

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 9, 1910

Vol. XXXIX, No. 45

## Tea Party Supplies. For Ladies' Wear.

We are headquarters for Tea Party and Picnic Supplies. We carry a large stock of all requirements for the catering business, such as Confectionery, Cigars, Nuts, Fruits, etc.

### SODA DRINKS.

We also manufacture a full line of Sodas, such as Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Raspberry, Iron Brew, Hop Tonic, etc.

We have just been appointed Agents for the

## Land of Evangeline Pure Apple Cider

The Pure Juice of Choice Nova Scotia Apples.

This Cider is quite non-intoxicating and can be handled by stores, restaurants, etc. It is put up by a special English process which prevents any excessive amount of alcohol, but retains the exquisite flavor of the Annapolis Valley Fruit. No chemicals of any kind are used in the manufacture—it is just a Pure Fruit Juice, and will remain sweet and clear and sparkling indefinitely in any climate.

A READY SELLER.

In Casks, Pints and Split Bottles. Write us for prices.

### EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

## R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

## A. E. McEACHEN

The Shoeman,

HAS BOUGHT THE BALANCE OF

Prowse Bros. Stock of Shoes.

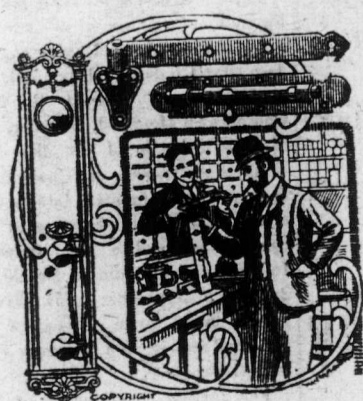
Look out for Bargains.

500 PAIRS AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

## A. E. McEACHEN,

THE SHOEMAN,

82 and 84 Queen Street.



## For New Buildings

We carry the finest line of Hardware

to be found in any store.

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

## Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

## For Ladies' Wear.

Watches & Chains, Brooches and Pins, Locketts, Rings, Bracelets, Links, Eyeglasses, Chains.

## For Men's Use.

Watches and Chains, Links and Studs, Rings and Pins, Tie Clasps, Fobs.

## For the Young Ones.

Pins and Rings, Necklets and Locketts, Cups, Napkin Rings, Knife, Fork and Spoon Thimbles.

## For the Home.

Clocks and Alarms, Barometers, Thermometers, Tea and Coffee Pots, Sugar and Butter Dishes, Pickle Dishes, Trays, Pudding Dishes, Toastracks, Eggstands, Spoons, Knives, Forks, and articles too numerous to mention.

## E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, City.

## Dominion Coal Company

### RESERVE COAL.

As the season for importing Coal in this Province is again near, we beg to advise—dealers and consumers of Coal that we are in a position to grant orders for cargoes of Reserve, Screened, Run of mine, Nut and Slack Coal, F. O. B., a loading piers Sydney, Glouce Bay or Louisburg, C. B.

Prices quoted on application, and all orders will receive our careful attention by mail or wire.

Reserve Coal is well known all over this Island, and is most extensively used for domestic and steam purposes.

Schooners are always in demand during the season and chartered at highest current rates of freight. Good despatch guaranteed schooners at loading piers.

## Peake Bros. & Co.,

Selling Agents for Prince Edward Island for Dominion Coal Company.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 21, 1909—4i

### McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

### MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

### Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

P. O. Building, Georgetown

### In Mission Fields.

#### BAGDAD'S SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

The Very Reverend Leo Michael of the Cross, Superior of the mission of the Barefooted Carmelites, in the quaint, old city of Bagdad, gives some interesting particulars of his school for the blind. While such institutions are numerous and rapidly increasing in number in more favored parts of the world, there are but three, as far as he has been able to learn, in the great Turkish empire. These are at Constantinople, Jerusalem, and Bagdad. And yet in no other part of the world are they so much needed as in the Orient, for there the number of the blind is much more considerable than elsewhere. In the principal European countries, such as Great Britain, France, and Germany, there is one blind person for every eleven hundred of the population, while in the city of Bagdad alone, with its population of about two hundred thousand, the number of the blind is four thousand. A careful census of the city shows that there is one blind person for every thirty-five among the Mohammedans, one for every one hundred and eleven among the Jews, and one for every one hundred and thirty-three among the Catholics.

Six years ago, Father Peter of the Mother of God, while traveling in France, became acquainted with a family in Bordeaux, a member of which, though still a young man, had successfully passed his examination for the degree of bachelor of arts and sciences, although he had been blind from birth. Thinking of the blind of Bagdad, so numerous and so abandoned, so wretched and so forgotten, the missionary made haste to obtain a copy of the alphabet for the blind and a writing tablet such as is fashioned for their use. With these treasures in his possession, he returned to the mission, where Father John, now Archbishop of Bagdad and Delegate Apostolic, accommodated the alphabet to the Arabic language and began his professional course with a blind Catholic boy of his class. The course consisted of reading, writing, a little arithmetic, and some notions of music. Thus he founded the school for the blind, which has since greatly extended a field of usefulness. As soon as the first student had made a little progress, he became in turn the teacher of another, and thus the attendance rapidly increased.

One of the missionaries journeyed to France and spent three months in a school for the blind, where he studied the details of administration. Upon his return to Bagdad, he began to teach spinning and weaving and the making of sticks and baskets, and soon had the satisfaction of seeing his pupils able to earn a trifle. He then determined to attempt the erection of a building for his boys, who had been crowded into a couple of spare rooms in the residence of the missionaries; but as he had absolutely no money at his disposal, he decided to make a public appeal to Christians, Jews, and Mohammedans. The result of the collection was a sufficient sum to put up two modest structures, one serving as a workshop and the other as a dormitory. Two Sisters of the Presentation have expressed their readiness to consecrate their services to the same noble work, but the scanty income of the school does not permit the extra expense which would thus be incurred.—America.

### Speaking of Post Cards.

Who has not seen them of all kinds, persons, places and things, and for all occasions, sentimental, grave and gay? A post card is the handiest souvenir to send home while one is on a journey, for it is to be had in great variety at a modest price. Albums for post cards are sold to an extent that shows how general is the practice of collecting them and how widespread is the interest that they awaken.

There seems to be practically no limit to the subjects that appear on them. The plump Thanksgiving turkey and the Easter rabbit share with landscapes, patriotic devices and religious emblems the wide publicity that may come from the judicious use of one-cent postage stamps. Just the other day, we chanced to see a kind of post card that we should greatly like to see multiplied and spread broadcast. The subject was "Building a Mission Church in Togo, Africa." The edifice was of goodly proportions, some natives were gathered about, and there were the missionaries, one of whom was "snapped" as he stood, helmet in hand, mopping the perspiration from his brow. One-half of the card (the part reserved for

the message) gave us the following information: "Togo, West Africa. Prefecture Apostolic. The very Rev. N. Schoening, S. V. D., P. A. This is a very prosperous yet dangerous mission field, on account of the two dreadful enemies, fever and poison. This mission, opened in 1892, has 41 missionaries; 10 Brothers; 22 Sisters; 22 stations and 167 altars; 27 churches and chapels; 8,180 Christians; 5,432 catechumens; 177 catechists and teachers; 180 schools with 5,949 pupils." Here, it strikes us, is a practical and attractive way of bringing the mission work of the Church home to those for whom the word has a vague meaning or perhaps none. Help for the missions and missionaries for them will come from a knowledge of them, for the human heart is generous and responsive.

The Society of the Divine Word (S. V. D.) which has charge of the Togo mission, maintains at Tcheby, Illinois, a town near Chicago, a missionary college where youths are trained and educated for the foreign missions. It has several American students.—America.

### How Lawrence Won His Crown.

A DECLAMATION BY MARSHALL, S. J.

Pierced and torn by blazing shafts, the black and ominous pall of night lifted and slowly retired beyond the crested hills of old Rome. The first bright rays of the summer's sun tipped the turrets of Caesar's palace, flooded the temple of the Pantheon, and lit up the sombre walls of the amphitheatre. The streets were astir with eager citizens and with scurrying slaves hastening to a thousand marts of commerce.

Suddenly on the Appian Way is heard the heavy tramp of a squadron of soldiers. In their midst, jostled and rudely dragged, is seen the tall majestic form of a venerable old man. It is Xystus, the beloved father, high-priest and bishop of Rome. He was being dragged to a place of martyrdom.

The troop is confronted by a youth martial in bearing, and as far as the angel that directed the footsteps of Tobias. In a voice ringing with authority he commands: "Halt!" And silent they stand at the stark command and the captain's silent halt!

With a glance of scorn upon the soldiery, the eyes of Lawrence melted with pity as they met the astonished gaze of Xystus. In a voice that seems as strains of exquisite music Lawrence speaks:

"Father, whither dost thou go, out a sinner? Thou wast not wont to offer up the holy sacrifice without a deacon. Hast thou found aught unworthy in me that I can not accompany thee now? Try me, and see, if I be an unworthy minister to whom thou didst confide the dispensation of Sacraments and the aims of the poor. If I be worthy of that honor, then why not of this—to go with thee to death?"

To which the sainted Xystus makes reply: "My son, I do not desert thee. Thou shalt soon be with me in paradise. Be patient! To us who are old lighter torments are given. But for thee, so young, and strong greater trials are reserved. On the third day thou shalt win thy crown."

The procession moves on and Lawrence betakes himself to the Catacombs where, quickly assembling the needy Christians, he distributes among them the last remnants of the little treasure of money, or food, or raiment.

The third day has come, and Lawrence is summoned before the cruel tribune. With him he takes a band of suffering brethren.

High on his chair of state sat the restless and haughty tyrant his heart burning alike with greed for gold and hate of Christians.

Before him stood Lawrence, dressed as for his bridal day. His aureole looks fall in deep clusters over his broad shoulders, and he stood firm and erect.

Yet fair was he to behold, that youth of eighteen summers, and his face shone with celestial brightness and a more than ethereal beauty; and, but for his firm-set lips and his eyes of sparkling fighting blue, he might have been thought a goddess fresh from Rhyetan Fields. Then roared the bloody tribune:

"Young Christian dog, deliver up the treasures of your Church or by the head of Jupiter, I shall burn your bones to a crisp!" Then Lawrence waving his hand towards his lowly followers replied: "Here, Sir, are the treasures! They have it all in food and raiment!" Foiled in his lust for gold and

burning with rage, the tribune shouts to his minions: "Hither, a hundred bars of iron! They are brought. 'Make of these an immense gridiron!' It is made. 'Kindle now a maddening fire, and send the metal to a whited heat.' The iron glows, and the instrument of torture is ready.

Bound with iron chains, Lawrence is dragged upon the funeral pyre. His light clothing ascends in a puff of smoke, and his tender flesh is seen and heard sizzling and frying deeper and deeper even to the very bones. Praying in his heart for his persecutors, the youth at last speaks, and the soldiers lean forward eager to catch some word of cowardly abjection. But they heard but the torments and say: "Men, if men ye be, this side is well cooked. You may turn now and eat!"

Such horrors, thank God! are short. Thus passed away Lawrence the Christian athlete, the young Roman deacon. For 'his bow rested on the Strong, and the bands of his arms, and of his hands were loosed by the hand of the Mighty one of Jacob,' and his face glowed with a heavenly glory; and, like Stephen, the first martyr, he saw the heavens open to receive him.

Glorious young saint, from thy throne in bliss look down upon us, thy struggling brethren!

The days are evil, and effete nations are found who once reached a zenith of glory under the banner of the cross, but now tossed in the maelstrom of apostasy and impiety they persecute men and women for the only crime of loving God and following in the footsteps of Christ, His Divine Son. Adieu fair Lawrence, immortal saint!

"His soul to Him who gave it rose, God led it to its long repose It's glorious rest! And though the martyr's ann has set Its light doth linger round us yet Bright, radiant, blest."

ARGENTINA—By W. A. Hirst, with an Introduction by Martin Hume, M. A. Map and Sixty-four Illustrations. Pp. xxviii, 308, uncut. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.

The richest of the South American republics in the elements of future greatness in the industrial and commercial world has found a thoughtful and conscientious writer to present her claims to the reading public. With an Englishman's in-born distrust of superlatives he begins in a moderate tone and, depending on facts rather than florid expressions, tells us of Argentina as she is to-day, with enough of her past to explain her position and to justify her hopes. A bird's-eye view of the country's natural divisions introduces the reader to the period of Spanish domination, where he finds Spain's colonial system carefully unfolded and described. In a work which is intended to open the eyes of manufacturers and promote business interests, it is gratifying to note that he gives respectful attention and just praise to the work of the Church, and the influence of missionaries in providing for the spiritual and intellectual wants of the young colony and the native tribes.

His study of the War of Independence, its causes progress and results shows the thinker rather than the more popular flamboyant stamp-speaker or "jingoiat." The career of the dictator Rosas finds no counterpart among the Spanish viceroys.

The sources of Argentina's coming preponderance in South America, some of which have thus far hardly been tapped, are set forth for the guidance of the capitalist, the manufacturer and the artisan. Cattle, sheep, cereals, the vine and the riches of unexplored forests are in turn treated with all the detail that a prospective settler might wish to find. In a country which extends from 22 degrees to 55 degrees, south latitude, and from sea level to the snow-capped crests of the Andes, there is room for the greatest variety of natural and cultivated products as there is found the greatest diversity of topographical conditions.

The stay-at-home traveler will find well spent the time that he devotes to "Argentina," the prospective investor will find it a sober, uncolored statement of actual conditions and future possibilities.—America.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1909 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Maddigan.

## It Is Miserable To Be Dyspeptic.

Dyspepsia is one of the most prevalent troubles of civilized life, and thousands suffer untold agony after every meal. Nearly everything that enters a weak dyspeptic stomach, acts as an irritant; hence the great difficulty of effecting a cure.

The long train of distressing symptoms, which render life a burden to the victim of dyspepsia, may be promptly relieved by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. John Shaver, Fort Erie, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with dyspepsia for years. A friend of mine told me about Burdock Blood Bitters, so I got a bottle to try, and before I was half finished I could eat anything without suffering, and when I had used two bottles I was cured and well. Now I feel just fine; indeed I can't say too much in favor of your medicine!" Burdock Blood Bitters is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When little Bertha was first allowed to eat cherries it was impressed on her that she must not swallow any stones. A short time afterward she was given the cooked cherries from a cherry pie. Looking up, she asked quickly, "Who spit out the stones?"

The little girl had come home from school and was telling the family about a certain stout man that had lectured to them in the morning. When through her father said:

"What nationality was the man, daughter?"

"Broken English," she replied.

### A Sensible Merchant.

Mrs. Fred. Laine, St. George, Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

He—I wonder what your father will say when I ask him for your hand. She—Don't worry about that, dear, He rehearsed it with me this morning and he does it beautifully.

They say her wedding beggared description. Oh, more than that! Indeed! Yes. It beggared her father.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

What's that flip widow saying to those gawks around her! That you can't fool all the people all the time. No, only the men people.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

How did the street car company come to fire that old conductor? I thought he had a pull. He did, but he didn't use it on the cash register.

### Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagedorn's Yellow Oil and it cured my mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Knicker—Where was Jones going when arrested for speeding? Bucker—To deliver a speech on the extravagance of automobiles.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff. Knicker—Is this house mortgaged? Bucker—Up to the auto.

## CONSTIPATION

CURED BY THE USE OF MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

Constipation is one of the most frequent, and at the same time, one of the most serious of the minor ailments to which mankind is subject, and should never be allowed to continue.

A free motion of the bowels daily should be the rule with every one who aspires to perfect health.

Mrs. Fred. Hall, 299 Hibernia Road, Montreal, Que., writes:—"Having been troubled for years with constipation and trying everything I know of a friend advised me to use Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I used four and a half vials and I am completely cured. I can gladly recommend them to all who suffer from constipation."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25 cents per vial, or 5 vials for \$1.00, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.





# PATON'S

The House of Quality

## Where THE Best Clothes

### COME FROM.

## WE HAVE IN STOCK

For the Summer Trade a fine selection of

## TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, etc.

If you need anything in Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars or Cigarettes, we can supply you.

► DROP IN AND INSPECT. ◄

## JAMES KELLY & CO.

June 23, 1909—3m

## Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

### Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN



Price \$2.50

## Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots	\$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " "	1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " "	1.50 to 2.00
Girls' " "	1.10 to 1.35
Children's " "	1.00

## Alley & Co.

### Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of statute execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of Enoch A. McDonald against Michael J. Murphy, I have taken and sold as the property of the said Michael J. Murphy, all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Michael J. Murphy, in and to all that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate lying and being in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a square post fixed at the division line between town lots numbers ninety and ninety-one in the first hundred of town lots in Charlottetown on the south-east side of Sydney Street, running thence southwardly along said division line eighty feet; thence eastwardly forty-two feet; thence northwardly eighty feet to said Sydney Street, and thence westwardly along said Sydney Street to the place of commencement, being one quarter of town lot number ninety-one in the first hundred of town lots in Charlottetown.

And I do hereby give public notice that I will, on Friday, the Twelfth day of May next, A. D. 1911, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, set up and sell at public auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said writ, being the sum of one hundred and sixty-nine dollars, besides Sheriff's fees and all other legal incidental expenses.

GEORGE COOMBS, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Queen's County, October 20th, A. D. 1910. John A. Mathieson, Plaintiff's Attorney. Oct. 26th, 1910—41

Get your printing done at the Herald Office.

### LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

The Grand Trunk station at Goderich, Ont., was burned with all its contents, including tickets and money. The loss is \$25,000.

Little hope is held out for the safety of 15 men caught in an explosion in Dawson Coal mine at Black Diamond near Seattle. Rescuers are working heroically to reach the entombed miners.

A fire of unknown origin destroyed the beautiful home of the Toronto Hunt Club on the Scarborough Bluffs. With the home went many valuable Cape and rare prints, and portraits which can never be replaced.

Another gas well, No. 16, was struck by the Maritime Oil Fields Company at McLatchey's, N. B., Monday. At a depth of 1,400 feet the new well shows a yield of 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 cubic feet of gas per day. The well will be drilled deeper.

The Steamer Harlaw, from Sydney to Summerside to load produce for Halifax ran ashore near North Sydney Friday, and up to noon Saturday had not been got off. In consequence of this accident the steamer's trip to Summerside has been cancelled. She got off Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Crippen failed in his appeal. The criminal court of appeal heard his appeal from the conviction of the lower court and decided against him on all points. The court refused to grant him a new trial and confirmed the order of execution.

The first formal conference between the Canadian and the United States Commissioners in reference to trade relations between the two countries, was held at Ottawa on Saturday in Mr. Fielding's office. The proceedings lasted for a couple of hours. Daily meetings will be held all this week.

Callaghan and Brine, the two men who entered the cabin of the P. E. Island schooner Sunnrock at North Sydney some weeks ago and stole from a trunk a sum amounting to over \$100 were tried under the Speedy Trials Act on Friday. Each was given two years in Dorchester Penitentiary. The men denied the theft, saying that they remembered nothing of the kind. They had entered the schooner's cabin in search of a match.

Frank S. Robertson, son of the late Peter Robertson, formerly of New Perth was killed recently in a mine in Mexico of which he was superintendent. He was inspecting telephone lines 80 feet down the shaft, when a car escaping control of a workman went over the end of the shaft. It went crashing down on top of the cage in which Robertson was sitting, knocking him out. He fell 300 feet to the bottom of the shaft. Doomed was a nephew of Senator Robertson.

Mr. R. L. Borden, Leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons in a letter to the Montreal Star makes this comment on the result of the Drummond-Arthabaska election: "The master has been beaten by his own disciples and by his own teaching. The pupils learned their lesson too well and refused to forget it. There is a homely English proverb that chickens always come home to roost. This has never been better exemplified in a political sense than the result just announced from Drummond and Arthabaska."

Private advice received at Ottawa Saturday night are to the effect that H. N. Bourassa has decided to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Quebec east at the next general election. This news is of the most significant character, for it will be remembered that after Mr. Bourassa left the federal house and went into provincial politics he entered the lists against Sir Lomer Gouin, the Quebec premier, in the St. James division of Montreal, and actually defeated him in an enormously strong government constituency. Since then Mr. Bourassa has grown much stronger.

Wedged tightly between the wheel of his wagon and the shaft, the body of Hiram Richards, a well known lumber and iron dealer of Mexico, Maine was found early Sunday in the woods near his home by men returning from their work at the near by paper mills. The man's body was badly mangled and was held so firmly that the wheel had to be removed before the victim could be extricated. The cause of the accident is not known. Richards drove to Roxbury Saturday to see about a tenner contract and failed to return that evening. He was 50 years old and leaving a widow.

In the elections in the United States yesterday, the Democrats met with a large measure of success. Their greatest success was in New York State, where Boss Roosevelt's nominee for Governor, Stimson, with his whole ticket were overwhelmingly defeated by Dix Democrat, who was elected Governor along with his State ticket. In Massachusetts, Foxe, Democrat was elected Governor, as well as his ticket. New Jersey also went Democrat. It is considered that the Congressional elections in New England, New York and New Jersey will likely make the next House of Representatives Democratic.

A series of heavy earthquakes were recorded on Sunday by the seismograph at the Georgetown University observatory Washington. The first disturbance of the needle occurred at 3:51 o'clock that afternoon and consisted of two heavy shocks, lasting two minutes and forty seconds with intervals of twenty seconds between them. They were followed almost instantly by another series of three continuous shocks, lasting three minutes and twenty seconds. Distance from Washington of the disturbance could not be measured but they travelled north and south. A sharp earthquake was also experienced at Goldfield, Nevada. Its duration was twenty seconds. Aside from the breaking of a few windows and dishes in residences no damage has been reported.

### LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Four miners were instantly killed by an explosion in the Leonard Mine, Butte, Montana. The victims were Finlanders.

The double liability call of 95 per cent was authorized recently by Officer Referee Kappell at Toronto against shareholders of the Ontario Bank.

The Municipal elections throughout England and Wales the other day show considerable growth in the Labor and Socialist Parties. The women candidates fare badly.

Advice from Rome, published in the daily papers say: Mgr. Stagni, Archbishop of Aquila, has been appointed as Apostolic Delegate to Canada to succeed Mgr. Sbarretti.

In compliance with an Imperial Edict Consul General Li Hung Yen and the entire staff of the Consulate at San Francisco appeared in court without queues and dressed as Americans.

The Peninsula Occidental steamship dock at Key West and warehouse with freight stored therein valued at \$200,000 was practically destroyed by fire last Wednesday night.

The Legislature of British Guiana has decided to pay a share of the subsidy for the proposed service between Canada and West India. The Chamber of Commerce protests, favoring a direct transatlantic service.

John Regan was burned to death in a freight car near Brandon, Mon. He was in charge of fifteen horses in the car, and all but two of them were burned. The other men escaped. A lantern which upset started the fire.

An Italian, Sam Ponassa, accused of causing the death of his sick child by severely whipping it for crying in the night and disturbing his rest, was brought before a Justice of the Peace at Hagersville, Ont., and committed to trial.

An estate, estimated at \$1,000,000, was left by James Jordan, of Boston who had an elaborate summer place at River Glen, N. B. Mr. Jordan died in San Francisco last summer. His will leaves all to his wife, who was a Westmoreland County, N. B., woman.

The Official statement is made from London that Earl Crewe goes to the India Office as Secretary of State, L. V. Harcourt to the Colonial Office, Earl Beauchamp, is First Commissioner of Works and Lord Morley becomes Lord President of the Council.

Last Friday night at Hartland, N. S. James Saunders, aged 75, fell down the cellar stairs and broke his neck. His wife retired, leaving him reading a newspaper. On going to his room she found his clothes but the man was missing. Search for him revealed his body at the stairs.

As a result of a driving accident on Mount Royal, Montreal, Mrs. James McLaughlin, a well known society woman is lying in the Hospital, fatally injured with a fractured skull, and Maitland Cole, a prominent merchant is also seriously injured. Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Sanctonary, who were in the carriage, were badly but not fatally injured.

A disastrous fire broke out at Gannoque, Ont., on the 4th, in the Ontario Wheel Works, Kingston was wired for help, and sent along a fire fighting apparatus on a special train. The Works were completely destroyed, but the office was saved. The loss is \$150,000 covered by insurance to the amount of \$125,000. One hundred men are out of work.

Three men fell eighty feet to death upon the flooring of a standpipe for Weston's, Ont., new waterworks. The men were working within a 60 foot circle of iron when their support gave way. Down through the scaffolding they tumbled, bumping against supports in their fall. They were likely battered to death before they reached the ground.

The storm which struck Soranont Falls and vicinity Friday developed into a blizzard. Fifteen houses were laid fallen up to Friday evening and the storm was still raging. Railroad traffic was greatly impeded and the wire service was crippled. The storm was responsible for a collision of trains near Forest City in which one man was killed and two others injured.

During their Halloween frolics, the students of Manitoba College, Winnipeg took possession of the Empire Theatre stage and started a show of their own. When they threatened safety of the scenery they were ejected but returned, armed with rocks and clubs and the police officers fired several shots in the air before the boys dispersed. Two policemen were slightly injured.

The authorities of Campbellton have asked the Federal Government to undertake for a number of years, the payment of interest on \$200,000—the municipal debt. The Dominion Government will extend aid but it prefers to do so finally this year. Therefore, instead of assuming the interest on the debt, the Government will ask Parliament to vote a lump sum for relief of Campbellton. Probably \$80,000 will be the figure.

The grim spectre of the days of the Haymarket Riot haunted Chicago's streets for a short time on the 3rd, when Police Inspector Healy and sixty policemen with drawn revolvers charged several thousand striking garment workers, who were rioting on the West Side. One Policeman was slain and fifteen rioters were seriously injured and 206 strikers and sympathizers were arrested during the brief fight which threatened to get beyond Police control.

# New Store MacLellan Bros., Bank of Commerce Tailors and Gents' Furnishers. Building

## To Be Well Dressed at a Reasonable Cost

### Let Us Make Your Suit!

Have you been giving your money away to a poor tailor for clothes that did not satisfy you? or worse still have you, thinking you were saving two or three dollars on your suit, paid your good money for a "Ready-Made"—a suit that stays good only until you wear it, and instead of adding to your appearance, will by its bad fitting qualities make you appear poorly dressed. Have you ever thought that a "Ready-Made" was the most expensive suit you could buy. Do you know that one good Tailor-Made Suit at \$20.00 to \$25.00 will outwear any two Ready-Made at \$15.00, and that the made-to-order suit will hold its shape and its good looks until the cloth is worn out, while a Ready Made will only look good for a short time. Isn't it cheaper for you to invest \$25.00 for a good suit once a year, than to invest \$15.00 for a poor one, twice in that period? You will agree with us in that, won't you? Then our proposition is this: We keep a stock of all the best cloths made—we have Worsted, we have Tweeds, in all the leading shades; we have Serges and Vercunias in blue and black—in fact we have everything that's made for men's clothes. We have expert cutters, men who have spent years in studying the art of designing men's clothes, and we have a staff of workmen trained in every branch of the trade, men who put into a job work of the highest order.



You can select a suit at any price from \$18.00 to \$30.00. We will make it to your individual measure, we will put the best of trimmings into it, and we give you good style and the best of workmanship. In short, your money is not ours until you are satisfied with the suit in every particular.

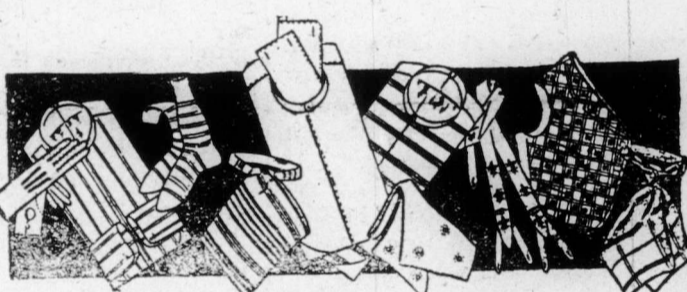
## Don't you think it will pay you to leave your order with us?

## The Swellest Line of Men's Furnishings In the City is Here---Moderately Priced.

In our new store, we have opened up a first class Gents' Furnishings Department, where you will find the newest ideas in up-to-date goods for men. This department being a side line with us we can afford to handle the finest lines at a moderate profit. You can save money by buying your toggery from us, and we guarantee to show you the very latest things in men's Stylish Furnishings. We will be pleased to have you come in and see the best selected stock of men's goods in the city.

### NEW SWELL SHIRTS

A big stock including the lines of the two best Canadian makers. All the swell patterns and colors. Pretty shirts at 75c., \$1.15, \$1.23, \$1.35, \$1.50 up. See them.

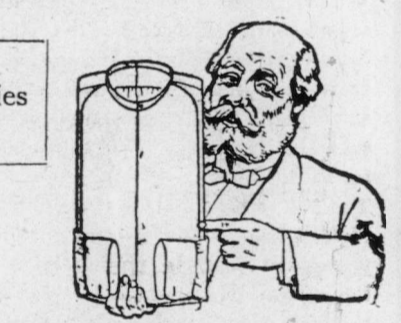
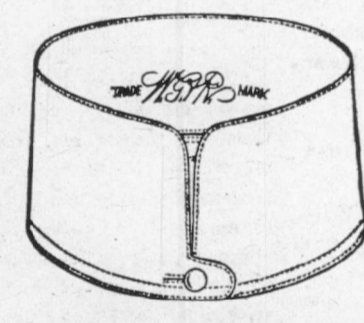


### COLLARS

We carry the W. G. & R. Collar, the best collar made in Canada. We can give all the latest shapes. These collars combine style and quality. Price 15c. each or 2 for 25c., 20c. each, 3 for 50c.

### PRETTY NECKWEAR

We have the newest and best selected stock of Ties in the city. All styles, 25c. to 75c. each.



We also show a nice line of NEW UNDERWEAR NEW SPENDERS NEW HOSIERY

# MACLELLAN BROS.

### Mortgage Sale.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned Lelia M. Mackieson of Charlottetown in Queen's County, single woman, will on or after the tenth day of December A. D. 1910 sell by private sale under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the fifth day of January A. D. 1903 and made between William A. Leslie of Souris Line Road in Lot or Township number Forty-two in King's County, Farmer, and Mary Leslie his wife of the one part and the undersigned of the other part.

A tract of fifty-one acres of land, more or less, on the west side of Souris Line Road, Lot 45, in King's County bounded north by a reserved road running west from said Souris Line Road, south by land now or formerly in possession of Ronald McPhee and west by the land hereinafter described extending east and west sixty-four chains and north and south eight chains, being the land described in a deed from the Commissioner of Public Lands to William Allan Leslie dated 2nd day of January A. D. 1903.

Also a tract of one hundred and fifty acres of land more or less bounded on the north by land sold by Joshua P. Leslie to George Leslie, on the east by the rear line of farms fronting on Souris Line Road and on the west by the line between Lots 44 and 45 extending north and south twenty-two and one-half chains and east and west 64 chains being part of the land conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to Joshua P. Leslie by deed bearing date the 25th day of March A. D. 1901. Dated this 1st day of November A. D. 1910

LELIA M. MACKIESON, Mortgagee. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Nov. 9, 1910—41. A. A. McLean, K. C., Donald McKinnon, McLean & McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

### FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000. Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN AGENT. Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

### Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906—3m

## "PERIQUE."

Dark Cut Tobacco in tins and packages. This is one of the

## COOLEST SMOKES

On the market. Try a 10 cent package. You'll enjoy it. All up-to-date grocers and druggists sell it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd. Ch'town, Phone 345. Manufacturers.

### W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE: 148 PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN. June 15, 1910—4f

### J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonell, Jas. D. Stewart.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. P. O. Building, Georgetown.

The Little Wife at Home.

(By Margaret E. Sangster, in Sacred Heart Review.)

The dear little wife at home, John, She has ever so much to do— Stitches to set and babies to pet And so many things for you. The beautiful household fairy, Filling your home with light, Whatever you meet today, John, Go cheerily home tonight.

Although you are worn and weary, You needn't be cross or cur, There are words like darts to gentle hearts; There are looks that wound and hurt; With the key in the latch at home, John, Drop troubles out of sight, To the dear little wife who is waiting, Go cheerily home tonight.

Two Houses.

For nearly half a century the houses stood side by side, and save for an occasional fresh coat of paint, and other needful repairs, they remained practically unchanged throughout the years of their existence. During this time they had been occupied by the same families which had the usual history of births and deaths and marriages, and the departures and returns which go to the making of the average family annals.

They were not fine houses. They were just comfortable homes with considerable yard space lying between, divided at the property line by a fence which was high and solidly built of boards at the back. Half way to the street it was joined to an ornamental partition of slender iron rods and wire scrolls, painted a glossy black. This part of the fence was only waisthigh to a grown person, and permitted of neighborly visits between the occupants of the house.

In the beginning of their residence side by side, there was not such intimacy between families. The two mothers were busied with their household cares and their children, and there was little time for visiting, then too, they belonged to different social circles and were never brought in contact away from their home.

The years which seem so many when they are counted in retrospect, were swift in passing, and while they were going, the two women were widowed, the house where there had been but two children became a place of quiet and sometimes one of loneliness, while the other, where there were several sons and daughters born continued to be filled with life and action. The sons and daughters of the Other House married while they were young and began home-building for themselves, but they all remained in the same town and were daily visitors at "Ma's home."

Then there came a second generation to fill the Other House with the interests and the stir and cheery sounds brought by children. The family thrived and prospered and increased in numbers, while in the Quiet Place there was no second generation to repeat the child life which had ended when the children belonging there were grown.

When their youth was past the woman of the Quiet Place and the woman of the Other House, drew near to each other and were held together by a strong tie of sympathy and affection. They visited frequently "over the fence," and found they had much in common. Both loved flowers and both worked in their yards to beautify them, whenever it was possible, and in this way they grew close together in a friendship which, though late in coming, was sincere and enduring.

Life in the Other House was eventful and nearly always there was something happening. The family grew large enough to be a social circle in itself, and "Ma" was the gentle, peaceful spirit which held her children and her children-in-law without friction. It was a busy happy life that went on in the Other House, and to watch its transactions was as entertaining as a play to the woman in the Quiet Place. Often she was alone, and sometimes she would have been lonely but for the interest afforded her by the Other House family. She had not curiosity concerning her neighbor's affairs; she simply enjoyed seeing them come and go, and having a good time together.

Much of the life of the Other House went on in the side toward the Quiet Place. The living rooms in the Quiet Place faced the lively side of the Other House, and often at night when the Quiet Place was very still, it gave the woman who lived there a sense of comforting companionship to hear the opening and closing of the side door "Over so the Other House," and voices

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Sufferers dread to move, especially after sitting or lying long, and their condition is commonly worse in wet weather. "I suffered dreadfully from rheumatism, but have been completely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I am deeply grateful." Miss FRANCES SMITH, Prescott, Ont. "I had an attack of the grip which left me weak and helpless and suffering from rheumatism. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and this medicine has entirely cured me. I have no hesitation in saying it saved my life." M. J. McDONALD, Trenton, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take it.

raised in greeting or saying, "Well, good-night, Ma; take care of yourself. Yes, some of us will be over tomorrow."

The side door of the Other House opened from a veranda directly into the sitting room, and the sitting room was the heart of the house.

In the summer the family spent much time on the veranda. In the winter it was in the sitting room where the "children" and the children's children assembled, but even through closed doors one could sometimes hear talking and laughter, and at night there was always bright light shining through the windows. The woman in the Quiet Place often went to her sitting room window to see if the light was there reflecting the Other House cheer, and she was seldom disappointed. If the house chanced to be dark of an evening she felt lonely and went repeatedly to her window, until the lights appeared, seeming to send across the yards a neighborly greeting.

Life in the two houses moved in their usual channels for several years with the friendship growing stronger and stronger between the woman in the Other House and the one in the Quiet Place, and then, without the warning of an illness the woman in the Other House folded her hands; hands which had scarcely ever been idle, and went away from the home she held so dear.

The woman in the Quiet Place felt desolated when she knew "Ma" was gone. "So many years we've lived side by side," she said. "So many years. How I shall miss her!" The life in the Other House seemed to have reached a full stop. There must be a change, since she who made the home was gone. None of the sons or daughters cared to take the homestead for their own. The house was old, and expensive repairs were needed to make it a modern residence, and so it was decided to tear it down and put up in its stead an apartment building.

When she heard of this decision, the woman in the Quiet Place felt as if her life was violently disrupted. It was a grief to her when she saw the Other House being destroyed, and the yard which "Ma" had so carefully tended, trampled to wreck and ruin. The new building would cover nearly all of the ground, and crowd the fence over which they had enjoyed so much good, sweet gossip. There would be no more family gatherings for her to watch, no more comfortable sense of companionship when she was lonely, and she looked on the growth of the apartment house with hostile eyes.

Brick by brick its walls were reared until they loomed high above the Quiet Place, and cast upon it their shadow. The nearness of the building made its great bulk seem overwhelming. The woman of the Quiet Place was used to open spaces and the change was unwelcome. So many years the Other House had stood there, and now it was gone—blotted out by this monster of an intruder.

It is strange the tricks that fancy plays, and it is strange how memory can make more vivid pictures than present realities. Sometimes, though it is all past, when night veils the walls of the apartment building, the woman in the Quiet Place looks out of the windows from which she has so often watched and listened for the Other House cheer, and she sees it just as it used to be in the winter evenings with its broadside of light turned toward her, and its sounds of happy home life. She hears again the opening and closing of the side door, and she hears voices raised in greeting or saying: "Well good night Ma. Take care of yourself. Yes, some of us will be over tomorrow."—Elizabeth Ayers, in Toledo Blade.

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c.

Minard's Liniment Cures colds, etc.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is now a summer as well as a winter remedy. It has the same invigorating and strength-producing effect in summer as in winter. Try it in a little cold milk or water. ALL DRUGGISTS

Aching Feet and Frazzled Nerves.

(Dr. Johnson Talks.)

'Did you see that lady going out of the office as you came in?' said Dr. Johnson to me. 'Yes,' I answered, what a careworn and unhappy face she has. 'Her face is not as careworn as her feet, said the doctor.

'She illustrates perfectly just what aching, uncareworn feet do for the rest of the body. She came in here this morning and said, 'Doctor, I think I'm going insane. My nerves are all a-quiver—my solar plexus palpitates, if anything, worse than my heart. Look how the corners of my mouth twitch and just see the ugly wrinkles between my eyes.'

'I myself, not only observed the ugly wrinkles between her eyes, but that the eyes themselves were blood-shot. You noticed probably that she was a thin woman, and naturally her feet were without the flesh which acts as a padding that is so essential not only to a graceful carriage, but to comfort in walking as well.

'On each foot across the ball there were three terrible corns and the callouses were so thick both on the ball and on the outside of the little toe and on the back of the heel, that her feet looked as though they were dead—this skin being yellow and hard like parchment. Her feet were so sore that when I touched them she cringed, and yet she told me that for ten years she had been waking upon these painful and diseased members. No wonder her face showed marks of physical pain for those deep lines at the corners of the mouth reaching down to the chin are always indicative of physical pain. These lines, however, must be confounded with those made by a drooping mouth which predicate discontent.'

'Goodness, Doctor, I thought you were a chiropodist, but you seem to be a diagnostician of the psychological side of beauty.'

'I am only a chiropodist,' he answered, 'but I have had to learn to diagnose unerringly the symptoms of different diseases on the feet, and this embraces a general knowledge of the whole body.'

'I have almost grown to be able upon looking into the faces of the people in the street to immediately decide whether they have healthy feet or not. It ought to be said in this connection, however, that corns do not always come from wearing tight shoes. Skins differ so much in different persons in softness and pliancy, and there is often a lack of the natural oils which will mediate the friction arising from ill-fitting shoes. Thin people are perhaps more apt to have corns and calloused feet than fleshy ones.'

'Few people realize the delay of the nerves which center in the ball of the foot. The sense of feeling is there quite as acute as in the hand, and as is usual when these nerves are hurt, there is a sympathetic reflex action from all the other nerves in the body.'

'But to get back to my patient, after having her feet massaged for a short time in a cooling and softening cream, it was astonishing to see what a quieting effect it had on her nervous condition. After the removal of some of the worst callouses I proceeded to pay the bottoms of her feet in such a way that the pressure would be taken from the corns.'

'Aren't you going to take out the roots?' she asked me.

'My dear lady,' I answered, 'contrary to the assertions of many charlatans, the corn has no root. It does not grow upward, but downward, and it thus protruded upward. What might be called the root is the place where undue pressure is brought to bear, and nature is only seeking to protect herself against injury by forming a horny layer after layer of the scarf-skin over the point of pressure.'

The layer on the top of the corn is the earliest not the latest of the growth. The latest growth is at the bottom of all, directly in contact with the disorganized mucous layer tissue. This disorganized unhealthy mucous layer is that which, when the corn as a mass is removed from the foot, clings to its base and is triumphantly exhibited as its root. If you will examine fine slices of a corn cut horizontally across you will find that they represent concrete layers of a horny substance—this is the dead layer of the scarf-skin. Knowing this, the remedy is easy to find. We must remove the pressure which prompts nature to form these horny layers of scarf-skin and this we will do by soft padding the sore spot. These pads must be taken off at night to allow air to get to all parts of the feet and dry out under perspiration that comes from wearing them.'

'The remedy seems very simple, said my patient; how long will I have to wear these pads?'

'You will have to wear pads,' I answered, 'at least a year, but they will probably have to be cut in different shapes on each of the fifty-two weeks during that time.'

'You don't mean to say,' she exclaimed, 'that it will take a year to cure my feet?'

Was So Bad With Heart and Nerves Could Not Sleep At Night.

Many men and women to-night after night upon a sleepless bed. Some constitutional disturbance, worry or disease has so debilitated and irritated the heart and nervous system that they cannot enjoy the refreshing sleep which comes to those whose heart and nerves are right.

Mrs. John Gray, Lime Lake, Ont., writes:—'Last summer I was so bad with my heart and nerves that I couldn't sleep at night. There was such a pain and heavy feeling in my chest that I could not sleep, and at times I would become dizzy and have to grasp something to keep from falling. I tried different things but never got anything to do me any good until I tried Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and I can now recommend them to all troubled as I was.'

Milburn's Heart & Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Death of Famous Australian Priest.

The late Rev. Joseph O'Malley, S. J., a native of Dublin, whose death is the subject of sympathetic notice in the Melbourne newspapers, was a priest of many attainments. His great debating power was effectively used in defence of the Faith, and he was a fine preacher and lecturer. He was also a skilled musician, and invented an instrument for beating time, besides devising a new method of teaching music, a chart of which was shown at the late exhibition in Adelaide. Father O'Malley was born in Dublin, in October, 1832, entered the Missionary College at All Hallows near Dublin, in 1848, and two years later was admitted a member of the Society of Jesus. He passed his novitiate at Issenheim, in Alsace, and in 1853 he returned to Ireland, where he spent eight years in teaching in various colleges.

In 1861 he was ordained a priest, and after a year in England, spent six years at Rome. In 1869 he visited Victoria, where he was engaged for some years in teaching in St. Patrick's College, Melbourne. He was a most successful teacher, especially of languages, history and music. Father O'Malley took a great interest in literary matters, and especially in Catholic newspapers. The Melbourne Advocate owed much to his advocacy and contributions in his early days. He was likewise a frequent correspondent in the daily papers on Catholic subjects; and he took a prominent part in the controversy on secular education both with pen and voice, when the system was first introduced in Victoria in the seventies. In the eighties Father O'Malley was sent to New Zealand and spent some years in Dunedin. On his return to Australia he was engaged in the work of the Order in Melbourne and Sydney, and was sent in 1901 to Norwood, where, with the exception of a brief interval in Sydney, he remained until his death.

What Makes a Great Life?

Do not try to do great things; you may waste all your life waiting for the opportunity which may never come. But since little things are always claiming your attention, do them as they come, from a great motive, for the glory of God, to win His smile of approval and to do good to men. It is harder to plod on in obscurity, sowing thus, than to stand on the high places of the field within view of all, and do deeds of valor at which rival armies stand still to gaze.

But no such act goes without the swift recompense of Christ. To fulfil faithfully the duties of your station; to use to the uttermost the gifts of your ministry; to bear calmly and bravely the pillory and the stake; to find the one noble trait in the people who try to molest you; to put the kindest construction on unkind acts and words; to follow with the love of God even the unthankful and evil; to be content to be a fountain in the midst of a wild valley of stones, nourishing a few lichens and wild flowers, or now and again a liberty abbe; and to do this always, and not for the praise of man, but for the sake of God—this makes a great life.

The Other Side View.

'Are you sure you have the position you want?' questioned the student who was instructing his young cousin in the use of his camera. 'That gives a pretty fair view of the building, but one from the other side may be better. You don't want to waste your material on a view just because it happens to be the first one you strike. Learning to estimate quickly the worth of views from different angles is a part of the business.'

It is a part of life's business also, but it is an art that few take the trouble to acquire, and judgment, temper and conduct are sadly distributed in consequence. The first view of any relation or happening is naturally our own—our side of it—how it affects us, our rights or wrongs in the matter. The ability to take a quick other-side view of it, to think how it must appear from our neighbor's angle of vision, how it would probably strike us if we stood where he stands, would have unnumbered quarrels and acts of injustice.

More people break the Golden Rule from failure to think of them-

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More people break the Golden Rule from failure to think of them-

School Books AND School Supplies. A FULL SUPPLY OF ALL THE Authorized School and College Text Books for the School Term of 1910-1911. ALSO A BIG SUPPLY OF Scribblers, Writing Pads, Exercise Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Erasers, Rulers, Note Paper, Envelopes, Microscopes, Etc., Etc. Our prices will be found the lowest. All SCHOOL and COLLEGE BOOKS sold at PUBLISHERS PRICES. CARTER & CO., Ltd., BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, Queen Square, Charlottetown.

HARDWARE! Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL Fennel and Chandler

WE HAVE IN STOCK For the Summer Trade a fine selection of TEMPERANCE DRINKS! FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, etc. If you need anything in Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars or Cigarettes, we can supply you. DROP IN AND INSPECT. JAMES KELLY & CO. June 28, 1909-3m

Fall and Winter Weather Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing. We are still at the old stand, PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN Giving all orders strict attention. Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers. H. McMILLAN

Amherst Boots. Price \$2.50. Are the Farmer's friends. Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet. Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75. Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75. Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00. Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35. Childs " " 1.00. Alley & Co.

\$50 Scholarships Free. To the Student making the Highest Mark during next term. Will YOU win it? An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc. Union Commercial College, WM. MORAN, Prin.

Lime. We are now supplying best quality of Lime at kilns on St. Peter's Road, suitable for building and farming purposes, in barrels or bulk by car load. C. Lyons & Co. April 28-4i

McLean & McKinnon Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Fraser & McQuaid, Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc., Souris, P. E. Island. J. L. Fryer, H. P. A. F. McQuaid, B. A. Nov. 10, 1909-2m.

JOB WORK! Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Tickets Dodgers Posters Check Books Receipt Books Note Heads Note Books of Hand Letter Heads