

# HE WOULD GIVE HORSES VACATION

## Author Suggests a Farm For That Purpose

### BOSTON DOES IT

#### For of Our Four Footed Friends Tells Interested Audience About Good Work of the Animal Rescue League—Refers to High Grade of Nova Scotia Cattle.

Thursday, Sept. 25. I am much pleased with the appearance and standard of the working horses of Boston, said Mrs. Huntington St. John, president of the Animal Rescue League of Boston and editor of our Four-Footed Friends, who addressed an audience last night in the hall of the Natural History Society, which they deserve a rest now," she said.

Mrs. Smith, who is a very pleasing speaker and a woman of great experience in the care and treatment of dumb animals, was listened to by a large and interested audience. Along with other things which she referred to locally was a suggestion to establish a farm here for the care of horses, and this she thought very wise. In Boston, Mrs. Smith said, the Animal Rescue League has established such a farm and each year sends out a number of horses to other owners. This has proved a tendency to better the standard of the working horses. She thought this work should be taken up immediately here. Her address was illustrated with sixty colored lantern slides. The lecture explained the work of the society which she is president in caring for horses, dogs and cats. The organization, said, has been authorized to take any horse from its owner and if it is found to be in need of care, it is taken as soon as possible. A special special appliance is used for this. Cats dogs are treated likewise. Waifs taken off the streets are cared for until they have recovered sufficiently, and are then returned to their owners. Mrs. Smith urged that some local organization take up this work as a whole. In the States, she said, conditions are very different. Once when she was in the State of New York, she was told that there she was compelled to return home on account of the sickly condition of her horse. She was thanked, moved by Mrs. Thomas and seconded by Mrs. C. J. Caswell, and tendered the speaker by the members of the Frank Hartweg.

# RECOMMENDS LIGHT SHIP FOR DUTY AT BRIER ISLAND

Captains who have been complaining about the inadequacy of the Brier Island light have now been satisfied by the decision of the marine department to all a quadruple flash light on the present stationary light on the island. The matter had been taken up by board of trade, and pilots and captains, and eventually passed from their hands to the marine department. The opinion that the flash light would be much more satisfactory than the present system of lighting which is not so effective enough.

# CELEBRATION OF 25TH ANNIVERSARY

Thursday, Sept. 25. At twenty-five years ago yesterday Presbyterian hall at Roxbury was used for service. Presbyterian church in the village was of older date in 1898 services were held in the hall waiting room by Rev. Wm. D. D. The church now occupied by the Episcopal was built by the Presbyterians for some years, but eventually passed from their hands. The present hall, dedicated in 1900, is a very attractive room, finished in hardwood throughout, and lately fire fixtures have been installed. At evening the services conducted by J. C. Mortimer, who has just returned from Scotland, bringing his new hymn, were short and interesting. Rev. Willard McDonald, of St. John former pastor—was enjoyable. A by J. W. Flewelling, accompanied Miss Mary Gilchrist, an historical address, prepared and read by Miss H. Thomson, whose able work in organizing the church and Sunday school is known, were followed by a social hour. Refreshments. Quite a party of city people who have been at times attending the services, went out to take refreshments with paper instead of to avoid lint and streaks.

VOL. LIII.

# SULZER SCORED ON THREE POINTS

## New Charges Bowled Out By Court

## Prosecution Sought to Prove Corrupt Bargain

## Case Against Governor Will Likely Be Completed Today

## Assemblyman Tells of Vain Efforts to Get Pet Bill Signed After Winning Approval of Executive's Confidants.

(Canadian Press.) Albany, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Governor Sulzer today won a triple victory over his accusers at the trial of his impeachment. Presiding Judge Cullen, of the high court, barred the introduction of evidence to prove that the governor had made a corrupt political bargain with Assemblyman Patrie, of Greene county, and held that the evidence brought forward to show that he had made similar bargains with other assemblymen, incompetent. The legislation had to do in each case with certain improvements which the assemblyman had advocated in bills subsequently passed by the legislature to which they were desirous of getting the governor's signature. In the Patrie case, however, no charges were brought in the articles of impeachment and it was on this ground that Presiding Judge Cullen held that the case was not a political bargain.

The other case was special Article VII of the impeachment. Assemblyman Sweet today testified that when he went to see the governor in regard to getting his bill approved he was asked whether he had voted for the direct primary bill, which had been defeated in the regular session of the legislature. "I told him I voted against it," said the witness.

The primary bill was to come up again at the extraordinary session in July, and the governor wanted to know how Sweet proposed to vote at that time. Sweet said he replied: "According to the sentiment and in the interest of my district."

To this, according to Sweet, the governor replied with advice to see his personal counsel, Valentine Taylor, "and smooth him the right way."

Sweet then explained that Taylor had sent him to John H. Delaney, chairman of the department of efficiency, and economy, and submitted to him a brief showing the need of the legislation proposed in his bill, and that Delaney prepared a favorable report on it, but that the bill was vetoed.

"How did you vote" on the primary bill at that session" asked Attorney Brackett.

"That is objected to," interrupted Cady Herbeck, of counsel for the defense. "We anticipated," argued Attorney Todd for the impeachment managers, "that the fact that the witness did not smooth Mr. Taylor the right way had some bearing on the question."

"Objection sustained," ruled Judge Cullen. "He has already said he voted against the bill, and if this witness was already against the bill, it coupled he did not receive the price of a corrupt bargain."

He practically the same grounds Judge Cullen held that the charges in connection with the Prime case were likewise invalid. The difference was that at the regular session of the legislature, Prime did not vote at all.

Judge Cullen also ruled out all evidence intended to show that the proposed legislation of Assemblyman Sweet was for the public good.

With the production of evidence of three more contributions not reported in the governors sworn statement of campaign receipts and of more evidence concerning the governor's alleged Wall Street speculations, the assembly managers drew near the end of their case today. It was announced that with the calling of possibly two more contributors and one or two other witnesses tomorrow the case against the governor would probably be completed.

# MISSIONARIES IN CHINA IN DANGER

## Bandits Capture and Loot a Town and Seize Eight Foreigners

## APPEAL FOR AID

## American Consul's Request for Protection of His Countrymen Promptly Accepted To—Relief Force Sent But the Distance is Long.

(Canadian Press.) Peking, Sept. 25.—A missionary's telegram received at Hankow today from Fanching in the north of the province of Hu-Peh, says: "On Friday bandits looted and still hold the town of Tsao-yang. Eight foreigners, according to apparently authentic reports, were captured by them. "At Fanching there is a mission station belonging to the Hauges Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran Synod of America to which are attached five men and six women. Edward T. Williams, charge d'affaires of the American legation, made representations to the Chinese foreign office today calling for the protection of the American missionaries.

At the request of J. Paul Jameson, acting American consul at Hankow, General Li Yuen Hong, vice-president of the Chinese republic, is sending troops to the district, but Tsao-yang is a long distance from Hankow, where it is hoped the Chinese brigands will respect the captured foreigners.

The names of the missionaries are: Rev. C. Stokstad and wife, E. A. Anderson, M. A. M. Dr. Miss Olive Redefeld, Miss Carrie Olsen, Miss Anna Nelson and Miss Anna Lee. The headquarters of the mission in America are at Redwing (Minn.).

The mission station at Tsao-yang belongs to the Lutheran Brethren and is composed of two men and four women. Their names according to the latest records, are Rev. Reinhold Kilen and wife, Rev. M. Wordahl, Miss Ida Wales, Miss Caroline Pasmussen and Miss Marie Havnstad. The headquarters of the missionary society are at Wahpeton, North Dakota.

Concerning the inter-provincial conflict, press dispatches from Chung-King, in the province of Sze-Chuen, say that troops from Kwei-Chow province have annexed the town of Ki-Kiang, across the Sze-Chuen border, and that it is feared they also will annex Chung-Chiang, which city they also occupy. Chung-Chiang has a population estimated at 800,000, and contains the stations of several missionary societies.

The people of Chung-King are said to be terror-stricken because many barbarities already have been committed. The troops have promised to protect foreigners.

# SYDNEY MAN FOUND DEAD IN THE STREET

## Helping Mrs. Homebody!

Sydney, Sept. 25.—Willard Hibbet, a driver for G. S. Maxwell's livery stable, was found dead on Dominion street at about 5:30 this morning. Hibbet left the stable some time early this morning on a call and was found on the road near the city limits by residents. Hibbet was between 35 and 40 years of age, and a native of Prince County (P. E. I.). The relatives have been notified of his death.

The articles designed to save labor in the kitchen are numbered by the tens of thousands. In the stock of a modern housewares store are frequently as many as 50,000 different articles. And for each thing the merchant has stocked he has probably excluded ten others.

While women keep posted on the new labor saving devices. They visit the stores when they can. They read the advertising in the daily newspapers every day. They want to know. They want to be efficient. They want to save labor, and time, and trouble.

This is a season when the advertising of the stores is particularly interesting. Turn over today's Telegraph and Times and see for yourself.

There are 50,000 devices for helping Mrs. Homebody, but none so good nor so inexpensive—none really so helpful—as the advertising in your favorite daily newspaper.

# ITALIAN ELECTIONS END OF OCTOBER

Pisa, Italy, Sept. 25.—King Victor Emmanuel today signed a decree submitted to him by Premier Giolitti at the royal hunting lodge at San Rossore, dissolving the chamber of deputies and calling general elections for the end of October.

A cabinet statement, which will be issued probably tomorrow, indicates that the pacification of Libya by Italy is almost complete. It declares that the time is approaching when it will be the aim of Italian peasants to emigrate there under the protection of the Fatherland instead of to foreign countries.

# AMERICAN TARIFF BILL SLATED TO PASS THIS WEEK

## Most of Provisions in Effect at Once

## Expected to be Signed by President Wilson on Friday

## Senate Cut Many of the Rates in House Bill—Cotton Futures Trading Tax May be Omitted.

(Canadian Press.) Washington, Sept. 25.—The Democratic tariff revision bill advanced to its last congressional stage today, when it was brought back to the house from the joint conference committee with the unanimous endorsement of the Democratic conferees.

Leaders in both houses of congress were confident tonight that the bill practically complete now, would be signed by President Wilson before the end of this week. It will scarcely leave the center of the stage before the Currency Bill, next in line, will be forced upon the attention of the country, and coincident with consideration of this will be the administration work upon the tariff and railroad control programs that are to be brought forward when the December session opens.

President Wilson is satisfied that with the tariff bill out of the way, congress will take up the currency question prepared to dispose of it before adjournment.

The tariff conference report went to the house today, and that body convened at noon.

The house will take up the tariff bill at 11 o'clock tomorrow, and it is believed that it will be passed before adjournment. It is expected to reach the senate Wednesday and to pass that body by Thursday.

The cotton futures tax is still in dispute, the house refusing to accept the so-called Clarke amendment adopted by the senate. Expression from the White House and from congressional leaders today, however, indicated that a final conference was not likely.

The tariff bill and taken up as a separate measure next week.

Further Cut in Duties.

The conference report on the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill, had sent the final adjustment of disputes between the senate and the house over the former's amendments, was made public early today, when the Democratic managers submitted it for the first time to their Republican colleagues on the conference committee.

The general average of rates of the house bill was reduced about four per cent ad valorem.

The report shows the following important alterations of the original Underwood-Simmons bill:

Articles added to the free list include pig iron, ferro manganese ore, cheap grades of iron, cattle and other food animals, wheat, flour, flax, hemp, sugar, wool, machinery, school text books, and blast machinery, indigo dyes, cinematograph moving picture films, cement, asphalt and many other articles.

A new classification for woolen stockings, gloves and mittens makes reduction from the house rate on these values at less than \$1.20 a dozen, and an increase on these above. Angora wool and mohair were given a higher duty than in the house bill.

The house rate on silk ribbons and narrow fabrics was increased from 40 to 45 per cent, while the house rate on constant paper, box board, and papers used for photographic prints, were reduced.

An increased rate of duty was provided for lithographic stones on American papers suitable for covering boxes, was increased from 35 to 40 per cent. Reduction in the house duties was made in the case of apparel of cattle or goat skins, fur hats, rough forms of dog and goat skins, camel's hair press cloth for use in cotton mills, and, through a reclassification, the rates on stockings reduced from those fixed by the house on fancy grades of cotton cloth. The house rate on cotton stockings and half hose was also reduced.

Reductions in the house rates in the chemical schedule covered perfumed and medical soaps, crude chicle, linseed oil, chlorate of potash and several other items, while the house rates were increased on many kinds of acids, and on some classes of paints.

The senate succeeded in reducing the house rates on high power lenses, surveying instruments, telescopes and the like. Most of the senate changes reducing the rates on iron and steel products were approved by the conference committee making the rates considerably lower on the average than those of the original house bill.

The tariff on automobiles, fixed by the house at 45 per cent, and radically cut by the senate, was finally compromised by making a new classification of automobiles valued below \$2,000, for which a rate of 30 per cent was fixed.

Cut the Cost of Living.

Some of the most important changes agreed to by the conference covered the schedule of agricultural products and provisions. In addition to putting cattle and sheep on the free list, the conference agreed to reductions on oats, butter, beefs, extracts of meat, currants, olives and other provisions and vegetables.

The five per cent rebate in tariff made by the house bill on goods brought in American ships, was retained in the conference examination, an additional tariff duty of fifteen per cent ad valorem can be imposed on his exports.

# ALBANIANS TAKE SERBIAN TOWNS

## Prisrend's Fall Expected Soon—Is Defended by 6,000 Men—Sultan Intends to Form an Autonomous Albania Under Turkey's Protection.

(Canadian Press.) Vienna, Sept. 25.—According to reports received here, the Albanians captured Jakova only after heavy fighting, a few miles to the south, is surrounded by Albanians, and its fall is hourly expected. The Serbian garrison there consists of 6,000 men.

News from Avlona, on the Adriatic Sea, states that the Albanians have captured Ochrid after a fierce engagement.

London, Sept. 25.—A Constantinople dispatch says Essad Pasha has telegraphed the Sultan that he intends to form an autonomous Albania under the suzerainty of Turkey.

The grand vizier congratulated the delegates on the completion of their work of peace. General Savaoff, the Bulgarian delegate, replying, said that the treaty marked the resumption of relations of concord and friendship between Turkey and Bulgaria.

# SENATOR LODGE IN CRITICAL STATE AFTER OPERATION

## His Life Dispaired Of for 24 Hours—Has a Fighting Chance Think Physicians.

## Chairman of New York Prison Reform Committee Occupied a Cell in Auburn Last Night.

Nahant, Mass., Sept. 25.—United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who was operated upon Friday for a gastric ulcer, was according to his physicians tonight, "not entirely out of danger."

News of the senator's illness leaked out by accident today. Then it was learned that for twenty-four hours following the operation his life had been despaired of. The operation itself, his physicians said, was successful, but the patient, weakened by his labors at the extra session of congress, did not have the vitality to rally promptly from the shock.

His recovery, according to Dr. F. B. Harrington, one of his physicians, is largely a matter of vitality, in which he is sixty-four years and the fact that he was a very tired man previous to the operation, must be taken into consideration. According to Dr. Frederick Winslow, another of the physicians, the senator's condition late tonight was "exccellent."

The provisions of any treaty the United States has now.

The conference also amended that portion of the house bill requiring foreign manufacturers or exporters to submit their books to American custom agents, so that if the exporters refuse to allow such examination, an additional tariff duty of fifteen per cent ad valorem can be imposed on his exports.

# TRIES CONVICT'S LIFE TO LEARN OF CONDITIONS

## Chairman of New York Prison Reform Committee Occupied a Cell in Auburn Last Night.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Thomas Osborne, chairman of the state committee for prison reform, tonight is self-imprisoned in a cell in Auburn prison. His first day in prison for the purpose of studying the effect of the system on the human mind closed at 6 o'clock, when the light in his cell went out and under the rules all became silent.

For supper Mr. Osborne, who has assumed the alias of Thomas Brown, had a tin cup of coffee and half a dozen slices of bread shoved through the bars by a convict waiter, and at breakfast tomorrow he will take his assigned seat with the convicts in the mess hall at 8 o'clock and have rolled oats with sugar and milk and bread and coffee. He will work in the basket shop for a few days, it was said at the prison. Every detail of prison routine is being adhered to and officers and inmates have had no difficulty in losing the real identities of the man who has come into their midst to learn first hand of the conditions that prison reformers have to face.

Labor Official Convinced of Serious Offense.

Peterboro, N. J., Sept. 25.—Frederick S. Boyd, of New York, an organizer for the Industrial Workers of the World during the recent strike of 20,000 silk workmen, was convicted today of advocating sabotage. Sentence will be pronounced on Friday. He faces a state's prison sentence or a heavy fine.

# BLOODY BATTLE FOUGHT IN MEXICO

## TEDDY TO INVADE SOUTHERN WILDS

## Plans to Spend Three Months This Winter in Paraguay

## HAS BIG PARTY

## Colonel to Be the Big Hunter, But He Has Plenty of 'Nature Fakers' With Him—Will Deliver a Few Lectures Before Entering the Jungle.

(Canadian Press.) New York, Sept. 25.—For more than three months, from about the middle of December to the end of March, Theodore Roosevelt will be buried in the wilds of South America. Arrangements for this end of the colonel's South American trip were described today, but the announcement did not tell much about the destinations and places, because the colonel himself is not sure just where he will go or when he will emerge into civilized country.

Colonel Roosevelt will sail from New York Oct. 4, and will spend about two months visiting various cities in Brazil, Argentina, Chile and Paraguay. In those countries he will be the governments' guest, and he will deliver several formal addresses. Late in December a formal party steamer will leave him and his party of naturalists at Curitiba, Brazil, the head of navigation on the Parana river, and at that point the headquarters of the journey will begin.

The colonel's companions from the point where he will be met by the expedition, the Arctic explorer, and George K. Greig, of Indiana, and Leo E. Miller, of New York, Vermont naturalists connected with the American Museum of Natural History, under whose auspices the expedition will be undertaken.

Mr. Fiala will look after the equipment of the expedition. Mr. Cherrill will have charge of the collecting and preparation of bird specimens, and Mr. Miller will superintend the collection of mammals. The expedition will be accompanied by a party of chief hunters.

These four, with native Indian bearers, cazadores, and servants, will embark at Curitiba in light draught motor boats, and canoes, although later it is expected that canoes alone will have to serve.

It was said today that when Colonel Roosevelt first received invitations to lecture in Brazil, Argentina and Chile, his first idea was to decline, but that the opportunity to hunt and collect scientific specimens in the wilds of Brazil was too attractive for him to resist. This opportunity was brought to his attention by the Rev. John Augustus Zahm, of Washington, provincial of the order of the Holy Cross, a missionary and a scientist, who has explored much of the wild country that Mr. Roosevelt will enter. Father Zahm has been consulted about the itinerary and the equipment of the Roosevelt expedition.

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# GREAT RUSH OF WHEAT TO WINNIPEG

## Inspections for Two Days 2,714 Cars—More Than Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis Combined.

Winnipeg, Sept. 25.—Inspections for two days, Saturday and Sunday, were 2,714 cars, as against 924 for the corresponding days of 1912. Of these cars 2,014 were "contract" wheat. In sight for inspection this morning were 1,600 cars. Records for the corresponding days, Minneapolis, 888 and Duluth 970, a total for the three ports of 1,858 cars, or 878 cars less than were received at Winnipeg alone.

# ENTOMBED MINER SIGNALS BY TAPS HE IS ALIVE

## Man, Buried in Pennsylvania Colliery Since Friday Being Fed Through Hole Bored Down Into Mine.

Centuria, Pa., Sept. 25.—A rescuing party seeking to liberate Thomas Toeshey, who was entombed in the Continental mine, here last Friday by a fall of coal, heard him today signalling to them by tapping on the side of a gangway. A hole was sunk from an upper level to where he was confined and bottles filled with nourishing liquid were lowered to him. He may be reached by the rescuers some time tonight. Twice rescue parties have been within a short distance of the entombed miner only to be driven back by fresh rushes of coal.

Toeshey was buried in a similar manner some years ago in a mine at Ashland by a rush of the loosened mineral. Fellow workmen who succeeded in escaping gave the alarm and the rescue parties were immediately organized. Little hope, however, was entertained of finding Toeshey alive until the tapping was heard today.











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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers. These newspapers advocate British connection, honesty in public life, measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 1, 1913.

THE BY-ELECTION.

Mr. Borden has at last fixed the date of the by-election in Chateaugay, for October 11. On July 13, 1908, when Mr. Borden was leader of the Opposition, he made a motion in the House of Commons that whenever a vacancy occurred in any constituency the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery should have authority to issue the writ himself.

Chateaugay has been steadily Liberal since Confederation. It was represented by Mr. Luther Holton, a Liberal, from 1867 to 1880, by Mr. Edward Holton, a Liberal, from 1880 to 1891, and by Mr. J. P. Brown, a Liberal, from 1891 until his death in May last.

South Bruce is one of the constituencies created under the redistribution bill in 1904. In 1904 Mr. P. H. McKenzie, a Liberal, had a majority of 144, but in 1908 and 1911 the riding went Conservative.

South Lanark has been Conservative since Confederation, and Hon. Mr. Haggart's majority were considerably large. East Middlesex is another Conservative constituency.

Since the Borden ministry took office on October 10, 1911, there have been twenty-three by-elections.

The Toronto Globe predicts the election of the Liberal candidate in South Bruce, Mr. R. E. Trux, it regards this election as one of much importance, and it believes the verdict there will prove to be a warning to the government in connection with its naval policy.

The farmers of South Bruce have a chance of expressing their views on the question of free trade in farm products between Canada and the United States, as to which their late member, Mr. Donnelly, certainly betrayed their interests

and probably misrepresented their opinions. But for the defeat of the reciprocity agreement of 1911 the farmers of Canada would have been better off by millions of dollars than they now are through sales of beef cattle alone.

AN EXTENDED ADVANCE.

An English paper—the Daily Telegraph—says that Lloyd George will open his land campaign for the government at Bedford early in October, and continue it in a series of speeches which will probably extend over several months.

It is a sufficiently comprehensive programme for any government to undertake. It has been looming up in English politics since the rejection of the budget by the Lords in 1909. It was the fear of the land question that caused the Lords to reject the budget of that year.

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Douglas Hazen for bread; and on Thursday evening he gave them a stone.

The circumstances are somewhat melancholy and uncommon. The Borden Club had advertised the meeting of Thursday evening and had hidden the faithful to come in strong numbers and cheer the Federal minister for New Brunswick.

THE CHURCH AND ITS PROBLEMS.

In a recent debate in the House of Lords the Bishop of Oxford, Dr. Gore, told that excited assembly that the Church of England was not the church of the poor.

But let us not dwell upon the drab significance of the small attendance. There is a sadder feature of the affair—the lack of that outpouring of the spirit of confident Toryism which was to be anticipated when the Minister of Marine and Fisheries foregathered once more with the Borden Club members.

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and this in the face of the fact that less wealthy, less resourceful and no more patriotic countries have succeeded in creating formidable naval forces by their own efforts.

THE CHURCH AND ITS PROBLEMS.

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But let us not dwell upon the drab significance of the small attendance. There is a sadder feature of the affair—the lack of that outpouring of the spirit of confident Toryism which was to be anticipated when the Minister of Marine and Fisheries foregathered once more with the Borden Club members.

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Chateaugay has been steadily Liberal since Confederation. It was represented by Mr. Luther Holton, a Liberal, from 1867 to 1880, by Mr. Edward Holton, a Liberal, from 1880 to 1891, and by Mr. J. P. Brown, a Liberal, from 1891 until his death in May last.

South Bruce is one of the constituencies created under the redistribution bill in 1904. In 1904 Mr. P. H. McKenzie, a Liberal, had a majority of 144, but in 1908 and 1911 the riding went Conservative.

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ing interests and manufacturers generally have objected to the proposal to take wheat free, but Mr. Burnham, who evidently sees which way the wind is blowing, promises his constituency to support the removal of the duty by Canada if the people of his district favor that course.

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kept me thinking of what war would mean for Ireland. Ford was a total abstainer. He believed that Henry George's land theory was the proper solution of many difficulties in Ireland, and in England and Scotland as well.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Mr. Hazen forgot the "emergency" and wholly ignored the resolutions fired at him by the Borden Club last June.

It looks as though Great Britain were pretty well out of the woods so far as the grave labor situation is concerned. The threatened strikes are likely now to occur. This is of world-wide importance, for had the transportation strike been carried through on the lines planned it would have resulted in tremendous disorganization, suffering and loss.

The clothing trade of Canada—according to the Toronto Star—will stoutly oppose Mr. Gourlay's suggestion to revise the woolen duties upward.

Once more an excited hunter has killed his companion instead of a mouse. It would be well for every hunter, before going into the woods, to ponder the fact that he is carrying death in his hand.

The news, which whips it up for a contribution to the British flag, sings a different song when it comes to trade issues. "We cannot afford," says the News, "to assist the Mother Country to maintain the ruinous policy of free trade while other nations have high tariffs."

WAR.

The death of Patrick Ford, editor of the Irish World, brought to a close a stormy career. As the Irish question is now likely to reach a just and amicable settlement it would profit nothing to denounce Ford for the violent policy which he long advocated.

A well-behaved city like ours will be astonished at this extract from a sermon in Kingston (Ont.): "The city papers reported that young ladies had been seen on dark streets in Hamilton smoking cigarettes."

Unfortunately the young men of Kingston will scarcely be likely to respond to this appeal. They are probably supplying the smoking material. Lovely women are bound to have their fling, but she will tire of too much liberty.

How is the Canadian Northern to reach St. John, and when? A well-behaved city like ours will be astonished at this extract from a sermon in Kingston (Ont.):

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ABE MARTIN

Now ready! OYSTERS ANY STYLE



What's become of the sweet old fat color girl that could step out of a skirt? Did you ever know a good man that was a good politician?

GREAT CANADA

Foster Ta the An

Teeming China a to b

Minister Laud Progressive Little Hope Republic—and New

Less Nation—Canada.

Ottawa, Sept. 2. Future market for of gaping mouths donation to be all the East as well as every line of man

Such was the su Geo. E. Foster, trade and com Canadian Club Mr. Foster has a \$50,000 mile trip

The direct resu Asia, China and Japan, but he w phasia in pointi nature of the tra eastern and Antip

son why, with the popular, and w would you more to creating demand, said Mr. Foster, nity.

But the East, bility, brought a hundred tolling descendant, but w and still true to troduction of mod human factors in

have become the ons, their ideal v were not. They cetera-century te sites of transp near neighbors, a ndians seek as s stand them as us.

The picture th China was one of the miscalculated Republic ty-eight per cent of what form of Lauda Japan.

That of Japan, almost the revers cetera-century te sists and amlific systematized adu a bold bid for a would in time w competitors to h Referring to h and Australia, M the people a r Anglo-Saxons a tional spirit matel possibly t the empire and

Discussing the Australia, Mr. F try would be fa

"There you hav curious" he cation situation the Liberals con vote, while the majority in the New Zealand, "the mopolities in a w in its native p Maori aborigi

MR. STE No notice, w phonic, was rec

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# GREAT OPENING FOR CANADA IN THE EAST

## Foster Talks About the Antipodes

### Teeming Millions of China and Japan to be Fed

#### Minister Lauds Japan and Its Progressiveness But Has Little Hope of the Chinese Republic—Finds Australia and New Zealand with Less National Spirit Than Canada.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—The East as the future market for Canada, its millions of gaping mouths turned towards the dominion to be filled with No. 1 Hard, the East as our coming competitor in every line of manufacture, when education should leave its countless masses the East again, as the tourist knows or would if he had the eye to see and the power to describe.

It was the subject with which Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Canadian minister of trade and commerce, dealt with at the Canadian Club luncheon today. Hon. Mr. Foster has just returned from a 35,000 mile trip in which he visited Australia, New Zealand, China, Japan and Korea.

The direct results of his visit to Australia, China and Japan, Mr. Foster did not refer to, but he was not wanting in emphasis in pointing out the extent and nature of the trade possibilities of the eastern and Antipodean empires. China and Japan had done wonders in the way of intensive cultivation of their half-acre farms, and that was just the reason why, with their growing industrial population, they would not be able to do any more to supply their own increasing demand for foodstuffs. Therein, said Mr. Foster, lay Canada's opportunity.

But the East, in presenting a possibility, brought a problem as well. Nine hundred million of Orientals, descendants of an ancient civilization and still true to its ideals despite the introduction of modern methods, were the human factors in it.

However, prevalent the notion might have become they were not Anglo-Saxons, their ideals were not and their aims were not. They were going to be neighbors and in view of the industrial nature of transportation, comparatively near neighbors, and therefore must be considered as the first step to understand them as they must understand us.

The picture the minister drew of China was one of many millions of people at present ruled by a misbegotten, halfhearted, returned to Toronto yesterday after his annual inspection of the after Western Canada. He announced that the end of the year would only a 10-mile break in the whole continental system. This fifty is in British Columbia, and there is no difficulty in finishing it. In the new year, and thus giving Canadian Northern an unbroken line from the Pacific coast to Quebec at which point they have connected with the Atlantic coast via the Inland Railway. Referring to the Ontario-Ottawa line, he said he hoped to go to Ottawa next week over our line.

Now is the Canadian Northern to St. John, and when?

Well-behaved city like ours will be pleased at this extract from a serial in Kingston (Ont.):

The city papers reported that young men had been seen on dark streets in Milton smoking cigars," said Rev. Campbell at Queen street Methodist church, last night. "But the papers do not go so far as to say, for only on Friday evening last two alleged ladies led in one of the well-lighted streets own city smoking cigarettes and set for it that girls have been seen in parks trying to acquire the habit. I appeal to the young men of the town to set our young ladies a better example themselves and to bring in the debating habit."

Unfortunately the young men of Kingston will scarcely be likely to respond to his appeal. They are probably smoking the smoking material. Lovely man is bound to have her fling, but will rarely be too much liberty. Few men are likely to tobacco, though many play at smoking and "being."

## HOG ATE YORK COUNTY MAN'S WALLET CONTAINING \$300

Corn. Isiah Morrison, of Queensbury, gave his hogs an expensive meal quite accidentally a few days ago. He was coming to the city, and just before leaving went to his pigsty to see that the hogs were all right and to provide them with a paring.

In some manner his wallet containing about \$300 fell from his pocket into the trough. The hogs showed no respect for the counsellor's property, and he was obliged to leave his money alone, and started to chew up the wallet.

The counsellor was able to save the remnants of a number of bills on which the serial numbers of the greenbacks appeared, and it is understood that with these he is able to have something like \$100 of his money redeemed.—Frederickton Gleaser.

## MR. STEWART IGNORED

(Chatham World)

No notice, verbal, written or telephonic, was received by a Board of Trade meeting President Watt is reported to have said Tuesday morning to discuss the Chatham Railway matter with Mr. Hazen. After listening to protests against the proposal to abandon the Chatham Railway section, Mr. Hazen said the matter had not been finally settled and he would do what he could to meet the views of Chatham and Chatham.

Mr. Stewart ignored.

## A Serpent Tongue.

Twenty citizens of Atlantic City, New Jersey, have succeeded in convicting a nagging neighbor as a "common scold." She is known locally as "the woman with the serpent tongue," and the magistrates propose to banish her from the city.

## ABE MARTIN

Now Ready OYSTERS ANY STYLE

What's become of 'ol' sweet ole fat girl that could step out of her? Did you ever know a good man was a good politician?

# NO COMPROMISE LIKELY ON IRISH HOME RULE

## Government Willing to Confer

### Principle of Measure Must Not Be Disturbed, Says Lord Ure—Redmond Defies the Antis—Carson Reviews His "Army"—Fiery Addresses From Protestant Pulpits in Belfast—Cabinet Discussing Land Reform Now.

London, Sept. 28.—While it is evident that the English leaders of both parties are in a conciliatory mood toward the home rule question, it is also evident that the Irish leaders are not. John Redmond, in two speeches at Cahirciveen, county Kerry, Ireland, today, gave a calm but uncompromising answer to Sir Edward Carson's defiance.

The Irish Nationalist leader met with a warm reception and was presented with addresses by the Kerry county council, the district council and other bodies. He ridiculed the Ulster provisional government, and Sir Edward Carson's army, and declared that the home rule cause had won.

Services were held today in many of the churches throughout Ulster, representing the Church of Ireland and the Presbyterian, Methodist, Congregational, Baptist and Moravian bodies, in commemoration of the anniversary of Ulster day, when the covenant to resist home rule was signed.

Sir Edward Carson and Frederick E. Smith attended the union service in Ulster hall, Belfast.

The Presbyterian preacher, Rev. Mr. Paterson, said that if King George had been present at Saturday's review, he might have said that he was not afraid of Germany or any other country so long as he had these Belfast fellows at his back.

Three thousand Protestants paraded and held services in Liverpool.

Says Asquith's Hands Are Tied.

The impression in London today is that the conference which Premier Asquith is holding at Brookley Park, Scotland, with David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer; Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty; and Walter Runciman, president of the board of agriculture, concerns the chancellor's proposed land campaign, since the minister for agriculture is participating, while the chief secretary for Ireland, Augustus Balfour, is absent.

The cabinet's hands are really tied in the matter of a compromise, as the Nationalists, under John Redmond, have voted for all the important cabinet reforms under the name of the Nationalists. They would also, later favorably to the cabinet's hands, is really tied in the matter of a compromise, as the Nationalists, under John Redmond, have voted for all the important cabinet reforms under the name of the Nationalists.

After the review of Sir Edward Carson's army yesterday, a party of Nationalists pulled a small Union Jack from an automobile, and one of the occupants shot a boy in the leg.

Redmond Ridicules Carson's Rebellion.

Cahirciveen, Ireland, Sept. 28.—Sir Edward Carson and his friends have supplied the newspapers with amusingly silly copies which have made the sea serpent pale into insignificance, said John Redmond, in a speech at Cahirciveen, Ireland, today, replying to an address of welcome here today.

The Ulster provisional government he declared, would require many millions of capital, would cut itself off from the imperial government and the Irish government; from old age pensions and the benefit of the insurance act; from imperial grants for education, agriculture and public works; from the operations of the Housing and Land Purchase acts, and from the post office. No merchant could draw a legal check, give a legal receipt, or recover a debt outside of Ulster.

"The whole thing is a gigantic and grotesque absurdity," he exclaimed. "It is meant merely for English consumption. But the English people are neither fools nor cowards. They won't be humbugged by talk about provisional government, nor intimidated by the wooden muskets of Ulster."

Other Reforms Depend on Home Rule.

In a second speech, Mr. Redmond declared that the home rule would be silent, law-abiding and orderly, while their opponents had been shrieking and boasting of illegality and inciting to riot and bloodshed.

Knowing that the destruction of the home rule bill would mean the breakdown of the government's other proposed reforms—Welsh disestablishment and the abolition of plural voting—and would mean also the restoration of the veto of the house of lords and the defeat of British democracy for a generation, he said, it was no wonder that Ireland maintained an attitude of self-restraint and confidence.

Speaking of Earl Loreburn's conference proposal, he said: "I have remained silent up to the present on this matter, and my silence has been adversely commented upon in some quarters. I wished to say no word that might injure the prospects, however, of the bill passing by agreement."

If Earl Loreburn's suggestion has had no other effect, it must have convinced everyone of the true character of the so-called Ulster opposition. It is inexplicable and irreconcilable and, based on no grounds of principle or argument, is based on the old spirit of sectarianism.

The home rule would not throw the work of thirty years into the melting pot, he continued. The only argument of the opposition was a brutal non-negotiation to the demands of the British nation.

"We will establish the freedom of Ireland," he said, "within three years, and, if necessary, in spite of them. Our ship at the harbor mouth, the glass is set fair and the orders are 'full steam ahead.'"

Carson Reviews His "Army."

Belfast, Sept. 27.—The review today of 11,000 Belfast volunteers belonging to the army of Ulster, by Sir Edward Carson, attracted thousands of people from the surrounding districts and from every part of the province of Ulster. Besides the four Belfast regiments, each of them commanded by a retired army or militia officer, the "Ulster war staff," consisting of General Richards, two retired colonels, and two retired captains, paraded.

The volunteers were armed with dummy rifles, as the carrying of arms by unlicensed persons is prohibited in the British Isles. The usual Saturday afternoon sporting fixtures, including all the football matches, were played earlier than usual so as not to interfere with the big event of the day.

Willing to Confer.

Edinburgh, Scotland, Sept. 27.—The Right Hon. Alexander Ure, lord advocate for Scotland, addressing his constituents today, referred to the Ulster question. He said that the proposed provisional government would be created by the banks in the same way they would create a South American republic, and would collapse of its own weight in a few weeks.

Regarding the suggested conference of the political parties, he said that, provided the principle of home rule was accepted by their political opponents, the government would be willing to enter the conference and "ready to negotiate upon the question of greater representation for Ulster in the Irish parliament."

They would also, later favorably to proposals giving Ulster complete control of its educational and religious affairs. They could have it put into words, so he said, he had accompanied Violet Reid and it is expected that the crown case will close this morning. Attorney-General Gummer and B. L. Gerow are yet to be produced by the crown and P. A. Guthrie appears for the defence.

The first witness called in the afternoon was David Duplax, of Frederickton Junction. Examined by Mr. Gerow, he said he had accompanied Violet Reid for some distance up the track from Frederickton Junction station, where he had met her. He had carried her umbrella and had noticed that it was unusually heavy. About a quarter of a mile up the track he had left her and had last seen her going over the fence in the direction of the school house near the station. She had told the witness that she was coming from Truro.

Cross-examined by Mr. Guthrie, witness said he had left the prisoner about 7:00 o'clock and had not seen her again that night. He explained that the place where the body had been found was about fifteen minutes' walk from the station and some 200 yards from the track. He said that there was nothing unusual in taking the road followed by the prisoner.

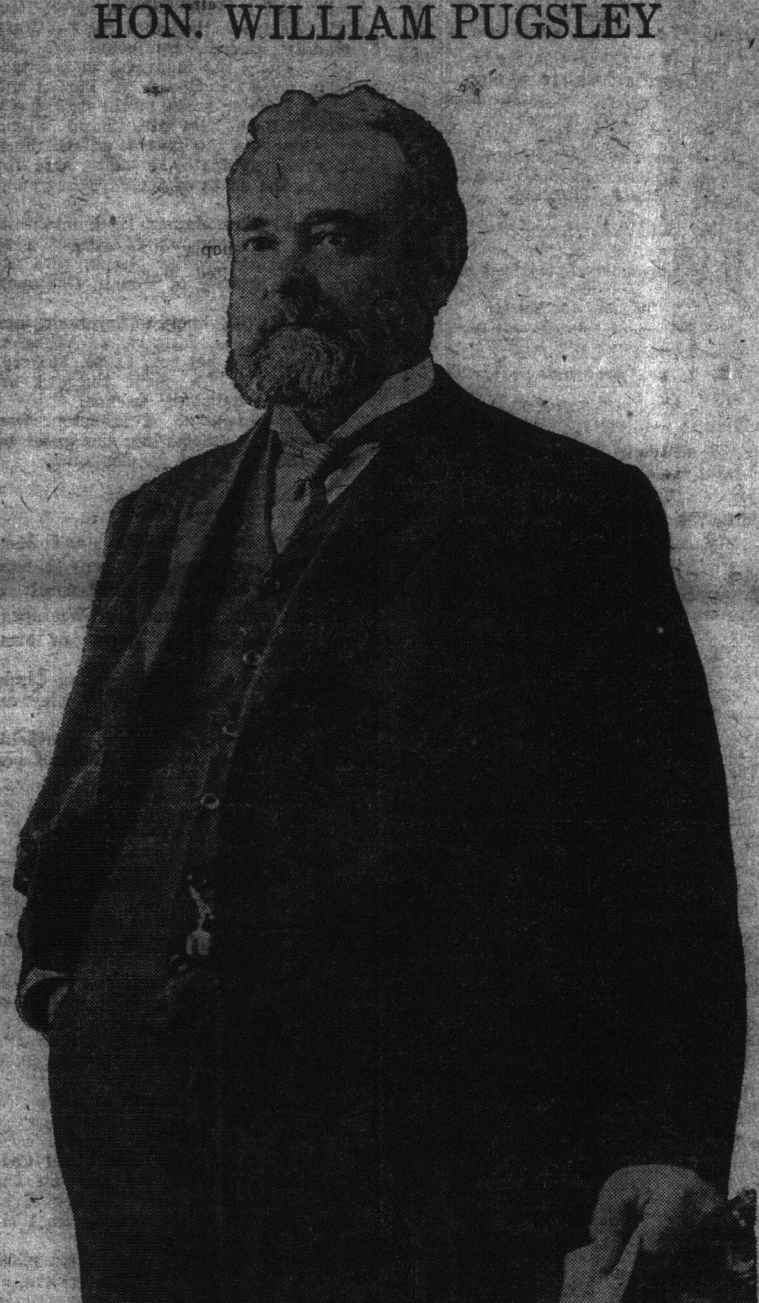
Simon Burns, of Frederickton Junction, gave evidence along the same lines as the previous witness and Mary Virtue, formerly the matron of the Evangelical Home, told of the prisoner going there and of the birth of the child.

When the girl left the home she had said that her ultimate destination was Sackville, where she was going to leave the child for a few days, and return to Truro. Her brother had taken some clothes away in a grip, witness said, in answer to a question as to whether the prisoner had two outfits.

On cross-examination the witness spoke of the treatment the prisoner had received at the home. She explained that both the father and brother of the girl must have known of the child's birth.

Dr. A. Edward Logic was next called. He said that he had attended the prisoner at the home after the child had been born and said she had called at his office about a week before her arrest. She had asked the doctor whether or not he would mention that a child had been born and said she had called at his office. He had told her he would not, as he had not attended the case.

The prisoner had told the doctor that



Hon. William Pugsley, former Minister of Public Works, was heartily congratulated on Saturday, his 63rd birthday. He is in excellent health.

## VIOLET REID ON TRIAL BEFORE JUDGE WHITE

### Much Sympathy for Friendless Prisoner Who Breaks Down and Cries.

Saturday, Sept. 27.—The trial of Violet Reid, charged with the murder of her infant son, was begun yesterday in the circuit court before Judge White. During the proceedings in the afternoon session the prisoner broke down several times, and sat in the dock, and appeared to be greatly worried over her position. Many in the court-room sympathized with her deeply in her predicament. There were five witnesses examined in the afternoon and three in the morning. The case was adjourned about 6:15 p. m. until this morning at 10:15. Five witnesses are yet to be produced by the crown and P. A. Guthrie appears for the defence.

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## WOODSTOCK WOMEN AS FREE TRADERS

Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 26.—The town was shocked this afternoon when the death of Mattie Hovey was announced. He was a most estimable citizen and it was generally known that he was ill. His death took place in the hospital, where he was taken for treatment, Mrs. James Woolverton is a sister. He was about sixty years of age, and unmarried. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Captain Decies, of the engineering staff of the C. P. R., was thrown from a railway motor this afternoon and received a fracture of the arm. P. Woolverton, who was riding with him, escaped with a few minor injuries.

A special preventive officer is here and has questioned several young ladies as to where they purchased some of their garments. One lady was asked to pay \$5 to the government on a winter coat. Others held up did not "come across" with the cash. While the proceeding is a subject of considerable comment, the vigilance of the officer is somewhat amusing.

# TWO SPECIAL MILLIONS TO BE SPENT ON CANALS

## CANON TROOP TO RESIGN MONTEAL RECTORSHIP

### Former St. John Minister Announces He Will Retire From the Pulpit and Live in England.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—After holding the rectorship of St. Martin's church for twenty-seven years, the Rev. Canon Osborne Troop announced to his parishioners today his intention of resigning his charge and returning to England. He made it clear that he was not going to take up another pastorate, but did not assign any special reason for relinquishing the rectorship, beyond pointing to the fact that he was in his sixtieth year.

Canon Troop came to this city from St. John (N. B.), twenty-seven years ago.

The child was in Michigan and appeared to be much affected over losing it.

Miss Phoebe Cook, who had been a nurse at the Evangelical Home, corroborated Miss Virtue's evidence regarding the prisoner's stay at the home.

Mr. Guthrie's cross-examination of the witness elicited the information that Chief Rideout had allowed witness to see Violet Reid at her home. Witness did not tell Chief Rideout all the prisoner had told her, she said.

The last witness called was Lillian Fear, who had been employed at the home during the prisoner's stay there. Her evidence was not important.

The court adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning, the jury being enjoined not to separate or to speak to any one while together. They were given permission to attend the theatre last night.

The business of choosing the jury commenced at 10:15, and was finished by 11:30. The jury was as follows: George B. Vincent, Frederick K. Debow, Percy I. Cullinan, Charles S. Christie, Alfred Bailey, W. Norman Earle, Harry S. DeMille, C. W. Stackhouse, Richard H. Ervine, Charles W. Bailey, Charles J. Ward and G. A. Stevenson.

After Mr. Gerow addressed the jury, three witnesses were called for the prosecution. They were Lawrence Alexander, Samuel Alexander and Dr. Geo. W. Bailey. The three witnesses told of the finding of the body at Frederickton Junction and the circumstances connected with it.

The girl was remanded to jail last night, apparently broken down from the strain of the day's hearing.

Monday, Sept. 29.—In the trial of Violet Reid, charged with the murder of her infant son, the whole afternoon session of the circuit court on Saturday was taken up with the addresses of the counsel, P. A. Guthrie, of Frederickton, for the defence, and Attorney-General Gummer for the crown. Mr. Guthrie made a strong appeal to the jury, which lasted nearly four hours, and the attorney-general replied in a two-hour address. When he had finished his was after 6, and court adjourned. An evening session was suggested, but Judge White decided that the case could be finished without having the jury together over Sunday, and therefore he adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.

"Unless the jury can decide upon one charge by the afternoon, they must not attend," said the judge before adjournment.

Mr. Guthrie began his address in the latter part of the morning session and he returned in the afternoon session, finishing about 4 o'clock. He made a stirring appeal on behalf of the prisoner. He reviewed in detail the evidence of the witnesses and placed stress on the contention of the crown that the murder of the infant took place in the Duffin Hotel of this city, and also on the fact that the body of the child had been found in the city. Mr. Guthrie called the attention of the jury to the evidence of certain witnesses, who denied statements that had been sworn to in the preliminary examination. He discredited their evidence and wished the jury to place little confidence in the testimony they submitted.

The attorney-general reviewed the evidence of the witnesses, referring particularly to that submitted by a former nurse in the Evangelical Home who identified clothing found on the dead child as having belonged to Violet Reid. He instructed the jury in concluding to give the prisoner the benefit of every reasonable doubt.

The judge announced that he would not give his charge to the jury until Monday morning. It would take at least an hour and a half, he said, and therefore it would be impossible to finish the case that night. A night session was proposed, but the judge said that it would be better to let the case go to the jury's hands on Monday, as he would only have a few hours for deliberation. He adjourned court until this morning. He especially warned the jury that they were not to talk to any outside persons.

The witnesses heard at the morning session were Chief Rideout, Mrs. Jessie Decies, William Williamson, Miss Annie Weaver and William T. Leavitt. Mrs. Bean told of the prisoner calling at the Evangelical Home about May 28 and requesting her to keep quiet about the birth of the child. The other witnesses repeated their evidence given at the preliminary hearing. Chief Rideout said he could not swear that the child was killed in St. John. Neither was he able to swear that the child was murdered at all.

## Government Plans a Large Outlay

### The St. Lawrence System to be Made Fit for Ocean Liners

#### Cost May Reach \$175,000,000—Georgian Bay Scheme Will be Kept Dangling Before the People Till After the Next General Election But No Work is Contemplated.

Ottawa, Sept. 26.—As a preliminary to the enlargement of the Canadian canal at Sault Ste. Marie to a depth of 81 feet, the government is arranging for the expropriation of Whitford Island and an additional strip of land along the south side of the present canal. Most of the property is owned by the Algoma Central railway, and the justice department is now instituting expropriation proceedings.

The actual work of enlarging the canal must, of course, wait until sanctioned by parliament, but it is understood that a vote will be asked at the next session of parliament for a preliminary survey and for the preparation of plans. The enlargement of the Soo canal is the logical sequence to the enlargement of the Welland canal. The next step will be the enlargement of the Welland and St. Lawrence canal system so as to give a continuous thirty foot channel right through from the head of the lakes to the Atlantic.

The formal announcement of the whole scheme will probably not be made for some considerable time yet, but meanwhile the enlargement of the Welland and Soo canals will be proceeded with.

Playing Politics.

For political reasons the government does not wish to commit itself further at present. The Georgian Bay and Ottawa river canal scheme is to be kept in the political foreground until after the next general election, when it would be known that the deepening of the St. Lawrence canal would be first proceeded with would for obvious reasons militate against the chances of Conservative candidates in the Ottawa valley. But it is known that a majority of the cabinet favor the St. Lawrence route as being commercially more feasible and no more expensive if indeed an expensive. The Ottawa river route, meanwhile the enlargement of the Soo canal to a depth of 81 feet will not interfere with the dangle of both projects, which will be the decision of the electors at the next general election.

The cost of the whole project for a deepened St. Lawrence route to 80 or 81 feet is roughly estimated at from \$125,000,000 to \$175,000,000, but of course a reliable estimate of cost will not be available until a careful survey is made. In the case of the Georgian Bay canal the survey completed some five years ago at a cost of about \$500,000 indicated that the cost of a 22-foot waterway would be about \$10,000,000. At present day prices this cost would be considerably increased and probably \$10,000,000 would be nearer the mark.

The enlargement of the Welland in the way mentioned is imperative. The traffic through the canal has increased enormously of late years. Last year the total freight passing through the canal amounted to 38,600,000 tons. In five years it has more than doubled. The deepening of the Welland, the increased size of the lake carriers, and the steady growth of traffic at the Soo are compelling reasons for the enlargement of the government in deciding to enlarge the size of the canal leading from the west to the sea. The cost of the present Soo canal was nearly \$7,000,000. To enlarge the canal to 81 feet will cost probably as much more.

## MAY ESTABLISH A DEMONSTRATION FARM IN NORTHUMBERLAND

### Official of the Conservation Commission Making a Survey Near Doaktown

#### Splendid Agricultural Exhibits at the Chatham Fair Attract Attention of the Authorities—Big Potato Yields Demonstrated.

Doaktown, N. B., Sept. 28.—Kenneth M. Fiske, chief of the Conservation Commission, Ottawa, has been in this vicinity for several days making a farm survey with the idea of establishing one of the demonstration farms being conducted by the commission in all parts of Canada.

The agricultural possibilities of Northumberland were strikingly demonstrated at the recent Chatham exhibition and the attention of departmental authorities has been attracted by the excellent display. It is something of coincidence that Mr. Fiske's brother, S. M. Fiske, of Florenceville (N. B.), is also in the county on a similar mission, acting as judge in the field crop competition.

Discussing the report sent out regarding the potato crop in Algoma (Ont.), yielding 400 bushels to the acre, Mr. Fiske said this hardly surpassed the crops which he had seen here, as one of the winning farms turned out eighteen good potatoes to the hill.

## WOODSTOCK WOMEN AS FREE TRADERS

Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 26.—The town was shocked this afternoon when the death of Mattie Hovey was announced. He was a most estimable citizen and it was generally known that he was ill. His death took place in the hospital, where he was taken for treatment, Mrs. James Woolverton is a sister. He was about sixty years of age, and unmarried. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Captain Decies, of the engineering staff of the C. P. R., was thrown from a railway motor this afternoon and received a fracture of the arm. P. Woolverton, who was riding with him, escaped with a few minor injuries.

A special preventive officer is here and has questioned several young ladies as to where they purchased some of their garments. One lady was asked to pay \$5 to the government on a winter coat. Others held up did not "come across" with the cash. While the proceeding is a subject of considerable comment, the vigilance of the officer is somewhat amusing.



FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

AMHERST

Amherst, Sept. 24—Mrs. Donovan, wife of Dr. O. G. Donovan, of New Germany, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hanney, returned home this week...

PARRSBORO

Parrsboro, Sept. 26—Mrs. Morrison, of Londonderry, is visiting Miss Clara Kirkpatrick...

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Countless thousands of families have found it to be the surest and quickest remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, toothache, throat, bowel complaint, internal and external ailments.

PARSONS' PILLS

Keeps the bowels regular! L.S. JOHNSON & CO., INC. Boston, Mass.

Ing. Capt. J. W. Carter occupied the chair. The speaker was accorded an attentive hearing.

force of the blow would likely have killed the child. Dr. Carnwall, of Riverside, who is in the woods on a hunting trip, recently sent out to Penobscot Bay the body of a moose...

WELSFORD

Welsford, Sept. 26—Mr. and Mrs. Jones and daughter Mary arrived here this morning from a trip to Boston.

CAPE TORMENTINE

Cape Tormentine, N. B., Sept. 24—Wesley Spencer, who has been laid up for the past few months, with rheumatism, is able to be around again.

CHIPMAN

Chipman, Sept. 25—James MacLean, student at Mount Allison, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Richardson.

ST. MARTINS

St. Martins, N. B., Sept. 26—Arthur E. Carson, who has been spending his vacation here, has returned to his home at Noonan (Conn.).

APPOHAQUI

Apohaqui, Sept. 24—The residence of Adams Marston, of Littleton, N. B., is nearly ready for occupation and Mr. Little, who now resides in Port Elgin, will soon be making his permanent residence here.

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CAPE SPEAR

Cape Spear, N. B., Sept. 24—The first of the season passed over this place on Saturday.

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Miss Hamilton, of Northport, left today for Truro to attend Normal school.

Rev. J. William Brown, of Windsor, has been appointed parish priest for the town of Amherst in succession to the late Rev. Father Milnes, and will enter upon his new duties the second Sunday in October.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Calhoun and Mrs. and Mrs. G. W. Black have returned from a motor trip to Halifax and Yarmouth, and came home through the Annapolis Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Price, of Moncton, are spending a few days in town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Oulton, of Kentville, and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hayes and son, Mr. S. Errol Hayes, of Halifax, are spending a few weeks in town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Henderson, Dr. M. D. and Mrs. McKenney, Rev. R. W. Anglin, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. S. Baird, Mrs. Coates, Mrs. Muir, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Fullerton, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Hannah, Mr. C. W. Elderkin, Misses Nellie and Annie Elderkin, Mr. and Mrs. F. Munn, Mrs. M. A. Wilson and Harold Pickard, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Henderson, Dr. M. D. and Mrs. McKenney, Rev. R. W. Anglin, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. S. Baird, Mrs. Coates, Mrs. Muir, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Fullerton, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Hannah, Mr. C. W. Elderkin, Misses Nellie and Annie Elderkin, Mr. and Mrs. F. Munn, Mrs. M. A. Wilson and Harold Pickard.

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Endurance Counts Most



WHEN your sheds are full of machinery, you find no room for it. It's the motor vehicle that is the answer.

Petrolia Chatham

It has built into it the utmost of endurance, toughness, and sturdiness. I.H.C. wagons are built of wood with a single flange, every bit as good as they look.

International Harvester Company of Canada, Ltd.

At Hamilton, Ont. Eastern Branch Offices: Montreal, P. Q. Quebec, P. Q. St. John, N. B.

Free Advice About Your Manly Strength

TO MY READER: Whether or not you lack an abundance of vigor, here is a free offer which will surely interest you, and through which you may easily profit from now on to the end of a ripe, healthy, advanced age.

IT'S THE MAN, NOT THE CLOTHES THAT COUNT

self. Of course I do not include the man of extreme old age, or the one who is incurably diseased. Lost vitality is not, according to my theory, an organic disease. It is more a special condition of the mind and the nerves and strength of the preservation of vitality, its possible self-restoration, its legitimate uses and its wanton abuses.

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MAIDS AND WAGONS

WANTED—A maid for good wages. Apply to David Robertson, 136 Duke Street.

WANTED—General help for the farm. Apply to Mrs. J. A. Caplan, 136 Duke Street.

WANTED—Capable workman. Apply to Fair Vale, Roby's, Yarmouth.

WANTED—Girl for work. Reference to Mrs. A. C. L. Tapscott, 136 Duke Street.

MURRES

WANTED—Young man to take the train. Good wages. Reference to Mrs. A. C. L. Tapscott, 136 Duke Street.

WANTED—Innkeeper. Reference to Mrs. A. C. L. Tapscott, 136 Duke Street.

TEACHERS

WANTED—Innkeeper. Reference to Mrs. A. C. L. Tapscott, 136 Duke Street.

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AGENTS

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