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Vor. XII.]
[No. 19.

A PIOTURE WANTING WORDS.
We wander what the real interpretation of this interesting picture is. Is it that the littis follow standing there with hit feathored hat in his hand has not been able to say his lesson properly and is going to bo punished for a long course of laziness, when his brother interposes and offers to bear it for him? or is it that the boy has been accused of doing something which in reality be did not do, but to save bis brother, the real colprit is going to bear the punishment? This may bo so. Anyhow, the little boy is actively trying to save his brother.
No boy who has any notions at all of courage and manhood in him, should be sfraid to bear his own punishment, and we are sure this little fellow would not stand by and see his brother whipped for his own crime. At the same time there is something very noble about the little man who was willing to bear the undeserved punishment of his younger brother. Does not this remind us of the wonderful love and brotherhood of Christ, who bore the sins and punishment, not of one only, but of the whole world?

## BLACK PETER.

The people with whom I was staying had a tame crow with a history worth recording. About a year ago the boys got possession of the bird soon after
it had left the nest. It was so cunnin, alone, generally returning before dark. that they enjoyed playing tricks on it. Last winter be got caught out in a big These were harmless, but the crow resented, snow-storm, and did not as usual, return the indignities, and cut their acquaintance, at night As days went by and no news and betook itself to the boys' father, who from Peter, the family concluded he was is noted for his kindliness to all creatures. His new mastor called his black peb Peter, either dead or gone off with other crows.
The snow had lain on the ground all boy to love him."


A IICTURE WASTING WORDS,

## THE (HIILIS'S CREED).

1 helievo in (iod the Finther, Who inade us evory one,
Who made the earth and heaven, The moon and stare and sun.
All that wo havo each thy To us by him is givon;
Wo call him whon wo pray, "()ur Father who art in heasen."

I beliove in Josus Christ, The Fathor's only Son,
Who cone to us from henven, And loved us overy one.
Ho taught us to be holy
Till on the crass he died,
And now wo call him Saviour, And Christ the crucified.

I boliove God's Holy Spirit Is with us ovory day, And if we do not grieve him He will nevor go awny
From hearon upon Jesus He descended like a dove, And he dwelleth ever with us, T'o fill our hearts with love.

## OUIS BUNBAY-SOIIOUL I'ADEIRS.

JY:SG IF.AlG-IYIBTAGK FHUK.

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## Thapy Days.

## TORONTO, SEPTEMIBER 1S, 1597.

## EFEECT wF A HJMN.

A Hong Kond correspondent of the Bostoid Nows tells an interestins incident. He hal been intristed with packages for a young man from his friends in the Cnited States, and after inquiry learned that he might probably be found in a gamblinghousc. He weut thither, but not seeing him, determined to wait, in the expectation that he might come in. The place was a bedlam of noises-men gotting angry over their curds and frequently coming to blows. Near him sat two men-one young, the other forty years of age. They were betting and drinking in a terrible way; the
older ono continually giving utterance to the foulent profnnity. Two games had beon tiniahed, the young man loving each time. Tho third game, with fresh bottles of brandy, had just begun, and the young man sat lazaly back in his clanir, while tho elder shutiled the cards. 'The man was e long time dealing the cards, and the young man looking carolessly about tho room, began to huma a tuno. Ho began to sing that beautiful one of Phube Cary's:
> "One sweetly solomn thought Comes to me o'or and o'er,

I'm nearer to my Father's llouse, Than I've over been before.
> "Nearer tho bounds of life, Where we lay our burdens down, Nearer leaving my cross, Nearer wearing my crown."

At first, eays the writer, these words in such a vilo place mado me shudder. A Sabbath-school hymn in a gambling. den: But while tho young man sung, the older stopprd dealing the cards, staring at the singer a moment, and throwing the cards on the floor, exclaimed. 'Harry, where did you learn that tune?"
"What tune?"
"Why, the one you have beon singing."
Tho young man said he did not know what he was singing, when the elder repeated the words, with tears in his eyes, and the man said, he had learned them in a Sunday-school in America.
"Come," said the elder, getting up; "Come, Harry; horo's what I'vo won from you; go and use it for some good purpose. As for me, as God sees me, I have played my last game and drank my last bottle. I have misused you, Harry, and I'm sorry. Give me your hand, my boy, and say that for old America's sake, if for no other, you will quite this infernal business."

The writer says, those two men left the gambling-house together and walked away arm in arm; and as he went away himself, he thought, "Yerily, God moves in a mysterious way."

## No difference.

## BY JULIA A. TIRREILL.

Will came in from school in a halfashamed way, hiding his repurt card under the corner of his jacket. Mamma held out her hand, and Will reluctantly gave it up. 'What! poor marks again this month? 0 Will, :rhy don't you study?"
"It makes no difference about the marks now, mother. Thero's plenty of time. By-and-bye I'll show you what I can do."
"No difference: Suppose a man intending to build a heuse thought the foundation of no consequence. What would you think of him? Don't you know it's the foundation you are laying, my boy? Your future success depends lardely upon your knowledge of arithmetic and grammar and-"
Will silenced any further "presching,"
ay he called it, by an emphatic hug and kiss.
"O, yes, mn; I know it all. You'll be proud of your boy yet, just wait and sos." $\therefore$ With a rush and a whoop he was off for the pantry; from which he soon emerged with bulging pockets.
$\because$ Mrs. Welles watched him fondly as he ran down the strest to join his frionds; but I think a little more care on his parts would have smoothed the wrinkles gathering on her forehead.
At the end of the school year Will found ho was not to bo promoted with his class. Auother year as sonior in the grammar school enabled him to "squeeze through," as he said, and with glowing plans for the future he becamo a hign. school student.
"Welles, you must give more time to your Latin"," said the master one day. "You haven't had a fair recitation this week. You have good abilities. With study there's no reason why you shouldn't excol. Haven't you any ambition?"
"Why, yes, sir, but there are so many things to attend to now, and I can't see that my standing here makes much difference. When I go to college I expect to lead my class."
The moster's reply was all unheeded, for though Will appeared to attend, and said, "Yes, sir," now and then, he was reaily planning for the ball match of the morrow.

Four years of high-school, and Will was admitted to college. I cannot say that ha was prepared for college, but he was admitted.
"Now you'll see what I can do," be told his mother at parting. "I've been . joliain long enough. Now I shall begin stung in earnest."

To his surprise he found that his record was known at college. The best students avoided or treated him indifferently. "Wo always find out the previous standing of a new man," some one told him.

He set to work determined to win for hinself a name; but aside from his poor record be found his former habits were like chains to bind him down. In vain he sighed for neglected opportunities.

Near the close of his second year Mrs. Welles died, the property took to itself wings, and Will found himself thrown on his own resources. He looked for employ. ment in his native town. "We need a new assistant," said the high-school masier, shaking his head: "I wish your Greek and Latin had been more satisfactory." Another friend spoke of a position in the bank, but the old grammar-school teaciuer would not recommend him as quick or accurate in accounts. The minister spoke of him as honest. "But we need trained minds as well as honest purposes in our offices," said the business men of the plsce. At last he accepted a position as porter in a furniture shop. The work wes hard, the pay small. but it was employment.
"Don't tell me it makes no difference," he often says to careless boys who are neglecting their studies. "I toll you it does make a vast difference."

## WHAT HAVE I?

Two ojes have I, so bright and clear, With then to see both far and near, The birds, the Howors, tho bright bluo sky, The waters doop, the sun on high: Tho Lord, my God, gavo them to me, To him belongs whato'or I sco.

Two ears havo I, hore on my head, With them to hear whato'er is said; When mother says, "Come here, my child Bo almaye truthful, gentlo, mild;" When fathor takes mo on his knee And asys, " My darling, I love thee."

A mouth have I, and well I know What with that mouth I oft can do; Can speak, and ask for many a thing, Can tell my thoughts, and sweetly sing, Can pray, and praise the Lord above, And tell him all my care and love.

Two hands have I, : sth left and right, To work and play with all my might; Two little feet to leap and run O'er hills and fields in merry fun, To ramble by the brook so cool, To go to church and Sunday-school.

A heart have I, that beats in love For father, mother, God above The Saviour dear, so good and mild, Who seeks the heart of every child.
Know ye who gave this h.art of love? Twas God the Lord, whe reigns ebove.

## LESSON NOTES.

## THIRD QUARTERLY REVIEW.

Sept. 26.

## GOLDEN TEXT.

Lat your light so shine before mon, that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven.- Matt. כ. 16.

Titles and Colden Texts should be thoroughly studied,

1. F. C. in E. - - The entrance of-
2. P. and the P. G.
3. P. at T. and B.
4. P. P. in A.

PM - God is a Spirit-
G. W. and W. for C.
7. A. for S. cf 0 .
8. The E. of C. L.
9. P.O.at E
10. G. G. for J. C.
11. C. L.
12. P. A. to the E. E.

## FOURTH QUARTER.

studibs in the acts and epistles.

## Lesson 1.

[Oct. 3.
paulis last julrney to jenc.alem. Acts 21. 1-15. Memory verses, 12-14.

## GOLDER TEXT.

I am rendy not to be inounit only, but also to die at lerusnlem for the anme of tho Lord Jesus. Icta 21 1:3

## OUTLINE

1. Followship, 5.1 .:
2. Nolf-purrender, v. 10.15.

THE LESSON BTORY.
laul wout on his journoy, sailing now in one ship, then in another, until ho same to Tyre. Can you not traco his journeys on the map? At Tyre the ship stopped to unload, and Paul and his friends went on shore and stayed soven days with the Christians of Tyre. Some of them, who were taught by the Spirit of God, told Paul that he ought not to go to Jerusalom. When the time came to sail away the men, women, and children who loved Jesus went with them down to the seashore. There thoy kneeled down and prayed, and then said cood-bye and went away
The thip soon came to the end of its voyage, just at the foot of Mount Carmel. Now raul and his friends had to continuo their journey on font. They walked along the seashore about thirty-five miled nnd came to the fine city of Carsarea. A good man lived there who was one of the seven deacons when tho Christian Church was young. His name was Philip. He had four daughtors whu were all prophetesses. While Paul was at his house a prophet came from Judea named Agabus. He prophesiod that Paul would bo bound and given into the hands of his enemics at Jerusalem. Paul's friends begged him not to go, but Panl felt that the Lord called him, and so they went on, walking to Jerusalem.

## LHBSON HELPS FOR EVERY DAY.

Mon. Read the lesson verses. Acts 21. 1-15.
Tues. Read of the woman of Tyre who came to Jesus. Mark 7. 24-30.
Wed. Find what once took place at Mount Carmel. 1 Kings 18. 19-39.
Thur: Read a story about Philip. Acts s. 27-40.

Fri. Learn the Golden 'Text.
Sat. Learn what l'aul had learned. Matt. 16. 25.
Suin. Find what gave Paul comfort now. 2 Tim. 4. 7, 8.

## QUESTIONS ON THE LESSON STOHY.

To what city did Paul come in his journey? Whom did he find there? What woman had probably preached the Gospel there? [See Helps for Tuesjay.] How long did Paul and his friends stay? Whe. did the ship stop at last? How did Paul und his company travel then? To what city did they come? What good man lived there? What do you know about Philip? What did his four daughters do? Who gave them power to prophesy, or teach? The Holy Spirit. Whint prophet came there from Judea. What did he tell Parl? Why wonld
l'nul not turn lanck? Ho know the Lord had called him?

To go straight on wheti lloul calis To trust him to tukn care of mo. To prit hin work nlove overything olse.

## TINI'S ALARM•1LOC'K.

Tiny lookod up frum her slate na her big brother kent camo in one day with an odd-shaped papor bundlu in his havis. Tiny ran to meot him.
"U Kent, what is it ?" sh:o anked curiously. "Anything for mo""
" No," said lient. "Such a wido-nwake puss as you are doasn't need aids to carly rising," and ho untied the strings and opened the package.
"Why, it's a clock:" said Tiny, dinappointed. "Wo'vo got threo clocks now, hont What mado you bring ancther ?"

Kient bugn winding the little clock "You just listen," ho said.
Whir-r-r: :attle, ratyle, zattlo ${ }^{\circ}$ whir r-5' What a way for a clock to strike'
"It's an alarm-cluck," explained Kont, smiling at Tiny's wonder. "We can set it so that the alarm will atriko at any tirno of night and wake us. You know that I have to leavo homo before daglight somotimes." for Kent was a railrosd engineer.
"How verg, very funny'" said Ting with sparkling oyas. "Goes off all itself. without any one touching it. (), how I wish that I had one!"
"There's another funny thing about it," wont on Kent. "If people don't mind tho alarm when it strikes, but think that thoy will sleep a little longer, they grow less and less liablo to bo waked by it, and soon it doesn't make any impression at all."

Tiny considered. "I wish that I could have one all my own'" she said agaia. "It must be such fun to hear it go off?"
"You have one," said Kent gravely.
"I? An alarm-clock?"
Kent nodded.
"Where?"
"Right in thero," said kent, with his hand over Tiny's hearb.
"Well, I don't believe that it over went off," laughei Tiny.
"Yes, I'm sare that it has. Wait till you feel like doing something wrong. That little clock will say : 'Whir: 'Tiny, don't.' You see if it doenn't."

Tiny laughed, and went back to her examples. Soon a call cams from the ixitchen: "Tiny, dear, I want you."

Ting's mouth began to pout, but she suddenly called out cheerily, "Yes, manma;" and danced out of the room, looking back to say: "It went off then, Kent, good and loud."

Kent nodded and smaled. "I thought it would," he said.
And all you little folkn with alarinclocks want to be sure that you anywer the first call, or they will ring and ring in vain, and turn you out good-for-nothing mon and women,

THE JOURNEY'S END.
Littlo travollers Zionward, Each one entering into rest In the kingdorn of tho Lord, In tho mansion of tho blest, There to welcome Josus waits! dives the crown his followers win. Lift your heads, yo golden gates; Lot the littlo travollors in :

All our carthly journoy past, Eyery tear and pain gone by, Wo'll together moot at last, At the portai of the sky. Each the welcome "come" awaits, Conyuerers over death and sin;
Lift your heads, yo golden gates, Let the little travollers in.

## " I WAS GOING TO."

Children are vory fond of saying "I was going to." The boy lets the rats catch his chickens. He was going to fill up the holo with glasa, and to aet traps for the rats hat he did not do it in timo, and the chickens wore caten. He consolos himself for the loss, and excuses his carelessnoss by saying, "I was guing to attend to that " A hurse falls through a bruken plank in the stable and lireaks his leg, and is killed to put him out of his sutering. Theowner was going to fix that weak plank, and so excuses himself A boy wets his foot and sits for hours with. out changing his shoes, catches a severe cold, and is obliged to have tho doctor for a week. His mother told him to change his wet shoos when he carme in, and he was going to do it, luat did nut. A girl tears her new diess so badly that all her mending cannot make it luok well again There was a little rent before, and she was going to mend it, but she forgot. And so we might gu on giving instance after instance. such as huppens in ciery home nith almost ! overy man and woman, boy and girl. "Prucrastination is," not onls " the thief of cime," lut it is the worker of vast mis. chiefs. If a Mr. "I-was-going to" lives in your house, just give him warning to leave. Ho is a luanger and a nuisance. He never did any good. He has wrought un. numbered mischiefs. The girl or boy who begins to live with him will have a very unhappy time of it, and life will not be successful. Put MIr. "I-was-going-to" out of your house, and keep him out. Always do things that you are going to do.

## A LITTTLE HERO.

Thoro aro many odult Christians who , have not the courage displnyed by littlo Charlio. Here is what he did.

Charlio was going home with his unclo. They were on the stenuboat all night. A stearnbort is furnished with littlo beds on each side of the cabin. Theso littlo bods aro called berths. When it was time to go to bed Charlio undressed bimsolf.
"Make hasto and jump into your borth, boy," cried his uncle.
"Mayn't I first kneel down and ask God to take care of us?" asked Charlie.
"We sball be taken care of fast enough," said his uncue.
"Yes, sir," said Charlie, "but mother always tolls us not to tako anything with. out first asking."

Unclo Tom hau nothing to say to that; and Charlio knelt down just as ho did by his own little bed at home. God's bounty and goodness and grace you live on day by day, my children, but never tako it without first asking.


## A SAD NISFORTCNE.

These boys have been flying their kite out in the fields and there was not enough wind for it to rise. So they took the end of the long string in their hands and set off to run across the field as fast as over they could. By this means they would probably have got the kite to rise, had not an unexpected calamity prevented it. As they were running without looking behind them they suddenly folt a jerk on the string, and looking round were astonished to see that the tai' of the kite had caught on the neck of a horse that was feeding in the field, and become entangled in his mane; this was bad enough, but it was not all. Before they could get it loose the animal had taken the string between its teeth and cantered off to the other end of the field. There will be a long chase befors it is caught and the boys will be more carefal in future.

## THE ROSE, THE BIRD AND THE BROOK.

"I will not give nway my perfumo," suid a rosobud, holding its pink potals tightly wrapped in thoir ting groen caso. Tho oither rosos bloomed in splendour, and thoso who enjoyed thoir fragranco ex. claimed at their beauty and swoetnoas; but the selfish bud shrivollod and withered away unnoticed.
"No, no," said a littlo bird; "I do not want to sing." But whon his brother soarod aloft on joyous vings, pouring a llood of melody, making weary inearon forget sorrow and bleas the singors, then the forlorn littlo bird was lonesome and ashamed. Ho tricd to sing, but the power was gono; ho could only make a harsh, shrill chirp.
"If I give away my wavn'sto, I shall not have onough for mysell," said the brook. And it hoarded all its wator in a hollow place, where it formed a akagnant, slimy pool.

A boy who loved a frosh, wide-awake rose, a buoyant, singing bird, and a leap. ing, reireshing brooklet, thought on these thinga, and aaid. "If I would have, and would be, I must share all my goods with others, for

## To give is to live; <br> To deny is to die.

## CHILD-LIKE FOLLOWING GOD.

Very suggestively doesar inspired writer say. "Bu ye followers of God as dear chil. dren." A good model is thus commended. Children naturally imitate or follow the example of their parents. Whatever they see them do they attempt to do. They conform as closely as possible to the copy set before them in parental doings and sayings. This tendency is developed at quite an early period in life. The young child is found in various ways resembling the parent. To this imitative principle in human nature allusion is evidently made irs the apostolic injunction just quoted.

Thus, to follow God is to fully confide in him. No feeling of a child toward a parent is more spontaneous and distinguishing than confidence. Hardly anything is more unnatural than a child's distrust of a parent. Ordinarily, a child's highest idea of excellence is embodied in the parent, who is deemed a paragon of perfection. Many a child trusts a parent even without a question. It is taken for granted that all is right in what a father or mother does. Of the class of children who believe that their parents can do nothing wrong was the little girl, seven years old, who said of a counterfeit coin which some one had refused to take of her, "I am sure it is a good one, for my father has just made it." Such a contiding child certainly deserved a better father, that she might never come to know that her confidence was misplaced.

My son, keep sound wisdom and discrotion.

