

G.T.P. TERMINAL AT ST. JOHN ASSURED

Hon. Mr. Graham Makes Announcement

Confirms Purchase of Courtenay Bay Property

Minister of Railways Says Road Will Be Rushed to Completion in Spite of Tory Efforts to Kill It—All Its Financing Arranged For.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, April 28.—The commons had a field day with the hardy annual of the cost and future of the National Transcontinental railway and the G. T. P. today. Practically the whole of the sitting was devoted to a discussion of a resolution brought up by Houghton Lennox on a motion to go into supply, declaring that in view of the fact that the National Transcontinental cost more than four times the original estimate made to parliament, and in view of the fact that the "astounding and unexplained increase" demanded a broad and thorough investigation, a royal commission should be appointed to inquire into the whole project from beginning to end, and that the government should take immediate and effective action to investigate the danger of the diversion of Canadian trade to foreign ports which diversion would be the result of the Grand Trunk's announcement that it would establish new terminals at Providence, Rhode Island.

Big Majority for Government.

The debate on the resolution which was considered from opposing party standpoints by Messrs. Lennox and Borden on behalf of the opposition, and by Hon. G. P. Graham and E. M. Macdonald on behalf of the government, was in the main a repetition of the arguments adduced in the annual previous discussions of the question. The history of the new transcontinental line was brought up to date and the net result was that the vote of \$27,000,000 to cover the cost of construction of the road during the present fiscal year was passed, and Mr. Lennox's resolution was voted down on a straight party division by 105 to 62, a government majority of 43.

A feature of Hon. Mr. Graham's vigorous defence of the government's policy in connection with the construction of the road was that the very danger that Mr. Lennox feared in connection with the diversion of Canadian trade through American channels would be met by the creation of a new Transcontinental line entirely within Canadian territory. He announced that today the G. T. P. had completed the purchase of its site for the eastern terminus of the line in Courtenay Bay at St. John.

The only design of the opposition, he said, in continuing the criticism and insinuation about the road was evidently in the hope of making some party capital out of a great national undertaking which had already been twice endorsed and which was now nearing a successful completion.

Attack on G. T. Pacific.

At this afternoon's session of the commons Haughton Lennox moved an amendment to the motion to go into supply, demanding the appointment of a royal commission to investigate all the operations of the National Transcontinental commission.

At the outset he argued that the determination of the Grand Trunk to establish a terminal at Providence, Rhode Island, showed an intention to violate the compact between the company and the government, designed to safeguard Canadian trade and Canadian ocean ports.

Once more Mr. Lennox went over his calculations as to the cost of the road, which he figured out at \$218,000,000 and \$120,000,000. He figured at great length that the whole work had been bungled; that the surveys were worthless, and that the construction had been marked by extravagance and profligacy.

After demanding the appointment of a royal commission Mr. Lennox insisted that the leader of the opposition should have at least two of the counsel to be engaged. He asserted that the government was on trial before the country.

Hon. Mr. Graham.

Hon. G. P. Graham congratulated Mr. Lennox upon his industry, which was only exceeded by his imagination. If there were a fund for the destruction, instead of the construction of this great work it might well be charged to it.

He asserted that the appointment of having a commission and willfully misrepresented enterprise, and asserted that its only object would be to hamper the company in the future. The people of Canada had repeatedly endorsed the project and had had Sir Wilfrid Laurier to finish his work. The theory that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had said that the railway could be completed for \$13,000,000 had been repeated and belied out of court by the people of Canada; indeed, Mr. Lennox had himself

(Continued on page 8, fourth column.)

"FULL SPEED" ASTERN POLICY

Senator Roche So Characterizes Conservative Attitude on Naval Question

POIRIER GENEROUS

Would Have Canada Build the Ships and Give Britain \$20,000,000, Too; Senator Macdonald Advocates Dropping Hudson Bay Road and Georgian Bay Canal Scheme.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, April 28.—Senator Sullivan today took his seat in the Upper House for the first time in two years. He has been sick and unable to attend. His appearance today saves him from disqualification under the rule that two years' absence vacates a seat.

The naval bill was discussed all day by the senate. Senator Roche, of Halifax, said that the Conservatives declared there was a crisis and wanted to meet it immediately by a plebiscite. His policy was full speed astern. The British yards and gun factories were fully employed by British orders, so that a present of \$20,000,000 would not expedite the enlargement of the British fleet. This could but be done by Canada creating yards and ships to supplement the British facilities.

Senator Poirier declared for both the \$20,000,000 gift and a Canadian navy. Senator Cloran came out strong for peace and against armaments.

Senator David, of Montreal, declared that Quebec was for a national navy. He said Canadian national honor required the country to take definite measures.

AGED ONTARIO MAN WAS MURDERED

Further Investigation Shows That Eli Finton Was Hacked to Death With an Axe.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, April 28.—There is little doubt that Eli Finton, the aged farmer of Stony Creek, met with foul play. The police made a careful examination of the neighborhood where the body was found, particularly the interior of the barn. On examining the hay that was strewn around, it was noticed for the first time that obvious efforts had been made to cover up something and clear something away.

The police are of the opinion that a violent struggle between the old man and his assailant took place, and after the elder man had been knocked down in all probability dead, the barn was cleaned up.

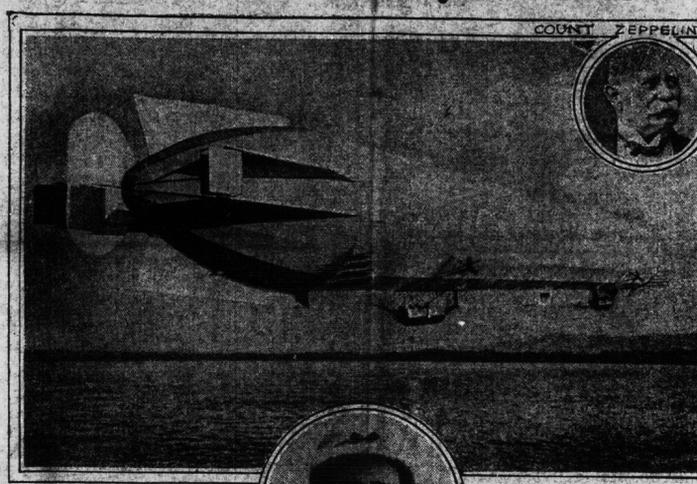
The theory of the police is this: That Finton went out to the barn during the morning. While inside he was attacked from behind by some powerful person, taller than himself. In the hands of his assailant must have been an axe or some other heavy but sharp weapon. That a number of blows were struck is now sure, as the skull of the dead man shows signs of having been hacked at time and again, in fact, it bears six cuts more or less deep. The old man appears to have attempted to run away as some of the scars and indentations of the cranium look like glancing blows.

COURT VALUES QUEBEC SOCIETY WOMAN'S AFFECTIONS AT \$3,500

Injured Husband Wins Case Against Man Who Alienated Wife's Love.

Quebec, April 28.—(Special)—Chief Justice Langeier rendered judgment today in the case of Laurie vs. Parke, condemning the defendant to pay Mr. Laurie \$3,500. The parties in the case are prominent in social circles here and the action was for \$50,000, which the plaintiff claimed against defendant who, he alleges, had alienated his wife's affections. Mr. Laurie obtained a divorce against his wife during the federal session.

THE AIR CONQUERORS



MONTREAL FLOATS BIG LOAN ON GOOD TERMS

One Million Pounds, 40 Year Four Per Cents, Taken by Bank of Montreal at 101.15.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, April 28.—A splendid bargain was made today by the city of Montreal in the issue of the new civic loan of \$1,000,000, which was turned over to the Bank of Montreal at a premium which will net the city about \$50,000 premium.

The loan is on the city certificates for forty years at four per cent. The Bank of Montreal offered to take it at £101.38, or a premium of 1.320 per cent., assuming all costs.

The result is that the city will receive \$4,922,633 for its certificates with a face value of \$4,866,667, and avoid all costs of floating the loan. This, in the present state of the money market, is regarded as evidence that the financial position of the city is very strong.

QUERY ON CANADA'S IMMIGRATION RULES IN BRITISH HOUSE

Under Secretary for Colonies Says It is None of Britain's Business to Interfere.

Canadian Associated Press.

London, April 28.—In the commons today, in reply to a question asked by Sir Kinloch Cooke regarding the recent alterations of the regulations governing the emigration of assisted persons to Canada Col. Seely, under-secretary, said he was aware that the effect of its operations on immigration societies and similar bodies would be considerable, but the question of what class of immigrants were to be permitted to enter Canada was primarily one for the Canadian government. The colonial secretary would forward to that government, for their friendly consideration, any representations which might be made to him as to effect of the new regulations, but as at present advised he was not prepared to recommend the appointment of a royal commission on emigration.

Sir Kinloch Cooke—Does the honorable gentleman understand the new regulations will be applied to emigrants now on the seas, many of whom had made preparations to the extent of selling their homes?

Col. Seely—I don't think I should be expected to reply to matters of such delicacy as the relations between this country and Canada in a supplementary question. I have no doubt the dominion will endeavor to act with humanity in this matter. We will make such representations as are proper in this direction.

COBALT IN A PANIC OVER OUTBREAK OF SMALLPOX

Mancheson Schooner a Total Wreck

Nantucket, Mass., April 28.—The two-masted schooner Nettie B. Dobbin, of Mancheson, Maine, went ashore on Nantucket Bar late today. She lies in a bad position, half full of water and with the sea breaking over her continually. It is feared that she will soon go to pieces.

CANADA AS WORLD PEACE-MAKER

Cartwright Says She Can Bring About English-Speaking Alliance

THINKS TIME RIPE

Sir Richard, at Banquet by Senators in Honor of His Long Service to His Country, Points Out the Possibility of the Dominion Blazing the Way for Disarmament.

MONTREAL EARLY CLOSING BY-LAW OBSTRUCTED AGAIN

Council Overwhelming for Measure, But Final Passing Deferred on a Technicality; Corner Grocery Liquor Stores Not Affected.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, April 28.—One of the biggest fights that have ever taken place at the city council occurred today, when the Carter by-law, providing for the closing of bars at 10 o'clock on ordinary evenings and 7 on Saturdays, was taken up.

While there was a steady voting of 18 to 3 in favor of the by-law, a determined opposition on technical points was made by Ald. Lapointe, representing the liquor interests, and for hours the fight was kept up, no less than six votes being taken on various objections.

The main clause of the by-law was finally adopted, and a long discussion arose over a proposition to close corner liquor groceries as well, but this was defeated on a vote of 9 to 8.

An effort to put the by-law through was defeated on a legal objection raised by Ald. Lapointe, which proved too pungent for immediate decision by the city attorney, and the consideration was delayed until next Monday. What the result of this delay may be is not known, as the new licenses go into effect on May 1. But the early closing by-law will undoubtedly pass.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH AS RESULT OF FAT BOILING OVER

Manchester, N. H., Janitor and His Wife Perish in Ruins of Oddfellows' Hall.

Manchester, N. H., April 28.—The boiling over of fat in which doughnuts were frying started a fire early today that burned out the Oddfellows' building here at a loss of \$125,000 and cost the lives of Janitor George Putney and his wife.

The bodies of the two victims were seen in the ruins shortly after noon and were recovered later in the day.

Funeral of O. L. Tilley.

Woodstock, N. B., April 28.—(Special)—The funeral of the late O. L. Tilley, who died on Tuesday afternoon, was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from his residence at the Methodist cemetery, and was largely attended. Rev. R. W. Weddall conducted the religious exercises. The pall-bearers were J. A. Dibble, C. L. Smith, H. W. Bourne, W. F. Ghidlen, H. E. Burtt and W. B. Nicholson.

CAPE BRETON COAL STRIKE CALLED OFF

ATTACK ON HEARST CAUSES UPROAR

Shows How City Treasury Draft Was Mutilated to Make Political Capital Against Him—Declares He Is Unfit to Hold Any Office—Hearst's Business Manager Creates a Scene During the Speech.

(Associated Press.)

New York, April 28.—The annual joint dinner of the Associated Press and the American Newspaper Publishers' Association was thrown into riotous and prolonged disorder tonight, when Thomas T. Williams, business manager for William R. Hearst, was refused permission to speak when he rose to reply to biting criticisms Mayor Gaynor had just made of Mr. Hearst's part in journalism.

For twenty-five minutes the uproar continued while men stood in their chairs and women craned their necks to see from the balconies of the banquet hall.

"Mr. Hearst is not here. I am his friend and have a right to be heard," shouted Mr. Williams, climbing upon the speaker's table and shaking his fist in the face of the mayor.

"Put him out!" "Shut up!" "Free Speech!" came from all parts of the hall. Toastmaster Nat. C. Wright, of the Chamber of Commerce, hastened to the order, while Mr. Williams stood impassioned but obstinate and waited to be heard, with folded arms.

"This is a disgrace to the press of the United States. It must cease," shouted Adolph S. Ochs, proprietor of the New York Times, as he stood on his chair behind the toastmaster and begged for a word.

"Mr. Williams, I promise you, I say less than forty words to speak. Let me say them for him."

"No! No!" yelled the others.

"Mr. Williams says," began Mr. Ochs. "No! No!" broke the thoroughly enraged diners with added insistence. Mr. Ochs sat down while the orchestra played Dixie.

Williams still kept his feet and a semblance of calm was not restored until Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, of Brooklyn, with a witty and felicitous speech, brought laughter that drove out anger.

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Miners Tire of Long Struggle

U. M. W. Lodges Vote to Go Back to Work Unconditionally

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Sydney, N. S., April 28.—The longest strike in the history of the coal miners' strikes in Cape Breton, that which began early in July last, has been called off. The word was received with pleasure by the thousands in the collieries and elsewhere in Nova Scotia. The arrangement was reached at a meeting of the men held this afternoon at the offices of the mine workers in Sydney, at which representatives from all the locals were present, besides the officials of the United Mine Workers still in Cape Breton.

The men are going back to work unconditionally. No further propositions have been made by the company to any of the men other than those announced a couple of months ago by J. H. Plummer.

The men met this afternoon after discussing the situation from every phase and realizing that they had nothing to gain by longer remaining out, took a vote on the question of whether they should go to work or continue on strike. This resulted in the majority of the representatives of the locals voting to return to work as once.

Though it is known that several of the high officials of the United Mine Workers have been advising the men to go back to work, the meeting today was largely due to the anxiety of the men to get back to work, and they will return at once.

Strike a Hopeless One.

Asked about the settlement of the labor trouble, a prominent labor man stated tonight that a reason why he thought the United Mine Workers were anxious to get out of the fight now was that they were now entering upon a strike in Frank (E. C.), where they were combating a five per cent. reduction, and he felt that they needed their capital to assist in fighting the operators in British Columbia. Believing that the fight in Cape Breton was a hopeless one, the officials decided to advise the men to call off the fight here.

It is said the international officials have for several months been against the continuing of the strike here, but were opposed by the local officials of the United Mine Workers, who were anxious that the men should remain out until they were granted unconditional recognition.

General Manager Butler, in answer to a question tonight as to the accuracy of the report of the settlement of the strike, stated that he knew nothing whatever about it, except what he had read in the papers. There had been no conference with a committee of the men since the meeting last month. The formal conditions upon which the men would be taken back decided to go back to work, he was not officially made aware of it.

President Plummer, a General Manager Butler only arrived in the city this morning, having come through from Toronto yesterday, taking a special train from Toronto without any further delay.

Ten Months Strike.

The strike was called on July 6 last year, and has continued for ten months, less one week, with its many disorders, assaults and suffering among the families of the men who, perhaps, more than any other persons, are delighted with the termination of the big strike.

E. S. McCollough, former vice-president of the United Mine Workers, will leave tomorrow morning for Indianapolis. He had nothing to say in regard to the situation.

General Manager Butler said tonight: "I only returned to Sydney this morning after an absence of ten days. On my arrival I was very much pleased to hear that a number of the men had applied for work today, and that they had stated that the strike was to be immediately called off. I hope sincerely that this report is well founded, and that the men will return to work without any further delay."

No Change at Springhill Yet.

Springhill, N. S., April 28.—(Special)—The strike at Springhill, which has been on for nine months, is not affected by the declaration of peace in Cape Breton. The demand of the men in Springhill is practically the same as it was in Cape Breton, but more is asked. In addition to demand a wage schedule, which they say will prevent friction in the future. On the other hand the management are on record that no man will be taken back except at a reduction of ten per cent on the rate of wages paid when the men went out.

J. R. Cowans, general manager at Springhill mines, says that there is no change in the situation there. Between 200 and 300 men are at work, but so far as known there is no movement by the U. M. W. to raise the strike.

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son's Anodyne Liniment in
sugar will quickly make all
and it is the remedy for
soa, etc.

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been a household standby. It
internally and is unequalled when
y for sore muscles, stiff joints,
matism, cuts, sprains, burns, etc.

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SON & CO., Boston, Mass.

AFTER HARD

WITH BROTHER

id in Yard at His Mother's
n Eight Minutes—Efforts to
Had Lost Wife and Children.

by the spilling of the acid over his arm.
in Day succeeded in drinking half the
contents of the bottle, and died
minutes after he had been carried into the
house.

Dr. G. O. Baxter and Dr. Edward
Frederick were called to the house, but
found the man's case a hopeless one. Dr.
E. Berryman, coroner, also went to the
scene of the suicide, upon a report being
made to him, and gave permission for re-
moval of the body to Chamberlain's un-
der-taking rooms.

The deceased was a baker for T. Ran-
sons & Sons, with whom, it is said, he was
secured permanent employment on account
having renounced his right to legal ac-
tion arising from an accident some years
ago resulting in the loss of fingers. Besides
his mother, he leaves two sisters and
three brothers.

McALLISTER WON

APPEAL CASE

Fredericton, April 22.—The supreme court
met this afternoon. Judgments were de-
livered in several cases. The most im-
portant was in the Lake George "affinity"
case in which a new trial was refused.
The court adjourned until tomorrow morn-
ing, when an announcement is to be made.
In the case of King vs. Eedler Burn, ex
parte Massey Harris Co., Ltd., the court
rule nisi to set aside an order of review
made by Judge Wedderburn. M. B. Dixon
was heard in support of the rule. Court
considered.

In case of King vs. Peck, ex parte
O'Neill, it was ordered to be entered on
the crown paper and re-entered next term,
in motion of Mr. Baxter for Fowler &
Goad.

Judgments were given as follows: In
case of King vs. McQuarry ex parte Gib-
son, Judge Barry read the judgment dis-
charging the rule.

In case of McLean vs. Lyons, generally
known as the Lake George "affinity" case,
a new trial was refused. Judgment is to
be handed in by Judge Landry.

In case of McAllister vs. Johnson, Judge
Barry read the judgment for a new trial.
Judges McLeod and McKeown agreed. The
chief justice and Judge Landry concurred,
but pointed out that Justice White does
not agree that in no case would a com-
pact be justified in handcuffing a pas-
senger.

In case of Jones vs. Burgess, Judge
White read the judgment that both rules
be discharged with costs.

In the matter of the estate of Wm. J.
Davis, an appeal was allowed.

In case of Seely vs. Kerr Co., the appeal
was dismissed with costs.

This morning in the case of the
King vs. Chas. A. Read, ex parte John
Roberts, J. D. Phinney, K. C., moved to
make absolute an order granted by Judge
Landry last term. The rule was discharged.

In the case of the King vs. Alfred M.
Burd, Mr. MacMongue moved for a rule
absolute for a certiorari to remove a rule
nisi to quash a conviction made on April
15, for a second offence for keeping for
sale intoxicating liquors contrary to the G.
T. A. The rule was discharged.

Since yesterday afternoon the water in
the river here has come up more than
two feet but at noon today it was within
a foot of the highest point reached this
spring and about four feet below the high-
est point reached last year.

During the past forty-eight hours as a
result of heavy rains and warmer weather
the streams have swollen until they have
overflowed their banks and the main St.
John river has come up over four feet in
about forty-eight hours and at noon to-
day was still rising, but not as rapidly as
up to this morning.

The outlook for stream driving on the
St. John river and its tributaries could
not be better than it is at the present.

Y GENUINE.

Remedy ever discovered
short all attacks of
ASMS.

Palliative in
OUT RHEUMATISM.
THACHE.

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I. T. DAVENPORT, L.M.
London, E.C.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., April 27.—The first thunder storm of the season passed over Fredericton tonight between 8 and 9 o'clock. A heavy downpour of rain accompanied it. The day was showery, and the river remained at a standstill. Reports from up river are to the effect that the water is falling, although there was considerable rain.

The news from the drives is not extensive. The Corporation drive will not begin until the end of the second week in May. The Nashwak drives are well in hand and are expected to be in by May 1.

The wet weather of the past few weeks has seriously interfered with construction work on the Transcontinental. Work is being rushed as fast as possible. It is expected that the concrete work will be begun by the first of next month. The Nappadogon divisional point will also be begun at an early date.

Much interest is aroused over the appointment of the city officials tomorrow night. It is generally conceded that ex-Sheriff Sterling will be appointed principal assessor. W. G. Dymally and William LeMont are the others who have formally applied. Opposition to the appointment of a city engineer is expected as some of the older men think the city has no need of such an official. If he is appointed, some officials now in the employ of the city must be displaced. Their friends are bringing influence to bear to keep them in their positions.

In the Royal Gazette today there appear notices of appointments under the Education Act, which will go into effect on May 1. The referees in equity under present act are replaced by masters of supreme court under the new act, and clerks of circuit courts have to be appointed under the new act also. Four librarians of the circuit courts are replaced by Conservators. Those not reappointed are Miles R. Dixon in Albert, Williamson Fisher in Carleton, M. H. Parlee in Kings and Albert Chapman in Westmorland county.

The following Liberal referees in equity have been replaced by Conservatives: E. H. McAlpine and H. H. McLean in St. John, F. W. Emerson and James McQueen in Westmorland and James P. Byrne, M. P. P., in Gloucester.

The circuit courts appointed and gazetted today are: Clerk of York nisi prius sittings, J. Stewart Campbell. Clerks of circuits: Albert, Allen W. Bray, in place of Miles Dixon; Carleton, Louis E. Young, in place of William Fisher; Charlotte, Melville N. Cockburn; Gloucester, John J. Harrington; Kent, Robert Hutchinson; Kings-Albert, E. Pearson, in place of M. H. Parlee; Madawaska, Barry R. Plant; Northumberland, Edward P. Willetton; Queens, John E. Burns; Restigouche, James S. Harquail; St. John, John Willet; Sunbury, J. Stewart Campbell; Victoria, W. F. Kerston; Westmorland, Allen W. Chapman.

The members of the supreme court, who take the place of the referees in equity are: Albert, Chas. A. Peck, Allen W. Bray; Carleton, Chas. Condon, E. Kenneth Condon; Charlotte, James G. Stevens, M. N. Cockburn; Gloucester, George Gilbert, Narcisse A. Landry; Kent, Henry H. James, Fred J. Robinson; Kings, Arthur C. Fairweather, J. A. Freeze; Madawaska, John M. Stevens, Max Cormier; Northumberland, Robt. Murray, Warren C. Winslow, Thomas W. Butler; Queens, John R. Dunn; Restigouche, Wm. Murray, W. Albert Mott; St. John, Amos A. Wilson, Edward T. C. Knowles, Daniel Mullin, Charles F. Sanford, Joseph J. Porter; Sunbury, J. Stewart Campbell; Victoria, Alexander Stratton, Charles H. Elliott; Westmorland, Robert A. Brown, Wm. A. Russell, Joseph H. Yeomans; York, Havelock Coy, Harris G. Fenety.

At a meeting of former lady graduates of the University and members of the present graduating class a society to be known as the Alumni Society of the University of New Brunswick was organized. The object of the society, as cited in the constitution adopted, is to promote, directly and indirectly, the educational and financial interests of the university, especially so far as such interests relate to the lady graduates and under-graduates.

Among those present yesterday were representatives of six different classes from '95 to the present. The following officers were elected: President, H. M. Capri; first vice-president, Mrs. H. F. McLeod; second vice-president, Miss S. Thompson; secretary-treasurer, Miss Margaret Delyea; members of the executive, Miss Ellen Stoddard, Miss Ethel Smith, Miss Louise Kinghorn, Miss Edith Davis and Miss Vera Brown. All lady graduates, former students of the University, are eligible for membership and all such are earnestly requested to strengthen the society by joining as early as possible. The first annual meeting is to be held at the University on Wednesday evening, June first.

Miss E. M. Sibbald, manager of Misses Young's millinery establishment, has resumed her position and will leave here on Friday evening for her home in Midland, Simcoe, Ont., where on May 18 she will be married to D. A. Fowle, B. A. Miss Sibbald has been connected with the Misses Young's establishment since the business was taken over by Brock & Taterson, Ltd., eighteen months ago, and has made many warm friends here. She will be succeeded by Miss L. Robson.

Col. and Mrs. Loggie have been compelled to postpone their trip to Europe owing to the illness of their son, Gerald P., who is now in the southern states.

A private in "H" company, R. C. R., was convicted of buying liquor in the canteen and peddling to civilians. His case was investigated and he was given fourteen days' confinement to the barracks.

The board of health met this afternoon. A resolution expressing regret on account of the death of the late James Farrell, who was a member of the board and ordered to be forwarded to the family of the deceased, Edward Moore, another

member of the board, was absent through illness.

The board discussed the unsanitary state of the river bank where much rubbish has been dumped this spring. Inspector Phillips was instructed to look into the matter. The matter of removing the isolation hospital is to be taken up with the council. The hospital at present is too near the Chestnut canal factory.

A meeting preparatory to the evangelistic campaign was held tonight in the Methodist church. Rev. J. H. MacDonald, of the Brunswick street Baptist church, delivered an address.

The base ball season is expected to open here this week with a game between the U. N. B. and the Bankers.

SALISBURY

Salisbury, N. B., April 26.—Rev. James Crisp, of St. John, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Geldart, at Coverdale, and his half-brother, A. W. Reeder, at Salisbury.

Mrs. and Mrs. Nelson E. Bleakney, of Sussex, were in Salisbury over Sunday, the guests of the former's brother, John H. Bleakney.

Mrs. A. H. Jones came up from Alliston Monday evening, and is the guest of her son, Dr. H. A. Jones.

Walter Wortman, who has been living in Winterport, Maine, for several years, returned home on Monday. Mr. Wortman made a success of apple raising in Maine and thinks the industry can be successfully worked in New Brunswick. He will use a part of his father's farm near this village, and will set out about a thousand young apple trees during the month of May.

A large number of relatives and friends paid a last tribute of respect to the memory of the late Mrs. Stephen Price Monday afternoon. The funeral took place at the family residence, the services at the house and grave being conducted by Rev. C. W. Hamilton. Burial took place in the cemetery at Boundary Creek.

ST. MARTINS

St. Martins, April 27.—Robert Graves, wife, of Penobscot, who have been at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Graves for the past week, left on Tuesday for their home.

Miss Jennie Gough, of Boston, arrived on Wednesday and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Gough for the summer.

Mrs. A. McDonough, who has been visiting friends in St. John for the past week, returned home Tuesday for Cummings' Cove, where she expects to remain for the summer.

James MacWhinney, of Beaver Harbor, left on Saturday for his home.

Miss Etta C. Clouston, who spent a few days with her sisters, Mrs. George Stevens and Miss Sarah Clarke, returned on Thursday to her home in Boston.

Mrs. Arch. Cairns, of Upham, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Melvin, having been called home on account of the serious illness of her sister, Miss Sarah, who is not improving as her best of friends wish for.

Schooner, Left Maude, Captain Fred. Gough, arrived on Wednesday to unload freight, and left again Wednesday for Little Salmon River, where they load lumber for St. John.

On Tuesday morning a very serious accident happened on the schooner Effie Maude, when Mr. McGue, who was unloading a few hard deals, was struck by one of them and rendered unconscious, in which state he still remains. He was removed from the vessel to the home of Capt. Fred Gough. Dr. H. E. Gillmor is in attendance.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, April 25.—Capt. J. A. Reid, of Hopewell Cape, who has been spending the winter in Fredericton, is at the shiretown this week, and will hold an auction sale of his household effects. It is also reported that his residence will be sold to Kinnear Wilbur, of Miramichi.

Capt. Reid's wife is still seriously ill at his home at the Cape with pleuropneumonia. The cargo of the captain's schooner, which consisted of barrel staves, is being put on board the steamer Wilfred, for shipment to Montreal. Capt. Reid's many friends hope his condition may soon show improvement.

The automobile won by R. Seymour Wright in the Sun prize circulation contest, has been purchased by J. Fred O'Regan of Montreal.

Vegetation has advanced rapidly the past few days, the grass on the uplands making an unusually fine showing for the time of year. The farmers will be able to send their young cattle to pasture from two to three weeks ahead of last year, if the weather continues at all the same.

C. N. O'Regan visited St. John last week.

Clark Wright, son of J. C. Wright, went on duty today as junior clerk in the branch of the Bank of N. B., at Riverside.

Hopewell Hill, April 26.—Another basket social with lecture by Rev. Mr. Kirby, was held here last night, the receipts being in aid of the Methodist parsonage fund. The attendance was large and some \$44 was realized. Edwin Wagstaff occupied the chair, and besides the lecture of Rev. Mr. Kirby, who spoke on London, from a chorus, the Bonnie, Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond; recitation by Dorothy Brewster; instrumental duet by Misses Lizzie Peck and Mary Newcomb, and a song, "I'm an Englishman," given by the lecturer at the close of his talk on the great metropolis. It is understood the receipts last night will close up the debt on the parsonage, which was built at Albert a few years ago at a cost of upwards of \$2,000.

Tax payers here were on a smile today as it is possible. Collector of Rates

GLASSVILLE

Glassville, April 26.—Charles Connors, a native of St. John, and for some time a railroad boss in Northern Maine and New Brunswick, died here at Love's Hotel, after a protracted spell of poor health on the 20th inst. He was buried in the cemetery here.

Wesley Releaser sold his farm and implements, machinery, etc., recently to Thos. Griffin, a neighbor.

Mrs. James Love is quite ill at present and is under the attendance of Dr. Somerville.

The many friends here of Rev. Kenneth McKay, of Houlton, are glad to note that he is able to attend a meeting of presbytery again, though he has just recently retired from the ministry after thirty-five years' service.

Mrs. Robert McIntosh, who has been under the doctor's care for some time, is now recovering.

F. Hanington, a very effective and useful citizen, who has conducted a good woodworking and carriage repair business here for some years, has disposed of his stand to Jack Hood and will take his departure in August for Summerland (B. C.). Both he and Mrs. Harrington will be much missed. Mr. and Mrs. Hood have taken the flat over the post office and Mrs. Hood will manage the telephone central.

Windsor will rejoice in a base ball team this summer and has secured some excellent players.

Count Lamont recently purchased a fine black mare from Mrs. C. W. Hamilton.

The lumber in this part of the country is now practically safe beyond danger of hanging up.

NORTON

Norton, N. B., April 26.—Robert Jewett and Ora Yerxa were visiting at their respective homes here. Mr. Yerxa left Saturday to attend the funeral of his uncle, Mr. Dow, in Fredericton. Mr. Jewett returned to McGivney Junction Monday morning.

Mrs. Foster, of St. John, is visiting Mrs. O. R. Patrinquin. At present she is quite ill, but hopes to be able to return to her home in St. John in a short time.

One of the oldest settlers of this part of the country, John Burns, passed away at his home on Monday. The funeral service will be held tomorrow morning in the Sacred Heart church. Rev. Father McDermott, of Sussex, will officiate.

Mrs. Perkins is visiting friends in Rochester.

The new Presbyterian church will be opened next Sunday. There will be three services—morning, afternoon and evening. The church has all the modern appliances and presents a very neat appearance.

Mr. McLaughlin has moved into one of the houses owned by Councillor A. A. Price. Mrs. McLaughlin is moving back to his old home, about a mile from the station.

Much enthusiasm was shown last Friday evening in the I. O. G. T. lodge room, when the contest between the young men and the old men was being contested. The contest was won by the young men, but they were defeated with very good grace. The contest has endeavored the lodge and led to more interest being taken.

The child of Mr. and Mrs. Harper, of Riverside, Albert county, was buried here on Thursday last.

R. G. Innis has purchased from Mrs. Samuel Allison, the place occupied for the last number of years by Mr. Brand. Mr. Innis intends renting his residence now and moving to this new property.

Mrs. Samuel Allison is moving to St. John this week. She and her family will be cared for by Mrs. William Bell, who has returned to St. John after a week's visit in this vicinity.

CONCERNING COMETS

Oh, de comet come a-bla-zin',
But he ain't no good to me;
He's sumpin' right amazin',
But he don't help folks to see.
An' yet he makes 'miration,
An' fogshts de moon so bright,
Dat takes her reg'lar station,
When we really needs de light.

Dar's always dis-her danger,
Dat makes trouble in de end;
In fussin' 'bout de stranger,
We neglects de trusty friend,
Some folks, like comets glowin',
Is bound to quit you soon,
De kind 'dat' wuth de knowin',
Is substantial like de moon.

—Exchange.

RE-SUSCITATED AFTER BEING UNCONSCIOUS FOR TWO HOURS—DEATH OF ZACHEUS FOWLER, FORMERLY OF DOAKTOWN.

Newcastle, April 26.—A Mr. Mullin, of Redbank, was nearly drowned in Cow Brook, a branch of Millstream, near town, on Saturday. He was finally resuscitated, but had been unconscious for two hours. He was engaged in stream driving.

The death of Zachaeus Fowler, well known in Northumberland county, occurred at Ottawa on Wednesday. The late Mr. Fowler was born in Doaktown (N. B.), sixty years ago, and was educated at Harkins Academy, Newcastle, and the Collegiate School in Fredericton. In 1869 he became a civil engineer on the International railway then being built. He afterwards settled in Montreal, and for the last nineteen years was a resident of Ottawa, where he practiced civil engineering and became a member of the railway contracting and mining firm of O'Brien & Fowler. Mrs. Fowler, who was Miss Grace Robinson, of Doaktown, died a year ago. Three children survive—Walter, Helen and Florence. Rev. Wm. Fowler, of Musquodoboit (N. S.), is a brother of the deceased, and the surviving sisters are Mrs. Samuel Fries, of Doaktown, and Miss Lily Fowler, of Newcastle. Dr. T. H. Pedolin was a brother-in-law. Deceased was a charter member of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers.

Good Gentlemen—I wish beer was at the bottom of the sea.
Navy—Well, mister, can't say as I does, but my brother wouldn't mind.
Good Gentlemen—Ah! Is the noble fellow a staunch teetotaler?
Navy—No; he's a dixer.—Tit-Bits.

The Mississippi discharges 675,000 cubic feet of water per second, and the St. Lawrence 1,009,000 cubic feet per second.

12 Tumors Removed Without an Operation

Dear Mrs. Currah—I am enjoying better health than I have for eight years, and I think I am entirely cured. I have none of the old symptoms. I am very grateful for your present health, and this is due to your Orange Lily.

Some of my cases caused 12 tumors to be removed. Some were as large as a hen's egg, and others smaller, down to the size of a walnut. You may use my case in your advertisement, for it is the only one that I cannot describe all the good it has done for me. Mrs. Louise E. Bolte.

This letter gives an indication of the positive benefits that always follow the use of Orange Lily. It is an applied treatment and comes in direct contact with the suffering organs. It produces results from womb, irregularities, leucorrhoea, etc.

I will send a sample box containing 10 days' treatment absolutely free to any suffering woman who has not yet tried it. Stamp and address MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

DEYING IS SUCH A SAVING

And it's as simple as A. B. C. with

"Dye-ole"

Just Think of It!

With the SAME Dye you can color ANY kind of cloth PERFECTLY—No change of mistakes. All colors 10 cents from your dealer.

Dealer, Sample Card and Booklet Free from The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, Que.

MOST REMARKABLE CURES

Ever Made by Any Remedy Are Daily Credited to the Wonderful Powers of "Fruit-a-tives"—Bancroft Man Thinks This Fruit Medicine Will Work Miracles.

It is the old chronic case, the stubborn case, the case that will not yield to the ordinary remedies of the physician, that "Fruit-a-tives" never fails to cure. Many of the cures made by "Fruit-a-tives" are the wonder and admiration of the doctors who cannot understand how "Fruit-a-tives" can do what they cannot.

Bancroft, Ont., October 17th.

"I have been troubled for years with Indigestion—have tried every kind of medicine, but with no success. Then I used "Fruit-a-tives" and now I am no longer troubled with Indigestion. I think it is a splendid remedy."

JOHN REDMUND.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

Bloody Chapter in Chamberlain Lake and Telos Canal Controversy

JACK McCARD SLAIN

Was Wantonly Shot by Lumbermen from St. John River in 1841—Companion Escaped With Bullet in Shoulder—Dam was Blown Up With Giant Powder.

(Lewiston Journal.)

In all the hearings which have been held by the so-called Van Buren commission to inquire into the history of the Chamberlain lake dam and the Telos canal there has been no mention made of one thrilling incident, the murder of Jack McCARD.

While no mention has been made, while no one has ever suggested such an occurrence, while no one was ever punished for the crime, there seems to be no reason for doubting its authenticity.

E. M. Lowell, of Lewiston, a man who has hunted and fished who is well known to the genuine sportsmen of this State, on his first trip down that river had the place at Chase quarry pointed out to him and heard the story of how, in 1841, the dam was blown up with giant powder, the lumbermen of the St. John river visited the dam, blew it up with giant powder, buried the camps which were there and shot one of the lumbermen dead in his tracks. He endeavored to escape from the burning structure, and grievously wounded his companion. Since then he has heard of it several times and among his effects is a newspaper giving an account of the occurrence.

Dates and names are given in this newspaper article, but there are some reasons for questioning their accuracy, though it is possible that they may be absolutely correct.

Chase quarry is 60 miles from the Canadian boundary and is about the swiftest water on the entire Alleghash. It is the dread of the river driver as well as guides who take sportsmen down the river, for the Alleghash trip is a favorite one with sports and hunters, according to the story the great boulders which fill the river at this point and make the carry necessary are the ruins of the old dam, the one which was dynamited on that fateful March night so many years ago.

The dam was located on an elbow of the river about four miles above Churchill lake, which was considered an ideal spot for it.

As the story goes Jack McCARD and Joe Larabee were two woodsmen, who chummed together. Wherever one went to work in the woods or on the drive the other was to be found. In this respect they were like the woodsmen of their day and many like the present day is a fact which "chaps" who take to the woods are well acquainted with. About this time the men began shooting at the camp and the bullets were flying through the walls and window.

There were two alternatives, namely: stay in the camp and be burned alive, or make a dash for the woods and safety.

The partners took the latter.

McCARD took the lead. With a jump he was through the door, Larabee close behind.

As he came through the door Larabee saw McCARD half turn and pitch forward on the snow. As McCARD turned Larabee saw that the bullet had struck him in the forehead. There was no time to stop and investigate. If he were his own life he must rush on. He did so even then. He came near never reaching safety, for a bullet, smashing into his left shoulder, nearly put him down and out.

As he reached the woods there was a terrific explosion and glancing back he saw that the dam had been blown up.

Not knowing what moment would be his last Larabee, tortured by the wound in his shoulder and fear of the assassins behind, struggled on through the dead snow to the cabin of John Gonyer. There he was kindly received, his wound dressed and he was well cared for. He told his story. They were skeptical. It did not seem possible. They decided that his sufferings had turned his head and that the story was the work of his imagination. Later the destroyed dam was convincing proof that some great tragedy had been enacted there on the Alleghash, but nothing was ever done towards bringing to justice the wanton murderers of poor John McCARD.

IMMIGRANT BOY TOLD STORY OF ILL-TREATMENT

Deceived Policeman Who Bought Food for Him; Later it Was Found That His Story Was Not Altogether True.

Thursday, April 28.

This should have been a pathetic story, and it shapd so at first, but before the end was reached it developed in rather altered style. It may, or may not be true, but the story of the English boy who was being shipped out to new homes in Canada in large numbers.

Yesterday morning about 2 o'clock a policeman ushered a ruddy-faced boy into the office of the chief of police, and asked the lad be given food at his expense. He had found the lad, he explained, dodging about his beat, in an attempt to evade the police, and with the declared intention of spending the night in the streets.

The boy stated that he had been employed before, run away from the farm at Silver Falls, where he was employed and had gone without anything to eat for nearly twenty-four hours.

He had, he continued, been in the employ of a farmer for three years, having been brought out from England by a Halifax immigration agent. On the farm he had been so ill-treated, he said, that he determined on Tuesday morning that he would stand it no longer, and that he would change things in the city. His story was that the clothes he had on were the only ones he possessed, and that he had been working in them on the farm since the first of May last, in which period he had been supplied with only one pair of shoes, and that the only wages he had received had been fifty cents given him on the occasion of his monthly visits to the city.

The policeman was moved to pity. No decent man would treat a dog in such a way, he said. Not only did the boy declare that he had gone without eating since the morning before, which was very probably true, but that he had not had enough to eat since going into service on the farm. When the boy's story was told at the lunch-ette, he found all kinds of sympathy. The clerks guaranteed to feed him in fine shape, and the group of night workers who were at lunch dug into their pockets and made up a nice little collection of money for the boy. The boy was taken to the community, with words of cheer. After he had satisfied a well-developed appetite, and had been urged to take more, the boy went out to join the policeman, who had determined to take care of him, and to get him home for him. He had even thought of sending the young immigrant up-country to stay with his aged uncle.

Yesterday forenoon, however, the boy's benefactor heard an account of him which changed his opinion. It happened that a niece of the boy's employer lives in the flat below the policeman. Coming into town to search for his missing apprentice, the farmer went to see his niece, and incidentally asked the policeman if he had heard anything of the boy. The reply was that the youngster was upstairs. Then came the farmer's side of the story.

It was sufficient to prove to the policeman that his confidence had been misplaced. The boy had not been found, and the suit and an overcoat, both new, and the lad finally acknowledged that he had no other reason for leaving than that he did not like working on a farm. He was bound to the farmer and his helper, and given a good deal of money to get him home. He was accordingly sent back to the farm.

NORTH SHORE STREAM DRIVER HAS CLOSE CALL

Resuscitated After Being Unconscious for Two Hours—Death of Zachaeus Fowler, Formerly of Doaktown.

Newcastle, April 26.—A Mr. Mullin, of Redbank, was nearly drowned in Cow Brook, a branch of Millstream, near town, on Saturday. He was finally resuscitated, but had been unconscious for two hours. He was engaged in stream driving.

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BE PREPARED FOR THE HARVEST WITH THE RIGHT MACHINE

YOU cannot afford to run any risk of delay at harvest time. Every minute counts when the grain is ripe for cutting. Every minute of smooth, rapid, uninterrupted work will save up your profits. Every minute of delay will result in a slow, inefficient, bungling or broken-down machine will rob you of a part of your just reward. Let the harvest find you prepared. Start today to look over your equipment. Face the question squarely.

Is it going to permit you to get all the profits from your acres. If it is not—now is the time to choose the machine that will. Because you are going to be busier every day from now on.

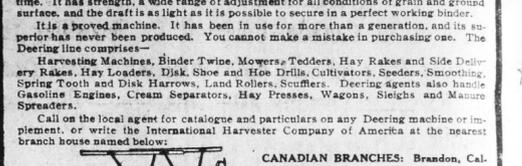
We want you to take proper time to make your selection because we know if you do you'll want a Deering. It's one of the best machines for your use. It's built to meet the conditions encountered on Canadian farms.

It will get all your grain no matter if it is tangled or down in the shortest possible time. It has strength, a wide range of adjustment for all conditions of grain and ground surface, and the draft is as light as it is possible to secure in a perfect working binder.

It's a proved machine. It has been in use for more than a generation, and its superior has never been produced. You cannot make a mistake in purchasing one. The Deering thrumpriser—

Harvesting Machines, Binder Twine, Mowers, Tedders, Hay Rakes and Side Delivery Rakes, Hay Loaders, Disk, Shoe and Hoe Drills, Cultivators, Seeders, Smoothing, Spring Tooth and Disk Harrows, Land Rollers, Scufflers, Deering engines also handle Gasoline Engines, Cream Separators, Hay Presses, Wagons, Sleighs and Manure Spreaders.

Call on the local agent for catalogue and particulars on any Deering machine or implement, or write the International Harvester Company of America at the nearest branch house named below.



CANADIAN BRANCHES: Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Hamilton, London, Montreal, Ottawa, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg, Yorkton.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA (Incorporated, CHICAGO U.S.A.)



use. All there was were the strange tracks, but they told nothing of what had been deduced from them the night before.

Matters went along without incident until the afternoon of St. Patrick's day, March 17, when a violent snow storm began. All through that night and until nearly noon of the third day the storm raged. It was accompanied by a high wind, which blew the snow about, forming great drifts.

When the storm cleared the two men started at once on their snowshoes for a trip to their various traps, which were then buried under a number of feet of snow. It was a hard afternoon's work, for with the clearing of the storm the mercury had taken a decided tumble, so that it was bitter cold. This, with the hard traveling left the men tired out when they reached camp that night.

After supper and a smoke they turned to their traps and soon were sound asleep. How long they slept will never be known, but they were aroused by the glare of a bright light on the wall of the camp. Springing from their bunks they looked out the window. All the other camps and head works of the dam were on fire.

By the light of the burning camps two men could be seen. One of these crouched close to the bushes, a rifle in his hands. The other held a blazing torch in his hands.

Before the two men in the camp could get their clothes on the flames were eating through the wall of the camp in which they were.

About this time the men began shooting at the camp and the bullets were flying through the walls and window.

There were two alternatives, namely: stay in the camp and be burned alive, or make a dash for the woods and safety.

The partners took the latter.

McCARD took the lead. With a jump he was through the door, Larabee close behind.

As he came through the door Larabee saw McCARD half turn and pitch forward on the snow. As McCARD turned Larabee saw that the bullet had struck him in the forehead. There was no time to stop and investigate. If he were his own life he must rush on. He did so even then. He came near never reaching safety, for a bullet, smashing into his left shoulder, nearly put him down and out.

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GIFTS FOR U. N. B.

Money and Books Presented to the Institution by Graduates and Others—A Good Beginning.

Fredericton, April 26.—The University of New Brunswick has recently received from graduates and others several contributions of money and equipment. These are valued as additions to the various departments, and especially as showing the interest of the donors in the institution. The list is suggestive as showing how such assistance may be rendered by others equally interested. Contributions of various kinds are always gratefully received by the librarian. Within a few weeks the following have been received:

A cheque for \$200 from Hon. E. L. Wetmore, chief justice of Saskatchewan. The cheque was forwarded to the treasurer of the Alumni Association and is to be applied as a scholarship of \$50 each year for a term of four years. This is the second scholarship of this kind provided by an individual contributor. Senator Ellis, of St. John, has maintained such a scholarship for a considerable term of years.

One hundred excellent tree photographs for the department of forestry. These photographs were printed from plates in the possession of the geological survey of Canada. The expense of the printing was kindly borne by Senator Thompson, of Fredericton, through whom application for the use of the plates was made.

Framed portraits of Sir Howard and Lady Douglas, by Premier Hazen. The portraits were furnished the premier by a relative of Sir Howard Douglas who was recently visiting in the province.

The two volumes of Hammy's History of New Brunswick, from Hon. J. K. Fleming.

A nicely bound volume of poems from the author of Dr. W. W. Bailey, of Province (R. L.).

A cabinet with 150 specimens of rocks and minerals for the geological laboratory, from Dr. R. W. Brook, director of the geological survey of Canada.

NAPLES VICTIM SAID TO BE CANADIAN WOMAN

Italian Police Think She Was Stella Reid, a Water Color Painter, and That She Met Fool Play.

Milan, April 26.—The latest police investigations point to the nude body of the girl found in the Bay of Naples as being Stella Reid, a clever Canadian water color painter. From the state of the body it is thought that she was killed by a man who was bequeathed by some interviewer, drugged and flung into the sea, the clothing having been first stripped off so as to make identification less easy. The authorities have ordered a post mortem examination.

Architects Specify Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead

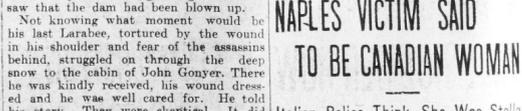
Standard Of The World For Many Generations

Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead is unequalled for whiteness, fineness and durability. It carries more Linsseed Oil, makes more paint and covers more surface, works easier and better, than any other white lead made. If you want the best work—or if you want to do the best—be sure to start right with "Brandram's B. B." White Lead.

Made in Canada by

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON, LIMITED.

MONTREAL, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, 54



Sure Cure for KENDALLS SPAS

"I have used your Spas Cure for a year and I am cured of my Rheumatism, Gout, and all Lameness. It is the best I have ever used. I have tried many other remedies, but they all failed. I am now well and strong. I have written you a letter of thanks, and I will be glad to send you a copy of my book 'A Year's Experience with Kendall's Spas Cure'."—Dr. E. J. Kendall, Esq., Keesburg, Iowa.

Sir Edward Morris, New York, Says Anne Upted States on Relation With Canada the Question.

New York, April 26.—Newfoundland either to or Canada is a visionary idea to Sir Edward Morris, who expressed this view during his dinner given in his honor at the Hoffman Hotel to his departure to his conference at the Hague.

"While a very decided opinion between Newfoundland and Canada," said the while thousands of Newfoundlanders found a home in this country, are absolutely loyal to the British Empire. There is no annexation, ever in the island and as a result of the fact that Newfoundland is a British possession, Canada has sacrificed her independence to the province of the dominion.

Architects Specify Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead

Standard Of The World For Many Generations

Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead is unequalled for whiteness, fineness and durability. It carries more Linsseed Oil, makes more paint and covers more surface, works easier and better, than any other white lead made. If you want the best work—or if you want to do the best—be sure to start right with "Brandram's B. B." White Lead.

Made in Canada by

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON, LIMITED.

MONTREAL, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, 54



Dr. E. J. Kendall, Esq., Keesburg, Iowa.

THE HARVEST MACHINE

harvest time. Every minute counts. It is not now in you are going to be busier every day than your acres. If it is not now in you are going to be busier every day than your acres. It is built to meet the selection because we know if you do as for your use. It's built to meet the

gled or down in the shortest possible for all conditions of grain and ground secure in a perfect working binder. more than a generation, and its size a mistake in purchasing one. The

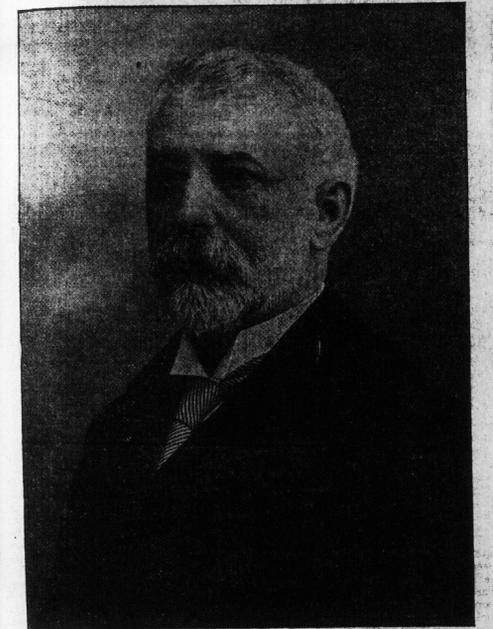
Tedders, Hay Rakes and Side Delivery Cultivators, Seeders, Smoothing, Cumers. Deering agents also handle cases, Wagons, Sleighs and Manure mulars on any Deering machine or impany of America at the nearest

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA
(Incorporated)
CHICAGO U. S. A.

BIG TESTIMONIAL OF HON. MR. FIELDING

Friends Outside of Parliament Present Him With \$120,000 Fund

Given Him in Recognition of His Great and Long Services to Canada—Invest It in Securities to Ensure Him Against Any Financial Worry—Has No Personal Fortune After His Many Years in Public Life.



HON. W. S. FIELDING

Ottawa, April 26—At the close of last session of parliament a committee of influential gentlemen outside was formed for the purpose of receiving subscriptions for a testimonial to the Hon. W. S. Fielding in recognition of his long and able service as a member of parliament and minister of finance.

The response to the appeal of the committee was most satisfactory and was not limited by party affiliations, many contributions being received without solicitation.

Although the subscription lists are not yet closed, the committee felt, as the house is likely to be prorogued next week, that they should ask Mr. Fielding to accept the evidence of public favor and appreciation which his personal and political friends had furnished. The testimonial was therefore presented by the committee to Mr. Fielding tonight. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was present at the presentation, expressed his delight with the honor paid his distinguished colleague.

It is understood that the subscriptions have been converted into securities and invested in trust for Mr. Fielding. The total amount raised reaching the splendid sum of nearly \$120,000. The list of donors is, of course, anonymous and Mr. Fielding is made aware only of the fact that the future of himself and his family is provided for, and that after many years of faithful and splendid service for his country and the Liberal party he may now be comparatively free of any financial worry.

It is a testimony to his honor and integrity as a public man to say that after twenty years of office, both as premier of Nova Scotia and finance minister of Canada, Mr. Fielding has accumulated no personal fortune.

The testimonial tonight represents the gratitude of a party which he has served long and well, and it is in a sense only the partial and unsolicited payment of a just debt due him for long years of invaluable service in the public interest.

NEWFOUNDLAND WILL HOE HER ROW WITHIN EMPIRE

Sir Edward Morris, at New York, Says Annexation With United States or Confederation With Canada is Out of the Question.

New York, April 26—Annexation of Newfoundland either to the United States or Canada is a visionary project, according to Sir Edward Morris, premier of the island, who expressed this view at a farewell dinner given in his honor by countrymen at the Hoffman House tonight previous to his departure to attend the fisheries conference at The Hague.

"While a very decided friendliness exists between Newfoundland and the American people," said the premier, "and while thousands of Newfoundlanders have found a home in this republic, the people are absolutely loyal to the British crown. There is no annexation sentiment whatsoever in the island and as for confederation with Canada, there is less prospect of that than ever. Canada has nothing to offer Newfoundland which could induce her to surrender her independence to become a province of the dominion."

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Sure Cure for Spavin
Seattle, Wash. Nov. 1st 1909
I have used your Spavin Cure and find that it is a sure cure for Spavin and Ringbone.

Responsible good for Curb, Spavin, Swellings, Strains and all Lamenesses.
Bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure costs 50 cents. It is the world's best. A bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure costs 50 cents. It is the world's best. A bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure costs 50 cents. It is the world's best.

DR. J. J. KENDALL CO.
Manufacturers
St. Louis, Mo.

DOUBLE RAGED AMHERST WILSON CAMERON

Man Brains His Bed-ridden Wife and Then Commits Suicide

MIND UNBALANCED
Switchman Unable to Sleep Because of Woman's Noise, Owing to Her Nervous Disease, Sought Quiet Rest in Police Station Once—Nurses Witnessed the Terrible Deed.

Concord, N. H., April 26—His mind unbalanced by the strain of living with his nervously ill wife, Herman W. Clough, a railroad switchman, late today killed his wife by splitting her head with an axe and then cut his throat with a meat knife, dying instantly.

Mrs. Clough, who was about 45 years old, had been confined to her bed with a nervous disorder for nearly six months. So serious was her illness that nurses were in attendance upon her. It is said that Mrs. Clough was very noisy and that her husband often was unable to sleep because of her cries. One night, not long ago, he went to police headquarters and asked the officer to let him sleep there, as he could secure no rest at home. His request was granted.

Last night, it is said, Mrs. Clough was unusually boisterous. Her outcries disturbed all in the house and her husband and a daughter, the only child, were unable to sleep.

Although the girl went to high school as usual today, her father was ill and went to a doctor. The physician told him to remain away from work and rest himself. He told him to try to sleep today.

Clough went to bed late in the forenoon and remained there until about 4 p. m. Mrs. Clough, it is understood, was not quiet during this time. About 4.30 p. m. he went out of the house to a woodshed. Returning, he had an axe in his hand. He entered the room in which his wife lay in bed, brushed past the nurse, who was there and without a word, sank the axe into the head of his bed-ridden wife. The nurse screamed and ran to call help. Two men, who responded, were frightened away by Clough, who brandished a big meat knife. After they had gone, he went into the house and slashed his throat with the knife, dying shortly after.

Clough was about 50 years old. He was employed by the Boston and Maine Railroad as a local switchman and was thought well of by all who knew him. An autopsy will be performed on the bodies of Clough and his wife tomorrow.

NOT ALARMED ABOUT NEWFOUNDLAND SEALING STEAMER

Owners Confident That the Aurora, With 187 Men Aboard, Has Not Met Disaster.

St. John's, Nfld., April 26—A report brought to this city by the sealing steamer Beothic, that the Aurora, a sealing vessel of the fleet, with a crew of 187 men, had not been seen since the first of the month, is not regarded by the Aurora's owners, C. T. Bowring & Company, Ltd., with alarm.

In a statement today, the owners said they were not uneasy and expected their vessel would return to port by next Monday. They said that she was staunch and that ice conditions this season had been more favorable than for many vessels to the north.

Captain Abraham Kent, master of the steamer Florizel, commander of the sealing fleet and commander of the Aurora for eight years, said today that the Aurora is one of the best ships engaged in the sealing industry. He entertained no fear for the steamer's safety.

Another expert fisherman, who expressed no alarm for the safety of the Aurora, is Hon. Archibald Picoet, minister of marine and fisheries in the Newfoundland cabinet. He considered that the ice conditions were so favorable that no mishap could befall the ship. He stated that it was not uncommon for the Aurora to be unreported for three or four weeks.

The steamer Kite, which arrived on Sunday, was unreported for thirty-six days.

New York, April 26—Chas. W. Bowring, of this city, a member of the C. T. Bowring & Company, Ltd., of Liverpool, which owns the steamship Aurora, received a message tonight from Bowring of St. John's, which was read amid applause at a banquet in honor of Sir Edward Morris, premier of Newfoundland.

"Aurora report absolutely without foundation," said the message. "Last seen April 3, going north after old seals."

DO YOU VALUE HEALTH?

Regulate and Cleanse Your System

Spring cleaning does not answer the body. The prime element in the maintenance or in the recovery of health is activity of liver, kidney and skin. Not occasionally but only by weekly stimulation of these functions can poisons, waste matter, and accumulations within the body be drawn out so that the blood and inward parts be purified and kept wholesome. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are the mildest laxative medicine known; they purify the blood, fortify the activity of liver and kidneys, increase the eliminating power of the skin and create a general feeling of well being—the outcome of wholesome conditions within. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a general tonic to the digestive system; they restore functional effectiveness to all the organs of secretion and contribute in this way enormously to the stability of health.

For general family use in all cases of biliousness, bad blood, indigestion and disorders of the stomach. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have no equal. Sold in yellow boxes, 25c. all dealers, or The Cataract Co., Kingston, Canada.

AMHERST WILSON CAMERON

Whole Town Turned Out to Greet Their Champion Runner

GIVEN A GOLD WATCH
His Trainer Presented With a Purse of Gold—All Classes and Conditions of People Packed Big Auditorium to Honor Marathon Winner.

Amherst, N. S., April 26—Fred S. Cameron, champion amateur long distance runner of America, accompanied by his trainer, Thomas Trenholm, arrived here from Boston tonight.

From St. John to Amherst the return of the victor took the form of a regular triumph. As all stations along the line crowds of people gathered to tender congratulations to the modest hero. He was due to arrive in Amherst at 5.22 but a special train went to Moncton to meet him, to obtain him there until the details of the reception were arranged.

When the train arrived in Amherst fully 5,000 people thronged the station and streets, and almost cheered them. Cameron and Trenholm appeared on the scene.

The town thrived all day pending a gala appearance. They were flying from all public buildings and the streets were gay with bunting. A procession, headed by the band, was formed at the station and Cameron and Trenholm were escorted to the Auditorium building. The building was packed to the doors. Mayor Currie presided and on the platform was a large number of leading citizens, comprising town councillors, merchants, manufacturers and professional men.

Addressing the crowd on the platform was the handsomely troggy which was the emblem of Cameron's great victory. Mayor Currie, after a short congratulatory speech, read addresses to Cameron and Trenholm, presenting the former with a handsome gold watch and Trenholm with a purse of gold.

When Cameron arose to reply, cheer after cheer echoed, and re-echoed through the building. Handkerchiefs were waved and the applause echoed anything heard in Amherst. Cameron's reply was modest and manly. He thanked the people for the reception and gave Trenholm the knife, dying shortly after.

Clough was about 50 years old. He was employed by the Boston and Maine Railroad as a local switchman and was thought well of by all who knew him. An autopsy will be performed on the bodies of Clough and his wife tomorrow.

BOSTON & MAINE ENGINEERS SETTLE DISPUTE WITH COMPANY

Boston, April 26—A new agreement affecting the locomotive engineers on the entire Boston & Maine system, some 1,250 in number, has been entered into by the officials of the road and the men's union, satisfactory to all parties, according to an announcement made tonight.

The engineers made no requests for increases in wages, but asked a readjustment of the men's working schedules.

Nothing was given out as to the details of the agreement, it being stated the new schedules were technical and of little general interest.

SHE BEAR NEARLY KILLS KEEPER

Turns on Him and Mangles Him When He Attempted to Make Her Cubs Sit Up for Photo.

New York, April 26—With his body badly torn and mangled by teeth and claws and his left arm almost torn from his socket, Richard Spicer, keeper at the Bronx Park Zoo, was rescued unconscious this afternoon from the bear pit after a desperate struggle with an angry bear. His condition is critical. Elwyn Sandborn, a photographer, escaped from the pit with minor hurts after a hard fight with the animal.

Spicer attempted to make the bear sit up and pose for a photographer with her cubs and she sprang upon him. Dealing him a terrific blow with her paw, she then seized him by the arm and dragged him into the den, clawing and mauling him.

Sandborn grabbed an iron bar and rushed to the rescue of Spicer, who was unconscious, but the bear turned on him. The photographer, however, managed to fight her off with the bar until the cries of the hundred spectators brought other attendants, who beat off the bear and rescued the imperilled men.

"Big Bill" Keller Out on Bail
Boston, April 26—After languishing in jail for four days William J. Keller, who is called by his friends "Big Bill," who was arrested on Friday last, charged with aiding and abetting George W. Coleman in the embezzlement of more than \$500,000 from the City of New York, was released today on a bail bond of \$25,000, furnished by a bonding company.

Keller will appear before United States Commissioner Hayes on Saturday for a hearing in case the grand jury takes no action in his case.

WANTS CANADA TO BE A REPUBLIC

Carnegie, at Washington Celebration, Anxious About Dominion's Future

A "PEACE" PALACE
Ironmaster's Gift to International Union of American Republics Dedicated—President Taft Thinks Majority of the 21 Nations Should Police the Rest.

Washington, April 26—The magnificent new marble palace of the International Union of American Republics was dedicated today in the name of universal peace. President Taft joined with Andrew Carnegie, with Secretary of State Knox, with Senator Root and with Senator de la Barra, the Mexican ambassador, the latter representative of the Latin-American republics, in prophesies of peace among the twenty-one American republics. All the speakers pledged themselves always to strive to bring about that happy state. Mr. Carnegie expressed the hope that some day, Canada with the consent of Great Britain, would join the family of peaceful American republics.

With its episcopal location, at the edge of the Potomac park, and the White House grounds, its imposing marble facade, its quaint Spanish patio and elaborately furnished hall of the republics, the new building, the gift of Mr. Carnegie, won the admiration of all the distinguished company that passed within the bronze grided portals, both at the dedicatory exercises this afternoon and the reception tonight at which President Taft and Mr. Carnegie headed the receiving party.

"I esteem it a great honor to the United States of America," said the president, at the dedicatory exercises, "that the other twenty American republics should decide that this home of international union should be here on this soil. As the older sister of the other republics, we take great pride in that fact. As the older sister, we also are anxious that each member of the family should know that we believe in absolute equality in every member of the family. There is nothing in preference that we insist upon because of the fact that we are the older nation and for the time being we must measure to bring about a great bond of friendship among the American republics should decide that this home of international union should be here on this soil. As the older sister of the other republics, we take great pride in that fact. As the older sister, we also are anxious that each member of the family should know that we believe in absolute equality in every member of the family. 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These newspapers advocate:
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Honesty in public life
Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion
No graft!
No deals!
The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose and the Maple Leaf forever.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News
ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 30, 1910.

OUR UNDEVELOPED PROVINCE

There is no news The Telegraph prints more eagerly than that showing progress and development in any part of the province. For two or three years past there has been not a little evidence of an awakening. One need not refer only to such things as the Gloucester iron industry, the improved outlook for coal mining in Queens and Sunbury, the oil and gas discoveries in Westmorland, the new railways, the expansion of the Winter Port, or the marked growth of places like Moncton and Sackville. Beyond these things, of which we do not yet fully grasp the significance, there is coming about an enlarged appreciation of the value of the province as a good land to live in, of its wealth in wood, and in water, and in climate, of its possibilities in the matter of mining and of manufactures, and best of all, of its agricultural potentialities. The province is coming to its own. Some of our people are still going away—too many—but that will not long be true. Indeed if wise aids to the development of the country be adopted New Brunswick is about to begin the enjoyment of a season of buoyant confidence and rapid growth. At such a time it is of interest to put forward for examination the views of those who are discussing our needs and our future. One such writes at length to the Toronto Star, from Fredericton. He tells the old story about the location of our railways, some of which were built as short cuts to tidewater, and others as "long cuts" for strategic reasons. Then he writes:
"it must be remembered that while New Brunswick is a comparatively small community in a country of great areas, like Canada, still it is a province of great resources, which have in many respects hardly been touched. Here are some figures that will show this. The total area of the Province is somewhat over seven million acres, and of this twelve million acres are still under timber or woods. Of this twelve million acres about seven and a half millions are Crown lands, and the remainder are lands owned outright by lumbermen and corporations. Practically all the Crown lands that are timbered are under lease to lumbermen, and these leases all run on one and the same day in the year 1918. This will show why the people of New Brunswick are so keenly interested in forestry and why they are anxious that measures be taken to perpetuate the growth of timber—because such a large proportion of the Province is suited only or mainly for the growing of trees. This accounts, too, for the great proportion of wooden buildings, for the fact that the locomotives on some branch railway lines burn wood, and for the feeling of the traveler that New Brunswick is just on the edge of development.
"But this great preponderance of forest must not make the reader think that agricultural development has reached its limit. Only a small part of the five million acres of 'settlement' lands is occupied, while a still smaller part is farmed well. For the man with nothing but his head and his arms to depend upon there are as good opportunities in opening up new farms in New Brunswick as in any part of Canada. New Brunswickers are essentially men of brains, as the records of all provinces and states testify, and they are not lacking in brawn. Why, then, have these people who have helped to conquer the wilderness clear out to the Pacific left their own province undeveloped?
"That is a question which the people are asking themselves. One eminent citizen, who has farmed in Manitoba, says that if the man who makes a success of farming in the West would put as much intelligence and energy into farming in New Brunswick as he must in the West he

would make more money, and would make it, too, not by roughing it in pioneer loneliness and hardship, but near railways, and with the convenience of civilization within his reach.
He goes on to say that fishing and lumbering have interfered with farming until now, and adds:
"Far away hills are green, and, to use the words of one resident, the province has been bled white by the drain of its young men to the United States and Western Canada. At the same time thousands of immigrants have every year been passing through the province from the British Isles to the West. These would probably have found their feet more rapidly in the comparatively old settled state of affairs in New Brunswick than in the strange West, and, as one of them put it, 'We have just sat still and let them go by.'
"But there is no doubt things are changing in this respect. People one meets on the trains and in the places of business are seized of the situation. They tell you it is not good business that a community like New Brunswick should not feed itself, but have to bring in not only wheat from the West, but beef and pork and oats from Ontario. Governments are moving. What seems to be needed is a strong agricultural college. An Ontario man does not realize what Guelph does for his province until he sees what Guelph could do if it were located in New Brunswick. With a good climate, with great areas of good soil not yet occupied, and with an unusually intelligent population, there is a big future before New Brunswick in agriculture.
"Much that the Star's correspondent writes is not new, but much of it would make good immigration literature and more of it would provide texts for sermons on building up New Brunswick.

THE INSURGENTS

The Chatham News's heated proposal that Mr. W. F. Maclean, M. P., of the Toronto World, be "kicked out" of the Conservative party because of "insurgency" shocks the editor of the St. Andrews Beacon, who can remember away back to the last Northumberland election, when the Chatham World was after Mr. Hazen and Mr. Morrissey with a club. "No one," says the Beacon, "has ever suggested such heroic treatment for Editor Stewart, although he has called his provincial chief a 'spineless leader,' and shown other serious symptoms of 'insurgency.'"

All of which once more suggests the perils attending stone-throwing by all such as dwell in glass houses. There are, in fine, insurgents and insurgents. Mr. W. F. Maclean never referred to Mr. Borden as spineless, but possibly that is due to two facts: first, that he lacked the provocation leading to the Chatham outburst, and second, that he is not so handy with the verbal baying pin as the peppery Admiral of the Miramichi. After all, "spineless" fitted that particular case "like the paper on the wall."

LIGHT FROM THE WEST

The Conservative Toronto News has sent a commissioner to the western provinces to spy out the land politically, to ascertain what the political tendencies are in the prairie country and, above all, how it fares with the Conservative party. Sir Wilfrid is to go westward in the autumn. In Toronto some Conservatives are talking of the possibility of an early general election. Mr. Borden is hopeless so far as Quebec is concerned. He is no where in the Maritime Provinces. He stands to lose rather than gain in Ontario. But what of the West? In seeking to answer this question the News correspondent, whose first report is sent from Winnipeg, begins with these paragraphs, which Conservatives in the East will not regard as reassuring:
"Conservatives in the West have followed with the greatest interest the political situation at Ottawa, and have hailed with delight the stories that there is to be a general political shake-up. It was for the accomplishment of this very purpose and the putting of the party on a broader and a sounder basis that the West has been so persistent and so enthusiastic in its demands for a Dominion convention.
"Rightly or wrongly the West has felt that the party at Ottawa has been under the influence of a few older members—left-overs from the days of the old regime—who were unprogressive in their ideas, if not absolutely reactionary. It was felt that the younger blood, the newer element in the party which would infuse life and energy had been too long suppressed."

It will be observed that the News correspondent ignores recent inspired announcements that the trouble in the Conservative party is at an end and that harmony is now prevalent.
The political battle ground of the future is going to be the West, the correspondent says. The party that can control the West can control Canada. The Liberals realize it and are acting accordingly, he says. There are Liberal newspapers everywhere, printed in many languages: "What Western Conservatives are asking is: 'Do the Conservative leaders appreciate that fact? Are they in touch with western sentiment? Do they understand the trend of thought in the West. Will they adopt a policy which will appeal to the West and particularly to these elements?'"
The correspondent then proceeds to ask what the Conservatives must do if they are to win the West, which he says they must do before they can gain power. First there is the Conservative leadership. Mark the wild enthusiasm of the following:
"The West is willing to accept Mr. Borden. It has no one to offer in his place. Premier Roblin's health is too precarious. Hon. F. W. G. Haultain is not available, and Premier McBride is too far removed from the centre of things. Mr. Borden suits the West, only it wants to get better acquainted with him."

Surely such testimony will make Mr. Borden's cheek glow with pride. The West is "willing to accept him." Mr. Roblin is ill—or, if he be well, there is a story about a sand contract. Mr. Haultain is "not available." Mr. McBride is too far from

the centre. Owing to these facts, Mr. Borden is the man!
And what policies must Mr. Borden adopt? Well, he must prepare for another right about face. Mr. Borden, when last heard from on the subject of the tariff, stood for "adequate protection," which his Quebec and Ontario following interpreted as meaning enough tariff to permit the Canadian manufacturers to rule the home market. But the New man, having taken soundings in the West, does not disguise the fact that there must be a change. "The tariff question is a delicate question," he writes. "No two men can be found to agree. BUT ALL ARE AGREED THAT IT IS TIME FOR A REVISION AND THAT REVISION MUST BE DOWNWARDS. The West is a consuming country and it wants a general over-hauling of the tariff. The Americans in the West are principally from the Central and Western States—the land of the insurgents—and they are bringing these same theories and principles to Western Canada. The English settlers are accustomed to free trade. Cheaper agricultural implements and manufactured goods is the cry of the West."

That's true enough, but let Mr. Borden frame a policy to meet the case and the reactionary protectionist wing of the Conservative party in the East, led by the Montreal Gazette, will have the knife at his throat. Worse yet, the West, according to the News commissioner, "stands strongly for government ownership of public utilities." So also does Mr. W. F. Maclean of Toronto, who has tried to persuade or compel Mr. Borden to adopt that faith. Mr. Borden dare not. He fears the "progressives" of his party, but he fears the "reactionaries" more. The News commissioner makes it clear that Mr. Borden's outlook is hopeless. There is some criticism of Mr. Sifton in the letter, and a puff for the Dreadnought faction of which Mr. Roblin is chief; but generally speaking the effect of it all is to convince the public that, viewed from Winnipeg by an earnest observer, the Conservative prospects seem drab indeed.

EXPLORER AND HUMORIST

Sir Ernest Shackleton, of whom the English-speaking world has made a hero, and who displayed heroism and many other admirable qualities in his journey "farthest South," is tremendously popular wherever he goes. Better yet, he wears well, and mingles humor with the thrills in his lecture. Someone has described his address before the Ottawa Canadian Club as "as delightful as a copy of Punch." Well, Punch is serious and humorous by turns.
The young explorer impresses the observer as modest and strong of body and purpose. It was the good fortune of many Canadians to hear him speak in London at the Dominion Day banquet given by Lord Strathcona last year. The man's name was then in everybody's mouth, as his picture was in everybody's newspaper. He had just returned from the Antarctic, and the world rang with his exploits. Many distinguished men spoke on that occasion, but the ovation of the night was for Shackleton. He speaks easily, avoiding too ambitious flights, giving one the impression of frank and fearless honesty and warm patriotism. Much was said on that night of the Empire—its glory, its future, its problems and its duties. The only new note was Shackleton's. He had regarded Greater Britain from a new viewpoint, pondered its people and their questions in the great white silence, examined them with a mental telescope from a point of vantage beyond the smoke and the conflict. He hammered out for himself under strange stars a broad and healthful imperialism that gripped his hearers mightily as, somewhat diffidently, he gave it a voice.
So much for Shackleton serious. As to Shackleton in humorous vein, this story of his has already been told frequently, but is may bear repetition:
"There was a young Eskimo, in love with an Eskimo girl who lived with her father on the other side of a deep crevasse. A snow bridge was the only means of crossing. The lady reciprocated his affection, but the old man would not consent to their union until the youth got more seal-skins. The swain's impatience brooked no delay. He would cross the crevasse by night, carry the girl in his sleeping bag, and break down the snow bridge. The eventful night came. He crept across to the paternal snow-belt, seized the sleeping bag, rushed over the bridge, broke it down behind him, opened the bag, and found that he had—the old man."

Also he tells of a time near the end of his journey South when the frost-bitten feet of himself and his companions would burst open: "As we tramped along day after day these wounds in our heels kept opening and closing much after the manner of a concertina, and almost as painfully."
Let it be agreed that there will be differences of opinion as to the quality of the explorer's humor. It is most probable that he interjects these lighter bits not so much because he believes them so funny as because of a desire to avoid a strained and unbrokeably dramatic recital which might be thought egotistical by some. He is a man, this Shackleton.

AFTER MAY FIRST

Quebec's new timber regulations prohibiting the exportation of pulpwood cut on Crown lands became law last Saturday. This is the prohibitory clause:
"All timber cut on Crown lands after May 1, 1910, must be manufactured in Canada; that is to say, converted into pulp or paper, into deals or boards, or into other articles of commerce or merchandise as distinguished from such timber in its raw or unmanufactured state."
Actual square timber and railway ties are "manufactured," according to the regulations, but timber merely cut into lengths, or logs piled up, barked or otherwise worked preliminary to the fabrication of pulp or paper, of deals or boards or any other articles of commerce, are not "manufactured" and may not be exported in that

form. Poles also are in the prohibited list. Any "time that, on satisfactory information supported by an affidavit, the Minister or authorized officer has reason to believe that timber cut in virtue of a license on public lands is not to be manufactured in Canada, in whole or in part, this timber may be seized and placed under custody by an agent of the department."
There are careful provisions for the enforcement of the new rules, the department being given ample powers to secure evidence and punish offenders. There is a general increase of sixty per cent in the stumpage dues, and the "ground rent" is increased from \$3 to \$5. It is agreed, however, that the ground rent for licenses to cut timber shall not be increased again before September, 1920. The old ten-year agreement expires in September next, when the new regulations respecting rents and stumpage dues will come into force. The exportation prohibition comes into force at once, and affects all lumber cut after May 1 next.
Quebec, in a word, is going to manufacture the produce of its public lands at home, believing that the possession of the raw material, of the water powers, of the capital and the labor necessary to create a great industry constitutes a satisfactory reason for stopping the export of Crown land wood in the rough. Quebec prefers the full price of the manufactured article to the pittance obtained for the wood sold to American mills. Quebec follows Ontario.

And now what is Mr. Hazen going to do about it? The Legislature recently dealt with this question in a unanimous resolution wholly in line with a declaration of policy by Hon. C. W. Robinson. Is Mr. Hazen ever going to carry that resolution into effect?
Newfoundland requires lumber cut on public lands to be manufactured before removal from the country. Therefore the immense purchase of woodland on the Labrador coast by American capitalists, reported in our despatches, will mean the establishing of centres of industry there, instead of the mere employment of a force of woodcutters.

COURTENAY BAY

Announcement that the negotiations between the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Messrs. Gilbert for the Courtenay Bay property have been completed by the payment of the purchase price is cheerful news, not only for St. John but for the province at large. A large brigade of skeptics, led by Dr. J. W. Daniel, has sought persistently to throw cold water upon the proposal to develop Courtenay Bay, but the general public has preferred to believe, with the Minister of Public Works, that the Grand Trunk Pacific will soon establish its terminals here, and that the eastern section of our harbor will become the scene of most important activities.
The skeptics will not easily be convinced—or, rather, they will not readily admit conviction, for unfortunately they cannot conquer their fear that the Liberal party will reap some credit because of the expansion of the port and the opening up of the province through the arrival of the new transcontinental at tidewater.
Later on Dr. Daniel and his pessimistic lieutenant, all of whom are inwardly convinced already that St. John's prospects are now of the brightest, will be laboring to persuade their fellow-citizens that they always had a deep and abiding faith in Courtenay Bay and only feared that the wicked Liberals would somehow succeed in retarding its development. But the public will remember.

THE LIBERAL PARTY

The Standard gives space and prominence to an Ottawa despatch purporting to set forth certain troubles and dissensions now prevailing in the Liberal party. Conservatives are asked to believe that the administration is in a bad way. They are not told why they should arrive at any such conclusion, but an effort is made to convey the impression that the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is on its last legs.
The Standard has selected a rather unfortunate time for this particular line of endeavor. The government is hale and hearty—never more so—and the attempt to represent it as consumptive and weak in the knees will amuse, rather than convince. There are some fairly hardened Tory readers who take the Standard, no doubt, and some who like their party tiple hot and strong; but it is a safe bet that the most partisan and prejudiced of the lot recognized the Standard's Ottawa despatch as made to order out of hand.
If there was any purpose in it, it doubtless was to divert attention from the straits in the Conservative ranks about which so much has been published all over Canada of late—the abandoned Conservative convention; the attack upon Mr. Borden's leadership; the effort to chloroform Mr. Foster; the demand for the retirement of the "left-overs" and "reactionaries," and the introduction of new blood; the party split over the tariff and the navy; the revolt in Quebec Conservative circles; complaint over the lack of a progressive policy; and other things pointing to disorganization, confusion, and hopelessness.
Can the Conservative press turn public attention away from the weakness and straits in its own party by concerted and baseless assertion that the Liberals are in desperate straits? To ask the question is to answer it.

MOMENTS WITH MARCUS AURELIUS

See that the guiding and governing portion of thy soul remain unmoved by the emotions of the flesh, be they soft and pleasant or harsh and painful. Let it not mate with the body, but surround itself as with a wall and hem the carnal affections within the members that can influence. Should, however, these affections find access to the mind in virtue of that other sympathy which must obtain in a body that is a harmonious whole, then there is no question of resisting the sensation—it is a law of nature—but it behoves the reason not to label it gratuitously as good or ill.
Why should souls, destitute alike of art and knowledge, confound the artist and the sage? But what is the definition of an artistic and wise soul? It is the soul that knows the beginning and the end, with the reason which pervades all substances and administers the universe through an eternity of ordered epochs.
The universal substance is pliant and compliant, and the reason that administers it is hard and unyielding, and is not evil-doing. For there is no evil in it, it neither works nor suffers any harm, but all things come into existence and move towards their end by its fiat.
Let it not trouble thee whether thou dost tread the right in warmth or shivering, drowsy through lack of rest or refreshed by slumber, amid blessing or cursing, at the point of death or in the midst of other work. For the act of death is but part of our life's business, and it suffices, therefore, here also to do not work negligently.

A LAW-ABIDING CHILD.

(Tit-Bits).
A health officer recently received the following note from one of the residents of his district:
"Dear Sir, I beg to inform you that my child, aged eight months, is suffering from measles as required by act of parliament."

"NOW SLEEP WELL"

"Horror of Sleeplessness Recited."
"Nothing in life can be quite bad if one sleeps well," says Mr. B. B. B. in his interesting letter.
"I was a heavy smoker and an active business man. In the lumber business one is in the air a great deal and seldom without a cigar. My doctor said that unless I stopped smoking was destroying my nerves and mind.
"Finally I got indigestion and this was the climax. It kept up such fermentation of depression and melancholia that I almost lost my family. I don't wonder it did, for one gets in the way of thinking of very unpleasant things when their nerves give out, and sleep is denied.
"Is it all like a night? I shall always be careful and take an occasional course of Ferrozone which will prevent a return. It effectually restored me to health.
"Can you refer anyone to me that wants to know more about Ferrozone, but a trial is the best recommendation."
For the nervous, those who are run-down, pale, sleepless and in poor health, there is no tonic that will rebuild so quickly as Ferrozone. It's good for men, women and children; 50c. per box, six for \$2.50. All dealers, or The Catarthozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Going up! Canada's total trade for the last fiscal year was more than \$677,000,000, an increase of some \$26,000,000 over the highest previous record, that of 1907-8. The \$600,000,000 mark will be reached at the end of this year. The figures mean unexampled prosperity.
The flight from London to Manchester, 186 miles, for the London Daily Mail's prize of \$50,000, was made yesterday, Louis Paulhan finishing the race and winning the money early this morning. The conditions were that the flight was to be completed in one day, the aviator not being allowed to make more than two descents. There were but two contestants, and the Frenchman beat his English rival.
Hon. Mr. Fielding, after a lifetime of devoted service to Nova Scotia, to Canada, and to the Empire, is the recipient of a gift which will enable him to live his time out without worrying over his personal finances. He is to enjoy the income from \$120,000 invested in securities for him by admirers who believe a man who has served his country—and his fellowmen so long, so faithfully, and so brilliantly, ought not to go unrewarded. These friends who believe in acting while a man is alive rather than spending money on monuments after he is dead ought to be encouraged. The whole country will agree that Mr. Fielding deserves all that is being done for him, and more.

MRS. J. M. BARRIE.

With an absolute decree of divorce in his possession, the attitude of Barrie toward his wife and the young man who had won her from him, underwent a complete change, and today he appears in the role of a fairy godfather to the couple.
Much to the surprise of his friends, who believed that the final separation from Mrs. Barrie would find him a morose and heart-broken man, he has taken the attitude of generous patron of his wife and young Cannon and seems happy to aid them to a speedy wedding and a fair start in life in the hope that he may count them his friends.

Just after the divorce decree became absolute, Barrie voluntarily turned over to his former wife the deed of a beautiful home at Frasim, and settled an income of \$750 a year on her for life. He also had made arrangements to facilitate the marriage of Cannon to Mrs. Barrie, and practically will act as best man at the wedding.
Neither Mrs. Barrie nor Cannon would talk about their future, but went away after a motor car during the afternoon. Barrie also disappeared and it is understood that the wedding is to occur in some out-of-the-way place, in keeping with Barrie's arrangements.
Barrie's suit for divorce was a surprise to all but the intimate friends of the author of so many tender stories and plays, and attracted world-wide attention. Universal sympathy was expressed for Barrie, who really began the divorce proceedings at the earnest solicitation of his wife. The evidence at the hearings showed even more sympathy for Barrie. The testimony of witnesses left the court no other course than to grant Barrie the divorce. It was shown that Cannon had shamefully abused the hospitality of Barrie. When Barrie learned the facts the shock almost prostrated him.
Barrie married in 1894 Mrs. Mary Ansell, the actress, who appeared in his first play, "Walker, London," produced seventeen years ago. After the marriage Mrs. Barrie retired from the stage, and the tender-hearted whimsical Barrie tried his best to make her happy, but failed.

BE KIND TO YOUR HORSE!

If he is sick, don't take him out for a hard day's work—it doesn't pay.
Let him rest up for a while, and then try the GRANANGER REMEDY that his ailments call for, and he'll soon be in perfect health again.
THE CELEBRATED GRANANGER REMEDIES are the result of actual experience of professional horsemen; they are high-class veterinary preparations, that we guarantee in every case. If any Grananger Remedy fails to give entire satisfaction, your dealer will refund you the purchase price.
Be Sure and Get the GRANANGER HORSE AND CATTLE FOOT-ROTTING REMEDY. GRANANGER HEAVE AND COUGH CURE. GRANANGER COLIC CURE. GRANANGER ROOF OINTMENT. GRANANGER CONDITION POWDERS.

THE BAIRD CO., Ltd.

Manufacturing Chemists, WOODSTOCK, N.B.

BARRIE WANTS DIVORCED WIFE TO BE HAPPY

Author, Failing to Induce Her to Remarry Him, Helps Her Secure the Man of Her Choice.

London, April 27.—The romance of John Ruskin, his wife and Sir John Millias, one of the wonder stories of real life in which Ruskin gave his wife to Millias, his friend, and still held that friendship dear, has been outdone by James M. Barrie, the author and playwright. Mr. Barrie, with all his fantasy, could not have conceived a more fantastic situation than that in which he figures.



J. M. BARRIE.

The decree of divorce which he sought from his wife after he had discovered her infatuation for Gilbert Cannon, a young dramatic critic, was made absolute this week. Barrie had entreated his wife to return to him, offering any terms she might demand, but Mrs. Barrie would not listen to him.
Then he sued and obtained a decree. Even after that he found his great love for his wife as strong as ever and again made overtures for a reconciliation, holding out the most extravagant inducements. They were rejected.



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FEMININE WEAKNESSES.

(Ladies' Home Journal).
A very homely clergyman, says the Bishop of London, was severely battered in a railroad wreck, in which he suffered the loss of a foot.
One day, soon after marrying a beautiful woman, the ill-used minister met an old friend on the street, who bantamly asked how in the world such a pretty girl came to marry him.
"Oh, ladies like remnants!" was the cheerful reply.

THE REAL ENEMY.

"Why didn't you come to the dance the other night, Lieutenant Schmidt? I believe you were afraid of all the girls you have been engaged to."
Lieutenant—"No, not them; the others."
—Flegende Blätter.
From a placard in a Manchester shop window: "Remember, Jonah, he came out all right."—Manchester Guardian.



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If he is sick, don't take him out for a hard day's work—it doesn't pay.
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ONE OF THESE DAYS.

Say! Let's forget it! Let's put it aside! Life is so large and the world is so wide! Days are so short and there's so much to do.
What if it was false—there's so much that's true!
Say! Let's forget it! Let's brush it away! Now and forever—so, what do you say! All of the bitter words said shall be praises.
One of these days.
Say! Let's forgive it! Let's wipe off the slate! Find something better to cherish than hate.
There's so much good in the world that we've had. Let's strike a balance and cross off the bad.
Say! Let's forgive it, whatever it be! Let's not be slaves when we ought to be free. We shall be walking in sunshine days. One of these days.
Say! Let's not mind it! Let's smile it away! Bring not a withered rose from yesterday! Flowers are so fresh by the wayside and wood. Sorrows are blessings, but laid unperceived. Say! Let's not mind it, however it seems! Hope is so sweet and holds so many dreams. All of the sere fields with blossoms shall blaze. One of these days.
Say! Let's not take it so sorely at heart! Hates may be friendships just drifted apart; Failure be genius not quite understood. We could all help folks so much if we would.
See what his dreams are, know how he tried; Learn if our scoldings won't give way to praise. One of these days.
Say! Let's not witter! Let's branch out and rise! Out of the byways and nearer the skies; Let's spread some shade that's refreshing and deep. Where some tired traveler may lie down and sleep. Say! Let's not tarry! Let's do it right now! So much to do if we just find out how. We may not be here to help folks or praise. One of these days.
—J. W. Foley in Saturday Evening Post.

Several People Battered That Got in The Homes Damaged Stampede.

Danville, Ill., April 27.—Were injured and much property damaged today by nine elephants, peddled, just after they had been taken from the circus. A large herd, the first break for liberty ever by seven other bulls.
For several hours the large, hunted by all the circus, all the city police, more than ten homes were gutted, and the total damage probably not exceed \$100,000.
One elephant was still and a force of attendant plants spent many hours tending it.

Are You Using An Oily Liment that Contains Strong Ammonia

No doctor would think greasy, thick, ammonia can penetrate and be unable to reach the source of inflammation for general "Nerviline" is so guaranteed to cure.
Nerviline is sure to cure it is immensely stronger than any other, because it is more potent. It relieves the colic that excites pain, because it acts on the part. Not why one person in three Dominion of Canada uses good it is, because it is more potent. It relieves the colic that excites pain, because it acts on the part. Not why one person in three Dominion of Canada uses good it is, because it is more potent.
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Uncle Walt The Poet Philosopher

She is a vain and foolish lass; she stands before her looking-glass, and fusses with her pins and rats, and tries on half a dozen hats, and fixes doodads in her hair, and tints her cheeks, already BERYL'S fair. And when she's fooled three hours away, and she BOUDOIR appears, in glad array, she isn't half as nice and neat, she isn't half as sly and sweet as she appeared, four hours ago, when she was wearing calico. If she would take the time she fools away with paints and curling tools, and read some books, of prose or rhyme, she'd get some value for her time. She pads her head outside with rats, machine made hair and monster hats; and gladness might with her abide, if she would pad her head inside. For beauty is a transient thing; the hurried years are on the wing; the dazzling maiden of today will soon be haggard, worn and gray; and in life's winter, when she sits beside her lonely hearth and knits, it will not lessen her despair, to think of rats she used to wear. But if her mind is stored with gold from books the sages wrote of old, with ancient lore or modern song, the days will not seem drear and long; life's twilight will be calm and fair, and loneliness will not be there.
Copyright, 1910 by George Matthew Adams. WALT MASON.

BIG TIME IN N

Americans Vast Tr Nearly 9,000 of Spruce Taken Estimated to Have 000 Cords of Standing, But Material Can Be Rental \$55.00 and a Long Lea

Bangor, Me., April 27.—Anglo-American Development recent deal in Labrador it made public here today by members of the syndicate, the rights obtained by the Anglo-American Company from the Government. The tract covers 8,800,000 square miles, or 8,800,000 acres, with spruce, the estimated value of the timber, equal to 50,000,000 cords.

For the right to cut off the period of fifty years, the syndicate, composed of New York capitalists, Anglo-American Company, and R. H. Wing, of the first event and \$2,000,000 for each subsequent year, which has taken over just paid the first year's rent to \$5,412.

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HERD OF ELEPHANTS LEAVE TRAMP DISASTER IN

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For several hours the large, hunted by all the circus, all the city police, more than ten homes were gutted, and the total damage probably not exceed \$100,000.
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BIG TIMBER DEAL IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Americans Secure Vast Tract Nearly 9,000,000 Acres of Spruce Lands Taken Over

Estimated to Have 50,000,000 Cords of Pulpwood Standing, But No Raw Material Can Be Exported—Rental \$55,000 a Year, and a Long Lease Taken.

Bangor, Me., April 27.—Details of the Anglo-American Development Company's recent deal in Labrador timber lands were made public here today by Chas. D. Stanford and R. H. Wing, of Bangor, who are members of the syndicate that has acquired the rights obtained by the Anglo-American Company from the Newfoundland government. The tract comprises 13,883 square miles, or 8,968,000 acres, densely covered with spruce, the present stand being estimated conservatively at thirty billion feet, equal to 50,000,000 cords of pulpwood.

The right to cut over this territory for the period of fifty years, with the privilege of forty-nine years' renewal, the Anglo-American Company, organized last August at St. John's, Newfoundland, contracted to pay to the Newfoundland government a rental amounting to \$4 per square mile for the first year and \$2 per square mile for each subsequent year, and the syndicate has taken over the lease has been estimated at \$5,412.

The syndicate, composed of twenty-four New York capitalists and Messrs. Stanford and Wing of Bangor, will develop the tract as soon as surveys can be made and water power improved, the purpose being to manufacture the timber into pulp, as the export of pulpwood is prohibited. The tract acquired is about equal in extent to the state of Massachusetts, or to the entire area of Maine's timber lands, and the supply of timber thereon is practically inexhaustible.

HERD OF ELEPHANTS LEAVE TRAIL OF DISASTER IN DANVILLE

Several People Badly Injured That Got in Their Way; Ten Homes Damaged in Wild Stampede.

Danville, Ill., April 27.—Several persons were injured and much property was damaged today by a herd of elephants which stampeded, just after they had been unloaded from a car. A large bull elephant made the first break for liberty and was followed by seven other bulls and a female.

For several hours the elephants were at large, hunted by all the available forces, all the city policemen and the more venturesome citizens. The elephants stopped for nothing except brick and stone buildings. Such small frame structures as oak sheds, fences and trees as came in their path, were pushed over, trodden down, uprooted and thrown to one side.

Are You Using An Oily Liniment?

Beware of Any Thick, Greasy Liniment that Contains Acids and Strong Ammonia

Walt Philosopher

stands before her looking glass, and tries on half a dozen hats, and air, and tints her cheeks, already fooled three hours away, and she isn't half as nice and neat, and she sweet as she appeared, four hours ago. If she would take the time she uses tools, and read some books, of line for her time. She pads her face hair and monster hats; and she would pad her head inside. For tried years are on the wing; the hag, haggard, worn and gray; and she her lonely heart and knits, it of rats she used to wear. But if books the sages wrote of old, with ways will not seem drear and long; and loneliness will not be there.

TO ELBA CHURCH CONTROL

Presbyterian General Assembly Committee Would Free Queen's University

A CLOSE VOTE Stood Ten to Nine to Make Institution Under Denominational—Premier Whitney Lays Corner Stone of Gordon Hall to Be Used as Chemistry Building.

Kingston, April 27.—(Special)—After holding three sessions, the commission appointed by the Presbyterian General Assembly to consider the proposed changes in the constitution of Queen's University and the future maintenance of faculties of arts and theology, decided this afternoon, on a vote of 10 to 9 to adopt the report of the joint committee of the commission and university trustees, made at Ottawa last January.

The commission was nearly equally divided on the matter and the outcome, when the question comes before the General Assembly in June, is doubtful. The decision of the commission is in favor of the separation of Queen's from church control, removing all denominational appointments and allowing a layman to be principal. Theological Hall will be under the Presbyterian Assembly and will be known as Queen's College.

WILL CUT OFF MILK SUPPLY OF BOSTON

Producers Declare War on Contractors Which Means a Shortage of 30,000 Cans Daily.

Boston, April 27.—A declaration of war between milk producers and contractors in the so-called Boston district with the innocent consumers as the principal sufferers, was proclaimed today by the producers at the close of an enthusiastic meeting at the American House. It is expected that hostilities will begin on May 1. The fight is on the rate per can of eight and a half quarts. The producers demand three and a half cents, the rate paid during the winter, while the contractors have decided to maintain the twenty-five cent rate, which has obtained during the summer months for the past three years.

MUCH NEW BRUNSWICK PULPWOOD GOING TO PORTLAND, ME.

MONCTON ODDFELLOWS CELEBRATE NINETY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF LODGE

Moncton, April 27.—(Special)—Prince Albert Lodge, I. O. O. F., tonight celebrated, with big at home for the members and their lodge friends, the ninety-first anniversary of their order. Deputy Grand Master A. D. Smith was expected to be one of the speakers of the evening, but was unable to be present. The visiting Oddfellows taking part in the celebration were: Miss Harris Smith, president of Rebekah Assembly, St. John; Rev. B. H. Thomas, Dorchester, both of whom spoke. About 200 were present and a programme, consisting of addresses, musical selections and readings, was carried out.

THE RETURN FROM ELBA



"Softly! Softly!" —N. Y. Herald.

Is Col. Roosevelt the coming American dictator? Here is what Henry Watterson, dean of American newspaper editors, says on that extremely delicate subject: "Do we want and do we need Theodore Roosevelt back in the White House, the time-limit lifted, re-committed to give us four, eight or twenty years of the kind of administration he gave us during the seven years of his occupancy; because that, and that alone, is the meaning of the moving picture show which, begun with him killing in Africa and continued with his taming in Europe, is to culminate with a home coming to surpass that of Dewey, down the bay and along the water front and through the streets of the city of New York.

"Can any man be so foolish as to suppose that, behind all this, lies some definite scheme and purpose, backed and amply financed organization? Do men like Theodore Roosevelt put themselves to such pains for nothing but empty display? Does such a tour de force come by chance, or is it planned and prearranged far ahead by keen foresight and skillful stagecraft? Why Africa in the first place? Then, if Cairo needs must, why Rome? Why Vienna and Budapest? Why Berlin? Why Paris? Why London? And, finally, not Napoleon from Elba, but Caesar after the invasion of Gaul, why a fate, national in character, to bid the conquering hero welcome to his native land?

PAULHAN WINS LORD NORTHCLIFFE'S \$50,000 AEROPLANE CONTEST

Flies 186 Miles, from London to Manchester, With One Stop—Graham White's Machine Broke Down—Frenchman Outwitted Rival and Got a Start of Fifty Miles.

Manchester, April 27.—Paulhan reached Manchester at 5.32 a. m. and won £10,000. White broke down.

KITCHENER REGRETS HE COULDN'T VISIT CANADA

INSANE MAN AT MONCTON JUMPS THREE STORIES AND LIVES

MONTREAL WOMAN ARRESTED IN NEW YORK ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

of any Runch or Swelling of the Throat, No Matter how long it has lasted, and how sore, can be relieved with

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs, etc. 25 cents.

HEINZE IN DANGER OF MORSE'S FATE

BORDEN PLAYS ROBLIN'S GAME

Conservative Leader Seeks to Make Political Capital for Manitoba Elections

A MODEST REQUEST Asks Dominion to Give to Province All Its Lands There or Their Equivalent in Cash—Sir Wilfrid Laurier Says House Will Prorogue Next Week.

Ottawa, April 27.—There is a strong probability of a general election in Manitoba this summer and as it has been the fortune of the Conservative party since George Selkirk last to have its policy frequently dictated from within Winnipeg, it was not surprising that a considerable part of the time of the house of commons today should have been devoted to an attempt to make party capital for the men who compelled the nominal leader of the opposition to make so remarkable a volte face upon the naval policy.

The grievance which the Roblin-Rogers government sought to exploit in the commons today was in reference to the extension of the boundaries of Manitoba to the north and the east. It was brought up by Mr. Haggart, of Winnipeg, who, in motion to go into supply, moved a resolution reciting the terms of the resolution unanimously passed by the commons in 1908, providing for the extension of the provincial boundaries of Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, and asking the house to affirm the contention of Manitoba that in connection with the proposed extension of boundaries of Manitoba that provision should be given a financial allowance similar to that given Saskatchewan and Alberta, in lieu of the federal crown lands within the province, which were not turned over to the province on the date of the government, or else that these lands should be turned over to the province, as had been the case at confederation in Ontario and Quebec.

Mr. Haggart went over the whole history of the negotiations for the extension of the provincial boundaries, his speech being in the main a repetition of the memorial submitted to the federal government in 1908 to be a fair compromise and announced that the government expected to reach prorogation by the end of next week.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER

INSANE MAN AT MONCTON JUMPS THREE STORIES AND LIVES

MICHAEL BRODERICK BELONGS TO NEWFOUNDLAND AND AUTHORITIES DON'T KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH HIM.

MONTREAL WOMAN ARRESTED IN NEW YORK ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

Shiloh's Cure

Copper Magnate on Trial

Ordered His Bank to Lend 600,000 to Office Boy

Gilt Edge Collateral Withdrawn and Wildcat Securities Substituted—Prosecution Styles it "Flim-flam" Financing.

New York, April 27.—After a scathing opening address by United States District Attorney Wise, the government began in earnest today, the prosecution of its case against F. Augustus Heinze, the Montana copper man who is charged with misapplying of funds of the Mercantile National Bank, of which he was the former head, and with over-certification of the checks of Otto Heinze & Company, which he and his associates dominated in their operations, the prosecutor referred to as "flim-flam" and "bungo games," and he charged that the Mercantile Bank was reduced to the level of a gambling institution. When counsel had concluded their addresses, the government began the introduction of evidence. Important in this was a letter of August 1, 1907, "O. K. d." by the defendant, and addressed to the Mercantile National Bank, as follows: "Please deliver to bearer on collateral you are holding as securities, 100 shares United Copper, 100 shares Southern Pacific common, 100 United Copper and receive exchange 1,000 Unallocated Copper common."

The securities which the 1,000 shares of United Copper replaced had been left by Otto Heinze & Company as part security for a loan of \$150,000 on May 24, 1907. Testimony was given to show that on May 27, 1907, a loan for \$150,000 by the Mercantile National Bank was secured by 100 shares United Copper, 100 shares Southern Pacific and 300 American Iron, 300 Southern Pacific and 500 United Copper, and various loan book entries were read to show how Otto Heinze & Company are alleged to have obtained loans from the bank on standard securities, later substituting therefor, less valuable copper stocks.

An entry of August 5, 1907, was admitted after much objection by the defense. It showed that \$90,000 was loaned to a clerk in the United Copper Company of offices and in turn made payable to the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, one of the Heinze concerns. This loan, Mr. Wise sought to show, crippled the bank's legal reserve. Other entries were read showing that on August 10, 1907, Arthur P. Heinze, a brother of the defendant, borrowed \$310,000 on 1,000 shares of United Copper. Arthur Heinze was a director of the bank at the time and the loan of \$110,000 was placed to his own account, swelling it from \$2,000 to \$112,000.

CANADIAN WHO COMMANDS THE CRUISER NIOBE

INSANE MAN AT MONCTON JUMPS THREE STORIES AND LIVES

MICHAEL BRODERICK BELONGS TO NEWFOUNDLAND AND AUTHORITIES DON'T KNOW WHAT TO DO WITH HIM.

MONTREAL WOMAN ARRESTED IN NEW YORK ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

Shiloh's Cure

A Divorce Granted

After many years of patient suffering you can be divorced from corns by applying Putnam's Corn Extractor, which acts in 24 hours without pain. Refuse a substitute because "Putnam's" is the remedy that is safe and painless.

Satisfaction follows the surprise of every housewife who uses **Surprise Soap**.

You wonder how it can make the clothes so white and clean, with so little rubbing? It is just SOAP—perfectly pure with peculiar qualities for washing clothes. Try it the next wash.

Read the directions on the wrapper.



Surprise is a pure, hard soap.

PROOF OF THE CITY'S GROWTH IN TEN YEARS

Figures Which Give a Good Idea of Advancement—Several Mercantile Houses Enlarging Their Premises—An Optimistic Spirit.

Conclusive proof of the advancement being made by the city of St. John may be found in the following statements: In 1900 the business clearings increased from \$32,932,000 to \$72,608,000, an increase of over \$40,000,000. In the same period, over \$3,000,000 was expended in new buildings, many of the new structures being among the hand-somest in the city.

The value of goods exported from this port to the United States was practically double last year what it was ten years ago. In 1900 the total value was \$4,751,707, whereas in 1909 it was \$8,417,443.

The winter shipping business shows an increase of \$20,000,000 in eleven years. In the winter of 1897-98 the total shipments amounted to \$4,848,768 as compared with \$2,848,000 in the winter of 1909-10.

The value of grain shipments from this port to Great Britain has increased from \$1,791,133 in the winter of 1897-98 to \$8,345,348 last season.

Within a period of ten years the I. C. R. expended over \$2,600,000 in new terminal facilities and their traffic has shown a big increase. During the same time the C. P. R. also expended a very large amount of money to meet the growing trade here.

Business between this port and Cuba and Mexico has been developed within the past three years and now forms a very important channel of trade, especially for the produce shippers and fish dealers. Over 300,000 bushels of potatoes were shipped during the present season as well as large quantities of hay, oats, fish, etc.

The customs receipts for the fiscal year ending March 31, showed an increase of \$70,000 over the previous year. The R. expended over \$2,600,000 in new terminal facilities and their traffic has shown a big increase. During the same time the C. P. R. also expended a very large amount of money to meet the growing trade here.

CANADIANS MAY BUILD TROLLEY LINE IN BERMUDA

Rev. Dr. Heartz, Who Returned Yesterday, Says Matter Causing Much Interest There—The Harbors Being Choked by Coral Reefs.

Rev. (Dr.) W. H. Heartz, missionary superintendent of the Methodist conference of Nova Scotia and president of the same body, reached the city yesterday from Bermuda by the steamer Dahome. For the past four weeks Rev. Dr. Heartz has been doing emergency service in the islands, called for by the death of Rev. Wm. Purvis, late pastor of the St. George's church. His daughter, Mrs. Campbell, accompanied Dr. Heartz. They will leave today for their home in Amherst.

Speaking to the Telegraph of affairs in Bermuda, Dr. Heartz said that the plans of a Canadian company to build a trolley line there at present furnishing both the chief business before the legislature and the chief topic of general conversation. The concern seeks the right to produce power and operate an electric line between Hamilton and St. George, the two leading towns of the islands. The privileges asked by the Canadians have provoked an active discussion in the house of assembly. As Bermuda has not had a railway line of any kind before, the move is one of importance there.

Bermuda is troubled, too, over the threatened choking up of its harbor by the work of the coral insects which built the islands. The growth of the bars has made the entrance to the harbors highly intricate and dangerous to vessels. On the advice of Mr. Bazley, of Halifax, the government decided to dredge the harbors out, but the dredge which they engaged was lost after starting from the Cape of Good Hope.

FRESHET STOPS STREAM DRIVING ON NORTH SHORE

Chatham, April 26.—The lumbermen of the town and along the river are growing anxious in regard to their log drives. Their anxiety is due to the fact that there may be too great a freshet. It was learned by telephone this morning that in several cases on both the Southwest and Northwest branches crews of stream drivers have been obliged to cease work until the water falls to prevent their logs from scattering. The water is still rising, the flatlands and intervals are flooded and the logs at some points are being floated far back on the marshes and into the woods. In some cases the logs have floated to places where it will be impossible to get a horse in to "twich" them out.

The work of sorting of the logs at the Northwest and Southwest booms will not be commenced for a week or ten days; the current is now so strong that it is impossible for the men to work. The Northwest meadows are under water.

The drives from Cain's River and the Sabbies River were in Southwest boom on Friday. On that day there were 12-15,000 feet of logs in the booms. The freshet is now considerably higher than that of 1909.

Although there have been statements published to the effect that the Miramichi cut of saw logs is larger than usual, it is stated by local lumbermen that such is not the case. While the cut of pulpwood is a heavy one, the total quantity of deal logs gotten out at the head of the Miramichi and along its banks is somewhat smaller than that of last year.

The sawing season at local mills, at Nelson, Loggieville, Newcastle has already begun. The mills now running include those of the Miramichi Lumber Company, Geo. Burchill & Sons at Nelson, Sheriff O'Brien at Nelson, J. B. Snowball Company's at Chatham, D. & J. Ritchie's at Newcastle, Damerly & McDonald's at Loggieville and Munro's shingle mill at Ferryville.

The Miramichi Lumber Company's two roasting mills will start early in May. The J. B. Snowball mill will start the "Lyman" mill during the first week in May, the Rosebank Lumber mill will begin the season's sawing operations during the present week. William A. Fitchson will start his mill at Newcastle about the 2nd of May and the Edward Sinclair Lumber Company's mill at Bridgetown will get under way as soon as the repairs are completed or in about three weeks.

DAYLIGHT SAVING SCHEME ADOPTED IN OTTAWA PLANT

Employes of American Bank Note Company, 300 in Number, Given Permission to Try Experiment.

(Ottawa Journal.)

"There is no climate in the world equal to that of Ottawa, and the more we get of it the better."

For this reason Mr. J. A. Machado, of the American Bank Note Company will put the daylight scheme into practice for his employes on May the first. Three hundred employes are affected by the new rule; indeed, it was due to the action of several employes that the scheme is being tried in several cases on both the Southwest and Northwest branches crews of stream drivers have been obliged to cease work until the water falls to prevent their logs from scattering. The water is still rising, the flatlands and intervals are flooded and the logs at some points are being floated far back on the marshes and into the woods. In some cases the logs have floated to places where it will be impossible to get a horse in to "twich" them out.

The work of sorting of the logs at the Northwest and Southwest booms will not be commenced for a week or ten days; the current is now so strong that it is impossible for the men to work. The Northwest meadows are under water.

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Conservatives Up to the Time They Went Out of Power Gave Them 32,000,000 Acres, But Laurier Government Reversed This Policy.

Ottawa, April 26.—The department of the interior is now issuing the eighth edition of what is known as the Homestead map. It contains complete information relative to almost every subject touching the settlement and disposition of government lands in the west.

The early issue of these maps showed only the conditions of settlement on the numbered sections, but duplicates were issued showing the disposition of the odd numbered sections. The reason for this was that the government of that day decided in 1881 upon the policy of reserving all the lands they were entitled to and a map could be made showing the amount of land the railroads had earned, about 32,000,000 acres in all.

The policy of the reservation of lands in aid of railroads was the policy of the Conservative government, and was undertaken in 1881 and continued until that government went out of power in 1896. The policy inaugurated by the Liberal government was that all agricultural lands should be open to settlement, and that the railroads should be granted as fast as railroad companies defaulted in the earning of land grants, their rights were cancelled. A map prepared by the department in 1896, but not published, showed the odd numbered sections reserved to the provinces divided up among the various railway enterprises. The first complete odd numbered section map issued in November, 1897, showed the land earned by the railroads as finally selected and shown by comparison with the old maps the direct gain accruing to the people for free homesteading by the change of government in 1896; a gain of somewhere between 20,000,000 and 25,000,000 acres of land.

A remarkable fact to be gleaned from the maps of odd and even numbered sections, issued in 1907, is that the amount of land granted to railroads by the Conservative government from 1881 to 1896, and earned by the railroads up to 1907, was equal to the area of all the lands that had been disposed of as homesteads from 1870 to 1907. In fifteen years the Conservative government gave to railroads land equal in area to the homesteads given by the Liberal government in twenty-five years; both governments were able to give away as homesteads only about the same amount.

The land act, which came into force on September 1, 1908, was the final decision of the Liberal policy with regard to land administration. The railroad companies having received all the land they were entitled to, from that date both the odd and even numbered sections remaining to be made available for homesteading. Consequently a map of the prairie provinces, showing the progress of settlement since that time, must show both the odd and even numbered sections. The map just issued brings the condition of settlement on both odd and even numbered sections up to Jan. 1, 1910. It is one of the most comprehensive and useful maps ever issued in any country by any government.

A land act of 1908 was that, with regard to a certain section of the country, wherein there was still a large amount of public land, but which had not up to that time been attractive to railways looking for grants or homesteads after farms, provision was made for the granting of purchased homesteads and pre-emption rights; that is, a man who had already earned a homestead and by the general law was debarred from securing another, was allowed to take another within this area upon the same terms of settlement as before, but was required to pay the fixed price of \$3 per acre, while the man who had never had a homestead, if he took one in this area, was allowed to take an adjoining quarter section as a pre-emption. In his case, by doubling on a homestead, and by paying \$480, he was able to get 320 acres of land, whereas in other parts of the country he got less.

The new map shows how attractive this concession has been, and how it has induced settlement in a part of the country which had not previously attracted either settlement or railways. The map shows the alienated agricultural lands in fire colors, and shows that settlement is spreading in all directions from the area now occupied. At the same time it shows the marvelous uniformity and great desirability of the land throughout the whole vast surveyed area of the west.

The figures relating to settlement for the eighteen months that the modern policy of the present government has been in force, as compared with the figures of a quarter of a century preceding 1897, show a striking contrast between the results obtained under Liberal administration and those accruing from the former policy of the Conservative government. In a year and a half under the new Land Act, as from September 1, 1908, to February 28, 1910, there were taken in round figures, 33,000 separate homesteads, 29,000 homesteads with pre-emptions, and 2,000 purchased homesteads, a total of 64,000 separate homesteads, as compared with 70,000 similar contracts, the total number of homestead entries made during the twenty-four years from 1874 to 1897 inclusive. Or in other words, to the present government under the new policy, is effecting about the same amount of settlement in one month as was accomplished in a year by the Conservative government.

The extraordinary rapidity with which settlement has been carried on since September 1, 1908, may be fairly considered as manifesting the wisdom of the government in opening the odd numbered sections to settlement, and in enhancing the inducement to settle by the granting of pre-emptions and purchased homesteads in the central southern area.

WILLIAM FINCH, OF SYDNEY, KILLED

Assistant Manager of Dominion Tar and Chemical Co. Crushed Between Two Cars

Sydney, N. S., April 27.—While superintending the loading of material at the plant of the Dominion Tar & Chemical Company here this evening, William Finch, assistant manager of the company, was instantly killed by being crushed between two cars.

The assistant manager was in the yard and had stepped upon the rear end of a car and failing to notice another car which was being shunted towards him, was caught between them before he had time to get out of the way. When assistance reached the spot he was found bruised and bleeding on the rails and had apparently been instantly killed.

He was about twenty-eight years of age and leaves a young wife and one child. He was a native of London (Eng.), and has been connected with the company for several years. Besides having charge of the works he was the chief chemist of the company and a most efficient and popular official.

GLoucester FISHERMAN WRECKED NEAR CANSO

Canso, N. S., April 27.—(Special)—While approaching this harbor this afternoon in a dense fog, the Gloucester fishing schooner Niagara, Captain Kilpatrick, struck on a shoal southeast of Cranberry Island light and will probably be a total wreck, owing to the heavy sea beating on her.

Capt. Kilpatrick and his crew took to their dories and reached Canso about 6 o'clock.

PREMIER MURRAY LIKELY TO LOSE A LEG

Operation for Blocking of Artery Not Successful and Amputation Is Probable.

Halifax, N. S., April 26.—Hon. George H. Murray, premier of Nova Scotia, is seriously ill. He was removed to the Victoria General Hospital today for an operation, which was performed this afternoon, and rendered necessary by a blocking of the artery in the left leg. The limb had become very much swollen and Hon. Mr. Murray could not move it.

The operation consisted of a slight incision to relieve the swelling. It afforded some ease but the surgeons report tonight that the condition of the leg gives but slight hope of their being able to save the limb, which will likely have to be amputated below the knee. They will know definitely tomorrow.

The blocking of the artery was first observed on Sunday night. Hon. Mr. Murray had been ill for two weeks previously with grip.

QUEBEC MAN WHIRLED TO DEATH IN MILL NEAR CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, N. B., April 27.—(Special)—Last evening Adolphe Normand of I. T. I. near Quebec was killed at Gunmond & Co's mill about seventeen miles from Campbellton on the International Railway. Normand, after the work of the day was done, was doing some repair work about the driving belts. The engine was running slowly and he was putting on a large leather belt, when he was caught and carried around the shaft, being instantly killed.

A fellow workman named Couillard was injured in trying to release Normand but was not very seriously hurt. Word was sent by telephone and a special train with Dr. Pinault on board went to the scene of the accident. The body was taken to the young man's home.

"I understand your wife started to clean house."

"Yes, I stumbled on to that fact last night."—Detroit Free Press.

The dark, heavy, black liquor that some teas show when infused, is caused through their broken and dusty character—

TEAS AT 27

Teas are whole, unbroken leaf teas of hill-grown pickings, and delicious in the cup. Sealed lead packets only.—Never sold in bulk.

THIS PAINT

is made for you. It will pay you to see about it. It has been made in Canada for nearly twenty years with the greatest skill. It is known as

RAMSAYS PAINTS

and it means gain to you when you use it. Remember that you get the high standing durability, test and beauty of tone that you can't get in other paints, and the price is always reasonable—in fact, possible to be in the low grade, but never too high. We issue a lovely Booklet on house painting. Do you want it? Write for Booklet A D. We mail it free.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO.,
THE PAINT MAKERS, Montreal, Est'd. 1842.

BUILDING UP A HERD

The building up of a dairy herd requires as much care as the construction of a masonry arch. The dominion department of agriculture has just issued a circular headed: "Seven Stones in Herd Building." The stones are as follows:

1. Milking Clean—To obtain all that a cow can give, and to prevent early drying off.
2. Use of Pure-Bred Sire—From strain of large producers, to acquire good qualities and perpetuate dairy tendencies. Of what value is a "scrub" sire?
3. Regular and Careful Feeding—As to time, quantity and quality; adjusting the grain ration to the production of milk and butterfat; to get the utmost value for the foodstuff grown or purchased.
4. Providing Succulent Feed—As roots, ensilage and soiling crops, to sustain and prolong the flow of milk.
5. Culling Out Poor Cows—No one wants them either to feed or breed from. Beaf them.
6. Good Care—Including kind treatment, and everything conducive to comfort, cleanliness and health so as to give the cow an opportunity to work to the best advantage. Better methods, not necessarily more outlay of cash.
7. Keeping Records—All the foregoing naturally hinges on records; a knowledge of each cow's performance and capacity is the prime necessity for increasing profitable production; a mere destroy it and the stray and gives no basis on which to work intelligently; guess work is not business like, but a careful record supplies information of the utmost value at every turn.

The dominion government will supply record forms free and dairymen in New Brunswick should give record keeping a trial.

FAIL TO BREAK GLOVER'S WILL

Widow of Murdered Laundryman Gets His Estate—Proof of Undue Influence Not Sufficient, Finds Judge.

Boston, April 24.—Judge McIntire, in his finding yesterday in the Middlesex probate court at East Cambridge, has decided that the will of Clarence F. Glover was properly executed and that his wife, Lillian M. Glover, did not exert any undue influence upon her husband before or at the time the instrument was drawn.

The judge's finding covers ten typewritten pages and the sense of it is as follows:

"I find that Clarence F. Glover, at the time his will was made, was of sound mind and memory and that the will was legally executed. I am obliged to find that the instrument presented for probate was procured under the improper and undue influence of Lillian M. Glover; further that it is the last will and testament of Clarence F. Glover; and a decree will be made accordingly."

"The sole issue is upon the question of improper and undue influence, alleged to have been exercised by Lillian Glover, wife of Clarence F. Glover, by means of threats of bodily harm. It is set forth that Lillian Glover conceived a plot, which involved compelling Clarence F. Glover to make this instrument; and after its execution, the taking of his life in order that the estate might come into her immediate possession. It has been claimed by the contestants that this undue influence was exerted constantly over a period of at least two years.

"Much of the evidence submitted would seem at first to be irrelevant at the trial

When "Work" Becomes "Labor"

There's Something Wrong. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills Will Right It.

When it seems as if you simply could not bear up any longer it is high time to look for the cause of the trouble—and the remedy.

In an astonishingly large number of cases the real cause of woman's misery is found to be constipation, and the remedy that always cures is Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Thousands of Women feel just like this.

Neglect of the daily movement of the bowels, so necessary to health, soon poisons the whole system from the impurities retained in the body. Headaches, indigestion, biliousness and lassitude follow, and often more serious female disorders are brought on or aggravated.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only regulate the bowels, but they stimulate kidneys and skin as well to throw off waste matter and purify the blood. The result is quickly apparent in the disappearance of the headaches and biliousness, and the return of health and vigor. Thousands of women all over the world owe their present good health to Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Made by W. H. Comstock Co., Ltd., Brockville, Ont., and sold by all dealers at 25c a box.

NORTH SHORE LUMBER DRIVES PRACTICALLY OUT

Chatham, N. B. April 27.—(Special)—With all the logs out on Bay du Vin, Nappan Black River, Baribouge, Tabusintac, and the Quebec waters and the logs in the northwest branch of the Miramichi running into the booms at the rate of 7,000,000 feet daily the driving season is coming to an end, with a new record for almost complete clean out and quick drive.

On the Bay du Vin drives, three large drives totalling 10,000,000 feet were brought down in thirteen days and only a small quantity of hardwood remains to be brought down. The upper drives are always later but yesterday the first lot of rafted logs passed down the river to Loggieville in tow of A. & R. Loggie's tug Mary Odell.

Snowball's mill started on Monday, A. & R. Loggie's has been running since April 4. O'Brien's and Burchill's at Nelson have been running for some days and others are due to start early in May. The lumber season promises to be a good one so far as the workmen are concerned and owners were saved thousands of dollars by the exceptional stream driving conditions.

Fredericton, N. B., April 27.—(Special)—The water in the river here fell about three inches during the night. There is very good run of logs today at the booms. Spruce bark logs are still bringing \$14 a thousand which is considered a most satisfactory price.

STOPS A COUGH IN ONE NIGHT

The Story of Sufferers from Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh Proves the Value of Catarrh-Zone.

As cough may be Catarrhal with a dry tickling in the throat to be relieved by partial stoppage of the nostrils and shortage of breath. Often there is a gagging in the throat, and every cough tears and hurts.

Coughs are a hundred different causes, yours may be due to any of the following:

Asthma	Inflamed Throat
Exposure	Bronchitis
Enlarged Tonsils	Pneumonia
Inflammation	Croup
Stomach Disorders	Pleurisy

The one remedy upon which physicians are relying today is Catarrh-Zone. It removes the cause of the cough, doesn't smother it. Catarrh-Zone is a soothing, healing, and strikes the cause and the conditions that cause the cough.

Catarrh-Zone is infinitely superior to cough medicines, tablets, sprays and emulsions, which for the most part are of no practical value except to ease the cough for the time being. Often liquid cough remedies contain opium, morphine and cocaine. With Catarrh-Zone you take no drugs—you employ Nature's way—just in the form of Catarrh-Zone's soothing, healing vapor and relief are cured follow promptly.

It's simply wonderful to think how quickly a bad throat or catarrh can be cured with Catarrh-Zone. Its rich balsamic vapor is carried along with the breath to the innermost recesses of the lungs, bronchial tubes and chest, making it impossible for the germ of any disease to live. This soreness in the chest is at once alleviated—phlegm is loosened and ejected from the throat, old standing coughs are removed.

REMEMBER THIS, you breathe Catarrh-Zone and it will cure any Winter Cough. Large size, guaranteed, costs \$1.00, and lasts two months; smaller sizes, 25c, and 50c. Beware of imitations and insist on "CATARRH-ZONE" only. By mail from the Catarrh-Zone Co., Kingston, Ont.

RUTH WHEELER'S SLAYER SENTENCED TO DIE JUNE 6

New York, April 27.—Albert W. Wolter, convicted of the murder of little Ruth Wheeler, was sentenced today by Judge Foster to die in the electric chair in Sing Sing during the week beginning June 6. Wolter displayed a languid interest in the proceedings.

Maritime Wire Fence Stands the Strain

of unexpected accidents, without a finch. It holds under the most trying conditions. Maritime Wire Fence makes good because Maritime material is first quality, and Maritime workmen excel in their calling.

All Maritime Fence is made from extra heavy smooth No. 9 wire, so thoroughly galvanized that it won't peel. The Maritime lock holds the joints so rigidly that they can't give or pull out of shape. Maritime Fence is rust-proof, accident-proof, and as near wear-proof as man can make it.

8 Maritime Fence is your kind of fence—

made as you would make it yourself—if you could. Maritime Fence is true economy for you. It is made and sold upon honor. Costs no more than inferior fence. Send now for our free fence booklet. Tells you everything you want to know about fences. Write while you are thinking of it. It will pay you,—pay you well.

New Brunswick Wire Fence Co., Limited
Moncton New Brunswick



WANTED

TO RENT—For the summer, 8 rooms, St. J. For terms, etc., apply to J. H. Ineson, Fredericton.

WANTED—A housemaid. Apply by David Robertson, Rothesay.

WANTED—Salesman: permanent; big earnings; no experience; 10 vacancies. Brox., Ltd., Montreal.

WANTED—Salesman, to work in every hour, also a commission given on orders which we receive. This alone will add to a good annual income. "B.C." care The Telegraph.

WANTED—Girl for general washing. Apply, No. 1 Mount Pleasant ave.

WANTED by 11th May, say for summer months, general girl, experienced general girl, E. G. King, Apply Mrs. T. E. G. Queen square, St. John (N.S.).

POETRAIT AGENTS—able men we start in our own and give credit. Met. Co., Ltd., Toronto.

WANTED—Second or third school District No. 1, Chipman, Queens County, salary, to David Rae, Sec. to begin April 1st.

WANTED—A teacher to school at one in St. 5, Drummond, Victoria, stating salary, to Lyman county P. O., N. B.

WANTED—Second or third teacher, for district No. 1 Station, Queens county, salary, to N. H. Johnston.

WANTED—Intelligent clerks; \$2.00 a day and commission. The John C. W. 212, 290 Wellington street.

SMART WOMAN wanted dairy and house work, wages wanted, to Mrs. E. Vale, Rothesay.

WANTED—Reliable and to sell for Canada's G. Largest list of Hardware, all recommended by the ment of Agriculture. Apply season now starting. Libby Wellington, Toronto, Ont.

MEN WANTED in 200 per day expenses advertising posting up showcards in places and generally Steady work to right men. Write for part. Remedy C., London, Ont.

WANTED—Saleslady, to needed article to chance for bright young lady; salary, good commission given on all rep. which we receive from the alone will amount in time monthly income. Apply, Box 27, Wellington, Toronto.

Ambitious young large Insurance Agents. Experience sary. Men of character and push can make and position. A country districts of right parties. Add "AGENT," P. O. John, N. B.

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE—One land grant, 300 acres, house and barn and out about twenty acres, fruit about three-quarters of an acre, three miles from Westport, N. B. Apply to John E. Spaight, Westport.

FOR SALE—Farm over 100 acres, with outbuildings, land Bay G. Kennedy, 207 Campbell, Sackville, N. B.

Greatest Land O' BRITISH COL

COME to the famous and secure a home in ley on the American coast, most even and healthy. Soil especially growing of fruits, berries, dairying and all general. The world-famous district in the whole Okanagan area. Positively the best. Terms of purchase, acreage; small holdings, acres to 20,000 acres \$50 tracts. Reasonable rates. Special inducements to companies and men of capital. Reliable, conservative investors exchanged for improved property of high commerce. Curtis Hitchner, Westport, C. Canada.

FARMS FOR SALE

Charles Crothers' Walker Settlement, Cardigan out of repair. 2000 acres, 8 miles from Sackville. McLaughlin farm, 1000 south of the above; built Williams farm, 150 acre Settlement, Brownville, Road. Land excellent; account. 833-41-aw JAM

WM. L. WILLIAMS, A. Finn, Wholesale and Spirit Merchant, 110 and Street. Established 1870. By price list.

BANK Shares bought and can Securities Co., Bldg., Toronto.

ARE YOU UNEMPLOYED? Money-making Time is free. A. Malone, 93 Toronto.

Feel Young Forever

Let Me Put Life into Your Blood, Nerve in Your Body—
Follow Me to Health and Manhood—I Can
Show You What Others Have Done
to Change Debility, Weakness and
Despondency into Health,
Strength, Vigor



Vitality is the measure of the man in this day of big deeds and monster achievements. He who has great vital strength cannot grow old. Years count for nothing if you have the vitality in your blood and nerves. My Health Belt with suspensory attachment is the FOUNTAIN OF PERPETUAL YOUTH. It pours quantities of electro-vital force into your weakened system. It works quietly, mildly, continually after hour while you are sleeping. It is your opportunity, as it has been the opportunity of tens of thousands before you; it supplies you with that vitality upon which health and courage depend. It is a power and strength-giver of the highest order. No drugs, nothing to take internally, no hardships of any kind. Simply use the Health Belt until you are restored to vigor. It never ceases until you have as much courage and self-reliance as the biggest, fullest blooded man you know. Your eyes will have the sparkle of full health, you will have the vigor of a strong, healthy man. Ernest J. King, 99 Laurier ave., Sherbrooke, Que., writes:—"Thanks to the use of your Health Belt I am young again. It restored me after all else failed. Use my testimonial as you see fit." This is but one of thousands. Get the free books and read of others.

Special rheumatism attachments to my Health Belt carry the Electro-Vitality to any part of the body; the neck, back, arms, legs, feet. It finds and drives away all pains and aches; it has often completely cured weak back in one night so that it never returned again. It is a wonder remedy for chronic ailments of the nerves, blood and muscles.

FREE UNTIL CURED

Call or write to me and I will at once arrange to let you have the Belt on trial, not to be paid for until cured. No deposit or advance payment. Send it back if it doesn't do the work. Liberal discount for cash if you prefer to deal that way.

THESE BOOKS SENT FREE

Let me send you these books. They contain much valuable Health information, are fully illustrated, describe my Health Belt. Fill in coupon and send your name and address on a postal card, if possible call at office and see Belt. Office hours: 9 to 6; Saturday, until 9 p. m.

DR. E. F. SANDEN CO.,
140 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.
Dear Sirs—Please forward me your book, as advertised.
NAME



LOCAL NEWS

Kent County Court.
Richibouctou, April 27.—The Kent county court opened yesterday, Judge Forbes presiding.

The following were sworn in as grand jurors: Alex. B. Carson, Robert Phinney, R. O'Leary, D. I. Mundle, Alex. J. Girvan, John McMillan, John McInerney, Edward McInerney, F. Hannan, A. T. LeBlanc, Zacharie Legier, Fred MacDougal, Roderick McDonald, Fred Ferguson, Hilair Babineau, Joseph F. Richard, Thadde Johnson, Robert Beers, James L. Hutchinson, Frank Curran, M. Ferguson, Alexander Haines, Joseph T. LeBlanc, A. T. Hatcher, John McInerney was elected foreman.

The petit jurors were: Cavan Murray, A. E. O'Leary, W. H. Warman, Alexander J. Curran, Wilfred Richard, Andrew Ferguson, John Morton, Dominique F. Robichaud, Joseph M. Daigle, Adam Coates, Joseph B. Miller, Henry Behe, Sylvain Barreau, Robert Gallant, Cyril B. Legier, James M. Richard, George Jardine, John Oulton, Adolphe Barreau, Fred Davids.

In the case of Peter C. Cormier vs. William Leet, W. D. Carter, K. C., on behalf of the defendant, moved for postponement of trial until the July term of court, on account of it being impossible to locate defendant's witnesses. H. H. James opposed. The motion was granted.

Angus Fraser vs. Richard O'Leary, an action by plaintiff, master of the schooner Maple Leaf, for freight on cargo of clams from Charlottetown to Point du Chene, defendant claimed as offset, damage to clams through delay on voyage, also claiming he should recover a balance from plaintiff. W. D. Carter, K. C., and Geo. A. Hutchinson appeared for the plaintiff and H. H. James for the defendant. The jury, after an hour's deliberation, returned a verdict for plaintiff.

The court adjourned last night at 10 o'clock.

That's Quality-Insurance

You can be sure of getting all the hat-value you pay for when the maker's name stands for money-back-if-you-say-so. That kind of quality insurance is in every hat with that trademark—look for it.

That brand is style insurance, too—it certifies to up-to-date modishness, correct, seemly COMFORT for your head—looks—wear—money's worth—these make it worth while finding the right hatter. He sells WAFER-LITE HATS

A. A. ALLAN & CO., Limited, TORONTO
Wholesale Distributors

Ground was broken yesterday for the new post office in Fairville. It will be just above the present structure, on the opposite side of the street. David H. Waterbury, agent for the department of public works, Ottawa, was present to direct the operations.

Walter H. Belding arrived from Toronto yesterday, and goes today to Parrsboro, N. S., to assume the position of manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia branch in that town. Before leaving Toronto, he was presented by the choir of the church in which he has been choir-master with a gold headed cane, and a very pretty conductor's baton.

M. Ritchey Tuttle, principal of the Florenceville Consolidated school, is the winner of one of the five gold medals offered by the International Bible Study Club. Short weekly papers based on Sunday school lessons were sent in, these based on questions published in the Montreal Witness and other newspapers. Two of the gold medals came to New Brunswick.

William McGraw, a former resident of Carleton, who was injured by a slip on a deck falling on him while working on a schooner at St. Martins on Tuesday afternoon, was alive but unconscious last night, and little hopes were held for his recovery by the physicians attending him. McGraw was working on board the schooner Effie Maud when a sling of deals fell, one of them striking him on the head, fracturing his skull. As far as is known he has no near relatives.

The following changes among the Baptist ministers of the province are pending: Rev. I. B. Colwell, of North Rivers, Westmorland county, will leave his charge; Rev. C. J. Pincombe will close his ministry at Norton May 31; Rev. G. W. Schurman, of Middleton (N. S.), has accepted a call to Campbellton and will begin work there the latter part of May; Rev. S. J. Cann, who has been taking a theological course in New England, has been called to Sackville, and has accepted; Rev. Geo. B. McDonald, of Danforth (Me.), has accepted a call to Andover and will begin his ministry also in May.

EXHIBITION PRIZE LISTS ARE READY

The announcement that prize-lists for the Dominion Exhibition, to be held in St. John, September 5th to 15th next, is off The Telegraph press, will be received with much interest by the people of Eastern Canada, and the large number in outlying districts of the Dominion who intend exhibiting at this national exposition. The lists are ready for mailing and the exhibition office staff is at work filling requests by earliest mail. Thousands will be distributed in this direct way and those who desire a copy for exhibition purposes will be furnished forthwith upon application to Manager H. J. P. Good, Box 411, St. John, or Secretary H. A. Porter, at the same address. The prize-list contains information upon the following departments: Horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, dairying, agriculture, horticulture, apiary work, natural history, fine arts, women's work, railway connections, etc.

"Do you mean to say that you married for money?"
"In a way, I did. I got married because I couldn't afford to stay engaged any longer."—Cleveland Leader.

OBITUARY

Mrs. James Maguire.
Woodstock, N. B., April 26 (Special).—Mrs. James Maguire, of Kirkland, passed away last evening after a lingering illness from dropsy. She was 56 years of age and is survived by husband and six children: Mrs. James Snow, of Kirkland; Mrs. Lottie Lewis, of Kirkland; Mrs. Frederick; Mrs. Murray Eata-brooks, of Hogdon; Charles and Martha, at home. Two brothers and four sisters also survive.

Walter A. Hay.
Woodstock, N. B., April 26 (Special).—Walter A. Hay, of McKenzie's Corner, died at his home last night of pneumonia. He took ill last Wednesday. He was 78 years of age. Deceased was born at Grand Lake, Queens county, but came to Richmond Corner when an infant and has resided here since. He was a steam mason by trade but finally took a farm at Richmond and was county councillor for that parish when the present record office was being built. He is survived by a widow, one son and two daughters—Councillor John M. Hay, of Debec; Mrs. Alfred LePage, of Boston; Mrs. Alex. Matheson, of Kincairdine.

Joseph Blynn.
Digby, April 26.—The body arrived here today of the late Joseph Blynn, who died in Haverhill (Mass.), aged 63 years, after illness of several days. He was a native of the deceased was a widower, a native of Groves Coques, and is survived by four sons and three daughters.

Mrs. Sydney Foster.
Annapolis, N. S., April 26 (Special).—The death of Mrs. Sydney Foster occurred this morning at her residence near Bridge-town after a protracted illness from heart trouble, aged fifty-two years. A husband, two daughters and two sons survive. One of the sons is in a bank in Saskatchewan. The deceased was a daughter of the late Silas Bishop, of this town, and highly respected. A mother and sister also survive.

Mrs. W. Young.
Annapolis, N. S., April 26 (Special).—A telegram was received here yesterday conveying the sad intelligence of the sudden death of Mrs. Young, of Grandville. The deceased had been suffering from heart trouble for some time, and died several days before her death was announced. Mrs. Young was the widow of Captain W. Young, of Grandville, who died several years ago, and the mother of Mrs. Walter Mills, of this town.

Hazen Nicholson.
Woodstock, April 26.—Hazen Nicholson, of Kirkland, aged fourteen years, died in the hospital this morning from appendicitis. He was the son of John Nicholson. He had been sick a week.

Leonard Cummings.
Woodstock, N. B., April 26 (Special).—Leonard Cummings, who came here from Meductic about ten years ago and engaged as truckman, died yesterday aged fifty-five years. He is survived by his wife, one son, Burns, and one daughter, Mrs. T. J. Collins, both of Woodstock.

Walter W. Harney.
Walter Willis Harney, son of Michael Harney, proprietor of the Vendue Hotel, died this morning about 2 o'clock, aged thirty-three years. Deceased had been in failing health for the past year and had been confined to the house for six months. Deceased was widely known and popular. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Harney, four brothers and two sisters. The brothers' names are: Bliss and Percy, in this city, and Steven and William in the States. Mrs. J. B. Babin, of 138 Duke street, and Miss Adele, at home, are the sisters.

Ambrose Haley.
Woodstock, N. B., April 27 (Special).—Ambrose Haley, of Lower Wakefield, died yesterday aged sixty-five years.

C. L. Tiley.
Woodstock, N. B., April 27 (Special).—C. L. Tiley died of cancer of the stomach last night at the age of seventy-three. He is survived by his wife and the following children:—Frank of Woodstock, Mrs. Tiley Brewer of Fredericton, Mrs. Charles Palmer of Fredericton, and Mrs. George Burpee of Avondale. He was a constant member of the Baptist church. He had held responsible positions in this town and county, only a few months ago being appointed caretaker of county buildings.

Eldon Eugenie Reid.
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Medley Reid, of Salt Springs, sympathize with them in the death of their only son, Eldon Eugenie, which occurred Saturday the 23rd. The little one was two weeks old.

Dr. Herbert A. Palmer.
Scottstown, Queens county, N. B.—Herbert A. Palmer, M. D., suddenly died from time into eternity on Friday, April 22. He was just recovering from an attack of grippe when called out to see a patient, pneumonia developed and his useful life closed.

The loss of Dr. Palmer will be severely felt in Scottstown and vicinity, where for many years he kindly and skilfully ministered to the people. He was forty-eight years of age and a graduate of Bellevue Medical College, New York. His father, the late James Palmer, died two years ago. He was also a nephew of the late Sheriff Palmer. He leaves two brothers—John and Marshall, and one sister—Miss Helen, at home, who are prostrated by their great bereavement.

Mrs. Sarah Wall.
The death occurred at Bayfield, Westmorland, Thursday, of Miss Sarah Wall.

Let The Children Help You On Wash-Day

They can easily wash all the clothes in the cleanest and most satisfactory way. A tubful washed—sweet and clean—without a single drop of soap, and scarcely an effort.

Let us tell you more about this time-saving labor-saving washing machine. Write for free literature.

QUINCY-DOWSWELL Limited, Montreal, Que.

An old and respected resident of Bayfield, in the 70th year of her age, Miss Wall was a very prominent worker in Methodist circles in Westmorland county, and made many friends who will regret to hear of her death. She was only sick a short time, having contracted a cold which turned into pneumonia. She is survived by four brothers, Matthew, of Bayfield, Gilbert, of St. Stephen; Richard, of Stonehaven (Mass.), and Edward, of Medford (Mass.). Also two sisters, Mrs. Treen and Mrs. Lane, both of Bayfield.

Mrs. Louisa Mackay.
The death took place at her home, 125 Duke street, Thursday, of Mrs. Louisa Mackay, widow of Capt. Henry Neckham Mackay, and mother of W. H. C. Mackay, C. P. R. ticket agent here. Although well advanced in years, Mrs. Mackay died suddenly. She was a very popular woman, two daughters, Mrs. Florence, at home, and Miss Louise, in New York. The latter has been communicated with and arrangements for the funeral will not be made until she is heard from. Captain Mackay was lost in sea about four years ago. Mrs. Mackay's many friends will be sorry to hear of her death.

Miss Edith MacArthur.
The death occurred on Wednesday, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William MacArthur, 138 King street, West End, of Miss Edith A. MacArthur. She was 33 years of age and was very popular. Besides her parents she leaves five sisters, Misses Mary and Gladys, at home; Mrs. W. P. Brown, of Portland (Me.), and Mrs. R. Currie, of Eastport. Two brothers, William, at home, and Wallace, of Manchester (N. H.), also survive. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Capt. George D. Wilson.
Hopewell Hill, April 26 (Special).—Captain George D. Wilson, of Hopewell Cape, died at his home here today, after a short illness of pneumonia, his death occasioning profound regret among a wide circle of friends at the shiretown and throughout the country. Captain Wilson had been sailing a packet for some years, and was in the vessel loaded with plaster for St. John when he contracted a severe cold, dangerous symptoms soon developing. The deceased was a man of quiet disposition and possessed many estimable qualities, which won for him the respect of all his acquaintances. He leaves his widow, who is a daughter of George Bishop, of Hopewell Cape, and a large family. Of the latter two daughters, Misses Mary and Nellie, reside in St. John; one son, Percy, is in the west, and another son, Edward, is employed with C. M. Tye, merchant at the Cape. The deceased had been a wharfinger at the shiretown for a number of years.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

G. T. P. TERMINAL AT ST. JOHN ASSURED
(Continued from page 1.)
This very session admitted that he knew better.

Dealing with Mr. Lennox's figures, the minister showed that in one item alone, that of \$104,000,000, he had made an error of at least \$16,000,000. By his method any man could argue himself into affluence or penury if he had a stout enough pencil.

As to the Quebec bridge it should not be counted in as part of the Transcontinental. It had been planned long before the Transcontinental and would have been built if the Transcontinental had never been born.

Mr. Lennox's figures as to the interest charges were shown to be fallacious, and in reply to his question, what would happen if the G. T. P. refused to take over the Moncton to Winnipeg section, Mr. Graham replied that "another company was ready to take it over in fifteen minutes."

Exposes Opposition Tactics.
The opposition once more desired to cripple the enterprise, but they would not be allowed to do so. They were attempting the old game of playing into the hands of the road's greatest competitors, but the people would not allow that game to succeed.

The question for the people was, "Are they getting value for their money?" He insisted that they were. All this talk, all these fireworks vanished into thin air when the business minds of the people were aroused.

Mr. Lennox had asked for a commission. It would not do to put him on it, for, judging by his recent action, he would decline to act on it. Mr. Lennox had argued that the leader of the opposition should have the right to nominate a minority of that commission, but he did not state that when his leader nominated him, as his representative on the Lusenden committee, he ran away and shirked his duty.

The G. T. P. were in any commission. Parliament had provided a tribunal for the settlement of any disputes and that commission was working well.

St. John One Terminal.
He was much alarmed about Providence (R. I.) But there was no need for alarm. It was asked where the Atlantic terminal would be. Mr. Graham believed there would be two, but he could tell the house that the Grand Trunk Pacific had bought a parcel purchased land in St. John (N. B.) for a terminal there. He (Mr. Graham), was a Canadian and he had no alarm for the future. Canada would have enough traffic to provide for all her ports and leave some over.

Instead of knocking this great enterprise the opposition ought to stand behind it. In making it difficult to finance the proposition in England they were taking a grave responsibility, but he could assure them on the authority of the president of the G. T. P. that their plan would fail. The enterprise had been financed and would be carried to completion.

WEDDINGS

Second McKay.
At the home of the officiating clergyman, 211 King street east, Wednesday Miss Violet R. McKay, was married to Arthur H. Record, by Rev. J. H. A. Anderson. Both the young people belong to this city. The attendants were John Reifers and Miss Edith Sprague. Mr. and Mrs. Record will reside at 26 Richmond street.

Story-Green.
Miss Ethel J. Green, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Henry Green, Carmarthen street, and Frank W. Story, of the Imperial Oil Company, was here, were married Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents. The bride wore a smart tailored traveling costume of Copenhagen blue with hat of corresponding shade trimmed with orchids and rose buds. She carried a large bouquet of violets intermingled with rose buds. The Rev. H. D. Marr performed the ceremony, the young couple being unattended. Miss Kathleen Mooney presided at the piano and rendered Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bride entered the drawing room. After the wedding a reception was held. The young couple left on the 6:30 train for a honeymoon trip through the Maritime Province with their parents. The bride was an earnest friend. Among remembrances, of which there were many, Laughlin-Sullivan.

St. Stephen, April 28.—At an early hour this morning the residence of Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Sullivan, McGill street, was the scene of a very pretty home wedding when their daughter Zilpha Phedora, was united in marriage to Percy Allison Laughlin, son of Dr. W. H. Laughlin, Milltown (N. B.). The ceremony was performed by Rev. Samuel Howard, pastor of the Methodist church, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The young couple, who were unattended, stood under an arch of green and white in the bow window of the drawing room, which was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and potted plants. The bride, who is a decided blonde, looked very pretty in a traveling suit of navy blue chiffon with picture hat. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the dining room, which was in green and white, where breakfast was served. The happy couple then drove to the Washington County station, Calais, and took the train for a trip to some of the leading cities of Maine. On their return they will reside on the Avenue, Calais (Me.).

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful, costly and useful gifts, which included china, cut glass, brass, silver, linen and substantial checks, etc. There was a cut glass water pitcher with tumblers from the office staff of the Imperial Oil Company. Upon their return, Mr. and Mrs. Story will go to their summer home at Martinon.

Salisbury News.
Salisbury, N. B., April 28.—Mrs. W. D. Baird went to Sackville last evening to attend the funeral of her mother-in-law, the late Amos Trueman. Mrs. Baird was summoned to Sackville a few weeks ago on a similar sad mission, when her sister-in-law, the late Mrs. J. M. Baird, was buried.

Mrs. Richard Smith returned home this week from a pleasant visit with relatives in St. John.

Rev. James Crisp, pastor of Zion church, St. John, has purchased a property at Salisbury, the Perrigo farm, situated a mile west of Salisbury village. Rev. Mr. Crisp was here for a few days this week looking over the property, and with the aid of Crown Land Surveyor J. W. Patterson, establishing the boundaries. This little farm is very pleasantly situated and with a little expense can be made a very pretty place. Misses Coral and Delta Milton are visiting friends in Moncton this week.

A. C. M. Lawson, of Norton, is spending a few days in Salisbury this week, the guest of his friend, S. H. Taylor.

Mrs. J. B. Parker, who has been quite seriously ill, is recovering.

Very little change is reported in the condition of Mrs. A. M. Addy.

Charlottetown, April 27 (Special).—Today an extremely pretty wedding, that of George Elliott Mahon, of Halifax, son of

Blasting Powder

Single and double tase fuse detonators.
Electric fuses, batteries.
Cast steel for drills.

W. H. THORNE CO., Limited
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system. THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.



It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine as known counterfeits. No counterfeits are as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.

ATTACK ON HEARST CAUSES UPROAR

(Continued from page 1.)
The treasury is printed to prove it. But when you look at the draft as given in the article (but how few people scrutinized it closely) you perceive that the issue of it to date is left blank. I have brought it here as printed in this newspaper to show it to you and here it is. When you look at the original draft, which I have also brought here for you to see, you see the date of it at the top in large letters and figures is "December 31, 1909," which is before the present city government came. When you examine the said original further, you see that it also bears plainly the date when the audited voucher was recorded in the comptroller's office, namely "December 29, 1909." This date is also omitted in the newspaper copy, as you perceive. In plain words, two state prison felonies, namely: forgery and falsification of a public document, were committed in the eagerness of this publisher and editor to wrong the mayor of the city of New York. In a day or two afterwards, when he had heard rumors that members of the grand jury were taking notice of the matter, he published as an excuse that the dates were so faint in the original draft that the photograph did not reproduce them.

The mayor declared this was not so and showed the original draft again.

"My new hat has driven my husband to drink."
"Whiskey?"
"No, cocktails. This hat has a rooster on it."—St. Louis Star.

CAMERON M NOT COMP AMHER
Hitch Has Arisen sion of Gate Reported.

(Special to The Amherst, N. S., May 2 regarding the ten-mile which was to have come night, and in which J. Toronto, came here to C Cameron says he will that he is acting under manager. No reason is the manager, but it is differences will be if Cameron says he will Only other contentant, will be Horsman, of St. of Windsor.

DAMAGES AGAIN LICENSE INSP IN "INTERD
Chancellor Boyd, in Av Injured Man, Scores Official.

(Special to The Toronto, May 2.—With awarded \$100 damages. French, license inspector today. Piggott claimed the his name on the "interd proper authority, and sue ages.

In his defence French Charles McKnight, a bro plaintiff, wrote to him, gott was "addicted to stess."

Chancellor Boyd prom matter to stigmatize a n dicted to the use of lig houses of entertainment, public officer. It was h not sufficient reason for the list.

ITALIAN, WITH BULLETS IN BO MONTRE
Also Lost an Arm in S With Compatriot an Sentence.

Montreal, May 2.—With amputated and sixteen bul in his body, Giuseppe R an, concerned in a case of the assault suffered mort a razor, but the crowd m and gave him sufficient several ordinary men. He through, and is now a

I H C Brand of Sisal—Standard Sisal Manila or Pure Manila

Are the twines used by the majority of the farmers of this country. They have been proved to give the best results. Eighty-five to 90 per cent of the farmers use Sisal. It is smooth running and works at steady tension without kinking or tangling in the twine box—insuring perfect binding and perfect tying. Its only equal is the really high grade Manila twines such as bear the I H C trade-mark.

Your interests and ours are identical on this twine proposition. We have more at stake than selling twine. We are vitally interested in the successful operation of hundreds of thousands of binders. On their successful operation depends our success—and we know they cannot operate successfully with poor twine. No binder made can. For this reason we have given the twine problem careful study. When we say "Stick to Sisal or high grade Manila bearing the I H C trade-mark"—we do so because we know them to be the highest standard of excellence in binder twine.

But we don't ask you to do as we say. We want you to be the judge. But your judgment to be right should be based on facts—not on the opinion of any twine man. And the fact is—that the majority of the farmers of this country use I H C twine. Sisal or Standard (which is made from pure Sisal) comes 300 feet to the pound; high grade Manila, 600 feet to the pound; Pure Manila, 1200 feet to the pound. See your local I H C dealer at once and let him know how much you will need. If you want more facts on binder twine, write the International Harvester Company of America at nearest branch office for information.

CANADIAN BRANCHES—Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Hamilton, London, Montreal, Ottawa, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg, Yorkton.

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STEEL-BRIGGS SEEDS

A GOOD FARM
Should Grow Good Stock, hence Should Never be Abused with Poor Seed.

A GOOD FARMER
Sows the BEST SEEDS, hence a Clean Farm, Largest Crops, and Maximum Profits.

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FOR THE GOOD FARMER'S GOOD STOCK