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THE COLONIAL CHURCHMAN.

" BUILT UPON THE FOUNDATION OF THE APOSTLES AND PROPHETS, JESUS CHRIST HIMSELF BEING THE CHIEF CORNER STONE Eph. 2 c. 20 v.

VOLUME 1.

LUNENBURG, N. S. THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1836.

NUMBER 19.

From the Christian Witness.

CHURCH PASTORAL-AID SOCIETY.

for its object the promotion of the religious influence of the Christians. It is by such agency, in a great measure, childhood we lay hold of every object with pleasure. United Church, by such methods only as it may be com- that the mass of the people are to be brought, by the Mankind are always prone to turn with delight to the Petent to a voluntary Society to employ in entire consis- Divine blessing, to become willing and desirous to scenes of their childhood. From the journals of Las tency with her discipline and order.

existing of a healthy religious action in the great body dination to the incumbent, leading the people to fre-lect the companions with whom we shared our early of the Established Church. All its officers are laymen quent the house of God, filling the churches already joys. We can readily sympathise with the philosoand must be members of the E-tablished Church-in-built, or creating a desire and necessity for others. phic Gray : Good it seems to be a lay Home Missionary Society. In the conclusion of their circular they say that the All the provisions yet made says their Circular Ad-salvation of souls is the great object of the Society : tras, for the religious instruction of the great mass of the people of the United Kingdom, whether by the of the stakes of our beloved Church, is accounted by us Established Churches or by Dissenters leave a vast a pre-eminent means to that end : the Society will,

The population having increased with a rapidity far her authorities. Reater than the supply of places of worship and the The operations of the Society will be carried on, it means of religious instruction, it has come to pass that is hoped, with a single eye to the glory, and in hummany of the clergy are utterly unable to pay due at-ble dependence on the blessing of Almighty God, in ation to the people under their charge : nor are any consonance with the spirit which breathes through the dequate means at their disposal for supplying the service of the united Church, and in furtherance of

ere circumstances in these times which may justly munity. Quese the authorities in the Church to hesitate in tak-The lead in new plans, until their beneficial bear-gand direction shall have been sufficiently ascertain-G. On this account, they do not ask for the present On this account, they do not ask for the present

The incumbents of such perishes or districts, the and with a mind that, no doubt, by nature was con-seminary. It should be placed in our steamboa's, in ociety will, according to its means, assist in adapting stituted with capacities of deriving pleasure from all our rail road cars, in our reading rooms and in our

Tanged, every such clergyman will be left, under any thing save the duties of religion or the improve How consoling then to turn to the prayer-book, and direction of the incumbent, to the full scope of his ment of our physical or moral condition. This was not the first time that the writer had un-fidence, or the truly spiritual hymns, that which can the first time that the writer had un-fidence, or the truly spiritual hymns, that which can the truly spiritual hymns, the truly spiritual hymns, the truly spiritual hymns, the truly spiritual hymns, the truly spiritual the help of God the Holy Spirit, and in dependence ago he was particularly impressed on meeting with the out the written troubles of the brain." This grace, lead him to spend and be spent in the prayor-book in a situation where he least expected to But the writer speaks thus highly of the find it. It was when the writer was a missionary and prayer-book, can any suppose that he detracts from the find it. It was when the writer was a missionary and prayer-book, can any suppose that he detracts from the book of His grare in season and out of season, teaching was travelling in Tennessee. On retiring to his cham-the book from the book of t the his hire.

the plan which possesses peculiar advantages-tley was not an Episcopalian within 200 miles. Intend, they say, to employ, when sufficient clerical Meeting with an object thus is like meeting with an formularies of the Church, he wishes no man to build

ple ; in some cases his time must be wholly engaged, ment should commence in the earliest infuncy ; it and due maintenance afforded to him.

body of persons in the metropolis, and other parts of therefore, ever cherish and cultivate a deep attach-the kingdom, in a state of fearful destitution. ment to her institutions, and an enlightened respect to ment to her institutions, and an enlightened respect to

The founders of the Society are well aware that flore of the means of grace for every member of the comthat great principle of her constitution-the providing

From the Episcopal Recorder.

THE PRAYER-BOOK.

by avowed patronage of that description ; fully satis- I was, not a long time ago, travelling in one of our Let then the attachment to the prayer-book and the bed that the Society will receive such countenance public conveyances, and was carelessly looking about Church be commenced in early life, when the capaaupport, when it shall be seen that the simple me, when I spied a neatlittle volume in a pocket-book city of deriving pleasure from surrounding objects is The support, when it shall be seen that the simple me, when I spied a neatlittle volume in a pocket-book city of deriving pleasure from surrounding objects is principle of supplying to the clergy greater means of form in the hands of a young gentleman. Prompted very great, if not greatest, and the attachment will be used field of orderly and beneficial action. It will be the constant care of the Society to obtain what book he was reading. At first I thought it was Let mothers speak of it with veneration to their chillewhentic details respecting parishes or districts, which, a pocket Testau ent, but I saw the word pealter on dren. Let Sunday-school teachers recommend it con the top of the page which convinced me it was a *amore* to their pupils. To the prayer-book should be circulated like the evan-inistration of the Word, according to the doctrines the bloom of health and the heyday of youth, and with gelical tract, and be placed together with the Bible, an eye and a physiognomy which denoted intelligence, in every Church, in every Sunday school, in every was con- seminary. It should be placed in our steamboa's, in

execting suitable buildings in which divine service that is fictitious or extraordinary in poetry or romance, hotels. The people of this country are great travel-by be held, and sermons preached. Could thus soberly and thoughtfully employ a quarter lers. At a distance from home, amid all the luxuries

d due maintenance afforded to him. The employment of lay agency must be considered with their strength." It is remarked by writers on as affording, in many cases, the ground-work of any moral science, that whatever is accompanied by great A new Society has been formed in England having success commensurate to the hope and desire of true pleasure or great psin, is longest remembered. In place themselves under the ministry of the Word .- Castas and other biographers, we learn that the Emthe cy with her discipline and order. Some of its features are peculiar and worthy of note, milies, and by no means as taking on himself the of-ad its whole design, one among the many evidences fice of a public instructor or preacher—as, in subor-where our days of youth were spent, and to recol-

"Ah, happy bills, ah, pleasing shade, Ah, fields belov'd in vain,

- Where once my careless childhood stray'd, A stranger yet to pain !
- I feel the gales, that from ye blow,

A momentary bliss bestow As waving fresh their gladsome wing, My weary soul they seem to soothe, And, redolent of joy and youth,

To breath a second Spring.

Gay Hope was ours, by Fancy fed, Less pleasing, when possest The tear forgot as soon as shed, The sunshine of the breast ; Our buxom health of rosy hue, Wild wit, invention ever new, And lively cheer of vigour born; The thoughtless day, the easy night The spirits pure, the slumbers light, That fly the approach of morn.'

The increase of places of worship would require of an hour in perusing the pages of a prayer-book. of the steam boat or the packet, or the most splen-be increase of clergymen. To asist in providing By this precious little volume, I recognized him as did accommodations afforded by the botel, the mind which and devoted men, to aid the incumbents of a fellow Episcopalian. It furnished an introduction of the traveller involuntarily flies towards home. We find in the prayers, the psalms of faith and holy con-

his hire. In the supply of personal labor, the Society propose book. He had judged previously to this that there out being suspected of derogating from the virtues Autored, they say, to employ, when sufficient clerical Meating with an object thus is like meeting with an lormularies of the Church, he wishes no man to build with an object thus is like meeting with an lormularies of the Church, he wishes no man to build with an object thus is like meeting with an lormularies of the Church. This were to fail into the subordination to the incumbent, and under duces us to prize the object or the friend more high the worst errors of that corrupt Church which i aver to indulge in charitable conceptions, europes name under heaven given amongst men whereby we must be sought. The with the richest drapery that can be worken from must be saved but the name of Jesus Chirat." The the mind's own resources, and is attracted to it by writer may surely east the prayer-book without being a bigot. He may love his Church as a formalist. Amid the with as to render it highly desirable to place there a Parents and teachers and ministers should endea- without being stigmatized as a formalist. Amid the pieue and intelligent layman, who should devote him-vour very early to infuse into the minds of the young varied scenes of adversity and prosperity through which will under the clergyman, to the benefit of the peo- an attachment to the prayer-book. Their attach- the Church has passed for the last sizteen or eighteen. years, the writer has, in the strength of the Lord, in- and le laments that there is so little in his power. variably adhered to the doctrines of vital and experiviour in the language used by, the Roman virgin, "Tecum vivere amem, tecum obeam libens."

For the Colonial Churchman.

DYING TESTIMONY OF

Believers. (No. 1.) Unbelievers.

Rather than clasp thine own

Deliverer's knee ? Dark frowns the future !?

Those acquainted with the

shippers! Thomas Scott, was one of

Keble.

"Hark! they whisper! an- "Ah! wilt thou seek again gels say, Thy howling waste, thy char-'Sister spirit, come away!' nel-house and chain, The world recedes, it disap- And with the demons be, pears !

Heav'n opens on my eyes ! my ears,

With sounds seraphie ring." Pope.

Dr. Dwight, President of Yale College, closed a useful history of modern Europe, and most christian life, by a will recognise Cardinal Ma-peaceful and happy death zarine, as having risen to the As it approached, be desired administration of French af-

The pious Hervey thus, death! Thou mayst well be to comfort his tortured soul, reckoned among the tres-exclaimed-" Begone, you sures of the christian ;--to and your trumpery, until this hive, is Christ,--to die, is gain! moment I believed that there Lord, now lettest Thou thy was neither God, and a hell!

pnx) Voltaire died in 1778, asoul-"Soul thou hast serv- wrath ; crying out in the hored Christ these seventy years, rors of abject despair on the and art *theu* afraid to die ? name of Christ, at one time, Go out, soul, --go out !" This and at another on the names affecting address may well re- of his associates and admi-

For the Colonial Churchman.

A WORD TO THE LAITT.

This passage " the harvest truly is plenteous but of the Missionary as he travels from one district to ger of glad tidings to their saddened hearts. another in the extensive field in which he is called to labour. In a tract of country embracing twenty or would say, is the Church the object of your warm af-

that they should become a prey to infidelity or false members of the Church in these provinces will arouse opinions in religion ? They will assuredly be lost to themseves to a sense of the responsibility which rests the Church.

our communion to claim the constant services of a that those who give to the Lord, or rather return to As it approached, be desired administration of French af-his brother to read to him fairs, in the year 1643. The 17th Joha. While listening Queen Regent placed her to the latter verses of that whole confidence in him, and but allowing that the number may be too small to be New Brunswick. A. most comforting chapter, he after some reverses this ce- formed into a regular congregation, yet how melanexclaimed "O what triumph-lebrated minister of state di-choly the thought that because of their being few in ant TRUTHS!" A friend hav- ed in 1661, aged 59 years. In number, they must be left entirely destitute of the ing read to him 23d Psalm, his last moments he cried out inquired, "Can you now say, in agonizing tears—"O!my though I walk through the poor soul, what is to become of rallow of the short due to the services of the sanctuary. Under a deep sense

valley of the shadow of death, thee! Whither wilt thou go! gular services of the sanctuary. Under a deep sense I will fear no evil, for THOU "O! were I permitted again art with me?" His ready to live, I would sconer be confession of their sins, they have been transported was constantly engaged in ranks of mendicants than a in the repetition of our pious sattems, they have liss praver and devotion, and ex- courtier !" Sad reward this to not do the to the sate of the permitted again of their sins, they have been transported with the baptism which they have received in infancy, so praver and devotion, and ex- courtier !" Sad reward this to the deliver deliver of our pious sate of the permitted again of the sate of the permitted again of the sate prayer and devotion, and ex- courtier !" Sad reward this tened with delight to the word of God whilst read on w Baptism" and do most entirely believe that which is ad-pired in peace, without a from the world to one of its by his minister, and they have been warmed with fer-struggle or a groan. most slavish anxious wor-went thankfulness, for the inestimable blessing of after the example of that Divine Master, he takes little vent thankfulness, for the inestimable blessing of after the example of that Divine Master, he takes little

the worship of the God of their fathers. They have love to Him and their obedience to his holy laws .- Ed C. C. been accustomed to look upon a divinely constituted ministry as indispensable to the valid administration of servant depart in peace, for Now I know and feel that the sacraments which Christ bath appointed in his servant depart in peace, for ivow 1 know and leer mattice sacraments which Church is had appended in the mine eyes have seen Thy sal- there are both, and I am vation !" doomed to perdition, by the just judgment of the Almigh-ty !"—Scett's Worthies. (Ap-duct them to have received their authority from man. duct them to have received their authority from man. Of the Church of their earliest, warmest affections, That holy man, *Hilary*, Voltaire died in 1778, a-Bishop of Poictiers, A. D. mid the impious adulation of 355, was the fellow-labourer Frenchmen. He was one of condemned. And are such conscientious christians the truth. In his last mo-beings ;-smitten by the view which may be heaped upon them for their fixed ments he thus addressed his sible stroke of Almighty adherence to their holy faith, to receive no sympathy from their fellow christians? Will they who are abun dantly blessed with wealth not contribute of their a bundance to furnish nourishment for those who are hungering for the bread of life ?- The Church is sadfavoured and the wealthy (and who that has the will that loss, doth as much as in him lieth, wilfully cash connot give something ?) in our large towns and coun-away their souls." - Matt. c. 28. v. 19, 20. try villages, to contribute for the sending of the gospel and the missionary to preach its saving truths to the labourers are few" forces itself upon the mind those who would joyfully receive him as the messen-

To those who read these remarks, the writer labour. In a tract of country embracing twenty of thirty square miles, and many of our mission grounds contain a much larger surface than that, with inhabi-tasts scattered about in every part of it : (aud in how in common with yourselves): but they have none to aries at all !) it is next, to impossible that the peo-tar, which their situation, loudly, calls for. It inevit-tably happens that the words, "when shall we see you aby happens that the words, "when shall we see you in 'control to be instant in season and out of season, aby happens that the words, "when shall we see you arise at all ?). The month of the substant in season and out of season, aby happens that the words, "when shall we see you aby happens that the words, "when shall we see you aby happens that the more you will may us prother you at the word to be instant in season and out of season, and the mind of the anxions clergyman with grief, world by you do do do in the series !!!

If you had seen, as I have, the trars which have He looks upon the scattered sheep with poignant trickled down the cheek of the aged christian when mental religion. He desires to say, "for me to live sorrow to think of their exposure to those ill quali- after a long interval has elapsed, le las been enabled is Chri-t, to die is gain." He would say to that Sa-fiel to feed them, or that they must in numberless once more to commemorate a Saviour's desth and recises be left to the thoughtlessness and wickedness ceive the emblems of his dying love, if you had heard of the natural heart, so proce to forget God and to the trembling voice of the younger as with mingled disregard all holy commandments. For it is the me- emotions of fear and joy he has embraced the opporlancholy condition of those who are living without the tunity to present his little ones for Baptism to receive means of grace and the ordinances of religion, that the covenanted mercies of God, if you had listened though at first they mourned over their destitution, to the psalm of praise checked by the stifled feeling they for the most part at length become insensible to arising from the "joy of grief," you would know how the wretchedness of their situation. to appreciate more highly than you have ever done The cheering sounds of the Gospel seldom strike upon the ear, and the glad tidings of salvation, whits they fill the bearts of their more favoured brettren with delight, come not with joy to them. If such of the blessings which you enjoy. I persuade mypersons are wholly neglected is it a matter of wonder self that the time is rapidly approaching when the upon them to advance the interests of our venerable How many places are there in these provinces, in Church and to extend the means of grace to her des-which though there may not be enough members of titute children throughout the land. Nor can we doubt

For the Colonial Churchman.

An esteemed correspondent has lately sent us the following, partly extracted and partly original remarks, on a subject which has too often called forth the superlative acrimony of religious controversy, but which we desire never to touch except for the sake of truth, and of confirming the creation and redemption, for the means of grace and children into his arms, is a full, sufficient and valid Baptism-for the hone of glory. The pious Hervey thus Thomas Scott, was one of creation and redemption, for the means of grace and poured out his soul in pray-the chief counsellors and for the hope of glory. er, just before his death—friends of James 5th of Scot-"How thankful am 1 for land, and a noted persecutor death! It is the passage to of the Reformers. He was had no controul have driven them from the vicinity the Let all who have been baptized in infancy, seek no further had no controul have driven them from the vicinity washing by water, but O is the them ardently, constantially, the Lord and giver of eternal taken suddenly ill, and on the house of God. They are now in remote and desolate places. The sound of the Church going bell to the spirit of God;—and Let them test them on the morning of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their right to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work to the work of the rest of the work of the rest of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the rest of the work of the children of God, by their the work of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the sound of the Sabbath to the privileges of the children of God, by their the work of the sound the sound of the sound of t

BAPTISM.

Read Exodus ch. 4. v. 24-26.

"What Circumcision was of old, Baptism is now. Forasmuch therefore as our Lord Himself maketh Baptism necessary, whether we respect the good received by it or the testimony yielded to God of our humility and meek obedience; and though He by the secret ways of his own incomprehensible Mercy may be thought to save without Baptism, this doth not of Athanasius, in defence of the most miserable of human and churchmen, who notwithstanding all the reproach- clear us from guilt, if through our superfluous scruples we cause a grace of so great moment to be withheld. By such scruples we may do an injury to ourselves, though not to our Infants ;- we for the hardness of our hearts may perish, although they through God's unspeakable mercy may be saved. God who did not afflict the innocent Child, whose Circumcision Moses affecting address may well re- of his associates and admi-mind us of good old Simeon rers. He execrated and curs-whose dying testimony our ed them, as the cause of his Church so frequently brings ruin, and of the abandonment to the devout attention of her of Heaven. - Wilson's Evid. worshippers. of Christianity. For the Colonial Churchman. had too long deferred, took revenge upon Moses bim self for the injury which was done through so great neglect. We have no set day for Baptism as the

"These words contain that great commission granted by our Saviour to his apostles and their successors, by virtue of which all mankind have been called 6 the knowledge and practice of true religion. Here is no testriction or exception whatever as to the per-sons who were to be baptized. Nations consist of per-

of receiving Infants into covenant, or any limitation the grave, and his soul is summoned to appear before with respect to age, He would not have failed to spe- the God who gave it; and his body mingles with its cify it." Though I do not wish to trouble you with native dust, yet how very few live as though they were much reference to the original language, yet I must aware of their being obliged to give an account here-received Certificates. buch reference to the original language, yet i must aware of their original for every moment received Certificates. Observe on this text, that the word standing for 'teach' after at the judgment seat of God, for every moment in Classical Literature. all nations is different from that which is rendered of their time-their precious and most valuable time. 'teaching' in v. 20; and properly signifies " make all Ob! what numbers go on from day to day, and from nations my disciples," and you will see the force of year to year, as though they were unaccountable to an this observation when you consider that the becoming all-seeing God, unmindful of him, and perhaps without a disciple or scholar to any one, is the first slep to one moment's reflection as to that great day when they being taught by him.

be admitted into covenant with Him at eight days old. wings its flight into eternity, thousands of our fellowtian, as the infants of the Jews should have been ad- for the improper use made of the time allowed them mitted into the legal covenant. God has made no for preparing to meet Him in his heavenly kingdom. exceptions in this particular. Infants with us are as Thousands there are, who, during the week, allow their Shore, a Student of the College, who had been educa-rapable of covenanting as they were with them; and precious time to pass along the stream of life without ted in the Collegiate School under the instruction of if God did not think fit to consider the age of infants turning one thought towards God, and who devote it among the Jews to be a bar to their receiving circum- wholly to the fleeting and transitory pleasures of this on Tuesday, June 28th, the Students, who had not cision we ought not to think the same defect to be world; and when the Sabbath comes they hear not the been already examined for their Degree, underwent the house of the house of the fleeting them to attend the house of the been already examined for their Degree, underwent the house of the house of the fleeting them to attend the house of the house of the fleeting them to attend the house of the been already examined for their Degree, underwent the house of the house of the house of the fleeting them to attend the house of the fleeting them to attend the house of the house of the fleeting the house of t any sufficient obstacle to the admission of our infants sound of the bell calling them to attend the house of the usual Examination for the Term ; which resulted

by Baptism into the covenant of the Gospel. In Matt : xix. v 14. we read " of such is the king-dom of heaven;" the literal measing of which must of the salvation of the soul of that man, who dares be, that " little children" may be admitted, into the not only so to waste his time during the week, but as dispensation of the Messiah, and by consequence that they may be baptized; and by turning to 1 Cor. c. the Sabbath, by turning his back upon His house, by vii. v. 14 we shall find St Paul declaring the children devoting the hours of that holy day, that day apto be " unclean " but " holy " who had even one pa-rent a believer. Such children as were born of one of the sensual pleasures of this world. Let us for a christian or believing parent, and for whose bringing up in the faith the church had good reason to depend, were esteemed 'holy' for the sake of that parent, and as having by birth a title to be admitted into co-then would be his feelings? Where would then be venant with God, and so to be admitted into the vi- his pleasures? And the hour of sickness being the sible church ou earth, that 'kingdom of heaven' which busy time with conscience, it is then, if ever, that was proclaimed by John Baptist "to be at hand," the 'still small voice' of his own conscience will tell that 'kingdom of God' which our Saviour asserted was come unto us-Matt. 12. v. 28.* I now come to notice that passage in St Mark, ch. 19. v. 16. It cannot be doubted, that believing, re life will appear before him, and be as a heavy burden

It has, in fact, no concern with them at all. U. T.

YOUTH'S COMPANION.

For the Colonial Churchman.

TIME.

What is time? Time is a talent allotted to every prayer? Hestitate for a moment and wake up your

will have to appear before Him, there to account for God expressly ordered the children of the Jews to the use they have made of that talent. As every day Into the place of Circumcision, Baptism has succeed-creatures are summoned away by the hand of death Into the place of Circumcision, Baptism has succeed creatures are summitted away by the name of death E. B. Feters. ed, as the Gospel has into the place of the Law. without being at all prepared to render a faithful ac-There is therefore the same reason why our children should from the beginning be admitted into the chris-the secrets of every heart; and who will punish them M'Cawley, D.D.

penting, and obeying the Gospel, are essentially ne-upon his soul; perhaps his dving soul. Can his world-cessary in all who would be "members of Christ, ly pleasures then divert him? Can his companions children of God, and inheritors of the kingdom of hea-ven." Without repentance, faith, and ebedience, we cannot hope for salvation through Christ. But who tediousness of time, but now that his heart is sick, matical Department. we cannot hope for salvation through Christ. But who are the persons that are to repent and believe ? Sure-ly such as are capable of so doing. Who are the persons to whom the Gospel was to be preached ? such surely as could receive it—such as had under-bet destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had destroying effect upon his heart that the worm had upon Jonah's gourd, they cannot now assist bim in that not to infants. When adults believe, they are to be baptized; such as did not believe on the preach-ing of the apostles, were to "be damned." Will it deavour to implore his pardon and forgiveness for pronouncing the ing of the apostles, were to "be damned." Will it deavour to implore his pardon and forgiveness for still be insisted on, that infants are to be included in this injunction? Will it be asserted that all infants the thought for every penitent sinner, that there is this injunction? Will it be asserted that all infants the thought for every penitent sinner, that there is this injunction? Will it be asserted that all infants the thought for every penitent sinner, that there is the bare not understand still sufficient halm in Giland --and that there is still. This injunction (will it be asserted that all minimus of single for ores, pointer and that there is still a full Convocation messrs. J. vv. Disprow, J. F. must be damned, because they have not understand-still sufficient balm in Gilesd, -- and that there is still a Berton, J. S. Shore, S. J. Scovil, and G. Lee, were must be damned, because they have not understand-still studient baim in Gress, --and that there is at it is a known rule that when an argu-ing to believe. It is a known rule that when an argu-ment proves too much, it is good for nothing. Such and sinful heart.-All the riches or pleasures of this appears to me to be the case with that drawn from this passage of St Mark against the Biptism of Infants. It has in full neart.-for recollect that "Life is between the former of the Biptism of Infants. The Discovery of the between the Biptism of Infants. It has in fact to conscience, therefore do not allow your time to be too be the case with them at all much occupied in them,—for recollect that "Life is the time to serve the Lord the time to ensure the great reward." There is no repentance in the silent grave, whither time is every, moment conveying you,then so prize that inestimable talent Time for which you are accountable, that you may at all times be prepared to go to your last long home, and to meet your God, " with joy and not with grief." Reader! is your precious time passing on without

What is time? Time is a talent allotted to every prayer? Prestitute for a moment and wake up your month of the strike of your all-seeing and heart allotted to existence it mind to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert reglected the house of your all-seeing and heart allotted to every mind to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert reglected the house of your all-seeing and heart allotted to every mind to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert reglected the house of your all-seeing and heart allotted to every mind to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert reglected the house of your all-seeing and heart allotted to every mind to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. Have you hithert allotted to be prayerless no longer. And

King's College, Fredericton, July 4, 1836.

At an Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, on Saturday, June 25th, the following Students

In Mathematics and Natural Philosophy

•	S. J. Scovil, 7	G. M. Odeli,
•	G. Lee,	J. F. Berton,
t	W. Scovil,	S. J. Scovil,
,	G. M. Udell, §	G. Lee,
r	J. S. Shore,	W. Scovil,
	J. F. Berton.	J. S. Shore,
•	J. W. Disbrow.	E. B. Peters,
1	S. J. Scovil, G. I.ee, W. Scovil, G. M. Odell, J. S. Shore, J. F. Berton, J. W. Disbrow, E. B. Peters.	J. W. Disbrow.

On Sunday, June 26th, the Anniversary Sermon was reached before the University by the Rev. George

On Monday, June 27th, the Scholarship proposed to General Competition was adjudged to Mr. W. H.

In Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.

	CLASS J.
E. H. Wilmot.	E. H. Wilmot.
	11.
G. M. Robinson,	G. M. Robinson,
W. H. Shore.	W. H. Shore,
J. Bedell.	G. S. Flood,
G. S. Flood.	J. Bedell.
C. J. Allan.	
G. M. Robinson, W. H. Shore, J. Bedell. G. S. Flood, C. J. Allan, W. M. Maclauchlan.	
	JIT.
J. H. Thorne, J. M. Bliss,	C. J. Allan,
J. M. Bliss.	M. H. Peters,
T. W. Bliss.	H. Berton,
T. W. Bliss, M. H. Peters.	J. H. Thorne,
H. Berton.	W. M. Maclauchlan,
2010011	J M Bliss

J. M. Bliss, T. W. Bliss.

On Wednesday, June 29th, the Collegiste School was examined, when the following Scholars were con-

In the Classical and Mathe- matical Department. J. Odell, H. Robinson, C. Coster, G. Bliss.	In the English Depart- ment.
J. Odell,	J. Wolhaupter, (for ex-
H. Robinson,	G. Fowler, cellence in
C. Coster,	R. Staples. writing.)
G Bliss	

On Thursday, June 30th, the Public Academical Act was held, the Rev. James Somerville, L. L. D.

A Subject was proposed for the Douglas Gold Me-The Discovery and First

In order to the maintenance of a more complete uniformity of procedure and discipline in the College, the Vice President has thought it necessary to adopt the following Rules :

1. A certificate (or Matriculation will not be given to any candidate under the full age of sixteen years, unless a strict Examination shall ascertain his extraordinary proficiency in learning, and he be furnished with satisfactory test monies of a good disposition and steady habits.

2. The use of a private apartment will not be granted to any non-resident Studeut.

3. Every Student will be considered and treated as

[&]quot;If it be said that by the kingdom of Heaven is here meant that glorious kingdom where dwell the spirits of the just made perfect, in the full enjoyment of the Divine pre-sence, companions of Cherubim and Seraphim, of angels life is fast fading away, and which, if spent here in the service of God, you will hereafter spend eternity and archangels, then surely the controversy must be at an "numbered with His saints is glory eventssting,' are they the orthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthy and worthy to be admitted into the visible church below by the orthanance of baptism? If they are capable of the great-er are they not of the less?—Ed. C. C.

For the Colonial Churchman.

THE BIGHT OF TENURE AND INVESTITURE OF CHURCH PROPERTY.

ed by the donor in the Bishop of the ustrict for the their new conquests, yet their proceedings and it supported this chain by such a grant by that the Bishop held the patronage or disposal of the nish his quota of men to fight his Master's battles ; property thus bestowed.

riod, led of course to the institution of livings or be- met and the lance. See Calvin's Lexicon Juridicum nefices, which was held, except in particular cases, under the word Feudum. by the incumbents for the period of their natural life. Its tenure, and disposal for its intended use may his featty and obedience. therefore be said to have been invested in the patron; and the usuffuct or annual produce of it may, in the the Conqueror, rendered landed tenures hereditary, has given satisfaction for his offence."—Can : 21. does not appear to have extended to church property of said Council. cumbent.

of Constantine, which changed the nature and charac-and the priest alike had only the usufruct of the br-ter of the tenure, by which not only Church proper-nefice during their life-time. At their demise the ground, that their investiture proceeded from a layter end of the fourth and in the beginning of the fifth king or Emperor, who gave it conditionally to the Pope Calixius II. and the emperor Henry v. about century, the nations, who then inhabited the northern next incumbent. parts of Europe, and who were in a state border-| This was mor ing upon barbarism, came forth, in countless hordes, Bishops .- a circumstance which caused a long and should be made in the presence of the Emperor and from their fastnesses, overrun the whole of Germany, bitter controversy between the Bishop of Rome and Princes of the Empire, and consequently by their Gaul, and kaly, carrying devastation and destruction the temporal Head of the Empire, about investitures. Consent. before them. Their ravages went so far as to ex-The Emperor or Lay-superior, upon the demise of 2. That the Bishop elect should be invested with tirpate the ancient inbabitants, or to reduce them to an Ecclesiastical Dignitary, laid claim to the right of the Ruyalties-that is all the estates holden of the slavery. Early in the year 409, Alaric the Goth took possession of Rome, destroyed its inhabitants, and rased the *sternal city* to the ground. His warlike followers were rewarded for the toils and bardships which they had endured as well as for the homes the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, could, with the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the empire, and and bardships the supreme sovereignty of the supreme sovereignty and the supreme sovereignty and the supreme the control and disposal the supreme the supreme the supreme the supreme the supreme the suprement the sup which they had left behind them, with the richest any shew of Justice, assume the control and disposal these proceedings by withholding consecration. and most fertile parts of the conquered territories. of extensive lands, within its boundaries; -a tenet of These articles are understood to prescribe the Their tenure was absolute and permanent; and ina-istate policy, which is acknowledged in the constitu-of election to vacant Benefices in Roman Catholic lisenable so long as a descendant of the first proprietor tion of every civilized kingdom at the present day. countries, at the present day: but they never gained remained to claim his right. These Lords of the soil The temporal Ruler for the time being urged his right any footing in England, notwithstanding the earnest actiled again of course a portion of the land thus ob-ta this privilege on another ground. He maintained endeavours of two successive Archbishops of Canter tained on those who were willing to serve them. And that the property, originally bestowed for the service bury, Anselm and Becket, to introduce them. the service, which was almost universally claimed, of the Church, had either been given, or confirmed consisted in the duty of being ready at any time to follow the first proprietor to the field, and to fight his bat fore he had a hereditary right to dispose of the yearly Brett's Treatise on Church Government, p. 397 & c. thes for him. The tenure by which these vassals held revenue to whomsoever he pleased. their land was extremely precarious; being only during The right of nomination thus maintained and the 99 1c. the pleasure of the superior. This is by most learn custom, which naturally resulted from is, seem to ed man, considered to be the origin of what is called have prevailed universally in the Church, for upwards of the additional sources of Church property, which the feudal system; a system which universally pre- of 600 years after the days of Constantine the great. were developed during the middle ages. wailed in Europe during the middle ages and of which it will be obvious however, that there were many traces may still be discovered in the constitutions of circumstances, connected with this mode of disposing some European kingdoms. See Dr. Ridley's view of of Ecclesiastical dignities, which rendered it particu-eiv. and ecc. Law pt. 1. cap. 4-also Spelman's post. larky liable to objection, The Emperors being for work p. 5.

which thus depended solely upon the pleasure of his select, from among their subjects, the persons who or more, according to his judgment, of those prefatory superior, became by degrees to acquire a more per- were fitted to supply the vacant dignities of the Church. sentences of Scripture, which, though all tending to manent character. It was first extended to one year; Accordingly in numberless instances their choice ap-the same great end, have yet an observable difference and aftenwards to the feudatory's life-time. And pears to have been singularly unfortunate. They of-of character, according with the various clarges of Hugh Capet, who usurped the French throne, in op-ten collated to Benefices and stations of trust in the persons presumed to be present. Thus, in the words-position to the race of Charlemagne, towards the lat-Sanctuary, individuals who had nothing to recom-of my text, and in the passage from Ezekiel, "When Royal House of Bourbon, made these tenures here- without parts, and not unfrequently stained with gross that he bath committed, and doeth that which is law-ditary : because he was desirous of securing parti- moral pollutions. anns among the ruzel population. The only return which he demanded consisted in the ceremony of the censure of the goman routin, who had begin to the showeth compassion to the pendent mansgretor-homage and the oath of fealty. For his part he en-gaged to maintain them in these rights so long as they maintained him upon the throne. This took place in 968; and according to Sir Honny Spelman, Pope Leo viii, about the year 942 sent a remon-they maintaine to subject, and according to Sir Honny Spelman, Pope Leo viii, about the year 942 sent a remon-the that is not safe to delay the humbling of ourselver afforded an example to. William the conqueror of the stance of a like character, to the Emperor Othe the in the provide the provide the population of the stance of a like that the set of the more and before him. In a third class, models of supplicatory manner, in which he might most securely support and Great, notwithstanding these efforts of the Roman address are presented to the peritent : "Hide thy preserve his newly acquired, kingdom of England. Bishops, the right of presentation, by the temporal free from my sing, and bit out all mine iniquities."

However this may be, it is well known that he ren-Head of the empire continued still to be a source of dered the tenure of lands bereditary. much abuse. Hence arose a fierce controversy on But to return. The Goths and vandals who were the subject, about the middle of the eleventh century, heathens did not of course understand the religion between Hildebrand, then Archdeacon of Rome, and which had some time before been established in the Henry iv. Emperor of Germany. Hildebrand sub-

Essay 7. The tenure, by which the property, made over to their general rule respecting tenures, in favour of of Gregory vii, and followed up the investiture conthe Church, was anciently held, was extremely sim- Church property. And although they found it im- test with much actimony of spirit. He laid claim to ple both in its nature and character. It was invest- possible to banish the knowledge of the Gospel from the right of Investiture or presentation himself, and ed by the donor in the Bishop of the district for the their new conquests; yet their proceedings and ar-supported this claim by such arguments as the follow-

kind of tenure implied to all intents and purposes and disposal of Church property, was obliged to fur-bondage.

2. By lay-patronage the church becomes a vassal and it not unfrequently happened that he himself to the Empire, - which is a usurpation upon the pre-Patronage, or the right to bestow for a limited pe- laid aside the mitre for a time and a sumed the hel- rogative of God himself. 3. It is moreover unbecoming, and beneath the Sa-

Thus landed Church property continued after the to the service of Christ, should be put into, and re-When a vacancy occurred, the usufruct was trans- Gothic invasion upon nearly the same footing on ceived from, hands stained with blood. For this, see ferable to whomsoever the Patron or Bishop might which the nature of the object in view, and of the Dupin's larger work, vol : x. p 25. see fit to appoint. I do not mean to affirm that there means employed for its accomplishment, had originally Upon these grounds a severe Canon was passed at were particular laws and regulations enacted, at the placed it. We do not read any where that it was a council held in Rome, of which Gregory via was early period of which we are speaking, for the di-seized and misapplied. The only difference or change President, in the year 1078, enacting that — "No rection of Patrons and Incumbents, as there have af- in its tenure consisted in the enactment which com- Ecclesiastics shall receive investiture of any Bishop terwards been introduced. Church property had not pelled the Ecclesiastical superior to contribute a share rick, Abby, or Church from the bands of Emperor, then given rise to any legislation of a lay character. towards the exigencies of the State, as a proof of King, or any other Laic whatsoever : and that if he

Now the law, by which Hugh Capet and William and he shall be excommunicated till such time as he

ty, but all other properties were held. In the lat-living passed into other hands at the pleasure of the source. This contest was finally settled betwees

This was more particularly the case in regard to

the most part engaged in wars, and matters of state, In the course of time the tenure of the vassal, could not have been, in every respect, qualified to

ter and of the tenth century, and who founded the mend them but their Master's will : without learning, the wicked man turneth away from the wickedness

which he demanded consisted in the ceremony of the censure of the Roman Pontiff, who had begun to who showeth cempassion to the pendent transgressor.

cerdotal order and unction that Lands consecrated

shall receive it, his investiture shall be null and void,

Imbent. An event however occurred not long after the days only for the life-time of the incumbent. The Bishop He was succeeded by Urban II, who continued the

the year 1124. It was agreed : 1. That the election of the Bishops and abbots

These articles are understood to prescribe the mode

and to Dupin's abridgment of Church Hist: vol: iii. P-

In my next I will endeavour to give some account

CRITO.

From "LEURGIGA," by the Rev. John Ayre.

CONTESSION OF SINS IN THE LITURGY.

The minister is instructed to commence with one ful and right, he shallsave his soul alive;" The is This source of abuse, more than once, called forth norant are instructed in the merciful nature of Hime formal, not to imagine the insincere expression of ex- employ, and, blassed be the kindness of our heaveuly ternal sorrow acceptable to the Lord-" Rend your Father, it is a plea that shall not fail. beart and not your garments, and turn unto the Lord Your God."

ting it on scripture grounds, and urging, that though their cry. 'From St. Paul we learn, that, in the a-the power of the keys (that, at least, we are now "at all times" we should "humbly acknowledge" postolic age, the people "said Amen at the giving of referring to for the referring to for the set. "at all times" we should "humbly acknowledge" postolic age, the people "said Amen at the giving of referring to, for there is another, relating to church our transgressions, yet surely that it is especially in-thanks," and the fathers testify, that the practice censures,) is exercised in the ministry of the word; cumbent on us "so to do," when gathered to the pub-was continued in succeeding ages." And such was we bind, when we declare God's vengeance against lic service of the Lord, whom we thank for his mer- the earnestness with which the people set their seal sin, -we loose, when we proclaim the full and freecies, magnify for his glory, petition for his gifts, and on the prayers recited by the minister, that, as St. forgiveness that is in Jesus Christ. And therefore, listen to in his word. Thus you see, brethren, the Jerome informs us, the voice of the congrgation thus no absolution that we are authorized to pronounce, church treats you as sinners; she does not except a responding, in his time, was loud as a peal of thun-hath power as the Papists say, ' really to take away by of her sons from the obligation of continual con-der. If we do not desire that this practice should sin,' but, as our church has ever held, it is only deles ion, or admit any excuse of worthiness. And be revived in its full extent, we cannot but wish that claratory, intended to 'ascertain us of God's most therefore, if there be one of you who, in the pride of each individual would, by the solemn pronunciation gracious and merciful pardon.' He that hears the his heart, esteems himself righteous, that man does of this word, shew that he does not conceive himself minister proclaim salvation, ought to believe his mes-Virtually unchurch himself, and burst from the pale of an unconcerned auditor. those whom Christ washes and sanctifies, inasmuch as I will not dwell longer on this division of my sub-Christ's sake, forgives.

ther, having thus urged the necessity, and described The Son of God undertook to offer a sacrifice, full, put away his sins. It is to the penitent, that the mrsthe nature of confession, invites the congregation to perfect, and sufficient, for the sins of the would; and sage comes, it is the heart-broken transgressor, it is Attend him to the throne of him who despises not a the Father covenanted with him, to reward him for intended to comfort-" Son, be of good cheer; thy

bis mercies.

ar demerits. I know not what words could express eth unto righteousness, and with the mouth maketh view of i', till you are roused, individually and person-The demerits. F know not what words could expressient unto righteousness, and who die moun maketo wiew of it, mi you are roused, individually and person-stronger language, the sinfulness and misery of confession unto salvation," he only hath part and lot ally, to ask the anxious question, "What shall 2 do man. "We have left undone those things which we in the gospel covenant. It is faith, his gft, that to be saved?" "The base done; we have done those things which unites us to Christ, that faith which worke they love, to ought not to have done; and there is no heakth the evidence and fruit of which are good works and a can pardon him. For this very purpose he suffered, in the second sec 'n us." that he might make atonement for transgression: for the prophet, "the whole head is sick, and the whole heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint: from the sole of the for even unto the heart faint the the means of the for even unto the for the Is it not precisely the acknowledgement of holy conversation. he prophet, "the whole head is sick, and the whole head, there is no soundwess in it, but wounds, and ing, and hearing by the word of God." The gospel. In the visions of the ancient seers, it was fore old that bruises, and putrefying sores?" I am smazed, that is calculated to diskel all doubt and despondency, to help should be laid on "One mighty" to save even iny one, after uttering such words, can dare to justify binself, or to extenuate his guilt. Biethren, the ty to the captive." Its constant message is -" if proof of this power. Can you fix your eyes on the as-binself, or to extenuate his guilt. Biethren, the ty to the captive." Its constant message is -" if proof of this power. Can you fix your eyes on the as-binself, or to extenuate his dilemma -either you are the scant belive, all things are possible to him that semblage of "just men made perfect?" The next-he " miserable sinners?" you profess to be, or you believeth." The law was made to wound, and the set to the throne, are Saul the persecutor and blas-

"Enter not into judgment with thy servant, O Lord; and virtuous in him, I do most earnestly entreat that cast out:" this is what he commanded his disciples to for in thy sight shall no man living be justified." man to beware, lest out of his own mouth he be con-proclaim,-"Go ye into all the world, and preach There are some to cheer the heart of the contrite, demned. The concluding part of the general confes- the gospel to every creature,"-"repentance and reof which the exclamation of the Psalmist, "The sa-sion is a deprecation of punishment, and supplication mission of sins," in my name; —and yet more solemn-trifices of God are a broken spirit; a broken and s for forgiveness. And it is observable, that here there by, "whosesoever sins ye remit, they are remitted uncontrite heart, O God, thou wilt not despise," is a is no claim advanced, but simply God's promise in to them, and whosesoever sins ye retain, they are remaited una precimen; and lastly, there is a solemn warning to the Jesus Christ; that is all the plea which a sinner can tained."

At the close of this prayer, as of all others, the account of the unwarrantable pretensions therefrom congregation are instructed to respond Amen, sig-An affectionate address succeeds, pressing on the nifying their hearty concurrence in what has been ut-

he " came to call not the righteous, but sinners to re-pentance." The exhortation further describes the kind of confession with which we should approach the to give you of human corruption, be not fully borne mercy-seat: it is not the mere repetition of the pu-out by our authorised formularies? Let no man go person: while the people are to listen to it kneeling. First words that is accepted; it is not even sorrow about to brand this doctrine with the name of novel-as it is fulling that in the same supplicit posture in the same supplicit posture in for past transgressions, if we are careless of running ty: it is that for which our fathers struggled, and which they asked forgiveness, they should hear, as into fresh ones: it is with a "lowly, pendent, and which they have embalmed to future ages. So long as it were from the mouth of God, "transgression for-

of the formal Pharisee) this man went down to his race, "was in Christ, reconciling the world unto not, whatsoever he does, to do all to the glory of God," Souse, justified mather than the other." The minis- himself, not imputing their therpasses unto them." imagine that the mere repetition of this form has broken heart. And while making our confession, the Church ad-death and condemnation those that should believe in forgiven," will certainly give evidence in his conduct, monishes us to kneel; not as though she imagines him. When two persons enter into a contract, and that "he loveth much." there is any merit in one particular posture, but bes one hath performed his part, the other is bound, in all We then approach our heavenly Father in the words. Ause that is the gesture and befitting token of hus justice and equity, to fulfil his stipulated conditions of that most divine prayer which Christ has commitmility, and because we find that eminent saints have too; and thus it is that God is " just" in our forgive- ted, as a precious legacy, to his church. Concise, and base we find that emment saints have 100; and thus it is that God is "just" in our forgive-generally used it. Thus Solomon, at the consecration of the temple, "kneeled down upon his knees." When Paul bade farewell to the Ephesian Church, the kneeled down and prayed." And, to refer to but one more example, when our Saviour in his ago. "And, to refer to but one more example, when our Saviour in his ago. "And, to refer to but one more example, when our Saviour in his ago. "And prayed." Let no man therefore accuse us of "uperstition in our gestures. We stand, during the him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We stand, during the him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We then listen to but one more example, when but therefore accuse us of "uperstition in our gestures. We stand, during the him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We stand, during the him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We then listen to bring money in our hand for the blessing of him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We then listen to bring money in our hand for the blessing of him are ysa, and in him amen." And therefore we "uperstition in our gestures. We then listen to bring money in our hand for the blessing of

This " power of the keys," as it has been termed, has given rise to numberless controversies, chiefly on advanced by the Romish church, as though the priest were exalted into the place of God and might forgive

into fresh ones: it is with a "lowly, pendent, and which they have embalaned to future ages. So long as it were from the mouth of God, "transgression for-ORDELENT heart," we must draw near, if we desire the Church of England stands, she will raise her warn-the favour of that "bigh and lofty One," who dwell-eth " with him that is of a contrite and humble spi-eth " with him that is of a contrite and humble spi-eth." Let this rebuke these of you, who regard the lone is thine help." Use the presence of the Lord with a proud unsanctified heart. Take the publican for your model, who, trem-bling at his own vileness, and with a heavy sense of Suilt in his transgressions, uttered the affecting cry, "God be merciful to me, a sinner." "I tell you, be it never so genuine, has any power to sheathe the sword of justice: but "God," in mercy to our of the formal Pharisee) this man went down to his race, "was in Christ, reconciling the world unto

The are guilty suppliants, not worthy of the least of sill of the decision. Not that every man, be his life, is not in us." * * Strive to attain a clear view are guilty suppliants, not worthy of the least of an survey on sinners. For that every man, be his hie, is not in us. The confersion is an effecting acknowledgement of saved by Christ; he only, that " with the heat believ- rest a sured that you have not a clear and proper

" bind up the broken-hearted, and to proclaim liber- to the uttermost; and he has abundantly already given. the "miserable sinners" you profess to be, or you believeth." The law was made to wound, and the jest to the throne, are Saul the persecutor and blas-bave now come before God with a lie in your right gospet to heal: the law, by its terrors, urges men phemer, and Peter the apostate: the blood that washed hand, and have insulted the Highest with an awful bookkery. O if there be a self-righteous man before ceives them, and shews them that in Christ there is trial of his live: make instant trial; tempt him no may a man that would excuse his sins, a man that persuade himself there is much that is good declared, "him that cameth to may, will in no wise the sorig much good like you to draw near; truth," confirms the testimony, that " if any man sin, they solicited the owners of offending parties for the Bishops of this request. On the 19th of April, 1836, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ' the necessary consent to render the connection durable the presiding Bishop notified the Standing Committees righteous, and he is the propitiation for our sins." by the performance of the marriage ceremony. In of the several dioceses that nine episcopal votes, be-

BERMUDA.

muda to the Governor of that Island, is published as throw-interestedly, to discountenance and abolish the odious venient despatch." On the 25th of June, the preing some light on the state of the Church there, especially system of concubinage, as any of the missionaries in siding Bishop had received the consent to consecrate sure the evidence it affords of prosperity in that portion of the employment of the complaining committees could from twelve standing committees, being a majority of our Zion .-

cellency's letter of the 31st ultimo, together with the portion of their colored charge, who were willing to sions and that of the general Theological Seminary's aeveral documents to which it refers, and in obedi-change a state of concubinage for a state of matrimo- and the earliest day on which the act could be perence to your commands, I proceed to offer such re- ny, without any pecuniary reward. To vindicate the formed, in company with the presiding Bishop, marks as occur to me on the important subject of an amended Marriage Act, to which it is your Excellen-cy's design to direct the attention of the Colonial Le-gislature.

plated by his Mujesty's Government will have the ef. Majesty's Secratary of State. fect of removing a grievance which has been the tothe social or political circumstances of this colony any bodying the following provisions: valid objection. But acknowledging as I do to the fullest extent the justice and sanity of the principles minister in holy orders or in pretended holy orders, on which the proposed alterations of the Marriage-be declared to all intents and purposed valid and bind-Law are founded. I must ver venture to success to ling on the parties concerned

dition, so utterly destitute of religious instruction, as their unhappy brethren of Jamaica and the Antilles. In the task of converting these who may be said to have been in a state of heathenism to christianity, the parochial ministers have taken the lead. Happily for a christian community who think it desirable "to keep the faich in unity of spirit, and in the bond of peace," the still established church of the empire is not only the still established church of the empire is not only the still established Religion of Rermuda but it is hone fide the cancel of the the following to a dis-the still established church of the present month, or any other day that the still established church of the empire is not only the still established Religion of Rermuda but it is hone fide the established Religion of Bermuda, but it is bona fide place of worship, and in no other, under the following or the church are numbered at least three fourths of posing to be married from one of the magistrates our population. On every occasion of Divine wor-ahip our parish churches are attended by large and which one of the parties resides, and that for this li-increasing congregations. Sunday and week day cense the magistrate shall require the same security increasing founded and maintained by the church are as is usually taken by ordinaries granting marriege dentionally adding to the number of emerginated along. continually adding to the number of emancipated slaves licenses, that the parties be of age, and that there admitted to her communion, and the call for enlarged exist no legal impediment to the marriage. churches or additional chapels for the accommodation of willing worshippers obtains in every parish.

by the Wesleyan Committee respecting the difficul- who granted it, and that the magistrate shall annual-ty and expense incident to marriages solemnized by ly on the 31st December return to the office of the clergymen of the Church of England, can have no colonial secretary, a true register of all marriages so-possible application to this colony. With the exception lemnized within the year, on his license. of the marriage fee, and that seldom given but by the more opulent, surplice dues are undemanded and un-al importance to the safe operation of the proposed clergy here receive no fees for burials, for baptisms, lish statute that may make it more salutary and betfor registers, for the erection of monuments. During ter adapted to the exigencies of the Colony. several years preceding the great event of emancipation, it was made "lawful for ministers of any congregation to unite slaves in matrimony with the consent of their respective owners," and the statute which legalized these marriages prohibited the officiating minis- His Excellency Sir Stephen R. Chapman, &c. &c. &c. ters from accepting any fees for such services. Before the passing of this act, though the legality of the marriage tie with regard to persons in a state of slavery

this path of duty they had bad custom and inveterate ing a majority of the whole number, had been received, prejudice to encounter, and they had no emoluments in favour of the Rev. Samuel A. McCoskry, Rector to receive. It is an historical fact, that they exert- of St. Paul's Church, Philadelphia, and requested the The following letter from Archdeacon SPENCER of Ber- ed themselves as fearlessly, as zealously, and as dis- action of the Committees in the case, "with all consystem of concubinage, as any of the missionaries in siding Bishop had received the consent to consecrate have done; and when, with the existence of slavery the the whole number. At that date, the other Bishop

Woodstock, 4th June, 1836. Sir,-I have had the honor of receiving your Ex- pired, they continued their services to all the poorer tion were attending in New-York the Board of Mir-

The obligation imposed by the common Law of connection, for which, with the present facilities for cration to Thursday, July 7th, in the hope, though England on persons dissenting from the doctrines and marriage there is not the slightest excuse. Your Ex-discipline of the established Church to have their res- cellency will, I trust, forgive me for trespassing so pective Marriages solemnized exclusively by the mi-nisters and forms of the church from which they dis-of this Archdeaconry, which seemed to be rendered well as of the others principally concerned, grounded sent, has always appeared to me inexpedient and un necessary by one part of the remonstrance addressed on obvious considerations that the act ought on that just, and I sincerely rejoice that the measure contem- by the secretary of the Wesleyen Committee to His day to be performed, whether he could attend or not. To provide for the latter contingency, the following

With respect to the new Marriage Bill to be pro-letter was furnished by bim, as presiding Bisbop, in pic of well grounded remonstrance. To a local law posed to the Legislature of Bermuda, I would humbly conformity with the canon regulating the proceedings of similar spirit and tendency I cannot perceive in submit to your Excellency the propriety of its em- in the case. - Episcopal Recorder. Letter of Bishop White to the consecrating Bishop! "To the Right Rev. Henry Ustick Onderdonk. D. D., the Right Rev. George W. Doane, D. D., and the Right

I. That all Marriages already solemnized by any

Law are founded, I must yet venture to suggest to ing on the parties concerned. "Brethren, Being providentially unable to attend your Excellency that, the circumstances indicated by II. That no clergyman of the Church of England and conduct the consecration of the Rev. Samuel A Lord Glenelg, as creating a distinction between the shall solempize any marriage without a license from McCoskry, Bishop-elect of the diocese of Michigan, state of society and ecclesiastical polity in England the Governor or officer administering the government hereby communicate to you the testimonials of hereby and that of the West India Colonies, do not exist in Bermuda. At no period of the history of this country were the slaves equal in number to the free inhabitants, nor were persons in that degraded and distressiul con-dition as uttacked of religious instructions of the provisions of differences of the slaves equal in that degraded and distressiul con-of December transmitted to the Archdesser of the Slaves of and of 1885, and Frances of differences of the slaves equal in the degraded and distressiul con-of December transmitted to the Archdesser of the Slaves of a majority of the slaves equal in the transmitted to the Archdesser of the Slaves of the Slaves of a majority of the stand-of December transmitted to the Archdesser of the Slaves of the Station and of 1885, and Frances of the Slaves of the Slav diejon, so utterly destitute of religious instruction, as of December transmitted to the Archdeacon of the Canon 1st, Section 2nd, of 1835: and I request you

of the church are numbered at least three fourths of posing to be married from one of the magistrates dar, he witnessed the proper descriptions of the ed"

2. That the dissenting minister who shall solemnize on the said license, shall return the license with a The complaint noticed by His Lordship as urged certificate of the marriage upon it, to the magistrate

paid in Bermuda. Contrary to the custom and the act, though the Legislature may in the exercise of its law of the mother country and of other colonies, the wisdom devise some other modifications of the Eng-

I have the honor to be, Sir, your Excellency's most obedient, and humble Servant,

AUBREY G. SPENCER. Archdeacon of Bermuda.

NOTICES CONCERNING THE LATE CONSECRATION.

The consecration of the Bishop of Michigan being cuit, had plainly convinced him, that it would be for marriage tie with regard to persons in a state of slavery might be denied, the sanctity of the obligation was now happily consummated, it may be useful to record better to leave the poorer classes of the community if frequently impressed on the minds of the slaves by the following facts and documents. On the 25th of ignorance, than to educate them without having for the clergy, and the ceremony occasionally performed. But when this permissive act was passed, the paro-sed a resolution requesting the Bishops to elect a sut-chial ministers gladly availed themselves of its autho-sity to oppose with better effect a system of profane-communicated to the presiding Bishop. On the 30th not, in the end, appear so monstrous as he had with ness and imm ratity. In cases of illicit intercourse, of December, the presiding Biskop informed the other nessed in this circuit."- London Record.

Rev. Jackson Kemper, D. D.

Abinger, to the grand jury, at the Leicester Assizte, well deserves attention: -- ' In looking at the cales cation of the prisoners, viz: those who could read and write well, read and write imperfectly, and that who could not read at all. In the list there were only three persons who could not read and write, out of a calendar of twenty persons, and the doctrine which had been lately promulgated was, that give the poor education and you destroy crime. This had not ture ed out to be the case with the calender before the Court, for he found that most of the desperate robberies were committed by persons who are described in the calendar as reading and writing well. He certain ly never would discourage educating the poorer class es of society, but he would boldly affirm, that if the education was not founded on a moral and religious principle, instead of becoming a blessing to the poor, it would, in the end, turn out a curse. To give # sound education to the poor, moral and religious if struction must accompany it-the receiver must be well made know, not only the moral duties he to perform, but also the religious ones; and, however a number of conscientious men may talk and adve cate the one without the other, still he would main tain, the design and the effect intended by education would be lost if not adhered to. Education, without religious instruction, could not control the strong Pse sions of the human race, and he had only sgain to repest that the various calendars throughout the cif

THE COLONIAL CHURCHMAN.

LUNENBURG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1836.

CHURCH IN LUNENBURG .- In our last we proceeded With our memoranda, as far down as the year 1757. In the Missionary's reports for two or three following years, there does not occur much worthy of note. The affairs of part of the congregation were averse to the measure. the mission appear to have gone on harmoniously, there

influence with the Lords of Trade and the Society, them, that he had baptized several of their children, and that a missionary of the Church of England who under- united some in matrimony-that they "behaved with tou on the 23d inst. We hope to be favoured with some tood the German and English languages if possible, and great decency in religious ceremonies"-and that he ex- notice from each place of the services performed in this il not an English clergyman, and schoolmaster, be sent out pected they would soon become a part of his regular con-With proper maintenance. The Governor, who died in gregation, almost all understanding the French language. Uhis year and is described as "a man of great acquirements, It may not be amiss here, although not strictly pertain-^accerely religious, and having a zealous regard for the ing to the parochial history of Eunenburg, to relate an in-"tablished church"-recommended to the Society the teresting celebration of Indian worship which occurred in vice, his Lordship delivered an impressive address from ^aPpointment of an itinerant missionary whose head quar-St, Paul's Church, Halifax, in July 1767. ters should be at Lunenburg. This does not seem to have Mr. Wood the missionary there informed the Society, been acted upon until 1762, when the Board of Trade re-that having studied the Micmac language closely for seve- dedicated themselves to the service of their God. Presented to the Society the necessity of a new mission ral years, he now found himself able to read the prayers mong the German settlers at Lunenburg, &c. "who un- (which he had previously translated) to the Indians in their the death of this venerated patriarch of the American Ederstand English well and are desirous of uniting them- own tongue. This he appears to have done for the first piscopal Church, at Philadelphia on the 17th July, in the telves and children into one congregation under the church time at the above mentioned date, in the presence of the of England government."

The Rev. JOSEPH BENNETT was accordingly appointed officers of the Navy and Army, and the inhabitants of the Lunenburg, but occasionally at such other townships as after Divine service-and an Indian chief came forward the Governor should direct. He was in his 34th year, from the rest, and, kneeling down, prayed the Almighty recommended as a "man of good temper, prudence, and to bless his Majesty George III .- their lawful king and learning, of a sober and pious conversation, zealous for governor, and all the royal family. He prayed also for the christian religion, and thoroughly well affected to the the Governor, and for the prosperity of the Province at Present government." This gentleman was but a short large. He then rose up and Mr. Wood, at his desire, extime employed here, having been removed in the next year plained the prayer to the whole congregation. At the con-to the charge of the settlements in Hants' and King's clusion of the service, it is stated that they all fervently Counties. While we have to lament the scanty materials thanked God, and his instrument the Governor, and Mr. Canada to pay their subscriptions to the Hon. A.W. of these early missionaries, it is yet very satisfactory to of hearing the prayers of the church in their own tongue in postage - payable in advance. observe the decided testimony to their worth which was which they were born. On the 12th August in the same borne by the public authorities of the day. Governor year, Mr. Wood married Pierre Jacques, an Indian, to Belcher, who took a warm interest in the affairs of the So- Marie Joseph, eldest daughter of old king Thomas, who tiety, and in the welfare of the Church, and must have looks upon himself as hereditary king of the Micmacs, in been eminently useful while as yet it did not enjoy the ad- the presence of Sir Thomas Rich, Baronet, and many o-Vantages of episcopal care,-acknowledges in this year ther gentlemen. These facts are given as shewing the the advantages derived to the province from the pious la- connexion then subsisting in this province between bours and prudence of the Society's missionaries, and the Indians and the church of England, but which unhaptakes notice that the church of England is so much pily seems now to have entirely ceased,-why or how, it respected, that persons of all denominations generally at- is not easy to tell.

Congregational services. Also, that the General Assem- tions to send to Lunenburg a clergyman understanding by had passed a law not only for establishing the church the German language, as well on account of the inhabitants of England, but for finishing the parish church of St. Paul already there, who desired it as for the benefit of the numin Halifax at an expense of £12,00 sterling, and have al- bers of Germans expected from Philadelphia and Germany. the Church, be was unable to attend; and the cono joined in a subscription for an organ.-At this time All were disposed to join the church if such a one was secretion was performed by Bishops H. U. Onderdescription ; and St. Paul's at Halifax was frequented by state of the congregation at Lunenburg at this period.-Persons of all denominations, among whom great harmony He describes it as " decent and devout, and increasing so the age of 12 years .-- Governor Belcher mentions that for by attachment to principles of the church of England, and ter was read from Bishop White to the three officiatthe better instruction of these, and the more effectual sup- by genuine holiness." Ply of the spiritual wants of the mission, he had engaged the Rev. Mr. VINCENT, as a second missionary, and like-

Wise as schoolmaster at Lusenburg, with such allowances as the government could make, though that " would be by Though of so late an origin as 1820, it may be considered there was a crowded congregation, and a large num-ao means equal to his fabours." Testimony is borne by as one of the most flourishing in Nova-Scotia. In none of communicants. And I have no doubt that my within our knowledge is attendance upon the public ser-lown feeling was the general one-that of sincere reand nawearied application of Mr. Vincent. A convenient the congregation is distinguished by a stadfast, and, at the confer the high commission on our thirty-second bish-

were about 89-communicants on Whit Sunday 150.- advancement of the Church. stated that a desire had arisen among the Germans to in- the town, and once at the chapel at Eagle head. troduce a German minister, and that timber was prepared

It will be new to some of our readers to be informed

Hon. Lord W. Campbell, Col. Dalrymple, and most of the

lend the public worship of the church, when destitute of After the death of Mr. Vincent, the Society made exer-

sented at 300 families, or 1500 souls, of whom about 250 casion the congregations were good, and up manual our the whole solemnity was impraving, and of many were impraving, and of many were impraving, and of many were communicants were gathered around the Altar; which terest. Michigan may now rejoice, and so may bur the vertex of the deputient of the number recollects that ten whole Church, in the deputiention of so excellent a transformer were to be found whole whole communicants. The attendance upon Divine service was encourd years ago not one fourth of the number were to be found the before. N. F. Churchman.

aging, and their behaviour proper. The yearly baptisms there even on the Sabbath day, is a gratifying proof of the advancement of the Church. One of these communicants lacking two months only of fourscore, walked in ten miles Mr. Vincent continued to minister here until his death before morning service. -- There were present four of the which happened in 1765. Shortly before that period he clergy, and Divine service was performed three times in

BISHOP'S VISITATION .- We received a memorandum for the erection of a meeting house, but that the younger of his Lordship's appointments too late for insertion in our last paper. It was his intention after leaving Wind-sor on the 22d July, to spend Sunday 24th at Truro; Mon-day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Antigonish and that at this period the Indians formed part of the spiritual dessed the Governor (Lawrence) requesting him to use nenburg reports his having met with great success among that at this period the Indians formed part of the spiritual dessed the Governor (Lawrence) requesting him to use that at this period the Indians formed part of the spiritual dessed the Governor (Lawrence) requesting him to use the total backgreat success among the spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, &c. To be at Pictou, Aug. 3; P. E. Island, 4th ; Mira-michi, Bathurst, Chatham, Baie de Vin, &c. from 5th to the spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, &c. To be at Pictou, Aug. 3; P. E. Island, 4th ; Mira-michi, Bathurst, Chatham, Baie de Vin, &c. from 5th to the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, &c. To be at Pictou, Aug. 3; P. E. Island, 4th ; Mira-michi, Bathurst, Chatham, Baie de Vin, &c. from 5th to the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, &c. To be at Pictou, Aug. 3; P. E. Island, 4th ; Mira-michi, Bathurst, Chatham, Baie de Vin, &c. from 5th to the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, With the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, With the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, With the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 26th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, With the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 28th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, With the total backgreat spiritual day 25th, Pictou Mines; 28th to 28th, at Guysborough, Canso, At Sc. in P. E. Island from the 15th to 22d; and to cross to Picextensive route.

> DARTMOUTH .- We find from Halifax papers that the Bishop held a confirmation in Christ's Church, Dartmouth, on Wednesday 20th ult. when upwards of 30 persons were admitted to that holy rite. At the conclusion of the serthe Altar, in which he explained with great earnestness the nature and importance of the ordinances, and the solemn obligations contracted by those who thus publicly

BISHOP WHITE .--- We deeply regret to have to record 90th year of his age, and 50th of his episcopate. He had presided at the consecration of thirty-one Bishops, and is believed to have been the oldest Protestant Bishop in the world. Few have gone down to the grave more honoured itinerant missionary, and directed to officiate chiefly at town .- An anthem was sung by the Indians before and of men, of every denomination ; and we trust he receives rom the great Shepherd of all, that crown of glory which 'fadeth not away.'

> NEW BRUNSWICK .- We hear that the Archdeacon of this province has received the Bishop's instructions to call its Clergy together in the course of the summer.

To our Canada Correspondents.

To save the expense of postage and the trouble of sending hither small sums, we request our friends in that remain for a record of the labours here and elsewhere Wood, for the gratifying privilege they had just enjoyed, COCHRAN, Quebec, and if possible in money current in Nova-Scotia. Terms 118.3d. per annum, including

MARRIED.

In this town, on Thursday evening the 28th ult. by the Rev. J. C. Cachran, Mr.Robert Scott, merchant, to Eliza, eldest daughter of John Heckman, Esq. DIED At Halifax, on 2d inst. in the 11th year of his age, Wil-

have James, eldest child of Mr. M. B. Almon.

CONSECRATION OF THE BISHOP OF MICHIGAN.

I had the pleasure, yesterday, of witnessing, in St. Paul's Church, the high solemnity of the consecration of Mr. McCoskry to the Episcopate of Michigan. Bishop White has been very sick for several days; and, though the duty was postponed from Tuesday to Thursday, in the hope that he might be brought to West of the new townships were without ministers of any sent. Mr. Moreau speaks in very pleasing terms of the donk, Doane, and Kemper. A number of the clargy were present; two of whom were in attendance on the bishop elect, two conducted the morning service, and two read the documents. Bishop Kemper preach-Prevailed. But to return to Lunenburg-it is stated that fast that he hopes soon to see it one of the most flourished. After the semon, and immediately before the there were at this period 596 children in the place under ing on the continent, as well as remarkably distinguished two junior bishops presented the bishop elect, a leting bisbops, "communicating" to them the testimonials, agreeably to the canon, and requesting them to hold the consecration on that day. After this the in-LIVERPOOL. - The memoir of this Parish in our 7th teresting services proceeded as usual on such occasions! Liverpool. - The memory of this is a considered liveresting services proceeded as using and a large number will perhaps be in the recollection of our readers. There was a crowded congregation, and a large numwithin our knowledge is attendance upon the public ser- own feeling was the general one - that of eincere re-Governor Belcher to the known abilities, exemplary life, vices of the church more exemplary or more general, and gret that our venerable man of Gon was umble to and nawearied application of Mr. Vincent. A convenient ine congregation is distinguished by a the church of their op, as he did on all the others, except one, who were school-house was fitted up and a Mr. Newman appointed same time, a liberal attachment to the church of their op, as he did on all the others, except one, who were school house was fitted up and a Mr. Newman appointed same time, a liberal attachment to the evidence of this which consecrated in this country. The three bishops, howachool-master. The population of the mission is repre-the late clorical meeting there saled forth, on which accepter, fulfilled their daty with great accuracy; and ented at 300 families, or 1500 souls, of whom about 250 casion the congregations were good, and upwards of forty the whole solemnity 'wes' inspessing, and of deep in-222 彩材板 From the London Christian Observer.

" LEARN OF ME."- Matt. xi. 29.

LEARN of me, the Saviour said ; I am meek in mind and heart, Like a lamb to slaughter led .-Peace and blessing I impart Oh, ye weary, ye shall rest, And from bondage shall be free, When, with mild, submissive breast, Ye will come, and learn of me.

Learn of me, when foes conspire, And oppression's hand is strong : When thy soul may be on fire To avenge the threaten'd wrong. I have borne the rage of men; Guiltless, I was bruised for thee; I returned not wrath again, I was lowly; learn of me.

Learn of me, when doubts intrude In thy breast, and murmur there ; When thou seek'st to shun the food Which my Father may prepare. I have drunk a cup of woe, That his will, not mine, might be ; Ye must thus each wish forego, And obedience learn of me.

Learn of me on earth to dwell With thy hopes and home on high ; Every earthly treasure sell, And the pearl of promise buy. Then the crown thou shalt attain; Where I am, thou too shalt be; King and priest in heaven shalt reign,

was at the same time passed, requiring any gentleman means prescribed in the Gospel, as to overpower them. who might be appointed to the Lectureskip to be equal. The weapons of their warfare are often carnal. ly well versed in Mineralogy and Geology.

their address, as also of the Rev. Dr's. reply, which special instructions for students on the duties of Chris-we here subjoin. we here subjoin.

King's College, Fredericton, July 16, 1836. Reverend Sir,

We have the honor to subscribe ourselves with the gainst the Bishops of the Established Church, -- if I greatest respect

JOHN S. SHORE, A. B. GEORGE LEE, Jun. A. B.

Rev. George M'Cawley, D. D.

Gentlemeo,

presented to me, in the name of the Alumni of King's the distance was too great to allow him to walk. College on my retiring from my Professorships has been much enhanced by yonr affectionate address.

the manner in which I have discharged the duties of C. Benson, John Herdy, Esq. M. P., Rev. Mr. Stew-my office cannot but afford me much satisfaction ; art, and Sir Andrew Agnew, M. P. This Society has my office cannot but afford me much satisfaction ; while the congratulations which you offer on my remo- been the means of awakening many Christians to ef-

tions of this day; and in withdrawing from you to importance, divine appointment and proper observance another Province I shall not fail to eutertain the con- of the Sabhath. - Christian Wilness. fident hope that you will advance through life adorning your several professions with the fruits of cultivated minds, matured talents, and all the virtues of the Christian character.

friend.

,	GEORGE M'CAWLEY
-	Messrs. JOHN S. SHORE, and
ļ	George Lee, Jun. A. B.
	Committee of the Alumni.
1	5

MISTAKES IN THE RELIGIOUS WORLD.

LORD'S DAY SOCIETY.

This Society is of recent origin, and was formed temperance was irreligion .- Ibid.

Reverend Sir, In the name of the Alumni of this University, we beg leave to present you with a Silver Cup, on your retiring from the Chair of the Mathematical Professor. Gratitude for the kind services which you have al-ways been disposed to render us, and an exalted res-pret for the consistency of conduct which you have al-invariably displayed in the discharge of your duties as a Professor, demand on this occasion something more than a mere complimentary address. Accept our best congratulations on your advance-mant to the high situation of President of the University at Windsor; and, be assured, that with our Alma Mater your name will ever be gratefully associated. Network and the solution of the solution in disposed for the solution in all of the Sabbath is neglected. The Bishop repel-Ind with becoming indignation the charge brought a-Mater your name will ever be gratefully associated.

mistake not in the house of Commons, -- of travelling about, on the Sabbath, in their coaches, and of thus preventing the r servarts and coachmen from attends On behalf of the other Alumni. ing Church, or having necessary cessation from labor. He declared that he did not believe th re is a Pre-King's College, Fredericton, July 16, 1836. late in England who uses his carriage on the Sabbath except to go to a considerable distance to preach, The very gratifying tribute of regard which you have and that he himself never rode to Church except when

ollege on my retiring from my Professorships has een much enhanced by yonr affectionate address. The gratitude and respect which you express for Esq., Rev. Geo. Cubitt, the Bishop of Chester, Rev. forts in behalf of the Lord's day. It has published val to the Sister University engage my best thanks. forts in hehalf of the Lord's day. It has published Be assured that I shall never forget the kindly emo- and circulated several small works, which treat of the

SUNDAT SCHOOL SOCIETT.

The first annual meeting which occurred was that bristian character. Believe me to be, with cordial regard, your sincere Wednesday evening, April 27th. It was of the nature of a jubilee celebration, this being the 50th year since its organization. The meeting took place in Exeter Hall. Thomas Wilson president. Addresses were made by the Rev. Messrs. Haselgrane, Harry, Thompson, Professor Hoppus of the London Univer-sity, W. T. Lloyd, Mr. Wilson, J. Thompson, &c. Mr. Gutteridge, an old man, the only survivor of those who had assisted 50 years ago, at the formatied of the Society, was present, and also addressed the

BRITISH AND FOREIGN TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

I must believe that, in many cases, there has been the 17th of May, the Bishop of Chester in the chair, a provoking of opposition where there was no neces- He stated to the meeting, on taking the chair, that On Saturday a deputation from the Students of sity for it. I fear that this is very often done by min-our College, waited upon the Rev. Dr. M'Cawley, and requested his acceptance of a Silver Cup, as a mark thought, that it was a part of ministerial honesty to of well merited esteem, on his removal to the Sister speak the truth in the most offensive form. And University. The Cup is ofvery beautiful workman-bence, many are thrown off from religion to a return-priate Latin inscription, and over this the College Arms in relievo. We understand it had been the in-tet Encenia, but in consequence of some delay the, order was not executed before the commencement of win him by love, he will be more apt to go farther specific homes. We have been favored with a copy of their address, as also of the Rev. Dr's. reply, which special instructions for students on the duties of *Chris*-to a far greater degree than could have teen hoped, their address, as also of the Rev. Dr's. reply, which to a far greater degree than could have been hoped, but habits of morality, of decency, of frugality, of in-dustry, had been induced. If it was not true that temperance was religion, it certainly was true that in-