TORONTO, CANADA, FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1847.

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Presented at the Annual Meeting at Toronto. held on Wednesday, June 2, 1847.

FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

The Incorporated Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto,

HOLY SCRIPTURE teaches, that "every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh down from the Father of lights," and that all preventing and co-operating grace is derived from the same sacred fountain, while to Christians is conceded the high and inestimable privilege of being workers together with Him, and of being used as His instruments in works of piety and mercy. Hence it is manifest, that every exertion which is made for the propagation of the Gospel, whether by individual members of the Church, or by the Church herself, in her corporate capacity as "the body of Christ," must be made in a spirit of faith and trust, and in the way which has been divinely appointed; for such labours alone can expect to receive that grace of perseverance, which is promised to obedience, and so being watered by the continual dew of the Divine blessing, to effectually realise the solemn and important ends proposed. Bearing this great truth in devout remembrance, The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto commences the Fifth Annual Report of its labours, by recording its humble thanks for the considerable measure of success, with which it has pleased Almighty God to continue to bless its exertions during the past year, in behalf of the various objects, for the accomplishment of which the Society received its Act of Incorporation.

In reviewing the labours of the Society during the last twelve months, it will be found, that though no new object has been carried out, and though it has been impossible to take final action on several important measures, in which the clergy and laity feel a deep and mutual interest; yet that all things, it may be said, are in a healthy and satisfactory state, and proceeding gradually, but, it is hoped, securely in their legitimate course. Year by year more systematic measures are taken for concentrating the business of the Society, and for putting every thing in a more efficient train of action.

The attention of the Society has been much engaged from the first in devising some method for making a moderate but secure provision for the Widows and Orphans of the Clergy In this Diocese, but it has not as yet been able to adopt any definite plan of operation. In the course of deliberation many questions have come up incidentally, and many difficulties have arisen, which require the most patient investigation; besides which, it is a matter of such grave moment, and from the smallness of our means demanding such nice calculation and management, that the Society may surely be pardoned for acting on this occasion with extreme caution, and for not engaging hastily in any plan which, after working for a few years, might then suddenly fail to afford the assistance so

So likewise with regard to Education: the Society brought this matter up in its last Annual Report, and called upon its members to bear in mind, that one of the objects, for which The Church Society was incorporated, is "the encouragement of Education and the support of Day-schools and Sunday schools," in conformity with the principles of the United Church of England and Ireland; but from the peculiar difficulties, occasioned by the Common School Act, now in force in this section of the Province, the Society has hitherto found Itself unable to engage in any system of religious education, and no grants have been made to any school. Still, however, the subject is being carefully weighed; the unremitting exertions which the Bishop of this Diocese has made in the cause of education through a long series of years, are well known, and whenever the proper time for acting in this matter shall arrive, the Society will, with his Lordship's recommendation and sanction, adopt such a system as shall combine an ordinary secular education, with daily religious instruction in the Holy Scriptures, the Catechism, and the Liturgy, and which shall at the same time be adapted to meet the wants of the country, and be proportioned to the means which may be annually Placed at the Society's disposal for this purpose. It is hoped that this time is not far distant, and that such assistance will be obtained from the Government in this matter as we can make available, consistent with the teaching of the Church. By the minutes of the Committee of Council on Education, issued from Whitehall, in August and December, 1846, provision is made for the instruction "of Pupil Teachers, in Church of England schools, in the Holy Scriptures, Liturgy, and Catechism, the parochial Clergyman assisting in the examination." And, in furtherance of this object, the Home Government have lately caused the necessary money estimates to be placed before the Imperial Parliament, which have Passed by a very large majority. The moral effect of this measure will be felt in all the Colonies and dependencies of the Empire, nor is it unreasonable to expect that our own Colonial Legislature will follow so just an example, and, under the same limitations, provide for the members of the national Church in the Dioceses of Quebec and Toronto the like religious instruction, as may now be obtained in every Diocese chroughout England and Wales. At least the same privileges will ere long be undoubtedly conceded to the members of the Church of this great Empire, as are now, in this Colony, exclusively granted to the Romanists. An addition of only one has been made, during the past

year, to the number of Missionaries. This has again arisen from an impossibility of procuring Clergymen, and not from a want of funds for the purpose, as the Society is now in a position to support from ten to twelve Missionaries. It must be likewise remembered, that the temporary investment of the Missionary Fund, beyond the sum specially invested by an order of the Society, occasions no loss to the Church, and that there is a manifest propriety in husbanding resources for the present, which will be speedily diminished, when a sufficlent number of Clergymen can be procured. It is only from the Diocese itself that we can look for persons, who shall be Prepared to undertake the office of a Travelling Missionary: for when Clergymen come out from the Mother Country, they are generally advanced in years, and they have often found themselves unadapted for this office, however zealous and earnest they may be, from being previously unaccustomed to such a manner of life. In accordance with the Constitution of the Society, the investment of the Missionary Funds is only temporary, it being intended that such funds shall be immediately applied to their legitimate purpose, whenever the Society can be furnished with additional Missionaries.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

The following is a brief account of the Society's Income and Expenditure for the past year. Previous to the present Report, it has always been customary to include, under the head of Actual Income, the amount of receipts from sales in the Depository, and also of the rents received from lands held in trust for special purposes, but the officers of the Society are of opinion, that such a system, if persevered in, might unintentionally mislead the members of the Church in this Diocese, with regard to the amount of the Society's resources, actually available from year to year; and it has therefore been deemed advisable, that, for the future, the account of the actual Income for each year, should be confined to the amount of charitable contributions received during the year, and of dividends arising from monies invested for the general pur-Poses of the Society. It will be proper to state, that the accounts have always been kept separate, but that heretofore it has been usual to publish in the body of the Report merely the gross amount of all actual receipts during the year,-a Practice, which has been this year discontinued for the reasons above stated.

Balance from last years' account...... £ 442 18 4 Receipts of the Society for the year ending 31st March, 1847..... £1921 13 3½

This statement exhibits a small decrease in the Society's Income. Last year the sum of £1970 8s. was received under the head of Charitable Contributions, and dividends on monies invested for general purposes, while during this year the actual income has amounted to £1921 13s. $3\frac{1}{2}$ d. This, however, may still be considered to evince a satisfactory state of things, as it must be remembered, that during the past year it has pleased Almighty God to afflict parts of the Empire with to famine, meet which distress great exertions have been made in all quarters, and the considerable sums which, during the last four months, have been raised in this Diocese for the relief of the sufferers, have no doubt somewhat diminished the So-

ciety's receipts during the same period.

It is gratifying to be able to state, that the labours, which have been entered into in behalf of the Society, have for the most part called forth corresponding exertions throughout the Diocese for local purposes. Here, as elsewhere, it has been generally observed, that every exertion, which has been made for Diocesan purposes by any Parochial Association or Mission, has been so far from impeding the accomplishment of objects strictly Parochial, that, on the contrary, the Clergyman has generally found an increased readiness evinced on the part of his people to a sist him in local matters.

Deduct proportion remitted to Parent Society 198 4 3

To which add the Income of the Parent Society 1921 13 31

Total.....£2777 9 9½

THE ANNUAL SERMONS.

There has been a decrease of upwards of £145 in the proceeds of the three sermons, preached during the past year, under Article XIX. of the Constitution, in behalf of the Society. This is a matter to be deeply regretted, as the steady working of the Society must depend largely upon this source of revenue. There are in the Diocese of Toronto 106 Missions, but collections have been this year received from only 84 Missions in behalf of the Widows and Orphans' Fund, 83 for the Missionary Fund, and 73 for the Bishop's Students' Fund. This circumstance, taken in connexion with the fact that there are yet many Missions in which no Parochial Associations have been formed, makes it necessary for the Society to call most urgently upon all the Clergy to assist in carrying out the objects for which these sermons are intended severally to provide. Justice requires that common exertions should be made by all in behalf of measures calculated to promote the common advantage of all. Take, for instance, one of the objects of these Annual Sermons-the Widows and Orphans' Fund. In the case of a death in any Mission, where the Clergyman had constantly neglected to bring this subject before his people,—and thus had never made any contribution, -under such circumstances, assistance could hardly be claimed from this fund with any degree of justice. In matters connected with charity, we do not look at the amount given, but at the spirit and heart, in which the gift is made; as from local circumstances some parishes are able to contribute much more than others; but it must be understood that, in a Society incorporated for charitable purposes, there exists a reciprocal obligation for mutual help, between the Society on the one hand, and those who contribute on the other, and therefore that, as a general rule, the Society cannot render assistance made in its behalf-according to the circumstances of the Mission.

GRANTS.

The following grants have been made by the Society during the past year:-

Towards repairs in the Parsonage at Woodstock £12 10 0 The expenses of a Missionary visit to the Indians at the Sault St. Marie, by the Rev. Dr. 5 15 0

O'Meara.... Do. Rev. J. McIntyre, in visiting certain Indians in his Mission..... The travelling expenses of a Catechist serving Mimico-Church 10 17 6

To the Church at the Manitoulin 10 3 10 Grants have likewise been made of a Bible and Prayer Book for the use of the Congregation at Queenston. Of a Communion Service Book for the use of St. Mark's Church,

In the Simcoe Travelling Mission, Books and Tracts have been given to the value of £2 10s.

Two Travelling Missionaries are entirely supported by the Society, and the stipends of two more Travelling Missionaries are paid in part; while four resident Missionaries are likewise in part supported from the same source.

During the year salaries have been paid to two Indian Interpreters, and a small grant has been made to one Catechist and Schoolmaster.

Assistance has also been given from the Bishop's Students Fund, to four Divinity Students in the Diocesan Institution at Cobourg; one of whom, having found himself in circumstances to do so, has liberally returned to the Society the sum, which had been granted to him.

DEPOSITORY.

The issues have been to the value of £860 15s. 2d. By a comparison with the last Annual Report, it will be seen that the sales have decreased by rather more than £150. It is, however, satisfactary to know, that this decrease, which appears in the Depository sales of this year, may be attributed to circumstances over which the Society had no control. It was occasioned by the death of our London Correspondent, whose successors in his business refused, without any previous notice, to serve us on the same terms, and thus unexpectedly disappointed us in the receipt of our Miscellaneous Stock last fall, at a time when it was too late for us to obtain it from any other quarter. It is of great importance that every exertion should be made to increase the sales in the Depository, as it has ever been the object of the Society to disseminate useful and orthodox books of a doctrinal and devotional nature, and such works as set forth the Divine and Apostolic constitution of the Church of Christ. For, it must be remembered, that it is only on Scriptural and Catholic grounds, that the Church of England can be truly Protestant, and her members taught to resist successfully the erroneous doctrines advanced by Romanists and other Dissenters.

There have been circulated through the medium of the

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PROPERTY INVESTED IN STOCK.

During the past year the sum of £197 10s. has been invested on account of the Widows and Orphan's Fund, and the sum of £149 temporarily—both in the stock of the Upper Canada Bank; the sum of £2 15s. in Land Scrip; loaned from Septuagesima Fund, £100; invested in lands including disbursements which are charged to the parties interested in the lands, £372.

Under this head it will be necessary to repeat, that during the past year the Society's attention has been again directed to the following important matter; the Widows and Orphan's Fund: and a careful report has been likewise submitted on the subject of building Parsonage Houses, and on the best system which can be adopted of loaning out small sums to aid in their erection; but, as was stated above, it has hitherto been found impossible to bring these matters to any safe and practical issue. The smallness of the means at the disposal of the Society calls for the most careful deliberation before any important measure is definitely adopted, as any false step would materially throw back, if it did not absolutely ruin, the particular measure taken in hand.

The Society takes this opportunity of acknowledging the kind and valuable assistance which the Parsonage Committee have received from the Rev. Dr. Beaven.

Some very valuable donations of lands have been made to the Society during the past year, the particulars of which will as modal be given in the Appendix. Active measures will be immediately taken to obtain endowments for those Missions not already so provided, and in furtherance of this object, a plan has been suggested by his Lordship the Bishop of the Diocese, which, it is hoped, when fully matured, will receive the hearty cooperation of every member of the Church in the Diocese.

During the last year the second instalment has been paid on certain lands in the Home District, in several townships not otherwise provided with glebes; in the hope that the members of the Church in such townships will repurchase them for the endowment of their respective townships; in which case the Society will assist the purchasers to a moderate extent, if their circumstances require it, and will, as far as its means allow, extend this system to other districts: and with this object in view, will be glad to receive information from all quarters, of lots of land eligible for glebes. The land department of the Society is entirely managed by the Assistant Secretary, who, as secretary of the Land Committee, has by his exertions brought this branch of the Society's operations into a very methodical and orderly system.

DISTRICT BRANCHES.

Considerable efforts have been again made by some of the District Branches, and the Society trusts that every exertion will be used to second the labours of the Parent Society, and that the District Branches will each year more effectually cover the face of the Diocese, and direct the attention of the people to the necessity of making a permanent provision for the ministrations of the Church in each township.

The District Branches are still 9 in number:

1. Newcastle and Colborne. | 5. Niagara. 2. Midland and Victoria. 3. Prince Edward.

6. Gore and Wellington. 7. { London, Western and Huron. Eastern, Johnstown,

Bathurst and Dalhousie. 8. Brock. 9. Talbot.

Newcastle and Colborne District.

The Committee of this Branch Society report, that the arrangements which have been made for carrying out the Travelling Mission, have not been altogether those which the Committee would have chosen, had circumstances per-Minister at Cobourg winerhardien ratethnighty sho Assistant not allow him to appropriate more than three-fourths of his time to ministrations in the distant settlements, and though it is true, that a proportionate decrease has been made in the assessments for Missionary operations from the several parishes in these Districts, yet it is obvious, that we should do our parts in raising sufficient funds for the employment of a Missionary, whose time should be wholly given to the work, as soon as the Bishop can ordain a Clergyman for this office.

Your Committee take this opportunity of bearing testimony to the zealous and judicious manner in which the present Travelling Missionary has devoted the due proportion of his time to the arduous duties of his Mission. The encouragement he has received compels your Committee to regret that more cannot be done in this interesting field of the Society's operations. In several successive Annual Reports the necessity of having at least two Travelling Missionaries in these districts has been brought forward. In fact there can be no question whatever, that, were every member of the Church within the bounds of this Association to exert himself as he ought, the very desirable object might in due time be accomplished of placing a Missionary in the exclusive charge of Cartwright and Manvers, and another in Seymour and Percy, while a third might be profitably employed in the Colborne District. And in saying this we have of course in view the assistance which we might expect from the Parent Society, and the exertions to contribute towards the maintenance of their minister, which the townships, where he laboured, must admit it to be their duty to make.

Midland and Victoria District.

A Report has been received from the Kingston Parochial Association, which appears to be the only Association in that district. A resident Missionary at Barriefield is considerably assisted by this Association, at which place the Rev. Wm. Greig is now labouring diligently and successfully in the room of the late Rev. T. Pope.

Prince Edward District.

No Report has been received. Niagara District.

The Report from this well-managed branch exhibits a small increase of funds over the past year, and a continuance of that steady and warm attachment to the Church, which has characterised its proceedings from the establishment of the Society. During the past year public meetings, in furtherance of its objects have been held in the churches at Port Dalhousie, Port Robinson, Thorold, Chippewa, Stamford, Dunnville, and the Lake Shore Towship of Dunn. A similar meeting was appointed to be held in the church at Jordan, but it was omitted in consequence of the illness of the Rector. These meetings were generally well attended, and had, the Committee would hope, a salutary influence on those who were present. The Clergy of the district, who attended, were assisted at Thorold and Chippawa by the Rev. Dr. Beaven, at Chippawa and Stamford by the Rev. R. Garrett, at Dunnville and the Lake Shore by the Rev. F. Evans, and at the Lake Shore by the Rev. Wm. Stewart Darling and Thomas Champion, Esq. The Committee entertain the confident expectation, that at an early day this district will be provided with a Travelling Missionary, the whole of whose time will be devoted to supplying, with the services of the Church, and the preaching of the Gospel, those portions of the District which are without the ministrations of a settled clergyman. And they would make this arrangement a ground for a renewed appeal to those of their fellow-churchmen within their bounds who have hitherto done little or nothing in this good cause, and also to those who have failed to throw even a single mite into the treasury of the Lord.

London District.

Since the separation of the Brock and Talbot Districts, there remain within its limits but seven stations, where Parochial Associations could be formed with any prospect of success? namely, the town of London, the township of London, St. Thomas, Delaware, Goderich, Adelaide, and Port Burwell; Associations have been organized in each of these places, but reports have been received only from three of them, viz., the town of London, the township of London, and Port Burwell. The particulars of these reports will be found in the Appendix.

Brock District.

The Committee of this Branch express their regret that their annual report should exhibit a falling off in the amount collected during this year in the Rectory of Woodstock. It will however be seen, by comparing the accounts of the past year with the present, that the contributions from the district for general purposes have increased; and those for special purposes are likewise stated by the Secretary to be large. The amount of appropriation for local purposes is larger this year than formely, which accounts for the remittance to the Parent Society being smaller. This Branch has conformed itself strictly to Art. xviii, which provides that "all monies not required to be expended for local purposes, and remaining unappropriated at the general annual meeting of the District Branch Association, shall be forthwith transmitted to the treasurer of the Society at Toronto."

The Hungerford Parochial Association is in full operation, and the return made from that parish is highly satisfactory. No returns have been received from any other stations in the

Talbot District.

A report has been received from this District Branch, which states, that the District Branch has not been able to do any thing this year for the general purposes of the Society, owing to the exertions which have been made for local matters, but they confidently express a hope to be able to do so for the

Gore and Wellington Districts.

This well managed Branch continues its prosperous course. An active and zealous Travelling Missionary is engaged in those Districts, from which Mr. Mockridge was removed, to take charge of a settled parish. The Rev. D. Fraser has been but a few months in his present sphere of duty, and yet the results of his exertions are already apparent, and are most

Application has been made by this Branch to the Bishop of the Diocese, for the appointment of a second Travelling Missionary, which they feel persuaded the Members of the Association will consider as causing an additional claim upon their zealous co-operation.

This Branch has, during the past year, had to deplore the loss of the late lamented Treasurer, Thomas Stokoe, Jun'r.,

The following parishes have recently rendered their Annual Reports, in each of which it will be perceived there is a gratifying increase upon the success of the former year.

"The Guelph Parochial Committee reports its income for the year just closed as being £44 1s. 3d., an increase of £6 over the previous year, This amount includes a donation of £5 by the hands of W. A. Thring, Esq., from an anonymous friend of the Church in England. Their Depository was in a flourishing state, and the sum of £13 had been expended in the

purchase of a Lending Library.
"In the parish of Galt, a locality in which, until the last few years, the ministrations of the Church had never been enjoyed, the claims of the Society have likewise been met in a liberal manner. Their report exhibits an increase in the number of subscribers as well as in the am scriptions. The former is 225, the latter £31 11s. 10d., including # donation of £5 from William Dickson, Esq. The Committee of this Parochial Association gratefully acknowledge a munificent donation towards their Church on the part of Messrs. Diekson and Shade. These gentlemen held bonds for monies advanced to the Building Committee to the amount of £130, which, in consideration of the difficulties still to be encountered in finishing the church, they most generously cancelled, of Niagara, for the Church in Beverly. The Depository of this parish is nted as being in a very prosperous conditi

"The Dundas Committee report, as paid over to the District Treasurer, the sum of £43, being upwards of £13 more than the income of 1845; and the number of their subscribers has been increased from 95 to 163, These cheering results, the Committee trust, will act as an incentive to still more vigorous exertion, and that they will be enabled, at their next anniversary meeting, to render a like pleasing account of their stewardship. "The Ancaster Parochial Association reports its receipts as £17 5s.,

being £5 more than the amount raised in the preceeding year, whilst the number of subscribers has increased from 35 to 84; and the Committee justly remark, that although the amount of collections has not kept pace with the number of subscribers, yet the great addition to the number of the latter evinces a growing interest in behalf of the Church Society. "In the Mission of Binbrook and Saltfleet, the Society has not only

maintained its former reputation, but exhibits an increase in the number of resident subscribers as also in the amount of their subscriptions. Although the whole amount paid over to the Treasurer in both years is the same, the last year's income included donations from non-residents, which, if deducted from the whole income, would leave the amount of subscriptions from residents £20 5s., whereas the amount of similar subscriptions this year has been £25, being an increase of nearly £5; the additional £5, which make up the £30, was a donation from the Binbrook Committee, from their funds for local purposes.

"The Committee of the Nelson Branch report with pleasure an increase of about £8 over the past year, the amount collected for this year being upwards of £21, which sum must be considered large when the various local improvements effected during the past year are taken into consideration. It is gratifying to hear this Committee record with pleasure and thankfulness, that in no instance were the claims and necessities of the Church heard with coldness or indifference; her prosperity and extension seemed to be an object dear to the hearts of all.

"The Brantford Association regret that, in consequence of heavy local claims pressing upon them, the sum of £260 having been subscribed to liquidate the debt upon their church, they are unable to take as active a part in the operations of the Society as they could have wished; they express a hope, however, that they will be able to contribute their usual proportion to the Missionary Fund.

"A similar regret, arising from somewhat similar causes, has been expressed by the Committee of the Oakville and Trafalgar Association; at the same time, they communicate their intention to contribute a fair proportion to the Missionary Fund.

"The Mohawk and Tuscarora Association have again remitted the sum

"The Hamilton Parochial Association are pleased to find a small increase in their subscription-list during the past year. The number of subscribers has advanced from 97 to 139, and the amount of subscriptions from £59 6s. 3d. to £81 7s. 11d. They cannot, however, close their eyes to the fact that the progress of the Society in this parish has not been proportional to that of other parishes in the united Districts, to the increase of our own population, or to the rapid improvements in other respects which are witnessed on every side. They fear there is yet too much indifference and lukewarmness, and too little individual effort; that too low an estimate is formed of personal responsibility, and consequently too low a standard of personal exertion adopted. They have much pleasure in recording two instances of generosity on the part of individual members of the Church. One a donation to the Church of two furnaces, which supply the building with hot air, and which were erected by D. C. Gunn, Esq., at his own individual expense. The other a donation to the Mission Fund of the Parent Society of £14 12s. 6d. from Geo. L. Beardmore, Esq. The Committee take this opportunity of stating that the funds raised in this parish in 1845 were expended as follows:—

Insurance on the Church...... £14 17 0

The Depository, which has hitherto been rather cramped for want of means to increase its stock, is to be replenished immediately with Bibles and Prayer Books, and other publications of a religious and instructive nature."

Eastern, Johnstown, Bathurst, and Dalhousie Districts.

From the Report made by this Branch, it appears, that returns have been received from Brockville, Prescott, Cornwall, Richmond, and Williamsburgh only, although there are 14 Missions in the District. The Secretary, in his Report,

which was adopted by the Branch Society, at its Annual Meeting held on the 11th of February, says,-

"It would be well, therefore, to do here what has long been done in other portions of the Diocese. Let the Clergy make it a point of duty to visit the different parishes within the bounds of this division of the Church Society, for the purpose of endeavouring to arouse the members of the Church to what is expected of them in this respect. Two weeks spent in this way might be made the means of exciting the members to greater liberality, and thus of greatly increasing the funds of the Society. These observations relate principally to those parts whence no Reports have been received; for your Secretary has much pleasure in being able to say, that in the parishes whose Reports have been sent to him, the members generally have contributed according to their means. But the Secretary would wish again to impress on the minds of the members of the Church, that the increase of their liberality should always be commensurate with any increase which the Almighty Disposer of all events may be pleased to cause in their worldly substance, and that, without this, they have no well-grounded hope of long continued prosperity. God has always made his people feel, that to forget to give to his Church according to their means, is the sure way of calling down a righteous judgment."

Deep regret is expressed that the necessities of the Church should have required the removal of the Rev. Mr. Tremayne, who was Travelling Missionary in this district, to another sphere of duty. Mr. Tremayne had, to a great degree, collected congregations which had been scattered and accustomed to attend the services of dissenters, which congregations have again in some degree been unfortunately scattered, owing to the removal of the Travelling Missionary.

On this subject a resolution was adopted at the meeting, that a respectful memorial be drawn up and presented to his Lordship the Bishop of the Diocese, requesting him to send as soon as possible a Travelling Missionary, to supply the place of the Rev. Mr. Tremayne.

Home and Simcoe Districts.

The Rev. Geo. Bourne still continues to be engaged in his laborious office of Travelling Missionary in the Simcoe District. He has forwarded a very interesting report of his labours in that quarter, an abstract of which will be published in the Appendix. In the course of his labours, the Missionary has been much opposed by those who preach the Socinian heresy. He has however had the satisfaction to find, that when the people were made aware of the danger of such doctrines, they immediately forsook this false teaching.

The extent of this Mission is so large, and the fatigue of incessant travelling so great, that Mr. Bourne finds his

strength materially impaired.

Contributions have been received from Barrie, Orillia, Innisfil, Essa, Medonte, West Medonte, Coldwater, Oro, Penetanguishene, Tecumseth, West Gwillimbury, and Mono, in the Simcoe District. The Home District is still without a Travelling Missionary.

This is much to be lamented, and will naturally be a ground for additional exertions to render efficient the means which are in operation for training men for the work of the Ministry. Contributions have been received from the City of Toronto. Thornhill, York Mills, Georgina, Lloydtown, Vaughan, Scarboro', and Chinguacousy, where the number of subscribers has this year been doubled.

The amount contributed by each Association will be seen by reference to the abstract of Treasurer's Accounts in the

The Society has much reason to be thankful for the labours which have been so liberally undertaken in its behalf during the last twelve months, and gladly acknowledges what has been done during five successive years, as an earnest of more vigorous and well combined exertions for the future. The same spirit of religious inquiry which manifested itself at the first, still continues to develope itself in a sober and satisfactory manner; and as christian knowledge, when rightly received, leads to christian practice, the happiest results may be expected to flow gradually from such a state of things. It is generally true, that in proportion as men appreciate their privileges as Churchmen, so in like manner do they learn to realize their responsibilities, and to remember the duty incumbent upon them of providing, as far as lies in their power, for the temporal wants of the Church whilst militant on earth. All are seriously invited to consider, that it is not enough to make provision for the annual necessities of this Society; but mene Inhana for feetica ar every courtsatio warm rae Landese. And this endowment must almost entirely come from voluntary contributions; for the Canadian Church, like the Primitive Church, is poor and struggling, and her clergy for the most part have little beyond the bare means of subsistence; and thus, under God, she depends solely on her principles for spiritual strength, and on the free offerings of her children for temporal support, in the great struggle in which she is engaged.

Much has been done, in various ways, and some valuable lands have been given to the Society, but more yet remains to be done; and as every year adds to the difficulty of obtaining grants of land, it is confidently hoped that all the members of the Church, whether of the clergy or the laity, will immediately take this matter into serious consideration, and second the Society in its labours on this point. It cannot be disguised, that each colonial branch of the Church will, year by year, be more completely thrown upon its own resources, and that the venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts will, as the country becomes settled, reasonably expect to be gradually relieved from the heavy burden, which it has faithfully borne almost alone during so many years.

We must begin to look in earnest to ourselves, and this Society seems destined to be the chief engine for making a provision for the temporal wants of the Church; in such a position it is satisfactory to be able to reflect, that a combination of the humblest efforts will produce much. If, for example, as was stated in the last annual report, but one shilling were upon the average paid by each member of the Church in the Diocese, the present income of the Society would be trebled, and the Society would find itself in a position to carry out to a great extent its most important objects.

The members of the Society will take an interest in the fact, that arrangements are now being made, by which the number of Dioceses of the National Church will be largely increased during the present year. The Home Episcopate is to be augmented by four, and the Colonial Episcopate by four additional Bishoprics. This measure which will increase the number of Dioceses from 66 to 74, will add largely to the efficiency and stability of the Church through every portion of the Empire.

The Society has to deplore the loss of the Reverend Mr. Fidler, Missionary at Fenelon Falls, who has been suddenly removed by the hand of death, in the prime of life and in the midst of an exemplary and useful career. One Vice-President of this Society, the Honourable Mr. Justice Hagerman, has likewise been called away from this transitory world. In Mr. Justice Hagerman the Society has lost a warm friend and a zealous advocate.

The Society would, in conclusion, acknowledge the generous assistance which the two Venerable Societies at home still continue to afford to this Diocese: and the reports which have been kindly sent us by the Sister Diocesan Societies of Nova Scotia, Quebec, and New Brunswick, from a perusal of their contents, enable us to rejoice in their continued prosperity. It may be added, that the Church Society of Nova Scotia is about to apply to the Colonial Legislature for an Act of Incorporation similar to our own.

In conclusion, the Society calls upon its Members to bear in mind, that all are associated in the great work of being the humble instruments used for propagating the Gospel in the Church, and setting forth "the faith once delivered to the Saints." It is a great and arduous task: but let the work be done in faith, and let it be remembered, that "the battle is not to the strong," nor "the race to the swift," and that though men are the instruments used in this work of mercy, that the Almighty alone can render such instruments efficient. In this case, there is much to encourage labour, for we are striving in the cause of truth; and, what will cheer us in many a dark hour of disappointment, we know that truth is

eternal, and, however vilified for the time, must in the end prevail. As a sense of religion spreads amongst us, we shall all grow in self-denial and humility, and we shall be induced each year to labour with increased earnestness, for that Branch of the Holy Catholic Church, in which our lot has been cast, which was originally planted by Apostolic hands in this vast Empire, and which, having been mercifully enabled to return to its primitive faith, through the Divine blessing vouchsafed to the labours of our pious reformers, now stands as a city on a hill, alike remarkable for the purity of its doctrine, the Apostolicity of its orders, the mildness of its Ecclesiastical discipline, and the venerable simplicity and solemn dignity of its public worship.

THE CHURCH.

TORONTO, FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1847.

CONTENTS OF THE OUTSIDE.

First Page.

Fifth Annual Report of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto. Fourth Page.
Poetry.—Family Harmony.
John Evelyn.
Dreadful Shipwreck.

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO will hold an Ordination in St. Peter's Church, Cobourg, on Sunday the 22nd August next. Candidates for Orders, whether of Priest or Deacon, are requested to be present for Examination at the Rectory at Cobourg, on the previous Wednesday (August 18), at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Our limits last week did not permit us to record all the gratifying circumstances, as well as matters of important ecclesiastical business, connected with the recent Triennial Visitation of the Clergy of this Diocese.

After the able and edifying Charge to which they had been attentive listeners for nearly three hours, and the appointment of Committees for the drafting of Addresses to his Excellency the Governor General, and the two great Church Societies in England, the Clergy separated, to recome their official convention on the following day (Friday) at eleven

At half-past seven o'clock on Thursday evening, a special Choral Service was held in the Chapel of the University of King's College, at which, we believe, most of the Clergy in town were present. This service was admirably conducted, and the impressions left upon the minds and spirits of those who participated in it, were of the most gratifying and refreshing nature. There is something in the humble, plaintive tone of sacred song, conducted by the rule of the ancient chaunts, singularly in accordance with the natural outpourings of a penitent spirit: the voice of supplication for the manifold good gifts of a gracious God, is appropriately expressed in that unambitious strain of devotional melody: the Amen of the choristers and people, following the dirge-like petitions of the minister, has a peculiarly impressive effect; while the united and full voices of all in the anthem of praise, shadows in the mind, feebly though cheeringly, the image of that scene in the realms of glory, where ten thousand times ten thousand of the redeemed lift up one burst of grateful thanksgiving and homage to the Lord of all.

Refreshed in heart, and elevated in feeling, by this beautiful and touching service, the Clergy proceeded to the residence of the Lord Bishop, to partake of the hospitalities customary at these triennial ecclesiastical assemblages. Besides the Clergy, were the Judges, the Heads of Departments, the Corporation, the Vice-presidents and Standing Committee of the Church Society, and many other gentlemen of the city,-forming altogether a very large, and most intelligent and agreeable party.

Soon after the company had assembled, a beautiful and massive silver Inkstand was presented by the Archdeacons, in the name of the Clergy, to the Lord Bishop, as a slight but heartfelt token of their regard, dutifulness, and affection. The presentation was accompanied with a few appropriate remarks, very feelingly expressed, from the Venerable the Archdeacon of Kingston; and his Lordship, in reply, was pleased to express his warm sense of the kindness which prompted this testimony of the love and esteem of his clergy,-that it was enhanced by the fact of its presentation by his Archdeacons, the senior of whom (the Archdeacon of Kingston) had been his friend for nearly half a century, and the junior (the Archdeacon of York) one whom he had known, and, as it were, brought up, from his infancy,-that such gifts from a Clergy to their Bishop might not be usual, but that as he felt himself in the character of a fond father surrounded by an attached family, he gladly and thankfully accepted the one now so kindly offered him, that when they were separated to their homes and their duties, he might have before him continually a remembrance of this holyday-like a gathering together of his beloved children in the Lord, whose welfare, comfort, and usefulness were at all times amongst the things nearest to his heart and foremost in his prayers. The company present, after partaking of an elegant collation, separated

On Friday morning last, at 10 o'clock, the Annual Meeting of the Committee of the Diocesan Press was held in the Church Society's House, the Lord Bishop in the Chair. A Committee of Audit was appointed to examine the accounts of the Church journal and press, and report thereon. The Committee named were the Rev. T. B. Fuller, the Rev. W. M. Herchmer, Andrew Kerby, Esq., L. Lawrason, Esq., Angus Bethune, Esq., and Mr. Sheriff Ruttan,—to meet in the City of Toronto, during the first week in August, the day to be specially advertised.

The ordinary business of the Committee having been disposed of, the Archdeacon of York took occasion officially to announce his desire of withdrawing from all connexion with the editorial department of the Church newspaper, though his services should still be zealously rendered as a member of the Committee of the Diocesan Press, and his efforts as great as ever to promote the circulation of a periodical which, he believed, had been the instrument of achieving many benefits to the cause of the Church in these colonies. His Lordship the Bishop was pleased to concur in the reasons which moved the Venerable gentleman to this step, which had only been deferred until it could be announced, and acted upon, at a regular meeting of the Press Committee. Other arrangements were accordingly entered into,-which, we have every confidence, will prove satisfactory,-for the future editorial management of the Church journal. Testimonies, as we have often affirmed, can be adduced to prove the high reputation which this periodical has acquired in the Mother Country as well as in the colonies; and it is hoped that, with the Divine blessing, the good opinion and confidence of its numerous supporters may be in future just as effectually secured. It is not for us to dilate upon the past career of this journal, nor upon the apparent causes of the great success with which it has been favoured; our humble persuasion however, we may be permitted to say, is, that this success and reputation is in a large degree owing to the soundness of the principles upon which, as a Church periodical, it has been conducted, and, in a firm and uncompromising adherence to those principles, to the quiet moderation and freedom from party acrimony with which they have been asserted. We are willing to be thought exclusive in our maintenance of the great truths which constitute the Church system; but we can safely and honestly repudiate the charge of intolerance, bigotry, or uncharitableness. Truth, as has often been affirmed, admits of no variations; and it is, in our conviction, an error which cannot be consistently entertained or countenanced, to aid, whether directly or indirectly, in fostering views which go to overturn the unity of the spirit and break the bond of peace. The "one faith and one baptism" which the Apostle affirms, wholly excludes the opinion that there can, with correctness or safety, be sects or parties within the Church of Christ, holding no communion with each other, but engaged in an ungodly emulation for temporal pre-eminence rather than for the advancement and glory of Christ's kingdom. Our own endeavour, in opposition to this inconsistent and distracting course, is to foster, settle and establish those scriptural views of truth or order which, as our Saviour towards the close of his mortal pilgrimage prayed, tend to render "all one,"-in heart, and faith, and communion, and fellowship, -the scattered believers on his Name.

It is with a high gratification we have learned that George Strange BOULTON, Esq., of Cobourg, has been called to the Legislative Council of this province. This is a mark of favour and distinction at the hands of her Majesty's Representative which Mr. Boulton has long merited; and probably there is not an individual in the province whose appointment to this prominent share in its legislative deliberations, will be hailed with a more general satisfaction. Consistent and upright as a politician, he has been regarded, during a long public career, with admiration and respect by all parties; and if his firm and unwavering advocacy of the interests of the Church on all occasions when he had the opportunity of interposing his influence and exertions, has been such as to engage the warm and lasting gratitude of her friends, it has at the same time gained for him an esteem and honour from her opponents which never has been, and never will be, accorded to that numerous class of public men who are found to hesitate between the claims of solemn duty and the miserable promptings of expediency and self-interest. We hope that Mr. Boulton will live long to enjoy his new honours, as well as that the State will not soon be deprived of the benefit of his valuable and honest services in his present high and influential position.

We have been favoured with a copy of another work from the pen of the Rev. ERNEST HAWKINS, B. D., the able and energetic, Secretary of the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, entitled "Annals of the Colonial Church,"—the present volume being

confined to a notice of the Diocese of New Brunswick. We have often had occasion to refer, as we must always do with pleasure and thankfulness, to Mr. Hawkins's untiring efforts on behalf of the Colonial Church; and the present, amongst many previous instances, is a proof that, in the noble and holy enterprize of evangelizing the world the worl prize of evangelizing the world through the legitimate agency of the Church, his heart is in the work.

We shall not fail to present our readers with some quotations from this interesting work very shortly.

In the account published last week of the Church Society's proceedings at the General Meeting, the name of Robert Paget, Esq., M. D., should have appeared in place of the Rev. D. E. Blake. The correction of this error affords us an opportunity of expressing the gratification we derived from seeing at the Meeting, and concerned in the business of the day, many Laymen of the same stamp as Dr. Paget,—men who are heartily attached to the Church; zealous in her behalf; and well-instructed as to her principles of doctrine and of discipline.

The name of the Rev. Dr. Lundy ought to have been included, last week, in the list of the Clergy who attended the Visitation. Dr. Lundy received his appointment in this Diocese after the printed list of the Clergy, from which the names were called, had been published. It was this circumstance, we suppose, which caused the omission.

Returning Officer, no other nomination being made, the and their successors, Christ's promise to "be with Mr. Sherwood was declared returned by acclamation."

We alluded, in our last number but one, to what Mary. Our thanks are due to the person who has kindly sent us a number of that confessedly able Journal which contains an explanation of the matter. We did not say, at the time, in what Newspaper the objectionable verses appeared, because we drew attention to them solely and wholly for the sake of dissenting from their unsoundness, and for no other purpose; certainly not with any design of doing the least injustice, or causing the smallest detriment to a Paper which we have many reasons for holding in esteem .-But lest, by any possibility, our remarks should have an effect by no means intended, we will cheerfully publish in our next number—as we have not space for it at present—the explanation to which we refer.

> House of Industry, Toronto, 11th June, 1847.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the General Committee will be held this evening, at 7 o'clock precisely, to take into consideration the present embarrassed state. of the charity, and to determine upon what course to adopt

W. M. Westmacott, Secretary.

We very cheerfully accede to the request that the are glad to promote its object, as far as we can, by placing it in a prominent position, and eatnestly entreating for it the attention of our readers. It is surely a matter of currence and cover the secretary and it is the part of faith to receive whatsoever comes of benevolence, should be crippled in its pecuniary resources. Its means, we understand, have now them. The statement communicated by the Secretary assures us, that "no aid has been received from the Corporation for the last two years, and only £120 the Corporation for the last two years, and only £120 from the inhabitants during the past year; that the charity is now £130 in debt, with 30 helpless persons the charity is now £130 in debt, with 50 helpless persons the charity is now £130 in debt, with 50 helpless persons the charity is now £130 in debt, which is now £130 in debt, which \$100 in debt, which \$1 to be supported in the House, while at the same time the Committee have been compelled to place four infants out at nurse, at an expense of £4 a month, independent of which there are many infirm persons receiving out-door assistance." This is a discouraging state of affairs; and, if it be allowed to continue, will be in no small degree discreditable to our city. But we sincerely and confidently hope, that exertions will we sincerely and confidently hope, that exertions will be made adequate to the relief of this excellent institution. A slackness in our endeavours now will be ever-blessed Spirit, I believe to be ordinarily necessary severely felt. Increased emigration will introduce increased distress; and, at a time when we are daily looking for, and actually receiving, a large accession to the numbers of our poor, it is of the utmost consequence, that our public charities should be maintained with a larger measure of christian zeal, and certainly should not be allowed to suffer, as in the present case,

An extract from private correspondence which has been handed to us by a friend, furnishes the following sad picture of destitution in Ireland:-

a falling off in the amount of contributions.

"Longford May 17, 1847.—The prices of provisions are enormous—beef is 9d. p fb, and mutton 7d. to 8\frac{1}{2}d.:—there has not been a single potatoe in the market for three weeks, and Indian corn is 17s. 6d. p cwt. Still we have reason to be thankful that we are well off, in comparison with the greater part of the country. Through some fa-tal mismanagement on the part of Government, our pub-lic works have been all stopped and about 2,000 are thrown on the out-door relief list of the parish, so that the lic works have been all stopped and about 2,000 are thrown on the out-door relief list of the parish, so that the poor rates will speedily, I fear, amount to 6s. or 7s. in the pound, this will throw many of the small trades into bankruptcy who have hitherto been able to hold out against the fearful pressure. In our work-house there are about 1,000 inmates, and the deaths are fully on an average of 30 a week since Christmas within its walls, exclusive of the deaths through the town. Still as I because of the deaths are fully on an average of the deaths through the town. Still as I because of the deaths through the town.

to show in the fourth and last place, from the sacred volume itself, that "the Church is the divinely appointed interpreter of Holy Scripture and the only authoritative guide in controversies respecting matters of faith and

IV. In support of this position, I fear not to assert that IV. In support of this position, I fear not to assert that the Bible contains more injunctions of submission to the authority of the Church as the instructor and guide of men, than it does of respect for itself as the word of God. The reason of this I judge to be, that the Holy Spirit foresaw that the opposition of men would be greater to the Church than to the Bible, and for this obvious reason, that it is the office of the former to unfold the meaning that it is the office of the former to unfold the meaning

perhaps, also, holy Scripture is more readily submitted to than the voice of the Church, because its writers having passed away and their memories being surrounded with a halo of spiritual glory, they are no longer objects

of jealous pride.

The Old Testament, to which our blessed Lord himself refers us, as containing the principles of Divine truth, which belong to all time, teaches throughout that the people are to receive the law from the lips of the priests, that is, doubtless, as its lawful expounders, not as its orithat is, doubtless, as its lawful expounders, not as its originators. Thus Jehovah, when instructing Aaron respecting the sanctity of the priesthood, gives this as one reason for it, "And that ye may teach the children of Israel all the statutes which the Lord hath spoken unto them by the hand of Moses" (Lev. x. 11.) Again, in Mal. (ii. 7) it is said, "For the priest's lips should keep knowledge, and they should seek the law at his mouth, for he is the messenger of the Lord of hosts," So, also, in Deut. (xxi. 5), and in Ezekiel (xliv. 24), it is declared, "In controversy they and the priests shall stand in judgment, saith the Lord, and by their word shall every controversy be tried." See, also, the marginal references for other similar passages in the Old Testament.

In the New Testament Scriptures this same doctrine, that the Church, chiefly, of course, through its Ministry, is the Divinely appointed expounder and interpreter of

is the Divinely appointed expounder and interpreter of the word of life, is still more plainly taught. Thus our blessed Lord instructed His disciples to "observe and do whatsoever the Scribes and Pharisees bid them, because they sat in Moses' seat;" that is, were the appointed teachers of the Church of Christ. (Mat. xxiii. 2, 3)—Also when Christ cant His Apoetles to "disciple all re-Toronto Election.—On Thursday last, in pursuance of the notice given by the Returning Officer, the election for a member to represent the City, in the room of the Hon. H. Sherwood, was held at the City Hall, at one o'clock. The writ having been read, G. Denison, Sr., Esq., proposed Mr. Sherwood as a candidate, warmly recommending him for the suffrages of the electors. G. P. Ridout, Esq., seconded the nomination, and, after the question being put by the Returning Officer, no other nomination being made,

Mr. Sherwood was declared returned by acelamation. The Attorney General proceeds immediately to the Seat of Government.

The Anniversary Dinner, in commemoration of the Opening of the University of King's College, was celebrated by a very large number of the Graduates and Undergraduates, on Tuesday Evening last. The customary festivities were observed with the greatest cordiality and good-humour; and the appropriate remarks which accompanied the usual standard, and several voluntary toasts, showed with what high and affectionate esteem the Alumni of the University results of the world."

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St. Paul also clearly teaches us the same tr affectionate esteem the Alumni of the University regard their Alma Mater.

gular that in these and very many other, passages which I do not venture to quote, for fear of making this letter too long, the Bible is not even associated with the ministry as an authoritative teacher! One reason, at least, of this I imagine to be, that the teaching of the Church is we conceived to be an injudicious publication, in a Church journal in the States of consequences, in a Church journal in the States, of some verses ascribing undue honours and improper titles to the Blessed Virgin for the Church's exposition of the word of the Lord, Christians may be more certainly and constantly brought within the range of those blessed sacraments and ordinances of which the ministry are the appointed dispensers.

To name, however, another passage or two, it may be observed with respect to St. Paul's famous declaration, that "the Church is the pillar and ground of truth," (1 Tim. iii. 15,) that it evidently proves that she must have wisdom and power positively to decide what is truth

Tim. iii. 15.) that it evidently proves that she must have wisdom and power positively to decide what is truth.—And this she does when she gives us the Bible as the "ground" of "truth," and her own expositions and interpretations of it as the "pillar" of that right faith which alone can be lawfully built thereon. Again, "God is not the author of confusion, but of peace in all the churches of the saints" (1 Cor. xiv. 23); modern experience, however, sufficiently shows that if this is to be so, the Church Catholic must have Divine authority to make its own exposition of the truth, as respects both faith and discipline, position of the truth, as respects both faith and discipline, binding on all the churches: for that wheresoever this right is not admitted, there heresies the most dangerous, and divisions on grounds the most frivolous, fearfully

But I must restrain myself, and yet the Scriptures are so beautifully full and clear in their support of the principle that the Church is the only Divinely authorized interpreter of Holy Writ, and guide in matters of faith and practice, that it is with difficulty I do so. Should neces-

surely a matter of surprise and regret, that an Insti- with the warranty of God's authority; leaving it to the tution, which has been so eminently useful in works fault is, that they are too noble for his intellects to grasp, too blessedly glorious for his affections to comprehend.

Permit me, however, in conclusion, absolutely to repel become very scanty, and its difficulties, compared with the inefficient support which it receives, are such as the inefficient support which it receives, are such as the inefficient support which it receives are such as the inefficient support which it is supported by the inefficient support which is supported by the inefficient support which it is supported by the inefficient supported by the ineffici must disable it, if something be not done to remove far is this from being the fact, that to take myself as an instance, cordially believing as I do, —alike from private conviction, and that obedience of faith which I owe to the decision of the Church, -our sixth Article, "Of the suf-

> ens of individuals, and to place it in the hands of that Universal Church which He who cannot lie, has promised ever to be with, and to guide into all truth, and whose decisions must therefore be "The truth as it is in Jesus."
>
> And thanks forever be to God for His unspeakable mercy, this decision of the Universal Church we do possess during the first three or four centuries at least.

ons corruptions necessarily consequent in a greater or less degree, upon the weak, fallible, or wilful misinterpreta-

A CATHOLIC. Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

Your's ever,

to salvation.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO. MIDLAND DISTRICT CHURCH SOCIETY.

The fourth general meeting of the Midland and Victoria District Branch of The Church Society was held at Kingston, on the evening of Wednesday, May 19th. The attendance on this occasion was good. A report was read, and resolutions were adopted, as follows:

FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT.

More than a year has passed since the last public meeting of this Branch of the Church Society was held, and your Committee have again the pleasure of meeting you, and of presenting their Fourth Report. They have, howand of presenting their Fourth Report. They have, however, but little to record on this occasion, as the religious wants of the district, and the means by which this Society might contribute towards their experience.—It was stated in the Chamber of Peers on the Sth, by the Minister of Commerce and Agriculture, that the prospects of the next harvest were extremely promising.

cause to hope, however, that greater activity is beginning to appear, and that the Midland District will show itself zealous in this great work. This at least is certain, that the times call for increased exertions at our hands. Under the pressure of distress at home, multitudes will be driven to seek a subsistence in Canada, and their own industry may easily provide them, in this fertile land, with such things as are needful for the body; but who will supply them with the bread of life? Is there not danger that they may find, in their adopted home, famine more terrible than that from which they fly? "not a famine of bread, nor a thirst for water, but of hearing the words of the Lord."

NAPANEE AND TYENDENAGA.—The Parochial Association for Napanee and Tyendenaga reports, that during the last year the subscriptions and donations towards the objects of the Church Society, have amounted to the sum and enforce the practical application of those truths which might otherwise be, with equal readiness, professed and neglected or perverted, if left to the letter of Scripture of £26 17s. 6d. C'y, of which the sum of £22 4s. was columited States red Genesce was worth 13s. 9d. @ 14s.; white

increased attendance at that church.

In Tyendenaga the subscriptions and donations have amounted to £4 13s. 6d.. This sum has been applied towards the liquidation of the debt on the stone church erected in the interior of the township, for the accommodation of the settlers and on which these remains a con-

ation of the settlers, and on which there remains a con-It is satisfactory to state, that the building committee was enabled to accomplish the plastering of the church and to furnish it with pulpit, reading-desk, chancel and forms in time for the Bishop's late visitation.

It is also worthy of remark that, in October last, Mr. Lewis Roberts, a member of the Church, who had the right of pre-emption of a valuable Clergy Reserve in Tyendenaga, generously ceded his claim to 100 acres of it in favour of the church, that it might be secured as a glebe. of the church, that it might be secured as a glebe. The Church Society have accepted the offer, and consented to aid the membersof the Church in the township to purchase it, and have already paid the first instalment. As soon as the debt on the church shall have been paid off, the finds of the Association shall have been paid off, the finds of the Association shall be applied to this desirable object CASH ACCOUNT, KINGSTON PAROCHIAL ASSOCIATION, FROM JANUARY 3RD, 1846, TO 30TH APRIL, 1847.

RECEIPTS. Jan'y 3, Balance in hand at last report 47 March 7, By June 8, By Aug. 11, By Oct. 27, By ditto ditto Nov'r 25, By Jan'y 2, By Feb'y 2, By DISBURSEMENTS.

March 2, Rev. J. Pope, quarter's salary 12 10 0 April 30, Mrs. Pope, qr's sal'y late Rev. J. Pope. 12 10 0 Dec'r 1, Rev. W. Greig, quarter's salary 12 10 0 Jan'y 9, One-fourth of subscriptions for past March 1, Rev. W. Greig, quarter's salary 22 8 10

Advanced to the Depository 21 4 11

Total.... £153 12 7

It was then moved by the Rev. J. Grier, seconded by

1st Resolved, - That the Report now read be received, and published in The Church paper. Moved by the Rev. R. V. Rogers, seconded by Mr.

2nd Resolved,—That this meeting desire to acknowledge, with gratitude to God, the success which has hitherto attended the labours of the Incorporated Church Society of the Diocese Moved by the Rev. W. Greig, seconded by Mr. Moyle,

3rd Resolved,-That the Secretaries and Treasurer be continued in their respective offices.

Moved by Mr. Breakenridge, seconded by the Rev. P.

4th Resolved,—That the Managing Committee shall consist of all the officiating Clergy of the district, together with the Hon. J. Macaulay, Dr. Baker, Messrs. Forsyth, Hill. Willard, Glassup, Essen, T. Georgen, Dr. Hayward, Mackenzie, Peter Davy, P. V. Dorland.

Moved by Mr. Forsyth, seconded by the Rev. S. Givins-5th Resolved, -That as Christians and Churchmen, this meeting feel it incumbent on them to make a united effort to list all the members of the Church in the cause of this

THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO. Collections made in the several Churches, Chapels, and Missionary Stations throughout the Diocese of Toronto, to be applied to the fund for the support of Students in Theology.

Previously announced in No. 120, amount, 267 11 3½
Georgina, per Rev. J. Gibson 0 10 11
St. Mary's Chinguacousy 20 9 5
Church at Centre Road 0 6 8 -per Rev. G. S. J. Hill....

123 Collections.... £268 18 21 T. W. BIRCHALL, 7th June, 1847.

The Treasurer has also received, per W. H. Bottum, Esq., the sum of £9 5s., contributed by the Prescott Parochial Association of the Eastern District Branch of the Church Society, to be appropriated to the Missionary Fund of the Diocese. Also

From the Scarboro Parochial Association per the Rev. W. S. Darling, the sum of £6 13s. 2d. and

W. S. Darling, the sum of £6 13s. 9d., and From the Chinguacousy Parochial Association, per he Rev. G. S. J. Hill, the sum of £3 6s. 3d.

RELIEF FOR IRELAND AND THE HIGHLANDS OF SCOTLAND.

Special Collections made in the Churches on Good Friday, 1847, to be transmitted to Ireland and Scotland for the benefit of the sufferers by Famine in accordance with the Pastoral Letter of the Lora Bishop of the Diocese—date 18th March 1847. 18th March 1847. Previously announced 98 Collections, amount... £572 4 8

5 0 0 orwich 0 16 6 —per Rev. Geo. Petrie..... .. £580 19 8 103 Collections T. W. BIRCHALL, Treasurer Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto. 7th June, 1847.

Arrival of the Hibernia. ELEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

STILL FURTHER ADVANCE IN PROVISIONS AND BREADSTUFFS. New York, June 3, 71 P.M. The Hibernia arrived at Boston this morning, with advices rom Liverpool to the 18th.

The following abstract was received this morning by tele

dout 1,000 inmates, and the deaths are fully on an average of 30 a week since Christmas within its walls, exclusive of the deaths through the town. Still, as I have said, before we are grateful to the Lord for having spared us from the more dreadful afflictions which devastate other parts. The present woes of Ireland are only rivalled in history by the awful miseries which the guilt of our blessed Saviours blood brought down on the wretched inhabitants of Jerusalem.

Communication.

Commun been preserved. The extreme pressure is gone, but money still remains extremely scarce and dear. There was no doubt that the bank is in a steady improving position. The present amount of bullion held by the establishment is estimated by very competent judges to be £10,000,000.

The Cotton Market has suffered severely by the pressure in the manetary circles. A batter feeling had become begun to

the monetary circles. A better feeling had, however, begun to be manifested. The prices declared by the committee of brokers of May 14, for fair cotton were—Fair-Bowed, 6d.; bile, 6d.; Orleans, 6d. The imports of the fortnight, 32,333 bales. This year, 472,200.

Bread Stuffs.—In consequence of light stocks of grain all over Europe, the dearness of provisions becomes more and

Further and important advance has taken place in the value of breadstuffs, as well in this country as in many of the near continental ports during the last fortnight. A greatly curtailed consumption must therefore follow. This may be the means, @ 41s. per bbl; United States sweet, at 39s. 40s. 6d. The quotations of to-day show a rise of 7s. 6d. @ 8s. per quarter on

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L, 1847.

Quotations of to-day show a rise of 7s. 6d. @ 8s. per quarter on the former, and 8s. 6d. @ 9s. on the latter.

The deficiency in the kingdom to carry us on to the next harvest, and the doubts entertained whether enough will reach us from foreign countries, have been the cause of the late advance, and we must admit that the shortness of the supplies of of the growers—the rapid diminution of the stock in the grain accounts at the different maritime ports, and the general tone of the advices from abroad have afforded all grounds for apprehension. Wheat has, however, reached so high a point as to get it beyond the reach of the poorer classes.

Accounts from the Continent show that much scarcity prevails in all parts, but as the navigation was opened large supplies were expected to come down the river in a very short time and of increasing the means of forwarding the destitute to places where their labour may be required. An increased grant has been made by the Imperial Parliament in aid of this service.—Although it is to be feared that there may be much want and suffering among certain classes of Immigrants who arrive this season, I have reason to believe they will be accompanied by a greater number than usual of persons possessed of capital who are likely to prove an acquisition to the Province.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly,

I have directed the Accounts of the Revenue and Expenditure of the past year, with the estimates for the current year, and the imperial Parliament in aid of this service.—Although it is to be feared that there may be much want and suffering among certain classes of Immigrants who arrive this season, I have reason to believe they will be accompanied by a greater number than usual of persons possessed of capital who are likely to prove an acquisition to the Province.

Gentlemen of the Accounts of the Revenue and Expenditure of the past year, with the estimates in

Accounts from the Continent show that much scarcity prevails in all parts, but as the navigation was opened large supplies were expected to come down the river in a very short time, whereby the wants of the people of this country would not only be supplied, but that numerous cargoes would be transported to this Kingdom.

I observe with satisfaction that there is an account of the continuous statements and credit of the Province as may be necessary to support the high character for probity and good faith which Canada has at all times maintained.

hot only be supplied, but that maintenance of the calamity of famine with which Capada has at all times maintained.

Accounts from Smyrna, dated 30th ult., mention that grain had further advanced in value, and that the accounts from the adjacent localities on the subject of the crops were decidedly of the calamity of famine with which another than the calamity of famine with which capada has at all times maintained.

Honourable Gentlemen, and Gentlemen, which capada has at all times maintained.

The same has an excellent demand, and the first same from 2s. @ 3s. above the last noted.

CHEESE advanced 1s. & cwt. The prices vary from 42s. @ 45s. & cwt. Decline of from 2s. @ 3s. & cwt. on American tallow since the 4th ult., now sold at 44s. @ 46s. & cwt. No

DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT.—The latest rumor is that Parliament will be dissolved on the 19th or 26th of June, if public business admits; if not, the dissolution will not be later than the first week in July.

than the first week in July.

North America. Mall Steam Ships.—The first of the four new steamships intended for this service, which will establish a weekly mail communication between Liverpool and America, was launched at Greenock, on Thursday, 13th inst., from the building yard of Messrs. R. Steel & Co., and named the America. She is a remarkably fine ship, of 1800 tons.

The British Government have taken steps to send out Sir J. Richardson with his overland expedition to the North Pole.

IRELAND.

The accounts from Ireland are very awful. A Dublin correspondent of the Morning Chronicle says:—"There have been further tumultuary proceedings and processions of the peasantry in various parts of the country, and the military and police have been in general requisition to keep this spirit of insubordination in check. The reports of the progress of pestilence are quite disheartening, notwithstanding all the imports of food, and the immense extent of relief in food and money, great destitution still prevails, and the markets are advancing. All accounts concur in showing that the mortality is still very considerable. A counted concur in showing that the mortality is still very considerable. A counted concurred in the members occupied and mintegral part of an Empire abounding in wealth and population.

I feel confident that you will duly appreciate the responsibility which rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the trade and productive capsetility which rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the trade and productive capsetility which rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the trade and productive capsetility which rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the trade and productive capsetility which rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the trade and productive capsetility on with rests on Parliament at this conjuncture, and that divelopment to the frade and productive capsetility on with rests

Several German Engineers have arrived in Egypt, in order to make the necessary surveys for cutting a ship canal through the isthmus of Sucz. The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland (Earl Besborough), is dead.

Colonial.

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE. Montreal, 22nd May, 1847. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to

Make the following appointments, viz:—

John Hilliard Cameron, Esquire, to be a Member of Her Majesty's Executive Council in and for the Province of Canada. Joseph Andre Taschereau, Esq., to be a Circuit Judge in and for the District of Quebec.

Montreal, 29th May, 1847.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to answer to the offer.

The Honourable Peter McGill, Speaker of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada, in the place of the Hon. R. E. Caron, and

make the following appointment, viz.;

Charles Joseph Chaussegros DeLéry, Esq., to be Clerk of the Hon. Legislative Council of the Province of Canada, in the place of James Fitzgibbon, Esquire.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE CROWN IN CHANCERY, Montreal, 27th May, 1847.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to call to the Legislative Council of this Province, Hamnett Pinhey, of the Township of March, and James Fer-tier, of the city of Montreal, Esquires.

sent, he trusted they also were ready to give their explanation of the city of Montreal, Foquires, Montreal, June 1st, 1847.

Montreal, June 1st, 1847.

Roderick Matheson, of Perth, Esquires.

Montreal, June 1st, 1847.

Thomas Galt, Dr. George Herrick, and James G. Chewett, Esquires, to be a Bowd to examine all Claimants for Millia Penaions under the Statute 3rd Victoria, ch. 27, in that part of the Province formerly called Upper Canada.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

His Excellency the Governour General opened the third seathers the second Parliament since the Union of the Province all with well are seed and the galleries inconvenity of the House, and the members of the House of Assembly, and the cevity of the House, and the galleries inconvenity of the Speaker with gentlemen. An immense number of persons who had received tickets could get no seats, and consequently there was a general rush made by the excluded, when the doors were opened to admit the Members of the House of Assembly.

His Excellency came down just at 3 c'olock, accompanied by his personal staff, and was received by a guard of honour of the Rile Brigade, which was stationed at the entrance of the House. The lobby of the House of Assembly, His Excellency came down just at 3 c'olock, accompanied by his personal staff, and was received by a guard of honour of the Rile Brigade, which was stationed at the entrance of the House. The lobby of the House had of the military declaration and the second Parliamed by his staff, the General commanding and Field officers of the different regts, and the members, when the latter had taken their places at the entrance by the heads of the military declaration that the speaker had been said, and the members of the House of Assembly to attend him, the Uther of the Back Rod proceeded to the Lower House, and the members of the House of the Sunday date.

Mr. Aglein would be prepared to produce the documents referred to the Sunday date.

Mr. Aglein would be prepared to produce the documents referred to the Sunday date.

Mr.

10., 14s. 3d. @ 14s. 8d. Indian corn was worth 50s. @ 51s. In view of the large Immigration which may be expected to 6d., on the 14th instant. Yesterday it brought 63s. @ 66s.

Per quarter of 480 lbs. On the 4th, Canadian flour was at 40s.

4ls. per bbl; United States sweet, at 39s. 40s. 6d. The

a nature greatly to allay future anxiety.

The market for all cured provisions keeps steady, little or nothing moving from Ireland. Importations from the United States in most cases meet a ready sale. Beef, Pork and Hams, much the same as last quoted. Bacon ranges from 7d. @ 9d.

b) and has an excellent demand, and the rates now current the leaf motel.

The market for all cured provisions keeps steady, little or the calamity of famine with which another part of the Empire has been so sorely afflicted, and I congratulate you on the liberality which the Inhabitants of this Colony of all classes and origins have evinced in contributing to the relief of their suffering fellow subjects.

I cannot refrain from adverting to the fact, that among those

whose generosity has been so conspicuous on this trying occa-

sion, are our Indian Brethren.

The occurrences of the past year, though in some measurements of the past year. exceptional, indicate that there is a growing demand in Europe for the produce of this Continent, and render it highly important that the inhabitants of Canada should improve to the utmost, its natural advantages, and those which attach to it, as an integral part of an Empire abounding in wealth and population.

titution still prevails, and the markets are advancing. All ac counts concur in showing that the mortality is still very considerable. According to some calculations, the population has already been diminished to the extent of nearly one million, from deaths and emigration. But I should suppose that this estimate, for which there can be nothing like certain or accurate data, is greatly exaggerated."

It has been proposed to import mandioc, or cassava flour, from Brazil, with the view of using it as a substitute for wheaten or other meal.

Several Commense extent of rene advancing. All according to some calculations, the population has ministerial side twenty-eight. Most of the members occupied the same seats as in preceding sessions; the only noticeable exception being Mr. Draper, who, instead of occupying his seat at the head of the ministerial ranks on the Speaker's right hand, took his seat at the further extremity on the same side, by the hon. member for Beauharnois. The Speaker announced the election of Mr. Solicitor-General West, for Cornwall, of Mr. Lyon, for Carleton; of Mr. Conger, for Prince Edward; and Mr. Fournier, for L'Islet, and those gentlemen being severally introduced, took their *eats.

The Speaker then announced that, in the vacation of the House, the Hou. W. B. Robinson had accepted an office of emolument under the Crown; that it would have been his duty, as Speaker of the Grown; that the would have been his duty, as Speaker of the House, to issue a writ for the election of a member for Simcoe; but that the writ had been issued by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, in pursuance of a certificate signed by two members of the House, under which the said W. B. Robinson had been re-elected for the said county.

The Hon, W. Draper then rose and announced the resignation of this estimate House.

tion of his seat in the House.

Col. Prince enquired in what capacity the hon, and learned gentleman occupied his seat? The common report was that he had succeeded to the vacant situation on the Judicial Bench

of Canada West.

Mr. Draper had no hesitation in saying that he had not accepted any such office. It was true that His Excellency had done him the honour to make such an offer to him, but he had for his own personal convenience solicited and obtained per-mission to deliberate for a few days, nor had he yet given any Mr. Christie read something in a voice which was inaudible

Henry Sherwood, Esq., a Member of Her Majesty's Executive
Council in and for the Province of Canada, and
To be Her Majesty's Attorney General in and for that part of the Province formerly Upper Canada, in the place of the Hon. William Henry Draper, resigned.

Montreal, 29th May, 1847.

The Honourable Peter McGill, Speaker of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada, in the place of the Hon.

E. Caron, and
Also a Member of Her Majesty's Executive Council in and the said Province.

Montreal, 2nd June, 1847.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to ake the following appointment, viz.;—

Charles Y. A. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser.

M. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser.

M. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser.

M. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser.

M. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser.

M. Raldwin then moved accorded by C. L. Raiser. Mr. Baldwin then moved, seconded by Col. Prince,-

"That the writ for Simcoe be laid on the table forthwith."

Mr. Baldwin said, that the Speaker had expressed his own willingness to give any desired explanation, and now that the two hon, members who had vacated the seat for him, were present, he trusted they also were ready to give their explanation of the circumstances which led them to such an extraordinary

Mr. Cayley would be prepared to produce the documents required at an early date.

Mr. Aylwin would withdraw his motion if the documents required at an early date.

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Mr. Cayley would be prepared to produce them on Friday.

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Hand of Different Comment of the Secretary of the Secreta

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Friday, June 4. This day the Hon. Legislative Council assembled. Fifteen members were present, the Hon. P. M'Gill presiding. Upon the order of the day, being for taking into consideration His Excellency's speech, Mr. DeBouchervile, as we understood the

Mr. Ferrier then rose to move the Address of the House in Mr. Ferrier then rose to move the Address of the House in answer to His Excellency's Speech which he read. He had no doubt that the speech would meet with the approbation of the country, and that the House and Her Majesty's subjects throughout the Province would echo the wise and patriotic sentiments which it contained.

Mr. Matthieson seconded the motion.

Mr. Morris said that it was usual that the address in answer to the speech should be read narrarraph, by arrangements and her

to the speech should be read paragraph by paragraph, and his hon, friend should move the adoption of those paragraphs one

by one.

The first paragraph having been read and moved:

Mr. Ferguson objected to the great delay in bringing forward
the measures of the Government; for this delay no good reason
had been assigned, and it had involved the whole Province politically as well as commercially. There were some parts of the address with which all must honestly and heartily agree, yet address with which all must honestly and heartily agree, yet there were many important omissions, and particularly of all allusion to the question of education. It was true that there was no agitation in the country; but, though silent, it was not satisfied. He would move an amendment expressive of the regret of the House that His Excellency had been advised to postpone the meeting of Parliament to a period so inconvenient, and treading on the extreme verge of time allowed by the constitution of the country.

and treading on the extreme verge of time allowed by the constitution of the country.

Mr. Irving seconded the amendment in a speech of great length. He would be particularly sorry to oppose the Government of his Excellency, but he must be opposed to any Government which contained any one of Lord Metcalfe's irresponsible Council of three. The hon, gentleman then delivered himself of a strong philippic against the Government in general, and Mr. Draper in particular, and drew from his pocket a bundle of newspapers which he quoted largely in support of his allegations.

Mr. Morris said that the Hon, gentleman had begun as usual primed and charged with the usual story that the government was most worthless and corrupt, and that the speech contained nothing. Mr. Irving knew, as well as he did, that after the arrival of the Earl of Elgin, attempts were made to satisfy the public mind. Education had been referred to. The present ministers had done what the preceding never dared to do nor which they could have done. They had applied to purposes of general education of Protestants as well as of Catholics, the whole of the Jesuit Estates of Lower Canada; and in Upper Canada, though the appropriations had not been what he wished, they hoped to do more. They had been taunted with having offered office to their opponents. If by that was meant that His Excellency desired to associate in his Government a due portion of gentlemen of French origin, he was proud to admit the fact, and was quite satisfied that when the documents were produced, the public would be satisfied also, and that he should have no reason to be ashamed that he had taken part in the offer. With respect to former events, he should ever rejoice that he had lent his feeble aid to administer the Government at a critical time, and that to the utmost of his power he had sustained and Market and Market and the stored active the should be satisfied that when the Government at a critical time, and that to the utmost of his power he had sustained and Market and Market and the stored active the same and that to the utmost of his power he had sustained and Market and Market and the stored active the same and the stored active the same and the same active the same and the same active that he had lent his feeble aid to administer the Government at a critical time, and that to the utmost of his power he had sustained the same active the same and the same active the same active the same active the same active to satisfie the same active to satisfie the same active that the Mr. Morris said that the Hon. gentleman had begun as usual that he had lent his feeble aid to administer the Government at a critical time, and that to the utmost of his power he had sustained Lord Metcalfe, who was a just and virtuous man, and an honour to mankind. He was sorry that his Hon. friends (if he might call them so) should be so much out of temper.

The other clauses were then agreed to without opposition. The other clauses were then agreed to without opposition.

Mr. Morris moved that Messrs. Crooks, Neilson, and Ferrier be a committee to draft the address. Carried nem. con.

The draft being brought up by the Committee, it was on the motion of Mr. Jamieson, agreed that the address should be agreed to and presented in the usual form.

ingly happy in having the voice of the whole District, irrespective of party, in favour of their nomination.

Mr. Boulton will doubtless take his seat in the House, and give this town, as well as the District and country generally, the benefit of his talents and great experience in business.

We hope that the honourable gentleman will take an early opportunity of bringing before the authorities the state of our harbour; and, if possible, induce the Commissioner of Public Works to expend the sum necessary for its completion.

We wish Mr. Boulton every success in his new career, hoping that he may enjoy for very many years the honourable distinction by which our representative of our Queen has acknowledged his services to his country.—Cobourg Star, June 2nd.

KINGSTON ELECTION.—The Receiver General Re-

KINGSTON ELECTION.-THE RECEIVER GENERAL RE-KINGSTON ELECTION.—THE RECEIVER GENERAL RETURNED BY ACCLAMATION.—To day, at 12 o'clock the nomination of a fit and proper person to represent the City of Kingston in Provincial Parliament took place. John R. Forsyth, Esq., proposed the Receiver General, John A. Macdonald, Esq., and James Williamson, Esq., seconded him. It was urged, among other things, by the Proposer and Seconder, that much good might result to Kingston by its member being in the Cabinet; and that as Mr. Macdonald had been elected to serve for 4 years, and as that time had not yet expired, it would be better that he should be elected by acclamation.

Kenneth McKenzie, Esq., then rose and said that he had been requested by a large number of electors to allow himself to be nominated as a candidate for the representation of Kingston, but as he saw that Mr. Macdonald had now a majority of votes in his favour, he would on the present occasion make no fac-

14th April.—The Commirtee appointed on the 6th instant,

the order of the day, being for taking into consideration His Excellency's speech, Mr. DeBouchervile, as we understood the hon. gentleman, moved, as an amendment, the reading of an Imperial Act, referred to in His Excellency's speech, authorising Colonial Legislatures, with the consent of Her Majesty, to repeal differential duties.

Mr. DeBoucherville disclaimed all intention of disrespect to His Excellency. He observed that the constitution of Canada was not a written constitution, nor was it altogether a constitution of precedents, like the constitution of Britain, but it was partly written; and this Imperial Act was a part of it, but thought the House ought to be put in possession of it.

Mr. Jrving was rather surprised that his hon. friend should present the Ministry, and had recently been promoted to the highest station in the Ministry, and had recently been promoted to the highest continued have no communication at all with the government, until His Excellency's speech was answered.

Mr. Morris said that the House was not called upon to-day ties. The order of the day was to perform an act of courtesy in replying to the speech which His Excelency had made to them. In answering that speech they were not called upon to compromise any principle, or to pledge themselves to any particular mode of legislation.

Mr. Ferrie begged to remind his hon, friend that the voting the uddress did not preclude him, or any other member of the House, from bringing forward, at any subsequent period, any measure he might deem desirable.

Mr. DeBoucherville, in conformity with the general feeling of the House, withdrew his motion.

The House then proceeded to the order of the day, which was the consideration of the speech of His Excellency the Government, they beg leave respectfully to point out to your Excellency that any more hardened and for whom an assistance is required from the retain number of Immigrants for whom there is full employment, and was the consideration of the speech of His Excellency the Government, they beg l The Memorial of the Justices of the Peace for the Home District, in Quarter Sessions assembled, respectfully sheweth:

That although your Memorialists have the fullest assurance of your Excellency's watchful care and attention to the several circumstances connected with the welfare of this province, nevertheless, they deem it their duty to bring prominently, but respectfully, the following points before your Excellency and the Provincial Government:

Let That all the various accounts received from Great Briston and the Provincial Government:

2nd. That the Legislature of the State of New York have recently passed an Act for the regulation of the accommodation of passenger's on board merchant vessels Arriving at the ports of that state, the provisions of which, and other laws are so stringent, that they must of necessity very much limit the influx of emigrants to that country, and that of necessity a very much larger proportion will be compelled to come to this Province, either to become permanent settlers, or in transit to the western parts of the United States.

settled here, and for whom no assistance is required from the Provincial Government, they beg leave respectfully to point out to your Excellency, that among the vast numbers who may be expected, a very large proportion will arrive in a state of utter destitution, and must remain in absolute pauperism during the ensuing winter, and probably for a much longer period, unless that the Provincial Government will afford them certain facilities and assistance in settling.

be incurred in locating them, a charge on the land, and would allow a lengthened term, such as 10 or 12 years, for the full payment of such charge or low price: although a large advance would be required at first, the principal so advanced would be ultimately repaid, together with full interest thereou; and in case of any of the lots so located, becoming vacant, either from non-occupation, or non-fulfilment of the terms of settlement, such lots would be at the disposal of Government, for sale, at a

greatly increased value.
6th. That your Memorialists most respectfully submit to your Excellency, in case of any extensive location of Immigrants being undertuken, as they trust will be done, ample allowances should be made, in the way of land, for the general education

of the settlers.

7th. That, with every deference to your Excellency, your memorialists would respectfully urge on the Provincial Government the great advantage, if not absolute necessity, for the avoidance of much distress and evil, of the very earliest steps being taken to ascertain and decide upon where such locations

may be best made.

Ordered.—That the Address just adopted be engrossed and signed by the Chairman on behalf of the Bench, and transmitted by him to His Excellency the Governor-General.

To this Memorial the following answer was received:

Montreal, 13th May, 1847.

SIR,—I am commanded by the Governor-General to inform you that His Excellency in Council, has had under his consideration the Memorial of the Magistrates of the Home District in Quarter Sessions, on the subject of the large immigration that may be expected during the coming season from Great

that may be expected during the coming season from Great Britain and Ireland.

His Excellency is most anxious to facilitate the settlement of Immigrants on the waste lands of the Crown, and to see some early arrangement made for the accomplishment of so important an object, yet the terms of the Act 4 and 5 Vic. ch. 100, preclude His Excellency from making free grants, as suggested by the Quarter Sessions, except upon or in the vicinity of any Public Works in any new settlement; and His Excellency has already directed prompt proceedings to be taken for

tained Lord Metcalfe, who was a just and virtuous man, and an honour to mankind. He was sorry that his Hon. friends (if he might call them so) should be so much out of temper.

Mr. Ferguson replied, and again referred at much length to the events of 1843.

Mr. Crooks said that the best proof that Lord Mecalfe was right was that he had appealed to the people, and was supported by a majority of their representatives. The country was now in a flourishing and happy condition, and it required nothing but repose.

Mr. Ferrie complained of the delay in the meeting of Parliament as highly inconvenient to all parties.

The question on the amendment was put, and the original paragraph was carried by a vote of 10 to 4, the minority conparagraph was carried by a vote of 10 to 4, the mino

R. E. Burns, Esq., Judge Home District Court, &c. &c. &c.

The Countess of Elgin, Lady Louisa Lambton, her sister, and her brother, the Earl of Durham, arrived in Montreal on Saturday, the 5th instant, from Boston.—Courier.

| The second | 00. | | Ollow The B | | To the Park of the | | |
|------------------|---------|------|--------------|-----------|--|----|------|
| lst hu | ndred 1 | poun | ds | | £45 | 10 | 0 |
| 2d | 44 | - | | | 46 | 0 | 0 |
| 3d | ** | ** | | | 47 | 10 | 0 |
| 4th | 46 | - | | | 47 | 0 | 0 |
| 5th | 44 | - | | | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| Another gus, 8th | | will | be loaned in | the first | week | of | July |
| | | | | | | | |

Number of Emigrants arrived at the Port of Toronto, ending 7th June, 1847,—Total...... E. McElderry, Gov. Emigrant Agent at Toronto. Emigrant Office; }
Toronto, 7th June, 1847.

To the Editor of The Church. SIR,—The Superintendent would beg to acknowledge (through the Church) the receipt of £2 17s. 6d., the magistrate's fees of Alderman Bell, for the last week of

magistrate's his term of duty.

I remain, Sir, Your most obed't humble serv't,
EDWARD PERRY, Superindent.
House of Industry, June 10, 1847.

In accordance with a standing Regulation of to take into consideration the subject matter of Dr. O'Brien's Resolutions, and to report thereon at this Sessions, now brought up their report, in the shape of a Memorial, to His Excellency the Governor-General, which was adopted as follows:—

In accordance with a standing Regulation of the Incorporated Church Society of this Diocese, that two of the Four Collections to be made annually in the several Churches and Chapels in its behalf, shall To His Excellency the Right Hon. James Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Baron Bruce of Kinross, and of Torry, Captain General and Governor in-Chief of the Provinces of Canada, Nan Bruggapich &c. &c. &c. take notice that the next Collection for this special

> Gore and Wellington District Branch of the Church Society. The next Quarterly Meeting of the Managing Committee will be held in the Sunday-School Room, Christ's Church, Hamilton, on Tuesday the 15th June, at 12 o'clock, when the quested to attend. J. GAMBLE GEDDES,

TO TEACHERS. THE MISSES SKIRVING will, upon the 1st day of July next, close the BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL which they have been conducting in the City of Toronto for the last eight years, and are prepared to treat with any person of suitable qualifications desirous of succeeding them.

The Branches taught have been those of the usual English Education, coupled with Music, Drawing, and French.—The Pupils attending the School during the last four years have been of ages between five and seventeen, and the number during the same period has varied between the limits of forty and sixty.

SKIRVING, at their residence, 27 Bay-Street.

less that the Provincial Government will afford them certain facilities and assistance in settling.

4th. That your Memorialists feel convinced that by such facilities and assistance being afforded the whole of these Immigrants may not only be rescued from destitution and pauperism, and the province relieved from any apprenension of the demonant in the province relieved from any apprenension of the demonant in the province of the prosperity and wealth of the Province.

5th. That your Memorialists most respectfully submit to your Excellency, that if the Provincial Government would dispose of, to these Immigrants, the waste (or wild) lands of the Crown in a judicious manner either gratuitously or at a low price, and would make the expenses which would necessarily be incurred in locating them, a charge on the land, and would

A LADY accustomed to Tuition is desirous of engaging in a Family where the advantages of a liberal Education are

Apply at the Office of this Paper. June 8th, 1847. RICHARD SCORE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CHEWETT'S BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO. S. takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his since he commenced business, and respectfully acquaints them (and the public generally), that he keeps constantly on hand a very superior Stock of WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD-CLOTHS, CASSEMERES, DOESKINS, and Rich VEST-INGS; all of which he is prepared to make up in the best style, and on terms that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

N. B.—University work done in all the different orders; also Judges', Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the most correct style, and at his customary unprecedented lav

Toronto, June 9th, 1847. SPRING IMPORTATIONS

T. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 2, Wellington Buildings,

BEGS respectfully to inform the Gentry of Canada West, that he is in receipt of his regular supply of the Best West of England Cloths, Kerseymeres, Rich Vestings, Patent Cashmeres, French Cloths, Scarfs, Opera Ties, Suspenders, Gloves, Collars, &c., &c. In fact his present Stock comprises that choice selection of Goods, only to be met with in a first-rate

Establishment.

The Tailoring department will continue to be conducted on those principles calculated to insure a continuance of the distinguished parronsge already received.

Consocks, Clergymen, and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barrister's Robes, &c., made in superior style.

Toronto, June 2nd, 1847.

REFERENCE is permitted to the Ven. Archdeacon BETHUNE, Rectory, Cobourg.

Address to N. N., box 174, Post Office, Cobourg.

May 10th, 1847. Upper Canada College.

THE FOURTH QUARTER will commence on June 3rd TERMS: Day Scholars. Preparatory Form...... £6 0 0 per annum. College Forms 9 0 0 Boarders.

Will commence on Tuesday the 3rd of August, 1847. THE EXHIBITION EXAMINATIONS Will commence on Saturday, the 7th of August, 1847.

J. P. DE LA HAYE, Collector, U. C. College. Toronto, May 28th, 1847. 514.3 The Following papers will give the above THREE insertions, and send their accounts to the Collector. Toronto Patriot, Herald, British Colonist, British Canadian, Cobourg Star, Kingston News, London Times, Woodstock Monarch, Sandwich Herald.

ORGAN FOR SALE. ORGAN FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have lately completed a very splendid ORGAN, to which they solicit the attention of the Musical world. Its dimensions are: height, 12 feet 6 inches; wilth, 10½; depth, 7½ feet; and the stops as follows: Open Diapason, 4 feet; Dulciano, 8 feet; Reed Flute, 4 feet; Stop Diapason, 8 feet; Open Diapason Bass, 8 feet; Treble, 2½ and 1½ feet; Principal, 8 feet; Bassoon, Bass Sub-bass, 16 feet

BOARDING SCHOOL. FOR YOUNG LADIES,

BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON.

TERMS PER QUARTER:

...... 1 10 0

Towels.

A Quarter's notice required before removing a Pupil.—
Quarters commence on the 9th May, 1st of September, 23rd
of November, and 15th of February.

Mrs. Ryerson hopes to do justice to those who may entrusa
their children to her care, as she has had much experience id
the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, anin London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen

Bay Street, (between King Street and)
Advinide Street) March, 1845.

372-t

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Co-partnership lately existing between the undersigned, as Merchant Tailors, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. For information respecting the adjustment of the affairs of the MARK BURGESS.

Dated 3rd March, 1847.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the above the Subscriber avails himself of the present opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to those friends who so kindly patronised the late firm, and begs leave to inform them, as well as the public generally, that he intends carrying on the business in the OLD STAND, No. 9, King Street East, and that he has just OPENED OUT a large and very choice selection of

West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, Vestings &c., &c.,

and solicits a continuance of their favours. All orders received will be attended to with the atmost punctuality and despatch.

THOMAS BURGESS.

Toronto, March 17, 1847.

EDUCATION.

on who may require them.

King Street, Kingston, Sept. 16, 1845. Young Ladies' Seminary. MRS. CROMBIE begs to announce to her former patrons, and the public generally, that she has re-opened her Seminary for the Tuition of Young Ladies, and that the busi-

ness thereof is now in active operation.

Terms of Tuition, and other particulars made known on application to Mrs. Crombie at the Grammar School, Nelson

FORWARDING Kingston, Bytown, Brockville, Prescott, &c. &c. &c.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to their Friends and the Public generally, that they are prepared to FORWARD MERCHANDIZE and PASSENGERS bence to KINGSTON and the intermediate places on the River St. Lawrence and Ottawa, and the Rideau Canal; and PRODUCE DOWNWARDS, on as resonable terms as any

Fortune, Hawkesbury, and other places between Montreal and Bytown.

> MONTBEAL. DONALD MURRAY & Co.,

Lachine Canal Basin, Montreal, May 6, 1847.

In the Township of Charlotteville, Talbot District. SITUATED within half a mile of the Town of Vistoria. 512-4

District the first and one side, containing 254½ seres of Land, 200 of which are in good fence of the best materials, cedar and chestnut rails; 140 acros fenced in suitable fields, and under the highest state of cultivation, being glovered and and under the highest state of cultivation, being clovered and manured for thirty years past on the best system of farming.—
The Land is free from stumps and roots; the soil varying from a sandy to a strong heavy loom; with a good ORCHARD, of most kinds of fruit; with a large DWELLING HOUSE, large Barn, Carriage House, extensive Sheds, and other outbuildings. It is one of the most healthy locations in the Province. A large proportion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage for a term of years, if required. The only cause of this property being offered for sale is, the owner wishes to retire from business.

J. POTTS.

Vittoria, Talbot District,

BAZAAR. IT IS INTENDED by the Ladies of the Congregation of St. George's Church, St. Catharine's, to hold a BAZAAR early in September next, (of the precise day due notice will hereafter be given) for the purpose of raising funds to purchase an organ. Tables will be under the management of the following Ladies, by whom contributions will be thankfully

Mrs. James Benson, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Dr. Maok, Mrs. Merritt. Mrs. Rykert,
Mrs. Rykert,
Mrs. Richard Clarke,
Mrs. James Boyd,
Mrs. Chace,
Mrs. Stephenson

August, or not later than the 4th September; and that the price be affixed to each article by the several contributors.

May 19, 1847. Information Wanted.

RS. HERRMAN POETTER receives a limited num
ber of Young Ladies, to instruct in the usual branches
of a sound and lady-like Education.
References kindly permitted to the Rev. W. M. HERCHMEE,
to whom Mrs. Poetter is indebted for the superintendence of
the religious instruction of her pupils,—and also to the undermentioned gentlemen, whose daughters she has educated:—
Thos. Kirkpatrick, Esq., of Kingston.
George S. Boulton, Esq., of Cobourg.
Love Transmitt, Esq., of Belleville.

JOHN TURNBULL, Esc., of Belleville.

Mrs. Poetter will be happy to forward her terms to any per-

Toronto, 27th Oct., 1846.

PRODUCE DOWNWARDS, on as resonable terms as any other Firm on the Route.

Having LARGE STORES, immediately opposite the New Basins on the Lachine Canal, they can STORE FLOUR, PORK, &c., Low, with a great saving in Cartage.

They also offer their services as SHIPPING AGENTS, to Pass Entries, Receive Goods, per Ship, Inwards, and to secure Freight, and Ship Produce OUTWARDS.

To secure expedition and certainty of delivery of Way Freight, two first class BARGES will be exclusively engaged in Carrying Freight for St. Andrews, Carrillon, Greuville, Point Fortune, Hawkesbury, and other places between Moutwell and

MURRAY & BARNAM.

FARM FOR SALE,

Mrs, Elias Adams, Mrs. H. Mittleberges,

Mrs. Stephenson, Mrs. Clement, Mrs. A. C. Hamilton, Mrs. Slate, Mrs. Atkinson. It is requested that all contribuious be sent in by the end of

OF WILLIAM TIMS, lately of Kingston, who is supposed to be in Service as Coachman and Groom, in or near the City of Toronto, by Mr. Champion, at this Office.

Toronto, 20th May, 1847.

O sweet as vernal dews that fill The closing bads on Zion's hill, When evening clouds draw thither-It is for human hearts to see Live peacefully together. The children like the lily flowers On which descend the suns and showers, Their hues of beauty blending— The parents like the gopher boughs, On which the foliage thickly grows, Their friendly shade extending. But leaves the greenest will decay, And flowers the brightest pass away, When autumn winds are sweep And be the household e'er so fair The hand of death shall soon be there, And turn the scene to weeping. Yet leaves again will clothe the trees, And lilies wave them in the breeze, When spring comes smiling hither;

And meet in heaven together.

JOHN EVELYN. (From the Saturday Magazine.)

And friends that parted at the tomb,

Shall yet renew their leveliest bloom,

thirty miles of the metropolis: while, in the valley morning of Sunday, the 25th ult., with a light south- other two took their position in the comp beauty.

ever to have borne in mind that his elevated station | the total stated, viz., 240. study, curiosity, instruction, and benevolence."

author of the Sylva, or a Discourse on Forest-trees, a the sails. naked land with plantations.

country, or the good of mankind. member of the Royal Society,—an institution that arose out of an assemblage of learned men, who met in the trough of the sea; the passengers were all below vices from Islay, about twenty of the bodies had come together at Oxford, during the civil wars, to encourage under hatches, many of them insensible to external ashore. They were principally females, with one litand assist each other in their philosophical researches, danger from the pains of sea-sickness-but all were the boy amongst them; and as many of them were in and who were afterwards incorporated by Charles the not so. Some of them had a fearful presentiment their night-clothes, the probability is that they were

At a later period, he again used the influence of friend- brought from Londonderry were not yet entirely that the great mass of the poor emigrants went down ship to induce the same person, then Duke of Norfolk, exhausted. collection of books, which had also been collected at were seen on the starboard quarter, which Captain | sel breaks up. much cost by the before-mentioned Earl of Arundel. Booth at first took to be the light on the island of

of wretched poverty and obscurity, Gibbons, the celebrated carver in wood; and, having introduced him he was steering, he bore along. As he drifted near South Shields, and though old, is stated by the survi to the king, and to several noblemen, caused him to the land, and observed that the light was a flashing, vers to have been well found in every respect. All be employed in those works of art which form so instead of a stationary one, he became conscious of the crew and passengers were perfectly sober during beautiful a decoration to many churches and mansions his error and dangerous position, and made every this fearful time, and the three seamen state that they

speculative and inactive philosophy. His great talents ing" her off the land, the maintopsail and foretop- All the rest of the seamen were unmarried with the exfor business were constantly kept in employment. It mast staysail were set, and the jib half hoisted. The ception of a man named George Ross, who is amongst is a strong proof of his acknowledged integrity, that, effort, however, was an ineffectual one; the ship soon those who perished. According to the above estimate although he was known to be decidedly opposed to got amongst the broken water, and at half-past 12 on the number who have been thus suddenly called to the government of Cromwell, and was son-in-law to Wednesday morning was dashed among the rocks. If their account amounts to 248; but even leaving room the ambassador of the exiled king at Paris, he never the above be a correct version of the impression on for misinformation, or exaggeration, the loss has been was distrusted by the Protector; and, after the resto- the Captain's mind as to his position—and it is dis- unquestionably frighful. Whether or not this fearful ration of Charles, he was employed and familiarly tinetly spoken to by the two survivors we have seen - shipwreck may have been partly caused by negligence consulted by that monarch, although his pure and the result shows that he must have been fully a hun- or incompetence, or unseaworthiness, we cannot say grave manners gave a constant rebuke to the licen- dred miles out of his reckoning; but perhaps it could | We have no reason to state that it is so, but still the tiousness that prevailed at the court. To enumerate not well be otherwise. The sun was obscured during public voice will demand a searching inquiry, all his public employments would be to mention almost all the time of this brief and disastrous voyage, by every occasion in which the services of taste, integrity, black, driving clouds which distilled perpetual rains and benevolence were needed. To specify but a few the moon was only seen through a heavy haze at fitful of his engagements, he was for many years labo- intervals, and from these causes, it was impossible riously employed as a commissioner for the care of that any observation could be taken. The light seen the prisoners of war; and he took an active part at was in reality that of Oransa or Oversay, on the point the Board for the plantations and for trade. When, of the Rhinns or Runs of Islay, to the north-west of a short time before the fire of London, the ancient the entrance of Lochindaul; and the land seen, and Cathedral of St. Paul's needed reparations, Evelyn (in on which the brig eventually struck, was the western conjunction with Wren) was appointed to give his part of the iron-bound coast of the island. She went advice on the work; and on the total destruction of ashore with all the sails already mentioned fully disthe fabric soon afterwards, by the great conflagration tended; and after striking once was dashed broadside of 1666, he was named as a commissioner for the on the rocks, which rose to the height of mast-head. restoration both of the church, and of the whole city She struck violently against the rocks three times, and laid in ashes. We find him also busily engaged in at the fourth stroke the mainmast went by the board superintending that noble monument of British grati- and fell into the chasm of the rock. An hour and a tude and charity, the hospital for decayed seamen at half previously, when Captain Booth observed his

Evelyn's character that is the most striking and pleas- out and see how the land bore, and from this place he ing, is his piety: a feeling deep and fervent, constantly occasionally gave his orders to the crew. As soon as operating, yet without the slightest admixture of super- the brig struck, John Cheat, the mate, and all the stition or enthusiasm. In his Diary we have the pic- seamen, eight in number, joined the Captain in the ture of his mind; and we there trace his habitual maintop, leaving the Captain's son, a youth of about devotion in the delight which he received from par- fifteen years of age, asleep in his cot below. After taking in the sacred offices of religion, -in his effu- remaining in the maintop about three minutes, five of sions of meek and pious resignation on the death of his children, and perhaps in nothing more than in his remarks, as each returning year brought around any season calculated to excite serious feeling. On his of the maintop about three minutes, five of the crew went down for the purpose of ascending the foretop, thinking that they would have a better chance of gaining the shore from that part of the ship. At season calculated to excite serious feeling. Our brief the same time, one of the crew, named John Scott, limits will not allow us to give many extracts; but we went out upon the mainyard with a life-buoy on his went out upon the mainyard with a life-buoy on his most correct style, and on moderate terms.

N.B.—University work done in all the different orders; also, Judges, Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the most correct style, and on moderate terms. are disposed to give the following as exhibiting a person—thus leaving in the maintop the Captain and Toronto, Oct. 16, 1846.

was buried at Wotton. On his monument, after a they looked round after the sea had retired, they brief sketch of his life, are these words :-

Living in an age of extraordinary events and revolutions, he learnt (as himself asserted) this Truth, which pursuant to his intention is here declared,—
That all is vanity which is not honest, and that there is no solid wisdom but in real piety.

DREADFUL SHIPWRECK.

(From the Glasgow Herald.) of bolder aspect than might have been expected within donderry for Quebec, between 3 and 4 o'clock, on the of leaving Derry; but at 10 on Tuesday night the beneath, the noble woods and domains of the gentle- west breeze. She had a crew of 11 men (inclusive and anxiou-ly gazed on sea and sky till their agoniz at every turn, the richest and fairest scenes of sylvan principally of small farmers and tradesmen with their half-past 12. They were seen there when the survi-Christian gentleman. Well born, and the inheritor of two children count as one adult, and as a very large and though there might be one "universal shriek," ample possessions, Evelyn was hospitable, liberal, and proportion were under age-there being only 60 men within a very few minutes "all was hushed, save the polite, as became his station. But, so far from con- amongst the passengers—the survivors of the wreck, wild wind, and the remorseless dash of the billows." sidering his advantages of fortune as a passport for who are our informants, think that the total number

was assigned to him by Divine Providence, only that The ship lost sight of the loom of the land about 4 mainland; but none such could be found, and they he might have more extended opportunities of being o'clock, on Sunday afternoon. The breeze, which finally took shelter in a crevice, which, however, did useful to his fellow creatures, and of edifying them by had been light in the morning, increased to a gale not shield them from the rain which fell heavily all the example of a life devoted to virtue and religion. during the day, and about 11 p. m., it came in terrific night, and they remained till grey daylight. They He has made himself known to us by a DIART, which squalls, accompanied by heavy torrents of rain. They then discovered an opening through which they scramhe kept from an early period of his life, till within a then furled the fore and main sails. The wind, which | bled to the summit, and having travelled about a mile few days of his decease, and which has recently been had been westward at the first, veered northerly, and they saw some cattle on a waste or muir near which published. It is true, this Diary records no signal adventures or vicissitudes of fortune. Almost his topsails from the bolt ropes. The crew then set the come to look after them and take them away. No only misfortune in life, was the loss of several promis- foresail and spanker, and commenced to bend two one came, however, and after day had fairly broken, ing children, whom he pathetically laments. He other top-sails, which they furled; but about three in the men got up from the grass, and ascended an elevaacquired no title, nor does he appear to have increased the morning they were blown from the gaskets. Pre- tion near at hand, from which they observed a farm his patrimonial fortune. Where he first drew his vious to this the jib had been stowed, the larboard house about half a mile distant. Thither they probreath, there he yielded up his spirit to God. But, tacks on board, and the ship was driving to the south- ceeded, and were most hospitably nourished, and put however uneventful, the history of Evelyn is full of ward and eastward. The reason of the master not to bed. They were thoroughly worn out by exhausinterest and instruction, "his whole life having been," standing to the westward, when the wind became tion, not one of the crew having been in bed from the as Horace Walpole expresses it, "a course of inquiry, northerly, and where he would have had ample sea moment the ship left Derry. They were at the same room—was for the purpose of attaining some harbour time nearly naked, from having divested themselves of Evelyn is probably best known to posterity as the of refuge where he might repair damages, and replace their heavy clothing when the Exmouth struck, and

work of which he speaks in his Diary but slightly, and Shortly after this, on Monday forenoon, the long the rigging and amongst the rocks. The hospitable which leads him, on one occasion, to designate himself boat was unshipped from the chocks by the force of farmer—whose name we have not learned—and others merely as "a planter of colewort:" but the book is the seas, which successively broke over the vessel, who had been apprised by him, went to the scene of interesting, even now, as giving some useful instruc- and in the course of the same forenoon the bulwarks the catastrophe, but of course too late to help, and interesting, even now, as giving some useful instruction respecting the management of Woods; and, when first published, was yet more valuable, as directing gale continued with the same violence during the factor, soon heard of the event, and kindly furnished and Unbleached WINTER AND only to gaze on the desolation. Mr. Chiene, Islay's FALL OILS, of all kinds; such as Sperm, Elephant, Whale, and Lard Oils, and Sperm Candles, which they offer on first published, was yet more valuable, as directing gale continued with the same violence during the factor, soon heard of the event, and kindly furnished the attention of English proprietors to the scarcity of whole of Monday night and Tuesday; and an indicatimber, which then threatened the country with serious tion of the force of the hurricane may be learned from Athens steamer, where, as already stated they arrived inconveniences, and exhorting them to clothe their the fact that on the latter day the mainsail, after being on Saturday last. Here they were consigned to the furled, was torn from the gaskets by the storm blast. care of Mr. Fildes, of the Naval Rendezvous, and as-In his own day, however, Evelyn was better known While the crew were setting the foresail, it was torn sistant to Lieut. Forrest, agent for the Shipwrecked as a man of science, and as the patron of every under- from the bolt ropes, and the trysail mast was unshipped, Mariner's Society, and by him they have been clothed taking that tended to advance the reputation of his and main gaff carried away, which rendered them and comfortably boarded in the meantime. They will unable to carry the spanker. During this dreary time be franked to Newcastle in the course of to-day or to-He was one of the first promoters, and an original the vessel pitched dreadfully-now on the crest of a morrow. of disaster, and it would be difficult to say whether those who had rushed upon deck at the first alarm To Evelyn the University of Oxford is indebted for the parents suffered the greatest agony from the cries caused by the striking of the ship. They were fearthe celebrated Arundelian Marbles, -certain ancient of their children pent up in the dark and noisome fully mangled by being dashed among the rocks and inscriptions in the Greek language, which the munifi- hold, or from the innocent prattle which betrayed no being jammed within the crevices, along with pieces cent Earl of Arundel had gathered with much expense consciousness of the unhappy fate which was so soon of the wreck, few of which were above two feet in and industry in the east, and which Evelyn persuaded to overtake them. Cooking, of course, was out of the length. Other bodies were seen floating in the surf, his grandson and representative to present to a body question; but the grown up people had no heart to but the sea was still too high to permit any boat venof persons likely to preserve and duly appreciate them. be hungry; and, moreover, the cooked provisions turing out to bring them in. The belief is, however,

Evelyn had also the merit of discovering, in a state Torry, off the north-west coast of Ireland, and in the the provisions and little stock of goods of the emieffort to repair it by bringing the ship farther to the never saw drink on board at all. The captain was in The life of Evelyn was not, however, one merely of northward and westward; and with the view of "claw- the prime of life, and has left a widow and family._ dangerous proximity to the shore, he took his station Still, after all that has been said, the point in in the maintop, that he might personally keep a look-

pleasing view of a well-regulated mind, and one that three seamen, whose names are John Stevens, William is the more interesting as it concludes his Diary. Coulthard, and George Lightford, and finally Stevens WATCH MAKER, ENGRAVER, &c. "1706, Jan. 1st.-Making up my accounts for the past scrambled up the topmast rigging, and obtained a footyear, paid bills, wages, and new year's gifts, according to ing on the crags. As it was pitch dark at this time, custom. The much indisposed, and at so advanced an age, I went to chapel to give God public thanks, beseechting Almights God to assist me and my family the ensuring Almighty God to assist me and my family the ensu-ing year, if He should yet continue my pilgrimage here, and bring me at last to a better life with Him in his about to follow the men, when a wild wave dashed over their heads as they clung to the rock, but they He died on the 27th of the following month, and were enabled to maintain their position; and when

found that the captain and all were gone. The mainmast had been broken into splinters by the fourth collision with the rocks, and the recoiling wave had not only dragged the ship, but the fragments of the mast which adhered to her by the rigging, further into the sea, and thus cut off from the dense mass of human beings on board every chance to escape.-Had the wreck remained in the chasm where it was originally thrown, and from which the three survivors escaped, it might have been used as a bridge by the others: but unhappily, this last possibility of relief was taken away. The same wave which effected this We announce with extreme pain, that during the fearful havoc must also have prevented the five seamen storm of last week, a lamentable shipwreck has occur- from reaching the foretop, from which they might have red on the shores of Islay, being accompanied with had a chance of escaping. A quarter of an hour the most extensive loss of life which has taken place elapsed from the time of the brig first striking until on the west coast of Scotland within our remembrance. the three survivors got upon the rock. At the mo-The intelligence was brought to Glasgow on Saturday ment she struck, and a little previous to it, about afternoon last, by three seamen, being the only survi- half a dozen of the male passengers were standing on vors of the crew and passengers of the brig Exmouth, the deck, occasionally asking the mate if there was in The country immediately around Dorking in Surrey of Newcastle, who had been forwarded from Islay in reality any danger; but as the latter well knew the is scarcely surpassed in beauty by any in the southern the Modern Athens, steamer, by Mr. Chiene, the fac- perils of their position from the broken water seen apart of this island. Box Hill, Leith Hill, and the tor for Mr. Campbell, of Islay. According to their round, he answered them not. Of the three young lachain of downs extending from Dorking to Guildford, statement, the Exmouth, of 320 tons, of which Isaac dies who were cabin passengers, one of the sisters had present a succession of prospects, of vast extent, and Booth, of Sunderland, was master, sailed from Lon- been confined to bed by sea sickness from the moment men who occupy it, open to the eye of the traveller, of the captain), and about 240 emigrants, consisting ing doubts were realized by the tearful catastrophe, at families, who had turned their little all into money, vors last gazed on the deck. The ship was ground In this delightful region is situated Wotton, a spot, for the purpose of escaping the famine and earning and crunched so frightfully amongst the rocks, that which, independent of its intrinsic charms, must ever for themselves a home in the western world. Many she must have broken up almost instantaneously.be regarded with peculiar interest, as having been the were females and children going out to join their fa- There was no cry of despairing agony from the multiproperty and residence of John Evelyn. This excel- thers and protectors, who had already settled in Ca- tude of God's creatures cooped up within the hull of leut man lived from the year 1620 to 1706, through nada, and who had beckoned those who were dear to the ill-fated brig; or at least it was unheard; for the out the reigns of the two Charles's, James the Second, them across the Atlantic. There were also three commotion of the elements was so furious, that the and William the Third; and it is, perhaps, his most cabin passengers, young unmarried ladies of the mid- men on the top could searcely hear each other at the characteristic praise, that, in the whole course of our national annals, we cannot easily find an individual, join their relatives, at St. John, New Brunswick.—

top of their voices. The great mass of the emigrants, therefore must have perished in their berths, as the who more fully realizes and embodies our idea of a The vessel was registered for 1651 passengers, but as rocks rapidly thumped the bottom out of the vessel;

The three men who had escaped to the rock, so ignorance, or an excuse for sloth or vice, he seems of these ill-fated emigrants must have amounted to soon as the ship entirely disappeared, searched anxiously for some outlet by which they might reach the lost part of that which remained when scrambling on

with the "between decks" of the ship, and that their to make over to the Royal Society the very valuable About 11 o'clock on Tuesday night, land and light bodies will not be recovered until this part of the ves-

The Exmouth had nothing on board but ballast and

Advertisements.

RATES.

Sixlinesand under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7½d. each subseque asertion. Tenlines and under, 3s. 9d. first insertion, and 1s. each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line first insertion id. Id. per line each subsequent insertion. The usual discountable first insertion and where parties advertise by the year, or for a considerable first. From the extensive circulation of The Church, in the Provinci of Canada, (from Sandwich to Gaspe) in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, in the Hudson's Bay Territories, and in Great Britain 8 Ireland, as well as in various parts of the United States, it will be found a profitable medium for all advertisements which are desired to be widely and generally diffused.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOB WORK. DONE IN A SUPERIOR MANNER At the Office of "The Church," No. 5, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

RICHARD SCORE. MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 1. Chewett's Buildings, Toronto, BEGS respectfully to acquaint the Gentry of Canada West, and Public generally, that he has now received his Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

484-t Kingston, 1st December, 1845.

THOMAS WHEELER,

No. 6, King Street East, Toronto, ESPECTFULLY solicits a share of public patronage. Every description of Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired with accuracy and despatch, and warranted. Arms, Crests, Cyphers, Brass and Silver Seals, Door Plates, &c., Engraved. Coats of Arms Emblazoned. Jewelry neatly repaired, Hair inserted in Lockets, &c. China and Glass

** Reference for integrity and ability kindly permitted to THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO.

THOMAS J. PRESTON, WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,

First House North of the Court House, J. P. respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, 1 that he keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock

West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres Doeskins, &c. &c.

SUPERIOR VESTINGS, All of which he is prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable manner and on moderate terms.

Cassocks, Clergymen's and Queen's Counsels' Gowns Carristers' Robes, &c. made on the shortest notice and in Toronto, Dec. 4, 1846. FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

No 6, Waterloo Buildings, NEXT DOOR TO MACDONALD'S HOTEL, ROBERT HAWKE, in tendering his sincere thanks to his Friends particularly and the Public generally, begs leave to inform them, that he keeps constantly on hand a well-

West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, &c. &c.

VESTINGS IN GREAT VARIETY, Which he is prepared to put up to order in the most fashionable

nner, and on moderate terms. N.B.—Cassocks, Clergymen and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barristers' Robes, University work, &c., made on the shortest totice in superior style; also, Fine Linen Surplices. Toronto, Nov. 12, 1846.

JOHN C. BETTRIDGE, YONGE STREET, TORONTO, AS just received from the English, French, and American

Markets, an extensive Stock of GENUINE, PATENT AND OTHER MEDICINES: Drugs, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Colours, Varnishes;

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS; AND EVERY OTHER ARTICLE USUALLY KEFT BY CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GROCERS. All of which he is prepared to sell, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On as Liberal Terms as can be obtained in Canada West. An able Assistant has been engaged to superintend the Drug Department. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED

R. CUTHBERT,

Toronto, July, 1845.

BOOKBINDER, ACCOUNT-BOOK MANUFACTURER, &c.,

R ESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his grateful acknowledgements to the Gentry and Inhabitants gene-of Toronto, for the liberal patronage he has hitherto received from them, and to inform them that he continues to carry on his business at his Old Stand,

65, Richmond Street, East of Church Street, Where he will be at all times happy to receive a continuance of

eir favours.

N. B.—Every description of BOOK-BINDING, both PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, including Law, Music, ANE SCRAP BOOKS, done with neatness and dispatch, and on the Toronto, Dec. 11, 1846.

OILS. BARNARD, CURTISS & Co. E. half 7,7th Con. N. of Egremont Road, Warwick, 100 " 110, Front Street, New York, AVE constantly on hand, from their HUDSON OIL

477-52 New York, Sept. 1, 1846.

PORTRAIT

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO, BEAUTIFULLY ENGRAVED BY WARNER, FROM A PAINTING BY G. T. BERTHON.

Proofs 20s. Prints 12s. 6d. THE above ENGRAVING is now ready, and the Subscribers for PROOFS will be supplied with their copies imme-tely. It will be a few weeks before the PRINTS are ready

A variety of FRAMES, suitable for this PLATE, have been prepared, varying in price from 18s. to 30s., and are for sale at the Publisher's, HENRY ROWSELL. King Street, Toronto.

March 17, 1847. Lands for Sale, in Upper Canada.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS are offered for sale by the

| | | | | 101 20 | , | | | | 1 |
|-----|---|------------------|------------|---|-------|------|--------|------|----------------|
| | Do. | do. | | E. half 11 | | 10 | | 100 | 1211 |
| 201 | Do. | do. | | 10 | | 11 | | 200 | 1 34 |
| 1 | Do. | do. | | W. 1 17, W. 1 27 | | 12 | | 200 | 137 |
| 6 | | | | | | | | 200 | 1 30 |
| | Midland | Camdon E | net | Broken lots 39 & 40 5 and 6, North side Talbot Road, South 25 | ** | 10 | | 200 | 100 |
| C | Ningara | Carnen | ast | 5 and 6 North side | | 0 | | 200 | 1 |
| f | agara | Cayuga | | Sand b, North side | 1 | | | 400 | 100 |
| | Cimana | 0.111 | | Talbot Road, South | , | | | | B |
| | Simcoe | Collingwood | od | 25 | | .5 | | 200 | 1 |
| 1 | Do. | do. | ** | 8 | | 10 | | 200 | 100 |
| • | Eastern | Cornwall . | | 0.4 | | 9 | | 183 | 1000 |
| * | Newcastle | Cramahe. | | E. half 14 | | 6 | | 200 | The state |
| 9 | Western | Dawn | 100 | E half 14 | - | 7 | | 100 | 10 |
| 1 | Simcoe | Essa | 00000 | 20 | . 7 | 2 | | 200 | 0 |
| | Midland | Erederickel | menh | Part N. half 20 | | 6 | | 50 | 100 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | - |
| | Home | Georgina . | | 5, 6, 7 & 12, Block 14 & 15, " 11, " 3 & 4, " 18, 22, 24 & 34 | | 3 | | 200 | 10.20 |
| | 0016 | Hamilton, | | 5. 6. 7 & 19 Block | No | 9 | | | |
| | | (Town o | 1)) | o, o, , to 12, block | 140 | | | | 17 38 |
| | 100. | do. | | 14 & 15, " | . 66 | 16 | | | 1130 |
| | Do. | do. | | 11. " | | 17 | | | 10.50 |
| | Do. | do. | | 3 & 4. " | ** | 35 | | | Park |
| | Newcastle | Haldimand | 107.9 | 10 | | 7 | | 200 | - Ann |
| | Victoria | Hungerfore | 1 | 18, 22, 24 & 34 | | | | 800 | |
| | Do | do | | | | | | 000 | 1 |
| 2 | Do. | do. | | 23 28 front \(\frac{1}{2} \) 33 12, 17, 18 & 34 W. \(\frac{1}{2} \) 15 & F \(\frac{1}{2} \) 15 | 1 | 2 | | 500 | 1 |
| | Do. Do. Do. | State State | | Front 3 33 | 1 | 1 | 45 | | 1-21 |
| | Do. | do. | ** ** | 12, 17, 18 & 34 | | 3 | | 800 | 1000 |
| | Do. | do. | | W. 1 19 | | 4 | | 100 | 3. |
| | | do. | **** | W. ½ 19 15, & E. ½ 25 N. half 30 S. half 28 27 | | 5 | | 100 | M |
| | Do. | do. | | N. half 30 | | 7 | | 100 | 764 |
| d | Do | do | | S. half 28 27 W. half 19 | | 9 | 23 | 100 | 1 |
| | Do. | do. | | 27 | 233 | 9 | | 200 | |
| | Do. | Huntingdo | 11 | W. half 19 | | 4 | | 100 | To be |
| . 1 | Do. | do. | | 10 8 9 | | 5 | | 200 | - Artis |
| 1 | Do. | do. | THE PERSON | 10 | | 6 | | | 100 |
| | Do. | do. | C. C. | . 0 | ** | 0 | ** | 200 | Total Property |
| | Do. | do. | | 10 777 1 10 | | 8 | | 200 | - |
| | Do. | do. | | 13, W. half 14 | | 9 | ** | 300 | PI |
| - | Do. | do. | ** ** | 7 | | 10 | | 200 | PI |
| | Do. | do. | **** | 13, W. half 14 7 12 Part 24, (in lots) Part 15 | | 13 | | 200 | 1 |
| 339 | Midland | Kingston. | | Part 24, (in lots) | | 1 | | 16 | |
| 23 | Do. | do. | **** | Part 15 | | 3 | 1000 | 16 | 1 |
| 5 | Do. | do. | | 1 | | 6 | | 900 | |
| | Do. | do. | | 11 | jag. | TAT | | 110 | 1957 |
| | Johnstown | Leeds | (A) (M) | E half o | ", | ** | A. | 119 | 100 |
| t | Midland | Loughboro | nob | E. Hall 9 | | 9 | | 100 | 12.3 |
| | Western | Maora | ugit | 13 | | 3 | | 200 | -23 |
| | Nawanetla | Munua. | | E. half 17 | | 12 | | 100 | 160 |
| , | Do | murray . | | W. half 12, 16 | | 3 | | 300 | 100 |
| 8 | Do, | do. | **** | 2 | | 4 | 100 | 900 | 70.80 |
| | Johnstown | North Cro | sby | 13 | 7 | 6 | | 200 | - |
| 0 | Gore | Nassagawe | ya | E. balf 8 | | 2 | ** | 100 | 1 |
| | Simcoe | Notawassa | ga | e nan e | | 7 | | 100 | 1000 |
| Y . | Do. | Orillia Son | th | N- hale n | | 1 | ** | 200 | 1991 |
| 0 | Prince Edward | Picton [To | wnl | Part 15 1 E. half 9 E. balf 17 W. half 12, 16 E. half 8 N. half 7 6, on Portland St. | | Z | | 100 | 1 |
| 9 | Midland | Pittshurgh | unl | 6, on Portland St. 23 South half 14 22 | | 100 | | | 1 |
| d | Do. | Portland | | 23 | | 10 | | 200 | 100 |
| | Wastern | Plumate. | | South half 14 | | 3 | | 100 | 1 100 |
| | Do | Lympton | ** ** | 22 | | | | | |
| | Do. | do. | | South half 14 22 13 23 23 W. half 14 6 & 20 9, 11, 12, 13 & 14 | | | | 200 | - |
| | Do. | do. | **** | 93 | 16 | 8 | ** | 200 | 1 |
| | Do. | do. | | . 93 | | | ** | 200 | 1 |
| | Victoria | Rawdon . | | W half 14 | | A CO | ** | 200 | 3435 |
| | Do. | do. | | W. half 14 6 & 20 | | 3 | ** | 100 | 1 33 |
| | Do. | do. | | 0 11 10 10 80 20 | | 11 | | 400 | 1 |
| | Do. | do | | 9, 11, 12, 13 & 14 | | 12 | | 1000 | 1 |
| | Do. | do. | | 19 | | 13 | | 200 | 1 |
| | Milland. | Dial | ** ** | 11, 18 & 19 | | 14 | 1 | 600 | 1 |
| | Danidand | Richmond | | Part 4 | | 10 | 144.19 | 48 | 100 |
| | D0. | do. | | 9, 11, 12, 13 & 14 11, 18 & 19 11, 18 & 19 11, 18 & 19 11, 18 & 19 Part 4 1 10, 12 Part 62 Part 62 | | 11 | ** | 150 | 1630 |
| | Victoria | Sidney | | 1 10 10 | ** | 11 | ** | 102 | |
| | Prince Edward | Sophiasbur | gh. | Part Co | ** | 0 | - | 300 | - |
| | Western | Sombra | 01111 | Fart 62 | | 1 | | 141 | 1 -33 |
| 15 | Niagara | Stamford | | 21 | | 7 | | 200 | |
| | - Santa Marie Santa | City of the | 77 - 22 | † 10, 12 Part 62 21 5 on Clifton Street 2 & 5, N. E. side St. Mary Street Lot bounded by Di- vision & St. Mary Streets, | | | | 41 | - |
| | The second second | very of the | Falls | 12 & 5, N. E. side | 1 | | | 7 7 | 1 |
| | Do | 1 | | St. Mary Street | 3 | | | 11 | 1 |
| 7 | Do. | do. | | Lot bounded by Di- | 1 | | | | - |
| 3 | | | | vision & St. Mary | 1 | | | 71 | ru |
| | THE PERSON NAMED IN | 10 00 000 | | Streets, | 1 | 110 | ** | 13 | th |
| | | Tay Thurlow . | | to County | 1 | 14 | | 000 | 150 |
| | Victoria | Thurlow . | | N 1 - 10 10 | | | | 200 | 1 |
| | Simcoe | Tiny | | N. half 19 | | 5 | | 100 | 150 |
| | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | | | 17 | -0.00 | | | 000 | |

For Terms of sale and other particulars, apply,-if by letter, free f postage, to

FRANCIS M. HILL.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, the property of several Gentlement in England and Canada, are offered for sale by the undersigned Township. Lot. Con. Acres. 22, 24, 25, 26, 28 20, 21, 22 14, 17, 22 14, 16 Do. do. Bathurst South Sherbrooke . Woolwich Block No. 3, on the Grand River, containing 3000 acres, now being laid out in 200 acre lots For terms of sale and other particulars, apply,—if by letter free q Kingston, 1st December, 1845.

Farm for Sale.

FOR SALE, the South-East quarter of Lot No. 17, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Hamilton; 40 Acres of which are cleared. The Land is well watered, and in a high state of cultivation. For terms of payment, &c. enquire of the Subscriber on

THOMAS CROSSAN. Hamilton, 12th June, 1845.

Eight Hundred Thousand ACRES OF LAND

IN THE HURON TRACT.

NOTICE TO OLD SETTLERS, EMIGRANTS

AND OTHERS.

THE CANADA COMPANY have again thrown open all their LANDS in the HURON TRACT for disposal, by way of LEASE for TEN YEARS, -NO MONEY BEING REQUIRED DOWN. The Rent, payable on the lst February in each year, is not much more than the Interest upon the upset price of the Land,—the right to purchase the Freehold at any time within the ten years, at a fixed price named in the Lease, is secured to the Settler, who would thus

save all further payments of Rents.

The Huron District is known to be one of the most healthy and fertile Tracts of Land in Canada—it has more than doubled its population within four years. The Huron Tract, in the year 1842, contained 7101 souls; in June, last year, the Huron District numbered 14,983 souls, according to the Official

The above Lands are in Blocks, therefore affording facility for the undivided settlement of Families, of Old Settlers and their Friends.

Maps, Printed particulars, and every requisite information upon the Huron and the Canada Company's other Lands in the Province, will be furnished, FREE OF CHARGE, by application (if by letter post-paid) to the Canada Company's Office at Toronto, and Goderich and Stratford, in the Huron District CANADA COMPANY'S OFFICE, Frederick Street, Toronto, 1st Jan., 1847.

LANDS FOR SALE, ON REASONABLE TERMS.

District of Simcoe. Lot 4, 1st Con. East of Hurontario Street, Mulmur, 200 acres W. half 10, 4th " Mono, 100 " W. half 7. 3rd Con. Southern division, Orillia, W. half 13 and 14, 7th Con. W. half 7, 6th Con., E. half 7, 7th Con. Vespra,

Western District. 25, 8th Con..... Dawn, 200 Victoria District.

W. parts 18 and 19, 11th Con...... Madoc, 200 Midland District. S. half 7, and N. half 11, 10th Con Richmond 200 "

terms to suit the purchaser. Apply (if by letter, post-paid) to ALEX. CAMPBELL. Napanee, M. D., 25th March, 1846.

J. P. CLARKE, Mus. Bac. K. C. PROFESSOR OF THE PIANO FORTE, SINGING AND GUITAR. 62, CHURCH STREET. Toronto, Jan. 13, 1847. 495-tf

Mr. ROBERT COOPER, SOLICITOR AND ATTORNEY, Wellington Buildings, King Street,

TORONTO. ENTRANCE NEXT DOOR TO MR. DIXON'S SHOP. Toronto, Nov., 1846.

DONALD BETHUNE, Jr. BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery and Bankruptcy, CONVEYANCER, &c.

DIVISION STREET, COBOURG, CANADA WEST. Cobourg, Oct. 21, 1845.

MESSRS. BETHUNE & BLACKSTONE, ARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, &c. OFFICE OVER THE WATERLOO HOUSE, No. 134, King Street, Toronto, NE DOOR EAST OF RIDOUT, BROTHERS & Co December 1, 1842. 282-1y

D. E. BOULTON, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND BANKRUPTCY.

NOTARY PUBLIC, ASTER EXTRAORDINARY IN CHANCERY, COBOURG, CANADA WEST. J. W. BRENT,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, KING STREET, KINGSTON. YSICIAN'S AND FAMILY PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

T. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 2, Wellington Buildings, King Street, TORONTO. OWEN, MILLER & MILLS.

COACH BUILDERS. FROM LONDON, KING STREET, TORONTO. BANK STOCK

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY A. B. TOWNLEY, Land and House Agent, &c.

130, KING STREET, TORONTO. | 423-tf CARD.

THE business heretofore carried on at Cobourg by D. E. Boulton, Esq., Barrister, Solicitor in Chancery, Bank-ptey, &c., will for the future be conducted in the names of ersigned who have entered into co-partnership D. E. BOULTON. JAMES COCKBURN Cobourg, July 7th, 1846.

GEORGE W. MORGAN. BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, 93, YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

Information Wanted.

MR. HENRY PENTLAND is anxious to know in what part of this Diocese his two younger Brothers are, who came to this country, last year, from the South of Ireland. letter containing any information respecting them will be thankfully received. His address is

MR. HENRY PENTLAND, Care of the Rev. J. Grier, Belleville. Belleville, 27th April, 1847.



THE ROYAL MAIL LINE OF STEAMERS, WILL leave Toronto for Kingston, touching at Cobourg

(weather permitting) every day (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock noon, precisely, until the 10th day of June next and from the 10th of June to 10th September, at 1, P. Maryerselele. precisely; from 10th September, to close of the Season, at 12, Will leave Kingston for Toronto, every afternoon (Sandays

excepted) at 5 o'clock precisely. Royal Mail Office Toronto, April 15, 1847.

THE STEAMER AMERICA WILL leave Toronto for Rochester, touching at Cobourg TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY Morning at Eleren

Will leave Rochester Landing for Toronto, touching at Cobourg and intermediate Ports, (weather permitting), every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at Eight Luggage and Parcels at the risk of the owners, unless booked

and paid for as Freight.

The Proprietor will not, in addition to the ordinary exemption from liability, hold himself responsible for any property lost in said Steamer, owing to accidental fire or collision with any other vessel.

Royal Mail Office, Toronto, April 22, 1847.

THE STEAMER ECLIPSE WILL leave Hamilton for Toronto, daily, (Sunday, excepted), at Half-past Seven, A.M., and will leave Toronto for Hamilton, at Half-past Two, P.M., (weather

Toronto, March 22, 1847.

THE STEAMER ADMIRAL WILL leave Toronto daily (weather permitting) for Niagara, Lewiston and Queenston, (Sundays excepted) at Eight, A.M.
Toronto, March 22, 1847.

Engraved District Waps.

10 be Published, a complete ATLAS OF CANADA WEST, in Districts, shewing every Lot, Farm, Riyer, Creek, Port, Town, Village, Post Office, Church, &c., in each Township; exhibiting a Bird's-eye view of all Travelled Roads, distinguishing the Concession Lines and bearings, Plank, Rail and Mail Routes, beautifully Engraved upon Copper Plates, (about 2 by 3 feet), forming a Register of all Improvements in the Country, upon a scale of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles to one inch—considerably larger than Bouchetts's and probabiles are inch-considerably larger than Bouchetts's and probabiles are inchessed in than larger than Bouchette's, and embracing more information than contained in any other Map—and drawn by eminent Surveyors.

Plate 1-The Western District, with Chart.

Plate 2—London, Talbot, and Brock Districts. Plate 3—The Huron Tract. The Home, Simcoe, Niagara, Midland, Newcastle, and other Price to Subscribers, 10s. each plate, who will receive Proof impressions. Subscribers' names will be received by the Engravers, J. ELLIS & Co., 8, King Street, Toronto, (from 15, Broad Street, Bank of England, London), and at the Office of this Paper. Districts, will follow in succession, one every two months.

this Paper. Toronto, Oct. 1, 1846.

480-1

JUST NOW PUBLISHING, IN THIS CITY, (Price 3s. 9d. Currency.) The Sixth Edition of a Work Entitled 'A System of the Creation of the Globe, Planets

and Sun." THIS EDITION will contain an account of the wonderful discovery made by Lord Rosse's Telescope—it being six feet in diameter, and the largest in the world;—and in consequence of this in the world;—and in the world quence of this discovery, the Author of the "System of Creation" has, in this Sixth Edition, carried out that system into the regions of space. into the regions of space, conceiving that its natural results will exhibit the probable design of the Nebulæ in the distant

regions of space, and also the real design of the numerous Comets existing in the Universe.

The Edition to be had of any of the Booksellers, or of the Author. HENRY TAYLOR. Toronto, April 22, 1847.

WOOL.

THE highest market price will be paid in Cash for WOOL, at the Ontario Mills Woollen Factory, Cobourg, by the

S. E. MACKECHNIE. Cobourg, June 12, 1845. N. B.—Growers of Wool who may prefer it, will have an opportunity of exchanging any portion of their Wool for Cloth.

NOTICE IS hereby given, that D'ARCY E. BOULTON, Esq. of Cobourg, Canada West, is sole Agent for the general management, superintendence and sale, of all Lands in this Province registered in the name of Jacques Adrian Pierre Barrier, Trustee of Euphrasie Barrier; and that no sales will be recognized. recognised, or payments upon mortgages acknowledged, that are not effected personally with Madame Barbier, or this her Agent, Mr. Boulton. And all mortgagees, or persons indebted for payments on sales already made, will please communicate the articulars of their debte forth.

398-tf New York, Feoruary 14, 1845. JOHN THORPE'S BRITISH HOTEL,

the articulars of their debts forthwith to Mr. Boulton, who is autaorised to collect and receive the same.

GUELPH. HOUSE Comfortable and Commodious; Larder at all times well supplied; Cellar of the choicest. Excellent Stabling. The MAIL STAGE daily to Preston, Galt. and Hamilton, and every other day from Fergus and Elora to Hamilton, and vice versa.

Horses and Carriages ready at a moment's notice. Guelph, 1846.



Home District Mutual Fire Company. OFFICE-NEW STREET, OPPOSITE NEWGATE STREET, TORONTO,

eet, INSURES Dwellings, Houses, Warehouses, Buildings in general, Merchandize, Household Furniture, Mills, Manufactories, &c. DIRECTORS.

John McMurrich, John Doel, Charles Thompson, Benjamin Thorne, J. B. Warren, James Beaty, John Eastwood. James Lesslie, Capt. J. Elmsley, J. H. PRICE, Esq., President. J. RAINS, Secretary. All losses promptly adjusted. Letters by mail must be

July 5, 1843. THE PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COM-A PPLICATIONS for Insurance by this Company are requested to be made to the undersigned who is also authorised to receive premiums for the renewal of policies.

MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co. Toronto, July 1, 1841. BRITISH AMERICA FIRE & LIFE & MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY, NCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT) AGENT AT COBOURG-ROBERT HENRY, Esq.

November, 1844.

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