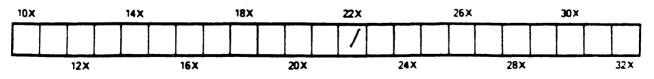
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# THE MONTHLY RECORD

OF THE

## Church of Scotland,

1 N

Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Adjoining Provinces.

Vot. XXXII.	
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SEPTEMBRR, 1886.

"If I forget theo, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget its cunning." - PSALM CXXXXII, 5

## CHRIST THE WONDERFUL.



EBUS OF NAZARETH, born of humble parentage, resident for some thirty years in an obscure village of Galilee. and, with the exception of the last three years of his life, making no general impression upon the ege in which he lived, is, when considered in his nature, knowledge, affections, purposes, powers, offices, work for men, and relations to men, as stated in the Bible, and also when considered in his influence on human destiny, beyond all comparison, the most interesting, important, ttractive, and soul-absorbing person that ever ppeared in this world. To human seeming his career was ended when, by the procurement of the Jews, he died on the cross under the decree of Pontius Pilate The Jews so intendd. He did not think so himself, and GoD did not so mean in him.

e represented, and which was embodied in im and his work among men, was not dead, i etain his body longer than the third day. imes "for forty days," this same JESUS left

bodily presence among men, were completed with this final event.

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No. 9

What followed was a ministry of men in his name, beginning at Jerusalem, and consisting largely in simply telling the story of JESUS in what he said and did, and in what happened to him; and to this ministry Gon bore "witness both with signs and wonders and with divers miracles and gifts of the HoLy GHOST, according to his own will." Peter began the ministry on the day of Pentecost. Converts were made to JESUS and his cause, first among the Jews, and then among the Gentiles; these converts were organized and associated together as churches ; and from that day to this, for now more than eighteen centuries, the work of making JESUS and his cause known to the children of men has been going torward in this world. Men, by millions and hundreds of millions, have identified tnemselves with him. His name meant more Very soon it appeared that the cause which to their thoughts, and more to their hopes. than any other name ever pronounced.

What this JESUS is in his nature as explainnd that he himself, either as to his being or ed in the Bible, and what he came into this is powers, was not extinguished when he world to do, and did, and what he is now reathed his last, and "gave up the ghost." | doing in Heaven for this world, as explained The tomb of Joseph of Arimathea did not in the same. Bible, constitute the explanation of his wonderful power over human thought op, on that day, raised his body from the and feeling. The whole explanation centres in ead, and thereby set his own seal to the him and his work. The result is not greater hission, the work, and the self-asserted claims than the cause. JESUS was on earth GOD t this JESUS; and after showing himself manifested in the flesh, and, dying in the flesh. live "by many infallible proofs," at different he was, and is, the SAVIOUR of sinners, having come into this world, as he expressly says, to ur world by a personal, visible, and miracu- save that which was lost. He still sustains ous ascension into Heaven. All the facts, this relation to men, and will do so to the end lirectly relating to and connected with his of time. He is in Heaven pursuing the same

work that brought him to earth. Such a being Abide with me from morn till eve, For without Thee I cannot live ; as the Bible JESUS is explained to by, can Abide with mo when night is nigh, never cease to be of the profoundest interest to For without Thee I lare not die. mankind. He can never become obsolete. If some poor wandering child of Thine All men need his service. He can do for them Hath spurned to-day the voice divine, Now. Lord, the gracious work begin ; what they cannot do for themselves, and what no one else can do for them. He can put them Let him no more lie down in sin. on good terms with GOD: then you will find Watch by the sick ; enrich the poor GOD ALWAYS YOUR BEST FRIEND .- Ind. With blessings from Thy boundless store , Be every mourner's sleep to-night, Like infant's slumbers, pure and light. POETIC GEMS FOR YOUNG AND OLD. Come near and bless us when we wake, Ere through the world our way we take; PRAYER. Till in the ocean of Thy love We lose ourselves in heaven above. HELP us, Lord ; each hour of need Thy heavenly succour give; Help us in thought, and word, and deed, Each hour on earth we live. -KEBLE BIBLIA HEBRAICA. QUISQUIS amas Lector, cupidus restinguere O help us when our spirits bleed mentem With (\*) trite anguish sore : Cœlesti potu, nectareis et aquis ; And who is urhearts are cold and dead, Undantem gusta 1 Heie celles the autor, Undantem gusta 1 Heie celles mella fluunt Si tibi dulce fuit VERSOS haurire LIQUORES Dulcius ex ipso fonte bibentur aque. Fontis enim vivi pleno heic fluit alveus anna : O help us, Lord, the more. O help us through the prayer of faith More firmly to believe ; For still the more the servant hath, Vino si gaudes, en tibi vina sca:ent ! Vina quidem multo qua nobiliora †alerno, The more shall he receive. Quæ divina tibi gaudia vina ferunt O help us, Jesu, from on high; We know no help tut Thee; Ergo ne pigeat paullum subiisse labores In terre, in Colis FONS tibi CHRISTUS erit. O help us so to live and die As Thine in heaven to be. -MILMAN, WHAT SHREWD MEN THINK. INVOCATION. BOUT the 'ife and sayings of Jesus Tame, Holy Ghost, our souls inspire, And highten with celestial fire; Thou the anointing Spirit art, Who dost Thy seven fold gifts impart. there is a stamp of personal originality, combined with profundity of insight, which, if we abandon the idle expecatation of finding scientific precision Thy blessed unction from above Is comfort, life, and fire of love ; where something very different was Enable with perpetual light The dulness of our blinded sight : aimed at, must place the Prophet of Nazareth, even in the estimation of those who have no belief in his inspiration, in the very first rank of Anoint and cheer our solled face With the abundance of Thy grace : Keep far our foes, give peace at home ; Where Thou art Guide no ill can come. the men of sublinie genius of whom our species can boast. When this pre-eminent genius is combined with the qualities of probably the

Teach us to know the FATHER, Son, And THEE, of Both, to be but ONE; That, through the ages it falong, This still may be our endless some-

#### ADORATION, BEFORE SLEEPING.

Sun of my soul. Thou Saviour dear : It is not night if Thou be near : O may no earth-born cloud arise To hide Thee from Thy servant's eyes.

When the soft dews of kindly sleep My wearied eyelids gently steep, Be my last thought, how sweet to rest For ever on my Saviour's breast. aimed at, must place the Prophet of Nazareth, even in the estimation of those who have no belief in his inspiration, in the very first rank of the men of subline genuss of whom our species can boast. When this pre-eminent genins is combined with the qualities of probably the greatest moral reformer and martyr to that mission who ever existed apon earth, religion can not be said to make a bad choice in pitching on this man as the ideal representative and guide of humanity; nor even now would it be easy even for an unbeliever to find a better trauslation of the rule of virtue from the abstract into the concrete, than to endeaver so to live that Christ would approve our life.—From "Three Essays on Religion." John Stuart Mill, Am. Ed., pp. 253-255.

"From first to last, Jesus is the same, always the same-majestic and simple, infinitely severand infinitely gentle. Throughout a life passed ander the public eye he never gives occasion

to find fault. The prodence of his conduct compels our admiration by its union of force and gentleness. Alike in speech and action, he is enlightened, consistent, and calm. Sublimity is said to be an attribute of divinity : what name, then, shah we give Him in whose character was united every element of the sublime? I know men, and I tell you Jesus was not a man. Everything in him amazes me. Comparison is impossible between him and any other being in the world. He is truly a being by humself. His ideas and his sentiments, the truth that he announces, his manner of convincing, are all beyond humanity and the natural order of things. His birth and the story of his life; the profoundness of his doctrine, which overturns all difficulties, and is their most complete olution; his gospel; the singularity of his mysterious being; his appearance; his empire; his progress thorough all centuries and kingdoms ;--all this is to me a prodigy, an unfathomable mystery. I see nothing here of man. Near es 1 may approach, closely as I may examine, all remains above my comprehension, - great with a greatness that It is in vain that I reflect ;--all crushes me. remains unaccountable! I defy you to cite another life like that of Christ."-Napoleon Buonaparte.

#### HOW TO BUILD A CHURCH.

TEXT-" It se and build."

1. Encourage your minister. How !

1. Attend every church service and each prayer meeting.

2. Avoid criticism; find no fault; pray much.

3. Co-operate in revival services; call on him socially.

4. Sympathize with him; pay him promptly.

11. Encourage your fellow-members. How?

1. Speak lovingly and hopefully to them.

2. Avoid all contentions: pour oil upon troubles.

3. Know no party; utter no complaint.

4. Distrust no one : be a loving disciple.

III. Encourage the community.

1. By always speaking well of church and community.

2. By never retailing the infirmities of your brethren.

3. By inviting and inducing them to come to church.

4. By showing yourself pleased when they attend service.

Application: Follow these rules strictly, Church of Scotland in return, consisting of the and there will result -1. Personal growth in Moderator, the Rev. Dr. Story, and Rev. Dr.

grace; 2. Increase in good fellowship; 3. A. revival of God's work -- W tness.

#### THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

WUB Kirk in Sectland alone has now no less than 564,000 communicants. Its Christia: Liberality is over £8000 in advance of the previous year. The missionary spirit of the Assembly found enthusiastic expression when three missionaries presently at home -each with a different story to tell and a different manner of telling it-addressed with unusual eloquence and power an audience which crowded the Assembly Hall and whose interest never flagged. The announcement of the full erection of ANOTHER HUNDRED PARISHES within the LAST TEN YEARS WAS & new waymark of the Church's progress and was a happy prelude to the noble speeches. delivered on the subject of Church Defence. The adoption of a message of reconciliation and peace to the Free Church by an overwhelming majority, and the enactment of a statute under which congregations may call to vacant charges ministers of any Presbyterian Church within the United Kingdom, mark a fresh advance in the direction of comprehension in The Church is rising to the respon-Scotland. sibilities of her great position, and calls for thankfulness to Almighty God.

The reception of the Irish Presbyterian Deputies at the General Assembly, was a feature worthy of special notice. The Deputies had been appointed by a large majority of the General Assembly of the Irish Presbyterian Church to renew friendly relations with the Church of Scotland and end an estrangement of more than forty years. They were commissioned to bid the Church of Scotland Godspeed in her work, and Dr. Killen's eloquent address awoke at no point a heartier response than when he assured the Assembly that the Iriah Presbyterian Church held fast to the SAME DOCTRINE REGARDING THE CIVIL MAGISTRATE as the Church of Scotland. His impassionate appeal for sympathy to the loyalists in the present crisis was warmly responded to, and no one could listen to the cultured and high-toned eloquence of Mr. Thomas Sinclair, representing the Irish Presbyterian laity, without feeling that the calamities predicted as the certain consequence of the passing of the Home kule Bill were all too likely to be realized. We learn that a deputation from the Church of Scotland in return, consisting of the J. Marshall Lang, have been received with warm demonstrations of brotherly regard by the General Assembly of the Irish Presbyterian Church which sat in June.

#### SCOTTISH FOREIGN MISSIONS.

#### (From the Mission Record.)



RAR MR. EDITOR--It has been my way to tell you, and the Church through you, something of the hopes and anxieties and desires of the friends of our Foreign Mission. It seemed to us that at the Assembly the clouds

lifted a little ; we got a glumpse of blue sky, and the prospect of a sunny day yet to come, please God. Our missionaries who addressed the house, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Cockburn, and Mr. Scott-so different from each other, and yet each in his own way so good-were of the greatest possible use. They were worth a hundred assurances from me that we have a staff in the Mission-field for which any Church might thank God. The Moderator declared in his place that he had never heard nobler addressee, and that it was enough to set us all Then there was on fire with enthusiasin. Blessing to tell of ; at least 250 baptisms in Darjeeling, Kalimpong, the Punjaub, and Chius. not to mention other stations. I had the pleasure of telling that several of our very best students and preachers, fiesh from college, were offering themselves to the Mission was able to announce generous gifts, -notably the promise of £3000 from the Messrs. Russell, 1 to be funded for China The extension of the Darjeeling Mission into Sikhim has been taken up by the students of the four University. Missionary Associations, under the name of the Universities' Mission. It will bring no additional burden on our funds, and it will greatly benefit our Mission in that region.

On the other hand—to change my figure the ship is not righted; for the expenditure exceeded the income last year by £2244. In the previous year the expenditure exceeded the income by £4929. So we are slowly coming round—that is all one can say. In view of the whole position the Assembly (if I may say it) did three very wise things :—

1. As there would have been in the ordinary course an interval of well on to two years between last and next Collection for Foreign Missions, it gave us a Special Collection. I have, howevel, little hope of getting the benefit of it during the year now running; and our task is, with God's blessing, to right the ship this year.

2. The Assembly authorized and enjoined you for next Record.

the Committee to contract their operations, if at the expiry of six months they see no reasonable prospect of otherwise equalizing meome and expenditure. Shall this be done ? While I am writing these words (this is literally exact, and not a license of writing) a wholly unexpected offer comes to me of  $\pounds 500$ , that we may send out new missionaries. That will be better than closing our stations. May this generous deed bring other friends to the rescue '

3. The Assembly has given us a commission to communicate with ministers and others with a view to the better organizing of all our congregations. You must let me write a whole letter about this by and by. When I began my duties I had a secret hope that rich members of the Church might suddenly bring us out of all our difficulties. Now I am almost (I do not say, quites glad that they did not. It is right to say that a few of them have helped us; and I would fain believe that far more of them will do so when they see that we are in carnest in promoting organization in all congregations. so that the claims of the Mission may be brought home to tich and poor alike. I have not lost faith in the promise, My God shall supply all your need. But I think He has been leading us to a better way. We are to go, for the proper support of the Mission, to the whole people. That means organization. Not hard, mechanical organization, that will bring forth money from uncheerful givers. but semething that will enlist the intelligence and the enthusiasm of our best workers, male and female, throughout the Church.

One concluding word. Mr Sinclai: pleaded in the Assembly for  $\pm 700$  for a Mission-house at Arkonan. It will clear the way for an Evangelistic Missionary at Madras. I had been telling the Assembly of an esteemed minister who asked for fitteen of his congregation to provide a sum for a certain missionary object, and said he would be one of the fifteen Mr. Sinclair asked for fourteen who would give £50 each for Arkonan, and said he would be one of them. He has sent rie his £50. An elder straightway offered £50. He has paid it, and £30 for Africa. A minister offered £50 from himself and £50 from his wife. We want ten of your readers to join the band. Think of our hard-working, not over-paid missionaries leading the way !- Ever yours,

#### JOHN M'MURTRIE.

P.S.—I have just heard from Mr. Youngson of Sialkot that there have been 35 additional baptisms—19 adults and 16 children—all from heathenism. This will be fully reported to you for next Record.

#### LETTER FROM CALCUTTA, INDIA.



La Principal of the Institution writes, expressing disappointment with the results of the Examinations.

"We have been disappointed in the results obtained at the last B. A.

Examination. We passed only fortyseven out of the large number sent up ; one of these got second-class honors in English and one in Philosophy. I am grievously disappointed, as we are considerably under our neighbors. We sent up thirty-nine for the B or Science Course, and of these only eight passed The F. C. Institution sent up only three for Science, and of these only one passed. Their students were all for the A Course, with the exception mentioned, and their result is very much better than ours. When the College Council meets in June we will go into these results thoroughly, and take such measures as may be possible for us to prevent a result like this happening again. I take no consolation from the fact that it is the largest number passed in one year from this Institution, -- it is so far below what we ought to have had. We must all work harder next session."

#### BAPTISM IN NATIVE CHURCH.

"I have much satisfaction in reporting my first baptism of a convert from Hinduism. Megbar Singh, a young man about 20 years of age, has been studying in the Institution during the last two sessions. He has been living in the Institution with two Christian lads like himself from Darjeeling. Meghar attended the Sunday school and the native church, but seemed often rather proud of the fact that he was not a Christian. Last Christ. high and noble nature of the Scotch Missions. mas morning he refused to take breakfast with which my countrymen in China may not be us, as he had not yet lost his caste. About two able fully to appreciate. m nths ago a great change came over Meghar, and he wrote without my knowledge to his brother in Kalimpong that he wanted to go particular, show that we, as Chinese people, home to be baptized. Mr. Sutherland wrote have tried and are trying, to do our best to be to me, and generously advised that the deserving of your esteem. These opinions baptism should be here, and that I should do will enc urage us to double and quadruple our it. Megbar agreed, and after a time of instruc- efforts to draw the two countries which you tion and preparation given both by Mr. Laha and I represent into still closer relations and Hiralal De, on Thursday last, in presence of the Session, he answer d most satisfactorily fully to send you this reply .- I have the honor all the questions put to him. It was my first to be, yours sincerely. experience of the kind, and I resolved not to; proceed till convinced that Megbar thoroughly understood the nature of the step he was Scotland have purchased, for £6,000, the taking His answers were no mere monosyll. Church in the rue Bayard, Avenue Montaigne, ables, but decided and full expressions of an Paris -formerly used for Episcopal services-

ment of the Lord's Supper. It is a day to be remembered by me with gratitude to God for his great mercy and loving kindness toward us.

"The heat is very great; a glass on my table under the punkah, registers as I write 98°. "WILLIAM SMITH."

#### EXCELLENT CHINESE LETTER.

HE MARQUIS TSENG, who nobly represents China, is probably the ablest statesman of that vast and mighty Empire. At a meeting in connection with the Presbyterian China Mission, held in Edinburgh on the 22d of May,

it was resolved that a memorial should be presented to the Marquis Tseng, who was on a short visit to the Northern Capital, welcoming him to Scotland, as the native land of many who had gone forth to work for the highest good of the Middle Kingdom. The following reply was received from the Marquis :--

"I feel highly honored by the address which the friends of China have so kindly presented to me. I now express in writing my grateful feelings to you and the numerous friends who have signed the address for the appreciation of the humble services which I have done to cement the most cordial relationship now happily existing between China and Great Britain. Both myself and the people of China have been, and are still, alive to the good motives which the Scotch missionaries have entertained towards China. I am, moreover, singularly fortunate to have been able to come to Scotland, where by personal contact with you, I become more conversant with the very

"The high opinions which you form of Chinese people in general, and of myself in

"Before leaving Edinburgh, I beg respect-"TSENG."

THE Colonial Committee of the Church of intelligent faith. I baptised Megbar on for the account of Scotch residents and Sunday last, just before dispensing the sacra- visitors to that city.

#### THE DYING YEAR.

[These original verses, by a valued friend, were sent early this year, but lost their way. They are too good to die so; and will, ive many a new suggestion by their appearance now ]

1885 A. D.



CTEND, ye nations, drop a pensive tear U'er the dying couch of the dear Old Year!

So dear for the good an i the love it brought.

So sad for the gloom and heart-pangs wrought.

Like a nieteor flame o'er the midnight way,

On its s.lent bosom it bears away A burden of woe, and trial, and care, Such as each alone for himself must bear. With its joy, and pride, and glory sublime, Vanished for ave midst the ocean of Time.

Spirits of nations 1 that mourn by the side Of the dying Old Year, yet longer abide; While with faltering breath and dimming eye, As the mists from the vale of death draw nigh, He declares to your sons in every clime Counsels he learned from the secrets of Time 1

"Fair CANADI 1 to me thou always art dear ! Wuy down thy check flows the coursing tear ? Ah, yes; though thy storm of battle is past, Alas, how many sank ineath its blast ! Pandora doth ever one hope retam, And this applied may lessen thy pain. Sad work have I seen in thy western wild, From the cruch hand of thy savage child ; Where murder, rapine, and anarchy spread By the mrage hope of libertine led Oh Mars, what a price was paid for thy reign, By the blood of loyal Canadians alsin ! Though the arch-robel has met his doom, Sparks of rebellion blink through the gloom, Fare well to thy forests, lakes, and plain, Do thom high in power thy rights maintain. With Liberty's love and Learning's sway,

"BRITANNIA'S worthy isle I behold, Oh I always the cause of Truth uphold. Regard thy power as of wisdom born; And ignolae titles view with ecorn. Thuse Induan groves 'mid the tropics glare, Yet bid deitance to Russian bear. Again the AR vBS, in Mahomet's name, I n flerce rebelioo's embers to flame; Thas andy wilds of Egypt's sultry air, Airs, unresponsive, with a wild despair!

"Alas, poor FRANCE! thou restless art and vain, The freaks of thy sons canst thou not restrain ? At home or abroad they seldom agree ; And thou fain to rule the beathen Chinee! Ah! nation, be wise, remember the pain Of Moscow's mad march, and Waterloo's plain !

" Behold the SPANISH throne, draped in gloom ! They lay their young monarch in the tomb; Oh ! guard thy infant queen for later years; Then deck with Liberty the crown she wears.

"Encroaching "U.SIA, rich in bold design, How long must thy loyal in bondage pine? Throw open the door of thy dungeons deep, Where Siberia's doomed in thousands weep. Despotic tyrants ! rule with gentle sway, For Truth and Freedom yet shall win the day.

"Oh lagging CHINA, cease thy dreamy lay i Thy Mongol millions murch to sad decay. Why bar thy gates against discovery's tide, The boast of countless years thy use oss pride ? Oh, Time, with thy iconoclastic hand, Wipe cut the idol temples from this land !

"Behold the TURKISH creacent waxing dim; Poor feeble man, few nations pity h m; The creed of Jalam, dissipation's slave. Has borne for thee, alas! what thou woulds have.

"Thon nostile BULGAR, drop the bloody sword. And of thine innate goo I some proof atlord ! For counsel seek thy Western friends in noed To crafty Russ advice pay little heed.

"Long may ITALIA's home be free from woes, E'en while by Rome the classic Tib it flows : Thi name brings back a thousand memories fied, Which o'er thy history's page bright lustre sheft

" Beyond the Alps I see the busy SWISS: Long may thy land enjoy its tranquil bliss! Sad is the tale thou tell'st us of thy pas',... Noby thou studd at Oppression's cruel blast.

"The thrifty GERMAN Empire next at hand, Would fain her lettered children's bounds expaud.

Winte still Columbia g ves thy sons her soil, Leave unto Spain the lonely ocean isle !

"I now thy virgin world COLUMBIA hail. But whence arise the nation's plaintive wail? The wand of Death hath low a chief ain haid Let not his faithful party be dismayed. But guide their nation through the tides of Fate. Where nobler truths and better deeds await.

"Farewell, mankind, of divers race and tongue! For you the Old Year's paring lay is ung. Untoid the wrongs and crumes in secret lay. Hot in oblivion's charnel stor'd away But here our pains find each a sweet repose. And Life and Love are friends, no longer fues Ye polar wilds that nurse eternal snow, Ye fragr at sunny isles, aden!-1 go; Fast flies the shuttle, while with hurried breath. Each shuttle counts a year, it s birth and death : As, from the silent whire, alo ton Trune, Rolls out the endless web of years sublime!"

Jan. 4, 1886. THEO. MACK.

SIR JOHN HUNTER, the eminent surgeon, adopted a rule which may be recommended to all. When a friend asked l i.n how he had been able to accomplish so much in the way of study and discovery in his busy life, he answered, "My rule is deliberately to consider, before I commence, whether the work is practicable. If it be not practicable, I do not attempt it. If it be practicable, I can accomplish it, if I give sufficient pains to it; and having begun, I never stop until the thing is done. To this rule I owe all my success in life."

## The Monthly Record.

## HALIFAX, N. S., SEPTEMBER, 1886.

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#### OUR SHORTER CATECHISM.

UESTION 27. CHRIST'S wonderful hamiliation was shown in His emptying Himself of His infinite glory and beconing a man of sorrows for us, from His birth till His resurrection; bear-

ing in His body our sins and the misery and battles and wrath due to us; and, as a servant, made under the law, completely sacrificing His human self and self-will to God, and submitting to the toils of life and the accursed death of the cross, and the state of the dead for a time, to save us from the second death and its endless woe.

28. CHRIST'S exaltation consists in His glorious resurrection on the third day, His ascension far above all Heavens, and His glorification with the absolute Paternal Gouhead which He had as the Aluighty Worl in the boson of the Father before the world began. Hence also He is the Supreme Judge and Om-

otent Upholder of the Universe; being "the wisdom of God and the power of God; yea, God Himself and Lord of all creatures in Heawen, earth and hell. Matt. 28: 18; Philip. 2: 10, 11; John 17: 5; Col. 2: 9; Heb. 1: 3; 1 Cor. 1: 24.

29. We are made partakers of this great Redemption wrought by Christ, by the gracious aid of His Spirit *effectually applying it to us*; that is, successfully affering and groung it to us. This is done whenever we yield to His offer and heartily receive Christ in true faith working by love. John i.: 12.

30. The Holy Spirit fulfils this office by working faith in us (that is Regeneration), and thereby uniting us to Christ (that is Sanctification begun). These two operations include a great many others implicitly.

Some will object that our catechism says not a word here about our own duty, but only about the Spinit's work, as if it were arbitrary and despotic, and man were bound up in fatal necessity.

Two answers will help such sincere objectors-(1). There is another question in this catechism which tells of man's duty and work, viz., Question 85. But the present Question enquires only about the Spirit's work; and hence the answer is limited to that. (2) Our Fathers kept so very far from the Scylla of Self-merit as to run dangerously near to the Charybdis of Fatalism sometimes. Yet they and we very heartily confess that with God there is no partiality or respect of persons ; that He is not willing that any should perish ; that He makes His light to shine on the evil and the good, and offers His grace to the just and the unjust equally. He works faith in all who allow it to enter their hearts with repentance, and to dwell there with new obecience. He says, "Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling, for it is God that worketh in you to will and to do right." (Phil. 2: 12, 13.) Thus the only safe way is the way of faith in Jesus Christ purifying the heart, working by love, and keeping His commandments with delight. And this way is equally open to all. (Gal. 5 : 6 ; James 2 : 22 ; Mat. 7 : 12, etc.)

We believe that man's chief end is to glorify (dod and to enjoy Him forever; that Christ by His Spirit is striving to convert every man; that He would have all men to be saved; and if any man is lost, it is not the Lord's fault, but man's own fault; (Rev. 2: 20; 1 Tim. 2: 4; John 5: 40; Prov. 1: 20-23; Ezek. 18: 30-32.)

31. Effectual Calling means successful conversion It is the work of God's Spirit, convicting as by His Law, enlightening us by His Gospel, and converting us wholly to accept and obey Jesus Christ as our Divine Prophet, Priest and King. Thus He is offered to us in the Gospel. We must become as little children. Mat. 18:3; Mat 11: 28-30.

dren. Mat. 18: 3; Mat 11: 28-30. 32. All who are effectually called become sharers not only in Justification and Adoption, but also in Sanctification, even in this life. That is, if any one lacks the work of Sanctification, his calling is not yet effectual, nor his conversion complete. God calls all men to repent. But some will not turn from sin; others turn in part, like Herod; others turn joyfully, but soon fall away, like those who received seed on stony ground. such. "many are called, but few chosen." Sanctification is necessary; and if they neglect it, they destroy their own souls. The tests are, "By their fruits ye shall know them," and "He that endureth to the end shall be saved."

Justification is God's free and gracious 33. pardoning of our sins, and accepting of our repentant souls in Jesus Christ the Saviour. He is the only Source and Sun of rightcousness, reconciling the world to Himself, not imputing to men their trespasses, but His own grace. We receive it not by any priestly act of mere man, nor by any merit of our own, but only by living personal faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, working by love, purifying our hearts, and renewing us in His image wholly. For though "faith is the alone instrument of justification, yet it is not alone in the person justified, but is ever accompanied by all other saving graces, and is no dead faith, but worketh by love. (Confession of Faith, xi: 2). Hence we must shun the two deadly heresies of (1) trusting to a dead faith that obeys not Christ's commands, and (2), hoping for Christ's merits, yet living This is the most deceitful kind in wilfu! sin. of self-righteousness ; even Antinomianism.

34. Adoption is God's free and gracious reception of true penitents as His own children, with all the privileges of that most blessed relationship. Oh ! make this high calling and election sure, as directed in 2 Peter 1 : 4-10.

35. Sanctification is the work of God's free grace, renewing us wholly after the image of God, and enabling us to go ou stedfastly dying to sin and self, and living to grace and God.

Many boast of faith in God's free grace, who yet hate this "work of God's free grace." But God has joined them together, and they cannot be separated without destroying both. In Effectual Calling we find a "renewing of the will," and here we find a "renewing of the whole man," so that he delights to do God's will, loves His law in his heart, and finds His service perfect freedom.

### BIBLICAL QUESTIONS FOR SABBATH SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES. BY HON. JUDGE YOUNG, LL.D., OF P. E. I.

- 1. What did The Lord say Cain should be in the earth ?
- 2. What did King Ahab covet from Naboth ?
- 8. What Queen was cast off by her husband for refusing to appear at a feast !
- 4. Where did David say he would fear no evil because God was with him ?
- 5. Name the bird whose eye hath not seen a path of which Job speaks.

- 6. What did Solomon say all worldly things are?
- 7. What does St John say Faith gives the ('hristian over the world !
- When the soldiers came to the Lord Jesus on the Cross, what did they offer Hum to drink !
- What part of the Temple was reat in twain when Christ was crucified ?
- To what place were two disciples going when Jesus walked and talked with them by the way after His resurrection '
- 11. What reptile came out of the heat and sastened on St. Paul's hand when he laid the sticks on the fire ?
- 12. When Paul was in the ship on his way to Rome, what did he say would be attended with hurt and damage?

ANSWERS FOR AUGUST

1, Ur; 2, Uz; 3, Uzziah; 4, Uzzah; 5, Uphaz; 6, Usury; 7, Unquenchable; 8, Under the Figtree; 9, Upbraid them; 10, Understandest thou what thou reade-t? 11, Unbelief; 12, Uuchangeable.

BEST ANSWERS	FOR JULY FROM
Alma	M. C. Douglas
Fox Brook, Hopewell .	J. Smith.
Fisher's Grant	S. McDonald.
Mountville	J. Ureuhait.
River Dennis, C. B	D. Cameron.
Salt Springs	M. F. McLeod.
Westville	E MeGregor.
"	J. H. Moore.

#### NEW QUESTIONS AND PRIZES.

Our good friend, the Honourable Jupus YOUNG, LL.D., of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has contrived another most ingenious way of interesting and edifying the readers of the RECORD in studying and searching out the most precious truths of the Bible. His letter and enclosed verses (which we print below) will ex-We hope very many will compete, plain this. and take great delight in it, and do it well and thoroughly. It will be a blessed task ; nay, twice blessed, and many times over. Ask every time, Where is CREIST so named ? Then search out the Proof texts. Write their references, after the number of each name, thus --1, Corner-stone; Eph. 2: 20; 1 Peter 2: 6. Isa 28: 16; etc. 2, Head of Corner; 1 Peter 2:7; Ps. 118:22; Mat. 21:42; etc.

LETTER FROM PON. JUDGE YOUNG, LL.D. To Rev. P. Melville, A.M., B.D.:

Dear Editor,—In the course of my reading, I met with the following instructive lines by the Rev. Dr. Swartz; and I thought that my young friends of the "MONTHLY RECORD" would like to enjoy the exercise of searching the Scriptures, and of sending to me a correct ; list of the fifty-four references therein referred Upon the receipt of this list, on or before to the 1st of October next, I will give a prize to each of the best six persons that prepare and forward the same; leaving me the liberty of extending the number of prizes should I see fit.

1 remain yours,

In the best of Christian bonds, CHARLES YOUNG.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, August, 1886.

#### CHRIST AND HIS WONDERFUL NAMES.

#### BY REV. JOEL SWARIZ, D.D.

How rich, how various, are the names Of Jesus Christ, our Saviour, Lord ! What precious titles, honors, claims, The Holy Scriptures Him accord !

He is the Corner-stone [1] and Head [2], The Prince of Life [3], the Prince of Peace [4], The First Begotten [5] from the dead, The King [6] whose reign shall never cease ;

The Image of the unseen God [7], The Holy Child [8], the Holy time [9], The Sher herd [10] with his staff and rod, The Light [11], the world's superior Sun [12];

The open Fountain [13], living Bread [14], The crustful Vinc [15], the oj en Door [16], The Church's Rock [17], l er living Head [18], Her Horn (19), her Hope (20) for ever more.

He is the bright and morning Star [21], The blest and only Potentate [.2], The Lord of Hosts [23], a Man of War [24], The sinner's only Advocate [25];

Our Mediator (26), great High Priest (27), Anointed (2-) of the Holy Ghost, Our Rock (29), Redeemer ( 0), Paschal Feast (31), Our Highteousness (32) and only boast;

Our God with us, Immanuel [33],

Jehovah [34], ever living Cine, Our Ranson [35] from the pit of hell, Both David's Root [36] and David's Son [37];

The faithful Witness (28), living Word (19), The Counsellor (40), the M.ghty God (41), The Presence Angel of the Lord (42), The Righteous Branch (43), and Josse's Rod (44).

He is the Life [45], the Truth [46], the Way [47]. The Re urrection [48], First [49], and Last [50], Our Coasolation [51], Wisdom [52], Stay [53], Father of ages [54], future, past.

On such a One I calmly rest; Whate'er in life or death befall I know is kindest, wisest, best, bor He to me is ALL IN ALL !

Write the best and fittest Proofs for each correctly. Then send the complete list to UDGE YOUNG before October first.]

#### BRITAIN AND HER COLONIES.

Subject of Cam-bridge has been giving high honors to Some of the able and accomplished leaders of the great Colonial and > Indian Exhibition. On July 9th, about 200 guests sat down to lunch, and after some builliant preliminaries, Sir Charles Tupper was called upon by the Mayor to reply to the toast to "India and the Colonies." This he did with great applause, declaring the Colonial loyalty and determination to preserve the British Empire united and prosperous to all ages.

Then began the great meeting for Degrees in the Senate House. There the public orator, Dr. J. E. Sandys, addressed a short Latin speech welcoming the representatives of the Colonies and India, on the occasion of the visit to Cambridge. He began by regretting that the traditions of his office prevented him from: speaking English to men who were united with themselves not only by common ties of language and lienage and famous memories of the past, but also by the bond of loyalty to the throne of England. Yet that ancient Latin language, he continued, might serve to remind them that the dominions of the British Empire extended over a far larger portion of the surface of the globe than any that had been traversed by the victorious eagles of The Museums and Colleges of Cam-Rome. bridge could not pretend to be as rich in the charms of nature and of art as the magnificent courts of an Imperial Exhibition, teeming with the varied wealth of England's distant dominions. The colleges themselves, in their relation to the university, were an instance of that federal union, which it rested with the representatives of the Colonies and of India to promote on a far larger scale ; and the combination of all the provinces of the British Empire in a closer federal union with the consequent diffusion of fresh life through all the parts of that stupendous whole would give a new meaning to the lines of Virgil:

"Spiritus intus alit totamqua effusa per artus Mens agitat molem et maguo se corpore miscet.

In proceeding to introduce the distinguished persons on whom degrees were about to be conferred, the orator observed that the compliment which was thus paid to them by the University was not confined to the actual name, but do not give mistaken references. recipients of the degrees, but was also shared Study every text well, and write the references in a measure by those whom they so worthily represented. His Highness the Rajah of Narsinhgarh was then introduced as the king

of a district in the very heart of India, who had left his royal city and the quiet lake that reflected the towers of his palace, and had ventured to cross the sea with the intention of improving his acquaintance with a country with which he was already connected through his friendly relations with our Indian Empire

The Honorable Sir Ashley Eden, K. C. S. I., C. I. E., member of the council for India, was next described as one who, as a former Chief Commissioner in Burmah, and Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, had, by his able administration of both of those provinces, signally proved populi salutem supremam esse legem.

Sir William John Clarke, baronet, was characterized as one who traced his lineage from the golden age of Queen Elizabeth, and was himself one of the ornaments of that golden Province of Australia, which was proud to bear the name of Queen Victoria.

Sir Charles Tupper, K C.M.G, was welcomed as the High Commissioner for the Dominion of Canada, "quam occidentem versus solem imperii Britannici terminum esse dicerem, nisi menninissem imperio Britannico solis occasum esse ignotum."\* The orator also alluded to the fact that in 1880 Sir Charles, as Minister of Railways and Canals, signed the contract for the great transcontinental railway from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which has been opcued within the last few days. "Licet Britannis per ampliorem quandam Britanniam fortiter progredi 'val occidentis usque ad ultimum ainum." "+

Sir George F. Bowen, K. C. M. G. D. C. L. (Oxon.), was described as one who after taking a first-class in the final classical school, at Oxford, had spent more than thirty years in public positions of the highest importance, and had not only given signal proof of his literary and administrative ability in the Ionian Islands, but had also shown the greatest sagacity, courtesy and dignity as governor of no less than five of our Colonies (Queensland, New Zealand, Victoria, Mauritius and Hong Kong).

Sir William Davenport, K C M. G., was welcomed as a distinguished representative of South Australia, and allusion was made to the "trophy of refined copper," which is a conspicuous object in the court assigned to that colony in the present exhibition.

Sir Julius Von Haast, K.C.M.G., Ph.D., F.

R. S., was characterised as one who had added largely to our knowledge of the botany, zoology, and geology of New Zealand

Sir George Rirdwood, C S I, M.D., author of "The Industrial Arts of India," was next described as one who was conspicuous for his devotion to literature and art. While director of the Victoria Museum and Gurlens in Bombay, he had spread a knowledge of the science of Europe among the natives of India. and, on his return to England, he had made the industrial arts of India familiar to the nations of Europe.

Lastly, Edward Charles Buck, L. L. B., of Clare College (1862) Secretary to the Revenuand Agricultural Department of India, was congratulated on having so successfully taken part, as commissioner for the Government of India, in the organizing of the splen id disolay of Indian products at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition.

#### ADVICE TO COUNTRY GIRLS.



E copy the following words of true as d timely warning from a trusty American paper, and we hope they will save some young people from the hidden dangers before them "City life is not all that it is

painted. It has its pleasures and conveniences, but it also has its serious drawbacks. Before making the plunge into life in the cty, country girls should ask thems lves what is really to be gained by it. Perhaps in their quiet rural homes some stray advertisement has reached them, promising to young women high salaries for light work. Hundreds of advertisements are framed for the very purposof deceiving the unwary. They accompaish their purpose, however, and large numbers of young girls rush to the city, dazzled by the generous profusion of promises A girl from the farm answers one of these ad ettisements Life may have been slow at home, but there was always good food and in plenty, and there was some one to care for in the old farm house. When she goes into the city she finds that the "light work" consists in working all day in a badly lighted and ill-smelling workshop, where scores of other girls and women are employed at wages hardly high enough to keep body and soul together. We know what often comes next. The girl has left home : she is ashamed or unwilling to return, and she must take the consequences, ofttimes one of two things-shame or suffering. Many a girl finds first in the frivolities and next in the

<sup>&</sup>quot;I might call Canada the utmost border of the British Empire toward the setting sun, only I recollect that on this Em ire the sun never 6.4s."

s. ts." f "To the British it opens up a way by a larger Britain, even to the uttermost Western Sea."

iniquity of the streets that excitement by which regrets and remorse may be deadened. If she is too strong in principle, too pure and elevated in tone thus to sink down to one of the pitiable fallen women of the streets, she may find herself in some cold garret, lonely, overworked, despondent and miserable Better remain at home than risk the failure which attends so many girls who go to the city in pursuit of high pay for light work. It is the addest of all ventures, forsaking a country home for the illusions and deceptions of a large | town."-Times.

## OUR CHURCH AND COUNTRY.

#### NOVA SCOTIA.



Much regret is felt that the Messrs. HELDMAN Balance to leave our city, of which they and i their people deserve so well at a recent session of Pictou Lodge, I.O.G.T., the following address was presented to

Mr E G. Herdman, who is leaving his native town for the North-West. Mr. Herdman has been a most earnest and devoted worker in the intrest of temperance, and this lodge in particular. He carries with him to his new home, the good wishes of all who have ever been acquainted with him.

#### TO MR. E. G. HERDMAN :

Dear Sir and Brother,-Having learned with regret of your decision to leave this your native Town for a new field of labor in our great North-West, we take this opportunity of expressing our regret at losing so good and efficient an officer and member; one who has always taken hively interest in the affairs of this lodge and in the temperance cause; who has always been withful and prompt in the discharge of duty: fable and courteous to all. We shall miss you n our councils and deliberations, and in our ocial amusements. Please allow us to express ar very best wishes for your future prosperity nd happiness. We recommend you to the kind over of our Brethren who are to be found in all ountries. That Almighty God the Ruler and overnor of all things will ever watch over and rotect you, is our carnest prayer. Signed in behalf of Pictou Lodge,

#### A. R. WATT, C. T. W. MACDONALD, Secy.

Mr. Herdman made a feeling reply to the ove, after which several of the members and sitors spoke, complimenting Mr. H. upon s past efforts, and all united in sincere regret his departure. Refreshments of a substanal nature were then passed around and rst

ST. ANDREW'S KIRK is undergoing extensive repairs and improvements.

PRINCIPALA. H. MCKAY of Pietou Academy has been elected a Fellow of the Society of Science, Literature, and Art, of London, England, in recognition of his services and attainments in the cause of Science. This is a very high honor to be accorded to a Colonist, and a compliment to the well-known ability of our worthy Principal. In addition to the titles of B. A. and B. Sc., which Mr. McKay already holds, he will thus have this newly acquired one of F. S. Sc. Mr. McKay's very able and original paper on "the Sponge" has been received with interest by scientific men everywhere, and is attracting much attention at present in the United States.

Messrs. HERDMAN, Bakers, are about IN MEMORY OF KENNETH JOHN MCKENZIE, WHO DIED IN BOSTON, AUGUST 2, 1886.

> I am all alone in my chamber now, And the midnight hour is near, And oh! the steps of that message boy And on: the steps of that message doy Still seem to resound in my ear; And over my soul, in its solitude, Sad feelings of loneliness glide; My heart and eyes are full, when I think Of my Kenny, sick, far from my side!

Ah, soon and sad the next message came: "Return to your home; he is dead: Your darling boy will be brought to you, Prepare him his last lowly bed !" How did I return to my lonely home ? My husband afar off at sea, Not knowing his darling boy was dead: But Gop looked with pity on me!

And when I gazed on his innocent face, As in marble calmness he lay, And think what a lively boy he had been. And how soon he passed away, Oh death, thou lovest the beautiful: In the woe of my spirit I cried : The e es were dim, but lovely the face Of my darling boy that died !

I shall see his sister and brother again, With their playmates round the door, And I will watch them in their play, As I never have done before. And if in the group I see a boy, Like my own Kenny, laughing eyed, I'll love the darling face of him, For the sake of my boy that died!

We shall all go home to our Father's house. Where the many mansions rise. Where hope and joy can have no blight, And our love no broken ties. We'll roam beside the river of life, And bathe in its blissful tide; And one of the joys of our heaven shall be. Our own dear boy that died ! M. C.

SCOTCH HILL.-The Rev. ÆBEAS G. Gordon, A.M., Parish Minister of Kingskettle, omughly enjoyed. Mr. H. has left for the Fife, Scotland, is on a visit to his friends at Scotch Hill, Soon after Mr. Gordon was

licensed, he was elected to the first charge in Cupar, one of the most important positions in the church, an appointment which with rare magnanimity he declined. His next call was to the church of which he is still minister. The Church of Sco land has of late years been violently assailed by dissenting demonstrations, aided by the liberationists, who clamor not only for disestablishment, but for disendowment, or wholesale robbery of the church's The attacks made upon the patrimony. church have served to reveal her hold upon the people of Scotland, and to show her assailants that they have strong men to grapple with. Mr. Gordon took an active part in her defence. In the controversy, he wielded an acute, a facile, and vigorous pen Nova Scotia has given many excellent men to the church. In scholarly attainments and devotion to duty. Mr. Gordon ranks among her most distinguished. His friends on this side will greet him with a hearty welcome. His visit to his native land will afford many pleasant recollections to many, and produce lasting benefits.

WESTVILLE --St Philip's Church here has procured an organ which was used the last few Sundays, and gave universal satisfaction. Miss Clara Gunn, the accomplished musician, daughter of Norman Gunn, Esq., is organist, with mnch acceptance.

#### **NEW BRUNSWICK.**

NEW KINCARDINE .- The last month with the gentle breeze and bright sunshine, have caused great activity among the farmers, in order to get their hay cut down and housed in good condition. Much has been done in that direction for some time past Some of the farmers say that they have a better hay crop than usual, while others think they are a good way below the average. Much of the oats and barley is ripening fast, and some has been cut down already. Mr. Cumming, of Upper Kintore, has cut some nice and well ripened barley, and a field of oats belonging to Mr. Robertson, of Lower Stonehaven, is quite ripe and ready for the sickle. To all appearances the harvest will not be late, and, what is rather cheering, will be quite a fair yield. The potato crop is looking splendidly, as is We have great reason to be the turnip. thankful for the prospect of an abundant crop.

The sacrament was dispensed at Upper Kintore on Sunday, the 7th, and at the Melwille church on the 14th August. The services were most interesting, and many felt the blessedness of meeting on these occasions. The New Kincardine settlement being almost

entirely composed of Presbyterians, the attend. ance on both Sundays was large.

Basket suppers are about to be held at  $tw_0$ different places—on the river side at Lower Perth for the purpose of raising fun 1s for the buildings now erected and well righ furnished, one of which belongs to the Metho list and the other to the Baptist denominations; while great preparations are making for pic-mession to be held in the Scotch settlement.

Our farmers will soon require to be on the outlook as their oats get ripe to prevent the bears from destroying a good part of them. This pretty frequently happens and murbears have met their fate. A few seasons ago from the middle of the Kintore settlement to certain distance up the Tobique River over fifty of these prowlers of the forest were killed Mr. James Farquinar, of Upper Kintore, is by far the most successful destroyer of bruin tax we have. He has trapped no f-wer than fire of these animals in a short time.

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

ALLAN MACDOUGALL, E-Q., died at hi residence, Argyle Shore, July 22nd. He wa born at Argyleshire, Scotland, 90 years any and was a grands n of Capt. Ferguson, was figured in the Stuart period. Deceased cam to this Island with his father and three brothers in the year 1810, and settled a Argyle Shore, where he remained until ha death. He was a sincere Christian, and w latterly the oldest ordained elder in the He wa Church of Scotland on the Island. well known throughout the Province, and highly respected by those who knew him best Being a Conservative in politics, he was appointed Commissioner of Small Debts by that party, and discharged his duty wa satisfaction to the public and credit to hand He leaves a widow, three sons, (one of was is Captain Ewen MacDougall of Charlottetowa three daughters, with numerous grandenlin and great grandchildren to mourn their les

A very pathetic incident is reported for Charlottetown: Hon. Mr. Deblois and is daughter died the same night and were bus tog-ther. Mr. Deblois was advanced in year and was highly respected.

Besides the devoted labours of our minista Rev. Mr. Goodwill and Rev. Mr. Hutchist P. E. I. enjoyed the services of the veta Father Chiniquy, and Meikle & Gerrior, # young evangelists.

#### OLD CANADA.

LANCASTER .--- The building of the "

church in the country section of the congregation in Lancaster is proceeding rapidly. The church has been planned so as to accommodate two hundred worshippers; though it can be easily enlarged at a later periol if necessary. The workmanship of the building, so far, is excellent, and the material used is of the very best quality. Although the church is little more than half completed, it is easy to form a good idea of its appearance when completed. Situated upon a slightly rising ground, with snowy monuments on the slope in front, and dark woods in the back-ground, the edifice will, for many years to come, prove one of the most striking and beautiful objects in the landscape. The contractor hopes to have his work completed by the beginning of October next.

We are glad to hear that a son and heir is born to the worthy pastor, our excellent friend, Rev. C. B. Ross, B.D.

#### BRIFISH COLUMBIA.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD has been visiting this great West; and grand plans are on foot for the development of trade with the East, oli and new), in which Sir Charles Tupper lso is zealous and diligent.

The tour of Sir John A. and Lady Mac-Bonald has cheited a chivalric loyalty in our liteat West; and the solid facts reported by degrams surpass the old fictions and fairy als, as we read of their arrivals at new ettlements where spontaneous ovations and authussastic receptions burst upon them at he hours of 13, 13, 18, and 20 o'clock! Our N. W. is an infant giant What next?

The wealth of British Columbia lies princially in her mines and fisheries. The Vanouver Island bituminous coal ranks in San Francisco with that of West Hartley. The coal heasures on the island and mainland cover an rea of about 30,000 square miles. In the Queen charlotte islands, anthracite in six-foot seams, omparing favourably with that from Pennsylania, chists. In the Comox bituminaus istrict the productive measures show ten cams of coal of a total thickness of nearly hirty feet. The output of British Columbia cel in 1871 was 29,000 tons, and in 1885, 57,000 tons, of which 276,000 tons were upped to San Francisco and other American onts. The fisheries are remarkably rich. In 816 there were only three salmon-canning tablishments in the province, with an annual turn of 8000 cases, each containing four ezen one-pound cans. Last year nearly thirty anneries were in operation, and the output was 00,000 cases. The official valuation of the

yield of the fisheries generally in 1885 was \$1,100,000. Halibut, cod and other leep-sea fish abound on the banks off the coat, but, owing to the want of capital, this field has not yet been worked. The fur seal is caught by the Indians, the value of last year's catch being about \$200,000. The San Francisco Chronicle said the other day that "the time is near at hand when British Columbia waters will be deemed the richest bonanza on the Pacific coast." The gold yield of the Province has been very considerable. Mr. A. C. Anderson, of Victoria, showed by the returns that from 1858 to 1881, both inclusive, the total value known to have been exported was \$16,200,000, the annual vield varying from \$400,000 in 1858 to \$3,750,000 in 1864, which was the high-water mark. Mr. Anderson added that, notwithstanding the vast amount of labour that has been bestowed in the goldquest, a great portion of the mining country remains yet either unvisited or at best only partially developed; while in the better tested parts of the region the most accessible portions alone have been effectually wrought Quartz-ledges of ascertained richness-the matrices of the coveted metal-have been partially developed in various parts, and especially in the auriferous track of Caribou; but capital and engineering skill are needed to work the ledges successfully. Thus the "sea of mountains," if not a land flowing with milk and honey, is at least a region of some promise. With her splendid harbors, her coal fields, fisheries and forests, and her a lvantageous situation, British Co'umbia can hardly fail, despite Mr. Blake's sneers, to make her way to the front rank of the communities on the Pacific, and to add to the stren, th and wealth of the Dominion.

### SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

HE EMPERORS of Germany and Austria have had a friendly interview at Gastein. The Czar was not present this time; and it is reported that he is plotting against Turkey and Bulgaria, and seeking the favour of France against Germany and Austria. Time will teli.

BRITAIN AND CHINA are on good terms, and have made a friendly arrangement regarding the affairs of Burmah, and mutual commerce.

BLOODY RIOTS at Belfast have been persistently kept up, killing about fifty persons and wounding hundreds.

The Times says :- " Neither the executive,

the government stipendiary, the local magistrates, the police, the rival mobs nor the influential citizens of Belfast, can be held to be blameless on the face of affairs. However, the heavier share of the responsibility must fall on the Protestant masses. They may plead provocation, but they boas'ed of their loyalty. They are in the majority and have no reason to fear violence at the hands of the Catholics, and, moreover, they are practically victorious.

In another article, the Times says :-- " The riots in Belfast have almost risen to the height of civil war. It is imperative that the Government use all the power at its disposal to restore order. If the Conservative Ministers showweakness in such a situation, it will be all over with the Government in Ireland"

The Daily Telegraph says :-- " It almost appears as if the civil war predicted as the result of Mr. Gladstone's proposals had already commenced. In one way the shocking events are a useful lesson. They reveal what a precipice we neared when there seemed a chance of Mr. Gladstone's bill passing."

It appears now that Archbishop Walsh and other Irish leaders hold that Gladstone's Home Rule Bill was only a first instalment of endless Irish Claims. This opens the eyes of many Liberals.

A great Irish-American Convention has been held at Chicago in support of Home Rule. Mr. Egan says they sent \$320,000 to Ireland since last Convention to aid Parnell.

THE BRITI-H PARLIAMENT is probably preparing a sensible Bill giving limited local government to England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales, so as not at all to weaken the Imperial Government and Union.

IT is stated that the object of the trip of Nir Charles Tupper across the Atlantic is to consult with the Dominion Government regarding the proposal to subsidize a line of steamers from Vancouver to Japan, the transmission of the mails over the Canadian Pacific lines, the proposition to make the Colonial and Indian Exhibition a permanent institution, and other matters. The announcement that the British postal authorities are in favor of the Canadian Pacific route, and that the Imperial Government favor the subsidizing of a line of steamers, will be good news to Canadians, and bears out the prediction of Sir John Macdonald that our transcontinental line will be the means of making the Dominion a great and rapidly growing country.

THE latest news that has come to us from Japan is that a National Convention of the

Buddhist missionaries to Europe and America We see in this, conclusive proof of the hold Christian missions are taking in that country The Buddhists see that a Missionary Church is the only Church that has any hope of life or growth. And they are right. The somer all Christian Churches discern the some truth the better for themselves and the world.

TELRIBLE and shocking news comes from Bulgaria, that a treacherous clique of Russian agitators seduced a troop of soldiers, and, attacking the palace by night, spized Prince Alexander of Bulgaria, tried to force him to abdj. cate under threats of death, then drove him from his throne and his kingdom; and on their vile knees begged protection from Russia ! Britain and America and the world are hornified at such villainy Homes and chambers MUST be safe, cost what it may !

A shudder of relief and stern joy and hope runs through the world, by the later news that the Bulgarian people and army have risen in loyal wrath and thrust the vile clique of revolutionaries into prison, and called back their good Prince Alexander, declaring themselves ready to fight and die for him ! GOD prosper them !

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, the great Democratic Chief of New York, has died, bequeathing his vast fortune of \$5,000,000 chiefly to Public Uses and Charities.

THERE are now 7,000,000 of negroes in the Southern States, and among 1,4\_0,000 voters, 1,221,000 cannot read or write. The Presbyterian Church has a prosperous mission among the freedmen, and added last year 1,680 communicants in 200 stations.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE has voted against taking up consideration of the extradition treaty lately arranged between Great Britain and the United States executive. This means that the treaty is burked probably for good. We are now prepared for another select assortment of abuse from the United States press for receiving United States defaulters and criminals.

The attitude of the United States towards us is curious. They will not have a new Fisheries Treaty with us, yet squeal about things as they stand. They will not have a revised extradition treaty, and yet rave about the bank cashiers who come over with bank They will not have reciprocity or comcash. mercial union, and yet denounce our protective duties as malicious and unneighborly. There is a sort of dog-in-the-manger air just now Buddhist priests there has decided to send | about our consins across the line that would be

amusing if it were not injurious and expensive to both them and ourselves.

THE drink bill of the people of the United , States-that is to to say, the sum spent in intoxicating liquors, to be used as a beverageis estimated to be nine hundred million dollars a year. This huge amount is worse than wasted, since the liquors bought and consumed entail enormous evils upon the consumers and their families, in many cases pauperizing them, and in others leading to the commission of If we suppose one-half of this sum to crunes. be the annual outlay for these liquors made by the working classes, then their unnk-bill each year amounts to four hundred and fifty million dollars. If we again supp se them to save this amount by not spending it for liquor, and not wasting it on any foolish and unnecessary luxury, they would in a single year do more to improve their condition, and make life happy, than can be done by all the strikes that can be gotten up for the next hundred years. It is not so much what a man carns as it is what he saves from what he earns, that tells the story as to his condition. Let him cut off his drink bill and his tobacco and eigar bill. both of which are worse than useless, and thus wve these items of annual expense ; and in a few years he will find events working in his favour. Any man can do this; and if all the working classes would do it, they would have no occassion to strike for higher wages. The conflict between capital and labor is far less wrious than the couflict between rum and a successful life. Rum has a much harder heart than can be found in the bosom of any employer, and is vastly more exacting in its demands.

THIRTEEN students of the Andover Seminary, U. S., have organized themselves into a lapanese band, and assume responsibility for the supply of a new mission station in the northern part of Japan. This refutes the report that the "New Theology" is antimissionary.

WE regret to notice the death of Mr. Dunan Campbell of Halifax, who came out with his family from Scotland about twenty years go. He was a staunch fiiend of the Church a Scotland, and will be remembered by our readers as the author of a series of articles contributed to the RECORD on "Astronomy," as well as by his public lectures on "Prince Charlie" and other themes, and his more enduring work, "The History of Nova Scotia." Rev. Dr. Burns, who supplied the pulpit of St. Matthew's on the 29th, referred to the early history and principal characteristics of Mr. Campbell's useful life, in the course of his sermon.

#### EGYPTIAN RESURRECTIONISM.



ROYAL Egyptian corpse or mummy, believed to be the body of the identical PHARAOH of the Bible, who was the tyrannical persecutor of the Israelites, the tricky slayer of the Hebrew b y babies and the fool-

ish disbeliever in the power of Jehovah, is actually exhumed from the grave in which it lay for some thirty-three hundred years! The face and form are still quite complete. The features are perfect, though necessarily grim with the grimness of death. The lare is admirably photographed, so that you can recognize his features as Japhetic and not Hamitic. This Pharoah was not of a native Egyptian dynasty. He was evidently strong. both physically and mentally,-well built, and of a commanding aspect. It is a wonderful triumph of art that has kept for us for three milenuiums, the frame and face of the ancient tyrant. Who could have expected such an unveiling of the mysterious past ! photograph of Pharoah-what next? Why not of Jacob and Joseph, if Britain get Hebron!

THE SPHINX .- We are likely soon to know all that can be discovered with regard to the Sphinx. The great man-headed, lion-bodied monument, which has for sges been more than half buried by the accumulating sands of the desert, is now being rapidly bought to light, and ere long one of the most extraordinary relies of Egyptian civilization will be once more visible in its entirety. The work has been going on ever since January last, when--at the suggestion of M. Maspero, the chief director of the department of autiquities in Egypt-the French public, in the course of a few honrs, subscribed sufficient funds to enable the work of excavation to be carried to completion. The interest of such news for Egyptologists may be conceived, when it is remembered that the last time the Sphinx was dug out of the sands was by King Thothmes IV. fifteen centuries before Christ, or about 3400 years ago. Scholary, in fact, are of opinion that the Sphinx is the oldest monument in the world. It appears, in any case, to have been erected or chiselled out of the rock more than forty-five centuries before the Christian era, and therefore about 6400 years ago. The size of the strange image is very remarkable. The body is more than 180 feet long. The ears of the human shaped head are about six feet from top to bottom, the other features being in proportion.--- Wuress.

#### VIRTUE IN DISTRESS.



ARMER OWEN'S son had been found asleen when doing sentinel duty, and asleep when doing sentinel duty, and , was sentenced to be shot. A telegram , had been received by his father saying that the sentence would be carried out

in twenty-four hours. Mr. Allan, the minister, called to comfort the sorrowing family. During his visit a letter arrived Biossom, the farmer's little daughter, opened the door and received it. "It is from him," was all she said, as she handed it to the minister, who opened it and read as follows :

"Dear Father,-When this reaches you I may be in cternity. I am going to write you all about it. You know I promised Jimmie Carr's mother I would look after her boy; and when he fell sick I did all I could for him. He was not strong when ordered back into the ranks, and the day before that night I carried all his luggage, besides my own, on our march. If I had not lent him an arm now and then, he would have dropped by the way. I was tire | out when we went into camp, and then it was Jimmy's turn to be sentry, and I would take his place; but I was too tired, father. I could not have kept awake though a gun had been pointed at my head; but I did not know it until-well-until it was too late.

"They tell me to-day that I have a short reprieve, 'time to write to you,' our good colonel says Forgive him, father, he only does his duty; he would gladly save me if he could. And do not lay my death up against Jimmie. The poor boy is broken-hearted, and does nothing but beg and entreat them to let him die in my stead.

"I can't bear to think of mother and Bloss m. To-night I shall see the cows all coming home from pasture, and precious little Blossom standing waiting for me; but-1shall never-never-come. God bless you all: " Forgive your poor Bennie."

Late that night a little figure glided down the footpath toward the Railway Station. The guard, as he reached down to lift her into the carriage, wondered at the tear-stand face that was upturned toward the dim lantern he held in his hand.

all, and no father could have cared more by, deserves well of his country." tenderly for his only child than he for little ! Blossom. She was on her way to Washington to their green mountain-home. to ask President Lincoln for her brother's life, gathered at the railway station to welcome and had brought Bennie's letter with her, them back; and as Farmer Owen's han! Next morning they reached New York, and grasped that of his boy, tears flowed down his the guard hurried her ou to Washington. cheeks, and he was heard to say, fervently, Every minute, now, might be the means of "The Lord be praised."-- Evangelical Churchsaving her brother's life.

The President had but just seated himself to his evening's task, when the door softly opened, and Blossom, with downcast eyes and folde i hands, stood before him.

"Well, my child," he said, in his pleasant, cheerful tones, "what do you want ?"

" Bennie's life, please, sir," filtered Blossom

" Bennie ! Who is Bennie ?"

" My brother, sir. They are going to shoot him for sleeping at his post "

"Oh, yes; I remember. It was a fatal sleep. You see, child, it was a time of special dauger. Thousands of lives might have been lost by his negligence."

"So my father said," replied Blossom gravely. "But poor Bennie was so tired, sir, and Jimmie so weak. He did the work of two, sir, and it was Jimmie's night, not his; but Jummie was so tired, and Bennie never thought about himself, that he was tired too."

"What is this you say, child ? Come here ; I do not understand."

Blossom went to him. He put his hand on her shoulder, and turned up the pale, anxious face toward his. How tall he seemed ! And he was President of the United States, too. A dim thought of this kind passed for a moment through Blossom's mind; but she told her simple, straightforward story, and handed Bennie's letter to Mr Lincoln to read.

He read it carefully; then, taking up his pen, wrote a few hasty lines and rang his bell. Blossom heard this order given : " Send this despatch at once." The President then turned to the girl, and said : " Go home, my child, and tell your father, who can approve his country's sentence, even when it takes the life of a child like that, that Abraham Lincoln thinks that life far too precious to be lost. Go back, or-wait until to-morrow; Bennie will need a change after he has so bravely faced death ; he shall go with you."

"God bless you, sir !" said Blossom.

Two days after this interview the young soldier came to the White House with his little sister He was called into the President's private room, and a strap was fastened on his Mr. Lincoln then said, "The shoulder. soldier that could carry a sick comrade's A few questions and ready answers told him 'baggage, and die for the act so uncomplaining-

Then Bennie and Blossom took their way A crowd man.