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TOI. V .
TORONTO, DECEMBER, 1874.
No. 6.

UPPER CANADA BIBLE SOCIETY-THE SECRETARIAT,*
Several changes have recently been made in the Secretariat of the Upper Canada Bible Society, which it may inverest our readers to know.

After five jears of active and faithful service on behali of the Society, the Reverend Joun Gemiey retired from the post of Permanent Seoretary and Agent (in part) which he had so ably filled. On his retirement, the Board of Directors passed a complimentary resolution of thanks to Mr. Gexbey and appointed hin a Vice-President of the Society.

At a subsequent meeting of the Society the Honorary Secretaries were directed to insertan advertisement in the daily papers, calling for applications for the post racated by Mr. Gembey. t

On the eighth instant, fourteen applications for the office were receiver' by the Board of Directors. The attendance was large; and after some complimentary references to those of the candidates who were known to Directors, the choice fell upon Robert Balowin, Esquire, of Toronto, son of the late Honorable Robert Palpwin, C.B, the former President of the Society.

[^0]We heartily congratulate our new confrere on his appointment, and also the friends of the Society throughout the country on the accession of Mr. Baidwin to the ranks of its active labourers.
Previously to the retirement of Mr. Gemley, George Hague, Esquire, a Bank.er in Toronto, as well as the friend and promoter of Christian labbur, sent in his resignation as one of the Honorary Secretaries of the Society. His place was filled by the appointment of the Reverend John M. Cameron, a Presbyterian Clergyman in Toronto. About the same time, the old office of Minute Secretary to the Board was filled by the appointment to it of Joun F. Lase, Esq., one of Directors.

## OFFICE BEARERS OF THE UPPER CANADA BIBLE SOCIETY SINGE ITS COMMENCEMENT.

Note.-The names in Italics are those of persons deceased. A dash after any date signifies that the term of office has not expired when we write. (December, 1874.)
The following interesting table of the former office bearers of the Upper Canada Bible Society has been prepared by Mr. John Young, the Depositary, and is inserted as a most valuable contribution to the history of the Society in this Province :-
Patrons:-Lieut. Goyernor Sir Joln Colborne, 1830-183.7; Lieut. Gov. Sir F. B. Head, 1836-1837; ILeut. Gov. Sir Gico. Arthur, 1838-18t0; Governor-General Lord Sydenham, 1841 ; Gov. Gen. Sir Charlcs Bagot, 1842; Gov.-Gen. Lord MEtcalfc, 1843-1845; Gov.-Gen. Earl Cathrart, 1846; Gov.-Gen. Eavl of El!in, 1847-1854; Gov.-Gen. Sir E. W. Head, 1858-186i ; Gov.-(zen. Lord Monck, 18í2-1867.
Presidents :-Hon. Jolun Henry Dum, 1828-1845; Hon. Rolert Balduin, 1845-1859; Hon. George W. Allan, 1859 .
Vice-Presidents :-Dr. Salduin, 182s-1844; Dr. Mforrison, 1828-1838; James E. Small, Esq., 1S2s-1847; Hon. Rolert Laldevin, (sec also list of Presidents), 182s-1845; Jcsse Kctichum Esq., 162s-1s67; ; Hon. Justicc Sherrood, 1831-1S47; Rer. Dr. Harris, 1831-1847; Charics C. Small, Esc., 1831-1St4; George Monro, Esq., 1831-1849; Colonel Philpotts, 1832-1847; Ficr. Charles MI tthcars, 1833-1830; ; Rec. Willian Rintoul, 1833-1851; Very Rev. Ilean Grasett, 18:w-; Rev. A. Sterart, 1838-1841; Rci: John Roaf, 1838-18ti3; Rev. W. T. Leach, (now the Ven. Archdeacon Leach, of Montreall, 1838.1847 ; Rer. Wm. Iycrsom, 1s3s-1\$49; Rev. Dr. Richardson, 1839-- - John Euart, Esy., 1839-1857; Rev. Jr. Nectaul, 1839-1847; Peter Patcisun, Esq., (see also list of Yreasurers), 1st0-1643; Rer. Janets Harris,' (see also list of Secretaries), 1840-1873; Thonas Champion, Esq., 1841-1847; Bein. J. S. Macculay, 1843-1849; Dr. Lucius O'bricn, (see also list of Secretaries), 184j-18:54; Dh. (r. $\hat{R}$. G'rasitt, 1844-1S47; Hon. Chicf Justice MfLLean, 1847-1865; Hon. James Goorden, 1s47-18tī; Hon. Chict Justice Iiol,inson, 1817-1863; Rcr: Dr. Lillic, 1849-1870; liev.
 Rer. Dr. Burns, 1849-1869; Col. E. W. Thrmsou, 1819186i5; Rev. I)r. Willis, 1852-
 1854 ; Join Arnoid, Esq., 1854 isht; W. A. Haldwin, Esq., (seve also list of Secretaries), 1854 - ; Hon. Wm. Me Master, (see alko list of Secretaries and Treasurers),
 Esten, 18: in-1805; Dir Jumes L. Lhubinson, 1854-1stit ; Peter Percland, Esq., (see also

 land, Esq. (see alsu list of Directers), 1860-; Iiew. Ir. Taylor, 18G1- ; John Macionald, Esq., (see also list of Directors), 18ifi3- ; liev. IMr. Jeffers, 1scid-;
 (see also list of Directors), 1stif-; Rev. E. Waldwin, $186 n$-; Liev Wm. Rem, (see alsolist of Secretaries), 1s67-- ; Hes. J. (g. A1anly, 1Stis--; Rer. Dr. Cricker, 1568-; Johm Tyner, Esq. (ste also list of Directors), $1868-$; Wm. Oshume, Esq. (see also list of Directors), 1 1sti- ; Thev. Dr. Punshon, 1870 - ; Mev. Dr. Ormiston, 1870 ; Rit. Rev. Bishow Hellmuth, 1 Sito-; Rev. Ir. Nelles, 1870
 Psq., 1870-; Fiev. John Putts, 1874 - ; George Hague: Eiq., (see alsu list of Secretaries), 1874 -.
 Wm. McMaster, 1 Sijinn.
 -1s:S-1835, and 18:37; Rev. W. T. Leach, 1s:li; Rer. W. Mrotichl, 1s3is: Wm.



 Genaley, 18t9-1874; Rev. John M. Cameron, 1s74-; Sohm E. Lash, Evq, 1874--; Robert Baldwin, Exil., 1s74- -
Acests:-Rev. James Richardson, 1840-18.11; Rev. Lachlin Tayhor, 18.51-1801; s. $B$.
 Rev W. Browknan, 180:3 1870 ; Kev Thos, (xollsmith, 181 is 1870.
 Carless, 1839-18tis; John Younr, 18is -.
Drectons:- (Omitting all those who served a less term than five years) Di.J.N.

 1849 ; James Erown, 1868 - ; Pcter brum, 184--1851 : George Buckland see also list of Vice-Presidents), 18:30-1860; Roburt (athcart, 18:11-1533 and 1840-1845; Edirard Chidds, 185it-18ife; Alexander Christie, 1819-_ John Christic, 18:371817 ; James Corkshutt, 182s-18:34; Jolut Evart (see also list of Vice-President:),
 Freeman. 1860-1866; HenryGraham, 1863-1872 amd 1873-74; Dr.C 13.Hall, 186it--; Andrew Hamilton, 18:39-1848 and 1844-18:33 ; Dr. J. G. Hodgins, $18.0 j 1860$ (see also list of Secretaries); James Hodsson, 1841-18is; Robert James, 1842-1843 and


 Macdonald (see also list. of secretaries), 1sis-1sti:3 ; John K. Macdonald, 1s67-1868

 1833; Ceorge Morphy, 155,-186t aud 18i2-74; Ferbert Mortiner, 1856-1871; Henry 1F. Mrosicy, 182s-1s:3: ; John Murrlison, Jun., 1831-1840; William Osborne (see also list of Vice-Presidents), 18:38-1840 and 1848-18i69; M. Pearson, 1859-1872; Alex. liattray, 189s-; Jumes Roluctson, 1s47-1852 and 18i5j-1857; Samuel Rogers,
 Scumucl Sheue, 1st2-1848; T. S. Shurtt, 18;1-18:7; James A. Smith, 1853-1859; W. D. Taylor, $1845-1850$; Jom Thom, $1850-1867$; John Tyuer fiee also list of Vice-Presidents), 1834-18:3 and 1837-181:9; Robert Wilkes, 1864-1872, and 18731874.

Life Menbers :-Sir Jchiz Collorne, 1830; Hon. John Henry Dunn, 1 Ei30; Sir F. B. Head, 1831 ; Sir Gcoryc Arthur, 1835 ; John Sande:sinh, Es\%., 1 S4i; ; C. C. Small, Essq,


 Dicknon, Esq., F. H. Heward, Exq. Toh Lecolie, Eq., Hon. William McMaster,
 Dunlop, ...hn Littlewood, Esi. Walter McKenzie, Esy., Enbert Marsh, Esq., Gcor!e
 IIrs. John Fraser, John Leary, Esq., Bishop, MrIItrainc, James Woad, Esq., Rer. P. D.Muir, Hon. Jom Simpsin, F. Wuthi",s, Esq., 18is7; Jolk Bullard, Esq, A. Farewell. Esq., Ley. Dr. Freeland. Profesior Kinrston, John Kirby, Psq., Mre. Robert Marsh, Dir. Lewis Marsh, Bishop Cronym, Themas Walsh, Eqq., Dr. Newkirk, 18,8; Samuel Keefer, Esq., Mrs. Keefer, Tohn Macdonald, Esq., Mrs. Macdonald, Mr. Janes Markh, F. W. Wathims, Esq., Mre Watkins, Miss Sarah Ann Watkins, Mres. J. (f. Wa ker, S. Nash Moyer, Esf., E. Wiecler. Esq., Jolen N.Smith. Esig, 1859; Principal lawson, Hon. (icorge W. Allan, J. Iillmrster, Esq., Jase Ketchim, Je.n., Esq., Rev. E.Sullivan, Mr. M. Marsh, Jun., 1860; Samuel Alcorn, Esq., Mirs. J. R. Kirfer Nicol Mrroh, Wiq., Mr.J. A. Marsh, Miss A. E. Marsh, W. Melligar, Esip 1sol; Gewrse Antrew:, Eny, Josepn Hunt. Esq., Geore Shaver. Acia., Esn., Mrs. E. D. Thmpism, Thomas Trivitt, Esp., Mrs. Trivitt, Tames Watson, Enf., Mrs. Watson, 1sfig Mrs, Domall, Rourrt Cassels, Esi,

 Taylor, Esq. 1 1eig ; Mr. A. K. Mullirah, 1sit7: Liev. Tohn Plack, Rev. Meorge Yousg, W. H- (ribbs, Eeth., Rt. Ruv Eivhop McLeun, Mra. Ri. Minson, Miss J. Robson, 1868 ; Rev. Johnston Vicars, Rev. George Miller, Miss Maria Simpson, 1871 ; Willisu Jordan, Eisq., 1870; A. Allbright, Esr., Dr. Mc(luesten, William Lavis, Esq., I. M. Wanzer, Esq., $1 s$ İ!.

## UPPER CANADA BIBLE SOCIETY.

The October Monthly Meeting of the Directors was held on Tuesday, ahe 13th of that month. The Hon. G. W. Allan, President, oceupied the Chair, and the attendance of Officers, and both lay and clerical Directors, was large. After Devotional Exercises, and the reading and confirmation of the minutes of the previous meeting, the Report of the Special Committee appuinted $t_{1}$. consider the Report from Messrs. Kerr and Anderson, Auditors, was submitted and adopted. The principal recommendation in the Committee's report was that a certain property, conveyed to the Society in security for a debt, be sold in order to realize amount due. The Depositary's Statement of Receipts and Expenditure was submitted and passed. The Committee appointed in 1872, to consider the best method of carrying out the late Mr. Ketchum's intentions with regard to the Sabbath School and Yorkville Public School Bequests, was re-2ppointed, and requested to act. Gratuities ,f Bibles made during Sepiember to the amount of $\$ 28.39$ viere confirmed. A further gratuity of Scriptures was also authorized for the use of prisoners in the Central Prison. The Committee on "The distribution of Scriptures in Railway Carriages for the use of Passengers," reported through their Convener Dr. C. B. Hall, that they had placed Bibles, or portions thereof, in a large number of the Cars on the Northern and Great Western Railways. They also reported that they had exhausted the amount placed to their credit, and asked a furthar grant, which was allowed to ihe extent of $\$ 25.00$. The Reports of Agents and Colporteurs were laid before the Board, and the meeting was brought to a close at 9.45 p.m.

The Nu"ember Monthly Meeting was held on Tuesday, the 10th of that month.nd was largely attended. The President called upon the venerable Bishop Fichardson to conduct the devotional exercises, after which the minutes of the October meeting were read and confirmed. The Committee appointed "to determine the amount of time to be required from, and the remuneration to be given to, the future Permanent Secretary," presented their Report. The Report recommended "that the Permanent Secretary shall be required to devote an average of half time each day to the duties of his ofice. That the time so given may be the latter hale of the day, and that the remuneration offered be $\$ 800.00$ per annum. The Report was adopted, and the Secretaries requested to advertise for candidates." The Depositary's Cash Statement was presented and passed, and gratuities of Scriptures made, amounting to $\$ 16.92$, confirmed. The usual time for canvassing the city for subscriptions in aid of the Society having almost arrived, the Board decided, in order to render the canvass more thorough, that the city be divided into two sections and a collector appointed to each. After the reception and examination of agents' and colporteurs' Reports the meeting closed with prayer by the Rev. J. G. Robb, at 10.10 p.m.

The December Monthly Meeting of the Directors was held on Tuesday, the Stin instant. The chair was taken at 7.35 P.M., by the President, the Hon. G. W. Allan. Theie was a very large attendance of officers and directors. After devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. S. Rose, the senior Honorary Secretary read the minutes of last meeting, which were confirmed. The Depositary's monthly statement of Receipts and Expenditure was submitted and passed. The Eoard confirmed the gratuities of Scriptures made by the Secretaries during the month, amcunting to $\$ 34.56$. Reports were presented from five of the provisional agents. The colportage schedule, showing the labours of the colparteurs during the month, and the number of copies of God's Word (about 501) distributed, was read. An application for colportage work was laid before the Board, but no vacancy exising, it was not entertained. The secretaries then submitted applications for the office of Permanent Secretary, some fifteen in number, received in reply to the advertisement inserted in the Toronto daily papers. The applications were
read and carefully considered, and on the vote being taken, Robert Baldwin Esq., was declared duly elected. The Treasurer read some correspondence in respect to the accounts. After some discussion the meeting was closed with prayer by the Rev. J. M. King, M.A., at 9.20 o'clock.

## SYSTEM OF BIBLE SOCIETY AGENCY.

The question has been incidentally raised by the Board of Directors as to the expediency of abolishing the present system of local agency of the Bible Society, and reverting becis to the former system of permanent agency. There are advantages in both systems; and the Board, after experience of the two plans, are $\alpha$ posed to discard the present system in favour of the other. The Directors will no doubt be glad in learn the views and opinions of the Branches on the subject.

## VISIT OF THE ORIENTAL CONGRESS TO TEE BIBLE SOCIETY'S HOUSE.

The members of the Criental Congress were invited to visit the liorary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, and were received by the Secretaries. The Jacobite Patriarch of Antioch was also present, and was accompanied by the Syriac Bishop of Jerusalem. The Rev. R. B. Girdlestone, the Superintendent of the Translation Department, trok the learned assembly around the room, and explained the contents of the different cases. Deep interest was taken in the examinations of the rich treasures which the libarary contains; and eager if not covetous eyes gazed on such broks as Coverdale's Bible of 1537, (just added to the collection), Matthews' Bible of 1527 , Bishop Bedell's Irish Bible, the first Welsh Nerr Testawent, the celebrated French Bible Historice, the pre-Lutheran German rersions, Luther's edition of the Bible of $\mathbf{1 5 4 5}$ (being the last edited by him), a Latin Vulgate of A.D. 1479, the first Greek Testament, the first Septuagint, an ancient Spanish Bible in Gothic characters, \& 2., \&e.
Last year the Society received a diploma and medal from the Oriental Congress assembled in Paris, in consideration of its services in the way of Oriental printing; and in consequence of .his distinction, the attention of the company was specially directed on the present oscasion to some of the Society's latest Eastern editions, such as the Tamil Bible, the first Chinese New Testament, with marginal references, the Japaneso Gospels, and the Revised Amharic N̈criptures. Some of the party took special note of the numerous Indian languages into which translations have been made; others, of the South Sea languages; others, again looked with amazement at the long wordsin the North American Indian versions; whilst the calebrated Palimpsest called the Codex Zacynthius, and other ancient manuscripts, were evidently favourite studies to a few of the literati. An impression was eridently made upon these learned men that whilst the Congress was studying knotty points of literary and ethnological interest, the British and Foreign Bible Society was practically solving them. There they found themselvee in the midst of a perfect profusion of foreign literature in some 250 languages, not the work of professors but of missionaries; not intended to throw light on herthen customs, but meant to give the light of the Gospel to tine heathens themselves.
As for the venerable Patriarch, he sat down and contemplated the scene with silent wonder. Book after book was brought to him to look at. He was very much struck with the mode of reading Chinese, down in columns, and at first shook his head, as if he doubted whether his informants were ant deceiving him. But nothing seemed to delight him so much as Walton's Polyglott. There he saw, side by sida, Hebrew and Greek, and Latin and Arabic,
and his own sacred Syriac. Oa leaving, he shook hands warnily with the Secretaries and Mr. Girdlestone, and praised God for all hë had seen and heard.-B. S'. Reporter.

## " ${ }^{\prime} U T H E R$ 'S FIRST STUDY OF THE BIBLE."

A large number of ladies and gentlemen met recently at the house of the Fritish and Foreign Bible Society, London, on the occasion of the presentation to the Society of Mr. Ward's celebrated picture of "Lather's First Study of the Bible." The Earl of Shaftesbury took the chair. The picture to be presented was hung on the wall of the staircase, immediately opposite the entrance door of the large room where the meeting was held, and the doors being open, it was in full view of all assembled. The proceedings hisving been opened by the Rev. Charles Jackson with prayer.

The chairman said :-Ladies and Centlemen, a very few preliminary words from me will suffice. Yon have all, no doubt, seen the very fine picture on the staircase. That picture, entitled "Luther's First Study of the Bible," has been purchased by a large number of subscribers, who desired to present it to this Society. I think that you will all agree with me that a mure appropriate gift could not be made, and that a more appropriate place could nut be found for it.

The Rev. S. B. Bergne then read a brief statement, dealing with the rise and progress of the Suciety's'uperations in Germany, and showing the amazing extent to which the translation of Luther had been dispersed through its sigency, not ouly in the Fatherland of the Protestant Reformation, and in those sections of the Austrian Empire wnere German is the prevailing vernacular, but in other countries far and near, where the German race has sought for itself a home.

From statistics furnished it appearea that ihe British and Foreign Bible Society had printed in German-Bibles 2,476,240, Testaments 6,093,615, Portions, 878,182 -or a total of $9,453,537$. Of these the vast proportion were according to the version of Luther, which holds the same place of honour and influence in Germany, that our own fondly cherished authorized version holds in England, and wherever the English language is spoken.

The Hon. A. Kinnaird, M. P., then presented the picture to the Society through the President.

The Chairman said:-Ladies and Gentlemen, as President of this mosi noble Society, it is now my duty to accept, on your behalf, the gift which his been proffared to us. I do so with deep gratitude and much satisfaction; and I am sure that when I use those words Iam expressing your sentiments. And I am expressing your sentiments too, when I say itrust this picture will become an heirloom; for if there be a succession of life in this country, I trust there will also be a succeraion of the Bible Society. Well, now, I hive very few words to add. This picture sets before us a great truth, which must never be losu sight of, and that is, that the Bible is the book to which we must all go. It was the Bible which produced in Luther's mind the first impression of Truth, and which first revealed to him the light in which he afterwards basked. And here I am reminded of a remark made the other day by a man who will, I believe, prove, in a great mease re the Luther of his own country-I mean the converted Brahmin, Narayan Sheshadri. He stated, in speaking of his own religious histury, that the first thing which led him to the Trath was, not controversial proaching or controversial tracts, nor anything else of that hind, but the reading of the Bible-that it was from the Bible that he derived the first light that entered his mind. I am not poin! to undervalue preaching or other subordinate moans of promotiurs Gid's rlory; but. Ido say thit, whatever difficulties may arise in our country, even if there should be a suspension of what are called the means of grace, there is this truth which should be ever before us-that the Bible will do its umn work, and that the Word of Gud will aever return unto Him void.

The Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol added some sppropriate remarks in reforence to the ohject of the meeting. As royarded the picture before tb $>\mathrm{m}$, he said there seemed to be a tinge of wonder in the marvellous face. Luther said himself that twenty years of his life passed away without his ever having secn a Bible, and he apoke of the deepening wonder which he felt on tirst reiding it. There appanared also to be a tinge of perplexity, which was not surprising, seeing that Luther had heard that the study of the Bitule was the cause of all tho troubles of the time. Was there not also a thirst for Truth depicted in the face, and did not the anxious upturned lovk shor that Luther was searching for that which he at last found? In that picture they saiv the great ge-minal thought of the Reformation; there was in dee shadow and in the light that which indicated that Luther was discovering that Chriot was the only Mediator between God and man. In these anxious days, w' $\mathfrak{w}$ there was such an attempt to revive a cold Pelaeianism; and when so many men talked so much about the duties of life, an: ${ }_{50}$ little about reconciliation to God through the blood of His Sun Jesus Clirist, it was delicheful to sec what was opposed to all that error. In concunding, the Right Fiev. Prelate alledod to the special rork in which the sinciety is engaged, and observed that it was a great blessing for them to know that amil: all that was fading and transitury, there was one thing that mest endure-that the Word of God would abide for ever.
The Liev. Dr. Stonghtin also delivered a suitable address. After some general remarks in relation to the work of the Suciety, he closed with some rbservations havinr more dirout referenc to the occasion. Speaking of the legend of Lather throwing an inkstand at the devil, he intimated that there was smoething allogorioal in the story, inasmuch as by his writings Luther had done much tin injure the cause of error. Glancing ait the labours of tho Bisho? of Gloucester as Chairman of the Biblical Revision Committee, he said he hoped that, when the revised transtation was com pleted, they ysould find all the beanties of the old version preserved as well is its in perfections removed. The German Bible was, he remarked, a fundamental womk in the instruction of the German nation, and he hoped the English one would always retain the same character. After a ferv remarks by other gentlemen the Bishup of Gloucester and Bristol dismissad the meeting with the Binediction. -B. S Reporter.

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## THE BIBLES ON THE RAILWAYS.*

The piompt, hearty response to the circular sent from the Bible House last m neth. to the otivers of our principal railronds, is very enconraging, and manifwis on their purt a deap interest in this department of our work. Most of the compinies thus far ineard foum have agreed to place in their cars the racks neessiary for tha reception of the buoks.
At the last meeti ig of the Buarl, grants were made to twenty railroads. This is only the beginuing : : this great work. We hope, before the year closes, to be able to record the fact that every railiond in the land has been suipheal. Special domations for this ohject from the friends of the Bible will be uritefully received and acknowledged.
The question is s metimes raised, Are the Bibles placed in the curs ever real \} The follow:ng letter from a conductor to one of our Superintendenta is a sulficient answer :-
Your very bind favour of July 24 th has been received; and in reply I

[^1]would state, that tiic Bibies so kindly placed in my conches by you are very highly apprecinted by tie travelling public, as well as mybelf. Thore is scarcely a day that they are not in use ; and I think, so far from their being detrimental to the interosts of a road, no road should be without them. I have perused the paper you sent me, "Books for Travellers," and with the views above axpressed, I would freely endorse the effort you are now making for a more zeneral and extended circulation of the Holy Scriptures in the manner you propose, and believe, under God, that this is one mode of bringiug i' to the notice of the public, and can see no detrimenc to the road, and it may b. productive of much good.-Am. B. S. Record.

## THE SUPPLY OF RAILRCAD CARS WITH BIBLES.

The cordial manner in which our efforts to supply travellers on railroads and their employees has been seconded by many of the officers of these corporations, is very gratifying. One of them writes us to send a supply of Bioles for the caboose cars of the road of which he is suporintendent, addins, "I will have the racks put into then at my own expense."
Another railroad superintendent writes:
"If there is any class of people in this worla that need the consolation cerl support of the Gospel, it is the railway train men of this country. You has. my earnest wish that these Bibles, placed within the reach of those travelling on our road, may be the meatis of doing everlasting good, and to this ent you have my hearty co-operation."
Surely the friends of the Society may well be encouraged to pray for a special blessing to attend this effort to place the Bible within the reach oi the thousands who are daily passing over these great thoroughfares.-Ibid.

## BIBLE WORK LN NEW YORK.

The following incidents of work, as stated in the journal of Rev. Alexander Watson, who has been in the employ of the New York Bible Society since 1849 , wiil be read with interest :
Sold a French Bible to a pleasant mother of two bright little ones, and furnished her with a French "tract primer," that she herself might teach them her native language ; and in the same house gave an English Bible to: good woman for herstepson.
Tisited a boarding-house kept by a worthy widow, who seemed quite desirous that the rather rough youths who boarded with her should have the Bible, and was evidently much pleased when I gave it to several of them, with serious yet cheery counsel, which they received with thoughtful respect, and for which they, and still more the good lady, thanked me earnestly.
Sn'd the German Bible to a worthy Jewish mother, who had lived in Ohio anc was quite interested in the "woman's temperance movement" there. "Ah!" said she, "they can succeed in the ccuntry places around, but they cannot stop it in Cleveland. I have lived there."
Sold the Bible to a woman bu. ily employed, who at first pleaded utter want of time as an excuse for not reading the Bible. It was in reality a mere pretence, which ehe frankly gave up when I spoke of our need of God's tlessing upon our labour and earnings to make them worth anything to us, referring her to Haggai. i. 6, in illustration: "He that earneth wages, earneth wages to put it into a bag with holes."
Met with a Roman Catholic mothor, possessing the Bible, who is in the habit of teaching it to her children, as she herself had been taught by her parents.
The following scene was presented in a company of shoemakers, to one of whom I gave the Bible, which he accepted thankfully. Another, and perhaps the elder of them, eyed me closely, and at length threw out some cavils
against the Bible, which I met as I might, and he seomed to be interested in any repligs. After some time he snid, "I am a Tom Paine man. Did you ever read Tom Paine ?" "O yes," I replied, "I read him long ago, and I rm willing to say that he held more truth than many who call themselves his followers-those truths of natural religion which even th: pagans held; as, for instance, a state of future rewards and punishments. But, now, supposing his teachings and his cevils at the Bible all true, what has he done for youl Has ho brightened, or darkened, the present and the future? All that he had of terth the Bible has, from which perhaps he horrowed it; but he finds no remedy for the sin and wretchedness of man which it reveals and he admits, while the Bible brings to us a Saviour int whom is found light and life and immortality." I felt that it was my turn and time to talk, and I did so, and again and again be looked at me with glistening eyes and said, "Yes, spread the Bible over all the world ;" and I presume, to have completed the sentence, he would 'ave added, "though it has in it no hupe for me." I pitied hinn exceedingly, with his keen intelligence and narked manliness of feeling, and earnestly wrged him to learn to love the Bible and the Saviour. I am sad to say, the words seemed to fall on ice or adamant, and a certain sullemness came over him as he demanded, "Did God ever make a soul to damn it ?" "No, no! my friend," I replied; "but he made us free and accountable, and will hold us to that accountabilit". Isit true of us all, we have destroyed ourselves; but in Him is our help. In the death of his own dear Son, He has provided a remedy and a refuge for us." He looked as if he might have said, "That refuge I shall not find," as again he repeated, "Yes, spread the Bible over all the world." May God in his great mercy find and save him!

Met with unexpected and pleasant courtesy from a Roman Catholic family, who pressed me to dine with them, to whom $I$ gave the Bible for a young friend living with them. To another Roman Catholic family I offered the Bible gratuitously, but they insisted on paying for it. -dm. B. S. Recurd.

## TIBLE WYORK IN PENNSILVANIA.

In the last report of the Pennsylvania society some interesting facts are related. We give the following as a specimen :-

During the progress of the present canvas the usual variety of incidents occurred. These afford the best illustrations of the nature and importance of our work, and give new inspiration to thie patrons of the cause. They also show the immediate results of preaching the Gospel from house to house, and of bringing the Bible distribution into immediate contact with the masses. It is due to this society, therefore, that at least part of these incidents should be reported. The following are submitted :-

A woman desired a Bible with large print, but could not pay full price. "She was a widow, had a large family, had long supported and just buried an aged mother, and had barely finished paying for her cotion. She cc ad pay half price." Of course, according to the rules of the Pible Society, she got it for half price, and some benevolent contributor will gladly pay the remaint'er.

Another woman received a German Bible as a gift, and with unfeigned exultation she exclaimed, "In my heart I am thankful for this Bible. I have kept house eight years without a Bible, and when I had the means to buy I had no opportunity. Other agents offered high-priced Bibles, but they were beyond my reach." It remained for the Bible Society to put the Bible within hes reach, " without money and without price."

Another woman said she "had a poor old tattered Bible, which her mother had given hor, and sherwas not able to buy another, and wished somebody would have compassion on her and give her a new one." She received a new cupy with glad surprise, ejaculating, "This book will surely do me good, for I love to read the Bible."

An Irishman in Shamokin said, "I put away my Catholic Bible and grt an American Bible, and have learned from it more than the world is worth."

The following dialugue was held with a little girl :-
"Is your father or mother at lome ?" "No, sir." "Hare you a Bible in your house?" "No, sir." "Are gou certain there is no Bible in you house!" "I hare never seen one." "How old are you?" "Eleven rears." "Where do your parents go to church ?" "Nowhere." "Is it not time that they should have a Bible?" "I think it is."

I then wrote in a brevier Bible, in large letters, these three words, "Sent from God," and gave it to the little girl. God will speuk with emphasis t. those negligent parents through that Eible.

The darkest neighbourhood which I visited was in a narrow ralley in Carneron Tomnship, without a minister, without a church or sunday schoul, and where the Sabbath is spent in fishong and hunting, wnut gathering. In this, valley I called on a notorious inetriate, and found him in bed trying to slect $\overline{\text { b }}$ off the effects of a drunken debauch. With mach effurt he was induced w come domin from his chamber, saying he knew he low hed hard, and was ashamed to see us. He needed a Bibie, but had spent all his romey, and his neighbour who accompanied me adranced two dollars and bought hin an octavo copy. He said he knew it would be mouch better for him to give up, drinking and begin to read the Bible. "Can you give up drinking?" I asked. "I must give it up, or it will hill me," he said, "and I believe I can if I try." "Wculd you rather die than gire it up $\}$ " I asked. " 10, I would rather give it up than die," said he. "Will you sign a pledge, if I write me ?" I asked. He said, "I hare half a mind to." "I will write : pledge if you will sign it," I continued. "I will sign it for one year," said he. And I wrote as follows :-"I, R. F., do herchy pledge my word ani honour, that after Octoler 1st, 18 'T3, I will neither touch, taste nor handle anything that will intoxicate, for the space of one year, so help me fod" and he signed it, and his neighbour and I signed it as witnesses. By this time he was very much in earnest, and he said, "I am mow in my right mind. and I know what I am doing. If I can keep that pledge one year I can keep it ten. I will have Mir. S. to write this pledge on the frst blank page in this new Bible; and I will sign it with ink, and keep it where I can often look at it ; and if there is any strength or homour in me, I will keep it. I am ghad you came to see me. I had no expectation of anything like this harymaing to-day. This is a gond day's work for me. Give me your address; and if I can keep this pledge I shall want to write you a letter. Will not my pur wife rejoice! Will not my cony, Irger be glad! He talked of discharging me, but now he will not need to do it. There is no man in this valley that can earn more money than I can, if I smly let liquor alone."

I will renture to give you one more incident. As I entered a small village in Lower Augusta, I hailed a comyany of workmen and inquired if they wished to obtain any Bibles. By way of response, one of the gaung min cried out, "I care for nobody, and nobody cares for me." I replied," li you would care for somelindy, sromebrody would care for you." The othr men proposed to buy him a Testament if he would read it, and throw ariar his cards. To this he agreed, and the Testanent was buught. Then eaid they one to another, "Now let us each buy a Testament and throw away our cards." And fire were bought. Then one ran into a house and bruught cut anoiher man, and insisted that he too should hoy a Testament and throw away his deck of cards. He was taken by surprise; but, on learning what the others had done, he propused to trade me his cards for a Testament. 1 readily accepted his offer; and while he went into the house to lock fur the cards, nne of the men came near and said, in a low rrice, "Unly get his dech, and we will pay for the Testament." In a moment the cards were torught rut into the strett and given in exchange fror a oring of the mord of Gend. One of the men then called a mechanic cout of his shrif and said, "We hare all hought Testaments, and hare agreed to throw away our cards and try tu
do better. Now, we want you to buy one tore." The mechanic at once handed over the price of a Testament, and requested me to write it it his name and mine, and put down the dite, that they might not forget ras time of this interesting transaction.-Am. B. S. Hecor:l.

## EAGERNESS TO RECEIVE THE WORD.

The following letter from a correspondent in Texas makes report of the opening of a box of Scriptures consicmed to his care:-
I have received the donation of Bibles and Testaments you sent. On their reception we had a jubilee. Many needy were standing rumed ready to receire the precious gift when the box was upened. The destitution among the coloured people of this section of the country is woeful. Very few of the church nembers or the coloured preachers nave Bibles, and they draw their sermons from dreams and visions. What wonder if the people are superstitious and fanatical? The people are so poor that, if they are supplied, bonks will have to be donated to them. -Am. B. s. Rocord.

## REPORT OF ABOU SELIN, BLIND BIBLE-MAN.

Last month I heard that there were a great number of pilgrims on their way $t_{1}$ Jerusalem frum Constantinople, dic., in the steamer here; so I went and tried to get intu conversation with them. They told rae they vere going to Jerusalem for the Feast and to see the Greek Fire. I asked them if they could believe such things. They said that it was true that every year this fire comes duwn from heaven. Many of them were Turks, so 1 talled to them in Turkish, and read to them from Col. iii. 1, and John sii. 20, about the Greeks who came up to the Feast, and I drew their thonghts to Christ as the true light come down from heaven into the world. There were many Greeks among them, and if happened to have many Gretk Testaments with me, and very suon they seemed like a schwol, each eagerly reading what I had pointed out to them. But sime were exceedingly angry, and wanted to beat we, yet because I was only a blind man they forbore out of pity. So the captain, secing their division and disputing, said. "It is enough, shat your bouk now and go."

As I went back, the boatman said, "If you could hare seen their faces it nould have frightened you; they were all red or yellow with rage."

My wife went one day to see a priest who was very ill, dying, and found the perple around his bed talking about the Greck Fire at Jerusalem. She said" "I want to ask the priest what he thinks. Is the fire really from heaven? Dy husjand always teaches the people that it is not really true : but then he is a Protestant. What does the priest think? "Then he said, "SIy dear child, to be sure it is not true; it is fire made by the perple. I cannot quarrel with my brethren, the priests, but certainly I do not beliuve in the fire from heaven. Your husband is right." So she came home and told me, and I was glad to hear it. I think that all the better Greek priests deny this great imposture, but they do not like to speak out.

During the forty days Greek Fast, it is the custom of people to go and coufess to the priest. A man who had loner had much study with me went tu confess to the priest, and, to his astonishment, began to tell him many new things. When he expressed lis surprise, the man said, "I don't want to make a show of my knowledge, but I want to tell you this; I cannot any lunger believe in the worship of pictures. or in the prayers of the saints for us, nor in the prayer for the dend, nor in the change of the bread and wine, nor in any sacraments but the two : Baptisin and the Lord's Supper."

Then the priest said, "Fou are a Protestant ?"
He amowered, "I have nothing to say ahout that. Will you let me
receive the Communion now, after I have told you my thuinghts? If so, it is good."

The priest said, "If you will promise to tell nubody else what you have told me, you may."

But he said, "Not at all. I want to do as Jesus said, 'What ye hear in the ear, that preach ye upon the house-tops."

Then the priest said, "Go away; I will have nothing to do with you."
As he left the priest he came to me, and I went to his house, and he toh 1 his wife and children and neighbours all about his conversation with th. priest. He was in great distress, as he had been excommunicated, so I tried to comfort him with the words of Christ to His disciples. The ne:at Sunday he came to the Protestant Church with his four sons, the eldest of whom in about twenty years old; and he has taken his children from the Greek schor, and put them into the English school.

I was going through the Muslern quarter one day, I heard a little girl abou; six or seren years old, singing-

## " How sweet the name of ITeus :onnds;"

I asked her what she was, Moadem or Christian, and where she haci learat this. She said she was a Mowem, that the children next duor vent to the Moslem school, and that the! had taught her the hymn. It did my heart crinel to hear it.
about three months ago I: mentioned giving a little tract to a little girl in the arms of a soldier, who is the servant of her parents, who are rich Muslums. A few weeks ago the child passed me in a carriage with her parents, and she called out, "There is the man who gave me the tract." The lady called me, and begged meto sell her a Bible. I gave her a Testament, anil she wished to pay me with a piece of 11 piastres, but as the price was only iriastres, I asked her to show me the way to her house, and I hope to go there and read and talk with her. She is the wife of an officer.

A young man of my acquaintance has been a great student, he is rich, and has learned many langueges, but the Bible he hated. Abrut six months ago 1 sold him a French Bille, and he consented to read it for the sake of the French language. I met him the cither day, and he told me that he has many pounds worth of broks, but now the Bible is worth all the rest to him. He wrote in his Bible, "I have a brook from my God, a treasurof priceless value," and he put his name to it. His friends told me that at Jerusalem this spring he was seen reading to many reople from his Bible. He is rery anxious that his little brothers should be received into the schools of Bishon Gobat at Jerusaiem. - Missing Link Magazine juer ifrtuiver.

## THE BIBLE IN INDIA.

Some of cur readers may remember that, several years agr, the Rev. Dr. Chamberlain, of the Arcot Alission, under authority from the Anerican Bible Society, made a Bible tour into certain parts of India heretofore unvisited by Christian labourers. He was followed at one point by a splendidy mounbed natire, who proved to be a petty rajah. He and his attenuants bought a Bible and poxions of the Ecriptures. Dr. Chamberlain, now in this country, called on us a few days agr, and informed us that, some jears afterward, he received a message from the attendant of the rajah, who paid the money for the books, to the purporit that the Eible which he then buyht had led him and his family to the saving knowledge of Christ, and that the rajah had the Bible read in his heruce every day. Thus God blesses his own truth to the conversion of men. We have requested Dr. Chamberlain to furnith us Eith a more detailed statement, which we trust he will do.-bible suciety Record.

## HOW AN INDIAN PRINCE WAS CROWNED.

Many years ago, in one of tha mission schools was a bright young Hindor, boy, named Bhajan Lal. Active in play, he was als, diligent in study, and, as a reward for his proficiency in learning, a Bible was siven him The boy did not value the gift because it was Gud's word, for, child though b was, his young heart was joined to the idols to which his parents bowed down; hat because the book was a prize, given him on aceont of his dilige de ats a student, ho gave it a place amoner his treasurers.

Ten years lefore this tine the Miharajah of the Pumjaub, in Northern India, died. The heir to the throne was his little son, Dhuler $p$ Singh, then hut four years of age. As he was too young to wield the sceptre of government, regents groverned in his place, and at the time, when our story opens these regents were engaged in war with the British. In this war they were defeated, and the seeptre of the Punjaub passed into the has la of the English.
The British Govermment placed the young prince, then fourteen years of age, on a pension, and, removing him from the comotry where he had expected ono diay to reign is king, sent him to Futtelugurh to be educated. Those to whise care he was committed desired to make as pleasant as possible the life of the exiled prince, and, to amuse him, songht for him at young companion. The persin to whom the che ce of such a complanion was intrusted, visited, one day, the school in which voung Bhajan Lal was a pupil. The loight, hamdsome face of the bry at ronce attracted his attention and the intelligent answers he gave when questioned in his classes deighted and surprised him, and he resolved to secure this young student as a companion for the boy prince.
Ehajan ial was pleased with the distinction conferred upon him, and was at onee transferred from the schoolroom to the home of the young prince, a tine mansion, in the midst of extensive frounds, on the bank of the sacred Gauges.
One day young Dhuleep Singh found lying amoner the prossessions his cornpanion had brought to his new home, the Bible which he hat received at school as a prize. It was a new buok to him, and he suriously turned over its paces.
"Vhat is this!" he asked.
"It is the sacred book of the Christians," was answered, "and it was given me as a prize at school, so I kece it."
"I wish to know what it contains," said the prince. Turning over its leaves he printed to a chapter. "Read that to me," he said.
Strangely enough, it was the rhapeter in Acts crataiuing the account of the conversion of Saul. Eagerly the young prince listened. Again and again the story of the wonderful change in heart and lifo in this man was read to him. And then he desired to know nore of that Guspel which had power th convert the fierce persecutor into the faithful and self-denying minister and missionary of that faith which he had once sought to destroy. And so day after day the wondrous story of redemption was read to him, until he began to feel a personal interest in the great theme. Did he not find in his own heart just such passions as once burned in the heart of Saul; and did he not need just such a Saviour as Saul needed? Some of the faithful missionaries at that time living in Futtehgurh were made accuainted with his case, and scught to instrucr him more perfectly in the things of the kingdom.

Dhuleep Singh withdrew his confidence from the Erahminical priests, and placed trust alone in Christ as his great High Priest and on the Sth of March, 1853 , he received the ordinance of baptism in the presence of all the eurrants of his retinue, of the European residents of the station, of the missionaries, and of the native Christians. He was at that time eighteen years of age.

In the yeara that hare come and gone since that eventful day, Dhuleep Singh has continued faithful to his roris. For many years he has resided in

Engliond, but he does nut furget his own country and people. A large number of mission schools for boys are supported by him in India; and each year, on the anniversary of his marriage, he sends a princely gift to the mission, in one of whose schools his wife, to whom he is devotedly attached, first heard the story of the Cross.

## THE BLIND TAUGHT TO SEE.

Mr. Macgregor, in his recent "Foyace," gives a most interesting account of Mr. Matt's mission to the blind and lame at Beirut. He says: "Only in February last that poor blind fellow who sits on the form there was utter!? ignorant. Nee how his delicate fingers rom wer the raised types of his Bible. and he reads aloud, and blesses God in his heart for the precious news, and for those who gave him the arenue for truth to his heart. 'Jesus Christ wili be the first person I shall ever see,' he says, 'for my eyes will he opened in heaven.' Thus even this man becomes a missionary. At the annual examinition of this school, one of the scholars said, 'I am a little blind briy. Once I could see; but then I fell asleep-a Ing, long sleep-I thought I should never wake. And I slent till a kind gentleman, called Mr. Mutt, came ami opened my eyes-not these eyes,' puinting to his slightest eyeballs, 'but these,' lifting up his tiny fingers-' these eyes; and wh! they see such sweet words of Jesus, and how he loved the blind!'"

## 期liscellancours.

## MEETING BRADLAUGH WITH THE EIBLE.

"One of our mothers," says a Bible-woman, "has a husband who is a hearer of Bradlaugh's. One day, when I called, she said she had good news to tell me. She had said to him, 'Now, look here, dou't go out to-night; siay at home; you hare got a nice clean tireside. If you want a pint of ale, let the boy fetch it for you. Turn over a new leaf; put on your own back what yuu are now putting on the publican's back.' Well, what do you think? He stayed at hume, and read two chapters in the Bible.
"' Well,' I said, 'I am glad to hear that. What did he read about?'
"" Why, he read about poor little Jrseph, and the woman of Samaria.'
""What made you think of those two chapters?"
" ' Oh,' she said, 'I like to hear about Joseph and his coat of many colnurs, and the woman going in the well to draw water. It seems homely, you know : for I was brought up in the country.'
"I said, ' I am so pleased you like those two chapters; for, you see, just as Juseph was sold, su was Jesus; as Jriseph was hated, so is Jesus, even to this day., Thuse whe do nut love Him say, 'A wiy with Him. crucify Him.'"
'"Ah,' she said, 'Goul furbid that I should he su wicked. I an sure I mould not hurt a tly, and if my boy was to hurt any dumb thing, I would give him a good thumping.'
"، ' Well, but I don't think that mould be the best way to act. If you were to take him, and tell him how wrong it is, and say, "God made that purr thing as well as He made you, and He sees everything you dro" I don't think he wrould do it again.' 'No,' she said, 'I am sure he would not; he is a goud boy.'
i" Well, now, abrut the woman at the well. You see Jesus knew all about her. She wis so struck with His teaching that she even left her water-pht. and went into the city $t r$, the men, and said, "Come, see a man which told me all things that ever I did," Now Yon, like her, must go to God an a poor lost
sinner for yourself, crying, "Lord save me, or I perish."' I left her a sermon of Mr. Spurgeon's, and said, 'I wish you would ask your husband to read this to you.' The title was, 'For God's sake save some.' I called again on Monday. She was washing.
" ' I know the time,' she said, 'when I would not leavo off washing to listen to such as you; but do come in, I must tell you about my husband. Sunday, after tea, he said, 'Where are you going to-night?'
"' Well, I said, 'I'd like to go to chapel for an hour. Will you come?'
"' No,' said he.
"' Well,' I answored, 'I have got a mee book; will you read it if I stay at home?'
" 'If you have made up your mind to go to chapel-go. I rill stay at home and read the bouk.' He did so. When I came home he said, 'Where did you get that ?' She told him. He said, 'Godbless her.' 'Oh,' she said to him, 'old boy, what about old Bradlaugh then, and his infidel ways?'
"' Well, now,' he said, 'if I thought the Bible showed the right way I would turn to it at once.'
"'Let us kneel down,' said the Bible-woman, 'and ask God, through His, Holy Spirit, to help him, and show him what is the right way.' I have faith that this prayer will be heard."-Mibsing Link Magasirte.

## GET R ${ }^{\top \pi}$ OF THE BIBLE.

Three Roman Catholic bishops gave this advice to the Pope on the day wuen consulted as to the mode of strerigthening the Church of Rome:
"Lastly, of all the advice ne can give your Beatitude, we have reserved to the end the most important, viz. : That as little as possible of the Gospel (especially in the vulgar tongue) be read in all countries subject to your jurisdiction. The little which is usually read at mass is sufficient, and beyond that no one whater must be permitted to read. While men were contendenl with that little, your interests prospered; but when they read more, they began to decay. To sum all; that Book is the one rhich, more than any other, has raised against us those whirlwinds and tempests whereby we were almost swept away; and in fact, if any one examines it diligently and then, confronts therewith the practice of our Church, he will perceive the great discordance, and that our doctrine is utterly different frum, and often contrary to it; which thing if the people understand, they will not ceave their clamour against as till all be divulged, and then we shall becume an object of universal scorn and hatrec. Wherefore even th ase fer pages must bo put away, but with considerable wariness and caution, lest so doing should raise greater uproars and tumults."-Imp. Library at Paris, fol. B, No. 1,038, vol. ii., pp. 641-642; also Brit. Mus. 7, c. 10, 11, Fasciculus Rermm, Lond. 1690 , fol.

The Pope was Julius III., and the document bears date-" Bologna. Oct. 23, 1553." The genuineness of this extract has been verified by reference to the original in the library of the British Museum.-N. V. Observer.

## THE SAVIOUR AT THE DOOR.

## A friend thus writes:-

Ore morning in June, tho birds had just amakened, the light just brightenirg in the east. I sat in an upper room waiting for the coming of Hin whom I could not keep away-all had been done to prevent His coming that zkill and affection could command, but to no purpose. We knew He was aming, and so were watching in the first gray of the morning. All night long Fie had watched by the side of One, thin, wan, panting for breath.

She longed to be released-a young saint who had loved her Lord, and whom Her Lord was now calling to Himself by a way that she had not known $\rightarrow$ young mother and loving wife.

I, her pastor, sat with her, to strew the promises in her path, and to cor:mend her in passing to the Lord's dear presence. "Sing to me, oh sing to me," she said-a_d then rose in faltering cadence,

> "Tesus can make a dying bed Feel soft as downy pillows are, While on His breast I lean my head Aind breathe my life out sweetly there."

We stopped-we could not sins-our hearts were ioo full.
"Oh, my pastor, I must tell yon, I am not afraid. I am so glad I arn ". ing-almost home."

She stopped for a monent to summon a little murestrength, then continued "I heard a little while argo, the sound of His chariot wheels. He is coming to taize me io His blessed home-me, a poor simner, so unworthy, but oh, I do love Fim so, and I am not afraid of Him."

Pausing again for a little, she went on : "He is at the door; will you lot Him in? He has come for me-oh! do let my Sariour in!"

It seemed to us a fancy-it may have been-but I went to, the door and opened it-there was no one there-I could sue no one-a breath of the morning air went past-I heard a sigh, and turned quickly to the bedside; s.. was not there, she had gone-on the face was left a smile as of greeting; glal welcoming; sweet amaze. -Missiug Link Mrynzine.

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## REPORT OF REV. SEPTIMUS JONES, M.A.

To the Board of Directors of Upper Canadn Bible Society:-
Gentlemen,-In making my annual report of the visits paid to the several Branches committed to my cliarge, I am happy to be able to state that they are, alnost without exception, in a flourishing condition.

Aurora, which I visited Uctober 13th, 1873, manifested its wonted zeal in the good rause. The meeting was well attended and the zeport cheering. Valuable help was rendered by the local speakers, and a good collection was taken up. The unfailing hospitality of MIr. Doan is still axtended to your asent.

On November 14th, I wart out to Medina, but although my notice had been acknowledged and agree? to, yet owing to some misadventure, no notice had been given.

At Sutton, a similar disappointment awaited me, the notice given on the spot being so insufficient that it was thought better to adjourn the meeting.

At Mount Albert, on the 17th, we had a fair meeting; the branch is in vigorous operation.

January 6th, 1874, I visited Holland Landing, where the Society had expired. After having called at a number of houses and urged the people to come out, I proceeded to the place of meeting and was gratified at seeing a fair number in attendance. It was unanimously resolved to reorganize the branch, Mr. Benj. Thorne, President; Wm. Turner, Secretary.

At the earnest request of the local officers in Aurora, I gave up one day to :ach of the ontpeats-Mit. Fisgah and Kettleby-where, owing to unfortunate weather and other causes, thera had been many disappointments.

In the same way, I visited, Jan. 10th, Queensville, an outlying post from Newmarket. Here we had a spirited meeting; and excellent singing led by a large juvenile choir.

Sunday, January 11th, I spent in Newmarket, preaching twice in the interest of the Bible Society.

* These Reports wero accidentally oncitted in formor number.

At Sutton, which I revisited January 12th, I was cheered by a fair attendance at the public meoting. The branch was fully urganized with good prospects of success. R. G. Stevenson, Esq., President; E. B. Randall, Sec.Treasurer ; J. M. Rae, Depositary.

At Medina also, we had an interesting meeting, and seven dollare and forty cents as a collection.

The annual meeting at Newmarket, Jan. 14th, was very satisfactory, and the report showod that good work had heen done. At Glenville, wa had the best meeting which I have attended there, and good promises were made for the future. At Lloydtown and Schomberg, the results on the whole were encouraging.

On March 12th, I visited Stouffille, and found the branch in the must flourishing condition which it had yet attained.

This was the last of the stations which I had undertaken, but owing to a sudden disappointment upon the part of an agent, I agi ued upon the emergency to do my best t f fill up a half a dozen of his appointments.

April 13th, I held a meeting in Cooksville. The attendance was small, but cheering results were reached. The nexi day I went on to Streetsville, where there was a numerous rally of the friends of the Bible Suciety, although one or two other public meetings were yoing on. At Derry West the interust seems living. The gathering at Brampton was small in numbers for a place of its population and activity, but there was a fair array of speakers, and the claims were very fully and powerfully advocated, and good must have been done.

One of the largest and most, :asing gatherings which I experienced during the season was at Bolton. The house was well filled and well lighted; the music was of unusual excellence; the speeches short and to the point, and a gowi collection was taken up. The branch prospers. The meeting at Malton, though smaller, was very satisfactory.

I would desire to express my sense of the universal kindness and almost nniversal hospitality with which your agent was greeted during the whole of his tour. It is a happy and protitable employment to the agrent himself, and of the utmost help to the society, as well as contributive to that unity of Christian feeling for which we all pray, and after which we should all labour.

I would desire to add, as a general remark, that those branches are most rigorous and most fruitful which have themselves established branchlets in the neighbouring villages and settlements. I instance Aurora and Newmarket: watering others they are watered themselves. I am convinced that a great deal more might still be accomplished in this direction.

> I remain, Gentlemen,
> Your nbedient servant, SEpTrMr's Jones

Yorkville, 1874. Agent.

## REPORT OF REV. M. BENSON.

Tu the Directors of the Upper Canada Bible Socicty:-
Gentlenen,-My Divine favour I hare been enabled to visit all the Branch Bible Societies in the County of Middlesex entrusted to my care.

A full statement of my work roay be found in the printed report of the London Auxiliary. The frecuent and heavy storms, together with the elections, interfered very much with my visits. In some places I was compelled to repeat the visits.

This rich County has some excellent Societies, and some exceeding sluggish ones.

I met with no cirect opposition, but everywhere was received with courtesy. Much raluable aid was furnished by resident ministers.

North-West London, East Westminster, East Williams, Melbourne and

Appin Branchen deserve honourabls mention. They are well officered and active. Delaware, Dorohestor, Strathroy, McGillivray West, Ailsa Craig, London North-East, and Adolaide, are in a fair condition. Require good attencion.

Komoka, Mt. Brydgen, Belmont, St. John's, Lucan, McGillirray East, Siloam and Lambeth, are feeble. They have fair territory, but by luok of attention have partially failed. Will no doubt rally into fall lifo.

Thorndale has come to life. This is the first year this Eranch ever did anything. It will do woll.

Gladstone and Nissouri West have no existence farther than in name.
Harriets 'le has a few noble members. Should be worked with Belmont.
Some of the Branchos had their business in confusion. This will demand the close attention of the Agent. Several or the more rural Branches would do much better by 2 visit in the fall ingtead of winter.

Praying that the "God of all grace" will prosper this noble work, I remain your obedient servant.

Michael Benson,
Strathroy, 1874.

## TORONTO SUBSCRIPTICNS TO THE

# alpucr Camada gitule Socicty, 

Fon tha Ygar, 1873-4.

| Nllan, Hon. G. W.. $\$ 2000$ | Beckutt, E | \$100 | Bridgman, J. W | \$1 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \rmstrong, James .. 100 | Buchan, H. E., M.D. | 100 | Browne, Henry | 100 |
| Anderson, W. R.... 500 | Browne \& ( ${ }^{\text {ano., }}$ Philip | 100 | Compbell \& Sun, Tas | 1000 |
| Aikins, Mrs ........ 200 | Brown, William .... | 100 | Cox \& Co., G. \& J.W | 200 |
| Austin, J. . ........ 190 | Bugs, John | 100 | Cameron, Rev. J. M. | 200 |
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| Arnott, I) .......... 200 | Buchanau, W. J.... | 200 | Carmichael, R. | 100 |
| Andersim. W ...... 100 | Boyd, John | 100 | Cowan, David | 200 |
| -thams, Dr ....... 100 | Buoth \& Son | 400 | Garrie, R | 200 |
| A. D ............ 100 | Brunt, George | 100 | Carter, John | 100 |
| Armour, John ...... 100 | Bee, Rev. W | 100 | Cayley, Hon. W | 500 |
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| Anderson, MIra. T. WF 200 | Briscoe, N[rs. | 100 | D. D | 200 |
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| Peardmore, Geo. L.. 300 | Beatty, Chadwick \& |  | Callender, IF. E ... | 100 |
| Jildwin, Rubert... 1000 | Lash . . . . . . . | 200 | Crumpton, H | 100 |
| Brown Bros........ 200 | Booth, G ......... | 100 | Cameron, Alex | 100 |
| Beardmore......... 100 | Bradshaw, Mr..... | 200 | Crawford \& Smith | 203 |
| Rolton, J. P....... 100 | Bryan, Ewart \& Mus- |  | (rompton, l'hos | 100 |
| Lialdwin, Rev. Arthur | rav $\ldots$.......... | 100 | Carr, ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 100 |
| H.......... 500 | Birnie, Mre . . . . . . | 100 | Cockhurn, Principal | 200 |
|  | I3uall, Mrs.......... | 100 | ('ittanach. A. J .... | 201 |
| Faldwin, Rev. Ed... 500 | Beattie, Tohn | 103 | Cochrine, M | 100 |
| 1:lake, Ferr \& Boyd. 2000 | Baldivin, W. A. | 400 | Clark, Dimean. | 200 |
| Bryce, McMurrich \& 00 | Bowes, Martha | 400 | Coyne. Samuel. | 100 |
| Co............... 2000 | Blake, S. H . ...... | 500 | Crickmore, Mrs | 100 |
| Bomnell, William... 200 | Boustead, J. B. . . . . . | 100 | Clipman, R.J. | 100 |
| Jrown, Taunes ...... 200 | Bird, Henry........ | 100 | Coleman, W. F | 100 |
| Bowes, Mirs......... 100 | Best, Thmmas | 100 | Clarkc. H. E. | 200 |
| Baker, liev. Thos .. 100 | Brown, J G | 200 | Cash | 100 |
| Buaulton, Trim $\ldots . . .{ }^{1} 00$ | Bird, W.J ......... | 100 | Crane, ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 100 |
| Eoulton, W. H. . . . 200 | Buckland. Professor: | 100 | Cooper, George | 100 |
| Bain, J .......... 100 | Boyd, Wilyina | 100 | Cash ........ | 100 |
| Butt, Ephraim..... 100 | Butt, Caleio | 100 | Chesbrough, Rev.... | 100 |

## Gameron, Hon: Mi. $\dot{0}$

Carroll. Rev. John
Clinkinbrommer, (:
Childs, E. A
(lark, J. \& A $\qquad$
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rorper, $\overline{\mathrm{W}}$.
Cameron, Hector.
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Jurie, Miss
lowney, T. jr
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Duggan, Hon. G.
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Dunbar. R
Davids, Joseph
Drysdale, 'Thomas
Dewart, Rev. E. H.
Dallas, R . J.
lenison, Mrs
חavidgon, D.
Downey, J
Dick, Thomas ...... R.

Elliot, W.
Ellis, J. E
Elwards. W
Eves, J.....
Ewing, Mrs.
Filliott, J. ...........
Elwards, $T$.
Luytish, O. E.
Ewart, John
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Ellint, Rev. J......
Evans, J., jun.
livans, Geo. M......
Bwart, C. S.
F.rrest, John

Finlton, Alexander T.
Fuch \& Sons
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Kwver, G............... $^{\text {. }}$
Flemint. J.
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C:urrie, James ...... $\$ 100 \mid$ Fotheringham, Thos. $\$ 100 \mid$ Hall, C. B. ........ $\$ 200$
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$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Fowler, IK........... } & 1 & 00 & \text { Haldan, John } \\ \text { Frisly, Samuel }\end{array}$
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Fister, James ...... 200 Fivghes, W. J......
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500 Itefery, hev. Ť. W̌.. 100
100 Joseph \& Co., J..... 100
500 Tarvis, Wm......... 500
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400 J. L. ................ 200
200 .Tones, W. W. ....... 100
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$\approx 00$ Inglis, Rev Wra..... 1 of
100 Kerr, John ......... 500
100 Kay, John............. 500
400 Eingstone F. W.... 200
$\because 00$ Kerr, William ...... 200
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200 King, Kev. John M.. 200
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100 Kerr, John …….. 100
200 Kerr, Isahella Eliza-
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1 10 Kerr \& Wilson...... 100
100 Kane, Mrs. Paul.... 100
Kent \& Ero........... i 00
2 Qo Kent, John ......... I 10
1 on 1 Kent, H.............. 500
100 Kinsstone, lrof.G. T. 200
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100 Lewis \& Son, Rice . . 1000
100 Lailey, Thos. \& Co.. 200
200 Lash, J. F.......... 200
100 Lawson, Joseph..... 100
400 Lavison, Edward.... 100
5) 00 Ljon, Jarnes F.... 400

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200 Litster, Mrs. Agacs. 1 (1)
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200 Lewis, J. F......... 100
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100 Lake, Rev. J. N..... 1 (6)
2 of Lanc, I. W......... 1 of
1 no Laidam. D. ......... 2 g
$\because 00$ Lursdin, John....... 100
1 No Lawrence, Kiev. Geo. 1 or
100 Laird, John ........ 150
200 Learnyd, Kev. John. 100
200 Leadley, E. ......... 100
100 Livinpstone, 5 chnston
200 \& Co. ............. 200
100 Leslie, Ger: ......... 100
100 Lawsnn, W. ......... I 1
100 Love, Neil C......... I 00
1 or Latch, W. ........... 200

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|  | 500 |  |  |  |  |
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| cDonnnug | 500 |  | 100 |  | 0 |
| cMTaster, Hon. | 250 | Manley, Re | 200 | Ra |  |
| cMaster | 1000 | Ogden, Dr. W | 200 | Rains, | 0 |
| atthews, W | 2 | Ogilvy \& | ${ }^{5} 00$ | Ry | 0 |
| ason, W. T | 500 |  | 100 |  | 00 |
| cGregor, P | 200 | Ofden, Uzziel, | 100 | TRobb, | 0 |
| erryfield, R | 100 | O'Brien, Henry | 200 |  |  |
| atheson, H . | 100 | $O^{\prime}$ 'Brien, E | 100 | Richards |  |
| acBer | 100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { Con }$ | 100 | Fioden, E. | 100 |
| cCord | 200 | Orr, Wm | 100 | Robinson. Blac | 100 |
| Causland | 200 |  | 100 | Sheppard, W. |  |
| cGam, T | 100 | Perkins \& Co. | 500 | Scott, Ja | 00 |
|  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| cBean, John | 500 | Patton \& Co | 200 | Spence, Geor | 100 |
| cllmurray, D | 500 | Paterson \& S | 400 | Smith, |  |
| cLean, D | 500 | Paterson, | 500 | Snarr, T | 200 |
| orton, | 00 | Plait, Samu | 500 | Stitbs, Jame | 2 on |
| cKee, | 100 | Poole, Rev. W. | 100 |  |  |
| ichie, J | 500 | Perry, Edward | 100 | Sessions, Coope |  |
| ason, T. | 200 | Perry, Mrs. Ea | 100 |  |  |
| itchell, | 100 | Potts, Rev. J | 400 | Sheard, Joseph |  |
| ason, $A$ | 200 | Peterkin, J |  | Stewart, Rev. |  |
| ason, T. W | 400 |  |  | S | 2010 |
| cDonald, Hon. | 200 | Pearson, |  | Sanson, Rev | 400 |
|  | 200 | Page \& Son | 100 | Stephenson, | 200 |
| arsball, Samu | 100 | Patterson, | 200 | Stewari, F |  |
| arrath, Char | 200 | Pearcy, | 100 |  |  |
| cDonald, A | 100 | Pearson, 1. |  | Scott, 'Th |  |
| urphy, J | 100 | Pearson, M. |  | Spreull, S |  |
| cKellar, Hon. A | 400 | Peake, Lewis |  |  |  |
| acdonnell, Rev.D.J. | 400 | Peach and Goulding | 100 | Stitt, M |  |
| ckinlay, A. | 100 | Peterkin, C. | 100 | Shaw, Ale | 100 |
| IcIntosh, W. | 100 | Price, John | 100 | Smith, Larratt |  |
| cEachren, N | 150 | Plenderleith, | 100 | Stayner, F |  |
| Cead, Joseph | 200 | Price, J., jun. | 00 | Sweetnam, |  |
| calurrich, W. 3 . | 100 | Parker, Sir Henry, |  | Shaw, Joh |  |
| MatthewieBro., $\mathrm{H} . \mathrm{J}$. | 200 | Ba |  | Sheppard, Miss M. A. |  |
| corlay, H. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 100 | Pri |  | e, Ricl |  |
| orrow | 100 | Plews. D | 1 | i Stephens, Jose | 10 |
| owat, Hon. | 400 | Rosebrugh, A. Mi., |  | Swan Brothers |  |
| Marling, Rev. F. H | 100 | M.D. | 500 | Steele, R . |  |
| Millard, Rev. Wm | 200 | Rordan |  | - |  |
| Tillard, Chas. S . | 100 | R | 200 |  | 00 |
| Macpherson, Hon. D . |  | Riches, |  | Skinner, Miss |  |
|  |  | Robertso | 200 | Scarth Brot |  |
| Mitchell, J | 100 | Riddell, | 200 | Strachan, Mrs |  |
| ItcPhail, M | 100 | Ryerson, |  |  |  |
| Latthews, He | 100 | $\text { D. } 1$ |  | Shaw, Ja |  |
| athers, Mrs. | 200 | Reeve, Dr | 200 | Schreib | 00 |
| iller, Hugh | 200 | Richardso |  | Shaw, | 00 |
| Macdonald, A | 100 | D.D. | 500 | Thomson \& B | 500 |
| Iartin, Mrs | 100 | Robinson, |  | Topp, Rev. D |  |
| atheson, A | 100 | Robinson, | 500 | Tyner, Jo |  |
| İorphy | 200 | Ross, D | 100 | Thom, Job | 500 |
| McGee, D . | 100 | Reid, | 100 | Temple | 00 |
| Minnro, Rev. | 100 | Rolph | 100 | Thompson | 0 |
| Morphy, E. | 200 | Richardson, Jas. H. |  | Turner \& Co., John.. | 0 |
| onre, Geo. | $\frac{1}{500}$ |  |  | Tay |  |
| IIcLaren, Rev. Prof. | 200 | Re | 1 | Tay | 10 |
| Macdonald, T. A. | 100 | Rowsell |  |  |  |
| acdonald, J. K. | 200 | Rose, John G | 400 | Taylor, | 0 |
| Matthews, Wm | 100 | Rogers, Jam |  | Taylor \& Bro., Thos. |  |
| re, | 100 |  |  | Tynex, E . |  |
| Morse, | 200 | Riley iM |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00 \\ & 00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Montgomery <br> McPhail \& Do | $2{ }_{2}^{200}$ | $\mid R_{n c}$ | 200 | Tovell, F. | 00 |


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| Vandersmissen, W.H | 100 | W |
| Welsb, I' | 100 | Wey \& Co., Jo |
| Walker \& Sons, | 500 | Wilson, J. W. |
| Wickson, John | 409 |  |
| Wocir, Rev. Li., | 200 | Wrodvock, A. |
| Wilkes, Rubert, M.P | 1000 | Wilsun, ITrs. |
| Whitne | 1000 | Whatmon |
| Woodhouse, Ja | 200 | Wrirht, |
| Walker, \% \& | 200 | Waters, R |
| Wallace, Rev. R | 100 | Wiiliams Rev |
| Wilkinson, Georg | 100 |  |
| Wilkie, 'Thomas | 100 | son, James |
| Withrow, J. J. | 100 |  |

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| B | H. Anderson \& Co. . . . . 100 | penter.... 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public ('oll | ¢5 76 J. Neads..... ..... J. 10 | . P. McCallum .... I 00 |
| Mrs. Reid | 200 Mrs. Wm. Mucdoch . 160 | st ........ 100 |
| 1). Fisher | 100 R. \& H. O'Hiara . . . 159 | 7. J. Hamilton..... 190 |
| E. Flood | 100 W. Wr McNautry . . . 190 | I. B. Mitchell . . . . . 100 |
| George McG | 100 Small sumis. . . . . . . . . 3: : 0 | T. R. Oliver . . . . . . . 100 |
| George Porter | 100 | Irs. Sanson $\ldots . . . . .$. Peter (liristic . |
| Thomas Brodie | 1000 | peter Ciristie ........ i 00 |
| D. Stott | 100 amlla. | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { D. L. Sanson........ } & \text { I } 00 \\ \text { Ur. C. S. Elliott .... } & \text { j. } 00\end{array}$ |
| Yellowlees | 1 100; Collection at Public | John Bailey ......... 100 |
| T. B. Fairbairn | 100 George J. Bnath . . . . . 10 00 | Mrs. Powley . . . . . . 100 |
| Villiam Mcilu | 100 . John Perry . . . . . . . . . 400 | G. S Bowes ......... 100 |
| Mrs. Gardiner | 100 Mrs. Dallas, Senr. . . 400 | James Walker ...... 100 |
| S. McConichie | 100 A. J. Allport. . . . . . . 400 | H. S. Scadding ....... 100 |
| John MIcDougal | 100 Thomas Dallas ...... 400 | Mrs iluckle ......... 1200 |
| C. Tod. | $100 \mid$ Inclville Nillar ...... 400 | Small sums. . . . . . . . . . 1200 |
| F. Cubitt | 100 A Churchman ..... 400 | 810714 |
| F. Raynes | 500.5 ohn Thomson ...... 400 | \$107 14 |
| John McMurtry | 100 Mrs. McPherson, Ra- |  |
| George Haines | 100 ma.............. 400 | os |
| M. D. Williams | 1 00 Prank Evans . . . . . . . 200 | Collection at Public |
| Mrs. Bellwood | $100 \mathrm{Mrs}. \mathrm{M} .\mathrm{Mrofitt} \mathrm{}. \mathrm{}. \mathrm{}$. | Mreting . . . . . . . . 5788 |
| Mrs. Holland. | 100 Pace \& Main. . . . . . . 200 | 3. M Misses Roran e Gootlwin. |
| John McClung | 100 Rev. A. Stewart .... 200 | W. H. Gibbs........ S So 00 |
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| F. Blakeley | 200 John Kean. . . . . . . . . 200 | J. F. Willis ..... .. 100 |
| Rev. G. Clarke | I 00 Thos. M. Elimondson 200 | G. W. Garth........ 100 |
| Rev. J. Smith | 200 Joseph Wallace .... 1 5 | Small sums ......... 233 |
| Fiev. A. Spencer | 100 W. R. Tudhope .... 150 | By Mrisses Basherville \& Du- |
| W. Allison. | \& 00 Conke Bros ......... 100 |  |
| S. Mediurtr | 100 I. B. Thompson ..... 100 | Wnod. . . . . . . . . . SI 00 |
| Dr. Beith | 100 Llev. J. Tray......... 100 | Ir. Smith .......... 100 |
| Rev. J. Bredi | 100 T. D. Hugg ........ 100 | J. B. Keddie........ 1 (1) |
| Thomas Patterson | 500 Rev. K. Creighton.. 100 | Mrs. Fairbanks...... 110 |
| John MeLend | 100 S.S. Robinson ...... 100 | R. Wellinston ...... 100 |
| John Higginbotham | 100 J. B. Perry ........ 100 | Dr. MrcGill........... 100 |
| 12. Reid | 100 A. W. Lueef $\ldots . .$. | Small sums......... 255 |
| Mcclung Bros | 200 a friend . . . . . . . . . . . 100 | $B u$ Ifisses Gott \& Cameron. |
| Murdoeh Bros | 100 W. B. Douglas ...... 100 | Mrs. T. S. Steele.... $\$ 100$ |
| C. Barker | 100 Peter Murray ....... 100 | Mrs. Grejs.......... 100 |
| J. Pinch | 100 Charles F. Eillis .... 100 | P. Luke............ 200 |
| Thompson \& | 100 William M. Hale.... 100 | W. Stephenson...... 100 |
| R. Manning | $100 \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{Hale} . . . . . . . . .190$ | W. T. Ritson......... 100 |
| T. Batting | 100 W. \&J. Tuahnpe.... 100 | W. H. Thomas...... 100 |

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BIBLE SUOIETY RWCORDER.

| Rev. R. B. Montgom. | By Misiss Pickell. | VOODVILLE BRANC |
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|  | A. Farewell, M.P.P. $\$ 500$ | Rev. J. L. Murray . . $\$ 1000$ |
| Rev. W. Scott ...... 100 | Daniel Lish ......... 100 | William C. White .. 210 |
| Small sums........ 523 | A. F. Fiudson ..... 100 | Angus McKay |
| By Mrisses Ficld i( Ashley). | Joseph Drew. . ..... $10{ }^{\text {d }}$ | Donald Grant …... 100 |
| A. Hackett W. Pellow ....... ${ }_{\text {\$ }} 100$ | Small sums.......... 680 | John Camplell...... 100 |
| W. Pellow . . . . . . . . . 1100 | By Mrsses Gould de Lce. Small sums ....... ${ }^{\text {S }} 125$ | Duncan MpCuaig..... 100 |
| I. Wills Gibbs . . . . . . 1 . 00 | Small sums ........ \$1 20 | John Cameron ...... 100 |
| Hon. I' N. Gibls . . 500 | Total . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 10888$ | John McInnis ..... 100 |
| Blainey \& Briggs ... 100 | 10tal .... . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {S108 } 88}$ | Hector McCrimmon 100 J. C. Gilchrist ....... 100 |
| Thomas Ech ........ 1100 | drry siound branot. | John Jamieson...... . . 100 |
| T. S. Simson . . . . . . . 100 | Mrat mound bannot. | McMillan \& McNabb 100 |
| George Bateman .... 100 | Collected by Mrrs. J. D. Beatty | A. C. Campbell \& ('o 100 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { William Mearns } & . . . & 1 & 100 \\ \text { W. T. Dingle } & \ldots . . & 1 & 00\end{array}$ | d. Mrs. Wm. Beatty. | Angus Mcleod. . . . . 100 |
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| W. T. Atkinson ..... 10 | Beatty \& wife.. 500 | J. G. Campbell..... . . 100 |
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| James O. Guy ...... \$1 00 | James Oastler ...... 100 | Mrs. McKay. . . . . . . 100 |
| Small suins. . . . . . . . 1175 | William Taylor. . . . . 100 | J. M. Roger ........ 100 |
| By Miss E. A. J. Ames \& | F.C. Hagar . . . . . . . 100 | Arch. McMillan .... 100 |
| Miss Sarah Strickland. | J. C. Wilmctt ...... 100 | Rev. M. McCulloch. . 100 |
| Andrew Annis...... \$2 00 | Frank Strain \& wife 200 | Arch. Roy .......... 100 |
| John Strickland . . . 200 | Small sums......... 225 | N. L Campbcil .... 100 |
| D. D. Slade ........ 200 | Collection at Fublis; | Smali sums.......... 29 \&3 |
| Mrs. Dordge . . . . . . . 100 | Meeting ......... 375 |  |
| Small sums........... 7 30̆ |  | Total ... .......... S67 83 |

## 解mittances.

RECEIPTS AT THE BIBLE SOCIETY HOUSE, TORONIO, FROM AUXILIARY AND BRANCH SOCIETIES, FROM 1sT APRIL TO 31sT OCTOBER, 1874.

|  |  | On Purchase Account. | Free to U. C. B. Society. | Free to B. \& Fi. B. Society. | Free to Sundries. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April. |  | \$ cts. | S cts. | \$ cts. | 5 cts . |
| Fullarton | Branch. | 830 |  |  |  |
| Holland Landing |  | 1041 |  |  |  |
| Bradford | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 5945 |  |  |
| Mount Forest | 6 |  | 2500 | 5000 | -......... |
| Whitevale | " | 1532 | 2608 | 1000 | -......... |
| Weston | c | 2823 | 2000 | 1000 | .... |
| Norland | '6 | 900 |  |  | . ......... |
| Mono Mills | * | 200 |  |  |  |
| Mill Point | " |  | 1556 |  |  |
| Eugenia | " 6 | S 25 |  |  |  |
| Unionville | ، |  | 647 |  |  |
| Aveniug | " | 3900 |  |  |  |
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[^0]:    *This number of the Recurder is edited by Dr. Hodsins, Senior Honorary Secretary of the Society.
    TThis wdertisement was to the following effect:-
    "The Enard of Directors of the Trpper Canada Bible Society requires the services of a fontleman competent to perform the cuties of Permanent Secretary, having a gond kinmedere rif figures, and capable of conducting correspmadence, as well as the publicatiun of the libile Recerder. Wut more than half the time of the Permanent Secretary would le required. Salary norint hundred dollors per annum. Applications with testinurnials to be addressed is the Honorary Scerctarios of tho U. U. Bible Society, Toroste."

[^1]:    * See proceedingl of the U. C. Bible Society in this matier, page 148.

