



Canning, A. J. Chafe, Beatrice, Forest Rd. Prowse, Mrs. James W. Kavanagh, Mary Ann, retd.
 A
 Canning, A. J.
 Kavanagn, Mary Ann, Fed.

 Adams, John,
 Chafe, Beatrice, Forest Rd.
 King, H., retd.

 Duckworth
 Street Cooper, Miss,
 King, Mrs. M., care G.P.O.

 Armstrong, Beaverley
 late Royal Stores King, Jack J., card

 Alexander, Archibald
 Connelly, Patk.
 King, Mrs. Matthews
R Kent, of Kent & McFarland Raish, Hugh Dwyer, Miss Lizzie, Rennie Mill Road Lake, Mrs. J. Langton, Edward Lawlor, Francis, card Driscoll, Sarah, retd. Lewis, R Barrett, Arch, retd. Bran, Miss Janie, Brine St. Downton, Mrs. Sarah, card Lacey, Roland, Doyle Wm., late Bonavista Branch care Gen'l Delivery Read, S. E. M Marks, S., card Martin, Eric, card, Williams' Lane Sansom, Miss Levina, Dixon, J. F. Emerson, Mrs. Wm., card Cochrane St. Escott, Mrs. Mark, retd. Mayer, C., card, St. Edmonds, Miss Mary, John Street Willer, John, Ezakiel, Thomas, retd. Morrissey, Thomas, Molloy, Michael, retd Moyst, J. J., Casey's St. nruhy. Munrce, Mrs. Mary lurphy, Wm., Adelaide St. Mrs. Wm., New Gower Street Fitzpatrick, H. Mullowney John New Gower Stree late Trinity G furphy & Doyle Gahan, Miss Elsie . T. retd. urphy. Gallagar, Frank ackay, Miss Maggie, card Scott, Miss Annie, New Gower Street Greening, Mrs. A., slip, ore: W. & J. Long's Hill W. Gillis, J. A., Iclliffey. late Bonavista Branch Gibbons, Mark Good, Mrs. Lizzie, retd. IcLov, Miss Minnie, A McDonald, Edward, West Stratten, Miss A. Forest Road Gorley, Mon. Joseph, slip Gush, Wm., care G. P. O. Water St. West Taylor, Harvey B., McBean, W., card Hannon, John A. Halliday, Miss, Mt. Scio N Newhook, H ..- card Newberry, Miss Annie P. O. Box 139 Noseworthy, Alice, Prince's Street 0 O'Neil, J., card, care Thos. Healey O'Brien, Miss Mary E. Water Street Hillyer, Miss Jane, Okley, Mrs. James, LeMerchant Road Oliver, Mrs. Ellen, retd. Hynes, Thomas, card Lynch, Hill Hutchings, Mr. & Mrs. J. F. O'Brien, W. J., card, Barter's Hill Hutchings, Leonard, Duckworth Gower Street ames, card, Holb, Mrs. Wm. Duckworth Strand O'Brien, Miss Ellen, card O'NeillO'Neill, etcr Duckworth Street Taff, Edmund O'NeillO'Neill, eter, Blackmarsh Road P

H

Brazil's Square Perrin, Lizzie, card, New Gower Street Wagg, Albert, King's Road Phelan, E. W., Water St. Cooke, Miss, Balsam St. Cossman, Otto, Johnson, Mrs. John C., retd. Phelan, James, Sip Phelan, James, Sip Penny, J. W., care G.P.O. Penny, Mary, retd. Walters, Joseph Wheeler, Elizabeth, card Costello, Master Martin, card Johnson. Conrad, card Cooper, Mr., care Wm. Frew Janes, Jack Whelton, J. J., card White, Jacob King's Bridge Ro d Winsor, Ernest, Fike, Miss M. H., slip Cooper, Mr. Carte Pedatkrew, Adelaide Street Ped Adelaide Street Peddigrew, Wm., retd. White, Robert Winsor, Mrs. Susan Police Station Pike, Miss M., slip Woodford, Philip. North Side Phillips, Mrs. James A. Walker, Arthur B.

care Post Office Kennedy, James J. S J., York Street Power, Mrs., Nagle's Hill Power, Miss Martha, Crocker, Miss Annie Kavanagh, John, card, LeMerchant Road Yale, Geo. W. L., . John care Gen'l Delivery Cummings, Mrs. John, late Norris' Arm Pike, Capt. John Duckworth Street

SEAMEN'S LIST.

A	D Hassell, Augustine,	Thornhill, Isaac,	N
Penwill, Jacob,		schr. Howard Youn Rive, Capt. E. T., ketch Her	schr. Norman O. o Hicks, Capt. Richard,
schr. Arabia Bregger, Capt. A., s.s. Anita Benjamine, Charles,		I arks, Capt, Almon schr Ing	schr. Nellie Burns Lawrence, Edward T., schr. Nellie M.

Power, Mrs. Thos., Water St. West Ryan, Miss Gertrude, retd. Relis, Harry, rince's St. Reid, Mr., care G. P. O. Reynolds, T. W., Y.M.C.A. Ring, Susie, Goodview St. Rodgers, Mrs. S. A. Rock, Martin Ruel, Johanna, card Rodgers, Mrs., Golf Avenue

The Evening Telegra #, St. Jobu's, Newtoundland, March 10, 1911-2

Gower Street Duckworth Street Stevenson, D., card Shears, Miss Sophie Hutchings' St. Stewart, Margaret, omas, care Gen'l Delivery Barter's Hill Steed, Benjamine, Carter's Hill Emith, Miss Emily Smith, Mr. & Mrs. R., Neagle's Hill Sievert, J. G. Iunnue, Hugh W., St. George's St. Shorty, Girty, card Stowe, John G., late Bonavista Snow, Mrs. E., care Post Offic

> Circular Road Strong, Margaret, care Gen'l Delivery Stone, Alice & B. Water St. West Simms, Mrs.

care G. P. C Taylor, E. Tarent, George, LeMerchant Road Taylor, Thomas, card, Water Street Taylor, Miss Meta Taylor, Lemuel B. Taylor, Mrs. Herbert

Young Stree Thomson, H. C. "Clear Shining'After Rain," late Trinity Tuff, Mrs., retd. Tubble, Capt., card Tucker, Mrs. James, card Even the sense of loss and trouble Verge, Master Max, card she had brought away from her inter view with Will and Louisa had faller Way, Mrs., Prince's St. Waterfield, J., card from her. She went home cheer fully, and Robert met her with a look of satisfaction. He had the Journa

in one hand, and he struck it lightly Wiseman, George, card with the other as he said : 'Amber, my love ! - They have re care Parker & Monroe King's Road

Prince's Stree Doctor Carter will prove or disprov the future. the allegations his late assistant has ' Dear, that will be lovely !' made.' That is enough ... The future work ! Amber, why did we not think how to ride. I will get you a safe

the Storm

CHAPTER XIX.

(continued)

f that hefore? I am content now. pony and teach you. Then we can My claims can stand well upon this ride together." foundation. I fear St. Ange no more, 'Oh, Robert! How happy that But, oh, my dear, what a sorrowful will make me ! Bessie is forever talklife I have led you lately !' She did not speak, but she crept she rides with Jack in the Park, she Ange to go to his wife, she says there

closer to him and slipped her hand believes every person is there only to would have been no public exposure. into his. And some womanly instinc watch them.

Grantuac WASHBURN-CROSBY CO. GOLD MEDALFLOUR Why Not Now?

> 'To be sure you will get all t selfishness : but he saw clearly now hat no experiments were a sufficient pretty dresses you desire.' This plan, simple as it was, requir xcuse for subjecting his wife to the

ociety of a man whom her 'instincts, ed a good deal of discussion, and in from the first, had pronounced ' dan- its consideration, all the hard feelings gerous.' He had not been careful of of the past were buried. They felt her good name, and his own had suf- toward each other all the loving kindfered. The retribution was a right- ness of their first espousals, and they eous one, and he acknowledged it were wise enough to give semblance and words to the feeling. So great with a manly and honest regret.

Ambrosia was no less generous, is the power of goodness. As the Their explanations and concessions most beautiful tints and colors are were really a new kind of courtship, procured from the tar which defileth Each strove to excuse the other, all it touches, so now the goodness of Each desired to make confession easy honest regret and confession brought and forgiveness sweet. And so they out of the vile droppings of slander

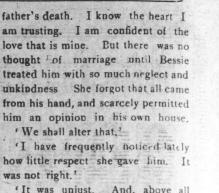
talked, Robert had a thought which and false accusation the sweetnes of mutual confidence, the tenderness o sealed the renewal of their vows. 'Let us go,' he said, 'to the moun- renewed and chastened affection. tains, to the Catskills, and try to learn The next day, Ambrosia had a visit each other better. After all this from Clara. She was looking so lovely worry, I feel as if the woods and the in a violet dress and white bonnet wilderness will be salvation. By the that Ambrosia was compelled to say ist of June you can have the house 'How pretty you are, Clara! No insel to publish anything further ready to leave, and I will arrange my wonder Bessie thought you too young

from St. Ange. The editor very affairs. Then for shree months we for the position you had taken." properly says : "The future work of will think only of each other and of So you also have heard of that re mark? It was not a kind one. Die Bessie call on you before she went to

"You have long wanted to learn Europe?" 'No.' ' I told her she ought to apologize for her interference with your affairs." 'She has not done so.'

'No. She thought you owed he ing about her horesmanship. When an apology. If you had not told St.

She meant only to have whispered the



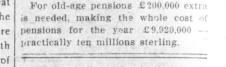
'It was unjust. And, above all qualities, justice is the grandest. Let love go, but let us have justice. Mr. Madison is at the head of a great business. He ought to be the head of his own house. When I am his wife, I intend to see him in that place.

"Bessie will never consent." ' Bessie is not bad. Put Bessie in the right position, and she will be very good. For we may say what we like, Amber, it is not so much changing ourselves as changing our circumstances which makes us better. 'I think Bessie ought to have her

own house. To be continued.

£10.000.000 in Pensions.

Some revelations of the growing cost of government is given in a supplementary estimate issued recently besides the sums voted last year o carry on the Government up to March 1 next £476.427 more is found to be equired.

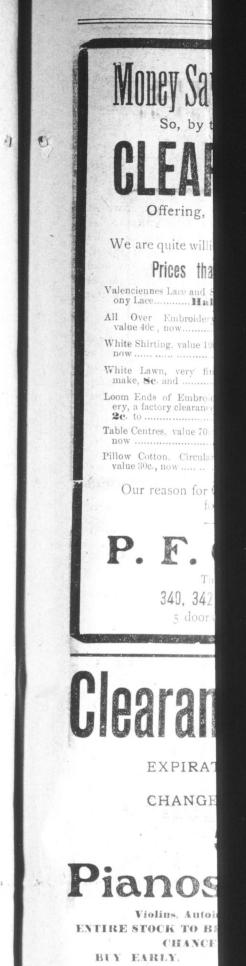


Women Need sympathy and help when they are attacked by weakness and suffering At times when Nature seems cruel and very hard-when depressions and derangements come - kind womanly friends may give sympathy When ailments occur, the best natural help and correction is the



and may be relied upon

They correct the result of errors and remove the cause of suffering. They have tonic, helpful action on the whole system. They relieve nervousness, headache, backache, dispel depression and suffering. Beecham's Pills give the organs strength, improve bodily conditions



CHESL





g Agencies can advertirs for £1, or large adve?

Lane, London, E. C.

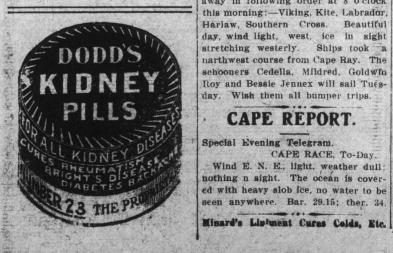
RINTING



ergy and great executive ability. coupled wiht intelligence, tact and paration. This will strengthen the

judgment which led to the success he achieved in business. He was taken tone up the system generally. It is a into partnership with his father in | splendid spring tonic. One hundred 1879, and at the death of his parent doses for \$1.00. in 1884 associated with him his bro-**Only One "BROMO QUININE"** ther, Mr. Geo. Davey, building up a reliable and lucrative business. Con- That is LAXATIVE J'ROMO QUINtesting Burin District in 1900 in the INE. Look for the signature Liberal interest he was elected, and in W. GROVE. Used the World over to

each succeeding political contest had 21fri.tf the confidence and support of the people of the district he so worthily represented. With his colleagues on either side in the Assembly he was justly popular, and though a good loyal party man never allowed his political connections to interfere with personal friendship. Imbued with an innate sense of fair play he conceded



Hypophosphites, a really reliable pre-The Prospero left Belleoram at 8.30 this morning. nerves, stimulate the appetite, and

mch6.m.th.tf

DIED. This morning, Edward H. Davey, M. H. A., aged 57 years. Funeral on Sun-day, at 2.30 p.m. This morning, at 10.30 o'clock, Louise

necessary for you to be certain that the portrait and signs ture of A. W. Chase, Whiteley (of London, England), relict of the late W. H. Whitely. Funeral on M. D., the famous Receipt Book author, of E. are on the box you buy. 60 cts. a box, at all dealers or Edmanscn, Bates & Co., Monday at 2.30 p m., from her late residence No. 7 Military Road ; friends and Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c ..- oct. acquaintances will please accept this, the only, intimiaton

Toronto. Write for a free copy of Dr. Chase's Recipes.

the trouble I consider the cure a perm-

Such cures are not brought about by imitations and substitutes for Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is therefore

anent one."



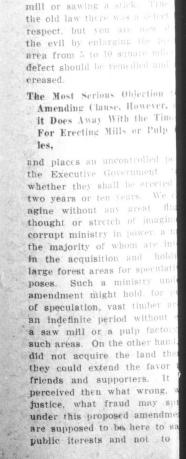
In these days good old fashioned honesty is rare, therefore, you will be pleased to see how we have combined old time honesty in quality and price with new, fresh designs in

White Linen Embroideries & Insertions A magnificent assortment at one price :

5 cents per yard. IT IS OUR BUSI-NESS TO GIVE THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY.

Buyers cannot put their money in more liberal hand. You need not hesitate to accept our statements, as we back them with goods and prices.

S. MILLEY, Water St.



VYYYYYY

The Evening Telegram, St. John's, Newfoundland, March 10. 1911 .- 5

the United States. Here is an extract from the "brief" hat was presented :---

"A reciprocal arrangement with Canada for free paper and free "pulp" is advisable to insure the continuance of the present supply of free logs from Canada. Thethreatened retaliatory export duty upon logs to be imposed by Canada would ultimately fall upon the newspaper consumer. The present consumption of pulp wood by the pulp and paper mills of the United States, including manila, book, and writing, is stated, upon authority of the Paper Maker, a trade journal, at 2,000,000 cords per annumn, which consumption requires the entire stripping of pulp timber on 625 square miles

per annum. "Our spruce wood supply is limited. We, therefore, urge that the commission should take advantage of the present opportunity and immediately secure a sufficient supply of spruce freed from tariff complications. "The trust . . . has increas-

ed its timber holdings and that ownership is more than sufficient to give it a wood supply for a long period of years on the trust which can be utilized to operate large plants in competition with the trusts, so that all that might be done in the United States towards the enlistment of capital, the development of new enterprises, or the conversion of manila mills to news, or extension of pulp or sulphite mills to news production, would be inconsiderable in comparison with the wiping out of the duty on paper and the opening of Canada to our re-

The publicity given to this demand and the favourable manner in which : was received opened the eyes o speculators and land grabbers to the resources of Newfoundland and Labrador, and during the past two years we have witnessed a mad rush to the Crown Lands Department for timber areas. Men who did not wish their names to appear put forward their applications through others, and in the Royal Gazette we have seen Postal clerks, office keepers, and other public officials; impecunious loafers and keen witted lawyers vieing with one another in the scramble for timber

Newspaper Publishers Association to the Government of the United States was successful and reciprocity with Canada based upon a free export of pulp wood is an accomplished fact.

So far it has not matured as regard to mill and cut in respect to double amendment is a removal of that safe- which they obtained their first title. the former area. To put it another guard, and should not be approved The object of this measure is so ap. this country, but the public have been parent that I am amazed that it was told that the question is still open the holder of a license to cut over Again, Section 3 of this Bill repeals ever brought forward. It is an Act and in the meantime these speculator-500 square miles of territory would Section 31 of the Crown Lands Act of purely and simply in the interest of and land grabbers want to hold on to have to erect a mill or mills capable 1903, and thereby still further facili- the speculators and timber grabbers their areas at the least possible exof turning out one hundred thousand tates the holding of timber areas by who hold in their possession to-day the pense. This Bill, if it becomes law feet of lumber in twenty-four hours, speculators. The Act of 1903 provid- whole of the timber areas of New- will make them do so. There is ;

procity with Canada, based upon free here has now been taken up by the export of pulp wood from Canada to great pulp and paper making con-cerns, in addition to an area of 25,000 square miles in Labrador. The great Hearst deal is now prac

tically settled. It covers an immense extent of fine woodland, and has the advantage over all the Northern pulp and paper factories, of an ice-free port, whence the paper can be shipped every day all the year round to New York. It was found by experi-ence that our spruce wood makes excellent tough paper. There are sever-lal more pulp and paper deals now in course of negotiation, mostly with United States capitalists.

January 19, 10. The amount of fees received by this ranch of the Government for licence to search for minerals and grants for fumber areas for the manufacture of pulp and paper is by far the largess ever received. For the full year from July 1, 1998, to June 30, 1909, the amount received for licences, was \$53,000. In the last six months from July 1 to December 31, 1909. \$87,000 has been already taken.

2000 MILES OF PULP AREAS. In this department there has been an immense increase of business. The permanent head of the Department informed me that there was a doze grants of pulp areas at Labrador, and they averaged each about two thousand square miles. There was not in Newfoundland, he declared, more than

one or two hundred square miles woodland not taken up for areas. March 16 10 Another important pulp deal has een negotiated this week, a pulp timber area covering upwards of one thousand square miles having been sold to a United States syndicate.

The situation is in the Bay Despai district, and the transfer includes splendid ice-free shipping port. The same syndicate is negotiating an extensive timber deal in the Straits of Bollo Lele Lebender of Belle Isle, Labrador. Sir E. Morris's Government would

gladly have sold these and other valuable pulp areas to British syn-dicates, but while English investor; the United States are seizing all the best sites and paying promptly fo them

April 27, 10, The Government has concluded a very important pulp deal, by which n area of 8,260,000 acres of timbe in the Hamilton Inlet district of Labrador will be leased to a company possessing a capital of \$25,000,000 (£5,136,986)' at a rental of \$50,000 £10,273) per annum. Another pulp deal of an extensive

haracter is now engaging the atten ion of the Government, and is likely to be put through in the course of a few days. The area concerned is about 7000 square miles, and the ren-tal offered is in the neighbourhood o \$30,000 (£6164). Other inquiries are consideration, two of then eing English capitalists.

May, 11, 10. Another pulp and paper company i areas. The appeal of the American the United States, with a capital of \$25,000,000, has been formed to work in extensive timber area. The opportunities thus snapped up y United States, financiers were offered first to British capitalists.

May 12, 10. With regard to the big pulp deal a Labrador, the company is registered as the Anglo-American Developmen Company. Its capital is \$25,000,000 and it is composed of a group of fin-anciers and paper manufacturers. The vhole area taken is twelve thous nine hundred square miles; explorers declare that it is one of the finest timber limits in these latitudes, and he work will be started at the open

he revenue of

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA. INCORPORATED, 1832.

Information for Depositors.

The following certificate is attached to the 79th Annual Statement, published January 16th, 1911:

We have examined the books and accounts of the Bank of Nova Scotia at its Head Office, Halifax, at the General Manager's Office, Toronto, and at seven of the principal branches, and we have been duly furnished with certified returns from the remaining branches and with all information and explanations required by us. The Bank's investments and the other securi-ties and cash on hand at the branches visited have been verified by us and they are in accordance with the books; and we certify that we have examined the foregoing general statement and that in our opinion it is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the Bank's affairs as at 31st December, 1910. PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO. Toronto, January 12th, 1911.

The Books and Annual Statements of the Bank have been submitted to independent audit annually, beginning 1906.

in our Colony are controlled by Eng-lish and United States capitalists.

ist, Mr. Philips. Another large pulp factory is being rected at St. George's Bay for United

States capitalists. It will begin oper-utions with an output of 200'tons per lay, which will gradually be materialy increased. January 18, 1911.

An important pulp deal is announ ed. A tract of timber land at Ham-ilton Inlet, on the Labrador coast, nearly 10,000 square miles in extent, has been sold to an English capital-

February 3, 1911. It is reported that a very big pulp

and timber deal has been concluded with British capitalists. It embraces 700 square miles of fine timber ountry on Hamilton Inlet, Labrador t \$38,400, and have now sold it to an Inglish syndicate at a big profit. It s gratifying to see that British capitalists are waking up to the import-ince of Newfoundland and Labrador as a field for enterprise in this direc-June 29, 1911

Owing to the progressive policy of Sir E. Morris's administration with regard to pulp and mineral areas, the venue from Crown Lands alone year ending to-morrow is mes greater than it was in 1909, th evised figures showing a total of up vards of \$250,000 (£51,368). Standard of Empire Correspondent.

One of the causes which have co buted to the present attitude of the nited States in seeking a reciprocal eaty with Canada and Newfoundland the great demand for pulp wood Several of the great makers have purchased extensiv ood areas, and are building mills in Janada. One of the very largest con-cerns has just sent down its steamen rom here to Hamilton Inlet, Labra It is understood that they build three mills on their big gran. of thirteen thousand eight hundred square miles of densely wooded tim-

Then I would direct your attention

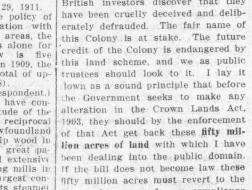
dollar, and five dollars per acre. The majority of these forest lands are es-The head of the Department, Mr. Taylor, tells me that there are over twenty cords of pulp wood to the one hundred applicants for pulp areas, besides those I have mentioned. There is a large grant at Sandwich basis of twenty cords we have a yield Bay, Labrador, to an English capital- of fifteen tons to the acre, or, in other words at a dollar per acre, it w November 9, 1910. work out about 3d. per ton of paper. it will At a conference early this spring at St. John's, the Prime Minister said

that assuming the value of the timber land of the Colony to be \$45,000 per square mile the" valuation of this wooded territory would be in poten-tial labour alone \$620,000,000.

The man who can go there now and ut down his gold can acquire timber areas which within the next few years will yield to him many hundred per ent. profit, whilst in the meantime his investment costs nothing to keep and as safe and sure as the finest of

city freeholds.' In these extracts we have a per

sistent effort to inveigle the British public into this timber lands scheme. Is this a scheme to which the Government and the Legislature of this Colony should lend themselves? If we adopt this bill we most certainly do lend ourselves to it. There will be a rude awakening for this country if British investors discover that they



Crown because of non-compliance with the law under which the applications were approved. But, Sir, let this bill become law and that vast rea may remain locked up in the hands of speculators and land grabbers for the next three years. When

those lands have reverted to the

March 9th, 1911 SIR ROBERT BOND-This is a

Another Powerful

Indictment of the

SIR ROBERT BOND on the CROWN

LANDS BILL.

Morris Government.

RIGHT HON. SIR ROBERT BOND, K.C.M.G.

safeguards that exist. The law as it i exchange them for licenses under the

stands is a safeguard against the Bill before us and thus get rid of the

tates the acquisition and holding of our forest areas by speculators and monopolitic combinations. Section 2 of this Bill amends sec tion 25 of the Crown Lands Act, 1903. by doing away with the distinction between timber and pulp licenses; by reducing the expenditure of the licensee upon the area leased; and by giving absolute power to the Executive Government to determine how long a licensee may hold a lease without erecting a mill or pulp factory thereon. I do not see any great objection to doing away with the distinction between timber and pulp licenses, but I entertain a strong objection to reducing the expenditure of the lessee upon the area leased. Under the 25th section of the Crown Lands Act. 1903, which is repealed



HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY,

most important bill, in some respects the most important that has ever come before the Legislature, as shall presently demonstrate; but I must record my objection to it, first, because it places too much power in the hands of the Executive Govern ment, and secondly because it facili-

SARANA S nptly you will be ty an 1 price Prtions OUR BUSIa b GIVE THE. OR YOUR re liberal our stateices.

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that an applicant for a timber li- found, and of the Labrador as well. moral as well as financial consideraunder the proposed amendment he would only have to erect a mill cense "shall at his own expense cause Through the Web and Woof of our or mills capable of cutting one-half the limit mentioned in his application that quantity. What necessity is there to be surveyed by a Surveyor and the for the proposed change? By making boundary lines of said limit to be cut it you reduce the expenditure of the a width of three feet." The object of I can perceive nothing but injustice land they hold. It is almost certain lessee on account of plant, and you this provision was to prevent the over- and iniquity running through this that a vast quantity of the areas is reduce labor to the people of this lapping of areas, to guard against the Bill. If it becomes law it will work an as barren as the summit of Mount country. You facilitate the acquisi- robbing of the public domain by the injustice upon the people of this coun- Blanc. Yet the fact that it is leased

way. Under the law as it now stands | by this House.

tion of large areas and at the same lessee or his employees, and to test try, by locking up our public lands in by the Government as timber land time reduce the revenue to be obtain- the bona fides of the applicant, for no the hands of speculators; by depriving gives it a certain value on the mark ed from such areas. The greater the man would go to the enormous ex- this country of the revenue that should et and helps cut the more labor, and the greater the pense of cutting a line three feet wide flow from those lands; by fostering The Speculator in Preying upon the the labor and cut the more revenue. around hundreds of miles, it may be, and aiding monopolistic combinations Are we in a position at this time to of forest area unless he meant to es- which have proved the curse of every

cut off any source of revenue or of tablish a business on that area. A land where they have held sway. If labor? I think not. Again, this mere land speculator would not do it becomes law it will be iniquitous, perform in the premises? I cert clause facilitates the acquitision of so, and to this extent it was a safe- because it will have become such by large holdings without any condition guard to public interests. The pro- the vote of those members of this most similar condition of things was attaching as to the erection of mills posed amendment does away with the House who have a personal interest in proceeding in connection with public or cut of lumber. For instance: A cutting of boundary lines and substi- the timber areas held under license, man by himself or the agency of oth- tutes the blazing, or chipping with an and therefore a personal interest in ister of New South Wales conceived in ers may obtain any number of areas axe, of the trees in a given direction. this legislation.

of nine miles in extent, and under This of course reduces the survey to Since the present Government came this new clause or amendment he a farce, for any man with an atom of into power they have, approved applicould hold them without erecting a sense must know that it is absolute- cations for immense areas of public. mill or sawing a stick. True, under ly impossible to survey through a so-called timber, lands. Since Januthe old law there was a defect in this dense forest without cutting a chain ary 1, 1910, they have approved applirespect, but you are now doubling line. It does away with the large cations for

the evil by enlarging the prescribed expenditure that the cutting of a chain area from 5 to 10 square miles. The line three feet wide would entail. defect should be remedied and not in- It Thereby Enormously Facilitates the dred and twenty-five square miles of advertise its public lands and other creased.

The Most Serious Objection to This ing Timber Areas, Amending Clause, However, is That while on the other hand it necessarily Act of 1903 amounted to Three hundred This paper has been availed of to cirit Does Away With the Time Limit must lead to the overlapping of claims and twelve thousand five hundred dol- culate the most misleading and false

and places an uncontrolled power in the Executive Government to say the Executive Government to say the speculative for the shall be erected within whether they shall be erected within tors in holding large timber areas. We can im- Under the Act of 1903 the Governor in two hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. Two hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the large timber areas. The hundred areas the large timber areas are the large timber areas the large timber areas are the large timber areas. The hundred areas the large timber areas are the large timber areas areas areas are the large timber areas a whether they shall be erected within tors in nothing task and the grant of the applicants lands that are held by speculators, deals being negotiated, whi two years or ten years. We can im- Under the Act of 1903 the Governor in leaving a balance due to the Crown of Week after week cable despatches give immense employment. two years or ten years. We can im- | Under the decoder of and sufficient reason Two hundred and sixty-three thousand have been transmitted such as the agine without any great night of counter to gove the for making the two hundred and thirty-six dollars. following to the corrupt ministry in power, a ministry survey for "one year, but no longer, Unless this Bill becomes law Fifty the majority of whom are interested on payment of the rent for the year million acres of land now held by in the acquisition and holding of then past, and an extra bonus and speculators and land grabhers must large forest areas for speculative pur-rental of two dollars per square mile." revert to the Crown, because of nonposes. Such a ministry under this This, then, permitted an applicant to compliance with the law under which poses. Such a ministry under this then, permanent might hold, for purposes hold a tmber area for two years and the applications were approved. Let the Gander River North. On Satur amendment might hold, for purposes hold a timber area for the year and the approved. Let the Gander River North. On Satur-of speculation, vast timber areas for no longer by a payment of six dollars this Bill become law and those Fifty million acres may remain locked up in the hands of the speculators and land the purchase money paid to the hands of the speculators and land the burchase money paid to the hands of the speculators and land the burchase money paid to the hands of the speculators and land the burchase money paid to the hands of the speculators and land the purchase of New York as a saw mill or a pulp factory upon bill before us proposes that an applithey could extend the favor to their friends and supporters. It will be perceived then what wrong, what in-justice, what fraud may spring up under this proposed amendment. We friends and supporters. It will be friends and supporters. It will be perceived then what wrong, what in-justice, what fraud may spring up under this proposed amendment. We are supposed to be here to safeguard unbit it terests and not to remove, ber areas under the Act of 1903 may public iterests and not to remove, her areas under the Act of 1903 may United States Government, for reci-

tion attached to this matter. The holders of these so-called timber areas Legislation let us run the Golden we know, for the greater number, have Thread of Justice. no knowledge of the character of the

Credulity of Others.

Has not the Government a duty tainly think so. Quite recently an ai lands in Australia, and the Prime Minto be his duty to warn the British pub

lic through the English press. Now what do we find as respects this Colonoy and the English press? Let me read you a few extracts from the "Standard of Empire" to show you how the British public are being fool ed in the matter of these lands. The

Fifty Million Acres, "Standard of Empire" is very properly or seventy-eight thousand one hunsubsidized by this Colony in order to Speculators in Acquiring and Hold- timber areas. The fees that were pay- natural resources, and people naturalable upon that vast area under the ly turn to it for reliable information.

"Standard of Empire," London. ANOTHER PULP DEAL. December 1st. 1909

Only last week news came about the completion of the great pulp deal on

o the following extract from a spec ng of navigation next month. illy prepared article evidently writen on behalf of land speculators i

States.

ber areas.

Nothing shows more clearly listinctly the recent progress of Newoundland than the contrast between uary 3, 1910 by the Departm

Agriculture and Mines for 1908-9 and the present year's collection. In 1908-9 the whole revenue for minera' This is the extract I refer to:-

and timber grants was \$54,000. Thi "In order to offer every possible enpresent year it will be \$250,000. The uragement to the outside capitalist Anglo-American Company paid nearly much in one cheque as the whole amount received in 1908-9. There is lost generous terms for the leasing of their timber lands. The price as com still an immense area of undeveloped timber lands both on Labrador and Newfoundland. The largest owners pared with the timber areas of Canada and the United States on the one hand of all are the Reids. or Scandinavia on the other, is ridiculously low.

February 22, 10. The figures for the fiscal year in our Colony show great and steady prosperity and advancement. The following are the figures given me today by the Minister of Finance and Customs:-Estimated Customs revenue for fiscal year \$330,000 over 1909; Crown Lands revenue, \$200,000 over 1909. Every other source of disposed of by the Government to difrevenue shows increase also. Revenue estimates of probable surplus indicate this is certain to reach \$450,000. possibly half a million.

THE REVENUE.

The greatest increase of all is in the Lands Department. Last year it was \$54,000. This year it has come least it would appear there is no open ing for the British capitalist if he was \$54,000. This year it has come up to \$251,000, and I am informed by the head of this Department by wants to get it on the "ground floor" terms, and become one of the pioneers there are over one hundred applicaof this country's future development tions for pulp areas in Newfoundland But this is not so, for the reason and Labrador covering 30,000 square that though every square inch of th miles. available timber lands of the country

May 20, 10. The great Labrador pulp deal will ment, the bulk of it has been granted For Erecting Mills or Pulp Factor-ies, and the involving of the Crown Lands lars, but, I observe from the state-les, the involve the erection of three mills. A Department in possible litigation and instable by the Department of and their transfer. During the past supply of timber is like the iron ore at Dell Island—simply inexhaustible. by the Government of the covernment in recognition when the supply the Colony can swell In the near future the Government of the concessions issued to them. will have a revenue from pulp and the iron mines of \$200,000 a year. others are now under option or nego-June 13, 10,

"There is continued activity in the tiation. United States capitalists are unformineral areas, and several large puip deals are in progress of negotiation." lands, and already control extensive June 24, 10.

frown steps should immediately be taken to have them examined, reportthis city. It was published in th ed upon, and such as may properly 'Standard of Empire'' under date Jane described as forest areas plotted and laid off on a plan. If the Gov-"A Special Correspondent." ernment then determined to sell or lease, the purchaser or lessee would

know what he was paying for. This is precisely what all other Governthe Government of the country offers | ments have done. Then again, every civilized country in the world with the exception of China and Turkey is conserving its forest areas, recognizing that at the present rate of consumption in thirty years from now

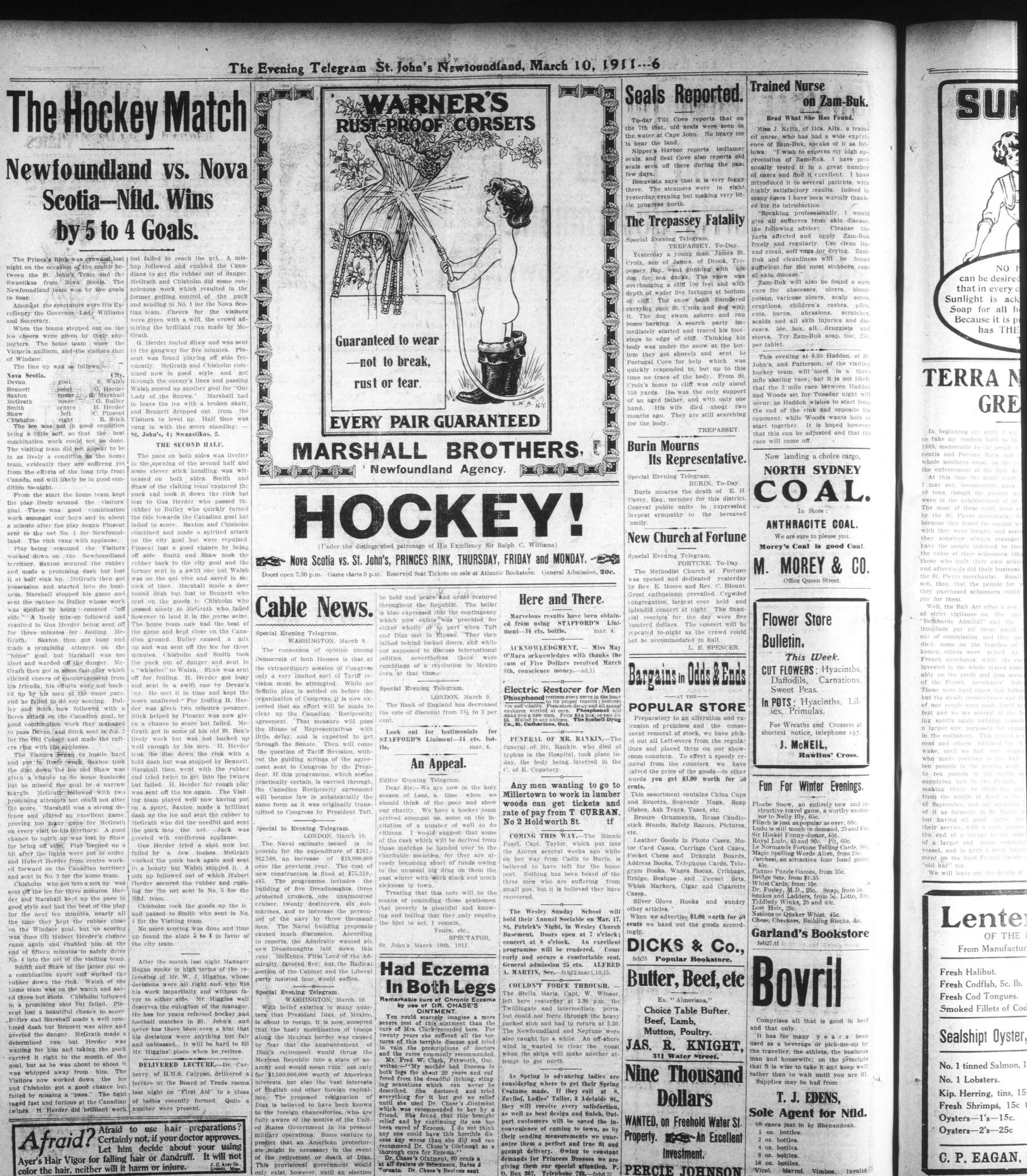
All persons desirous of acquiring there must ensue a timber famine unfrom the Crown timber areas in the country must approach in the first less reforestration and conservation takes place. We are giving out our place the office of the Minister of Agriculture and Mines. I visited this Department, where I was shown a map to them for the sake of a few immeof the country, from which it appears diate dollars return in rental and bonus, and we are permitting indesdisposed of by the Government to dif- criminate cutting without any return ferent individuals. It would seem in all directions. Perhaps I shall be from this, therefore, in so far as timasked, are we to obtain no revenue ber for either the lumber or pulp in dustry is concerned, there is n from these lands? Perhaps it may be opening to the British capitalist; at contended that owing to natural obstacles pulp mills cannot be advantageously operated on the Labrador. My Answer is That the Government Should Hold the Balance of Our Timber Areas Here and on the Labrador as Feeders for Pulp Mills

foundland. If the climate of the Labrador is adcountry for the building up of a great Many of these properties, of course, have already been disposed of, and the demand for labor. Nothing would compensate us for the less the Colony would sustain by the export of its

Erected and to be Erected in New-

pulp wood to foreign countries. Entertaining the views I have expressed areas of the finest timber in the Col- in relation to this matter. I cannot ony; but from enquiries which I have do other than vote against this bill.

made it appears there are at present about 6000 square miles of timber land now open for sale by private owners. Practically the whole of this is well watered and admirably situated for the establishment of lumber and pulp mills. The majority of it has been granted (and so can be purchased) in



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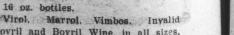


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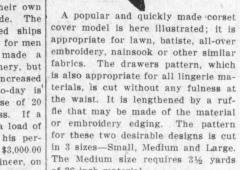
hough not catching enough individ-You will be surprised with its mar-ellous results. When rubbed to the wrists, and arms, ankles and legs, will not only enable you to travel on the ice faster, yes, faster even than the seals themselves, but it will r nove the tired muscular fatigue of the limbs, the result of excessive walk-

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