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## Quebec

Biocesan (bazette.
Vol. VII, No. 1.

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## The Bishop's Engagements.

The Bishop, having exhausted all the demands of the Clergy upon him for Confirmations, will be at home in Quebec during nearly the whole of this nonth, but he has to travel to Ottawa on Tuesday, January 9 th , in order to assist, in an Appeal case, upon the Court of the Metropolitan of Canada. For the remainder of the month, the Bishop will assist at the Cathedral and City Churches, and will, besides attending to his correspondence, prepare (1) a Lecture on the coming Bicentenary of the S.P.G. and (2) a Visitation Charge on the Diocese of Quebec, its condition and its needs.

Those of the Clergy, who are likely to have any Candidates ready to be confirmed within the next few months, should give the Bishop timely notice, so as to enable him to arrange to take his work-as much as possible--in districts.

The Bishop had intended this winter to visit the Gaspe Coast, bur, on inquiry, he finds that there would be little object in doing this, and that the Clergy would, on the whole, prefer to be included in the Summer Visitation to the Labrador and Magdalen Islands. For this purpose, therefore, the Bishop will (D.V.) leave Quebec about June 12th, and will be away, confirming, \&c., on the Gaspé and Labrador Coasts and in the Magdalen Islands until about the middle of August. It will be well for the Clergy of Quebec, Megantic and the Eastern Townships to note this, so that their needs may all be attended to by the beginning of June.

## The Bishop's New Year's Greeting.

The Bishop takes this year the opportunity of sending special New Year's Greetings to all our readers.

The aesign chosen is certainly a beautiful one and the ideas expressed in it are true and timely. For from the Bells we are to learn to
'Ring out the old, ring in the new ;
' Ring out the false, ring in the true ;
' Ring out all wrath, ring in all peace;
'Ring out hard terms, ring in release.
And from the Text we are taught, not only with regard to the terrible war that is in every one's mind, but also with reference to all that we propose to do or carry out during this new year, that nothing can be accomplished successfully in our own strength, but that we must all put our real trust in the Lord, our God, our most merciful Father, remembering that it is He and He alone, who is in very truth the Stronger than the strong.

## Subscriptions.

We are grateful to those of our friends, who have made a ready response to our request for the sending in of subscriptions and renewals. But there are still a good many who owe their subscriptions for 1899, and some even, who owe for 1898 and 1897. Many also have sent small extra donations towards the expense of our Pictures. We hope that more still will follow their good example.

But above all we truat that all those who themselves find pleasure in receiving and reading their Gazeites, will now try and thmk of one or more of their friends, whom they might induce to take it. The true plan is to show to Church friends a copy and urge it upon them, as drawing the whole Diocese into one. It is hardly fair to leave all this kind of thing to the Clergy. The difficulties they meet with in the matter are well portrayed in the following extracts from letters:-

One writes, "I have done my very best to lengthen the list of names of subscribers........I I like the people of this Mission very much, but they will look longer at a penny before spending it than any people I have ever known, without exception ; and that is not saying a little, 1 assure you. It is not an uncommon thing at $\mathrm{X}-$ to have six or eight cents in the Plate from a congregation of 20 or upwards; and as far as tatking to them goes, they are absolutely, imperviously, pachydermatous(thick-skinned)'.

Another writes, "I may ray at once that I have not been paid anything yet, and indeed have been paid only about half of last jear's (99) subscriptions. Some of my friends sutter from defective memories; but their principles are good, and I have no doubt about heing paid sooner or later-especially later!"

Now much of this kind of thing would beavoided, if our readers would themselves rake the matter up, and secure for the Gazerte new subscribers, asking for the twenty-five cents-a very small sum for so much that is interesting and pro-nriable-and sending the money up to the Editor. In this way we should have an ever-growing circulation, enabling us to do more and more for our readers : and more and more of our people in all our Parishes would know something about their Church, and would realize that.they sre members, not only of a Parish but of an old and distinguished Diocese.

## The Robert Hamiliton Memopial.

A great many of our readers will be glad to learn that considerable progress has been made at Lennoxville. Already the new Dining Halls of Bishop's Colleqe and School are fast approsching completion ; and while the Classical Pr, fesor's Lecture Ronm has been doabled in size, there has been added a new Lecture

Room, much larger than any in existelice before. The Kitchens and Domestic Offices have been much enlarged and greatly improved, and there have been added in the upper fiat new Paths and Offices and accommodation for six additional Students. With all this the elevations, both in front and rear, have been: greatly enhanced. so that by the erection of the tirst section of the work, there exists already a grand standing Mcmorial of our late Benefactor and Friend, Mr. Robert Flamilton.

But the promoters of this design are most anxious to be able to proceed with the next section of their undertakinn, for they have reasomable tenders, whics hey must accept or lose ; and it would, moreover, be a very opportune t me, now that the Principialship of Bishop's Coilege is vacant, to be able to goon, and carry out the improvements contained in what is known as Section III of the proposed work. This section in volves a well built, reconstructed Principal's Lodge, an improved Principal's Lecture Room, a uew Lecture Room, and new Rooms for six more Students. In carrying out this portion of the plan, there would he improved Elevations both back and front on the right wing to balance the improved Elevstion already erected on the left.

But for the present, alas ! it seems to be impossible ts go forward and do all this for lack of funds. Undeniably we have felt grievously in this matter the loss of the late beloved Principal Adams, who, had he been at his post, would have led our Montreal friends to understand how true it is that nearly all the expense undertaken thus far has been incurred in favor of the School and not of the College. The College has always had full and sufficient Dining Hall accommodation for its own needs; but now there has been erected an entirely now Diwing Hall solely for the service of the Achool Boys and with no entrance to it from the College. If this had been fully understood, there is no doubt the friends of the School would have assisted to a far greater extent, and this would have set the money actually subscribed free for improvements, which belong more particularly to the College. Dr. Adams, too, would have found his way to many others, whom, for various reasons, no one else has seemed able to reach.
Even throughout the Diocese of Queber, it is only in comparatively few Parishes that the matter has been thus far ade-
quately attended to. What is much to be desired is that there should be a general house to house canvass everywhere, and that thus there should be under every ? arish a large number of names, making up a vast, or at any rate a considerable aggregate, expressing, (as Archdeacon Roe well put it the other day at the $S$. Francis Deanery Board at Sherbronke) " the gratitude felt not by a few wealthy men only and by the Clergy, but by all the members of the Church, high and low, rich and pour alike, for the many great and valuable gifts and benefits bestowed by Mr. Hamilton upon the Diocese and its Institutions during his long life." We are very glad, therefore, to know that the S. Francis District Clergy, or in other words the Clergy of the Bastern Townships, have agreed that such a house to house collection shall be made by themselves or by duly appointed Collectors in all their Parishes, and as far as pussible in the last week of this month; and we earnestly trust that this movement will extend to the whole Diocese, so that there shall be an ample Roll of the names of our people, all eager to do honor to the memory of a great Benefactor and true Christran Friend.

## The Bishop's Visitation.

Che next Visitation will be held at one centre, i.e. at Bishop's Conlege, Lemoxville, in September, during the week previous to the opening of the College and Sc'iool. There were many advantages in holding the Visitation of two years ago at sevon different centres, but there are also other advantages in meeting all at one place, and conseruently the Bishop hopes to adopt the two plans alternately, and since this time all are to he invited to meet at Bishop's College, it is earnestly hoped that all the Clergy will note the fact and make their arrangements, so that they shall be present and help to render the occasion both profitable and pleasant.

## Ad Clerim.

## PRAYERS.

Since the sad war in South Africa seems likely to continue for some time, the Bishop requests us to state that he hereby authorizes the following prayers recom-
mended by the Archbishop of Canterbury and York, in addition to, i.e. as alternatives for, the Prayers already authorized in our issue of November, 1899 :

Lord God of Hosts, our only Streugth and Refuge, we come before Thee confessing our many sins and forgetfulness of Thee in the time of our wealth. Pardon, we beseech Theo, all these our offences and cloanse us from our sins. Forgive whatever may have been amiss in us in the controversy which has led ue into this present strife, and grant in Thine own good time a righteous issue and the blessings of peiwe; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.
Most Merciful Father, we humbly beseech Thee, let Thy protecting care bo over those who have now gone forth to fight the lattles of their country for the deliverance of the oppressed and for the maintenance of justice and equity between man and man. Comfort their families in their absence, and soothe all anxieties with Thine own consolations. Relieve the sufferings of the many that must inevitably suffer ; and finally, we pray Thee, hasten the time when war shall cease in all the world and all mankind shall dwell together in the spirit of brotherhood and godly love. Grant this, we beseech 'thee, fur the saleo of our only Master and Saviour, Jesus Christ. Amen.

## Our Duty at the Present Time.

The following appear to be some of our most pressing duties, with reference to the sad war, now being waged in South Africa :-
(1) A full and free confession to God of our National and Imperial shortcomings, which deserve and which must be expected to bring upon us Divine Judgments, with a view to our repentance.
(2) Acknowledgment of our great responsibility to bring the blessings of good, even-handed government, solid education and oi true religion to our whole Empire, and, as far as we are able, to ather lands:
(3) An absolute renouncing of the self-contidence, which makes us feel certain that we must le Victors, simply because of our greater wealth and superior power and numbers, leaving the Almighty entirely out of the question.
As long as we think of success as arising merely from our possession of good cflicers and men and equipment, and do not fully and practically recognize that it is ours to do our best, but that we are utterly in the Hand of God, and that He alone gives victory, so long we may expect reverses and humiliation. Whereas, if we place ourselves, as an Empire, in God's Hands, He will uphold us and give us further opportunities which will entail, of course, further responsibilities in His Sirht. It would seem to be well, therefore, that we should add the following Prayer from our Prayer Book or something like it, to our daily private Prayers, thus doing our part towards placing the whole of this serious matier in God's Hands :-

O most powerful and glorious Lord God, the Lord of hosts, that rulest and commandest all things; Thou sittest in the Throne judging right, and therefore we make our address to $\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{y}$ Divine Majesty in this our necessity, that Thon wouldest take the cause into Thine own Hand, and judge betweenus and our enemies. Stir up thy strength, $O$ Lord, and come and help us; for thou givest not always the bat le to the strong, but canst save by many or by few. O let not our sins now cry against us for vengeance; but hear us Thy poor servants begging mercy, and imploring Thy help, and that I'hou wouldest be a defence unto us against the face of the enemy. Make it appear that Thou art our Saviour and mighty Deliverer, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

## Letter from the Rev. J. Almond.

Rev. J. Almond, Anglican chaplain of the Canadian contingent, has writ ten to Rev. B. Watson, Curate of st. Matthew's Church, Quebec, a descrip-
tion of his experiences on board the Sardinian on her voyage out to the Cape, which he says was, after a few days rough weather at starting, a most enjoyable one. IIe had under his charge at least 550 of the men. The Services on board, he says, will never be forgotien. Fuery man sar:, and responded :a a way that brocght out the ginud ur of the Church Liturgy. (On the second Sunday of the voyage lo had : Celehnation of the Holy Con:munion on deck just as the sun was rising. It was rery impressive and most of the offices and many of the men were present The Methodist and Presbyterians to the number of about 250 are under the charge of Rev. Mr. Fullerton, and the Roman Catholies, to the number of about 290 , are under the charge of the Rev. Father O'Leary. The evenings on board were spent in a social way and a concert was given every evening by one of the companies. Every profession in life seems to be represcited among the men and a splendid tone prevails. Mr. Almond says he is very much encouraged in the work and will never case to be thankfui that he has been privileged to go and minister to such fine young fellows. Mr. Amond received his ofdicial appointment as Chaplan on arrival at Cape Town, which means that he has now accompanied the contingent to the fromt.

## CHERCR SOCIETY.

## Cextral Board.

A stated meeting of the Central Board was held on 191h December, the Lord Bishop in the chair. The Treasurer submitted a report. A grateful acknowledgment of the $\$ 100$ granted by the Society towards the erection of their new Church was reccived from the Incumbent and Wardens of Kinnear's Mills. A communication was received from Lt.-Col. Ward, re school at Clapham. It was resolved that the grant in aid of said school should be paid in full. A grant was made in aid of school at Hemison. The Dean of Quebec and Professor Gumn were appointed a committee to co-operate with the Lord Bishop in making arrangements for the Snniversary Meeting. Canon VonImand, Mr. John Hamilion, and the Secretary were appointed a commitice to review
the Clerical reports, preparatory to their being printed. The secretary received permission to print in the Annual Report the names of all Subscribers to the societ!'s Funds. In view of the ver! great importance of the Society hating in its possession a complete record of all properties possessed by the Church in the Diocese, the Excentive Committe of Synod was respectfolly requested to see that the steps already tahen to effect this end were pashed to a successful issue. The ppinion of the Hon. Counsel with reference to the manarement of the Mountain Endowment Fund and with reference 10 the Archdeaconry of Quebec was summitted to the Board. The report of the (ommittee on By Law Xill. ('ensions) summitted at the last, mesting, having come up for cor.sideration, its character was, with the permission of the Board, altered, and its consideration deferred until January. The Lord Sishop submitted a statement of mission work carried on in the Diocese independent of the Diocesan board of dlissions, hitherto largely supported by money received from time to time from the late Hon. Senator Price, and his Lordship made a prope al to hand over to the custody of the society a portion of the bequest left by lir. Price, on condition that the liocesan izoard assume the responsibility of these special worts referred to. The proposal was shmitted to a Committee of the central board to act conjointly with a committee of the Diocesan board and to report thereupon. A resolution was passed expressire of the profound sanse entertained by the Society of the manifold services rendered to the (luureh in this Diocese by the late IIon. Semator Irice and of the great loss which the Church is called to bear through his death, and expressive also of the society's deep sympathy with, his bereaved family.

## a arorhial Missions.

In a recenf issue we explained, that the Bishop has now at the disposal of himself and the Dicicesan Doard a fund for the purpose of bearing the necessary expenses of Parochial Missions. drter a time the Bishop will endeavor to lay before the Clerey a few names of priests of the Diocese who will be willing to hold a Mission in one or
more of our parishes. But for the present the Bishop cannot help thinking that among our Clergy there are some who might with great blessiag hold a Mission in : brother Clergyman's parish, and he will be very glad to hear from thos" of the Blergy who would like to have a Mission held in their parishes, so that he may have an opportunity of conferring with them on the choice of a missioner, as well as upon the preparation that should take place before a Mission is held.

## Paper on Religious Music,

By A. Cecil Smith, B.A.
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentle-men,-In preparing a aper on Religious Music, the difticulty is not so much to know what to say, as to know what to leave unsaid. With its various branches and aspects, all of pressing importance and almost equal interest, it is hard to decide whit line to take, while to deal exhaustively with the subjer, would be the rork of a life time. If then you will bear with me for a few minutes, I will endeavor to lay before you just a few points, which I hope will be of practical value and rot dev id of interest.
in all ages of the riurld, in every nation uider the Sun, wherever man has felt the need of religion in any form, music has formed an essential part of the expression of this feeling, whether in the most highly civilized and cultured nations, as amongst the Ancient Greeks, or among the simplest races of mankind. Music has been called the effort of the soul to speak, and everywhere religious sentiment finds expression in this glorious gift of Goit. Consequently, the Church, in providing that certain portions of our Services shall be sung, is only obeying a universal law of Nature.
Let us then turn our attention to these portions of our Services, with this splecial object in view, viz., to learn by what means the greatest number of the congregation may be induced to take their wart in the music. In other words let is ask ourselves the question, "How are we to get Congregational Singing?"
In the first place, let us trv to discover some reason why individual members of the congregation fail in this respect. Is it lack of interest in

Hes Earvicer If eo, the fault IV not at the door of those who have the dr cuetrion of the munic, and is a mattior to be treated of in next Slunday's mermon. It is a favorite suear of our Gemman cousins, that the Britich people are not musioal. But yo long as our cities can axpply matectal for choire whose match can be foumd in ecarcely any couniry in the world, such a meer may be regarded as idio conceit. Britim people are not less mualcul than most of their neighbors. I am inclined to think it is our niatural meserve and diffidence which in at the root of the matior. An Englishman is not fond of talking for the salce of talling, and on the sami principle, perhaps, be is shy of commencing to dens. The late Mr. John Curwein (I think it whas) orlce sald that the number of children in the Board eohools of Londop tho were abeolutaly unable to rimin to eing, wal oxtremaly mall, in fict almoat nill. Let ue take it for granted, therefore, that the majority of an avecage congregation have volose more or lesis musical, and it only remains to induce them to make uee of theth. The voices are there, but we must remember that many of them are untrained voices, and consequently ate mont lilkely of limited compass. We shall have, too, amonggt our congregation all classes of voices, natural copranos, altos, tenors and basses, each clasis with its own compass. To suit all, therafore, we see that the first requisite of our music is that it mall have a limited range. From $C$ to C or D should rarily be exceeded. Again, á singer besides a highly trained voice possesses a hiphly trained ear, which enables him to cecignize and re produce the most difficult intervals with case and certainty. Let anyone, even with a good ear, who has had no training, try to sing wuch an interval as say from $C$ to $F$ siarp, after hearing the notes sounded. He will find considerable difficulty in reproducing the notes in tune: or a succession of thre or four semitonus-there will be a similar difficulty. cust as we must not exact too much from the voices, 5) we must not expectit tio much from the ears of ountrained singers; our tumes must contain as few Chromatic notes as possible; Accidenta or notes, foreitet th the kes should be avoided. No skive or diffcult inters als should occur. our ithel trelod wo wid move by sim-- 12 'seale is arpersio vassages.

That limited, the amount of mante arallablo might mem at frst might to bo tertimady mall; and 30 it whull be, wore wo to insist to rigidly on theme principles. But, however true, they may to in theory, yet in pratitice I think wo whall find it unneoeding to be too strict, especially witil regici to high notes. . To put a tune of ope side solely because it has an E in it work be ebouxd. Some of our most popular hymn tunes, tunes which always rouse up a congregation most cortainly have high notes which, nevertheleas, do not prevent their being heartily sung. Take for example Suilivan's wellknown tune to "Onward Christian Soldiers." It coies up to F and yot nobody is afrald to sing it. Or look at another old favorite, the Old Hundredth going as high as © natural: Yot more congregational hymn tume could scarcely be written. Again thare is Mendelssohn's Christmas Hyma, "Fiark the Herald Angels Sing, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ with several high notes, which nevertholess present very 1 titio difficulty in their production. The sectet is the high notes are so naturally approached, one does not realize they are out of the ordinary range. They geen to fit so naturally into their placem, that they are sung before one has time to think about them. We shall have therefore to modify our former statement. It is not an occasional high note, that takes away the confidenice of the average singer. It is rather, when the general pitch of the tune is above the ordinary, that the strain tells, and one by one the voices tire and become silent. Can any one expect a congregation to sing verse after verse of a psalm whose reciting note is $\mathbf{D}$ or $\mathbf{E}$, when even a trained choir would with difficulty get thrqugh it without reproach ?

Our other restriction, too, with regard to difficult intervals, may in rare cases be relared. "For instance, in a sequence of fourths, we may get an augmented fourth between the subdominant and leading note, a most difficult interval when taken by itself, which, however, gives no trouble in this exceptional case. But cases of this kind are extremely rare; in fact, I can scarcely quote a single instamise in the melody of any familiar thym tune. Wo come then to this conclusion, that our melodies must flow alons in a simple and natural mannor, without any unaxpected elipe or high nôten.

Thus being confined to notes of the natural scale, with which every ear must be familiar from the cradle, our tunes will be readily, unconsciously and correctly acquired by the congregation.
There is one other essential point we must notice, which has perhaps received too much attention in certain quarters, and which has led to most alarming productions in the way of hymn tunes so-called. It was very rightly assumed that to catch the popular car a tune should have a "good swing." Quite true. And so to get this most desirable quality certain compilers, throwing overboard every consideration of musical excellence and appropriateyess to the words, have given us for hymn tunes a conglomeration of trash, written in some trivial waltz or march measure without one spark of feeling or genius, whose only recommendation is that, when once heard, they go dinning through one's brain, driving one to the point of distraction. It is bad enough to get the latest popular song on the brain, but when you find your seif humming, "Shall We Gather at the River," or "O Let Us Be Joyful, Joyful, Joyful, Joyful," it becomes unbearable. Without doubt they have plenty of swing; and precious little of any thing else. Most assuredly, with our noble heritage of music handed down to us from countless generations, we have no need to descend to such worthless commonplaces. Consider the majestic rhythm, the sublime simplicity of such tunes as S. Anne, Melcombe, Rockingham, Winchester Old and numbers more. Add to these the more modern productions of such men as Stainer, Dykes, Barnby, Elvey, Sullivan and others too numerous to name, and we shall coufers that there is un lack of hymn tunes, uniting with tie highest musical excellence all the qualities demanded for congregational use, which seem to breathe the ver: spirit of the words we sing, and uplift the soul away from earth into the very presence of its Creator.
So far we have confined our attrition more especially to hymn tuncs, though much of what has bcen said will apply equally to all our music. Let us now turn for a few monients to the Psalms. Here we have to decide between two distinct and wholl? different methods of chanting, comitionly known as Gregorian and Anglican.

Each has much to be said in its favor; and each no doubt has; its defects.

In the lirst place Gregorimn Chants have all the dignity and veneration derived from centuries of use. It is truly an inspiring thought to think we are singing the very melodies, which generations of our forefathers sang, which saints and martyrs used of old, and which were possibly hrard even in the courts of solomon's Temple.
Secondly, they are distinctly ecclesiastical. Plainsong is a kind of music which the Christian Church may claim as its own peculiar property. Between modern secular and sacred music there can be no disticnt line drawn. Our Gregorian Tones and 2 few other melodies are the only survivals of ancient music, and stand out clearly, a class by themselves; totally different to any modern compositions.
Thirdly they are of casy compass, well within the range of almost any voice. One of the simplest and most beautiful of the 'Tones, the sixth, has but three notes; and the widest of all, the Parisian Tone, only extends an ootave.
Moreover, they are sung in unison, and in consequence there is no rianger of their being spoilt by extemporized harmonies on the part of sonie well meaning amateur in the congregation. For this reason, too, they are particubarly suitable for men's voices, and in this respect possess one of their greatest advant:ges over Anglicans. Another importan! point also depends on their being in unison. It gives the organisi great latitude in his accompaniment. He varies his harmonies in every verse and so the necessity for a change of clant is never felt, even in a long psalm. The simplest cliant so trealed cannot become wearisome.
Now all these points make a very strong case in favor of Gregorians for Church use. But will they ever make them pppular? Some of their most excrlient qualities are just what are likely to have the opposite efiect. Their antiquity, however exalted the sentiment connerted with it, gives them an archaic and obsolete savour. Mondern music lias developed on such difierent lines. Of the cighth Modes of Gremory we have but tiwn, the Maior and Ninor, correxponding to the Plagal Aenlian and Plagal Dorian modes of the old system. The other six modes, with the semitones in various positions in the scale, to our ears
sound very uncouth. Play a scale of natural notes on the piano from $D$ to D, and we get one of Gregory's other Modes (the Authentic Dorian). To get an idea of the effect of using such a scale, find a hymn tune in the key of D, and play it without taking account of the sharps in the signature. It would hardly sound satisfactory in places, and I think you will admit would not be much easier to pick up by ear in its new form. The music written in six Modes out of eight then presents this difficulty in a greater or less degree, and it is this tact which gives to Plainsong music its strange unfamiliar effect. It sounds as if it stopped in the middle, because our ears have always been accustomed to hear the key note at the end, and in the Modern sense Plainsung has no keynote at all.

One of the advantages of Gregorians which we mentioned was the fact of their being sung in unison, and as a result the possibility of a various accompaniment. A good organist will make Gregorians really most effective and interesting to listen to, so much so, that there is a danger of making the hearers stop to listen to the wonderful effects, instead of joining in the singing. The accompaniment may become so elaborate, that the chant loses all its importance, and is dwarfed into nothing by reason of what is intended to give ịt interest. Truly the sins of some organists in this matter are great. Not satisfied with the liberty of almost unlimited harmon es, they seem to think they have "carte blanche" to introduce all sorts of descriptive effects, which no doubt are extremely clever; but which totally wreck the dignity and majesty of the psalm. In one psalm we sing "The lightnings shone upon the ground" and away goes a flash of lightning up the key-boand in the form of a Chromatic Scale, followed by its natural consequence a peal of thunder executed on the 32 -foot pedal stop. 'r "e waves of the sea raging horribly," or "the lions roaring after their prey," are all faithfully portrayed in vivid language. Bearing on this point a very good anecdote is told, and though it may be rather old is perhaps worth repeating. Several ladies -were discussing among other mattens the performances of the organists of their various churches. "Oh," said the first, "our organist is a wonderful man; you
should hear him play the Psalms when he makes the birds sing among the branches." "That may be very clever," said a second, "but Mr. Brown does the thunder and lightning and the bulls of Bashan to perfection." "Very fine, no doubt," put in a third, "but just you wait till you hear Mr. Jones grin like a dog and run about the city." Such an abuse of liberty is of course indefensible, and in the case of an Anglican: with its fixed harmony almost impossible.
Another grave defect in Gregorians for congregational purposes is this. However simple and natural some Tones may be, many of them are quite the reverse. Take for example the Third Tone, third ending, or some of the more elaborate Festal forms, winding about, up and down in the most unexpected manner. They would hardly be likely to get on one's nerves after being once heara. Again, having no pretensions to be rhythmical; they are lacking in the swing and go which are such marked features of the Anglican chant, and which in the case of hymn tunes we found to be so essential.
I do not intend to hold up the Anglican chant as perfection. It has its advantages and defects. But this I do say, that no other form of chanting is so likely to catch the popular ear,or presents fewer difficulties to the untrained or partially trained singer.
There are good and bad Anglicans, but fortunately there is such an unlimited stock to select from that we need never be driven to use the bad. Chants with high reciting notes or difficult progressions may with a little discrimination be easily avoided.
Finally, whatever method of chanting we adopt, it will be impossible to get Congregational Singing, unless the choir is well in hand. The chief fault of most choirs is to hurry the recitation. How often we hear a long verse degenerate into a mere uniptelligible gabble, as if every voice was anxious to get first to the accent. The recitation should be quite deliberate, with every comma kept, just as in good reading. Good chanting should combine as far as possible good singing and good reading. If the choir start ofi at a break-neck pace. sca ping half the little words, and rushing over three or four commas, they can hardly fail to leave behind the panting and breathless congregation after the first thireo
veises. When the choir sing antiphonally, too, they often seem to have still less mercy on the lungs of the congregation, so promptly are the verse picked up by the responsive sides of the choir. It would be a good plan and not at all dillicult to accomplish, if the congrestion had some molersandins so that they might sing alernate verses. Thus in addition to the relief gained by the rest, a spirit of rivalry might perhags tse aroused. which possibly would lead to some improvement in the volus:- of sound, and woud add conciderably to the general eflet of the singing.

## Bicentenary of the S. P. G.

In 1893 we were keeping the Bientenave of the S. P. C. K., and carly last year we celelpated the Centenary of the C. M. S., aud now. in June this je:r, we are to rajoice lefore fiod wer the gromi work which for tro hundred yens he has pernitted to be proformed ly the S. P. (x.

Secing that it was this molde suciery. which from the flast prowided :oml paid the Cluysy of thas great Dummion, and which, when unabe to do the whole, still continued to ato a very large $p \cdot \mathrm{r}^{+}$, and does so even to, the present diay, surely we ball rise up like me man and return thanks mito Almigh'y Goul for these His inestimable benefirs, :und we shall make a real, self-derying and generoh flort to raise, for the Venctahle sinciety, a true thauk-offering, showing that we are not ungrateful to God's favored Instrument, and that we desire to s e e its work prosper amomgst others, as it has alirealy dome so marvellously amungst oursthes.

## The Bishop of hlmmizs Coilere tions.

Friends of the Diocese of Algoma will be ghad to learn the result of his rece nt risit to Quebec.

## Cathedral.-

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Sunday Schuol.
Offertory

## S. Mutheru*s.-

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Suhsuription Cards, $\leqslant: 32 . \overline{3} 0$
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\& $116: 30$
Sprenin.-S. Michael's Branch

This is it $s$ ord shewing, and if we add to it SiO.50 collected by Mrs. Sharples from the e tha daral cards of previous visit, we tee the rrand lishom's Dincese benelited to the e stent of $\$ 42.75$.

## The St. Francis District Association and Deanery Board.

On the fifth of Decemior last the St. Fionei- Divtriet Dsuciation of the Church Fociety leded its amual meetines in St. Petens Church Hall, Sherhrowe, when there were present the Lord Bishon of the hineese and $2=$ of the Clergy of the Ditrict. This Association was formed in the year 1ss:3, when thate were only? Glereymen it: the District, aud their Stipends were wholly paid hy the S. P. G, The Missi-ms of the District then were Hathey, Compton, b:atom, bury. Lemon-vill-. Sherhrowie, Mellowrme, Kingse's ami Durham, and Drumnondrille.

After 5ib years there are now Wh Clerymen in the listrict engayel in Parochial work, and comutiag the now Principal of bidnop's Cohloge som to be appointed, 4 empluyed in Fiucational work, making with the Ven. Archuleason, whom we ath hepe to he able to reckon for some yeas to comar amoner the Clerey of the District, :t total of $3: 3$ actively mployed-a sain of Ot in inf yous, or an average of one Clergyuan mhend fur every 21 years-or a gin of Biatiper cont.
Reports were rewived from every parish and massior hut one-the new mission of Milhy, Johmrille and Sand Hill-and the Secretary's summary show-
ed that a great deal of real, carnest work is being done all over the District. The Baptisms for the year were 322 ; thuse contirmed numbered 257; the Marringes were 55, and the Burialy 169. The amount oi money raised for all Church purposes was $\$ 28,30$ \%. 56 . Of this $\$ 1,-$ 918.27 was for various objects withir. the Dincese, such as the funds of the Church Sircit'y, and \$1,103.68 was sent outside the Dtocese for missionary purposes.

The Treasurer, Mr. J. A. Wiggett, could nut make a complete report, as part of the money raised had been sent to the Treasurer in Quebee, but he stated that the had received over $\$ 1,000$ for the funds of the Suciety. Mr. Wiggett was elected for another year. He has shown great interest in the work and has introduced a better system of buok-keeping. No doubt next year he will have a fuller report to present.

In the evening there was a grand Serviee in St. Peter's Church, when two Bishops and about 25 Clergy were present. The preacher was the Lord Bishop of Algoma, who delivered a most thoughtful sermon from the text "Lord, show us the Father and it sufficeth us,"

The next morning a large number of the Clergy and Lay Hespers of the District received the Holy Communion, the Bishop of Algoma being the Celebrant, and at 10 A.M. there was a meeting of the Deamery Buard, which is composed of the Clersy, Lay Delegates, Church Wardens and one Delegate from each Congregation in the District. This Board owes its existence in great. monsure to the peal of the Ven. Archdescon Roe and the chief end in view was to interest the Laity in the Spiritual work of the Church by bringing them tugether to comfer with the Clergy on rarion; topics comnected with the Church's welfare. Bexides the reports of the 4 Rural Deans in the Dis trict, and the reports from the Vicel'rincipal of Bishop's Colleye, and the Head Master of the School and the Lady Principal of Compton Ladies' College, there were two valuable paicers read and discussed, one on "Sundity Olservance" by Rural Dean Hephurn and the other on "Church Music" hy Mr. Cecii Smith, of Bishop's Conlege. And in the evening there was an cathusiastic missionary meeting in the Church Hall when a large number of people were present to hear the Bishop of Algona give some account of his wast Diveese-its present pusition, its needs
and its future prospects. The Bishop of the Diocese also spoke a fow cheering words and the mecting was closed by the singing of the hymn "Thou Whose Almighty Word" and "God Save the Quecn" and by the Bishop's benediction.
As one attends these meetings year after year, one cammet but feel how good it is to be there. The Clergy go home with fresh enthusiasm and new courage. The one great lack is that the laity do not attead in sufficiently large numbers. This we hope will be remedied as time goes on for many of our people need just such a stimulus and just such instruction as these meetings furnish.

## A Second Army Chaplaincy.

In our last issue we reported the choise of the Rev. J. Almond to be Chaplain of the First Camadian Contingent going to the Transwaal. We are now delighted to congratulate the Rev. F. G. Scort, M.A., Rector of S . Miathew's. Quebee, on his appointment by Major-General Hutton to be Chaplain of the Royal Cauadian Artillery. He will certainly prove to be the right man in the right place.

## Resignation of the Rev. Principal Adams.

We are sure that hundreds of our read ers will be greatly grieved to hear that after an illness extending over nearly cighteen months, our good friend, Canon Adams, has felt it to bu his duty to place, in the hands of the Bishop, his resign:tion of the pusition:, of Priucipal and Mathematic 1 Profesoor of Bishop's C.lllege, Lennoxville. T. is true that Dr. Adams trusts he is improving, but not rapidly enough to give him hope of being equal to the toils of his old position. Let us hope that he will presently be able to compass with comfort some less extensive work.

A Committce of Corporation, consisting of the Bishops of Montreal and Quebec, the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellur, with the Dean and Archdeacon of Quebec, is at work endeavoring to find a new Principal, but this must necessarily be a matter of time. Every well-wisher of the Church and University willpray that the Committtee may have upon their labours God'shclp and blessing.

## IN MEMORIAM.

## Lleweldyn Price.

After only a few days'illness, Llewellyn Price, a nephew of the late Hon. Senator Price, and brother of William Price Esq , passed away at Wolfesfield, deeply mourned by a large circle of relatives and friends. His family, who have suffered of late several sore bereavements, have our sympathy and that of many of our readers-R.I.P.

## DISTRICT NEWS.

## Leeus.

The Rev. J. Rothera reports -
Gur bishop paid a welcome visit to this Mission on Tuesday, Nov. 27th. His Lordshìp was met at St. Agapit Station and was token to St. Giles' Church, a distance of about six miles. Three candidates were presented for Confirmation, one being Mrs F. Pratt, the wife of the Rev. Francis E. Pratt, who had been recently married at St. James' Church, Leeds, and left the same evening for the North West Territories. The Bishop stayed all night at St. Giles, at the residence of the warden, Mr. A. Lefebvie. The next morning he was driven to St. Sylvester, a distance of about ten miles, to the residence of Dr. King, who kindly entertained us for dinuer. At 2 p.m. a Confirmation Service was hold at St. George's Church. Three candidates were presented, and the Service was most impressive. The sime evening at st. James' Church leeds, about seven miles from St. Sylvester, the Bishop delivered his second instructive lecture on Church History, which was listencd to with great attentorn. Such visits from our Chief Pastor are a great help, and are profirable both to the Clergy and laity. The Church was tastefully decorated with evergreens and bamers on the occasion of the marriage of the Rev. F. E. Prait, of Gainsborough, N.W.T., to Miss Mary E. Hume, of liceds, on Nov. 23rd, and the decorations were left up till after the Bishop's visit.

## Newpont.

The Rev. A. H. Moore reports :-
It is some time since the Gazette heard from this Mission, but our work has been steadily and quietly going on. Concerning temporalities I would say that, through the energy of Mr. G. G. Ilurd and others, the Randboro' Church was newly painted before the cold weather set in, and the Island Brook Guild made the necessary repairs to the spire of their Church, while Mr. G. W. L. French built a fence around the grounds. The Sawyerville congregation have purchased an organ for their Church, the amount of the first payment, $\$ 22.50$, being raised by voluntary subscriptions. The Church society collections in this alission show a considerable increase over previous years.
In AIr. Ernest Smith, the new Principal of the Sawyerville School, we have a most welcome addition to :ar congregation. Mr. Smith is an accomplished musician, and an ellicient teacher, and he holds the Bishop's license as Lay Reader.
We have had some most impressive Services here recently. On December 7th our beloved Bishop visited us to administer the Apostolic Rite of Confirmation to twenty-four candidates.

At Island Brook a class of fourteen young people was presented and the Congregation was deeply moved by the impressive words of the Bishop to these young soldiers of the Cross, who came to volunteer for the service of our King on that occasion.
The Service at Randboro' will also he remembered. Five of the ten candidates were of major age. The Church was filled to the doors, and the excellent catechetical addresses given by the Bishop not only helped the candidates to feel the truth and security of their position, but they also made clear many truths, after which some of those present had been groping. It was a pleasure to have the Rev. L. C. Wurtele and Rural Dean Robertson with us during the day. The latter acted as Chaplain at both Services.
We trust and pray that these and the following Holy Communion Services on subsequent Sundays, at which twenty of those confirmed have made their first Communion, shall prove to have been a fresh impetus to many, yes, to all of us, to press on in the
service of the Master.
'The Randboro Chureh was suitably decorated for the (hristmas serviers, when a good mumber of our prople assembled to prater and worship lim, Whase hirthday it is. in the Iloly Eacharist. I sheressfal Christmas Tres for the dildren was arranged and admirably matased by Mrs. A. F. Bowen, at leamed Plain, on bere. 2 sth.

Mr. Richard bawson, of Laudboro'. receised the sad mews that his som, .J. Wilbert, dided in New Yoss on the third Smming in Adsent. Althmeh filbert had been in lew rok for some eight years, his steady laithrul life here was mot forroten, and now he leates some staten to hely his parctats throush their deminimy years. llis remains were brometh to his home, and the funeral s.ersice was held at Randboro' Church.

I must not prolon: these atiles heyond one item more. On Tuesday evenits, Decembry $19 h$, we were treated to a complete surmise at the l'arsomage. I ring at the dhor-bell athomuced a latge party of parishioners. who, on entering the parso:are, reguested our aftemtion to the following kind words read on belalf of the party hy Mrs. H. II. Mant:-
"Dear Mr. and Mrs. Noore :-The members of the Randboro Ladies' Guild have reguested me to ask four acceptance of this comen as a small expression of the hieh regard in whirh we hold you holl!.
"Your lovine sympathy and hindly manmer towards ans at all times have bound us to you and to the Church by a tie, which camot he broken ; and we trust that in (ind's providence you shath long contime to bedp to build us ip in that Faith on which rests our "sure and certain hope of eternal life."

After the marty had heen thanked for their kinduess and for the beautiful conch they broneht with them, the Tacmbent was asked io present two handsome lemps to Miss amie Cowan and Miss Florenee Planche for their kind services as Organists.

Cofiee and cake were then served by the ladies and arter a most happy crening, interspersed with music, readinus, etr., the company dispersed, leaving our hearts warm with thanifulness to Gond for their appeciation of sur lumble efforts.

## Bampond.

The Rev. (i. II. A. Muray reports: The I'erryoro' Congregation is now the happy pussessor of one of the prettiest lit the comitry churches in the Diecese. The new Church which was completed ahout a yrar aro, including the arch leadines from the Nave, is beantirully finished in hardwood. The Gast Window is silled with stained leaded erbass, the work of Messrs. J. ('. Sprioe © Soms, Montreal. In the centre panel there is a threc-quarter cize representation of Christ as "The Bread of life." while the side lights are filled with suitable ecelesiastical designs ; the whole being very beautiful and effective. Before the Church Was enlared, the IJoly Table was necescarily trey small, but this defer was remedied by the substitution of a mex: one, which, thanks to the (llort: of a few willing workers, was covered in a licat and seemly mamer so as to be ready for the Consecration Service. Another feature in the improvement of the church has been the removal of the storepipes out of the sieht of the courregation so that their buliness no lomger nfiends the eye.
On Gaturday, Der. Ind, the Bishop was med by the Incumbent at Coaticook, and drisen to MIr. Hobson's for lunch. A twofold Service of Concerration was held at $2.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., for following the consecration of the Saeved Enlifice, four candidates, a mother and her two sons, and a young wo:man lately married, consecrated thanselves anew to the service of Umishtr Gond, and received the Apostolie Rite of the "Laying-on-of-hands." The Bishop's addresses to the candidates, setting forth their duties, privileres and responsibilities, were full of earmestness.

After the service the Congregation, at the lind invitation of Mr. Hobson, repaired to his commodious new house, where refreshments were served, and the peonle had the pleasure of spend. ing an hour in the company of their ( hief Pastor.

Next moming there was a Celebratinn of the Ioly Communion at 7.30 . Ahout 10 were present, 21 of whom crmmumicated. This Service was followed by the Baptism of a little child four vears old. After breakfast at Mr. Hobson's, the journey to Dixville was begin at 3.3n, and the len
miles were made just in time to begin the Service at 11. This was also a combined Service, consisting of Adult Baptism, Contirmation, and the Holy (communion. The candidate for baptism was a young woman lately married, who thas had the opportunity of renewing her rows at ('onfirmation, and partaking of spirittal Food in the Lord's Supper. The wher condidate for Confirmation was a man aqed seventy-1wo years. Ile also partook of the Blessed Sacrament. The wholService was very instructive and inspiring ; the addresses to the caudidates and congregation were phain, but forcible, and the attendance at the Holy Table, compared with the lota! number of Commmicants on the roll, was rery gond, indeed.

This Serviee ended, his Lordship partook of lunch at the Parsonage, and at $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. efarted for Stanhope, so as to reach the -r in time for service at 3 p.m. Her as at Dixville and Perryboro', there were two services in one ; viz., an Adult Baptism and Confirmation. The candidate for Baptism was a little girl who used to belong to the Stanhope Sunday School, and who came all the way from Canaan, Vt., in order to have the opportunity of bing baptized by the Fishop, and confirmed with her class mates. She answered the guestions clearly and distinctly. Six candidates were confirmed. The Bishop delivered his addresses in catechetical form, by which means he bromght the great truths of our religion plainly and forcibly home to each individual couscience.
As soon as this Service was ended, the return journey to Dixville was made, where Mr. E. Molony was in readiness to convey his Lordship to Coaticook. There was just time for a hurried lunch at the Rectory before the Confirmation at St. Stephen's Church, at seven lim. Thus was brought to a close a day's work during which the Baptism and Confirmation Services were taken three times, the Communion Service twice, six addresses were made, and twentyfive miles were covered.
A very successful Christmas Tree entertainment, for the benefit of the children of St. Cuthbert's Sundar School, was held in Baldwin's Hall. on Dec. 23rd. Fuery scholar received a sumptuous treat, while the most deserving were awarded prizes.

The Stanhope (hiddren fared as well, minus the entertainment. Nor were the I'erryboro' children forgotten.
Christmas Servies were held at Dixville, Perr!boro' and Stanhope; at the two first mentioned the Holy Communion was administered, the attendame at which was up to the arerage simaty attendance. All the services wie hearty.
Mrs. Blamy, the oldest member of the ("urch of Eugland in the Mission, passed to her resi, in the eightyfourth year of her are, on the zonth, and was buried on the e3rd of December. Thourd fome miles from the Church, she lost mo opportunity of attending the services until prevented by the intirmities of old are, since whinh time she has enoyed the (elebrations of the Iloly Commumion held from time to time for her beuefit. The last one she took part in was just fice days before her death, after which the spart of earthly life gradually smouldered, until it passed away to develope, let us hric, into the higher spiritual life that has no ensiins.

## Whtervilet.

The Rev. R. ( ${ }^{(1 .}$ Tambs writes :-
Watcrrille-The Misses Millie Hodgson and Rupurta Wiggett recently collected $\$ 12.01$ for the Church Sodiety.

On Sine. 21st, the ladies of the Guild gave a very pleasant social supper and earned thereby $\$ 26.00$ for the Parsomage Fund.
On Saturday evening, Dec. 16th, we were gladdened by a passing visit from the Bishop of Algoma. The l?urch was decorated for the occasion and a good Congregation listened with intense interest to his Lordship's graphic arrount of the missionary work in his Dincese. The offertory amounted to $\$ 20.45$.

On Dec. 20th, Mr. Ger ge Lavers and Miss Annie Reed were united in Holy Wedlock. The Incumbent was assisted in the Ceremony by the Rev. T. Ball, M.A. The bride and bridegroom being videly known and esteemed, the assmblinge of friends was very large. The Chancel was tastefully decorated and altogether the wedding was pronouned dome of the prettient ever witnessed in St. Jobnes Clame

North Futley-The Misses Lily

Sprigings and Fanmy McNeil have collected $\$ 11.50$ for the Church society.
Miss May, with money collected by her from persomal friends, has bought twenty-five prettily bound books and presented them to St. Barnatas' Sunday School Library.

Eustis and Capellon-The Misses Lilian McDonald and Lizzie Kinder have collected $\$ 11.39$ for the Church Society.
Miss Alice Vear with the hearty cooperation of other Chtirch workers, gave a social at Capelton on Dec. 9th, and, notwithstanding the darkness of the night and muddiness of the roads, succeeded in obtaining for the Church Funds $\$ 2 t i .50$.
The home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Vear, of Eustis, is so associated with the Chureh here in the way of mimifold helpfulness, that it affords the Incumbent pleasure to allude to a happy incident in comection with the celebration of the twenty-fifth ammiversary of their marriage, namely, the presentation to them of a handsome silver tea service by their neighnors.

## Melbourine.

A new bell has been purchased for St. John's Church, Mission of Melbourne, by the Ladies' Guild. It was rung for Service for the first time on Chiristmas morning. Its tone is melodious. All are pleased with it.
The Congregation of St. John's, Melbourne, presented the Rev. and Mrs. C. T. Lewis with an address and a Dinner and Tea Service at Christmastide, as a token of their good-will and affection.

## POSTCRIPT.

The Editor begs to acknowledge the following additional subscriptions and donations received for 1900 :-

Rev. W. G. Lyster (17), Rev. J. S. B. Dickson (3), Rev. W. J. Curran (3), Rev.J. W. Wayman (5), Rev. J. B. Gauthier, Rev. C. B. Washer (15), Rev. F. Gomery, Rev. J. Sykes (13), Rev. G. G. Nicolls (17), Rev. L. C. Wurtele (9), Rev. C. T. Lewis, (5) ; Miss Prico (2), Miss Jones, Mr. H. J. Pratten (2), Mr. H. Smith, Miss Irvine (22), Quebec ; Mr.

Ethelbert Baker, Lake Edward ; Mr. A. MacFarlane, Kimninistiquab ; Mr. J. Murray, Roberval; Mrs. Joseph Filion, Benurivage ; Mrs. Buchanan (2). Mrs. O'Nenl, Bedford ; Mr. W. J. Fosdick, Teronto ; iIrs. J. C. Rubins, Mrs. Jas. King, East Sherbrooka; Mrs. R. M. Bernard, Danville; Mr. Albert Ascah, Peninsula; Mr. R. J. Little, Irvino (2), Mrs.A. Boyle, Gaspe South (3), Mr. Allan Ritchie, Levis (5), Mrs. Furnivall, England (3), Rev. Canon Richardson (2), Rev. T. W. Fyles (2), Rev. J. B. Debbage (12), Rev. A. ©. Scarth (15), Rev. H. A. Dickson, Mr. ${ }^{*}$ F. Wurtele, Mrs. Sharples, Quehec; Mr. G. (O. Smith, Lennoxville; Mris. McCord, Montmorency ; Miss K. Simpson, Melboro' ; Mrs. Henry Roe (4)

Also for $1899:-$ Rev. J. S. B. Dickson, Rev. W. J. Curran '), Rev. J. B. Gruthier, Rev. J Rothera (21); Miss Price (4), Mrs. Scougall, Quebec ; Mrs. Holland, Melbourue; Mrs. W. Smith, Valcartier ; Mr. Ethelbert Baker, Mrs. Fenton Damon. Dixville; Mrs. O. L. Young, Stxshope; Mrs. J. C. Robins, Mr. J. Murray, Mrs. Jos. Filion, Mrs. L. W. Alger, West Stewartstown ; Mr. J. Fosdick, Toronto; Mrs. Seeds, Stoneham: Miss M. Hart, Marbleton; Mrs. Ross, Aubert Gallion, Mr. Robert Ascah, Mr. K. J. Little (2), Mrs. Jas. King, Mrs. W. H. Brider، Granhy ; Mrs. Furnivall (9), Rev. H. A. Dickson, Mrs. McCord, Miss K. Simpson, Mrs. J. Blossom, Compton. Also for 1898:-Rev. J. Rothera, Mr. J. Murray, Mrs. L. W. Alger, Mr. W. J. Fosdick, Mr. Robert Ascah, Mr. R. J. Little (2), Mrs. Furnivall (4), Rev. H. A. Dickson.

Also for 1897 :-Mr. J. Murray, Mrs. Furnivall.

Also for 1896 :-Mr. J. Murray.
Also for 1901 :-Mr. J. Murray (3 yrs.) Mr. W. J. Fosdick, Mr. Robt. Mitchell, Lennoxville ; Mrs. Sharples (3 yrs.)

All items of news, etc., intended for the February Number should reach us on or before January 20th,

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