

RAILWAY
TIME TABLES

CONNECTED TO MAY 12, 1920.

D TRUNK—Southern Division

MAIN LINE—Going East

Express (A)	4:10 a.m.	4:35 a.m.
Express (B)	4:20 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Express (C)	4:30 a.m.	4:55 a.m.
Express (D)	4:40 a.m.	5:05 a.m.
Express (E)	4:50 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Express (F)	5:00 a.m.	5:25 a.m.
Express (G)	5:10 a.m.	5:35 a.m.
Express (H)	5:20 a.m.	5:45 a.m.
Express (I)	5:30 a.m.	5:55 a.m.
Express (J)	5:40 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
Express (K)	5:50 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
Express (L)	6:00 a.m.	6:25 a.m.
Express (M)	6:10 a.m.	6:35 a.m.
Express (N)	6:20 a.m.	6:45 a.m.
Express (O)	6:30 a.m.	6:55 a.m.
Express (P)	6:40 a.m.	7:05 a.m.
Express (Q)	6:50 a.m.	7:15 a.m.
Express (R)	7:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.
Express (S)	7:10 a.m.	7:35 a.m.
Express (T)	7:20 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
Express (U)	7:30 a.m.	7:55 a.m.
Express (V)	7:40 a.m.	8:05 a.m.
Express (W)	7:50 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Express (X)	8:00 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
Express (Y)	8:10 a.m.	8:35 a.m.
Express (Z)	8:20 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Express (AA)	8:30 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Express (AB)	8:40 a.m.	9:05 a.m.
Express (AC)	8:50 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
Express (AD)	9:00 a.m.	9:25 a.m.
Express (AE)	9:10 a.m.	9:35 a.m.
Express (AF)	9:20 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
Express (AG)	9:30 a.m.	9:55 a.m.
Express (AH)	9:40 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Express (AI)	9:50 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Express (AJ)	10:00 a.m.	10:25 a.m.
Express (AK)	10:10 a.m.	10:35 a.m.
Express (AL)	10:20 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
Express (AM)	10:30 a.m.	10:55 a.m.
Express (AN)	10:40 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express (AO)	10:50 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Express (AP)	11:00 a.m.	11:25 a.m.
Express (AQ)	11:10 a.m.	11:35 a.m.
Express (AR)	11:20 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Express (AS)	11:30 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Express (AT)	11:40 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
Express (AU)	11:50 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
Express (AV)	12:00 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Express (AW)	12:10 p.m.	12:35 p.m.
Express (AX)	12:20 p.m.	12:45 p.m.
Express (AY)	12:30 p.m.	12:55 p.m.
Express (AZ)	12:40 p.m.	1:05 p.m.
Express (BA)	12:50 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
Express (BB)	1:00 p.m.	1:25 p.m.
Express (BC)	1:10 p.m.	1:35 p.m.
Express (BD)	1:20 p.m.	1:45 p.m.
Express (BE)	1:30 p.m.	1:55 p.m.
Express (BF)	1:40 p.m.	2:05 p.m.
Express (BG)	1:50 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Express (BH)	2:00 p.m.	2:25 p.m.
Express (BI)	2:10 p.m.	2:35 p.m.
Express (BJ)	2:20 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
Express (BK)	2:30 p.m.	2:55 p.m.
Express (BL)	2:40 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Express (BM)	2:50 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Express (BN)	3:00 p.m.	3:25 p.m.
Express (BO)	3:10 p.m.	3:35 p.m.
Express (BP)	3:20 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Express (BQ)	3:30 p.m.	3:55 p.m.
Express (BR)	3:40 p.m.	4:05 p.m.
Express (BS)	3:50 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Express (BT)	4:00 p.m.	4:25 p.m.
Express (BU)	4:10 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Express (BV)	4:20 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Express (BW)	4:30 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
Express (BX)	4:40 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Express (BY)	4:50 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Express (BZ)	5:00 p.m.	5:25 p.m.
Express (CA)	5:10 p.m.	5:35 p.m.
Express (CB)	5:20 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
Express (CC)	5:30 p.m.	5:55 p.m.
Express (CD)	5:40 p.m.	6:05 p.m.
Express (CE)	5:50 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
Express (CF)	6:00 p.m.	6:25 p.m.
Express (CG)	6:10 p.m.	6:35 p.m.
Express (CH)	6:20 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Express (CI)	6:30 p.m.	6:55 p.m.
Express (CJ)	6:40 p.m.	7:05 p.m.
Express (CK)	6:50 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
Express (CL)	7:00 p.m.	7:25 p.m.
Express (CM)	7:10 p.m.	7:35 p.m.
Express (CN)	7:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Express (CO)	7:30 p.m.	7:55 p.m.
Express (CP)	7:40 p.m.	8:05 p.m.
Express (CQ)	7:50 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
Express (CR)	8:00 p.m.	8:25 p.m.
Express (CS)	8:10 p.m.	8:35 p.m.
Express (CT)	8:20 p.m.	8:45 p.m.
Express (CU)	8:30 p.m.	8:55 p.m.
Express (CV)	8:40 p.m.	9:05 p.m.
Express (CW)	8:50 p.m.	9:15 p.m.
Express (CX)	9:00 p.m.	9:25 p.m.
Express (CY)	9:10 p.m.	9:35 p.m.
Express (CZ)	9:20 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Express (DA)	9:30 p.m.	9:55 p.m.
Express (DB)	9:40 p.m.	10:05 p.m.
Express (DC)	9:50 p.m.	10:15 p.m.
Express (DD)	10:00 p.m.	10:25 p.m.
Express (DE)	10:10 p.m.	10:35 p.m.
Express (DF)	10:20 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
Express (DG)	10:30 p.m.	10:55 p.m.
Express (DH)	10:40 p.m.	11:05 p.m.
Express (DI)	10:50 p.m.	11:15 p.m.
Express (DJ)	11:00 p.m.	11:25 p.m.
Express (DK)	11:10 p.m.	11:35 p.m.
Express (DL)	11:20 p.m.	11:45 p.m.
Express (DM)	11:30 p.m.	11:55 p.m.
Express (DN)	11:40 p.m.	12:05 a.m.
Express (DO)	11:50 p.m.	12:15 a.m.
Express (DP)	12:00 a.m.	12:25 a.m.
Express (DQ)	12:10 a.m.	12:35 a.m.
Express (DR)	12:20 a.m.	12:45 a.m.
Express (DS)	12:30 a.m.	12:55 a.m.
Express (DT)	12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Express (DU)	12:50 a.m.	1:15 a.m.
Express (DV)	1:00 a.m.	1:25 a.m.
Express (DW)	1:10 a.m.	1:35 a.m.
Express (DX)	1:20 a.m.	1:45 a.m.
Express (DY)	1:30 a.m.	1:55 a.m.
Express (DZ)	1:40 a.m.	2:05 a.m.
Express (EA)	1:50 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Express (EB)	2:00 a.m.	2:25 a.m.
Express (EC)	2:10 a.m.	2:35 a.m.
Express (ED)	2:20 a.m.	2:45 a.m.
Express (EE)	2:30 a.m.	2:55 a.m.
Express (EF)	2:40 a.m.	3:05 a.m.
Express (EG)	2:50 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
Express (EH)	3:00 a.m.	3:25 a.m.
Express (EI)	3:10 a.m.	3:35 a.m.
Express (EJ)	3:20 a.m.	3:45 a.m.
Express (EK)	3:30 a.m.	3:55 a.m.
Express (EL)	3:40 a.m.	4:05 a.m.
Express (EM)	3:50 a.m.	4:15 a.m.
Express (EN)	4:00 a.m.	4:25 a.m.
Express (EO)	4:10 a.m.	4:35 a.m.
Express (EP)	4:20 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Express (EQ)	4:30 a.m.	4:55 a.m.
Express (ER)	4:40 a.m.	5:05 a.m.
Express (ES)	4:50 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Express (ET)	5:00 a.m.	5:25 a.m.
Express (EU)	5:10 a.m.	5:35 a.m.
Express (EV)	5:20 a.m.	5:45 a.m.
Express (EW)	5:30 a.m.	5:55 a.m.
Express (EX)	5:40 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
Express (EY)	5:50 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
Express (EZ)	6:00 a.m.	6:25 a.m.
Express (FA)	6:10 a.m.	6:35 a.m.
Express (FB)	6:20 a.m.	6:45 a.m.
Express (FC)	6:30 a.m.	6:55 a.m.
Express (FD)	6:40 a.m.	7:05 a.m.
Express (FE)	6:50 a.m.	7:15 a.m.
Express (FF)	7:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.
Express (FG)	7:10 a.m.	7:35 a.m.
Express (FH)	7:20 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
Express (FI)	7:30 a.m.	7:55 a.m.
Express (FJ)	7:40 a.m.	8:05 a.m.
Express (FK)	7:50 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Express (FL)	8:00 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
Express (FM)	8:10 a.m.	8:35 a.m.
Express (FN)	8:20 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Express (FO)	8:30 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Express (FP)	8:40 a.m.	9:05 a.m.
Express (FQ)	8:50 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
Express (FR)	9:00 a.m.	9:25 a.m.
Express (FS)	9:10 a.m.	9:35 a.m.
Express (FT)	9:20 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
Express (FU)	9:30 a.m.	9:55 a.m.
Express (FV)	9:40 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Express (FW)	9:50 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Express (FX)	10:00 a.m.	10:25 a.m.
Express (FY)	10:10 a.m.	10:35 a.m.
Express (FZ)	10:20 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
Express (GA)	10:30 a.m.	10:55 a.m.
Express (GB)	10:40 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express (GC)	10:50 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Express (GD)	11:00 a.m.	11:25 a.m.
Express (GE)	11:10 a.m.	11:35 a.m.
Express (GF)	11:20 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Express (GG)	11:30 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Express (GH)	11:40 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
Express (GI)	11:50 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
Express (GJ)	12:00 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Express (GK)	12:10 p.m.	12:35 p.m.
Express (GL)	12:20 p.m.	12:45 p.m.
Express (GM)	12:30 p.m.	12:55 p.m.
Express (GN)	12:40 p.m.	1:05 p.m.
Express (GO)	12:50 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
Express (GP)	1:00 p.m.	1:25 p.m.
Express (GQ)	1:10 p.m.	1:35 p.m.
Express (GR)	1:20 p.m.	1:45 p.m.
Express (GS)	1:30 p.m.	1:55 p.m.
Express (GT)	1:40 p.m.	2:05 p.m.
Express (GU)	1:50 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Express (GV)	2:00 p.m.	2:25 p.m.
Express (GW)	2:10 p.m.	2:35 p.m.
Express (GX)	2:20 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
Express (GY)	2:30 p.m.	2:55 p.m.
Express (GZ)	2:40 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Express (HA)	2:50 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Express (HB)	3:00 p.m.	3:25 p.m.
Express (HC)	3:10 p.m.	3:35 p.m.
Express (HD)	3:20 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Express (HE)	3:30 p.m.	3:55 p.m.
Express (HF)	3:40 p.m.	4:05 p.m.
Express (HG)	3:50 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Express (HH)	4:00 p.m.	4:25 p.m.
Express (HI)	4:10 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Express (HJ)	4:20 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Express (HK)	4:30 p.m.	4:55 p.m.
Express (HL)	4:40 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Express (HM)	4:50 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Express (HN)	5:00 p.m.	5:25 p.m.
Express (HO)	5:10 p.m.	5:35 p.m.
Express (HP)	5:20 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
Express (HQ)	5:30 p.m.	5:55 p.m.
Express (HR)	5:40 p.m.	6:05 p.m.
Express (HS)	5:50 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
Express (HT)	6:00 p.m.	6:25 p.m.
Express (HU)	6:10 p.m.	6:35 p.m.
Express (HV)	6:20 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Express (HW)	6:30 p.m.	6:55 p.m.
Express (HX)	6:40 p.m.	7:05 p.m.
Express (HY)	6:50 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
Express (HZ)	7:00 p.m.	7:25 p.m.
Express (IA)	7:10 p.m.	7:35 p.m.
Express (IB)	7:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Express (IC)	7:30 p.m.	7:55 p.m.
Express (ID)	7:40 p.m.	8:05 p.m.
Express (IE)	7:50 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
Express (IF)	8:00 p.m.	8:25 p.m.
Express (IG)	8:10 p.m.	8:35 p.m.
Express (IH)	8:20 p.m.	8:45 p.m.
Express (II)	8:30 p.m.	8:55 p.m.
Express (IJ)	8:40 p.m.	9:05 p.m.
Express (IK)	8:50 p.m.	9:15 p.m.
Express (IL)	9:00 p.m.	9:25 p.m.
Express (IM)	9:10 p.m.	9:35 p.m.
Express (IN)	9:20 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Express (IO)	9:30 p.m.	9:55 p.m.
Express (IP)	9:40 p.m.	10:05 p.m.
Express (IQ)	9:50 p.m.	10:15 p.m.
Express (IR)	10:00 p.m.	10:25 p.m.
Express (IS)	10:10 p.m.	10:35 p.m.
Express (IT)	10:20 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
Express (IU)	10:30 p.m.	10:55 p.m.
Express (IV)	10:40 p.m.	11:05 p.m.
Express (IW)	10:50 p.m.	11:15 p.m.
Express (IX)	11:00 p.m.	11:25 p.m.
Express (IY)	11:10 p.m.	11:35 p.m.
Express (IZ)	11:20 p.m.	11:45 p.m.
Express (JA)	11:30 p.m.	11:55 p.m.
Express (JB)	11:40 p.m.	12:05 a.m.
Express (JC)	11:50 p.m.	12:15 a.m.
Express (JD)	12:00 a.m.	12:25 a.m.
Express (JE)	12:10 a.m.	12:35 a.m.
Express (JF)	12:20 a.m.	12:45 a.m.
Express (JG)	12:30 a.m.	12:55 a.m.
Express (JH)	12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Express (JI)	12:50 a.m.	1:15 a.m.
Express (JJ)	1:00 a.m.	1:25 a.m.
Express (JK)	1:10 a.m.	1:35 a.m.
Express (JL)	1:20 a.m.	1:45 a.m.
Express (JM)	1:30 a.m.	1:55 a.m.
Express (JN)	1:40 a.m.	2:05 a.m.
Express (JO)	1:50 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Express (JP)	2:00 a.m.	2:25 a.m.
Express (JQ)	2:10 a.m.	2:35 a.m.
Express (JR)	2:20 a.m.	2:45 a.m.
Express (JS)	2:30 a.m.	2:55 a.m.
Express (JT)	2:40 a.m.	3:05 a.m.
Express (JU)	2:50 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
Express (JV)	3:00 a.m.	3:25 a.m.
Express (JW)	3:10 a.m.	3:35 a.m.
Express (JX)	3:20 a.m.	3:45 a.m.
Express (JY)	3:30 a.m.	3:55 a.m.
Express (JZ)	3:40 a.m.	4:05 a.m.
Express (KA)	3:50 a.m.	4:15 a.m.
Express (KB)	4:00 a.m.	4:25 a.m.
Express (KC)	4:10 a.m.	4:35 a.m.
Express (KD)	4:20 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Express (KE)	4:30 a.m.	4:55 a.m.
Express (KF)	4:40 a.m.	5:05 a.m.
Express (KG)	4:50 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Express (KH)	5:00 a.m.	5:25 a.m.
Express (KI)	5:10 a.m.	5:35 a.m.
Express (KJ)	5:20 a.m.	5:45 a.m.
Express (KK)	5:30 a.m.	5:55 a.m.
Express (KL)	5:40 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
Express (KM)	5:50 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
Express (KN)	6:00 a.m.	6:25 a.m.
Express (KO)	6:10 a.m.	6:35 a.m.
Express (KP)	6:20 a.m.	6:45 a.m.
Express (KQ)	6:30 a.m.	6:55 a.m.
Express (KR)	6:40 a.m.	7:05 a.m.
Express (KS)	6:50 a.m.	7:15 a.m.
Express (KT)	7:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.
Express (KU)	7:10 a.m.	7:35 a.m.
Express (KV)	7:20 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
Express (KW)	7:30 a.m.	7:55 a.m.
Express (KX)	7:40 a.m.	8:05 a.m.
Express (KY)	7:50 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Express (KZ)	8:00 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
Express (LA)	8:10 a.m.	8:35 a.m.
Express (LB)	8:20 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Express (LC)	8:30 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Express (LD)	8:40 a.m.	9:05 a.m.
Express (LE)	8:50 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
Express (LF)	9:00 a.m.	9:25 a.m.
Express (LG)	9:10 a.m.	9:35 a.m.
Express (LH)	9:20 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
Express (LI)	9:30 a.m.	9:55 a.m.
Express (LJ)	9:40 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Express (LK)	9:50 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Express (LL)	10:00 a.m.	10:25 a.m.
Express (LM)	10:10 a.m.	10:35 a.m.
Express (LN)	10:20 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
Express (LO)	10:30 a.m.	10:55 a.m.
Express (LP)	10:40 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express (LQ)	10:50 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Express (LR)	11:00 a.m.	11:25 a.m.
Express (LS)	11:10 a.m.	11:35 a.m.
Express (LT)	11:20 a.m.</	

THEY GOT ONE.

The Tamshechs Win a Game at Hamilton. Sporting News in General.

LONDON WINS.
Hamilton, May 22.—The Hamiltons and London played off a postponed game here this afternoon. Although the game was miserably played by both sides, still it was rather interesting, because it was anybody's game until the last man was out. The Londoners scored one run in the first on Dowie's fumble, Friel's sacrifice and Sales' error; two in the second on Park's single, a base on balls and Hiland's safe hit. Dowie's error and Spies' hit threw yielded the visitors one run in the fifth, and a hit by Friel, fumble by Petty, Lutenberg's sacrifice and hits by Wright and Parks netted three runs in the seventh. A base on balls, a steal, errors by Parks and Lutenberg, and Casey's safe hit gave the Hamiltons three runs in the third and a hit, two steals and Parks' error netted one in the fifth. The Hamiltons earned one run in the sixth on Cartwright's and Dowie's safe hits, two stolen bases and Spies' sacrifice. The Hams scored one in the eighth on Cartwright's hit and steal and Foulkrod's single. The score:

	HAMILTON.	A.B.	R.	H.	E.	P.O.	A.	E.
Fulmer, 1st.....	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Powell, 2d.....	5	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Casey, 3d.....	4	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Sales, 4th.....	4	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Cartwright, 5th.....	4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
Dowie, 6th.....	2	0	1	3	4	2	2	2
Foulkrod, 7th.....	4	0	0	5	1	1	1	1
Spies, 8th.....	4	0	0	5	1	1	1	1
Petty, 9th.....	4	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Totals.....	35	6	7	24	9	9	9	9

	LONDON.	A.B.	R.	H.	E.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hiland, 1st.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Leitch, 2d.....	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Friel, 3d.....	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Roche, 4th.....	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lutenberg, 5th.....	4	0	1	13	0	0	0	0
Wright, 6th.....	4	1	1	4	4	0	0	0
Parks, 7th.....	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Culver, 8th.....	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Maguire, 9th.....	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	35	7	6	27	11	5	5	5

Hamilton.....0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 6
London.....1 2 0 1 0 3 0 7 7
Earned runs—Hamilton 1.
Sacrifice hits—Spies 1, Friel 1.
Stolen bases—Fulmer 1, Powell 1, Casey 2, Cartwright 2, Dowie, Lutenberg, Friel, Roche, Leitch, Wright, by Petty 1, by Maguire 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Petty 1, by Maguire 1.
Struck out—By Petty 4, by Maguire 5.
Double plays—Parks to Wright to Lutenberg 2.
First on errors—Hamilton 3, London 5.
Left on bases—Hamilton 5, London 5.
Time—1:50.
Umpire—W. Curry.
Attendance—25.

THURSDAY'S CHAMPIONSHIP GAMES.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Detroit.....0 0 2 1 0 2 2 1 0 8 9 2
Detroit.....0 0 2 1 0 2 2 1 0 8 9 2
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Smith and Benning; Dunning and Oldfield. Umpire—J. Wells.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston.....0 2 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 8 11
Boston.....0 2 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 8 11
Cleveland.....0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 5 11
Batteries—Gardner and Havlic; Beatin and Zimmer. Umpire—McDermott.

At New York.....0 1 0 3 0 0 0 9 14 17 3
New York.....0 1 0 3 0 0 0 9 14 17 3
Pittsburgh.....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 5 11
Batteries—Russell, Somers and Buckley; Sowers and Miller. Umpires—Powers and Zacharias.

At Brooklyn.....0 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 4 11 5
Brooklyn.....0 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 4 11 5
Philadelphia.....0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 5 9 4
Batteries—Sullivan and Knickerbocker; Gleason and Shirree. Umpire—McQuinn.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Syracuse.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 9 3
Syracuse.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 9 3
Columbus.....0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 4 8 11
Batteries—Casey and Briggs; Gastright and O'Connor. Umpire—Emslie.

At Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 8 10 11
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 8 10 11
Louisville.....0 2 0 2 4 7 0 0 15 13 13
Batteries—Mott and Bower; Stratton and Ryan; Goodall and Weckbecker. Umpire—O'Brien.

At Philadelphia.....1 0 1 0 1 5 1 2 1 12 11 6
Philadelphia.....1 0 1 0 1 5 1 2 1 12 11 6
Toledo.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 2 5 12
Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Cushman and Sage. Umpire—Duescher.

At Rochester.....0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 4 5 1
Rochester.....0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 4 5 1
St. Louis.....0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 3 10 7
Batteries—Callahan and McKenough; Whitrock and Mangum. Umpire—Jannum.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.
At Boston.....1 2 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 8 11 5
Boston.....1 2 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 8 11 5
Pittsburgh.....0 1 0 1 0 1 3 0 3 8 11
Batteries—Daly and Kelly; Murphy, Maul and Q. Inn. Umpires—Jones and Knight.

At New York.....0 2 0 2 0 2 1 0 0 10 9 4
New York.....0 2 0 2 0 2 1 0 0 10 9 4
Chicago.....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 4 8 11
Batteries—Daly and Kelly; Murphy, Maul and Q. Inn. Umpires—Jones and Knight.

At Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 7 11
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 7 11
Buffalo.....1 3 2 0 0 0 0 6 12 9 4
Batteries—Knell and Milligan; Gruber and Sutcliffe. Umpires—Holbert and Ferguson.

At Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 2 3 0 1 0 6 8 4
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 2 3 0 1 0 6 8 4
Cleveland.....0 1 0 1 0 4 3 3 12 11 6
Batteries—Knell and Milligan; Gruber and Sutcliffe. Umpires—Gunning and Matthews.

THE ADVERTISER CLUB.
While London is a city which can boast of many crack amateur baseball organizations there is always room for one more, so the ADVERTISER employs have organized a team which will play other local nines on Saturday afternoons and holidays during the summer. While not guaranteeing to win every game played during the season they will keep the best of their rivals moving. Their suits consist of light-colored flannel trousers, white blue stock-ings, black and red belts, red and blue caps and white knitted shirts. The officers are as follows: President, J. M. Symonds; treasurer, C. F. Adams; secretary, Frank Womacott; captain, Edward Wallace. The nine so far as placed is as follows: Neil, s.s.; Jones, c.f.; Hawthorn, c.; Tiliaferro, 1b.; Wallace, 2b.; McTherson, 3b.; Wootton, 4b.; Claypole, r.f. They play their first game with the River-rides, who have also purchased new suits, on Ward's field near Springbank tomorrow afternoon. Captain Foster will convey the nines to the ground, and quite a crowd of the general public will no doubt attend.

FLYS.
Hartford tried hard to get Reidy, London's new third baseman, but they were a little late.
The Waterline Baseball Club, of this city, will play a match with the Alerts, of Stratford, in that place, on Monday.
The baseball club of the Seventh Fusiliers played a friendly game of ball with the "D" Company Baseball Club on the latter's ground yesterday. "D" Company was victorious by a score of 14 to 8.
A game of baseball was played the other day between a nine from London West, captained by E. Ware, and the "D" Company nine, resulting in a score of 15 to 10, in favor of the London West club.
Comiskey's new racket is to walk up to the umpire and say: "Mr. Jones, don't think I'm kicking. I only want you to endeavor to use more discretion in the matter of balls and strikes. That's all." Then the umpire faints.
Donovan resumed his place at center field for the Boston National League team on Wednesday, when the game was won from Cleveland by 1 to 0 in ten innings. Patsy made one of Boston's six hits, had a sacrifice and two put-outs.
The challenge issued by the baseball club of Court Forest Queen, A. O. F., to play the team of Court Brighton, South London, has been accepted, and the game will come off at Springbank on June 23, when Court Brighton celebrates its anniversary.
Mr. L. Felcher, the Toronto diamond prince, who has created quite a sensation during his stay in Saginaw, was engaged yesterday with Miss Anna and Kate Felcher and Miss Emma Gearinger, of the 10th ward. When opposite the residence of Chauncey Wisner the horse became frightened, either at the flash of diamonds or the electric car and upset the carriage shaking the inmates up severely. They were cared for by Miss Wisner, who kindly loaned Lem a silk hat to wear home.—[Saginaw Journal.]

THE WHEEL.
Mr. Frank Asbury, the champion bicycle rider of the stone town, rode to Delaware last Sunday on his wheel. He made London a distance of 26 miles, in three hours.—[St. Marys Argus.]

FOOTBALL.
The Aylmer public school has organized a football club and challenges junior teams throughout the county to a friendly match.

A REAL ROMANCE.

Surprising Sequel to a Village Elopement Ten Years After It Occurred.

BATH, May 22.—The little village of Wyke, in the county of Somerset, has a sensation that is unique in its way. Ten years ago the wife of George Axmiller, a carpenter of Wyke, ran away with a young lawyer named Samuel Graves, the son of a prominent citizen of the county. The runaway woman was only 17 years of age, and had been married to Axmiller less than a year. She was remarkably handsome, but of an illiterate family. Axmiller was an industrious young man, well thought of. He spent all the money he could raise trying to find his wife, of whom he was passionately fond, but to no trace of the runaways was ever discovered. Young Graves' father died within a year after the elopement, and left his property, valued at \$75,000, to a distant relative, as his wife was dead and the runaway son was his only child. The old man, in his will, disowned his son. Nothing was ever heard of the eloping couple. Axmiller remained in the village and worked at his trade. Last Sunday night a carriage stopped in front of the village postoffice, and a man who was in the carriage asked a passer-by where George Axmiller lived. The house was pointed out to the stranger, who drove on. This was about 9 o'clock at night. On Monday morning, when Axmiller came out of the house he found he had a passenger in the carriage. He picked it up. It was addressed to him. He opened it and found that it was a package of bank notes. On the top note was a piece of paper, on which was written the following:

AMANDA is dead. Five years ago. Since then I have saved the elopement. If it is any recompense for the injury I did, for God's sake let me hear what is the percentage? All through the paper it is apparent that Prof. Barnard has kept clearly in view the important consideration—cost of production and the many causes by which it is influenced. He points out that while the yield of milk increases with the size of equally good cows, the percentage of increase is not the same, small cows, as a rule, giving more weight for weight than the largest. On the other hand, and the point should not be forgotten, he says it is well proved that the smaller the cow the larger the ration she will absorb for maintenance per 100 pounds live weight, while the ration for production remains the same whatever be the weight of the animal, and should be composed of the same chemical elements which form the produce. A table is given showing that one animal of 3,000 pounds live weight, or 90 animals of 10 pounds each—900 pounds in all; or 50 small animals weighing 8 pounds each—400 pounds in all, consume exactly the same productive ration per day. As an example, 500 young mice in a granary would consume per day as much food as would fatten an immense 3,000-pound ox, gaining perhaps three pounds per day. By contrasting the worst milk cows that give about double their own weight in twelve months with those yielding thirteen times as much, Prof. Barnard shows the importance of testing every animal in the herd by weighing the milk at regular intervals. After the milking qualities of the herd, he ranks perfect and frequent milkers—(how many times per day?); then cleanliness, pure air and water. Next come moderately warm stables, where economy of food is aimed at. According to another table given it is shown that 50 per cent. of the maintenance rations may be lost where animals are in a constantly changing temperature and exposed to sudden cold, and even more to 50 per cent. where frost enters the stable. Starting out with a reference to the ideal milk-producing food—abundant, sweet June grass—Prof. Barnard alludes to Jules Crevat's valuable work, in which are given the exact proportions of solids, of sugar or purely heat producing food, of digestible protein and fats required by animals, for the various animal products. A lengthy table of great importance follows showing the chemical contents of various dried fodders, green fodders, roots, grain, straw, etc. With regard to the question of scientifically balanced rations, now under this title to be said. In the everyday work of cattle-feeding by the general farmer success will probably depend more on practical skill in selecting, preparing and combining foods in such a manner as to insure the largest of a constant and most complete digestion and assimilation than upon any nice adjustment of chemical elements, due regard of course being had to the objects, general conditions in each particular case, foods available, etc. In the practical management of his herd of cows, Prof. Barnard is able to show an average yield of 7,575 pounds of milk a mature cow per annum, valued per 1 cent per pound, \$75, cost of food consumed, \$31.64, giving a net profit of \$43.36 per cow, the manure, which is all saved, going as a fair compensation against the labor increase in the milk flow consequent upon improved conditions and care is strikingly illustrated by one instance, amounting to as much as from 1,129 to 3,682 pounds per annum per cow in a small herd. The herd in question is stabled the year round. For seven months out of twelve the cows are tied to a stanchion all the time, except at calving, when the cow is allowed the range of a comfortable box stall for from one to three weeks, which is the average time these cows go dry. Calves are entirely hand-fed. Next follows Prof. Barnard's system of milking, a sketch of which from his own pen appeared last winter in the ADVERTISER. During the last winter Prof. Barnard's herd (Canadian Jerseys) received the following ration:

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Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, is ear-ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailments, but also to the hurts, disorders of the lower and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

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It is a pity that gruff old Thomas Carlyle is not alive to see the logic of facts knock his "Sartor Resartus" sky-high. A rich Shasta county (California) miner named Lightner died and won Amanda. Most likely when he escorted her in all her bridal splendor to the altar he wore his old mining suit, apparently having forgotten to don his wedding attire. When the minister asked if any one objected to the union Amanda, with eyes flashing scorn, cried out: "I do. Look at those clothes!" Poor Lightner! His unbecoming shabby suit of old clothes, he had to a foggy, flannel suit with "blue ruin," and would have ended his life with laudanum if it had not been for a doctor and a stomach-pump. To sensible people it would seem that Amanda was too busy. Had she waited until she was mistress of his person and purse she could have "dressed him down," or up, to suit her fancy.

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RATIONAL CARE OF MILK COWS.
A recent number of the Illustrated Journal of Agriculture contains in full the valuable paper presented at the Dominion Dairyman's Association meeting in Ottawa by Prof. Ed. A. Barnard, of Quebec. It is entitled "The rational feeding and care of milk cows," and the problem which Prof. Barnard sets out to solve is "how to obtain the greatest quantity of rich milk per annum from each cow at the lowest cost for food and care." "It is admitted," says Prof. Barnard, "by the best practical men, that a cow which gives ten times her weight of normal milk in the year, is a superior cow." In the foregoing sentence and elsewhere, the expression, "normal milk," is used. No one has added interest and completeness to the paper had the able author indicated in express terms what constitutes normal milk? and if better fat or total solids in the measure, then what is the percentage? All through the paper it is apparent that Prof. Barnard has kept clearly in view the important consideration—cost of production and the many causes by which it is influenced. He points out that while the yield of milk increases with the size of equally good cows, the percentage of increase is not the same, small cows, as a rule, giving more weight for weight than the largest. On the other hand, and the point should not be forgotten, he says it is well proved that the smaller the cow the larger the ration she will absorb for maintenance per 100 pounds live weight, while the ration for production remains the same whatever be the weight of the animal, and should be composed of the same chemical elements which form the produce. A table is given showing that one animal of 3,000 pounds live weight, or 90 animals of 10 pounds each—900 pounds in all; or 50 small animals weighing 8 pounds each—400 pounds in all, consume exactly the same productive ration per day. As an example, 500 young mice in a granary would consume per day as much food as would fatten an immense 3,000-pound ox, gaining perhaps three pounds per day. By contrasting the worst milk cows that give about double their own weight in twelve months with those yielding thirteen times as much, Prof. Barnard shows the importance of testing every animal in the herd by weighing the milk at regular intervals. After the milking qualities of the herd, he ranks perfect and frequent milkers—(how many times per day?); then cleanliness, pure air and water. Next come moderately warm stables, where economy of food is aimed at. According to another table given it is shown that 50 per cent. of the maintenance rations may be lost where animals are in a constantly changing temperature and exposed to sudden cold, and even more to 50 per cent. where frost enters the stable. Starting out with a reference to the ideal milk-producing food—abundant, sweet June grass—Prof. Barnard alludes to Jules Crevat's valuable work, in which are given the exact proportions of solids, of sugar or purely heat producing food, of digestible protein and fats required by animals, for the various animal products. A lengthy table of great importance follows showing the chemical contents of various dried fodders, green fodders, roots, grain, straw, etc. With regard to the question of scientifically balanced rations, now under this title to be said. In the everyday work of cattle-feeding by the general farmer success will probably depend more on practical skill in selecting, preparing and combining foods in such a manner as to insure the largest of a constant and most complete digestion and assimilation than upon any nice adjustment of chemical elements, due regard of course being had to the objects, general conditions in each particular case, foods available, etc. In the practical management of his herd of cows, Prof. Barnard is able to show an average yield of 7,575 pounds of milk a mature cow per annum, valued per 1 cent per pound, \$75, cost of food consumed, \$31.64, giving a net profit of \$43.36 per cow, the manure, which is all saved, going as a fair compensation against the labor increase in the milk flow consequent upon improved conditions and care is strikingly illustrated by one instance, amounting to as much as from 1,129 to 3,682 pounds per annum per cow in a small herd. The herd in question is stabled the year round. For seven months out of twelve the cows are tied to a stanchion all the time, except at calving, when the cow is allowed the range of a comfortable box stall for from one to three weeks, which is the average time these cows go dry. Calves are entirely hand-fed. Next follows Prof. Barnard's system of milking, a sketch of which from his own pen appeared last winter in the ADVERTISER. During the last winter Prof. Barnard's herd (Canadian Jerseys) received the following ration:

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A FATED FAMILY.

Father, Six Sons and a Grandson All Die Violent Deaths.

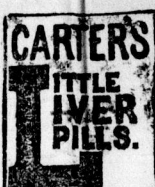
COALTON, Pa., May 23.—Samuel Pierce, of the lumber region known as Pembroke Manor, was drowned in Flight's mill pond Monday afternoon. A son of his was drowned in the same pond a year ago. Pierce was the last of six brothers, not one of whom died a natural death. Two brothers were killed in the late war. Two other brothers passed safely through some of the bloodiest battles of the war, and returned home without having received a scratch. One of them was killed by the cars at Ransom Switch three days after he came home from the war. The other brother was killed in a log slide and jam on Pine Creek before he had been home a month. The fifth brother shot himself, whether accidentally or intentionally was never known, but he was a cripple, and is generally believed he committed suicide. The father of this family was killed in the Mexican war. Samuel Pierce, the last of the six brothers, leaves a widow in easy circumstances. He was 68 years of age. His five brothers were bachelors, and the family becomes extinct with his death, the son that was drowned a year ago having been his only child.

WOMEN have some important rights and privileges among the interesting Cannibals of the Torres Strait, south of New Guinea, that are not often given to the fair sex in the Anglo-Saxon world. According to Mr. A. C. Hadden, one of the rules imparted to the youths by the old men is: "You no like girl first. If you do, girl laugh at you and call you a woman," which, being interpreted by Mr. Hadden, means that the young man must not propose marriage to a girl, but must wait for her to ask first. This is quite a different thing from the custom here, where it is usually the man who attends matrimonial transactions among savages.

"WHAT I would like to emphasize," says Edwin Cleevely, in his book about physical training, "is that the mind and body are dependent upon each other. The mind cannot get out of the partnership, however much it may desire to do so. It must stay, and must do its share of work, and generally suffer keenly. The further our civilization advances the more complete this interdependence becomes. Under our fashion of living the body seems to require greater attention from the mind, and the increasing mental strain assumed under our restless, hurrying life makes a greater demand upon the vitality of the body. It is quite clear, then, that the mind in its position to talk about breaking the partnership."

ACCORDING to a cablegram from London, there is much popular and scientific interest there over the Nansen expedition in search of the North Pole, which is soon to set out from Christiania. The route to be followed is based upon the theory that the arctic belonging to the Jeannette, found on June 18, three years after the disaster to that ship, at a point directly opposite to the pole, must have followed a supposed subarctic current, which, leaving the arctic archipelago at New Siberia, must have conveyed them to the Greenland colony, where they were found at a place called Julian Shaab. The meteorological bureau at Christiania, however, which has been studying the question, has concluded that a direct route exists, crossing the polar regions. The Nansen will try this route, starting near the point where the Jeannette was tipped by the ice, and going to the opposite point where the arctic was found.

It is a pity that gruff old Thomas Carlyle is not alive to see the logic of facts knock his "Sartor Resartus" sky-high. A rich Shasta county (California) miner named Lightner died and won Amanda. Most likely when he escorted her in all her bridal splendor to the altar he wore his old mining suit, apparently having forgotten to don his wedding attire. When the minister asked if any one objected to the union Amanda



CURE

SICK HEAD
Headache, or Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

And they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness is not limited to these ailments. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents and 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

ACHE

Is the basis of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents and 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

London Friday, May, 23.

THE MAN WHO CAN'T AFFORD IT.

Hurrah for the man who is able to say in a manly, unassuming and sensible way, "I can't afford it," when tempted to buy what he does not need.

Hurrah for that man. Though his way we neglect, he has our profoundest respect: To him—be he ever a friend or foe—Unchecked admiration we all have to show.

And well he deserves it. He teaches the way of boldy ignoring what people may say. Or think it a matter which only concerns The one who, for reasons, extravagance spurs.

We honor him truly though seedy his clothes: We love him—though little of fashion he shows. We trust him unquestioned—though poorer than clay: We pray that our children may grow in his way.

And isn't he happy? Just look in his face. Of care or of worry there isn't a trace. His conscience is clear. All the riches on earth Can't give him the joy that right doing is worth.

No statesman, no ruler, no great soldier brave, No prouder than he, or nobler, or more true. Who fearlessly says it and lives on that plan.

COLONEL QUARITCH, V.C.

By H. RIDER HAGGARD.

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"Ah, yes," said the Squire, rather coldly, "a most unfortunate affair. Of course, I don't know what the particulars of the matter were, and it is no business of mine, but, speaking generally, I should say never bring an accusation of that sort against a man at all unless you are driven to it, and if you do bring it, be quite certain of your ground. However, that is neither here nor there. Ida is old enough to judge for herself, and seems to have made up her mind, so, as I know no reason to the contrary, and as the business arrangements proposed are all that I could wish, I cannot see that I have any ground for withholding my consent. So all I can say, sir, is that I hope you will make my daughter a good husband, and that you will both be happy. Ida is a high-spirited woman, and in some ways a very peculiar woman; but in my opinion she is greatly above the average of her sex as I have known it, and provided you have her affection, and don't attempt to drive her, she will go through thick and thin for you. But I daresay you would like to see her. Oh, by the way, I forgot, she has got a headache this morning, and is stopping in bed. It isn't much in her line, but I daresay that she is a little upset. Perhaps you would like to come up to dinner to-night?"

The proposition Edward made, knowing full well that Ida's headache was a device to rid herself of the necessity of seeing him, accepted with gratitude and went.

As soon as he was gone Ida herself came down.

"Well, my dear," said the Squire, cheerfully, "I have just had the pleasure of seeing Edward to-day, and I have told him all as you seemed to wish it."

Here Ida made a movement of impatience, but remembered herself and said nothing.

"That as you seemed to wish that things should be so, I had no grounds of objection to your engagement. I may as well tell you that the proposals which he makes as regards settlements are of a most liberal nature."

"Are they?" answered Ida, indifferently. "Is Mr. Cossey coming here to dinner?"

"Yes, I asked him. I thought that you would like to see him."

"Well, then, I wish you had not," she answered, with animation, "because there is nothing for dinner except some cold beef. Really, father, I have thoughtless of you," and she stamped her foot and went off in a huff, leaving the Squire full of reflection.

"I wonder what it all means," he said to himself. "She can't care about the man much or she would not make that fuss about his being asked to dinner. She isn't the sort of woman to be caught by the money, I should think. Well, I know nothing about it; it is no affair of mine, and I can only take things as I find them."

And then he fell to reflecting that this marriage would be an extraordinary stroke of luck for the family. Here they were at the last gasp, mortgaged up to the eyes, when suddenly fortune, in the shape of a son, came to their rescue. A magnificent young man, appears; takes up the mortgages; proposes settlements to the tune of hundreds of thousands, and even offers to perpetuate the old family name in the person of his son, should he have one. Such a state of affairs could not but be gratifying to any man, however unworried, and the Squire was not altogether unworried. That he had a keen sense of dignity of his social position and his family, and it had all his life been his chief and laudable de-

sire to be sufficiently provided with the goods of this world to raise the De la Molles to the position which they had occupied in former centuries. Hitherto, however, the tendency of events had been the other way; the house was a sinking one, and but the other day its ancient roof had nearly fallen about their ears. Now, however, as though by magic, the prospect changed. On Ida's marriage all the mortgages, those heavy accumulations of years of growing expenditure and narrowing means, would roll off the back of the estate, and the De la Molles of Honham Castle, would once more take the place in the county to which they were undoubtedly entitled.

It is not wonderful that the prospect proved a pleasing one to him, or that his head was filled with visions of splendors to come.

As it chanced, on that very morning it was necessary for Mr. Quest to pay the old gentleman a visit in order to obtain his signature to a lease of a bakery in Soilingham, which, together with the two or three other houses, belonged to the estate.

He arrived just as the Squire was in the full flow of his meditations, and it would not have needed a man of Mr. Quest's penetration and powers of observation to discover that he had something on his mind which he was longing for an opportunity to talk about.

The Squire signed the lease without paying the slightest attention to Mr. Quest's explanations, and then suddenly asked him when the first interest on the recently effected mortgage came due.

The lawyer mentioned an approaching date.

"Ah," said the Squire, "then it will have to be met, but it does not matter, it will be for the last time."

Mr. Quest picked up his ears and looked at him.

"The fact is, Quest," he went on by way of explanation, "that there are—well—family arrangements pending which will put an end to these embarrassments in a natural and a proper way."

"Indeed?" said Mr. Quest, "I am very glad to hear it."

"Yes, yes," said the Squire, "unfortunately, I am under some restraints in speaking about the matter at present, or I should like to ask your opinion, for which, as you know, I have a great respect."

Really, though, I do not know why I should not consult my lawyer on a matter of business; I only consented not to trumpet the thing about."

"Lawyers are confidential agents," said Mr. Quest, quietly.

"Of course they are. Of course, and it is their business to hold their tongues. I may rely on your discretion, may I not?"

"Certainly," said Mr. Quest.

"Well, the matter is this: Mr. Edward Cossey is engaged to Miss de la Molla. He has just been here to obtain my consent, and, of course, I have not withheld, as I know nothing against the young man—nothing at all. The only stipulation that he made is, I think, a very reasonable one under the circumstances, namely, that the engagement is to be kept quiet for a little while on account of the condition of his father's health. He says that he is an unreasonable man, and that he might take a prejudice against it."

During the announcement Mr. Quest had remained perfectly quiet, his face showing no signs of excitement, only his eyes shone with a curious light.

"Indeed?" he said, "this is very interesting news."

"Yes," said the Squire, "that is what I meant by saying that there would be no necessity to make any arrangements for the future payment of interest, for Cossey has informed me that he proposes to put the mortgage bonds in the fire before his marriage."

"Indeed?" said Mr. Quest, "well, he could hardly do less, could he? Altogether, I think you ought to be congratulated, Mr. de la Molla. It is not often that a man gets such a chance of clearing the incumbrance off a property. And now I am very sorry, getting I must be getting home, as I promised my wife to be back for luncheon. As the thing is to be kept quiet, I suppose that it would be premature for me to offer my congratulations to Miss de la Molla."

"Yes, yes, don't say anything about it at present. Well, good-by."

(To be continued.)

GAMBLER ON HIS LIFE

A Widow Speculates on an Old Man.

A recent number of the Chicago Herald contains an interesting account of a peculiar business transaction. Henry Breckin, an old and infirm man, who seemed to have at a few months of life remaining, was insured for two thousand dollars in the Independent Order of United Workmen. He agreed with Widow Gorengle, if she gave him food, lodging and a little spending money, and paid his life insurance assessment, she should have one-fifth the insurance money when he died.

But Mr. Breckin was not so simple as he looked, and when he died the widow discovered that she had spent \$1,500 on him, and was to receive only \$400. Many people have thought themselves near death doors, and believed that the following terrible symptoms must surely indicate their approach of the King of Terrors: They feel irritable, absent-minded, preoccupied, unable to remember the familiar names of some friend or place, digestion gives out, there are pains in the head, coated tongue, aching muscles, and the patient gets out of bed in the morning feeling even more tired and exhausted than the evening before.

Gloomy fears of coming evil oppress a patient, and his every symptom is one of debility. Well-known people all through the country have obtained a new lease of life as entire freedom from the above dangerous symptoms by the use of Carter's Compound.

This puts the whole nervous system to rights, clears the brain, gives perfect digestion, and sends the health returning. Father's Celery Compound is a scientific medicine, entirely different from remedies known before its discovery, and has a nerve-strengthening, brain-clearing and life-renewing power possessed by nothing else.

Baggage smasher. A sorrowful Trunk beat them all. Trunks broken at factory prices; repairing a specialty. 2 Dundas street.

Notice.—Sewing machines repaired and guaranteed to work as good as new, by Wm. Smith, practical repairer, Dundas street, opposite M. Smith's factory.

Rubber Stamps. City Stamp Works, Catling Block, London. Send for catalogues.

FUN, FACTS AND FICTION

A Judicious Compound of Wit and Wisdom.

A wealthy citizen of Osaka, Japan, who is the owner of a rich copper mine, has celebrated in a rather peculiar manner the 30th anniversary of the mine coming into possession of his family. On that occasion each of his 300 or more employees received as a memento of the occasion a swallow-tail coat.

The story is told of a famous Boston lawyer that one day, after having a slight discussion with the judge, he deliberately turned his back upon that personage and started to walk off. "Are you trying, sir, to show contempt for the court?" asked the judge sternly. "No, sir, was the reply, 'I am trying to conceal it.'"

The New Review tells a story of a little girl conning her geography lesson, and poring in a puzzled way over the map of Africa. "Dear me," said her mother, "when I was at school all the map was white, except round the coast, and we had only a few names to learn." "Oh, yes," said the child, "it's all through that horrid man, Stanley."

"Hair Magic" is a good name of Dr. Dorenwend's German preparation for the hair. It really works a magic. All who have used it pronounce it to be unequalled for restoring gray hair, removing dandruff, etc. Just try it. It is first-class. All druggists sell it.

Life is made up, not of great sacrifices or duties, but of little things, in which smiles and kindness and small obligations, given heartily, are what win and preserve the heart and secure comfort.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confused with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are entirely harmless and of every respect. One trial will prove their superiority to be.

Many men are foolish who can't afford to be so.

A man's wife should always be the same especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Little Liver Pills, she cannot be for they will make her feel like a different person. At least so they all say, and their husbands say so too.

In the bottle, discount seeks for comfort, covets for courage, bashfulness for confidence, sadness for joy, and all find ruin in it. —J. Gough.

The Ides of March. "Last March mother caught a severe cold, terminating in a very bad cough. Everything I could hear of was tried without avail. Hagar's Pectoral Balm was at last recommended and procured. The first dose relieved, and one bottle entirely cured her."

Miss E. A. Sarsaman, Hespeler, Ont. The censure of my fellow-men, which we are prone to esteem a proof of our superior wisdom, is too often a proof of the evidence of the conceit that would keep us from the evil of the malignity or envy that would detract from others. —T. Edwards.

A Marvelous Recovery. I was ill with rheumatism, rheumatism in 1882 that I was even up, and had all my earthly business in order. One of my sons begged me to get Burdock Blood Bitters. After a third bottle, I could sit up alone and eat good food, and in six weeks I was out of bed feeling better than I ever felt. I take the bottles every spring and two every fall.

Miss M. N. D. BERNARD, Main street, Winnipeg, Man.

Briggs—I suppose Timson overflowing with happiness since his newly arrived? Briggs—He may be by this time but when I saw him this afternoon he was only half full.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. Soothes the inflamed, swollen, and sore throat, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

It is street car at 6 o'clock. He is a very sorry to crowd you, Miss De Vitt, but—Miss De Vitt—Don't speak to it. There is really no room for apology.

Lane Bazaar. Seven years ago I was troubled with rheumatism and could scarcely move. Several remedies failed, but on trying Hagar's Pectoral Balm I found immediate relief, and in two bottles effected a complete cure.

Mrs. HUMBLE, Corbett P. O., Ont. You never see the man who does his church going to sleep at a baseball match. But then there is quite a difference in the style of delivery.

Hall's Hair Renewer enjoys a world-wide reputation for restoring the hair to bald heads and changing gray hair to the original color of youth.

Never ask anyone to give you his word of honor. If you are talking to an honest man it is superfluous; if to a rascal, useless. Dyspepsia causes depraved blood, which, in turn, affects every organ of the body. As a remedy for these troubles, nothing can approach Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It vitalizes the blood, strengthens the stomach, and cures all disorders of the liver and kidneys.

Talk about word painting! Where do you find the poet or the artist who can compare with the sign-writer?

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. W. T. Strong, 181 Dundas street, London.

Never place so much confidence in your minister as to sleep during the sermon.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of SHILOH'S Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. W. T. Strong, 181 Dundas street, London.

A man never feels so bad that the will not feel worse if no one asks him what he is feeling bad about.

A NASAL INJECTOR for each bottle of SHILOH'S Kidney and Bladder Cure. Price 50 cents. W. T. Strong, 181 Dundas street, London.

A stable government must be established by good home sense.

All Men young, old, or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, spots before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, hesitations, nervousness, loss of self-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes surrounded with LEADER CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., all are symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity and death unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse of the system, or by age, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on all diseases peculiar to man. Address M. V. LUBON, 50 Front Street, East, Toronto, Ont. Books sent free sealed.

HEART DISEASE. The symptoms of which are faint spells, purple lips, numbness, palpitation, skip beats, hot flashes, rush of blood to the face, dull pain in the heart with beats strong, rapid and irregular, the second heart beat faster than the first, pain about the breast bone, etc., can possibly be cured. No cure, no pay. Send for book. Address W. V. LUBON, 50 Front Street East, Toronto, Ont.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ASCHEM, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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For the Next 30 Days

We will give the citizens of London and surrounding country a rare chance to secure some of the bargains we are now offering in Fine Tailoring.

Fine Tweed Suits to Order from \$14 to \$20 ONLY TO BE HAD AT R. WALLACE'S.

READY-MADE CLOTHING—The finest stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits in the city, at any price. It is not our purpose to try to make any money out of this great sale, simply to close out this fine stock.

ROBT. WALLACE

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New Arrivals at the

CRYSTAL HALL

A Job Lot of Artistic Glass in New Colors

CHASTE AND BEAUTIFUL.

At Less Than Half Price,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Berry Bowls, Flower Baskets,

Fruit Baskets, Lemonade Sets,

Rose Bowls, Finger Bowls,

AND A HUNDRED DIFFERENT KINDS OF ORNAMENTAL GLASS

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This Company offers the best form of Guarantee policy issued. Its Return Premium Bond affords an excellent investment.

Holders of policies in the Citizens' Life Insurance Company desiring to exchange their policies for those of the Germania will be liberally dealt with.

ADDRESS—J. A. NELLES, City Agent. J. FRITH JEFFERS, Manager for Ontario, London, Ont.

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Mammoth New Store, 151 Dundas Street,

Clothes Wingers, Carpet Sweepers, Table Cutlery,

SOME GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED.

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TO ORDER.

All-Wool Tweed Trouserings, \$4 upwards.

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Wholesale Importers of

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67 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

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Has reopened for the next term. CLASSES MONDAY AND FRIDAY FROM 7 TO 9 P.M.

Students wishing to join can now do so. Fees for 21 lessons, \$2.

Subjects taught: Mechanical, Geometrical, Freehand and Model Drawing; Perspective Geometry, Ornamental and Industrial Designing, Modelling, Lettering. EXTRA CLASSES—Oil, water color and china painting, Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays, from 2:30 to 4:30.

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THE UNDESIGNED having assumed the proprietorship of the above first-class commercial hotel, trusts by strict attention to the wants of the travelling public, to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon his brother during the past eleven years. Every thing of the best. THOS. K. GRIGG.

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Remodeled and refurbished. The most complete, luxurious and liberally managed hotel in Toronto. Immunity from noxious gases and malaria guaranteed by the most perfect system of ventilation traps and thorough plumbing known to sanitary science.

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J. LILLY'S CROWN LIVERY—No. 619 Dundas street, East London. Telephone

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Richmond Street, London. Telephone No. 423.

FRANK SAGE'S NEW LIVERY

Two Doors South of Tecumseh House. New rigs, best in the city, at moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Telephone No. 631.

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Coupes, Cabs and Light Livery. No. 191 DUNDAS STREET.

The finest carriages in the city. Lowest charges and best accommodation. Large wagonettes for funeral purposes. Stable always open. Telephone No. 436.

MEDICAL.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN Station D, New York City.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

REGULATES Bowels, Lile and Blood. CURES Constipation, Biliousness, all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Scarcity, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, Ont. My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. Mrs. HOPKINS.

FOR MEN ONLY!

POSITIVE FOR TEST OF FAILING MANHOOD. CURE Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Rheumatism and NEURALGIA. Headache, Nervousness, Loss of Energy, etc. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN Station D, New York City.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed), containing full particulars for home cure, FREE OF CHARGE. A splendid medical work, should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address: Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Modesto, Cal.

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A justly celebrated specific for the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, etc. No matter how bad or chronic the case may be, don't despair until you try Kern's Rheumatic Cure.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price, \$1.00 per bottle.

YOUNG

Price, \$1.00 per bottle.

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Wholesale and Retail Grocer
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Extra Values in Staple and Fancy Goods

Special Bargains in Loch Fyne, Labrador and
Lake Huron Herrings, Lake Superior
White Fish, Trout.
Roquefort, Cream and Stilton Cheeses
18 pounds bright coffee sugar for \$1.

181 Dundas and 12 Market Square
TELEPHONE, 41A 2XV

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

BORN.
DONALDSON—In hospital, on Friday, 16th
May, the wife of G. V. Donaldson (Scott's
bank), of a daughter.

MARRIED.
JOHNSON—ROUGHEY—On Thursday,
May 22, at 556 Dundas street, the residence
of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. E. Har-
rison, Louise E. Roughey to Amos Johnson,
both of this city.

DIED.
WADGE—On Wednesday, May 21, Anabella,
relict of the late John Wadge, aged 74 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 214 Con-
cession London township, at 2 o'clock p.m.
Friday, 23rd inst., to St. John's Cemetery.

WALL PAPER

It will be to your advantage to
call and see the immense stock
of WALL PAPER shown by
O. B. GRAVES,
at all prices; also Window
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Mechanical and Patent Law Expert,
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Household Furniture Polish
Will brighten up old furniture and
make it look as good as new.

YOU CAN GET IT FOR 25 CENTS

—AT—
BARKWELL'S DRUG STORE.

Household Furniture Polish.
Household Furniture Polish.
Household Furniture Polish.
PRODUCES A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS
And is the finest polish that can be used.

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441 Richmond Street, - Albion Block
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Ordered work attended to promptly.
A perfect fit and perfect satisfaction
guaranteed.
Prices moderate. Call and examine
my work.

GEO. WYATT
No. 2 Market Square.

TRUMMETT

This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.

USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY
257 York Street.
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ART

STICCO work carving for interior
decoration, furniture, etc. Estimates given.

R. R. BLAND
Mechanics' Inst., Dundas St.

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Barriester, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

Chisholm & Thomas

Barriesters, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.
Private Funds to loan.

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If suffering from any
kind of headache take
HOFFMAN'S
HARMLESS HEADACHE
POWDERS.
MAKE THE TRIAL.
It will only cost 25 cents
for a box and cannot hurt
you.
They do not affect the bowels.

LUBY'S

FOR THE HAIR.

Restores the Color,
Beauty and Softness
to Gray Hair, and
IS NOT A DYE

AT ALL CHEMISTS. 50 CENTS A BOTTLE

Hosiery, Gloves, and Parasols.

A large
Assortment
and
Splendid
Value at
PRIDDIS
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NEW ROCKFORD

Railroad Watches. Best in the world.

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Spectacles and Eyeglasses. The greatest
novelty of the age. Eyes tested free.

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THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, May 22—11 p.m.—The pressure
continues high over Eastern Canada,
but the low area which was over the
Western Territories last night has moved
to Lake Superior, causing a considerable
decrease over the western part of the lake
region. The weather has been showery in
Manitoba and fair in other parts of the
Dominion. The winds on the lakes have
been mostly moderate to fresh from the
eastward. Maximum temperature: Cal-
gary, 66°; Qu'Appelle, 62°; Winnipeg, 68°;
Toronto, 63°; Montreal, 68°; Quebec, 62°; Halifax, 62°.

For 24 hours ending 8 p.m.—(Observa-
tions taken at 3 a.m. and 8 p.m.): Highest,
71°; lowest, 54°; mean (daily), 62°.

For the next 24 hours for the lakes:
Southeast to southwest winds; mostly fair
and warmer, with a few local showers or
thunder storms.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers:
107.....Business Office.
134a.....Editorial Rooms.
134b.....Job Department.

LONDON AND PRECINCTS.

Hon. David Mills will address the elec-
tors at the Town Hall, Glouce, on Tues-
day, June 3.

At the Police Court this morning one
drunk was fined \$2, another \$1 and a third
was discharged.

Six coaches of emigrants passed through
here last night en route for Chicago and
other western ports.

The name Lake Erie, Essex and Detroit
River Railway has been abbreviated by
leaving out the word Essex.

The steps leading to the Grand Trunk
station platform on Richmond street were
to-day torn up and new ones put down.

Rev. W. H. Coston, of Chatham, will
give an address to the members of the
Horton Street Baptist Church this evening.

Miss Attie Parker, of this city, is visiting
her brother, Mr. Joseph Parker, of Nor-
wich, Ont. She is accompanied by her
niece.

A pocket-book containing a small sum of
money, which was lost on the street yes-
terday, is now at the Police Court awaiting
an owner.

Thomas McCarthy was charged before
Police Magistrate Parke this morning with
stealing his horse to run at large. He was
fined \$1 or three days.

Mr. H. Asplund, of the firm of Asplund
& Tanton, this city, with his wife and two
children, will leave shortly for an extended
trip through England.

Dr. Chas. Ferguson and Mr. H. T.
Taylor, surveyor, two of London's popular
young men, left this morning to try their
fortune in Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. (Capt.) Beattie, of this city, who
has been visiting her father, S. E. Burwell,
of Fingal, Ont., has returned to her home,
accompanied by her husband.

Elmer R. C. Evans, the boy preacher, of
London, Ont., will preach in the latter
Day Saints Church here next Sunday after-
noon and evening. (St. Mary's Journal.)

Angus Macpherson, of London, has been
spending a few days with his mother here.
Angus has been on the sick list, but is now
rapidly regaining his usual health. (Forest
Free Press.)

The late Rev. Mr. Large, who was mur-
dered by two Japanese burglars at Tokio,
Japan, recently, was a cousin of Mr. Albert
Large, telegraph operator, at the post
office, Parkhill.

On Wednesday evening Miss Alice
Barkley, of East Zora, was married to Mr.
Arthur Fritchett, of Westminster. The
ceremony was performed at Woodstock by
Rev. A. E. Russ.

A beautiful engraved address has been
presented to Mr. John Miller, Deputy
Minister of Education, formerly of this
city, by the students and teachers of the
Collegiate Institute in St. Thomas.

Miss Dora Warren has left for the Forest
City to spend a month with her sister, Mrs.
W. S. Wymer. During her absence her
position as organist in the mission school
will be filled by Miss Robertson. (St.
Mary's Argus.)

The annual camp-meeting of the Western
Division of the Salvation Army will be held
at Forest this year. The camp will open
about June 25, and will hold the fort for
two weeks. Those interested are preparing
for a big time.

James Homister, of 415 Hamilton road,
and Andrew Kelly, of London West, were
charged by Inspector Henderson with a
breach of the Liquor License Law, at the

Police Court this morning.

Both cases were enlarged until Tuesday next.

Messrs. R. J. Wilson, Kingston, and H.
L. Wilson, Ridgetown, brothers of Mr.
Wilson, late organist of St. Andrews
Church, after attending the funeral in
Toronto yesterday came to the city to
arrange business matters on behalf of the
widow.

A Springbank (Williams) correspon-
dent writes: "Two weeks ago there
was notice of the death of an infant
child of Mr. Murray Roberts, and just one
week later Mrs. Roberts was numbered
among the dead. Mr. Roberts has the
deepest sympathy of many friends."

Rev. Mr. Freeman, of Parkhill, was
called away the other day by a telegram
conveying the sorrowful news that his
mother was lying at the point of death at
home in Alliston, Ont. He arrived in
time to be at her bedside when she passed
away. Her funeral occurred on Tuesday
and was very largely attended.

The residence of Mr. R. Wickett, lot 13,
con. 5, Carleton, was the scene of a pleas-
ing and interesting event on Wednesday, being
the marriage of his daughter Mary to Mr.
James Peters, of New Sarum, Elgin county.
Rev. M. Pickard, of Mount Carmel, offici-
ating. The bridesmaids were Misses
Wickett and Peters, and the groomsmen
Messrs. Wickett and Mills.

An Enjoyable Evening.

A very pleasant time was spent in the
ladies' parlor of the Motely Club rooms
last evening by about 60 members of the
club and their friends. Mrs. Donald, wife
of Conductor Donald, of the G. T. R., who
has been assisting Mrs. Howard in the
management of the ladies' department for a
few weeks, was presented with a handsome
tea service by the members as a token of
the esteem in which she is held and for the
kind assistance she rendered in the man-
agement of the parlor. The presentation was
made by Major Garthshore, president of the
club, who made a suitable address. Mrs.
Donald made a neat and well-timed reply,
hoping the club would continue to flourish
and thanking them for their mark of their
appreciation. The rest of the evening was
spent in singing, recitations, etc., everybody
enjoying the programme heartily. The club
still continues to thrive, new members are
being added and the restaurant is well
patronized.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Mr. Hogarth, mathematical master at
the Stratford Collegiate Institute, has re-
signed.

—Rev. D. Gordon, of Harrington, Perth
county, tendered the resignation of his
pastoral charge there.

—A canvass of Knox Church congrega-
tion, Stratford, is being made to pay off the
claims of Rev. Thos. McPherson. The
claim amounts to \$1,500.

—Master Adam Armstrong, of Mosside,
met with an accident the other day while
driving the cows to pasture. One of them
kicked him on the leg, breaking a small
bone.

—Mr. David McIntosh, superintendent of
the molding department at the Smith's
works, Stratford, is removing to Montreal,
where he has been engaged to fill a similar
position for the P. R.

—Rev. Wm. Torrence, of Walton, has re-
ceived a very hearty invitation to the pas-
torate of the Methodist Church, Gorrle, for
next year. The reverend gentleman has ac-
cepted subject to the satisfaction of his com-
mittee.

—The other evening Hugh Munro, Mrs.
McKay, Wm. Munro and J. R. Mackay, of
the 7th line of West Zora, had each a
number of sheep worried by dogs. Some of
the animals were killed and others badly
torn.

—On Tuesday Detective Adams, of Paris,
arrested a young man named A. Pearson,
of Jarvis, who is charged with having forged
his father's name on \$100 and got Mr.
Awde, of Jarvis, father of the Rev. James
Awde, to cash the note for him.

—Mr. T. H. Follick, B.A., of St. Mary's
Collegiate Institute, at the Victoria Univer-
sity convention last Wednesday received
the degree of M. A. Rev. H. W. Crews,
B.A., of Bryanston, had the degree of
M. A. conferred upon him on the same oc-
casion.

A writ has been issued against A. E.
Sanders, of the Queen's Hotel, Guelph,
claiming \$500 damages for breach of the
Liquor License Act. The claim is founded
on his having sold liquor to a person addic-
ted to the immoderate use of intoxicating
drink after having had notice not to do so.

—An action has been entered by Mr. W.
S. Brewster, of Bradford, against J. O.
Finser, of London, on the behalf of the
young man Herbert, for \$5,000 dam-
ages for injuries sustained some time since
whereby one of Herbert's legs was terribly
smashed and mangled. The case will come
up at the Fall Assizes there.

—The other day a daughter of Mr. James
Goodlett, of Windham, a girl of some 8 years
of age, wandered away from the G. B. and L.
Lumber Co. and Co., by the way, the boy
catcher of an engine on a train going north
and carried about 50 yards, when she
rolled into the ditch. When taken up it
was found that no bones were broken, but
her head was cut and her body was badly
bruised in several places.

New Bargain Drygoods Store.

Kind of a new thing, a co-operative
method of dividing the profits with the cus-
tomers, will open for business on Saturday,
24th of May. All fresh new season's goods,
first-class, high-toned drygoods at bargain
prices. All bargains and nothing kept for
sale that cannot be sold as a bargain. This
concern buys everything for cash and sells
for cash only. The cash discounts will be
sufficient to meet the requirements of the
business. The stock consists of fine dress
materials, unmade costumes, prints, ging-
hams, satins, cloth, tweeds, hosiery, gloves,
panama, umbrellas, table linens and
household furnishings, ribbons, embroideries
and small wares. The store is 136 Dundas
street, McPherson's old stand. 35-u

Low Ocean Rates to Europe.—The Beaver
Line steamers Lake Ontario, which sails
from Montreal for Liverpool Tuesday, June
10, and Lake Superior, Tuesday, June 24,
have accommodation for a limited number
of saloon passengers. The saloon accom-
modation on these vessels is of a very high
order—only two berths in each state-room.
Rates, \$50 and \$60; return, \$90 and \$110.
F. S. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next
door to ADVERTISER office, is the only author-
ized agent in London.

Frenchmen can properly be called
"lights of the table." They are good
judges of small refinements and delicacies.
In order to stimulate the appetite and keep
the digestive organs in good order they
give pre-eminence to a few choice bits.
When you buy them be sure it is the
genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G.
B. Siegert & Son.

You'll need a nice new fan, and should see
the stock at Allister's book store, 180 Dun-
das street. 2XV

Fishing tackle, a large and fine assort-
ment, at Brock's Gun Shop, 192 Dundas
street. Lawn mowers sharpened and re-
paired.

Gate Posts.

Of all the inconveniences about the farm,
there are few more annoying than sagging
gates, while a well-balanced, nicely swing-
ing gate is pleasure to the owner and a
guarantee of welcome to the guests. Gates,
barn doors and fences are certificates of
character by which the public estimate the
security of a good gate, none have been found,
in our experience, to surpass the following:
Dig the post holes 34 feet deep, letting the
earth be level and firm to the bottom. Use
medium sized posts with good ends sawed
square off. We usually place the posts 11
feet apart, although a wider gate will not
sag if set in this way. Fill the holes with
well stamped earth. Take a little piece of
heavy rod (about preferred) just long enough
to fit nicely between the posts, and 6 or 7
inches in diameter. A round piece of wood
is best. Dig a little trench deep enough to
bury this piece of wood 3 inches below the
surface. Set the posts perpendicular, and
no ordinary gate will pull them over. The
ground should be high enough under the
gate to carry the water away and secure
good drainage. Gravel, mill cinders or
pounded stone will make a good road bed
for the approaches, so that no ordinary
hauling will cut a rut deep enough to bring
the wheels into contact with the buried
brace. Gates on this farm set in this way,
have been in use ten years, and now swing
so easily that a child large enough to reach
the fastenings can open and close them with
ease. (A. A. Washington county, O.,
Country Gentleman.)

Good Word for Clover.

The Breckers' Gazette has this to say on
the clover question: Many farmers question
whether it will pay to sow clover with the
spring grain upon land that is to be plowed
for a crop the coming season. For the
principle of it, sow seed in such cases; it
will pay nine times out of ten. Indeed
there is only one safe rule in regard to
clover, and that is to sow it with small
grains in every instance. This year the seed
is cheap and there is no excuse for omitting
its free use. Clover seed often fails to make
a good catch where the grain grows thick or
lodges, and the sudden influx of sunlight
and hot air that follows the removal of the
grain crop at harvest time sometimes kills
the tender young clover plants. In spite of
these mishaps and occasional failures let the
general rule of sowing the seed with such
grain prevail. The easiest way to secure a
crop with the least possible chance of fail-
ure is to sow the seed alone or with grass
seed upon freshly-prepared soil. It is an
erroneous notion that sort variety of grain
must be sown to shade the tender young
plants. The "harage" extracts an im-
mense amount of moisture which is far more
valuable to the young clover plants than the
shade supplied. By sowing clover alone
quite a good crop is usually cut the same
season. Usually weeds start up and
threaten to overtop the crop; these are
easily put out of farm's way by running
the mower, set low.

Being thus out of the weeds are soon over-
topped by the ambitious clover plants, and
in a short time the field will rejoice the
heart of the husbandman. The mower will
often serve an admirable purpose in the same
way when used in the stubble field to give
the weeds a back and let the clover get a
good start. The hurry of spring work
do not neglect the clover plant, which may be
truly styled "the farmer's best friend," for
no other plant gives so much value for so
little cost.

Worked Down Fine.

A good practical farmer says: "When-
ever weeded a pig much beyond eight or
ten months old, we are necessarily har-
vesting away profit. We are very slow to learn
this, notwithstanding that it has been so
often demonstrated. Perhaps we know it,
but are too lazy to get out of the rut in
which we have been traveling for years."

A recent sale of Clydesdales and Shetland
ponies, belonging to the Marquis of London-
derry, at Seaham Harbor, proved one of the
most successful of the season. The aver-
age of the sale was \$103 24 24 (about \$800
which was considered highly satisfactory,
and the ponies met with a spirited demand.
One of the ponies sold for 55 guineas (about
\$850).

Various experiments with fertilizers upon
potatoes go to show the benefit arising from
use of sulphate of potash. Its influence is
not confined to the improved quality alone,
but to the increase of quantity. The use of
160 pounds of sulphate of potash per acre
produced four times as many marketable
potatoes as 400 pounds of acid phosphate,
but the product of small potatoes was more
than two to one the other way. It also
works well with nitrate of soda and phos-
phate. (Germantown Telegraph.)

The Michigan Agricultural Experiment
Station has sent out two more excellent
bulletins, one entitled "Pigs—Breed Tests,"
combined with which is the result of tests
of various varieties of potatoes, and the
other "Fruit List and Apple Seed." The
latter covers 42 pages and is illustrated.
As the bulletin points out, the soil and cli-
mate of the State is well adapted for fruit
culture for home and commercial purposes.

The bulletin covers large and small varieties,
and our farm readers in Michigan should
read for a copy. To anyone going into
fruit growing, whether on a large or small
scale, it is of the greatest possible value in
the matter of selections, and also in the
hints given for fighting pests of various
kinds. The first bulletin was prepared by
Eugene Davenport, agriculturist, and the
second by L. B. Felt, horticulturist. The
director of the station is Professor O.
Coute, M.S.

For the house, the laundry and the work-
shop Cottam's Washing Compound is just
splendid. It saves soap, clothes, time and
labor. Three packets for 5 cents. All grocers
can supply it. 64t

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BRIGHT, FRESH AND CLEAN.

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20 pieces Fast Color Gingham, worth 15c, for 9c.

459 pieces New Fast Color Prints, worth 10c, for 6c.

120 pieces New Fast Color Prints, worth 15c, for 9c.

62 pieces New Dress Sateens, worth 25c, for 18c.

25 pieces Colored Opera Flannels, worth 40c, for 30c.

16 pieces Striped Outing Cloths, worth 15c, for 9c.

BARGAINS

—IN—

House Furnishings.

18 dozen Sideboard Scarfs, Fringed, worth 50c, for 33c.

18 dozen Tray Cloths, Fringed, worth 50c, for 33c.

60 dozen Extra Large Linen Towels, worth 25c, for 18c.

5 pieces Extra Fine Table Damask, worth 85c, for 65c.

12 pieces Check Glass Cloth, worth 18c, for 12c.

20 dozen White Quilts, worth \$2 25, for \$1 80.

BARGAINS

—IN—

HOSIERY and GLOVES

40 dozen Children's Lisle Gloves, all colors, worth 15c, for 10c.

60 dozen Ladies' Taffeta Gloves, all colors, worth 40c, for 25c.

40 dozen Pure Silk Gloves, six buttons, worth 50c, for 30c.

20 dozen Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose, worth 18c, for 12c.

19 dozen Ladies' Extra Long Ribbed Hose, worth 25c, for 17c.