for lumber, etc., by Miller & Rutherford, waggon makers, was, with its contents, entirely consumed to day. Loss small; no insurance. *Thorold*. 24.—A. Schwal-ler's stable, in rear of the Welland hotel, to-gether with five valuable horses and a buggy, belonging to Wm. Winslow, was burnt this morning. An adjacent stable was also burnt. Mr. Winslow's loss is about \$1.500, partly insured; Mr. Schwaller loses about \$600; insurance of \$300 in Phœnix of London. Insurance of \$300 in Pheenix of London. Stayner, 24.—The saw mill owned by Jones Bros. & Mackenzic, of Yoronto, and occupied by H. Allen, was totally destroyed last night, a large quantity of lumber, shingles, laths, etc., being also consumed. Cause of fire unknown: no insurance reported. Petrolea, 25.-Wm Stevenson's extensive boiler works were entirely destroyed this morning. Loss about \$10,000; no insurance. Gananaque, 26.– Geo. Taylor's stone building, occupied by R. Brown, drug store, R. T. Kenny, dental rooms, and the Orange Hall, was burned this morning. Loss on building, \$4,000 : insurance \$2,500 in Phœnix of England. R. Brown's loss \$8,000, insured in Citizens' for \$2,000, Canada F. & M. \$2,000, and Dominion \$1,050 : R. T. Kenny's loss \$600, no insurance; Orange hall, loss \$200, no insurance. N. Acton's building, adjoining, was damaged, and P. Actou's store in same building. Gause of fire supposed to have building. been spontaneous combustion. 28.-A frame dwelling owned by J. B. Turner, and occu-pied by two families, was totally destroyed this morning; cause unknown. Loss \$500; insured in Phoenix for \$200. Paris, 26.-A carpenter and machine shop owned by Juo. Penman was entirely consumed this morning. Loss about \$3,600 ; no insurance. Port Perry, 27. - H Charles' frame premises, occupied nart-21. - H Charles' frame premises, occupies marc-ly by Mr. Charles as a grocery, by Mrs. Smith as a dwelling, by J. Sutherland, grocer, and by W. W. Johnson as an agricultural emporium, were burnt to day. Mr. Charles' loss is about \$2,500, insurance \$600; W. W. Johnson, loss \$700: Mrs. Smith, loss, \$300; J. Sutherland, loss \$200 - no insurance loss, \$200 ; no insurance.

QUEBEO.

Windsor, June 25.—A house, bakery and stable occupied by Mr. Bennett were burnt last night, a horse being also lost in the flames. The property belonged to C. & A. Deasden, who were insured for \$600.

Kinancial and Commercial.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. THURSDAY, 30th June, 1881.

The near approach of our National holiday, probably the dullest period of the year, together with at least two church holidays during the week under review, has caused a decidedly apathetic feeling in business circles, and transactions in most departments have been small, with few changes in values. The most prominent exception to the general rule is found

in the improvement of the pig iron market, noted elsewhere. The crop prospects throughout the country, although not discouraging, are not as brilliant as could be desired, the late frosts having caused some damage. The ship-laborers strike continues, much to the disadvantage of the shipping trade, as well as to the strikers, who may have cause to regret their confinued action. Ship owners are fur-thering arrangements to have the vessels loaded and unloaded by imported labor, and at other ports. There is no appreciable change in a set the money market, commercial paper being taken still at 6 to 7 per cent., call loans made at 4 to 5, and loans on short time with sound collaterals at 5 to 6. Drafts drawn at about par. In Sterling Exchange a very light business doing at 81 to 83 premium between banks and 83 to 83 over the counter. At a meeting of directors of the Montreal Telegraph Company held yesterday, the agreement with the Western Union Company, by which the latter guarantees a dividend of 8 per cent to the shareholders of the Montreal company, was ap-proved. The local stock market has been weak and unsettled, with values still tending downward; the "bear" movement was cen-tred objective in Ontario which downed by mos tred chiefly in Ontario, which dropped 54 per cent on Monday last, and over 7 per cent. for the week. The lowest point reached was 76, on Tuesday, the market having since recovered 54 per cent., buyers closing to-day at 814. The chief cause that can be assigned for the fall is speculition, although there are various rumors afloat as to the condition of the Bank. Montreal fell to 1901, but closes stronger at 1921 bid Merchanis and Commerce also declined about 2 per cent., but have since recovered, and closed at about last week's figures. Telegraph shows an advance of about 2 per cent. for the week; it sold this forencon at $134\frac{1}{2}$ and closes at $133\frac{1}{2}$ bid.

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2 per tent diverse at 133 bid. Sales to-day: Morning Board—15 Montreal at 134 and closes at 133 bid. Ontario at 814; 1125 do at 814; 265 do at 82; 50 do at 824; 50 Merchants at 123; 15 do at 1234; 150 Commerce at 1448; 75 do at 145; 200 do at 146; 340 do at 1464; 75 do at 147; 250 Montreal Telegraph at 1344; 550 do at 1343; 75 do at 622; and 66 Gas at 139. Afternoon Board—10 Montreal at 1924; 50 do at 1924; 475 Ontario at 814; 200 do at 82; 10 Merchants at 1222; 175. do at 123; 185 Commerce at 146; 25 do at 1464; 200 do at 1464; 250 Montreal Telegraph at 1333; 150 do at 1464; 1924; 475 Ontario at 814; 200 do at 82; 10 Merchants at 1222; 175. do at 123; 185 Commerce at 146; 25 do at 1464; 200 do at 1464; 25 Richelieu and Ontario at 624; 135 do at 63; 100 Montreal Telegraph at 1333; 150 do at 134; 25 Richelieu and Ontario at 624; 135 do at 63; 100 do at 634; 25 Gas at 1394; and 79 do at 140.

Ashes.—Receipts fair, from some cause a sharp advance has taken place in Pots. Firsts have sold to some extent this week at \$4.50 to \$4.60, and even higher Seconds, \$4.00; Thirds, \$3.60. Pearls dull and neglected. Receipts since 1st January, 5,244 bils Pots, 323 bris Pearls. Deliveries, 4,755 bris Pots, 301 bris Pearls. Stock in store at six o'clock on Wednesday evening 577 bris Pots, 43 bris Pearls.

Boors AND SHORS.—The trade situation shows but little change as compared with a week ago. Fall orders are coming forward as rapidly as can be expected, indeed one or two houses report an excess of business for the Fall season of about 25 per cent over that realized during the like period of last year, while other manufacturers state that letters from invellers, while not discouraging, are indicative of judicions caution on the part of retailers through Ontario pending more positive crop prospects. This only confirms the opinion expressed in our issue of the 10th inst, that the Fall trip was entered upon too early this year, with a view to the interests of all concerned. The sorting-up trade is not over yet, as orders continue to be received for immediate execution. Prices appear to be better sustained than in past seasons, and one firm, noted for their force of character in this respect, are selling at an average advance of about 7 per cent on their last year's quotations, to cover the increased cost of labor and raw material. Payments continue satisfactory. As an example of close cutting of prices may be mentioned the fact that rubber goods have been sold this season by Montreal travellers as well as by Western houses at 10 and 10 per cent discount and 2½ off for cush leaving a margin of only 1½ per cent. The numerous holidays occurring during last and this week't has caused a serious drawback to work in the factories, some of which will be closed for the next three days.

CATTLE, ETC.—The market was well supplied this week, and under a fair demand a pretty brisk trade transpired, though, owing to the inusually light supply of choice, stock suitable for the English market, the export trade bas been small. On Monday medium cattle brought 5c to 5½c; and good shipping grades 5½c to 5½c; a number of small grass cattle arriving by boat sold at 3½c to 4½c, per lb. Sheep and lambs of rather better quality than has been offered of late were in fair supply, several lots of the latter sciling at \$3.25 to \$4; sheep bringing \$4 to \$450. Live hogs sold at 7c per lb. Good calves were scarce and dear; a lot of five changed hands at \$35. Ordinary veals selling at from \$2.50 to \$3 50 each.

Shipments of live stock from this port for the present week, reportep by C. H. Chandler, shipping and insurance agent:-SS. "Rivasdale," Bristol, T. Crawford & Co., 99 cattle, 220 sheep. "Mississippi," Liverpool, Elliot Williamson & Co., 124 cattle; C. M. Acer & Co., 71 Liverpool, A. J. Thomison & Co., 348 cattle. "Lake Winnipeg," Liverpool, H. Walker & Sons., 300 cattle; J. A. Henry, 99 cattle. "Pira," London, A. J. Thompson & Co., 375 cattle, 500 sheep. "Ocean King," London, A. J. Thompson & Co., 152 cattle, 230 sheep. "Scotland," London, A. J. Thompson & Co., 152 cattle, 230 sheep. "Canadian," Glasgow, Elliot, Williamson & Co., 144. "Hilvetior," Antwerp, Price & Delorme, 90 cattle. Total for week, 2,213 cattle, 1190 sheep. Total last week, 1889 cattle. Total to date, 19240 cattle, 149 sheep.

DAIRY PRODUCE .- Under a good shipping demand, the local Butter market has ruled firm nearly all the week. The excitement among buyers in the country has continued, and higher prices have been paid than could have been realized here, either on export or local account; 20c has been freely paid in the townships for fine dairy, and for selected lots 20c to 21c would have been paid in the city to-day, we fancy creameries, in lots of 100 pkgs each, at 214 to 22c, and it is stated that some of the managers in the country are bolding their June make for 25c. Choice Western have sold in the country at equal to 14c and 15c here. Stocks in this market are considerably larger than is generally supposed, and we look for a decline in values ere long. *Cheese*, under a firm demand also, has reached the highest prices yet attained, viz. : 92c to 92c, but the market closes easier, with a declining tendency for anything but fine colored June stock, of which 750 boxes changed hands yesterday at Sic to 94c. The impression in the trade is that June cheese, which is of very fine quality this year, will not go much lower, and in conse-quence of its having been sold up pretty close, quence of its intring need solid up pretty close, there is no fear of any serious break in prices. White brings 94c to 94c in this market, and skims are selling at 5c. The Liverpool market has declined about 3s to 3s 6d during the week, and is quoted to-day at 51s. At Ingersoll on Tuesday nineteen factories were offered 5,320 boxes, being last half of June make; 360 boxes first 20 days of June make sold at 81c, most of the factories having sold first half of June make previously. There was no Cheese being ready to ship, and factorymen

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were not anxious to sell in advance, so that the market ruled dull, $9\frac{1}{4}c$, $9\frac{1}{4}c$ and $9\frac{1}{2}c$ were offered. In New York the general buttler market is slowly gaining strength, and has improved about to per lb over the close of last week. Shippers continue to handle creatmery, and there is nothing left from the current arrivals, with 224c. to 23c paid, the latter figure being as low as anything can now be reached. In cheese the business continues rather slow, and the market somewhat uncertain. As a rule shippers are inclined to stand off and protract negotiations, and are using the warmer turn of the weather as a eard in their favor. Receivers, however, show some inclination to resist a further shading, and the tone is balanced closely on the upper line of values. For strictly fancy 10c could be obtained, and 10 $\frac{1}{2}c$ is asked for the best colored.

Day Goons .- Dullness, incident to the time of year, has characterized the market for the week. Beyond getting samples ready for travellers and preparing for the Fall campaign generally there has been little doing in the wholesale warehouses. A few ambitious travellers have already started out this week, but the regular exodus will not commence until next week; it is possible that the same mistake will be committed by this branch, in sending out travellers too early, as in the boot and shoe trade ad-mittedly, and we understand that orders taken by some houses for Fall goods now will date only from the 1st October next,—thus the habit of forcing the seasons, with all its evil results, such as overlapping accounts, etc., is perpetuated. The sorting up demand continues and a number of small customers, from towns alongside the river between here and Quebes. took advantage of the holiday and visited this market yesterday to replenish their stocks of certain lines of summer goods. Business for the month just closed has been on the whole considerably better than for June last year. A fair demand is being experienced for Canadian tweeds, and orders are more numerous than a fortnight ago. Importations are commercing to arrive more freely, and Fall stocks are expected to be considerably larger than last year. During the first five months of this year the total imports at Montreal amounted in value to \$12,819,804, against \$10,467,347 for the corresponding period of last year, showing an in-crease for 1881 of \$2,352,457. Remittances fair—no complaints. The activity in the city retail trade is about over for the summer.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—The position of affairs in this department remains unchanged, with little business transpiring except in a small jobbing way. Prices are not likely to decline, the condition of the markets in England pointing rather in the opposite direction. Stocks there, in most lines, are quite light, and with troubles among the Salt cake operatives at Widnes, which has resulted in the closing of four of the works there, it would not be surprising to hear of a sharp advance in Soda preparations at any time. Freights from Liverpool are rather opposed to importers at present, and altogether holders of stocks in this market have the best of the situation. The reports from Smyrna are favorable regarding the Option crop, and unless untoward circumstances ocour there will be a good average crop.

HARDWARE AND IRON.—Trade continues fair, for the senson; orders from travellers are as numerous and as large_as expected. Remittances fair, but complaints are louder than ever as to prices, especially for heavy goods, being kept unremunerative by local competition. Haying and harvesting tools are in good request, and a large quantity of cut nails have been sold in small lots; in fact, one or two manufacturers are oversold and have ceased to fill orders for the present. Ingot Tim and Copper scarce and higher, tin being advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c to lc, and copper $\frac{1}{2}$ con last week's quotations. Some brands of galvanized iron are easier and quoted lower. Canada and Tim Plates are moving off.

fairly well, in small lots at unchanged prices. Pig Iron.-Although New York advices do not report much improvement, there is a decidedly improved feeling here, and Western consumers have been telegraphing anxious enquirics. These, together with some speculative demand from dealers here, and cable advices of higher freights from Glasgow, seem to have made holders much firmer in their views, and transactions have resulted, showing an average advance 50c per ton on last week's ruling quotations. An advance of fully 5s per ton including cost and freight, etc., on iron delivered at this port from Glasgow has taken place within the last ten days. Sales for the week have been ehielfy in small lots, although lots of 500 and 600 tons each of Summerlee have been sold between buses here at \$18.25 to \$18.50; small lots of Summerlee and Glengmencek held at \$18.75 to \$19, duty paid, and Calder at about the same figure. Eglinton is nominally unchanged it is stated that a large lot is offering, at under our quotation, but good brands would command these figures. See "Prices Current" on another page.

FuerGirts.—Ocean freights are easier, and engagements have been made during the past couple of days at 2s. 3d. for heavy grain by steamer from this port to Liverpool. Vessels loaded with corn have been chartered in Chicago at 6% for Kingston, and 12° to 1% for Sarnia. For wheat from the same port to Goderich 2c has been accepted.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .- The Brilish breadstuffs markets have ruled strong during the week. and, under a large export demand, the wheat markets on this continent have also developed considerable strength. The imports in the United Kingdom for the past week show an increase of 35,000 quarters of wheat, a decrease of 10,000 quarters corn, and an increase of 30,-000 bis. flour. Yesterday and to-day English advices are of a quieter nature; Liverpool to-day is steady and unchanged, but there seems day is steady and unchanged, but there seems to be an easier feeling for wheat on passage and for shipment Rumors of deficient grain crops in Europe continue to be circulated by the leading English papers, which have had quite a depressing effect upon the London market for American scenarities. Ohicago wheat market outpad off the manufact has a cade off to opened higher this morning, but eased off to-wards, noon, and is quoted about \$c lower for No. 2 Spring than yesterday, while New York remains stendy, and unchanged. The local market, has not here the statisticated York remains steady and unchanged. The local market has not been particularly active, although a good deal of flour has changed hands on speculation, but there has been no outlet for it, and stocks in the hands of dealers have accumulated. Values have advanced probably 25c per br', within the week, Superior Extras having sold at \$6.05, but week, Superior Extras having sold at \$6.05, but the market was easier towards the close, and seems to have lost the buoyancy which charac-terized it earlier in the week. In wheat, there has not been much alteration this week, al-though values generally show an advance of 2c to 3c on last Thursday's quotations. Cargoes of Ganada No. 2 Spring have been sold at \$1.30, Ganada White Winter at the same figure, No. 2 Toledo Red Winter at \$1.30 to \$1.31; Ganada Red Winter at \$1.30 to \$1.31; and No. 2 Chicago. and Winter at \$1.30 to \$1.31, and No. 2 Chicago. and Milwaukee Spring are each quoted at \$1,24. Corn has been selling freely in cargo lots at 563c to 56% to arrive ; holders to day asked 57c. Peas quiet and steady at 90c to 903c, and Oats worth 404c to 41c, cargoes of each having sold at these figures. A lot of peas in store brought 894 c.

FRUITS.—Trade is improving, and quotations are a shade lirmer than last week. Oranges scarce, and selling at from \$12 to \$14 per case. Receipts of Ontario strawberries this week have, been comparatively small, and under a good demand prices have advanced, and sold freely thismorning at 11c to 12c per box. Cherries have been offering in increased supplies, and prices have declined from \$2 to \$1.50 per basket. Lemons are in fair request, at \$5.50 to \$6 per box; no cuses offering.

GROCERIE .- Sugars .- Refined not specially active, at least in the way of speculative movements. Granulated is nominally quoted at 103c to 11c, with a probable reduction on outside lots in quantity. Yellows, specially of the low qualities, are scarce, and nothing with refiners under 8c. 8c to 9c4 for Canada Refined in common being the current figures. Some imported of quite low quality about 7_{4c} to 7_{4c}^{2} . Burbadows sugars held Be to 8_{4c} . Port Rico 7_{4c}^{2} to 8_{4c}^{2} . Cuba 7_{4c}^{2} to 8_{4c}^{2} . Teas.—New York market shows but little alteration for the week for Japans, fair steadiness prevails. A slight decline on Yokohama, although good medium was quoted \$24 the picul on 28th inst. With us for desirable ten there is no change of special consequence. Inferior grades are neglected. China Green and Black Teas held here nominally at figures about as for some time current. Molasses held at 56 imperial for quantity Barbadoes. Syrups at 56 imperiat for quantity barbados. Syntaps unchanged. Coffres.—Mocha and Java firm. Rice continues dull. Spices.—Pepper still tending upward, 133c to 15c. In other spices there is little beyond ordinary trade and con-dition existing. *Provide.*—Valentia Raisins again rather higher, §2c to 94c. Mahaga also held for advance but not much, say 10e to 15c. Sultanas firm. Currants held 64c to 74c; firm. Tarragona Almonds higher. Grop prospect not good.

HEMLOCK BARK .- Unchanged ; buyers in the Eastern Townships are still paying \$5 per cord, and shippers to American markets in the vicinity of Boston realize \$11, from which must be deducted freight and other inseparable expenses. The average cost for freight is \$55 per cer load, containing about twelve cords.

HAY .- The market during the past few days has been characterized by irregularity and fluctuating prices, according to supply. Yesterday fine Timothy brought \$11.50 to \$12 per 100 bundles, while the same quality a few days previously would not have realized more than \$10 to \$10.50. A few loads of very choice brought \$13 per 100 bundles. Inferior hay is worth from \$7 to \$9, and straw remains un-altered, at from \$4 to \$5, as to quality. Great complaints have been made of the hay crop between here and Quebec, and farmers state that in different sections on the south side of the river the crop is not as good as at the like date last year.

HIDES AND SKINS .- The demand for native Hides continues largely in excess of the supply, and some of the more independent butchers realize 101c per lb. for No. 1, while others are paid only 10c, but so great is the everlasting competition among buyers in this market that holders who choose to demand 10 je find but littledifficulty in getting it. Tanners are still paying 11c to dealers. A lot of 2,000 imported German green bides, salted but not inspected, was sold during the week at 10c. Lumbskins are in rather better supply, and all offering are readily disposed of at 40c to 45c each; but an advance of 5c to 10c is looked for after to morrow. Calfskins steady and unchanged at 12c per lb.

LUMBER .- A good business continues to be done at firm prices, the supply in some cases being unequal to the demand. The drives along the North Shore are reported as backward, hence tmills that began sawing early in June last year have not yet commenced for this season. Spruce is advancing under an active demand from the States. Pine in fair demand at quotations. A despatch announces au advance, of 50 to \$1 per thousand for lumber in Chicago.

LEATHER,-Trade has been quiet all round, and with some houses decidedly dull. All the dealers are complaining of the intervention during the week of some two or three church holidays, which, with Dominion day and halfholiday on Saturday, place trade completely at a stand-still for the balance of this week, so that all the leading firms have agreed to close from this evening until Monday or Tuesday

next. A brisk business, however, is expected to be done during the remainder of the summer months, as manufacturers are commencing to look round for supplies. Sole leather continues firm, at unchanged quotations, under a fair consumptive demand, and large lots, of 2,000 sides each and upwards, of common Spanish, have changed hands at full prices,-25c for No. 1, and 23c for No. 2. A lot of 600 sides of Upper was sold at 374c. Light calf has also been in demand at about 75c to 85c, but it is reported rather scarce. In other descriptions the movement has been of a trifling character. Black leathers are dull and prices easy, though not quotably lower, except for some kinds of Quebec stock; Buff, for instance, is reported to have sold in good-sized lots at 12c, a decline of from 2c to 3c. Dry hides, however, continue firm, and no general decline, therefore, can be predicted.

OILS .-- Linseed oil remains scarce and firm ; a round lot of raw was sold this week at 59c. wine measure, while boiled is quoted at 62c to 63c, wine gal. Steam refined seal about steady at the recent decline; a cargo of about 900 brls chauged hands during the week at 46c, wine Small lots can be bought at 48 to 50c. gal. Cod oil stendy and unchanged, quoted at 48c to 50c for Newfoundland, and about 46c, wine gal, for Halifax oil. Turpentine continues extremely scarce, and is firmer under a more active demand; selling in small quantities at 571c wine or about 69c Imperial gal. Olive oil quoted at 90c, wine. Our "prices current" in another column are for Imperial measures.

PETHOLEUM-Rules firm and unchanged at last week's quotations. The special feature in this business just now is the confidence of crude men in an early advance. The production is scarcely equal to consumption, and the numerous ventures undertaken recently at Sarnia and other places are reported by those who should know to be scarcely paying expenses.

PROVISIONS .-- In the local market, a very quiet jobbing trade has been done at about last week's quotations. Eggs, under heavier receipts and a falling off in the demand, have declined, and the market closes at about 15c for jobbing lots, with prospects of lower prices.

Woot .- The home market has ruled quiet but firm, in sympathy still with foreign markets, during the week. Manufacturers are commencing to buy more freely, and sales of fair-sized lots of Cape and Australian have been made this week at 18c to 19c. One lot of 32 bales sold at 19c, and about 100 bales of Australian have changed hands at 22c to up 28c. A cargo of Gape wool from Port Elizabeth, consigned to a local dealer, and part of which had been sold, arrived in port on Tuesday. New York advices report an advance of 2c per 1b, for native wools in that market. The London wool sales are continued i on Monday last 6,490 bales were offered, chieffy New Zealand, Port Phillip and Cape. The tone of the market and prices were unchanged.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

(By Telegraph.)

New York, June 30.—Wheat, No. 2 Red, \$1.281 cash, \$1.28 to \$1.29 June, \$1.264 to \$1.27 July, \$1.234 to \$1.237 Aug. Oats quiet.

Chicago, June 30 .- Wheat, \$1.114 June S1.114 July, S1.124 to S1.13 Aug., S1.084 year. Sales, 118,000 bushels. Corn, 4540 nominal Sales, 113, 500, 50168, 6007, 454 com, 454 com, 454 com, 455 Sales, 118,000, bushels. Corn, 454 asked Sept. Sales 616,000 bushels. Oats, 394 c June, 395 cash, 374 c July, 285 c Aug. Pork, \$16,30 July, \$16,424 Aug., \$16,55 Sept. Lard, \$11,35 July, \$11,30 Aug., \$10,974 Sept.

Boston, June 30, 1881.—Flour firm, but de-mand moderate. Western Supers, S4 to S4.50; Common Extras, S4.50 to S5; Wisconsin and Minnesota Extras, \$4.75 to \$6.50 per bbl, in-cluding Choice Bakers. Western States Winter Wheats, \$6.37k to \$7. Patent Spring wheats are in fair demand, S7 to S8 per bbl. Winter patents, S6.75 to S7.75. Hay dull; choice lots, S18 to S19; Common S14 to S15 per ton. Butter, fair demand ; Western and Northern creameries, 22c to 23c for choice; fair and good, 20c to 21c. Western dairy scarce and in demand for choice, lots, 17c to 19c; fuir and good, 14c to 17c. Eggs in fair demand, 16c to 17c per dozen all round. Outs dull, market overstocked; No. 1 extra white, 49c to 50c ; No. 2 white, 43c to 45c per bushel. Potatoes, old stock weak at 65c to 85c. for Early Rose.

ENGLISH MARKETS .-- By Cable.

London, June 30, 1881 (Beerbohm's Report) --Floating cargoes--Wheat and Maize quiet and steady. Cargoes on passage--Wheat and --- riotting Cargoes--- wheat and Maize quiet and steady. Cargoes on passage----Wheat and Maize slow. Guod cargoes Red Winter Wheat off the coast was 40s 3d, now 49s; do Cal. was 46s 6d to 47s, now 46s 6d. London fair aver-age No. 3 Chicago Wheat for shipment present or following methods have been been do or following month was 46s, now 45s 6d. Do Red Winter was 46s 9d, now 46s 3d. Red Red Winter was 46s 9d, now 46s 3d. Red Winter, prompt shipment, was 47s, now 46s 9d. London fair average Cal. Wheat just shipped was 46s 6d, now 46s. Do. nearly due un-changed at 46s 6d. English weather favorable for growing crops; Continental weather favorable for growing crops. Liverpool Spot Wheat steady; Maize quiet. On passinge U.K., ports of call and direct ports-Wheat, 2,075,060 quarters; Maize, 600,000 quarters. Paris,-Flour and Wheat rather easier.

duriters; Maize, 600,000 quarters. Paris, -- Flour and Wheat rather easier. Liverpool, June 30, 11.30 a.m. -- Flour, 9s 6d to 11s 6d; Spring, 92 3d to 9s 5d; Red Winter, 9s 6d to 9s 10d; White, 9s 4d to 9x 9d; Club, 9s 9d to 9s 11d; Corn, 5s 2d; Pork, 74s; Lard, 50s; Bacon, 48 to 4d ed : Checae 50.

114, 501, 55 24, 1 518, 785, 1514, 505, 1540, 435 to 445 63; Cheese, 595. London, June 30, 11:30 a.m.— Consols, 101 1-16; Bonds, new $4\frac{1}{2}$ s, 18; new 5s, $5\frac{2}{4}$. Erie, $47\frac{5}{9}$; III. Cont., 143 $\frac{3}{4}$.

MARITIME MARKET.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 30, 1881. Weather continues cold and backward, although reports from best farming centres are favorable. Grass well set and promising. Vegetables and grain looking healthy, though too much rain, and too little sun and warmth to give that rapid growth our short seasons seemingly require. Fruit prospects are good. Apples well set and promising, business in all branches is steady, in some lines fairly, good Presedences all former and advancing in sym-Breadstuffs all firmer, and advancing in sym-pathy with advance. Western stocks small, de-mands limited to jobbing trade. Chipmans quote mands infinited to joboing inde. Chipmans quote as follows: high grade patents such as Treasure, Buda, &c., S8, medium patents, such as Princess Louise, Thamesville, &c., \$6.60 to \$6.75; high grade superiors, such as Chester, \$6.90 to \$7. Toronto inspection, superior extra, \$6.40 to \$6.50; Extra, 10c less; Strong bakers, \$6.35 to \$6.65; Spring Extras, \$6 to \$6.25, not wanted. Oatmeal, \$5.10 to \$5.15. Commeal, \$3.20 to \$3.30. Butter good, 18c to 20c. Oats, 48c to

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 30th, 1881.

While some of the markets have been fairly. active during the past week, others have been quiet and featureless. On the whole, trade has been satisfactory, and the feeling among dealers one of confidence. In dry goods there is a moderate activity, and not a few houses report a better business than several weeks ago. The demand for cotton goods continues. and all seasonable fabrics meet with a fair sale. The active competition still goes on, and the habit of selling at long dates is a difficulty not easily got over. Payments, however, seem to be all that could be desired, and this healthy condition of affairs is an offset to the small profits on goods. There are no changes in prices, and none is looked for until the close of the

senson. The hardware trade is still active, with the movement above the average at this period of the year. Prices are unchanged, they being kept down by an active competition. Groceries are quiet, there being but a small sortingup trade from the country. Flour and wheat have been active at higher prices, with a good demand from the east. Provisions are a little more active than last week and prices firm. The money market has ruled quiet since our last report, with little demand for money or exchange. Call loans are easy at 5 per cent. and time loans at 5½ per cent on first-class collateral. Prime commercial paper is discounted at 6 per cent., and good at 7 per cent. Exchange quiet; 60-day bills are quoted at 108 ½ between banks and 109 dover the counter, and demand bills at 109 to 109 ½. Gold drafts on New York are drawn at par to an eighth preminm. The feature of the stock market has been the decline in Ontario Bank, which has unsettled other banks. There was a steady decline until Wednesday, when Ontario rallied to 81. Transactions were large in this stock. Among sales of banks within the past few days were the following:--Ontario at 88, 87Å, 87, 86Å, 82Å, 82, 75Å, 80 and 81. Montreal at 192, Merchants at 122Å, Commerce at 145Å, 143Å, 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, and Hamilton at 130, 128, 127, 126Å and 127Å, Building and Loan at 103 and 102Å, Dominion Telegraph at 98Å, and Western Assurance at 212 ex-dividend. The market closed active and strong to-day with sales of Montreal at 192, Ontario at 81Å and 81Å, Commerce at 446Å and 146Å, Standard at 106, Imperial at 128 and 128Å, Western Ass

Following are the closing bids to-day as compared with those of last Thursday :

Banks.	Bid June 28,	Bid June 30,		mel J'ne
Montreal Toronto	191 3 150	1503	Freehold 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 01 \\ 202 \\ 61 \\ 161 \end{array} $
Ontario Merchants Commerce		123		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Dominion Hamilton Standard	167 148	166	Farmers' Loan Lond. & Can'dn 1	53 58 158
Federal . Imperial . Molsons	$ \begin{array}{c} 147 \\ 127 \\ 112 \end{array} $	1445	Dom. Savings	20 303 135

BOOTS AND SHORS.—There is a fair sortingup trade in summer goods, and travellers are doing fairly well with fall samples. Prices continue very firm, but are no higher.

COAL AND WOOD.—The demand for coal is small, and prices are unchanged at \$6 for hard and \$6 for the best soft. Wood is steady at \$5 to \$5.50 per Cord for hard and \$4 for soft.

COAL OIL.—There is no activity in this business, and orders are chiefly for barrel lots which sell at 20c per Imperial gallon. Crude in Petrolia is firm at \$1.70 per barrel, with a small movement.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Apples.—There is a moderate enquiry for barrel lots, which are firm; really choice fruit sell at \$2.75 to \$3.25 per barrel, and ordinary at \$2. Beans quiet and unchanged at \$1.65 to \$1.75 per bushel, according to quality. Eggs are steady at last week's quotation, but receipts have been more liberal; case lots are worth 15c to 16c. Hogs dull and unchanged at \$3 to \$5.50, demand and supply being small. Hops are moving slowly; choice are worth 18c to 19c, and good 14c to 15c. Onions are unsalable. Potates are in rather better demand and firm, with a number of sales of car lots at 50c per bag. Poullry are easier at 40c to 56c per pair for chickens, and 55c to 65c for fowls. Tallow is steady at 64c for rendered and 34c for rougb. Sales of the former bave been made to the trade at 64c.

DBBOS AND CHEMIOALS.—The wholesale drug trade is quiet, with prices somewhat irregular. Parus Green is unchanged at 22c to 25c. Quince Seed is very scarce and firm at \$4 to \$5. Optime is easier at \$6 to \$6.50. Quinnie is also easier at \$3.40 to \$3.60. Tartaric Acid is steady at 58c to 60. Cream of Tartar unchanged at 35c. Turpentine scarce and higher at 73c. Linssed Oil firm at 79c for hoiled and 76c for raw. Glycerine firm at 38c to 40c. Polass Iodide, \$3 to \$3.25 per lb; Potass Bromide, 45c to 50c per lb. Oil Lemon, \$3.50. Alcohol, \$2.53 per barrel, cash. Morphia is lower at \$3.50 to \$3.65 an ounce. Cochineal is quoted at 65c to 70c per lb. Heavy chemicals and dye stuffs unchanged.

FLOUR AND MEAL. — Flour has been active this week, with a good demand for Superior Extra from Halifax. The movement has been chiefly in this grade, and prices are higher. During the latter part of last week there were sales of Superior Extra at \$5.60 to \$5.63; Choice Extra, at \$5.50; Fancy at \$5.30; Strong Spring Extra at \$5.40; and Choice Superfine at \$5.05. On Saturday, a thousand barrels of Superior Extra sold at equal to \$5.75, and on Monday and Tuesday sules were made at the same price, yesterday the market was stendy, without sales. To-day the market closes steady at previous quotations. A car of Bakers by sample offered at \$5.45 without bids. The stock in store is 1,600 barrels the corresponding week of 1880. Oatmeal is quite and unchanged at \$4.25 to \$4.30 for car lots, and \$4.50 to \$4.75 for small lots. Commeal dull at \$3. Brai is in poor demand and the price is nominal at \$10.

WHEAT.—There has been a good demand the past week, but offerings are small. Prices are firm at a slight advance. There were sales the latter part of last week of No. 1 Spring at \$1.27 No. 2 at \$1.25, and No. 2. Fall at \$1.23. On Monday, cars of No. 1 Spring sold at \$1.27, No. 2 at \$1.25, and No. 3 at \$1.18 on track; and on Tuesday No. 2 Choice Spring brought \$1.26, No. 2 ordinary, \$1.24, and No. 3 \$1.19. Yesterday the market was firm; Red Winter offered at \$1.27 on track, with \$1.25 bid. The market to-day is dull and firm, with none offering. No. 2 Spring and No. 2 Fall would bring \$1.24. The stock in store is 166,671 bushels against 165,803 bushels last week, and 119,987 bushels the corresponding week of 1880.

COARSE GRAINS.—Barley.—The demand is inactive, and prices of all grades purely bominal. The stock in store is 17,921 bushels against 16,721 bushels last week and 1,451 bushels the corresponding week of last year. Out have been less active than usual, but prices are steady on limited receipts; sales have been made at 39c on track; 5,000 bushels October delivery sold at 30c on track. The stock is 15,939 bushels against 18,125 bushels the corresponding week of 1880. *Deas* are in good demand and higher, with the bulk of stocks in the hands of one firm. A cargo of Ng. i sold on Monday at 80c, and a car of No. 2 at 76c. The stock is 36,229 bushels, against 22,500 bushels last week and 1,541 bushels the corresponding week of 1880. *Rya* dull and nominal; 70c was bid on Monday for 5,000 bushels October delivery without selfers. *Corn* dull and mominal at 66c on track, with no transactions reported during the week.

FREIGHTS.-Rates by rail and water are unchanged this week.

GROOFRIES.—The movement this week has been small, and the volume of trade during the month has been much less than June of last year. The weather has been unfavorable for fruit, and sugar in consequence has been quiet. Priors continue steady, and remittances are good. *Pruits*. quiet and unchanged; Valentias are quoted at 84c to 84c; Currants, 7c; Sultanas, 11c; London layers, large lots, \$2.75; Black basket, \$3.50; Blue Crown, \$4.75. *Nuts* unchanged at 10c to 1% for Walnuts and 17c for Almonds. *Fish* dull and

nominal, there being no stocks. Sardines easier at 11c to 12c for 4's and 20c for 4s. Salmon, S2. Peppers scarce and firm; while, 17c to 18c; black, 15c. Sugars are easier. Granulated, 11c to 114c; bright yellows, 9c to 9c; low yellows, 82c to 83c. Teas are improving, with a fair movement in Japans; prices are firm at 30c to 38c for common Young Hyson, 40c to 50c for Medium to good, and 60c to 65c for fine. Common Congon, 3Cc to 40c; good, 40c; fine, 60c to 70c Syrup steady; common, 68c; amber to choice amber, 62c to 70c per Imperial gallon. Coffee quict; Government Java, 30c to 31c; Singapore, 20c to 23c; Rio, 18c to 20c; Jamaica, 22c to 24c; Rice steady at \$4.25; Tobocco unchanged at 37d to 55c for 6s and 8s; 43c to 46c for bright navy 3s; 36c to 45c for Solaces; and 80c to 90c for Virginia. Liquors imm; Pure Jamaica Rum 16 o. p., \$2.75 to \$3; Demetra, \$2.45 to \$2.75. Gin-green cases, \$4.25 to \$4.50; red \$8 to \$6.50. Wines,-Port, \$1.50; fine, \$2.40 to \$5.40. Sherry, \$1.50; fine, \$3.60 to \$5.40. Champagne per case, \$14 to \$26.60. Brandy in wood, Hennesser's, Otard's and Martell's, \$4.50 to \$3.30. Whiskey 'add 5 per cent.) Alcohol, per Imperial gallon, \$2.53; pure spirits, 65 o.p., \$2.54; do 50 o.p., \$2.35; do 25 u.p., \$1.18; family proof whiskey, \$1.28; old Bourbon, \$1.28; old rye, toddy or malt, \$1.20; domestic whiskey, 32 u.p. \$1.08; rye whiskey, 4 years old, \$1.50; do, 5 years old, \$1.60; do 6 years old, \$1.70; 7 years old, \$1.80.

HARDWARE.—Dealers report the continuance of a good trade at steady prices. Higher prices do not appear to be any nearer, but it is thought that the lowest have been reached. Orders are fair for harvest implements and general assortments. Our quotations of last week are unchanged. Iron manufacturers keep very busy.

HIDES AND SKINS.—Hides are coming forward slowly and stocks are low; prices to butchers are firm at S₂c for cows and 9c for steers. A sale of onred was made on Monday at 9fc. *Calfskins* are unchanged at 14c for green and 15c for cured. *Pelts* are quiet and steady at 25c. *Lambskins* are firm at 40c.

LEATHER.—Trade is only fairly active on small orders. Dealers seem to anticipate a large volume of trade and firm prices the coming month. Manufacturers are said to have small stocks. Price lists are unchanged from last week.

Live STOCK.—Cattle.—The receipts at this market have been small, consisting of only 23 car loads the past week. The demand was good, and all sold readily at 4c to 5½c per lb. Sixteen head, averaging 1,25 lbs., sold at \$40 each; 23 head, averaging 1000 lbs., sold at \$40 each; 10 head, averaging 1100 lbs., sold at \$40 each; one car load, averaging 1250 lbs.,

Special Notices.

Try the hardy species of vines, grown and acclimatized at Beaconsfield by Gallagher & Gauthier of Pointe Claire and Montreal. A pamphlet containing full instructions for planting and caring will be mailed on application. For further particulars address Gallagher & Gauthier at Pointe Claire or Montreal, who will gladly answer all inquiries. Messrs. Gallagher, & Gauthier are also prepared to furnish Strawberry and all other kind of Small Fruit Vines in any quantity desired.



sold at 51c per 10., and one load, averaging 1350 lbs, at 51c per 1b. Several hundred head were shipped within the past few days nead were shipped within the past few days from the byres here. Sliep are quiet and steady, with sales of about 150 head at $4\frac{1}{2}c$ to $4\frac{3}{4}c$ per lb. Lambs steady, with sales of 50 head at \$3.50 to \$4 each. Hags steady at 6c per lb. Caloes unchanged at \$5 to \$12 each, according to size and quality.

PROVISIONS .-- Butter is firmer than last week. Buyers for export are in the market, and have paid 14c to 16c for choice selections. Offerings are small from the country, and pails or crocks are worth 14c to 15c. Pound rolls sell at 15c to 18c. Bacon has been in a little better demand for small lots; long clear sells at 102c in a jobbing way and 10c in car lots; Cumber-In a jobbing way and the first for the forst of the formation of the form

Woon .- This market continues very quiet, there being little demand for fleece, receipts of which are small on account of low prices. The ruling quotation is 22c per lb. Supers are quiet and easy at 27c to 28c. Extra is firm at 33cto 35c.

P. FORREST, 1 Rue Bourla, Antwerp (Belgium), AND

300 St. Paul St., Montreal,

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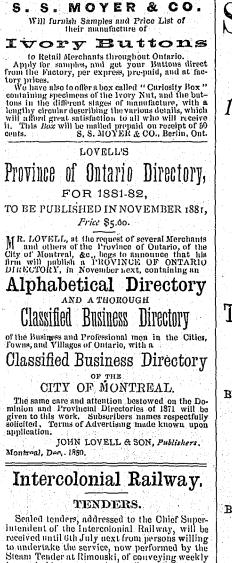
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JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, MONTREAL.

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received in the fully next from persons withing to undertake the service, now performed by the Steam Tender at Rimouski, of conveying weekly in a suitable steamer the mails, and the pas-sengers with their baggage from Rimouski where to the outward-bound British Mail Steamer; and of conveying weekly from the inward-bound British Mail Steamer to Rimouski wharf the mails and such assengers with their bac the mails, and such passengers, with their bag-gage, as choose to hand there. The tenders may be made in three ways :

The tenders may be made in three ways: *First.* The contractor to furnish the steamer, equip and run her, and perform the service for a monthly payment to be named in the tender. *Second.* The contractor to furnish the steam-er, equip and run her, and perform the service, payment being made by the trip. The run from the wharf to the Mail Steamer and back to the wharf being anound any time. When the destroy wharf being counted one trip. The tender to

What being connect one trip. The tender to state the amount per trip. *Third.* The contractor to furnish the steamer in good running order, the Railway to man her and bear the running expenses. The tender to state the price per month.

In every case the tender must give full infor-mation with reference to the steamer offered for the service.

Satisfactory security will be required from the person whose tender is accepted. If further information is required it can be

had upon application. D. POTTINGER,

Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncron, N.B., 21st June, 1881.

S. CARSLEY,

DRY GOODS, WHOLESALE,

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Newest Patterns.

JERSEY LACE COLLARS.

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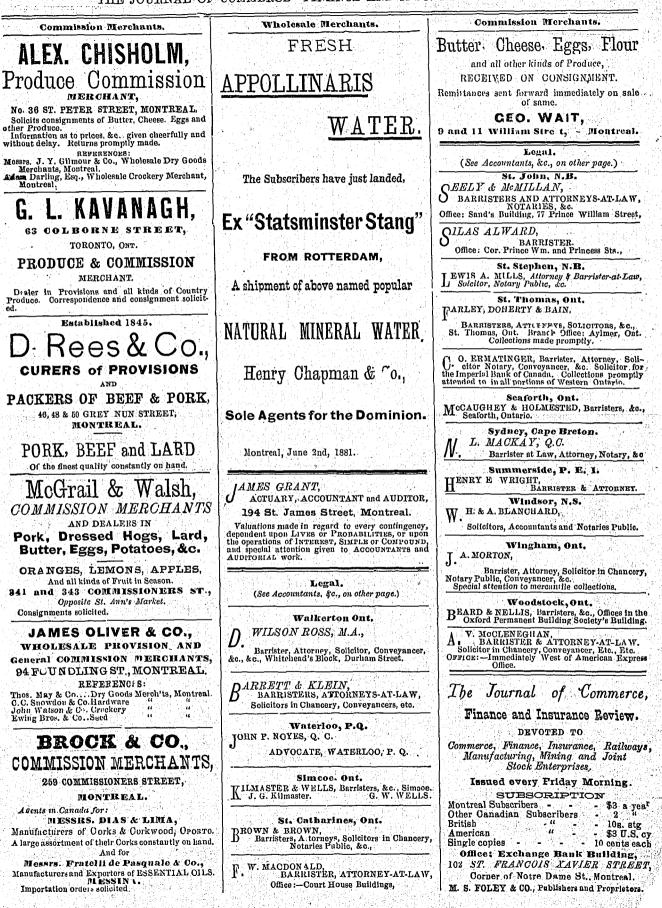
STOCKS AND BONDS. SURETYSHIP. Closing Prices. June 30. Dividend Capital paid-up. Capital Par Eest. NAME. last 6 Months Ψal subsoribed. \$ 1,215,000 1,400,000 355,000 240,000 200,000 2)0,000 THE GUARANTEE CO. British North America Canadian Bank of Commerce \$4,866,666 6,000,000 970,250 £60 8:4.866.666 103 1034 1465 21 4 4 2 8 50 60 146 Dominion Bank Du Peuple Eastern Townships..... 1711 ດຕວ໌ດອ 1,600,000 95 БÔ 600,000 91 Of North America. 1,469,600 1,382 8ł 4 114 116 Exchange Bank. Federa! Bank. 1365 500,000 1,000,000 748,20 638,732 60 1305 154 118 50 118 101 102 1,000,000 1,000,000 220,000 24 4 0 34 100 Capital Subscribed, . . . \$700,000 Hamilton..... 100 Hochelaga.... Imperial Bank..... Paid up in Cash (no notes), 240,000 800.000 BANKS. 100 25 100.000 1,000,000 936,010 Assets, June, over . , . . . 280,000 Mapieral Bank Maritime Merohants' Bank of Canada Moisons Bank Montreal Nationale 500,000 800,500 500,000 599,460 21 * Deposit with Government, . 57,000 100 475,000 100,000 5,000,000 150,000 100,000 825,000 7,550 500,000 100 50 200 1221 123 5,798,267 2,000,000 5422.203 3 1,959,095 11,999,200 2,000,000 2,996,756 $112^{\circ}112_{
m j}$ $192_{
m j}$ $192_{
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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1 881.

Name of Article;		of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesal Rates
Boots and Shoes. Men's Thick Boots Wax. " Klp Boots" " Klp Boots" " Klp Boots" " Klp Brogana" " Buff Congress" " Buff Congress" " Buff Congress" " Buff Congress" " Buff Congress" " Split do" Shoe Packs	100 225 250 800 100 225 100 17 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 175 100 176 100 176 100 176 100 140 100 140 100 140 100 150 100 140 100 150 100 150 100 125 100 125 100 100 110 Superior 100 100 110 Superior 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	b. id. owder mg. Ref. m. Ref. c, per lb. """ br 100 lbs. Goods. <i>U's of Cotton.</i>) lour. Extra. perfine. akers. ton. rain. White, No. 2 Spring No. 2 ethigan No. 1 er, No2 Toledo. hicago No. 2 livankie No. 2 2 per 66 lbs. ond per 66 lbs. core. Ch. & Cad.) m. to med. lb. Thir to good."	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Japan, fine to cholce lb. Japan Nagasaki, " Y. Hyson common to gd Y. Hyson fine to finest, if Gunpd, fair to med. " "Good to fine " Gunpd, Finest " Imper], med. to gd " Fine to finest " Oolong,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 "Nabob Sauce, pts	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
H. R. IVH	CANADA Wire Co. MANUFACTURERS OF BURNELL'S FOUR POINTED Barb Steel Wire FEINCING. The Bost and Cheapest Farm and Railway Fence. Send for samples and Circulars. Send for samples and Circulars. Sam for samples and Circu	M. & L. S 58 YON Fruit Jars Brass Kett Enamel K. Ice Crean Water Coo Clothes W Samue 1 Rum MCC YARN WO KNI Of every k Box 200. B. J COTE IM	AMUEL, GE & 9 JO les, ettles, Freezers, ringers, I SONS ford P1., I CRAI SPINNER OLLEN M TTIN TTIN TTIN CUELF MANUPAC (PROVEL SELL SOI Unit	BENJAMIN & CO. RDAN STS., Toronto. Lawn Mowers, Bird Cages, Wire Dish Covers, Fly Traps, Painted Wire Cloth, Sponges & Chamois. & Benjamin, Liverpool, Eng. E & CO., S, HOSIERS' and Lanufacturers G YARNS, on, Union and Woollen. PH, Ont. FTEENER, D SOLE TRIMMER, D SOLE TRIMMER, On Edge Setter,	SUGA W. R. EL A. BAUM THEO. L OFI The wholes A N Th EMIJ Rams VARI	THE ST. LAWRENC R REFINING (LIMITED,) MENHORST, GARTEN, - VIOE- ABATT, - SEORETARY FICE: 88 KINC ale trade only supplied. IIIINE Dy e most reliable Hous L THOURET & 210 St. James St., R ay, Drake & MANUFACTURERS OF SGRINDERS OF LEAD COLOURS []	PRESIDEN PRESIDEN PRESIDEN ST. ST. 7 CS 9 1s CO., tontroa) Dods ANS,
Wire Window Wire Work of En		112 (and Sh	SECRIFTION OF Oe Machinery, "REET, Monirial.	Importer Window G Bronzes, C the Painter	'ire Proof Paints ready s of all descriptions Orna lase, Paints, Oils, Dry Colou iold Leaf, Glue, and every s' and Artists' Line. & 41 Recollet St., Pic	mental ar rs, Brushe hing in tl

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Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.
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FIRST PRIZE A "LYM Four-Barb Steel	WARDE!	THE LA CONTROL	RIN	CESS in CESS i	Can. Gover 1877-80 Do. de Do. de Doutreals Montreal H Do. C Do. 7 Toronto Cit Co. Debent Township E	SECURITIES nment Debentures, 6 p. ot. 5 per ot. 5 per ot. b 5 per ot. 1885. per ot. Stock arbor Bonds 6 p. o. orporation 6 per ot. Bonds. per ot. Stock 1898. Ires, (Ont.) 20 years 6 per ot. Nebentures, (Ont.) 6 per ot. 1998.	ALGATEBAL June 30. 1°4j 1:6 1131 106j x d 106 106 117 110 108
AT T Dominion Exhibitio Provincial '' Industrial '' For excellence and	n, Montr Hamilt Cincinna	on, 1880. 0 tti, 1879. 0		the Dom	ivu Atlanti 100 Do. t 100 Do. de 100 Do. de 100 Do. de 100 Do. Can Cer	c.d. ziaw remuu >hr 6 p. c al. j p. o. Ster, Mt: Bonds 100 l ad. duct, 1891 100 p and Lake furce	June 30, 1 130

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT, THURSDAY, JUNE 30 1881

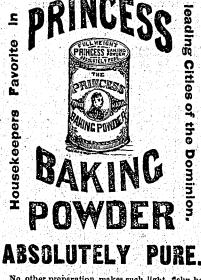
Competitors. See that our trade mark "LYMAN BARB" is sten-lied on each reel. Buy no other. Send for Circilled oulars.

DOMINION BARB WIRE FENCE CO., No. 44 Foundling St., Montreal.

J. & R. MCLEA Offer for sale Brls. Canada Mess and Prime Mess Pork, (Choice brand.) Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar. Puns. Choice Barbados Molasses. Brls, Pure West India Lime Juice. Bris. Pure Newfoundland A God Oil. Boxes Boneless Codfish.

To Arrive, Brls Steam Refined Pale Seal Oil. Sat

Cargoes Caledonia Mine Coal. 8 Common Street.



No other proparation makes such light, flaky ho breads, or luxurious pastry. Can be eaten by dys peptles without fear of the ills resulting from heavy indigestible food. EP Commended for purity and wh lesomeness by the eminent Analytical Chemists : Prof. croft, Toronto University, Toronto. G. P Girdwood, M.D., Prof. of Chemistry, McGill College Montreal. Wm. F. Best, Government Analyst, St John, N.B. Patronized by H.R.11. Princess Louise and H.E. the Earl of Dufferin, Gov. Gen'l. of Canada, (See letters in the "Princess" Baker, & C., & c.

WM. LUNAN & SON, Sole Proprietors,

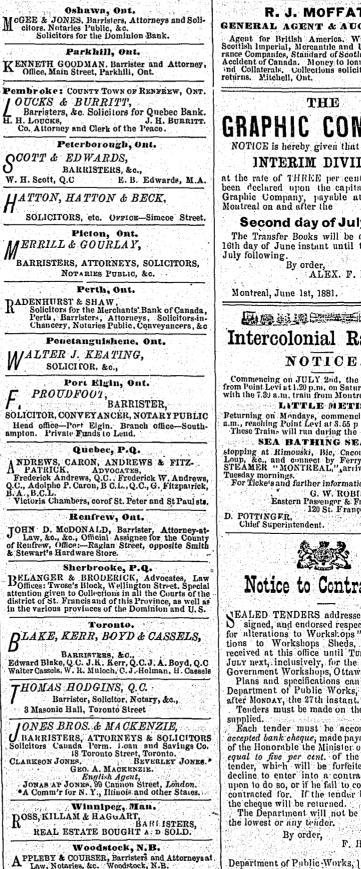
SOREL. Que., Canada.

100 Crindiasonithern lait Mint. 3 be. Chick. G. (T. R. 6 p. 184 Comp. 1900. Grandtrunk or Canada. Comsol. Do R Mort Bak. Sitcharge. pp. o. Do do Int Pref Stock.... Do 40 Int Pref Stock... Do 40 First Stock.... Do 40 First Stock.... Do 5 po Perp Deb Stock Gratt Wastern of Canada..... Do 5 do do 1890.... an 103 114<u>5</u> 22<u>1</u> 102 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 12<u>6</u><u>5</u> 11<u>7</u> 15<u>3</u> 11<u>8</u> 10<u>6</u> 11<u>6</u> 111 89 10<u>7</u> 10<u>4</u> 10<u>4</u> 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 p o Debenture Stock Mont Canada 14 p c Stg, 1st Mort N of Canada 14 p c Stg, 1st Mort N of Canada 15 p c 1st Pref Bond 113 all 100 100 all do 2nd du 5 p c 1st Mort.... 104 nsion, b pt. guar a11 110 100 Q, il, Grey & Bruce, 7 pc Bds, lat Mo. G. & B. 6 p cant, honds lat mort... Law. & Ott. 6 pc Bds. Lish Columbia, July, 1907 6 pc.... 1 Gov 1879-81 pc Bds, 1st Mor nds 1st mort ... 95 69 94 117 101 101 104 116 116 116 117 105 115 111 110 11 Dariand Containing, July, 190 o p c.... Can Gov ac 6 p o Jau and July 1875-81. Do 6 p c 1884. Jan and July Do b p c 1885. Jan and July Do Dom Stock of 1903. April and Oct. Do Domistics Stock of 1903. April and Oct. Do Dom Stock of 1903. April and Oct. New Brunas reks po, Jan and July New Brunas reks po, Jan and July 118 Quebec Prov. 5 p e.... Do isa, in Paris 4 p e. 10-1



SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, NOTARY PUBLIC. Commissioner aud Conveyaucer,

PRIVATE MONEY TO LEND.



Special attention given to collections.

	R. J. MOFFATT,
1	GENERAL AGENT & AUCTIONEER.
1	Scottish Imperial, Mercantrie and Union Fire Insa-
1	Agent for British America. Waterloo Mutual, Scotlish Imperial, Mercanthe and Union Fire Insu- ance Companies, Staniard of Scotland Life Ins. Co. Accident of Canada. Money to Ioan on Real Estate und Collecture is collection scollection and prompt
1	and Collaterals. Collections solicited and prompt returns. Mitchell, Out.
	тнв
ļ	GRAPHIC COMPANY.
	NOTICE is hereby given that an
	INTERIM DIVIDEND
1	at the rate of THREE per cent, has this day been declared upon the capital stock of The
ļ	ocen declared upon the capital stock of The Graphic Company, payable at its office in Moutreal on and after the
	Second day of July next.
	The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th day of June instant until the 2nd day of July following.
	By order, ALEX. F. RIDDELL,
	Montreal, June 1st, 1881.
	Intercolonial Railway.
	a da anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-
	NOTICE.
	Commencing on JULY 2nd, the Passenger Train from Point Levi at 1.20 p.m. on Saturdays (connecting with the 7.30 a.m. train from Montreal) will run to LATTLE MISTIS,
	Beturning on Mondays, commencing July 4th, at 8 a.m., reacting Point Levi at 3.55 p m. These Trains will run during the
	These Trains will run during the SEA BATHING SEASON,
	stopping at Rimouski, Bic, Cacouna, Rivière du Loup, &c., and connect by Ferry at Quebec with STEAMER "MONTREAL,", arriving at Montreal Tuesday moving
	Tuesday mornings.
2	For Ticke's and further information apply to G. W. ROBINSON,
	Eastern Passenger & Freight Agont, 120 St. François Xavier Street.
1	D. POTTINGFR, Chief Superintendent.
	Nation to Continentance
ŝ	Notice to Contractors.
	JEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-
<i>.</i>	A signed, and endorsed respectively "Tender for alterations to Workshops" and "Altera- tions to Workshops Sheds, &c.," will be received at this office until TURSDAY the 19 rft
	tions to Workshops Sheds, &c.," will be
	JULY HEXL, Inclusively, for the above works at
	Government Workshops, Ottawa. Plans and specifications can be seen at the
	Department of Public Works, Ottawa, on and after Monnay, the 27th instant.
	Tenders must be made on the printed forms
	supplied. Each tender must be accompanied by an
	accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works,
	equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party
	tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he full to complete the work
	upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted,
	the cheque will be returned.
ŀ	The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
ľ	By order, F. H. ENNIS,
	しょうしん しょうしょう かいてき ひょうせい しきまし みんしてい アレビー アプロレス しょうせい しょうかいき 予約支付 しょうたいか

Ottawa, June 20th, 1381.

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Jochelaga (Brown), G80 in $\$$ c. $\$$ c. A 27 in
" Cunada " 1400 0 14 0 00 Paints, & c. " anoganies, smoking bys. 0 13 0 20 J. Mumm Extra Dry

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. -THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1881





Insurance.								
CITIZENS		81	OCK	S AND	BONDS.			
INSURANCE COMPANY,	INSURANC	R COMPANY						
OF CANADA.		E COMPANIE		JANADIAN	.—Montreal	Quotations,	June 80, 19	31.
CAPITAL, . \$1,188,000.	NAME OF COM	PANY	No.	Last	Share	Amount	Canada	
CASH ASSETS, 1st January, 1881, per Government Blue-Book 352,101.20			bares.	Dividend. per year.	par value.	paid per Share.	guotation: per ct.	
Bonosit with Boninian UVL - 144,000	British America Fire & M Canada Life	farine	10,000	5-6mos.	\$50	\$50	145 xd	
Losses Paid to 1st Jan, 1880. 1,648,176 DIRECTORS:	Confederation Life	antee & Acc't	2,500	71-6mos.	400	50 22}	350-356	
President:-SIR HUGH ALLAN. Vice-PresidentHENRY LYMAN.	Ouebec Fire	oident	5,000 5,000 5,000	5-6 mos. 4-6 mos.		10 124	220 16	
Andrew Allan. N. B. Collect Arthur Prevost.	Western Assurance	•••••••••	2,000 20,000	10 10 716 mos.) 100 50 40	65 10 20	214	
	Royal Canadian Insuran Accident Insurance Co. o Canada Guarantee Co	100	20,000	5 8 per ct.	100 100	15 20	571	
GERALD E. HART, GEN'L MAN'E. GEORGE F. THOMPSON. INSPECTOR. CAPT. JOHN LAWRENCE, Special Agent.	Merchants' Marine Insur	ance Co	10.000 5,000	8 per ct.	50 100	20 20	••••	
Fire, Life, Accident, Guarantee.		1	ara Alahara	1	L	l i i		
RISKS TAKEN AT MODERATE RATES.	BRIT	ise and Fore	0N(Quotation o	n the London	Market, Ju	ue 13, 1881.	
CHIEF OFFICES. TORONTO-BOUSTEAD & GIBBS, Agonts.	Briton Life Association British & Foreign Marine	A	50,000 50,000		1	1 1.	23j	l I
QUEBEC-OWEN MURPHY, AFE CO Agents	Edinburgh Life	life & Marine	50,000	30	20 50 100	4 5 15	26] 26] 44	
RT. JOHN. N. BH. CHUBB & OK. ARHING, Agts. HALIFAX, N. SMCSWEENEY & FIELDING, Agts. HEAD OFFICE, 179 St. James Street,	Fire Insurance Associatio Guardian Fire and Lite.		20.000	12	100	50	90s 100s 80 82	
NONTO TA LA	Imperial Fire Lancashire Fire and Life I Alle Association of Scot	e land	12,000	80	20	25	160 165 87 9	
ALFRED PERRY, late General Manager of the Royal Canadian Insurance Co.,	Lion Life	•••••	10,000	15	40	8]	55 56	
AGENT for the CITY OF MONTREAL.	London Assurance Corpo	oration	35,852 10,000		25 10	12, 17-29	455 555 64 66 288 9d	
	Northern Fire & Life	be Fire & Life	£391,75	2 70	20 100	2 5	205 50 21 22 541 55	
WM. CAMPBELL, INSURANCE AGENT	North British & Mercant Phoenix Fire Queen Fire & Life		6 700	56 £21 p. e	50	61	691 316	
bna	Scottish Commercial Fi	Life	100.000	80 60	10 20	18	803 81884 331 84	
ADJUSTER OF LOSSES,	Scottish Provincial Fire and	a Life	50,000	22] 6 15	10	1	33	
Office: 1 Court Street, Toronto. P. O. Box 1817.	Standard Life	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,000	58	50 50	8 12	15 47s 6d 50s	 }
NORTH BRITISH AND M FIRE AND LIFE INSURAN ESTABLISHED 1809. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, Whereof Paid-up \$2,500,0	• \$10,000,000	D LIFE AN CAPITAL	D A		MU NT INS		CE CON	
CANADA BOARD NANAGING DIRECTORS.		DEPOSIT		VITH C	OVERN	MENT,		\$500,00 56,00
D. LORN BIACDOUGALD, DIRECTORS:	OMAS DAVIDSON, Esq.					<u>_</u>		
GILBERT SCOTT, Esq., of Messers. Wm. CHAS. F. SM Of Mon Dow & Co The HON. THOMAS RYAN, Sena	IITHERS, President Bank trenl: tor .	PRES VICE	DENT PRES	THO)MAS W -M. H. C	ORKMA	N, Esq.	anti Diatanti Diatanti
THE COM	PANY.				DIRECT(
1- Find as at alst December 5600,000 Stc. From Fire Deput Paid-u, Ca. tal	enue for the year 1880, ment: ment: an and Interest 450,675 "	T. WORE A. F. GA M. H. GA A. W. OG		Esq.		DAVID JAMES T. M. B	MORRICE, HUTTON, I RYSON, Es	Csq.
Annulty Funds	or \$7,009,245 HERN, Sub-Inspector.			ਾ, ਨਰਪੁ,] ¶	E. J. BARBI Oronto H	T.J.CL EAU, Esq	AXTON, Es	1 .
Sel and hearten hates in an	ATTESON, Con. Agenta.	Hon. J. N A. M. SM WARRIN	ICMUR ITH, F	RICH.		TAS. BI	THUNE, E	8q.,
ROYAL INSURAN	CE CO'Y.	WARRIN Hon. S. C			sq.	JOHN I ANGUS	M.P.P. ISKEN, Es MORRISO	q. N, Esq., M
OF LIVERPOOL AND LOI	NDON.	Policies non tioned equitab				iume guara: ereby rende	nteed Divi	den 18 app
FIRE AND L LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS		Issues Life g injury—a dese \$1.33 for	EVE	RY DOI	LLAR of	Liability	to Polic	y-holder
CAPITAL FUNDS INVFSTED ANNUAL INCOME	- \$10,000,000 - 21,000,000 - 5,000,000	All Pure Ins being diminis This Compa at the lowest p	urance hed on i ny issue cossible	No Toni becoming of B Life and rates.	line,—perlod laims. Con Accident P	ical examina tracts plain f plicies on all	tions or char ind straightf the most ap	tee of Polic
HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA-M Every description of property insured at moderate Assurances granted in all the most approved forms.	ONTREAL. rates of premium. Life	HY. O'HARA	., Toro	nto, Branc			'n Ont. LAY, S	ec'y.
	. TATLEY.	ACTIVE	AG]	ENTS	WANTE	D.		
M. H. W		1	1990 (M	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		특별 전 전 전		

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May 2nd, 1881.

Leave Hochelaga for	
St Jerome 5 30 p.m	
Arrive at St. Jerome 7 15 p.m Leave St. Jerome for	
Hochelaga 645 a.m	
Arrive at Hochelaga 9 00 a.m	
Leave Hochelaga for Jolietto	
Arrive at Jolietie 7 25 p.m	
Leave Joliette for Hochelaga 5 40 a.m	1
Arrive at Hochelaga S 15 a.m	
(Local between Hull and Aylmer. Trains leave Mile-End Station Ten Minutes Later.	
Magnificent Palace Cars on all	
Minutes Later. Magnificent Palace Cars on all Passenger Trains, and Elegant Sleeping. Cars on Night Trains. Trains to and from Outawa connect with Trns to and from Quebec.	
Cars on Night Trains.	
Trains to und from Ottawa connect EgA	
with Trns to and from Quebec.	ŝ
All Trains Run by montreal Time.	Ś
GENERAL OFFICE, 13 Place 등 끈 d'Armes Square.	
TICKET OFFICES:	
13 Place d'Armes, MONTRYAT	
2.2 St. James Street, MONTREAL,	. •
2.2 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite St. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC.	
2.2 St. James Street, MONTREAL,	
2.2 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite St. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENÉCAL, Gen I S 1p't	
2.2 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite St. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC.	
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen 15 1p't Intercolonial Railway.	
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen I S 1p't Intercolonial Railway. Summer Arrangement,	1
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen 15 1p't Intercolonial Railway.	1
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen I S 1p't Intercolonial Railway. Summer Arrangement,	
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen I S 1p't Intercolonial Ruilway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing—6th June, 1881. THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS	
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL, Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen I S 1p't Intercolonial Rillway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing—6th June, 1881. THROUGH EXPRESS PASSEN (JER TRAINS run DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows :	
22 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENECAL, Gen I S 1p't Intercolonial Rillway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing—6th June, 1881. THROUGH EXPRESS PASSEN (JER TRAINS run DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows : Leave Point Levt	
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22 St. James Armes, MONTREAL, Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENÉCAL, Gen I S 19't Intercolonial Railway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing—6th June, 1881. THROUGH EXPRESS PASSEN (JER TRAINS run DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows : Leave Point Levi	スイヤト しんしょうかい たいしゅうほう
22 St. James Arnes, MONTREAL, Opposite st. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC. L. A. SENÉCAL, Gen I S 19't Intercolonial Railway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing—6th June, 1881. THROUGH EXPRESS PASSEN (JER TRAINS run DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows : Leave Point Levi	

These Trains connect at Chaudiero. Curve with the Grand Trunk Trains, leaving 'Montreal at 10 o'clock p.m., and at Campbellton with Steamer." City of St. John, 's ailing Wednesday und Saturday mornings for Gaspé. Percé. Inspeblac. &c. The trains to Halitax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday. The Palman Car leaving Montreal on Monday, Wednesday and Friday runs through to italitax, and the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday to St. John.

Octave. SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS are now issued via KAIL and STEAMER to the unrivalled sea-bathing, b aring and lishing resorts on the Lower St. Lawrence. Metapedia Restiguence, Bay Chaleur. Gaspé, Prince Edward Island and all points in the Magniting Provinces The Maritime Provinces. For full information, TICKETS, rates of freight,

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D. POTTINGER,

Chief Superintendent. Moncton, N.B., May 81, 1881

Yarmouth, N.S. MHOS. B. FLINT, LL.B., BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

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EXPRESS.

CHANCE OF TIME.

COMMENCING ON

Trains run as follows: MIXED. MAIL.

MAIL.



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