

THE CHIGNECTO POST  
PUBLISHED  
EVERY THURSDAY,  
AT  
\$1.50 per Annum, or \$1.00 in Advance.  
PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING  
OF ALL KINDS,  
Promptly Executed at Lowest Rates.  
ADVERTISEMENTS  
Inserted at very Lowest Rates.  
W. C. MILNER, Proprietor.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.  
—Charcoal is a remedy for mildew.  
—English fruit crop reported a failure.  
—Wash hen roosts with kerosene to drive away insects.  
—Canada has doubled her make of cheese in six years.  
—A heavy crop of clover kills off the most parasites.  
—The Holstein cow is every year becoming more popular.  
—The army-worm has appeared in large numbers in several parts of Connecticut.

—The Massachusetts legislature has appropriated \$30,000 for its agricultural college.  
—It is expected that 200,000 head of cattle will be exported from Texas into Colorado this season.  
—Twenty-five per cent. less area of potatoes has been planted in Maine this year than last.  
—Potatoes are selling as low as 10 cents per bushel in some of the rural districts of Pennsylvania.

—More than a million cattle wintered in Wyoming, and the "round-up" began about the middle of May.  
—It is claimed that three-fifths of all the cattle in the United States, outside of mich cows, are west of the Mississippi.  
—It is expected that the flocks of Colorado will number 3,000,000 head after the lambing season shall have passed.

—The United States raises 45 bushels of grain per head of its population, and consumes 41 bushels per head.  
—The English agricultural papers teem with reports, experiments and discussions on ensilage, its supporters being chiefly among those who have tried it; its opponents among those who have not.  
—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: "Welcome and timely have been the reports of the good condition of all spring-sown grain has materially improved."

—The latest novelty in live stock interests is an ovipository which has been started near Hawkinsville, Georgia. The place is fenced with wire netting, and as the animals breed readily, and they have ready sale, the owner expects to make it pay.  
—On the 3rd of May no less than four entire packages in the London Times were filled with announcements, printed in small type, which referred to various landed properties which different agents had been commissioned to sell during the present year.

—The export of live cattle from Canada to England assumed unusually large proportions in May. Twenty-five steamers left the port of Montreal carrying 9,114 head of cattle, of which one-half went to Liverpool and the remainder to Glasgow, London and Bristol. In 1877 the shipments for the whole year amounted only to 4,940 head, or considerably less than that of that month.

—At a sale of Jersey cattle in New York, on the 18th ult., sixty-eight animals were sold, realizing in all about \$17,000. The highest price paid for a single head was \$900, for a year-old cow imported by Mr. Havemeyer, A. B. Darling's three-year-old cow Victoria Darling brought \$615. John J. Holley's five-year-old cow Golden Horn \$700, and Mr. Heymeyer's nine-year-old cow Fancy Fan \$500.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SYRUP. HALL'S VEGETABLE SYRUP is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling-out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair-dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Restorer has increased with the cost of many years, both in this country and the foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world.  
For sale by all dealers.

A Sudden Attack.  
All people, and especially travellers, are liable to a sudden attack of Cholera, Malaria, Colic, Diarrhea and Dysentery. Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry is the most prompt and reliable remedy known.

Great Fatality.  
The ravages of Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints among children is truly alarming. The most reliable cure is Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction.

A Good Time.  
When is the best time to take a blood purifier? When ever the blood is found humors appear, or when the system is debilitated take Burdock Blood Bitters.

A Firm Opinion.  
The firm of Ormand & Walsh, druggists of Peterboro, say Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry is one of their best Standard Medicines for Summer Complaints.

# CHIGNECTO POST.

Reserve Success and you shall Command it.  
VOL. 15.—NO. 8. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1884. WHOLE NO. 737.

BEEF.  
From the Range to the Shambles.  
Canning and Packing—Statistics—Camp Life on the Range—Cooking on the Prairie—Practical Advice—Road Agents—Life on the Plains.

CONTINUED.  
The canning and packing department is another branch of the business entirely distinct from that of shipping. Up to a certain point the process is substantially the same, until it comes to cutting up the quarters into suitable pieces for these uses. Here division of labor takes complete possession of the work, and it is carried to the perfection of economy. A man will stand by the hour giving but a single turn to his knife, which separates a joint. But one portion of the carcass comes upon his block. His work is done with unerring accuracy, but he does not do it only this. A hundred others are on the same floor with him, each doing what may seem a trifling portion of the work, but together the carcass, which came in on one side in quarters, leaves the room, it is entirely bereft of bones, and the wheeled away in small pieces ready for the curing and the canning. It is marvellous with what rapidity "boned ox" can be made ready for the table. We are not prepared to say that it will ever find its way on the menu of a Delmonico supper alongside of a turkey, nor can we say that we should care to give it a place on even an ordinary bill of fare. We should taboo it, however, only on the ground that it is made up of the inferior parts of poorly fattened animals, or of the "lean and ill-favored kine" of the stock-yards.

While walking through one of the latter one day in May last we noticed a pen of gaunt, raw-boned "through Texans," and turning to our companion said, "What are those cattle doing here? There certainly can be no market for them." Much to my surprise, he replied, "They will go off quicker than a better lot; the cannery will pick them up at once."

And so it proved, for they were driven away before a splendid pen of corn-fed "Iowas" near by had found a purchaser. Aside from the facts here stated, there is nothing repulsive or objectionable in the matter of canned beef.

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routes, which extend for hundreds of miles far away into the interior of the Territories, is known to but few. Before leaving home you have, no doubt, taken some pains to look up your destination and the means of reaching the same, and have possibly become possessed of a handbill which gives the information that a line of "four-horse Concord coaches" has been established, leaving weekly, and making the distance, it may be, of 400 miles in six days, or in half the time in case of night travel. When speaking of a Concord coach one not usually has in view a White Mountain outfit, and looks out on leaving the train for the familiar equipage. Vain delusion! A low, two-seated, canvas-covered, mud-stained, or alkali-dusted vehicle stands near the platform, under the flapping curtains of which we crawl, if fortunate enough to have secured a seat several days in advance, and making the distance, it may be, of two or three days, as the case may be waiting for the same. And here for a little practical advice as to personal luggage. You may have been beguiled on leaving home into taking a trunk, and this may be well, as part of the journey is to be within the limits of civilization; but leave it behind at the railway station, in all lines of every description, except handkerchiefs and a few towels. "Boiled shirts" are not admissible on the plains, and collars and cuffs are an unheard-of luxury. Wear coarse, second-hand, thick clothing and flannel shirts. Put as few necessities as possible into a stout valise, not omitting a small supply of medicines most likely to be needed on the prairie. Carry a pair of the best and heaviest blankets to be had, a pair of boots, a rubber pillow, and a "sleeker," all tied up with a cord into as compact a bundle as possible; weight and space are both to be considered when on the stage or riding the range.

I was told on leaving the East that after the 1st of June we should have almost cloudless skies, with possibly now and then a light shower. Whereas the facts are it rained more or less every day for three weeks, and we were more than once encamped beside raging torrents, waiting for the subsidence of the waters. Therefore do not be beguiled in leaving "sleeker," overcoat, or boots behind, as if it rains it rains hard, and when it is muddy the mud is deep and tenacious beyond expression. I had taken the precaution when journeying through Wyoming in 1882 to leave gold watch and chain, and a few cheap articles, also to carry as little money as possible. No "road agents" had been seen on the line for over two years and I had not hesitated to say, in consequence, that one was in much more danger of being robbed in the streets of New York than on the plains of Wyoming. This year, although equally fortunate over the stage route, in Montana, yet I had hardly reached home when, on the same line taken by me from Helena to Deer Lodge, two cases of "holding up hands" occurred in the passes of the mountains, and the passengers were relieved of their available assets. That such unpleasant episodes may have still more disagreeable incidents was shown by one of our fellow-travellers of last season, who pointed to a scar on the lobe of one ear caused by a road agent's bullet, who mistook his motion in pulling on a boot, as the stage was stopped by the robbers, and fired without delay.

Strictly speaking, there are no roads on the great plains. Certain well defined trails there are, which cannot be mistaken, and as there is very little limit to the area of freedom, as soon as one track becomes rough and cut up by travel another leading into Chicago brought, in the year 1883, 1,512,212 head; the receipts from all other sources were 366,782—making a total of 1,878,994. The receipts for the year 1873 were 761,428; so that the business in the wonderful country which extends ten years past. The largest receipts on any other day during that period was on November 15, 1882, being 11,076. The largest for one week was on that ending October 30, 1883, being \$2,192, while that of the same month gave \$17,791. The total valuation of stock of all kinds received during the year 1873 was \$91,321,162, while for 1883 it was \$201,252,772. A record so remarkable of the growth of a single industry is indeed a marvellous one. But who shall say what the next decade may bring forth?

Before closing this article let me give a few words of suggestion and advice to those who wish to become thoroughly posted either in the cattle business or in the empire over which it is conducted, for such they are in extent and territory, if not in name. Not all the articles and books that have been written will suffice to convey a clear idea of the wonderful country which extends for 200 miles north and south and west of the one-hundredth meridian of longitude. Personal inspection and experience will alone satisfy.

A brief summary of camp life on the range during the summers of 1882 and 1883 may be of benefit to those who are to follow, and of some interest to those who remain at home. The line of railway travel across the continent is familiar to many; the experience on the stage

for, if your slumbers are comparatively safe, even if not altogether undisturbed, and take your rations, which are far from luxurious, seasoned with the appetite which craves, and the breezy air of these elevated plains are sure to give. You may not always have better success than an Eastern farmer can put his hay under cover and feed it out his stock in the winter.

The limits of this article will not permit a further insight into the details of the working of a range. Let him who seeks to know it better leave the fox hunters of Newport to chase one poor frightened Reynard, whose bounding to death seems to be considered a great achievement, and comes out on the breezy plains where the buffalo still roams, and into the region of the big-horn and elk—game worth the seeing and the killing; let him camp, hunt, and fish under the mighty shadows of the mighty mountains which form the backbone of the continent, and he will take in a good deal more stock of health, wealth, and knowledge than he will get on the velvet lawns of tennis, or riding the little circuit of the polo grounds.

The Texas ponies are small, tough, and unkempt in appearance. Seldom groomed, shod, or stabled, they run loose until wanted for the saddle or the harness, when they are driven in from the range to the pen. Picking up their own living on grass only, they can not stand the hard work of grain-fed animals; consequently two or three sets must be used, and the rider is in turn until exhausted, when another lot takes its place. For this reason at least double the number of horses in daily use must be kept on hand during the season of the round-ups.

A couple of horses are placed at our command, and having secured a well-fitted saddle, we are ready for business. This means riding twenty, thirty, or forty miles a day, according to circumstances, starting with the rising sun, perhaps reaching some ranch at noon, or giving a round-up to AN ULSTER, OYERCOATS, COATS, WAIST-COATS, PANTALOONS, CRAVATS, COLLARS, GLOVES, CARBONAS, GUNSHIRTS, UNDER-WEAR. WE WATCH OUR CUSTOMERS' INTERESTS, AND THEREBY SERVE OUR OWN.

THE ULSTER—PERMIT US TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE SUPPLY EVERY REQUISITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S TOILET, FROM A COLLAR BUTTON TO AN ULSTER, OYERCOATS, COATS, WAIST-COATS, PANTALOONS, CRAVATS, COLLARS, GLOVES, CARBONAS, GUNSHIRTS, UNDER-WEAR. WE WATCH OUR CUSTOMERS' INTERESTS, AND THEREBY SERVE OUR OWN.

Dunlap, MacDonald & Co.  
AMHERST, N. S.  
MILLINERY.

MRS. C. H. BENT wishes to inform that she is prepared to do  
All kinds of Millinery.  
Having secured the services of Miss McKee, of St. John, N. B., for this department, and with her own experience we feel assured will give satisfaction. In addition to her large and complete stock she is daily receiving  
NEW GOODS  
OF THE LATEST STYLES IN  
Plain and Fancy Straw,  
Chipp and Tape,  
Also Trimmings of the Latest Designs.

MRS. C. H. BENT,  
AMHERST, N. S.  
St. Mary's Carriage Man'y Co.  
CAPITAL, - - \$48,000.  
A Division of Surplus Stock will take place  
ON OCTOBER 22ND, 1884.  
SUBSCRIBE NOW.  
SHARES FOR SALE \$2 EACH.  
This is the best investment in the Country. Sent for prospectus and full particulars to  
JAS. THOMPSON, H. A. WHITE,  
President, Secretary,  
St. Mary, Ont.  
Agents Wanted. Big Commission.

THE subscriber will keep on hand Caskets and Coffins of all sizes; Trimmings and every thing connected with the business. To complete the outfit he has added a Hearse. Orders solicited.  
ADAM C. A. WELLS,  
Baie Verte, June 14, 1884.

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Carriage Builders,  
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Carriages and Sleighs of all descriptions made at short notice. Top and Open Phantas a specialty.  
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Special attention given to the collection of Accounts in all parts of the United States and Canada.

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Special attention given to diseases of the EYE and EAR.  
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DENTISTRY.  
DR. E. L. FULLER,  
Surgeon Dentist,  
Graduate of New York College of Dentistry,  
AMHERST, N. S.  
DENTH extracted without pain by means of Nitrous Oxide Gas. No charge for extraction when Artificial Teeth are inserted. Special attention given to preserving natural teeth, and to the insertion of Artificial Teeth on Gold and Silver. Office hours: From 9 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 6 p. m. Office opposite New Presbyterian Church.

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DR. J. W. SANGSTER,  
DENTIST,  
H. All removed his office to the office formerly occupied by Dr. DeLoof, near Chignecto Hall, where he may be consulted professionally each week day—Monday excepted.  
No charge for examining Teeth or extracting Teeth when required by Artificial ones.  
Particular attention paid to preserving Natural Teeth.  
Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 5 p. m.  
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DENTIST,  
H. All removed his office to the office formerly occupied by Dr. DeLoof, near Chignecto Hall, where he may be consulted professionally each week day—Monday excepted.  
No charge for examining Teeth or extracting Teeth when required by Artificial ones.  
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CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., JULY 10, 1884.

H. F. McDougall, Liberal Conservative, was elected to the Commons for Cape Breton County last Thursday by a majority of 160.

The gross earnings of the Suez Canal during 1883 were \$13,000,000, and the dividend amounted to about 13 per cent.

It is stated that the President of the United States will issue a proclamation remitting the collection of taxes on vessels trading with Canada immediately on receiving notice of reciprocal action on the part of the Dominion authorities.

The St. John Globe now charges 3 cents per word for all notices in the local column and 25 cents each for notices of temperance or church meetings or services, in advance.

The Democratic Convention met at Chicago last Tuesday. The unit rule was adopted on Tuesday by a vote of 445 to 350, whereby every state has to cast its vote in a unit.

The St. John Telegraph recommends the Government not to ratify the action of the joint committee of the Agricultural Board and Government with respect to the removal of the Stock Farm to Fredericton.

A lively debate took place on the subject of draining the Court House cellar, Mr. Smith on the one side and Mr. Mills on the other.

Mr. Smith's objection to the plan of water a couple of feet deep. Mr. Smith advocated a drain from the north wall to the road ditch.

Mr. Mills strongly urged the advantage of a drain outside the south wall carrying it back to the River.

Mr. J. J. Anderson, of the Board of Agriculture, made a strong and creditable fight against the committee adopting the Fredericton farm.

Mr. Anderson strongly opposed this and asked for a postponement. The Board being determined on immediate action, Mr. Anderson declared for the Bear Farm.

The casting vote of the Provincial Secretary decided against him.

Mr. Brown moved that the committee proceed to ballot for a farm. Mr. Anderson strongly opposed this and asked for a postponement.

The Board being determined on immediate action, Mr. Anderson declared for the Bear Farm. The ballots stood 8 for the Murray farm, 6 for Bear farm and 1 for the Slipp farm.

The Halifax Herald thinks we have changed front and become an advocate for the compromise just effected in Cumberland, because we stated the compromise was rendered easy, by the hearty good will, &c., existing between the two parties, as evidenced by the handsome address given Sir Charles Tupper by the Grit Municipal Council.

We are not in favor of truck between two opposing political parties, except in cases of public emergency or danger, when the country's safety or welfare requires the aid of both sides.

We do not challenge the Herald for opposing the compromise—it was one with Mr. Townshend, M. P., in this, but we think it did him an injustice and itself an injury in pressing its position a few columns in a way to destroy his prestige and injure his prospects, even to the extent of asserting he was not countenanced by the Government at Ottawa.

In condemning the compromise, we did not call upon anyone to enter upon a war of extermination against Mr. Townshend.

The great Northern Pacific Railroad, the bonds of which were sold so extensively in this Province fourteen years ago, seems just at present to be in no thriving condition as we appeared to be justified in looking for a year or a year and a half ago. Its shares, which were then quoted at not very much below par, have fallen over one half and are to-day fluctuating in the vicinity of forty. Its change of management, though destined ultimately to accrue to its benefit, did much to injure it with the public in view of the revelations which were then made of President Villard's unsound and speculative methods of doing business.

And now a bill forfittng certain very extensive land grants as not being legally earned in accordance with the provisions of its charter, seems likely to become law. These and various other causes will probably keep it struggling in a precarious condition for some time to come. It seems to us, however, impossible to doubt that the railroad is destined eventually to become a very valuable property.

The lands it really does own are of the greatest value both agriculturally and mineralogically and are being rapidly settled by immigrants from all parts of the world. Its returns, too, both from passengers and freight, are annually making a sound and rapid increase. These, therefore, who have invested their money in the undertaking need not sorrow as those having no hope nor measure the real worth of their shares by the price quoted in the stock-list.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The Council was in session on Wednesday and Thursday last.

The presentations of the Grand Jury and Sheriff respecting jail sewage and accommodation were discussed at some length. The Council decided to take no steps to enlarge the jail at present, it being deemed inadvisable enough for the ordinary requirements of the county, but of late it has been crowded owing to Moncton shipping its criminal population to Dorchester.

With respect to sewage, it was decided to erect next the cells a double story wing, with water closets connecting with the various cells. The Council next dealt with heating the Court House. The American furnace, put in when the House was built, got out of order in the course of time, and some time started the report that the furnace had been burned out and none of the parts could be duplicated. The Council, therefore, got two of Fawcett's furnaces. These are now apparently played out; the cold in the Court House is the cause of the intense discomfort. It having been learned that the U. S. foundry is still furnishing the furnaces, \$100 was voted to secure missing parts, and to restore the old furnace and also to sell the present furnaces. In January the Chief Justice stated he could not hold courts unless measures were taken to keep out the cold. The Council ordered that double windows be placed on inside of court room. These, with the other things, the Council thought would make the court room comfortable.

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CAPITALISTS AT LARGE.

Early in May, the Post chronicled the arrival here of George Washington Parker, who described himself as an American capitalist looking around for investments for surplus revenues, and while it seemed a little peculiar to the intimates he soon made that a man of his ample possessions should carry his entire wardrobe on his back, the occasion for a second shirt was overlooked when he praised this village, its fine farms, its fertile marshes, and its thrifty people, but when further he proposed to make this his continuing city, to invest in lands and houses here and await the development of our Great Future, he awakened a confidence and enthusiasm in himself, only measured by the prices he proposed to pay for shops, hotels, building sites, carriages, horses, harnesses, &c., &c. Mr. Parker was a man of grand promise, which was, however, nipped by the early frost of impetuosity; one morning he was missed from his accustomed seat at the breakfast table of the Brunswick Hotel, and his room was not even drawn a bill of exchange for his last week's board.

History repeats itself. A few days ago Sackville was again visited, not by one expectant purchaser of our fertile lands, but by four like Mr. Parker, who expressed themselves delighted with Sackville; the extent and rich verdure of its marshes was a new revelation to them; the signs of progress and advancement they everywhere witnessed inspired them with respect for the possessors of so much wealth; like Mr. Parker they were on a mission to secure real estate on a large scale, and they visited and examined several of our crack farms; and from the critical manner they gazed about them and the profound respect they wore, that they intended buying up a large slice of the Lanstram marsh, no one doubted, except those who had seen George Washington Parker prance around and throw himself into ecstasies.

Like Mr. Parker, they would be unjust to say the millinery trade, perfect for the landlord of the Brunswick does not go to sleep nowadays to any great extent, when real estate speculators are around; otherwise they were just as good men to purchase lands, ever while, as George Washington Parker.

There is nothing bogus about them. These visits of real estate buyers are real friendly; they create no end of amusement; we trust these four gentlemen will come again soon, and bring George along with them; as the only great original pioneer in the business he is entitled to a bun feed at the country's expense.

Phrenological. The July number of the Phrenological Journal, published by Fowler & Wells, New York, is received.

The Journal, as its title implies, is devoted to the development of Phrenology, but it discusses all subjects connected with the science of life and contains a large amount of useful information.

Mr. Thomas Lowe, a former resident of Sackville, is at present taking prescriptions for this periodical. Mr. Lowe has been a student of that department of the science of man that relates to Phrenology for over a quarter of a century. He has had opportunities of studying it of late years in the establishments of Fowler & Wells, New York. Possessing a great deal of aptitude for the business, added to a long experience, he is fitted out to examine bumps and inform one of his brains, his qualifications, his powers and his capacities, and a hundred and one things which every man ought to know about himself.

Those who want this information will find Mr. Lowe located on Foundry Street.

The SHAD FISHERY in Cumberland Basin has this year proved almost an entire failure. At Grand Anse flats, where formerly the catch was 100 bbls. a season, there are none now. Minnie flats, also, a very productive fishery, has ceased to yield anything of consequence.

Also, Grindstone Island fishing rights that formerly rented for \$90 per annum and even more, have not been leased for a number of years. Drift boats have become equally unprofitable. This is popularly attributed to the reckless manner in which saw dust is disposed of from the mills that are now found on every stream possessing lumber and there is much evidence to back the contention that fish will not resort in numbers to streams choked with saw dust. The department of Marine ought to look after this matter and adopt such measures as will prevent the entire extinction of a once important industry.

The Liquor Warfare. The License Board meets on the 15th at Sackville.

Two Moncton cases called on Monday were adjourned till Friday next.

Two cases of violation of Scott Act are to be tried before Thos. Herriot, Esq., Petitcodiac, to-day.

Sub-inspector Simpson laid a complaint against Lazarre Laurette, Sheldice, before Justice Abernethy, which was tried on Monday.

Seven hundred Philadelphia liquor dealers are threatened with the loss of their licenses for having violated an obsolete law.

A petition for the revocation of the Order in Council bringing the Scott Act into force in Charlottetown has been filed in the Registry Office in that city. It is signed by some six hundred electors.

Scott Act. Information has been received at this office from Ottawa that an Order in Council has passed directing a Scott Act election in Westmorland County. It will probably take place about the first of August.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Senator Skedd died at Ottawa last Saturday, of paralysis.

Governor Robitaille steps out of Government House, Quebec, this month. His successor has not yet been appointed.

Prof. Bailey, of the University of New Brunswick, has been made an honorary member of the British Association for the advancement of Science.

Commander Cheyne, R. N., has been lecturing in Albert Co. He is taking photographic views of the country to illustrate a forthcoming lecture on N. B. scenery.

Strange Combination.—Lord Cecil, the Evangelist, assisted by Alfred Mace, son of Jim Mace, the pugilist, preached to a large crowd at Montreal last Sunday.

Hon. G. W. Ross, M. P. P., minister of education for Ontario, is to attend the Nova Scotia's teacher's convention at Truro, and address a public meeting.

Major Tilton is to be promoted to the position of Deputy Minister of Fisheries. He has been in the service since Peter Mitchell first organized the department and possesses experience as well as executive ability in a marked degree to discharge the duties of the position.

Prince Jerome holds that Prince Victor has brought public odium on himself as a faithless, dishonourable breaker of pledges, and Prince Victor says he was obliged to leave his paternal home, as he cannot abide to live in the same house as his father's opinion with the line of conduct enjoined by Napoleon I. and Napoleon III.

Allan Pinkerton, the famous detective, and founder of Pinkerton's National Detective Agency, died at Chicago on the 1st inst. He was born at Glasgow, Scotland, in 1819, and was a weaver by trade. Becoming involved in the Chartist movement, he found that he was a marked man, and, thinking that some other country would be more conducive to longevity than his native land, he hastily married and sailed for America in 1840. His first experience of this country was not very encouraging, for he and his young bride were wrecked on Sable Island, but his subsequent career, both in his trade and as a detective, was remarkably successful.

Desecrating the Sanctuary. ORANGEWOOD WERE A SHIP, BOMBARD A HOUSE AND ATTACK A CHURCH. A HOUSE AND ATTACK A CHURCH.

St. John's N. F., June 30.—The crew of the bark "Lady Elbank" on Saturday night, broke in the Roman Church of St. Mary's, Portland harbor, four Souths and the furniture and appointments of the sanctuary, destroyed the tabernacles, abraded the chalice, the ciborium, and other sacred vessels, smashed the candlesticks and strewn the debris about the street. Five of the men have been arrested, and the others are being sought.

The double scull race at Oak Point last Saturday, in which Ross and Plained rowed against Teneyck and Gaisel, was won by the former crew by three and a half minutes in 19 minutes 5 seconds. Ross has signed an agreement to row Tinner on the 2nd August for \$1,000 of a mile. Distance, four miles.

The SACKVILLE DRIVING PARK.—The track grounds belonging to the Agricultural and Horticultural Society, by a local company, (subject to their use for exhibitions by the society) who intend putting the track, fences, stands and stables in a good order. The object of the company is twofold, 1st, to stimulate the development of horse flesh and the improvement of breeds, 2nd, wholesome and rational amusement. To this end, the company intend to not only not allow any drunkenness and gambling on their grounds, but they start with the determination to enforce the law in all its vigor against any attempts to introduce anything of an improper character. The company declare their aim to be to cater not to the worst but the best elements in the place and, by the highest and best standards, to render their grounds popular with the best and most conservative classes. As there is nothing improper in a horse track, by itself—severed from the evil influences of drinking, gambling, &c., we see no reason why the honest and upright classes should not be realized, if they steadily maintain the character of their track.

Trade Industry. John Fish, of Newcastle, failed up for \$15,000 and promises to pay nothing.

The Eastern Marine Insurance Co., of St. John, has met heavy losses and is to be wound up.

Geo. P. Mitchell & Co., Halifax, dragged down by the failure of Bremner Hart, owe \$118,000 and offer \$75,000.

The stock of McClure, a druggist, Market House, St. John, vanished in the darkness Monday night and the creditors have a Chinese puzzle on hand trying to find out its whereabouts.

Almost every person has some form of scrofulous poison latent in his veins. When, or develops, or takes the form of rheumatism, or gland disease, or the skin, or any other disease, it is the result of the scrofulous poison which has been deposited in the system. Hence the gratitudo of those who discover, as thousands yearly do, that Ayer's Sarsaparil will thoroughly eradicate this evil from the system.

The surplus wheat crop of Manitoba and the North-West for the present season is estimated at six and a half million bushels.

POINT DU CHENE ITEMS.

Loister Business.—Lumber Trade.—Saw Mill Operations.

The Hanington mill is now running and it is expected that a shipment will soon be made.

Canoe lobsters from the shore factories are coming in daily for shipment here. The result of the season's work in this line promises to be fairly good.

The lumber shipments from this port this season are much smaller up to the present date than for many years past, many of the deals cut along the railway going to Saint John, where freights are lower.

J. L. Black, Esq., of Sackville, is now loading the barque "Emanuel" which makes the third vessel he has loaded this season. The others being the barques "America" and "Plein." It is understood that he has yet two cargoes to ship, cut by his mills at Abouhagan. Mr. Black imported a cargo of salt in the "Emanuel" which found a ready sale from the ship's side.

Bois Verts Items. Several small sized vessels are engaged in carrying shooks from Prescott & Wood's mill, Tidnish, to Cape Tormentine and P. E. Island lobster factories.

The reboiling showers of rain, with which we have been so abundantly blessed, have done the crops in general and the grass in particular very much good.

We regret to announce that our friend and neighbor Amos Goodwin, Esq., has been some time and still is on the sick list. We sincerely trust he will soon be restored to health, and that ere long we will see his cheerful countenance at his old place of business.

Capt. Harper's Company, No. 6, returned from camp drill last Saturday in good order and condition; they speak very highly of Shediac and the courtesies extended by its people. While on the eve of leaving that place, one of their number, Andrew Dale, was arrested for debt by deputy Sheriffs and lodged in the lock-up, on \$210 arrangement. A demand was made for his release, which, upon not being granted, the company was ordered to fall into line and marched to the prison house, and after again demanding the release of the prisoner, they were to give him up, a battering ram, in the shape of a deal, was brought to bear upon the door, which soon yielded; only the prisoner was brought out and placed in charge of a guard, who marched off triumphantly to him. In due time Dale was seen enjoying a delicious smoke of the pipe, perfectly happy and secure under his own vine and fig tree. The rights and privileges of soldiers will be better understood after this by some.

The RAIN.—Heavy rains on Saturday, were followed by still heavier commencing on Monday evening. Yielding the marshes were in many places flooded, and brooks and streams filled. So great a quantity of water at this particular season is quite unprecedented. Dry upland pastures will likely be benefited, but the grass on wet meadows will be injured.

Where the water lays on level fields of potatoes, grain, &c., the results must prove very injurious.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

MAY 22ND, 1884.

OUR STOCK OF DRY GOODS

INCLUDES FULL LINES OF Seasonable Family Goods: TRIMMINGS, LACES, SILKS, BRAIDS, GLOVES, PLUMES, FLOWERS, FANCY BUTTONS, And an Endless Variety suited to the Wants of the Ladies at this Season.

LADIES' HATS, A CHOICE LOT.

Tobacco. Tobacco.

75 Packages Tobacco.

Wholesale and Retail.

FLOUR

125 Bbls. Oliver Branch, R. Process; 125 do. Major, Patent.

MAPLE SUGAR!

1 Ton Choice Maple Sugar.

SEED!

75 BUSH. PRIME NORTHERN Timothy Seed; 1000 lbs. Red Clover; 250 " White Clover; 100 " Swedish Clover; 200 " Mangled Turnip Seed; 200 " Mangled Seed.

Garden Seed.

Painters, Attention!

10 Oaks Boiled & Raw Linseed Oil; 2 " Spirit Turpentine; 2 Tons Best White Lead; 1 1/2 " Red, Yellow, &c., Paints; Varnish in Heavy Coach, Elastic, Damar and Furniture quality; Full Stock Massury's Coach Painters' Colors; Valsoria Colors; Alabaster and Calcimine; Gold Leaf, &c.; Brushes, all kinds.

Carriage Builders Stock

Table & Floor Oil Cloth.

Floor Oil Cloth.

12 Pieces Table Oil Cloth.

For Sale Very Low.

Carpets. Carpets.

16 Pieces Tapestry Carpet; 12 " Union, Wool, & Three Cord; 1 Dozen Hearth Rugs—to match.

WALL PAPER.

5,000 Rolls from 5c. to \$1.00.

25 Rolls Paper Blinds.

For Sale Very Cheap.

J. L. BLACK.

AMUSEMENT.

RETURN OF THE

GUY FAMILY

MUSIC HALL

This Thursday Evening

Bazaar and Festival.

THE Young Ladies' Sewing Circle in connection with Salem Baptist Sabbath School propose holding a STRAW-BERRY Picnic and FANCY SALE at CHIGNECTO HALL, on

Wednesday Afternoon and Evening, the 16th Instant.

A good time promised to all who come. Doors open at four o'clock. Tea served at six. Admission to Hall, 10 cents; Tea, 25c. By order of Committee.

Festival Notice.

THE LADIES of the Second Baptist Church will hold a Strawberry Festival and Tea

Friday, 14th July, Inst.

BRIDGE TENDERS.

FRESH Groceries.

1 KEG PRUNES; 5 Sacks Butter

New Felt Hats!

3 Cases American Felt Hats

EARTHENWARE.

Milk Pans, Cream Crocks, Butter Crocks, Pancake Pitchers, &c.

Ready-Made Clothing!

ONE CASE SUITS.

Clothing, Clothing.

Spring and Summer Stock of CLOTHES.

Scotch, English, French, and Canadian Fabrics.

Flour! Flour!

50 Bbls. Crown of Gold;

2 Bbls. Flour; 2 Bbls. Meal;

2 " Mixed Apples;

2 " Mixed Peaches;

2 Boxes Messina Lemons.

Low for Cash.

G. J. TRUHEMAN, No. 4 Music Hall Block.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Selling Off!

Selling Off!

LARGE DISCOUNTS

Great Bargains in Dress Goods!

50 MANTLES, Nicely Trimmed,

10 Pieces Dress Suiting, at 15c. per yard,

500 Balls Colored Knitting Cotton,

Handmade Silk, Chemise, and Jet Mantle

Large Stock of Jewelry, at

Balance Silver Plated Goods at less prices

30 Pieces of Carpet, in Brussels, Tapestry,

With Latest Improvements for 1884.

Ithaca Horse Rakes.

Mowing Machine & Rake

EXTRAS.

ASK your Grocer for TIME KEEPERS.

SEALD TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on FRIDAY, JULY 27th, 1884, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week each way, between Sackville and Railway Station from the 1st October next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses, subject to the approval of the Postmaster General. The Mails to leave Shediac on Monday,



