

FRENCH CABINET RESIGNS—NEW MINISTRY IN OFFICE

the German colonial possession on the west coast of Africa, has surrendered to the British without conditions.

The unconditional surrender came after Premier Asquith in the house of commons this afternoon read to the members a message from the commander-in-chief of the forces in British West Africa. The message said that the authorities of Togoland had offered to capitulate on terms. The British commander in reply to the offer insisted that the surrender must be unconditional.

Mr. Asquith also made known that previous to the offer to capitulate, the Germans had destroyed the wireless installation. Furthermore, the British troops had occupied an important position.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP BANK.

According to The Evening News, an attempt was made to blow up one of the chief banks of London, and a warning has been issued officially to examine thoroughly "upon delivery all deep boxes deposited with them." The news says that a harmless looking deep box was presented at a London bank for deposit in the strong room. A sharp ear caught an ominous ticking, and an infernal machine was revealed in the box.

GERMANS REPULSED AGAIN.

It is officially announced that on Aug. 25 the French on their southern frontier were attacked in force by the Germans. The attack was repulsed and the enemy retired along the line.

SERVIANS' GREAT SUCCESS.

One of the most surprising aspects of the present war in Europe is the success of the Servian soldiers over the military forces of Austria-Hungary. It is true that the troops of King Peter had a real baptism of fire in the Balkan war, or actually in the two Balkan wars, but practically no one had expected them to prove so superior over the armed forces of the dual monarchy. The Servian success, in a word, has proved to be one of the outstanding features of the titanic struggle now going on.

Stories have reached London thru various routes of the great victory of the small kingdom, but none was so evident as the account received tonight. It came from Nish, the present location of the Servian Government, and bore no date. It was sent by way of Saloniki, where it was dated Monday, and was received in London late today.

WHOLE NATION ENRAPTURED.

The correspondent of The Central News declares that the whole Servian nation is enraptured over the brilliant successes achieved by King Peter's troops against Austria, and says he is able to transmit the details, as told by an eye witness, of the great battle between the Austrians and Servians on the Plains of Yaddar and the resultant Austrian retreat into the dual monarchy province of Bosnia.

Austria, the eye witness relates, marched two armies against the Servians. Each of these armies numbers 100,000 men, making a total force of 200,000 troops. The Servians, for strategic reasons, did not resist, and the armies of the enemy joined at Mount Tzr. The Servians concentrated at Valjevo. They were 100,000 strong, and they had the plains to the front of them and the mountains to the rear. Then when the Austrian armies had joined the Servians advanced and delivered an attack. An artillery duel resulted, and it lasted for five days. Finally the Austrians were defeated and dislodged from their positions.

FIFTY THOUSAND PRISONERS.

The Austrian forces retired in two divisions, but in the hands of the Servians they left 50,000 men, as well as 60 guns. Half of the Austrian force retreated in a northerly direction to Shabatz (also known as Sabac and Sabtz), and this afforded the Servians an opportunity for a flanking movement. They were not slow in taking advantage of the situation, for before the enemy arrived on the Save River the Servian artillery was commanding the pontoon bridge and had cut off the retreat. The Austrians resisted in the most desperate manner, and made a drive towards the Servian artillery.

It was announced in Nish yesterday that Shabatz had been retaken from the Austrians, and it is presumed that the enemy contested the position but was driven out.

TOOK TWENTY-FOUR GUNS.

The other half of the Austrians retired to Lesnizza and Lesnizza. Col. Yovanovitch vigorously pursued them and succeeded in capturing a cavalry column and the total of twenty-four guns. The Servian infantry fought their way into the two towns, and the men, drunk with wine and success, rushed to the attack with furious shouts of "Hurrah! Hurrah!" ("Napred! Napred!")—the translation of which is "Hurrah!" The Austrians were fighting like men already half beaten. Their minds, indeed, must have been filled with thoughts of previous defeats. In this condition they were not able to withstand the dashing Servian charge at the point of bayonets, and they turned and fled over the Drina River into Bosnia. The Servians had cleared their territory of the invaders, but not content with this they pursued the Austrians right into Yama and Bjolana.

The Servian victory over the Austrians is the more significant when the armed forces of the two countries are compared. It is estimated that Austria can put a total of 2,220,000 trained men into the field, whereas Servia can call upon only about 250,000. The dual monarchy, however, has been weakened in its campaign against the small Balkan state by the Russian menace on the eastern frontier. To meet the Russian invasion Austria has been compelled to recall a portion of her troops from the Servian frontier and rush them into Galicia.

FIGHTING CONTINUOUS NEAR MALINES.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26.—(Via London, 11.35 p.m.)—The Telegraf's Antwerp correspondent wires that fighting was resumed this morning in the vicinity of Malines, where the Belgians have been engaged daily with German advance troops.

"The road from Malines toward Vilvoorden, six miles northeast of Brussels," the correspondent adds, "is littered with bodies of men and horses, while in the fields pasturing cattle have been killed by shrapnel. The Belgians captured one field gun.

"Everything in Brussels is going on the same as before the German occupation."

The correspondent says it is reported that it is the Duke of Brunswick who has occupied the royal palace at Laeken. The Duke of Brunswick married Princess Victoria Luise of Hohenzollern, daughter of Emperor William of Germany.

ELEVEN KILLED AND WOUNDED.

PEKIN, Aug. 26.—Up to noon today the only engagement reported to have occurred near Tsingtau, capital of the German protectorate of Kiaochau, was an encounter between a German torpedo boat and a British torpedo boat, on Sunday or Monday last. The British torpedo boat returned to Weihaiwei with eleven men killed and wounded. The German casualties are not known.

LEVY ON BRABANT PROVINCE.

ANTWERP, Aug. 26.—The Province of Brabant has been levied on for \$90,000 by the victorious Germans, which must be paid by Sept. 1. It is said here that the German officers at Brussels are living on the fat of the land there. The supply of champagne is running short. It is said that the Germans have invaded the royal palaces.

AUSTRIA'S MOBILIZATION A FARCE.

ROME, Aug. 26.—The Messaggero has received a despatch from its correspondent at Nish, Servia, saying that the total Austrian prisoners in Servia number 10,000. The Austrian casualties since the commencement of the war have been in the third southern army. Some of the prisoners which the Servians have taken declare that

First Photographs From Valcartier



Some of the Governor-General's Body Guard of Toronto. The officers in the centre are Capt. Straight, Lieut. Jarvis and Lieut. Smith.

—Photo by The World's staff photographers at Valcartier.

the Austrian mobilization bore great resemblance to a farce. The 40 desertions were countless in number, and it is estimated that fully 40 per cent. of the men called upon to serve failed to answer.

Despite this and Austrian defeats at the hands of the Servians and Russians, the aged Emperor Francis Joseph is being supplied constantly with fallacious triumphant bulletins. The reason for this is the critical health of the monarch. Officials would entertain the gravest fears for him should he be apprised of the true situation.

BRITISH SAILORS KILLED.

PEKIN, Aug. 26.—Unconfirmed reports received here say that British sailors of the torpedo flotilla aiding the Japanese fleet in the attack on the German seaport of Tsingtau, in Kiaochau, have been killed by shells fired from the forts.

It is said that the British destroyer Kennet was hit, three of her men being killed. The destroyer itself, however, was not badly damaged.

It is believed that it will be a week before the attack by land on Tsingtau will begin. The Japanese troops are still landing near Haiyanghsien, and the bombardment by the Japanese battleships is reported to be still going on.

The Japanese vessels, however, are not able to get close to the seaport, owing to active German destroyers in the vicinity.

JAPANESE ATTACK FAILED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—An official despatch from the German legation at Pekin, to Count Von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, now in New York, announces the failure of the Japanese attack on Tsingtau.

"The attack of the Japanese," says the despatch, "on Kiaochau has failed, and in consequence they must start regular siege operations."

Tsingtau is the fortified part of the territory of Kiaochau.

REBEL LEADERS CROSSED BORDER

Villa and Obregon Received With Military Honors at Fort Bliss.

Canadian Press Despatch. EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 26.—For the first time since the beginning of the constitutionalist revolution, Generals Alvaro Obregon and Francisco Villa crossed the international line here this afternoon and were received with military honors by General J. J. Pershing, commander of the American troops.

A troop of cavalry with drawn swords, formed a guard of honor for the two constitutionalist commanders as they were driven from the international bridge at quick speed to Fort Bliss, where General Pershing and his staff had prepared a reception for them. A dozen staff officers accompanied the generals.

Obregon and Villa will leave early Thursday morning for Nogales, Sonora, to settle international disputes in that state. They will journey thru American territory.

PRIESTS AND NUNS TO LEAVE U.S. PROTECTION?

Refugees at Vera Cruz May Be Allowed to Resume Work.

VERA CRUZ, Mex., Aug. 26.—Provisional President Carranza's local agent has petitioned his chief to permit the return to their posts of four hundred priests and two hundred nuns who are now refugees within the American line here.

The action of the agent was in response to a request by Father Francis P. Joyce, chaplain of the fourth artillery, U. S. A., who has been active in assisting the fugitive clergymen. Some of the priests are virtually destitute. Several of them have secured work, a few as waiters in cafes.

BELGIANS ARRESTED FOR DAMAGING KAISER'S BUST

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Two young men, named Bollen and Smith, were arrested this afternoon by Acting Police Chief Grassy and H. C. Farrell, and they will appear before Magistrate Weir Thursday morning charged with doing damage to public property. It is alleged these two men tore from the monument the bust of Wilhelm I. early Sunday morning and threw it into Victoria Lake.

SOCIALIST CHIEFS OFFER SERVICES

German Socialist Papers Publish Patriotic Articles—Ex-Ambassador Volunteers.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, Aug. 26.—Advices from Berlin say that one of the prominent men who have volunteered for services in the German army is Baron Von Schoen, former German ambassador to France, and he has been appointed a colonel.

Others who have volunteered are many Socialist leaders, while the Vorwarts and other German Socialist papers still publish articles of a very patriotic nature.

BRINGS AMERICAN CASH TO TOURISTS IN AUSTRIA

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. BERLIN, Aug. 26.—(Via wireless).—In order to look into the situation in Austria, Henry S. Breckenridge, United States assistant secretary of war, left here today for Vienna. With him were a number of the officers of the cruiser Tennessee.

LOYALTY OF CANADA GIVEN WARM PRAISE

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 26.—An interesting reference to the Canadian contingent appears in tonight's Pall Mall Gazette from E. B. Osborne, who speaks of the late Goldwin Smith's followers, who argued high and low against any policy which may have the effect of plunging Canada into militarism. Yet, says the writer, one felt sure the old fighting spirit would flame up in them the moment England and the empire were in serious danger.

BARNIA INDIANS CONTRIBUTE.

Canadian Press Despatch. SARNIA, Ont., Aug. 26.—The Indians of the Barnia reservation today adopted a resolution asking the Dominion government to appropriate \$1000 of the Indians' fund this year to Great Britain for use in the European war.

STUDENTS ARRIVE FROM GERMANY

Officials Showed Consideration to American Scholars, Says St. Louis Man.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 26.—(9.28 p.m.)—T. S. Elliot of St. Louis, a student in the summer school of Magdeburg University, Magdeburg, Germany, arrived in London today with a number of students from Freiburg and other German universities, which have been closed on account of the war.

"The German officials," said Mr. Elliot, "showed the students much consideration and helped us in every way, but traffic was interrupted by the military operations and there were few trains. Consequently foreigners are getting out of Germany slowly." "The Russian men students have been detained and the Russian women students at Magdeburg are being cared for in a convent. It is unlikely that any of the German universities will open this fall, as virtually all the German students, and likewise the professors, are subject to military duty. Conditions are too unsettled for the few foreign students whose countries are not fighting Germany."

MAY FORM MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

PARIS, Aug. 26, 5.05 p.m.—Premier Viviani and his colleagues in the cabinet are reported in various quarters to be considering a proposal to invite Aristide Briand, the former premier; M. Delcasse the former minister of foreign affairs, and M. Millerand, former minister of war, and perhaps others, to join a ministry of national defence.

Whether this is correct or not, the fact remains that the present cabinet already has the active co-operation of the statesmen named who are working in complete understanding with it.



HAMILTON HOTELS NOTICE—AUTO TOURISTS

To accommodate automobile tourists serving Table d'Hôte dinner daily from 12.30 to 2 o'clock. Highest standard of cuisine and service. HOTEL ROYAL, Hamilton

More About the Banks and Money Stringency!

In discussing banks and money stringency let us look at the last official returns (up to June 30) of our chartered banks showing that eight of the twenty-four banks of Canada had, on that date, over \$157,000,000 on call loan outside of Canada! Call loans in Canada aggregate other \$67,000,000! In regard to the call loans outside of Canada, mainly we believe in New York, the Canadian public would like to know whether these millions—one-eleventh of all our bank assets—got back to Canada when the New York Stock Exchange closed? And is that \$157,000,000 now available to meet the stringency in Canada? Or is it hoarded in Wall street? That money is of the savings of the Canadian people, and, once more available, would go a long way toward keeping our factories in employment!

We do know that the banks have always claimed that they loaned money on call in New York because they could get it at any moment they needed it in Canada! We dispute this, and as a matter of fact, in the years 1904, 1907, and now in 1914, but Canadian banks been unable to recall their loans from New York. But not only is it not available, but it has been used to help along a stock gambling game that has ruined more Canadians than we care to count; as we said the other day, the bulk of the profits in most Canadian industries, the increased value in real estate, much of the profit in trade, all these have been switched away from here and lost forever in Wall street. Year after year, fresh victims after fresh victims, has been involved into the game, the money sent to Wall street, the investor fleeced, the money never to return. We supplied the margins and the loans! It is the tragedy of Canadian business success. Success so-called! Some big banks in Canada have been party to this unholy drain, because, as they said, it was a good way of keeping resources liquid, to be able to get money when a country and customers needed it! We repeat what we said the other day that this diversion of the savings of the Canadian people in the speculation of Wall street must cease once and for ever, and the way to do it is to prohibit the banks on diverting the savings of the Canadian people. Wall street and the exchanges that go with it are nothing but rat holes. The money never comes back, as the victims and our banks know.

P.S. In the meantime, the July returns just to hand show that about eleven million of this money is back in Canada: whether the banks are disposed to let this small amount out to customers struggling with the present financial strain, is a matter to be seen. Or are they keeping it for Wall street to reopen? So much for call loans. Now back to the general policy of the banks:

Parliament has just given enormous powers and privileges to our banks for the express purpose of accommodating the public in stringent times of war like the present. They are allowed excess in their bank note issue, equal to fifteen per cent. on their capital stock and rest; and as the rest is as much as the capital, it practically means an excess of thirty per cent. on the capital stock. The provision that they should pay deposits in gold has been suspended, and they can pay deposits in their own bills; their bills have also been made tender. They have now the opportunity of resuming their securities and commercial paper as against Dominion notes; and they have been consulted and represented in all the negotiations that have taken place. We do not know that the ordinary business man has been consulted at all, even by way of his board of trade, or by members of parliament who have knowledge of the financial situation and who might be able to give advice. The bankers and their association have been at Ottawa; their special counsel has been there; the result is their position has been greatly strengthened. What the ordinary business man, the man in the street, the working man, now wants to know is, has it been strengthened to the end that the banks shall assist the business public over the present scarcity of money caused by the war?

Are the banks to avail themselves of the important concessions to them made by parliament, which, if they care to use, put them in large funds available for loaning purposes to the public on reasonable security? Or is it all window dressing that has taken place, and is the real attitude of the banks to be one of distrust of customers? They can no longer plead that they haven't money, and they have been pleading this for some weeks now, because their capital has been greatly increased by resources as they care to. They can, however, plead, and it may come to this, that they haven't confidence in their customers, or in the great bulk of them, and that they do not care to take further risk!

But even here comes up a question that no one has yet discussed: The banks have been allowed to accumulate rest funds out of their profits. In European countries the banks are limited in the rate of interest and therefore, profits are curtailed. In Germany, the nation shares in the profits of the state bank. Our banks have, out of profits mainly, created a rest fund equal to their capital. The meaning of "rest" as we take it, is that it is a fund accumulated in fat years for times like the present; and if a bank risked and lost its entire rest in carrying along its customers thru a time of unparalleled stringency, it would not, to our mind, be doing any damage to its shareholders, but would be living up to the franchise, which parliament gave it, and by which it was made into a banking institution and authorized to collect the savings of the people in order "to conserve the commercial and financial interests of the country," to use the title of the act recently passed in parliament.

In these war times, the whole future of Canada, of the people of Canada: the holding together of the empire, turns on the success of the British arms; and if British arms go down, Canada must go down, and we too must go down, and the banks as well. We have all got to hang together and it is therefore both a high and an inevitable duty the banks owe to the public to help over this stringency. We know all about what can be said, that if what we urge to sound, then all a man has to do is to go to a bank and demand help. We are not suggesting anything of the kind; but simply showing that the banks owe it to the public and to the country, that, instead of closing up tight against customers, they must help them, and by consequence, help the country generally. Is it good policy on the part of the banks to practically send out an order to all local managers that they must refuse applications for help; and this has been done in many, many cases? The regular managers have been left without discretion, and it is almost impossible for the customers to get access to the general manager. We do not know that there is a country in the world where general managers of banks have so well themselves in against the public as in Canada. It is harder to see a general manager in Canada than the chancellor of the exchequer in England. A customer is surely entitled to talk with a man who has some discretion in his case.

There are two kinds of banks in Canada at this crisis: One that is willing to take advantage of the recent legislation and help customers; another that keeps itself strong and presses for reductions in accounts. It is because of the attitude of the second kind that the first kind are restrained from helping. The result of any action on the part of a bank of the first kind might be a loss of deposits that would go to the bank of the strong policy! It therefore comes down to this, that the banks ought to work on the same lines and together and help one another and all business along. The time of stress is now and when everything has been dislocated; later on each individual, firm or company will be able to readjust itself and get a fresh understanding with its bank.

Are the banks going to use the powers and resources placed at their disposal by parliament to help over the stringency and to keep employment going? More than ever are we convinced that the minister of finance made a supreme mistake when he turned the relief measures, that he asked of parliament, over to the general managers of the Canadian banks, instead of keeping the thing in his own hands, or in the hands of a government bank—and he had the chance last week of practically creating one. When a minister of finance offers the use of the credit of the country, to meet a financial crisis, he should keep control of it! The chancellor of the exchequer is the master of finance in England today and he tells the banks what to do, he does not leave it to them! It was a mistake to pass a national function over to a general manager of a bank who has no public responsibility—even if of the gallantry and experience of Colonel Wilkie, president of the Canadian Bankers' Association!

And a second and vital mistake is trying to use national notes for a monetary crisis without first ordering the retirement of all bank notes. This could have been done by appropriate and remedial legislation, or it may even be done by the substitution of Dominion notes for bank notes on a basis fair to the banks. But things are, the banks are bound to resist as they have always resisted, the presence of government money in competition with their own. For federal notes to play a real part they must be without a rival. The Americans found that out long ago.

In the meantime, in view of the fact that parliament has made bank notes legal tender the banks must rise to the situation and make them legal tender in their clearing house operations, one with the other. So far they have failed to come to terms among themselves in this respect. The best way for them, and for the public, is to arrange a reasonable basis for the retirement of all bank notes and substitution thereof of Dominion notes, lent for the occasion at one per cent. plus the cost of printing. But at this moment the relief measures may prove ineffective, if left in the hands of general managers, and if Dominion notes are up against bank notes. The two kinds of currency can't go together. Perhaps parliament may have to be called to take the pieces of bank notes. Parliament should have been kept in session—adjourned, not prorogued, and this claim over the bank last night!

LONDON, August 26.—English banks, which have fallen absolutely to the trade of the country in the present crisis, were repped sharply by the chancellor of the exchequer in the house of commons today. "At all costs we must keep the machine of commerce and industry going. More is to be done for this purpose than the government alone can do. The help of the banks. Many banks have behaved well, but some have not. It may be necessary to name the latter, but I hope before this has to be done that they will adopt a more liberal attitude. More liberal than the more liberal George has kept the situation in his own hand!"

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Special Direct

LONDON, Aug

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FUTURE PEACE IN EUROPE DEPENDS UPON PARTITION OF AUSTRIA H. G. WELLS

LOOKING AHEAD

No. V

BY H. G. WELLS

Written Expressly for The Toronto World and The London Daily News.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Balkan states have never been a problem; they have been only part of a problem. That is why no human being ever yet has produced even on paper a solution acceptable to any other human being.

The attempt to settle Balkan affairs with the Austro-Hungarian empire left out of the problem has been like an attempt to deal with the head and shoulders of one patient, the legs of another and the abdomen of a third had to be disregarded.

The bulk of the Serbian people and the great mass of Roumanians were in the Austro-Hungarian system, and it was the Austrian bar against any development of Serbia toward the Adriatic which forced that country back into its unhappy conflict with Bulgaria.

Now everything has been altered. The English people need trouble no longer about their interests but our urgent necessities march with the reasonable ambitions of the four Balkan nations.

Not Wholly Barbaric
Let us begin by clearing away a certain amount of nonsense said to be believed by many good people about two of these good states. It is too much of a custom to speak and write about Serbia and Bulgaria as the two worst almost hopelessly barbaric and criminal communities incapable of participation with or fellowship of other European nations. There is no getting around the hard facts of their crimes and cruelties; but they have to be kept in their proper proportion to the tremendous issues now before the world.

Let us call in a few figures that will fix the scale. The Serbian people number all together over 10,000,000; the Roumanians as many more. Then there are 20,000,000 Poles and perhaps 7,000,000 Bulgarians. The Czechs and the Slavs total six to seven millions; the Magyars exceed 10,000,000 and Ruthenians still under Austrian control 4,000,000.

Unhappy in Bonds
It is manifest to reasonable Englishmen that very few of these sixty to seventy million people are likely to be actually and politically happy until they get themselves disentangled from intimate subjection thru alien rulers speaking unfamiliar tongues. And it is equally manifest that until they are reasonably content the peace of the rest of Europe will remain uncertain.

The Nation Innocent
In that same remapping and pacification we are in fact dealing with matters so gigantic that the mere assassination of this person or the murder of that divides almost to the vanishing point. It is surely preposterous that the murder of an unwise young king who subordinated his nation's destinies to a romantic love affair—a murder done not by a whole nation, not even by a mob, but by less than a hundred officers who were at least as patriotic as they were cruel—should stand in the way of the liberation and unity of millions of Serbs who were as innocent of these things as any Wiltshire farmer.

Forget the Past
The sooner we clear our minds of this self-righteous cant against the whole of the Serbian race because of a few horrors natural to a state of barbaric disturbance, the sooner we shall be able to help these peoples forward to the freedom and security that alone can make such barbarities impossible. It would be just as reasonable to show undying hatred and pitiless vengeance against the whole German-speaking race of seventy millions or so because of the burning and killing in Liege.

Monarchical Barriers
It is unfortunate that we have to reckon not only with peoples but with kings. Such a monarchy as that of Serbia or Bulgaria narrows, personifies, intensifies and nationalizes national feeling. Racial and national ambitions can no doubt be at times malign influences in the world's affairs; but it is the greed and vanities of exceptional monarchs, of the Napoleons and the Fredericks the Greats, that bring these vague, vast feelings to edge and focus.

The People Decide
The nations themselves have become the custodians of the common peace. In Italy indeed this is already the case. The Italian monarchy is a strong, liberal monarchy, secure in the confidence of its people, but were it not so it is fairly evident that the Italian people would induce the monarch to make war upon France in the interests of Austria and Prussia.

No Kings Need Apply
On our side, at least, this is a war of nations and not of princes. It is for this reason we have to make discussion of these national arrange-

ments with the reasonable peoples of these resuscitated races. In that revival England must play an active and directing part. The break-up of the first Balkan League was a deep disappointment to liberal opinion throughout the world, but was not an irrevocable disaster. The wonder was, indeed, not the rupture, but the union. And the rupture itself was very largely due to the thwarting of Serbia, not by her associates, but by Austria. Now Austria, is out of consideration, for Roumania, and for each of the three Balkan powers.

Shatter and Remold
There is plain, honorable, reasonable advantage in common agreement and concerted action with us now. There are manifest compensations for Greece in Epirus and the islands, and we can spare it Cyprus. For Bulgaria there is a generous rectification of Macedonia. The natural expansion of the two northern states has already been indicated. And should Turkey be foolish and object to this, then a further very natural and quite desirable readjustment would become possible.

With English Money
England could do more than reconcile, she could finance; and then the attack upon Vienna and the German rear would be reinforced by 600,000 or 700,000 seasoned soldiers. It is scarcely possible that Italy could refuse to come into this war if a reunited Balkan League did so with Serbia and Dalmatia. It would be scarcely possible to keep the Italians out of Trieste and Fiume, and long before the earnestly awaited Russian avalanche would have won its way to Berlin, this southern attack might be in Vienna.

Italian Volunteers Gathered in Paris
The time when the scope of this war could be restricted has passed long ago, and every fresh soldier that goes into action now shortens the agony of Europe. But it is not with the immediate military advantages of the Balkan League that I am most concerned. A Balkan league of peace for mutual protection will be an absolute necessity in regenerating Europe. It is necessary for the tranquility of the world it is necessary if the Wiltshire farmer is to herd his sheep in peace. It is necessary if people are to be prosperous and happy in Chicago and Yokohama.

FRENCH WHEAT CROP IS SAFELY HARVESTED
PARIS, Aug. 26, 5:55 p.m.—The wheat crop has been harvested throughout France, according to information collected by the oats crop is well advanced. Beets are in splendid condition. The news regarding the vines are somewhat damaged by growth.

PRINCE FRED OF LIPPE WAS HIT IN THE NECK
ROME, Aug. 26, 2:30 p.m. via Paris, 7:25 p.m.—How Prince Frederick William of Lippe died in the fighting before Liege is described tersely in a despatch received here today from the headquarters of the German army. The prince's infantry regiment was surrounded by the Belgians under the walls of Liege, and he was struck by two bullets while standing among his men. The bullets took effect in the prince's neck and chest, and he died immediately.

AUSTRIAN LOSSES CONTINUE TO GROW
Special to The Toronto World. ST. CATHARINES, Aug. 26.—The first United States citizen who has enlisted here for British war service is J. L. Thompson, who has been a member of the United States regular artillery force for 17 years. He purchased his discharge and hurried here, arriving in time to join the corps and will leave with the battery, this being the nearest artillery recruiting point to his station.

AMERICAN CITIZEN GOES WITH FIELD BATTERY
The officers of the 4th Field Battery or the 33rd Howitzers Battery have not as yet received orders to leave this city and are still encamped at the Jockey Club, where they are being drilled daily.

PRINCE OF MONACO WIRES KING ALBERT
Monte Carlo's Ruler is Proud of His Belgian Blood.

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First Photographs From Valcartier



Group of men from the 9th Mississauga Horse, 26th Dragoons and 13th Dragoons, enjoying a half hour of leisure time. —Photo by The World's staff photographers at Valcartier.

FORTS OF NAMUR NOT YET FALLEN?

Belgians Declare Majority of Forts Are Still Intact.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Belgian legation this afternoon made public the following statement regarding the situation at Namur.

"We have no official information whether any of the Namur forts have been captured. We feel certain, however, that the majority are still intact and held by the Belgians, although the German troops have undoubtedly traversed the town."

ITALIAN VOLUNTEERS GATHERED IN PARIS
PARIS, Aug. 26, 2:50 p.m.—Captain Ricciotti Garibaldi, the Italian patriot, and his three sons, headed 2400 Italian volunteers, who assembled today on the Boulevard des Invalides. The Italian soldiers divided attention of the Boulevard des Invalides, the Parisians with a sad procession of Belgian refugees, who had just arrived from the country swept by the fighting armies. They were mostly women and children, and they had their worldly possessions in little parcels in their hands or in packs on their backs. Some of the women carried babies.

AMERICAN CITIZEN GOES WITH FIELD BATTERY
Special to The Toronto World. ST. CATHARINES, Aug. 26.—The first United States citizen who has enlisted here for British war service is J. L. Thompson, who has been a member of the United States regular artillery force for 17 years. He purchased his discharge and hurried here, arriving in time to join the corps and will leave with the battery, this being the nearest artillery recruiting point to his station.

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A LAWYER'S OFFER

Editor World: As many of the readers of the Canadian press have noted, I will need their wits drawn or other legal business looked after before my departure. I will be before the Patriotic Fund, attend to their legal business free of charge. I will also attend to the legal business of their families while they are on service either here or abroad. You can either have such persons call at your office and there recommend them to me, or use my name publicly whichever you think most advisable. Aubrey A. Bond.

PRINCE FRED OF LIPPE WAS HIT IN THE NECK
ROME, Aug. 26, 2:30 p.m. via Paris, 7:25 p.m.—How Prince Frederick William of Lippe died in the fighting before Liege is described tersely in a despatch received here today from the headquarters of the German army. The prince's infantry regiment was surrounded by the Belgians under the walls of Liege, and he was struck by two bullets while standing among his men. The bullets took effect in the prince's neck and chest, and he died immediately.

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DUNNING'S
Entertain your friends at Dunning's. Specials today: Saddle, 1914 spring lamb, asparagus tips, stewed chicken with celery.

First Contingent to Be Hurried Overseas

Force is Expected to Be Completed by End of Week—Canada is Expected to Raise One Hundred Thousand Men.

OTTAWA, Aug. 26.—It was announced at the militia department today that owing to the situation at the front the Canadian expeditionary force would be sent from Canada as quickly as possible. The exact date is not given. The force is expected to be completed by the end of the week and about 20 vessels will be required to transport it. They will be conveyed by British cruisers. The Princess Patricia's Light Infantry are expected to sail on Saturday.

It is stated that just as soon as the first army division leaves Valcartier for service abroad, the work of recruiting a second contingent will begin. It is believed that recruiting will continue until 100,000 men have been provided and perhaps until the end of the war in order that the Canadian force at the front may be kept up to full strength. His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught will, this afternoon inspect the Ottawa artillery batteries which leave for Valcartier on Friday.

BELGIAN REFUGEES POUR INTO PARIS

French People Warmly Hospitable to Thousands of Starving Fugitives.

PARIS, Aug. 26, 5:45 p.m.—One hundred Belgian refugees reached Paris Monday, 1000 yesterday and 2500 today. Ten thousand others have crossed the French frontier. The French people, in both northern France and Paris, are giving the refugees a warm welcome and supplying them with food and clothes and lodging them in schools and other public buildings.

GERMAN MASSES HAVE WAR FEVER

Wealthier Classes, However, Received Britain's Declaration in Sober Mood.

LONDON, Aug. 26, 11:25 p.m.—An interesting light is thrown on German feeling by H. F. Valentine of New York, who has just arrived in London from Germany, and relates experiences in various Dresden cafes on the night Great Britain's declaration of war was made known. The upper classes received the news seriously, the lower classes joyously.

SQUAD OF GRENADIERS LEFT TORONTO QUIETLY

Thirty-Five Men Entrained for Valcartier Yesterday Morning—More Tomorrow.

Under the command of Lieut. A. J. Scott, thirty-five members of the Royal Grenadiers left the C.N.R. station at 9:20 a.m. yesterday for Valcartier. Previous to their departure the men were drawn up by Sergeant-Major Phillips, who wished them goodspeed and a safe return.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL OPENS A WEEK FROM WEDNESDAY

All Expenses to Be Paid by Members of American Aid Society.

The ladies of the American Aid Society met at the King Edward parlors at 2 p.m. yesterday and had a very enthusiastic meeting. They will meet in the same rooms tomorrow at 3 p.m. to complete the permanent organization, and all American citizens in Toronto are asked to send their names to the secretary and to attend this ladies' meeting on Friday, as it is of the utmost importance. The secretary of the society will make a definite statement as to the plans for the musical festival, which is to be held on Sept. 9, 10, 11 and 12.

BELGIUM'S KING AT ARMY HEADQUARTERS

PARIS, Aug. 24.—A despatch to the Havre Agency from Antwerp says that King Albert is at present with the Belgian army headquarters, which has been established at Malines. Two Saxon princes, the correspondents continue, have installed themselves in the royal chateau at Laeken. Laeken is a suburb of Brussels and is situated in the park and a residence of King Albert.

ABOLISH RESTRICTIONS ON RUSSIAN BAPTISTS

LONDON, Aug. 26, 7:50 p.m.—The correspondents of the Reuters Telegram Co. at St. Petersburg says that the Russian authorities are abolishing previous restrictions against the holding of prayer meetings by Baptists, and that they are opening hostels in Kiev, Odessa and St. Petersburg.

JAPAN'S ATTACK FAILS

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The Japanese attack on Tsingtau, the fortified port of the territory of Kiaochow, has failed and the Japanese are preparing for a siege, according to a cable message received here today by Count Von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, from the German embassy at Peking.

MORE AUSTRIAN PRISONERS.

LONDON, Aug. 26, 8:50 p.m.—With the re-occupation of Sababatz by the Serbians, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Cetinje, in Montenegro, the 4000 Austrian prisoners have been doubled. Additional men having been captured between Losauza and Sababatz during the Serbian march to occupy the latter town. The Serbian casualties in retaking Sababatz are admitted to have been very heavy.

Patriotic Fund Today Totals \$379,284

Domestic Bank	25,000
Sir Wm. Mackenzie (additional)	5,000
His Grace Archbishop McNeill	2,000
and Roman Catholic parishes	5,000
W. B. Matthews	2,000
Consumers' Gas	5,000
Toronto Hotel Association	5,000
John McKay	2,500
F. W. Woolworth & Co.	2,000
Beardmore Company	2,000
United Cigar Stores (at least)	2,000
Thomas Robertson	1,000
W. R. Brock	1,000
A. R. Clarke Company	1,000
R. J. MacKenzie	1,500
John Sloan & Co.	1,000
Francis & Wardrop	1,000
P. W. Ellis Company	1,000
Provincial Paper Mills Co.	1,000
Grace, Bigwood & Co.	1,000
Warwick Bros. & Rutter	1,000
Gutta Percha & Rubber Co.	1,000
R. Laidlaw Lumber Co.	1,000
John Inglis & Co.	1,000
Goodrich Tire & Rubber Co.	1,000
Murray-Kay	2,000

The Toronto and York County Patriotic Fund is steadily mounting toward the desired point. The close of yesterday's campaign was marked by the hands of the big clock pointing to the figure \$379,284, the total receipts for the first two days. The joint effort of the twenty-two teams which totted all morning brought in approximately \$120,000, and inspired all the captains with the enthusiasm necessary for the following day.

There are influences working in all quarters for the advancement of the fund. Not only are generous subscriptions coming from those well able to contribute, but the newsboys have organized to make a respectable show-off. The Hotelkeepers' Association, the Toronto police force, several Canadian banks, twenty-two moving picture theatres, the United Cigar Stores, and a score of other institutions are seeking opportunity of making subscriptions. Stores, Limited has donated to the Patriotic Fund 25 per cent. of the receipts of their 27 stores next Saturday. The directors of the company guarantee that this amount will be at least two thousand dollars.

Toronto freemen have decided to give their own pay to the York Patriotic Fund, and the principal officers of the brigade will, in addition, give another freemen say that if another day's pay is needed later on they are prepared to give it. This gift amounts to approximately \$1000.

THURSDAY MORNING

CONSERVATIVE CABINETS AND RUMORED CHANGES

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, August 26.—The rumored resignation of Hon. Dr. Roche, as minister of the interior, on account of continued ill-health, coupled with Sir R. P. Robinson's visit to the capital, has led to speculation on the reorganization of the Ottawa Government, and incidentally as to changes in various provinces where the Conservatives are in power.

Who is to succeed Dr. Roche as minister of the interior? Some think that Hon. Arthur Meighen, solicitor-general; others think that R. B. Bennett of Calgary is entitled to recognition; the rumor is revived that the interior department must be divided, Mr. Bennett being given Indian affairs, public lands, while Dr. Roche retains public health and immigration. Still others suggest that Hon. Robert Rogers may go back to the interior department.

ton would assume the burden at this time, nor is it likely that Mr. Rogers would brook any brother near the throne who was of Sifton's outstanding ability; indeed, it is said that Mr. Rogers is not disposed to permit Mr. Meighen to become too important. The supremacy of "King Bob" as the leader of the west is in danger. His defeat in the Saskatchewan election of 1912 was susceptible of explanation the Macdonald by-election, but the result in Manitoba last month has frankly created uneasiness in the Conservative ranks throughout the country.

But other changes must come quickly in other provincial governments. Premier Fleming will soon retire in New Brunswick, and it is doubted if Sir Richard McBride will again personally appeal to the people of British Columbia. As to the Ontario situation it is perhaps clearer to those in Toronto than to us in Ottawa. It is taken for granted on all hands here that neither Hon. Mr. Hanna nor Sir Adam Beck will be the successor of Sir James Whitney. It is an open secret that the Ottawa Government desires to see the Conservative members of the Ontario Legislature agree upon some outside man of commanding ability who would have the confidence of the public. Mr. Cochrane, who could be governor of Ontario beyond peradventure, if he wished it, and could probably be provincial premier as easily, but desires neither position, is said to be looking for the able and popular man who would be acceptable to all factions and all parties in the province.

Protect those who are left behind



A Special Appeal to Fraternal Organizations

YOU ARE MANY and you have many creeds, but there is at least one creed which you possess in common—the creed of standing for the right thing in the community.

In all the splendid record of your past, handed down through the ages as a precious heritage, is there one brighter gem of sacrifice and service than the gem you now have the privilege of encrusting upon that record!

We call upon the Fraternal Orders of Toronto, one and all, for their earnest support of the War Relief Fund—for definite action as organizations.

To-day's opportunity to stand shoulder to shoulder with all society in safeguarding our soldiers' dependent women and children, will be looked back upon by your orders through all time as a priceless privilege.

Give! Give! Give! \$500,000 or More

We urge generous and immediate action by every organization of men and women who have funds available or who will solicit contributions to this cause.

And to Every Individual in Toronto

No matter what you feel able to give—be it a dollar or a dime—send it or bring it to the fund. We will need for this war relief work every penny we can get. The power of the moderate and small contributions is enormous in the aggregate, and every one swells the total.

USE THIS COUPON

Cut it out. Fill it in. Please do it immediately before you lay this newspaper aside. Send the coupon with your donation to fund headquarters and have a part in backing up the men who are ready to lay down their lives, if need be, for the glory of Old England.

WAR RELIEF FUND.

ENCLOSED is contribution of \$..... which you may add to the fund for helping our soldiers' women and children.

Name..... Address.....

GO TO THE MOVIES TO-DAY

- ACADEMY THEATRE, 1246 Bloor St. West—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. VERMONT THEATRE, 1069 Bathurst St.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. DORIC THEATRE, Gladstone and Bloor Sts.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. CRESCENT THEATRE, 1001 Dundas St.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. CRYSTAL PALACE, 188A Yonge St.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. BLUEBELL THEATRE, 307 Parliament St.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. WINDSOR THEATRE, College and Dufferin Sts.—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. SAVOY THEATRE, 214 Queen St. West—Thursday Afternoon and Evening. LOEW'S YONGE ST. THEATRE—Thursday Evening.

FILM COMPANIES CONTRIBUTE FILMS

The following film companies have very kindly contributed the use of films to the different shows: FAMOUS PLAYERS COMPANY. CANADIAN UNIVERSAL FILM COMPANY. ALL FEATURES COMPANY. GENERAL FILM COMPANY. WARNER'S FEATURES. CONSOLIDATED FEATURE FILM CO. WORLD FILM COMPANY.

Realty Speculators Harder Hit By War Than Property Owners

While the real estate market has been comparatively dull and inactive from both a speculative and investing standpoint for some time past, there is no doubting that the war has not dealt it the blow that many predicted. It was generally thought in investment circles that the world-wide panic on the stock markets could not but result in a retreating break in the local realty market. But as far as can be judged, business is proceeding very much as it would be if the war had not broken out. With the exception of a few sales the market has been quiet since war was declared, but very little more so than is usual during the month of August.

Quite a number of speculative operations have been abandoned and as most realty brokers say, the speculative branch of the market is dormant. This will have little effect on real estate as a whole, for the last year or so sales of vacant land outside the city have gradually diminished. Few building loans. Only a few building loans are being made, and from the present attitude of the loaning companies the speculative builder will find it becoming harder and harder to secure money for financing his operations as the season comes to a close. On the other hand the loan companies are in all securities when the stock markets closed, and many of them are credited with having quite large sums of money lying in the banks. With the war payments to come in shortly, there is every likelihood of an accumulation of money in the east

before the end of the year. With this in view realty men have not lost hope of a fairly active market in residential and business properties. The one or two cases have been reported of construction work being stopped on houses because of inability on the part of the builder to secure building loans, this has not been general by any means. It is a safe estimate that more houses are being built this year than were erected in 1913, and with thousands under way, a few instances of lack of funds might easily be expected.

Realty Holders Hung on. After the first shock of the war was over there seemed to be a revival of interest in real estate. Its stability in the face of the financial crisis proved to be the attraction. As one realty broker aptly described the situation: "When the holder of stock saw his security going down on the market he sold and helped along the liquidation, but the holder of real estate could not see any depreciation in the value of his property, so hung on."

There is a diversity of opinion among the realty men regarding the prospects for the fall and winter. Many think that houses and some classes of business properties are above normal prices and are due for a drop, but others point out that the demand for houses for rent and for sale continues. "If the retail merchants are being hit hard it is not apparent," said one party, with its high rentals, would be the first of business real estate to suffer, and as will be seen, there are few vacant stores on the street."

upon them. I have had to "sit on" several people this week who are preaching "blue ruin." That is no way to act just now. Let us all "holler," "Forward with Canada!" This is Laurier said, Canada's century. Let us make it so. Boost, don't knock. H. C. S.

AUGUST VACATIONS.

When you are away at your summer cottage don't fail to have a Victrola along and plenty of records. They will add greatly to the pleasure of your holiday. Drop into the Victrola parlors of Ye Olde Firme of Heintzman & Co., 193-195-197 Yonge street. There you will find everything in Victrolas and records.

OPEN VERDICT GIVEN.

ST. CATHARINES, Aug. 26.—The inquest into the death of Private Fred Kells of the 19th Regiment, who was drowned while doing sentry duty on the Welland Canal, failed to establish facts as to whether the soldier came to his death accidentally or from other causes.

RECEIVED WRIST WATCH.

Jack Wilson, 50 Carna avenue, who left Toronto with the Q.O.R. last Saturday, was presented with a beautiful wrist watch when he arrived at Valparaiso. The watch was a present from his fellow-workers in the division auditors' department of the Bell Telephone Company.

Export Inhibited. COPENHAGEN.—The minister of justice has inhibited the export of barley. This is not effective in the matter of sales made prior to Aug. 22.

ANS

ises n Foe

sified Deter- Introduc- chener Men.

at Britain momen- heads in the house but the premier re- said there was no such thing as a free lunch. It was a great Premier Asquith de- Britain wanted only on to Posen. the main Russian fortress of Posen, if true, as the sensational it might account for being back in eastern en Needed. tempt, however, to of more men. The nts 600,000 men, but, the premier said, an for foreign ser- vained that it is the government to hav- ing force developed, ntgency. So far as men between 30 and the premier said, the et been disposed of.

vice Battalion leave here Wed- Service Battalion Men who wish to join to the Orderly Armories, immedi- LLATT, Captain, Regimental Adjutant.

stopper ass of

the finest Digestible recharged of White erage.

LIMITED

OF THE UNITY

Richmond Street ce of the year, your rural route Y, guaranteed enclosed in a G, which can be of value. Both CANADA, LIM- sum of \$1.00. MORE DAYS.

etc., by first M DATE.

The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1880. A morning newspaper published every day in the year by The World News Paper Company of Toronto, Limited...

It will prevent delay if letters containing "subscriptions," "orders for papers," "complaints," etc., are addressed to the Circulation Department.

Ontario's Contribution

Ontario has offered 250,000 bags of flour to the English authorities through the Dominion Government. It is a practical and useful gift...

As the flour is to be of the same quality as the Dominion gift it may be estimated as at the approximate value of the best Manitoba flour...

Bravery in Women

One of the things one hears spoken of with considerable disgust among those who know the circumstances is the attitude of so many of the women relatives who have interfered to prevent volunteers going to the front...

It is said that the rise in prices may be justifiable in the case of articles whose importation is now cut off by the war, but The Journal complains that merchants are asking higher prices for commodities produced in the United States...

The Patriotic Fund

Yesterday's campaign for the patriotic fund brought the total up to \$380,000 or more than three-quarters of the sum requested in half the time allotted. There have been some princely contributions...

Another good day's collecting will probably bring up the total to the half million mark, but there is no need to stop there. Another contingent and another is to be provided for...

War and Trade

President Wilson incurred not a little ridicule when he described the business depression in the United States as largely psychologic. He used the Greek derivation naturally enough...

Britain commands the seas and so long as that condition remains no reason exists for taking a gloomy view of trade and industry. The war will depress certain departments of manufacture...

THE HIGH PRICE PROBLEM

Numerous letters have been received at the World office showing a comparison of prices for staple articles and maintaining that the rise is unwarranted. In a number of instances a comparison was made with prices which prevailed some months ago...

On investigation, one point has been made clear. That is the fact that orders of unwarranted size have been received out that people who formerly ordered ordinary quantities, besieged the grocery stores with large orders. This, it is claimed, had a tendency to raise prices.

SEEKING TO PLACE WORKERS ON FARMS

Ontario Cabinet Considering Placing of Unemployed in Rural Districts.

TWO PROPOSALS MADE

Toronto M.L.A.'s, in Addition to W. K. McNaught, Confer With Government.

As a first step towards working out a plan, involving Dominion and provincial co-operation, to relieve the suffering due to industrial depression, the Ontario Cabinet is considering the best means of finding farm employment for workless men...

Unfavorable Conditions. Some of the conditions which combat such a policy are now being investigated by the minister of agriculture and Superintendent of Immigration H. A. Macdonnell.

There are apparently two proposals now before the executive council. In purport they are much the same and both have relief thru employment as special objects...

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MONTREAL DOES HONOR TO VALOR OF BRITONS

Canadian Press Despatch. MONTREAL, August 26. — Mayor Martin was so favorably impressed by the conduct of the British army at the war that this morning he ordered that an Irishman, and that a Scottish Standard in honor of the Royal Scots Greys (second dragoons), who bore themselves so gallantly at Mons, Belgium, be placed by the side of it.

WHERE IS VALCARTIER?

A few weeks ago unheard of in Canada outside of the narrow radius of its own city, Valcartier has resounded throughout all Canada as the spot selected by the militia department for a mobilization camp in connection with the Dominion's expeditionary force to the scene of the greatest and most terrible war in the world's history.

ROYAL BANK'S GIFT.

MONTREAL, August 26.—The Royal Bank of Canada announces that the directors have voted \$50,000 for the Canadian Patriotic Fund. The donation is to be unconditional and is to be distributed according to the full particulars of the fund may decide.

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

LETTER TO B. I. A. FROM THE PREMIER

Association's Suggestion to Receive Government's Attention.

Secretary Russell of the Central B.I.A. Has received the following letter from Premier Borden: "Your letter, 16th inst., is before me. We are glad to learn that the action of the Dominion Government in giving Great Britain one million bags of flour meets with the approval of your association."

No Order Issued. Mr. Russell has also been notified by City Clerk Littlejohn that no order has been given by the city council for the erection of a drinking fountain at the corner of St. Clair avenue and Dufferin street.

With regard to the cluster lights at the intersection of St. Clair avenue and Dufferin street, the city council has decided to present at the meeting of the B.I.A. Mr. H. H. Cousins, general manager of the Toronto Hydro-Electric System, a technical contractor doing work for the city and it is necessary for orders to be issued at the city hall before any new lamps can be put in place.

COUNTY WILL CONSIDER PATRIOTIC FUND GRANT

Warden Cameron of York County has called a special meeting of the council for Monday next, for the purpose of considering a grant towards the Patriotic Relief Fund, for the relief of the families of men called to the colors.

THORNHILL

A public meeting is to be held in Victoria Hall on Monday evening, Aug. 31, to make arrangements to raise money to augment the York County fund to provide for the wives and children of the men who have gone to the war.

W. FAIRBANK RATEPAYERS ARE CONGRATULATED

The B. I. A. and kindred associations in the Barisecourt district are pleased to know that the board of control has decided to re-open the pump contract, and cided to re-open the pump contract, and cided to re-open the pump contract...

Muskoka's Ideal Attractions.

There is not any better time than the present for an outing in the Muskoka Lakes of the Highlands of Ontario. One thousand feet above sea level, among the hills and forests of the highlands, nestle these charming lakes, with all the attractions that are found in just the out-of-the-way place that takes one from the bustle and dust of the city.

Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation

Quarterly Dividend. Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of TWO and ONE-HALF PER CENT. for the current quarter, being at the rate of...

YOU DO YOUR DUTY, HARRY WE'LL FINISH THE HOUSE

Tomdormen Instance of the Generous Spirit Aroused by the War Crisis. A striking instance of the generous spirit aroused by the war crisis is reported from Tomdormen, an old country reservist, was called to the colors...

AND HE DID

BILL-THIS IS MY GREAT-GREAT GRANDFATHERS FEATHER BED-YOU ARE TO SLEEP ON IT TONIGHT.



AND HE DID

RICHMOND HILL TO DO ITS DUTY

Residents at Public Meeting Start Campaign for Patriotic Fund.

Reeve W. H. Pugsley of Richmond Hill called a special meeting of the residents, on Monday night, to decide what action they should take to help relieve the stress through the county occasioned by the war...

An auxiliary of the Red Cross Society was formed, with the intention of engaging in the work of the society and to supply hospital material for use on the battlefield.

EAST TORONTO FORESTERS ADOPT WAR MEASURES

At a meeting of Court York 150, Independent Order of Foresters, in Snell's Hall, it was decided that any brother who has volunteered for military service in the present war will not be suspended for non-payment of dues and that he will be kept in good standing as long as there is a dollar left in the treasury.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES AT ST. AIDAN'S CHURCH

Great Progress Made by Balm Beach Church in the Past Six Years. Special services will be held in St. Aidan's Church, Balm Beach, on Sunday next to commemorate the sixth anniversary of the birth of the parish.

LONG BRANCH PARK

A large audience listened last night in the auditorium at Long Branch Park to an interesting lecture on the European war situation by William Houston. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Cottagers' Association, and the speaker will be placed at the disposal of the Toronto and York Patriotic Fund Association.

MUST SUE FOR REWARD.

MONTREAL, August 26.—The claimants for the reward of \$1000 offered by the city last spring for information leading to the arrest of Ismael Bourret, the alleged murderer of Constable Bourdon, will have to take action against the city of Montreal, if they want the money. The civil law does not include power to offer rewards.

POISONOUS MATCHES

In less than two years it will be unlawful to buy or to use poisonous white phosphorous matches EVERYBODY SHOULD BEGIN TO USE

EDDY'S NON-POISONOUS "SESQUI" MATCHES

AND THUS ENSURE SAFETY IN THE HOME.

MICHIE'S GLENERNAN Scotch Whisky

A Blend of pure Highland malts, bottled in Scotland exclusively for Michie & Co., Ltd., Toronto Established 1835

War Service

First—No extra premium will be charged on policies in force prior to August 1st, 1914, on the lives of any policyholders of the Canada Life Assurance Company who may engage in military or naval service, in or outside of Canada, irrespective of whether such policies provide for an extra premium or not.

Second—In the event of any policyholder who is engaged in active service, not having paid any premium falling due during his absence, the Company will keep his policy in full force and effect during his term of service abroad, the unpaid premium being treated as a loan upon the policy.

Policyholders should notify the Company upon entering foreign service.

Canada Life Assurance Company

HERBERT C. COX, President and General Manager

HOFBRAU

Liquid Extract of Malt. The most invigorating preparation of its kind ever introduced to help and sustain the invalid or the athlete. W. H. LEE, Chemist, Toronto.

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O'Keefe's Pilsener Lager

Brains have a higher market value to-day than at any other time in the history of the world. The man with ideas—the man who can think quickly and accurately—can command his own price. Brain-workers should realize the vital importance of the food they eat and drink. Unless body and brain be properly nourished, it is impossible to do the best work.

A bottle of O'KEEFE'S PILSENER LAGER is a bottle of liquid food and strength for all workers. It restores the flagging energy and refreshes the whole system. Order a case from your dealer and have a bottle for dinner to-day.

If your dealer will not supply you, phone us, Main 4202, and we will see that you are supplied at once.

O'KEEFE BREWERY CO LIMITED TORONTO



Tennis Tourney Results

SIX REMAIN IN OPEN SINGLES

Ladies Reach the Semi-Finals

Lovers of tennis will be well repaid by jumping to the Toronto Club's courts this afternoon when some of the best matches of the tournament are scheduled.

The men's open singles will bring together two old timers of Ontario championship fame, W. A. Boye and Barrie and Ralph Burns, the local expert.

Men's open singles championship—W. A. Boye, 6-2, 6-2; Barrie, 6-2, 6-2; Burns, 6-2, 6-2; Sherwell, 6-2, 6-2; Chipman, 6-2, 6-2.

Men's doubles championship—Bickle and Brodie defeated Starr and Carlaw, 6-7, 6-3; Bickle and Brodie, 6-2, 6-2; Bell and Fleming, 6-2, 6-2; Bell and Fleming, 6-2, 6-2; Bell and Fleming, 6-2, 6-2.

Ladies' open singles championship—Mrs. Williams defeated Miss Summerhayes, 6-2, 6-1; Mrs. Cooper defeated Mrs. Boone, 6-2, 6-1.

Ladies' doubles—Mrs. Williams and Legge defeated Mrs. Keeble and Glassco, 7-5, 6-3; Miss Brown and Innes-Taylor, 6-2, 6-1; Mrs. Cooper and Mrs. Boone, 6-2, 6-1.

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BASE ON BALLS WINS FOR LEAFS

Williams Kind to Kelleyites in Closing Game of the Series.

The Leafs cleaned up the series on the lowly Sketeers at the Island Stadium yesterday afternoon when they noosed out the enemy in a hair-raising ninth-inning rally, 6 to 5.

The men's open singles will bring together two old timers of Ontario championship fame, W. A. Boye and Barrie and Ralph Burns, the local expert.

Men's open singles championship—W. A. Boye, 6-2, 6-2; Barrie, 6-2, 6-2; Burns, 6-2, 6-2; Sherwell, 6-2, 6-2; Chipman, 6-2, 6-2.

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BASE BALL RECORDS

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

CANADIAN LEAGUE

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Table with columns: Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Includes Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, etc.

THIRTY-FIVE OF THE LAST FORTY FOR MACK.

At Philadelphia—Chicago opened a series yesterday and was defeated by Philadelphia 4 to 3.

At Toronto—This was the third successive shut-out administered by the home team in two days.

At New York—New York defeated St. Louis in a twelve-innings pitchers' battle here by a score of 2 to 1.

At Boston—With three Boston runners on the base in the third inning, Tris Speaker tripped to deep right field, scoring three runs.

At Detroit—Detroit defeated Chicago 5 to 2 in a game that was a real slugfest.

At St. Louis—St. Louis and New York broke even in yesterday's double-header, and tonight's game was a tie.

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Patriotic Fund Boxing

Local boxers met on Tuesday night and decided to give their services free at the Patriotic Fund tournament.

INTENSE FEELING STARTS A FIGHT

At Chicago—In a game in which Cheney allowed Boston to score a hit and no runs, and Salier scored Chicago's only run with a four-base drive.

Boston Beaten at Chicago—Giants Split Double Bill—The Chicago Mix.

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LASSIE M'GREGOR WINS IN FIVE HEATS

Hard Pressed by Margaret Druin in King George Stake at Fort Erie.

Today the Store Will Feature Empire-Made Goods

Special displays in every section, of goods made in the Empire. Look for the price cards reading:

"Empire-Made Goods"

With Abundance of Materials, the latest facilities for manufacturing, and our many opportunities to buy clothing for spot cash.

Our present stock of moderately-priced clothing in its good value and variety of cloths has not been equalled in years.

YOUTHS' 3-PIECE SUITS AT \$5.00 (Canadian), for school or general wear. Suits of good tweed in dark grey with faint red mixture, a dark brown in thick pattern; another in dark grey with faint stripe. Coats are neatly cut and strongly finished throughout. Sizes 33 to 35.

A NIFTY NORFOLK SUIT FOR YOUTHS AT \$9.75—The (Canadian) popular school suit, Norfolk style, with wide or knife lapels, plain or patch pockets, semi-belt style. Trousers have cuff bottoms and belt loops. Two shades of brown included. Sizes 32 to 36.

MEN'S SUITS, JUST IN, PRICED AT \$6.50 (Canadian)—Suits of our own manufacture, of grey and brown tweed, in good variety of neat patterns. Coats have sturdy body linings. All sizes, 36 to 42.

MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS AT \$8.40 (Canadian)—Single-breasted style, with raised seams, trousers having belt loops and cuffs. All sizes in the lot, 36 to 42. A really remarkable value at \$8.40.

THE "ETONIAN" SERGE SUIT AT \$13.50—Canadian-made, is of an English blue serge that carries our verbal guarantee not to fade. A suit that is well tailored, in single-breasted coat style, with peak lapel; finished throughout by our own high-class tailors. Sizes 36 to 44 included.

Main Floor—Queen St.

BASEBALL TODAY

At Island Stadium Newark vs. Toronto

Game Called at 3.15.

CHAMPIONSHIP LACROSSE

Scarboro Beach SATURDAY, AUGUST 29th at 3.30 p.m. Tecumseh vs. Toronto

Tickets now on sale at Bell Plano warehouses, 146 Yonge Street. Children admitted free.

EVERYTHING IN LIQUORS

Write for our Wine List. MATCH BROS. 247 Main 625. Motor Delivery, 433 Yonge.

CLUBB'S NEW BAY STREET STORE

Conveniently situated at 95 Bay Street, "Just below the National Club." The best of everything in cigars, tobaccos, cigarettes and smokers' goods.

HOTEL LAMB

Corner Adelaide and Yonge Sts. Special 50c Quick Service. Luncheon, 11.30 to 2. SUNDAY DINNER FROM 5 TO 8 P.M.

AUTO TIRES

36x4-1-2 Casings \$19. All Sizes Cut Rate Prices. RIVERDALE GARAGE AND RUBBER CO. 277 College Street.

Billie Hay says:

"Here it is! What I promised last Saturday to tell you about! 'It's a contest that you want to get in on.

"Get an attractive booklet at the Exhibition that will tell you all about it. It's an opportunity to win a \$25 suit of Semi-ready Clothes, or one of five other prizes ranging from \$15 down to \$5—free—gratis—for nothing.

"You stand as good a chance as anybody of getting this, and, besides, I'll be glad to see you, so stop and have a chat."

Semi-ready Tailored Clothes, Batteries—Kubak and Lage; Hammond and Snelger, Umpires—Lush and Freeman.

EATON'S

Today the Store Will Feature Empire-Made Goods

Special displays in every section, of goods made in the Empire. Look for the price cards reading: "Empire-Made Goods"

"Made in Canada," This Low Priced Clothing for Men is Well Made

With Abundance of Materials, the latest facilities for manufacturing, and our many opportunities to buy clothing for spot cash.

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Men's Sweater Coats, Special Today, \$1.98

MEN'S SWEATER COATS (Canadian), in fancy stitch and plain cardigan weaves. Made with high storm collar, fitting close around the neck; two pockets, close fitting cuffs, best pearl buttons. Plain shades and combinations. Sizes 36 to 42. Special, at \$1.98

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS (Canadian), 50c, made with attached laundered cuffs and neckbands, and come in fine shirting materials; mostly light grounds with single, double, and cluster stripes of blue, mauve or black. Full size bodies and sleeves. Sizes 14 to 17 1/2. Each \$1.00

SILK FOUR-IN-HAND NECKWEAR (Canadian), with wide flowing ends. In figured patterns, fancy mixtures, plain with bordered ends and all-over effects in very large assortment of colorings, including grey, green, navy, maroon, brown, Alice blue. Special Thursday, \$1.25

MEN'S FALL-WEIGHT MERINO UNDERWEAR (English), a medium weight in a clean natural color. Beige facings, and best pearl buttons. Shirts single-breasted. Sizes 34 to 46. A garment \$1.00

MEN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR (Canadian) in a fine even weave and clean natural color. Shirts have long sleeves, drawers ankle length. Sateen facings on shirts and drawers, pearl buttons. Sizes 34 to 46. Thursday, a garment \$1.00

Cosgraves Golden Gate Beer advertisement with image of a man and woman.

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED

British War Loan Bill Soon to Be Introduced Details Are Withheld

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Aug. 26.—David Lloyd George, the chancellor of the exchequer, today introduced in the house of commons a resolution as the basis for the forthcoming war loan bill. The bill, Mr. Lloyd George said, would differ from the previous war loan measures in two respects.

First: The actual amount of money to be taken has not been fixed. The sum to be raised will include not only the vote of credit for \$200,000,000 already authorized, but the sum by which the revenue will be diminished in consequence of the war.

Second: The bill will not indicate the precise method by which the money is to be raised. That will be left to the discretion of the treasury, to be decided according to the conditions prevailing.

English banks which have failed absolutely to assist the trade of the country in the present crisis were sharply rebuked by the chancellor of the exchequer. "At all costs we must keep the machine of commerce and industry going," he declared, and it is for this purpose that the government came to the help of the banks. Many banks have behaved well, but some have not. It may be necessary to name the latter, but I hope before this has to be done that they will adopt a more liberal policy."

The chancellor added that he was considering whether or not he could arrange a limited moratorium without interfering with the interests of those who wished to abolish it. He said he had consulted bankers and traders in this connection. Out of 5000 replies, 4500 were in favor of ending the moratorium; the remainder wished its extension.

Issue of Treasury Bills.
The second issue of \$25,000,000 (\$75,000,000) in treasury bills has been another great success. The total applications, which were principally from banks, amounted to over £40,000,000. Those who made application at a fraction over 2 1/2 per cent. were not successful. The interest works out at slightly over 2 1/2 per cent.

The treasury announcement that certificates would be issued to the banks instead of notes, created the hope that this additional state assistance would induce the banks to grant full facilities to traders to assist trade.

Bills in circulation rather freely on the market today at late rates.

HEAVY DELIVERIES OF PLUMS MADE

Trading in This Fruit Main
Feature of Wholesale
Market.

MELONS STILL CHEAPER

Canadian Peaches Sold at Dollar to Dollar and Quarter a Basket.

There are a large quantity of the melons sent on the market which are practically unmarketable because of their poor quality. Why not be more careful, and send on only the good ones? Also, fill your baskets better and get a better price.

Plums were easily the heaviest shipments yesterday. The market was positively crowded with them; in spite of which fact they did not materially decrease in price, the half-baskets selling at 20c, while the 1 1/2, brought 25c.

HOPE TO INCREASE GRAIN SHIPMENTS

United States Bankers Take
Further Steps to Meet
Obligations Abroad.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Additional steps looking to the relief of the foreign exchange situation were taken by international bankers today, but definite details were lacking. It is understood that the banks in New York City obligations, which fall due the first week in September, will be met by the purchase of gold.

Arrangements are under way also for the increased facilitation of shipments of grain and other commodities to Europe in larger volume. It is noteworthy in this connection that some banks have decided to issue long bills against future grain shipments. Most of the grain now being shipped is consigned to France, which England is taking small amounts of cotton.

Proposals of the cotton situation, southern banks were again active borrowers today, and aside from numerous renewals of loans which mature between this and the end of the month, many new loans were reported. In order to meet these fresh demands it is likely that banks will have to increase their supplies of emergency currency.

Review of the steel and iron industry indicates that the leading mills are no less active than a month ago, some even running behind production. There has been some inquiry from abroad including large orders from Germany, but the prevailing opinion that exports must eventually assume a large proportion of the cutting off of the European supply.

Announcement by the Pennsylvania Railroad of its intention to further curtail its passenger service along the main trunk line has caused some speculation in the industry and activity, including the possibility of a merger with the Erie.

Money shows a tendency to harden, some banks being more active than others. Foreign exchange having visible strengthening by the German market, which was quoted at \$5.04 to \$5.05, with cables at \$5.05 to \$5.06, while in Paris cables was between \$4.90 and \$4.95.

WHEAT SCORED SHARP ADVANCE

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Board of trade markets affected by the war soared to new high levels today led by wheat, which advanced 1/4 to 2 1/4 cents, 1 1/4 to 2 1/4 cents, while provisions were 7/8c down, to 57 1/2c higher.

Fluctuations in wheat were spectacular, the story behind them was simple, namely, the belief that the war was prepared for three years of struggle, and that the government was buying wheat for the purpose of satisfying the foreign demand for flour.

The fact that Liverpool was higher other routine news was practically disregarded. A 3c bulge early brought out considerable profit-taking, but prices were not materially affected, and stop loss orders were uncovered within 30 minutes of the top, and the price was bid up to the top, and the price was bid up to the top, and the price was bid up to the top.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Wincent P. Manley, grocer, of Mount Dennis has assigned to M. L. Martin, a meeting of creditors will be held Aug. 31.

GROCER ASSIGNS.
Glassbrook & Cronyn, exchange and bond brokers, report exchange rates as follows:

Buyers	Sellers	Counter
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2

RATES IN NEW YORK.
Sterling demand 5.04
Bank of England rate, 5 per cent.

G.T. EARNINGS DECREASE.
The Grand Trunk auditors in their reports continue to show a decrease in the earnings. The decrease for the week ending August 21 was \$47,940. The figures compared with last year are as follows: 1914, \$1,096,476; 1913, \$1,144,418.

LARGER BUSINESS IN MINING STOCKS

Market Narrow — Trading
Steady—Some Advances
—Outlook Bright.

A large number of shares changed hands yesterday on the floor of the Standard Exchange than the day previous. Balleys was quite active, as was McIntyre. The former sold at 3/4; 10000 shares were sold. McIntyre started at 37. It fell back to 25. This price prevailed at the close. During the trading 39 was paid.

Beaver started at 18. Later it advanced a point. A small lot of Big Dome brought 650. Crown Reserve sold at 111. Jupiter was busy at 5. Teck-Hughes brought 7 and 8. Nipissing opened at 55. It closed lower at 4 1/2.

STANDARD QUOTATIONS.

Cobalt Stocks	Sell	Buy
Balleys	17	17
Beaver Consolidated	15	15
Chambers - Ferland	10 1/2	10 1/2
Cobalt Lake	50	50
Comings	6.00	6.00
Kerr Lake	4.50	4.50
McIntyre	37	37
Nipissing	23 1/2	23 1/2
Teck-Hughes	7 1/2	7 1/2
Wetmore	17 1/2	17 1/2

MORE GOLD FOR BRITAIN.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Bank of England today received £28,000 in bar gold and £179,000 in American coin.

GROCER ASSIGNS.

Glassbrook & Cronyn, exchange and bond brokers, report exchange rates as follows:

Buyers	Sellers	Counter
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2
1/2 d. 1/4 d.	1/4 d.	1/4 to 1/2

BUYING OF HORSES MARKET FEATURE

Quick Work by Sir Percy Girouard at Union Exchange.

CATTLE TRADE ACTIVE

Hog Prices Advanced Another Ten Points — Demand for Feeders.

Receipts of the stock at the Union Yards on Wednesday were 67 carloads—537 cattle, 1373 hogs, 518 sheep and lambs and 172 calves.

In all the different branches of live stock there was a good trade. One choice load of steers sold at \$9.25, which is a new record for fat cattle at the Union Yards this season. Common and medium cattle were selling at steady prices.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26.—An easier feeling prevailed today in the market for hogs, which were firm Monday after a heavy and somewhat abnormal demand for hogs, which were firm Monday after a heavy and somewhat abnormal demand for hogs, which were firm Monday after a heavy and somewhat abnormal demand for hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; market, higher; beefs, \$8.70 to \$10.85; Texas steers, \$6.25 to \$9.40; stockers and feeders, \$4.75 to \$7.50; hogs, \$6.50 to \$9.25; calves, \$7.50 to \$11.00; sheep, \$4.25 to \$6.50; market, lower; light, \$4.25 to \$6.50; heavy, \$4.25 to \$6.50; market, steady; native, \$4.80 to \$5.80; yearlings, \$5.70 to \$6.70; lambs, native, \$6.25 to \$7.50.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 26.—Wheat prices maintained another advance this morning after the opening, which was 1/2c higher. Within the first hour there were gains around 2 1/2c to 2 3/4c. The market continued bullish, the greater part of the receipts being held by farmers. The general opinion credited higher prices. Later further advances occurred after midday. Closing prices were 2 1/2c to 3 1/2c higher.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26.—The general market situation here today was unchanged, as the further advance in wheat and oat prices did not induce any new business. The cables last hour showed here today were much out of line, and it is thought in some quarters that owing to the large quantity of grain that was diverted from the continent the present supply at Liverpool is ample for all requirements and a betterment in cable prices need not be looked for in the near future. There was some talk locally that change might witness an early advance, but the business that was done today was at yesterday's prices. Butter and eggs continue to be received in light quantities only, and prices were again firm. In a word, the local situation showed no change.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 26.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.17 1/2; No. 1 hard, \$1.15 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1.17 1/2 to \$1.22 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 3 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 4 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 5 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 6 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 7 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 8 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 9 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 10 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 11 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 12 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 13 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 14 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 15 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 16 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 17 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 18 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 19 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 20 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 21 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; No. 22 northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.21 1/2; 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