Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.

L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

	Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
	Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée		Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
	Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
	Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque		Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
	Coloured maps /		Pages detached / Pages détachées
	Cartes géographiques en couleur		Showthrough / Transparence
	Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
	Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur Bound with other material /		Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
	Relié avec d'autres documents Only edition available / Seule édition disponible		Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / II se peut que
	Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.		certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.
\checkmark	Additional comments / Continuous pag Commentaires supplémentaires:	ination.	



Vol. XII.—No. 8.

AUGUST, 1884.

Price in Canada \$2.00 per An United States - \$2.50

CONTENTS.

LUISTO	353
LLUNTRATIONS INDEX OF INVENTIONS	371
INDEX OF INVENTIONS.	1
INDEX OF PATENTEES.	I

INVENTIONS PATENTED.

NOTE—Patents are granted for 15 years The term of years for which the fees have been paid, is given after the date of the patent.

No. 19,718. Brick Machine. (Machine à Brique.)

William L. Gregg, Philadelphia, Penn., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5

William L. Gregg, Philadelphia, Penn., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a brick machine, a hopper supported above an internitivently revolving mould-board or table, in combination with as and for the purposes specified. 2nd. In a brick machine, a hopper substantially as and for the purposes specified. 2nd. In a brick machine, a hopper saliating above a rotating mould-board or table, and devices for and a stamp or plunger located in the hopper and devices for and a stamp or plunger located in the hopper and devices for autothe proposes specified. 3nd. In a brick machine, a pressure plate J of air and subject of the purposes of permitting the escape of air and subject of the purposes of permitting the escape of air and subject of the purposes of permitting the escape of air and subject of the purposes of permitting the escape sand an activiting hopper, substantially as and for the purposes specified. 4 kgit ting hopper, substantially as and for the purposes specified. 4 kgit ting hopper, substantially as and for the purposes specified. 5th. In a brick machine, a movable receptacle Q, automatically material over the hopper surface or edge of a brick while being made, automatically as specified. 5th. In a brick machine, a movable box R tables, and all yoperated for the purpose of pushing the brick from the material to the surface of the piston or follower, substantially as specified. 6th. The combination of the shaft T, mutilated gear-wheel t, samp and receptacles Q. R. substantially as specified. 7th. The that the same time applying colouring material or other cided, 6th. The combination of the shaft T, mutilated gear-wheel t, sear-wheel t, sear-wheel by substantially as and for the purpose specified. 8th. The combination of the shaft T, mutilated gear-wheel t, sear-wheel t, sear

No. 19,719. Straw Band Grain Binder.

(Lieuse à Grain avec Lieu ...)

Claim.—1st. In combination, with the chamber B, the supporting addividing darts c, ct, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. darts c, ministion, with the chamber B, the supporting and dividing darts c, ct, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. darts c, ministion, with the chamber B, the supporting and dividing stain-binder, the cylinder H having longitudinal chambers h, h and i on wed with spring fingers h and arm h2, in combination with spur combination. With a cylinder H having chambers h and operating in sometime I, substantially as and for the purpose described. 4th. In connection, with a cylinder H having chambers h and operating in by the driving mechanism, substantially as shown and described. 5th. sarlbed, for twisting the strands of a straw band and mechanism for the first twisting the strands of a straw band and mechanism for the strands and twisting the two in a direction opposite to the several strands, substantially as described. 6th. described, for twisting the several strands of a straw band, mechanism for twisting the several strands of a straw band, mechanism for receiving the strands and twisting the same in a direction opposite to first twist of the several strands, and the rolls K for Hosmer Tuttle, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, U. S., 4th July, 1834; 5 years.

holding and drawing out the complete band. 7th. In combination, with the twisting mechanism and the band-fastening mechanism, the tension-pulley m swinging on the frame, the rod m, clu'ch m and cylinder H, constructed and operated substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 8th. The grasper P composed of jaws pt, pt and twister P1 having jaws p6, substantially as described. 9th. The swing-arm p, operated as described, and carrying grasper P composed of fixed jaws p1 and movable jaws p2, twister P1, cam 8 and pawl p2, substantially as set forth. 19th. The grasper P and twister P1, as described, having head p2, combined with socket Q and shaft q, operated as set forth. 11th. In combination, with the grasper P, wister P1 and socket Q, all substantially as set forth, the knife R and tucker S, each operated as described. 12th. In a grain-binder fixed and spring stops to control the passage of the bound gavel from the machine, whereby it will land upon the ground on its butt, substantially as set forth, having pin p5 in its end to which is attached the twister P, the head p2, spring p10 and cam p8, combined with socket Q and shaft q2, substantially as set forth. 14th. The cylinder H, as described, provided with chamber h and mounted in bearings A1, in combination with the fixed gear H3 and revolving spring arms h4, all substantially as described. 15th. The cylinder H, as described, provided with chamber h and mounted in bearings A1, in combination with the fixed gear H3, revolving spring arms h4, all substantially as described. 15th. The cylinder H, as described, provided with chamber h and mounted in bearings A1, in combination with the fixed gear H3, revolving spring arms h4, all substantially as described. 15th. In a grain-binder, the mechanism for drawing out the str w binds and holding them in fixed position relatively to each other while being twisted together after they have come out of the cylinder H. 16th. In a grain-binder, the mechanism for making the straws which are to form the band of dividing daris partius, and mechanism for moving said darts from even other lowers the ends of the straw to form a perfect separation of the same, substantially as set forth. 18th. In combination, with the twisting-cylinder and the band-placing arm, the swiging-tension lever pivoted to the frame and having a rod connected therewith for operating the sliding-clutch of the twisted cylinder, substantially as described.

No. 19,720. Seat and Foot-Board for Row Boats. (Siège et Appui-Pied pour Canots à Rames.)

James J. Turpel. Halifax, N. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

James J. Turpel. Halifax, N. S., 4th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A row boat provided with a sliding seat and a sliding foot-board connected together, and mechanism for causing the said seat and foot-board to automatically return to their normal positions, substantially as herein shown and described. 2nd. A row boat provided with a sliding seat and with a sliding foot-board, which are combined to move in opposite directions, substantially as herein shown and described. 3rd. The combination, with a row boat, of a sliding seat and a sliding foot-board, a lever swinging in the vertical plane, and connecting rods for connecting the seat and foot-board with the ends of the said lever, substantially as herein shown and described. 4th. The combination, with a row boat, of a sliding seat and s sliding foot-board, of a spring for moving the seat forward and of devices for connecting the seat and foot-board and a manner that they slide in opposite directions, substantially as herein shown and described. 5th. The combination, with a row boat, of the sliding seat A, the sliding foot-board J, the lever E, the connecting rods D and M connecting the ends of the lever E, with the seat A and foot-board J respectively, the spring G and the cross-piece H, substantially as herein shown and described.

No. 10.721 Theo Weight for Houses

No. 19,721. Toe-Weight for Horses.

(Pesée pour Sabots de Cheval.)

Edwin G, Miles, Fenton, Mich., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—lst. The toe weight A having an inner concave surface to fit the hoof B, and provided with a perforation or perforations, as shown and described, whereby the weight may be rigidly secured to the hoof by screws only. 2nd. In a toe weight, the weight A (Fig. 2) with inner concave surface and perforations a, dove-tailed slot and the spur c, as shown and described for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,722. Reaper Knife Section Sharp-ener. (Rémouleur pour Couteaux de Fau-cheuses.)

Porter Williams, London, Ont., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Porter Williams, London, Ont., 4th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim—1st. The frame F provided with slots a, a, substantially as shown and described and for the purpose specified. 2nd The knifeholder H, constructed in two parts x, x_1 , connected together with a swivel joint, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. The combination of the elevated boxings B, B provided with slots a_1, a_1 , with the frame F, shaft d^2 and upright U, substantially as shown and described and for the purpose set forth. 4th. The combination of the upright U provided with bevelled edge N^1 and slot U1, and vertically adjustable box B1 provided with bevelled inner face N^2 , with the wrist pin P, eccentric wheel E and eccentric slide E^1 , substantially as shown and described and for the purpose specified. 5th. I. a reaper and mower knife section sharpener, the combination of the driving cor-wheel E^2 provided with set screw e^3 , with the shaft e^2 , bearings e^2 and thumb screw h_4 , substantially as shown and described and for the purpose specified. 6th. In a reaper and mower knife section sharpener, the combination of the rest R, with the forked knifeholder H and vertically adjustable box B^1 , substantially as shown and described and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,723. Device for Instruction Amusement. (Appareil pour Instruire et Amuser.)

James D. Van Bibber, Springfield, Mo., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

years. Claim.—1st. A device for instruction and amusement, composed of a box D having a cover A marked off in the square of an odd number of squares, combined with a frame C composed of hinged pieces c, c2, c3, etc., and blocks numbered consecutively equal to the number of said squares, all substantially as shown and described. 2nd. The combination of a box D, with a cover A off in squares, a frame C having parts c, c2, etc., which expose the square of an odd number of squares as 3, 5, 7, or 9, etc., squared and blocks numbers consecutively, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,724. Fountain Shoe Brush.

(Brosse-Fontaine à Souliers.)

Pierre Côté, St. Hyacinthe, Que., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A box or reservoir for liquid blacking provided with a capped filling hole, a circular or other rim to receive and retain the back of a blacking brush, and having a central spout or tube penetrating the back of the brush, the inner orifice of said tube closed by a valve secured upon a spring-lever operated by a lever at the outside of the reservoir and communicating with the valve lever by a pin, in combination with a brush A provided with handle Ar. 2nd. In combination, with a handled brush A, a reservoir B secured thereto and provided with a seat U having a spout or tube Cr passing through the back of the brush D seated therein, and allowing the contents of the reservoir to saturate the brush material at will by the operation of the lever F controlling a valve E. 3rd. The combination of the reservoir B having a tube or spout Cr, the internal aperture of which is closed by a valve E secured upon a spring-lever E1, which is controlled by the hand lever F communicating therewith by a pin f, all substantially as shown and described and for the purpose set forth. Claim. -1st. A box or reservoir for liquid blacking provided with a

No. 19,725. Manufacture of Cartridges.

(Fabrication des Cartouches.)

La Société Anonyme Dynamite Nobel, Isleten, Switzerland (assignee of François Barbe, Paris, France, 4th July, 1884; 10 years.

of François Barbe, Paris, France, 4th July, 1884; 10 years. Claim.—The manufacture of solid water-proof cartridges from granular and other explosives, by bringing the explosive to a cylindrical form, immersing the solidified explosive either uncovered or enclosed by an envelope in a melted water-proofing composition of the kind above indicated, and then wrapping the explosive while hot in an envelope which has been previously treated or prepared with a similar composition, substantially as and for the purpose described.

No. 19,726. Compound for Table and Other Uses. (Composition pour l'usage de la Table et autre.)

Robert Heron and Alexander Bourgeau, Montreal, Que., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—As a new article of manufacture, a compound composed of ground rice, celery seed, Zanzibar chillies, white pepper, powdered sugar and salt, substantially in the manner and for the purposes described.

No. 19,727. Utilization of Birch Bark.

(Utilisation de l'Ecorce de Bouleau.)

Eugène Guay and Auguste David, Montreal, Que., 4th July, 1884; 5 vears.

years.

Claim.—1st. As a substitute for leather, the use of birch bark, in the manner set forth. 2nd. Birch bark having a facing of leather cemented thereto. 3rd. Birch bark having a facing of leather cemented thereto, and passed between calendar rollers to impart solidity and finish. 4th. A number of shaped layers of birch bark laid transversely to each other, the layers united by cement and by nailing or rivetting. 5th. One or more shaped layers of birch bark faced with leather and united by stitching. 6th. As a new article of manufacture, one or more layers of birch bark having a facing of leather cemented thereto, all substantially as described and for the purpose set forth. purpose set forth.

No. 19,728. Hay Carrier. (Monte-Foin.)

Ambrose L. Jordan and Richard C. Jordan, Ottawa, Ont., 4th July, 1884 : 5 years

Claim.—1st. The sectional carrier having the rectangular channel or recessed opening extending upward from its bottom, the crescent-shaped and top heavy carrier hook m having the shoulder n, the latch lever P having the shoulder n, and the longitudinal under really as groove vt and the looped pulley block f and catch R, substantially aspecified. 2nd. The combination, with the under grooved latch-bar having the shoulder n1 and the bewelled catch end projecting from the carrier body, of the top heavy carrier hook having the forwardly projecting upper end and the shoulder d and the catch block R, substantially as specified. Claim.—1st. The sectional carrier having the rectangular channel tially as specified.

No. 19,729. Pigeon Hole. (Boulin à Pigeon.)

Harry D. Purcell and Oliver H. Saxton, Washington Court House, Ohio, U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Ohio, U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—Ist. A nest of pigeon holes whose enclosing vertical walls and partitions project slightly in front of the horizontal partitions, and have vertical grooves on each side containing sliding shutters resting edge upon edge, in combination with a door, substantially as set forth. 2nd. A nest of pigeon holes, whose enclosing vertical walls and partitions project slightly in front of the horizontal partitions, and whose vertical grooves contain sliding shutters resting edgewise and whose vertical grooves contain sliding shutters resting edgewise and whose vertical grooves contain sliding shutters resting edgewise of pigeon holes, whose enclosing vertical walls and partitions project slightly in front of the horizontal partitions, and are grooved for sliding shutters which rest upon one another edgewise, in combination with a hinged door provided with a rear lug or projection and a look, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. 4th. In a nest of pigeon holes, the combination of a case A, forwardly projecting and grooved vertical walls and partitions B, horizontal partitions C, slides prope L, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,730. Harness Buckle. (Boucle de Harnais.)

James A. Gavitt and Charles F. Wightman, Walla Walla W.T., U.S.,
4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with a buckle frame A having end bar a, of the curved tug frame E passing under the end bar and up through the buckle, and having the stud c adapted to enter the perforations of the trace, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the buckle frame A having loops C, C and D and end bar with perforated plate portion, and the tug frame E, curved as described, and having stud c adapted to pass through the trace and the perforated plate beneath, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,731. Beer Pump. (Pompe à Bière)

Joseph E. Beauchemin, Sorel. Que., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Réclame.—En combinaison réciproque pour constituer ma nouvelle pompe foulante et aspirante, le recipient A At, la membrane munie ou non munie d'un ressort S, en spirales coniques, la soupege automatique P et le robinet à trois voies H, le tout tel que décrit of dessus et pour les finis indiquées.

No. 19,732. Grain Drill. (Semoir en Lignes.)

William P. Shortridge, Jr., and William P. Shortridge, Easton, Mo.
U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

33 and friction-spring 35, as and for the purpose set forth. 17th. The combination, with the driving-shaft C, chain H and sprocket-wheels D, I, of the feed-shaft J having feed-wheel N, and the feed-box L royaled with inclined opening k, bracket 62 and adjustable funnel y as set forth. 18th. The seed box K having opening k, and feed-box L Provided with diagonal outlet k1, in combination with the shaft J, forth. 19th. The shaft J having adjustable feed-wheel N n provided with inclined flutes 62, in combination with the shaft P, arms o and for the purpose set forth. 20th. In a grain-drill, the feed-box L having bracket 62 provided with study 66 and slots 63, in combination with the funnel thaving ears 67, slots 70 and holes 69, as and for the purpose set forth. 21st. In a grain-drill, the seed-box K having cover 71 and set forth. 21st. In a grain-drill, the seed-box K having cover 71 and set forth.

No. 19,733. Spring Hinge. (Penture à Ressort.)

George M. Lane, Asbury Park, N.J., U.S., 4th July, 1894; 5 years.

George M. Lane, Asbury Park, N.J., U.S., 4th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the lower knuckle, the knuckle
Provided with slots Cr, the knuckle \(\alpha \) arranged between said
between said between said between said between said between the spring and the knuckle C and provided with sliding surthe longitudinal expansion of the spring is utilized at such times to
longitudinal expansion of the spring is utilized at such times to
longitudinal expansion of the spring is utilized at such times to
longitudinal expansion of the spring is utilized at such times to
longitudinal expansion of the knuckle D having slots
apring and a spring hinge, the combination of the knuckle D having slots
spring and provided with pawls A, the ratchet-ring having a suitable
cross-bar or transverse projections and the hinge-spring and bifurlots a spring-hinge, the combination, with the knuckle at having
lots a spring-hinge, the combination, with the knuckle at having
and the hinge-spring and pintle, substantially as and for the purposes
lit having lateral wings D2, the pawl-spring, the pawl plate provided
and hinge-spring, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

No. 19,734. Lubricator. (Graisseur.)

Samuel Reid, Chicago, Ill., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A sight-feed, the glass of which contains an excess of air under pressure, substantially as described. 2nd. A sight-feed lubricator containing an excess of air under pressure. in combination the devices, substantially as described, for supplying air to and and the combination, with a lubricator, of a sight-feed tube arranged at a point between the oil reservoir and oil-passage to a steam-pipe, 4th. In a lubricator, the combination with a sight-feed and the outlet to contain a opposing column of oil for preventing the steam from tion, with a sight-feed and with the direct outlet of the oil to the outlet to contain a opposing column of oil for preventing the steam from tion, with a sight-feed and with the direct outlet of the oil to the nection of the combination with a sight-feed and with the direct outlet of the oil to the nection of the combination of the combination with a sight-feed and with the direct outlet of the oil to the nection of the combination of the sight-feed and with the direct outlet of the oil to the nection of the combination of the sight-feed, substantially as described. 6th. Decombination shall be substantially as described. 7th. In a lubricator, the combination the sombined valve and nozzle, the nozzle and a sight-feed, substantially as described. 8th. The combination, with the sight-feed with the projecting oil-nozzle, of an air supply tube extending up into the sight-feed and above the opening of the nozzle, substantially as described. 8th. The combination, with the sight-feed and solve the opening of the nozzle, substantially as described. 9th. In lubricators, the herein-described method of feed-au excess of air under pressure. 10th. In a lubricator a means for levels of the sight consists in passing oil through a glass tube filled with determining the amount or quantity of oil or other liquid being introduced or the liquid theresided or limiting or regulating the passage of the liquid theresided or limiting or regu Samuel Reid, Chicago, Ill., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,735. Road Grading and Ditching Machine. (Machine à Niveter et Fossoyer les

John W. Otterman, (Co-Inventor with Christian A. R. L, Ver Genius,)

Gatesburg, Ill., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim 11. Gatesburg, Ill., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—lst. In combination with the wheeled frame, plow, carrier universal joints ml., mll and geared with the wheeled frame, low, carrier universal joints ml., mll and geared with the wheeled C and said carriers belt to joints ml., mll and geared with the wheeled frame plow nected. 2nd. In combination with the wheeled frame plow nected. 2nd. In combination with the wheeled frame plow nected. 2nd. In combination with the wheeled frame plow nected. 2nd. In combination with the plow-beam by a link f, substantially as and for the purpose specified. Srd. The combination of the bar, and fror the purpose specified alterally on the axle and to be detailed by the pendant f adapted to slide laterally on the axle and to be detailed. In combination with the wheeled frame and plow-beam, the its lower adjustable laterally at its upper end on the axle, and at lose specified. 5th. In combination with the wheeled frame plow and jecting possible laterally at its upper end on the axle, and at lose specified. 5th. In combination with the wheeled frame plow and jecting possible laterally at the propose specified. 5th. In combination with the wheeled frame plow and jecting possible and frame I, the wheel having its rearwardly proporate, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 5th. In combination with the plow, the adjustable rod R and adjustable castor-bernit swinging the outer end of said frame I hinged to the plow-beam to specified. 5th. In combination the plow, the laterally extending frame I hinged at one side to sophow-beam by a universal joint and at its other side by a slotted that place and for the purpose specified. 8th. The combination of the plow-beam by a universal joint and at its other side by a slotted that place and for the purpose specified. 8th. The combination of the plow-beam by a universal joint and at its other side by a slotted that place and for the purpose specified. 8th. The combination of the

wheeled frame, the plow-beam hinged thereto, the lateral belt carry ing frame I having a pulley upon its lower shaft, the carrier-belt ni having geared shaft n Nt, and a shaft M having a gear wheel N which meshes with g ar wheel Nt, and a pulley connected with the pulley on the shaft of frame I by a band, substantially as described.

No. 19,736. Harvester Rake.

(Râteau de Moissonneuse.)

Christopher Lidren and Relief Jackson, Lafayette, Ind., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In combination with a horizontally vibrating rakearm having vertically-vibrating rake-teeth, the grain platforms A, Azarranged in different horizontal planes, all adapted to operate, substantially in the manner and for the purpose described. 2nd. The combination, with the oscillating bar C4, of the slide bar to which the rake-teeth are pivoted guided in its longitudinal movements upon the oscillating bar, the slide bar C3 to which the rake teeth are also pivoted and the bell crank lever and connecting rod, for operating the slide-bars, and oscillating the bar by which they are supported, all adapted to operate, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination, with the two slide-bars to which is embraced by two rollers carried by the oscillatory bar, whereby the longitudinal movement, and the curved guide-bar which is embraced by two rollers carried by the oscillatory bar, whereby the longitudinal movements of the bar are effected, and the ruke is carried forward in a straight path over the platform, substantially as described. 4th. The combination, with the two slide-bars to which the rake teeth are pivoted, and means, substantially as described, for operating the same, of the pivoted dogs c7, the lug b5,00 one of the slide-bars, and the projection a on the remaining slide-bar, said lug and projection during the operation respectively coming in contact with a pivoted dog, substantially as described, and for the purpose specified. 5th. The combination, with the pivoted rake for carrying off the bound gavel of the slide to which the rake is pivoted carrying ap ivoted two-armed dog, and the stops located so that as the rake is moved forward one of said steps will actuate the dog and allow the rake to drop, and when the rake is arried back the remaining stop will actuate said dog, so as to raise and hold up the rake, substantially as described.

No. 19,737. Cultivator. (Cultivateur.) Claim.-1st. In combination with a horizontally vibrating rake-

No. 19,737. Cultivator. (Cultivateur.)

John G. Trump, Richville, Mich., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—The lever D. in combination with bars I and a rod i, drag-bars F, standards G, braces H and teeth, substantially as and for the purpose herein described.

No. 19,738. Machine for Soldering Cans.

(Machine à Souder les Boîtes Métalliques.)

George A. Marsh, Brunswick, Me., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 10 years.

George A. Marsh, Brunswick, Me., U.S., 4th July, 1884; 10 years, Claim.—1st. In a device for soldering cans, a soldering tool having a horizontal circular ledge upon which the cam may be revolved, a rim surrounding the ledge by which the solder is applied to the can and apertures for the admission of the method solder, in combination with a solder receptacle surrounding the tool. 2nd. In a device for soldering cans, the combination of the receptacle a, with recess m and the tool consisting of the ledge d, rim c and apertures c, substantially as described. 3rd. In a device for soldering cans, the combination of the receptacle a having the recess m, with the tool consisting of the ledge d, rim c, slots e and cup n, substantially as described. 4th. In a device for soldering cans, the combination of the ledge d and rim c, and cup n, with the passage f, substantially as described. 5th. The combination of the receptacle a having the recess m, the tool fixed within the receptacle and the plunger h, substantially as described, with the bar i, piece h and spring o, substantially as described, with the bar i, piece h and spring o, substantially as described. described.

No. 19,739. Handle for Cross-Cut Saws.

(Fût de Scie de Travers.)

Andrew Uren, Seattle, W. T., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Andrew Uren, Seattle, W. T., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The combination, with the saw blade G, of the flat bar A having a socket B, and a U-shaped bracket D provided with a handle E, and a vertical post a abutting against the end of the saw blade, and having lugs F straddling the end of the blade, and upright handle C slotted at its lower end to receive the upper edge of the saw blade, substantially as shown and described. 2nd. The combination, with the saw blade G and flat bar A having an aperture L, socket B and bracket D provided with a handle E and lugs F, of the slotted rod H, nut K and upright handle C slotted at its lower end, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. In a saw handle, the combina ion, with the bar A adapted to be held on the saw, and of a cusnion or buffer M on the inner end of the handle, substantially as herein shown and described. and described.

No. 19,740. Fountain Pen. (Plume-Fontaine.)

James P. Hoyt, Newton, Ct., U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

James P. Hoyt, Newton, Ct. U. S., 4th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The hollow casing A having the upper end tightly closed, and the lower end nearly closed to form a holding seat for a separate pen, as C, with a point Ar properly formed to constitute a writing point integral with the body of the case A, whereby the said casing may be used as a pen or as a holder for a separate pen or both, simultaneously, as herein specified. 2nd. The casing A adapted to perform the double functions of a pen-holder and ink-reservoir, in combination with a suitable writing point at the lower end, with an elastic bulb M at the upper end and with a separate pen, as C, all arranged for joint operation, as herein specified. 3rd. The inner case or feeder B having the split b, in combination with the outer casing A having a tightly closed upper end arranged for joint operation, as herein specified. 4th. The inner case or feeder B having a point Br and a projection B², the outer case A having a point Ar and means for tightly closing the upper end, combined and arranged for joint

operation, as herein specified. 5th. In a fountain pen, the outer case A and inner case or feeder B, combined as shown, to present a thin annular aperture between them, in combination with a coating of wax, or analogous water-repelling material applied on one of the surfaces, substantially as herein specified. 6th. A fountain pen case in two part, some within the other, the inner part B having a projection B2 and being removable and adjustable by sliding within the other, substantially as herein specified. 7th. In a fountain pen, the elastic bulb M, in combination with the outer case A and adjustable inner case or feeder B, the device being arranged to allow the slow escape of the ink, as herein specified. 8th. A fountain pen having two concentric casings A and B one of which is equipped with a pen point A1 integral therewith, arranged as shown, so as to serve at will either as a pen itself, or as a holder to receive a separate pen C and to supply ink properly under either condition, as herein specified. ply ink properly under either condition, as herein specified.

No. 19,741. Friction Clutch.

(Embrayage à Friction.)

William H. Rascoe, Plattsburgh, N.Y., U.S., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.-The combination, with a shaft, of the wheel A provided with the recesses of in the sides of the opening for the shaft, the rollers. H in the recesses, the plugs or blocks L resting against the rollers, and the springs K interposed between the blocks L and the ends of the recesses, substantially as herein shown and described.

No. 19,742. Car Truck. (Châssis de Char.)

Luther K. Jewett, Fitchburg, Mass., U.S., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Luther K. Jewett, Fitchburg, Mass., U.S., 5th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim-1st. The all metal centre-beam composed of the sections a, b, each consisting of the plate 2 and flanged plates 3, 3 rivetted and fitted together, and intermediate inclosed springs e, substantially as shown and described. 2nd. The all-metal centre-beam composed of the sections a, b, each consisting of the plate 2 and flanged plates 3.3 rivetted and fitted together, and intermediate inclosed springs e, combined with beams e, e1, e2, boxes d1, posts and bolts for connecting them, and axles and wheels, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. The centre-beam composed of the metal plates 2, 3, united together and fitted to slide vertically, and the intermediate springs and beams e, e1, combined with the independent metal posts and bolts 4 and 6, to operate, substan ially as described. 4th. The box d1 grooved at its sides, and the beams e1, e2 and e2 above and below it, combined with the independent posts and below it, combined with the independent posts e1, e2, and e3, e3, e4, ewith the independent posts h and bolts g extended through the said posts and beams, substantially as described. 5th. The all-me al centre-beam having the sections a, b, each consisting of plates 2, 3, 3, combined with the flanged wear-plates and rivets p for uniting them, and the parts 2, 3, 3 of the sections a, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,743. Music Leaf Turner.

(Tourne-Feuille de Musique.)

Charles Onslow, Port Ewen, N. Y., U. S., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A music-leaf-turner provided with the revolving fingers T, spring bands R, and a finger piece N having a spring catch, all arranged and operating as set forth. 2nd. In a music leaf turner having the fram s A, the guides h arranged on one of the trames, in combination with the spring bunds R, as shown and described. 3rd. In a music leaf turner having the frame A, the wo pairs of spring arms B, C, having stops i and pivoted to said frames, in combination with the spring arms R, as set forth.

No. 19,744. Pulley. (Poulie.)

Olaf R. Olsen, Indianapolis, Ind., U.S., 5th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—ist. The outer rim r, in combination with the secondary rim r1, hub h and spokes s, substantially as described. 2nd. A pulley composed of a jointed outer rim of metal, to which the hub and spokes are connected by means of a secondary inner rim, substantially as described.

No. 19,745. Moccasin. (Mocassin.)

Joseph Durand, Jeune Lorette, Que., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Joseph Durand, Jeune Lorette, Que., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st As a new article of manufacture, a moccasin having its upper cut to meet in front, and having the lace holes 6 and lace hooks c, by means of which the lace d holds the edges of the upper together. 2nd. As a new article of manufacture, a moccasin having its upper cut so that its edges may be brought together and laced in front, and provided with the stiffening pieces a and the binding d, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. As a new article of manufacture, the combination, in a moccasin of the shoe or foot part A, upper B, tongue C with the stiffening pieces a, lace hooks b, lace d, substantially as shown and for the purpose herein set forth.

No. 19,746. Tile Mold. (Moule à Tuile.)

James Grant, Goshen, Ind., U. S., 5th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.-1st. A collapsible core formed in longitudinal sections and Claim.—1st. A collapsible core formed in longitudinal sections and provided with notches at its ends, in combination with a longitudinal strip located between said sections to form a key, and screw-threaded pins seated in the notches of the sections and provided with tightening nuts and pivoted latches, whereby the sections of the core are drawn together against the key, and the latter held in position between the same, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The combination, with a collapsible core formed in longitudinal sections and provided with a key held between them by a pin and latch, of a mold frame consisting of a suitable base or platform provided with removable side and end sections, said end sections being divided longitudinally, and each half having at its ends, notches or grooves and clamping-rods seated therein, and provided with nuts engaging the screw-threaded ends thereof to securely hold both the side and end sections together, and to the base or platform, substantially as and for the pu. pose specified. and for the pu.pose specified.

No. 19,747. Electric Lamp. (Lampe Electrique.)

Emile L. Roussy, Vevey, Switzerland, 5th July, 1894; 5 years.

Emile L. Roussy, Vevey, Switzerland, 5th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A moderator of intensity for incandescent electric lighting, consisting in a varying resistance inserted in the circuit, and composed of a small culumn of matter conducting electricity reduced into small grains, filaments.etc., and contained in a cavity or other receptacle in which this matter can be more or less compressed by one means or another, in order to increase or diminish the resistance offered to the current passing through it by the conductor thus formed, substantially as shown and described. 2nd. The lampholder with moderator represented by the figs. 1, 2, 3 and 4, and described above, composed in principle of a socket x made of an isolating matter, of a nut d with compressing screw h, of the powder i, of the nut m, of the top k with excentric l, and the metallic socket f, the nut d and the socket f being connected in any manner with the electrical circuit, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. The lampholder, with moderator represented by figs. 5 and 6 and composed in principle of a socket x made of an isolating mutter supporting two later of socket x made of an isolating mutter supporting two later ferrules, one of which contains the moderator consisting of the powder is compressed between the screws h and m1, and the other the interaction of the powder for the powder is principle of a conical shaft l, of a spring of and of secontric k1, the whole as described above and as illustrated by the drawings.

No. 19,748. Tobacco Resweating Device.

(Appareil pour faire Ressuer le Tabac.)

Runo Martin, East Saginaw, Mich., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In combination with the oil-reservoir D. arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding box to economize space, and surrounded by water within the water-tank A to prevent the generation for gas within the oil-reservoir from the heat of the box. or arising of gas within the oil-reservoir from the heat of the box. or arising asses from the burner K, the said burner box and steam generator L. gasses from the burner K, the said burner box and steam generator is a tobacco-sweating device, in which the steam is generated in a boiler L and pan M. the annular shield O having perforations of the box of a stank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-weating device, in which the steam is generated in a boiler a tobacco-sweating device, in which the steam is generated in a boiler tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water-tank A arranged contiguous to the tobacco-holding tank D and water pipe 1, cocks d and e, burner K and pan the burner, as set forth. 4th. The combination of the pan M and arranged with a secured to study, to form an air space connected by the purposes set forth. 5th. The combination, with the burner k and for the purpose set forth. 6th. The combination, with arranged within the box, as set forth. 6th. The combination, with a summar groove ut or receive the water of condensation, where say set water may either flow back into the boiler or be evaporated, bacco forth. 7th. The plate M forming a close bottom for the both the holding device B, and a reservoir to hold the water from which

No. 19,749. Circular Gravity Railway.

(Chemin de Fer Circulaire à Gravitation)

Alanson Wood, Toledo, Ohio, U.S., 7th July, 1883: 5 years.

Claim.—let. A circular railway with a continuous circular railway with a continuous circular railway with a continuous circular railway with a starting point for part of its wiy, provided with a gradual decline for another part of the way, and then and with a steep decline for another, so arranged that a cur travelling of track to a level where it will stop, substantially as herein shown at track to a level where it will stop, substantially as herein shown with described. 2nd. In combination, with a circular track provided way the grades herein described, the platforms C. L. inc.ined way that stars D and ticket-station, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

No.19,750. Roller Mill. (Moulin à Cylindres.)

John Livingston, Dayton, Ohio, U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a roller-grinding mill, the combination, with the roller operating grinding-rollers, the upright pivoted journal arms, the roller adjusting shafts or rods, adjustable spring-connections, hopper gree mechanism, a through-shaft and sleeve journalled thereon, operating one of said levers, the rolls can be thrown apart or vise-versal be upon operating the other of said levers the hopper gates will be upon operating the other of said levers and be grasped and operated operated, and whereby both of said levers can be grasped and operating the combination, with the connecting rods and an oscillating the shaft provided with a lever for operating the outer roll, supported shaft provided with a lever for operating the outer roll, and providing of a sleeve journalled upon said through-shaft grame and sed with a quadrant-wing, the hopper gates, the sliding frame and anism can be operated without oscillating the through shaft and vice anism can be operated without oscillating the through shaft and vices, substantially as described.

No. 19,751. Car-Coupling. (Accouplage de Chars.)

Donald Fraser and Vietts L. Rice, Minneapolis, Minn., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In a car-coupling, a cam disk or plate C pivoted eccentrically in the draw-head, as set forth, provided with projections and a and stop M, in combination with the slotted pin F, as set forth. In a cir-coupling, the draw-head provided with an open slot in which is pivoted the cam-plate C as described, said cam-plate being provided with a stop M which impinges against the draw bar at the rear end of said slot, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,752. Reel for Wire. (Dévidoir à Fil de fer.)

Lyman P. Johnson, Seneca Castle, N. Y., U. S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination in a reel for holding and distributing wire in the contstruction of wire fences, of the shaft or axle cogs, the intermediate upon wheels, the flanged wheels provided with internal with longitudinal feathers or ribs, and the reel adapted to be secured on the said shaft by means of the sleeves, the whole adapted to operate substantially in the manner specified. 2nd. The combination, with actuality the losse sleeves mounted thereon and the gearing for attached and detached, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,753. Lawn Mower. (Faucheuse.)

Charles W. Cheney, Athol, Mass., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the frame of the machine, the rotary axle carrying the drive wheels, a cutter supporting bar secured across the front of the frame, a cum wheel secured on the axle, a cam wheel secured on the frame in rear of the cam wheel, longitudinally oscillating levers fulcrumed at the sides of and the cutter bars connected with the ends of the longitudinal levers, as set forth. 2nd. The combination of the frame of the machine, the rotler supporting bar secured to the front end thereof, the supporting value in rear of said bar, the rotary axle having the cam longitudinal side levers pivoted on the frame at the sides, links connecting said levers with opposite ends of the main oscillating lever, lower the cutter-bars arranged one above the other and connected to the mover, the conditional side levers with opposite ends of the main oscillating lever, lower ends of the longitudinal levers, as set forth. 3rd. In a lawn disposed occurrence are disposed occurrence of the independent series of knives or cutters besite disposed ecombination of the independent series of knives or cutters besite disposed occurrence with long framed with one straight edge at Claim.—1st. The combination of the frame of the machine, the dower, the combination of the independent series of knives or cutters disposed one series directly above the other, and reciprocated in opposite directio.s, the teeth being formed with one straight edge at about a right angle to the the cutter bar, as set forth.

No. 19,754. Curtain Fixture.

(Suspension de Rideau.)

(Suspension de Rideau.)

Alvah Sweetland, Syracuse, N.Y., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of a roller spindle having a groove the san diacent flat surface, and a boil curried by a roller for locking from the proper and the bite of the edge of the set for upon the locking boil, substantially as and for the purposes froove upon the locking boil, substantially as and for the purposes froove a and adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as adjacent flat surface cand the collar E, and boils e, substantially as shown and described. Srd. The combination of the stantially as shown and described. Srd. The combination of the sund collar being constructed and operating to bite the boil with the sale described for the purpose specified. 4th. The head bracket C constructed with a base screw F, stem y and studs o provided with a spindle constructed with hub x having therein a groove a and adjacent flat surface c, a shoulder b and a semi-spherical head D having and present flat surface c, a shoulder b and a semi-spherical head D having and presented from revolving, substantially as shown and described. The tail bracket H constructed with base screw F, stem y and flat surface consisting of the rolier a, spindle B, collar E, boils setts d and the spindle econsisting of the rolier a, spindle B, collar E, boils setts d and the spindle head D, bracket C, this piece N and bracket H, constructed a doperated together, substantially as and for the purpose specified. Operated substantially as described, 10th. In a curtain roller, being on a line tangen ial to the spindle hole, and through which the spindle head D, in combination with a bracket the roller, being on a line tangen ial to the spindle hole, and through which the solve m is the spindle bless against the side of the boil to lock the folar D constructed with boil seats d, each with locking boits e, reciprocating in the bolt seats, substantially as and Alvah Sweetland, Syracuse, N.Y., U.S., 7th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,755. Railroad Signalling Apparatus.

Louis C. Huber, Huber, Ky., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—The combination, with the caboose of a railway train, of the cylinder, the combination, with the caboose of a railway train, of the cylinder, the eccentric rod f connected to one of its axles and the pipe i, the eccentric rod f connected to the cylinder h be a sapply k having check valve m, and cylinder h being provided with from the drum l to the whistle d, said tube being provided with an intermediate cock o, operated to open and close by a lever q to produce the signal, substantially as specified.

No. 19,756. Saw Handle. (Fût de Scie.)

Perry Fraizer, Mount Summit, Ind., U. S. 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Perry Fraizer, Mount Summit, Ind., U. S. 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim...—1st. In a saw handle, a P-shaped loop-bolt formed in a single piece adapted to encircle or clasp the end of the saw-plate, and means for securing the same to said saw-plate, whereby the handle is set at right angles with the cut of the saw instead of in a line therewith, substantially as set forth. 2nd. In a saw handle, the combination of the usual handle, the washer upon the lower end of said handle, the T-shaped loop-bolt formed in one piece with the arms at substantially right angles with the shank, and said shank extending up through said washer into said handle where it engages with a suitable fastening therein, substantially as set forth. 3rd. The combination of the saw handle A, the washer B upon the lower end of said handle having slots in its lower face, and a P-shaped loop-bolt C formed in one piece, the shaft of which is adupted to enter a longitudinal hole in the lower end of the handle, and means for securing the bolt in said hole, whereby said handle may be securely clamped to said saw, substantially as set forth. 4th. The combination, with the saw handle A, of a conical washer B at the lower end of said handle asaid washer being slotted upon its lower face, and a T-shaped loop-bolt made in one piece and having a screw-threaded shank adapted to engage with a nut arranged in a longitudinal perforation in the end of said handle, substantially as described and for the purposes specified. poses specified.

No. 19,757. Apparatus for Transmitting Differential Rotary Motion. (Appareil pour Transmettre le Mouvement Ro.

tatoire D fferentiel.)

George F. Clemons, Springfield, Mass, U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

George F. Clemons, Springfield, Mass, U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. A new mechanical combination and movement, for transmitting differential rotary motion of machines, consisting of the hereinbefore shown and described, stud-pins and disk-holes, or their shown and describe I mechanical equivalents, the stud pins and cams or eccentrics, arranged and operating in combination with rotative bodies of mechanisms, substantially as hereinbefore shown and described. 2nd. The combination of the shalt A having therein the eccentric B, the fixed gear D, the gear C carrying the stud-pins G, the resistance wheel E having disk-holes F, F, in which said studpins work to connect and transmit rotary motion from the gear to the wheel E, substantially as shown and described and for the purposes set forth. 3rd The combination consisting of the shalt A, eccentric B, the gear C with arms L, L carrying the stud-pins G, G, the fixed gear D with arms L, k, the resistance wheel E having a chain wheel M and arms 0, 0 carrying the cams or eccentrics H. H, the frame-piece connected to arms l, k by the cross-bars S, U, the suspending hook, the hand chain-wheel W, all substantially as hereinbefore shown and described and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,758. Car Wheel and Axle.

(Roue et Essieu de Char.)

Samuel J. Stevenson, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. An axle having lubricant ducts, in combination with wheels fitted independently on said axle, and formed with pockets which extend transversely on the inner faces of the hubs from end to end thereof, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. A wheel having pockets which extend radially on the ends of the hub thereof, and collars connected with the axle fitted in recess in said ends, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. An axle having a lubricant duct, a loose fitted wheel and collars connected with the axle fitted in recesses in the ends of the hub, said wheel having nockets which extend transversely on the inpure face of wheel having pockets which extend transversely on the inner face of the hub and pockets which extend radially on the ends of the hub and join said transversely extending pockets, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,759. Skate Sharpener.

(Rémouleur de Patin.)

Xavier St. Pierre, Osceola, Nev., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Xavier St. Pierre, Oscoola, Nev., U. S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The skate-sharpening file B having a stud di and flat or rounded sides or edges, in combination with the holder A having end pieces h, b_1 , one being apertured, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The file B formed with the stud d1, in combination with the holder A having cheek pieces a, and lip b and end piece b_1 having aperture d, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. The holder A having guiding or cheek pieces a, and lip b and end plate b_1 , in combination with the file B having flat or rounded edge or sides and formed with the stud a_1 at one end, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. 4th. In a skute-sharpening device, the holder A struck up of sheet metal, with the cheek vieces a, a, the end pieces b, b_1 , one having an an aperture d and with the end lapping lips c all in one piece, in combination with the file B having the stud d_1 , substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,760. Valve for Water Closets, &c.

(Valve pour Cabinets à l'eau, &c.)

William Scott, Malden, Mass., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with the outlet or discharge of a tank for water or other liquid, of a chambered valve which has openings or passages for the ingress and egress of the liquid of the tank and of air, and is otherwise constructed and arranged that, seated, said discharge is closed, and, raised, said discharge is opened, and from the then ingress of liquid, said valve is again seated, emptying its contents, substantially as described for the purpose specified. 2nd.

The combination, with the seat H of the outlet or discharge B, of a

tank for water or other liquid, of a chambered valve D which has openings or passages J, K for the ingress and egress of the liquid of the tank and of air, and is provided with a stem P suitably guided, all so that when said valve is seated said discharge is closed, and, when raised, said discharge is open, and from the then ingress of liquid from the tank, said valve is again seated, emptying its contents into said discharge, substantially as described for the purpose specified. 3rd. The combination, with the outlet or discharge of a tank for water or other liquid, of a chambered valve which has openings or passages J and K for the ingress and egress of the liquid of the tank and of air, and the port M of the air passage made downwardly inclining, and all otherwise constructed and arranged that, seated, said discharge is closed, and, raised, said discharge is opened, and from the then ingress of liquid said valve is again seated, emptying its contents into said discharge, substantially as described for the purpose specified. 4th. The combination, with a tank for liquid, an outlet pipes for the liquid and a valve to said outlet pipe, of two pivoted lever for operating said valve, one of said levers being constructed to slide at its pivotal point, and when moved in the other direction to be shifted at its pivotal point, substantially as described. 5th. A crank lever N having arm d connected to a valve, of a tank for wateror other liquid, and arm t rounded at its outer end, in combination with an operating crank lever Q having arms t and u, its arm t at its outer end rounded, and an elongated fulcrum-bearing w, substantially as described for the purpose specified. 6th. The pivoted lever N having long arm d and short arm t rounded at its free end, in combination with an elengated fulcrum-bearing w, substantially as described for the purpose specified with an air intet pipe and a liquid inlet, the liquid and outlet pipe for the liquid, afloat valve for closing said outlet pipe provided with an air inlet pipe and a

No. 19,761. Apparatus and Case for Embalming Dead Bodies. (Appareil et Boîte pour Embaumer les Corps.)

Arthur S. Lovett, Erie, Penn., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Arthur S. Lovett, Erie, Penn., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st The combination, in a case for enclosing and embalming dead bodies, of a gas-tight bottom B with a flexible gas-tight cover A provided with a frame C secured to the lower edge thereof, adapted to be clamped to the bottom B or removed therefrom, the packing D and clamps b, b, all operating together substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The combination, in a gas-tight case, for treating dead bodies, of the flexible cover A, the gas-tight bottom B, the packing D, the bellows J, the escape cock g and escape pipe G, all constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. The combination, in a case for embalming dead bodies, of the following elements: a bottom B mounted upon folding legs E, E, a flexible gas-tight cover A arranged to be clamped to the bottom B, and means for supplying gas to and expelling the same from said case, all arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose set forth. set forth.

No. 19.762. Railway Signal. (Signal de Railroute.)

Bert Buys and Frank Wilcox, Reese, Mich., U.S., 8th July 1884; 5

Claim.—The combination of the vertical shaft A, for operating a visual signal, the horizontal plate C forming a step for the shaft and carrying a series of fixed electrical contacts connected with a telegraph line, and an arm carrying a contact point and attached to said shaft, and constructed to both operate said shaft and signal and move said contact point over the fixed contacts as the visual signal is moved, substantially as described.

No. 19,763. Textile Fabric. (Tissu Textile.)

Morris H, Pulaski, Philadelphia, Tenn., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. As a new article of manufacture, a web of embroidery having the scalloped or curved edges of the embroidered part weakened, as described, as and fer the purpose intended, substantially as described. 2nd. As a new article of manufacture, a web of embroidery having the edges of each embroidery strip perforated, scored, indented or cut contiguous to and around the curves, and scallops constituting the lower edge of each embroidered strip of such web, as and for the purpose intended, substantially as described. 3rd. As a new article of manufacture, the within-described separable web of embroidery indented, scored or perforated contiguous to and around the curves or scallops of the edge of each strip is readily separable from the main fabric around said scallops of said edges, and when so detached each strip is practically cut out around the curves, scallops of the edge of the embroidery curves able web of embroidery consisting of strips of embroidery, the lower edge of each of said strips being a series of scallops, curves, or ellipses, and having surrounding such curves, ellipses, or scallops, a weak frangible line, whereby each strip may be detached from the web in a finished condition, with its scallops, curves, or ellipses cut out ready for use, substantially as described. Morris H, Pulaski, Philadelphia, Tenn., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,764. Carriage Spring. (Ressort de Voiture.)

Henry W. Hamille, Norfolk, N.Y., U.S., 8th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—The combination of the end springs A, A1, side bars c, c1 and side springs B, B1, connected and arranged as set forth for the purpose described.

No. 19,765. Pump. (Pompe.)

John A. Butler, Brantford, Ont., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a submerged pump, the combination of cylinder A,

with valve D, and water-passage G having valve H at the bottom of it, substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 2nd. The combination of handle N, with fulcrum M working between last near K, also set screw O, substantially as and for the purposes hereinbefore set forth. 4th. The drip valve Q, having valve R, substantially as and for the purposes hereinbefore set forth.

No. 19,766. Carriage Thill Coupling.

(Armon de Limonière de Voiture.)

Nelson A. Primus, Somerville, Mass., U.S., 12th July, 1834; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The combination of a clip and bearing piece B provided with a screw tension C extending from it, as shown, with the journal carrier D and the journal E. arranged as represented, such carrier having the screw tenon extending through it, and also having the journal projected within the bearing piece, and all being substantially as represented. 2nd. The combination of the bearing plate H, its as represented. 2nd. The combination of the bearing plate H, its and the journal E arranged with and adapted to the bearing piece, and the journal E arranged with and adapted to the bearing piece, substantially in manner as set forth; the said plate H being to operate, as described, against the elastic or rubber block G placed agains the thill iron head and in the bearing piece and against the plate H in the manner as specified. Nelson A. Primus, Somerville, Mass., U.S., 12th July, 1834; 5 years.

No. 19,767. Horse Collar Fastener.

(Croissant de Collier de Cheval.)

Edward S. Platt, Norham, Ont., 12th July, 1384; 5 years.

Edward S. Piatt, Norham, Ont., 12th July, 1384; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A metallic casing upon each end of a horse collaterated below, conforming to the outline of the collar and secured thereto, said casings having each a solid face, one of which is provided with buttons having recessed necks adapted to enter into stors in the face of the opposite part, and being locked therein by the purrower lower portion of said slots engaging the shoulder of said slots one. 2nd. The casing A having a face Ar and provided with slots ar, wide at the top and narrow below, and the casing B having a face are in the provided with buttons b having shoulders b adapted to enter the Br provided with slots a or to be engaged and retained by the narrower lower portion thereof, all substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,768. Spring Bed. (Sommier Elastique.)

Peter Fraser, Hamilton, Ont., 12th July, 1884 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a bed bottom, the inner portion of the sides and ends A. B formed with a recess a and projections b, c, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. In combination with the so as and ends A of a bed bottom, of the staples B inserted therein, of the to leave a space a for the top coil of the spring to slide in behind the staples, substantially as specified. 3rd. The combination of the staples, substantially as specified. 3rd. The combination of the part of the spring to the sprin

No. 19,769. Hame. (Attelle.)

cames McCurdy, Belleville, Ont., 12th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In an automatic hame fastener, the combination of the lock c, jaws d, spring g and tube or socket f, substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 2nd. The nipple f, in combination with the lock c, jaws d, spring g and tube or socket f, substantially as and for the purposes hereinbefore set forth.

No. 19,770. Improvement in the Manufact-(Perfectionnement ure of Sausages. dans la Fabrication de la Saucisse.)

Francis C. Ireland, Lachute Mills, Que., 12th July, 1884; 5 years Claim.—1st. The invention of a new kind of sausage made from meat and desiccated wheat, in the proportions substantially as set meat and desiccated wheat, in the proportions substantially as set forth, which causes the wheat to counteract the more indigestible portions of fatty meat, so as to produce a sausage more digestible and palatable that the affinity of any other known mixture in sausages...

No. 19,771. Bicycle. (Bicycle.)

Thomas H. Robinson, Toronto, Ont., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. A reach A provided with necks C and bent downward; in between the said necks, the heads B to receive the said necks, in the reach A and arrang combination with the swivel-joint placed in the reach A and arrang ed to connect the front wheels of two bicycles together, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. In a reach arranged to connect the front wheels of two bicycles together, a swivel-joint so arranged to the front wheels of two bicycles together, a swivel-joint so for the purpose specified. 3rd. In combination, with the curved reach A pranged to connect together the front wheels of two bicycles, the arranged to connect together the front wheels of two bicycles, the arranged to connect together the front wheels of two bicycles, the arranged to connect of the straps and adjustably connected the reach A by the clips G, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 4th. The forked bars E connecting the neck C to the sleep b, in combination with the swivel-jointed reach A, substantially and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,772. Machinery for Knitting Rattan.

[macnine pour Tricoter le Rotin.]
Edward L. Taft and Henry M. Rich Athol, Mass., U.S., 12th July,
1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the stationary strand guide K and the looper F, the series of standards et, slides gt, U shaped tongues K,

the series of springs ft, the movable loop holding abutment L and the strand coverer M provided with mechanism for operating them, substantially as set forth. 2n t. The combination of the wedge pointed tud R having mechanism for operating it, substantially as described, with the stationary strand guide K and the movable looper F, the series of U-shaped tongues, their carrying slides and the furcated substantial pars et thereof, the springs, the movable loop holding abutment L and the strand coverer M provided with mechanism for operating them, essentially as represented. 3rd. The combination of the metallic frame H having toothed racks, as set forth, and the sarriage I having a cranked shaft a and pinions w, w to operate with the said racks, as described, with the stationary strand guide K and with the series of slides b1, standards e1, curved springs f, sliders g1, and stand coverer M having mechanism for operating them substantially as set forth. 4th. The combination, with the chair seat and operating mechanism, substantially as described, consisting of the spider the pendulous arm the vertical slide and adjustable post represented, for knitting work or a chair back between the posts of a chair, as explained. a chair, as explained.

No. 19,773. Buggy Gear. (Train de Voiture.)

Henry Cantelon, Clinton, Ont., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In the combination of a buggy or light waggon, in combination with truss-bars having equalizers c, supports for trussbars and clips 3, fastened to rear axle and head block by means of the clip springs e, side bars i which extend from, and are fastened is fastened to axle and clips b, when the said clips as fastened to axle and head block g. Fig. 2, as set forth and described. 2nd. In the combination of a buggy or light waggon, in combination with truss-bars a having equalizers c, support for truss-bars and clip b fastened to rear axle and head block by means of the clip parts of supports c is which extend from, and are fastened to lower parts of supports truss-bars and clips b, box f supported on the springs forth and described.

No. 19,774. Store Window. (Vitrine de Boutique.)

Lyman C. Bailey, Calais, Me., U.S., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Olaim.—A store or show window, consisting of the fixed exterior window a having the air openings c and the air deflecting plate d, arranged before said openings, to direct the incoming air along the theory window or partition e having the openings it o cooperate therewith, substantially as shown and for the purposes described.

No. 19,775. Oil Can. (Bidon à Huile.)

Robert English, Austin, Texas, U.S., 12th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—The combination, with the can A having a screw-threaded opening of a spout provided upon its sides within the can A with a series of openings, and provided at its lower end with a plug d and an adapted to engage the screw-threaded cap, rigidly mounted on said spout and forth.

No. 19,776. Clock. (Horloge.)

Telesphore Tremblay, Montreal, Que., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the easing A, hub B, disk D having nervirorations G, hand M, axle C, hand N, plate A provided with with dial marks, as described, and pins K, the whole constructed, stranged and operating substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the hub B, disk D having perforations G, as described, and pins K, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the hub B, disk D having perforations G, as described, and shown cribed and shown.

No. 19,777. Method of and Apparatus for Printing with Metal Engravings direct from the Cylinders of Rotary Web Printing Machines. (Mode d'Impression en Taille douce directement des Cylindres de Machines Rotatoires à Imprimer à Papier Continu, et aptoires à Imprimer à Papier Continu, et ap-

Themas Shields, Bradford, Eng., 12th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—Producing a composite curved printing surface suitable for rotary and other machines, such surface consisting in part of a cast any kind of metallic printing surface, suitable for printing of metallic printing surface, suitable for printing by the papier-maché process of sterestyping, and in part of letterpress method.

No. 19,778. Closet Ventilator.

(Ventilateur de Latrine.)

John H. McGovern and James H. Willson, Detroit, Mich., U.S.. 12th
Claim. 1.1. 75 years.

July Mctovern and James H. Wilson, 2011, 1864; 5 years.

Claim,—1st. In combination with the seat pipe and soil pipe of a water-closet discharging into the atmosphere, a ventilating apparatus belied through such soil pipe, substantially as and for the purposes chamber of 2nd. In combination with the seat pipe B, the annular with such annular chamber and carrying upon its upper end a curved belief through such annular chamber and carrying upon its upper end a curved of the cut, the presentation of which is governed by the position substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,779. Reversible Shears.

(Forces Reversibles.)

John L. Starks, Sharon Grove, Ky., U.S., 12th July, 1884: 5 years.

John L. Starks, Sharon Grove, Ky., U.S., 12th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In scissors and shears, the combination, with one of the blades provided at its lower end with a tubular extension having slots formed upon opposite sides of the same at their upper ends, of a detachable handle having a coiled spring mounted thereon near the upper end thereof, and a cap adapted to fit the end of said handle upon the outer side of the tubular extension, substantially as set forth. 2nd. In scissors and shears, the combination, with one of the blades provided at its lower end with a tubular extension having slots at its upper end and a recess formed adjacent thereto upon the blade, said extension being also provided with a seat upon its inner side, near the upper end of the same, of a detachable handle, the end of which is squared; said handle being also provided with a coil spring bearing against a seat upon said handle at one end, and against the seat of the tubular extension of the other end, and a cap provided with an outwardly projecting lug and adapted to be rigidly mounted on the squared end of the handle, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,780. Process for Preserving Eggs.

(Procédé de Conservation des Oeufs.)

Frank J. Praddex, Albany, N.Y., U.S., 12th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—The process for preserving eggs, which consist in, first, subjecting the eggs to the action of gentle heat, to expel a portion of the air and gases therefrom, as herein described, and, second, in applying to their shells a coating consisting of a cold solution of hard, drying, adherent material, that will strengthen their shells and render them impervious to air, substantially as herein specified.

No. 19.781. Steam Trunk Lid Press.

(Presse de Dôme de Vapeur.)

William E. Lockman, St. Louis, Mo., U.S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years.

William E. Lockman, St. Louis, Mo., U.S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—The combination, in a trunk lid press machine, of two hollow cast-iron steam chambers A and B, the surface of one being concave and the surface of the other convex, with steam connections E and C for the purpose of giving form and shape to the boards out of which trunk lids are made, and while form and shape are being given to the boards aforesaid, the same are by the heat of the steam-chambers rendered perfectly dry and free from moisture without liability to warp or change, all substantially as set forth.

No. 19,782. Fire-Escape. (Sauveteur d'Incendie.)

Colin Kennedy, Glengarry, Ont., 14th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In combination with the rope A, the clutches B provided with a stirrup rope C, as set forth and for the purpose described. 2nd. In combination with the rope A, the brake ring D provided with a tongue E and sling F, as set forth and for the purpose described.

No. 19,783. Mowing Machine. (Faucheuse.)

Joseph Savoie, St. Germain de Grantham, Que., 14th July, 1884; 5

Joseph Savoie, St. Germain de Grantham, Que., 14th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The axle A mounted upon wheels W, WI, and connected thereto by the sleeves Si keyed to the axle, and having ratcheted rims into which mesh spring ratchets pivoted to the spokes of the wheels, said axle carrying the draft pole P by means of a split sleeve S, and having journalled upon it a frame B B B E to which is journalled the swivel-bar D having pivoted to it, at a right angle, the shoe F forming part of the finger-bar F, with knife K, the near wheel W having its rim formed into cams c to operate the rocking shaft G, which reciprocates the knife-bar by means of its crank. 2nd. The axle A having keys a engaging sleeves Si, in combination with the wheels carrying spring pawls p, engaging the ratcheted rims s in opposite directions. 3rd. The axle A, sleeve S, bars B and B; journalled upon the axle and forming a frame, in combination with the cutting mechanism. 4th. The wheel rim W having a continuous series of cams c formed upon one edge thereof, in combination with the rocking-shaft G having cranked end and carrying bowls Gi upon a cross-arm secured to said shaft G.5th The frame B B; swivel bar D journalled thereto, shoe F pivoted to D and forming part of finger-bar F, knife-bar K having slotted head k. in combination with the rocking shaft G. 6th. The frame B B; swivel bar D and finger-bar F, the rocking shaft G journalled upon the bar B and having notch g2, in combination with the spring bit. 7th. The finger-bar F having fingers f, with removable top plates f; secured to the fingers by screws fingers f, with removable top plates f; secured to the fingers by screws finger carrying between them the knife-bar K, having the under side of the knife edges ground bevel. 8th. The axle A, frame B Bi and swivel bar D carrying swivel arm I, the lever J pivoted thereto, had connected to the shoe F; by the rod J at one end, the other end connected to the shoe F; by the rod J at one end, the other end connected by chain H2 to the bar B1,

split sleeve S, tool-box T, foot-plate N and seat O, all substantially as described and for the purpose set forih.

No. 19,784. Axle Lubricator. (Boîte à Graisse.)

Albert D. Howe, Coshocton, Ohio, U.S., 14th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—As an improved article of manufacture, the herein-described self lubricating axle-box formed with the exterior raised portion O arranged longitudinally and terminating at the inner end of the box, the concaved chamber or reservoir Lformed in the interior portion of the box at the projection O, the channel N extending through the projecting rib or enlargement O from its mouth at the inner end of the box down through the rib and into the spreading reservoir, and the longitudinally-disposed interior groove M leading from the spreading reservoir, as set forth.

No. 19.785. Axe Blade. (Hache.)

Chapin C. Brooks, Lancaeter, N.H., U.S., 14th July, 1894; 5 years.

Claim.—As an improvement in chopping axes, the metallic blade provided with an eye d through it, and having its spread or extended curting edge constructed to present a double or reverse obtuse figure bcach, made up of straight and diagonal lines c, c, between the centre or joint A and corners b, b of said edge, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,786. Arrangement of Electrical Circuits. (Disposition des Circuits Electriques.)

Frederick N. Gisborne, Ottawa, Ont., 14th July, 1884; 5 years,

Frederick N. disborne, Ultawa, Unt., 14th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The arrangement and combination of two or more wires, of an electrical circuit insulated preferentially with inorganic matter and twisted throughout a part or the whole of their length, substantially as shown and described and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The arrangement and combination of any number of insulated electrical circuits twisted round each other, as described, and placed either parallel with or wound spirally round a central insulated core, which may be used as a ground wire or with earth plates, as shown and described for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,787. Cartridge Loading Machine.

(Machine à Charger les Cartouches.)

Franklin L. Chamberlin, Cleveland, Ohio, U.S., 24th July, 1884; 5

Franklin L. Chamberlin, Cleveland, Ohio, U. S., 24th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a machine for filling cartridges, the combination, with a shell-feeder and an intermittently-rotating device carrying shell-holders, of a powder-container, a wad-feeder and a shot-leeder and means for automatically actuating the same, whereby the shells are fed and filled, substantially as set forth. Jud. In a machine for filling cartridges, the combination, with the main structure thereof and a cross-head arranged to reciprocate upon said structure, of a rotary crimper-rod carried upon said cross-head and provided at its lower end with devices for automatically embracing the sides of the shell, substantially as set forth. 3rd. In a machine for filling cartridges, the combination, with the main structure thereof, of a reciprocating cross-he d and a yielding marker adapted to be actuated thereby, and means for ho.ding the shell during the operation of mirking, substantially as shown and described. 4th. In a machine for filling cartridges, the combination of the main structure thereof, with the reciprocating cross-head, a punch adapted to be actuated thereby, and a support for the shell, the said punch being adapted to enter the shell and force the prime therefrom, substantially as shown and described. 5th. In a machine for filling cartridges, the combination, with the main structure thereof, an actuating cross-head or equivalent device, and means for operating the same, of the shell teeder, the punch adapted to enter the shell, the automatic prime feed tube, the yielding seat to receive the shell, whereby the prime is fixed thereto, the automatically-discharging powder-containers, the wad-leeder, the automatically-discharging powder-containers, the wad-leeder, the automatically-discharging shot-container, the crimper mechanism adapted to act upon the periphery of the shell to crimpt he same, the wad-marking device and devices for discharging the combination, with the main structure, a reciprocating cross-head or equivalent

pushing slide provided with an extension for operating beneath the ward-bulders substantially as described. 13th. In a cartridge-filling machine, the combination, with the yielding ward-straing tube, of forced into the shell, substantially as at forth. 14th. In cartridge-filling methers, whereby the ward is accurately conveyed to frozed into the shell, substantially as at forth. 15th. In cartridge-filling methine, the combination, with the shell provided with an extension constituting, a ward-dist, which is the cartridge-filling methine, the combination, with the ward-pushers in congression the same, substantially as set forth. 15th. 15th.

the priming therefrom through the aperture in the table, substantially as shown and described. 35th. In a cartridge-filling machine, the table provided with a recess, as manyil located in said recess, a feeding devise for conducting the primings to the anyil and a yielding bearing for said feeder, in combination with the reciprocuting primer setting punch arranged to enter the cartridge shells and affix the primings thereto, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,788. Compound for Electric Wire Insulators, Pipes, Posts, &c. (Com position pour Isolateurs de Fils Electriques, Tuyaux, Poteaux, &c)

John F. Martin, Chicago, Ill., U. S., 14th July, 1984; 5 years.

Claim.—A compound, for the purposes herein described, consisting of a base composed of asphaltum and marble dust, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,789. Button Fastener.

(Queue de Boutons.)

Charles L. Farnsworth, Detroit, Mich., U. S., 14th July, 1884; 5

Claim. Claim.—As an improved article of manufacture, the herein described button-fastener, consisting of a single piece of wire bent to form a base, with its extremities twisted about each other over the base after the same is formed, said extremities beyond the twist terminating in hooks, which stand side by side with their ends turned in opposite directions, substantially as described.

No. 19,790. Glove Fastener. (Fermoir de Gant.)

William F. Ware, New York, N. Y., U. S., 14th July, 1834; 5 years.

william F. Ware, New York, N. Y., U. S., 14th July, 1834; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In a fastener, of the character herein set forth, the best pointed at one end and gradually enlarged towards the other, said head being mounted upon the shank and projecting beyond it on fastener, of the character herein set forth, the head mounted upon the shank, projecting beyond the shank both sides and at the point, substantially as set forth. 2nd. In a fastener, of the character herein set forth, the head mounted upon the shank, projecting beyond the shank both sides and at the point, substantially as set forth. 3rd. The herein described improved faster composed of the head, the shank, and means for affixing them upon the glove, sail head being pointed at one end and gradually widening towarls the other, terminating in a rounded or globular projecting beyond the shank on both sides and at the point, and manner set forth. manner set forth.

No. 19,791. Horse Shoe. (Fer à Cheval.)

Lyman Carrier, Minooka, Ill., U. S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years.

Whan Carrier, Minooka, Ill., U. S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The combination of the shoe S having the two integral for the games c_1, c_2 , with the removable toe calk c and rivels t, t, as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The combination of the shoe S having the mortices D, D, with the removable heel calks a a and rivels n, n, and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. The combination of the shoe S its upper face, with the removable calks c and a, and rivels n and t. concentric sharpened continuous ridges V, V on its upper face, as and a, and rivels a and a and catric sharpened continuous ridges V. V on its upper face, as with the temovable calks c and a, the purpose set forth. 5th. The combination of the shoe S with the removable calks c and a, having the rivet holes out of line the shoe, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19792. Improvements in Roads.

(Perfectionnements dans les Routes.)

Lansing De Forest, Janesville, Wis., U. S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—A road provided with a track or tracks composed of exterior bolts for securing them together with the filling or packing of rubber between them together with the filling or packing of rubber between them between them, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,793. Towel-Holder. (Porte-Serviette.)

George S. Gifford, Syracuse, N. Y., U. S., 14th July, 1884; 5 years. Caim.—The combination, with the spring arms a, a and their clasp of the and the concernment of the conce substantially in the manner described and shown, for the purpose specified.

No. 19,794. Cinder Sifter. (Crible à Cendres.)

James Carmichael, Oshawa, Ont., 16th July, 1884: 5 years. James Carmichael, Oshawa, Ont., 16th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The semi-circular ends C connected together by the netting D and bottom F, in combination with the slanting pieces of and, The semi-circular ends C connected by the netting D and F, in combination with the semi-circular ends C connected by the netting D and F, in specified. 3rd. A sifter composed of the netting D and F having the brackets J fixed in the centre of the latter, in combination with the converted in the centre of the latter, in combination with the brackets J fixed to the ends C, and having notches J made in it to rethe the bar K, the bord L fixed to the said bar and arranged with powedge M to secure the ash-pan E substantially as and for the purbes specified. 4th. The brackets J fixed to the ends C and having M having projecting lips k formed on its end, to prevent the said bar to the completely revolving in the notches. 5th. The brackets J fixed of the bar J, and havin; notchet J made in them, to receive the ends on the bar J, in combination with the board L fixed to the cross-bar l and the bar K, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,795. Machine for Bending and Forming Springs. (Machine pour Plier et Former les Ressorts.)

George Norwood, Bridgepart, Ct., U. S., 16th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim. 1st. In a spring binding and forming machine, the former bar constructed narrower at the bottom than at the top and clamped together, substantially as set forth. 2 d. In a spring binding and forming machine, the former bars provided with detachable spring bottom sections and means for evering the bars at the distred adjustment, substantially as described. 3rd. In a spring binding and forming machine, a reciprocating carrier having pivoted thereto, presser bars adapted to be distended by the downward movement of the carrier, and thereby forced against the strip and spring, in combination with means for crussing said bars to automatically act on the spring during the upward movement of said carrier, substantially as set forth.

4th. The bars J having detachable bottom pieces O. adjustable by means of screws R bearing against the nins P, in combination with the former pivoted with rolls At, reciprocating carrier T, and spring Br bearing against the outer edges of said presser bars, substantially as set forth. 5th. The racked carrier, in combination with the pinions V on the driving shaft W, presser bars Z, springs Br bearing again the outer edges of said bags, the former and former bars, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 6th. In a spring binding and forming machine, the central former bar secured as against all movement, except in a vertical plane, in combination with former bars arranged on each side thereof and inclined toward the bottom and means for clumping said bars in proper position, substantially as set forth. 7th. In a spring binding and forming machine, a spring strip having a vielding connection at it extremities with a vertically reciprocating carrier frame, and held in constant contact with the presser bars, whereby the latter may operate to bend and form the spring without immediate contact against the same, substantially as described. 8th. In a spring binding and forming machine, jaws overlapping the for ner bar

No. 19.796. Metallic Packing for Piston and Valve Rods, &c. (Garniture Métallique pour Tiges de Pistons et de Soupapes, fc.)

Charles T. Sleeper, Chicago, Ill., U,S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Charles T. Sleeper, Chicago, Ill., U.S., 16th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a box or casing and metallic packing rings contained therein, of a device for simultaneously controting said packing rings, substantially as set forth. 2nd. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box and sectional metallic packing rings located therein, of followers engaging the rings at different points on their peripheries, and means for imparting simulyaneous movement to all of said followers, substantially as set forth. 3rd. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box and sectional metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box and metallic packing gings located therein, of followers and a cam ring for contracting the packing rings substantially as set forth. 4th. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box and metallic packing, the combination of radially adjustable followers, and worm gearing for rotating the cam ring, substantially as set forth. 5th. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box, and metallic packing, the combination, with a casing or box, and metallic packing rings located therein, of radially adjustable followers, and means for positively and simultaneously moving said followers, either inwardly or outwarfly, substantially as set forth. 5th. In a metallic packing, the combination, with a box or casing and metallic packing, the combination, with a box or casing and acam ring for actuating said followers, substantially as set forth. 7th. In a metallic packing, the combination with a box or casing, and acam ring seated in an annular groove formed on the box or casing, and grooves, substantially as set forth. 9th. In a metallic packing, the combination with a box or casing, and means for contracting the size of the packing, the combination, with a box or casing, and means for contracting the size of the packing rings to compensate for wear, substantially as set forth. 12th. In a metallic pack

packing rings, the latter engaging the rod outside of the stuffing-box, of a face plate and a nut for retaining the box or casing in place, substantially as set forth. 16th. The combination, with a stuffing-box and a laterally adjustable casing containing metallic packing rings seated against the end of the gland of the stuffing-box, of a face plate and a nut for retaining the packing rings against displacement, substantially as set forth. 17th. The combination, with a rod, of a detachable casing or box provided with adjustable metallic packing, and means for allowing the packing, a self-lateral adjustment, and for preventing it from moving in the direction of the movement of the rod, substantially as set forth. 18th. The combination, with a box or casing provided with adjustable packing, of a device for automatically compensating for wear of the bearings between the packing and the gland or cylinder, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,797. Apparatus for Lowering Caskets into Graves. (Appareil pour Descendre les Cercueils dans les Fosses.)

James Burns, Chicago, Ill., U.S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the carriage c having the suspending track E fixed thereto and supported within the frame A, as shown, and arranged to carry the pulley blocks E, E and J, J and 100 pes F, F, in the manner substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 2nd. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the winding drum D3 having the crank b and ratchet-wheel R connected therewith, and supported within the frame D, having the spring pawl P and lever P2, and adapted to wind or unwind the ropes F, F and operate the pulleys E, E and J, J, to raise or lower a casket by means of the hooks d, d1 and straps S, S, in the manner substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 3rd. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the winding drums D4 and D5 having the pawl and ratchet mechanism shown, adapted to for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 3rd. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the winding drums D4 and D5 having the pawl and ratchet mechanism shown, adapted to be rotated to wind or unwind the ropes F1, F2, to adjust and hold adjusted the pulley blocks E, E, in the manner substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 4th. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the legs A adapted to be adjustable as to length, as shown, to hold frame A in proper position, by means of the screw-threaded points H2 and thumb-screw T, as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 5th. In the apparatus described for lowering burial caskets into graves, the carriage C adapted to be moved in either direction on the track a2, by means of the belts W, W, roller shafts B and B1 and crank B2, all adapted to operate substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 6th. The combination of the pulley block J having the hooks d and d4, slide S2 and springs S1, adapted to operate substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 7th. In combination with the frame A having the carriage C and hoisting and adjusting pulleys, ropes and drums, as described, the legs H having the joints H1. H2 and H3, and thumb-screw T, as shown, to operate substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 8th. The combination of the frame A and adjustable carriage c having the suspending track E1 with the pulleys E, E, pulleys J J having the hooks d, d1, hoisting ropes F, F, adjustment ropes F1 and F2, pulleys Z2 and Z4, winding drums D3, D4 and D5, and their operating mechanisms, and straps S, S, to operate substantially as and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth.

No. 19,798. Portable House. (Maison Portative.)

Otis H. Smith, Cambridge, Mass., U.S., 16th July, 1884: 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The end and side sills scarfed or lapped together at their ends, in combination with the posts tenoned into the laps and secured in place by separable connections or hasps, staples and hooks, all being substantially as represented. 2nd. The ridge-piece and each side sill composed of two pieces equal, or about equal in their length, and hinged together, in combination with each wall-plate consisting of three pieces equal, or about equal in their lengths, and connected by hinges. 3rd. The combination of the end and side sills, scarfed or by hinges. 3rd. The combination of the end and side sitis, scarred or lapped together at their ends, with the posts tenoned into the laps and secured to the side sills by separable connections and with the wall plates, the rafters and the ridge-piece arranged and adapted, and connections, substantially as set forth. 4th. The combination of the eccentric button K1, with the roof board and the rafter, whereby the joints are made tight, operated substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,799. Electric Arc Lamp.

(Lampe Electrique à Arc.)

Thomas L. Kay, Hamilton, Ont., 16th July 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the lever B, sliding clamp S and tilting lever F operated by the connecting rod A, substantially as and for the purposes described. 2nd. The combination of armature D with the magnet Q, collars N and P, for the purposes of a shunt, as herein set forth

No. 19,800. Artificial Limb. (Membre Artificiel.)

George Beacock and Terence Sparham, Brockville, Ont., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—Ist. As an improvement in the art of manufacturing artificial limbs, moulding the same of raw hide, as described. 2nd. As a new article of manufacture, an artificial limb of raw hide, moulded damp into form and dried, as shown and described. 3rd. The mode of constructing artificial limbs of raw hide, consisting in moulding the rawhide damp by stretching and sewing it upon the form, and drying it, severing the sewerd seams to disengage the form, and then re-sewing the severed seams, as described. 4th. The combination of the hand body F, the thumb A provided with pivots a, a², spring C and draw-wire D to move the thumb, as described.

No. 19,801. Cylinder for Grain Scourers.

(Cylindre pour Nettoyeurs des Grains)

John H. Chase, Rochester, N.Y., U.S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—A cylinder for a grain-securing machine provided, on its iner surface with the alternated

inner surface, with the alternately-arranged imperforate round projections l, l and round depressions o, o, having perforations r, r, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,802. Water and Fire-proof Paint.

(Peinture Hydrofuge and Réfractaire.)

George Learmonth and Cyrus H. McCargar, Fitzroy Harbor, Ont. 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—A water and fire-proof paint composed of coal-tar, sulphut-whiting and salt, boiled together in the or about the proportions which are specified.

No. 19,803. Billiard Cushion. (Bande de Billiard.)

Henry Nightingale, Montreal, Que., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—A cushon for billiard tables constructed having its upper surface more or less curved, and its outer surface slanting inwards, and its inner surface being provided with a longitudinal recess, in combination with the cushion bed, substantially in the manner described,

No. 19,804. Thermometry and Apparatus Therefor. (Thermométrie et Apparail (Thermométrie et Appareil pour cet Objet.)

George T. Beilby, Midcalder, Eng., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. The improved system of thermometry, under the temperatures and changes of temperature are indicated, by the measurement at approximately constant temperature and pressure of the volume of gas expelled from a vessel of given capacity, under the volume of gas expelled from a vessel of given capacity, under the influence of the temperature which is to be measured, all substantially as hereinbefore described. 2nd. The apparatus, consisting of expanding vessel, connecting tube and measuring tube, as combined for carrying out this system. 3rd. The jacket of steam or other saturated vapour at approximately constant pressure for maintaining a rated vapour at approximately constant pressure for maintaining similarly constant temperature in whatever parts of the apparatus similarly constant temperature in whatever parts of the apparatus is required. 4th. The automatic pressure regulator, as described, with reference to Fig 2 of the accompanying drawings, and as used in the system of thermometry hereinbefore set forth. The automatic pressure regulator, as described, with reference to Figs. 3 and 4 of the accompanying drawings, and as used in the system of thermometry hereinbefore set forth. 6th. The combined apparatus as illustrated in Fig. 3 of the accompanying drawings, or any mere modification of the same.

No. 19,805. Window. (Fenêtre.)

William D. Smith, Chester, Pa. U.S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

William D. Smith, Chester, Pa. U.S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. The window, substantially as described and swith provided in its lower end with an air inlet, and in its upper end with an air exit or exits, communicating with the flues or chimneys, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. 2nd. The combination with a box or show window, substantially as herein described, happer an air inlet in its lower end, of pipes as G. H. extended from its upper end and projected into flues or chimneys, substantially as described, and for the purposes set forth. 3rd. The improved box or show window, substantially as described and shown, having an opening B in dow, substantially as described and shown, having an opening B in the substantially as described and shown, having an opening B in the substantially assued and opening B in the substantially assued and opening B in the substantially as and for the purposes set, the first rauged and operating substantially as and for the purposes set, the first bust of the window provided with inlet opening b in its outer side, below its bottom B, and a bottom B provided with the grated opening D, of the valve D supported in suitable guides, the grated opening B of the window, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,806. Die and Die Block for Hammers. (Etampe et Billot d'Etampe pour Marteaux de Forge.) James H. Baker Wostwille Oliver de Forge.

James H. Baker, Westville, Ohio, U. S., 16th July, 1884; 5 years, Claim.—ist. The combination of the locking device consisting of the stop-bars f, lever h and lips g with the die chaving grooves k substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of discharger k with die chaving grooves d, stop bars f and lever h, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination of lever h, spring catch is an interest of described. 3rd. The combination, with a die chaving grooves d, and stop bars f, substantially as l, with the die chaving grooves d, and stop bars f, substantially as learning cleats j and lips g, substantially as described. 5th. The combination, with a die chaving grooves d, d, of combination, with the die block c having the end grooves d, d, of the dischargers k, k and the lever m, whereby the end of the forget the die block c having end grooves d, d, of the stoppers f having in g, the die block c having end grooves d, d, of the stoppers f having the swinging lever h provided with a corresponding lip g, and the rethe swinging lever h provided with a corresponding lip g, and described taining clips j, all arranged substantially as shown and described catches i, to hold the lever on the article to be forged, as described catches i, to hold the lever on the article to be forged, as described too, with the block p, having ledges z, of the block p, and the tion, with the block p having ledges z, of the bars u, rollers and the tion, with the block p, as and for the purpose set forth. The combination of a laterally adjustable die block p, projecting The combination of a laterally adjustable die block p, projecting later u and friction rollers, substantially as described.

No. 19.807. Globe Guard for Tubular Lan-(Garde-Verre de Lanterne Tubutern.

John H. Stone, Hamilton, Ont., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In combination with a tubular or globe lantern, of a spring globe guard secured to the globe, perforated disk upon which the globe rests and so constructed as to clasp the globe and be made removable with it, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. The combination, in a tubular or globe lantern, of the spring globe guards D, D and perforated disk C, or its equivalent, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19.808. Nut Lock. (Arrête-Ecrou.)

Arthur Hebert. Montebello, and Thomas P. Butler, Montreal, Que., 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Arthur Hébert. Montebello, and Thomas P. Butler, Montreal, Que.. 16th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—lst. A nut lock perfect in itself, which can be attached to nuts, securing bolts placed in a line parallel to one another, without any other appliances than those it contains in itself, and which does not interfere with any part of the machine or thing to which it is of tached, nor require any alteration in the usual construction of any in a railway joint or car truck fastening, of the fish plates, bolts, nuts with a stud adapted to be wedged between the fish plate at each end and the body against which the fishplate rests, the upright part of which stud passes through the lock plate and is fastened upon the outer side, by a split key or turnbutton, or the lockplate may be fasis placed under the fishplate, while the other end is fastened by the stud referred to, the whole as substantially described. 3rd. The lock plate B having the openings A, A and slot or recess H, and provided at one end with a hook J, and at the other end with a key hole K (or tially as set forth. 4th. The combination, with the fishplates and constructed as described, and the removable key or stud adapted to interlock with the key hole in the lock plate, substantially as set forth. 5th. The key or stud consisting of the wedge M, the upright I at right angles to the wedge and the turnbutton N or split key 0, herewith fyled, and the adaptation of the same for other purposes than railway joints, for which this model is specially adapted.

No. 19.800 Static Commensator for Dunley

No. 19,809. Static Compensator for Duplex and Multiplex Telegraphs. (Compensateur Statique pour Telegraphes à Double et Multiple Courants.)

Francis W. Jones, New York, N.Y., U. S., 16th June, 1884; 5 years.

Francis W. Jones, New York, N.Y., U. S., 16th June, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. A static compensator for duplex or multiplex telegraphs consisting of an inductorium, one coil of which is in the circuit, with the signalling battery and the line, while the other is in a fether static charge and discharge current upon the receiver. 2nd. A static compensator for duplex or multiplex telegraphs consisting of an inductorium, one coil of which is connected into the signalling of an inductorium, one coil of which is connected into the signalling to line signalling at every complete movement of the transmitter, so as to counteract the effects of the static charge and discharge current flowing in the coils of said receiver. 3rd. The combination, with of an auxiliary coil adapted to exert upon said receiver an effect ounter to that of the static charge or discharge current, and an inprimary is in the circuit of the signalling battery and line, as and for the purpose described. the purpose described.

No. 19,810. Bed Spring Connection.

(Ligature de Sommier Elastique.)

Baxter Burnell, Philipsburg, Que., 17th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In a spring bed, the central ring C connected with the spring B by means of the links D, substantially in the manner shown bed, the chains E connecting the tops of the springs B by means of the links D, substantially in the manner shown bed, the chains E connecting the tops of the springs with the bars and the chains E connecting the tops of the springs with the bars and which the springs stand, substantially as shown and described. With the ring C, links D and chains E, substantially as shown and for purpose herein set forth.

No. 19,811. Device for Holding up an Umbrella to the Seat of a Vehiele. (Appareil pour Assujétir un Parapluie au Siège d'une Voiture.)

James Castle, Toronto, Ont., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

James Castle, Toronto, Ont., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. An umbrella holder for attaching to the seat of a buggy or other vehicle composed of the following parts: the clamps A with holder E, one tructed as described and operating as set forth. 2nd. in an umbrella-holder, constructed as described, a semi-universal fount C constructed with three plates c₂, c₃, c₄, with a screw c₁ passing shoulder formed by the said enlargement screwed tightly up-to the and losening the same, enlarged where the plate c₄ turns spon, and the middle plate c₂ provided with ribs for turning the plate in tightening B. swivel button bi and rubber face b², substantially as shewn and described and operating as set forth. 3rd. In an umbrella-holder, conthe holder E, and operating as set forth.

No. 19,812. Anti-Magnetic Shield for Watches. (Enveloppe Anti Magnetique pour Montres.)

Charles K. Giles, Chicago, Ill., U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. A watch movement, in combination with a shield of highly magnetic metal or material, wholly or in part surrounding and inclosing the movement when mounted within the case, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. A watch movement, in combination with a box of highly magnetic metal or material, within which the movement is held, and a case center within which the box is mounted and held, whereby the movement is substantially inclosed within an anti-magnetic shield, when set up to complete the watch, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. A watch movement, in combination with a box of highly magnetic metal or other material, adapted to receive the movement, and a cover of like material supported from the dial and extending over the plate of the movement, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,813. Safety Catch for Elevators.

(Arrêt de Sûrete pour Monte-charges.)

Frank A. Weeks, Enniskillen, Ont., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Frank A. Weeks, Enniskillen, Ont., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with an elevator car, of sliding bolts held on the underside of the car, a toggle joint uniting the inner ends of the sliding bolts, a weight suspended from the middle of the toggle joint, locking pins resting on the sliding bolts, and of a rope or chain for raising the weight and middle of the toggle joint to force the sliding bolts outward, substantially as herein shown and described. 2nd. The combination, with an elevator car, of the sliding bolts D, the toggle joint H uniting the inner ends of the same, the casings N, the locking pins M in the same, the weight J suspended from the toggle joint, and the safety rope k, substantially as herein shown and described. 3rd. The combination, with an elevator provided with openings into which the heads of the automatic locking bolts project, of the pivoted plate O constructed to cover said openings and prevent dirt from entering therein, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,814. Spoke and Felloe Joint.

(Joint de Rais et de Jante.)

George Minchin, Shakespeare, Ont., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—The combination of a spoke A tenoned through the felloe B, of a supporting ferule cencircling the spoke adjacent to the felloe and having flanges or lugs D, D straddling the felloe, and of rivets a, a rivetting those flanges or lugs together upon the interposed felloe and the spoke tenon, as set forth.

No. 19,815. Salt Feeding Device and Means for Making and Using the Same.

(Appareil d'Alimentation du Sel et Moyen pour le Fabriquer et s'en servir.)

Julus Goldstein, Chicago, Ill., U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Julia Goldstein, Chicago, III. U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A salt feeding device consisting of a solidified salt body adapted to be supported in such manner that it will revolve under the tongue of the animal, substantially as described and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. A salt feeding device consisting of a salt roller, in combination with a supporting bracket or frame, substantially as described. 3rd. In a salt feeding device, a bracket having a sloping top and adapted to receive the salt roller and to protect said roller from waste by animals, and the elements substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,816. Screen for Picking Potatoes.

(Crible pour Trier les Patates.)

Louis Monette, Montreal, Que., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Réclâme.—ler. Dans une machine à trier les patates, le câdre O et les sas C, D, E, en combinaison avec les lames P, la table R et le guides Re, R₁, et l'entonnoir B, le tout tel que ci dessus décrit et pour les fins sus-mentionnées. 20. Dans une machine à les trier les patates, la combinaison du mecanisme H G I K L F avec le câdre O et les sas C, D, E, et le bâti A, tel que ci dessus décrit et pour les fins sus mentionnées. 30. Dans une machine à trier les patates, la combinaison du câdre O et des sas C, D, E, avec les réceptacles S, SI, T, Tt, T², la table R R'R'3 et le tiroir Q, le tout tel qui ci dessus décrit et pour les fins sus-mentionnées. fins sus-mentionnées.

No. 19,817. Screen. (Ecran.)

Olin Harley, South Whitley, Ind., U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, in a window screen, of the character described, of the slotted plates L, L on the strip K, the slotted lip J formed on the bracket G1, the screw fastening b and the clamping strips J1 having a notch in its lower end, all constructed and adapted to operate substantially in the manner and for the purposes described. 2nd. The combination, with a window screen roller, of bevelled bar D and its brackets, clamps J1, strip K, slotted plates L, L, slotted lips J formed on bracket G1, ratchet wheel H and pawl I, all constructed and arranged to operate, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. poses set forth.

No. 19,818. Fare Box. (Tronc de Char.)

Edward Lusher and Thomas H. Robillard, Montreal, Que., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—In a fare box, the combination, with opening through which the coins are introduced, of a double funnel, the exit of the upper funnel being parallel to the opening in the box, and that in the lower at right angles thereto, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,819. Lamp Chimney Cleaner.

(Nettoyeur de Cheminée de Lampe.)

William J. Webb, Harbour au Bouche, N. S., 17th July, 1884; 5

years. Claim.-1st. In a lamp chimney cleaner, the rod B fixed to the handle A and having the flanged hubs C and CI the former being rigidly fixed to the outer end of the rod B and the lattersliding freely endways on said rod. 2nd. In a lamp chimney cleaner, the handle A provided with a screwed portion, and the finger nut D fitted therein, and arranged to move the flanged hub CI endways on the rod B. 3rd. In a lamp chimney cleaner, the elastic ribs E attached to the wire rings b, which are held in annular grooves, formed as shown, in the flanges a of the flanged hubs C and CI. 4th. The combination, in a lamp chimney cleaner, of the handle A, rod B, flanged hubs C and CI having the flanged a encircled by the wire rings b, as shown, and the finger nut D with eastic ribs E, as herein described and for the purpose set forth. pose set forth.

No. 19,820. Heater for Utilizing the Heat of Char Washings in Sugar Refineries. (Appareil pour utiliser la

Chaleur des Eaux de Charbon dans les Raffineries de Sucre.

Samuel M. Lillie, Philadelphia, Pa, U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Samuel M. Lillie, Philadelphia, Pa, U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The within described apparatus for utilizing the heat in the char washings of sugar reflueries, for heating fresh water, consisting of the chamber A, pyramidal chambers D, D, battery of tubes C extending between the pyramidal chambers D. D, par ial disphragms J and vertical gratings or distributing plates E, E, in the chambers D. D, par ial disphragms J and vertical gratings or distributing plates K in the chamber A, and ports F, F1 to the latter, located above and below the upper and lower diaphragms respectively, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. In a heater, arranged subtantially as described, the combination, with the horizontal diaphragms J, of the gratings or distributing plates K, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. The combination, with the inductive port of the chamber A, of a grating or distributing plate K supported in the interior chamber in tront of the port, the said grating or plate serving to distribute the inflowing waters across the compartment into which the port delivers, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 4th. The combination of the chamber A with the horizontal induction port extending across the same, the horizontal chamber G and the narrow horizontal passage f between these two, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3th. The combination of the chamber A and its ports, with the narrow induction passage for a valve or gate G, connected with and operated by a float I in the collecting tank H₁, to open or close the said passage uniformly along its entire length with the rising or falling of the level of the waters in the tank H₁, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 6th. The combination of chamber A and its tues, with one or both of the end chamber D, D and perforated distributing plate E, or other equivalent device serving to cause the waters to flow equally through an of the tubes C, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 7th. wall of the case, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,821. Apparatus for Impressing or Marking, and Smoothing Leather. (Appareil pour Etamper ou Marquer, et Lisser les Peaux.)

Louis Cote, St. Hyacinthe, Que., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the roller C, constructed as described, with die R, constructed as described, the two arranged in relation with each other, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the roller C, die R and set screws S, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination of the roller C, die R and set screws S, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination of the roller C, die R and spindles O. constructed and arranged substantially as described. 4th. The combination of the roller C, die R, spindle O and elastic cushions P, the whole constructed, arranged and operating substantially as described. 5th. The combination of the roller C, die R, set screws rest E, emstic cushions P, plate H, adjusted as described, and spindles O, the whole substantially as described.

No. 19,822. Process for Purifying Soda Ash.

(Procédé d'Epuration de la Soude.) Edward H. Russell, Park City, Utah, U.S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The herein-described process of purifying soda ash, consisting in combining therewith a solution containing sulphate of copper or equivalent soluble compound of copper. 2nd. The process of removing sodium sulphide from sodium carbonate, consisting in dissolving the latter in water containing hyposulphite of soda or potash, and adding sulphate of copper

No. 19.823. Dental Plate Mould.

(Moule de Plaque Dentaire.)

James W. Hayford, George S. Zingling, and Frank E. M. Baldwin, Tiffin, Onio, U.S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—Ist. The combination, with the base plate and frame of the device, of the bottom plate and shell forming the lower section of the mould, the lateral lugs on said bottom plate having slotted guide standards for the sections of the mould and the slotted clamps, whereby the bottom plate is clamped to the base of the mould, substantially as specified. 2nd. In combination with the upper and lower sections of the mould, and the frame and bottom plate guide-standards and pressure screw, the internal rings adapted to fit one within the other

and be embedded in the respective matrices of the mould, one of the rings being slotted at its edges for the initial escape of gas or confined air, substantially as specified. 3rd The combination, with the frame and its base, of the mould sections, the bottom plate and slotted guide-standards and clamos, and the pressure-serew having a dovetailed swivelled plate, and the dovetailed projections on the upper section of the mould with which said plate engages, whereby the upper section may be manipulated accurately with respect to the lower section, substantially as specified.

No. 19,824. Car-Coupling. (Accouplage de Chars.)

Martial Lemieux and Onézime Boisvert, Montreal, Que., 17th July, 1884 : 5 years.

Claim.—In an automatic car-coupling, the springs B, B, blocks C, Ct. in combination with coupling link D d d1, coupling pin F, lever G I J, stop K and draw-bars Λ , Λ , a, all as above described and for purposes set forth purposes set forth.

No. 19,825. Hitching Strap. (Courrole d' Enrénoire.)

Henry S. Dimock and Joseph A. Stringer, Phelps, N. Y., U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—As an improvement in hitching straps, the combination, with a strap having at one end a permanent loop adapted to be passed with a strap having at one end a permanent loop adapted to be passed over the head of the horse. of a small loop or ring sliding upon the original particular theorem is a small loop or ring sliding upon the bridle-rings, as set forth.

No. 19,826. Animal Shears. (Tondeuse.)

Hiram C. Chiles, Rogers, Ark., U.S., 17th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim—In a sherring device, the frame A provided with transverse bars At and A2, and concave end C having attached thereto a rigid blude, vertical hollow standard or handle B, through which passes the operating shaft, carrying at its lower end a cam a, connecting link dattached to the end of the operating blade E, and an operating link dattached to the end of the operating blade E, and an operating handle attached above the handle B and strap D, for securing the same upon the operator's arm, the parts being organized and combined, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,827. Car-Coupling. (Accouplage de Chars.)

François V. Isoire, dit Provencal, St. Frédéric, Que., 17th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—The shafts E coupling automatically by means of forked and tongued ends into a line along the whole length of the train, and having came E set at different angles from each other said line rotated at will by means of a crank and intermediate of wheels located at any suitable point in the train, and lifting the coupling pins a pivoted of or the said came, in combination with the draw-heads C links D, spring lifts K and adjusting bars L, substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,828. Electric Arc Lamp.

(Lampe Electrique à Arc.)

Claim—In an arc lamp, a globe or chamber for the arc closed air tight at the bottom and on all sides, a regulator above the globe or chamber, a tight tube forming a passaze between the regulator and the globe or chamber, and a carbon-holder extending loosely through the said tube, whereby the gases are retained in the globe, undue pressure avoided and free movement of the carbon secured, all substantially as described.

No. 19,829. Fire-Escape. (Sauveteur d'Incendie)

Ernest Wellings and Francis B. Lockwood, 17th July, 1884; 5 years

Ernest Wellings and Francis B. Lockwood, 17th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim.—1st. As an improved fire-escape, a box or case A rigidy fastened to some convenient part of the building, and provided with a lid B powerfully hinged and braced to the said box, in combination with a flexible wire or chain ladder E attached to a bar or spindle journalled in the box A, the suid ladder being arranged to extend over the outer edge of the lid B, sabstantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. The bir or spindle F journalled in the box or case A specified and arranged to support the ladder E, the lid B powerfully inged and braced to the box A, in combination with the pivoted lever Lially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. The bur or spindle right in journalled in the box A and arrangel to support the ladder in journalled in the box A and arrangel to support the ladder arranged to operate against the pulley M, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,830. Hand Tool for Shoemakers.

William D. Frank, Elizabethtown, Pa., U.S., 17th July, 1834; 5 years. Claim.—1st. A shoemaker's hand tool consisting of a bed A provided with a shank B for insertion in the hardle, having a seat D at vided with a recess E and threaded hole F at the opposite end, a one end, with a recess E and threaded hole F at the opposite end a perforated lug the ast integral with the bed and a set-serew H, in other bination with the removably-secured gage K or its equivalent, and the bination with the removably-secured gage K or its equivalent, lug In removably-secured plate I with its bead Ir, oblong slot I and as in substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. In combinating with a shoemaker's hand-tool, as described, the detachable creasing with a shoemaker's hand-tool, as described, the detachable creasing and provided with an oblong adjusting slot I2 and a tongue or I lag is and provided with an oblong adjusting slot I2 and a tongue or I lag is the set-serew J, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. In a shoemaker's hand tool, as described, and as a shank and binnish ing iron, the combination of the bed A, gage M, plate I, divisions ping iron, the combination of the bed A, gage M, plate I, divisions in giron, the combination of the bed A, gage M, plate I, divisions hank N and screws H and J, as shown and for the purpose set forth. William D. Frank, Elizabethtown, Pa., U.S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,831. Carding Machine.

(Machine à Carder.)

Charles E. Whitworth and J. Conrad Gerlach, Boston, Mass., U. S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

17th July, 1884; 5 years.

the lever arms a, a, the needle roller D, rod or bar h and the rod c, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The needle-roller D, constructed as described and shown, in combination with the combination of the smooth roller C and laproller A, as specified. 3rd. The combination of the smooth roller C, needle-roller D, brush F and feed ing the knife-edge f, in combination with the needle-roller D and feed rollers G, G, as shown and described. 4th. The concave shield c having the knife-edge f, in combination with the needle-roller D and feed rolls G, G, as and for the purpose specified. 5th. The combination, with the breaker roll H, of the saw-teeth, bars N arranged above the saribeaker r. II, and the receptacles h, as and for the purpose described. 6th. The combination of the smooth roller C, needle-roller D, brush F and feed-rollers G, G, with the breaker roll H, the discharging roller I, the currier roll J, licker-in K and cylinder R, as B, brush F, feed-rollers G, G, breaker-roll H, discharging roller I, substantially as described. 8th. The combination of the shaft a, the goar-wheels p and c, chain D and workers P, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,832. Machine for Seaming or Double Seaming Joints of Sheet Metal Roofing. (Machine pour faire les Ourlets ou Double-Ourlets des Joints des Toîtures en Tôle.

Orrin W. Burritt, Needsport, N.Y., U.S., 17th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of bar C. with curved plate O, and anti-friction roller N attached to standard, on lip F hinged to cored substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd The means for operating, adjusting the height of the seamer, consisting of cored bar B with slot-M attached to cored bar B, and stop-citch on gaze L, the combination arranged to operate substantially as herein shown and described for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,833. Churn. (Baratte.)

William H. Stern, Humboldt, Neb., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

William H. Stern, Humboldt, Neb., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. A churn, whose body is suspended suitably to swing in a circular horizontal orbit in combination with a counterpoise to the churn body, arranged to swing around the churn-body, substandurable and described. 2nd. A churn, constructed with a of the churn-body in a horizontal orbit, but secure against bodily axial rotation, and stepped at the bottom and eccentrically in a substang counterpoise-yoke connected to suitable driving gearing, the swing-yoke e having stud m. of the yoke h fitted to rotate in axis tially as shown and described. 3rd. The combination, with f. j. and to which yoke-stud m is eccentrically connected, substantially as shown and described. 4th. The combination of swing-yoke with vertically ranging cream-bre kers d2, substantially as shown rigid escribed. 5th. The clip or shackle g open at g1 and supported and described. 5th. The clip or shackle g open at g1 and supported in combination with yoke esuspended on bearing g2, substantially as frame and described. 6th. The cumbination, with the swinging yoke hackets p. substantially as shown and described. 6th. The cumbination, with the swinging yoke brackets p. substantially as shown and described. 7th. The combinating for secure closure beneath the arch-spring of yoke e, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,834. Wrench. (Clé à Ecrou.)

Barney Ross, Sterling, Ohio., U.S., 18th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A wedge operating in a chamber in the movable jaw of a wrench, and provided with a longitudinal recess and a transvere worm. Grove and a combination with a worm adapted to engage the trove and a cincombination with a worm adapted to engage the trove and a cincombination with a worm adapted to engage the trove and a cincombination with the movable jaw and a thumb-lever not ton, with the same, substantially as set forth. 2nd. The combinadores in the worm G provided with the shank and thumb-lever, as slot, said, of the jaw B provided with the bank and thumb-lever, as slot, said, of the jaw B provided with the hole b and the accompanying set for means of which the parts may be a sembled, substantially as in combination with the parts may be a sembled, substantially as in combination with the rack-piece D provided with ribs or projections, swaged or bent so as to engage the said bevelled edges and hold the parts firmly in position, substantially as set forth. Claim, 1st. A wedge operating in a chamber in the movable juw

No. 19,835. Tally-Board, Block or Register.

William Brown, Worcester, Mass. U.S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The register-roll or tally-block described, having differently designated sides or surfaces and provided with an aperture a suitable frame or means for supporting said wire, substantially as rolls having differently designated sides or surfaces and provided with an aperture a suitable frame or means for supporting said wire, substantially as rolls having differently designated sides or surfaces and provided constructes for the purpose stated, and the supporting frame, all constructes and operated substantially as described. 3rd. The comstantially, with the rolls A. of the supporting wire B and frame C, substantially as shown and described.

No. 19,736. Process and Method of Pre-paring and Preserving Com-pound for Plum Pudding. (Procédé et Mode de Préparation et de Conservation d'un Composé à Pouding au

Henry J. Allen, Denver, Col., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—As an improved article of commerce and manufacture, a dry plum pudding compound, essentially of raw eggs, dried fruit, bread, flour, butter, spices, suct and sugar compounded dry, whereby the eggs are desiccated and preserved wi hout being carbonized, and a dry staple compound formed substantially as here shown and described.

No. 19,837. Implement for Paring and Coring Fruits and Vegetables. (Ustensil pour Peler et Vider les Fruits et les L'égumes.)

John W. Fisher, New York, N.Y., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A combined fruit or vegetable parer and corer consisting of a tube having one end provided with a knife or paring blade, said tube containing a spring ejector for throwing out the core after the implement is withdrawn from the fruit, substantially as described. 2nd. A combined fruit or vegetable parer and corer consisting of the metallic tube A having a scoop end a provided with slot b and knife B, the spring D enclosed in said tube, and the movable disk E attached to the spring, substantially as described.

No. 19,838. Automatic Felt Guide for Paper Machines. (Guide Automatique de Feutre des Machines à Papier.)

Benjamin A. Schubiger, William Starr, Isaiah Kirk and James F. Starr, Montoursville, Penn., U.S., 18th July, 1831; 5 year.

Starr, Montoursville, Penn., U.S., 18th July, 1831; 5 year.

Claim.—1st. The guide-roll a and cone-guides a, in combination with a paper-machine felt b, and mounted on a supporting-bar d having—center pivot e, and carrying-rolls h on opposite ends of the bar supporting said end, substantially as described. 2nd. The guide-roll a and cone-guide g in combination with a paper-machine felt d and mounted on a supporting-bar a having a central pivot e, carrying-rolls h on opposite ends of the bar, and stop-chains j, whereby the ends of the bar will be supported and the play of the bar limited, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination, with the roll of a paper machine carrying a felt, and said roll being mounted in a swiveled frame, of a rod having screw-threaded ends and mounted in said frame above the said roll, and carrying cones adapted to bear upon the felt passing over the roll and nuts on the rod at each end of the cones, for securing said cones in place, substantially as specified. 4th. The combination of the frame supporting the guide-roll and coneguides, and having the rollers h, h on its inner side at each end, and the centrally-pertorated flanged plate o l with the base or frame p q, provided with the centrally apertured and flanged plate n k, the flanges of the plate m fitting within those of the plate o, and a connecting-pivot e, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,839. Metallic Packing.

(Garniture Métallique.)

Thomas Johns, The Dalles, Oregon, U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim. 1st. The combination, with a stuffing-box and a split sleeve fitting within the stuffing box and provided with the combined conical and straight bore, of a split ring having a straight bore of the same size as the straight bore of the sleeve, the lower end of said ring being adapted to fit closely within the stuffing box, while the upper portion thereof is made conical to fit within the conical bore of the sleeve. 2nd. The combination, with a stuffing-box and a split sleeve, closely fitting within the stuffing box and provided with the combined conical and straight bor, of a split ring having a straight bore, the lower end of said ring being adapted to fit closely within the stuffing box, while the upper portion thereof is made conical to fit within the conical bore of the sleeve, and a glandsecured to the stuffing box and adapted to bear on the outer end of the sleeve, substantially as set forth. 3rd. The combination, with a stuffing-box and split sleeve composed of two or more sections, closely fitting within the stuffing box, one of said sections being provided throughout a portion of its length with a straight bore, and with a conical bore throughout the remainder of its length, said conical bore registering with the conical bore of the other sections, of split rings naving straight bores and situated within the sleeve, and a gland for forcing the sleeve around the rings. 1st. The combination, with a stuffing-box and a split sleeve

No. 19,840. Feather Renovator.

(Appareil pour Rafraîchir la Plume)

Charles S. Male Jr., Whitby, Ont., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st In a feather renovator, in which the beaters are connected to a perforated steam pipe revolving within a suitably-lined box, the combination of the drain-pipes L placed on each side of, and within the said box, substantially as and for he purpose specified. 2nd. In a feather renovator, in which the beaters are connected to a perforated steam pipe revolving within a suitably lined box provided with a ventilating pipe H, in combination with a blow pipe N arranged substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. In a feather renovator, in which the beaters are connected to a perforated steam pipe revolving within a suitably-lined box provided with a ventilating pipe H, in combination with drain-pipe L placed on each side of, and within the said box, and the blow-pipe N inserted into the ventilating pipe H, arranged substantially as and for the purposes specified.

No. 19,841. Levelling and Plumbing Instrument. (Niveau Horizontal et Vertical.)

Oliver H. P. Brown, Clarksville, Ark., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a combination plumb and level, the combination of set sorew g working in threaded plate h, secured on the back of cup b and bearing in its jewel j the lower end of pivot e, with set sorew i working in a female screw in frame d and bearing in its jewel j the upper end of pivot e both adapted to work together, all substantially as shown and for the purposes set forth. 2nd. In a combined plumb and level, the combination of set-sorew g working in threaded plate h, secured on the back of cup b and bearing in its upper end the lower end of pivot e, with set-sorew i working in a female screw in frame d, and bearing in its lower end the upper end of pivot e and face e set in the bottom of the cup b, weighted plumb f and its finger, all substantially as shown and described and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,842. Fence. (Clôture.)

Alfred Brown, Gananoque, (Assignee of Thomas F. Van Luven, Kingston,) Ont., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A composite fence having posts C, CI, alternately conjoining, as set forth. 2nd The construction of the board rail sections having posts C, CI, provided with horizontal saw outs, and the wire sections having the terminations of the wires provided with perforated metal strips inserted in the saw outs and held under tension by a key in the perforations binding against the posts C, CI, as set forth. 3rd. In combination with pin E having jaws EI, the lever F having strap G, as set forth.

No. 19,843. Churn. (Baratte.)

James L. Taylor, Hamilton, and Robert B. Muirhead, Barton, Ont., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In an oscillating churn, the combination of the body A and central creambreaker B forming two equal cream compartments, substantially as specified. 2nd. In an oscillating churn, the combination of the trunnion plates G. G, the same constructed with projections a, a, the cross-bar H and weight I to form a swinging frame, in combination with a stationary frame K K constructed with bearings J, J, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. In an oscillating churn, the combination of the shaped bearings F, body A and trunnion plates G, and bearings J, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,844. Spoke Tenoning and Felloe Boring Machine. (Machine à faire les Tenons des Raies et percer les Jantes.)

Henry A. Miller, Arthur R. Coates and Joseph S. Coates, Goshen, N. Y., U.S.. 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a felloe boring and spoke tenoning machine, the combination, with the boring spindle, of a feeding lever connected thereto by suitable trunnions, and to a fixed part of the machine by a link, which permits its universal movement in the plane of the spindle, as explained. 2nd. The combination of the boring spindle 5, collar 17 confined thereto, as described, trunnions 18, lever 14 and universal link 15, all connected and arranged to operate substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. The combination, with the feeding lever 14 connected to the boring spindle, substantially as described, and to the pillar block or other fixed part of the frame by universal link 15, of the dog 25 for engaging therewith for holding it out of engagement, as explained. 4th. In a spoke tenoning machine, the combination, with a suitable clamp for holding the hub, of a screw-threaded spindle on which said clamp is mounted, having bearings in the bed of the machine, and means for adjusting said spindle vertically in its bearings, as explained. 5th. In a spoke tenoning machine, the combination, with a hub rest and a screw-threaded spindle for adjusting the same vertically, of a bed block 31 adjustable longitudinally on the bed of the machine, as and for the purpose set forth. 6th. In a spoke tenoning machine, the combination, with a suitable hub rest, of a spoke rest adjustable vertically by means of a sliding wedge, and and a clamp consisting of a vertically sliding plunger operated by a lever having universal connections, as and for the purpose set forth. 8th. In a felloe boring machine, the combination, in a felloe clamp, of a longitudinally sliding base with a superposed rotatable work table, having a base pivoted to the sliding base and provided with a clamp bott for holding it in any position in which it may be zet, as set forth.

No. 19,845. Process for Treating Iron. (Procédé de Traitement du Fer.)

Asahel G. Wedge, (assignee of Brock Woodruff,) Albert Lea, Minn., U. S. 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

U. S. 18th July 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The within described process of treating iron in the course of its manufacture, or when heated for the purpose, by rolling, forcing or pressing into it a preparation or mixture composed of sand, salt and black oxide of manganese, and alternately heating the metal, and repeating said treatment, and afterwards cooling the metal as required for immediate or future use, substantially as specified. 2nd. In the process of treating iron in the course of its manufacture or while heated to a preparation or mixture of sand, common salt and black oxide of manganese, first, incorporating such mixture with the heated iron, then working or manupulating the iron, afterwards reheating it to a higher temperature, and then again treating it with the mixture, essentially as described. 3rd. The hereinbefore described process of treating iron, which consists in repeated heating at increasing temperatures, alternated with rolling or pressing into it sand, common salt and black oxide of monganese, and, before or after fashioning the metal as required, heating it to about a welding point and hardening or tempering it, substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

No. 19,846. Process for Removing Tannic Acid from Coffee. (Procédé pour enlever l'Acide Tannique du Café.)

Charles H. Rener, Syracuse, (assignee of Henry H. Beach, Rome, N. Y., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 15 years.

Claim.—The process of treating coffee, for the removal of tannic acid and other deleterious substances therefrom, which consists in heating the green coffee by means of steam to about 212° fahrenheit for about the time specified, and removing the matter extracted from the berry, substantially as hereinbefore set forth.

No. 19,847. Endless Belt Conveyor.

(Appareil d'Embrayage des Courroies sans fin.)

Edward H. Parker. Eau Claire, Wis., and Clark Robinson, Hornells-ville, N.Y., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

ville, N.Y., U.S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A conveyor consisting of a flexible unbroken web or belt A, provided with side guards made in short overlapping sections, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. The herein described conveyor consisting of an endless web or belt A, and a side guard B composed of overlapping wings a, b, substantially as shown and described. 3rd. In a conveyor, substantially such as described and shown, a web or belt provided with a side-guard composed a short overlapping wings alternately provided with a plain and folded or overturned edge, the plain edge fitting within said folded escribed side-guard for a belt conveyor consisting of wings a, b, the wings a provided with flanges e, and the wings b having their edge wings a fitted under said flanges, substantially as shown. 5th. A conveyor fitted under said flanges, substantially as shown to the A conveyor held against lateral separation, substantially in the manner shown and described.

No. 19,848. Leather Splitting Machine.

(Machine à refendre les Peaux.)

George L. Tyler. Lynn, and William M. Currier, Danvers, Mass., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 15 years.

George L. Tyler. Lynn, and William M. Currier, Danvers, Mass. U. S., 18th July, 1884; 15 years.

Claim.—1st. The trimming knife D, in combination with the feed rolls E, F and guide R, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of feed rolls E, F, knife D, holder e and adjusting bolt of stantially as described. 3rd. The combination of feed rolls E, F, knife D, holder e and adjusting bolt of substantially as described. 3rd. The combination with the feed rolls E, F, of guide R, knife D, holder e and the eccentric adjusting bolts of of order e and the eccentric adjusting bolts of of order e and the eccentric adjusting bolts of of order e and the eccentric adjusting bolts of order to the combination with the feed rolls E, F, of guide R, knife D, holder e and the eccentric adjusting bolts of order to the combination with the feed roll E, the said top L being provided with bolt P surrounded with an elastic cushion or washer by which proper tension of the rolls is obtained, substantially as described. 6th. The trimming mechanism consisting of the rolls E, F and knife D, in combination with guide R and the splitting knife, substantially as described. 7th. The guide R provided, rearwardly of the splitting kife, with a groove adapted to R provided, rearwardly of the splitting kife, with a groove adapted to spener d adapted to spread the flaps of the piece of leather, in combination with the flaring opener d adapted to spread the flaps of the piece of leather, in combination with the same plane, substantially as described. 9th. The order to spenare the flaps or halves of the leather and flaring rearwardly point adapted to enter the cut in the leather and bring them own with the opener d, the guide R, feed rolls, in combination with the opener d, guide R, feed rolls with seed rolls, in combination with the opener d, guide R, feed rolls with the feed rolls of the piece of leather, and flaring rearwardly of and its a line with the face of the trimming knife, a splitting knife and its feed rolls and edge, separate the fl

No. 19,849. Lubricator for Car Axle Journals. (Boîte à Graisse pour Fusées d'Essieux de Chare)

William W. Blackman, (administrator to the estate of Addison Bradford,) Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A lubricator by

Bradford,) Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.. 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A lubricator having the base frame adapted to rest on the bottom of the journal box, and having springs secured thereto; which are adapted to sustain a lubricating device, which are adapted to sustain a lubricating device, which strained Adescribed. 2nd. The combination, in a lubricator, of the frame Adescribed. 2nd. The combination, in a lubricator, and operating as described. 3rd. The combination, in a lubricator, of the frame, the springs and the lubricating rollers, mounted as shown and operating as described. 3rd. The combination, in a coil-suply of the frame, the springs and the cross-head carrying the oil-supply of the frame, the springs and the cross-head carrying the oil-supply in the capture of the frame, and oil-supply of the supporting springs and oil supplying devices, with the wipubrios wiping off the surplus oil, substantially as described. 5th. A lubricator having the base frame, the supporting springs, the frame carrying the rollers, said rollers having eccentrics or cams, or their equivalents, for operating oil supply devices, for the purpose set forth be lents, for operating oil supply devices, for the purpose set forth. A lubricator having one or more rollers adapted to be operated by a A lubricator having one or more rollers adapted to be operated by their equivalents, for operating oil devices.

No. 19,850. Lubricator for Car Axle Journal Bearings. (Botte à Graisse pour Coussinets des Fusées d'Essieux des Chars.)

William W. Blachman, (administrator to the estate of Addison Bradford,) Brookly, N. Y., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

william W. Blachman (administrator to the estate of Addison Bradford,) Brookly, N. Y., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with the axle and axle-box or other arranged to automatically adjust themselves to the varying conditions of the axle, and to the axle-boxes of varying depths, when interposed between the axle and box, substantially as described. 2nd. tors, of an axle and axle-box, one or more of said series being in contact with the axle and with a supply roller or rollers, the latter being former being superposed thereon and attached by yielding or flexible carraitellubricator, of the frame having fixed supply rollers, one or more distributing rollers flexibly connected to the fixed rollers and with, and adapted to be adjustable to the varying movements of the the circumstantially as described. 3rd. The combination, in a more distributing rollers flexibly connected to the fixed rollers and with, and adapted to be adjustable to the varying movements of the the circumstantially and flexibly connected and made adjustable with tor, of the frame before and flexibly connected and made adjustable with tor, of the frame E, rollers a, b and f, connecting rods c, d and spring a set forth. 6th. The combination, with an automatically adjustable to the frame E, rollers a, b and f, connecting rods c, d and spring a set forth. 6th. The combination, with an automatically adjustable to the proper forms of the frame L and longitudinally, as shown and described. 7th. The combination, with an axle lubricator, of the oil saving device E rules and standards H, springs I, cross-head J and scraper F with the axle, as to forth.

No. 19,851. Lubricator for Axle Journal Bearings. (Boile à Graisse pour Coussinets des Fusées d'Essieux des Chars

William W. Blackman, (administrator to the estate of Addison Bradford,) Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S., 18th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. The combination in a lubricator for car boxes consisting of the yielding lubricating rollers, pivoted as described and adapted to be in contact with the journal bearing for the supply of being the vertical spring supports having the rubbers also adapted to oil a contact with the journal bearing for preventing the waste of stating of the vertical spring supports having the rubbers also adapted to oil, as set forth. 2nd. The lubricator for car axles and the like conforth, and the spring rubbers, former having lubricating rollers, as set forth. 3rd. The combination in a lubricator having the upright ated shad and the horizontal frame, the former having the elong-oilers adapted to receive the horizontal moving bearing of the receds from each other as shown and described. 4th. A lubricator for and rubbers, in combination with the bail and brace, as described. 5th. A lubricator for car axles consisting of the linged frames having the oilers 5th. A lubricator for car axles baving the hollow head forming an oil oil to said box being provided with oil inlet aperture for the supply of and with the moveable spring operating journal bearings for said roll-res, as described. 6th. The combination, with the journal box, of an said box being provided with controlling oil inlet aperture, for the left, as described. 6th. The combination, with the journal box, of an said box being provided with controlling oil inlet aperture, for the left, as described. 6th. The nubricator, one or more journalled rollers in suitable box or device, to prevent said rollers from running in provided with controlling oil inlet or aperture, for the left in suitable box or device, to prevent said box or device being forth. Claim.—1st. The combination in a lubricator for car boxes consists

No. 19,852. Wrench. (Clé à Ecrou.)

John Combs and Charles A. Thomas, Rushville, Ohio, U.S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,853. Band Cutter and Feeder.

Frank Hawley, (assignee of Mathew H. Joslyn.) Rochester, N. Y., Claim. 12 (1914) July, 1884; 5 years.

U. S., 19th July, (assignee of Matnew 11. 000.0.5).
C. (a)., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.
C. (a)., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.
c. (b)., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.
c. (c)., 19th July, 1884; 6 years.
c. (c)., 19th July, 1884; 6 years.
c. (d)., 19th July, 1884; 6 years.
c. (d)., 19th July, 1884; 6 years.
c. (d)., 19th July, 1884; 6 years.
c. (e)., 19th July, 19th

to the framing rods J, the section H3 hinged at its lower end, the section H2 hinged to section H3, and sleeves J1 fitting on rods J, all arranged and adapted to operate, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 4th. The combination, with the thrashing cylinder, the feed mechanism elevated above the cylinder and having its delivery end arranged in advance thereof, and the returning belt arranged in front of the delivery end of the feed mechanism and approximately vertically over the receiving side of the cylinder, substantially as set forth. 5th. The combination, substantially as set forth, of the cylinder, the feed mechanism, the grain casting platform and the returning belt all arranged and adapted for use substantially as specified. 6th. The combination, with the cylinder and the grain casting platform, of lower spreader fingers having their points extended in front of the platform between the latter and the cylinder, and means whereby said fingers are operated or oscillated in an approximately horizontal plane, and in a line at right angles to the line of motion of the platform, substantially as set forth. 7th. The combination, with the feed belt, of a series of pivoted spreader fingers arranged above the delivery end of the feed belt, means whereby these fingers are socillated in a plane at right angles to that of the feed belt, and means whereby said fingers are adjusted and held at any suitable point to and from the feed belt substantially as set forth. 8th. The combination, with the bar C pivotally supported at one end, and the finger D pivoted to the opposite end of the bar C, of the segment G secured at one end to the bar C, and lapped at its other end alongside finger D, and means, substantially as described, whereby said finger may be clamped to said segment at any point of adjustment along the same, substantially as set forth. 9th. The combination of the feed belt, the series of the proposite end of the bar C, of the segment G secured at one end to the bar C, and lapped at its other end alon

No. 19,854. Dredger. (Dragueur.)

John A. Ball, Oakland, Cal., U. S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,854. Dredger. (Dragueur.)

John A. Ball, Oakland, Cal., U. S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The hull, its main spud and the rope or cables and anchors, to hold it outside the hull and distant from end of the latter, said cable being connected with the said hull near its other end, combined with a gipsy to act upon the said rope or cable and move the said hull from side to side, substantially as described. 2nd. The hull, its main spud and the rope or cable to hold said hull secured at each side of but distant from the hull, the said cable being made to wind freely with relation to one of the anchors by means of a pulley, as described, combined with a capstan mounted on the hull and adapted to hold taut the working end of said rope or cable, substantially as described. 3rd. The hull, its main spud, the rope or cable H, the anchors Ht, Hz, to hold it outside the hull, the pulley connected with the anchor H2 and the capstan, to receive the unanchored end of the rope or cable, combined with a gipsy to act upon the said rope or cable and swing the hull about the said spud as a center, substantially as described. 4th. The hull and the elevated hopper provided with a discharge outlet, combined with valves or gates at the bottom of the hopper, substantially as described. 5th. The hull and the elevated hopper provided with the discharge outlet, and the valves or gate at the bottom of the hopper, combined with the said valves or gate drops, substantially as described. 6th. The hull, its main spud, the rope or cable the hulley H7 located near the main spud, and with a capstant to receive about it the free end of the said rope or cable and swing the hull about the said spud, substantially as described. 8th. The hull, its main spud, the rope or cable and swing the hull about the said spud, substantially as described. 8th. The hull, its main spud, the rope or cable and swing the said or the said rope or cable and swing the said or the said rope or cable and swing the said rope and a gipsy, and means to move i combined with a pivoted sliding spnd carrying crane, and with means to operate the said crane, substantially as described.

No. 19,855. Tag-Holder. (Attache-Etiquette.)

James Kydd, New York, N. Y., U. S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

James Kydd, New York, N. Y., U. S.,19th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim—1st. The combination, with the hook $a\,b$ having an eye c for attaching a tag d, of a guard wire g arranged to bear sidewise against the side of the hook, to open and close at right angles to the plane of the hook. For connecting and disconnecting the hook with the fabric, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination, with the hook $a\,b$ having an eye c for attaching a tag d, of a guard wire g arranged to bear sidewise against the side of the hook, to open and close at right angles to the plane of the hook, for connecting and disconnecting the hook, and having an extension h beyond the back of the point of the hook, for a guide to direct the fabric into the angle between the guard and the point of the hook, substantially as described. 3rd. The combination, with the hook $a\,b$ having an eye c for attaching a tag d, of a guard wire g bearing laterally against the side of the hook and having an extension h beyond the back of the hook, and return bend extending to point forward of the point of the hook, and also having a lateral inclination from the plane of parts $b\,g$ in the direction of the point of said hook for overhanging it to protect fabrics from said point, substantially as described. 4th. The improved tag-holder consisting of point a formed on wire b, tag eye c.

also one or more coils e of the wire around shank a, between eye c and the point, and also the guards g, i, said guard being arranged to been laterally against the side of the hook, also to extend beyond the back of the hook and to eyerhang and protect the point of said hook, substantially as described.

No. 19,856. Medicine Spoon.

(Cuiller à Medécine.)

John Moffitt, Chicago, Ill., U.S., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim—1st. A spoon for administering medicines having a handle provided with a passage a leading from the bowl to an outlet b at the upper end of the handle, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified. 2nd. A spoon for administering medicines having a handle provided with a passage a, leading from the bowl to an outlet, at the upper end thereof, in combination with a funnel cap C on the back part of the bowl, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

No. 19,857. Revolving Reel for Exhibiting Goods. (Montre Tournante.)

Maxime Bélanger, Ottawa, Ont., 19th July, 1884; 5 years.

Maxime Bélanger, Ottawa, Ont., 19th July, 1884; 5 years. Claim. 1st. In a horizontal revolving reel, the arms c provided with the pins or rods e, ribs g and the sliding weights G having the set crews h, substantially as specified. 2nd A series of shelves or substitutes for the same, suspended by swinging hangers pivoted to the arms of a revolving horizontal reel, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. In a horizontal revolving reel having the shelves or racks G suspended by the swinging hangers d, the arms c provided with the ribs g, substantially as and for the purpose specified, 4th. In a horizontal revolving reel having the suspended swinging shelves or racks of bars G, and the arms c having the ribs g, and the set screws h for holding the same, substantially as described.

No. 19,858. Cloth Pressing Machine.

(Machine à Presser les Dra, s.)

John Shearer, Preston, Ont., 25th July, 1884; 5 years

John Shearer, Preston, Ont., 25th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The hollow plates A, B, C and D carried on the columns E, the springs F, arranged as specified, in combination with the arms I having pivoted, as shown, on the bottom plate D, a knife joint, as specified, in combination with the cams J arranged to operate the toggie jointed arms I, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. The driving shaft N having fastened on it a worm pinion Q, to mesh with the spur wheel R on the shaft S, which shaft S is connected by the spur wheels T and U to the shaft S, in combination with the cams J arranged to straighten the toggle jointed arms I, and the wipers M arranged to come in contact with the bars K, connected to the pivo e of the toggle joints by the enain L, for the purpose of braking the said toggle joint, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. In a cloth pressing machine, in which the pressing machine, the top plate A supported on shoulders formed on the columns E, in combination with the spindles H passing through holes made in study G attached to the plates B and C, and the nuts b and e arranged to connect the said spindles to the plates A, B and C, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 5th. In a cloth pressing machine, the damping roller X deriving motion from the shaft V, for the purpose of feeding and continuously damping the cloth, before it is carried between the plates to be pressed, in combination with the take-up roller h arranged to draw the cloth from the damping rol'er, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 6th. In a cloth-pressing machine, a winding roller m deriving a rotary motion from suitable gearing n, in combination with the cloth roller o arranged to roll the cloth, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 19.859. Oil Stove. (Poêle à Huile)

John Milne, Hamilton, Ont., 25th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—In an oil stove, the top A in which the oven boiler and pots are set, being constructed and arranged to slide backward or forward on the top of the stove B, so that the fire can be brought eithe under the oven C on the back of stove, or under the pot holes F in front, as required.

No. 19.860. Force Pump. (Pompe Foulante.)

Milo L. G. Wheeler, Oregon, Oregon, U. S., 25th July, 1884: 5 years Claim.—Ist. In a pump, the block A having suction-cylinder C bored entirely through the block, presure cylinder B bored parallel with, and but half the length of cylinder C, and port D bored from the bottom of cylinder B into cylinder C, and port D bored from the bottom of cylinder B into cylinder C, and port D bored from the bottom of cylinder B into cylinder C, and port D bored from the purpose hereinbefore set forth. 2nd. In combination with the suction cylinders C, the double piston J consisting of the neck and two sections formed in one piece, the said piston sections fitting the bore of the suction cylinder, the construction being such that there is an annular space formed by the sides of cylinder C and said piston, substantially as shown. 3rd. In embination with the suction cylinder C, the double pist n J consisting of the neck and two sections formed in one piece, the said piston sections fitting the bore of the suction cylinder, the construction being such that there is an annular space formed by the sides of cylinder C, and said piston with packings occupying part of said space and extending flush with the surface of the piston, thereby forming a space for a water packing, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth. Milo L. G. Wheeler, Oregon, Oregon, U. S., 25th July, 1884; 5 years

No. 19,861. Device for Arranging Nails in Serial Order. (Appareil pour Disposer les Clous par Séries.)

Stewart Perry, Newport, N. Y., U. S., 25th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. A tray, hopper or receptacle adapted to hold nails in bulk, and constructed to receive support within its lower portion, a series of independent and portable magazines, in combination with said magazines, the arrangement being such that, by agitating the harls in the tray, hopper or receptacle, they will gravitate into, and be arranged in serial order in the magazines, substantially as set forth. 2nd. The combination, with magazines adapted to receive nails arranged in serial order, of the case to support said magazines in position to be charged, and a series of bevelled bars to deflect nails into the magazine, substantially as set forth. 3nd. The combination, with magazines adapted to receive nails arranged in serial order, of the case for supporting said magazines in position to be charged, and the deflectors adapted to rest upon the case in which the magazines are supported, said reflectors being provided with a bottom formed of a series of parallel bevelled bars, substantially as set forth.

No. 19,862. Combined Saw Jointer and Gage. (Machine à Eyaliser les Dents des

Henry Flater, Findlay, Ohio, U.S., 25th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination, with the jointer-head having the slotted portion and the depending end flanges or lugs, of the pivored the jointer-head having the slotted contral depressed portion. And the depending end flanges or lugs, of the standard formed with a suitable depending end flanges or lugs, of the standard formed with a suitable depending end pivoted to the jointer-head, and the clamping bolt working base and pivoted to the jointer-head, and the clamping bolt working through the base, as set forth. 3rd. The combination, with the jointer-head flanges or lugs of the base portion pivoted to the head and forwith a locking arm, and the swivel-headed clamping bolt, as and for with a locking arm, and the swivel-headed clamping bolt, as and for lugs e. and the arm f. of the standard h pivoted to the arm and or lugs e. and the arm f. of the standard h pivoted to the arm and the swivel-headed clamping bolt m working through the arm p. k. and the swivel-headed clamping bolt m working through the arm k, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,863. Smoke Consuming Furnace.

(Fourneau-Fumivore.)

Alexander Crawford, Duluth, Minn., U.S., 25th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—A hollow tapering bridge wall E open at its upper and lower ends, said bridge wall being hollowed out or cut away to form a concave upper end, in order that all parts shall be equi distant from the boiler, and provided at its lower end with a ledge to support one end of the grate, in combination with pines G1, G2, communicating with said bridge wall, near its lower end, resting on the grate and extending the entire length of the same, substantially as set forth.

No. 10 224 S. Alexander Crawford, Duluth, Minn., U.S., 25th July, 1884; 5 years.

No. 19,864. Smoothing Iron. (Fer à Repasser.)

Aipnonse T. A. Chagnon, Montreal, Que., 30th July 1834: 5 years.

Réclame—10. Dans un fer a repasser chauffant sur une lampe. Ies ouvertures B en combinaison avec le tube A At A2 C et la poignée. D, tel que ci-dessus décrit et pour les fins sus-mentionnées. 20. mbit un fer a repasser chauffant sur une lampe, les biguettes E en cimbinaison avec le tube A At A2 C, tel que ci-dessus décrit et pour les fins sus-mentionnées. 30. Dans un fer a repasser chauffant sur une lampe, la combinaison des disques ou opercules F, Fi., Gi, avec les lampe, la combinaison des disques ou opercules F, Fi., Gi, avec dessus décrit et pour les fins sus-mentionnées.

No. 19,865. Gang Plough. (Charrue à Plusieurs Socs.

William Kimmel, Milton, Ind., 30th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. An intermediate frame consisting of the long to a tribenms 4, provided with eyes a adapted to attach the same to a tribenms 4, provided at each end with verticilly adjustable passers beams A, and provided at each end with verticilly adjustable passers beams A, and provided at each end with verticilly adjustable passers taching each one of a gang of plows to said dingonal beam, as and for taching each one of a gang of plows to said dingonal beam, as and is the purpose specified, whereby the diagonal plow attaching beam is the purpose specified, whereby the diagonal plow attaching beam is independently mounted to run upon its own wheels, and is provided with flexible connections to attach it to a travelling mechanical mowith flexible connections to attach it to a travelling mechanical mowith flexible connections to attach it to a travelling mechanical mowith flexible connections to attach it to a travelling mechanical mowith flexible connections to attach it to a travelling mechanical moving said chain-with the plows, the roller No nthe engine, and sing substantially as described, for revolving and holding the same. The caster posts F, each slotted to receive the clevis of a plow said provided with two or more cross-pin holes, and a pin for holding receives loosely, and the bail connections d, substantially as and for the clevis loosely, and the bail connections d, substantially as and fortial purpose specified. 4th. The caster-posts F provided with two solitations as shown and described. 5th. The diagonal beam and means for as shown and described. 5th. The diagonal beam and means for as shown and described. 5th. The diagonal beam and means for as shown and described. 6th. The supporting F, bails d and links (4, as shown and described. 6th. The supporting as shown and described. 6th. The supporting as shown and described. 6th. The supporting wheels, of one or more plows, such having two independent hit becaute whereby one of said connections may

No. 19,866. Creamer. (Boîte à Lait.)

Claim.—In combination with the cream can A having a dished James Matthews, Wiarton, Ont., 30th July, 1884; 5 years.

bottom provided with a central discharge outlet, the cone II inserted within the can, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 19,867. Liniment for Fistules, Ulcers, Cuts, Bruises, &c., upon Horses and Cattle. (Onguent pour Fistules, Ulcères, Coupures, Ecrasures, &c., aux Chevaux et Bestiaux.)

Joseph A. Wilcox, Guelph, Ont., 39th July, 1834; 5 years.

Claim.—The compound composed of the said articles to be used as such in the compound composed of the said articles to be used as such in the compound composed of the said articles to be used as such in the compound composed of the said articles to be used as

such liniment, substantially in the proportions and manner and for the purposes set forth.

No. 19,868. Composition of Matter for Roofs.

(Composition de Matières pour Tollu es.)

Thomas Head, Copetown. Ont., 20th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—A compound composed of the hydraulic cement, carbonate of iron, mica, kerosene oil and coal tar, in the proportion and for the purpose specified.

No. 19,869. Furnace for Distilling and Carbonizing Wood. (Fourneau de Distillation et de Carbonisation du Bois.)

Jean A. Mathieu, Detroit, Mich., U.S., 30th July, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. The combination of the charcoal reservoir with the exit pipe of the condenser, whereby the non-condensed or uncondensable wases are passed through the hot charcoal, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the charcoal reservoir, exit pipe of the condenser and pipe D leading to the main retort, whereby the gases, after passing through the hot charcoal, are driven into the retort, substantially as described. 3rd. The retort M having lateral openings J near its top, and vertically-sliding doors E, substantially as described. 4th. The combination of the neck S and tank Q with the car and its elevators, substantially as described. 5th. The combination of the car I having slots k, with the neck S and bars bit substantially as described. 6th. The combination of the elevator B and car I having upper guide-wheels, with the neck S and guides at al, substantially as described of the car of wood, having a pipe adapted to lead off from said retort the gaseous products of distillation, connected with said retort, at or near the lower end thereof.

CERTIFICATES OF THE PAYMENT OF FEES FOR FURTHER TERMS HAVE BEEN ATTACHED TO THE FOLLOWING PATENTS.

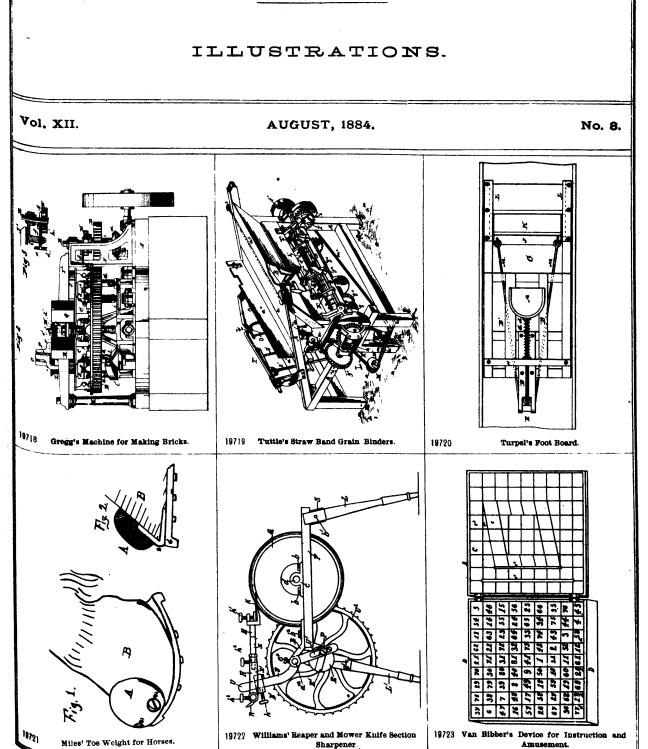
- 241. J. F. BENNETT, 2nd 5 years of No. 10,202, from the 9th day of July, 1881. Improvements in blast furnaces, 2nd July, 1884.
- 242. THE SMITH MANUFACTURING CO. (assignee), 2nd 5 years of No. 10.188, from the 3rd day of July, 1884. Improvements in michinery for sewing together sheets of paper or other material into books or pamphlets, 2nd July, 1882.
- 243. R. I. CREELMAN & A. KAY, 2nd 5 years of No. 19,496, from the 3rd day of July, 1884. Improvements in knitting machines, 2nd July, 1884.
- 244. J. W. HOLMES, 2nd 5 years of No. 10.210, from the 9th day of July, 1884. Improvements on sun dials or solar chronometers, 3rd July, 1384.
- 245. P. CRAFORD, 2nd 5 years of No. 10191, from the 3rd day of July, 1884. Improvements on bee hives, 3rd July, 1884.
- J. HENSHAW, 2nd 5 years of No. 10.318, from the 1st day of August, 1884. Improvements in stump and stone extractors, 7th July, 1884.
- 247. E. WISEMAN, 2nd and 3rd 5 years of No. 10.218, from the 19th day of July, 1884. Improvements in the mode of and apparatus to be used in sewing by machinery, 8th July, 1834.
- 248. J. W. G. WHITNEY (assignee), 3rd 5 years of No. 3,634, from 16th day of July, 1884. Improvements in carcouplers, 9th July, 1884.

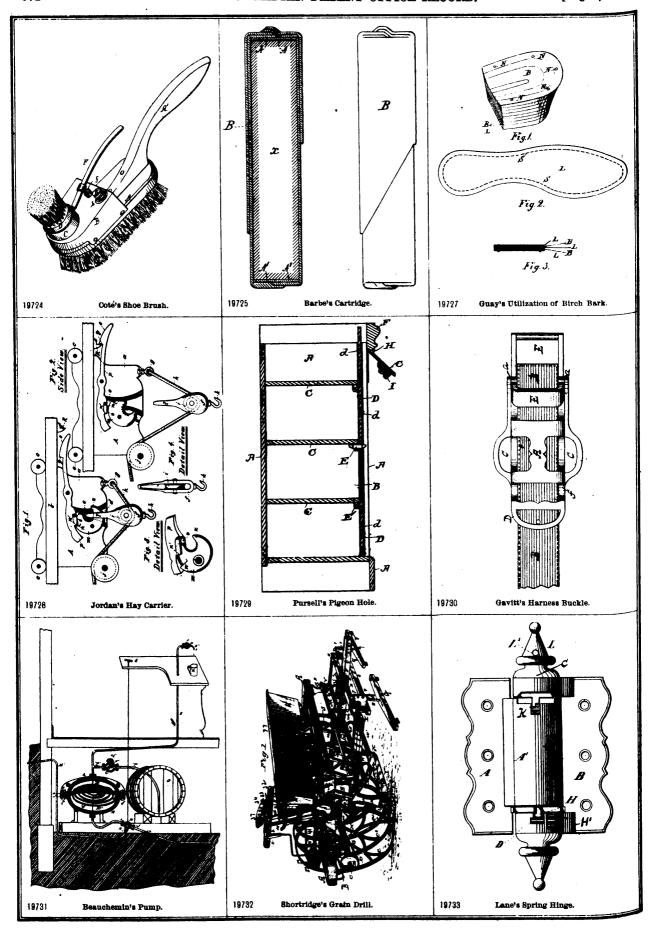
- 249. G. WILKINS and J. M. SMITH (executors), 3rd 5 years of No. 3.666, from the 20th day of July, 1884. Improvements on chisel-pointed cut nails, and machine for making same, 10th July, 1884.
 - 250. A. BARTHOLOMEW, 2nd 5 years of No. 10,219, from the 10th day of July, 1834. Improvements in seed sowers, 10th July, 1884.
 - 251. W. MORRISON, 2nd 5 years of No. 10,221, from the 10th day of July, 1884. Improvements on chemical fire engines, 10th July, 1884.
 - 252. J. B. HARRIS (assignee), 2nd 5 years of No. 10,264, from the 21st day of July, 1884. Improvements on card out ters, 14th July, 1884.
 - 253. D. ACKLAND, 2nd 5 years of No. 10,398, from the 29th day of July, 1884. Improvements on the Spring, 14th July, 1884.
 - 254. W. E. RENDLE, 2 d and 37.1 5 years of No. 10.303, from the 25th day of July, 1881. Improvements on glazed structures for holticultural and other purposes, 15th July, 1884.

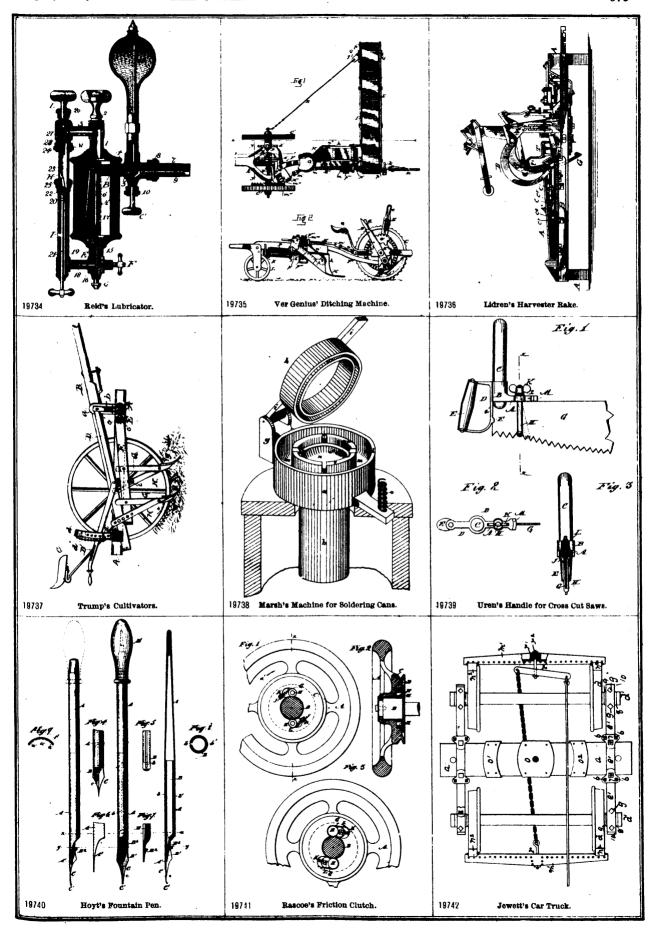
 255. F. ROURK, 2nd 5 years of No. 10.003, grant, and there fully.
 - purposes, 15th July, 1884.

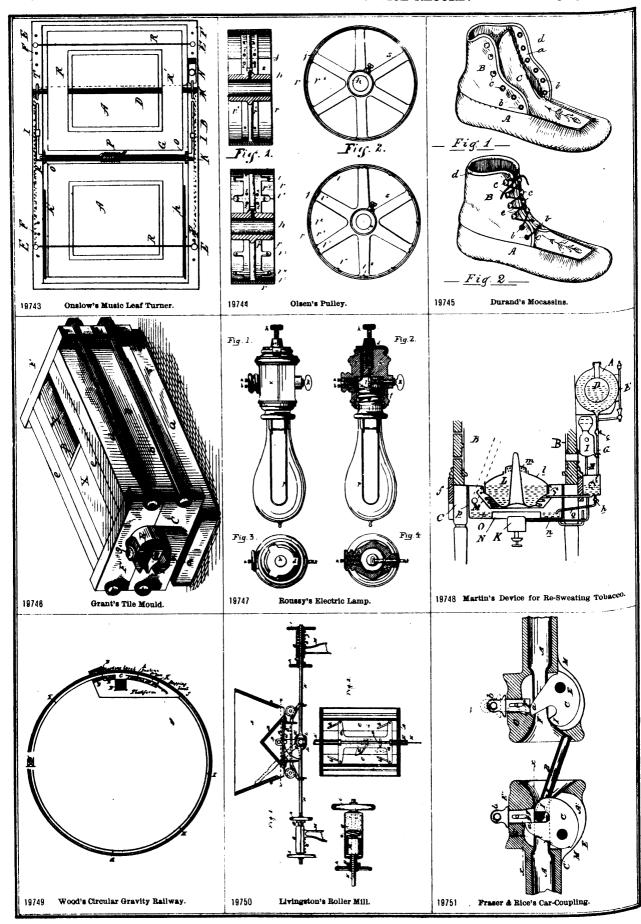
 255. F. ROURK, 2nd 5 years of No. 10.263, from the 26th day of July, 1884. Improvements in the process and apparttus for evaporating liquids, 18th July, 1884.
 - 256. G. S. BRUSH (assignee) 2nd 5 years of No. 19,328, from the 7th August, 1884. Improvements on stone crushers, 28th July, 1884.

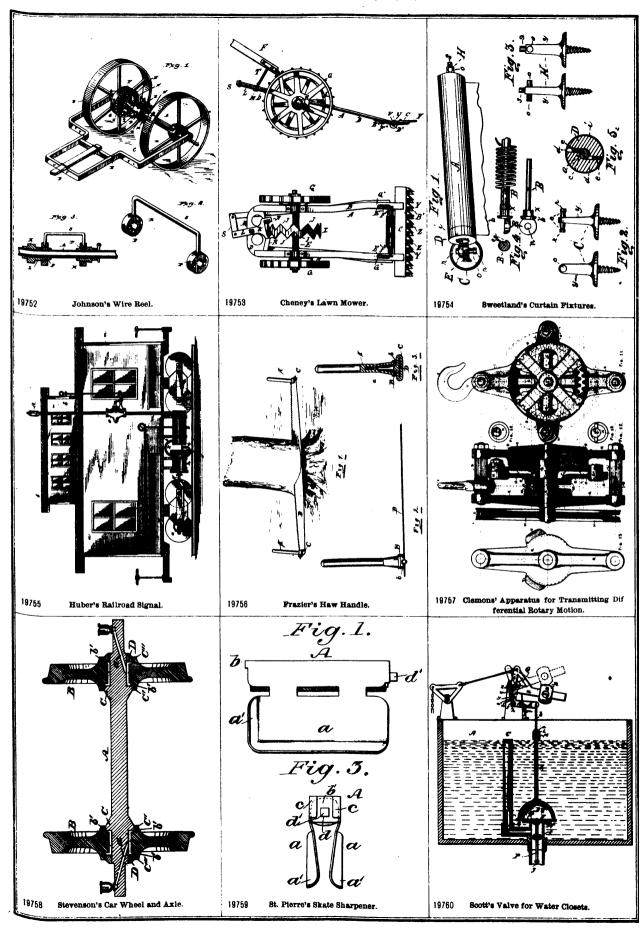
CANADIAN PATENT OFFICE RECORD.

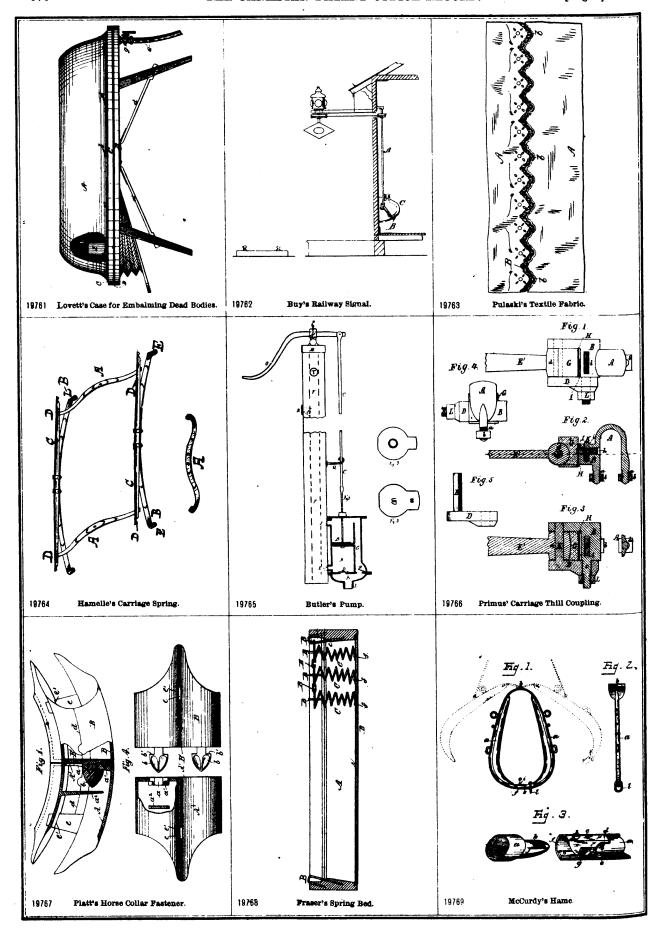


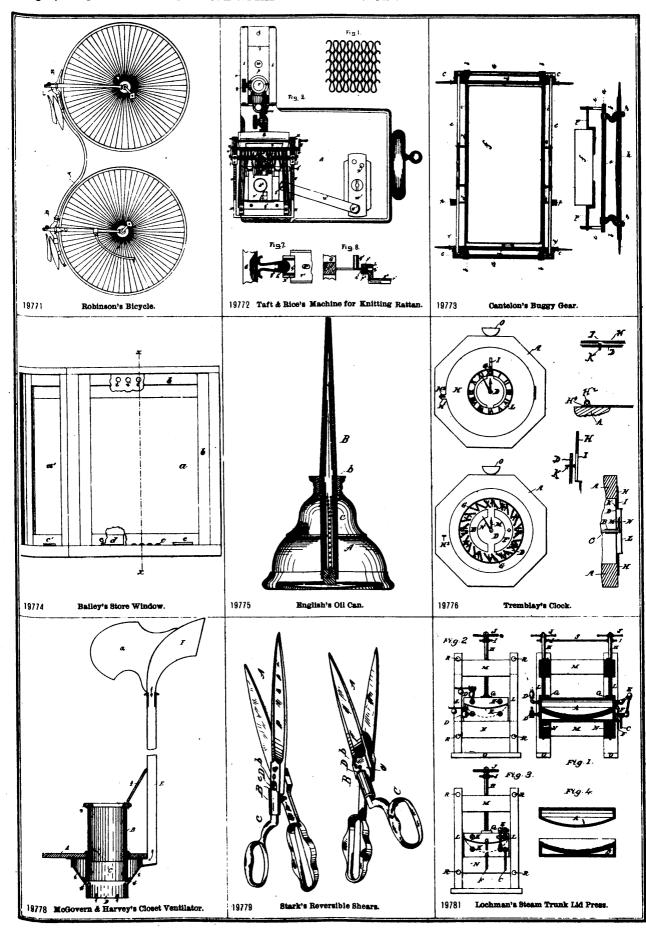


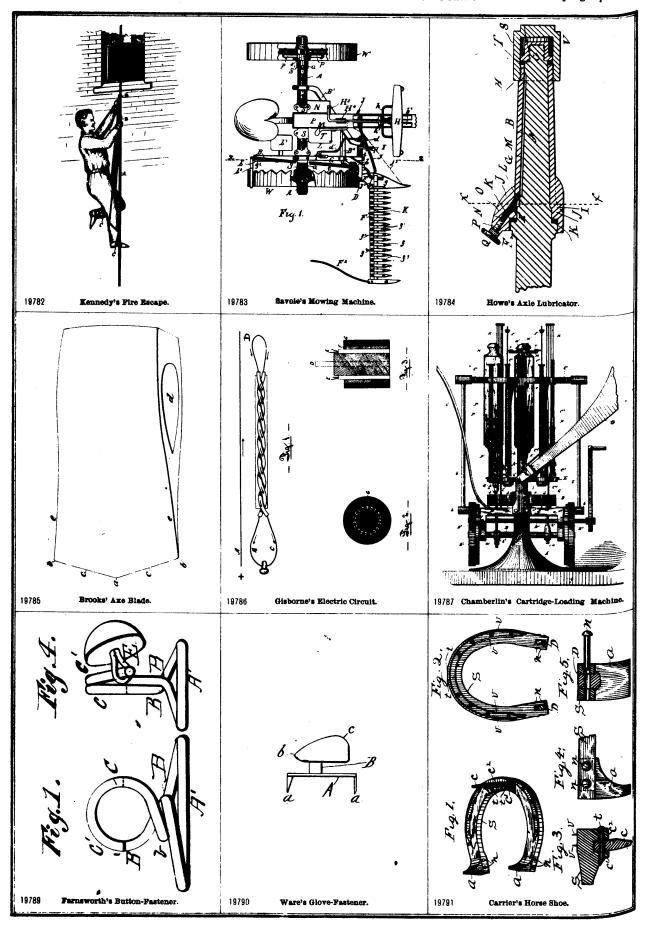


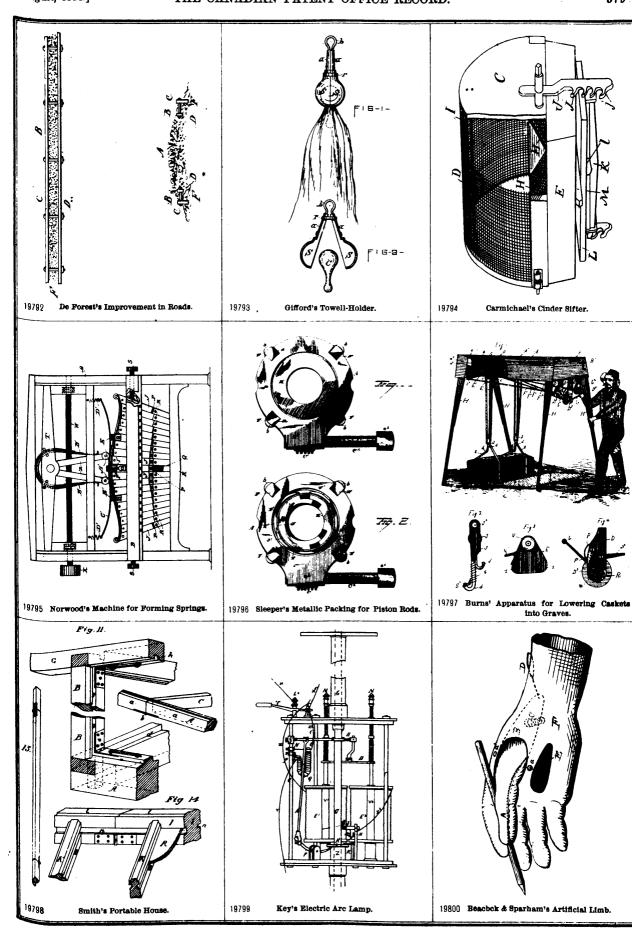


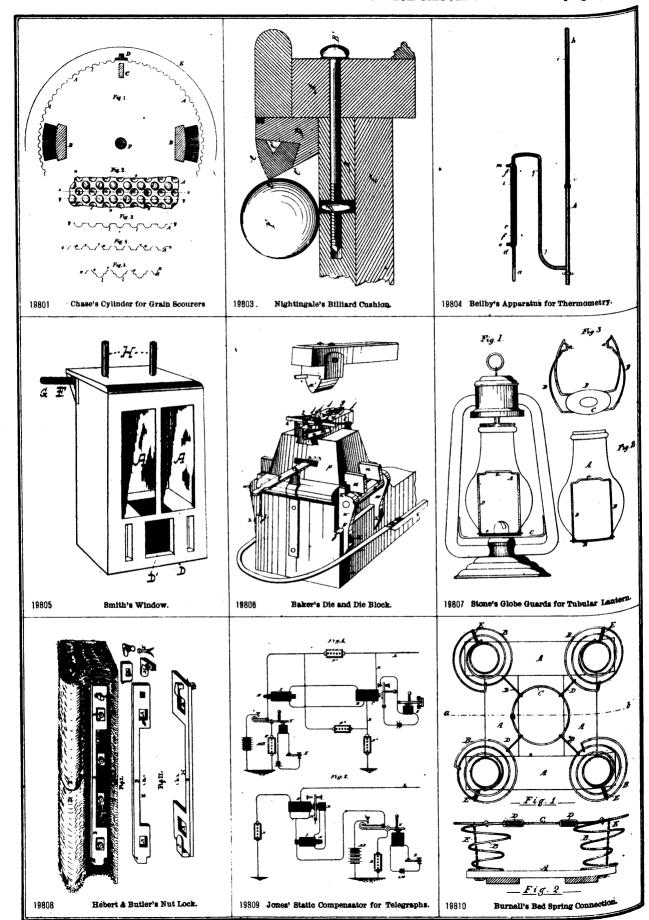


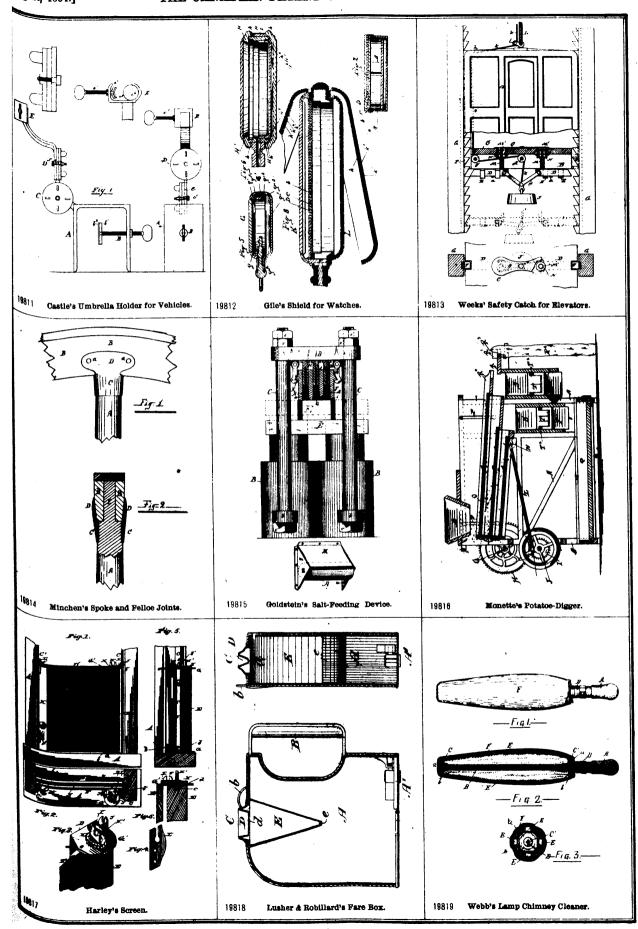












19827

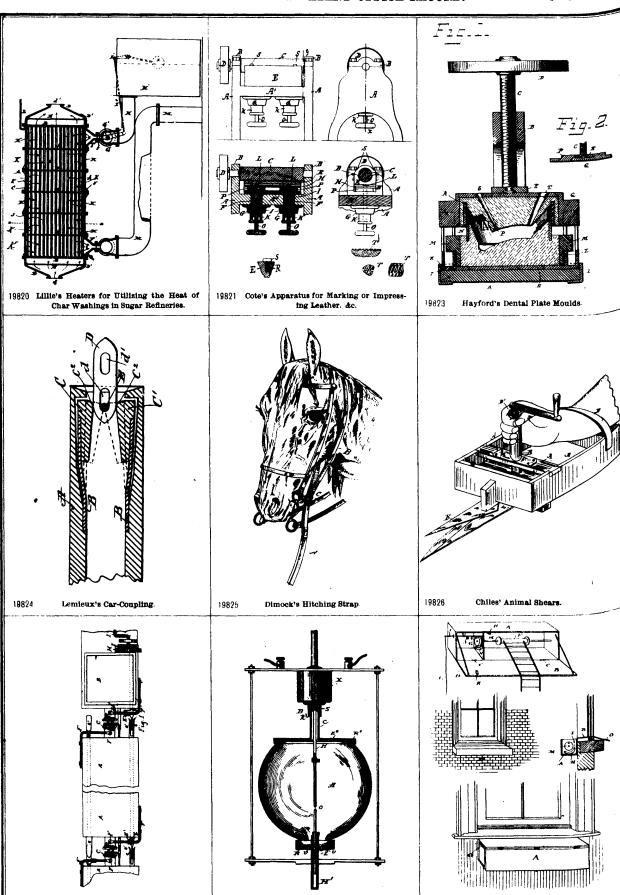
Provencal's Car-Coupling.

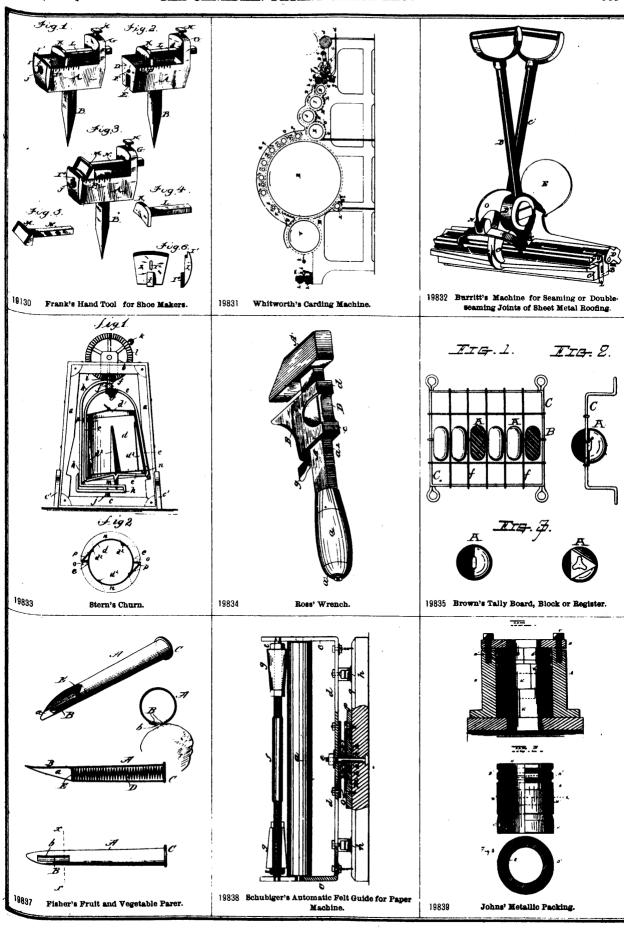
19828

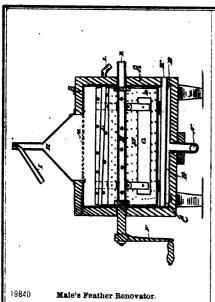
Short's Electric Arc Lamp.

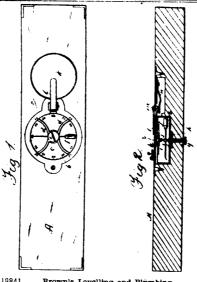
19829

Wellings & Lockwood's Fire-Escap?









Brown's Levelling and Plumbing Instrument. 19841

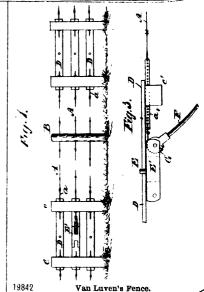
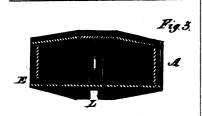
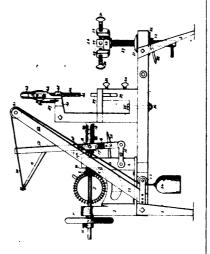


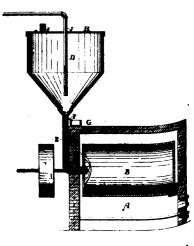
Fig.1.



19843 Taylor's Churn.



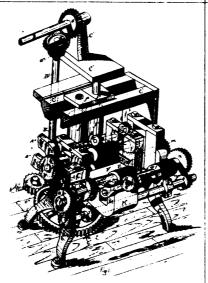
19844 Miller's Felloe Boring and Spoke Tenoning Machine.



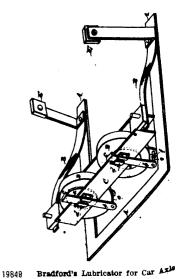
19846 Beach's Process of Removing Tannic Acid from Coffee.



Parker's Endless Belt Conveyors.

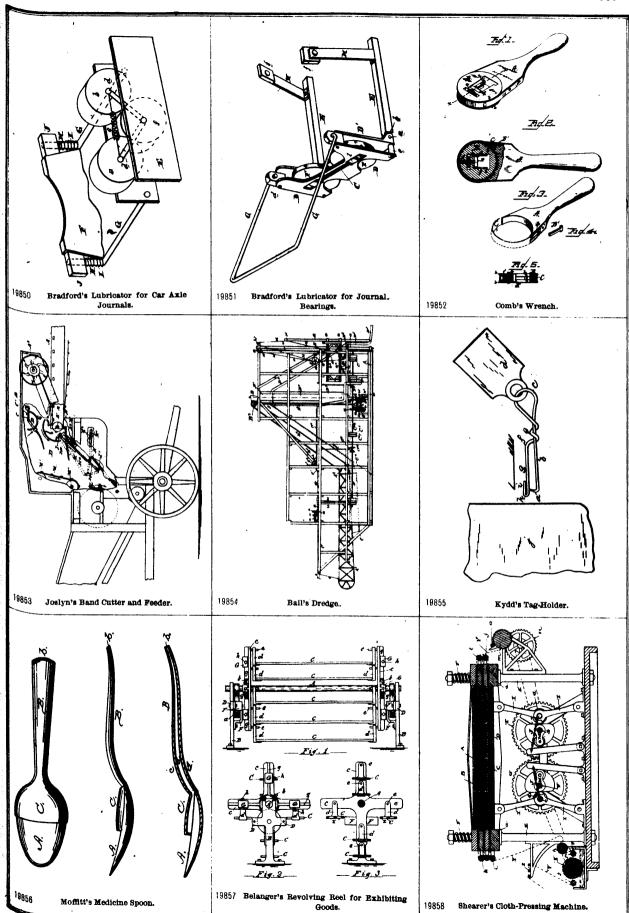


19848 Tylor's Leather Splitting Machine.



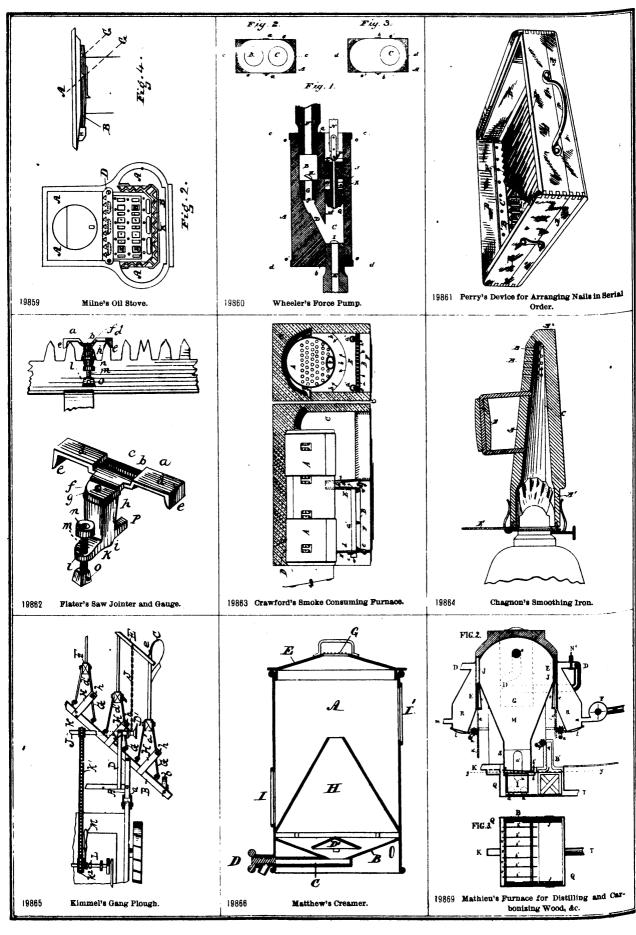
Bradford's Lubricator for Car Axis Journals.

Moffitt's Medicine Spoon.



19858

Shearer's Cloth-Pressing Machine.



INDEX OF INVENTIONS.		Nails in serial order, device for arranging, S. Perry	19 86
		Nut lock, A. Hebert et al	19,80
Animal shears, H. C. Chiles	10 000	Oil can, R. English	19,77
Axe blade, C. C. Brooks	19,826 19,785	Packing metallic, C. T. Sleeper	19.79
Axe lubricator, A. D. Howe.		Paint, water and fire proof, G. Learmonth et al	19,889 19,80
Band cutter and feeder, F. Hawley	19,853	Paper machines, automatic felt guide for, B. A. Schu-	10,00
Bed spring, P. Fraser	19,768	biger et al	19,83
Bed spring connection, B. Burnell	19,810	Pen, fountain, J. P. Hoyt	19,74
Best conveyor endless, E. H. Parker et al	19,847	Pigeon-hole, H. D. Purcell et al	19,72
Bicycle, T. H. Robinson	19,771	Plough, gang, W. Kimmel	19,86
Billiard cushion, H. Nightingale	19,803	Plum pudding, compound for preparing and preserving,	
Birch bark, utilization of, E. Guay et al	19,727	H. J. Allen	19,83
Boats, seat and footboard for row, J. J. Turpel Brick machine, W. L. Gregg	19,720 19,718	Potatoes, screen for picking, L. Monette	19,81
Buckle harness, J. A. Gavitt	19,730	Printing machines with metal engravings, T. Shields.	19,77
Buggy gear, H. Cantelon		Pulley, O. R. Olsen	19,74- 19,76
Button fastener, C. L. Farnsworth	19,789	" beer, J. E. B. auchemin	19,78
Cans, machine for soldering. G. A. Marsh		" force, M. L. G. Wheeler	19.860
Car axle, journal lubricator for, W. W. Blackman	•	Railroad signalling apparatus, L. C. Huber	19,75
et al		Railway circular gravity, A. Wood	19,749
Car coupling, D. Fraser et al	19,751	" signal, B. Buys et al	
r. v. isolfe dit Provençai		Rattan, machine for knitting, E. L. Tatt et al	19,77
M. Demieux et al	19,824	Reaper knife section sharpener, P. Williams	19,72
Carriage spring, H. W. Hamell	19,764 19,742	Reel for exhibiting goods, revolving, M. Bélanger	19,85
wheel and axle, S. J. Stevenson	19,758	Reversible shears, J. L. Starks	19,779
Carding machine, C. E. Whitworth et al		Roads, L. De Forest	19,795 19,735
Cartridge loading machine, F. L. Chamberlain	19,787	Roller mill, J. Livingston	19,75
Cartridges, Manufacture of, La Société Anonyme Dy-	,	Roofs, composition for, T. Head	19,86
namite Nobel	19,725	Ro fing, machine for seaming joints of sheet metal,	-0,00
Casket lowering into grave, J. Burns		O. W. Burritt	19,83
Chimney cleaner, lamp, W. J. Webb	19,819	Sait feeding device, J. Goldstein	19,81
Churn, J. L. Taylor et al	19,843	Sausages, manufacture of, F. C. Ireland	19,770
	19,833	Saw handle, A. Uren	19,73
Clock, T. Tremblay	19,776 19,741	P. Fralzer	19,75
Collar fastener, horse, E. S. Platt	19,767	" jointer and gage combined, H. Flater	19.86
Creamer, J. Mathews	19,866	Screen, O. Harley	19,81
Cultivator, J. G. Trump.	19,737	Shoemakers' hand tool, W. D. Frank	19,724 19,830
Curtain fixture, A. Sweetland	19.754	Sifter, J. Carmichael	19,794
Dental plate mould, J. W. Hayford et al	19,823	Skate sharpener, X. St. Pierre	19,759
Die and die block for forge hammers, J. H. Baker	19,806	Smoke consuming furnace, A. Crawford	19,86
Dredger, J. A. Bail.	19,854	Smoothing iron, A. F. A. Chagnon	19,864
Eggs, process for preserving, F. J. Praddex	19,780	Soda ash purifying, E. H. Russel	19,82
Electric arc lamp, T. L. Kay	19,799	Spoke tenoning and felloe boring machine, H. J.	
" wire insulators, J. F. Martin		Miller et al	19,844
Electrical circuit, F. N. Gisborne	19 786	" and felloe joint, G. Minchin	19,814
Elevators, safety catch for, F. A. Weeks	19.813	Springs, formin, G. Norwood	19,856 19,795
Embalming dead bodies, A. S. Lovett	19,761	Steam trunk lid press, W. E. Lockman	19,78
Fare box, E. Lusher et al	19,818	Stove, oil, J. Milne	19,859
Feather renovator, C. S. Male, Jr	19.841	Sugar refineries, heater for utilizing the heat of char	,
Fence, A Brown	19,842	washing in, S. M. Lillie	19,820
Fire-Escape, C. Kennedy	19,782	Table, compound for, R. Heron et al	19,726
" " E. Wellings et al Fruits, paring and coring, J. W. Fisher	19,829	Tag-holder, J. Kydd	19,855
Furnace for distilling and carbonizing wood, J. A. Ma-	19,837	Taily board block or register, W. Brown	19,835
thieu	19,869	Tannic acid from coffee, removing, C. H. Remer Telegraphs, static compensator for duplex and multi-	19,846
Glove fastener, W. F. Ware	19,790	plex, F. W. Jones	19.809
Grain binder, straw band, H. Tuttle	19,719	Textile fabric, M. H. Pulaski	19,768
" drill, W. P., Jr., & W. P. Shortridge	19,732	Inermometry, G. T. Beilby	19,804
scourers, cylinder for, J. H. Chase	19,801	Inili coupling, carriage, N. A. Primus	19,760
Hame, J. McCurdy	19,769	Tobacco resweating device, B. Martin	19,748
Harvester rake, C. Lidren et al	19,736	Toe-weight for horses, E. G. Miles	19,721
Hay carrier, A. L. R. C. Jordan Hinge spring, G. M. Lane	19,728	Towel-holder, G. S. Gifford	19,798
Hitching strap, H. S. Dimock et al	19,825	Umbrella, device for holding, J. Castle	19,81
Horse shoe, L. Carrier		Valve for water closets, &c., W. Scott	19,760
House, portable, O. H. Smith	19,798	Ventilator, closet, J. H. McGovern et al	19.778 19.812
Instruction and amusement, device for, J. D. Van	,	Window, W. D. Smith	19,805
Bibber	19,723	" store, L. C. Bailey	19,774
Iron, process for treating, A. G. Wedge	19,845	Wire reel, L. P. Johnson	19,752
Lamp, electric, E. L. Roussy	19,747	Wrench, B. Ross	19,834
Lantern, globe guard for tubular, J. H. Stone		" J. Combs et al	19,852
Lawn mower, C. W. Cheney Leather, impressing or marking and smoothing, L.	19,753		
Coté	19,821		
Leather splitting machine, G. L. Tyler et al	19,848	INDEX TO PATENTEES.	
Levelling and plumbing instrument, O. H. P. Brown	19,841	INDEA IU IAIENIEES.	
Limb, artificial, G. Beacock et al	19,800		
Liniment, horse and cattle, J. A. Wilcox	19,867	Allen, H. J., preparing and preserving compound for	
Lubricator, S. Reid	19,734	plum pudding	19,836
Mode the Towns	19,745	Balley, L. C., store window	18,774
Mold, tile, J. Grant	19,746	Baker, J. H., die and die block for forge hammers	19,806
Mowing machine, J. Savoie		Baldwin, E. M., et al., dental plate mould	19,828
Music leaf turner, C. Onslow		Ball, J. A., dredger	19,854

			10.0
Beach, H. H., removing tannic acid from coffee	19,846		19,824 19,736
Beacock G., et al., artificial limb	19,800		19,736
Beauchemin, J. E., beer pump	19,731	Lillie, S. M., heater for utilizing the heat of char washing in sugar reflueries	19 900
Bellby, G. T, thermometry	19,804 19,857		19,820 19,750
Belanger, M., revolving reed for exhibiting goods Blackman, W. W., lubricator for car axle journals	19,857 19,849		19,750 19,781
Blackman, W. W., lubricator for car axie journals	19,849 19,824		19,781 19,829
Boisvert, O., et al., car-coupling Bourgeau, A., compound for table	19,824 19,726	Lovett, A. S., apparatus and case for embalming dead	
Bourgeau, A., compound for table Bradford, A., lubricator for car axle journal19,849	,.40	bodies	19,761
Bradford, A., lubricator for car axle journal19,849 19,850	19,851	McCargar, C. H., et al., water and fire-proof paint	19,802
Brooks, C. C., axe blade	19,785	McCurdy, J., hame	19,769
Brown, A., fence	19,842	McGovern, J. H., et al., closet ventilator	19.778
" O. H. P., levelling and plumbing instrument	19,841	Male, C. S., Jr., feather renovator	19,840
" W., tally board, block or register	19,835	Marshi, G. A., machine for soldering cans	19,738
Burnell, B., bed spring connection	19,810	Martin, B., tobacco resweating device	19,748
Burns, J., lowering caskets into graves	19,797	" J. F., electric wire insulators	19,788
Burritt, O. W., machine for seaming joints of sheet		Mathieu, J. A., furnace for distilling and carbonizing	
metal	19,832	wood	19.869 19.866
Butler, J. A., pump	19,765	Matthews, J., creamer	19,866 19.721
Russ R et al reliway signal	19.808 19.762		19,721
Buys, B., et al., railway signal	19,762 19,773	Miller, H. J., et al., spoke tenoning and felice boring	19,844
Cantelon, H., buggy gear	19,773 19,794		19,844 19,859
Carmichael, J., cinder sifter	19,794 19,791		19,859
Chagnon, A. F. A., smoothing iron	19,791	1	19,814
Chamberlain, F. L., cartridge loading machine	19,864		19, 16
Chamberlain, F. L., cartriage loading machine	19,801	Muirhead, R. B., et al., churn	19,843
Cheney, C. W., lawn mower	19,758	Nightingale, H., billiard cushion	19,803
Chiles, H. C., animal shears	19,826	Norwood, G., machine for binding and forming	·
Clemons, G. F., transmitting differential rotary motion	19,757	springs	19,795
Coates, A. R. & J.S., et al., spoke tenoning and felloe		Olsen, O. R., rulley	19,744
boring machine	19,844	Onslow, C., music leaf turner	19,743
Combs, J., et al., wrench	19,852	Otterman, J. W., et al., road grading and ditching ma-	
Coté, L., impressing or marking and smoothing		chine	19,735 19,847
leather	19,821 19,724	Parker, E. H., et al., encless belt conveyor	19.847 19.861
" P., fountain shoe brush	19,724	Perry, S., device for arranging nails in serial order	19.861 19.767
Crawford, A., smoke consuming furnace	19,863 19,848	Platt, E. S., horse collar fastener	19,767 19,780
Currier, W. M., et al., leather splitting machine	19.848 19.727	Primus, N. A., carriage thill coupling	19,780 $19,766$
David, A., et al., utilization of birch bark,	19,727 19,792	Primus, N. A., carriage thill coupling	19,766 $19,763$
De Forest, L., roads	19,792 19,811	Pulaski, M. H., textile fabric	19,763 $19,729$
Castle, J., device for holding up umbrella	19,811 19,825	Pursell, H. D., et al., pigeon hole	19,728
Dimock, H. S., et al., hitching strap	19,825 19,745	Rascoe, W. H., friction clutch	19,741 $19,734$
Durand, J., moccasin	19,745 19,775	Reid, S., lubricator	19,734 $19,846$
English, R., oil can		Rice, V. L., et al., car-coupling	19,751
Fisher, J. W., paring and covering fruits	19,789	Rich, H. M., et al., machinery for knitting rattan	19,772
Flater, H., combined saw jointer and gage	19,862	Robilliard, T. H., fare box	19,818
Fraizer, P., saw handle	19,756	Robinson, C., et al., endless belt conveyor	19,847
Frank, W. D., hand tool for shoemakers	19,830	Robinson, F. H., bicycle	19,771
Fraser, D., et al, car-coupling	19,751	Ross, B., wrench	19,834
" P., spring bed	19,768	Roussy, E. L., electric lamp	19.747 19.822
Gavitt, J. A., et al., harness buckle	19.730	Russell, E. H., process for purifying so ia ash	19,822 19 783
Gerlack, J. C., et al., carding machine	19,831	Pavole, J., mowing machine	19,783 19,729
Gifford, G. S., towell holder		Saxton, O. H., pigeon hole	19,729
Giles, C. K., anti-magnetic shield for watches	19,812 19,786	Schubiger, B. A., et al., automatic felt guide for paper machine.	19,838
Gisborne, F. N., arrangement of electrical circuit Goldst in J., sait feeding device		Scott, W., valve for water closets, &c	19,838 19,760
Goldstein, J., salt feeding device		Scott, W., valve for water closets, &c	19,777
Grant, J., tile mold	19,718	Shields, T., printing machines with metal engravings. Short, S. H., electric arc lamp	19,828
Guay, E., et al., utilization of birch bark	19.727	Shortridge, W. P., Jr., and W. P., grain drill	19,828
Hamelie, H. W., carriage spring	19,764	Sleeper, C. T metallic packing for piston and valve,	
Harley, O., screen	19,817	&c	19,796
Hawley, F., band cutter and feeder	19,853	Smith, O. H. portable hou e	19,798
Hayford, J. W., et al., dental plate mould	19,823	" W. D., window	19,805
Head, T., composition of matter for roofs	19,868	Societe (La) anonyme dynamite Nobel, manufacture of	
Hébert, A., et al., nut lock	19,808	cartridges	19,725
Heron, R., compound for table use	. 19,727	Sparham, T., et al., artificial limb	
Howe, A. D., alle lubricator	19,786	Starks, J. L., reversible shears	19,779
Hoyt, J. P., fountain pen	19,740	Starr, W. J. F., et al., automatic felt guide for paper	19.838
Huber, L. C., railroad signalling apparatus	19.755	machines	19.838 19.833
Ireland, F. C., manufacture of sausages	19,770	Stern, W. H., churn	19,833 19,758
Isolre dit Provencal, F. N., car coupling		Stevenson, S. J., car wheel and axle	19,758 19,807
Jackson, R., et al., harvester rake		Stone, J. H., globe guard for tubular lanters St. Pierre, X., skate sharpener	19,759
Jewett, L. K., car truck		St. Pierre, X., skate sharpener Stringer, J. A., et al., hitching strap	19,825
Johns, T., metallic packing		Stringer, J. A., et al., hitching strap Sweetland, A., curtain fixture	19.754
Johnson, L. P., reel for wire	, , , , , ,	Sweetland, A., curtain fixture	19,772
Jones, F. W., static compensator for duplex and multi- plex telegraphs		Taft, E. L., et al., machinery for knitting rattan Taylor, J. L., et al., churn	19,843
plex telegraphs		Taylor, J. L., et al., churn Thomas, C. A., et al., wrench	19,852
Jordan, A. L. and R. C., hay carrier Joslyn, M. H., band cutter and feeder		Tremblay, T., clock	19,776
Kay, T. L., electric arc lamp		Trump, J. G., cultivator	19,737
Kennedy, C., fire-escape	. 19,782	Turpel, J. J., seat and foot-board for row boats	19,720
Kimmel, W., gang plough	. 19,865	Tuttle, H., straw band grain binder	19,719
Kirk, I., et al., automatic felt guide for paper ma-		Tyler, G. L., et al., leather splitting machine	19.848
chine	. 19,838	Uren, A., bandle for cross-cut saws	19,739
Kydd, J., tag-holder	. 19,855	Van Biber, J. D., device for instruction and amuse-	08
Lane, G. M. spring hinge	19,733	ment	
Learmonth, G., et al., water and fire-proof paint	19,802	Van Luren, T. F., fence	19,842

Ver Genius, C. A. R. L., et al., road grading and ditching machine Ware, W. F., glove fastener	19,785 19,790 19,819 19,845 19,813 19,829 19,860 19,831	Wilcox, F., et al., railway signal	19,730 19,762 19,867 19,722 19,778 19,749 19,845 19,823
		•	