

Correspondence solicited' GEO. P. REID, General Manager





C. N. S. STRICKLAND, - Inspector. Branches—Halifax, Annapolis, Barrington P. Bridgetown, Clark's Harbor, Dartmouth. Digby, ville Ferry, Kentville, Lawrencetown, Liverpoc Glasgow, Sherbrooke, Wolfville, Yarmouth, Scotia; Broad Cove Mines, Glace Bay, Mabou, Sydney, St. Peter's, Sydney, Sydney Mines, Breton and Port of Spain, Trinidad.



dar, ones	84 KING ST. E., TORONTO BANKERS Imperial Bank of Canada Bank of Nova Scotia
N.S.	Progress of the Company
ssage, Gran- , New Nova	End'g Dec. 31. Perm. Stock. End'g Dec. 31. Perm. Stock. 1st year. 1896. \$ 24,800 00 4th year. 1899. \$354,434 08 2nd "1897166,575 00 5th "1900441,345 81 3rd "1898251,514 45 6th "1901533,200 00
North Cape	Ending Dec. 31st. Total Assets. Earnings. 1st year
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oston	By an order of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, dated July 10, 1901, the Company is authorized to issue PERMANENT STOCK in shares of \$10.00 each. These shares are now offered for subscription at a Premium of Ten per Cent.

Capital......\$200,000 W. H. TODD, Fresident Agents-London, Messre, Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. New York, Bank of New York, B.N.A. I Globe National Bank, Montreal Bank of Montreal. St. John, N.B., Bank of Montreal. Drafts issued on any Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

he Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co. Dividend No. 76.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend ot Four and One-half per Cent. for the current half-year upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Company's Office in this city, on and after

Wednesday, July 2nd, 1902. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 18th to the 30th June, both days inclusive. By order of the Board,

GEO. A. SOMERVILLE, London, June 4th, 1902. Mana Manager.

The Home Savings and Loan Company, Limited.

DIVIDEND No. 46.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Seven per cent, per annum has this day been declared on the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Company for the half-year ending 30th June, 1902, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company, No. 78 Church Street, Toronto, on and after and July, prox. The Transfer Books will be closed from 16th to 30th June, inst., both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

by order of the board.	JAMES	MASON.
Toronto, June 9th, 1902.		Manager.

THE TORONTO MORTGAGE COMPANY. Dividend No. 6.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Two and One-half per Cent., upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared for the current half-year, ending 30th instant, and that the same will be payable at the Offices of the Company, No. 13 Toronto Street, on and after

Wednesday, 2nd July, 1902. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 30th instant, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

WALTER GILLESPIE, Manager.

The Ontario Loan and Savings Company

Oshawa, Outario

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED			 	\$300,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP			 	300,000
CONTINGENT			 	25,000
RESERVE FUND			 	75,000
DEPOSITS AND CAN. DI	EBENT	URES	 	523,751

Money loaned at low rates of interest on the security of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures. Deposits received and Interest allowed.

W. F. COWAN, President. W. F. ALLAN, Vice-President.

T. H. MCMILLAN, Sec-Treas.

The Canada Landed and National Investment Company, Limited.

Dividend Number 82,

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum on the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Company has been de-clared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Office of the Com-pany, on and after the

2nd Day of July, 1902. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th days of June, inclusive. By order of the Board. both days

EDWARD SAUNDERS. Toronto, May 29th, 1902. Manager.

Imperial Loan & Investment Company of Canada.

DIVIDEND 65.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of FIVE PER CENT. per annum on the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been this day declared for the half-year ending 30th June, and the same will be payable on and after

Wednesday, 2nd Day of July next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th June, both days inclusive. E. H. KERTLAND, Managing Director.

Mercantile Summary.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Following is a list of new companies, lately organized throughout Canada, that have received Government charters, or have been granted supplementary Letters Patent. The object of the company, amount of capital stock, location of principal office, and names of incorporators are given, so far as possible, and whether the charter has been granted by Provincial or Dominion Governments:

The Journal of St. Catharines, Limited, St. Catharines, Ont.; \$20,000. E. J. Lovelace, D. J. McKinnon, E. T. Reed, J. E. Varley, Anthony Meyer, Robert Thompson, C. E. Fisher, Michael Henry and Edward Murphy. Ontario charter.

The Hamburg-American Wagon Co., Limited, New Hamburg, Ont.; \$100,000. Edward Merner, Daniel Becker, E. R. Beger, J. F. Ran and John Buckel. Ontario charter.

Illsley & Horn, Limited, Toronto, Ont.; \$100,000. To carry on the business of a public and private contractor and of a manufacturer of building materials. W. A. Illsley, T. W. Horn, and L. H. Jordan. Ontario charter.

The Montreal Silicate Brick Co., Limited, Montreal, Que.; \$100,000. David Robertson, George J. Sheppard, Alfred Joyce, John McLean, and C. W. Trenholme. Dominion charter.

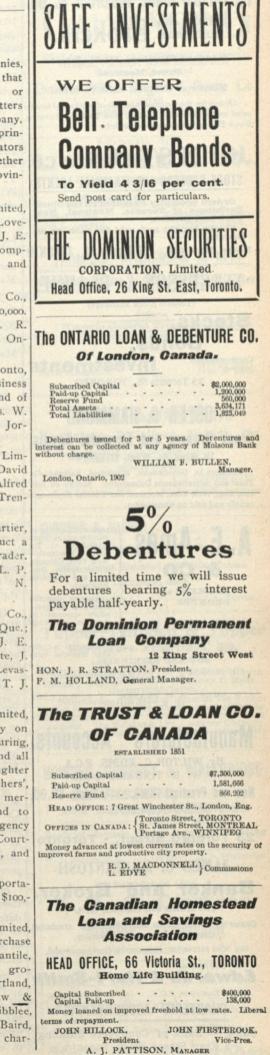
La Compagnie a bois Jacques-Cartier, Vercheres, Que.; \$190,000. To conduct a general business as contractor and trader. J. H. Dansereau, M. R. Chagnon, L. P. Lazure, M. O. Chagnon, and P. N. Lazure. Quebec charter.

The Matane Gold Copper Mining Co., Limited, St. Jerome de Matane, Que.; \$1,000,000. Jean-Baptiste Saucier, J. E. Saucier, R. S. P. Smith, G. A. Cote, J. A. Marquis, J. E. Gagnon, L. J. Levasseur, Jean-Baptiste Desrosiers, and T. J. Lamontagne. Quebec charter.

The James A. Brook Co., Limited, Montreal, Que.; \$10,000. To carry on the business of manufacturing, curing, etc., beef, hog and sheep casings and all and every kind of abattoir or slaughter house offal, fertilizers, etc., butchers', packers', produce and provision merchants' and dairymen's supplies, and to carry on a general manufacturers' agency business. Robert Brown, R. M. Courtney, J. A. Brook, D. C. S. Miller, and H. G. Waring. Quebec charter.

The Sydney and Nanaimo Transportation Co., Limited, Nanaimo, B.C.; \$100,-000. British Columbia charter.

The Hartland Mercantile Co., Limited, Hartland, N.B.; \$20,000. To purchase and carry on the general mercantile, hardware, tinsmith, plumbing and grocery business carried on in Hartland. under the name and style of Shaw & Dibblee. J. T. Dibblee, W. J. Dibblee, G. M. Shaw, M. E. Shaw, A. L. Baird, and A. R. Rigby. New Brunswick charter.





Standard Chambers, 151 St. James Street, Montreal

MEMBERS OF MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Orders for the purchase and sale of stocks and bonds usted on the Montreal, London, New York and Toronto Stock Exchanges promptly executed.

JOHN STARK & co. STOCK BROKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS

Orders promptly executed on the Stock Exchanges of Toronto, Montreal, New York and London. Stocks bought and sold for cash, or on margin.

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OSLER & HAMMOND Stock Brokers and Financial Agents. 18 King St. West, TORONTO

Dealers in Government, Municipal, Railway, Ca Trust and miscellaneous Debentures. Stocks on Lon don, Eng., New York, Montreal and Toronto Exchanges hought and sold on commission.



Dealer in Stocks, Bonds and Debentures. Municipal Corporation Securities a specialty. ing iries respecting investments freely answered.

Edwards & Hart-Smith A. HART-SMITH. GEO. EDWARDS, F.C.A. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS.

Office, - Bank of Commerce Building, 5 King Street West, Toronto. Telephone Main 1163.

The M. B. Lee Co., Limited, Winnipeg, Man.; \$50,000. To carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers and manufacturers of ladies' suits and clothing of every kind and description. M. B. Lee, F. W. Law, W. W. Birch, W. C. Law, and J. A. Campbell. Manitoba charter.

Messrs. Heasley & Co., Limited, Winnipeg, Man.; \$10,000. To buy, sell and deal in all manner of men's furnishings, and also all manner of goods, wares and merchandise. C. Mc. Green, E. A. Mott, T. H. Webb, R. H. Shanks, H. W. Whitla, and J. G. Hossack. Manitoba charter

The Winnipeg Citizens' Realty Co., Limited, Winnipeg, Man.; \$39,000. F. W. Stobart, H. M. Howell, C. P. Wilson. Ebenezer Thomson, and T. G. Mathers. Manitoba charter.

The Binscarth Farmers' Elevator Co., Limited, Binscarth, Man.; \$20,000. Benjamin Murray, R. J. Hogg, P. J. Mc-Intosh, Freeman Rice, and M. S. Scarth. Manitoba charter.

THE Copp, Clark Co., Limited, Toronto, have been appointed agents in this country for the publications of McMillan & Co., Limited, London, and the Clarendon Press, Oxford University.

AT the annual meeting of the shareholders of the New Brunswick Telephone Co., at Fredericton, on the 10th inst., the usual semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. was declared.

THE Ottawa city council will make application to the Ontario Legislature for permission to operate an electric railway in that city or to acquire the property of the present street railway company.

On the 12th inst., according to the Winnipeg Free Press, the entire stock of goods belonging to Merrill & Herbert, of the village of Arden, was sold at auction for 631/2 cents on the dollar.

MR. E. A. MIZNER, of the Northern Commercial Company, Dawson, has made an offer to furnish the Government with an assay plant free for a year for use in that city, provided the latter will operate it without connection with any local bank or other business house.

A CABLE despatch to Osler, Hammond & Nanton states that the Hudson's Bay Co. has declared a dividend of fifteen shillings, with a bonus of seven shillings and sixpence in the share. The stock rated at £251/2 on the London market, a pound lower than a week before.

It is stated by the "Echo" that the town debt of Sandwich is to be consolidated, and debentures for \$50,000 are to be issued to raise money for the laying of the proposed silex pavements and for increasing the sewerage system.

THE employees of Parke, Davis & Co., at Detroit and Walkerville, held their annual excursion last week. They numbered 3,500, and it took three boats, the "Pleasure," "Promise," and "Sappho," to carry them to Bois Blanc Island in Toronto, June 10th, 1902. the Detroit river.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION

Semi-Annual Dividend.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Seven and One-Half per Cent. (71%) per annum on the Capital Stock of this Corporation has been declared for the half-year ending 30th June, 1902, and that the same wil be payable on and after

Wednesday, 2nd July, 1902.

The Transfer Books of the Corporation will be closed from the 17th to the 30th of June, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. W. LANGMUIR. Managing Director.

Dated, Toronto, June, 11th, 1902.

AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY.

Dividend No. 60.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Six per Cent, per annum has been declared for the current half year, upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after

2nd July next. Transfer Books closed from 16th to the 30th instant. C. P. BUTLER,

London, 2nd June 1902.

Manager.

THE DOMINION

SAVINGS & INVESTMENT SOCIETY

MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING, LONDON. CANADA

Capital Subscribed \$1,000,000 00

Total Assets, 1st Dec., 1900.. 2,272,980 88

T. H. PURDOM, Esq., K.C., President. NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager.

THE **Trusts & Guarantee** COMPANY. Limited, 14 King Street West.

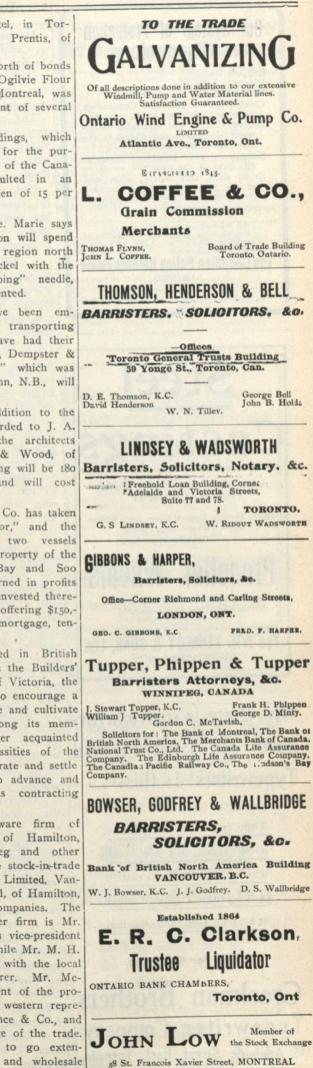
DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a half-yearly Dividend for the six months ending June 30th next, at the rate of Five per cent. per annum, has this day been declared upon the Paid up Capital Stock of the Company, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after

July 2nd, 1902.

The Transfer Books will be closed from June 15th to July 2nd, both days incl usive By order.

T. P. COFFEE, Manager.



Debentures Municipal, Government and Railway Bonds bought and sold. Can always supply bonds suitable for deposit with Dominion Government. Stocks. New York, Montreal, and Toronto Stock purchased for Cash or on margin and carried at the lowest rates of interest. H. O'HARA & CO. NO' 20 TORONTO STREET Members of the Firm-H. O'Hara, H. R. O'Hara, W. J. O'Hara. Members Toronto Stock Exchange-H. R. O'Hara, W. J. O'Hara TITTURNUN MUNICIPALITY W.G. JAFFRAY (MEMBER TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE) Stock, Bond and Investment Broker, Telephone Its Jordan St., TORONTO. J. F. RUTTAN REAL ESTATE, INVESTMENTS. INSURANCE. PORT ARTHUR & FORT WILLIAM. ost Office Address-PORT ARTHUR, ONT. **JENKINS & HARDY** ASSIGNEES, ACCOUNTANTS. Estate and Fire Insurance Agents. 151 Toronto Street. Toronto.

466 Temple Building, - - - Montreal. 100 William Street. - - - New York.



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Booklets

IT IS WITHIN THE RANGE OF REASON FOR US TO CLAIM THAT NO OTHER PRINTER CAN PLEASE YOU MORE THAN WE CAN.

THE MONETARY TIMES Printing Co. of Canada, Ltd. Toronto.

THE Tremont House Hotel, in Toronto, has been sold to Mr. Prentis, of Brighton, for \$33,000.

THE issue of \$2,600,000 worth of bonds and preferred stock of the Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, Limited, Montreal, was over-subscribed to the extent of several million dollars.

THE arbitration proceedings, which were carried on last week for the purpose of adjusting the wages of the Canadian Pacific trackmen, resulted in an average advance for the men of 15 per cent., all round.

A REPORT from Sault Ste. Marie says that Mr. Thomas A. Edison will spend part of the summer in the region north of Sudbury, testing for nickel with the aid of an electrical "dipping" needle, which he has recently invented.

THE steamers which have been employed in the business of transporting horses to South Africa have had their trips cancelled. The Elder, Dempster & Co.'s steamer, "Monarch," which was loading horses at St. John, N.B., will take its cargo to England.

THE contract for the addition to the Banff Hotel has been awarded to J. A. Tompkins, of Brockville, the architects being Messrs. Hutchison & Wood, of Montreal. The new building will be 180 feet long by 42 wide, and will cost \$100,000.

THE Algoma Navigation Co. has taken over the "City of Windsor," and the "City of Owen Sound," two vessels which last year, when the property of the Owen Sound, Georgian Bay and Soo line, are said to have returned in profits 20 per cent. of the capital invested therein. The company is now offering \$150,-000 of six per cent., first mortgage, tenyear bonds.

A BODY has been formed in British Columbia to be known as the Builders' Association of the City of Victoria, the objects of which will be to encourage a more intimate acquaintance and cultivate a feeling of friendship among its members; to make them better acquainted with the wants and necessities of the building business; to arbitrate and settle disputes, and generally to advance and protect their interests as contracting builders.

THE well known hardware firm of Wood, Vallance & Co., of Hamilton, with branches at Winnipeg and other places, has taken over the stock-in-trade of Thomas Dunn & Co., Limited, Vancouver. Hon. A. T. Wood, of Hamilton, is at the head of both companies. The manager of the Vancouver firm is Mr. W. G. McKenzie, who is vice-president and managing director, while Mr. M. H. Leggat is also connected with the local house as secretary-treasurer. Mr. Mc-Kenzie has been a resident of the province for some years, as western representative of Wood, Vallance & Co., and has an intimate knowledge of the trade. It is the firm's intention to go extensively into the jobbing and wholesale business, and they will carry a very large stock.

Stock & Share Broker.

MONETARY TIMES THE

Our System of Protection **TO POLICY HOLDERS**

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revents Litigation.

Makes Policies Incontestable. Guards against Insolvent Companies.

Guards against Insolvent Companies. Advises of Dishonesty of Management. Secures Prompt and Equitable Settle-ment of Losses, and Riders in the interests of the Assured. Safeguards your Insurance Interests 365 days of the year. Saves work and worry, time and money at a trifling cost

money, at a trifling cost. Provides Expert Legal Advice on all insurance, matters.

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Why there is such a favoritism for Underwood Typewriters is this: - - -

They turn out work faster,
more accurately and with
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Creelman Brothers Typewriter Company, 15 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.

Mercantile Summary.

HENDERSON's shingle and rotary mill, at Campbellton, N.B., has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$5,000; insured.

GEO. WHITE & SONS' implement factory, in London, was on the 12th inst. damaged by fire to the extent of \$2,000.

THE oil well at Springfield, Alta., is now down to a depth of nearly 250 feet, still in the rock formation. The prospects for a good yield are said to be good.

MRS. A. MILES' sash and door factory in Toronto was damaged by fire last Sunday to the amount of \$3,000; insured. About fifty men were thrown out of employment for a time.

THE Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway, controlled by the Canadian Pacific Railway, has purchased the Hull Electric Railway, operating between Ot-About \$750,000 is tawa and Aylmer. stated to have been the price.

THE Freight Claim Association of America, representing practically every railway of importance in Canada, the United States and Mexico, held their eleventh annual convention in Montreal on the 11th inst. The object of the association is to formulate systems for the better protection and carrying of freight in order to avoid losses, and to devise new methods of handling, as well as determine by a fixed basis of settlement what each company will bear of liability where the loss or damage of freight cannot be laid upon any one line.

THE big lumber mills at Cranbrook, Palmer's Bar, and Jaffrey, in the Kootenay district have been merged into a new corporation, which has been formed with a capital stock of about \$500,000. The daily capacity of the mills involved is given at over 100,000 feet, and the organizers of the combination have received some important concessions from the Canadian Pacific Railway, including the right to cut timber on the fine railroad reserves in East Kootenay. The railroad also contracts to purchase from them 8,000,000 feet of lumber each year, together with all the ties required throughout a large district.

THE following is a record of patents recently granted to Canadian inventors in Canada and the United States: Canadian Patents-D. Trench, soldering devices; F. C. Crean, apparatus for disintegrating and drying pulp; C. W. Vernon, phonographs; T. G. Wilson, bandoliers and cartridge belts; V. F. W. Berford, grain doors; T. R. Anderson, lace protectors for shoes; I. Shupe, cream separators. United States Patents -J. A. Burgess, purifying acetylene gas; B. H. Calkin, stamp affixer; W. A. Critchlow, vehicle brake; C. Culver, ore separator and classifier; A. A. Dickson, peat press; O. S. Hammond, sanding machines; E. R. Marshall, combined frame and register for pool games; E. W. Morgan, inhaler; A. J. Morley, chair; A. G. Ronan, muffler; O. Tardiff fire escape; J. B. Nolan, badge; J. Lemire, card-cutter.

The Colonial Investment & Loan Company.

Half - Yearly Dividend.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three per cent. (3%) on the Permanent Pre-ference Stock of this Company has been declared for the half year ending June 30th, 1902, and that a Dividend of Three per cent. (3%) upon the Ordinary Permanent Stock of the Company has been declared for the half year ending June 30th, 1902, and that year ending June 30th, 1902, a the same will be payable on and after

Wednesday, the 2nd Day of July next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from th 16th to the 30th of June, inclusive. By order of the Board.

A. J. JACKSON, Dated Toronto, 3rd June, 1902. General Manager.



The NORTHERN ELECTRIC

Manufacturing Co., Limited

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Electrical Apparatus and

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Special attention to

all classes of

Supplies

METAL WORK

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MONTREAL



If it were possible

to produce anything in the line of Cocoas and Chocolates that would be superior in all respects to Cowan's, depend upon it, it would be done.

Where the finest raw materials are to be obtained is one of the things we know about the business. How to manufacture them is another, and how to place the finished article on the market so that the dealer and consumer will both be satisfied, belongs to our system.

The Cowan Company, Limited, 468 King Street West, Toronto.

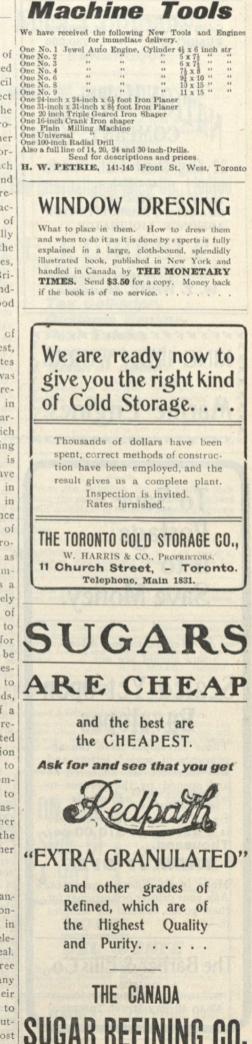
Mercantile Summary.

A SIGNIFICANT RESOLUTION.

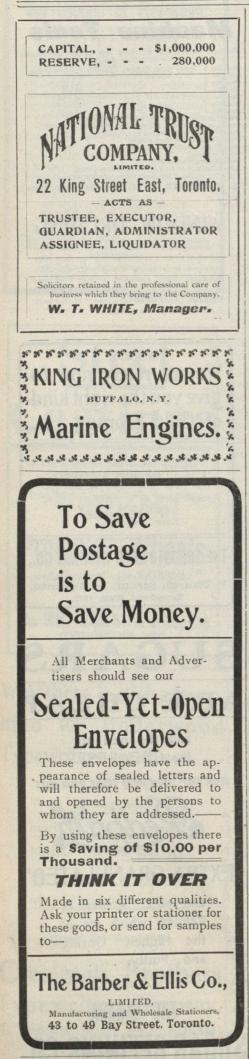
The conference of Boards of Trade of Canada, assembled at Toronto, adopted the resolution suggested by the council of the Montreal Board, to the effect "that Great Britain could serve best the interests of the Empire by giving the products of her colonies a preference in her markets as against the products of foreign countries, it being believed that such preference would stimulate trade and develop colonial enterprises, and moreover, serve to make the colonies attractive, not only to the large number of British subjects emigrating annually from the British Isles, but also to the surplus population of other countries, and at the same time benefit Great Britain by largely freeing her from dependence upon foreign countries for her food supplies."

Fifty boards of trade or chambers of commerce, from Winnipeg in the West, to Halifax in the East, selected delegates to the conference, which in its way was one of the largest gatherings of representative commercial men ever held in Canada. Its decision in this matter was arrived at after fair discussion, in which opponents as well as delegates favoring alternative suggestions took part. It is only one of many evidences that have come to hand indicating that there is in Canada a strong commercial feeling in favor of an Imperial trade alliance through which the various members of the Empire will give each other's products an effective tariff preference, as compared with like merchandise imported from other countries. There is a disposition, perhaps, to look too largely at the advantages which the adoption of such a policy would procure, and to overlook the fact that in return for these advantages there would have to be surrendered to a limited extent, the present free control of all that relates to national taxation. The resolution stands, however, as the expression of view of a non-political commercial association, representative in a wide sense, adopted after fair consideration of the question in all its aspects. It should avail to cause the Canadian delegates at the coming Coronation conference in London to give reasonable consideration of the aspect of the trade issue involved, whether brought up by the representatives of the United Kingdom or those of another colony.

THE Bell Telephone Company of Canada has just carried out the largest contract of its kind recorded in Canada, in the installation of 400 long-distance telephones at the Windsor Hotel, Montreal. By this system guests will be able, free of cost, to obtain a connection with any part of the hotel, without leaving their own rooms, and they will also be able to communicate in the same way with outof-town subscribers, having the cost added to their bills, as in the case of telegrams, etc.



LIMITED, MONTREAL



When writing advertisers please mention this journal.

Mercantile Summay.

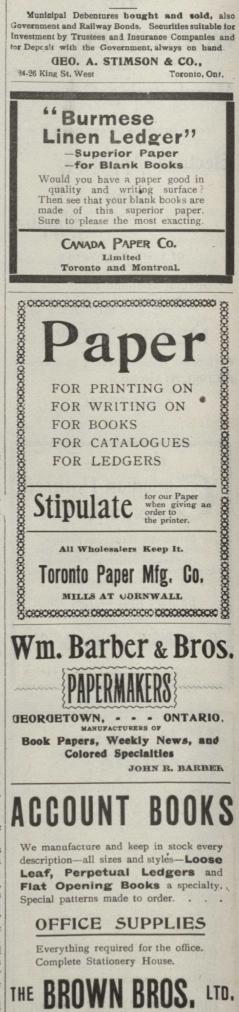
NO IMPROVEMENT IN WOOL.

The following extract from a Bradford-paper of recent date shows how the wool situation is regarded there: "Meantime the position of the English woolgrower is desperate. When, after a rise in the value of 40s. New Zealand amounting to nearly 30 per cent., English halfbred wools are still unsalable at the lowest point ever touched, the dealer in the English trade may be excused for anxiously wondering what is to become of him. And it does really look very bad for him in the future. We heard of one firm, which have been consistent users of English wools, having determined to throw out a combing plant and rely entirely upon tops. 1f English wools can only be sold in future as tops either pure or mixed, then a new basis of values and new methods altogether will have to be adopted. What it means is that the spinner is not prepared any longer to buy large quantities of wool, only a proportion of which may be suitable for his requirements at the moment, and the 'rest may be bad stock. The loss of interest on capital is a factor of importance, and the convenience of being able to buy in the top just what he wants and to pay for it as he takes it is one which will tell more and more strongly in the future. The superior "quality" of the English article counts for little or nothing against the manifold advantages of using tops from imported wools."

The feeling seems to be general among dealers in Ontario that prices, which are being realized for new clip wool, which is coming forward somewhat more freely now, are too high. The crop in the North-West is likely to show a large increase this year. In Great Britain, as is shown by the above extract, the market is extremely dull for any but the finer wools, such as are not produced in Canada, and from the States no demand, offering profitable prices, is likely to arise.

ALAS! POOR COPY BOOK.

President E. J. Buffington, of the Illinois Steel Company, declares that the day of petty economies has passed. "A man advertises for an office boy," he says. "His choice finally rests between two bright youngsters, and as the supreme test he asks that they open some packages lying on the table. This is easy for Charlie, Charlie takes up a package, unties four hard knots, unwinds the string, rolls it up around his fingers, ties it into a loop, and lays the string in a safe place. Then, unwrapping the package, he folds the paper up neatly and lays it on a shelf. By that time Willie, with his pocket knife, has slashed the strings on seven packages, ripped the paper off, and piled the whole mass of rubbish in the waste basket. Forty years ago, of course, Charlie would have got the job; now, however, Willie is business manager for the house." Small economies must be scientific economies. The days of saving wrapping and twine are gone.—Exchange.



51-53 Wellington Street West, Toronto,

Debentures.

Property For Sale.

Executors' Sale.—Handsome, large detached Brick Residence with stable and grounds, beautifully situated on one of the best residential streets, containing elegant large parlors and dining room, library, billiard room, conservatory and ten bed rooms, also well arranged servants' quarters in rear extension.

Well arranged servants quarters in rear extension. The solid brick stable and coachhouse has accommodation for six horses and ten vehicles, also rooms for menservants.

The grounds, which comprise about two acres, are well laid out in lawns, flower and vegetable gardens, fruit trees and beautiful full grown shade trees, and shrubberies of all descriptions. For price and further particulars, apply to

HARTON WALKER, No. 9 Toronto Street, Toronto.

Thoroughly Reliable Real Estate Investment — all business block — in some of the best business centres of Victoria, B.C.

Excellent condition, responsible tenants, present rentals \$654 per month, will admit of censiderable increase, pays at present about 7½ per cent. net on capital, is capable oi doing much better. **Price**, \$84,000.

A. WILLIAMS, 104 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.

JOB PRINTING PLANT FOR SALE bargain—type, etc., carefully selected; one cylinder, two Gordons; power cutter.

PRINTING SNAP

Box 459, Toronto Postoffice.

TWISTING, BENDING and HAMMERING

Wire, Iron and Brass into exquisite designs and shapes for ornamental and useful purposes is what we are in business to do.

Most of the orders for this class of work come to us from Banks, Insurance Offices and kindred Institutions, but we are prepared to submit ideas to any person for any work where Wire, Iron or Brass is to be used.

The Dennis Wire & Iron Works, LONDON, Ont.

When writing to Advertisers please mention this Journal.

Mercantile Summary.

THE Allan line steamship, "Ionian," has been requisitioned by the Imperial Government, and for the next three months or more will be in service transporting troops from South Africa or Boers to it. She has throughout the season been on the Montreal-Liverpool route.

TRAFFIC through the Canadian and American Soo canals showed a great increase this year over previous years. Total tonnage of freight carried through the American canal in April and May was 6,764,893, as against 2,248,045 for the same period last year. Through the Canadian canal the tonnage was 532,188, as compared with 151,679 last year.

THE by-law to grant a bonus of \$20,-000 to the Union Hat Works, of St. John's, Que., to locate in Brockville, which was defeated by ratepayers of the latter place some time ago, owing, it is believed, to the conditions not being properly known, is to be submitted to them again on the 14th prox. The company would guarantee to remain in the city for twenty years.

ON the 17th inst., Cornwall ratepayers voted in favor of three by-laws. One was to abolish the Board of Water Commissioners, and have the waterworks managed by the town council; another to raise \$11,000 to put in a new hydraulic plant at the pumping-house, and the third to raise \$10,000 to cover the existing overdraft and the cost of proposed extensions. Tenders have been called for the building of the new hydraulic plant.

THE Copenhagen correspondent of a London daily says that the Swedish State railways, which hitherto have only consumed English fuel, are preparing to import a large quantity of Canadian coal. The first order will be one for 7,000 tons. The railways expect considerable advantage from the new import. This will make them independent of any fluctuation in the English supply owing to strikes, and will effect a saving of one shilling per ton.

COUNTRY failures in Quebec province are noted as follows: S. Stevenson, Jr., general dealer, at Kinnear's Mills, is seeking a compromise at 35 cents on the dollar. He was originally a drover and farmer, and began storekeeping a few years ago .---- N. J. Bertrand, a Coaticook harnessmaker, has made an assignment, this not being the first occasion of the kind .---- Ulric Bisson, a tailor, at St. Vincent de Paul, is said to be trying to effect a compromise arrangement .-An assignment has been made by Mrs. J. A. N. Brodeur, milliner, at St. Hyacinthe, her liabilities amounting to about \$1,300. --- Phileas Boucher, of St. Damase de Rimouski, formerly a farmer, but lately running a general store, was recently sued by a Quebec house, and he is now offering 75 cents on liabilities of \$2,600.-John Buchanan, grocer, Levis, lately reported embarrassed, has secured the signatures of his creditors to a compromise at 30 cents on the dollar, cash.



BANKERS

From the following list our readers can ascertain the names and addresses of bankers who will undertake to transact a general agency and collection business in their respective localities:

MEAFORD-Grey County. C. H. JAY & CO'Y, Bankers, Financiers and Canadian Express Co. Agents. Money to loan.

GEORGE F. JEWELL, F.C.A., Public Accountant and Auditor, Office, 361 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

COUNTIES Grey and Bruce collections made on commission, lands valued and sold, notices served A general innancial business transacted. Leading loan companies, lawyers and wholesale merchants given as references

H. H. MILLER, Hanover

JOHN RUTHERFORD,

OWEN SOUND, ONT. Licensed Auctionest for County of Grey.

Lands valued and sold: Notices served; Fire, Life and Plate Glass Insurance; several factory and mill, sites in good locations to dispose of. Loans effected. Best of references.



The British Canadian Loan and Investment Company, (Limited).

Dividend No. 49.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Five per Cent per Annum, on the Paid-up Capital of the Company, for the half-year ending 30th of June, 1902, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable on the

Second Day of July next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th proximo, both days inclusive. By order of the Directors.

By order of the Directors. ERNEST S. BALL, Toronto, 7th May, 1902. Manager.

The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.

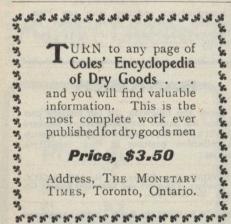
Half-Yearly Dividend.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three per cent. (3%) on the paid-up capital stock of this Corporation has been declared for the half-year ending June 30th, 1902, and that the same will be payable on and after

Wednesday, the 2nd Day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, inclusive.

By order of the Board

GEO. H. SMITH. Toronto, May 28th, 1902. Secretary.



About Children's Cots

> Some people want them constructed along the lines of their own ideas. Others must have them made so as to imitate something they may have seen at the ends of the earth, while others leave size, style, and other details to the man who builds them.

We make a specialty of Children's Cots, and that means we can deliver just what you order.

THE GEO. B. MEADOWS Wire, Iron and Brass Works Co., Limited, 117 King St. West, Toronto.

Mercantile Summary.

A MONTREAL letter informs us that a fifteen-ton double engine steam road roller (Brantford-Pitts), was delivered to the municipality of St. Louis de Mile End, a suburb of Montreal, last week. It is made by the Waterous Works at Brantford, and its price was \$3,450. Mr. Hugh Cameron, the general agent for the makers, and Mr. J. J. Quinlan, engineer, have yet to submit the machine to an official test.

WE note late Montreal failures as follows: J. W. Smith, brick manufacturer, has filed consent to assign, showing liabilities of \$4,100.—Odilon Gauthier, a maker of shoes in a small way, has assigned, owing \$1,585.—L. P. Lebel, who has done a fair-sized trade in men's furnishings since 1894, and who was supposed to be doing moderately well, has made an assignment of his estate, owing about \$11,000, half of which is privileged. —A. Daoust & Co., butchers and grocers, have assigned, owing \$3,350.

ON Tuesday last about 250 plumbers, gas and steam-fitters in Toronto went out on strike, and as a result nearly all the plumbers' shops in the city are tied up. The men are asking for higher wages though little more than a year ago they made an agreement with the employers which was to last till January 1st, 1904. This the latter claim they have loyally adhered to, and to raise wages again now would be a serious loss to them. This is one of the strikes that seems ill-advised.

A JOINT meeting of the creditors and shareholders of Seguin, Lalime & Co., Limited, manufacturers of boots and shoes at St. Hyacinthe, Que., was held by order of the court on the 7th inst., when Messrs. A. Labadie, local manager of La Banque Nationale, and J. C. Desautels, notary, were named liquidators. The liabilities are approximated at \$73,000 to their bankers, \$20,000 mortgage, and about \$11,000 of a balance of a loan due the town; their merchandise liabilities will not exceed \$3,000, it is said, as they had been buying practically for cash for some time. Assets are estimated to nominally exceed the aggregate of liabilities, but represented largely by expensive factory premises, plant, etc.

On Monday last an interesting test, at which many prominent scientific as well as business men were present, was made at F. Thomson & Co.'s electrical shops in Montreal. This firm received the contract some time ago to furnish a 75 k.w. 2,000 voltage generator, or alternating current dynamo, two 50-k.w. 40,000 voltage transformers, and various other equipment, for the Marconi wireless telegraph station near Cape Breton, Nova Scotia. These are the highest voltage transformers ever built in Canada. Aside from a few long distance electrical transmission systems in the United States, no occasion for such powerful machines has arisen anywhere. At the test a voltage of 120,000 was developed, and it was conMACLEOD, Alta., Public School Board is calling for tenders, to be in by July 1st, for the sale of \$12,000 debentures, payable in 20 equal annual instalments, interest at 6 per cent.

A FIRE which broke out on Tuesday in the foundry shop of the Singer Manufacturing Co., Montreal, and spread to G. A. Grier & Co.'s lumber yards, did \$40,000 worth of damage before it could be extinguished. The loss is covered by insurance.

In the autumn of 1896, Miss A. Mills purchased the bankrupt millinery stock of Miss Roblin at Belleville, amounting to \$1,300, paying \$450 cash for the same. Notwithstanding this seemingly good start, she was obliged to compromise liabilities of \$2,260 at a discount of 75 per cent, in July, 1900. Evidently with all the advantage this favorable settlement gave her she finds herself unable to compete and now an assignment is made.

THERE are at the present time three steamers now on their way from Great Britain to the Great Lakes, where they will trade on Lake Superior and Georgian Bay during the season. The vessels are, the "Turret Cape," "Turret Court," and "Turret Chiei," and, we are told, they will be the largest that ever attempted a passage through the St Lawrence and Welland canals. Their principal cargo will be grain, which they will carry to Canadian ports instead of its being diverted to Buffalo, and conveyed by United States bottom.

THERE are a couple of small Toronto failures to notice this week. One is that of Selby & Co., dealers in school supplies, who have been in business over twenty years at various times, Mr. Selby being associated with different partners. In October last he became sole owner. He claimed in 1900 a surplus of \$5,000 above liabilities of \$1,500. He now makes an assignment. The other assignment is that of a small grocer, etc., named Thomas Brown, who had been in business three years,----A bailiff is in possession of the hotel premises of Mrs. M. Guittard, at Windsor, on a landlord's warrant for \$700 rent. Her stock, etc., was mortgaged for \$500.

According to a paragraph in The Winnipeg Commercial, building operations are very active in Brandon this season. Business premises are in good demand and quite a number of new buildings are going up, to be used as stores and offices. Brown & Mitchell are building a new block on Ninth street for a plumber's shop. Senator Kirchoffer is building a new store to cost \$4,000. D. C. McKinnon a \$5,000 building to be used as a store. Zink Bros. an \$18,000 block. The Brandon Machine Works have built a new warehouse. Alexander & Law Bros. are building a new flour mill to grind 300 barrels per day and an elevator to hold 50,000 bushels. The new binder twine factory and warehouse are nearing completion. New residential buildings are also quite numerous. Burchell & Howey contemplate building a \$12,000 block.

CANADIAN ELECTRICAL ASSOCIATION.

The Canadian Electrical Association held their annual convention at the city of Quebec on the 11th, 12th and 13th of June, having the headquarters in the assembly hall of the Chateau Frontenac. There were present about one hundred members of the body, besides numerous newspapermen and representatives of electrical companies in the United States. As Mayor Parent was unable to be present, Ald. Geo. Tanguay, M.P.P., welcomed the association to the city on behalf of the city council and citizens.

Amongst the different papers read was one on "The Electrical Equipment of an Ordinary Street Car," presented by Mr. A. B. Lamb, of Toronto. This paper was given in the car sheds of the Quebec Railway, Light and Power Co. where, through the courtesy of Mr. Evans (manager of the company), all the machinery, including motors, conductors, etc., connected with a street car, controllers attached and electric current leading thereto, were placed in position to be thoroughly explained as Mr. Lamb proceeded with his lecture. Other papers presented were "Development of Arc Lighting Apparatus from 1810 to 1902," with special reference to Modern Arc Light Engineering, by Mr. W. D'A. Ryan, of Lynn, Mass.; "Arc Lighting," by C. M. Green, of Lynn, Mass.; "The Use of Storage Batteries in Electric Distributive Systems," by A. A. Dion, of Ottawa, Ont.; "Electric Suburban Railways," by E. A. Evans, of Quebec.

As usual the social part of the programme was enjoyed thoroughly, it included a trip to Kent House, Montmorency Falls, and the shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre, over the Quebec and Montmorency electric line. Through the courtesy of Mr. Nicholls of the Canadian General Electric Co., the members were tendered a trip by steamer to St. Joseph, also to the site of the new Quebec bridge, and luncheon was served on board the boat. The annual banquet of the association took place on Thursday night at the Chateau Frontenac. The Bullock Electric Co., of Cincinatti presented each member with a very neat medal as a souvenir of the occasion, and the Canadian General Electric Co.'s gift was an aluminum match box, for desk use, in the shape of a motor. Next year we understand, the convention is coming to Toronto.

An assignment has been made by D. M. Kinzie, general storekeeper at Dutton. He has been in business many years but never successfully. His first failure was made in Sarnia; he failed later at Berlin, again in 1894 at Courtwright. About five years later he started again in business in Iona in the name of his daughter, but shortly afterward moved to his present location where he resumed in his own name. After making an offer of compromise which was declined, the result on this occasion is as above stated.

A BOOK OF REFERENCE.

Whoever has had occasion to look into the extent of commercial, industrial, financial or agricultural progress of the Dominion in recent years, knows how difficult it is to find certain information at the moment it is wanted. Government reports are not always compiled so as to be of service to the "man in a hurry," and there is a lack of statistical works outside the Year Book. We have seen an advance copy of Morang's 1st Annual Register of Canadian Affairs,* the compilation of which represents, we can easily understand, a great deal of hard work in getting together the material which the book contains. A volume of this kind needs to be the very essence of accuracy to be of any value to the business community, and from what we have noticed we should say that the work bears the ear-marks of care and consequent usefulness. We understand that the publishers have every intention of making the Register an annual publica-

* George N. Morang & Co., Ltd., Toronto, publishers. Price \$3.00. 500 pp. demy octavo.

A HOTELKEEPER, named F. Hofercamp, at Quesnel, B.C., has assigned with liabilities of \$6,000, and nominal assets of \$4,000. Certainly a good deal of indebtedness to pile up in five years' business. ——It is now something more than three years since Chas. W. Willis opened a dry goods store in Portage la Praírie. His assets have been all along mortgaged to his principal creditors, and a foreclosure has taken place.

--"Now, here is a showcase," said the dealer, pointing to a peculiar looking specimen of his wares, "that is bound to become popular. It magnifies everything put in it to double its natural size." "Can't use it in my business," replied the prospective customer. "What I want is a case that will seemingly reduce the actual size of its contents one-half." "What is your line," asked the dealer. "Ladies" shoes."-Chicago News.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL.

				Closi Pric	price	
STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers	Buyers.	Average.
Montreal	259	255	ŏ0	260	255	
Ontario	9141	211	84	215	2131	
J. Cartier	157	1494	136			
Commerce	158	1*7	11			****
Union Hochelaga	1 6	125	34	120 145	135	
Nationale						
M. Telegraph R. & O Nav	170 113	169 113	37 325	170 1131	1194	
Street Ry N Stock	277	2751	100	280	2751	
Ht. & Power	1043	103	1911	103	1021	****
C P. R Land Gt Bonds	137	135	2,083	136号	1361	
Rell Tele, Co N. W. Land pfd Mont. 4% Stock	1671	1674	26	168	167	





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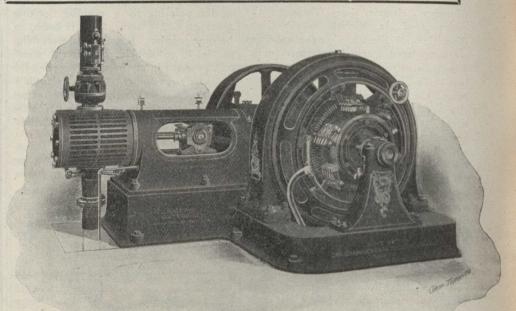


wood, lighted with gas and heated by hot water, is fifty feet above the cottage at the gate and three hundred feet above Lake Ontario, forty rods distant. Nine acres compose the property, on which there are two clumps of pine trees. An abundance of apples pears, plums, cherries and small fruits are grown every year. Besides this there is a large driving house with well fitted Toronto, may be react

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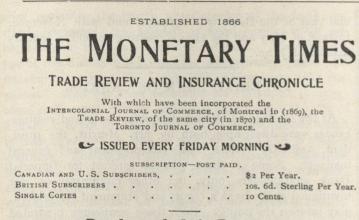
every year. Besides this there is a large driving house with well fitted stabling for a half dozen horses, etc. The City Hall, Toronto, may be reached in forty minutes by electric cars. The location is unrivalled. This property is unencumbered and may be purchased on easy terms of payment. Apply MONETARY TIMES OFFICE,

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For Weight and Solidity, Perfect Running Balance (Absence of Coolness of Bearings, Absence of Noise, Perfection of Regulation and Maximum of Power, No engine surpasses the MCEWEN

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BUSINESS AND EDITORIAL OFFICE

TORONTO, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1902.

THE SITUATION.

The Postmaster-General has made a move apparently intended to redeem his pledge to bring the business of his department to a financial equilibrium. He has increased the rates upon several kinds of mail matter, in the hope presumably of getting something approaching an equivalent increase in revenue. This, we need not say, is not the pleasantest way of arriving at an equilibrium ; and it is only justifiable if there were no other way of reaching the end desired. The post-office department ought to be self-sustaining, and if those who get the benefit of its operation have not been paying the bare cost of the service, they ought not to complain that the rates are made sufficient for that purpose. There may be questions about the distribution of the various charges for postal service ; into these we do not here enter. All we intend is to affirm the general principle on which postal finance should be founded.

To all appearance the British Government has come to a resolution which puts out of question all prospect of a British Empire zollverein. The liberal members had made a determined attack on the corn duties, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer so far yielded as to agree to reduce the duty on maize to one-half, in consideration of the wants of Ireland. The government was charged with an intention to reverse the fiscal policy of the country and to revert to protection. The Chancellor of the Exchequer gave the assertion an emphatic denial, assuring the House "that it was not the intention of the Government to encourage trade with the colonies by initiating a tariff war with foreign nations." Those who injudiciously raised the question in the colonies ran imminent risk of embroiling the different parts of the Empire. Reversion to a protective policy by Great Britain is a revolution which gives no strong sign of coming. It is true there are now as there were in the days of Bentinck, persons who advocate it and there now even Chambers of Commerce which discuss it; but the great mass of the nation remains deaf to their appeals. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, on a previous occasion, said that if the colonies would come

down to a free trade basis—have no tariffs as against any part of the British Empire—it would be worth while for the Metropolitan state to make some sacrifices to secure that end. But the colonies are not willing to abandon their fiscal autonomy; and in fact they could not dispense with a customs revenue.

The first faint note of an Imperial zollverein was sounded by one of the colonial premiers now in England, in an after-dinner speech, on Tuesday night. Mr. Seddon, premier of New Zealand, gave British manufacturers the assurance that "New Zealand would sooner wear cotton prints from England than from America." The reason of this preference is the hope of a mutual preference. For some reason imports into New Zealand from America, the United States presumably, have increased five-fold since 1896. Mr. Seddon favors reciprocal trade arrangements between the colonies and Great Britain. We shall soon hear what response will be given to this proposal. Lord Rosebery said if a proposed zollverein such as is here in question that "it is in effect to ask us to exchange the rule of commercial peace, under which we have prospered, for a commercial war all over the world." It is true Mr. Seddon offers the consolatory assurance that England may banish all fear of offending foreign nations by reciprocal trade relations with the colonies; but this assurance is of no value as a guarantee. As colonial delegates come to speak in favor of reciprocal trade relations with the mother country, we may expect to hear replies ; Lord Rosebery's speech did not take that form, but was based on the corn duties, to which he is strongly opposed, and which are likely to make a dividing line between the two great English parties, if they be not speedily abandoned as no longer necessary for revenue purposes.

The discussion of the relations of the colonies to the metropolitan state of the British Empire continues to bring out widely different views. Col. Denison is making a starring tour of England and Scotland, expressing his personal view on the subject of the defence of the Empire. He proposes to tax all British trade throughout the Empire five per cent. to form a national defence fund. The plan is too symmetrical, too simple, to be practicable; it makes no distinction between raw materials, which often require to be free, and finished products. This an Englishman interested in cotton has pointed out would be a serious thing for the British cotton industry. It is known that Col. Denison in no way represents the Government of Canada ; and that on the point of the defence of the Empire the Dominion Premier has repeatedly expressed a different opinion. Another member of the Government says Col. Denison talks too much. All parties in England would agree to accept a colonial contribution to Imperial defence; but few would want it coupled with a practical return to a protective policy. People who write on the subject are more anxious to put forward their own views than to present a fair view of the actual state of public opinion. At present Sir Wilfrid Laurier is opposed to binding the colonies to contribute a fixed annual amount towards Imperial defence; but his views may undergo unforeseen development. Col. Denison cannot be said to represent Canada as a whole; and it would be difficult to say what proportion of the people coincide in his views of Imperial defence. It is enough to say that he cannot be taken as a special representative of Canada,

Mr. James Bryce, M.P., on the trade relations of the colonies in the Empire, the other day said: "If the pro-

posal was to establish complete free trade throughout the British Empire, we should all welcome it, subject, indeed, to the reservation of a duty on alcoholic drinks, which our revenue could not dispense with." But he admits, as we all do, that this is impossible, because the colonies "desire to maintain both for protective and revenue purposes an elaborate tariff system on many articles." He goes on to argue that mutual preference is impossible; for if a tax were put on wheat and timber for the benefit of Canada, Australia and New Zealand would want duties on wool and meat. In this way the hands of England would be tied; and then when difficulties came over these arrangements, and the question of putting an end to them arose, the matter, involving political relations, would be more serious than putting an end to a foreign treaty. This view is one which prevails in England to a very great extent, and so far appears to remain predominant.

In an interview with the New York Herald, Sir Wilfred Laurier, when in New York on his way to the Coronation, was led to speak on the present condition of the question of the Alaskan boundary. It was known that Canada was willing to submit the question to arbitration; but it only now comes out incidentally that, at the time when arbitration was proposed, the general feeling in Europe, on account of the war between Spain and the United States, was such that the government of the latter did not feel certain that it could get absolutely impartial treatment at the hands of the representatives in the arbitration tribunal of European governments. That distrust may have been mitigated by time or disappeared altogether. At any rate, Sir Wilfred Laurier while in London will try to get Lord Landsdowne and Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, to put the matter in train for settlement. On the other hand, the British members of the Joint High Commission fought shy of South American governments when they were suggested as arbitrators.

A case was up in the courts a few days ago in which the claim of the Dominion Government to priority over other creditors came up. It was pointed out that this priority is negatived by an Ontario law which places the Government in the same position as any other creditor. In the opinion of the Federal Government, the Ontario legislature overstepped the limits of its authority in passing the law. On learning this, Judge Meredith refused to hear the case further. How is this conflict of authority to be settled ? Is it another case for the Privy Council ? That is probably the only way out of the difficulty.

BANK OF TORONTO.

In accordance with a resolution passed a year ago authorizing an increase of the bank's capital, half a million in stock has since been issued at 200 and the sum of \$492,360 has been added to Rest account therefrom. Another source of profit to the extent of \$100,000 has been found in the sale of securities at an advance. These sums, added to net banking earnings, make the very comfortable sum of \$920,000 to deal with. After dividing eleven per cent. to shareholders and paying taxes, \$5,000 is added to Officers' Pension Fund and the Rest is raised to \$2,592,360, a sum larger than the paid capital. We can recollect only two other banks in Canada having a larger Rest than Capital. A change has been made in the number of directors, nine being the number now, instead of seven. The new men are John Waldie, of nto, and John J. Long, of Collingwood. The finan-

cial year of the Bank will hereafter end with November instead of May and the annual meeting be held in January instead of June.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

At the meeting on Wednesday some facts and reminiscences were dwelt upon both by Mr. Merritt, the president, and Mr. Wilkie, now vice-president and general manager. Some of these possess interest for Imperial Bank shareholders only, but other circumstances, not mentioned in the bank's report and statement as printed, may interest the public. Both these gentlemen presented arguments in favor of increasing the capital of existing strong banks to do the increased banking business of the country, rather than launch new and small banks which would have to run the gauntlet and establish their raison d'etre. The fact came out that, although no one would think it, Mr. Wilkie is now the oldest general manager of a bank in the Dominion. As we find upon looking up our files, he has been with the bank since the year 1874. The total staff of the bank now numbers 274, and it is pleasing to hear that in view of the Coronation festival, a good sized bonus has been given to the staff. This rewarding of faithful service is a creditable way of disposing of some of the surplus profits of an institution. Various references were made at the meeting, as well as that in the report, to the loss the bank had sustained in the death of Mr. H. S. Howland, so long its president. Notwithstanding the increase of the capital by half a million in 1899, it is now again advisable, in the opinion of the directors, to make it still larger. Power was therefore taken to make further increases. The net earnings of the year were \$448,857. and there was brought into profit and loss account from Contingent account \$85,000 set aside at a previous time against apprehended losses, but not needed. So, as the year turned out a fat one, \$275,000 was added to Rest and \$30,000 written off bank premises account. The totals of assets and liabilities exceed \$25,000,000 and the showing of assets is a strong one, \$11,000,000 being readily available. Branches of the Imperial have been opened during the year at Rosthern, Sas., and Ferguson, B.C.

STANDARD BANK.

To recover a round sum from debts previously written off is a pleasant thing for either a merchant or a banker. And this has been the agreeable experience of the Standard Bank of Canada during the financial year just closed. This sum of \$25,000, added to the \$176,796 net banking profits of the twelve months (being at the rate of 17% per cent. on capital or 9.55 per cent. on capital and reserve) and the balance brought forward, gave the board \$207,613 to deal with. They awarded ten per cent. and placed \$100,000 to Reserve, carrying the remainder forward. To take the places of the late Mr. John Burns and the late Mr. James Scott, the gentlemen elected were Mr. W. R. Johnston and Mr. Wellington Francis, both of Toronto. The general statement of the bank shows the usual clean condition of assets and an even stronger proportion of readily available ones.

BANK OF HAMILTON.

One reads with a feeling which is very near surprise some of the remarks of the president of the Bank of Hamilton on Monday last. Speaking then to the shareholders Mr. Stuart, the only surviving director of the original board, after reviewing the thirty years' career of the bank, its steady progress, its assured position, said: "We are beginning to become a board of old men. The average age of the directors is something over seventy years. Of necessity it cannot be long before others must take our places." And yet upon reflection his statement is recognized to be true. Thirty years is a long time in the life of a man: it is not so long in the life of an institution, which is built to endure as long as principles last and processes continue. The present directors of the Bank of Hamilton have been long at their post, it is true, but we cannot perceive that they show any signs of mental decrepitude. The statement of the bank for the year shows increased circulation, increased loans, and net earnings at the rate of 154 per cent. on capital or nearly 81 per cent. on capital and rest combined, while the totals of assets and liabilities are swelled witin the twelve months from \$17,071,000 each to almost \$20,000,000. Such a business must be planned with judgment and administered with skill to achieve results. The resolutions of thanks to directors and the staff, therefore, were well earned.

ONTARIO BANK.

The forty-fifth annual report of the Ontario Bank, which was submitted on Tuesday, Mr. Donald Mackay in the chair, shows an active condition of business and a considerable increase of profit as the result of the year. While not so much is added to Reserve as a year ago, when premium on new stock supplied a large sum, it is still possible to add \$75,000 to that fund out of profits. And \$5,000 is this year prudently added to Officers' Pension Fund. A feature of the meeting which will prove very welcome to shareholders is the increase of the rate of June dividend from five per cent per annum to six. Even after paying this, a considerable increase is made in the sum carried forward at the credit of profit and loss. Ths directors were re-elected. A branch of the bank i presently to be opened on the South-East corner of Yonge and Carleton streets, a very good spot.

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

The last statement of this bank is of unusual interest to shareholders. The profits of the year reached \$242,320, which compares well with the previous year's \$168,594. As we have already noted, the dividend was increased from 6 per cent. to 7, and an addition of \$100,000 from the profits has been made to the reserve fund, which now amounts to \$650,000. There is a material enlargement of circulation, and the total liabilities of the bank are increased from \$11,136,000 to \$13,367,000, Of this total no less than eight millions and a half consisted of deposits. Immediately available assets have grown from \$1,756,000 to \$2,531,000 during the year, and the current loans and discounts, which were \$8,957,000 twelve months ago, are now \$10,362,000. The bank's increasing business requiring the subscription of more capital, the board was authorized by the shareholders to increase it from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000, whenever in their discretion it should seem advisable. The first issue, not to exceed \$250,000, is to be allotted to shareholders at 25 per cent. premium.

TRADERS BANK.

By the comparative statement for five years past issued by the Traders' Bank of Canada a steady increase is shown in deposits, in assets, and in net profits. Within the period mentioned \$310,000 has been added to Rest, a

considerable portion of which is derived from sales of new stock at a premium. The business of the bank is manifestly active; the circulation being very close indeed to the limit. Having earned net profits of \$178,920, which is equal to 13½ per cent. on the average capital, \$100,000 was carried to the reserve, after payment of six per cent. dividend. Deposits, \$8,890,340, show a gain of more than a million on the year. Available assets, while not so strong in proportion as a year ago, are slightly higher than then, and the current discounts have gone up by a million and a quarter. To the vacancy on the board caused by the death of Mr. J. H. Beatty, Mr. C. S. Wilcox, of Hamilton, has been appointed.

A MINERAL PREACHER.

The Similkameen and the Lardeau districts of British Columbia are among those that have come to be considered most important and promising of the new mining areas of that province. Some good mineral properties have been found within their borders and sound companies formed to work them. Some wild cat schemes have also been framed, as is common in the earlier stages of mining development. There are peculiar people in our far west; perhaps the new and free conditions serve to develop or to attract them. One such person is described in the June issue of the Mining Record, of Victoria. This is the "Rev." Chas. W. McCrossan, who lately arrived on the scene from Minneapolis, Minnesota, and is preaching a gospel which has little to do with men's souls but much with their pockets. He has, it seems, promoted five companies: the Golden Link Mining Co., the Golden Circle Mining Co., the Sicamous Gold and Copper Mining Co., the Metropolitan Gold and Silver Mining Co., and the Lardeau Smelting and Refining Co. Four of these are capitalized at a million dollars each and one at two millions. As to the nature of the properties said to be held by these companies, only one, the Metropolitan, is mentioned in the Minister of Mines' Report, and the Record says it has been unable upon enquiry to find mining engineers who know anything about the others. Says that journal:

Unfortunately these gentlemen prove to be as ignorant as ourselves, and all we can learn from what have hitherto proved well-informed local sources, is that the ore on the Metropolitan claim occurs in small stringers. Now, a twoinch vein—and one of the Metropolitan stringers is, we understand, as wide as this—must carry very high-grade ore to admit of profitable mining, and although a few tons of ore were actually taken out last year, a correspondent informs us, and we can quite easily believe him, that the operation was conducted at a considerable loss. It was probably on account of this that the enterprising Mr. McCrossan purchased a small 30-ton "Vulcan" furnace, the efficiency of which has not, however, yet been demonstrated, and floated on the strength of it another million-dollar company. This, so far as it went, was a capital stroke of business, as it is not unlikely that the plant cost as much as ten thousand dollars.

The shares in the undertaking were then offered to the public at par. Here comes in a most peculiar and important fact. This so-called "smelter" was to have been blown in six months ago. It was not blown in because the search for fluxes to be used in smelting was not begun until after the smelter had been set up; and it was then found that there was no limestone within several miles of the works! This is almost a case of the laboriously hewn boat of the Swiss Family Robinson, which, when they had got it made in the forest, they were unable to transport to the water. The enterprising McCrossan, though he had shown in this instance more hindsight

than foresight in dealing with the technical work of mining, had very cunning notions of the value of canvassing and advertising. He not only spoke and wrote highly of the value of these companies to such of his own circle as he could influence, but he hired other preachers to exalt the horn of the Golden Link, the Golden Circle and the others. How many shares in these schemes he sold we cannot find out, but he soon began to find his duties as secretary onerous, because of the number of enquirers from shareholders, so he established " The B. C. Monthly Mining Bulletin," 25 cents per annum, which the Mining Record describes as a cross between a bucket-shop rag and The War Cry. In this monthly he puffs, with great puffery, his own mining schemes and deals masterfully with sceptics; while in it he advertises a book written by himself, entitled "Love and Life." Finally, as the Record sums him up, he uses his paper as a medium to advertise heaven. "Meanwhile as many people in British Columbia do not believe in the Rev. Chas. W. McCrossan, nor in his Lardeau mining schemes, he should have here a fine field in which to exercise his ability as already described of dealing with sceptics."

COUNTERFEIT LIFE ASSURANCE.

SECOND ARTICLE.

The remainder of the list of thirty-seven assessment assurance societies, begun in last week's issue, will be found below. The figures are instructive, as showing the disappearance of a number of such societies and the steady rise in the cost of assurance in nearly all of them. It is to be borne in mind that to represent the average working expenses of these societies \$4 has been added to the net death losses to make up the amount found in the column headed "Cost per \$1,000."

Name and date of Origin.	Year of Record.	No. of Mem- bers.	Cost per \$1,000.	Year of Record	No. of Mem- bers.	Cost per \$1,000.
(20) Home Circle, Supreme Council, Boston, Mass., 1879.	$\left\{\begin{matrix} 1887\\ 1888\\ 1899\\ 1890\\ 1891\\ 1892\\ 1893\\ 1894\end{matrix}\right.$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,673\\ 5,395\\ 5,721\\ 5,956\\ 6,238\\ 6,531\\ 6,777\\ 7,183\end{array}$		1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	$\begin{array}{c} 7,212\\ 6,795\\ 6,293\\ 6,217\\ 5,816\\ 5,577\\ 5,462 \end{array}$	\$14 50 16 80 16 00 15 00 17 00 18 70 17 20
(21) Knights and Ladies of Honor, Indianapolis, Indiana, 1877.	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}1888\\1889\\1890\\1891\\1891\\1892\\1893\\1894\end{array}\right.$	$\begin{array}{r} 47,793\\52,980\\59,880\\61,991\\64,660\\67,516\\73,343\end{array}$	\$15 31 15 37 16 78 17 13 16 70 16 20 16 00	1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	$\begin{array}{c} 76,162\\ 70,927\\ 66,437\\ 64,300\\ 51,800\\ 49,785\\ 51,808 \end{array}$	<pre>\$17 30 18 40 17 90 19 00 29 70 24 00 24 00</pre>
(22) Knights of Honor, Supreme Lodge, St. Louis, Mo., 1874.	$\left(\begin{matrix} 1885\\ 1886\\ 1887\\ 1888\\ 1889\\ 1890\\ 1891\\ 1892\\ 1893\end{matrix}\right)$	$\begin{array}{r} 125,395\\ 126,169\\ 122,912\\ 125,417\\ 137,753\\ 135,213\\ 132,499\\ 127,073\\ 123,354\\ \end{array}$	\$15 10 16 70 16 00 17 90 17 23 18 34 19 63 20 30 21 15	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	$119,785 \\ 115,212 \\ 96,633 \\ 89,679 \\ 82,256 \\ 66,863 \\ 59,932 \\ 55,773 \\$	\$20 54 22 30 23 30 27 00 28 30 32 40 32 10 37 30
(23) Knights of Pythias, Endowment Rank, Chicago, Ill., 1877.	$\begin{pmatrix} 1885\\ 1886\\ 1887\\ 1888\\ 1889\\ 1890\\ 1891\\ 1892\\ 1893 \end{pmatrix}$	$17,151 \\ 16,273 \\ 17,083 \\ 18,233 \\ 20,635 \\ 23,501 \\ 27,269 \\ 30,225 \\ 32,922$	\$17 80 18 40 17 60 17 90 16 10 16 60 17 82 18 10 16 08	1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901	36,371 40,988 46,833 51,715 54,771 60,522 66,561 57,075	14 43 14 43 14 90 15 00 15 79 16 60 16 00 20 20
(24) Kts. of Maccabees, Supreme Tent, Port Huron, Mich., 1883.	1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893	2,127 3,790 5,936 8,771 13,696 16,904 23,176 38,227 53,222	\$ 8 00 8 00 8 50 8 70 10 50 10 01 9 40 10 30 9 70	1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	76,620 101,869 118,767 138,663 162,252 197,132 203,832 240,299	\$9 79 9 50 9 10 9 40 10 50 11 85 10 66 10 70

Name and date of	Year of	No. of Mem-	Cost	Yea		Cost per
Origin.	Record	. bers.	\$1,000.	Reco	rd. bers.	\$1,000.
The service is present	(1885	4,695	\$11 77	1894	4,503	\$19 60
(25)	1886	5,026 5,287	$\begin{array}{r}12 \ 60\\14 \ 00\end{array}$	1895 1896	$4,656 \\ 4,945$	$ \begin{array}{r} 21 54 \\ 20 71 \end{array} $
Kt. Temp. and Mas		5,340	14 00	1897	5,367	21 56
Mutual Aid Asso.,	{ 1889	5,356	15 61	1898	5,605	20 82
Cincinnati, O., 1877.	1890	$4,618 \\ 4,051$	16 30	1899	6,004	23 64
10//.	1891	4,031	$15 54 \\ 18 30$	1900 1901	6,287 8,779	$\begin{array}{r} 22 40 \\ 25 60 \end{array}$
	1893	4,403	20 00		-,	-0 00
(00)	(1885	1,500		1894	7,255	\$16 12
(26) Knights Templar	1886	2,365 3,976	\$ 6 00 8 30	1895	7,509	16 03
and Masons' Life In		5,260	9 58	1896	7,472 7,847	15 56 17 70
demnity Co.,	{ 1889	6,123	.11 00	1898	7,253	18 70
Chicago, Ill., 1884.	1890	6,541 7,265	$12 71 \\ 13 74$	1899	6,638	18 00
1004.	1891	7,330	$\begin{array}{r}13&74\\15&88\end{array}$	1900	6,234 5,990	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \ 10 \\ 24 \ 80 \end{array}$
	1893	7,333	15 20	Î.	-,	
(27)	1888	24,980		1895	158,781	\$9 05
Modern Woodmen of America,	1889	$39,547 \\ 42,694$	\$ 7 05	1896 1897	206,536 259,584	8 60 8 12
Rock Island,	1891	52,085	9 46	1898	353,926	8 12 8 50
Illinois,	1892	72,644	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1899	428,361	8 90
1883.	$ 1893 \\ 1894 $	82,223 114,945	8 92 8 67	1900 1901	537,858	8 70
. Same an antice of	/1885	21,288	\$ 8 10	1 1894	621,700 96.067	8 90 \$15 19
and a state of the	1886	37,953	13 00	1895	105,878	\$15 19 15 39
(28) Mut Bosonia Fund	1887	42,625	13 70	1896	118,449	16 52
Mut. Reserve Fund LifeAssociation,	1 1888 1889	47,693 53,215	$ 13 \ 61 \\ 13 \ 59 $	1897 1898	111,908 102,379	16 80
New York,	1890	58,515	13 59 14 85	1899	71,062	$ 18 00 \\ 21 60 $
1881.	1891	64,679	15 15	1900	81,076	22 30
	$\binom{1892}{1893}$	72,342 82,716	$ 16 26 \\ 16 09 $	1901	68,796	34 90
A NOR SHOW THE REAL	(1885	8,391	\$ 7 20	1894	44,707	\$12 24
11 0 0 1.7 3 av 3	1886	13,421	8 20	1895	46,206	12 98
(29)	1887	14,759 17,004	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 30 \\ 9 & 10 \end{array}$	1896 1897	46,782	13 59
National Union,	1889	20,879	9 00	1898	$46,602 \\ 47,002$	$ 12 80 \\ 13 10 $
Toledo, Ohio, 1881.	1890	26,300	9 43	1899	53,040	14 45
1001.	1891 1892	32,127 40,566	9 78 9 88	1900	58,152 61,946	15 25 15 15
	\1893	43,559	11 45	1-001	01,010	10 10
	$(1885 \\ 1886$	1,339 2,725	\$10 31	1894	5,900	\$13 33
(30)	1887	4,067	9 91	1895 1896	$6,021 \\ 5,912$	$ 15 13 \\ 17 40 $
National	1888	4,880	11 90	1897	3,972	19 40
Provident Union, New York,	1889	$5,692 \\ 6,492$	$12 30 \\ 14 10$	1898 1899	3,302 3,282	$ 16 30 \\ 21 00 $
1883.	1891	6,193	14 88	1900	3,175	25 00
all the second second	$1892 \\ 1893$	$6,326 \\ 6,354$	16 50	1901	3,073	23 20
a starter	1887	7,793	17 60 \$11 20	1895	20,190	\$13 30
(31)	1888	9,692	. 11 90	1896	21,463	14 50
Pilgrim Fathers, United Order,	1889	11,356 12,443	$ 11 20 \\ 12 30 $	1897 1898	$23,039 \\ 24,164$	13 70
Lawrence,	1891	13,311	12 40	1899	23,831	$14 00 \\ 16 60$
Mass., 1879.	1892 1893	15,507	13 00	1900	22,311	17 00
1015.	1893	16,963 18,338	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 & 00 \\ 13 & 00 \end{array} $	1901	22,343	17 40
(32)	(1892	7,591	\$ 9 00	1897	23,652	\$ 9 50
Protected Home Circle,	1893	8,856 12,201	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \ 00 \\ 9 \ 00 \end{array}$	1898 1899	25,085	11 00
Sharon, Pa.	1895	15,936	10 00	1900	3 0,068 35,682	$ 10 \ 60 \\ 10 \ 80 $
1886.	(1896	19,589	10 50	1901	41,597	11 50
· · · · · · · · · · · ·	$(1885 \\ 1886$	60,957	\$11 34	1894	159,307	\$13 12
(33)	1887	70,823 79,176	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 & 88 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array} $	$ 1895 \\ 1896 $	174,060 190,261	$12 81 \\ 13 22$
Royal Arcanum,	1888	86,935	11 90	1897	195,105	13 34
Supreme Council, Boston, Mass.,	$ 1889 \\ 1890 $	97,967 111,366	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \ 67 \\ 12 \ 52 \end{array}$	1898 1899	189,184 193,864	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 & 81 \\ 15 & 15 \end{array} $
1877.	1891	124,766	12 14	1900	210,074	$ 15 15 \\ 15 29 $
	$1892 \\ 1893$	137,189	12 90	1901	231,132	13 40
	1885	$148,426 \\ 14,530$	13 05 \$13 00	1894	12,275	\$19 98
(0.4)	1886	15,439	14 00	1895	12,481	19 60
(34) Royal Templars	1887 1888	$14,665 \\ 14,860$	$ 16 00 \\ 15 11 $	1896 1897	$12,401 \\ 12,435$	20 45
of Temperance,	1889	14,701	14 33	1898	12,455	$22 40 \\ 21 30$
Buffalo, N.Y.,	1890	15,133	16 20	1899	12,214	22 40
1877.	1891 1892	13,698 12,682	19 88 21 82	1900 1901	12,097 13,656	$ \begin{array}{r} 23 & 40 \\ 23 & 36 \end{array} $
105	1893	12,957	23 86			20 00
(35) Royal League,	$\binom{1892}{1893}$	9,000 9,728	\$ 9 20 \$ 9 30	$\frac{1897}{1898}$	15,100	\$ 9 00
Chicago, Ill.	1895	11,610	8 60	1899	$16,336 \\ 18,230$	9 50 9 60
1883.	1895	14,320	10 20	1900	19 670	10 28
(36)	(1896 (1892	$16,629 \\ 3,820$	9 00 \$ 7 25	$1901 \\ 1897$	$20,635 \\ 4,940$	11 17 \$ 8 90
Sons of Scotland,	1893	3,938	11 00	1898	5,543	11 30
Toronto, Ont., 1876.	1894 1895	$4,776 \\ 4,948$	9 30 8 40	1899 1900	$5,894 \\ 6,096$	10 60
	1895	4,742	11 30	1900	6,096 6,088	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 10 \\ 13 & 04 \end{array}$
(37) Woodmen of the	(1890	5,461	\$ 7 07	1896	50,110	\$10 80
Woodmen of the World,	1891 1892	6,461 10,106	\$ 7 27 8 30	1897 1898	67,661 88,481	10 80 11 00
Omaha, Neb.,	1893	14,057	10 10	1899	113,473	11 50
1890.	1894 1895	20,272 23,026	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1900 1901	129,837 153,017	11 60 11 10
						11 10

On examining the foregoing tables, it will be found that in all cases where there is a decrease in the membership, or even a cessation of growth, there is a decided increase in the death claims, compared with 15 or 16 years ago. The following are striking instances of this mortality law, viz.:

No. Name. Inc	rease.	No.	Name.	Incr	ease.
I. A.O.U.W	6 06	18.	Golden Cros	ss\$	4 70
2. A.O.U.W	14 22	20.	Home Circle		7 80
3. A.O.U.W					
5. A.O.U.W	12 50	22.	Knights of	Honor :	22 20
.6. A.O.U.W	8 34	25.	Knights Ter	nplars	13 83
8. A.O.U.W					
10, A.O.U.W	8 05	28.	Mutual Rese	erve :	26 80
II. Am. L. of Honor					
12. Cath. Benev. Legion					
14. Commercial Trav'l'rs					
15. A. O. Foresters	4 90	36.	Sons of Scot	tland	5 79

On the other hand, wherever there has been a rapid influx of new blood within the past five years, the heavy mortality among the older members is so "snowed under" as to make little impression on that society's general death rate. Instances of this covering-up process can be seen in the following cases, viz : No. Name. Increase. No. Name. Increase. 13. Chosen Friends (C) \$2 74 27. Woodmen ... None 16. C. O. Foresters.... None 32. Protected H. Circle \$2 50

 17. I. O. Foresters I 72
 33. Royal Arcanum 2 06

 24. Knights Maccabees.. 2 70
 35. Royal League I 97

 37. W. of the World... 3 83

Ten of the societies in our list of a year ago have disappeared, and hence are omitted from the record this year, such as the Covenant Mutual, of Galesburg, Ill.; the Chosen Friends of Indianapolis, and eight others. "Old Mortality" proved too much for them. In their stead we give particulars from 1892 to date of twelve others of some standing, and among them several more Canadian societies, making the total list, this year, number thirty-seven.

This issue of our paper, as well as the previous one, should be labelled and preserved for reference, as to the standing and progress of these thirty-seven well-known societies.

THE GROWING CROPS.

Reports from all over Ontario speak in uniformly satisfactory terms of the growing wheat crop. The weather has been on the whole very favorable, and one noticeable feature is the absence of damage from the fly. Last year considerable injury ensued from that source and probably it is owing to this that the acreage is somewhat smaller than it was last season. If present prospects continue, however, the difference will be more than counter-balanced by the extra good results of the planting. In the counties along Lake Erie, as well as Oxford, Brant, Middlesex, and Halton, there is an excellent prospect for wheat. Other grains are also reported to be doing well, the only exception being Indian corn, the proper growth of which has been militated against by the coolness of the season. In the counties bordering along Lake Erie the latest reports say this crop is picking up well, though even there it is a little late, but in most sections its growth has been very considerably retarded. Unless continued good weather comes to offset this backwardness, the feed question will be quite seriously affected. It is only in the southern section above indicated that corn is produced to any extent as a grain crop, but the aggregate quantity now being grown in the province for fodder would probably surprise people. The Government has done much to foster this state of things in recent years.

—According to Crop Bulletin No. 66, just issued by the Manitoba Department of Agriculture, reports from all parts of the province indicate that the germination of seed has been perfect. Seeding commenced in some parts of the province as early as the 1st of April, but was not general until after the 15th. In most parts wheat-seeding was not finished until May 24. Oats and barley and other crops were sown up to the end of the first week in June. Flax was sown as late as June 10. Seeding was greatly retarded throughout the province by the heavy rainfall in the month of May. There was more rain during seeding than farmers desired, resulting in a few cases in a decreased acreage in wheat, but this has been amply compensated by the wonderfully rapid growth which all crops have made.

LUMBER.

Putting the question of Canadian lumber prices in a nutshell it may be stated that the higher grades of pine have, during the last few weeks, made a fairly substantial advance, while common qualities remain about as they were. There is in Ontario an especially brisk demand for flooring strips. In view of the bright prospects in most parts for a continued brisk building season, there is no likelihood of values receding for some time to come. At the same time it is by no means probable that there will be any substantial further advance in prices, because the prevalent opinion appears to be that prices are high enough for safety as they now are, and that thereby a restriction in the consumption might be brought about.

According to a late report from Messrs. Farnworth & Jardine the arrivals of timber in Liverpool from British North America during last month were 18,587 tons, against 12,605 tons same month last year. The aggregate tonnage to June 1st from all places was 119,404, 117,416 and 137,121 tons, respectively, in the three years. Business during the past month was on the whole of a satisfactory character and values were well maintained; stocks, with the exception of pitch pine, are within a moderate compass.

MONTREAL LETTER.

In case I do not find much else of a financial kind to ttell you, I had better begin by saying that the Montreal civic loan of \$2,000,000 goes to a London firm, Coates & Co. But they do not give par for it, the rate of their tender was at a slight fraction over 98, in fact 98.05, for a 3½ per cent. loan. This latter fact displeased some eight or ten of the aldermen, mostly French members, who thought that par should be obtained and moved amendments to that effect before the deal should be concluded, but unsuccessfully. And one even proposed that four per cent. interest should be offered, rather than accept less than par. This curious logic did not find much support, however, and the transaction was approved.

You are always, I observe, interested in Board of Trade matters. And so you will be pleased to learn that our board has passed a resolution thanking the people of the West for their generous treatment of our delegates from this province to the conference of boards lately held in Toronto. I have seen two of the delegates, who are warm in praise of their usage by the Toronto people. They say you fellows certainly know how to run a conference and how to get up a banquet. I have heard that a number of the delegates sent by the London, England, Chamber of Commerce to help open the New York Chamber building next fall, if not the whole lot of them, are to visit Montreal either going or coming, on the invitation of our local board. This will be a good opportunity for you to get them up to Toronto. Only, as the season is late, November, I believe, you will have to guarantee them against the cold weather they are in such dread of. Too bad, that after inviting such a lot of your Western volunteers down here for Coronation Day, it is found that difficulty arises over paying the expenses of their visit by the city authorities. But the mayor and some five or six aldermen have put their hands in their own pockets for \$1,000 each rather than disappoint visitors and citizens, and

will properly look to be reimbursed from the city coffers. And so we will have our Hurrah.

Business of almost every kind is active. Wholesale people tell me they are getting well paid, and manufacturers are extremely busy. Down at the harbor there is a continual buzz; work goes on day and night. There are 18 salt water ships in port to-day, and I see six more reported coming up the Gulf, besides two or three coal steamers from Cape Breton. There is a feature to be faced which troubles you in Toronto as well as us, that is the Pennsylvania coal strike. But I guess you use more anthracite than we do, in proportion, we get so much of our coal from Nova Scotia. The building trade is active here, but it costs far more to build a house of any kind than it used to, for labor as well as material is dearer, probably 15 to 25 per cent. more than ten years ago. In five months there has been near a million and a half spent in buildings in Montreal. Here is a list that has been furnished me:

January, 1902, spent in building \$	32,615
February, 1902, spent in building	33,500
March, 1902, spent in building	499,400
April, 1902, spent in building	536,541
May, 1902, spent in building	262,240

Total, five months\$1,364,296

The buildings put up have consisted of 495 dwellings, 4 churches, 66 stores, 18 factories, 6 warehouses, 3 office buildings, a total of 592. You are going to have a street car strike in Toronto, which will give a great boom to bicycles. We have just had a strike of the C.P.R. trackmen averted by the company agreeing to the advice of three arbitrators to give the men 15 per cent. advance. Do you know that there is to be a tunnel under the harbor, from Longueuil under St. Helen's Island into the city? An engineering expert, named Emerson, from Boston, is here to make borings and to report on the scheme, of which \$2,000,-000 is the estimated cost.

Montreal, 17th June.

SUMMER TIME.

MARITIME BOARD OF TRADE.

The president of the Maritime Board of Trade, Mr. W. A. Black, of Halifax, has sent out to all boards of trade in the Maritime provinces a circular, in which he reminds them that the board was inaugurated at St. John, N.B., in 1894, and organization completed at Halifax in August, 1805. Annual meetings have been held at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Truro, Kentville and Chatham, N.B. Each board in the provinces is entitled to have one member on the executive of this board. Says the circular: "Individual effort, in a democratic world, where all men are equal, has not the same influence it once exerted. Even small independent organizations are liable to be local and narrow in their views and apperations, therefore it is necessary to enlarge the sphere of influence by bringing together the greatest aggregate of these local organizations.

"Hence the establishment of the Maritime Board of Trade. Hence the invitation already extended to us to join in the organization of a Dominion Board of Trade or Chamber of Commerce, this Dominion board will come in due time, but first, let us bring into the Maritime Board all the local boards throughout the Maritime provinces. If your board is not already affiliated with the Maritime, it is your bounden duty and highest privilege to become so affiliated at once."

DOMINION COAL AND STEEL.

A meeting of the directors of the Dominion Coal Company and the directors of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company was held in Montreal on the 12th inst., Mr. James Ross in the chair. A full report of the coal company was presented, from which it appears that the sales of coal for the year ending February 28th last were 2,651,263 tons, a quantity which shows a steady increase upon previous years, the output for the previous year having been 2,044,877 tons, and that for 1805 only 884,000 tons. During last year, owing to the rapid extension of business, something like \$1,000,000 was spent on improvements to the mining plant and machinery, railway equipment, shipping piers and houses for employees. At present there are in operation six collieries, which are equipped with the most modern appliances for working the coal and for ventilation and lighting. During the year the surplus earnings of the company amounted to \$937,681.44, and there has also been deposited in addition \$122,939.55 in the sinking fund for the redemption of the company's bonds. This latter amount, together with interest on \$125,000 reserve sinking fund, is sufficient to retire \$115,000 of these bonds, by which the bonded indebtedness will be reduced to \$2,589,500. It is worth noting that in March and April last there was an increase in the output compared with those two months last year, amounting to \$250,000, and there is no reason to doubt that this satisfactory record will continue. The entire output for this year has been sold in advance, and a considerable number of three-year contracts have been entered into. The report was adopted unanimously. A resolution to confirm and ratify the lease to the Dominion Steel Company was proposed by Hon. L. J. Forget, seconded by Hon. D. McKeen, was unanimously adopted. Resolutions expressing regret for the termination of Mr. H. M. Whitney's connection as president with the two companies owing to poor health were passed by the two boards of directors. The election of officers resulted in Mr. James Ross being elected president of both corporations, while Senators George A. Cox and L. J. Forget were made joint vice-presidents of both companies. Mr. Cornelius Shields was elected second vice-president and general manager of the Dominion Coal Company, Mr. John Mackay, secretarytreasurer of the Coal Company, and Mr. W. B. Ross. secretary of the Steel Company.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

On Tuesday last was held the annual meeting of the Toronto Stock Exchange. Officers were elected as under: President, R. A. Smith, of Osler & Hammond; vice-president, R. H. Temple; secretary, A. P. Burritt; treasurer, N. Macrae, Pellatt & Pellatt; committee, G. T. Ferguson, L. Campbell, W. G. Cassels; auditors, J. K. Niven and E. D. Fraser.

TORONTO STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

There has been no feature worthy of special note in local stock exchange transactions this week. The volume of trade continues fair though nothing like what it was a few weeks ago. C.P.R. is still firm, but the recent reaction in price seems to have checked any very great amount of trading. The transactions for the week were as follows: Bank of Ontario, 112 at 12934-30; Ottawa, 94 at 215-6; Toronto, 104 at 243-7; Commerce, 220 at 156-7; Imperial, 15 at 247-50; Dominion, 230 at 243-41/2; Standard, 2 at 240; Hamilton. 858 at 232-5; Traders', 63 at 119-20; Nat. Trust, 3 at 141; Brit. Am. Assur., 25 at 101; West. Assur., 200 at 100-78; Dom. Telegraph, 39 at 120-1; Can. N.W. Land, 162 at 85-92; C.P.R., 16,186 at 135-7; New ditto., 558 at 128-31¹/₄; Toronto Efec-tric Light, 110 at 154-5; General Electric, 121 at 212-3¹/₂; Com. Cable, 50 at 166; Bell Telephone, 578 3-5 at 107-1/4; Rich. & Ont. Nav., 105 at 11213; Niagara Nav., 210 at 145-1481/4; Toronto Ry., 3,200 at 118-1213/4; Northern Nav., 1,302 at 119-7/8; Sao Paulo, 280 at 1001/2-11/2; Can. Per. Loan, 25 at 123; Payne Min. Co., 250 at 22; Consumers' Gas, 2 at 213; Twin City Rights, 3,409 at 13/8-3/4; B. C. Packers' Asso., preferred "A." 1,415 at 100-3/4, "B," 625 at 100-1/8; W. A. Rogers, pref., 17 at 106; Dominion Steel, 69 at 951/2-7%; preferred, 60 at 95-1/2; Bonds, \$224,000 at 921/4-3; Dominion Coal, 1,412 at 138-403/8; Nova Scotia Steel, 220 at 106-81/4; London Loan, 20 at 1153/4; Lake Superior, 1,109 at 293/4-301/2; St. Lawrence Nav., 144 at 1797/8-85.

—An increased rate of dividend has been declared by the Toronto General Trusts Corporation. The dividend for the June half-year is at the rate of $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., payable on Wednesday, 2nd July.

INSTITUTE OF ACTUARIES.

The assistant secretary of the Institute of Actuaries, London, sends us a list of the officers and members of council unanimously elected at the annual general meeting on Monday, the 2nd June, 1902. Thus: President, William Hughes; vice-presidents, Ralph Price Hardy, Arthur Francis Burridge, Thomas G. C. Browne, George King. Council, Thomas Gans Ackland, Henry Walsingham Andras, Arthur Digby Besant, B.A., James Blakey, Thomas G. C. Browne, Arthur Francis Burridge, James Chatham, Henry Cockburn, George Stephen Crisford, Stanley Day, George Francis Hardy, Ralph Price Hardy, Augustus Hendriks, Charles Daniel Higham, Lewis Frederick Hovil, William Hughes, George King, George James Lidstone, George Macritchie Low, Henry William Manly, Geoffrey Marks, Harry Ethelston Nightingale, Frederick Schooling, John Bell Tennant, George Todd, M.A., Ralph Todhunter, M.A., Samuel George Warner, Alfred William Watson, Ernest Woods, Thomas Emley Young, B.A.; treasurer, Henry Cockburn; honorary secretaries, Frederick Schooling and George Todd, M.A.

The meeting was the fifty-fifth. The number of members is increased by 24; there were 119 candidates admitted as probationers and 53 as students. A bust of Dr. Sprague has been erected in the hall. The following papers were submitted at the sessional meetings of the Institute, namely:

November, 1901 .- "The Case for Census Reform," Mr. G. H. Ryan. December, 1901,-"An Enquiry into the Methods and General Principles to be adopted in calculating the Rates of Contribution, or percentage deductions from salary, in the case of superannuation funds and pension funds," Mr. James McGowan. January, 1902 .- "The Actuarial Aspects of Recent Legislation, in the United Kingdom and other countries, on the subject of compensation to workmen for accidents," being the essay by Mr. John Nicoll, first and only prize from the Brown prize fund in the year 1900. February, 1902 .- "Some Notes on the Net Premium Method of Valuation," Mr. S. G. Warner. March, 1902 .- "The British Offices' Life Tables, 1893: An investigation of the rates of mortality in different classes of the assurance experience, and of the resulting net premiums and policy reserves," Mr. T. G. Ackland. April, 1902 .- "Vaccination and the Act of 1898," Mr. A. F. Burridge.

As regards the mortality investigation, jointly undertaken by the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland, the council have to report that good progress, under the excellent supervision of Mr. Ackland, has been made during the year with the computation of monetary values based upon the graduated tables. The monetary tables deduced from the Om and Om(⁵) Experience have been computed in London and have been printed, and the volume is now almost ready for publication.

INSURANCE NOTES.

Word comes to us from Quebec that Capt. W. H. Petry, for many years connected with the Quebec Bank, and for the past few years manager of an up-town branch of the Quebec Bank in Quebec city, has resigned from the bank and accepted the city agency at Quebec city of the Standard Life Assurance Co.

Having been for years in the building corner Toronto and King streets, Mr. Alfred W. Smith, the well known agent for so many years of the Imperial (now the Alliance) Fire Insurance Company, limited, and the British Empire Life Assurance Company, has found it necessary to remove to larger premises. He can be found this week in Wellington Chambers, 72 King street, just opposite the Albany Club. The place is plainly but neatly fitted up, glass partitions and Luxfer prisms playing an important part in the interior lighting. Having more space than his business requires, Mr. Smith is prepared to rent several offices in these conveniently situated buildings.

The laying, last week, of the foundation stone of the Liverpool and London and Globe new building, on the corner Place D'Armes and St. James street, in Montreal, was an interesting event. The former building of three stories on the same site had been in existence some forty years and when it was erected was thought a very handsome structure. Certainly there was a lot of fine stonework in it. The new building will be of seven stories, and in character and appointments worthy of the site and of the great company which will occupy it. Mr. George F. C. Smith was the gentleman who laid the stone, in the presence of the chairman of the local board and a goodly number of citizens. Mr. Smith has been for fifty years with the company-who can believe it, to look at him !-- and was appointed in 1863 resident secretary at Montreal. At a gathering in the Montreal Club, after the ceremony, the chairman of the local board, Mr. A. F. Gault, proposed the toast of the King, and Mr. Wilson-Smith the prosperity of the company. R The latter was responded to by Mr. A. F. Gault and Sir Alexander Lacoste. Mr. Smith's reply to the toast of his health was most pleasing. The health of the visitors was responded to by Mr. J. J. Kenny, managing director of the Western Assurance Company.

FOR DRY GOODS DEALERS.

In men's collars the trade is still running to the stand-up turn-down variety, which have been so popular during the past two years. The manufacturers have their objections to this style of collar because it takes more material and is harder to make. But they are obliged to make them because the demand is insistent and their popularity unmistakable.

A despatch from Springfield, Mass., says that the Newell Brothers Manufacturing Company, of that city, the Boston Button Company, of Boston, and the Williston Knight Company, of Easthampton, three of the largest button manufacturing concerns in the United States, have united and formed the United Button Company, a corporation which will control the button output of the country. The capital of the trust is \$3,000,000, and its main offices are to be in New York.

One of the busiest industries in Glasgow at the moment, says the Draper's Record of June 7th, is that for the provision of flags and bunting for the Coronation. A leading house declares that the demand is unprecedented, and that employees are literally working day and night. Despite the fact that prices are 400 per cent. higher than those ruling at the Queen's Jubilee, it is said that the demand cannot be met. The excessive advance in rates is attributable to the high charges for printing at the instance of Manchester firms. Last year the cost for printing the Scottish lion was 6s. to 6s. 6d., whereas the rate at the moment is 27s. 6d. A Royal Standard, which not long ago was a glut in the market at under £3, cannot now be secured for less than five guineas.

A letter writen by a Canadian to the Editor from Paris, dealing with the subject of Shops and Shopping in that city, considers that we in Canada have nothing to learn from the French merchant, as to how to conduct a business. Accordir.g to this correspondent, "It is a simpler and quicker matter to pay your bill and get goods and change in the Windsor or Detroit shops. And as to Morgan's in Montreal, or Eaton's or Murray's in Toronto, their system beats the French hollow." Then follows a bit of description of an actual scene which is worth copying. Two women go shopping together, and this is what happens: "The curious system in the Paris stores would tire an ox. For instance, mother would buy something at a counter, then the man or girl, from whom she bought it, would tell her to follow him to a counter across the store somewhere, and then he would tell a man with a huge book what had been bought. This man would enter the things and the price, and give mother her change, and then the first man would run round another corner, wrap up the parcel and bring it back to mother. Why-it's simply a mass of people, employees apparently, running all round the place, shouting to anyone or everyone, and chatting like a lot of magpies. We went to the Bon Marché in the afternoon, when it is the worst. Went to the Magasin de Louvre early in the morning. It was not half so

noisy nor so crowded as the other, but far worse than Eaton's." Evidently these celebrated shops are far behind the American and Canadian big stores in their cash-carriers, telephones, and other appliances for making matters easy and swift for the shopper. There is politeness in plenty over there, and much swiftness in movement (of a kind), but for actual celerity in the transaction of business this side of the Atlantic takes the prize.

BANKING ITEMS.

A bank that appropriates a deposit made by a customer to reduce his debt, knowing that it is a trust fund, is liable to the true owner for conversion.—Globe Savings Bank v. National Bank of Commerce (Neb.), 89 N. W., 1,030.

A remarkable institution is the Chemical National Bank of New York City. By its statement of April 30th that bank showed total deposits of \$28,819,388. With a capital stock of only \$300,000, the surplus fund is \$6,000,000, and undivided profits, \$1,087,148.

On Monday last, says a Winnipeg paper, Mr. W. C. Rhodes died at the hospital in Calgary, after several months' illness. Mr. Rhodes was manager of the Calgary branch of the Molsons Bank, and went to Calgary from Woodstock, Ont., to take charge of the bank. In Woodstock he was very popular.

We are informed that Mr. J. S. Willmott, hitherto manager of the branch at Edmonton of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, has been appointed manager of the Brandon branch of the same bank. Mr. Machaffie, who had been acting manager for some recent months at Brandon, returns to the Portage.

A despatch from London announces that the firm of Smith, Payne & Smith, bankers, is to be absorbed by the Union Bank, of London, and that probably several provincial banking businesses allied with the Smith, Payne concern will join the amalgamation. The aggregate deposit and current accounts of the businesses mentioned are considerably over £25,000,000.

On June 11, says the Fredericton Gleaner, seven shares of the capital stock of the People's Bank of New Brunswick were sold at auction at \$290 per share. The stock belonged to the estate of the late James D. McPherson, and was sold by the bank under the Banking Act. By the terms of sale the stock was sold en bloc, for cash down, and with the half-yearly dividend of 4 per cent. payable 1st July. Bidding started at \$225 and was quickly bid up to the figure named, which is as high as the stock ever sold.

TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

The growing length of such lists as we have long been publishing under this heading compels us to condense the circular letters received weekly from London. If any subscriber desires to know the name and address of some firm or individual mentioned in this column, and will give the date of the London list in which it appears, it will be sent him by mail from this office on receipt of a 2-cent postage stamp.

Imperial Institute, London, June 5.—A firm of wholesale stationers would appoint Canadian resident agent. A company making fire clay goods asks to communicate with Canadian importers of these materials. A company which makes electric lamps and other electrical appliances wishes to develop trade in Canada, and is looking for a resident agent. A London house wishes to hear from Canadian producers of Pine Wool, and also of Excelsior, with samples and prices.

FOR GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

P. Burns & Co., of Calgary, have now completed the negotiations for obtaining control of the meat business of Hull Bros., whose stores are situated in Calgary, Anthracite, Canmore, Banff, Golden and other places.

It is referred to as one of the largest transactions in hotel properties in Canada of late years that Mr. Phil Davey, of Toronto, has sold the Tremont House on Yonge street, to Mr. Prentis, Hotel Central, Brighton, for \$33,000. y

Work on the new cheese curing room at Brockville is almost completed. It will have shelf accommodation for 2,700 cheese, and several thousand more will be stored in boxes. Experiments will constantly be made in handling and curing cheese.

A convention of retail merchants from various parts of Ontario is to be held in Toronto during Tuesday and Wednesday of the second week of the Industrial Fair. Different sections will hold separate conferences on those days, but on Tuesday night will be held a general meeting of the 400 or 500 delegates, and on the Wednesday night a banquet.

In our rounds about town we notice that the Pure Gold Company have removed into their palatial new building on King street west. The Eby-Blaine Co. are making good progress also with the extensions to their building on Front street west. Two additional stories are being put on in front and three additional behind, so that before long this well-known firm will have a finely equipped six-story building.

Next week there will be shipped from Montreal a selection of special varieties of Canadian cheese for exhibition at Wolverhampton and Cork. The varieties include Canadianmade English Stilton, Oka cheese and "Print" cheese, the latter being Cheddar prepared in the shape of squares. Samples of Canadian polled cheese and ordinary make of Cheddar will also be sent.

-Information has reached Ottawa that M. S. Morikawa has been appointed consul for Japan at Vancouver, succeeding Mr. Shimizu, who was recently transferred to the Foreign Office at Tokio. Mr. Morikawa is at present at Moppio, Corea. He is an English scholar, having been for some years an attache of the Japanese Embassy in London. It may be remembered that Mr. Theodore Nosse, the excellent gentleman who came to Canada from Japan in 1896 and again in 1901, when he was made consul at Montreal, was previously stationed in Corea.

—We have a letter from Mr. Emile Pauwaert, of Ghent. Belgium, who has lately been appointed correspondent member in Belgium for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association. He kindly offers information with regard to the expansion of business relations between Canada and Belgium. He appears to possess a thorough knowledge of the Belgium manufacturing and trading centres, and his experience should enable him to find new outlets for Canadian products. He has been for many years an import and export merchant in Ghent, which is not far from Ostend, where the Commercial Congress is to be held in August.

—The following figures from the Manitoba crop bulletins were sent on Saturday last to the Ogilvie Flour Company at Montreal by Hon. Robert Rogers, Minister of Public Works, dated Winnipeg. They are estimates of the present grain acreage of the province:

	Acres.
Wheat	2,039,940
Oats	725,060
Barley	329,790
Flax	41,200
Increase in all grain crops	223,149

-On Friday last, a branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was formed in Halifax, with a membership of 55, representing all the leading industries. Mr. Joseph J. Henderson, of Henderson & Potts, was elected president of the branch. It is further of interest to learn that the secretary of the association at Toronto has received word that Sir Edmund Barton, Premier of the Australian Commonwealth, will likely accept Canada's invitation to pass through this country on his way home from the Coronation, and in that event will attend the annual meeting of the Canadian manufacturers in Halifax on August 13th and 14th.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES.

The following are the figures for Canadian clearing houses for the week ended with Thursday, June 19, 1902, compared with those of the previous week.

CITIES	June 19, 1902.	June 12, 1902.
Montreal,		\$23,529,554
Toronto	15,342,301	19,791,742
Winnipeg	3,016,338	3,239,375
Halifax	1,543,649	1,769,169
Hamilton	919,227	, 998,948
St. John	973,014	899,566
Vancouver	1,109,095	1,567,190
Victoria	475,551	523,544
Quebec	1,534,368	1,455,289
Õttawa	2,635,841	1,890,264
London (week 7th June)	684,876	872,790
	\$48,872,167	\$56,537,431

Aggregate balances, this week \$7,715,776; last week \$8,998,128.

MEETINGS.

BANK OF TORONTO.

The forty-sixth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Toronto was held on the 18th inst. On motion, George Gooderham, Esq., was called to the chair, and Mr. Coulson was requested to act as secretary. Messrs. Edward M. Chadwick and Albert E. Gooderham

were appointed scrutineers. At the request of the chairman, the secretary read the following

REPORT.

The directors of the Bank of Toronto have pleasure in presenting the forty-sixth annual statement of the affairs of the bank:

The balance at credit of profit and loss, on 31st

and rebate on current discounts, amounted to the sum of\$325,372 26 Profits realized from sales of securities. 100,000 00 Premium received on new stock 492,360 00

- \$917,732 26

\$929,001 77

	The second second	
This sum has been appropriated as follows:- Dividend No. 91, five per cent\$111,452 81 Dividend No. 92, five per cent 122,429 13 Bonus of one per cent 24,531 25		
	\$258,413	19
Taxes paid to provincial governments Transferred to officers' pension fund Transferred to rest account from profit and loss account \$100,000 of Transferred to rest account, premium	5,000	
on new stock 492,360 00		
	\$592,360	A CONTRACTOR OF THE
Carried forward to next year	09,053	58
	\$929,001	77
REST ACCOUNT.		22.00

Balance, as on 31st May, 1901\$2,000,000 00 Premium on new stock\$492,360 00 Transferred from profit and loss account 100,000 00

-\$ 592,300 00

Amount at credit on 31st May, 1902 \$2,592,360 00

In pursuance of the powers vested in them at the last annual meeting, the directors allotted 5,000 shares, repre-senting \$500,000 additional stock, amongst the shareholders of the bank, and they have now to report that the full amount has been subscribed, and that up to this date the sum of \$492,-360 has been paid.

The premium on this stock has been carried to the Rest account of the bank.

The average paid-up capital for the year has been \$2,338,000.

Since the last annual meeting branches of the bank have been opened at Wallaceburg and Sarnia. The directors propose that the number of directors be increased from seven to nine, and that the financial year of the bank be changed to end with 30th November in each year, and that the date of the annual meeting be changed to take place on the second Wednesday in January of each year. By-laws embodying these changes, and also amending and rescinding other by-laws of the bank, will be submitted to the stockholders.

to the stockholders.

GEORGE GOODERHAM, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT, 31st MAY, 1902.

LIARILITIES

LIABILITIES.				
Notes in circulation Deposits bearing interest \$ Deposits not bearing interest	12.260.060	71	1,959,839	00
A second while some property party and and		\$	14,725,302	47
Balances due to other banks			472 221	EO
Unclaimed dividends	63	00		
payable and June, 1002,	146.060	28		
Half-yearly dividend and bonus, payable 2nd June, 1902		_\$	147,023	38
China hereite auf ein hermensen inter	d and the	\$	17,304,396	35
Capital paid-up\$	2,492,360	00		
Rest	2,592,360	00		
Interest accrued on deposit receipts	25,325	00		
Rebate on notes discounted Balance of profit and loss account	2,592,300 25,325 102,750	00		
carried forward	69,653	58		
in the second		-\$	5,282,448	58
		\$2	22,586,844	93
Assets.	eldent in	1000	un anis	ingo
Gold and silver coin				
on hand \$ 666,835 57 Dominion notes on				
hand 1,536,273 00				
	2,203,108	57		
Notes of and cheques on other banks	374.349			
Balances due from other banks	681,911	10		
Deposit with Dominion Govern- ment for security of note circu-	Land Ser			
lation Government, municipal, railway,	95,000	00		
rallway,				
and other depentures and staal-				
and other debentures and stocks Call and short loans on stocks and bonds	3,241,252			

..... 2,233,195 15 \$ 8,828,817 51 Loans and bills discounted\$13,557,676 30 Overdue debts (estimated loss pro-

vided for) 351 12

-\$13,558,027 42 200,000 (0

\$22,586,844 93

D. COULSON, General Manager.

The report was adopted, and the thanks of the stock-holders were tendered to the president, vice-president, and directors for their attention to the interests of the bank.

Bank premises

Certain by-laws of the bank were repealed, and other bylaws passed, under which the number of directors was increased to nine, the close of the financial year altered to 30th November of each year, and the date of the annual n.eeting changed to the second Wednesday in January of each

year. The following named gentlemen were elected directors: George Gooderham, William H. Beatty, Henry Cawthra, Robert Reford, Charles Stuart, William G. Gooderham, Geo. J. Cook, John Waldie, John J. Long. At a meeting of the new board, George Gooderham, Esq., was unanimously re-elected president, and William H. Beatty, Free vice president

Esq., vice-president.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

The twenty-seventh annual general meeting of the Imperial Bank of Canada was held, in pursuance of the terms of the charter at the banking house of the institution, Tor-

onto, June 18th, 1902. There were present: T. R. Merritt, St. Catharines; Wm. Ramsay, of Bowland, Stow, Scotland; R. Jaffray, T. Suther-land Stayner, Elias Rogers, William Hendrie, Hamilton; D. R. Wilkie, A. W. Austin, Rev. E. B. Lawler, Miss Robinson, R. L. Benson, Colonel James Mason, J. G. Ramsay, W. T. Jennings, O. F. Rice, H. Sintzel, I. J. Gould, Uxbridge; Ira

Standish, W. A. Smith, V. H. E. Hutcheson, Frank Smith, E. Hay, A. P. Burrett, Dr. L. S. Oille, St. Catharines; Rev. A. T. Love, Quebec; A. A. McFall, Bolton; Anson Jones, R. Thompson, R. W. Thompson, Rev. T. W. Paterson, A. Foulds, J. T. Small, W. C. Crowther, David Kidd, Hamilton; James Todhunter, W. W. Vickers, J. H. Paterson, W. B. Hamilton, John Stewart, W. Gibson Cassels, R. H. Temple, Colonel Merritt, Thomas Walmsley, H. B. Walker, William Spry, J. G. Beaty, D. Smith, J. H. Eddis and others. The chair was taken by the president, Mr. T. R. Merritt, ard the assistant general manager, Mr. E. Hay, was requested to act as secretary. The general manager, at the request of the chairman, read the report of the directors and the statement of affairs.

REPORT.

The directors beg to submit to the shareholders their twenty-seventh annual report with statement, giving the result of the business of the bank for the year ended 31st May, 1902. It is with sincere regret that the directors are called up-

It is with sincere regret that the directors are called up-ton to place on record the death, on the 27th January last, of the late president of the bank, Mr. H. S. Howland, who continuously filled that position since the opening of the bank in 1875. His ability, good judgment and fidelity to the interests of the bank contributed largely to its success. The vacancy on the board occasioned by Mr. Howland's death was filled by the appointment of Mr. D. R. Wilkie, as a director.

a director.

Mr. Thomas R. Merritt, the vice-president, was elected president; Mr. D. R. Wilkie, vice-president, retaining his

president; Mr. D. K. Wilkie, vice-president, retaining insposition as general manager. During the year branches of the bank have been opened at Rosthern, Saskatchewan, and Ferguson, B.C. The capital of the bank was increased in 1899 by \$500,-

000, making it as at present, \$2,500,000. Since then, business of all kinds throughout the Dominion has greatly expanded requiring increased banking facilities, which, in the opinion requiring increased banking factures, which, in the opinion of your directors, can be furnished most economically by the institutions which are already firmly established. Your direc-tors feel that to enable the bank to avail itself of present opportunities, and to provide for future growth, a larger capital is advisable, and you will be asked to approve of a bylaw (No. 20), authorizing an increase of that account in the sum of \$1,500,000, to be issued in such amounts and at such periods as the directors may determine, at a rate of premium proportionate to the amount the rest account bears to the capital account at the time of issue.

Your directors further recommend the adoption of a by-law (No. 21), authorizing the transfer from time to time of surplus funds in the guarantee fund to the pension fund. The officers of the bank continue to perform their respec-

tive duties to the satisfaction of the directors. The head office and branches have all been carefully

ir spected during the year.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

T. R. MERRITT, President.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

deducting charges of management and interest due depositors, and after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts and for rebate on

448,857 54 bills under discount

\$638,495 52

Dividend No. 53, five per cent. (paid 1st of December, 1901)\$125,000 00 Dividend No. 54, five per cent. (payable 1st of June, 1902) 125,000 00

..... 275,000 00 30,000 00 Balance of account carried forward 83,495 52

\$638,495 52

REST ACCOUNT.

\$2,125,000 00

LIABILITIES.

.....\$ 2,331,191 00

Deposits by other banks in Canada 74,874 45 Total liabilities to the public\$20,163,186 14

Capital stock (paid up) \$2,500,000 00 Rest account \$2,125,000 00 Dividend No. 54 (payable 1st June,

Former dividends anclaimed Rebate on bills discounted...... Balance of Profit and Loss account 125,000 00 53 12 54,706 00 carried forward

83,495 52 -\$ 2,388,254 .64

\$25,051,440 78

ASSETS.

Gold and silver coin\$ 632,585 49 Dominion Government notes 1,753.354 00

\$ 2,385,939 49 Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation Notes of and cheques on other banks..... 105,000 00 710,093 66 Balance due from other banks in Canada..... Balance due from agents in the United Kingdom 426,649 88 273,500 43 Balance due from agents in foreign countries... 1,877,660 69

\$5,778,844 15	
Dominion and provincial govern- ment securities\$ 558,872 57 Canadian municipal securities, and British or foreign, or colonial public securities, other than	
Canadian 1,095,033 36	
Railway and other bonds, debentures	
and stocks 956,794 92	
\$ 2,610,700 85	
Call and short loans on stocks and bonds in	
Canada 2,690,134 63	
\$11,079,679 63	
Other current loans, discounts and advances 13,442,763 93	
Overdue debts (loss provided for) 22,260 71	
Real estate (other than bank premises) 42,468 41	
Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank 79,007 55	
Bank premises, including safes, vaults and office	
furniture, at head office and branches 382,331 58 Other assets, not included under foregoing	
heads 2.028 07	

2,928 97

\$25,051,440 78

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

The scrutineers appointed at the meeting reported the following gentlemen duly elected directors for the ensuing year, viz.: T. R. Merritt, D. R. Wilkie, Wm. Ramsay, Robt. Jaffray, T. Sutherland Stayner, Elias Rogers, Wm. Hendrie. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Mr. T. R. Mer-ritt was elected president, and Mr. D. R. Wilkie, vice-presi-dent for the answing year. dent for the ensuing year. By order of the board,

Toronto, June 18th, 1902.

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

The following report of the directors was submitted to the shareholders at the twenty-seventh annual meeting, held at the head office of the bank, Toronto, on Wednesday, 18th June, 1902.

The directors beg to submit the statement of the bank's The directors beg to submit the statement of the bank s business for the year ending 31st May, 1902, which they con-sider satisfactory. The net earnings amount to \$176,796.23, which, together with the balance of Profit and Loss account brought forward from last year, \$5,817.08, and the sum of \$25,000 recovered from debts previously written off, amount-ing in all to \$207,613.31, have been appropriated as follows: Dividends at the rate of 10 per cent.\$100,000 00

Added to rest account 100,000 00 Carried forward to Profit and Loss account 7,613 31 7,613 31

Your directors regret to report the death during the year of Mr. John Burns and Mr. James Scott, the former having filled the position of vice-president since 1883, and the latter that of director since 1895. Mr. W. R. Johnston, of W. R. Johnston & Co., Limited, and Mr. Wellington Francis, of Messrs. Francis & Wardrop, barristers, city, were elected directors to fill the vacancies on the board.

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The head office and agencies of the bank were carefully All of which is respectfully submitted. W. F. COWAN, President.

REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING.

The chair was taken by the president, W. F. Cowan, Esq., and Mr. George P. Reid, general manager, acted as secretary to the meeting. The minutes of the last annual meeting were taken as

read. The president read the report and statements, and after moved, seconded by the The president read the report and statements, and after making some comment thereon, moved, seconded by the vice-president: "That the report and statements now pre-sented be adopted and that the same be printed for circula-tion among the shareholders." Carried. Moved by W. A. Glenny, Esq., and seconded by J. E. Baillie, Esq.: "That the thanks of the shareholders are hereby tendered to the president, vice-president, and the other direc-tors for their careful attention to the affairs of the bank dur-ing the year." Carried. Moved by H. Langlois, Esq. and second to the shareholders.

Ing the year." Carried. Moved by H. Langlois, Esq., and seconded by W. A. Glenny, Esq.: "That the thanks of the meeting be given to the general manager, assistant general manager and inspec-tor, and the other officers of the bank, for the satisfactory manner in which they have fulfilled their respective duties during the year." Carried.

Moved by R. C. Bickerstaff, Esq., and seconded by J. A. Standish, Esq.: "That the poll for the election of directors be now open, and remain open until two o'clock, unless five minutes shall have elapsed without a vote being tendered, in

minutes shall have elapsed without a vote being tendered, in which case the poll to be closed at once, and that Messrs. J. K. Niven and C. C. Baines act as scrutineers." Carried. The scrutineers declared the following gentlemen unani-mously elected directors for the ensuing year, viz.: W. F. Cowan, Frederick Wyld, W. F. Allen, A. J. Somerville, T. R. Wood, W. R. Johnston, and W. Francis. At a subsequent meeting the directors re-elected W. F. Cowan, Esq., president, and Frederick Wyld, vice-president.

GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

Toronto, 18th June, 1902.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA, 31st MAY, 1902.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

 Balance of profit and loss account brought for-ward from 31st May, 1901
 Profits for year ending 31st May, 1902, after de-ducting expenses, interest accrued on deposits, and making provision for bad and doubtful . \$ 5,817 08

debts 176,796 23 Old debts previously written off recovered 25,000 00

Dividend No. 52, paid 2nd December, 1901\$	50.000	
Dividend No. 53, payable 2nd June, 1902	50,000	00
Transferred to reserve fund I	00,000	00
Balance carried forward	7,613	31

\$207,613 31

\$207,613 31

GENERAL STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES.

Solution 9,445,536 72 Due to agents in Great Britain 835,452 14 Total liabilities to the public \$11,172,946 86 Capital paid up 1,000,000 00 Reserve fund 850,000 00 Rebate of interest on bills discounted 40,000 00 Former dividends unclaimed 2 50 Dividend No. 53, payable 2nd June, 1902 50,000 00	Notes in circulation\$ Deposits bearing interest, (including interest accrued to date)\$7,658,367 43 Deposits not bearing interest 1,787,169 29	891,958	00
Capital paid up1,000,000 00Reserve fund850,000 00Rebate of interest on bills discounted40,000 00Former dividends unclaimed2 50	Due to agents in Great Britain\$	9,445,536 835,452	72 14
Balance of profit and loss account carried forward 7.613 31	Capital paid up Reserve fund Rebate of interest on bills discounted Former dividends unclaimed Dividend No. 53, payable 2nd June, 1902	1,000,000 850,000 40,000 2 50,000	00 00 50 00

\$13,120,562 67 Assets. Specie\$ Dominion notes, legal tenders Notes and cheques of other banks Deposit with Dominion Government for security 201,068 32 627,286 00 270,649 99 of note circulation Due from other banks in Canada Due from other banks in United States 50,000 00 193.398 00 78,432 18

ominion Government and other first-class bond oans on call on government, municipal, and other first-class bonds	s 2,960,186 95 967,868 65
ills discounted and advances current	\$5,348,890 09 7,645,646 90
for) ank premises ther assets, not included under the foregoing	12.172 3.1

\$13,120,562 67

GEO. P. REID, General Manager. Toronto, 31st May, 1902.

BANK OF HAMILTON

The thirtieth annual meeting of the Bank of Hamilton was held in the board room of the head office of the bank in the city of Hamilton at noon on Monday, 16th June. On motion, Mr. John Stuart, president, took the chair, and Mr. J. Turnbull, general manager, was appointed secretary. The following shareholders were present: Messrs. Stanley Mills, Robert Mills, Edwin Mills, F. H. Lamb, Adam Brown, R. S. Morris, George Porter, F. W. Gates, William Spry (Tor-onto) C. S. Murray, D. Kidd, William Hendrie, John Bell, W. F. Findlay, W. H. Wardrope, C. Ferrie, J. S. Hendrie, W. A. Robinson, W. Murray, W. W. Osborne, J. Y. Osborne, A. H. Moore, W. Lees, Jr.; W. D. Wilson, M. Leggat, R. C. Fearman, Dr. Malloch, T. Hobson, H. G. Gates and Gordon Gates. The annual statement, as follows, was laid before the

The annual statement, as follows, was laid before the meeting

Report.
The directors beg to submit their annual report to the
shareholders for the year ended 31st May, 1002:
The balance at credit of profit and loss account.
31st May, 1901, was \$47,001 98 The profits for the year ended 31st May, 1902,
The profits for the year ended 31st May, 1902,
after deducting charges of management and
making provision for bad and doubtful debts,
are
2.005 00
\$354,675 95
From which have been declared:
Dividend 5 per cent. paid
2nd December, 1901\$ 00.043 11
Dividend 5 per cent., pay-
able 2nd June, 1902 100,000 00
\$199,943 11
Carried to reserve fund from
profits\$ 97,195 00 Carried to reserve fund
Carried to reserve fund
from premium on new
stock, as above
\$100,000 00
Carried to rebate on current bills dis-
counted 5,000 00 Annual amount written off bank prem-
ises, etc., account 5,000 00
\$309,943 11
the state of the second state of the state of the
Balance of profit and loss carried forward\$ 44.732 84
Several new agencies have been opened during the year.
JOHN STUART, President.
Hamilton, 6th June, 1902.
GENERAL STATEMENT.
LIABILITIES
TO THE PUBLIC.
Notes of the bank in circulation\$ 1,818,115 00

Deposits bearing interest\$11,745,628 96 Deposits not bearing interest 2,345,277 05 Amount reserved for interest due depositors 93.344 74 \$14,184,250 75 Balances due to other banks in Canada Balances due to agents of the bank in Great 13,454 18 Britain 94,335 31 Dividend No. 59, payable 2nd June,\$100,000 00 1002 Former dividends unpaid 54 00 -\$ 100,054 00

\$16,210,209 24

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS.	
Capital stock, paid up\$2,000,000 00	
Reserve fund	
interest on current bills dis-	
counted 55,000 00 Balance of profits carried forward	

arried torward. 44,732 84 \$ 3,699,732 84

\$19,909,942 08

ASSETS.
Gold and silver coin\$ 262,844 49 Dominion Government notes 1,108,580 00 Deposit with the Dominion Govern- ment, as security for note circu-
lation 100,000 00
Balance due from other banks in
Canada and the United States. 749,250 69 Canadian and British Government, municipal, railway and other
securities 2,152,524 07
Loans at call, or short call, on
negotiable securities 2,015,371 77
\$ 6,733,569 76
Notes discounted and advances current
provided fee)
provided for) 40,037 86
Bank premises, office furniture, safes, etc 155,710 05

95 Real estate (other than bank premises), mortgages, etc. 43,310 57

Other assets not included under foregoing heads 44,937 79

\$19,909,942 08

J. TURNBULL, General Manager.

Bank of Hamilton, Hamilton, May 31st, 1902.

It was moved by Mr. John Stuart, seconded by Mr. A. G. Ramsay, that the report be adopted.

Mr. Stuart, in moving the adoption of the report, said: Gentlemen,—In presenting this report, I have very e to say. The figures are before you, and I have not the little to say. least doubt that you will consider them gratifying and satis-factory to the shareholders present, as well as absent. There are no particular features in this year's report that have not been in those of the past few years. It shows a like gratify-ing increase of business, and maintains the same high ratio of profits. The forures grow in a remerkable manner show of profits. The figures grow in a remarkable manner, show-ing at the present time total assets of close upon twenty millions of dollars-a figure that we could hardly have anticipated until a very few years ago, and which has come even sooner than I had then expected. You know there has been a great increase in business generally, and our statement is satisfactory in that it has kept pace with the great increase in Ontario and throughout Canada. It is now thirty years since the establishment of this bank. Thirty years ago, about this time, a meeting was called of the subscribers to the stock of the bank to organize, and from year to year we have met ever since that time, and it is indeed gratifying that the bank has been able to show satisfactory results and good promet ever since that time, and it is indeed gratifying that the bank has been able to show satisfactory results and good pro-gress every year since. I do not think I can mention any-thing further except to say, in a general way, that the busi-ness of the year has been such as to enable the board to pro-vide for the dividend you see in the report. We have all reason to be satisfied with the statements of the past thirty years of the Bank of Hamilton, in the midst of business changes all around, to have maintained the steady progress ive have we have.

I may be permitted to make one other allusion, and that is to the fact that I am the only surviving director of those originally elected to this board. They have been taken away one by one, until I alone remain. I have the gratifying pleasure and honor of having been connected with the bank pleasure and honor of having been connected with the bank from the beginning, for some years as vice-president, and for the past twenty years as president. That I should have enjoyed and retained the confidence of the shareholders and the directors so long is indeed a great satisfaction to mé. We are beginning to become a board of old men. The average age of the directors is something over seventy years. Of necessity, it cannot be long before others must take our places. We must all be away in a comparatively short time at best. In all our history no director of this bank has ever been deprived of his seat. New directors have been elected to take the place of, those who have passed away from time to time, and I hope that that rule will continue and that there may be no changes until, in the fullness of time, those changes shall come. There is nothing else I think of, but if any gentleman has any remarks to make, we will be glad to hear what he has to say.

has to say.

Mr. A. G. Ramsay,-Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, I have very great pleasure in seconding the motion for the adoption of the report, which has been so ably presented by

ycu, of the institution over which you have presided so long. The motion was declared carried unanimously. Moved by Mr. Adam Brown, seconded by Mr. W. H.

Wardrope:

That the thanks of this meeting be given to the presi-dent, vice-president and directors for their services during ear.

This motion carried unanimously, and Mr. Stuart, behalf of his fellow-directors and himself, returned thanks. Moved by Mr. William Hendrie, seconded by Mr. David Kidd:

That the thanks of this meeting be given to the general manager, assistant general manager, agents and other officers of the bank, for the efficient performance of their respective duties.

In proposing the motion, Mr. Hendrie said: Gentlemen, I need not say that much of the credit for our good report depends upon our officers. Anyone who has been connected with any large institution or bank will understand that the executive officers are the men who do the work. The directhat the tors in some cases do some work, and in some cases they are purely ornamental. Sometimes they are not even ornamental. I am not going to make any remarks about the directors of this bank, but I am going to say that we have a staff of officers that cannot be excelled in the whole country.

Mr. David Kidd, seconder of the motion said:

It gives me great pleasure to second this resolution, and notwithstanding the advice that has no doubt been given by the directors during the past year, I cannot but feel certain that this excellent showing is largely due to the untiring zeal of General Manager Turnbull, has assistant, Mr. Steven, and of General Manager Turnbull, has assistant, Mr. Steven, and the other officers of the bank under his supervision. Had the report been an unfavorable one, I would have felt that these same officers would have been responsible for it to a very great extent. As these officers have performed their duties to such a degree of satisfaction, when the subject of emolument to them comes up before the directors for consideration, I trust they will see that every one will receive his just dues. I again say I have pleasure in seconding the resolution. The motion carried unanimously.

The motion carried unanimously. Mr. Turnbull, in reply, said:

Mr. Turnbull, in reply, said: Chairman and gentlemen, I have pleasure in again thank-ing you for the motion of thanks which you have invariably passed, and which I feel is not merely a formal motion. I am anxious to give the greater credit to the staff than to myself, and on their behalf, as well as my own, I sincerely

Mysell, and on their benan, as wen as my own, I sincerely thank you. Mr. F. W. Gates,—Is there any probability of the bal-ance of our stock being called up this year? Mr. Stuart,—I can answer that only in a general way. The shareholders have conferred upon the board the power of issuing half a million dollars of new stock with the expecta-tion that it might have to be issued soon. There was little issuing half a million dollars of new stock with the expecta-tion that it might have to be issued soon. There was little difficulty in providing for circulation last year, and your directors kept in mind that to increase the stock necessitated a corresponding increase of earnings. As to the future, I cannot exactly say. If the circulation demands it, the new stock will have to be issued. Moved by F. W. Gates, seconded by Stanley Mills: That the poll be now opened for the election of seven directors, and that the same be closed at 2 o'clock in the after-noon, or as soon before that hour as five minutes shall have elapsed without any vote being polled, and that Messrs. R. S. Morris and W. F. Findlay be scrutineers, and on the close of the poll do hand the chairman a certificate of the result of the poll. Carried. Moved by Mr. C. S. Murray, seconded by Mr. Robert

Moved by Mr. C. S. Murray, seconded by Mr. Robert Mills:

Mills: That the chairman be authorized to cast one ballot for the election of directors. Carried. The scrutineers reported the election of the following directors: Messrs. John Stuart, A. G. Ramsay, John Proctor, Hon. A. T. Wood, A. B. Lee, Hon. Wm. Gibson. The chairman announced the receipt of a telegram from Mr. A. B. Lee, recretting that owing to illness he was not

Mr. A. B. Lee, regretting that owing to illness he was not able to be present.

At a subsequent meeting of the board of directors, Mr. John Stuart was elected president, and Mr. A. G. Ramsay, vice-president.

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

The thirty-seventh annual general meeting of the share-holders of this institution was held at the banking house, in Quebec, on Saturday, June 14th, 1902. There were present: Messrs. A. Thomson, Hon. John Sharples, D. C. Thomson, E. Giroux, E. J. Hale, William Shaw, George H. Thomson, John Shaw, Arch. Laurie, C. P. Champion, Robert Brodie, Heber Budden, William Brodie, J. H. Simmons, T. H. Norris, T. C. Aylwin, Lieut.-Col. Turn-bull, Lieut.-Col. Jones, and Capt. Carter. The president, Andrew Thomson, Esq., took the chair,

and requested Mr. J. Glanville Billett to act as secretary, and Messrs. John Shaw and C. P. Champion as scrutineers, which was agreed to.

The chairman read the report of the directors, which was as follows:

REPORT.

The directors beg to submit a statement of the assets and liabilities of the bank at the close of the financial year, end-ing 31st May last; also the following statement of the result of the business for the past year:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT, MAY 31ST, 1902. Balance at credit of profit and loss account on

May 31st, 1901 The net profits for the year, after deducting ex-penses of management, reserving for interest .. \$ 23,635 27

and exchange, and making appropriations for bad and doubtful debts, have amounted to....

242,320 08 A-6- ---

	203,933	33 1
Which has been appropriated as follows,-		
Dividend. No. 70, three per cent\$		
Dividend, No. 71, three and one-half per cent	70,000	00
Transferred to reserve fund	100,000	00
Balance carried forward	35,955	35

\$265,955 35

The year has been a prosperous one, and the profitable character of the business now well secured has justified the cirectors in the payment of an increased dividend for the past six months of the year—being at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, as compared with 6 per cent, per annum in the past. An addition of \$100,000 from the profits has been made

An addition of \$100,000 from the profits has been made to the reserve fund, which now amounts to \$650,000, or 321/2 per cent. on the capital. It has been found necessary during the year to obtain new banking premises at some of our branches. At Alexandria and at Carberry we have built good sub-stantial premises on lots purchased at reasonable prices, and at Deloraine and at Macleod we have purchased premises suitable for our requirements.

suitable for our requirements. During the year four new branches were established—at Kemptville, Ont., and at Edmonton, Arcola, and Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.—all with satisfactory results. It is quite evident to your directors that the increasing business of the bank would be greatly benefited by additional capital and they recommend that the board be authorized to obtain authority from the treasury board of the Dominion to increase the capital stock of the bank to the extent of \$1,000,000, to be allotted to the shareholders from time to time, as deemed advisable by the directors. The customary inspections of the branches of the bank have been made.

have been made.

A. THOMSON, President.

\$13,367,539 91

GENERAL STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock Reserve fund Balance of profit and loss account	\$ 650,000	. \$	2,000,000	00
carried forward	35,955	35		2
Reserved for interest and exchange Reserved for rebate of interest on	14,545	35		
bills discounted	49,030	58	749,531	28
		P	749,531	20
Notes of the bank in circulation \$	1,836,398	00		
Deposits not bearing interest	2,213,682	31		
Deposits bearing interest	6,248,670	43		
Balances due agents in Great Britain	244,765	89	States .	
Balances due other banks in Canada	3,433	39		
Dividends unclaimed	1,058	61		1
Dividend No. 71	70,000	00		1
Dividend from pr thintent the		-\$	10,618,008	63
		mon Sel	And the second se	

ASSETS. \$ 411,231 74 Specie Specie Dominion Notes Deposit with Dominion Govern-ment for security of note circu-894,174 00 lation 81,000 00 of and cheques on other Notes banks 282,426 78 due by other banks in Balances Canada .. 47,220 13 Balances due by agents in United States 114,775 02 Municipal and other bonds and 112,461 61 stocks Call loans on bonds and stocks.... 587,986 13 \$ 2,531,275 41

Other loans and bills discounted current \$10		2. hereiter
Overdue debts (estimated loss nil). Real estate other than bank prem-	22,526	16
Mortgages on real estate sold by	80,821	12
the bank	30,198	26
Bank premises and furniture	336,985	
Other assets	3,100	
And the second second second second second	Connession.	-\$10,836,264 50

\$13.367.530 01

E. E. WEBB, General Manager.

Quebec, May 31st, 1902. It was then moved by A. Thomson, Esq., and seconded

by Hon. John Sharples: "That the report submitted to this meeting be adopted and printed for distribution among the shareholders." Carried.

Moved by A. Thomson Esq., seconded by Lieut.-Col. Turnbull:

"That the capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada shall be increased from the sum of two million dollars to the sum of three million dollars by the issue of ten thousand new shares of one hundred dollars each, and the new shares new shares of one hundred dollars each, and the new shares shall be issued at such times and at such price, and in such manner as the directors may determine, and as provided in "The Bank Act." 2. That application be made by the direc-tors of the bank to the Treasury Board of the Government of Canada for a certificate approving of this by-law, pursuant to the provisions of "The Bank Act." Carried.

The president gave full explanations of the statement, and in referring to the increased capital asked for from the shareholders, explained that the first issue would be allotted to the shareholders at a premium of 25 per cent., and would not exceed \$250,000, and on obtaining the necessary authority from the Treasury Board of the Government of Canada.

Moved by Lieut.-Col. Jones, seconded by Capt. Carter:

Moved by Lieut.-Col. Jones, seconded by Capt. Carter: "That the meeting now proceed to the election of direc-tors for the ensuing year, and that the ballot-box for the receipt of votes be kept open until one o'clock, or until five minutes have elapsed without a vote being offered, during which time the proceedings be suspended." Carried. The scrutineers appointed at the meeting reported that the following gentlemen were elected directors of the bank for the ensuing year: Messrs. Edmond Giroux, E. J. Hale, William Price, Hon. John Sharples, William Shaw, Andrew Thomson, and D. C. Thomson. Votes of thanks to the chairman for presiding, and to the scrutineers terminated the proceedings.

scrutineers terminated the proceedings.

J. GLANVILLE BILLETT, Secretary.

At a subsequent meeting of the new board of directors, A. Thomson, Esq., was re-elected president, and Hon. John Sharples, vice-president.

ONTARIO BANK.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario Bank was held at the banking house, Toronto, on Tuesday, June 17th, 1902.

June 17th, 1902. Among those present were: Donald Mackay, R. Grass, J. K. Macdonald, A. S. Irving, Henry Lowndes, John Flett, F. M. Purdy, C. S. Gzowski, Arthur Harvey, C. Goode, Hon. R. Harcourt, R. D. Perry, F. B. Polson, William Spry, T. H. Brunton, Newmarket; R. J. McLaughlin and others. 'On motion, Mr. Donald Mackay was called to the chair and Mr. McGill was requested to act as secretary. Messrs. J. K. Macdonald and F. M. Purdy were appointed scrutineers. At the request of the chairman the secretary read the

At the request of the chairman, the secretary read the following report:

REPORT.

The directors beg to present to the shareholders the 45th annual report, for the year ending 31st May, 1902, together with the usual statement of assets and liabilities: Profit and loss brought forward from 31st May,

1901 Premium on new stock The net profits, after deducting charges of man- agement, interest accrued upon deposits, and	5,538	04 75
making provision for all bad and doubtful debts, were		79
at manufacture of manufacture of the little of the	STOT 025	=8

Which have been appropriated as follows: Dividend, 21/2 per cent., paid 1st December, 1901\$34,670 89

1,035 5

Dividend, 3 per cent., payable 1st June,

 1902
 41,953
 25

 Added to rest
 75,000 00
 75,000 00

 Reserved for officers' pension fund.....
 5,000 00

-\$156,624 14

Balance of profits carried forward\$ 34,411 44 Premises have been secured in this city at the corner of Yonge and Carleton streets, and a branch will shortly be opened there.

The Rest account has been increased to \$425,000, and the offit and Loss account now stands at \$34,411.44. All the offices of the bank have been inspected during Profit

the year. The business of the bank continues to show a satisfactory

increase.

G. R. R. COCKBURN, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid up\$1,399,660	00		
Rest Internet			
Balance of profits carried forward. 34.411 Dividends unclaimed			
Dividend payable 1st June, 1902 675 41,953	59		
Reserved for interest and exchange. 108,868	86		
Notes in circulation		2,010,569 14	
Deposits not bearing interest 1,451,467	34		
Deposits bearing interest	OI		

Britain 451,751 15

and the state of the substance of the second s		
		\$12,419,979 64
Assets.		handle address?
Gold and silver coin \$ 99,2	99 39	
Notes of and cheques on other	60 50	
Danks	92 70	
Dalances due from banks in United	30 75	
Deposit with Dominion Government	08 93	
for security of note circulation. 70,0	00 00	
Municipal and other debentures 1,152,1	87 09	
Call Loans on stocks and bonds 794,10		
Pilla diagonat 1 1		\$ 3,226,944 59
Bills discounted and current loans\$9,032,55	37 06	
incal estate (other than bank prem-	47 99	COR A GUITTON
Bank premises (including furniture	00 00	
safes, etc.) 125,00	00 00	
	\$	9,193,035 05

\$12,419,979 64

\$192,311 79

After a few remarks by the chairman, the report was adopted.

By resolution, the sum of \$5,000 was granted to the Officers' Pension Fund of the Ontario Bank. The scrutineers appointed at the meeting subsequently,

reported the following gentlemen duly elected directors for

the ensuing year, viz.: George R. R. Cockburn, Donald Mackay, Hon. J. C. Aikins, A. S. Irving, R. D. Perry, Hon. R. Harcourt, R. Grass

The new board met the same afternoon, when Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn was elected president, and Mr. Donald Mackay, vice-president.

C. McGill, General Manager. The Ontario Bank. Toronto, 17th June, 1902.

TRADERS BANK OF CANADA.

The seventeenth annual general meeting of the share-holders of this bank was held at its banking house, in Toronto. on Tuesday, the 17th June, 1902.

The chair was taken by the president, Mr. C. D. Warren, and the general manager was requested to act as secretary, when the following statement was read:

REPORT.

The net profits for the year, after making pro-vision for bad and doubtful debts, and re-serving accrued interests, amounted to\$178,920 68 Balance at credit of Profit and Loss last year.... 13,391 11

Appropriated as follows, viz.:

Dividend No. 32, 3 per cent., payable 2nd December, 1901

Dividend No. 33, 3 per cent., payable 2nd June, 1902\$

190240,46344Transferred to Rest account100,00000Balance at credit of Profit and Loss, new account.11,47037

\$192,311 79

Average paid-up capital for the year\$1,347,600 00

Wilcox, of Hamilton. C. S.

The business of the bank continues to show a healthy and satisfactory increase in all departments.

The different offices of the bank have all been inspected during the year, and a careful revaluation of the securities made.

C. D. WARREN, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT, 31st MAY, 1902.

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid up	\$1,350,000	00	
Rest account	350 000		
Dividend No. 33, payable and June	40,463	44	
Former dividends unpaid	238	84	
Interest accrued on deposit receipts	4,699		
Balance of profits carried forward		37 '	
and the set of the set		\$1,756,	872 08

Notes of the bank in circulation.....\$1,337,600 00 Deposits bearing inter-est, including interest

accrued to date\$7,662,733 37 Deposits not bearing in-

terest 1,227,697 03

-\$8,890,430 40 Balance due London agents 309,934 26

-\$10,537,964 66

\$12,294,836 74

Assets.	
---------	--

Gold and silver coin current\$ Dominion Government demand notes Notes of and cheques on other	167,423 752,406		
banks	216,805	98	
Balances due from other banks	230,733		
Balance due from foreign agents Dominion and Provincial Govern-	134,618		
ment securities Railway and other bonds, debentures			
and stocks Call and short loans on stocks,			
bonds, and other securities	1,848,233	19	\$5,092,1
Bills discounted current\$ Notes discounted overdue (estimated	6,947,023	64	45,092,1
loss provided for) Deposit with Dominion Govern- ment for security of general bank	4,831	12	
Real estate, the property of the	70,000	00	
bank (other than bank premises)	TT TOO	TO	

bank (other	than bank	prem	ises).	11,100	
Bank premises	(including	safes,	etc.)	169,665	

\$7,202,619 99

\$12,294,836 74

H. S. STRATHY, Toronto, 31st May, 1902. General Manager.

The following gentlemen were duly elected to act as

The following gentiement were duly elected to act as directors for the ensuing year, viz.:
C. D. Warren, Hon. J. R. Stratton, John Drynan, C. Kloepfer, W. J. Sheppard, C. S. Wilcox.
At a subsequent meeting of the newly elected directors, Mr. C. D. Warren was re-elected president, and the Hon. J. R. Stratton elected vice-president.
The following component for the present of the present will show the present of the pre

The following comparative figures will show the progress

of the bank:

	Net Add to rofits. Rest Ac	ct. Deposits.	Assets.
1899 6	4,891 \$10,000 3,894 20,000 3,770 80,000	\$4,930,817 5,661,112 6,528,074	\$ 6,824,855 7,638,303 9,177,061
	5,537100,0008,920100,000	7,672,591 8,890,430	10,846,449

\$10,409,410 50

The Dominion of Canada Guarantee &

Accident Ins. Co., Toronto, Ont.

BONDS for the fidelity of employees. COMPENSATION for accidental injuries. INSURANCE against sickness.

GEO. GOODERHAM, President. J. E. ROBERTS, Gen. Marager

QUEEN Insurance Co. of America. GEORGE SIMPSON, Resident Manager WM. MACKAY, Assistant Manager MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agent. Temple Bidg., Bay St., TORONTO. Tel. 8309. C S SCOTT, Resident Agent, HAMILTON, Ont.

A Special West Indian Edition Of "The Monetary Times" will be Issued Shortly.

If there be one paper more than another in this country that can best serve Canadian - manufacturers abroad, that medium is "The Monetary Times." It has for years been known in all parts of the Empire as the leading commercial journal in the Dominion.

The fact that "The Monetary Times" special will be published after that of "Industrial Canada" will tend to convince the West Indian traders that Canadian - Manufacturers are really anxious to establish trade connections with them.

Write for ______ Advertising Rates.

THE MONETARY TIMES, TORONTO, Can.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, June 18, 1902.

Ashes.—Business is very light with values tending to easiness. We quote No. 1 pots, \$4.15 to \$4.20; seconds, \$3.70; pearls nominal at about \$6.

Cements and Firebricks.—Receipts for week ending to-day are very small, including only 250 brls. of Belgian cement, and 45,000 firebricks. A moderate : ggregate of business is reported in car and small lots. Prices are entirely unchanged.

Dairy Products .- Shipments of cheese last week aggregated 54,230 boxes, as against 45,846 for same period or 1901. Total shipments for the season to date amount to 244,045 boxes, being about 50,000 boxes ahead of the figures at corresponding date a year ago. Of butter there were shipped from this port last week 18,997 packages, as against 14.285 packages a year ago. The firmness in the butter market is well maintained, and from 20 to 201/2c. is realized for finest creamery. Cheese is easier than a week ago, 93/4c. being about the figure for fine Westerns; townships, 91/2c.; Quebecs, 93/8 to 91/2c.

Dry Goods.—Since last writing there has been no improvement in the atmospherical conditions. Monday was fairly warm, but the weather for the balance of the week has been decidedly chilly, with suggestions of frost at night, and letters from travellers and customers in a good many sections report light fabrics as moving off slowly. Singularly enough, however, general remittances show no falling off, and there is a noteworthy absence of failures, values all tend to firmness; fine woolen goods are especially strong, and there is a difficulty in repeating orders for silks at old figures.

Furs.—The usual June sales of raw furs are now in progress in London, and the offerings there are said to be much larger than usual. Cable advices to hand thus far indicate that lately enhanced values are being maintained. Marten and Mink were sold on Monday at figures well up to prices realized at the March sales, and otter at 5 to 10 per cent advance. We expect to give a full report next week.

Groceries .- Nothing very new is reported in this line. Letters now to hand from Japan fully confirm the telegraphic reports as to the strength of the market, and the shortness of the new crop. It is said that 21c. is the lowest figure at which any business can be done now, and that it is a question if any new teas will be bought this season much under 18 to 19c. China greens are firmer, and the market is reported to have opened last week some 25 to 30 per cent. higher than the closing last year. Ceylons are also cabled firmer. The jobbing and retail trade are seemingly more disposed to accept the situation, and the demand for teas is reported rather better. The sugar situation is unchanged, and in other lines no noteworthy changes are to be noted.

Hides .- The local hide and skin buy-



TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.

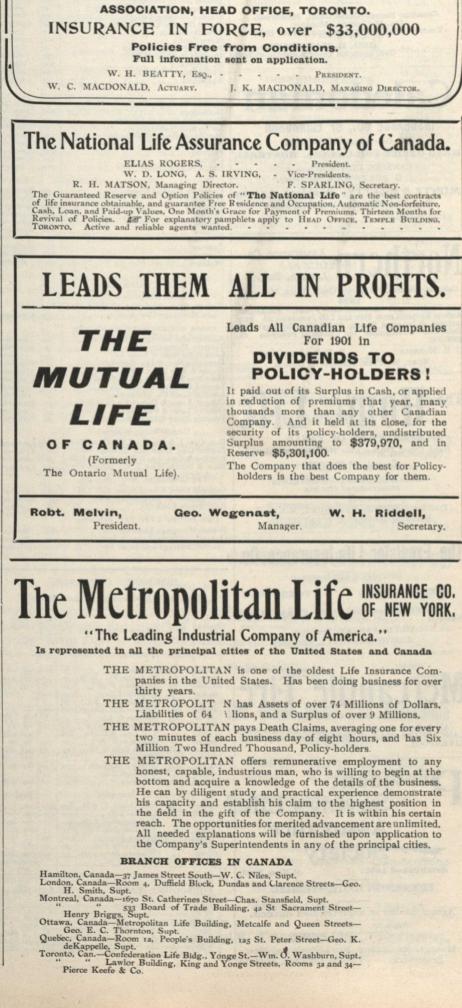
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Name of Article	Wholesale Rates	Name of Atticle	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesa e Rates.	Name of Article.
Breadstuffs.		GroceriesCon.	\$ c. \$ c.	HardwareCon.	d'ann	Canned Fruits.
	Sec. 1	SYRUPS: Com. to fine,	0 028 0 028		\$ c. \$ c	PINE APPLE- Extra Standard doz. \$ 2 50 2 75 "Standard" 2 40 2 50
Manitoba Patent	3 85 4 20	Fine to choice Pale	0 027 0 035 0 031 0 04	WIRE: Brass.	0 00 0 23	RASPBERRIES " 1 50 1 75
Patent (Winter Wheat)	3 00 3 40	MOLASSES : W. I., gal	0 25 0 40	Copper Wire Galvanized	0 00 0 28 3 45 5 00	PEACHES 3 lbs
Straight Roller	4 70 4 85 1	New Orleans	0 04 00	Coil chain § in Barbed wire	4 20 0 00 3 00 0 00	"
Shorts	16 00 16 50	Patna, dom. to imp Japan, """"	0 344 0 06	Iron pipe, 2 in Screws, flat head	87 000	" Lombards, 2 s" 1 20 1 25
Cornmeal, Domestic " ground	0 00 4 00	Genuine Hd. Carolina SPICES : Allspice	0 10 0 10	Boiler tubes, 2 in.	821 10% 0 15 0 00	" Damson, 2 s" 1 15 1 20 APPLES-Gal, Cans
GRAIN		Cassia,	0 20 0 30	" " 3 in	0 17 0 00	" -3's " 0 80 0 85
Winter Wheat, Spring Wheat,		Ginger, ground	0 20 0 00	STEEL: Cast Black Diamond	0 123 0 14 0 08 0 10	Blueberries 2's " 0 80 0 85 Cherries—White 2's " 2 00 2 25 Pineapples 2's " 9 30 2 75
Nort, No. 1 "."	0 87 0 88	Nutmegs	0 35 0 6)	Boiler plate, 1 in.	2 10 0 00	STRAWBERRIES " 1 70 1 75
Barley No. 1	0 83 0 84	Mace Pepper, black, ground	0 171 0 18	" " 3/16 in " \$ & th'ckr	2 10 0 00	sentences comments and sold a fast
No. 2 No. 3 Extra	U DI II DA I	SUGARS white, ground		Sleigh shoe	2 10 2 25	Canned Vegetables. BEANS-2's, Wax and Refugee! " 0 70 0 95
Oats, Peas	C 46 0 17	Cut Loaf, 50's	0 00 4 33 0 00 4 23	CUT NAILS 30 to 60 dy.	0 00 2 45	CORN-2's, Standard
Rye Corn Canadian		Cream	3 73	16 and 20 dy 10 and 12 dy	0 00 2 45 0 00 2 45	PUMPKINS-3's,
Buckwheat	0 62 0 63 0 58 0 60	No. 1 Yellow	0 00 3 48	8 and 9 dy 6 and 7 dy	0 00 2 40 0 00 2 55	Fish, Fowi, Meats-Cases. Slb tin
Provisions. Butter, dairy, tubs	avail 0 50	··· 2 ··· ···	0 00 3 18 0 00 3 38	4 and 5 dy 3 dy	0 00 2 65 0 00 2 90	MACKEREL
		TEAS:	Service and parts	2 dv	0 00 3 35	SALMON-Cohoes
" Printe	0 19 20	Japan, Yokohama Japan, Kobe Japan, Siftings & Dust	0 20 0 35 0 22 0 36	Wire Nails, basis Rebate	2 65 0 00 0 10 0 00	LOBSTER-XXX I's flat " 0 00 1 75
Cheese Dried Apples Byaporated Apples Hops, Canadian	0 10 0 103 C 5 0 15			HORSE NAILS:'C"	dis 50-71 dis 50-10	SARDINES-Alberts, 1'sper tin 0 20 0 21
Hops, Canadian Beef, Mess	0 91 0 10			Monarch Horse Shoes, 100 lbs	3 60 0 00	Sportsmen t's key opener " 0 13 0 14
Pork, Mess	12 00 12 JC	Young Hyson, Moyune, Yg. Hyson Fychow and Tienkai, com. to cho't	0 20 0 50	CANADA PLATES: all dull. Lion 1 pol	3 15 0 00	"French, 's, key opene " 0 18 0 00
Bacon, long clear '' Breakf'st smok'd Hams	0 11 0 113	Yg. Hyson, Pingsuey, Gunpowder, Moyune-	0 23 0 33 0 18 0 65	Full pold TIN PLATES IC	3 85 0 00 4 75 0 00	" " " " 0 161 0 00
		Gunpowder, Pingsuev.	0 15 0 30	WINDOW GLASS :		Canadian, 2'S
Rolls		Ceylon, Broken Orange, Pekoes Ceylon, Orange Pekoes,	0 30 0 45	25 and under	4 15 4 25 4 45 4 65	2 doz per doz.0 00 9 25
Eggs. & doz. new laid		Broken Pekoes	0 24 0 32	41 to 50	1 05 5 10	DUCK-Boneless, Aylmer, 1's, 2 doz "0 00 9 25 Turkey, Boneless Aylmer 1's, 2 doz. "0 00 2 25
Beans per bush	1 25 0 00	Pekoe Souchongs	0 22 0 24	61 to 70	5 50 5 75	PIGS' FEET-Aylmer 11's, 2 doz " 2 50 9 50
Spanish Sole, No. 1	Pagillan 14	Indian, Darieelings	0 16 0 22	ROPE: Manilla basis	0 00 0 16 0 00 9 13	CORNED BEEF-Clark's, 1's, 9 doz "165000" "Clark's, 3's, 1 doz "2900000 Ox TONGUE-Clark's, 14's 7500000
Slanghter hoove	0 39 0 31 0 28 0 29	Orange Pekoes Broken Pekoes	0 28 0 35	Sisal, Lath yarn	0 00 0 10	2's
Slaughter, heavy No. 1 light Harness, heavy	0 29 0 31 0 28 0 29	Pekoes Pekoe Souchong	0 20 0 24	Axes:		LUNCH TONGUE—Clark's, 1 s, 1 doz. 3 15 3 25 """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
Harness, heavy	0 00 0 27 0 32 0 35	Souchong	0 16 0 17 0 20 0 35	Single Bits	6 75 7 00 11 00 12 00	CHIPPED BEEF-s's and I's, per doz. 165 ¥ 75
Upper, No. 1 heavy	0 31 0 33	Oolong, Formosa	0 35 0 65	Oils.	Second St	" Clark's, 1 s, Chicken, 2 doz " 0 00 1 00
Kip Skins French	0 39 0 40	TOBACCO, Manufactured American Tobacco Co.	0.09 0.00	Cod Oil, Imp. gal Palm, & lb.	0 38 0 40 0 06 ² 0 00	FISH-Medium scaled Herring "016 017 KIPPERED HERRING-Domestic 105 110
U Voole	0 50 0 60	Derby, 3's, 4's, 8's, 16's Old Chum, cut, 1/10	0 63 0 00 0 82 0 00	Lard, ext	0 72 0 82	Ales Etc.
Heml'k Calf (30 to 40) French Calf		Empire Tobacco Co. Currency, 6's, 10's, 104's	0 39 0 00	Ordinary	0 60 0 55 0 86 0 90	White Label \$1 00 0 70 India Pale 0 90 0 60
		Empire, 31's, 5's, 10's Bobs, 5's, 10's	0 39 0 00 0 36 0 00	Linseed, raw Spirits Turpentine	0 82 0 87 0 70 0 80	Amber 0 90 0 60 Jubilee 0 90 0 60
Patent	0 18 0 23	McAlpine Tobacco Co Beaver, 9's	0 73 0 00	Olive, # Imp. gal Seal pale S.R American Family Safety	1 26 1 30 55 0 60	XXX Porter 0 90 0 60 Half and Half 0 90 0 60
Grain, upper	0 12 0 15	British Navy, 6's, 15oz	0 39 0 00	American Family Safety Photogene	0 173 0 0) 0 17 0 173	Sawn Pine Lumber, Inspected, B.M.
Russets, light, & lb.	0 13 0 16	Macdonald's Prince of W., 8's, 16's.				CAR OR CARGO LOTS AT MILL. 1 in. pine No. 1, cut up and better \$32 00 35 00
Gambler Saddler's Russets	0 061 0 071	Napoleon, 8's	0 57 0 00 0 63 0 00	Petroleum.	Imn gal	11 and 2 inch, No. 1 cut up and better 42 00 45 00
Sumac Degras	0 95 0 06	Brier, 9's G. E. Tuckett & Son Co.	0 62 0 00	F.O.B., Toronto Canadian, 5 to 10 bris	Imp. gal. $0 15 0 15\frac{1}{2}$ $0 16\frac{1}{2} 0 17$	11 inch flooring 20 00 21 00 11 inch flooring 20 00 21 00 20 00 21 00 20 00 21 00
Hiles & Skins.	Per lhe	Mahogany, S's Myrtle Navy, 4's	0 70 0 00	Can. Water White American Water White		1x10 and 12 dressing and better 25 00 30 00 1x10 and 12 dressing 22 00 25 00
Cows, green, No 1.	0 00 C 071	Cut Myrtle, 1-10	0 84 0 00	Paints, &c.	Ster In	1x10 and 12 common 16 00 18 00 1x10 and 12 mill culls 19 00 13 00
Steers, 60 to 90 lbs. No 1	0 00 0 08	Liquor Pure Spirit, 65 o. p	ⁱⁿ b'd dy pd 1 26 4 80 1 14 4 37	White Lead, pure in Oil, 25 lbs.	5 87 0 00 6 75 0 00	1 inch dressing and better 22 00 26 00 1 inch siding common 14 00 15 06
Calfshing green	0 381 0 09	" 50 o. p " 25 u. p	1 14 4 37 0 60 2 22	White Lead, dry Red Lead, genuine Venetian Red, Eng		1 inch siding box 12 00 13 00 1 inch siding mill culls 11 00 12 00
Tallow, rough	0 75 1 0)	Family Proof Whiskey 20 u. p	0 66 2 40	Yellow Ochre, French	1 90 2 29	Cull scantling
		Old Bourbon, 20 u. p. Rye and Malt, 25 u. p	0 66 2 40 0 62 2 25	Vermilion, Eng Varpish, No. 1 furn	0 30 1 00	dressing and better
" rendered	0 961 0 07	Rye Whiskey, 4 y. old	0 85 2 60 1 15 2 90	Varnish, No. 1 Carr Bro. Japan	0 60 0 90	XXX shingles, 16 in
Fleece, combing ord	0 12 0 13	G and W.	9 0 93	Putty, in brl. per 100 lbs	0 60 0 70 2 25 3 02	XX shingles, 16 in 1 50 1 75 Lath, No. 1 9 75 3 00 " No. 2 25 2 60
Pulled, combing	0 12 0 13	Special	5 25 8 70	Drugs.		"Norway 2 25 2 25 2 x 4, 6, and 8 common 14 00 15 00
extra	0 14 0 15	Hardware TIN :	\$ c. \$ c.	Alumlb.	1 90 2 50	2 x 10 and 12 common
Groceries.	0 10 0 13	Ingot COPPER · Ingot	0 29 0 00	Blue Vitriol	0 064 0 074	Hard Woods-PM. ft. Oar Lots
COFFEES		Sheet	0 12 0 23	Borax Camphor	0 041 0 05	Ash white 1st and 2nd -1 to 2 in \$26 00 30 00
Rio "Porto Rico "	0 24 0 35	LEAD: Bar	3 50 3 75	Carbone Acid	GE U UE V I	Asn white ist and and the second of the seco
Mocha	0 20 0 24	Shot, common	4 75 5 15	Laustic Soda	0 00 0 000	sinate. " 4x4to8x8in 23 00 95 00
FRUIT : Raisins, Malaga	0 20 0 28	Zinc sheet		Epsom Salts	1 50 1 75	······································
" Valencias	. 0 73 734	Solder, ht. & ht	0 19 0 21 0 19 0 00	Extract Logwood, bulk	0 15 0 17	" " 11 " 9 " 20 00 25 00
" California	0 10 0 10	BRASS : Sheet	. 0 24 0 25 20 00 21 00	Giverine, per lb.	0 20 0 22	1 1 1 9 1 95 00 35 00
Currants, Filiatra "Patras	0 7 0 7	Refined	02 85 02 95	Hellebore	0 14 0 16	1 Cherry 18 00 55 00
Prunes, 90-100	. 0 054 0 06	Hoop Steel	2 50 00 00	Morphia Sul.	90 2 00	······································
** 80—90 ** 70—80	0 06 0 063	Bar, ordinary	. 1 95 2 05	Opium	4 50 4 60	Rook " 1 "11" 18 00 99 00
" 50-60	0 07 0 18	Hoops, coopers	. 3 10 00	Oll Lemon, Super Oxalic Acid Paris Green	0 10 0 19 0 20 C 22	Hemlook. " 0 "0 " 12 00 12 00
" 40—50 " 30—40	10.38 0.09	Tank Plates	3 50 0 DC	Potass Iodide	2 75 3 00	
Larragona Almonds.	0 11 0 10	Bol'er Rivets, best. Russid Sheet, per lb.	0 101 0 11	SaltpetreIt	0 07 0 08	90 00 95 00
Peanuts, green	1 0 00 0 10	GALVANIZED IRON :	n 0 06 0 06	Shellao	. 0 32 0 35	u WhitePlainu 1 11 111 95 00 20 00
Filberts, Sicily	0 11 0 13 0 10 0 11	Gauge 16	4 20 4 50 4 00 0 00	Soda Ash	02 0 03	" " " " " " " " " " 30 00 34 03
Pecans	0 17 0 19		4 25 5 15	Tartario Acid		Walnut, 1 "4" 00 00 05 00
Shelled Walnuts	1020 025	1	4 50 5 46 os	Citric Aoid	0 60 0 69	1 Whitewood 1 " 2 " - 33 00 36 00

ers are still doing business for glory to spite each other. It is reported that some dealers are paying considerably over 9c. for No I beef hides, though general price to tanners is only 9½c. Lambskins are generally quoted at 25c.; calfskins, 12c. for No. I, and 10c. for No. 2; sheepskins, 70c

Leather.—The backward season seems to have affected the boot and shoe trade somewhat, but orders are now said to be coming in better, and leather men are looking for a better demand next month. At present no great amount of cutting is being done. Prices are steady to firm. Manufacturers' sole is quoted at 23½c. to 24c.; slaughter ditto., 27c.; grained upper, 14 to 16c.; Western splits, 18 to 20c.; Quebec, ditto., 15 to 16c.; buff and pebble, 10 to 12c.; glove grain, 9 to 10c. There is some talk of an advance in harness leather owing to cost of heavy hides, but price at present remains at 28 to 30c.

Metals and Hardware .- Dealers in heavy metals are still quite busy, though looking for some slackening in the demand shortly. For the season business in general hardware is good. Ingot tin is cabled about a pound the ton easier. and some business is reported locally at 31c. for round lots, net terms, but 321/2 to 331/2c. is asked in an ordinary jobbing way. Lead is steady at \$3.15; copper. 131/2 to 133/4c.; spelter, \$5.10; antimony, 81/2 to 83/4c. Tinned sheets are firmer at 71/2 to 73/4c. for No. 24 gauge; galvanized sheets \$4.40; zinc sheets, 53/4c. Pig iron is very firm; a representative of the Hamilton company quoted \$21.10, net terms, at the furnace, and stated that owing to strike troubles in the U.S., they were having some enquiry from Buffalo and other frontier points. Bars unchanged. Iron pipe firm at \$4.86, base price. Boiler plate, \$2.10. Black sheets, tinplates, etc., without change.

Oils, Paints, Glass, Etc.-The firmness in linseed oil abroad is still very pronounced, and local prices are sustained at the advance of last week, while supplies are coming forward but slowly; further advance is deemed not improbable. The advance in turpentine is also well held. Cod oil is very scarce on spot, and is held at stronger prices. No new steam refined seal oil is yet to hand; makers are quoting about 471/2c. laid down cost. We quote: Single barrels raw and boiled linseed oil, respectively, 84 and 87c. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 83 and 86c., net 30 days, or 3 per cent, for four months' terms. Turpentine, one barrel, 72c.; two to four barrels, 71c.; net 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, 90c.; Cod oil, 371/2 to 421/2c. per gallon; steam refined seal, 49 to 50c per gallon; straw, ditto., 45 to 47c.; Castor oil, 9c.; in quantity; tins, 91/4 to 91/2c.; machinery castor oil, 81/2 to 9c.; Leads (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$5,871/2; No. 1, \$5.371/2; No. 2, \$5.121/2; No. 3, \$4.871/2; No. 4, \$4.371/2; dry white lead, 51/2 to 6c.; pure; No. 1, do., 5c.; genuine red, ditto, 5c.; No. 1, red lead, 41/2 to 43/4c.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., \$2; bladder putty, in bbls., \$2.35; ditto, in kegs, or boxes, \$2.50; 25-lb. tins,



Confederation

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Commercial Union Assurance Co., Limited.	STOCK	A	ND I	BOND	REF	ORT	•	
Of LONDON, Eng.		1 0	Capital	1		Divi-	CLOSING	PRICE
Fire - Life - Marine Capital & Assets over \$34,000,000	BANKS	Share	Sub- scribed.	Capital Paid-up	Resi	dend last 6 Months	HALIFAX, June 16, 1902	Cash val. per share
Canadian Branch-Head Office, Montreal. Jas. McGregor, Manager. Toronto Office, 49 Weilington Street East.	British North America Commercial Bank, Windsor, N.S Halifax Banking Co Royal Bank of Canada New Brunswick	·· 40 ·· 20 ·· 100	500,000 600,000 2,000,000	350,000 600,000 2,000,000	\$ 1,776,000 60,000 500,000 1,700,000 700,000	3 32 32	138 141 97 100 1684 172 175	335 34 38 8c 33 75 175 00
GEO. R. HARGRAFT, Gen. Agent for Toronto and Co. of York	Nova Scotia People's Bank of Halifax People's Bank of N.B. St. Stephen's Union Bank, Halifax	100 20 150 100 50	2,000,000 700,000 180,000 200,000 900,000	2,000,000 700,000 180,000 200,000 900,000	2,800,000 280,000 160,000 45,000 575,000	$4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	300 00 249 25 26 55 84 25
Caledonian	Eastern Townships	. 50	2,000,000	1,944,000	40,000	37	95 99 Montreal June 18 151	72 00
INSURANCE CO., OF EDINBURGH The Oldest Scottish Fire Office. HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA, MONTREAL	Hochelaga Provincial Bank of Canada La Banque Nationale Merchants Bank of Canada Montreal Molsons	. 25 . 30 . 100 . 200	1,999,700 874,000 1,469,000 6,000,000 12,000,000 2,500,000	818,000 1,430,000 6,000,000 12,000,000	750,000 350,000 2,600,000 8,000,000 2,150,000	$ 3\frac{1}{2} 3\frac{1}{2} 3\frac{1}{2} 5\frac{1}{4\frac{1}{2}} 5 4\frac{1}{2} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	58 50 149 00 510 00 106 75
LANSING LEWIS, Manager. J. G BORTHWICK, Secretary. MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agents	Quebec Union Bank of Can Canadian Bank of Commerce	. 100	2,500.000	2,500,000 2,000,000	700,000 550,000	$3\frac{1}{32}$	117 120 Toronto June 18	117 00
Temple Bldg., Bay St., TORONTO Telephone 2309.	Dominion Hamilton Imperial Ontario Ottawa Standard	. 50 . 100 . 100 . 100 . 100 . 50	2,500,000 2,000,000 2,500,000 1,400,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	2,500,000 2,000,000 2,500,000 1,399,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	2,500,000 1,500,000 1,850,000 350,000 1,765,000 750,000	5 5 5 3 4 ¹ / ₂ 5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	78 00 101 50 232 00 246 00 130 00 215 00 120 25
Northern Assurance Co. Of London, Eng.	Toronto Traders. Western. LOAN COMPANIES.	. 100	2,475,000 1,350,000 500,000	1,350,000	2,464,000 250,000 150,000	5. 3 *quarterly †And 1%	244 245 120 109	244 00 120 00 109 50
Canadian Branch, 1730 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1895 Capital and Accumulated Funds, \$38,355,000; Annual Revenue trom Fire and Life Premiums an from interest on Invested Funds. \$5715 600; dependent interest on Invested Funds.	SPECIAL ACT DOM. & ONT. Canada Permanent and Western Can ada Mortgage Corporation		6,000,000	6,000,000	1,500,000	bonus	120 ,123	- 12 00
 Interest on Invested Funds, 85,715,000; deposite itb Dominion Government for Canadian Policy-hc rs, 6200,000. G. E. MOBERLY, E. P. PEARSON, Agen ROBT. W. TYRE, Manager for Canada. 	UNDER BUILDING SOCIETIES ACT, 1859 Agricultural Savings & Loan Co Toronto Mortgage Co Canada Savings & Loan Co Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co	· 50 · 50	630,200 1,120,860 750,000 1,000,000	630,200 725,000 750,000 934,200	207,000 250,000 268,000 40,000	$3 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 2$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	58 50 45 00 60 50 35 25
The Home Life	Hamilton Provident & Loan & Savings Co Landed Banking & Loan Co London Loan Co. of Canada. Ontario Loan & Deben. Co., London . Ontario Loan & Savings Co., Oshawa. People's Loan & Deposit Co UNDER PRIVATE ACTS.	· 100 · 100 · 50	3,000,000 1,500,000 700,000 679,700 2,000,000 300,000 600,000	1,400,000 1,100,000 700,000 679,700 1,200,000 300,000 600,000	925,000 340,000 185,000 85,500 560,000 75,000 40,000	4 ¹ / ₂ 3 3 3 3 3 	185 118 113 '20 37 42	92 50 118 00 118 00 56 50 60 00 18 50
ASSOCIATION OF CANAD Head Office, Home Life Building, Toronto Capital, \$1,000,000 RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED in	Brit. Can. L & Inv. Co. Ld., (Dom. Par. Central Can. Loan and Savings Co London & Can. Ln. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do Man. & North-West. L. Co. (Dom. Par. " THE COMPANIES' ACT," 1877-1889.	. 100	2,000,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 1,500,000	398,481 1,250,000 1,000,000 375,000	120,000 500,000 210,000 -71,000	112* 3 	66 135 100 70	66 00 1,35 00 50 00 70 00
unrepresented districts. Correspondence solicited. President-HON, R. HARCOURT, M.A., K.C. Managing Director-A. J. PATTISON.	Imperial Loan & Investment Co. Ltd Can. Landed & National Inv't Co., Ltd Real Estate Loan Co ONT. JT. STK. LETT. PAT. ACT, 1874. Beitich Matterere Loan Co.	40	839,850 2,008,000 578,840	734,590 1,004,000 373,720	174,000 350,000 50,000	21/2 3 2	79 104 107 78	79 00 104 00 31 20
The Excelsior Life Insurance Co.	British Mortgage Loan Co Ontario Industrial Loan & Inv. Co Toronto Savings and Loan Co	. 100 . 100 . 100	450,000 373,000 1,000,000	411,000 271,993 600,000	120,000	3 *quarterly		128 00
INCORPORATED 1889, HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO WANTED-General, District and Local	INSURANCE COMPAN ENGLISH (Quotations on Londor	n Marl	<u></u>		RAILWA	AYS.	Par value Value	
Agents. DAVID FASKEN, President. EDWIN MARSHALL, Secretary.	No. Shares or amt. Stock.	Amount	Last Sale June 6	Grand Trun	vear L. Ir.	Bonds, 3 ¹ / ₂	%····· 100	$37\frac{1}{2}$ $138\frac{1}{2}$ 14 16104 $106135 13\frac{1}{8}136$ 139
THE [Incorporated 1875] Mercantile Fire Insurance company of LIVERPOOL.	50,000 35 C. Union F L, & M. 200,000 81 Guardian F, & L 60,000 25 Imperial Lim 136,493 5 Lancashire F, & L 33,862 20 London Ass. Corp 10,000 17½ London & Lan. L 85,100 24 London & Lan. F 24,640 90 Liv. Lon. & GlobeS 30,000 30 Northern F, & L.	20 21- 50 5 20 5 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 25 12 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 20 10	$\begin{array}{c} 44\frac{1}{2} 45\frac{1}{2} \\ 94 94 \\ 94 94 \\ \\ 52 53 \\ \\ 8 8\frac{1}{2} \\ 12 18 1 \\ 43\frac{1}{2} 44\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	do. Eq do. Fin do. Se do. Th Great West Midland Stg Toronto, Gr	bonds, 2n rst preferen cond prefer ird prefere ern per 5%	d charge 6 ce ence stock nce stock. debenture bonds, 5% ce 4% stg.	% 10 stock 100 bonds,	127 130 105 106 90, 91
Drovident	110,000 342ps North Brit. & Mer 53,776 35 Phœnix 125,234 634 Royal Insurance 10,000 Standard Life	25 6; 50 5 20 3 50 12 10 10	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			RITIES.		London June 6
P Savings Life Assurance Society	CANADIAN. 15,000 61 Brit. Amer. F. & M \$ 2,500 8 Canada Life	50 \$50 50 400 50 10 50 15 50 65 50 25	June 18 100 150 1 270 99 400 410 280	do. 4 do. 4 do. 3 Montreal Si do. 5% do. City of Toro do. 6 do. 6	% do. 19 % do. 19 % do. In terling 5% 5 1874, 1879, 5% onto Water do. gen. c do. stg. bo	04, 5, 6, 8. 10, Ins. sto s. stock 1908 Works De on. deb. onds	loan bck b., 1906, 6% 1920, 5% 1928, 4%	IOI IO4 IOI IO5 IO5 IO7 IO2 IO4 IOI IO3 IOI IO5 IO5 IO6
Established 1875. of New York EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.		London	, June 6	do. City of Otta do. City of Que	do. Bonds awa, Stg. do. ebec, con.,	4章%	ds 1913, 4% 1929 32% 1904, 6% 20 year debs 1905, 6%	101 103 98 100 101 104
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts. Apply to C. T. GILLESPIE, Manager for Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Temple Building, Toronto	Bank Bills, 3 months do 6 do Trade Bills, 3 do do 6 do	2440444214 244214 23	27 3 31 31	do. City of Var	do. sterlin ncouver, do.		1923, 4% 1923, 4% 1931, 4% 1932, 4% 1914, 5%	103 105 102 104 103 105 105 107

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	1900	1901	
Amount of Applications\$	681,700	\$ 959,700	
Policies Issued	583,970	841,000	
Nct Insurance Gained	232,496	542,202	
Total at Risk	3,879,332	4,421,624	
Income	138,057	158,459	
Expenditure	59,842	79.079	
Total Assets	539,266	615,600	
Total Security to Policy-holders.	839,266	915,600	
THOMAS HILLIARD, Mana	aging Dire	ctor.	
C. W. CHADWICK, I	District Ma	anager.	
Dineen B	uilding, T	ORONTO	

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TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, June 19th, 1902.

Chemicals, Drugs, Etc.-A normal trade is being done in local drug circles. Opium and its preparations are cheaper in sympathy with more favorable reports frm primary markets. Quinine sells but slowly. Cod liver oil is advancing still to some extent. Paris green has gone up about 2c. per pound owing to the keen demand. Glycerine is strong. Peppermint oil is held very firmly owing to reports of damage to the plant by frost. Shellac is scarce. The New York market presents no very special features, but menthol is becoming scarce owing to heavy purchases by English buyers. The Manchester chemical market is in pretty good condition, though orders are mostly for small lots. Export orders are coming in more freely.

Flour and Grain .- Not much change has taken place in these markets since last report. Ninety per cent. patents sell for about \$2.90, in buyers' bags, middle freights. Oatmeal, bran and shorts all keep up pretty steadily. Not much business is being done in grain just now. Fruits and Vegetables .- The most prominent feature of the local fruit market is the abundance of strawberries, large quantities of which from near-by points have made their appearance. much to the joy of the housewife. Pineapples' also are plentiful, and would appear to be above the average this year in quality and general condition. Lemons are in plenty, but are expected to go higher in a few days, while oranges are growing quite scarce. Prices quoted are as follows: Oranges, Mediterranean sweets, \$4 to \$4.25 per box; Sorrento, \$4; Messina lemons, \$2.50 to \$3 per box; bananas, fancy, \$1.50 to \$2.25; Canadian white beans, \$1.30 per bushel; Lima, ,per lb.; cocoanuts, \$3.50 per sack; tomatoes, Texas, ex-fancy, \$1.25 per 4-basket crate; pineapples, \$3.50 per case; Canadian strawberries, 8c. to 11c.; new potatoes, \$1.75 per bushel; cabbage, \$2.25 per crate.

Groceries.—The improvement in the general groceries' trade, noted last week, keeps up. Sugars remain unchanged, as do, indeed, the prices of practically all

LIVERPOOL PRICES
Liverpool, June 17, 12.30 p.m.
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The Mutual Life Insurance Company

OF NEW TORR

RICHARD A. MCCURDY, Pres dent.

Statement for the Year Ending December 31, 1901.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME

Received for Premiums From all other Sources	\$51,446,787 14,177,517	73 78
DISBURSEMENTS	\$65,624,305	51
To Policy-holders for claims by Death To Policy-holders for Endowments,	\$17,344,023	13
Dividends, Etc For all other Accounts	11,335,646 13,772,936	
ASSETS -	\$42,452,606	50
United States bonds & other securities First Lien Loans on bond and mortgage Loans on Bonds and other Securities Loans on Company's own Policies Real Estate : Company's Office Buildings in London, Paris, Berlin, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, Sydney and Mexico, and other Real Estate Cash in Banks and Trust Companies Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Pre- miums, etc LIABILITIES	\$198,063,981 81,564,209 10,638,000 11,319,067 27,542,442 16,746,894 6,964,376 \$352,838,971	88 00 23 44 46 42
Liability for Policy Reserves, etc	\$280,652,388	84
Liability for Contingent Guarantee Fund Liability for Authorized Dividends	60,706,582 2,480,000	83
the state of the second	\$352,838,971	67
Insurance and Annuities in force	\$1,243,503,101	11

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FIRE

MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA

OF PHILADELPHIA Capital, \$3,000,000 Assets, \$9,295,037 Losses Paid since Organization, \$83,400,354.00.

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WATERLOO MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO. ESTABLISHED IN 1863. HEAD OFFICE. WATERLOO, ONT. Total Assets 31st Dec., 1900 \$361,361 08 Policies in Force in Western Ontarlo over 25,000 00 GEORGE RANDALL, President. WM. SNIDER, Vice-President. FRANK HAIGHT, Manager. R. T. ORR, Inspector. The Great - West Life Assurance Company, WORLD- POLICIES No Restrictions as to TRAVEL,

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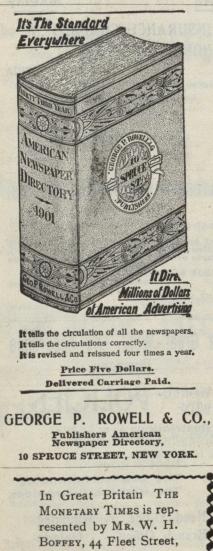
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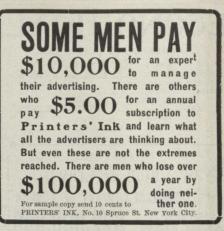
lines. Teas, however, especially Japans, are looking up, and further advances are not improbable. The coffee situation, which has improved a little, is attracting some attention. Otherwise there is very little in the way of news.

Hardware.-No change has taken place in our quotations since last week, though Canadian chisels and draw-knives have been advanced 10 per cent. by the manufacturers. Business is very fair for this time of the year, but the volume of trade has naturally lessened during the last two or three weeks. All booked orders for such goods as harvest tools, windowscreens, screen doors, fence wire, etc., have been completed, and orders now coming to hand for these articles are re-The metals trade is active, in peats. sympathy with conditions across the From Glasgow, an irregular border. market is reported for pig iron warrants. A good business has been transacted in Commercial Publishing Company. Middlesbro' warrants at about 49s. 8d. per ton, cash. Makers are firm in their prices, and consumers have again been buying more freely.

Live Stock .- There seems to be no abatement either in the demand for cattle of a good class, or in the prices asked for and realized by the same. At the market this week an actual advance was registered in the price realized for a fine bunch of export cattle. Butchers' cattle, too, were in brisk demand and fetched good prices.

Provisions .- Butter is firmer and good tubs fetch 16 to 161/2c. The demand for One-pound large tubs is now over. blocks of choice quality fetch 17c. Eggs are steady at 141/2c. The hog product market continues firm, and a good trade is being carried on at unchanged prices. Cheese is quiet and steady.

Wool.-Little can be said as to the wool situation in the local market, and still less anything of an encouraging nature. Some lots of new clip continue to come forward, but the demand is only small and dribbling, and prices realized are hardly profitable. A report from Philadelphia speaks of the situation in the States as follows: There is a firmer tone to the market, but prices are without change. They are not disturbed by the prospect of higher cost of material, which sellers predict as the probable result of activity in wool-growing sections, where wool is being bought as fast as it is shorn, on a somewhat higher basis than the parity of Eastern markets. The announcement of peace in South Africa has not been followed, as was expected, by advancing prices at London. While merino wools have been steady, there and without change, low medium crossbreds are a shade easier. Nevertheless, the wool situation is essentially sound. Increased consumption has reduced supplies, relieving the American markets of the free wool surplus (accumulated in advance of the enactment of the present tariff law), which, on several occasions, made it impossible to sustain prices after an advance had been secured. mention The Monetary Times.



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made to play a prominent and valuable part of 1 made to play a prominent and valuable part of 1 made to play a prominent and valuable part of the scription price ($\$2.\infty$). At 20 cents it is a genuine bargain. The strikingly appropriate cover design in colour is alone worth this sum. The June issue begins Volume 12 of this acknowledged leader among advertising trade journals. Let it mark the beginning of your subscription year if your name is not already on our list.

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