



Fifty Cents

Isn't a big price to pay for a

Boy's Wash Suit

but we are giving a heap of extra good value just now at that price. During our Mid-Summer Sale you'll find many bargains that you won't be expecting, and our lot of Boys' Wash Suits at 50c each is one of them. Come on in.

OAK HALL

CLOTHES—
Right Opposite the "Chimes"
115 King St. E.
J. Coombes, Manager.

VILLIER SANKEY DROWNS

Continued From Page 1.

made major. About five years ago he was retired, and afterward was appointed to the command of No. 2 militia district corps of guides. This post he held at the time of his death.

Col. Galloway, who for years has been a close comrade of Major Sankey, when told of his sad end last night, could not say too much in commendation of the man who had achieved so much in the circle of the militia.

Was an Ideal Officer.
"Always painstaking and an ideal officer, Major Sankey was a friend of all who knew him. During the years that he was on the retired list it was always the aim of Col. Otter to have him connected with the staff at the annual camp, and at the yearly church parade, Major Sankey always had a great facility of taking the initiative, and in this way everything that he handled was always assured of success.

"He was one of the most wonderful men I have known. In the annual field camps held at Niagara he would travel all over the peninsula in search of information. Always making maps and studying the geographical formation of that part of the country, he never failed in saying that he knew more of that part of this province than any other man in it."

Government at Knew His Worth.
"While being connected with the intelligence office of the militia, which has its headquarters at Ottawa, and under whose supervision the corps of guides is, the officials there recognized the ability that Major Sankey possessed. He was called upon on several occasions to visit the various parts of the country to instruct other corps in their tactics and give them the benefit of the information that his long years of training had placed him in possession of."

"Always possessed of a level head, he was one of the most trusted officers that were on the staff here in this division. He did not visit the Niagara camp this year on account of his business engagements, but he was still in command of the corps of guides. News of his sad taking off was received last night by Mrs. Sankey at the family residence, 385 Huron street."

PROSECUTION PROBABLE.

Cotton Sealed to Be Probed to the Bottom.
Washington, July 11.—Acting Attorney-General Hoyt received from Secretary of Agriculture Wilson today the papers on the cotton report investigation. Subsequently the papers were placed in the hands of the United States District Attorney Morgan R. Beach, who will make a thorough inquiry and take an active direction of the proceedings looking to prosecution of the guilty parties.

Mr. Hoyt stated today that he had been urged by Secretary Wilson to use any means at his command to get at the true condition and to bring all guilty persons to trial.

DRINKS CARBOLIC.

Charleston, S.C., July 11.—A special from Darlington, S.C., to-night says that R. Keith Dargan, formerly president of the Independent Cotton Oil Company and the Dargan Trust Company, committed suicide to-night by drinking carbolic acid. Dargan was talking to his brother a short time before, and seemed in good spirits, although the failure of the mills and the closing of the trust company's doors were naturally weighing upon his mind.

WANTED TO SLEEP.

Curious That a Tired Frenchman Should Have Such a Desire.
A minister speaks of the curious effect of Grape-Nuts food on him and how it has relieved him.

"You will doubtless understand how the suffering with indigestion with which I used to be troubled made my work an almost unendurable burden, and why it was that after my Sabbath duties had been performed, sleep was a stranger to my pillow till nearly daylight."

"I had to be very careful as to what I ate, and even with all my care I experienced poignant and refreshing sleep after meals, and my food never satisfied me."

"Six months have elapsed since I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and the benefits I have derived from it are very definite. I no longer suffer from indigestion, and I began to improve from the time Grape-Nuts appeared on our table. I find that by eating a dish of it after my Sabbath work is done (and I always do so now) my nerves are quieted and rest and refreshing sleep are ensured to me. I feel that I could not possibly do without Grape-Nuts food, now that I know its value. It is invariably on our table—we feel that we need it to complete the meal—and our children will eat Grape-Nuts when they cannot be persuaded to touch anything else." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.
Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each package.

WITH PETITIONER'S HAND SUPPLICANT KILLS CHIEF

Prefect of Police of Moscow Shot Three Times While Receiving Petitions.

Moscow, July 11.—Major-General Count Shuvalov, prefect of police here and formerly attached to the ministry of the interior, was assassinated this morning while receiving petitions. One of the petitioners drew a revolver and fired three shots at the prefect, who fell dead.

The assassin, who was dressed as a peasant, has not been identified. He was recently arrested as a political suspect, but escaped from the police station before his examination.

The assassin waited in the ante-room of the prefecture till the other petitioners had been received, and then entering the audience room he advanced towards Count Shuvalov, firing three shots close range. The prefect fell through the body of the prefect.

The assassination is considered to be a purely personal crime, in the case of a man not yet 40 years old, and was regarded as being the best type of a Russian official. He came from one of the most famous families in Russia. The count was a son of Count Feodor Shuvalov, the statesman who represented Russia at the Berlin conference.

BUT WHERE'S THE NAVY?

London, July 11.—A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg today announced that Vice-Admiral Brille had been appointed head of the Russian admiralty, in succession to Admiral Avelon, who resigned June 15.

Tiflis, Caucasus, July 11.—The streets and squares are occupied by troops, but the city has been quiet since the proclamation of martial law, at Batumi business is at a standstill. The shops and banks, with the exception of the Imperial Bank, are closed.

JAP ADMIRAL REPORTS.

Tokyo, July 11.—The navy department has received the following report from Admiral Katka: "Two cruisers and four torpedo boats left Kure on July 10, with soldiers on board, for the purpose of landing and occupying Cape Noto, after the sound of the guns, the place was taken. The lightships and buildings were left undisturbed. Four prisoners were taken."

Nikolai, Asiatic Russia, July 11.—The Japanese have already landed over 12,000 troops at Karsakov, island of Sakhalin.

DETAINED MILITARY SECRETS.

Tokyo, July 11.—The judgment in the case of Captain A. E. Bouguin, in the French court of appeal, was pronounced yesterday to 10 years imprisonment at hard labor, on the charge of being a Russian spy. The court declared the accused was engaged in searching for and reporting military secrets.

The judgment recites that Bouguin sent Maki, a Japanese clerk, who acted as Bouguin's assistant, to Nagasaki to ascertain the movements of troops. Maki confessed his guilt.

The court made the judgment that the information covered by counts related to the movement northward of the French fleet, resting army after the capitulation of the fortress, previous to the battle of Mukden, and the movements of the Russian army, constituted important military secrets.

STEAMER SINKS A YACHT.

Several Lives Reported Lost in Hudson River Accident.

New York, July 11.—Police headquarters received information yesterday that an unknown yacht had been struck by the steamship *Doyle*, a steamer plying the Swedish flag.

It was learned that about 9 o'clock p.m. a small yacht, brilliantly illuminated, anchored off a dock at Doyle's ferry and ran into the lights of the steamship. The lights of the yacht went out and the yacht sank. Three men were reported to have been on board.

Upon learning that none had come ashore, the three men pulled their boat ashore and took a train for New York.

GLAD IT'S OVER.

Most Bitter of Rouvier's Opponents Satisfied.

Paris, July 11.—The acceptance by France of the invitation to take part in the international conference on Morocco was despatched by special messenger to the sultan last night. The messenger is expected to arrive at Fez July 19.

The successful termination of the Franco-German negotiations continues to be widely discussed. The tone of the press is universally favorable. Even the most bitter opponents of the government express satisfaction at the fact that the controversy is closed.

FOUR DEATHS FROM HEAT.

New York, July 11.—Altogether ten persons were reduced slightly this afternoon by passing showers, four deaths and forty-one prostrations from heat were reported today in Greater New York.

A MURDERER MURDERED.

Jackson, Miss., July 11.—David Collins, a negro who was convicted of a heinous crime and sentenced to life in the penitentiary, was killed on the way to prison by Mr. Dickson, a white man, who was driving a car.

FOR DEFENCE FROM THE SEA

Mr. Foster Criticizes the Government's Military and Naval Policy—Need of an Army.

Ottawa, July 11.—(Special).—The second reading stage of the bill empowering the department of militia to increase the permanent force to a maximum of 6000 men was taken up in the house this afternoon. Mr. Foster opened the debate with a criticism of Sir Frederick Borden's policy. He held that the militia was for defence and that the lesson of recent wars was that a nation of five or six millions, whose population was trained in the use of arms, could withstand the attack of a nation many times more populous.

Mr. Foster said that the British navy, as long as Britain's naval supremacy was maintained, and attack by land was only possible from the United States, and war with our neighbors was practically out of the question. For our naval defence, however, we look to Britain and our plain duty was to maintain a strong navy.

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THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT OF TRUNKS—BAGS AND SUIT CASES IN CANADA.

For the Lady's Vacation Trip

Many things in stock like ours that while they are suitable for the gentlemen are especially so for the lady and just now when vacation time is on she is looking for serviceable traveling needs—so many things—be they Trunks—Bags—Suit Cases—Telescopes—Gladstones—Carryalls—Purses—Wrist Bags—and what not else—

We have given a lot of thought and care to having just what we think would best please the ladies in kind, quality and price—

Suit Cases
Split leather suit cases—lined—brass buckles—very neat and light—22 and 24 inch—1.75 and 2.00

Club Bags
Genuine cowhide leather club bags—brass buckles—very neat and light—22 and 24 inch—1.75 and 2.00

Special in ladies' deep club bags of natural grained leather—English sewn in frames—durable—22 and 24 inch—1.75 and 2.00

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Special in ladies' deep club bags of natural grained leather—English sewn in frames—durable—22 and 24 inch—1.75 and 2.00

MUNRO PARK

A Bigger and a Better Show Than Ever THE BEST THAT CAN BE IN

VAUDEVILLE

You Won't Be Happy Till You See It (Daily at 3.15 p. m. and 8.15 p. m.)

HANLAN'S POINT

VAUDEVILLE AND PHROSO

Newark Again To-Day

AT DIAMOND PARK—GAMES CALLED AT 4 O'CLOCK. EASTERN LEAGUE BASEBALL. Providence Here To-Morrow.

EDUCATIONAL

Ontario Ladies' College

TRAFALGAR CASTLE

Upper Canada College

TORONTO, ONT.

Principal HENRY W. AUDEN, M.A. Cambridge, late Sixth Form Master at Fettes College, Edinburgh.

The College will re-open on the autumn term on Wednesday, September 13th, 1905, at 10 a.m.

Separate Preparatory Departments for boys and girls. Separate infirmary with physiotherapy and trained nurses. Courses for University, Royal Military College, and other institutions.

Examinations for Entrance Scholarships. Entrance examinations for the college will be held on September 1st, 1905. Special scholarships for some of the pupils.

For further particulars apply to the principal, HENRY W. AUDEN, M.A., Upper Canada College, Trafalgar, Ont.

KENNEDY SHORTHAND SCHOOL

For special work at unusual hours, phone us. We will take your dictation by telephone, or send you a shorthand writer.

My Reputation

I have had the reputation for doing such careful work for the gentlemen of this city that I am just as careful as a man can be to not let any imperfections creep into my system and disappoint any customers.

My charges for pressing, repairing and cleaning are just as low as can be.

Try me.

Fountain, "My Valet," 30 Adelaide St. West

FREE HELP FOR MEN

The only remedy which will positively cure gonorrhea is "RESTORER," the marvelous German remedy discovered by Dr. J. Kohr, a physician, a concern which has the highest standing in the medical world. This treatment has cured thousands of men young and old, when the best known remedies have failed. If you are suffering from diseases of the generative organs such as gonorrhea, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc., of which, this remedy can and will cure you to stay cured. The headache, pimples, varicose veins, pain in the back, falling memory, disappear completely in the week after the first use of two weeks' treatment. We make no secret of a cure returns your money. Thousands of testimonials and references are strictly confidential. Five day's treatment sent free with a book of rules for health, and advice on all matters relating to the treatment of the disease. Our greatest success has been those who have failed with other treatments. This remedy is regularly used in the French and German armies, and the soldiers in these countries are models of strength and vitality. Write for sample sent securely sealed in plain wrapper.

Address DR. KOHR MEDICINE CO., P.O. Drawer 2341, Montreal.

Good Pasture for Horses

Abundant grass, plenty of spring water and shade.

DONLANDS FARM, DON ROAD

4 MILES FROM CITY.

\$8 for Remainder of Season

HORSES CALLED FOR.

APPLY CITY TELEPHONE NORTH 2520.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

REFERENCES

SECRETARY-TREASURER THE WORLD.

WANTED—GIRLS—OLYMPIA RESTAURANT, 312 Yonge street.

RIGHT YOUNG MEN WANTED TO prepare for positions on Canadian railways; salary forty to sixty dollars; write for book giving names of the Dominion School of Telegraphy, 3 Adelaide, Toronto.

COOK AND HOUSEMAID—HIGHEST wages paid. Apply morning and evening, 145 Tyndal avenue.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY AND R. R. accounting; \$30 to \$100 a month salary assured our graduates under bond; our six schools the largest in America, and endorsed by all railway companies. The Dominion School of Telegraphy, 3 Adelaide, Toronto.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED clerk for hardware. Apply to Thomas E. Horst & Co.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FOUR FRESH CALVES, cows, H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

\$40—NEW TEAM LUMBER WAGON, second-hand, guaranteed to carry 8 tons. Apply to H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES, 200 to 300 choice from. H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

COMMON SENSE KILLS AND all drug stores.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ADVANCES ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, pianos, organs, horses and wagons. Call and get our installment plan of payment. Money can be paid in weekly payments. Offices in 40 principal cities. H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

ASK FOR OUR RATES BEFORE BORROWING; we loan on furniture, pianos, organs, etc., without removal of any payment. Offices in 40 principal cities. H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

\$75,000—4% PER CENT. Don't pay more for parties; apply to H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

STORAGE.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND household goods. Double and single furniture stored for moving. H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CHANCE FRUIT FARM IN S. C. 25 acres. Township of Niagara, near town of Chippewa. Rich soil, fruit of all kinds will be sold cheaply and on easy terms. Apply for particulars, H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

BANK W. MACLEAN, BARRISTER, solicitor, money to loan at 4% per cent. H. Jones, Inglewood, Ont.

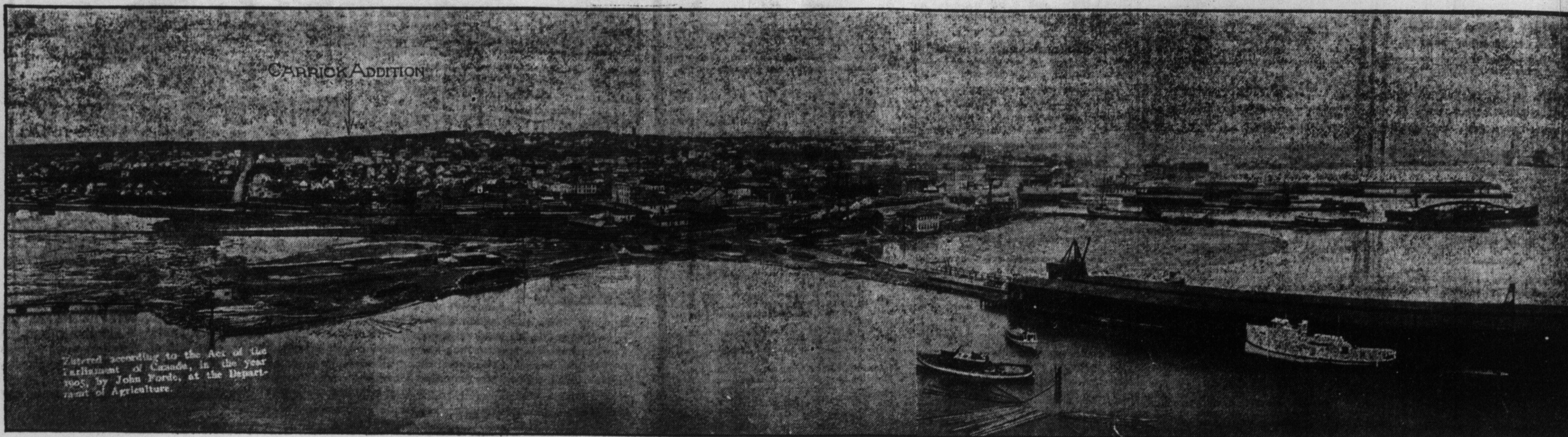
JAMES BAIRD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Patent Attorney, etc. 8 Quebec Bank Building, Toronto. Money to loan.

LENNOX & LENNOX, BARRISTERS, etc. 21 Herbert Street, Toronto. Money to loan.

FREE HELP FOR MEN

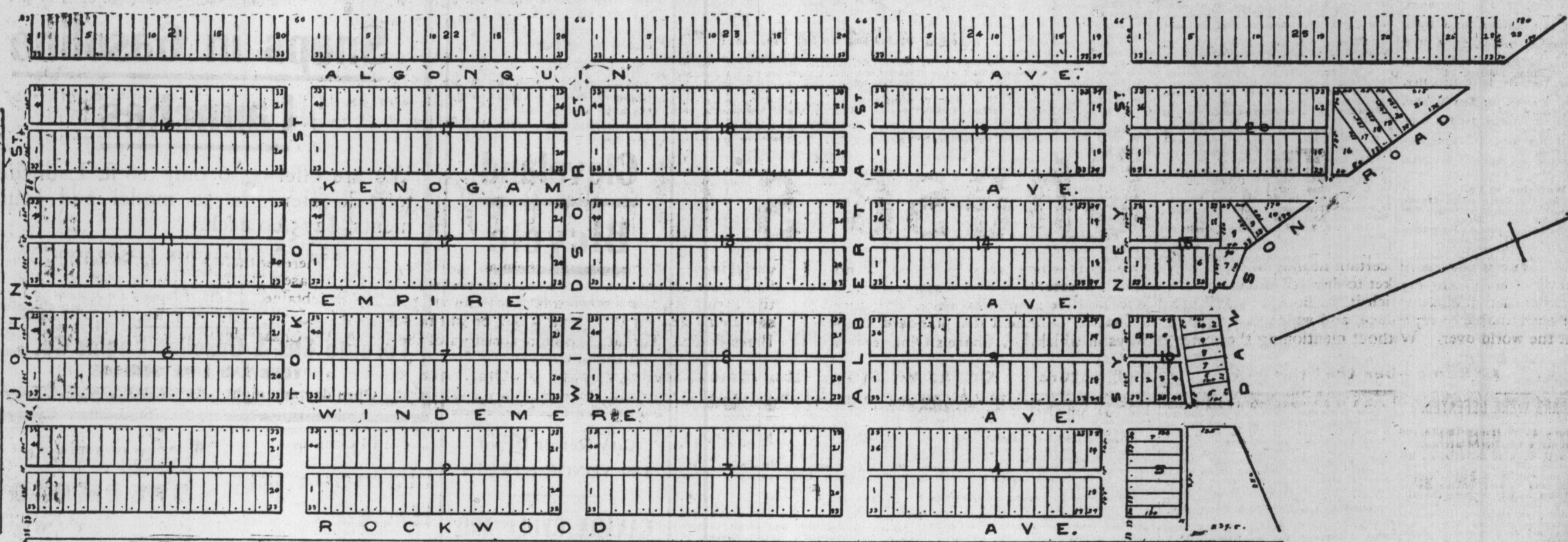
The only remedy which will positively cure gonorrhea is "RESTORER," the marvelous German remedy discovered by Dr. J. Kohr, a physician, a concern which has the highest standing in the medical world. This treatment has cured thousands of men young and old, when the best known remedies have failed. If you are suffering from diseases of the generative organs such as gonorrhea, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc., of which

PORT ARTHUR



THE Silver Gateway to the Golden West, where rail and sail meet—where steamships from Liverpool, with freight for China and Japan, take on cargoes from the far East, and the golden grain from the boundless and beautiful Canadian West for European markets. Port Arthur is situated on the western shore of the great unsalted sea, Lake Superior at the head of the great water stretches of the noble St. Lawrence River and its chain of great lakes—Erie, Ontario, Huron, Michigan and Superior, and possesses a harbor unrivalled on this side of the Atlantic Ocean—capacious, secure, easy of access and encircled by scenery inspiring and beautiful.

CARRICK ADDITION



SIZE.—All lots are 33 ft. x 105 ft. to a 15-foot lane. (33 feet is the universal size of Port Arthur lots).

DISTANCE.—Carrick addition is only one mile from the Postoffice and business centre of the town, and just a few blocks from the most valuable residences in Port Arthur.

PRICES.—Prices range from \$55 to \$75 per lot, according to location:—

Lots in Blocks 1, 6, 11, 16, 21..... \$55 each.
 Lots in Blocks 2, 7, 12, 17, 22..... \$60 each.

Lots in Blocks 5, 10, 15, 20, 25..... \$75 each.

Lots in Blocks 3, 8, 13, 18, 23..... \$65 each.
 Lots in Blocks 4, 9, 14, 19, 24..... \$70 each.

\$15 CASH AND \$5 PER MONTH.

NO INTEREST. NO TAXES FOR THIS YEAR. DISCOUNT OF 5 PER CENT. TO PURCHASERS OF 5 LOTS, OF MORE, FOR CASH.

What the Prominent Business Men of Port Arthur Think of Our Real Estate Future.

JAMES CONNOR, M.P.—No other town in Canada is better situated as a wholesale and manufacturing centre, and it is destined ere long to become the great distributing centre of the Canadian Northwest. I consider there is no point in Canada where real estate investments can be made to better advantage.

A. H. MACDOUGALL, ONTARIO LAND SURVEYOR—From a topographical standpoint the Carrick Addition is very desirable property. It is just one mile from the postoffice, situated on a rising elevation, about 180 feet above Lake Superior, and is in close proximity to the most valuable residences in the town of Port Arthur.

J. L. MEIKLE, WHOLESALE MERCHANT—There is no town in Canada which offers better opportunities for conservative investment than that of Port Arthur. At one time I owned the property now known as Carrick Addition, and may say that I regret having parted with it. I own the property opposite, which I am not offering for sale, as I consider the time not far distant when I shall be able to realize many times its present value.

R. VIGARS, MAYOR—Port Arthur, at the head of Canada's inland navigation, midway between the Atlantic and Pacific, owns and operates more municipal franchises than any city in America. Water navigation from the east, rail competition to the west, with our natural resources, will make us the great iron and manufacturing centre of Canada.

GEORGE CLAVET, PRESIDENT BOARD OF TRADE—A steady growth of the town is unavoidable, and values in real estate are bound to increase.

I. L. MATTHEWS—Port Arthur stands at the head of the Great Lakes and from a shipping standpoint commands a unique position and is destined to become one of the first cities of the Dominion.

J. G. KING, COUNCILLOR—The town of Port Arthur, being situated at the head of ocean navigation and the receiving and shipping port of two transcontinental railroads, offers unrivalled opportunities for the establishment of wholesale manufacturing concerns, and with the increasing demand for our desirable property advance in the price of real estate is certain.

W. F. LANGWORTHY, CROCK ATTORNEY—For a man with little money to invest, no place in Canada offers better advantages than Port Arthur. In my opinion real estate is bound to rapidly increase in value, and the increase in value that has taken place within the last few years is only commencement.

MARKS-CLAVET-DOBIE CO., LTD.—The geographical position of Port Arthur and the

mineral and timber resources that surround it will make it one of the leading cities of our Dominion.

J. W. CROOKS & CO.—Port Arthur is bound to be one of the leading cities of the Dominion. As the west fills up nothing can keep Port Arthur back. Investment in real estate here is sure to be profitable.

D. F. BURK—More houses are being built now every year than were in the town when I came to Port Arthur.

F. B. ALLEN, COUNCILLOR—Port Arthur will be one of the three greatest cities in Canada. One of the cities will be on the Pacific Ocean, one on Atlantic tide water, and the third—Port Arthur—at the head of Canadian lake navigation. I consider it has the best promise of any town now in existence in Canada.

R. A. RUTTAN—Port Arthur's position as the one-handling point between the east and west, and its unlimited water power, insure its growth and the development of a very large city. Manufacturers will recognize this. The sooner they do so the better for them.

W. C. DOBIE, MAGISTRATE—Port Arthur is growing rapidly, and its prosperity is now assured. It is to the Canadian Northwest what Duluth is to the American Northwest. Real estate investments are bound to produce immense profits in the near future. "Port Arthur cannot be checked."

Opinions From Our Institutions of Finance.

W. H. NELSON, MANAGER ONTARIO BANK—Last year's business was the best in the history of the town, and there is no reason why we should not steadily advance. All improved property is paying a good revenue on the investment, and Port Arthur residential property is cheap.

J. A. LITTLE, MANAGER MOLSOMS BANK—Our destiny is linked to the great prairie to the northwest of us. With its development nothing can retard our progress and in the not far distant future we will have a great city here.

S. W. RAY, OF RAY, STREET & CO.—No doubt values of real estate will increase. Prices are ridiculously low compared with other places of inferior position and prospects. They should be at least 50% higher than they are.

A. W. ROBERTS, MANAGER BANK OF COMMERCE—The town of Port Arthur, situated as it is at the head of navigation, is destined to become an important place. With the further development of its abundant water powers, special inducements can be offered manufacturers, and it would be difficult to find anywhere in Canada a situation more beautifully adjusted for a residential city.

GEORGE C. PARKER, of Parker & Co., has personally inspected the above property, and has no hesitation in recommending it to prospective purchasers. To those unable to make personal inspection, Parker & Co. are prepared to make selection of number of lots required on receipt of deposit. Further information, maps and plans, will be forwarded on application to

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NO COPPERS FOR COPPER.

Policeman Didn't Get Any—Man Summoned for Giving Pennies.

Scattering seeds of kindness seems to be against the law when it is done in some ways. Louis A. Archambault has a summons to appear in the police court

to-day to answer a charge of disorderly conduct arising from innocent amusement.

It all happened on Saturday night. Mr. Archambault had closed up his store at 1 o'clock, thinking his troubles were over for the week. He went back in the evening to see that all the parties were away all right, and as he was

leaving the store he whistled for a some more of the coppers up the street.

That was funny, too, and as his car was coming along he distributed the rest of the pennies by the same method in the middle of the street. The change in the middle of the street. The change in the middle of the street. The change in the middle of the street.

Then a policeman came along too late

to get any. He spoke in tones of admonition to the tailor, and it is likely to-day's trial will hinge considerably upon what was said.

Foot Amputated, Is Cheerful.

Arthur Dawson is a game little chap now minus a foot as the result of an accident at the factory of T. E. Braema & Co., West King street, yesterday. He is in the Emergency Hospital, where the foot was amputated. The youngster was doing something at the elevator when he got mixed up with it and his foot was terribly crushed. After

he got out of the chloroform last night he was cheerfully making the best of it.

WANT A HIGH COMMISSIONER. (Canadian Associated Press Cable) London, July 11.—According to a Melbourne despatch, the new Australian

an federal cabinet will introduce a bill

next session, authorizing the appointment of a high commissioner for Australia.

Police Orderly Resigns.

Joseph H. Boyd, in the orderly office of the police department, has resigned. He accepts a position in a business house.

The Toronto World

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THE SYSTEM IS WEAK.

Lord Roberts has presented a somewhat dismal picture of the British army. He says it is easily inefficient and that only by conscription or some practical system of universal training can Britain retain her military prestige.

Lord Roberts has tested the argument of which he speaks, and he knows where it is strong and where it is weak. Whether he has given full expression to his alarmist views or not is another question. The probability is that he has not. The weakness of the British army is not wholly a military weakness, nor is it in the courage or spirit of the soldier. The standing menace to efficiency in the army is the quality of its officers.

Of this fact no further proof is required than the South African war. It was not the soldier but the officer who failed in South Africa, and it is to the system which supplies Britain with such a preponderance of brainless, indolent officers that the British government must address itself if it would build up a formidable army. So long as the core of the structure system is rotten, it is useless to add to it.

It is difficult to see how new life and vigor can be thrown into the army where appointments and promotions are the reward of idleness and money influence. The spirit of ambition in the great body of the army is repressed, and individuality, which counts for much in modern warfare, is given no chance to develop. Under such conditions the rank and file necessarily becomes sluggish and the officers indolent. Such is the British army today. The officers are not making a profession of soldiering. Industry is regarded as undignified and the time of the officer is consumed in indolence, dissipation and social gaiety.

What profit can there be in swelling the size of the army while it is offered by indolent incapacity? Japan has shown the world the strength of an army of sober, industrious men, led by officers who to a large extent come from the ranks. The Japanese officer takes soldiering seriously; he learns the profession as any other profession is learnt, and his wits are sharpened by constant use of them. The Japanese officer, except possibly in courage, is all that the British officer is not. When he takes the field he possesses that confidence which goes with thorough mastery of a subject, and the results of this system are written in the results of the war with Russia. If Britain would make her army strong, let her dispense with the influences which hitherto have governed appointments and promotions, let her throw the army open to a wide, healthy competition in which merit is the sole condition of advancement. Let her also cultivate temperance in the army and among the people. The British army is suffering more from indolence and sluggishness than anything else, and this can only be remedied by letting into it the freshening light of liberalism.

GIVE HIM FULL CONTROL OR

Dr. Sheard is to be commended for his firm refusal to accept a limited control of the street cleaning department. The system of a dual control of the service has been tried and found wanting, and it would be folly to continue the same policy under a new name. What the city needs is one official head of the scavenging department upon whom responsibility can be fixed. When Street Commissioner Jones divided authority with City Engineer Rust conditions were far from satisfactory. There would be little or no improvement in a system which required Mr. Jones to divide authority with Dr. Sheard. Mr. Rust is weak, and Dr. Sheard is a strong executive officer, but strength can do nothing for the city unless it can be freely exercised. If Dr. Sheard is to be placed in charge of the street cleaning department he should be given full and absolute control of his staff, Mr. Jones included. If the city council is not prepared to confer these powers on Dr. Sheard then it would be better to leave the department in the control of Mr. Jones without making him subject to the real or nominal authority of any other official.

The city is tired of a dual control of the street commissioner's office, a system which invites abuses and makes no one strictly responsible for them. Whether the official head of the department is Dr. Sheard, Mr. Jones or some other person, he should have all the freedom of action vested in the heads of other civic departments. Dr. Sheard does credit to himself in declining to lend himself to a scheme of reorganization in which he could give no real service to the city.

ONTARIO FORESTS.

Among the more important and pressing questions demanding the early

attention of the provincial government is the complete reorganization of the forestry system of Ontario on modern and scientific lines. Something in that way has been done chiefly in connection with that portion of the crown domain which is unsuitable for settlement, but in the case of settled and privately owned lands the situation is much less satisfactory and the difficulties in the way correspondingly greater. It is imperatively necessary if the province is to enjoy the very considerable advantages to which its forest heritage entitles it, that the subject be tackled in a thorough and methodical manner. Now that the new government is finally constituted and enabled to undertake its full measure of responsibility nothing should be allowed to stand in the way of this vital and urgent reform.

The director of forestry has just issued his report for the year 1903, which, it is understood, was unavoidably delayed in consequence of the destructive fire of last year. A perusal of this and the previous reports reveals the huge inroads which have already been made on the original vast resources of the province, and also the fact that notwithstanding the increased stringency of the regulations in certain directions, the process of deforestation is still proceeding. In more thickly settled parts, the timber has almost completely disappeared, and it has also done from the areas held under the licenses granted in the open forms. The result is that on agricultural land is practically wasted, which, under a proper system of management, would be yielding a large and regular income to the public funds.

It is not alone a matter of revenue. Experience has demonstrated beyond doubt that excessive deforestation leads to the failure of springs, the drying up of streams and the alteration for the worse of climatic conditions. Not only has the timber been cleared from soil fitted for agricultural purposes, but no less from rocky ridges, steep hillsides and banks of streams totally useless for farm crops, which remain bare and waste, and actively injurious to adjacent arable lands. In these cases the work of destruction has now to be undone. According to recent statistics of the land of Southern Ontario about 80 per cent. is cleared, and under cultivation, and 9 per cent. is wooded, and the remaining 11 per cent. is waste and unproductive. Even this small proportion of woodland is rapidly being cleared, and no provision is being made for reproduction. It is absolutely essential, C. W. Nash says, in his article on "Farm Forestry," embodied in the report, for the maintenance of proper agricultural conditions that the woodlands now existing should be preserved and that the so-called waste lands now lying idle and unproductive should be replanted.

In this connection Mr. Southworth makes a valuable suggestion with regard to the establishment of municipal forest reserves, with special reference to the districts of Muskoka, Haliburton and others, where the evil results of throwing open for settlement territory largely unadapted for agriculture are strikingly shown. The settlers are the cause of the trouble, and the municipalities, which are unable to live solely by cultivating the land, are removing the timber, abandoned their farms, which are now held by the townships for taxes. Much of this land, if managed on forestry principles, would contribute a permanent revenue to the municipalities, but under the present law it must be sold within seven years. A number of the townships are asking for an alteration in the law, which will enable them to hold these lands for forestry purposes. This is an eminently reasonable request, and Mr. Southworth says the nucleus might in this way be established for a system of municipal forest reserves, which would not only supply the public requirements for timber, but would in time become a considerable source of revenue. Here the bureau of forestry could be of great service in supervising the reforestation, following the lines of the United States department, whose advice and guidance is always available in the management of woodlands not directly under its control. The provincial government ought to grant the request of these townships, and if necessary assist them in the process of reforestation. In Germany a common-law thing for the villages to own forests, which, after paying the imperial and state taxes, yield a balance for distribution among the villagers.

In New Ontario deforestation is rapidly proceeding, and it is estimated that in ten years there will be even less timber there than in any of the counties of old Ontario. The fire laws are inefficient and great loss necessarily results. The license regulations, even in their amended form, leave much to be desired, and they should be so framed as to discourage cutting of all immature timber. All timber should be sold "on a basis of the highest price per thousand feet on the stump," instead of at a price per thousand standing with a further \$2 as cut—the result of which is that in the last year of the license everything worth \$2 is cut, and the tract is returned to the province ruined for forestry purposes. A very great responsibility will rest upon the government if this matter is not taken up and dealt with in a proper and exhaustive fashion, and the citizens do not seem to appreciate its serious nature. Mr. Southworth declares emphatically that the forest revenue, under any proper system of management, will be such that the people of Ontario need have no fear of direct taxation until the public expenditure of the province is enormously in excess of the amount now annually expended.

A FARICAL AUDIT.

Before the public accounts committee, Auditor-General McDougall made the startling statement that the treasury board had allowed every appeal taken against his rulings by ministers or crown. The auditor-general is supposed to be an officer of parliament and answerable for his actions to parliament, and to parliament alone. This theory is exploded by the fact that when politicians choose to question his rulings the appeal is taken, not to parliament or a committee of parliament, but to the treasury board, which is composed of four members of the government. In other words the men whose accounts are challenged by the auditor-general are the sole arbiters in the decision of their appeal. They appeal to themselves and, sitting solemnly on the treasury board, they overrule the auditor-general's decisions. The public audit under such conditions is a farce. It makes the auditor the creature of the men whose accounts he examines and renders his vigilance valueless from the public standpoint.

The extent to which this practice has been carried on may be measured by the fact that of all the appeals that have been taken to the treasury board against the auditor's decisions, each and all of them have been upheld. The record is so sweeping as to argue perfection in the government or incapacity on the part of the auditor-general. The public does not believe that the government is perfectly honest, and the auditor-general is inefficient. It will share Mr. McDougall's belief that the Audit Act should be amended to make the supreme court and not the treasury board the arbiter in all cases of dispute between the government and the auditor-general. A system prevails in the United States and it is time Canada should put an end to the arrangement which allows ministers of the crown to be their own auditors.

DEFEW, THE WORST OF ALL THIS EQUITABLE PLUNDERERS.
Enough of the curtain was lifted to disclose the robbery of widows and orphaned children. One was the character of the methods which it is possible for a reputable business concern to follow. The other was the loose ideas of the robberies of widows and orphaned children. The case of Chauncey M. Dewey, Mr. Dewey is the trusted solicitor of the Vanderbilt estate, he is a prominent member of the United States senate, he is a man of public spirit and in social circles, which has to be estimated. What is to be thought of a man of Mr. Dewey's wealth and standing participating in the plunder of the Equitable Life? He must have known that for the money he took out of the Equitable Life, he was robbing the widows and orphaned children. He assisted in the robbery of the Equitable Life, and he was a man of public spirit and in social circles, which has to be estimated. What is to be thought of a man of Mr. Dewey's wealth and standing participating in the plunder of the Equitable Life? 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NEED ANOTHER MARKET DAY.

The importance of the live stock interests in Ontario should lead to the early establishment of a Wednesday market. When it is taken into consideration that Wednesday is a prominent market at Chicago, Montreal, Liverpool and London, it is all the more singular that Toronto has remained so long without a Wednesday market. Live stock dealers are favorable to a Wednesday market at Toronto. They could have delivery of live stock through the Monday from the farmers, and at nearby points to Toronto on the Tuesday; the live stock that was shipped from long distances would arrive on the Tuesday morning, enabling the stock to be rested, fed, and watered before offering on the Wednesday market. The persistent efforts of the live stock commission firms, large live stock shippers, and most of the packing houses at Chicago, are beginning to effect a change at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago. The market is normally held six days a week, until recently the bulk of the live stock arrived for Monday's and Wednesday's market. This is detrimental to the best interests of the live stock trade; an over-supply on either of these days lowered the price, and the result was a shortage of any class of live stock often stimulated the price to an undue extent. The sellers often contended that the buyers on the Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday markets were difficult to bargain with. The three past weeks the offerings of live stock have been far more evenly distributed over the five days of the week; the shippers have certainly benefited in the new experience, and the fluctuations in price were of small amount. Ontario is now feeding sufficient live stock to permit of a five-day market, per week at Toronto.

DUAL-PURPOSE COW. The dual-purpose cow frequently is advocated as the best general utility animal for the farmer. The dual-purpose cow is expected to be an average milk producer and also to raise calves that will make good beef steers. Evidently the farmer, if he is operating a dairy, wants a cow that will yield a handsome profit over the cost of her maintenance in commercial dairy products.

Specialization is to-day a distinguishing feature of nearly every department of agriculture. Farmers do not attempt to blend colors or plant fields with vegetables with the expectation that if the crop is not marketable for the table it can be utilized as stock food. There is no attempt at hybridizing or effort to produce a dual product with one operation.

Intelligent breeders have devoted years to evolving specific breeds, and their achievements are ready for adoption by progressive farmers.

The dairyman is looking for a cow that will return a maximum profit over the feed consumed and the labor devoted to her management. The farmer does not need to wait to raise such a cow, as she has already been developed in the several dairy breeds. The Jersey, Holstein, Ayrshire, Devon, Guernsey and some branches of the Shorthorn breed are distinguished for milk and butter production.

There have been good producing dual-purpose cattle, but they are few. The dual-purpose cow is a cow that produces milk and also produces calves that will make good beef steers. The dual-purpose cow is a cow that produces milk and also produces calves that will make good beef steers.

It is a noteworthy fact, considering the unpopularity of the dual-purpose cow in the west, that the yearling thoroughbreds sold recently by the Fasg-Tipton Co. at Sheepshead Bay, used a mated a better average than last year, when racing everywhere was exceptionally flourishing. If the dual-purpose cow is to be a success, it must be a cow that produces milk and also produces calves that will make good beef steers.

When the husbandman requires of an animal to perform the two functions of being a great milk producer and to drop calves that will develop into choice beef stock he is in a certain predicament. The result will be mediocre in both specifications. The beef breeds have been bred for generations for a specific purpose and have acquired fixed characteristics, which have been passed on to their progeny. It is prodigality of time and capital to attempt to produce in a dual-purpose animal the qualities that are distinctly predominant features of established breeds. The farmer will therefore achieve better results by selecting his cows from dairy breeds that attempt to secure dual-purpose cattle which will excel both in milk and beef production.

CARE OF EWES. After the ewe has borne the young she is likely to be in rather feeble condition and requires nourishing food, clean, comfortable quarters, and, above all, freedom from wet. After the lamb is taken away from the ewe the latter should be milked for a few days to relieve the strain on the udder and to avoid fever or something worse. When it is time to turn them out where grass is abundant but where the soil is not wet. Then, too, there should be on every sheep pasture some protection against rain especially when the rains are cold and the sheep are in the spring. If the rain promise to be continued the sheep should be driven to the barn.

Try to have the pasture for the sheep abundant and on several small areas rather than scattered over considerable ground for the sheep will be better if they do not have to walk several miles to get the salt and an abundance of clean drinking water.

Speaking of Troublers. From The Detroit Tribune. "I have a great mind to get married after all," said the old bachelor. "It is so nice to have a woman to look after your clothes."

"Yes," replied the benighted, "but if you would only take as much interest in the crockery as they do in the pockets it would be much better."

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HORSE MARKET QUIET

BUT PRICES ARE STEADY

The Week in the Local Horse Market

—Draft Filly Sells for a Round Sum.

Farmers do not follow husbandry for sentiment, but for business. They exploit the live stock industry as a commercial enterprise and try to follow those branches of agriculture which give the largest returns on the cost of production. The farmer, like other commercial investors, is trying not only to make operating expenses and family maintenance, but to have an accumulating surplus as a reserve against the time when he shall be dispossessed of his activities of life by the infirmity of years.

Raising horses for personal use and commercial profit is one of the branches of husbandry in which nearly every farmer experiments. Farmers theorize and frequently spend considerable money before they are fully convinced that what class of horse is better for their own use.

The commercial horse is practically the heavy draught animal or the horse of the lightest class. The draught horse is subdivided into trotting, heavy delivery, general purpose, wagon horse, harness horse, and vanner, and the harness horse is represented with coach, carriage, trotter, runner, driver and saddle class.

While we have included the general purpose animal, which comprises a cross of the light and heavy classes, a matter of fact there is no general purpose horse, such offerings being the result of a cross between the light and heavy classes.

As to the matter of the dual-purpose cow, which is frequently advocated as the best general utility animal for the farmer, the dual-purpose cow is expected to be an average milk producer and also to raise calves that will make good beef steers. Evidently the farmer, if he is operating a dairy, wants a cow that will yield a handsome profit over the cost of her maintenance in commercial dairy products.

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