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## INAY: 1878.

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GaiUR etatistics, our reports on the state of religion and christian life and work, and the experience of every pastor from Manitoba to Newfoundland, demonstrate very plainly that the great hindrance to our prosperity and progress as a Church is lack of steadiness and unity in work. We need to have the old adage scimpressed upon our minds as to be trauslated into action: "At it, all at it, always at it!" Our Church is sadly weaticned by a large number of nominal members and adherents who in reality ere " dead-heads," and take no living, actire, steady interest in any of the Church's enterprises. Happy the con. gregation ihat ia not dragged down by a heavy percentage of persuns who seldom take a deeper interest in Church matters than to growl, or criticise, or sueer. All our congregatious need a revival which will extend to these moral iceberge that do so much to reduce the spiritual temperature of the Church, and to clog the wheels of progress. I'here should not be one nonproductive family in our borders. Each person may not be able or willing to conribute towards all the enterprices of the Church; but there is smple scupe tor choice. First of all, the ordinances of the Gospel must be sustained in the corgregation. None should be so dead to duty and to brotherly love as to forego a share in this.

Then, there are the Eome Miscion enterprisea of our Church thronghout our vast Dominion. Who rould not wish to aid in scattering the saeds of the Word hy live sounding seas of the erst, and the mighity lakes and rivers of the west? "This Do minion for Christ :" be our matchmord. Remember that there are five collegea inriting aid and support; lei no member
or adherent regard himself as haring done his duty until he has contributed according to his ability to one or other of the funds for the support of the colleges. The evangelization of a million French Roman Catholics is a work to which God has evidently called us as a Church. It is onerous and ever enlarging. Who can withhold a heiping hand in this grand work?
The Foreign Missions of the Church are maltiplying and extending. Men and women are to-day risking their lives in heathen lands, in orier, as our Agents, to make known the excellency of the knowledge of Cl.rist. Yet there are whole congregations, and some members and adherents in most of our congregaione, who never make a contribution to our Foreign Miesio:, Funds! Other Echemes of the Churci might be mentioned, but it is needless to do so. What we earnestly urge is that a conscientious sevse of duty be cultivated amoug the people with regard to helping all the enterprises in which the Church is cogaged. Give some he!p, in one form or other, and you will do good, even though it be apparently ever so little. But contributing to all the funds of the Church is only a portion of the daty of members and gdherents: nur Church needs a far spreading revival of Sabbath School Work-uf the bumble study of God's Word-of attendance on prayer meetinga - of family piety and family training - of brotherly love and mutual helpfulaéss - of zeal for God's glory and the salvation of sinners. Outward organization, the machinery of our Churches, is essential; biut $\therefore$ is only means to an end; and if there ehould be no spiritual life about it, it is but a dead and useless body that might as well be buried out of sight. How mightily would our Churcia be strangtheved by sucn a revival as would transiorm the weak, the selfish, the warering into good soldiers of Christ, and zalous witnesses for Him! Let us ask Ged for such a rerival this very season.

## 

" REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF the first general presby TERIAN COCNCII.:"

突HIS is an adequate and very valuable 2) record of the proseedings of a great As(sembly, which must necessarily become hietoric. Though so much has been written upon the Firet Preabyterian Courcil, we trust that a brief word, suggested by the appearsnce of the volume above named, will not be counted out of place. This beautifully-printed cctavo, of 382 pages, contains in extenso all the papers read in the Council, and substantially the addresses as reported in the Edinburgh Daily Revier. In the appendix there is a most interesting and valuable repori of the condition of the Presbetterian Churches throughont the world. Nowhere else, so far as we know, is this information to be found in a single volume; and whilk we Presbyterians do not forget to love the Church oi God in all its sectione, and to rejo cee in its esscutial unity, it is hored we sball wot deem it an unchrietian thing, or a thing in ary way unworthy of us, to cherieh a $\varepsilon$ pecial interest in those churches which have the sam: organization as ourselves, and are in fall accord with us as to the contents of the Cbristian Doctrine.

The idea of such a Council as that which met in Edinburgh last July, is not a new thing in the Reformed Church. Calvin, it is well known, expressed his willingness to "pass over ten seas" in order to promote the communion of the several churcbes of the Reformation. Beza, his eminent suc cessor at Geneva, urged the necessity of such a Council. During the three centuries since the Reformation, many a prayer has ascended for the uniou and fellowship of the churches virtually resting on the same foundations-many an earnest word has been spoken with this end in riew. But serious obstacles stood in the ray, and seemed to make the accomplishment of
such an end little else ilana the dreaņ of a vieionary.
During the last ten years the desire for a General Council of all Presbyterian Churcher found expreseion in many quartere, on loth sides of the Atlantic; but it were unjugt not to connect the names of Dr. McCosh, in America, and Dr. Blaikie, in Scotland, very especiaily with the advocacy of euch an Aseembly. The story of the discussions-negotiations, travel, organization, by which the great meeting in the capital of Scotland was preceded-need not here be told. Labours manifold, of which 3 pretty full account is found in the preface to this report, were undertaken and accomplisbed by men admirably ftted for the work, and full of zeal for its success.
It may safely be said that fer Synods or Councils more interesting in their personnel bave been convened sivce the Syncd of Dort and the Weatminster Assembly. A large number of the most eninent theologians and most arinent preackers of the Continent of Europe, of Britain, and of America were present. There were to le seen men whose works on Systematic Theolegy, Scripture Interpretation. Church History and Apologetics are iound is all our libearies:-Drs. Scbaff, A. A. Hcdge, McCosh and Patton; Drs Flint, Cairde, Gould, David Brown, Lorimer and Kiilen; Pressensi and Gedet. Men whose reputat:ou as public orators is wide as the Presbyterian Ci.urch-in some instarces wide as the wor!d-xere there:-Hall ci New York, Van Dyke of Brooklyn, Hoge of Richmond, McGregor of Edinburgh, Dykes and Frost of London, and Monod of Paris. There were men who bad rendered arduous service on the Micsion Field; such as Dr. Murray Bitchell, so hodourably connected with India, and Dr. Thomson, the author of "The Land and the Bcok", who still showe great vigrur, after more than thirtv years laboar in Syria. Dr. Duff, too much woru wi h diseare and suffering to be pressent, adaressed the Couvcil in a letter, cheracterized by ail the burning. zesl and pathos which distinguished that illuetrious Missionary, and which may now be regarded as his parting words to the church he loved to well. Hut we cannot continue to enumerate, without doing injustice to
men equally worthy to he mentioned with those whose names we should record. And iet it not be forgotten that many of the Elders in the Council were not less emintat than the Ministers. We refer not to the fact that four nobiemen were found among these Eldere, but rather to the eminent talents consecrated to the caupe of Christ, the magnificent liberality and the fervent jiety which undeniably shone torth in many of the lay memhars of the Council. Most edifying jere the prayers and the addresses -especially on topics closely related to personal religion and the service of Christuttered by these Elders. The voice of some of these men had boen heard with constde:ation in the Imperial Parliament, but they evidently deemed themselves more honoured in conjessing with their breibren, touching those natters that "concern the zing."

The spirit of the Council was truly Catholic; whilst, as might be expected, and as was certainly proper, a good degree of promineace was given to the prmciples which distinguion ine Reformed Churches. But so kind and courteous was the tone of discussion, that the three or four Luther ans who, for special reasone, bad been inFited to be present, seensed quite at home. Take the meetings indeed frum tirst to last, and we cannot conceive that they should not have been relished by any Evangelical Christisn who should have been present. The spirit of love was breathed over the proceerlingo with hardiy an exception.
In times when so inany doctrines received by the Church of Christ are being called in question-times of theological eagernees and unsettlement-times when The hearts of many are failing them with lear-it was most reassuriog to find a great aseembly, so truly representative of the Presbrterisn Church, express with one roice its belief in the great doctrines which have ever characterized the Reformed Church. It might be 100 much to say that nad close theological discussion been held, no varistions of opinion would lieve emerged (this were not to be expected); but no one could fail to see that the heart of the Presbiterian Church was sound on the great truths proclaimed by the Reformers Sthen they went forth to rouse the nations Gof Christendom from the slesp into which the sorceries of Ronse had cast them. No one was heard to suggest that the advance of biblical scholarsinp, or the exigencies of modern apologetice, rendered it vecessary to reconsider the doctrines of justification $b_{5}$ Faith alone, of the expiatory nature of Christ's death, or of the victorious efficacy of Divine Grace.

The ascertanding of this essential unity of Faith, along with the generatix and strengthening of hely affection is tue fellowship en joyed, have done not a little, we may be aswared, towarcis removing the obstacles which still hinder incorporating union. When the servants of Christ feel that they are really one-when they discern that their nethote of work as weli as their aim and spirit are almcot identicalthey begin to doult whether this real oneness thould not have complete outward manifestation.
But, it may be asked, what practical fruit tas the Council borne? Ur what fruit may it be expected tu bear? Well, surely, if it bas promoted fellowship and inspired mutual confidence among the Presbyterian Churches, it has borne truit of great value. If it has quickeaed zeal in the cause of iruth and of Christ, ii has not been held in vain. What results, iudeed, would we place betore ihese? What greater service could be rendered to the Church in the present day? Buinot to speak of other resulte which no one wonld refuse to can practical, the action of the Council towards securing unity of plan and co-oper tion in Foreign Miesionary work and miesion work on the continent of Europe, is of the highest importance. But the Council was wisely careftal not to trench upon the province of the severa! Cinircher represented, nor to interfere with their admmistration. It had of course no nuth rity to do so, nor did it wish to have this authority. It never dreamed of questionsing the complete autonomy of thete severa! Ctu'ches. Whether in the providence of Gud, tue Council may eventually come to occupy a closer organic relation to the Prestyterian Churches as a whole, being invested by common consent with some measure of the power of an Ecumenical General Assembly, is a question which we need not here discuss. In the meantime let us gratefully acknowledge the divine goodness in permitting this first Council to meet, to enjoy much precious iellowship, to concert weasures for the turtherance of interesta vital to the Church of Christ, and to separate with feelinge of brotherly love and mutual refpect and esteem very perceptibly strengthened.

The next meating of the Council to be held in Philadelphis, in September, $1 \approx 80$, will be looked forward to with much interest, and, we are sure, much prayer by the Pres-byterianChurches-uunbering not less than forty-nine-that took part in the proceedings of the Council in Edinburgh, or signified their desire to be regarded as included in the great alliance.
W. Caren.

## Tbe ⿷abbath \$xtbool.

INTERNATIONAL LESSONS

May 12th.] B. C. $606 . \quad$ [Daniel I: 8-17.

## THE CAPTIVES IN BABYLON.

Golden Text.-"A mood understunding hote all they that do his commandmuts.-Psulm Cxi: 10.

Home Readings.-M. Ps. 137:1-9. T. Isa. 64 : 1-12. W. Ps. 74: 1-13. Th. Ps. 80: 7-14. F. Jer. 50:33-46. S. Dan. 1: 121 . S. P's. 111: 1-10.

The captivity was not effected all at unce, but at three distinct pertods. (1). In the fith year of Jehoiakim, 13.C. o 6 , see $2 \mathrm{~K} .24: 1$. ( 2 ). In tho ist year of Jenuiachin, B. C. E: 3 , see $2 \mathrm{K}$.2 t : 14. (3). Finally, in the rd year of Zedekiah, 1B. C. 585, see 2 K. ch. 25 . Daniel informs us that he was carried off in the first deportatic $n, 5.0$, from which time the 70 years of the Babylunish captivity is dated It may be inferred that Daniel was of the seed royal, and that he and his three companions were selected on this accuunt, as rell as from their likely appearance and superior intelligence-as hostagen: called eholden, havint reached the age of 12 or 14. The changes made in their names, $v .7$, signified the service expected from each. Daniel, hiananiah, Mishael, and Azariah were thenceturth called, Beltanhrizar. ihudra: $h$, If, shar $h$, and Abcilnefo. In the same way; Joseph's name was changed by Pharach to Koplinah pacane ah, Gen. 11: 45. Vaniel was dedicated to Bel, the heathen deity of Babslon : Nhalio. $h$ was named after the Sus: Moshach answered to the Earth, or else Venus-mirta: Abednegn, "xercant of the shiming light," to the fire God-to whom the three children were indeed literally consigaed when they refused to worship the golden image. ch. 3. It was customary at tne king's table to throw a part of the viands and wine upon the hearth as an offering to the gods, this Daniel could not do without tacitly giving his sanction to idolatay, hence his firm "purpose" in $v$. S, that be ruuld adhere to his simple vegetsblo diet. Liko Moses, these Hebrews chuse rather to suffer afliction with the people of God than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season, Heb. $11: 25$. There was a principle involved. Melzar, the chicf butier, coaxed theu to comply. "If you don't take nourishing food and stimulant* your good looks will be spoiled, and ice will be blamed for it !" "Try us for ten dass on pulse and water." said the captives, "and we mill shew you that the use of wine is unnecessary," ${ }^{\text {r }} 12$. The result proved that thes were right : they Fere better without it. The experiment is worth trying to-dag by all soung men who want to bare clear huads and steady nerres. "As for these four children, God gave them knomledge and skill in all learming and wisdom"-especially to Daniel, uaderstandiar in risions and dreams, in other mords, ,"op,hecy. Verse 19, "They stood before the King"-a common expression for an attitude of consclous integrity, Prov. 22: 24 and Luke $21: 36$. Verse 21 . Daniel continued unto the 1 st gear of King Cyrus: reference to ch. 1, :1 sherfs, that he lived to the 3rd year of Cyrus, so that he witnessed the whole it sears of captivits, and must have been nearly 0 when be died.

Lears to hare a purpose in life, and live up to itAcquire as good an education as you can: it is sure to prove useful some time. Cultivate sobriety, and self-control. If sinners entice thee, consent not.
"Dare to be a Daniel!"
Daro to stand nlone!
Dare to have a purpose firm!
Dare to make it known!"

May 19th.] B.C. 603. [Daniel ii: 36-45.

## NEBUCHADNEZZAR'S DREAM.

Golobe Tkxt:-There is a God in heaven tha: reveuleth secrets. Verse 28.

Home Readings.-M. Dan. 2:1-13. T. Dan.2:1f30. W. Dan. 2: 31-49. Tb. Dan. 7: 1-33. F. Pa. 2 1-12. S. Isa. 35:1-10. S. Isa. $65: 17-25$.

Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown! No. buchadnezzar, at this time the greatest monarch on earth, was troubled with dreadiul dreams. One be had, stranker than all the rest. so alarming that be could not sleep, so incoherent that he ceuld rot racal it. He sends for the magicians and astrologers and demands frum them an explanation of its mearing. They reply "tell us the dream and we will in. terpret it. Nebuchaduezzar was not to be 'rifled with, nor impused upon either,-" tell me both the dream and the interyretation, imm diat l $\mu$, or ciers one of you shall be slain." They could not dun, and the decree went furth that the wise men should be slain. laniel and his fellows with the ret, i. 13. Now tullows a surprising exhibition of presenct of mind, prudence, and knowledge of buman nature. Danicl cuoly replies." why is the decree so hats" give us time and see what we can do." The tane was granted. Daniel and his three friends prayed torether, the secret was mado known to them, and they united in a song of thanksiving to God, $v$. 3. Daniel is agan brought before the King. He relates the dream precisely as it was, $\because 31-35$. . Next be gives the miterpretation of it. Thou $O$ King urt a Kin, if himps, \&c., v. 37. This was n t empts flattery, for Nebuchadnezz. r had reduced matio provinces besides Paiestine He had almost iar limited dum num. though he did not recognize tha God had given 1 t him. Thom art this head of s: id. v. 38. Mark, it was onls the hocil of the great unape that was ut zold ; the rest of it was of baser metal. and the tor, on wbich it rested, were part of irua and part of clas. Which could never unite or hare strencth., The whole thing meant this, "Babylyn the great" is beautiful to look at, but it has no: the elements of durability. Notice the different materials, bi, $/ d$, Nilter, lirops. Jrun. The first reire sents the splendour of the Chaldean monarchy as : now is; the second, symbolizes the Medes and Persians ; the third, the monarchy of Alesander the Great who boasted of unirorsal empire and siched that there rere no more worlds to conquer; the tourth, the Ruman Empire, which in turn became "the mistress of the world." The second part of the king's dream came true biti years afterwards, in the overthrow of Babylon, during the reign of Belshazss, when Darius the Median took the kingdom Dan. 5 31. The last part of it was as distinctly fulfilled, if Christ was born when Rome at the aeight of its clon had decreed that all the romld should be tased. Lake
 the last of these dynasties shall hare passed amas. The stone rut out ,if the thesuntoin trithe, 45, has a distinct reference to the Messianic kife dom-a spiritual kingdom. "Christ as its monare: was to hare nosuccessor. "It shall stand furever" v. 44. See P's. 145: 13. A continually progresin kingdora, t Cor. $15:{ }_{2}^{2}$. Clurist refers to this wha speakins of the stone the builders set at nuukh Matt. $21: 4.3-44$. So, in evers sense, "the dream nit certain and the interyretation sure," v. 45 . It buchadnezzar was honest enough to admit ths Daniel had solred the mystery, and chivalnos enough to promote him and his three friends to pas of honour.

Lfarn from ve. 37-18 the efficacy of united fertes prayer: see also Matt. $18: 19$ : that all humsa is stitutions are unstable and changeful, but that tor kingdom of Christ shall endure for ever.

May 26th．］B．C．5se．［Daniel iii：21－27． THE FIERE FURNACE．
Golnax Pext．－Our God rhom we nerve in able 10 deliver usfrom the burning fiery furnace．Verse 17.

Home Rradings．－M．Dan． $3: 1-18$ ．T．Isa． 44 ； f－20．W．Deut． $5: 1-11$ ．Th．Dan． $3: 14130 . \mathrm{F}$ ． Matt． 16 ： 16 －33．S Matt． 16 ： $21-23$. S．Isa． 43 ： 1－1？．

This tragedy was enacted 23 sears after the dreaw，cight years after the cab，thity；The good imprestions made on Nebuchadnezzar＇s mind had passed away，and perhapssatan surbested the con－ struction of such a magniticent idol as would effec－ thallv clear him from the suspicion even of having enabraced the trae relarion．Danie！had tuld him that he was＂the inced of trelt．＂He was proud of the distinction，and，that the idea might becowe an article of national belief，he resolved to erect a coliossal monument in the plain of Dura tbat could be seen afar off，$v . i$ ．The height，to feet，suggests that it may have been a pillar surmounted with a gidded statue of himself，or with a ssmbul of his yatron－zod，Bel－Merodach，aftur whom his grand－ zon and successor lel－haziar was named Adora－ tuon of this golden image was made a test of boyalty． A general convention was summoned to attend the dedication，and proclamation marle that，at a girun sienal，the poople should prostrate themsches before it．All did so excepting the Hebrew chal－ dren．strange that they should have bren there． when they might easily have kept out of the way； But as Christ＂must necdx go through Samaria，＂ John 4：4，so a moral necessity Was upon thrim to riviest ayainst this new torm of idolatry They were obnexions to the Chaldeans，becauso companions of Daniel rino had eclipsed therr wise men in ihe in：－ terpretation of the dream．Now they would hase their revenge！＂Thrge men．＂King，har．nut r．－ garde it the＂．＇ $\mathbf{v}$ 12．Shadrach，Meshach，and Abed－ nefu wnild not fall down before that rolden imsire ： they would die first．Nebuchadneztar in a rate orders that a furnace ho heated ceven times hoterr than was wont and that they be cast into it torth－ rath．A terrible sentence！rmblematical of the nunshment in store for the executioner thems．lves and＇all who worsin the leant and his image．＂ Rev．14：10－11．These emissaries of the tyrant persh in the act of carryins out the cruel decrer． those three children of liod fall unharmed into the blazing furnace．Bebold the coodness and sererity of God！Kom．11：22．Now was fulfillerd to them the gracious promise，－＂when thou walk it throurh the fre．thou shall not be burned． $1=1: 43: \%$ ．＂By． faith thes que nened the violence of fire，H．eb， $11: 34$ ． A fourth was now seen with them，＂ili，thi，son of God．＂This Nebuchadnezpar mitered unconseious of its truth－in his mouth it meant＂＂naw，＂1．＂r． I：thumatharels are so called，Jot，as：－．He bids them come forth．They are carefully examined－
 Shadnezzar and those about him could not＇resist the testimony of their own eses and noses．As in another caso，they had to say，－＂a notahle miracle has been done and we cannot deny it．＂Acts $4: 16$. ＂Blessed be the riod of Shadrach．Mechach and Abednego．＂He had got the lenath of sasing，：wh＂ food is a god of itors ：he had not set learned to say s，ford．That he promnted the martyrs to hisher office than ther held before is no evideace of his contrition，but only of his trorldls wisden，in pre－ remine men of principle and steadfastners to the scophants by whom he was surrounded．One acod rsalt of the whole thing was to keep the Jews from榷dideratry during the remainder of the captivity，and aftermards．
Lisary that constance in religion commands the榷ipprobation of even wicked mes．，Prov．16：7，and What those do not know what true religion is who are华nwilline to suffer for it．Remember that ronriction utaos nei necessarily imply conurrsinn．Be stead－


June 2nd．J
B．C． 533.
［Daniel v：22－31．

## THE EANDEWIRTINGON THE WALL．

Gol．dex Tkxt．－＂Thouert beighed in the bulances， and cre found ranting．Verse 27 ．

Home Readings．－M．Dan．4：1－18．T Dan． $4: 19-$ 37．W．Ps．113：1－9．Th．Ps． $138: 1-8$ ．F．Dan．5： 1－10．S．Dan． $5: 17-31$ ．ड．Jer． 51 ：47－55．

Forts－two eventful rears had elapsed since the tragedy of the fiery furnace．During the interval， Nebuchadnezzar had another alarming dream，and sent for Daniel afain，who told bim of his approach－ ins bumiliation．He was visited tith seven sears of insanity of the most distressing kind．Tie proud monarch became an outcast of society，and had his duellitig with the beasts of the tield，ch． $4: 33^{3}$ after ＂his reison returned to him，＂be was reinstated as King．and professed his faith in God，ch．4：3\＆－35． Ceripture is silent alike as to his sonrorion，or his relapse he died 1．C． 5 inl，ia the 43 rd year of his reign，at about eights－four years of age，leaving his throne to his oun Enl－Merodach who was ass－ assimated a short time afterwards．
Belshazzar，the grandson of Nebuchadnezzar，was the last hing of BabyIon．History throws little light on his reign beyond confirming what is stated in the preceding verses of this chapter concerning the dissoluteness of his court．．On the last night of his life he made＂a great feast．＂$v$ ． 1 ．Csrus，king of Persith with a poweriul arms was even then at his gates：Babslon wasin a state of siege ：his life and kingdom wrere at stake，but the fenst went onall the Shme．Inflamed with wine－either from frolic，or to spite the Jews，be sent for the sacred vessels，for－ merly used in the Temple service at Jerusalem ； larticularly described，Ezra $11: 7-11$ ．From them they drank in honour of their heathen dieties．In the vers ast，the kink and all about him were hor－ rified br the apparition of the finjers of a hand which was seen to inseribe mysterious charariers on the Blaster No one conld read them．But a guilty conscrence is alwas－its own accuser．The King turned ghastly pale and trembled．Dinnirl is sent for．He reminds bim of his grandfather＇s crimes and punishment，and＂th，it l；＂rirest all this．Yet hast not humbled thy heart；＂ $5.2 \%$ ．See what he lass to his charge in 5.23 ．First， part cuiar rimes； then，the ceneral charge of $n+t$ ，＂，rituing fod－a charse that stands good acainst us all，Rum．3： 23. Then，when their sacriligious orcies were at their height，came thi：sntence，in Il cbrew letters，which explains why they could unt understand them－ Menp：reqeated．to mako it doubly sure－Thy lanodim in thinli，－finished the very last day of
 Erypians helieved that osiris weighed the actions of the dead in titeral Milance．Jehorah weighs the actions of wen otherwise，1 Sam．2：3 and Ps． óat．Lake counterfeit eoin，revolters hall bo reject－
 Phar－in，or Perea．the llebrew for Persian－an omnons word ju－t then to the Chaldeans！Verse 2 ：－Damelacceptidnort the rewards he hat before declined，（5．17）perthaps that the insignia of honour mikht secure for hunself and his raptive country－ men consideration at the hands of the new dynasty． That nikht Belshazzar mas slain：Darius．in the name of cyrus，took the king 30 m ，and so was ful－ filled the words of the old prophet，about the breast and arms of silver．Ch． $2: 32$ ．Isaiah foretold the fall of Bahylon $1^{-n}$ yeare before：Is． $21: 9$ ，and Jere－ miah at a later jeriod，Jer． 51 ：31－39，

Ifrars to avoid scenes of dissipation and revolry． You cannot serve God and Minmmon．Ta escape the contamination of the ungodly，come ont from among them and be separate． 2 Cor． $6: 17$ ．The ultimato punichment of the mpenitent is certain，Heb．10： 26－24．

## (1)u ome Cburcb.

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E invite attention to the advertisement, on another paye of this number, respecting tuemeeting of Tue Geseral Assemble. The Supreme Court meets this year in the city of Hamilton, and within the Central Caurch there, on Wedneeday, the 12 h June, at $7: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$ The Cierks of Presbyteries atd Conveners of Standing Committees are requested to have all documents intended for the Assembly in the hands of the Clerk thereof, at the times specified in Dr. Reid's notice. All Commissicners should avail themselves of the offer to secure for them the advantages of reduced travelling fares, as speedily as possible, so as to avoid hurry and confusion at the last moment. It is hoped there will be a full attendance upon this occasion. Let the Elders suffer the word of exhorta-tion:-"Come to the front!" 'rake your place alongside your Ministers, and help to lay the foundations of the Church of the Future in thiggrand Dominion! There is a great deal of very important work to be done at this time. Let congregations see to it that both Ministers and Elders have their travelling charges paid. Congregations who may have delayed sending their contributions for any of the Schemes of Church ought to remit whatever they intend to give, at once. Those in the Maritime Provinces to Dr. McGregor, Halifax; those in the West, to Dr. Reid, Box 2567, Toronto. The Tressurer of the French Evangelization Fund is Rev. R. H Warden, Montreal.

## ORDINATIONS AND INDUC TIONS.

Kilstte amd Norta Derbt: Owen Sound: -Mr. A. F. Mackeazie was ordained and inducted on 6th March.

Rochesterfille: Ottawa Pres:-The Rer. Joseph White was inducted on 12 th March.
Alton and Charlegton:-The Rev. A. McFaul was inducted to the charge of Alton, recently united with Cbarleston, on March 19th.

Carenish: I. E. Island:-The Rev. Ni. P. Archibald was inducted 22 nid March Woonstock: St. John:-Rev. J. Mic Gregor McKay was inducted the 25ia March.

Lobo and Cabadoc: Loudon:-Rev. John Fergueun, B. A., was inducted on the 3rd April.
Belgrate: Ifurom:--The Rev. W. T. Wilkins, furmerly of Strattord, was inducied 3d April.

Newnarret: Toronto:-Mr. Frizzel was ordaiued and inducted to this charge on the 4th April.
Hellett asd Londesboro: Hurm:Rev. John S. Lochead, formerly of Vallepfield, was inducted 218 st A pril.
Woonstock: Paris: - Arrangements have been made for the induction of Rer. W. A. MacKay, formerly of Baltimore and Coldsprings, to Chalmer's Church, Wood. stock, on the 7th May.

Calls:-The Rev. R. J. Creig har ac. cepred a call to Millpoint, Kingston Pres. The F.ev. Henry Gracey has been ealled to Gananoque, in the eame Presbytery. The Rev. Alex. Tait has accepted a coll to Mnno and Caledon, Toronto. Rev. A. C. Morton, of Montreal, has received a call in the charge of North Goner, Ottaza. Rer. Mr. Pritchard has received a call to Man. chester and Smith's Hill, in Huron Pree bytery. Rev. J. McMechan, of Picton, Ont., has been called to Waterdown, and Rev. E. D. McLaren, of Cheltenham, to Simcoe.

The Crescent St. Church, Montreal, hare given a call, numerously signed, to Rev. A. §. Mack 3 , of Brighton, England; stipend, \&4,000. The Rev. Principal Willie, norr 0 i Loouhn, E gignd; Dr. Fraser, of Marjie hone Clurch, Inodion, and Rev. J. C. Bax ter, D. D, of Monireal, were appointed to support the call before the Presbytery $\dot{\alpha}^{\circ}$ London.

New Cacrches; Toponto:-The oper in:g of a very ha:dsume new church, for the uee of the old St Andrew's Congregs. ticn, Toronto, proved an interesting occs. fion, on account of the associations sag: gested by the removal of the congregation from its old church, crected in 1830. Rer. Dr. Barclay, for mai.y y are the pastor d this church, alluted in feeling terms to it early history and fr grese, and to some o: the bonourtel marres who had been connected with it. The opening services wen conducted by Professor McLaren, Dr. Jardine, of Calcutta, and Rev. D. J. Mscdor Inell. The church has cost about $\$ 31,000$,
snd the congregation，under Dr．Milligan， is in a tlourishing condition．
Thenford，OSt．：－A beautiful whise brick church was opened in this thriving village，on the 17th March．The Rev．J． Allister Murray，of London，preached morning and afternoon，and Rev．Thomas Duncan，of Forest，in the evening，to large audiences．The collections made at the opening services exceeded $\$ 2,000$, a kum eufficient to defray the entire debt on the building－a circumstance which redounde to the credit ot the pastor，Mr．Currie，and his congregation．
Glasevilie，New Brivswick：－On 20th March，the new church at Glessville was opened by Rev．J．McG．McKay．Rev，P Melville，New Kincardive，also addressed the s88embly．The eale of pents was suf－ ficient to cover all expenses．Glarsville ras founded in 1861 by a colony of Scotch settlers，formed hy Rev．C．G．Glasa， now of Sprioghill，N．S．It has made rapid progress．The cougregation has been sup－ plied chiefly by catechists，Mr．W．Dasson having been there for the paft year．Glafs－ ville and Florenceville number about s0 Presbyteriaa families．They have two comfortable places of worship．

Congrbgational Reports have been re－ ceived irom the following：－Crescent Street Church，Moutreal ；St．Andrew＇s and Daly Street Churches，Ottara；St．Paul＇$\varepsilon$ ，Peter－ borough ；St．Andrew＇s and St．John＇s，Al－ monte；Maitland Presbyterian Church， N．S．；Orillis Presbyterian Church； Chalmer＇s Church，Eingston．All these弯eporte are full and interesting，giving evi－ dence of good management，progress and parosperity．We observe that in several of稡hese the＂Schedule System＂has been W新sdopted．In all of them，save one，解the names of the contributors to the器chemes of the church，with the amounte匋given by each，are printed in detail．Two Whor three of these congregations appear to
䧼 rould be a grand thing for them if they縈 0 uld＂lay sside．＂

The Veserable Moderator of the Gen－ ral Assembly，Rev．Dr．Macleod，Sydney， C．B，tas been laid aside by illness for a Sreat part of the year．It is hoped，how－翰ver，thet he will be sufficiently recruited 30 sttead the Assembly at Hamilton．Rev． Mackay，Summerside，P．E．Island，met ith an accident，which well nigh proved Wital．He is elomly recovering．

A chion meeting of the congregations in he city of Ottawa was held in Knox Church
there，on the evening of 10 th A pril，Rev．F． W．Farries presiding．There was a large attendauce．Addresees were delivered，on Heme Miesione，by Mr．Croil of Montreal， on French Evangelization by Kev．John Scrimger，of St．Juseph St．Church，Mon－ tres1，and on Foreign Missions by Rev．Dr． Jardine，lately froni Calcutta．

The Association of Ministers and El－ ners of Halifax and Dartwouti，at a recent con＇ererce，reccmmended the Hyrun Book of the Presbyterian Church of England to congregations that had not yet made a se－ lection of a Hym Book．
Revival：－－The readers of the Record will be pleased to hear that there has been a great religious awakening in the congre－ gation of Mabou and Port Hood，C．B．For five conrecutive wofks，meetings were beld in Mabou，and for three and a halt weeks in Port Hood．The pator，Rev．A．F． Thomson，was ably assisted by the Rev．J． McLean，of Broad Cove，the Rev．E．T． Cartonell，Baptist Muister of Mayance， and Mr．John Harley．Mr．Carbonell has been an honoured insirument is God＇s hands of doing good in other places，but he ex－ presses it the his opinion that he had never before witnessed a work so deep and exten－ sive．The Sarrament of the Lord＇s Supper was dispersed at Mabou on March loth， and at Port Hood on March 17th，when $\times 0$ new names were added to the roll of church membership in the former place， and 3 at the latter－in all 118 ．＂Mhen we remember that this is one of the smallest congregations of our church－numbering only about 50 trmilies－the people and Ministers there may well eay：－＂The Lord hath done grest things for uf；whereof we are glad．＂Truly it is the work of God．For monthe people were anxious about their souls，but they had not the courage to tell others of their anxiety till those times of $r$ freehing came ；and now the houest，up－ right men－the business men，the sceptics sid the profligate men of the place－have been brought humbly to bow to the mild sceptre．

## woments associations．

The Women＇s Foreigy Misshovary So－ ciets，of Halifax，held its firet annual meeting on the sth April．Including a handsome remittance of over $\$ 390$ from the Auxiliary in St．John＇s，Newfoundland，the receipts for the year amounted to over $\$ 1,000$ ．The Halifax Society guarantees the ealary（\＄100）of Mise Blackader，one of our Missionaries in Trinidad．The con－
tributions from Newfoundland are devoted to the eupport of Senana work in India. An Auxiliary has been formed at Truro, and others are about to be organized.

The Annoal Meeting of the Toronto Womans' Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, was held in Knox Church, Toronto, on the 9ih A pril. There was a large attendance of members and representatives from the sister Society in Hamilton and others. The Annual Reports of the Menagers and of the Home and Foreign Secretaries and Treasurer were read and a Committee of Management for the ensuing year appointed from which the following officers were chosen:-
President, Mrs. Mclaren. Tice-Presidents, Mrs. Burds, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Ewart. Mrs. Gregg. Recording Secrelary, Mrs. MacMurcby. Foreign Secretary. Mrs Harwie. Home Secretary, Miss Topp. Trecasurer, Mrs. King.

Delegates from other Societies spoke hopefully of the work in different parts of the country. The reports of the Secretaries shewed a steady advance in all the departments. During the year $\$ 2,400$ has been paid to the Treasure of the General Assembly's Foreign Mission Fund.

The Rev. K. F. Jenor, our new missionary to Form083, sailed with his wife and child from San Francisco in the "City of Peking" on the lit of April. On the 15th February, the date of Rev. G. L. Mackay's last note, be was safe and well. He makes no further references to the recent disturbances.

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0T. JOHN: 12tin March:-Mr. Fitzpatrick declined the call to St. James. Three probationers and eleven C -iechists were applied for to the Home Mission Board. The following Commissions were appointed to the General Assembly: Rev Messre Jack, Millen, MacRae, K. McKay, and Drs. Bernet and Waters, Minis ters; and Cruikshank, M. Lindsay, G. Robertson, A. L. Wright, Judge Stevens, and Dr. Macdonald, of Hamilton, Ont., Elders. Moderation in a call was granted to Stanley and Nashwaik. On March 25:-The Presbytery met at Woodstock and inducted Rev. J. McG. McKay:-And on the 27th at Fredericton for visitation of St. Paul's Church. The demission of Rev W. Caven was tendered and reluctantly accepted by the Presbytery. He will carry with him the best wishes of both Presbytery and people.
Truro: March 20th:-The Presbytery met at Truro. At the earnest solicitation of the people of Clifton, and with the concur-
rence of the Presbytery, Rev. J. Byers withdrew his demiesion of that charge. Rev. Dr. Jenkins was nominated Moderatur of General Assembly. Messrs. Abram Tupper, Ieaac McCurdy, A. B. Fletcher, or John S. Crowe, alternate, were appointed to the General Assembly. Congregations were eujoined to make collections before the 1st June to defray expenses of Commissioners. Moderation in a call was granted to the congregation of Coldstream, Rev J.W. Chase to preside.
Applications for $\$ 100$ each of Supple ment was made for Coldstream and Parrsboro. The Presbytery adopted a resolution strongiy diespproving of a Lottery scheme which has its headquarters at Truro.
Wailisce; March 12th: -The Presb;tery held a very satisfactory and encourag. ing visitation of the congregation of St . Matthew's, Pugwash. The pastor, Mr. Sutherland, ministers to a widely scattered people, and progress is manifest from year to year.
Lispsay: 26th Feb: The following Commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly, Revs. James T. Paul, John $\mathrm{McNabb}, \mathrm{A}$. Currie, and J. Hastie, Ministers: Mesers. J. C. Gilchrist, Alexander Leask, John McTaggart and Donald Gilchrist, Elders. Remits were considered. That on the Widow s Fund was approved. The appoint. ment of one Ageni for the Home Mission, French Evangelization and other Schemes was recommended. A common fund for the Colleges was approved. The names of retired ministers were recommended to te retained on the roll, and also those of ordained missionaries. Rev. E. Cockiurn gave notice of an overture on the securing of uniformity in praise.
Sargeen: 12, 13 March:-The business was chiefly of local intertst. Commissioneri were appointed to the General Assembly as follows:-Revs. R. C. Moffat, J. McCluog, Daniel Duff and John Baikie, Ministers: Messrs. James Murdoch, A. S. Allan, William Harknese, and Thomas Lauder, Elders. Rev. William Park gave in his resignation of the Clerksbip which was at lowed to lie on the table till next meeting.
Guelph: 12th March :-The Commiesior. ers appointed to the General Absemhly were as follows:-Ministers, Mesers. Smellic, Torrance, Maseon, McPherson, Wardrope, Mullan, and Ball : Elders, Messrs. Fordgee, McCrae, Robb, Davidson, Campbell, Muir, and Barnet. In refereace to the remits: that on the Widows' Fund was referred to a small committee; the appointment of 8 Home Mission Agent was negatived; 8 common College Fund was disapproved; it was agreed that ordained miesionaries emb
ployed for one year or more should have their names on the roll. A minute was adopted in reference to the death of Rev. Andrew Dryburgh of Hawksville and Elmira. Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of Montreal, was nom:nated for the Moderatorship of the General Assembly. Some time was epent in a conference on the state of religion, and addresses were delivered on pastoral visitation, and Evangelistic Rervices. Sabbath School mattere alao engaged the attention of the Court. [In regard to the last named item of business, other Presbyteries would do well to imitate this Presbytery in their endeavours to promote Sabbath School interests.]
Whirby : 1ith March :-There was a full atterdance of members. Propocals were concidered for a readjustment of the Congregations in the Township of Pickering siih a view to their greater efficiency. Mr. Rogers read an overture on Hymology which was alopted by the Preabyterv. Mesers Douglas, Chambers and Little, Ministers, were appointed Commissioners to the General Acsembly, ai:d Mesgrt. Fairbairn, J. C. Smith, and George Laing, Elders.
Stratford : 19th March :-Tue following Commissioners were appointed,-Messrs Hislop, Stewart, Renwick, Hamilton, McLeod and Scott, Ministers, Messrs A R. Morrison, R. Patterson, Jas. McDonald, James Crerar, Alex. McTavish, and Wm. Fotheringham, Elders. Renits were considered. That ou Widow's Fund approved, excepting that it was thought better to terminate the connection with the fund, of Ministers leaving the Church, by an equitable payment. The appointment of a Home Miss:on Agent, and a common College Fund, were both disapproved. It was agreed to recommend that the names if retired Ministers and ordained missionaries he retained on the roll with certain limitations.
Giengarry: 19th March:-A minute was adopted expressing the regrt with which the Presbytery regarded the removal of Rev. J. S. Mullan from the bounds, and ther appreciation of his many excellent gualincations of head and beart. Mr. Grant's resignation of Vankleek hill was arcepted. Commissioners were appointed as followe, Ministers, Dr. Macnish, Messrs J. S. Burnet, C. Cameron, and W. Ross; Elders Mesers J. R. Mackenzie, John MacLennan, A. J. Grant and R. Wilson. In rebus the Remite, it was agreed that the Widow's Fund regulations be approved: Home Xisaion Agency disapproved: Common Fund for Colleges approved: Retired Ministers and ordained $M$ issionaries should
have their names on the roll. The draft of ecclesisetical procedure was approved with certain modifications, inter alia, that a uniform method of electing Commissioners should be appointed by the Assembly. London: 16th March:-Rev. John Thompson was appointed Moderator. Mr. McDermid's resignation of Burn's Church and Bear Creek, Moore, mas reluctautly accepted on the ground of his ill health. The Rev. John Munro of New Glsegow accepted a call from Niseouri. Un mótion of Kev. Mungo Fraser, it was agreed to transmit an overture to the Syyod antnt a Hymn Book tor use in public worship. Dr. Proudfoot was nominated for the Moderatorship of the General Assembly. The followng Commissioners were chosen, Messer John Rennie,J.A.Murray,Geo. Sutherland, Mungo Fraser, and Dr. Proudioot, Ministers : David Gray,C. McDuagall, D. S. Robertson, T. Gordon, J, N. Robson, Adam Murray, John Wikon, James Cowan, and Peter McCallum, Elders.
Hamilox: 19, 20 March:-Present 25 Ministers and 12 Elders. Mr. Hancock was appointed Moderator. A call from Waterdown to Rev. J. NcMechap, of Picton, was sustained, and one from Simeve to Rev. E. D. McLaren, of Chelte日ham. The Rev. W. F. Clarke, in accordauce with his own expressed desire, was declared to be no longer a minister or member of thie Church. The following Commissioners were elected,viz.Messre. Cheyne, Livingstone, Herald,Campbell, Wilson, Fletcher, Laing, Burson and Dr. James, Ministers: Mesers. A. J. McKenzie. Charlton, W. Henderson, Buntin, McQueen, McCulla, Hutchison, Renton, and A. Wilson (Waterdown) Elders. Rev. Johu Laing introduced an overture to be presented to the General Assembly anent a Hymn Book tor the use of congregations and Saboath Schoole. Dr. Jenkins of Mortreal was nominated as Moderator of the next (leneral Assembly. The Remits from the Genieral Assemtly were discussed.

Brockilile: 19, 20 March:-Eighteen ministers and eight Elders were present. Rev. Thomas Duncan of Halifax was nominated a; Moderator of next General Assembly. The following Commissioners were appointed, -Messrs. Mckenzie, Chesnut, Cameron, Leishman, Čanuing, Burns, Ministers: and Hon. Alex. Linrris, Messrs. Christie, Cassels, Cochrane, Hart and Cassels, Elders. Rev. George Porteous demitted his charge of Matilda, and Mesers. J. W. Chesnut and A. H. Cameron respectively resigned their charges of Dunbar, and South Gower and Mountain.
Barrie: 25 March:-The Rev. William Cleland's resignatiua of the charge of $W$.

Gwillimbury and Innisil was accepted. In dealing with Home Mission aftairs the Presbytery made a number of changes in the grouping of its numerous and extensive mission fields. It was agreed to institute Presbyterial visitation of the congregations of the tounds. A commitiee mas appointed to obtain ministerial supply during the summer at Bracebridge while Bishop Findlay is absent supervising the stations of the Muskoka District and pursuing his zealous explorations in distant parts of the field.

Kingston: 26,27 March:-It was resolved to seek the services of nine missionaries for the ensuing aummer. The Rev. D. H. Steele tendered his resignation of the ciarge of Amherst Island. A call from Mill Yoint in favour of Rev. R J. Craig has suetained, and arrangements made for his induction on list May. Mr. Gracey's :nduction at Gananoque ras fixed for 2nd ifay. Five graduates of Queen's College passed satisfactory examinations for licensure, viz:Messrs. H. Taylor, A. McLern, A. H. Scoit, T. S. Glassford, and J. Mordy. The follorsing Commissioners were appointed, viz:Ministers, Dr. Neill, Dr. Williamson, Andrew Wilson, Professor Mackerras, Principal Grant, John Burton, Alexander Young: Elders. Ir. Boalter, Alex. Yacalister, A. G. Nurthrup, Willism Coverdale, Walter Mackenzie, A. F. Wood, and W. G. Craig. The renit anent Ecclesiastical Pro cedure tras considered in part, and that aneu? a Pidows' Fund, nyproved simpliciter

Prefanorotrin: 26th March:-Filteen jisuas'ers and eighi Elders present Rev. Wm. McKay was irsuslated from lialtimore and Coldeprings to Chalneers Church, Woodstock. The resignation of Mr. Howneti to lie on the thble for tirse monthe, in the hope that it will then be withdramn. The Commisfioners appointed to the General Assembly aro MIcurs Ewing, Win-
 nisters: Sander:on, Rt:secil, Caruegie, Fi. theringhans, Morrison, Smith, Elders. The Remit on the liidoms Fand approved of with recommencistic:: io -ubstitute in the 1lth clanse 52 or sl. The appoinine nt of 2 Hame Mission Agent was noi appioved oi. The present arrangenfent regarding the Coileges to contitabe lior at least another year. Nismes of Ondained Miss:onaries to be pat on Roll. Resclied that the names of Xinisists retirigg with leave of Assembly and living within the hounds be retained on the Roll of Presi retery. Committee appointed to examine and report upon Ecclesiasticsl procedure. Questions wothice bearers and the formula sill spproved of.

Hrros:-lit mas agieed to translate lier. Ii. Gracey to Gananoque, and the Presbr-
tery recorded their high appreciation of Mr. Gracey's ability, zeal, and success in the discharge of his duties during the 13 year: Le has ? aboured within the bounds. Mr. Fergason was appointed Convener of the Presbytery's Home Missiop Committee. A Committee was appuinted to consider the draft on ecciesiastical procedure and to report to next meeting. Arrangemenis were made for Mr. Lochead's induction: Huilettand Londeshoro' and for Mr. reit kins induction at Belgrave.

Montreal: 2, 3 April.-Inter alia, the following Commissioners to the Genersi Assembly were elected,-Rers. Dr. Muir, James Watson, Jamer Patterson, Johs Mackie, Principal 펴ac Vicar, Dr. Jenkins, Robt. Campheli, James S. Black, Cbas. i. Doudiet, Ministers: Messrs. Alexande: MacPherson, David Macfarlane, A. C. Hutchison, Andrew Boa, A. C. Clark, Andrew Sommerville, David Morrice, Win Robb, James Lillie, Elders. The Homt Mlission report $\begin{aligned} & \text { as given in by Rev. R. H. }\end{aligned}$ Warden and was highly eatisfactory. The report on the state of religion mas presented by the Convener, Rev. James Patteriod. Dr. Jenkins tras nomineted as Mirderatorci the vex: General Assembly. The Rev.J.C. Baxter, D. D., Noderator of the Presbytert, haring receired an appointment as deleagie to the united Preshyterian Synod whice meets in Edinburgh this month, receives lespe of absence accordingly. Thrcestudeas of the Preslosterian College of Monires: passed satisfactory examinations, Messr: McKillop, McLrod and Russell. Tit Presbytery concluded consideration of $i=$ remit oa éculesiastical Procedure, and ales oi that pertaining to the Widotss' Fusi Principal MacVicer introduced, Meser: Camerle, Internoscia, and Tanguas-txjrieets ol tire Church of Rome-and a come muttee sppointrai to exa:nine them refortis ascourat'ry, and was continued, to repar, further ai nexi mecting.

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食 HIS Srnod, which mei at Strationd a the 9 th Aprii, h.is on ite roll no its than 1io Ministers and an equa! narber of Elders. The Rev. John Laing, reta ing Modersion, preached the opecing st mon, atter which the Rev. R. Hamiton, $i$ Motherweil, wno elected Moderator. y: Laing preeented a very enistiactory repu: of a correspondence Lad rith the Educt tional Department in reterence to the az of the Bible in public schools, from: what: it mas made clear that,

Firatly-School Boards and Trustees can lamfulls require their teachers to use the Bible or portions thereof as part of the ordinary exercises of the schuol, giving, bowerer, such explunatious only as are needed for a proper understanding of what is read ; and, secondly-there is nothing in the reguhations or programme respecting tha public schools nCTI in force which can prevent the introduction of suci reading of the Holy Scriptures ns part of the regutar course of instruction and work of the school, when he Trustees or School Bourds require this to be done. But, on the contrary. the law pernits, and the rosulations strongly recommend, the duily practice c. such roligious exercises.

Petitions for the formation of a nef Presbytery were considered and transmitted to the Aseembly. da Uverture, anent $a$ Hymn Book, vrsi discussed. The Ccm mittee on Sabbath Observance presented an excellent report through Rer. R. N. Grant, Convener. The Rer. J. N. Mitchell gare in the annual report on the State of Religion, which elicited a number of short and suitable addresses, and led the Synod to urge on Presbyteries the duty of holding an Annual Conference in each, on the State of Religion within their bounds. Rev. James Sieveright ifad an interesting report on the subject of Temperavce. The Rev. Mungo Fraser reported on behalf of the Sabbsth School Committee, recommend-ing-

1. Presbsterial Conferenees with the teacher:
2. Classes for training teachers

3 Teachers' weekly mectinge for the studs of the lessons.
4. That hereaffer that portion of the zeport on the State of Relicion, referrins to Sabbath Schools. be formarded to the Convencr of the Sabbath School Cormituec.

It was agreed to hold the nevt meeting of Syzod in the city of London.

## Cbre Colleges.



HE sessions ar Khux Coilege, Turoato, and tae Presbyterian College, Montieal, were eacin hrought to a close on the 3d of April, with the customary obser vauces, and with certainis no decreace of interest on part of the syectaters and the public at larze. Inrieed the Colliges ap. pear to be grining in the affecions of our prople, and we shall be grestly di-sppuinted if, when the proper time comes, we do not hatar of liberal things boing done tor their endermpnt and beiter equipmeni. Pro fesoor Gregg delivered the clecite leciure st Knex. on "The Mossic Autiorship at the Bock of Denteronome." Paicipa! Caren, in aunouncing the names of succescini cnmpetitors frir prizes, took aceasion to refer to the satisfactory coudition of the College generalls. The follaring are the namee in the graduating class who are Dow in a positioa io spply for license to
preach, viz.: Meserf. A. T. Colter, F. R. Beattie, F. Ballantyne, J. B. Hamilton, J. Johnston, J. Walkie, A. Leslie, J. McCoy, D. Ross, D. G. AscKay, W. J. Smith, A. Fraser, T. Atkinson, D. Currie, and J. G. Watt-in all fifteen. The closing eervices of the Montreal College were conducted in Erskine Church, which was well flled on the occasion. Principal MicVicar presided, and made the usual announcemente. There were in all 63 students during the session, of whom six had now completed their Curriculum-making in all 42 gradnates of the College. Forty or fitty of the students will be employed as Missionaries this summer; uf these nineteen are French, or able to speak in French and English. The Rev. A. B. McKay, of Brighton, England, closed the proceedings with as excellent address to Christian norkers.

The names of the graduates of this year gre:-Mlsesrs. J. R. McLeod, C. McKillop, W. D. Russell, A. B. Cruchet, J. Allan and G. F. Walker.

## Gbituary.

Rev. Geo. Chetie. The death is -announced of this venerable father who has been in the service of the Church from the year 1831, until quate recently, when the infirmities of age compolled him to retire from active ministerial duties. Mr Chepne was a native of Alherdeensiize, born on the $15 \mathrm{Jnly}, 1802$. He ras educated st Merischal College, and was ordained by the Presbrteryof Strathbogie in 1831, "to the office of the Ministry in the British Proviaces of Noith America, wherever Providence may order his lot"" He zettled first at dmineretbargh, rhere he remaiced a number of jears. He b came minister of Saltfleet and Binbrooke in September, 1S43. In the folloming year he identified h meeif rith the Free Cnuzch. He ras a man of fine paris and smiable di-pusitioss, and it ras to him a matter of great consolation that be lived to see the two Churches rewnited atter the lapse cif a mhole generation. He was very mucin regpected and beluved.

Mr. Jons Ratcisff, of Columbue, Ont., died suddenly on tie 9th of March. He ras hern in A-ondn!e, Lanarkshire, in 1s13, aud coming to this country in 1833, settled in the torachip of Whithy. Dr. Thorton was his first Pastor, ard to him the deceased ored very much, as be ras almays formard to tistify. He was ordaincil to the E!dership in 1956, abont the time that Columbus ard Brookl:n wre formed into a esparate charge, ack rencered eminent services to
the congregation and the district. Mr. Ratcliff was an enthusiastic Sabbath Sctool teacher; he was a zealous and consistent advocate of temperance for twenty two years, a faithful and upright magietrate, and, indeed, a man active in every good work. One of his sone is now the minister of our Church in Ancaster; others are receiving an education which will fit them for filling protessional positione, we trust, in the spirit of their honoured father.
Mr. Willian Boa.- Tbe congregation of Cote des Neiges, near Montreal, and its pastor, Rev James Wellwoed have suitained a great less by the death of their highly estefmed senior Elder, Mr. Boa, who was called to his reit and remard on 24th Feb ruary last. ${ }^{\top}$ Ts sixty years since $M_{1}$ r. Boa left his native county of Roxborough, Scotland, and settled upon his farm near the village of St. Laurent, and during that long period he wasanactive sud consistent mem Ser of the Presbyterian Church; first in connection with St. Andrewr's Church, Mon treal, subsequently with Erekine Church, in which be wasordained to the Eldership, and, latterly, with the Church at Cote des Neiges, in the erection of which he took a deep interest. He died at the ripe age of $S 0$ yeare, leaving behiod him the record of a well spent life. fe feared God above many. Fis entire deportment and character were in harmony with his Christian profestion. His death was that of the righteous. He departed this life on $\mathbf{a}$ Sabbath evening-in " perfect peace."

## Ertlesiastiral 裙efos.

霓
 of Scothand will inaugurate its nert premises, formerly the Theatre Rosal, Edinbureh, by holding its Annual Meeting there, commencing on the $13 t h$ instint. In some respects the meeting is looked formard to with more than usual interect. if not andiety. The Enited Presbyterian Church has latels been " coming to the front "in respect ui sume of the burning questions of the daj. None of the other caurcies have thought it necessary to propose $\Omega$ revision of the Standard of Orthodors, bat the C . P. Charch has done so, bs the appointunent at i's last General Srnod oía large committee, including the ablest theologians in tho Church, to examine the Confession of Faith, and to rejort how it mas be best adapted for the use of the Churcher in the nineteenth centurs. In thomeantime the libel sersed upon tie Ror. Fergus Ferguson is being prosecuted, whilo the Rer. Darid MoRse, nito is evidents courting martsrdom in that mas, has hitherto been alHowed to escape discipline. Er. Black sad Ret. James Buchansa hafe been appointed prosecutors
in the Ferguson case. Dr. Caims, professor of At,ologetics in the C. P. Hall, Dr. Young of Glasgut, and, possibly, ex-prorost Morton, of Greenock, are expected to risit Canadat this summer and to appear as delegates in uur dieneral Assembly. On our part, Rer. J. C, Bexter. D.D., of Stanldy St. Church, Montrea!, has been commissioned to represent the Canadian Church in the L, P. Ssnod at Edinburgh, The Rer. John K. Campbell, u: St Andrew's C. P. Church, Greenock, together with full half of his Congregation, hare joined the Established Church.
The Fref Chitur Assembly mets in Glasgor on the 2 3rd Inst. The Rer. Andrew Bonar D. D. of Glasgors is expected to be Moderator. At a recent mereting the Free Presbsters of Edinburet, took up an orerture calling upun the Assembls to declare that the morement recently entered upon by the self-styled cinastitutivnalists dues not represent the church, and that no legislation applied to the Establisbed Church could meet the Claim of Right ad.jpted in 15s2. Rer. W. Balfour opposed the werture,stating, anons other reasons, that the disestablishment morement as at present adrocated by a section of the Church was inconsistent with the Claim of Right. After a long debate, in which Dr. W. C. Smith, Dr. Begs. Dr. Rains and others took part, the transinission of the orerture was carried bs 47 rotes to 12

Th. Contitutionaliats, be it understood, is the nane assumed bs a number of Free Church ministers under the leadership of $\mathrm{Dr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ Begg. Dr Kenneds, of Dingrrall, Dr. Thomas Sinith of Edinburgh, and Mr. Balfour, who, while professing to hold the true principles of the Free Church are charged bs the ecosnised lenders of the Free Church rith divisive and unconstizutional courses, inasmuch as their intention is alleged to be adesign to undermine the attachment of the Highlanders to the Free Church, and to make them look to a junction with the Establishment is "a return to Canaan !" From this it may be gatbered that the fortheoming Assembly in Glasgurs mill nut likels be a rest harmonius onc.

At the clusing of the new Cullene, Edinburgh, Dr. Eains adverted to the proposal to shorten the theological Curriculum from four to three scarsSjeaking of the influence of Mrissionaries, he said thes wight rebuke those who were sitting upon therr cess at home, hatchang magrots aboatoriginal sin. splitting hairs over disputed teats, and generalIs, seching to perfect their theors of the irrezular rerb. The Stedests of the new College, ata large15 attended mecting, passed a series of resolations apnanst the proposed shortenine of the Curriculam of Studs, in which it is set forth that the adrance of culture in the communits, the extended range of theological enquirs, and the increased attention derntad 8 r, theological questions, point to the necessits of maintaining s higher standard of efflciency in the ministry than oror before, and that it is impossible to cromd the nori. of four sessions into three siithoat doing great injustice to che subjects and to the students slso.

De. Jons Tullock, the accomplished Principal of St. Andrew's University, will be the Moderator of the general Assembly of the Established Church, which also meets in Edinborgh on the 23rd Inst. The Endomisent Scheye of this Church is one of its most popular and successful enterprises. It commenoed in 1845. In the course of 30 years under the manazement of Dr. Robertson and Dr. Smith, 250 new parishes were erected, being equal to an increase of one fourth on the original number. In 18i6, set another hundred parishes was ventured upon, and, already, twenty-one have been endowed.
The American Churches are alreads moring in the matter of the Geveral Presbyteriai Conscil to be held in Philadelphia in 1sso. A meeting of the General Committee is to be held at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 21st inst. Rier. Dr. Beadle of Philadelphia is tive Consener of the Committec. In the bands of tioe American brethren the Council is cer$t \operatorname{tin}$ to be a great success.
The Mildyat Propaetic Conperfnce held in England in March last mas largels attended, and much interest was manifested in the discussion by the space of three dass, of the premiliennial Advent and personal reign of the Lord Jesus Christ. Among the loading expounders of this interestang subject were Lord Shafisburs, Canon Hoarc, Dean Freemantle, Canon Auriol, Dr. Horatio Bonar, and many others, whu expressed their united and firn conviction that our Lord's second coming is both persomal and prenillennial, and that no other hopo can be entertained of relief for this sin-stricken world, bat that arising from the appearing of our Sarioar on earth to take unto himself bis great power and reign, when, -" the carth shall be fall of the Knowledse of the Lord, as tho waters corer the sor." The adrocates of this theory look for the restoration of the Jems to Palestinc as an erent that may be expected ans das; that thes will rebuild the Trmplo in its original spiendour; that the Satiour mill reappear on the Mount of Olives : that the eres - f Isracl will then be opened to sec their \$essiahthey shall look believinaly "on Ilim whom they hare pirretd :" and. that ehrn, and not till then, shall be the time of the world's conversion.
A hears blow has fellen upon the rictoria Nsanza Asission of the Church Missionars Society. There is reason to fear that two more good and true mer have been called to lay down their iires on behalf of Africa. A telegram has been received confering the sad intelligence that Licutenant G. S. Smith, the leader of the Missionary Expedition, and Mir. O'Vili, a fellow-labourer with him, had lost their lives bs rinlence.

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## Westerz Sxction.

 Toranto on 26th March. Rev. Dr. Cuchrane, Convener, Rev. R. H. Warden, Secretary. The claims of Presby-teries for services rendered to Supplemented congregations and mission stations during the past six months were carefully considered and appropriations made to the extent of $\$ 9002.01$ in all. Letters were read from the Presbytery of Manitoba, asking the appointment of seven additional missionaries -including one to Priace Albert, and one to the Canads Pacific Railway. The committee were enabled then and there to make three gppointments ou: of the seven asked, viz:-The Rev. Alex. Smith, formerly of Cheleea, Que., Rev. A. H. Cameron of North Gower, Oat., and Rev. J. Douglas of Port Perry, Ont. Lake Superior:-The Committee recorded its astisfaction with the services of Rev. D. McKerracher at I'hunder Bay, and expressed the hope that he will see his way to the acceptance of a call to the stated oversight of this congregation. Mr. J. R. Mcleod, a graduate of Montreal Presbyterian College was appointed to Sault Ste Ifarie for the summer months, in the hope that he may be induced, in accordance with the wishes of the people, to remain there for a term as ordained missionary, in which case he should be guaranteed a stipend of at least $\$ 800$ per annum, with the assurance of generous support from the committee. Mrskoks.-Tbe Rev. A. Findlay, ordained missionsry in this district,was present and gave a most interesting and comprehensive sketch of the field and its pressing needs. It was resolved to appoint a missionary for Parry Sound. District in place of Mr. Reeve who retires.
Aprointuents were mada for ninety-six student missionaries to labour in various fields during the ensuing summer. The estimated expenditure for the jear in this Western Seclion is $\$ 35,000$. The receipts to 26 th March were $\$ 21,400$, leaving a balance against the Fund of $\$ 13,600-\mathrm{a}$ large purtion of which it is expected will be forthcoming before the terminstion of the ecclestical year, $i$ e., this Ist May.

## IVaies' frenty Ebangelization Socricty.

O quietly and unostentatiously does this Society carry on its work that many of the readera of the Record may not even be aware of its existence. Established sbout three years aso, for the purpose of ministering to the temporal, moral, and spiritual interests, especially of the mives and children of French Canadian converts from Romanism, it has by God's blessing done not a little to elevate these classes, and has rendered good service in the cause
of French Evangelization. It has enlisted the sympathy and practical co-operation of many of the active Christian ladies in the various Presbyterian Congregations of Montreal, and deserves the cordial support of the friends of French Missions throughout the entire Church.

The Society conducts weekly sewing classes in both the Eastern and Western sections of the city for French Canadian mothers, at which religious instruction is given. These have accomplished much, in fostering a spirit of self-reliance among the converts, an illustration of which is found in the fact that steps are now being taken by the Russell Hall congregation to organize a self-supporting Dorcas Society to provide for their own poor. The Society also conducts sewing classes every Saturday aftermoon in both sections of the city for French Canadian girls. These have been well maintained and have been a mean of blessing, it is believed, to not a few of the young. In addition to the personal services of its members in connection with these clasees, and in other ways, the Society employs a number of paid labourers. Une of these, Miss Bean, besides visiting the homes of the converts, giving religieus instruction, and enquiring into and relieving extreme cases of porerty, $\mathcal{E c}$., spends much time in obiaining work for those desiring it and in procuring situations for the unemployed. Another, s Bible woman, devotes her time to visiting, chiefly with a view to gathering recruits for the Sociey's Day and Sabbath Schools and the other classes for religious instruction. Last autumn, the Society opened two Mission Day Schools, one in connection with the Russell Hall Congregation aud the other in the Canning Street Church. These are taught by Lady teachers supported entirely by the funds of the Society.

To maintain all this work involves an Expenditure of about $\$ 1200$ annuslly, to meet which the Society is wholly dependent upon the Christian liberality of its men, bers and friends. The revenue heretofore has been derived almost exclusive!y from the City of Montresl. The work being a national one, and especiaily oue to advance the interest of Christ's cause in connection with our denomination, the Society takes this opportunity to appeal for pecuniary belp to the friends of the work throughout the Church generally. To meet present pressing liabilities, and close the jear free from debt, sbout $\$ 500$ are required. On beheli of the Society liberal contributions are respectfully solicited. These should be forwarded without delay to the Treasurer, - Miss M. H. Gordon, care of Joseph Mackar, Esq, 1059 Sherbrooke Street, Montreal,
from whow, or from the President-Mrs. (Rev. Dr.) Jenkins-copies of the last report or any other information as to the Society's work may be obtained. All contributions will be duly acknowledged in the next annual report to be published in October.

## Sabbatly Sibool Essociation of Camada.

気F, invite the attention of our readers to the following communication from Mr. Millard, and hope that the request it contains will weet with a generous response from many of the Sabbatil Schools in the older and highly favoured settlements of the country, as well as from those in the towns and cities who are blessed with the means of helping others to share in the advantages they themselres evjoy so largely:

$$
\text { Toronto, Miarch } 25 \text { th, } 1878 .
$$

This Asseciation, in addition to its other important work, is now employing an agent in visitiug the new settlemente North, North-easl and North-west of Muskoka, for tie purpose of aiding any needy SabbathSchools that may have been established, and of organizing such Schools where there are none.
A great nany families have, during the past ferr years, settled in these directionsa few have taken up Sabbath School work, but it is believed there is a great lack of these Schools; that the settlers, with the many demands upon them, are unable to furnish such Schools with books and suitsble reading matter. It is also believed that many of the well furnished Sabbath-Schools in the older districts of Canada, and in its towns and citief, have books in their libraries that have been read, and are not now much in use. This Association, therefore, bege, through the Presbyterian Recobd, the grant of sny such books-indeed any aid towards this Mission which seeks to supply religions inetruction by means of Sal.bath Schools, where there are none, and as iar as it has porer-to benefit all needy Schools, that the gouth of our land may grom up wise unto life eternal, will be thankfully rece:ved by its Geaersl Secretary.

Willian Millard,

$$
26 \text { Cariton Street, Toronto. }
$$

Desert not Christ's army in the time of war. Desert it not in the field of batile, lest He treat thee as an enemy.

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ESTRACT OF \& LETTER FROM REV.DR. STEEL, OF SIDNEY, 28TH FEBREARE, 1878.

fHERE has been a fearful hurricane in the islands. Rev. J. W. McKenzie writes me that it has caused great destruction of property. The Niesion premises in some places have been greatly damaged. There is a native famine, as the season had been very dry, sad yams were poor. The destruction of bsnanas and other fruits has followed, by the hurricane. Mr. Roberteon, who is with us in Sydney, is in fear about his premises. He and Mrs. Roberteon and children are profiting by their change to this colony for a time.

We have not heard from the other Missionaries, and fear that they may have sutfered from the hurricane. One of Her Majesty's gun-schooners sailed yesterday for the New Hebrides. I duly received the minutes of the General Assembly, as well $8 s$ the Reoords. I pri ince to see the progress of the work of the Lurd among you.

Robert Steel.

## ©rinitad.

HE following brief but comprehensive etatement was printed for circulation in Trinidad.-
To tae Patrons and Fhiexds of The Mis sion to Imdian Ihmigrants, Trimidad.
Ar the begioning of the Second decade of our Mission, we beg respectully to submit the following Report.
Ten years ago the first Missionary began to acquire the language, and opened a School in Iere Village. Seven years ago the second Missionary begun his mork in San Fernsndo, and four years ago a third settled in Couva.

At the ourset, stern persistent opposition mas offered to our work, both among the young and eld. Now prejudices have softened, and opposition greaily broken down, even among those who heve not accepted the tiuth.
For $3 \frac{3}{\frac{1}{2}}$ years not a Convert was baptized, and during the next ferr years comparatively few; but the number has been increasing from year to year, and during the year just closed 70 adulta and 25 cbild baptized. Thees have been gathered out of every caste. Here it may be right to remark that many more, both adults and children, might have been baptized but for
the care which we feel it necessary to exercise in the matter of Christian instruction and in taking heed that those seeking baptiem have no hopes for worldly gain for themselves or their children.

Five of onr Converts now devote all their time as Catechists to preaching to the adults, and a uumber are engaged in our Schools, successfully teaching the young. Moes of them eitter read or are learning to read the Bible in their own language. They attend Church regularly, abstain from strong drink, opium, snd Indian hemp, and endeavour, by their industry, to support themselves and families. During the year their Church offerings amounted to $\$ 600$ which, with a bequest of $\$ 150$, make their total contributions $\$ 750$. Twenty-four couples tave been married during the year. It is not pretended that all there converts from heathenism have proved sincere, nor can this be asserted of Chriatians in any land. But there has been no eptcial disccuragement whatever on this account.
In 1877 we imported $\$ 200$ worth of Bibles and other books from India, a large part of which has slready been sold.

## Schoors.

Fifteen Scbools have been in operation: namely, San Fernando, Marabella, Concord (north), Picton and Wellington, Canaan, La Fortuné, Jordan Hill, Mount Stewart, The Mission, Fairīeld; Esparanzz, Sevilla, Exchange, Perseverance, and Spring, with $69 \neq$ on the Roll and an average daily attendance of 441 . English is tsught in all these Schoole, except one-ss Engligh must ke the future language of those who remain in Trinidad; but means are taken to teach them to read also in their mother tongue, 50 that a fair proportion of them can read Hibdustsni freely.

We have to acknowledge, with thankfulness, the interest taken in our work by the proprietors of Estates, and by the planters and public generally.
The following are Annual contributions to the work of this Mission-


Of this $£ 300$ is contributed for the support of a Missionary in Couva, and the balance for Schools.

Though not on the list of Annual contributors, we hare to make speciai mention of
indebtedness to Messrs. Wr. Frost and H. B. Darling, for both liberality and encouragement; and our thanks are also due to many who have liberally contributed to the erection of our buildings.
The Presbyterian Church in Canada has expended $\$ 36,000$, and it is her desire to give the Gospel to all these Indian immigrants. We, her agents, have devoted our selves to this work, and, encouraged by the past, are resolved to prosecute it with all diligence.

Letter frou Ref. Kenneth J. Grant.
San Fernando, 4th March, 1878.

蚛S I write this morning, the air is delightfully cool after the intense heat and drought which has scarcely been relieved by a shower for seven weeka. Our supply of water in this town is very limited, and any lengthened season of dry weather occasions hardship and suffering, particularly amongst those unsupplied with tanks.
Mr. Morton spent yesterday, as our Session had arranged, to dispense the Lord's Supper at La Fortune in the morning and at San -Fernando at eleven. Forty-seyen Asiatics in a reverential manner received the symbols consecrated by our Lord to the remembrance of His death-twentyone at La Fortune and twenty-six at SanFernando.
These all are within my District. We believe they partook as discerning the Lord's body. The audiences were all good and the whole services solemn. I trust very profitable. Mr. Morton did his part unusually well.

Of those who partook for the first time, was oue named Redai Ram, who has chosen to be called Daniel Redsi, omitting the termination, which is the name of a desta whose praise is frequently celebrated by the Hindoos. He also cut off his lodg mitted hair, and shaved bis face, as his former appearance indicated his religious standing He belonged to a class of reformers known as the Sion Narayan Sect. In faith and worship they are tar removed from the orthodox Hindu. They do not worship idols, they eat flesh, or I may eay there is no reetricticn in food as with the Hindu-and taking strong drink constitutes an essential in their worship. Consequently most of them are drunkards, just what we might expect where drinking is encouraged. At the time of initiation the Guru or priest and
his disciple are screened from the gaze of the aesembly. The Guru whiepers a sacred wiantr in the ear, but,lesta word from his lips should fall upon the ear of any other in the assembly, the whole company set up unearthIy sounds by blowing shells, beating drums, chanting Sloka \&c. What meaneth this? Be it known that every one who hears the mantr becomes a disciple of the one who $\mathfrak{u t t e r s}$ it. But if he were already initiated he becomes grumak twice, or he has tro godfathers and his soul is thereby jeopardized. They believe in a fabulous river, corresponding to the styx of the ancients, named Baitarni which is to be crossed by the dead on their way to the world of spirits. Across this river they are to be conveyed by their Gurus. Now, if there be two, who shall be the guide? whose disciple shall he be on the other side? Farther, at initiation, a paruana or pass is given by the Guru which is sacredly kept during life, and in death is laid upon the breast of the deceased, and without it there is no admission to the better world. Now Redai belonged to this sect, and claimed to have made progress above many in the mysteries of his faith. He was High Priest. He claims to have about 100 disciples. He is widely knomn, is addressed as a superior, aud from his chelas has been the recipient of many gifts. His position was sometning like that of a much respected minister at home, and it was indeed a hard struggle to renounce all he had taught and to abandon those whom he had initiated to accept a new faith and to join a new brotherhood. For six years he has been listening to the word of iffe. At one time we wrould be encouraged to think that he was about to emerge from the darkness into the full glory of Gospel light and day, but at our next intervier we would find him choosing darkness rather than light. Norr and for a year past, a marvellous change has taken place. For months he has been diligent in telling and in singing the Goypel. He has vi uted his disciples in different parts of the Island, and through his instrumentality several have been led to give an attentive ear and a few have received baptism. He is daily under the instruction of LalBibari who 18 an ever faithful worker. He has relinquished much, may he receive the hundredfold in this life, and in the world to come life everlasting.

## Trainisg Scegols.

Already the question of providing some more systematic instruction for our Catechists and other workers hes beer. submitted to your Board. Personslly. it has given me much anxiety. I have five men daily preaching Christ. LalBihari is
well grounded, the advantages of the others have been few. We cannot do without this agency: we must call in the aid of these humble God fearing men. We need them at once. We must soon clothe some of them with more official power than they now possese. But systematic training is necessary. I asked Mr. Morton if he would cease from eome of his other labours and undertake the work for a month, proposing to send him all my native helpers. He agreed, feeling how important that our roung men of the general Districts should be brought together. I wrote Mr. Christie and he at once expressed his approval. So that our arrangements are that all our young men shall meet on Monday llth to continue together for four weeks. The time to be occupied in the systematic study of the word of God. We are gratified to know that your Board has resolved to prosecute this Mission with renewed vigour.

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(6)T is requeated that S . Schools supporting orphans or echools in India, which have not forwarded their remittances to the Treasurer before this number of the Record is received, will eend in their remittances without delay, so that no arreare may remain unpaid when the annual statement is made up.

The following extracts f.om a letter, dated Indore, March 2nd, received by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Juvenile Mission Scheme, will deeply interest those of our readers who are iollowing our Miesion at Indore in their thoughtsand prayers:
"Your hearty response to our request cheered us all. I am delighted to see by papers and letters that the interest in our little Indian Mission is growing in the Church. Dr. Reid has written me about your remittance in farour of Yamoona and Fenoo. Yamoons works with Miss Fair meather and Venoo with Miss McGregor.
"Our work is full of interest, and the Master has cheered us by the hopeful conversion of two high-caste Brahmin gentlemen. Their baptiem will take place in a few days. They have counted the cost, and are willing to forsake wife and children, friends and property, to follom Christ. They must leave the city immediately after bsptism, as their lives would not he safe a day. Our little Mission craft may encounter storm ere this comes to your hand, but the Lord will give her strength to weather the breeze. Will God's poople in Canada daily hold us up in prayer, a little company in
the midst of 200,000 cruel and superstitious heathens? After the baptism, $I$ will give the Church some account of these men, and God's dealings with them.
"Sookamardon and Naryan are cousins. The father of the former is a personal servant to His Highness Holkar, and has charge of the royal jewels and wardrobe. The baptism of these men will test the question of religious tolerstion in Central India. I send the first iseue of our Mission Press. I want help in this matter. The printing is our own work. I hope to issue Gospel leaflets in Hindi next week. It is the most hopeful way of eowing the seed. People won't buy the Bible in three large volumes, but we break it into crumbs and give it away.
"'Maharajah Kemar Arjan Sing' sent to me for an English Bible a few days ago. He is reading. May God give him light.;
"James M. Dovelas."
"The "first issue of the Mission Press" sent consists of leaflets bearing the Ten Commandments and passages of Scripture-Veres from S. John 3rd, \&e-rery clearly and neatly printed.

## flura.

REPORT OF REV. J. FRASER CAMPBELL FOR 1577.

苞苞
I former Report was written in Madras when I had decided on leaving that field and coming to this. Before leaving I joined with my excellent fellowlabourer, Mr. Todd, of the Free Church, in naking another special effort for the educated men, appesing this time, especially, to the consciet:ce and heart. We rere aided by others, and were cheered by the degree of success given to us. I left Madras in the end of May, having arranged to visit three important places on the way, North Bellary, Poona and Bombay, in which I should heve an opportunity of addressing good audiences of young men. In each I gave a missionary sermon or address to Europeans, and addressed a meeting of educated natives. In Poona I also visited the Orphanage in which several girls have been supported by churches, etc., in Cavada, one of whom is now a Bible woman in the employ of our mission in India, a good girl and much liked. In Bombay I wes laid up for several weeks by sickness, and experienced from Mr. MacPherson, the Church of Scotland Chaplain, a degree of kindness which only few men are capable of showing; Dr. McDonald, of the Medical Mission, was also most kind and attentive, visiting me sometimes twice a day and positively refusing to accept a fec.

Rexoral to Mhow.-It was the sth of

July when I again went out, and the 5 th when I left for Indore, where I arrived on the night of the 6 th. I came to Mhow on the 13 hh , and here a question meets me, which having been put in a private letter by the Secretary of the Eastern Section, is probably in the mind of others: "Would you not do more good together, you and Mr. Douglas, than apart ?" We certainly both expected to be together when the question of leaving Madras was being considered by me, but some time before my arrival, Mr. Douglas was led to believe that for us to increase our force in India would be apt to stir up opposition. Whether he was correct in this opinion or not, he was plainly in the beet position to know, and l therefore acquiesced unquestioningly. And though 1 had indeed looked forward with much pleasure to our wortsing and consulting together in India, yet, on the other band, it seemed to me desirable for us to plant as rapidly as possible the standord of the Gospel in every principal place in the region we hoped to evangelize. As to my chonce of Mhow as the station I should occupy, it can hardly be called a choice, for the state of my health precluded my going to any other at that time, aud several months had passed before it became prudent for me even to visit others. Besides, it seemed to us both at that time to be the one next in importance to Indore for us to occupy. The one objection to it in my mind has been that others were before us, and that we were entering a place where christianity is made known, however defectively, while others are totally destitute. There has been for everral yeare a mall local mission here, which, though under High Church control, and not very vigorously or satisfactorily conducted, is yet much better than wone. It is uader the supervision of the Ciurch of Eugland Chaplain, and now consista of a school of 60 or $i 0$ boys, under one christian and one or two other masters, and an orphanage contaiving three or four chidren. In for. mer sears a catechist was ewployed, but as two or three in succession turned out badly, this was discontinued. There was also a girls'schocl, bu: so poorly attended that it was given up a: the close of 1877, partly on the ground that we mere beginning one, though that need not have at all interfered. It is supported mostif by local contrioutions, and the Chaplain in his last report signifies that it mupt be given up uniess these increare. A Metl odirt Epis copal Missionary had aleo come bere before ate, one of those who are hiorkiug on the plan proposed by Dr. Willian Taylor, of luunding a eslf.supporting miesion to
reach the heathen, through nominally christian Europeans and Eurasians. The Roman Catholic Chaplain has also started a school, but, so far as is known to me, it has been only since my beginning work. We are thus the third to enter this station, and there are other important places not far distant, where there are none. Consequently, before I became well enough to do much anywhere, I contemplated beginning work in some more neglected place, till I yielded to the advice of other friends who assured me that on the self-supporting plan (which requires for its success large centres where there are many Eurasians and Europeans of the more permanent class) our Methodist brethren could not carry on mission work to any extent, and that if there was to be an efficient evangelical mission here, we must plant it. This became increasingly apparent. I have now, with his full consent, rented for our girl's school the building in which the Methodist Minister had hoped to start a boy's school; the sabbath school which be had for a few monthe kept up, and to which the boys attending my school were sent instead of my opening a separate one, fell into my hands tbrough the absence of his teachers from Mhow, and when I offered it back to him with the use of the building, he decided not to attempt it again, at least for the present. I have thought it desirable to explain these things, lest we should at any fulure time be accused of interloping.

## acting as ceaplain.

While I was still in Madras, Mr. Douglas had consented to act as Chaplain for the Presbyturian trocps here, and on the understanding that all pay so received should go to the funds of the misejon, which had been his own intention, I willingly agreed to share the work with him. Owing to his long contioued ill health, $\delta$.c., the large share fell to me, and between two services on Sabhath, ard cther work, it involved a considerable expenditure of time and strength. But it was a privilege to be able to preach Christ to nominal christians, in my orn language, then $I$ could not preach Him to others for want of their language; and it was fitted to tell on our own especial work. It was, eo far, sn arplication of Dr. Taylor's theory,-seekins first the conversion of nerely nominal christians, and ti.e stirring up of real christians as a means to the conversion of the heathen. And in addition to the nay of 100 rupees per month, (in itself not contemptible when our Church seems so ill able to proride mbat is neceesary) it has helped us in other ways. Among these it is a fery gratifying fact that Quarter Master

Sergts. Munro and Wheeler, and Sergt.Clark of the R. A., are building, as a present to the miesion, a touga (a kind of carriage) for the use of the ladies here-a present which will be worth about 250 rupees. I have lately lightened the burden of the chaplaincy work, and promoted the unity of the Church by arranging with the Methodist Minisier to unite our evening services, and I hope that before long we may be relieved of it altogether by the appontment of a Minister of the Church of Scotland, through the additional Clergy Society lately organized in Bombay Presidency. I indulge the hope that God may eend such a man as will be of great use to us, and perhaps even make it possible for us to occupy an additionsl station.

FINDING A HOME.
The first requisite on my arrival here wes to find a place in which to live. For more than a month I was forced to remain in the Travellers' Bungalow, and when the inconvenience to which I was putting travellers compelled me to remove, I had to accept the kiad hospitality of Major (now Col.) Van Heythuysen, and six weeks more passed before the Doctor allowed me to come to my present quarters, which are healthy, except in aud immediately after the wet weather. During almost the whole of that time I was ill, and under the Doctor's hande, but generally was abie to work at Hindustani, and to preach frequently, though I was not really fit to do the latter, and was no doubt retarded by it. I also had converations with a few who cculd speak Euglish, especially with my Munshi who from the beginning professed bimself an enquirer, seehing salvation, and at times spoke in 8 most cheering way. He was a teacher in the Church of England Mission School, where he had received most of his knowledge of christianity, but has been away from Mhow for some time through ill health. He is the son of Kazi, or head of the Mohammeduns of Mhow. These conversations with the English-speaking have of course continued all alone with as many as have accepted my invitations to call on me, or have fallen in wy way elscwhere, and are slmost the only efforts I have made for that class. A very fem have occasionaliy been induced to come to Church, aud ore has come to me rerularly till he has just finished a course of christisn evidences, (which mill be of less use to him becauee, as he long ago told me, his principal hindrance is tear of the worldly consequences of becoming a chrietian, but I bave as yet given no public addresses for them, partly because my hands seemed already too full with the learning of the
language and the organizing of the mission, together with the work among Europeane, and partly because it seemed preferable to wait till a larger number could be rot hold of privately, and interested enough to attend. A number have come to me occasionally, manifesting various degrecs of enlightenment according as they had been educated in Mission Schools or otherwise. Some declare that they have entirely abandoned idolatry, of whom one is slowly reading the Gospels, and another avows the views of the Brahmo Somaj, and talks of the transcendentalism of Frsncis_Newmen, but, when arguments are presented whioh he cannot answer, seems disinclined to renew the conversation.

## MHOW AS A STATION.

It may be weil to explain briefly the kind of material we meet with in Mhow. This is essentially a camp, and the native population, though estimated at 20,000 , may be said to consist, along with two native regiments, of government ewployees, servants, merchants, tradesmen, and those who serve, supply, teach, or depend on these. As to religion, they may be divided into Zoroastrians, Mohammedans and Hindus. The Parsees though active, energetic, intelligent, liberal, end advanced in worldly thinge, are the least bopeful religiously, being as ignorant about their orna religion as they are uncompromisingly bigoted in their adherence to it. Their real devotion is to wealth, and their religion a matter of a name, zome rites, :ud words whose meaning they do not know. The principal Echool in Mbow, in one end of which I live, is theirs; it has some balf dozen mastere, and is attended by Parsees, Mobammedans and Eurasian Christians. It is sad to see the ferming of so many fine lads in their hands instesd of ours. My attempts to get them to visit me as they parsed to and from school, that I might teach them of Christ, were at once fo resented that I neariy had to vacate my quarters, and ever since, they seem so sby of me as to lead me to suspect that they have been warned againet me. Yet in spite of the general opposition to evquiry, a few seem in a more hopetul state of nilad. Molammedans do not seem to be as inaccessible as I had supposed. If more ignorant in other things they have more correct religious viewa than the other classes, though many are so corrupied by heathenism as to be apparent!y little difterent-saint worshippers in ehort, and ther acknowledgement of the truth of the Scriptures, and of Jesus as a true prophet, takes the ground from beneath their feet so that one can casily silence them, if that were only to convert them.

## THE BIBLICAL CATECHISM. (Concluded.)

Q. What motive and example do the Scriptures employ to this end?
A. "For ye know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though he was rich, yet for your sakes he became poor, that ye through His poverty might be rich."-2 Cor. viii. 9.
Q. With whow did the sinful love of property end in ruin?
A. Lot-Gen. xiii. and xix. AchanJosh vii. Gehazi-2 Kingsv. 20-27. Israel -Hag. i. 3-6; Israel-Mal. iii. 7-9. The rich Miser-Luke xil. 15-21. The rich Epi-cure-Luke xvi. 19-31. Judas - Matt. xxvi. 15; xxxvii. 15; xxvii. 3; Acts i. 18, 20. Ansnias-Acts v. Demae-2 Tim. iv. 10 .
Q. With whom did the right use of property end in posterity?
A. Abraham-Gen. xiv. 13-21; xxii. 15, 18. Jacob-Gen.xlviii. 15. David-1 Chron. xix. Nehemiah-Neh. v. 14-19. GaiusRom. xvi. 23; 3 John 1, 2. Onesiphorus -2 Tim. i. 16. Philemon-Pbil. 1. Illustrating 1 Sam. ii. 30 ; Prov. xi. 24.
Q. What instances of remarkable liberality are found in the Scriptures?
A. Isrsel, for the erection of the Taber-nacle-Ex. xxxv. xxxvi. Israel and David, for the Lord's Temple- 1 Chron. xxviii., xxix. Computed by Dr. Brown at $£ 18$,000,000 by David, and $£ 30,000.000^{\circ}$ by Israel. Widow of Zarephath-l Kings xvii. 8-24. The poor Widow-Mark xii. 41-14. Mary of Bethany-John xii. 3. The Pentecostal Church-Acts ii. 44-15. Barnabas -Acts iv. 36-37. The Macedonian Church -2 Cor. viii. 1-5; Phil. iv. $15,16$.
Q. What examples of liberality in the regular and proportionate devotement of property are found in modern biography and among living men?
A. The following diatinguished personages: The Lord Chief Justice Hale, the Hon. Robert Boyle, Archbisbop Tillotson, the Rev. Drs. Hammond, Annesley, Watte, and Doddridge, the Revd. R. Baxter and John Wesley, the Countess of Huntingdon, Mrs. Rowe, and Mrs. Rory, gave one-tenth at least, some more, and others almost all they had. The names of Richard Reynolds, Thomas Wilson, and Samuel Budget, remind us of noble deeds of the pssi generation. Men in all sections of the Church are giving from one-tenth to threefourths of their incomes, some literslly by previous Weekly Storing. Instances also
are found of its happiest influence among the poor, and in forming the juvenile character on a noble model.
Note.-Four youths at school resolved after hearing a Lecture on Weekily Storing latoly, to lay by for Qod threepence in the shilling of their pocketmonsy.
Q. How does the Saviour, and also the apostle Paul, advise us, as God's stewards, to use earthly good?
A. "I say unto you, make to yourselves friends of the mammon of unrighteousness; than when ye fail, they may receive you into everlacting habitations."-Luke xvi. 9. "Charge them that are rich in this world, that they be not high-minded, nor trust in uncertain richee, but in the living God who giveth us all things richly to enjoy; that they do good, that they be rich in good works, ready to distribute, willing to communicate."-1 Tim. vi. 17, 18.
Q. How does the Saviour regard parsimony, and Christian bounty? and how will he reward the latter?
A. "He which soweth sparingly, sball reap also eparingly; and he which soweti. bountifully, shall reap also bountifully." -2 Cor. ix. 6; Matt. Xxv. 34-46; Mark ix. 4.4: xiv. 3.9 .
Q. Seeing that the love of money is so strong and dangerous, what should be our prayer concerning it;
A. "Lord what wilt thou have me to do?" -Acts ix. 6. In other words, What wilt Thou have me to give?"
Q. How should each one resolve to act in this matter?
A. As the Psalmist, when he said, "I made haste, and delayed not to keep Thy commandments."-Ps. cxix. 60. And es Joshua, when heslso said. "As for meand my house, we will serve the Lord."-Josh. xxiv. 15.
Q. What motive calls for large and frequent Stering for God?
A "For the love of Chriet constraineth us; because we thus judge, that if one died tor all, then were all dead : and that He died for all, that they which live should not henceforth live unto themsel: es, but unto Him which died for them and rose again." -2 Cor. v. 14. 15.
Q. By what gracious considerations does the Saviour animate to lofty liberality?
A. "Inesmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me."-Matt. xxv. 40 ; " It is more blessed to give than toreceive." -Acts xx .35.

## 

## MONTREAB: 1 MAY, 1878.

JAMEB CROIL
ROBERT FIURRAY, $\}$ Editors.
\{OFFICE OF PUBLICATION: 210 St. James Street, Montreal. Price: 25 cts. per annum, in Parcels to one address. Single copies 60 cts. per annum.

Artioles intended for insertion, must be sent to the Office of Publication by the tenth of the month at the latest.
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We can supply a few sets of the Record for 1876-77, the two volumes bound in one, price $\$ 1.50$.

## SYNOD OF TURONTC AND KINGSTON.

The Synod of Toronio and Kingston will meet at íingston, and within St. Andrew's Church there, on Tueeday, the 14th May next, at 7.30 p.m., when a sermon will be preached by the Rev. Thomas Wardrope, the retiring Moderator. Clerks of Presbyteries, will forward their rolls, slong with reports of ordinations, inductions, translations, licenєures, Pdeaths, demissions, and erection of Cougregations and Mission statione, to the undersigned, at least eight days before the meeting.

All papers for the Synod are requested to be sent in, eight days before the meeting.

> JOHN GRAY, M.A.

Synod Clerk.
Orillia, lst May, 1 sis.

## SYNOD OF MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

The Synod of Montreal and Ottaws is appointed to meet at Montreal and within Erabine Church there, on Tueedry, the fourteenth day of May next, at $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Clerks of Presbyteries to take order that their papers be in the hands of the Clerk of Synod eight days before.

> JAMES WATSON, A. M.
> Clerk of Synoa.

Huntingdon, lst May, 1878.

MEETING OF THE GENERAL ASSEM.
BLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHORCH IN CANADA.
The fuurth session of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada will be opened in the City of Hamilton, and within the Central Church there, on Wednesday, 12th June next, at 7:30 p.m.

Presbytery Clerks will please forward rolls, so as to be in the hands of the Clerks of General Assembly at lenst eight days before the meeting.

Reports of ordinations, induction8, licensures, deaths, demissions and depositions within the several Synods, should be sent by their respective Clerks, so as to be in the hands of Clerks of Assembly at least eight days before the meeting.
All papers for the Assembly should reach the hands of Clerks of Assembly at least eight days before the meeting.

The Conveners of Standing Committees should have their reports ready to hand to the Committee on Bills and Overtures at the second sederunt of the Genersl Assembly.

Rolls and other documents should be addressed to Rev. Dr. Reid (Drawer 2567), Toronto.

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { WILLIAM REID, } \\
\text { J. H. MACKERRAS, } \\
\text { W. FRASER, }
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## KAILWAY ARRANGEMENTS.

Arrangements will be made with the leadivg lines of Railway, and with the Steamboat line, for return tickets at reduced rates. Certificates will be sent 60 as to reach members by the 25th May; ehould any not have received them by that date, they will please communicate with Dr. Reid, Toronto.

Presbytery Clerks are requested to send to Dr. Reid, as soon as possible, lists of ministers and elders entitled to receive certificates, with their Post-Offioe Addresses and the Railway Stations from which they will begin their journey. Inattention to this will occasion great inconvenience and trouble.

There never did, and there never will, exist anything permanently noble, or excellent, or good in any character which is a stranger to the exercise of resolute eelfdenial.

There is a grest difference between believing that Christ will come and looking for His coming. Just the difference between one who, sitting before the fire, says, 'It is all right, my friend will come,' and another Who goes to the platform eagerly awaiting his arrival. Are you looking out and longing for the coming of your Lord?-Dr. A. A. Bonar.

## 

THE FROG'S SERMON.

510
R0GGIES came from far and noar, Words of wisdom there to hear. " Jug-rum!" croaked a solemn frog, Seated on a moss-grown log.
" Littlo froggies, listen all!
Bed names you must never call."
But each little froggie green
Whispered: "Mc he cannot mean.
Hows I pity all the others.
Take this warning, sisters, brothers!"
Then the old frog rolled his eyes, And ho looked so wondrous wise:
" Unto others almays do
What you'd have them do to you.
Little froggies often fight.
Do you think this can be right?
Some are selfsh and unkind, Some will not their parents mind." Thought each little froggie ; "Truly, Other frogs are most unruly!"
" Little froggies, now take heed. Gentlo be in word and deed."
Sigled each little froggie dear:
" How I hope my neighbors hear!"
All the little froggies went
On their way in sweet content.
Thes were puzzled to determine
When they'd heard a better sermon.
Maybe there's a moral hiddon
Other frogs will see unbidden.

## OUTDONE BY A BOY.

A lad in Boston, rather small for his years, works in an office for four gentlemen who do business there. One day the gentlemen were chaffing him a little about being so small, and said to him :
"You never will amount to much, you never can do much business, you are too small."
The little fellow looked at them :
"Well," said he, "as emall as I am, I csa do something which none of you four men can do."
"Ah, what is that?" said they.
"I don't know as I ought to tell you," he replied. But they were anxious to know, and urged him to tell what he could do that none of them were able to do.
"I can keep from swearing!" said the little fellow. There were some blushes on four manly faces, and there seemed to be very little anxiety fur further information on the point.

THE BOY MAKES THE MAN.

Bors often think it does not make any difference how they live when they are young. When they come to settle down as men, they can leave all their wild ways and and begin again. Whenever they stop doing wrong, they think, they will be just the same as if they always had done right. But this is a great mistake. Everything a boy or a man does helps to make him.

Every boy sbould be careful not to fall into any habits he does not want to carry with him after he grows up, for he will find it very hard work to throw ihem off. Whatever he would like to be when he becomes a man, he should try to be while he is a boy.

## SEEKING HELP.

A few days out from New York, a great ship was overtaken by a terrible storm, which lasted nearly a week.

One day, at the height of the tempest, the rigging st the mainmast-head got tangled, and some one had to go up and straighten it. The mate called a boy belonging to the ship and ordered him aloft.

The lad touched his cap, but hesitated a moment, cast one frightened glance up and down at the swaying mast and furious sea, and then rushed across the deck and down into the forecastle. In about two minutes Le appeared, and without a word seized the ratlins-the rope-ladders of the vessel-and flew up the rigging like a squirrel, With dizzy eyes the weather-beaten crew watched the poor boy at such a height. "He will never come down alive," they said to each other.

But in twenty minutes the perilous job was done, and the young boy descended; and straightening himself up, walked to the stern of the ship.
"What did you go below for when ordered aloft ?"' asked a passenger of the ship.
"I went-to pray." replied the boy, with a blush and a quiver of the lip.

## MAKE READY.

Boys! did you ever think that this great world, with all its wealth and woe, with all its mines and mountains, its oceans, seas and rivers, steamboats, railroads, and printing presses, and telegraphs, will soon be given to the boys of the present age? Look upon the inheritance, and get ready to enter upon your duties.

## ACTMQWLEDGEPENTS

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Port Albert................ 3.60
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North Augusta . . . . ........ 3.00
East Nattawasaga and 15.00
Creemore................ 15.00.
Manitoba Collegen, Ordikary Fund.

Roceived to 2nd March... $\$ 205.99$ Gobourg
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10.00

Walpole
3.00

Alexandria
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Fimboro West
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Ashfield

15.00

Berne .............. ...... 6.00
Bryfiold Road........... 7.00
Sydenham, Knox Ch..... 5.00
Markham, Melvillo Ch... 15.60

| do Brown's Corners | 7.88 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cranbrooke. Knox Ch | ... |
| 10.09 |  |

Brockville, ist Churoh....
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Burlington, Knox } \mathrm{Ch} . . . . & 15.00 \\ \text { Kirsfield \& Victoriaville. } & 5.00\end{array}$

| Ners | 15.00 | Bolgrave . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6.77 | Colborne | 12.25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flambor | 25.10 | Carlingford.............. 2.60 | do | 3.06 |
| Iangside | 11.91 | Tecumseth Ind............ 10.00 | Galt, Knox Ch, | 113.00 |
| Campbellio | 2.03 | Rockburn 5 Gore ......... 0.61 | Primrose..... | 14.25 |
| Port Hope | 20.10 | Toronto, Einox Ch ....... 100.05 |  | 0 |
| Duffins Creek, St Andw's. | 6.60 |  | Smith's Falls, UnionCh SS | 5.00 |
| Glenallan | 10.06 16.00 | \$1775.32 | Cheltenham............. | 23.00 22.18 |
| Riagetor | 14.00 | Rates Received to March | Union Ch, Esquesing, rdid | 1.00 |
| Toronto, C | 150.00 | 2nd, 1sis .............. 712.6 |  | 41.75 |
| Weston | 13.09 | With Rates from Rerds $J$ J | Coldspring | 80.60 |
| Woodbridg | S.c0 | Whyte, ${ }^{\text {it }}$. $00 ; \mathrm{R}$ Hume. | North Easthope, St Andw | 7.00 |
| Arthur | 7.60 | 52 50: W Burns, $5500: J$ | Beth:ıny, addl | 7.00 |
| Craipt | 10.09 | Ferguson, 53.75 : J M | Brooklin Sab Sb........... | 7.30 |
| Walkerton, St Paul's | 13.00 | Goodwillie . 3.50 - L Ca- | Roslin and Thurlow .... | $4300$ |
| Wrodstock, Enox | 100.00 | meron, St 50 : G McLennan ミ! Arch Cross ミı: | Lakefield \& North Smith. | $\begin{array}{r} 30.10 \\ 4(200 \end{array}$ |
| Aronbank | 7.00 | J Mcilechan. Ji3 : W Ross, | do do doss | 18000 |
| Elora, Knox C SS Bib Cl. | 10.35 | \$3 50; A Tolme, 54.50 ; | Hillsburgh ....... ......... | 8.85 |
| Bearerton | 31.70 | J S Lochead, 55.60 ; J 31 | Alma. | 25.00 |
| West Grillimburs 2 | S. 60 | Aull, 54.................. 51.25 | Ottawa, Bank St .......... | 9000 |
| Orillian | 5.00 |  |  | 43.36 |
| Orillia <br> Peabods | 17.00 | \$763.33 | Bathurst, Mission Station | 131 |
| Mill Point | 1.60 |  | Nortin | 5.00 |
| Chatsporth | 8.75 | Enox Collegr, Buindigg Egid. | Mosa, Burn's | Is. 60 |
| York Mills | 8.00 | Receired to 2nd Mrarch . . \$6555i.03 | Stayner. | 8.20 |
| Brantford. | 30.00 | Robt Ormiston. Columbus 20.00 | Port Dalh | 14.64 49.10 |
| Keady. | 3.10 | T Gibson. MPP, Wroxeter 10.60 | Roxborough, Knox | 5.10 |
| Belgrare | 9.95 | Aler L Gibson, do 1000 | G:ananoque, St Andrew's. | 15.c0 |
| Carlingfo | 909 | West Essa Burn's Ch, per 14.50 | Blafenes nad Clayton |  |
| Gemptril | 600 | 36 liood. .... | Miss's Mecting........ | 14.44 |
| Galt, Jn | 63.60 | MolesForth, per Andrew 10.00 | Caistor - ...... | 6.00 |
| Oshama. | 50.00 | Mrsth Deans, Colborne $\quad 10.00$ | West Winchester ... | 12.00 |
| Paris, Dum | 10.09 40.01 | J MI Willinms, MPP, He- 500 | London, St Andrew's do do So c | 175.00 10.00 |
| Hamilton, | 200.00 | milton $\cdot .$. | Greentank . ............. | ${ }_{23} 50$ |
| MrNab | 17.00 | Bajūidi. per Rer R Danby Sl 33 | Fenclon Fals | 24.00 |
| Daltacus | 3.60 | Greenbank, per A Leask. 32 co | Durhan | 19.95 |
| ITidd!ori | 2.00 | Miss Ladic, Clinton .... ${ }_{\text {, }} 00$ | do SabSc .......... | 8.33 |
| Toronto | 550.00 | North Mornington, | Jarris .... ... | 30.00 |
| Dresboro | 30.00 |  | Walpolo .... . ${ }^{\text {Pathel }}$ Ch | 8.00 |
| Mesbor | 1.10 10.00 | St Helens, per Ref 12 | Price's Corners, Bethel Ch | - 15.00 |
| Centreri | 12.00 | Leask.............. 25.00 | Kippen | 9.45 |
| Ratho |  | Jerris and lialpole, per | Milisk | 5.c0 |
| Innerkip | 20.00 | Rer Thos McGuire..... 17.00 | Ethel | 12.00 |
|  | 2.00 | Wick, jer Alex Leask.... 2601 | Montr | 150.00 |
|  | 49.36 | Beaverion, jer D Cameron 47.00 | do Stanles St S Sc | 30.00 |
|  |  | - | Madoc.St Peter's, addl... | 5.00 |
| AGED ASD Isfiex Mins |  | roush................ip $\quad 0.5$ | do do S Sc | 2.50 |
| Fesd. |  | Hampstend, per Rer R Jt.CA | Edmardsburgh, addl....... | 10.64 |
| Receired to 2nd March | 315.99 | Re:J J A Prondfort D D 50.00 | Matilda | 12.50 |
| Galt Knox | 45.00 | Ratho jer Rer J M Aull $\quad 73.00$ | North Willinushurgh | 6.51 |
| St Thomas Ex.... | 1400 | Inneript do 3500 | Clinton, Willis Ch........ | 7000 |
| North Ersthope, St Andw | 400 | Ker William Blain, Tara. 5.010 | Lyn snd lorge...... .... | 2.00 |
| Stambar |  | Si215.61 | Kecne ${ }_{\text {Souffrill }}$, St James Ch..... | ¢0.00 3 3 |
| Montreal, St Joseph St | 5.90 | S\% |  | 2. 2. |
| Roxborourh. Knox Ch... | S. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | Mampden . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.40 |
| Gananorac, Sx Andrer's. | 5.80 | Kiox Comlige, Dificiesct os | Leith. $\cdots$............... | 4.60 |
| St Srirest | 2.00 | Ordivars Ftwn. | Sunnidale, Zion Ch | $6{ }_{6}$ |
| Durham. | 15.90 | Receired to 2nd March S276n.75 | Rodrersille | 57.3 |
| Jartis | 6.00 | St Thomas, addi, per Rev | J McClure Drummond- |  |
| Wrapol | 200 | J M King. ............ 10.00 |  | 100.00 |
| Maniila | 100 | Tecswater, per do .... 1.00 | Brantford. ${ }^{\text {Jion }} \mathrm{Ch}, \mathrm{addl}$. | S0.0) |
| Mit Pleasant i Lakeraic. | 10.00 | RevJ James, D D. Inmil- s.ca | Mount Albert............. | 31.49 |
| langside | 3.00 |  | Ballantrac | 5.40 |
| Brockrille | 44.75 | Portilopecobours, | Vauzhan | 43.00 |
| Wreston. | 30.00 | borourh, per Dr Robb.. 511.00 | Bolton, Car | 30.00 |
| Wroodbrid | 4.05 |  | Alexandria............... | 4.00 |
| Arthur. | 4.00 | Sisioc. 75 | Ottara, St Andrers's.... | 350.00 |
| Woodstock, Knox | 25.00 |  | Caledon, St Andren's | 17.00 |
| Aronton. | S. 30 | Howe SIIssios. | Thornhill......... | 35.60 |
| West Grillimburs 2nd | 2.00 | Hosr | Puslinch, Duff's Ch | 72.00 |
| Normanbs | 4.10 | Receired to 2nd March Sliss9. 96 | Watford ........ | 20.00 |
| Peabods | 1.00 | Nissouri South ......... 23.50 | Annan | 25.62 |
| Indian Lands | 500 | Kink, St Andrer's . . . . . . 20.00 | Mt Pleassnt, Lokerale, \&c | 30.00 |
| Hamilton, Mc:ia | 40.00 | Lingwick ..... ......... 5.09 | Mil Pleassut, Lokeraje, de | 8.75 |
| Leeds | 4.00 | Mono Mills.............. 34.31 | Mono Cent | S.75 |
| Keads. | 1.00 | Calcdon Centre Road..... 20.42 | Lancaster, Knox Ch. | 76.30 |


| Ann | 1.40 |  | 47.00 | Walpole................. | 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guelph, | 100.00 | Caledonia, Arsyle St and |  | Price's Corners, Bethel Ch | 2.00 |
| North Plym | 16.00 | Allinn Settlement ...... | 52.00 | Eenyon . ................ | 12.00 |
| Balaklara | 5.03 | Tecum | 40.00 |  | 10.00 |
| Yrooman | 10.00 | Rockbura and | 6.60 | M | 100.00 |
| Sunderla | 10.00 | Hamilton, McNa | $42 \% .00$ | Madoc, St | 3.97 |
| Howick | 12.00 | 2amilon, do do | 43.26 | Edrardiburgh | 4.50 |
| East Nottarrsage and |  | McNab ................... | 22.00 | Holstein. | 12.60 |
| Creemore | 15.00 | Dalhou | 600 | Ato | 14.17 |
| Berne. | 4.30 | Middlevil | 2.36 |  | 4.84 |
| Bayfi | 13.50 | Kiatyr | 8.00 | C | 33.75 8.00 |
| Sydenlata, | 7.00 |  | $6{ }_{6} 5$ |  | 8.00 |
| Take Shore | 4.00 | Toron | 600.60 |  | 80.00 |
| Markham, Mels | 1885 | Fencl | 20 | Ham | 5.00 |
| do Brown's Corners | 10.18 | Porta | 585 | Sunni | 4.00 |
| Iontreal, Cote St Ch.... | 350.00 |  | 315 | Norh Pl | 0 |
| Tecumscth fir | $10 . \mathrm{co}$ | Woodside | 410 | Rev 5 M Goodwillic, Cam- |  |
| Adjala. | 10.60 | Golden S | 260 | lischie ................... | 0.00 |
| Beckwith, Fnox Ch, addl | 10.60 | Palc | 552 | Manill | 4.00 |
| Cranbrao | 14.00 | Bere | 49.06 | Rodservi | 57.25 |
| Brockrille, first Ch | 85.45 | Kinburn | 8.00 | Miss Maria Chalmers, |  |
| Burlington, knox | 59.60 | Trenton | 7.00 | Smith's Entls | C0 |
| irkficld \& Vicinri | 8.00 | Millb | 3500 | Mount Alber | 11.48 |
| Marlon, Burp's Ch | $10 .(x)$ |  | 400 | Yaughan | 35.00 |
| Elamboro West | 7300 | Ratho | 24.00 | Bolton, C | 21.00 |
|  | 180 | Innox Cb, Toronto Sab Sc | 45.00 | Alexand | 3.00 |
| Napance | 1400 | Duchess ${ }^{\text {St, }}$ do Snb Sc | 31.43 | Perth, St Andrew's, addl. | 20.00 |
| Campbeil | $\begin{array}{cc} 20 & 09 \\ 16.14 \end{array}$ |  | 3.98 |  | 223.00 10.0 |
| Purt 1 Rop | Icu.c0 |  |  | Puslinch, D | 42.00 |
| do | 15.00 |  |  | Wratford | 30.00 |
| Festrond . ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ - | 10.00 |  |  | do Mi | 6.80 |
| Prince Arthur's Landing. | 10.00 | Fozelos Mission. |  | Annan | 11.98 |
| Fort Villinm | 3.60 |  |  | Mt Pleasant, Lakerale, Sic | 15.00 |
| Duflins Creek, St | 6.10 | Feceired to ind | 3 | Eenelon SS. | 4.35 |
| Hollin | 30.00 | Nissouri Sou | 2200 | Bear Creek | 19.96 |
| Glenalia | 300 | Teesmater. 7 | 22 CO | Iancsster. h | 83.32 |
| Ridgetomn | 2:.00 | King, St A | $3{ }^{3} \mathrm{cc}$ | Guelph. Cl | 59.00 |
| Erren. Hamilton | 53.60 |  |  |  |  |
| Sherbrooke Miss's Mect | 12.17 | Keads | 2.15 | Port Alb | 3.00 |
| Windsor Mills do | 3.46 | B-iskit | 7.75 | 13alaklava | 10.60 |
| Kinmsbury do do | 9.00 | Friend, 1 r | 4.00 | Eddies | 19.00 |
| Richugnd \& Mel- |  | Galt, Knox | 55.10 | Blucrale | 10.00 |
| bolirac do | 2.55 | Priminse | 3 \% | Rockroo |  |
| Bromnton Gore do | $\stackrel{2}{32}$ | Shelbur | 6.10 | Vrocman |  |
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| Whitch | 30.10 | Vnion Ch. E | 57.40 | East Nottamasaga and |  |
| Huron | 10.00 | Norral | 20.05 | Creemo | 15.60 |
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| Toronto, | 210.10 | St Thoma | 30.10 | Bayficld | 14.50 |
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| Granton | 5.00 | North Easthope, St Andir | 5.60 | Markhata, | 25.95 |
| Arthur | 15.00 | Bethnny | 7.50 | do Esomn's Corners | 7.13 |
| Craiscale. | 23.00 | Roslin 4 Thurlow | 10.60 | Cranbrooke | 8.00 |
| Walkerton, St Paul's... | S. 00 | lakecield S Sorth Smith |  | Tecumseth frst ........... | 0 |
| Brantford, Zion 1 h. addl. Oren Sound Dirision St. | 450 |  | 20.10 |  | 5.00 |
| Wren Sound, Dirisioa St. | 45.09 | Hamitton, Centra | 70.00 | Montreal. Cote St, nddi. . | 35.00 |
| Woodstock. hnox Ch. <br> do do SSc, for | 150.60 | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { do } \\ \text { Ama............... } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.00 \\ & 20.00 \end{aligned}$ | Brockville first... Burlingion. Fnox | $\begin{aligned} & 35 c 0 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Indiess of North West. | 33.09 | Ottama Ban | 160.60 | Maiton, Bura's C | 1000 |
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| Muskokr Mission Statio | \%3.57 | Montreah, St Joseph St . . | 10.10 | Scolstown | 7.75 |
| Elorn Knox ChSSEBibCl | 30.33 | Stayner - . | 3.36 | Nemcnstle | 10.00 |
| Waiton | 15.00 | Ottama, Bank St Sab Sc. |  | do SS, Fimmosa. | 7.00 |
| Bearet | 55.75 |  | $20 . c 0$ | Flasaboro We | 20.00 |
| Reserse ${ }^{\text {Fest }}$ Grili | 7.10 | Port Dathou | 7. 33 | Lanxside | 4.60 |
| West Grilli | 21.03 | Roxborough, Kno | 10.00 | - \apaze | 10.06 |
| Normanby. ${ }_{\text {Paris, }}$ | 8.60 | Ganancque, St Andrew's. | T0.10 | Moremood | 12.50 |
| Paris, Dumfries St | 70.07 | Caisto | 3.00 | Port Hope fir | 40.60 |
| Orillia | 59.10 | West Uinches | 40.00 | do do | 10.85 |
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| Pickering, Erski Danrich, Huf' | 1.50 |  | 18001 | Mohin | 9.60 |
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| Indinn Lands | 500 | Westrond Sab Sc | 1.00 | Eren. Hamilton | 500.60 |
|  | 30.00 | Greenbank | 23.00 | East King | 5.00 |
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| Eimptrille | 6.00 | Jarvis | 20.00 | Whitchure | 15.60 |



Ottawa, St Andrew's Ch. . 15900
Sherbrooke, Que.......... 13.0
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## Ferici Evangenitatiox.

Reccired by Rev. R. E. Warden, Secrctary-Treasurer of the Bonraiof French Evangelization, 210 St. James Street, Montreal, to 10 A juril. 1878.

## Ofdinary Fend.

Receired to loth March -1712022.2 i
West Winchester.... 45.60
J Sutherland, River John
tharg's S S, infant Cl.
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Irs D Marshall, Jackson.
Linn and longe $\qquad$
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11. Pictou. $\bar{W}$ S.

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Caven Ch. Iolton
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therine's.............
St Andrew's, London.
do do SS
Arthur $\qquad$
Indian Lands..
Aronbunt Sab Sc
Linion Ch, Galt.
Coldstream, NS.
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Per Mrs C Mounteer, Port Hono
St Andw's. Bowmanville
St Anw Ch, Duffin's Creek Trenton
Alanotic \& Gloucester..
Coldspring Sab Sc
Primrose Sab ${ }^{2}$ c
Shelburne Sab Sc
Huxton.
St Andrem's Ch, Stratford Craigrale
Friends at Comber, 0.....
Duff's Ch. F. Puslinch....
Rep $T$ Fcurick, Metis,

## Ex-Priests

Anonymous. Ex-Priests M Whyte. Woodstock do W A M. Malvern.... do G Davidson. Berlin; do Rev J al Goodrillie,

Camlacbie
A friend. Elora .... di
Slorenood ..... do
J C, Portland. 0 ... do
A friend of French
Missions, Sarnia. A few friends, Brantford
Miss I Arthur, Con-
secon $\ldots \ldots . .$. do
W Fraser, WGril-
limhurs. ${ }^{\text {Fraser }}$ GwilSimser, W Gmil-
Member Kinox Ch,
$r$ Toronto $\underset{\text { Brown }}{ }$ Sailt Ste

Sherifictrnes, do
Atkins, do
R Ormiston. Columbus, $\cap$
4 friend. Bondherd do
II Shinics,Falkirk do
dirs Jas McLean,
Aberfosic Titus:
IW Hommel, Titus-
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Ashinn Bible Class. do
Mrs (i Ewan, Oais-
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Mirs Marwick, Uak-
rille ............... do
Anonymous. Ver-
nonville...... do
Westrood Cong.... do
Per Re:̈ Dr McGregor, Malifax :-
Wameis SE Bocabec..
M Fsther Rutherford, M Stertiacke
G Johnson, M Sterriacke
Bromn's Creek \& Valles-
fieldt
Ioch Lomona, C B.
Great Villace Sab Sc
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Ladies Serins Circle. Lorer Permbroke, Sprineside
Broad Care CB.......
Medbank, Miramichi.
Finmouth

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Per Rev. Ir. Reid:-
Nissouri South .......... 10.00
Caledon Centre Road..... 2.34
(ralt. Knox Ch... .......... \%0.0n
Primrose...... ........... $\leqslant 1.00$
Shelburne. . .. ....... 12.00
Mount Pleasant .......... 13.00
St Thomas............... 20.00
Bethany .. ... ... $\quad .50$
Ifnkefield © N Smith S Sc 21.00
Nichol, Zion Ch............ $\quad 15.90$
Alma. ........... 27.60
Nichol, \%iou Ch Sab sc... 3.50
North Bruce ...... ...... 20.25
Stayner ..... ....... .... 5.00
Durham .. ....... ..... 18.80
Jartis..... ................ 1000
Walpole .................... 2.00
lernonville... ............ $\quad 7.00$
Ethel...... . .. ........... 400
Edwardsburgh ............. 3.25
Sunnidnle, Zion Ch.......... 5.00
Thornhill.... ............... 7.50
Watford................... 100
Mt Pleasant $\mathbb{E}$ Lakerale. $\quad 1500$
Guelph. Chalmer's Ch.... 50.00
Port Albert.............
Ealaklara.................. 10.00

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Buyfield Rond ............ } & 16.00 \\ \text { Tecumseth first........... }\end{array}$
Adjalr .. $\quad . . . . . . . . . . .$. . 5.00
Brockville first. . ..... 54.00
Purlington, Knox Ch..... 560
Flamboro West............ 15.00
L,anksida .................. 300
Campbellford.............. 5.00

Westrood ................... 10.00
Ilollin .... ................. : 00
Glenallan ................... 5. .
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Fiast King............... 8.25
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Westrn ... ................ 13.60
W. ndbridge................ $\quad 7.15$

Wondstock, Knox Ch..... 30.00
Wick .. .... ....... 900
West Grillimburs 2nd... 20.10

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Peahody..... ...... ..... 1.00


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Toronto, Knox Ch ......... 53.25
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Pafartierian Colhegh, Montranal
Rev. IR. H. Warden, Treasuret,
Ordianar Retrasor.
Racoired to 10th March-.S2iat. 49
West Winchester ......... 30.00
Mille Isics.... ...... $\quad 5.00$
Endish Rirer \& Howick
18.0

East Markesbury
8.CO

Morchood
10.00

Sherbrooke
10.75


## GEORGE WASEINGTUN.

George Washington, when quite young, was abuut to go to sea as a midshipman; evergthing mas arranged, the vessel lay opposite his father's house, the little boat had come ashore to take him off, and his whole heart was bent on going. After his trunk had been carried down to the boat he he went to his mother to bid her farewell, and sarr tears bursting from her eyes, but feeling that she would be distressed, and perhaps never be happy again, he turned round to
the servant and said, "Go and tell them to fetch my trunk back. I will not go awsy , to treak my mother's beart." His mother was struck "ith his decision, and she said to him. "George, Gud has promised to bless the children, tbat honour their parents, and I beliere He will bless you."

Think, will you be ashamed to meet any one of your scholars at Christ's judgmentseat?

