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## NORTHERN MESSENGER

DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION, AND LITERATURE.
VOLUME XXIII No. 12.


FOLDED HANDS. From the painting by Albert Durer.

ALBERT DURER'S FOLDED HANDS.
bi hev. c. s. hodinson, d.d.
Two boys, Frana Thuigstein and Albert Durer, onco lived together in Nurembery, they wero gring to bo artists and himd
entered Michiel Wohlgemulin's study for instraction. The parents of both wero 1oor, and were struserling to keep their able to takio curo of themselves Of thes two pupils the nustor knew that Albert posscssel genius, but Franz would never make it paintier of whoin men would bo froug. But ind affectionatere They loved each other tendorly, ind were kind ind faithful unto ill at home.
Yours passed on ; ono wont to Italy, the othor continued study in Germany. Erelong Frinus married, ind byo-ind-bye Al bert, and tho old peoplo died, and time wure biard and durt, was han. Aborifeared that Frany had not tho artist spirit and
could nevor suceed. Once they plamned could never suceecd. Once they phamed
together to make in etehing of the Passion of our Lord. When they came to show onch other what had been accomplishel the picturo of Franz was cold and lifeless, while that of Albert was full of beinty. Frunz himsolf saw it then. Ho was in middle life, aud so fur he knew he hatd been a failuro. He must give it up. He could not be successful as sun artist. But he did not complitin ; only for at passionate mo ment he buried his face in his hands. Then he suid in broken tones, though still full of courage
the good Lord gave me no such gift as this, but ho has something yet for mo to do, somo homely work slial bo found to hive lost ; bo you the artist of Nuremberg, ind I--" chained Albert, andia guick rush was made
to tho paper beforc him on the table Only a few lines with aswift pancil trwa

 his otching, and waited patiently, loaning
over tho mantol with lis fingors twined over the mantel with his limgors albert
and clasped. And then, next diy, Alber and elasped. And then, ne
showed his friend the shect.
showed his friend the shect.
"Why, those are only my own ,hands, said Franz; "where did you set them? And there wis latidly need of in answor "I took them as you stood making the sad surrender of your life so very, very bravely, and I murmured to myself, 'thuse hands that maty never paint is pieture ciln now most certainly make one.' I have
faith in those folded hauds, my brother friend. Those will go to men's heats in
formen my the years to come.
And sure enongh the prophecy was true. For over the antistic world hits gone the tale, mad over the works of love and duty has gone the pietare, and the "rolded hauls, by Albert Durer, aro bob the sweet, Jrive resigution when he grave u his deurest wish, ind yot believed tho goon Lord latd a homely duty for lim to do worth the doing.
That is tho picture which hangs up ove my table, and has humg there for years, a mere copy of an etching that belouss in the gallery of Vienna. What it mems is there are some things, my Christian friend, you and 1 cannot do. But there are uthers wa can do, and wo cunt anways do something
towards accomplishing is preparation for some one elso to tinish, and what matter all tho disappointment to us, if only the dear Lord gots the glory !-Mllustrate Christian Weckly.
"He Wro Warts tutill he cin do agrent deal of good at once will nover do any at of small things," of norlocting the thousini and ono little opportunitios for akind word or charitable action, is ono to which tho bes of us are liable. An aptlesson in the value and right use of "that which is lenst" $i$ andruishod by the scholius of tho Colloge Scliool, Saltley, who (irs described in the School, Sattey, who (ils described in thin Birminghan ereliy Post) a fow month ago, began to collect the waste puper about
tho school grounds und noighborhood, anil with the proceods of its sile hive formed a
thin sind with the proceeds of its she hive formed
fund for the lenofit of the Childron's Hos fund for tho benofit of the Childron's Hos purpose of rolioving tho afficted and propurpose of rolioving tho anicted nim pro moting thrift anong the youthinul do
is both worthy and casy of imitation.
mhe pasicoins call.
Good. morning, Mrs. Minty !" observed tho pastor, as the doon opened to his knock.
The door seemed to lave a surly way with it. and opened scarcely wide cnough nvited pistor in, and brushing some invisiblo dust from a chair with her apron asked him to sit down.
The pastor sitw at it glance that Mas. Minty was not pleased, but he could not surmise what was the matiter. Ho had ate cidentally heard thate diay of the sicknoss of her ciaughter, innd it the first opportunity to notice the mother's minmer, he suid, " to notice the mother's mimme,
"Yos that Miss Maria is sick.
"Y ( ${ }^{\prime}$ " died for all sho's seen of you!" roplicd Mrs. Minty, with an encrgy that alnost shouk the pass-
tor out of his scat. The pastor was in mued bor out of his seat. The pastor: was an meel man, and overlooking the reathess of ho,
eply, he asked, "How long she beciside
Hitve you had a physiciun? "' inquired the pastor.
Hyat a physician? What it question Wy the girl has beon almost dead. Iad is pusicinn !
These last words Mrs. Minty fairly ground out bubween her teeth with ill-supressed scorn. It now becimo evident hat Mrs. Minty, on cach day of her daughter's sickness, and tho pastor's delity in calling had adiled to hor writh, and it lad now reached a dugree of intensity that uggested strategy or flight. The pastor suggested stiratery or hight.
resolved to try tho foriner first.

Ah! you have had a plysician!" Jo "،bservec. "How did he happon to cilll? any one ever heur such a question as did anl
that ?
"Purhaps some one told him Miss Maria was sick, or perhaps he was passing anc dropped in," interjected the pastor
Do you suppose l'd let my own daugh tor lio sick in the house and not send for "ho ductor?" fairly screcched Mrs. Minty.
"Ah, you sent for him ?" said the pastor: Do you thimk hod come if wo dian sick ?" replied the mother, looking at the pastor as though she pitiod his styiedity.

Do you always send for the physician when you want him?" with provoking mildness.

Well, I dechare!" exclaimed Mrs. Min-
What do you ask such questions as that for:"
"I did not know," said the pastor, "but Hat as you cxpected the clergyman to find out as best ho could that your diaughter was sick, without sending for him, you
 mon tho nind of Mrs Minty which the pon tho mist o mos. Misy, which tha hist words of the pastor, waly ito il full intellectural sumpise., Her severo face reintedectual into a broad smile, "Ha, I seo!" sho xcliined. "I thought them was mighty neer quostions. Well, I guess I had ought os hia' sent for you, too, seeincr as how
cint for tho doctor. And you didn't know sont for the doctor
Mirian was sick?"
"No," observed the pastor. "If I hatr, should certainly hatro called before this. acoidoutally heard of her illness this monning for the inst time.

Well, really, I hope you'll excuse me Step, this way ; Maria's in tho back roonn he'll be all sorts of glad to see you !"-sts John's Chronicle.

The Sthanemteonwaid and outspoken ourse, which nitils its colors to the mast, is always tho casiest tund safest ancl bost$A$ midshipmam, who was about to leave the sitors homo, where he hatd been convorted canno to tho suprerintendent on tho day of going on board, and asked him the words. "I am in Christian." When ho was asked "I am in Christian." "When ho was asked his object, ho saict, my lammock, and put
board I shatl go to my han his card whoro overybody can seo it; will sivvo a lot of trouble, for everyono will know at onco which sild I ann on, and will
expect mo to keap true to it." This is rais expect mo to keap true
ing the licap of witness.
Ontr let us havo faith in God, and wo hall not lack the means of doing grood. Audrew Iruller.

TEMPERANCE ARITHMEIIC.
Please work out this problem and think There
Thovo are 600,000 drunkards in the 000 inh hibititults cach would cities of 40 , artls form?
(a) If a family spends 15 cents a day for eer, how niuch is exjended in four weeks iloif, could be bought for the sime money?

## SCHOLARS' NOTHES.

## Thum Qualter.

(Fromn Internutional Question Book.)
heisson l.-JULY 1.
GOD'S COvenan'l writi ISlalel,-Ex. 21 :
Comatit Vighese 7, 8.
GOLDEN THEXI.
I will be to them a ciol, and they shall be to mo centilan mrunil.
God's covenant with his poople, and thoir cove-
datly refadings.


This Boon or Exonus.-
The'Trive- Theodus means departurc,or going 'Ime Aution.-Mosts.
ClLARacrenistics.-Genesis is the book of
Crution: Exodus is the book of hedemlion. t sets forth the redenption of Isracl from Etzyp is it sype of man's redoluption frome sin)
 Piment a year ago.
Place.-The yalicy or Er Ranal, Defore Mount sinaws towards a precipitous cilifuxyl fect above ho plain, and 6330 tiove the seal level.




## melps oter hard places.

1. And hc sait, this renlly joins on Bx. $20: 21$,
at which point thi Book of hic covennis sivon.

 Mirds lith pricst. Nallab and Abilhu: tho two
 criled to the top of the mount, hese erders wont
part way up the mount. Tho record of their part way up the mount. The record of their
obedience to this conmand is in $v .9$. All the
voords of the Lord the ten conmandments nul hore Jook of the Covenant conmins. 20.23), which was the applicition of tho commandments to preparatory to the fuller hew biven afterwards,
 nitily wholly consumed on whe altar, a type of
atonement and of dedication to Goil. Peace


people: the olders ronesonting the people.

 ance liko such shek Moses saw one on the nount.
fition. such
 wherg Got was nresont: Sl
their friend and protector.
SUBJECI : GOD'S COVENANT WITH MLS

## questions.

I. The Book or rine Covemant.-Whero wero

 Book of tho Coventint?
 peonle (Ys. 3-s)- What did Moscs declaro to the
people? How did tho peoplo respond? Describe tho circumstances under which hepeople enter
 Whit did
0.-3L. Vl
heir prot
IIII. Tim Vision or God (vs. 1, 2,9-12).-TInw


 such meaning as the Lord's Suppery How would
it teach the nenrness of God? Ho love und
criendshin of God? tho possible holiness of dilly ife? Why were tho conimandments written
apon tables of stono? (v. 12. .)
IV. New Tespanient Jigiry on Oid Tlestawith Gol. (10m, $12: 1,2$.) What docs God nore-
uant to do for us, dinis called an new covernant what is the satri-
dice in this now coventint: (irel. $9: 13$, 14.) What



## Lession w.-July 8.

THE GOLDEN CALPY,-LEx. $2: 1$ :15.26.

## Commit Versiss 10.21

 GOLDEN TENTT.Little children, keep yourselves from idols.-

Tho sil

## Dathy reatings. <br> 

helps over hard places.

## Tile Golupen Cale The pogple beame weng of watiting for their absent ieader. Whe had also

 only an invisible Gol. Therefore they entrealed





 intensely indignant at the people for forsaking hacy had promised to serve. Tho good must bo
indignt at those who ruin themsolves nud
 dono. breaking symbir solemm covenant with chat.


 were riotons, disorderly. 26, Gate of the camp;
which had probnbly bocn fortifed after pho
attick of the Amalekites (Dx. 17: 8.13 ). Thero



SUBJECT : IDOIATMRY AND IIS CONSEquestions.

1. Trif Gotome Caze ; Tho Wonsme (ys 15 , Vhat did uncy ask An won to do for thent What
did ho mako? Which of tho commindments did his break? In what way did the jeope worshin the feasting, and drinking anmong the atitryetions
of idolatry flow could they to this so soon
after their solemm pronise to
 did Mosus 10
$(32: 7,8,18$.
What idols do men make for themselres now
 as foolish to worshij moner, or pleatsure, or fame as to worshipa golden ciult

## II. Vans Excusies (vs. 19.-21).-What did Moses तo when ho saw ho neople dancins aromm tho

 Whe law signify? What did ha say to Aaton?

Whi Wno is on "He Inords Side (vs. 25, 20)Wision did Noses mall nuon in we poople to matace Would it be difliculif for fi few lo comeoulagitinst
 IV. The Punisumeres



## ILESSON CALENDAR.

## (Thirld Quarlet, 1sss,

## 1. Juiv 1 - Coults covernit with Ismal-EEx

 4. July 2.-Treo Gifts for the Tabernaclo,-Ex.

S. Aut 19.1 .The feast of Tabermeles.-Lev. 23 :
9. Aug. 2 ,
10. Sch: 17.3.3. The Unbelicf of the People.-Num.
12. Scnt. 11.-The Smitten Rook.-Num. $20: 1-13$
14. Septit, jo. - Reviow,Tomperance, Dout. $21: 18$ -

## THE HOUSEHOLD.

## CARE OF BEDROOMS.

## my mos. c. т. נfrriacik.

To begin with, the maid must be in formed that becauso becl-making is a daily rocurring duty is no cuse for its being
slurred over or huried through. Rither slurred over or huriied. through. Rather
is it a demind for added attention. She must learn that the right way to make a bed is not to stringhtiten the under sheet with a few vigoroms twitchos, bring up the
other covers with an cnurgotic sweep of tho arm, smooth up the spread, and adorn tho completed work with a pair of gorgens pillow-shims pinued on orer mussed or musty pillows. Nor cam the neeliness of
the rest of the chamber be achieved by half adozen flitts of a feither duster, the filling a dozen pirts. of a feather duster, the hang
of the pitcher with fresh water, and the emptying tho slopiss. Yet this is all that many bedwoms receive even from the girl
who engiges herself as it "professed chimwho engigyes herself as it "professed chimn-
bor-maid." One may possibly tolerate such treatmenti in a hutel or burding-louse, but in one's home better things mily surely be expected.
The first item of the bed-making is demanded from the wectupatit of the eouch. Her duty it is, immediately upon rising, to throw back the covers over the foot of the bed on to a coiple of chairs piaced there
for that purpuse. They shombla never bo for that purpinse.
tossed in a herep on the ilumer to sather dust from the carpet or maticing. Thie matherss slowald then bo half turned, that the ain miry getiat both sides of it, ant the windows openol at top and bottom, athaiting in shice of the fresh minter atmmsphere.
Even in the culdest weather this shomdd be Even in the culdest weather this shomble be done for a few minutes, whe in summer
the bed shoula stand uncovered for at least the bed shond stinit uncovered for at least
an hour before making. The habit of leavan hour before midings. The habit of leav-
ing one's room in purtect order when one ing one's rome in purtect order when one
goes to breakfist is nut emmendilhe as firr as the het is comeerned. The other ra-itrangencontinceessiry miy bedone then, but the couch sloulat be lefli stripped until the unpleissiant vilums generateit lyy the body diuring the night have been dispersed and the bed thoroughly sweetenud.
When the hed is mate, the matitress should be laid with the side rbove that was below the nightit before. Over this comes the mattress cover of unblemelhed muslin, with its tilling of a single layer of cotton batiting. 'Inis must be diawn very closely over the mattress, and snugly tucked in ati chesides, top, and hottom. The mulershact cim hardy bepulled too bightily.
smooth duan thins and firm hinding of tho smooth drawing and frm hinaing of the bed by the covers dejemals symmetry
of the whole. Not it wrink must bo suff of the whole. Notis wrimete most be she creel to show. What sems a slight foth in sheet or blanketis st serions
as outlined under the white spread.
as outhen turder the white spreat.
Tho ordiany housennid is with dill eulty deterred from putiing on the blankets upside down. lisy what process of the uncultured mind the iter is evolved that the opening should be at the bottom tather than at the top it would bo hard to saty. The spread that covers all may be of plain white colton or an expensive combination of satin and licen. Whatever it is, it should be clean and unrumpled, and to preserve these qualities it must he removed every night, neeitly folded, ind laill aside. Added warmith maty be furnished by the misnamed comfortible, or by it duvet or afghan, laid folded aceross the foot of the bed in the daytime and drawn up at might. Che:u blamkets of mixed cotion aml wool, or the simple coverlets mate of ereatm or colored cheese-cloths, filled with haiting and tarfed with worsted in the style of the little davets used fur balises, are preferable to the heavy chintz quilts, whose weight ale
Thistes differ as to flae style of coumter pane to be used. The white is always neati and is in reaity the most serviceable, be cause it may be made to look as goond is new by its passage through the hinuls of the liundress. Indeed, Mirsseilesspreads, if properly dome up, improve will repeated washings. They loso thas that stifthess which slows a minsfoll nearly as plainly as would a shect of paper, and renders it and buti inposssible to draw them smoothly and evenly across the bed. The counterpane should never be sproad upover the bolstor, but turned back neatly just below this, and the upper sheet folded back over it. By
this method the spread may be taken off at this method the spread mny be taken of at
night, and the top of the sheet left, undisturbed to protect the sleeper's face from turbed to protect the sleeper's face hom
contact with the unpleasint woolliness of the blankets. Nor should the lower sheet the blankets. Nor should the lower sheet bolstel-slip. This is as necessary to comfort as are pillow-slips, and should nevor bo milted
In old Virginia': "bed-stick" was considered an essential. A littio longer than the conch was wide, it was used to smooth n1) the coverings from the foot to the head. A broomstick :unswers the purpose tolerably, and aids in producing it trimness of finish otherwiso hard to attain.
On the guestion of shams there are varying opinions. 'They are ormamental, but troublesome, ind only serve, so sily some, to conceil mutidiness. Miny housckeepers prefer to keep two pairs of pillow-cises and wo bolster-slips in use, cmploying one set for day amd bicother for night, whitentiner
women have day pillows and night pillows, cither layying the latter on the foot of the bed in the duy-time, or keeping thom ont

should be sealled out with boiling wate and washing sodi or household tammonia, or two. The top of the wash-strud should bi spread with a cloth wash-stind should me spreat with a cloth, towe, or bumboo left openied out until dry by thase who used them, should be folded neatly wad liung in their places on the ziek.
A dust-punand brush or a carpot-sweepor will be recquired neaty every morning in a sle ping-rom. The dust must bo lonshed from the corners, and the rugs shaken from the wincow. If a thorough sweeping is reguiren, all articles thatit ciumot bo carried from the room should be protected hy cheese-cloth sweeping sheets. In dusting, cheese-cloth duster sloould be used, and all bric-ithonac and furniture curofuly ined. Loosse hairs, semials of papar, ote should be removed from the lonean, :inid the cover of this slaiken and replaceal, No pieces of clothings slould le left lying about the romm
Each chamber closet shouhl have it shoe
if necessary replenish the stock of towels. The mistress will find an occasional glanco

## plain puddings.

By Catherine Apmstrong
Tako ono coifico cup full of sago, rinse offin cold
 ing bolling witcr rsit inay require, thanl about tho



 wihh nijk or cream, and surirs Hhis dessert; is sod cillher holi or coll, and tho cost will not bo divery family is antit Some of it crat be disinosed achmlate stalo brear.
 siced, thart apples in the botion of $n$ purdiut ling of hround cinmamon, bitumbs, inem aspurink-
 ding-dish is fint bread and sensonint, till the pudall pour ond pin, haviner bread on the top. over moderateovernt ot boiling water, and buke in at ferenco to waler, but, water rives tho must dueWaking, ind $1 t$ is important to eover this whito cost is icessthit is very good wilhout shuee. The
 half theup ot sugar, a litule sadt and nutmer, and quart or por more of misins. Oyer ah pur one
 dako six foonl-sized sounh npples, pare anid
 foor erust paste, same as for pies, and bake till adessertithal really costs titile. but ie really rich substandiat and satisfying.... Or, pare and slice hatl-a-dogen greentings into at hwo-t uatrli pail, add Then make a crusij as for bisenit, num roll taste pution the tap. Pution the pait cover, seb in at
 anialler-burneal out so sis to be nosite downapples on hive tup. Therule ror he crust is as follows: Lrocuph of four, one level spowntil of butiing powder, und mink la roll ont. 'Jhisisialways
lightand good. The apples red from slow, long sleamitut.
Aneult" is matisfactory molasses cako, or "ginger
 (not syphil) ind Lwo deasononfuls of rronnd cinnaof som in hadt a pitit ot boiling waller. Mix with
 of four in the ner cakepan with bultered pape

 down hicir holes, atide sperem abont wherever $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { they are jikely } \\ & \text { onde a fortnight. }\end{aligned}\right.$

## PUZZLES-No. 13.

prign puzatid.
Some sixty years ngo, the story goes, a youmb dinughtsman in Philadolphat named Wilham Mason whoteroted himself to tho work of making drawings to aecompany applications for putents, seti to work to mako himsele a sign that would atheret the atitention of in rentors to his oftec glomeration which ho placed in his wimbow ume Who lithe of: "The Inventor's Head," and wo can well bejieve that it answered its parpose mose admitubly: How many of our young poople can hamo all tho atticles of which this wonderful inventor's head is composed?
To tho boy or girl under eighteen who sends us beforo the 20 oh of August, the mosti complete hist of all tha well-known mechanical implements ango heal we will give a hand some illustrated cony of the
au'robografiny of dames nasmyerit Whe math Who revolutioni\%ed tho mechanical Whent bolume comention of the stecan hammer Hhem \$1,50and it will provo a duost valuable ferdilion to the library of the boy or girl who wins it. The answers must ba writien on one side of the miner only, and contain the senders full mame age, and adderss in tho nuper right hand comer of the frst pago.
In jubleing the answers good pemmaship ant catness will be taken into consideration ats well ar correctiness. For insance, suppose two sets of answers should be fuite correct. If one is well written and heat, and the olher bardy wriften and mutidy, and carclessly suldressed, of course tho judges will award the prize for the thrst.
All answers should be addressed, "Prize Pugate" Norlhern Messenfer; John Dougall \& Son, Montreal.

## ANSWERS 'JO PUZZIIES-NUMBER 1 .

## A. Long Shabrar.-Con

Charade.--Bug-lear


hiter humes on the inside of the dool. Noth ing debatels more from the tieliness of a rom than the sight of boots ing shourcul or in the claseb shonlal hang a small lam hy-hag for suiferl handierchices, collars and culls. Lititle brass serew-hooks fastened here :and there for whisk-broom obler toilete implements that, can be lame up ont of the way will also prove almosi indispensulble. Similitu hooks by the wash stand will hold sponges, sponge-bags, and wasl-celolilis.
If thore are draperies in a bedroom they should to well shaken each moming whilo the windows are open, to rid then of pos sible larking lisense forms. When the room is swept, it is well to mhook the cur tains from the rings and give them an an

The ehamber-matid should be instructed to go to each chamber in the evening, strip
the bed and tum the covers half down, the bed ind turn the covers half down,
close the blinds, bring in fresh witer, and
on tho ingit of grease that githers washed-the latter a rare action imon washed-the aittor a inre action imong
house-maids. The receptacles for slops crubbed clean of the grease that githers
of sight in in closet. If shimes ire utacd however, the shedt whan is ass valable a of the shect when it hian lecome tambled Lho shlects, by the-wity, should be bons anoth wo be ditwn up over bhe shonliter diseombont is orme ins the cunnot be pulled up to the chin withont ancovering the feet. Sheuts should he of 2 length that will permit of their berng yetallow enough to tom back six inches at he top over the blimkets.
The rest of tho chamber shonld be submitted to the same close atitention that his. been bestowed upon the bed. The wash stand reguires especinl care. The pitchers
must be washed ind wiped out overy must be washed and wiped out every morn ing to prevent an accumulation of socliment and consequent stain. The bowl must; bo

## NORTHERN MESSENGER



The Family Circle.

## LOVE ONE ANOTHER.

One new commandment
Thutist gave us for keoping:
That it is is broken
Is renson for
If it were kept
All the wortd would be singing,
For love is an angel
True happincss Iringing.
"Love one another,"
Aprecept all golien!
But thase timgesare modern
And business and pleasuri
So zealous are proving,
that only atew
Can than leisure for loving.
"Buy in the cheapest mat Sell in the dearest."
"Each for himself alono-
Sift is a vatule.
Ajo won by tho strongest"-
These, says the workl,
Are the things that live longest !
Nay! but he heart of man
Cares ter his brother
Do we love one another.
Solf is at tramt
Wu sometimes cnst down
And conquer. rejowing
Another to crown.
To be constant in loving
Likences to Thee
Through our taithfulness proving.
So to our life
Shall new raptures be given.
And Love make the werth
The Ueginniug of henven
mablayse Farnimimam.
The USE OF TT.
(Anrs. Hurvict A. Checerer, in Wide Atwate.)
"Come on, Joo ; it's a pink of a day for afrolic in the $I$ hid until he wis offl' l wis so 'fritiol he might leave me sonething extrat to do. But I'm free for all daty, so cone on, I sity !",

Why not?'
"I must ride Black IIary around the pasture entil he's tired :ond stous racing; then T'un to ride him along the roull as far as the past-rillice.
"Well, if you must you must," siad Ben,
"but 1 'u sory for a feller who cunt heve "but l'm sorry for a feller who cimit have his freedom such a fine diay as this. By the waty, Jou, did I tell you father's going to buy me in bicyele ""

Yes, true as. guns! Can you so to morrow morning to the woods if it's pleastint?"
"No; got to saw wood."
"Wedl, It dechare! Whit's the use of : fellow's having to hamber away at something in the way of work all the time
Vication too !" Vacation tou!!"
"I can do whatever I like all the long afternoons," said Joe alittle disconsolitecly; "but father thinks boys oughtt to learn to
do all sorts of useful hiurs," do :ull sorts of useful things,"
"But what's the nse"'"sk
"But what's the use?" asked Ben.
"I suppuse father knows; and ho says I
will one of these diys if Tlive lut will one of these diays if I live. But aro
you the lueky loy to have a bicycle?", you the lueky hoy to have a bicycle +" A whop interrupted then and two or three other boys appured from around the
comer; brightiteyed, active-limbed and comer; hriyht-eyed, athve-limhed man
fairly dancing with fun and merrinent fairly dancing with fun and morrinent
were the now-conners as they aceosted Joe werd Ben iu lively boy fashion:
"Come on, Thoullewigs! Hop, around there, Bouncer! We're off for a berry-
picking man our noon meal in the cerod picking, and our noon meal in the con dig a hole and roust sonne 'titurs, pops some dig in, anind have an nice jittle racket ill to comselves."
"Joe can't go," said Ben : "he's fot to ride lis m"jesty, the young Black Hatry
round the lot till he's all faggen out, the take hin to the Post-oflice for the mial. Joe laghed, but told the boys why he
must romain on tho place for at least two mornings. "Well, it's too bad," said the merry boys; "but we must be off or the robins will get the berries before we arrive. Diy, diy, Joe, boy, it niec ride to you?" Bjack Fiury was a splendid young horse mased on the phace; somewhit strongheaded, fleet, but yer trustworthy if judicionsly hiadled, else Dr. Bemner had hardly given orders to hiss only son, fourteen yeur-old Joo, to ride him around tho lot until he was tired. The boy had been trained to the saddde from a child. Ho
had also been earefnlly instructed as to the had also been carrufnlly instructed as to the
use of axe and saw, ind many other torols also how to load and discharge in gim, to row, ind manarge is siil boatt; and the boy whis.a cappital swmmer.
Dr. Benner was sometimes called an ececutric man, and so perlhaps he was; but
those who knew the Duetior loest considered him more sagacions than peenliar
Joe's mother hat died during his baby-
hood, and the Doctor reatived as he hood, and the Doctoi reatized as he
once expressed it that the loy would onee expressed it, that the byy would
unst likely the whatever by Cod's blessing most likely be whatever by Gol's blessing
he close to make him, which he hoped he chose to make him, which he hoped
ultimately would be a whole man ; so he ultimately would be a whole man ; so he
had set conscientiously to wonk for that re$\begin{aligned} & \text { had set } \\ & \text { sult. }\end{aligned}$
sult: "Well done!" sait the Duetor to himsolf, as pausing on lis long romud of calls he stomped for ia monentiat the wide pristure and peepped through the bushos.

Well done! the hoy manages his eharger well and no mistake.
Black Harry was Tificually tearing with leaps and bounds from one part of the pasture to the other ; oceasionatly at little stimp would thraten winnpede his progress, but with a froliesone phange he
would leave it fir behind, while hle sturdy Would leave it fir behind, while the sturdy
young rider who sitt the innmal with peryoung rider who sat: the ammal with per
feet omse would now ind then draw a tightfeet, gase would now and then dialw a tiyht-
er rein or speak a word or comnand, when er rein or speetk a word or command, when
the bounding creatire would obey at onco as if in complete sympatly with his master's wishes.
At length, after a long season, of heardlong speed, Black Hiwry jut on ifife style, as slackening his pace he arched his long
neck, tud stepping hish ind daintily like neck, and stepiping ligh ind daintily liko Puse herself, it a signal from sue, he
casily leiped the low strip fence and panced alones the road in the direction of the Post-oflice
Joe received the mail, and soon after stood watelung his father in the study as he began examining his letters.
mad is Dr. Peniner opened it it encentir and as Dr. Pemer opened it, thereapperdefore mes longhy eyes phenares of hey slender wheels seeming almost to roll the slender wheds secm
ind move. Joo spoke:
"Oh, fithor, how 1 do wish $T$ could have "bicycle!"
well, why don't you have one, my
"Are you realiy willing I should?" asked Joe dolightedly.
"Certainly, my boy."
"And when mity li get it?"
"Just as som is you can earn it,"
Joe's comatenance fell. It hat been companatively ersy thing carning his money Fon the Fourth of July which was elose it hinn, as so many farmers had been glad of arn the sum reguived to purchase a tirstdass bicycle-really that was tyo batd of his father.
"Ben Low's father is going to give him a bicyele," satid Tue exporimentatly. "I think ho's a wonderfully hoky fellow." "Yes, I should bink he was," satid the ing.
"And Ben hats, all diay to himself to spend is he likes," ulded Joe.
" When Ben se lin hid
"When Ben gets his hiegcle, you let me know how many hands high it is, will yon?" said the Ductor dreanily.
"Yes, indeed I will!" Joo innswered gurly.

And his father gives him no tarks, oh?" he hid watil his fastitited- bent did saty he hid matil his father loft the honse this
moming, for ferr he might leive him: mon lim
lask."
"My son!" Dr. Bemer suddenly woke yp, his voice ringing, his glance sharp as :
"My son ! if for any reason I neglect to give you at tisk in the moming daring your see anything you think ought to be done I wish to feel I can rely oin you to do it. suppose I can trust you!"
"Yes, father, I think you can, I'm sire
want you to," he added with boyish sincerity.
"'Very well," was the abrupt rejoinder
"by being faithful in little things, you may in time reap large rewards-and you may not. At all events an approving conscience will be found an exceeding benelit but don't forget when Ren Luw's father buys his bicycle to let me know just. how many hands high it is. I slall be interest ed to hear," he atded dryly
Joe was varuely conscious thathis father's tone was at litide incredulous, or mocking, something of the lime ; but he cont impression entirely
There was to be a convention of medianl nen in it city thirty miles distant: on the Bhird of July. Excursion tickets. Were placed within the means of all wishing to vail themselves of an oppontmity to profitly the occasion. Eminentphysicians compare facts and experiences well worth the hearing of those interested in medical Dre or surgical skill.
Dr. Benmer was to leave home on Wednestiay mornmg, the third, expecting with many others to return on the afternoon of the Fourth of July; and on the next diy, the fifth, the Doctor had been planning for a Jong time to take Black Fanry to a Cattle
Show ind Horse Pair, and plice the beantiShow ind Honserair, and place the b
fut anmal on exhibition for the day, ful animal on exhibition for the day,
This time the Doctor left no extia tasks ar hoop, renarking that as he was to have a holidity trip himself, one mingh pass the
time as he thought best, providing nothing time as he thought best, providme nothins
unforesoen should occur to demand his itunforese
Shaightway the merry boys fell to phanhing it grand pienic to take place on the ourth. He crackers ind pank had been Mis. Merriam, Dr. Benner's housekeeper, was to make biscuit, chocolate cake, frostwal cile and doughnuts, the other boys proel cale and doughmuts, the other boys pro-
viding sindwiches, boiled eggs, lemons and sugar And Joo and his friends went to bed in grood season on Wednesday night in antionnation of the next day's sport.
Thursliay was bright and beautiful. J felt in no haste as the party was not to stirt vary ealy. He ate has breatifast eisurely, then packed has basket,and having
bade Mrs. Morrian a joyous "gond-bye," bide Mred ont to meet the other boys.
He sped over the liwn in front of the ouse, ind was dartiug across the pasture when i loud whinny close by cansed him to step armonent. Black Harty cane slowy
ap, then mutely held up one hoof from "lp, then mutely hede up one hoof tr
which the shoe was hating nearly off.

Oh dear!" exdamed Joe inplitiently 'I cin't help you, old boy, indeed I can't--1 cant! he repeated despan myly as the vexing rapidity.
John, the Doctor's man, hat already vailed himself of Dr. Bemer's permission to make a little visit on his own aceount, expecting to meet lis master at the depot in The iffernoon. The only other man, a firm hand, was not to he trusted with the romping Hiary, und doe knew only too well it would be a great disippointment to his father should anything provent his tak-
ing the horse to the Fair early the next ing the
moming.
What could be done?
The blacksnith was two miles away, and al horse cond ahost never be shod short of ath honr, and oftener not for two or thee homs after reaching the smithy's, miless taken curly in the morning, "and
it'll bo just the sime fourth o' July or no it'll be just the sime Fourth o July or no
Fourth o' July?" sitid joor, doe desperately. Fourth o' July!" saide jue
Whatitunld be done!
What conld be dune!
Tro give up the pi
and his Fourth of Tuly-his Independeace Day frolic-juat
for Black Hary's shice seemed too lurd to contemplate for a mument; and just then thero wis ben Low and the rest of the thero wis ben Low and the rest of the - Tustantly dhere hashed thuough boes mind in reeollection of the decided word. his father had spoken unly a few days behe thought ought to be done whether the
task was given him or not ; the sight of Ben Low had seemed somehow to revive the conversation, and on the instint he also remembered his father's porminsion to pothing umforeseen should occur to demand his attention.
And although his father hatel allowed that reward might possibly attend the aithiful performance of duty, doe was too do so from any oo obeying five
There was a sharp, brief conflict; then Joe turned resolutely towards his friends

> "I cin't go, boys.", 'Why ? Why? Wil
"Why" Why? Why, I should like to now ?" cried one of his companion
Do not my ears deceive my egen. itht" claimed another tazgieally.
But the facts were brietly explained, and he disgusted boys finally convinced that Jo was in earnest.
( lo be be Continted.) $^{\text {C }}$

THER ROYAL SILVIER WHDDTNC.
iie pringe and princess of wales ano milir chimben
The beatiful group of the Prince and Princess of Wales and their children which We give our reaters on another prige is the fimily he Mascuper has hat of this foy diflerent fow alike they ire, and yot how ost, Matud, he hitte curfy hehind her mother is, who peeps for fady of neady nineteen, haired boy who sits at his mother's knee appeas a stalwart young min already three yours past his majority.
But the life of all the Royal family of Great Britain is too fimiliar to our readers for them to need more than a mpid sketeh of thas branch. The Princo hinself was born in November 1841 and was educated in the anny Fin first great public journay was his visit to Cimadia in 186i0, which the older of our readers will still remember. In 1862 he visited the Holy Land, and on the 10th of Marel married the beatiful Dimish Princess Aleximdra, who speedily becimo and still remans the most popular woman in England. Her devotion to her Until this gentle wom a matter of history, was fir gonde womita set the ablion io was far more common for titled dughieh liulies to hive their jet dogs as their comAlbert Victor, the heir to the throme was. Albert thetor, the heir to whe throme Prince Geoure in Jume 1805 The form following in $h$ f brourht up a didior, while Princu Geare is the suilur of the fimily of the duur ters, the Princess Louise just attined her ters, the Princess Louise just attamed her majority on the 20th of Felnuary last;
the Princess Victoria was bon on the Gsth of .7 uly 1868 , and so is not quite twonty while the Princess Matud was born on the 2 (tith of November, 18 (6) and is consepuently only half-past cirhteen. During the severe illmess of the Prince of Wales in the winter of $1.871-2$, with the Queen firr from youme and his cldest son still only a boy, the country passed through it time of sorrow and anxicty that will not soon be forgotten. The Indian adventures of the Prince can not even be mentioned here, it whale volmo having leen devoted to that one chapter of his life. The socin duties of the Prase of Wales ine numberless, he is simply one of the busiest men in the whole empire.
The hundreds of gifts received by the Princess on her silver wedding-diy testificel to the love and esteen she cills forth from thase iromid her. One or two of these is all we can mention. Three hundred and sixty-five ladios personally acguainted with. her presented her with a tian: of diamonds, the IEmperor and Eappress of Germany sent her an magnlicent necklace of sapphires and diamonds, her sons and daughters clabbed together and presented their parents with hilver statuctios of their favorite viding Prinses, and the Prince himself gave the mand a cluck containine around the dial in and a cluck contianing iround the diat, inhis own nime, Albert, Erdward. The fur his own mane, Aberb whatat. The family piryest of the Royal funily held for win years and but for the luath of the Rna yerror williun and the death of the Emlimperor Frederick would have beon one of the nost joyful as well.

## THE FRIIND OF ANIMALS

 The noblest monument that can ever be raised to the memory of any man is the -work holleaves behind him, and this, in no modified degree, cinn be sside of the lite Henry Bergh. Twenty-two yeurs ago whan the Siociety for the Prevention of Cruelty to Aninitils, was organized in New York, one could not walle the streets of that city without being duily and almost hourly sickened with sights of the terrible sulferings of dumb imimals infficted by tha brettality of mem. Citts stilyying from the homes of their owners had tin cims tied to their tails and were hanted to death; stryy dugs weru tortured to midhess; half-starved horses were hiarnessed to losids that werc too heavy for the strongest, wom with clubs beciuse they were not able to pull them; cock-lights and dog- fights were as common as daylight and if they did not jeceive the an anction of tho law certainly they did not got from it any condemmation; horses, old ind intirm from longs serviee, were turned out on the roadsile to starvo instead of being mercifully shot; cattle were brought to market hundreds of miles in cars crowded almost to suffication, where the weaker oncs fell and wero gored or trampled to death by the stronger.All this Hemry Berghn noted in his youth and greatly deplored, for he was powerless to prevent it. If he, with more courage that most of his fellows, ventured to

 treatinus an animal which ho hinnself hind
gomed to madness, he was admonished by Ghe lumam brate in no yery gentle terms to "mint his own busincss, the animal
 with it." That a man has no right to do as he pleases with hisoowi property unless he pleases to do right is in lesson that huma ity in all ages has been slow to learní.
Hemry Dergll wis born in New York, in 1823, of Germai pirents. Fis father and grandfather were well kiown ship, builders, iund on the deith of the former the business fell into the himds of himself and his brother. But Hemry proved to be more of a literany thin of a mechanical turn of mind ind, in 1842, the ship yard was hrokon up and the partnership dissolved. Having an independent fortume of his own he desired to trivel, and after his marriage to the daughter of a wealthy Inglishman then living in New York he went abroad, tir-
velled for some time and finally settled down in the Rhine cometry, near the old home of the Berchs. During these years ho dabbled considerably in litenature and wrote a mumber of drames, poems and wrote
In 1862, while ho was still in Europe, he was appointed Secretary to the Ainericin Lugition atSt. Petersburg, but wasobliged, two years afterwards, to resign the appointment on account of ill heilth. Returning ly way of lingland he made the acyuaintanco there, among many other disat that time President of the or rent Society for the Provention of Cruelty to Animals in London, which had then been many yeurs in operation and, doubtless, from him chtained many practical hints which he was later to prove so sucecssful in working out on this side of the water.
In 1864 Mr. Borgh returned to Now York, and the next year the society which will ever keep his nume in remembermee Was organized, with himself as its president, and to it since has been given the bost yeurs of his active life as well as his very considerable fortune. In 1866 statutes were pissech, lavgely through his instrumentality, giving him the right, without which he could do almost nothing, to arrest and prosecute any one whom he or any member of the society should find abusing the smallest
damb amimal. What that society hus since damb animal. What that society has since ancomplished is too well known to need :any details here. But better thin stopping iall the hithorto commonly pracpised cruelty throuth fear of fine or imprisonmont, thas taught men thatif from even the somelimes selnsi motive of conomy it is better to treat their inminals kindly than otherwiso. Cattle brongiti to mariket by careful drovers, who do not allow them to become overleated or injured by the way,
bring hieher prices thyn loring higher prices than animals drivenn
in the old wity and there is twice the in the old way, and there is twice the
satisfaction to Do got from ia horse that is
woll fed and carefuly driven, that there
is with one that is weak and half starved
plannings to . Fred Reed across pews, on
picee of nisclicf to pay much is with one that is weak and lailf stanved and has to bo urged to his work with houts and blows. The fight to attinin all his was longs and severo, but long before his death Mr. Borgh lath the sithisfaction of knowing that the principles of his society had beon adopted and wero in notive operiatiom in ahmost every populous community hroughout the comitry
But Mr. Bergh's work did not stop with the animals. In 1873 he arrosted a man for cruclty to alithle girl and ont of this incident grew the Society for the Prevention of Cruolty to Children, a society which has lone and is doing the noblest work.
In 1871 Louis Bonard, a weallily Frenchman, left the society the handsome beqnest of $\$ 150,000$ which cu:ulowed the society to greatly extend its work and move to its present commodious quarters on the corner of Fomth A venue and Twenty-second strect. In person Mr. Bergh was tall aml spare, with sharp features, high forelowd and light lolue eyes, with usuilly so sial tur en Wression as to win for him the title of "The died on the 12th of March, just when tha great blizzard was raging most fiercely. His will bequeaths part of his property to

henry bergit.
the Saciety for the Prevention of Cruelty to Auimals and requests his nephew, insin
Tenry Dergh, to devote lis lifu to the work.

## SAM's "LIVING RPISTMLE."

my mya jo, alookr.

Dencon Sterns hat four boys: John, Samuel, Abner, nad Peter. Every Salb, bath they cecupied the third pow from tho Fulton. Joh the old Preshyterim Church at Fulton. John and Almer and little Poter usually. cume in together, then tho frwil mother and the porty Deacom arrived, and later, after the family were all comfortably seated, in would come the disturbing member of the family, Sum. Then the skirmishing gonerally began; for Sam, big boy that he was, chamed tho seat next to his mother, and the peoplo in the surrounding pews could not help smiling to see how he
manulged it. Sometimes, it was loy comesmanatgod it. Sometimes, it was ly comxng, sometimes lyy shoving, and ono mennliph to everybody's ambusement. It was S:m who fixed tho foat-stool for mamma's eot, and who found the places for her in the hymn-book; but when the semmon be-
gain lo was fart too busy reading his liburygain lio was firt too busy reading his liburary-
book, or whispering softly to John, or phamings
The good deacon lost his patienco reguanty, cich Sabbath, and it was only when Simn felt his mother's dear littlo hand steal gently in lis that quict, would at last reign in the dencon's pow.
"Siam," Mrs. Sterns often said on the wity homo from chureh, "if you would only listen to tho sermon, my son!" luat ne didn't.
Sablath after Siblbuth passed, spient just be same way. At one cemmumion seation Deacon Sterns and his wife experienced the great joy of secing their eldest son, John, come out on the Lorri's side; and at ant ,ther lititile Abner professed Christ ; but Sam held back.
Deacon Sterns told his wife " Tro didn't believe that boy ever had is serious thought:"
The mother knew better. "He has the warmest, tenderest healt of them iull, ather," she replied, "not one of "tur beys has so many friends," "mbt then the fatmes yink glowed in Mrs. Stern's fair cheeks frr how duar Sim was to her only a mothei ann know.
The deacon heard from the same lips,
now and thon, how holpful Sam wos, how devoted to litille Petor; lut, the good mon invariblhy thumbt his wife was mistaken. Ho told his friond about Sim's mischicf, until he really convinced himsolf that the bry was incorrigilile. Ant cortainly that hath heen an unasual winter in the way of mischicf eren for Sun. Banly in tho season, ho hath hroken two bigs store withows, browing stomes, so that all his spending money had been needed to repinir danages. If it hirdn't been for manma's thought for him, but bhen, mamma nlways did think, and whatever she did was so quietly done. Then in November, Sim had defended a small boy against a great big fellow, and hat como home so knocked up that father Who was talking to the ministerat the doon dirn't jecognizo his own son. Two long weeks Siun hatd to bo absent from school mending from that allair. And Hanlow W'en'! Never did six huys onjoy a better frolic than Simand his fliends on thitnight. As I sain before, it hal been an musual whter; hut through it, all mammit had never lost patience with him. Over and over agrin Sum tetermined to do better for her sake. It was this great love for his mother that put the idea in his mind to go to $1^{\text {mayyer-mecting }}$ a certain Wednesdiay
evening. He did not say a word to her on the subject; but he told all lis five hoy friends that lae intendel groing that night,
and hestayed at home and Jeamed hislessons and hestayed at homo and lamed hislessons in the afternoon. San watched his mother
working up to the mecting as the boy called working up to the meating, as the boy called
it, all diny, just as some it, all day, just as some people would to ge to a pirty or in concert. I'm working up to it, ton, thoughts Sim. Motherind I! Aud is fuecr sense of comfort took pos
him in following in her footsteps.
Whon Deacom Sterns and his wife stanted for chureh that evening, they left the fom boys as usual poring over their studies,
aromed the bir dining-roon table. No aromd the big dining-rom table. No
somer had the hall doov shat, however, than Sam sljpmed away tro.
It was after the first jinager thati six boys stole softly in. So surtiy that Denco Sterns never noticed then- but his wife
 Godforherlay. Andtheministersaw them.
Perhats never did the grom man peach Perhipis never did the gend man preach more eloguentily than he dial what Wednesday night, Nis theme was, "Ihe Leve of Jesus "" that it was not to the lighteons,
but simers, that the Som of Coml came Why? Recumo poor sin-sick sonls noeded hin. As an illustration of Christis luye the minister spoke of the tenderest lave wo can know here on earth, that of a mother for her chithl; and he ndiden, "The lave of desus for a poor, lostsmmer, facrengreater. than a moilher's love.
San's attention was liveted. He conhl appreciate that illustmation. Though the line of faces he condid see minnmats with the patient look always there. A great love cane surging thrometh the bey's very heing for Christ. It was then that San aceepted the Siviour.
Bofore the meeting closed there was an antation given, to any who desired to contvorse with the minisher on the subject of heir soul's salvation, to remain. Afterwarts, fhe daxoldey was sume mol the jeowe hegan to disperse. Denemin Sterns was outhing on his overcaat, when his wife's hamb tombled his shoubler, amil chen ho saty thith mother, for some remsom, wats deeply alfeetod, ind, for die first dime, he bulicent those six loys watiting. "the
 while Mrs. Sturns and Fred lied's mother maser gutaly out logether-lwo such thimkful mothers.
Later, the minister told his wifo alomb; the wonderfal testimony Sim stions hiat griven that nightit to the ,י"wor of a Christian mother's life. "Thuly," sulut tine reonl math, "Sium's mother has been to her aloy living ef uistle."-Presbyferian Olnerver.

## HOW DOES IT COMPARE?

Six hundred millions of dollars are spent every year. by the pooplo of the Uniterl States for tobaceo, and but five and a half millions for the spmead of the kingriom of God. How few youms men over reatize thit by giving up mo cigne they haveit in their power to deatuet its vithe forn thesix hundred million devoted to King Tabneer, ibsh to add that anmont to the five and at hald million for Jimg Josns. Olshansen main-
tatins that there is butionoincu in the Tord's tans that there is but, mo incer in the In ind's Pabyer ; and this jeler permentes it from
"Onr Jiather" to "Amen." lt is ex"Onr Fiother" to "Amen," It is ex-
pressed in the puetithon "गhy kingeom come." Yet I may sary, "? "lyy kinghom come" a thonsand times withont pribying ib once, for phyer is notit anere repreti toon; it is the onerme up of ome desires then and. Now stomp is my desite that Gomes kon it compare with my dosite for money? Supposo we testitit with the smatlesti cain issued by the Govormment. Is it stronger thin my dusire for one cent? If se, it is prayer; and if every Choistian in the combtry were to jray "WMy kingelan come monnitg whd evening, and were to take out of his proketione eent cach time and consecrate it to the evanselization of the world, he womkd natimity lawe oflered ypa real prover, and one that; the intinite God would surely answer, hat there womld be given in this wily ilnme every year
seventy-two millian dullas, ar more batu
 foreign amd comestic missians ly the feo ple of the Cuited stanes. If some such phon as this were andulech, what a change woud take phaco in enie missiomary operetions af home and ibionad. Whatitu lengethconing of the cords sund strengthening of the
stakes in India, Chimitud Japor -



















 , $\qquad$
$\longrightarrow$


THE SWALLOWS INGTENUITY.
A swallow's nest, built in the west corner of in window facing the north, was so much softened by the rain beating against
it that it was rendered unfit to support the superincumbent load of pretty full-grown swallows. During a storm the nest fell into the lower corner of the window, leaving the young brood exposed to all the fury of the young brood exposed to all the fury or the blast. Lo save the litilo creatures from
an untimely death, the owner of the house an untimely death, the owner of the hotise
benevolently ciused ic covering to be thiown benevolently ciused ac covering to be thiown past. No sooner haul it subsided, than the past. No sooner hat it subsided, than the
sives of the colony issembled, fluttering sidges of the colony issembled, Aluttering round the window, and hovering over the temporary covering of the fallen nest. A soon as the curcful anxiety was obsorved the covering was removed and the utmostioy win evinced by the group on finding the young ones alive and unhurt. After feeding them
the members of this assembled community, the members of this assembled commung arringing themselves into working or
der, ench division taking its appropriat station, commencod instantly to work and before nightifill they had jointly completed in arched canopy over tho young hrood in the corner where they lay, ind securely covered them against it succeeding blast. Calculating the time occupied by them in performing this piece of architecture, it inpreared evident that the young must have perished from cold and hunger before my single pair could havo exocuted half the job.-Uricle John's Anecelotes

## ALL CAN HELP

A negro woman attending a mission ary meeting in one of the West Indian Isliunds was much struck with an illus tration griven by a missionary just come out from England, who told his audience how greatly a swarm of bees
han onco helpod our British and Forhiul onco helpod our British and For-
cign Bible Sucicty. Ho told the peoeign Biblo Sucicty. Ho told the poo-
ple how that thoy hat so labored and inple how that they hat so labored and increased as to raise £30 to send the Word of Gol $b$ the heathen. She listence ilso with much interest to his stoiy of the cherry tree, the fruit of which, consecrated to the Chureh. Missionary Sociuty, laid added mony pounds. to its funds. Next inorning slie suid to herself, "what cun me de?". The old nerro womin kept it few fowls, and before going to work she chught one of the dinest pullets, sewed it bit of scarlet cloth round its right foot, ind addrossint is few kindly words to her cuptive, she suid: "Dere, Sissay; you do belonir to de Missionary Society, hear ye, ill for your ogrgs and all for your chicken, dey belong to de Missionary Society, hear yo. Dere, go about your business." So, you soo, the poor old negro wommin sopn found a way of helping on the Lord's work.

THE NHCK OF THE GIRAEFE. In spito of its enommous length it only possesses the seven yertebrac which iro common to ncarly all the miammals. In consequence it is nearly as inflexible as a wooden bar of equil length, so that the pretuy pictures
which represent giraftes curving their Which represent giraties curving their neeks gracefully ater the manner of
swans, ire ludicrously wrong. "But," said tho objectors, "if it had so long satid the objectors, in if ibule neck it could notgrave, and being a ruminant; animal, would dio of hunger. Tt is quite ber then annot ground by spreading its forilegs as widoly ground by spreading its forelegs is widely as possibly and drawing its hand legs under them, In its native stato pect. In its nitivo shitio inever, is far as I know, oven attempes to lower its heace to the groma, but in captive to can bo induced to do so, by liyying on tho ground a largo lump fond to cree not on the ground but on tho to graze, not on the ground, but on the its favorito tree, and the Dutch calonists hits fro in consequanco called tho awin by have in consequence called the aucia by thorn, they invariatly giving the name of "cimel" to the grialtic. This modo of ture This is the toneruo in which the ture. This ono the clephint on its proboscis. It is posthe elephint on its proboscis. It is pos-
sessed of wonderful powers of extension
and contritction, and can be narrowed unal it almost resembles the corresponding orgin of the ant-eater. I'he peculiar powars of the tongue cinl woll be seen when tho animill takes the sugar from the ground. It does not abtempt to scizo tho sugiur with its lips, but protrides its tongue to its fullest extiont, twists the namrow tip arounc the sugiry, ind so draws the coveled dainty into its moutrie: When it feeds on the trees it picks ofi leaf iffer leaf quito divintily, electing those which are most to its tasto. -Good Words.

BIRDS 'IFAT' STW
Birds that sow-how fumny! But it is rue. I know of thice lit For and sew nicely, too.
or thres, two of the biects use a long tough grass that will bend without breaking. Tho other-the tailor bird-makes
that makes its own thread. It is called the tailor-bird becanse it sews so nicely. It Duilds its nest in a plant with large leaves. ithon it gathars cotton, and loy means of suins fine bill and littie slencler feet, its bill cotton into a thread; it uses ind sews the lavede to cury the thread completely hide it lenves together so as tho spot looks to be all is no.nest in sight anywhoro. But the mothor bird sits safely inside on her egers. - Our Little Mer aul Womer.

HOW TO LIGET A LAMP WIJH A SNOWBALI.
The National Ehatator gives the following three curious experiments, which may no be new to the professionil chemist, but wil Wheri a small piece of polissium the sizo of Whan a small piece of potisssium the size of
haif a gram of com is dropped into at tum-

illustrated by getting a tube mado by a tinsmith, say half in inch in dimetore, and closed it one cnd. Put a piece of ico the size of a cherry, or half a teaspoonful of water, into the tuho ithd cork tho open end tightly. Suspend the tube over Hime, so that the jee melts and is convered into stemm. Tho cork will be forced nit with a loud explosion. Candle bombs reld over a dlame will explode in a similar mimner. Witer will produce 1,700 times its volume of stemm-Scientific American.

IHIE AUDUBON SOCIETY.
"The Audubon Socicty for the Protection of Birds" was founded in New York City, Fubruny, 18s6. The registered nemberslijp of the society was 42,246 , Nov. $30,1.886$. Its purpose is the protection of Ancricun birds not used for foorl from dedincricion, for morecantilo purposes. It perativeneed is untlined somowhat by the following statemonts :

Iho destruction of our birds has incroasediat ia pato which seriously threatons theutterextinction of some species.

A few liguresmay give someslight jelea of the slaughter. A single collector, tringht back from a theo mond trip je,000 skins; from one small clistrict on Long lsland cons 70,000 in four months bimo. One firm had on hand, Fel. 1st, 200,000 . Ono contfirn was to bind sims 40,000 Amorican ohl in the soh, in threcemonens, fom one ancton toll , ares tell the pitiful story of many a veserted with song.
What lover of nature has not noted this silence, and, perhaps, not known the ciluso. It matters not if the bird co a usefulone, which devours the hurtful insects, or a beautiful plumiged Eongster, whose coming is so welcome. Everything that wours feathers is killed, and this work is carried on chicily by men and boys, who sell the skin phamage for what? Principally for the trimming of women's hats,
bonnets and clothing. As one has said, "Some human people turna away, sick and disgusted, from the sight of a lat ornamented (?) with clusters of those lovely little creatures, grouped to look almost life-like enough to wail

## out their own inguish.

The object of this Society is threefold, as seen by the terms of membershijp. Ostrich foathers and those of
dennestic fowls cxempted. In no caso dennestic fowls exempted. In no cuso will a certificate of membership be is-
sued before the receipt of the simed sued before the receipt of the signed
pledges. The signing of any of the pledges. The signing of any of tho pledges will qualify one for momber
shipin the society. It is camestly desired that each member may sign all of the plodges. Beyond the promise contaned in the pledge no obligation
nor responsibility is incurred. There aro mo foos, no (tues, nor any expenses of any kind. There are no conditions as to ago.
THIL AUDUBON SOCIETY PLIEDGLS Pledend No. 1.-T phedge mysolf not to used for food so lomy as I remain a member discoungreand wovent, so fur as I cand tho
killing, wounding or capture of birds by killing, wounding or cupture of birds by
others.
Preser No:2.-I pledgo myself not

all use feet and bill.
One of the sewing-birds is found in out own country, ind is called the orchardstarling. It hangs its nest from the twigs of an ipple tree, and this is the way the of the nest is built of lone tough wriss which they sow through lond tough grias threads of arass, in and out in alldigh, with just is if done with it needle. This tho birt does ly means of its bill and fect the lacdy once cirrefully drew out ond fect. A long girass threads from out one of these mong grass threacs from it nest and then measured it. Sho found it to bo fourtoen and out of ; its nest thirty-fivo times.
In tho tirlingr This bird cuts leaves into kind of liko a cuinter of an orme-vind, and than sevs a bananion-tho forming one side a the nest. It waves with the wind and no ono dreams that a nest is there.
But tho that nest is there
blerful of water some of the oxygen of the water leives its hydrogen, owing to the inense heat, which the chemical action produces, and combines with the metiallic Votassium, causing it violet bluish flame the wick of coil-oil or alcolsol lamp the Hame producel by touchiue the potasium with atbit of snow or iccor a drop of water with abit of snow or iceor at drop of Witer ill inname it. produced by placing a sminh piece of phoshith witer some crystals of chawe potash corerine the plocsplorous, ind to potash covering the phosphorous, ind thon lating through in ong tube fumel, or : lass lubo, a low drops of supphric acil own on the mixturo ati, the bottom of the lass. Tongues, of nimo cim be scen fast ung up through the water. The intenso inflamo the phosphorous under water Where the phosphorons under water Gere will bun whother in air water The force of steam boiler explosions can be
romaina member of tho Andubion Society; ; und
T monise to discourago and provent, so far as I Thonise to discourago and
cun, such injury by olicers.
Primon No. 3. piabore No. 3.-I pledgo myself not to make ase dress or houschold furnilure, and ony every means in my power to discourago tho uso of
fatiers for
 Wilnessmunthand (his....llay of ......i.j.j. 1sss. Golden Rulc.

Do You lixhone in prayor meeting? Bo short and bo spirited. Do you teach every nightt, be interesting. Do you accost people on the suljectiong. of roligion in theie homes or in public plates? Study adroithomes or in public places? Study adroit-
hess and uso common sonse. The most raceful and most beatutiful thing on carth inceful the religion of Josus Christ, and if you is the religion of Josus Christ, anch if you We must do our woric rapidy and we must do it eflectively Soon our time for work will be gone.-I'almage.

TEACHERS AND THMPERANOE. Every country scliool ought to be orginized into a Loyil Legion. The mectings ized hata a toy be held bi-woekly, Friday, after
could be could be held bil-weckly, mreay, ant is
school. The children are there, all that school. Tho children are thore, an that is
wanting is an earriest leader who is willing to devote a short time to temperance instruction, song, aneedote and story. Thio struction, song, mechota and on with littlo labor under such conditions. Vory few tetchors woudd do this; either they are
physically unable to take any added burdens, or they are passive to tho tomperiunce cause. "Where there's a will there's a cause; "and one case comes to mind where it Lovill Legion numbering one litudred ind foriy nembors is curried on accordins to the plan above, in a union school. The prosident is one of the priminry teachers, : young lady rathor frail but possessing young lady rithor freative ability and zeal. Sho is iassisted by the laties of the villige.
Not lunis since from deep in the curth a rock wast tiken upon which was triteed tho delieate leaves of a form. Perhaps a mildion years ago that little forn gave up its lion yeurs ago that hecte form protificution its fruil beanty in every line ind curve is proserved to dity.
The teather's influcuce upon the child's mind is something like that little fern The infint mind is easily impressed and the teacher who holds up to his primary ciass the evils of profimity, intusicating
drink, and tulaceo, may find in eternity thiat his teaching indluenced the eternil destiny of his pmpii
The children of the immigrant attend school. They become Anericiuized-their parents never. We camotexpect to convert the beor-living foreigner to temperance ideas, but his children ought to be tianghit totail :alsstinence. The pirents are jealous of our Sumday sehools and temjerance logions, proferving to attend charchus of their own languge, therefore the only medium for temperinite teaching is the public schuol.-J. IV. Van Anken, in "IIouscluld."

FOUR MATNE BOYS.
Thirty years : ${ }^{\text {go }}$ I knew, in the town of G-, in Minue, tiwo brothors whose irembity I will disguise under the nannes of Willard and Lamglon Nomman. In the sinne town I knew itiso "tivo boys, not brothers, whom I will call Charles Sinallmiun ind Clertge Winfist. The two former were sons of a famer ; the two latter sons of unister mechanics. The firmor lived in the outskirts of the town, in the wild country, which rendered them plebeians; the latiter in the villige, which made them patricians, is boys sizw those things.
From the time they were nine and ten yeurs of age, Willard and Langdon had to assist in the firru-work in summer-tine ind thervfore could not attend school. They workelat at panting and hocing and hiaying, from tive in ble mornint until light or nine at nightit in the lungest days. In the winter, for is few yours nore, ten Weeks at school was possible, fur which they walked nearly a mile, going home for timaer between twelve and one.
When the civil war came
When the civil war came on, times Were hatd in thoss Matine country towns. Willard ind Lingelon by 1863 wero compellod to leave schael and go intos the forests to cut and haul wood. At fourtoon the latter used to yoke his oxen bufore light on thoso short wincer mornings, drive jout fect deep, loid at eord of wood, haavy
 railway station a millo distant. This he would do four times a day, frequently eating his dimnor on a stump with the thernonacter at zoro. Buy hing thein theso two boys wero occupy theimeds spare moments in improving their minds. Their evenings were pased a place whero hry stuaied their books and reat weckly prys.iting on an ox-sled of at cold winter day reading the nowspaper. cold winter day reading the nowspaper. Occasionally, in the fall, they would still thus imich hurdships and privations proparthas themselves to bo teachers.
ud
They had brown faces, big, rough hands, and wore old clothes, frocguently much and wor' owla cilities,
pitched, iunl in sumuer went "harefoot," patched, and in sumuer went burefoot,
in winter wore graat havy cow-hide boots. it winter wore grat havy cow-hide boots. were little dandies. Their prarents sup-
ported them in idleness. They had every opportunity to attond school, an opportunity which they improved but littlo. 'They looked down on ho himer-bleys, tha "Slue their old clothes, called Shacdarecites," and because they were non "Little Wisdomi." So every timo ho don "Little Wischmi." So every time ho went to the vilige George and Chits Wisdom, how are things over in Shadagee ; Taters all dug ?" or something equally tamtilizing.
At last hard times overtook the two Mitricians. One lost his father, , ind tho the to the other finle, enought to enable them to enter on any of Whe more "gentecl" pursuits, and no trades. When I visitod the town last sund huth little rocky fiums. . They were as poor,
and ragyed, and dirty asever the Shadigee nogs were.
boys were.
Aucl whero were the Shadaree boys, do you isks? Willard, a grabduato of a Maine college, is now a surecessful principal of an acadumy in his native State. Langdon han Iready atteined high mank in one of the rofessions, has written several succosssa books, lectured before largo antiences titvelled noth, south, east and west and in Europo. He las beon elected to posi tions of honor and responsibility sin "10 Wislom," as his wife sometines jokiugly Wisdom,"
cills him.

## alls him Wille

Willard and Langdon improved their simall opprortunities. George and Charles Nevius, in Marreh Wide Awouki.

Ona Fact of exceeding importince in braining children should not be overlooked. We are so much creatures of habit that i ohild trainod to constiautly attend chareh on the Sabbath will, it least, always letain the impression that the best and to go to church and uso the time as consecrated timo. It has often been argued that children obliged to attend divine servico agrinst their will, will conceive a dislike for the place and eventually shan it when free to anct thoir own "pleasture. To uhws a skilful writer asks. obliyed to go to selool? and what wise on judicious parent would allow a child to follow its own inclinations in the matter of attending school or starying away? Why not treat this matter of church going on the part of the children the same as the matter of attending school is treated?"-Christicun at Work.

Question Corner.-No: 12.
PRIZE BIBLE QUESTIONS.
33, What brophet foretold a prophet should ap.
 ho illow cume the saying to go nirona, anter Golly nway whilo tho kiuiri slept?
 Wh Messenger Joln Dousall \& Son Montreal


## NEW PRTZES.

There has been such a demand for our premiumbouksoffered for two new subscriptipus that our stock, though unusually large, quite ran out, and in the whole country wo could not supply their place, so were obliged to send to England. The new books have tirivod now and are langer and handsoner tham the last and will, of course, go much faster, so if our young workers want to securo them they had better sond eirly. Read over the prize listagain, with this addition, and see what you ruay secure by a very little effort. Theso story books are strongly bound in cloth with rich floral designs on the covers, and are by some of the best authors. In no othor way could you secure them at so small a cost.
WHATV OUR SUBSCRTBERS SAY.
A little givl from St. John, N.B., writes:
"I thought I would drop you a few lines and toll you how much I have appreciated
your little paper the Norlherm Messenger of late. I have been sick for a long time and have never valued your paper so much before. I have now tiken it for five years. ever since I was seven, and would not give it up for arything. Next yoar I mem to get noore subscribers if my heilth permits. I would have got more this year were it not that I have been taken sick. If you would please send meacopy of the Weckily Witness next time the Messenger comes I will try and get subscribers to it.
Please do not put this in the paper or if you do don't put my name."

## A boy writes from Wimnipeg :-

Thank you much for the book you sent, "Ben Hur" which I received all right, also your letter saying you had not the book I asked for, so I should like if you will please send me insteid "Fast in the Ice." I ann a little boy ten years old, and live with manma and pupa in Winnipeg, and I will do all I can to get subscribers for the $W_{\text {ithess and }}$ Messenger. I.like the Messenger very much, and mamma says she would miss the Wit ness like an old friend if she gave up taking it, but she does not intend doing that. I ann alrendy getting subscribers for another prize which I shall send soon.

One of our older subscribers writes from Michigan:-
I received your postal and book (a prize) with much thamks. I have read it through and can say it is the most interostius littlo book that I have got hold of situe I have been in this place. I do not get much time to write or read for I lave so much other work. I have the station work to look after, and a a good deal of it takes a sreat deal of writing. But when I began to real the book I could not stop until I got throurg with it, and I thank yon vory much for: it und hope that my sulscribers to the Messenger, will be pleased with their invostment. I like the paper well and will seme you all the namus I cin of those who would ike to hive it. Moncy is so very scarce now that they do not wish to spend it in rood reading, but I four they ofter spand it in something that will not profit them half so much.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS IN THE united sicates.
Our subseribers throughout the United States who cimnot procure the international Post Office ordurs at their post-office can get, instead, a Post Office order, payable at Touse's Point,N. Y., which will pevent much inconvenience both to ou selves and to subscribers.

## NLUW CLUB RATES

The following are the New Club Rates for the Messenger, which are considerably reduced:

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## ARDS




NOTTHERN MESSENGEA PREMIUM LIST

The Messenger premium list for 1887-88 is an entirely new'one and has been selected with great care.
Read the following list of prizes offered or the Northern Messenger and see how anyone with very little effort can become the owner of a nice prize.

To the porson sending us FIVE NEW SUBSCRIP'IIONS or seven renewars at 30 cents each we will give their choice of any one of eight beautiful prizes, as follows :-

1. Unclar Ton's Oabix
2. Buypon's Natumal Histoxt.

Fasf in rus low - That thrilling story of Arotic ad-
4. Ilubutiatrd nationaliantyne.
6. A Silurar. Phatro Sugar Shrul,

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## 2. Oprsing 4 Onkstiver Borr.

3. Tus Hovi at crestiock,
. Ben Hur, by Goueral Lew Wallaco.
4. Tus Prere op Dap.
5. Nres Solowonsyitr Lnokiso on.-By Pansy;

By "Pansy ;"


FOR FIFHEEN NEW SUUSCRIBERS or twenty renewats at 30c each:-
6. Tons phown at Ruaur.-Fy Thoman Hughes.



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