

Religious Intelligence.

(From Evangelical Christendom.)
Persecution of Rev. Fredrik Olaus Nilsson, and Memorial thereon to the King of Sweden.

At a Meeting of Committee of Council of the British Evangelical Alliance, held May 31st. Dr. Steane having brought forward the case of Mr. Nilsson, of Gottenberg, sentenced to banishment on account of his religious opinions, and produced a variety of documents relating to it, the Committee resolved—That this Committee have heard with deep regret of the case of persecution now brought under their notice, and with a strong sense of the violation it involves of the Protestant principle of the right of private judgment, as well as of its utter contrariety to the spirit and injunctions of Christianity; and deem it proper to take such steps as they best can to show their sympathy with the persecuted, and to express their opinion of the iniquity of the persecution under which he suffers.

TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF SWEDEN.
The Memorial of the Council of the British Evangelical Alliance.

May it please your Majesty.—The Evangelical Alliance is an Institution composed of Christians of all countries, and of nearly all churches, who hold the great fundamental doctrines of Christianity and of our common Protestant faith. It aims to promote the union of all true Christians, not in ecclesiastical confederation, but in brotherly love; and it proposes to itself to manifest Christian compassion, and to render such aid as it is able, to all persecuted and oppressed brethren, whether they are members of the Institution or not.

The British Organisation of the Evangelical Alliance derives its members, with a few exceptions, from all denominations of Christians in Great Britain; and it acts through its Council, which in this memorial humbly addresses your Majesty.

It has come to the knowledge of your memorialists that a person in your Majesty's dominions, whose name is Fredrik Olaus Nilsson, has been tried, and sentenced to banishment, with confiscation of his property, for no civil or political offence, but simply on the ground of his religious opinions, having exercised his ministry as the pastor of a Baptist church.

Your memorialists have reason to believe that Mr. Nilsson is a man of blameless life, and both a good citizen, and loyal subject of the Swedish crown; and that the judicial authorities by whom he was tried, reluctantly convicted him, but were compelled to do so by the revival of an obsolete law.

Your memorialists persuade themselves that they may entertain the fullest confidence not only in your Majesty's royal clemency, but also in your Majesty's enlightened views, not more of the impolicy than of the impiety of persecution for conscience sake. Otherwise they would represent to your Majesty how absolutely incompatible it is with the spirit and injunctions of Christianity, that Christians should oppress one another; and how inimical to the true dignity and welfare of kingdoms that such oppression should be sanctioned by law.

That Protestants should suffer persecution from Papists is indeed accordant with the principles of the apostate Romish church, and unhappily but too much in harmony with the policy she has ever pursued; as testified by the whole course of European history since the glorious Reformation. But it can be regarded with no other feelings than those of sorrow and shame, when Protestants turn persecutors of each other.

Your memorialists venture to express their greater astonishment at these proceedings, because to the honour of your Majesty's crown, and the happiness of your Majesty's subjects, a larger measure of constitutional freedom than in many other countries, has been for so many centuries enjoyed in Sweden; and because the constitution expressly provides that "the king must not coerce, or cause to be coerced, any man's conscience, but protect every one in the free exercise of his religion, provided the peace of society be not thereby disturbed, or public scandal caused."

It is unnecessary to represent to your Majesty that at a period such as the present, when the principles of liberty, both civil and religious, are so much better understood than of late, and when the nations of Europe are so sensitively alive to every act by which they are violated, how undesirable it might be, that your Majesty's government should be signalled by intolerance,

rather than by that just policy which respects the exercise of individual conscience, because it rests on the basis of universal rectitude.

Your memorialists are aware that the Baptists of this country, a large and deservedly respected body of Christians, are deeply interested in the case of their suffering brother, and have addressed numerous petitions to your Majesty on his behalf; and with great respect your memorialists express their hearty concurrence with them. They have reason also to believe that similar memorials to the present will in great numbers be laid at your Majesty's feet, both from different parts of this country, and also from some of the continental nations, if it should be found necessary in such a manner to make known the general sentiment of Protestant Christendom on the subject.

But your memorialists confide in the wisdom of your Majesty, and in your Majesty's sense of what is due from an enlightened Government to the claims of justice, and to the rights of conscience, to render unnecessary any such wider demonstration of feeling, by the extension, in the first instance, of your royal clemency to the sufferer, and then by the adoption of such measures as may lead to the repeal and abolition of the obnoxious law.

In thus addressing your Majesty, your memorialists have discharged a sacred duty, with that freedom which a consciousness of rectitude inspires, but also, they trust, with that high consideration and respect which is due, and which they have profound satisfaction in rendering, to a monarch so august and gracious as your Majesty; and they now assure your Majesty of their fervent prayers that it may please Almighty God, "by whom kings reign and princes decree justice," to establish your throne in righteousness, and to grant you finally the rewards of those just potentates who rule in His fear, and use their dominion for His glory.

Signed on behalf of the Council,
CULING E. EARLETT, Chairman.
JABEZ BUNTING, D.D. Hon.
DAVID KING, LL.D. Secs.
EDWARD STANE, D.D. Secs.
J. P. DOBSON, Official Secretary.

Biography.

Obituary Notice of Mrs. Samuel Greenfield, OF SACKVILLE, N. B., WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE ON THE 13TH MAY, 1850.

Among the various sources of encouragement presented to the Christian, amidst the numerous and powerful enemies with whom he has to contend, the record of the experience of all who have been engaged in the Christian warfare, is certainly not one of the least. Where does it appear that any who ever entered the service of the King of Kings, were deceived by the failure of those promises made to them? Or, has ever the Christian had to record his regret, at having rendered his members "as instruments of righteousness to God?" The grace imparted to him, has invariably proved sufficient for all the circumstances of trial and temptation in which he has been placed; and as it regards his enjoyments, he also proves the truth of the assertion, "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither hath entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love Him."

The subject of this notice was the daughter of Mr. WILLIAM ATKINSON, of Fort Lawrence, County Cumberland, Nova Scotia, and wife of Mr. SAMUEL GREENFIELD of Sackville, N. B.

Our departed sister, at a very early period of life, was the subject of serious impressions; the Spirit of the Lord moved on the face of her mind, producing conviction of sin, and an early consecration of her ransomed powers of body and mind to God. It was not however, until she had attained the 21st year of her age, that she really responded to the call—"daughter, give me thy heart." Then, under the ministry of the Rev. J. F. BENT, this happy consummation was effected. As the light of the Holy Spirit, in its gracious influences, irradiated her moral darkness, she appears generally to have cherished those influences. Aware of the necessity of bearing her cross, and following the Lord Jesus, she promptly and entirely relinquished the vanities of this sinful world—studiously opposing its spirit and maxims. She highly valued connexion with Christians. Having been taught the language of Canaan, she loved all who gave evidence of being instructed in the school of Christ; but the Wesleyans were, more especially, the people of her choice—of them she said, "this people shall be my people and their God my God."

In the conjugal relation, Mrs. GREENFIELD was truly exemplary; she was a living and practical comment on the words of the wise man in his description of a virtuous woman: "the heart of her husband doth safely trust in her;" "she will do him good, and not evil, all the days of her life." Prov. XXXI. 11, 12. The assurance of her acquaintance with God, through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, she seemed never, through unwatchfulness, to have wholly forfeited. When

in her weekly Class-meeting she spoke of her religious exercises, her spirituality of mind, and confidence in God were evident to all who enjoyed Christian fellowship with her; but it was in prospect of an approaching dissolution, that she more particularly proved the all-sufficiency of divine grace. The disease which terminated her mortal career was consumption; for eighteen months previously, a troublesome cough indicated the incipient stages of pulmonary affection; her symptoms however, did not become alarming, until about six weeks before her death. Her mind at this period was more than ordinarily sustained. "As was her day, so was her strength." As her heart and her flesh failed, her prospect of heavenly and eternal felicity brightened; most calmly and confidently did she resign her children into the hands of God, saying to her sorrowing husband, "mourn not for me." In the depth of her affliction, it was my privilege, in connexion with Brother Hennigar, to rejoice over her, as a trophy of grace, as a witness of the power of God to save, whose only ground of glorying was the blood and righteousness of the Lord Jesus Christ. On the morning of the day, when she was to take a final farewell of all sublunary objects, I saw her, and it was evident that the pins of her clay tabernacle were fast falling out,—that the hour of her departure was very near. About nine o'clock in the evening, I again called, and found that I was just in time to take my last farewell of her—just in time to see another saint die! to see another accession to the Church triumphant!

A solemn, yet truly glorious sight, now presented itself—nature rapidly sinking! grace triumphing! the room was indeed a highly privileged place! Jesus had whispered His love into the heart of His handmaiden—He had said, "He that believeth on me shall never die." "Well done good and faithful servant!" And angels were there, in waiting, ready to escort the happy soul of our sister to the realms of eternal day. While commending her to God in prayer, she revived a little, and on rising from our knees, she with difficulty said, "I feel disappointed" on my asking her, why she felt so? she replied, "I thought I was with Jesus." It was, however, but a few minutes before she was released from the body to be associated with the blood-washed throng, before the throne of God and of the Lamb—to join in the triumphs of the redeemed, so beautifully described by Wesley—

The Lamb is their Light and their Sun,
And led by reflection they shine,
With Jesus meekly one,
And bright in effulgence divine!
The saints in his presence receive
Their great and eternal reward;
In Jesus, in heaven, they live;
They reign in the smile of their Lord.
The flame of angelical love,
Is kindled at Jesus's face;
And all the enjoyment above,
Consists in the rapturous gaze.

ALBERT DESBRISAY.
Sackville, N. B., 20th June, 1850.

Contemporary Opinions.

(From Zion's Herald.)
"The Knockings."

We referred last week to the "mysterious knockings" in the house of Dr. Phelps, at Stratford, Conn. The Doctor has since published in the New York Observer a letter respecting them, from which we copy the following:—

The phenomena consisted in the moving of articles of furniture in a manner that could not be accounted for. Knives, forks, spoons, nails, blocks of wood, &c., were thrown in different directions about the house. They were seen to move from places and directions which made it certain that no visible power existed by which the motion could be produced. For days and weeks together, I watched these strange movements with all the care and caution, and close attention which I could bestow. I witnessed them hundreds and hundreds of times, and I know that in hundreds of instances they took place when there was no visible power by which the motion could have been produced.

Scores of persons, of the first standing in the community, whose education, general intelligence, candour, veracity and sound judgment, none will question, were requested to witness the phenomena, and, if possible, help us to a solution of the mystery. But as yet no solution has been obtained. The idea that the whole was a "trick of the children"—an idea which some of the papers have endeavoured with great zeal to promulgate,—is to every one who is acquainted with the facts, as stupid as it is false and injurious. The statement, too, that some of the papers have reiterated so often, that "the mystery was found out," is, I regret to say, untrue. With the most thorough investigation which I have been able to bestow upon it, aided by gentlemen of the best talents, intelligence and sound judgment, in this and in many neighbouring towns, the cause of these strange phenomena remains yet undiscovered.

I have watched the progress of this matter with great care, and have done the best in my power to learn what these strange things mean, and although I have not as yet been able to ascertain the cause, I am satisfied that their communications are wholly worthless. They are often contradictory—often prove false—frequently trifling and nonsensical, and more in character with what might be expected of a company of loafers on a spree, than with what might be expected from spirits returned from the world of retribution, to tell the secrets of their prison house.

Such manifestations are now being made in many other parts of the country. According to information, which I suppose to be authentic, they are witnessed in from 150 to 200 different places, at the present time. In many of these places they are said to advance ideas on the doctrines of religion, wholly at variance with the teachings of the Bible, and subversive of many essential truths which the Bible reveals. Under an impression that whatever is communicated by a spirit must of course be true, many persons are receiving these communications as the truth of God—as a new revelation from the spirit world. But it should be remembered that there is no proof that what purports to be a revelation from spirits, is the work of spirits at all. "The most that can be said is, that we do not yet know how or by whom these communications are made. If they are made by spirits, we have no proof that they are good spirits. The presumption is, that they are bad spirits—lying spirits. At my house they often accused each other of lying—contradicted at one time what they affirmed at another,—inflicted injury on property in the most wanton manner, and have given throughout conclusive evidence that the discipline of hell, which they profess to have experienced for several years, has as yet been wholly ineffectual in improving their characters, and qualifying them for the "higher sphere" for which many suppose that the discipline after death is a preparation.

I cannot now say to what conclusions future developments may lead me; but my perfect impression is, that the whole thing, as far as the transactions in this place are concerned, is to be set down among those devices of Satan, by which he is promoting his work of destroying souls; and my chief object in this communication to the public at this time is, to caution all who would avoid error, against trusting to these pretended revelations. I have had a better opportunity than most men to witness them and to judge of their claims, and I have full confidence that the opinions I have expressed will be found to be correct. I will merely add, that for some weeks past these annoyances at my house have been subsiding, and now, as I hope, have ceased altogether.

These strike us as sensible views of the subject. There is something exceedingly curious about these marvels. If trickery, they certainly are very ingenious, and the fact of their simultaneous appearance in various parts of the country renders them still more extraordinary.

(From the Watchman July 10.)
The Result of Mr. Locke's Motion.

The Hon. Member for Honiton is not exactly the person with whom the ministers of this Protestant country would prefer to go into the lobby on a division upon any part of the Sabbath question. Last year Mr. LOCKE was unsuccessful in his attempt to coerce the proprietors of the Scottish Railways; this session, however, he may be indirectly the instrument of disappointing 700,000 persons who have petitioned against Sunday postal labour, and of again yoking to their seven-days-a-week work the thousands who have been for three Sundays thanking God for their emancipation, and the enjoyment of unthought relief and rest. Mr. Locke moved last night that an address be presented to Her Majesty, praying for an inquiry whether Sunday labour might not be reduced without being completely put a stop to; and that, pending the inquiry—the former system be resumed and continued! Lord Ashley forcibly reminded the House that the boon they had granted had not yet been enjoyed for twenty days; and that the petitions demanding it had 700,000 signatures, while those opposing it had only 3,569 and his lordship concluded with the undeniable position that the House was bound, out of respect to the petitioners, to their own consistency, and to the honour of the Crown which had issued its order in conformity with their address, to give the new measure a fair and sufficient trial. Lord J. Russell rose, unwillingly as it seemed, and not till pointedly invited by Sir R. Inglis. He could not but admit that he had advised Her Majesty to the course taken not quite three weeks ago. He could not but further admit, and he did admit, that the commercial inconvenience was not the chief matter to be considered; but his lordship spoke of the hardship to poor people whose relations might be ill on Saturday, and who could not help of it till Monday! We only wish that the lords and the postmen may enjoy their weekly rest till the poor require them to be again at their posts, or to go for rounds on the Sunday. Lord J. Russell proposed to leave out the words which recommend an immediate

return to the old plan, and this amendment carried. But Mr. Gladstone so ably exposed the form of the improved resolution, that it was necessary to begin all over again. The new resolution being still, with the omission of the recommendation, the same as Mr. Locke's, it was inconsequence, the same as Mr. Locke's, it was opposed by Lord Ashley; and though carried by a majority of 83, we were glad to see that the Lord had, in that place, 112 members who stood by his side against those two formidable powers of the press and the Government.

There will, then, be an enquiry, things remaining in statu quo. If Parliament be prorogued before that enquiry terminates, matters will enforce the course which they appear to be taking. But be the result what it may, the debates, and even the trial have done good. The Church has with the Dissenters on this question. The case of the Bishop of London and Oxford as several peers in the upper House, the case taken by Sir Robert Inglis, Mr. Gladstone, Ashley, and 112 voters in the lower House that the feeling prevalent both in town and country is represented not feebly, though we not adequately or proportionally, in the literature. The government feels the pressure now only asks that the system of "collective delivery, &c. of letters on Sunday," be not completely put an end to. We are therefore without encouragement to hope that it will now, at least speedily, be completely put an end to; and we can see nothing but difficulty and impolicy in the attempt for a while only to revive it. Perhaps even that may not be made, if all friends to the divine permanent institution of the Sabbath themselves during the pending enquiry.

Temperance.

Address of the Hon. J. W. Johnston CONCLUDED.

Here brothers of the Order pause ment. Do we acknowledge this as a great ruling principle of our Order? We cherish it weekly in our division if we do indeed thus, then shall the of the order itself as the dew, and be of choicest flowers. The benevolence is active exercise towards those our border must diffuse harmony and kindness; nor can a fail to promote its fidelity to the pledge, for who can quickening influence of philanthropy seeks to save others from the fatal of self-indulgence, and yet himself in seduction from which he is earnest to them.

But, alas! should it be otherwise. grand principle shall fail to be acknowledged, to be truly and sincerely ed on, then will the life blood be drawn the system, and an inert useless mass to corruption only remain. This no fee may indeed prevent the same foot; this Hall as imposing an aspect banners as brightly as ever reflect beams that play among their gorgeous—perhaps our numbers be undiminished our funds not lessened. Yet, will the near of the Order be gone, and we glory will depart, beyond the power of things or imposing numbers to say worse—an institution organized signed to promote only the well-being fellows—ceasing to be governed by true and holy principle; if it fell not say, a menial of shame, would proffered to enable foreign from its station and legitimate objects and be instrument of mischief and not of society.

How great then is the responsibility rests upon us—a noble responsibility but all the weightier as it is relative. Behold on either hand the incentives, purity and love in this enterprise the one to encourage and animate to action; on the other to warn and deter against sloth, selfishness, and mere egoism; that who holds in his man a brother, and who can appreciate the happiness of promoting the trust of his neighbor and his community—sured conviction that the efforts of if faithfully directed and earnestly in the right spirit, cannot fail to be by good and profitable, under the of Him who has pronounced it more give than to receive, and in whose nearest tribute of disinterested love is more valuable than offerings of accompanied by a pure motive—proportion to society and individuals; position to the good that might be gained; and shame to ourselves, to others, united with its nature to be condemnation, enhanced by the to we voluntarily assumed the position to be sustained, and had proved

STANDING REGULATIONS.

Correspondents must send their communications written in a legible hand, and, unless they contain the names of some subscribers, or testimonials, free of postage; and entrust us in confidence, with their proper names and addresses.

THE WESLEYAN.

Halifax, Saturday Morning, July 27, 1850.

THE PRICE OF GREATNESS.

GREATNESS can be obtained only by incessant labour. They who aspire to human elevation must ascend the steep acclivity by slow and toilsome steps.

"Ah! who can tell how hard it is to climb The steep where Fame's proud temple shines afar."

This has been the general sentiment of mankind; at least of those who have been influenced by accurate views.

Pro pretio labor est: nec sunt immunia tanta. All noble things are difficult to gain, And without labour none can them attain."

This consideration should equally rebuke the indolent,—who think that distinction will fall upon them without effort, like the ripe fruit falls from the bending bough on the passive lap of earth,—and inspire with renewed activity the youth, or the man, who has in truth addressed himself with indefatigable zeal to the work of life, and hopes to acquire the object of his laudable ambition only by the exertion of his utmost energies.

Moral and religious greatness is an object which is especially worthy of our ardent aspirations. Whenever attained by an individual, it presents to our view a truly noble character, in the presence of which all earthly distinctions fade away, as false the borrowed rays of the moon in presence of the superior light of the sun. "The righteous is more excellent than his neighbour"—is a dictate of divine and unerring wisdom. But this moral and religious exaltation of character can be acquired only by constant and laborious effort in the way of God's appointment. "He becometh poor that dealeth with a slack hand: but the hand of the diligent maketh rich." This is true in a moral and religious, as well as in a worldly sense. The person who would secure wealth, or honour, or whatever else is held in high esteem by men, must pay the price—he must toil for it—otherwise his hope will suffer the blight of disappointment. So blest a man must pay the price, who would surround himself with the ennobling attributes of a high-toned morality and religion—earnestly and perseveringly he must labor for this distinction—otherwise his hope, like that of the hypocrite, will be cut off. "The soul of the sluggard desireth, and lath nothing: but the soul of the diligent shall be made fat."

BENEFITS OF THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

THERE is no doubt that Dr. ACHILLI'S liberation from incarceration at Rome was, under God, effected by the influence exerted by the British Evangelical Alliance on the French Government. The force of Protestant opinion was, in that case, powerfully felt, by the administrators of a government who personally had but little or no sympathy with the principles of evangelical Protestantism. Our second page contains a gratifying account of a similar movement on the part of the Evangelical Alliance in favour of the Rev. FREDRIK OLAUS NILSSON, a worthy Baptist Minister, who has been banished from Gottenberg, and made otherwise to suffer, by the Swedish government, solely on account of his religious opinions. Well might the Alliance, who has laid its respectful, but firm protest at the feet of Sweden's King, express its astonishment at this act of pure and unjust persecution! The course adopted by the Evangelical Alliance on this occasion must meet the hearty approval of every rightly influenced mind. Nor can the memorialists fail of success; and whilst, in deference to their earnestly and strongly expressed sense of the injustice and tyranny of the act, the sufferer will be restored to his former status as a citizen, and to the enjoyment of his confiscated property, the obnoxious law, the execution of which has wrought so much cruelty, will be repealed, and liberty of conscience, as in theory, so in practice, will be secured in the Swedish dominions. We confidently anticipate these beneficial results from the wise and christian interference of the Evangelical Alliance; and, whilst contemplating the benefits thus likely to accrue, we can but rejoice that God has put it into the hearts of so many members of the Christian denominations at Home to form themselves into an Association, more powerful to succour the religiously oppressed, than was the Masonian phalanx to repel the attacks of advancing foes.

THE MYSTERIOUS LINKER.

We inserted in our last number a very singular account of what the United States Press calls "Mysterious knockings"; to that is added a supplemental account in the present issue. Were it not for the creditable source from which the information is derived, we should at once treat the matter either as an absolute delusion or as a cleverly managed trick. Even as it is, we are at a loss to solve the mystery, or to form a definite opinion as to the agents of these truly marvellous acts, or the reasons which have induced them to cut these queer pranks on unoffending mortals. The whole matter is, to us, on natural principles, enveloped with insuperable difficulties; and if it is justly to be resolved into diabolical or supernatural agency, it will open up a new chapter in the history of these modern times. The case of the Wesleys, which called forth the streams of recopies and excited the marvel of the incredulous pious, of that day, will meet in these recent manifestations, a wondrous parallel. We shall wait further discoveries with no little curiosity. Meanwhile, let not the faith of the sincere believer in the truthfulness of divine revelation be at all shaken. That man's lot rests on a rock that cannot be moved. Though the heavens and the earth pass away, the word of God is established and abideth for ever.

BIRTH IN HIGH PLACES.

THE year 1850 will be chronicled in history as one remarkable for the decease of persons exalted by birth, or famed for talents and their elevated position and extensive influence in civil society. Among

others, it has witnessed the closing scene of the life of HENRY CLAY, PRESIDENT TAYLOR, SIR ROBERT PEEL, and the DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE. The departure of these illustrious men has followed one another in rapid succession, as if death were in haste to fulfil his commission. Whilst the mind was yet oppressed with the mournful feeling of loss which the American and British Nations had sustained by the death of the first three statesmen, tidings of the departure of one of Britain's Royal Sons, a scion of the pious George the Third, of beloved memory, reach our ears and add to the affliction of our souls. Thus pass away from the light of the living the great, the noble, and the good. Death is no respecter of persons. The exalted and the humble alike fall beneath his resistless stroke.

Mors spernit altam gloriam, Involvit humile pariter, et celsum caput, Aequatque summis infima.

Death spurns at grandeur, and brings down As well the Monarch as the clown: His inevitable blow Equals both the high and low."

By these visitations God is speaking to the living, and reading them solemn and affecting lessons of their own mortality. "Ibi-mus omnes, ibimus"—we too must die, and depart hence, for this world is not our permanent abode. The great point with us should be to secure through the infinite merits of our Redeemer-God, a preparation for that event which is awaiting us all. Then death to us will be everlasting gain.

The Railway Convention.

The following is an extract from the Circular issued by the Committee appointed to manage the Convention to be held at Portland, Maine, on Wednesday next:—

The immediate object of this Convention is, to agree upon the most feasible plan for prolonging the line of Railway from the State of Maine to the Province of Nova Scotia, to some good harbor situated to become the extremity and terminus of the most direct line of trans-Atlantic navigation, and from a convenient Railway between the U. S. and the British Provinces through the State of Maine.

Such a line of Railway extended from N. York and Montreal to a point of connection in Maine, and from thence to Halifax, would undoubtedly prove the most profitable and important highway of commerce between Europe and America, and a great benefit both to the old and new world. The Atlantic can be most readily crossed from the E. coast of Nova Scotia to the Western coast of Ireland, thence by railway to Dublin, and by steam to Liverpool, whence the Mercantile Steamers of the British, French, and other nations, ply to London or Liverpool, or any part of the British, or the Continent of Europe. One great object of the European communication since 1841, was, into which the various branches have been either on either side required, connected by lines of Railway with Montreal and Quebec, would seem a system of Railways superior in utility and importance, any that has yet been proposed.

Whatever views may have been formerly entertained on this subject by the people of the several British American Provinces, we have reason to believe, they are now unanimous in maintaining the expediency so expressed. We are encouraged to believe, that the completion of this great work, can be secured within a reasonable time, without withdrawing any portion of the means of the people along the line, wanted by them for the ordinary purposes of business. A liberal grant of public land and of public credit, from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Canada, equal to that tendered in aid of the Quebec and Montreal Railway, with suitable compensation from the British and American Governments for the carrying of the Mails, will, we believe, at once invite the private capital of Europe and the commercial interests of this country, fully adequate to its early completion.

But whatever may be the pecuniary merits of the enterprise, it has social and commercial relations of the most delicate and patriotic character. Whatever shall tend to ally national prejudice

and harmonize national differences, contributes to advance the highest interests of humanity, and promote the welfare of the race.

The most sublime spectacle which the history of the world has ever witnessed, is being enacted every day by the advancement of the English race towards universal supremacy,—a supremacy not maintained by tyranny or force, but resting upon the solid foundations of intellectual superiority—a love of freedom, and of social order. Regardless of artificial lines of demarcation or of the political divisions of this continent, we desire that intercourse between those who speak a common language, and are striving for the same destiny, shall be as free, as the thoughts of the mighty race, who have become the masters of the world.

A large and influential meeting was held at St. John, N. B., on Thursday the 18th, on the requisition of the Executive Committee of the Railway League. Several appropriate Resolutions were passed, and animating speeches delivered. Mr. McLaughlin, the President of the Commercial Bank, in moving one of the Resolutions, said:—

It was the first he had ever moved at a public meeting, and he had never before attempted to speak, but on this occasion he really felt as if he could say something; however, he would confine himself to saying, that his confidence in the undertaking was such, that he would subscribe £100 toward it, or perhaps twice that sum if necessary. Several other gentlemen of known worth, says the Courier, also expressed their readiness to subscribe to the full extent of their means.

The following gentlemen at St. John, who have offered to proceed to Portland, as delegates, at their own expense, were nominated unanimously:—viz

His Worship the Mayor; the High Sheriff; the Recorder; the Attorney General; the Advocate General; D. J. McLaughlin; Edward Allison; Robert Jardine; Dr. Byard; J. H. Gray; Wm. Jack; M. H. Perley; J. C. Littlehale; James Macfarlane; John Sears; Otis Small; Joel Reading; Edmund Kaye; Thomas E. Millidge; A. McL. Seely.

The delegates from this City we understand, left on Monday last, in the R. M. Steamer Asia, for Boston, to proceed thence to the scene of consultation. We hope they will be guided by a wisdom superior to that of man, and that they will arrive at those conclusions, which, if acted upon, will best promote the general welfare. We shall await the result with calmness, believing that there is a Providence which directs and controls the minds of men, and which will, we trust, in this instance, as well as in others, order all things for the good and prosperity of our Country.

Sackville Academy.

We direct attention to the Advertisement of the Sackville Academy which appears on our last page. The merits of this literary Institution are too well known to require any laudatory remarks of ours by way of recommendation. The work it has done, and is still prepared to do, the sound, liberal, and thorough education, in connection with its moral training, which it has bestowed on scores of youth scattered throughout the Provinces, and the high degree of confidence it has inspired in the public mind, are its best testimonials, and furnish the best grounds for the indulgence of a confident expectation that the liberal support already conferred by parents and others will be continued. We repeat, that, though under the management of the Wesleyans, it is not sectarian, but it is conducted on the most liberal principles. In proof of our statement, we refer to the individual history of the students during the whole course of their connection with it, might be made with perfect confidence. We are glad to see that Lectures and instruction on Scientific Agriculture are to be delivered.

Rev. W. Faulkner.

A deputation from the Elders and Managers of Free St. Andrew's Church, at St. John's, Newfoundland, have presented Rev. W. Faulkner, Wesleyan Minister, on the eve of his departure for England, with several books elegantly bound, as a mark of their respect for his character, and esteem for his zealous and self-denying labours

during his residence in the Island. A deputation from a number of his Highness's subjects have presented the Rev. gentleman with a gold watch and gemmets expressive of the estimation they have of his character and services, and as a memento of their love and affectionate regard. These several gifts were joyfully and feelingly acknowledged.

Railway Meeting at Annapolis Royal.

The St. John Courier contains a report of a meeting held at Annapolis Royal on the 15th, to express the feelings of that part of the country with reference to the line of R.R. proposed to be constructed to Halifax, in connection with that now in progress from Port Calais, N. S. A draft of a memorial submitted by F. W. Pickman, Esq., address the Convention at Portland, was adopted. ALFRED WHITMAN, PETER BONNETT, F. W. PICKMAN, Esquires, were appointed a Committee to forward a copy of said memorial to the Convention. F. W. Pickman, Esq. was unanimously chosen a Delegate to proceed to Portland. It was also resolved, that a memorial to the Governor and Council be prepared praying that a line of Railway from Windsor to the Annapolis Gut, be immediately explored.

The Wesleyan.

We have received from one or two friends in New Brunswick indications that devote too much space to advertisements. In reply we beg leave respectfully to state that must be evident to those acquainted with publishing business, that no paper of the kind and price of the Wesleyan, and with its circulation, though comparatively large, can be sustained by its subscription list alone. From printing we anticipated profits from an advertising patronage; the amount derived this source of income during the past year of material advantage to us. In addition to large outlay caused by the actual cost of printing, there are numerous incidental expenses constantly occurring which have met out of the proceeds of the paper. It being not involuntarily however, our reading word by word, with that of papers of a class, we are confident we find it hard if not more than, some other periodicals fewer advertisements, but which generate a larger type, &c. When our friends' things into consideration, we think they be satisfied with our explanation, and present state of management were it necessary to continue it. But we hope make such arrangements as will in some measure remove this cause of complaint and give reasonable satisfaction.

Notice.

A sermon will be delivered in the Street Church to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock by the Rev. E. EVANS, in improvement of the death of the late Mr. JOHN JOSE, Senior.

It is very gratifying to hear such favourable reports of the general state of the growing crops here and the neighbouring Provinces. The season has been most propitious. The recent drought followed by copious and timely rains, has given the fields a most healthy and vigorous growth, and a full promise of the power of the season. In this, we give thanks to the hand of a merciful Providence.

Edward McLaughlin, recently tried at New Brunswick on a charge of murder, was acquitted by the Jury.

John Perry, Paul Perry, and John Carney, Esquires, of P. E. I., were drowned, on the 19th June. The bodies have been found.

The farm stock, recently imported into this Central Board of Agriculture, was sold on Monday last, at St. John's, and brought good prices.

Some of the English Papers attribute the fatal case of the late Mr. JOSE, to a fit of epilepsy, and on the best authority, positively controvert the report.

The wires leading from the letters room of the Telegraph Office in this city were damaged on Monday last. Some of the poles which were few miles from Halifax, were also injured.

Professor Wesleyan it appears, is in a very peculiar position, in the midst of the excitement for the murder of Dr. Parkman.

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The first he had ever moved at a public and he had never before attempted to do so in this respect he really felt as if he were saying, that his confidence in the young was such, that he would subscribe toward it, or perhaps twice that sum if he were.

Several other gentlemen of known wealth, *Courier*, also expressed their readiness to contribute to the full extent of their means.

Following gentlemen at St. John, who have proceeded to Portland, as delegates, at their sense, were nominated unanimously—viz the Mayor; the High Sheriff; the Attorney General; the Advocate; D. J. McLaughlin; Edward Allison; Justice; Dr. Bayard; J. H. Gray; Wm. A. H. Perley; J. C. Littlehale; James one; John Sears; Otis Small; Joel Reed; and Edmund Kays; Thomas E. Millage; A. Kelly.

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Notice.

A sermon will be delivered in the Argyle Street Church to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock by the Rev. E. EVANS, in improvement of the death of the late Mr. JOHN JOST, Senr.

It is very gratifying to hear such favourable accounts of the general state of the growing crops throughout this and the neighboring Provinces. The weather lately has been most propitious. The recent drought has been followed by copious and timely rains by which the fruits of the field have been revived and a new impulse given to the progress of nature. In this, we gratefully recognize the hand of a merciful Providence.

Edward McLaughlin, recently tried at Kingston, N. B., on a charge of murder, was acquitted by the Jury.

John Perry, Paul Perry, and John Gosses, belonging to Edmund's Bay, P. E. I., were drowned, it is supposed, on the 19th June. The bodies have been found.

The firm stock, recently imported into this Province by the Central Board of Agriculture, was sold at auction on Monday last, at six shillings, and brought good prices.

Some of the English Papers attribute the fall of Sir Robert Peel, from his home to a fit of epilepsy, but the fact, on the best authority, positively contradicts this report.

The wires leading to the battery room of the Electric Telegraph office in this city were damaged by lightning on Monday last. Some of the poles which support the wires a few miles from Halifax, were also injured.

Parsonman Wesleyan it appears, is to offer the extreme penalty of the law on the sixteenth day of August next for the murder of Dr. Parkman.

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The Barbados *Globe* of the 23rd June represents the Island of Montserrat as being reduced to the lowest ebb of misery and wretchedness, suffering from insolvency, famine, pestilence, and death. "Credit annihilated, capital vanished, commerce languishing, agriculture at a stand, the landed interest impoverished, and the shipping interest destroyed." A deplorable picture!

The Cape Breton *News* says the officers of the "Galena" are engaged in surveying the Sydney harbour.

W. Todd Tucker Esq. has been appointed American Consul for the Islands of Bermuda.

The Hon. Edward B. Chandler, Hon. Edwin Botsford, and Stephen Binney, Esq., of the N. B., have been named delegates from Westmorland, N. B., to meet the Railway convention at Portland.

The Hon. W. Johnston, says the *Colonist* has, at the earnest solicitation of his constituents, consented to attend the Railway Convention at Portland.

The *Asia* made the passage between this port and Boston in 29 hours.

An important naval invention, called *The Safety Steering Wheel*, has been satisfactorily tested in the river Thames. It promises to be of much utility in navigating vessels.

Mrs. Williams lectures on Temperance in the New Temperance Hall, on Monday evening next.

A destructive fire occurred at San Francisco on the 14th June, loss estimated at \$4,000,000.

President Fillmore has selected his Cabinet, all the members of which have been confirmed by the Senate; names in our next.

We have been kindly favoured with a copy of the *Post Office Directory*, from the Deputy Post Master General. It is a very useful volume.

One of the hands of the big *Kingston* was lost overboard on Wednesday last near Major's Beach, just after sailing.

Summary of News.

BY THE R. M. STEAMER.

The R. M. Steamer *Asia* arrived at this port on Monday last. She was detained at the harbour by fog, otherwise she would have made her appearance a day earlier. She brought 19 passengers for Halifax and 8 for Boston. A synopsis of the News is given below.

Great Britain.

Trade continues to be without symptoms of revival. The price of wheat has advanced to 4s. 6d. per bushel. The weather has been generally favourable in England, and the crops of the year are in the hands of the reaper and binder.

The House of Commons, on the 24th inst., passed a bill for the relief of the Poor Law Amendment Act, 1834, which was passed by a majority of 131 yeas and 111 nays. A resolution of the amendment, which was passed by a majority of 131 yeas and 111 nays.

Another mournful event has occurred in our Parish files, the death of His Grace the Duke of Cambridge, second son of the late George III., and Duke of Cambridge. He was in the 73rd year of his age.

A new and interesting work, *The Westminster Directory*, has just been published. It contains a list of the names of the members of the Government, and of the members of the House of Commons, and of the members of the House of Lords.

The Great Indian Desert, in the Province of Ontario, has been found to be a vast tract of land, and it is believed that it will be of great value to the British Empire.

The *Wesleyan* has been informed that the Rev. Mr. J. H. Gray, of the Wesleyan Missionary Society, has been appointed to the charge of the Wesleyan Mission at St. John's, New Brunswick.

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A meeting of influential members of Parliament was held on Monday to promote steam navigation to Australia. An address to Her Majesty is to be prepared in the House of Commons by Lord Nassau.

Robert Dale, for his insane attack upon the Queen, has been sentenced to seven years' transportation.

A schism has taken place in the Episcopal Church of Scotland, which is likely to interfere very materially with the efficiency of that institution.

Ireland.

The accounts received of the harvest prospects throughout the country are highly favourable. The Board of Trinity College has conferred the degree of L. L. D. on Mr. O'Donovan, the professor of Irish in the best of the several Colleges, as an acknowledgment of his eminent services and learning in Celtic literature.

Sermons reading took place in Newry on the evenings of Wednesday week and Friday last, between the soldiers of the 21st regiment of infantry and some civilians. The soldiers on both occasions were the aggressors.

THE 12th OF JULY.—Acting on sound advice, it appears that the Orangemen intend to abstain from any demonstration, either in doors or out of doors, on the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, which came round yesterday.

The grand juries of the counties of Clare and Limerick, and the city of Limerick, have severally passed resolutions applying for the mitigation of the punishment inflicted on W. S. O'Brien at Maria Island.

Lord Castlereagh has contradicted in strong language the alleged admission of his lady into the Roman Catholic church.

A lady escaped from the Roman Catholic Nunnery at Loughborough, last week, but was captured at Wiltwick, and carried back to her cage.

France.

The French Legislative Assembly has recorded on the minutes of their proceedings their sense of the loss sustained by the death of Sir Robert Peel.

A scene of indescribable tumult took place in the Assembly on Monday, caused by the Minister of Justice, who, advocating the bill against the press, called the revolution a catastrophe. The general discussion was closed. M. de Glardin threatened that there would be a general resignation of the opposition, unless the minister was withdrawn.

The new electoral law will disfranchise six millions of electors, and two-thirds of the whole body. The Assembly has continued, by a majority of 127, its vote of the previous day, that every holding article in a paper should be signed by the author. A large quantity of ball cartridges have been seized at the house of Perry Grant.

A youth has been arrested in Paris for having committed the death of the French President. Inquiries have proved that the boy is a worthless, debauched maniac.

Malta.

Letters from Malta of the 2nd instant state that there is a great number of the cholera here in the island. A great number of cases occurred on board the fleet, and several persons died. Amongst the fleet the disease was confined to the *Hydra*. The vessel was a three-masted ship, mounted with 100 guns. The crew was composed of the men of both squadrons, 2000 men and 2400 sailors in all. A positive statement of post-mortem mentions the following symptoms:—The face was livid, the eyes were closed, the pulse was small and frequent, the heat of the body was raised, and the patient was in a state of insensibility. The disease was fatal in 24 hours. The first case was that of a young man, who died on the 2nd inst.

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COLONIAL.

New Brunswick.

The first cargo from Britain in a foreign bottom arrived at Miramichi on the 21st in the Prussian brig *Leopold*, from Liverpool.

Mr. ALEXANDER ANDERSON, Agent for the *Wesleyan* from the *Traveller's Telegraph*, that on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, Mr. Westmore, who was employed in the ship yard of Messrs. Givens & Dutton, was struck on the head by some falling timber which caused instantaneous death. By this sudden and heart-rending calamity, we understand a wife and several small children are bereaved of a husband and parent, as well as an industrious and successful supporter.—*St. John's New Brunswick News*, 20th.

The *Andross Standard* states that two sons of Mr. John Mann, of Miramichi, the son 12, and the other 21 years of age, were drowned on the 14th.

A HOAX.—It is a pity to quote a pathetic story, but the tale which has gone the rounds of the City papers during the week, to the effect that a child was carried off by a bear while picking berries in the rear of the Catholic Chapel, near Fort Howe, turns out a mere hoax. The story was invented to frighten children from a strawberry field, and by some means got into print. An "affecting incident" is utterly spoiled!—*Courier*.

SALARY OF THE SURVEYOR GENERAL.—We learn from good authority that a despatch has been received from Earl Grey, confirming the action taken by the Executive Government of this Province founded on a resolution of the House of Assembly, by which the salary of the Surveyor General is fixed at £1200 currency per annum, instead of £1200 sterling, as claimed by Mr. Baile. His Lordship has also, we understand, approved of the method adopted by the local authorities to replace in the Treasury £500 overpaid to the Surveyor General, and set off for the Assembly by the amount of £1700 formerly paid to that office, as the difference between currency and sterling on the amount of his salary, should not also be retained, as it appears the former decision of the Home Government was based in error or from want of proper information.—*Head Quarters*.

Canada.

Toronto, July 13.—Defeat of the Government.—The Government sustained a defeat last night in the Legislative Assembly, on a motion to fix the Post Master General's salary at \$2200. An amendment, substituting \$2000 was carried by the casting vote of the chairman; the division being 22 against 22.

The North West gale of Sunday 7 inst. was severely felt at Point L'Ev, opposite a Quebec. A number of cottages, &c., of the poor inhabitants were either untimely, or blown off, or otherwise injured. In one case, a woman aged 75, who slept in the upper story, was transported in her bed, with the flooring beneath, to a distance of forty feet, against a neighbouring house, and was somewhat injured.

Newfoundland.

Satisfactory accounts of the Fisheries are received from Newfoundland.

The Newfoundland papers announce the death of the Right Rev. Michael Anthony Fleming, D. D., Roman Catholic Bishop of that Province, after a prolonged illness of nearly two years.

UNITED STATES.

CHOLERA.—There were 212 deaths at St. Louis week before last, 77 of which were from cholera—a decrease of mortality from the week before. There were but 17 deaths from cholera at Cincinnati, on Tuesday. At Nashville, 14 cholera deaths on the 9th.

THE CHOLERA IN MEXICO.—From the 17th of May to the 16 of June there had been 7516 cases, and 2739 deaths from cholera in the city of Mexico,—later reports say 1000 daily.

The Steamship *Georgia* sailed from New-York on the 13th inst., for Chicago, with a heavy mail for California, and between seventy and eighty passengers—among them, Dr. G. P. Judd, the prime minister of the King of the Sandwich Islands, and the two Sandwich Island Princes who recently visited Europe.

THE CUBAN AFFAIR.—The Washington Republic bears that information has been received by the Navy department from Cuba, promising a happy and immediate termination of all difficulties arising from the late expedition.

FATHER MATHEW.—The great temperance apostle arrived at Little Rock, Ark, a few days ago, and we are concerned to learn that he is in feeble health from the effects of a recent attack of paralysis. He was to have started for the Hot Springs on the 18th inst, for the restoration of his health, after which he would return to Little Rock.—[Picsyune, June 29th.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

UNROLLING OF A MUMMY.—On Monday, the interesting process of unrolling a mummy was exhibited at the residence of Lordesborough, London...

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—A canal-boat, says the Toronto Patriot, which was being towed up the shore on the Canada side of the Niagara river...

ROBERTS, May 29th.—At Benares upwards of 1000 persons lost their lives by the explosion of a Magazine boat loaded with Gunpowder...

GOETHE AND SCHILLER.—It may be remembered that Goethe, in 1827, had delivered over to the keeping of the Government of Weimar a quantity of his papers...

OXYGEN GAS, A CURE FOR CHOLERA.—Dr. Macrae, civil surgeon at Howrah, has, according to the Indian Times, discovered a new and most successful mode of treating cholera patients...

DECREASE OF THE IRISH POPULATION.—The Dublin Evening Post calculates that there has been a decrease of population in Ireland since 1811...

THE COLOURED HOME.—This is one of the most interesting charities that adorn the city of New York. By the Tenth annual Report, just published...

THE QUICKSILVER MINES OF CALIFORNIA.—The Baltimore Patriot mentions that a company has been organized in that city, and that the stock has newly all been taken...

FROM WASHINGTON.—The funeral of the late President took place on the 18th inst, at 11 o'clock at which there was a large attendance of civilians and military.

The Washington Union announces the resignation of the entire cabinet immediately after the death of the President...

Very large quantities of counterfeit Mexican dollars have made their appearance in San Francisco. They are admirably executed and can only be detected with great care.

Adam Ramage, the inventor of the "Ramage press," died in Philadelphia, on the 9th inst.—Mr. Ramage was a native of Scotland...

A daring attempt had been made to burn Astor House, N. Y. The son of the Proprietor, a lad of sixteen years of age, and Hugh Murray, a clerk, had been arrested on suspicion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements, not inconsistent with the professed character of our Paper, inserted on the following terms. A square of under first insertion, 2s 6d; and each subsequent insertion, 1s 6d.

Encourage Home Manufactures.

RECEIVED from the Botanical Depot of Lawrence N. Young, of Liverpool, and for Sale by the Subscriber, the following articles of Medicines—

GRAMP & PAIN ALLEVIATOR.—An article of superior worth, being preferable to any of the Pain Killers now in use for the cure of Cerebral, Bronchitis, Cholera Morbus, Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgic Complaints, Head Ache, &c.

MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, so highly useful in all running Sores, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scalds, Burns, Sore Heads, Frost Burns, and all Scrofulous Humours, it removes pain in a few minutes, and commences and soon effects a cure.

CHOLERA or DYSENTERY SYRUP, a sure remedy for those grievous maladies. Pilo Specific, never known to fail in effecting a cure.

VEGETABLE FEMALE PILLS, an excellent Medicine for general debility and all complaints incident to Females—try them.

VEGETABLE ANTIBILIOUS PILLS, a safe medicine.

Vegetable Compound, a medicine which no family should be without. It is a preventive to persons being exposed to wet or cold from receiving an injury thereby. Also useful in cold hands or feet, Heartburn, Jaundice, Gravel, and the whole train of Chronic diseases.

SPICED BITTERS, for restoring the tone of the stomach, and creating an appetite.

The above articles are purely Vegetable, and the Proprietor respectfully requests the public to give them a trial and test their worth. To be sold Wholesale and Retail at the Store of JOHN NAYLER & CO., Druggists, and at MISS SMITH'S Book Depository, Halifax.

BRITISH WOOLLEN HALL.

142 and 143 Granville Street.

Spring Importations for 1850.

By the arrivals from LONDON, LIVERPOOL and GLASGOW we have received.

A large and varied assortment of DRY GOODS,

COMPRISING— BROAD CLOTHS and FANCY DOESKINS Tweeds, Cassimeres, Drills, and G. mbrones Marcellines, Valenciennes, Barstrees, and Satin VESTINGS, French Satin, and Velvet Nap HATS,

of the newest shapes, Blue Cloth, Glenzary, and Oil Cloth CAPS, Brazilian, and Drab, and Brown Felt Hats. Ready made Hunting, Paleot, and Tweed COATS.

PANTS, VESTS, and SHIRTS. Youths' Drill and Tweed Coats, Dress Jackets and Vests; a great variety of Materials for LADIES' DRESSES

In Silk Stripe Mixtures, Chameleon Silk Checks, Brocades, Lustras, Coburgs, and Plain Orleans New Styles in PRINTED DELAINES, double and single width; and a large variety of handsome PRINTED MUSLINS, in 8, 10 and 12 yard lengths.

Printed Cottons, and yard wide Printed Cambrics, Figured and Satin Check, WHITE MUSLINS; Fancy Gingham, and Cotton Plaids;

SUMMER SHAWLS, Of quite new designs; Filled Silk, Lama, and mourning ditto; Printed Cashmere, and Indiana Handkerchiefs; Tuscan, Rice, Pearl, Twist, Windsor, Brilliant Diamond and Fancy

BONNETS. Of the newest and most fashionable shapes; Children's Tuscan and Jersey Linn HATS; Dress Caps and Flowers; Claremont, Figured and Fancy Satin

PARASOLS; Brown Silk ditto, of extra large size; Cotton ditto, at very low prices, for children.

British and French Ribbons, Lace and Trimmings, Silk Handkerchiefs, GLOVES and HOSIERY, Napoleon Blue Crape CHECKS, for Boys' Dresses; Stiped, checked and figured window blind Muslin, Oil Cloth Table Covers; Moreens, Damask and Furniture CHINTZ.

CARPETS, Druggets, and Dutch Carpeting; SHIRTINGS, Sheetings, and Unbleached Cottons; Diapers, Towellings, and Irish LINENS;

TEA, of the best quality; Blue and White Cotton WARP.

The above, with every article in our line, have been purchased for Cash, personally, at the most favourable time for securing Cheap Goods, and will, we trust, on inspection, be found of such quality and value as to give the fullest satisfaction to our friends and the public.

Persons wanting cheap, Summer CLOTHING, ready made, will find, with us, a large assortment of new and fashionable styles.

JORDAN & CULLODEN. Halifax, May 13, 50

Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's SARSAPARILLA.

THE Subscriber informs the Public, that he is Agent for the Sale of the above excellent Compound, in this Province, and invites those dealing in the article, and all who are afflicted with the various diseases, for which the Sarsaparilla is known to be beneficial, to call and try the above, before putting any confidence in the standards of its rival in the United States.

To be had by wholesale in Cases of 2 dozen each, or by retail, at moderate prices, at the Jerusalem Warehouse, June 15, 1850. DANIEL STARR.

OLEUM JECORIS ASELLI.

CLARIFIED COD LIVER OIL! For the Cure of Cold, Coughs, Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism and cutaneous Diseases. This most popular remedy of the age, is now used and recommended by intelligent Physicians in Halifax and elsewhere, by whom its effects are declared to be truly astonishing.

The Subscribers have made arrangements for a constant supply of the Oil, which for sweetness, lightness, and transparency cannot be surpassed. A pamphlet containing directions for use will be furnished gratis, on application at the Medical Warehouse of MORTON & CO. Halifax, March 9, 1850.

Pure Cod Liver Oil, FOR MEDICINAL USE, Just received a fresh Supply of the above, warranted pure and fresh. ROBT. G. FRASER, Chemist, 139 Granville Street. Dec 22.



SARSAPARILLA.

For the Removal, and Permanent Cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or Habit of the System, viz.

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Blotches, Eczema, Ring Worm, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stomachic Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an impure use of Mercury, Dropsy, Haemorrhage or Impudence in Life.

THIS MEDICINE has acquired a very extensive and established reputation wherever it has been used, and is entirely on its own merits, which is a superior efficacy has also obtained.

The unfortunate victims of hereditary disease, with swollen glands, contracted sinuses, and hollow half ears, has been restored to health and vigor. The scrofulous patient, covered with ulcers, has come to himself and his attendants, has been made whole. Hundreds of persons, who had groined hopelessly for years under cutaneous and glandular disorders, chronic rheumatism, and many other complaints springing from a derangement of the secretory organs and the circulation, have been cured as it were from the track of disease, and now, with regenerated constitutions, gladly testify to the efficacy of this inestimable preparation.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan, who had been afflicted several years with Scrofulous Ulcers, Syphilitic, &c., and recently with an affection of the throat and chest:—

My dear Sir, I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost past expression, my throat was completely choked, I had a difficulty in breathing, and there were frequently together that I could not speak above a whisper, and besides, the inflammation from my throat extended to my head, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the Sarsaparilla a short time, my health improved, and my throat is now well; I am as free from cough and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend, LOUISA E. BEVAN.

The following testimonial to the value of the Sarsaparilla, is from the Rev. Luther Wright, aged 78 years, Congregational Minister, residing at Woburn:—

Woburn, Mass., March 20th, 1850. Messrs. Parke & D. Sarsaparilla. Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost past expression, my throat was completely choked, I had a difficulty in breathing, and there were frequently together that I could not speak above a whisper, and besides, the inflammation from my throat extended to my head, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the Sarsaparilla a short time, my health improved, and my throat is now well; I am as free from cough and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend, LOUISA E. BEVAN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

BEG to call the attention of Dealers in Town and Country to their Large Stock of Glassware and Earthenware WHICH FOR QUALITY AND PRICE CANNOT BE SURPASSED! They have Now on Hand:

- 10 Crates TEAPOTS, 5s. doz. and upwards
15 do. Rockingham Teapots, 6s. doz.
4 do. Came and Opt Bowls, 1s.
10 do. Jugs, 2s.
10 do. Edged Plates, 1s.
5 do. Blue do. 1s. 6d.
10 do. Penell Tea Sets, 7s. 6d.
10 do. Mulberry do. 5s. 6d.
10 do. Brown Milk Pans 4s.
20 Barrels Tumblers, 2s.
5 Hinds China Tea Sets, 10s.
20 Crates Cups & Saucers, 1s 6d.
5 do. flower Blue Tea Sets, 8s 6d.

All Goods packed to Order and IN THE VERY BEST MANNER. No charge for PACKING or PACKAGE. EXPECTED DAILY BY FIRST SPRING SHIPS 500 Packages Earthenware, (The Largest Assortment ever offered in the market.) CLEVELAND & CO.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND

EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

The WONDER and BLESSING of the AGE

The Most EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE in the WORLD

THIS EXTRACT is put up in Quart Bottles at six times cheaper, pleasanter, and more potent than any other. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

We have manufactured 1,500,000 Bottles of this Sarsaparilla during the last year, and are now putting up 6,000 Bottles per Day; using more of the Sarsaparilla root than any other manufacturer of Sarsaparilla in our age.

This Extract has cured more of the following diseases than all the other advertised medicines together have done:— Scrofula, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system, viz. Scrofulous Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an impure use of Mercury, Dropsy, Haemorrhage or Impudence in Life.

Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obnoxious medicines which are liable to be restored, the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and vigor. THE NUMBER OF DISEASES mentioned above, as cured by this preparation of Sarsaparilla may seem large; but we are nevertheless prepared to prove, by an EXTENSIVE ARRANGEMENT OF CASES, that such is the FACT. A review of the evidence which we possess concerning each disease, would be received before any other remedy, as a complete demonstration.

must be remembered that all the faithful array of medicines, though appearing in an endless variety of forms, are yet similar in their origin and cause for they all spring directly or indirectly from corrupt fountain. If the blood were in a pure healthy, and active state it would drive all the complaints from the system, and chronic disease would be impossible.

For Sale by SAMUEL STORY, 3rd. Acacia St., Halifax Street. N. B. Dispensaries and others, supplied the most liberal terms.

Hope for the Afflicted.

Halifax, N. S. May 13 MR. SAMUEL STORY, 3rd.

Agent S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. Sir,—Having been afflicted for the last two months, with an affection of the lungs, which prevented me attending to my work as well as usual, during which time I was under the hands of several Doctors, and must say I derived no benefit whatever, and began to despair of ever getting better. I was induced to try S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, that you are agent for, by some of my relatives, and after using 2 bottles, found immediate relief, and am now able to attend to my usual avocations, and I have also been afflicted with the Piles for the last seven years, and when I can using your valuable Sarsaparilla, to my great relief, I was cured!

JOHN BRUNNAN, Cooper No. 51, Acacia Street, Halifax, N. S. Sworn to at Halifax, before me, this 13th day of May, 1850. A. KELLEN, J.

And Yet Another.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., May 10th, 1850. MR. S. STORY, 3rd.

Agent for S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. Sir,—I am happy to forward you a state voluntarily furnished and certified upon oath, of the relief and cure effected in my case, by S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, which you are at all times using, for the great benefit of the Public. Yours truly, M. W. SKINNER, Druggist

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 27th, 1850. This is to certify that my wife was for the last twenty five years suffering under a complaint through a severe cold, which brought general debility of the system, and from the use of the Sarsaparilla was entirely restored to health, which was purchased from Mr. M. Skinner, General Agent at Charlottetown, I assure you.

FINLAY MCKINSON. Sworn to before me, George Dalrymple, J. June 8.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

At Langley's Drug Store, first Brick Building, Halifax Street. A GENERAL SUPPLY of Garden and Field SEEDS, which may be relied upon as first and true to their kind, was received from England and is now for Sale at the Establishment. AD.



SARSAPARILLA

Removal, and Permanent Cure of all
as arising from an impure state of
Blood or Habit of the System, viz:
King's Evil, Rheumatism, skin
Eruptions, Blotches, Itch,
Worm, Scald Head, Enlargement
of the Bones and Joints, Stub-
born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Lunatic
Diseases arising from an impure
use of Mercury, Dropsy, Resorption
of the Liver, &c.

Dr. S. P. Townsend's
COMPOUND
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.
The WONDER and BLESSING of the AGE!
The most EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE in the WORLD!

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Dr. S. P. Townsend's
COMPOUND
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.
The WONDER and BLESSING of the AGE!
The most EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE in the WORLD!

**DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S
COMPOUND
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.**

The WONDER and BLESSING of the AGE!
The most EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE in the WORLD!

THIS EXTRACT is put up in Quart Bottles.
It is six times cheaper, purer, and war-
ranted superior to any sold. It comes without
vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the
patient.

Removal, and Permanent Cure of all
as arising from an impure state of
Blood or Habit of the System, viz:
King's Evil, Rheumatism, skin
Eruptions, Blotches, Itch,
Worm, Scald Head, Enlargement
of the Bones and Joints, Stub-
born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Lunatic
Diseases arising from an impure
use of Mercury, Dropsy, Resorption
of the Liver, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Dr. S. P. Townsend's
COMPOUND
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.
The WONDER and BLESSING of the AGE!
The most EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE in the WORLD!

Elastic Chest Expanding Braces.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
BEING acquainted with the construction of
the Elastic Chest Expanding Braces, recom-
mended as a principal means of the prevention and cure of
Consumption, by Dr. Fitch of Philadelphia, a phy-
sician celebrated for his success in the cure of that
disease, and being urged by several of his friends
to use the Braces, with them, to make it known
to the public, he therefore takes this opportunity
of complying with their wishes.

These BRACES are recommended to all slight-
ly made or narrow chested persons; also for
Round Shoulders or Deceased Spine, as a means of
expanding the Chest, so as to give full play to the
Lungs, and strengthening the Back, and giving
uprightness and symmetry to the body.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish the Braces whole-
sale or retail, at prices as moderate as possible.

Capital Stock £100,000 Sterling.
Chief Office, 44 Moorgate Street.

James Hunter, Esq., Comptroller, Wellington.
Frederick Milford, Esq., Banker, Nicholas Lane.
Thomas Sande, Esq., Liverpool.

THE Agency of the above Company has been
in operation in this Province about 4 years,
and has made considerable progress, without yet hav-
ing a claim, the rates are generally lower than
any other London or Scotch Company, and the
proportion of profit divided among the assured
greater by far than any other, being 90 per cent,
10 per cent only to the Stockholders, rendering it
at once both a Stock and mutual Society without
any risk to the assured; their first Bonus declared
in May last were in some cases over three per
cent on the amount of Policy. And on two
Policies of this Agency on which three annual Bonuses
were only had been paid, the Bonus added was
over 62 per cent on the amount paid in, the mortali-
ty among the lives assured by this Society were
found to be 21 per cent less than had been calcu-
lated. The above are facts in favour of the
"Star" which cannot be controverted, and should
recommend it to the favourable consideration of
all parties intending to insure. Policies effected
on the participating principle allowed to come in
on the payment of 2 annual premiums. Thirty
days allowed for the renewal of Policies after be-
coming due, and Policies expired can be renewed
within six months, if the parties health is not im-
paired and the payment of a small fine—a credit
of one half the premium when amounting to a cer-
tain sum, may be obtained for the first five years.
No extra charge made for crossing to and from Eng-
land in Steamers or first class sailing vessels at
any season; by advising the Agent of the particu-
lars, Policies are sent out by next steamer
after arrival of Proposals. The attention of the
Public of this Province generally and of West-India
in particular, is requested to the favourable terms
and privileges offered by the "Star" as above enu-
merated. It is submitted by all that it is the duty of
every person having others dependent on them to
provide for them while they have it in their pow-
er to do so, and in no way can this be done so ef-
fectually or cheaply as by paying according to their
means a sum annually on a Life Policy. It has often
been proved even here to be of much benefit to
widows and orphans, and so very uncertain are both
life and health, of which we have recently had
many sad proofs, that delay in these matters is ex-
ceedingly dangerous, the only time to apply is
while in health. Applicants will receive every
information and attention to their requests by the
Agent in Halifax, who furnishes all necessary
Blanks, and Medical Examiner attends free of
expense to the applicant. All communications
by mail must be prepaid.

John Brinnan, Cooper,
No. 51, Albion Street, Halifax, N. S.
Sworn to at Halifax, before me, this 13th day of
May, 1850. A. KEITH, J. P.

And Yet Another.
Charlotte Town, P. E. I., May 4th, 1850.

MR S. P. TOWNSEND'S
Agent for S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Sir,—I am happy to forward you a statement
voluntarily furnished and certified upon oath, of a
cure recently effected at this place, by S. P. Town-
send's Sarsaparilla, which you are at liberty to
make use of, for the great benefit of the Public.

SEEDS! SEEDS!
Langley's Drug Store, first Brick Building
at South of Province Building, Hollis Street.

PURE COD LIVER OIL
For Medicinal Use.
WILLIAM LANGLEY,
Halifax Street.

No. 139 Granville Street.
Ex Steamers Niagara and Canada from
Liverpool, also from Glasgow, and
Charlotte from London.

THE Subscriber has completed his Spring supply
of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, Ivory,
and DRESSING COMBS, and every article
usually kept in Drug Stores, of the best quality
and at low rates.

Star Life Assurance Company
OF LONDON.

THE above COMPANY continues to take risks
on all Assurable Lives at as low rates as any
other Stock Company, and gives larger Bonuses—
50 per cent of the profits being divided among the
Policy holders. Leave with the agents to be re-
spected to proceed to CANADA, on payment of an
additional premium of a per cent.

Life and Fire Insurance.
THE Undersigned has been appointed AGENT
for the

"Trenton Mutual Life and Fire In-
surance Company of Trenton."

United States, and having previously to taking the
Agency, received satisfactory proof of the good
standing and respectability of the Institution, he
begs to inform the public generally that he is
now prepared to issue Policies for eligible risks
at moderate rates of premium, and to receive
proposals for Life Policies, which will be forward-
ed to the Directors, and if accepted, Policies will
be immediately returned.

The Capital Stock of the Trenton Mutual is
now \$205,000.

well secured in good productive Stocks, Mort-
gages on Real Estate, and Cash in Banks—and
is doing a very large and as yet from its commence-
ment in 1847, a very successful business.

MOTT'S BROMA.

THE following observations having reference
to the preparation of BROMA, appeared in a
late number of the Boston Medical Journal:—
"A few years since a great manufacturer of
Broma sought the opinions of many medical gen-
tlemen of distinction, for the purpose of having an
unobjectionable food for invalids, and was assured
that he had fully succeeded. Hospitals, infirma-
ries, and households generally, should always be
provided with it. When grass, arrowroot, groats,
barley, starch, rice, farina, and many other things
ordinarily resorted to for patients are of no avail, try
the Broma; it is sometimes relieved. It is believed
that those who see it as a beverage will have the
most delicate advantages over the consumers of
tea and coffee. We saw it stated that during the
last summer, those individuals who were contin-
ually using Chocolate or Broma either had attacks
of cholera or dysentery; while others of the
same families, taking their daily portions in
tea, coffee, or simple acid water, were the suffer-
ers, if any. We cannot reach for the truth of this,
but it has recalled to mind the statement that the
old dealers in London had been free from cholera
or the choleraic symptoms. And it has been for-
tunately observed, that persons who were taking cod
liver oil for chronic difficulties, during the preva-
lence of the late epidemic, were not troubled by it.
Vegetable oil in the first instance, and animal oil
in the last, taken internally, would appear, by
these statements, to have secured those who took
them from the effects of the pestilence. It is cer-
tainly a point well worth while to determine, whe-
ther the chocolate drinkers have been secure in
other affected cities."

MOTT'S BROMA has now been before the
public for a considerable period, and along with
the commendations of the Medical Faculty of this
and the neighbouring Provinces, it has received
the approbation of all classes of persons—it is
held to be an article of standard reputation, and
the demand for it is constantly increasing.

Wholesale for the Province, at Hal-
ifax, at MORTON'S MEDICAL WAREHOUSE, No. 139,
near the Province Building. Feb. 23.

You May be Cured Yet!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND RHEUMATIC GOUT.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Brunton,
Landlord of the Waterloo Tavern, Southam,
Yorkshire, late of the Life Guards, dated Sep-
tember 28th, 1848.
To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—For a long time I was a martyr to Rheu-
matism and Rheumatic Gout, and for ten weeks
previous to using your medicine, I was so bad as
not to be able to walk. I had tried doctors and
medicines of every kind, but all to no avail, in-
deed I daily got worse, and felt that I must shortly
die. From seeing your remedies advertised in the
paper I take in, I thought I would give them a
trial. I did so. I rubbed the Ointment in as di-
rected, and kept cabbage leaves to the parts thick-
ly spread with it, and took the Pills eight and
morning. In three weeks I was enabled to walk
about for an hour or two in the day with a stick,
and in seven weeks I could go any where without
one. I am now, by the blessing of God and your
medicines, quite well, and have been attending to
my business more than seven months, without any
symptoms of the return of my old complaint.

Cure of a Bad Leg of Twenty-one Years' Standing!
Extract of a Letter from Mr. Andrew Brack, Black-
smith, Eyemouth, near Berwick, dated the 10th
of August, 1848.
To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—With pleasure and gratitude I have to
inform you that after suffering for 21 years with
a bad leg, which yielded to no kind of treatment,
although I consulted, at different times, every medi-
cal man of eminence in this part of the country,
but all to no purpose. I was frequently unable to
work; and the pain and agony I often endured no
one can tell. My leg is now as sound as ever it
was in my life by means of your Pills and Ointment,
which I purchased from Mr. L. Davidson,
Druggist, Birwick-upon-Tweed, who knows my
case well, and will, I am sure, be happy to certify
with me, if necessary, as to the truth of this won-
derful cure. (Signed) ANDREW BRACK.

AMPUTATION OF TWO TOES PREVENTED.
Extract of a Letter from Mr. Oliver Smith Jenkins,
and Falkirk, August 18th, 1848.
To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—I was apprehending about six months
ago, the erection of one of our Holloway Bridge,
and by the fall of a large stone my right foot
was seriously bruised, which ultimately got so bad,
that I was advised to go to Edinburgh to consult
some of the eminent Surgeons, which I did, and
was told that in order to save my foot, two of my
toes must be taken off. In despair, I returned
home to impart the melancholy news to my wife,
intending to submit to the operation, it was then
thought struck me to try your valuable Ointment
and Pills, which I did, and was by their means in
three weeks enabled to resume my usual occupa-
tion, and at the time my toes are perfectly cured.
(Signed) OLIVER SMITH JENKINS.

An Extraordinary Cure of a Desperate Skin Disease.
On the 21st July, 1848, the Editor of the "Ma-
gazine" Newspaper, published in India, inserted
the following Editorial article in his paper. "We
know for a fact, that Holloway's Pills and Oint-
ment set in a most wonderful manner upon the
constitution, as an eminent Quaker, called Eliza,
employed in our Establishment, was affected with
myriads of Ringworms, which defied all the Medi-
cal Doctors, and promised to devour the poor man
before he was under ground: we tried "Hollo-
way" upon him, and in a month he was perfectly
restored to his former condition and cleanliness of
skin. The effect was marvellous."

The Pills should be used conjointly with the
Ointment in most of the following cases:—
Bad Legs, Corns (Soft), Rheumatism
Bad Breasts, Cancer, Scalds
Barns, Contracted and Stiff
Bansons, Stiff-joints, Sore Nipples
Bites of Mosche- Elephantaia, Sore throats
tles & Sand- Fistulas, Skin diseases
flies, Gout, Scarcy
Croup-Loaf, Glandular swell- Sore-heads
Chilblains, ings, Tumours
Chapped hands, Lumbago, Ulcers
Wounds
Yaws

Sold by the Proprietor, 214, Strand (near Tem-
ple Bar) London, and by all respectable Venders
of Patent Medicines throughout the civilized world.
Price of Boxes, 1s. 1/3, 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s.,
22s., and 42s. each Box. There is a very con-
siderable saving by taking the larger size.
Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to
each Box and Bottle.
Solely Sold by JOHN NAYLOR & CO.,
Agents, No. 152 Granville St., Halifax, N. S.
January 28.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY, MOUNT ALLISON, SACKVILLE, N. B.

PRINCIPAL: The Rev. Humphrey Pickard, A. M. CHAPLAIN: The Rev. Albert DeWolf, A. M. TREASURER: Charles F. Allison, Esquire.

BOARD OF INSTRUCTION. H. Pickard, A. M., Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy, &c. J. H. Hoy, A. B., " " French, Latin and Greek. Thos. Pickard, J. A. M., " Mathematics and Physical Science. Thos. W. Wood, Esq., English Master.

SEWARD—Mr. Thompson Treasurer. THE next term will commence on Thursday the 8th August, and end on Wednesday the 10th December.

EXPENSES. See Board, Washing, Fuel, Lights, &c., and Tuition in the Primary Department—For First Term (24 Weeks) £14 0 0 For Second Term (19 weeks) 11 0 0

Additional Charges will be made for Tuition in the higher Departments, but the expense for Board, &c., and Tuition, will in no case exceed £30 per annum.

THE amount of the ordinary expenses must be paid in advance—on half at the beginning, and the remainder at the middle of each Term. All who desire to become Students should enter, if possible, at the commencement of the Term, as the regular Classes are then organized; pupils, however, will be received at any time.

THE Quarterly Meeting of the Grand Division will be held at FULFORD on Wednesday, 31st Inst., at ten o'clock, A. M. A large and punctual attendance of representatives from the various subordinate Divisions is particularly requested. Lectures will terminate to be furnished with their credentials. By order of the G. W. F. CHARLES D. NAYLOR, Acting Grand Secy.

JOHN HAYS, Cabinet Organ, Seraphine, and Melodion Manufacturer. REPAIRS and Tuning of Musical Instruments. Fanny Turpin, in Brass, Iron and Wood—No. 27, Sackville Street, Halifax, N. S.

EDWARD BAKER, CONVEYANCER, PRINTER, and GENERAL AGENT, No. 7, France Street, Halifax, July 27, 1850.

MATTHEW H. RICHEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office at the Arcade, No. 16 H. Street, HALIFAX. 63

Choice Family Butter. N small tins about 2 lbs. each. For sale by W. M. HARRINGTON.

Valuable PROPERTY For Sale. THE SUBSCRIBER has for Sale, the Dwelling HOUSE and Garden situated at Sackville Street, Halifax, N. S. The house is a good one, and the garden is well planted with fruit trees, &c. The price is £1000, and the terms are liberal. For particulars apply to the Subscriber, at No. 16, H. Street, Halifax.

WILLIAM HARRINGTON, CHEMIST, DRUGGIST, &c. FINEST LONDON. RESPECTFULLY announces that he has just received a large and well selected assortment of the most improved and useful articles of the kind, and that he is prepared to supply the same at the most reasonable prices. He is also prepared to supply the same at the most reasonable prices. He is also prepared to supply the same at the most reasonable prices.

DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, FANCY ARTICLES, &c. &c. &c. are sold at the most reasonable prices. For particulars apply to the Subscriber, at No. 16, H. Street, Halifax.

THOS. A. S. DEWOLF, Commission Merchant and General Agent, LEPPER'S BUILDING, S. HEAD OF COMMERCIAL WHARF, HALIFAX, N. S. June 1, 1850.

Printing of every Description NEATLY & SPEEDILY. By W. Cunliffe, No. 3, Commercial Wharf.

Oranges, Lemons, Prunes. JUST received at Brigs. Halifax from Boston. For sale by W. M. HARRINGTON. July 27.

JOHN WOODILL, Victualler. BEGS respectfully to inform his friends and customers that he has removed from his former stand, (opposite Davy's Country Market) to the (old Woodhill) stand, No. 52, UPPER WATER STREET, opposite Messrs. Saltus & Wainwright's Wharf, where he will be thankful for a continuation of favours, formerly conferred on him. May 19.

DUTCH CHEESE. An excellent article, and for sale at the low price of 2s. 6d. to 3s. each, at the Italian Warehouse, by W. M. HARRINGTON. July 27.

FURTHER INTELLIGENCE. THE ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA THROUGH NICARAGUA.—This road, it is said, will be in operation some two months hence. The steamships Crescent City and Empire City are to run between New York and San Juan and the lake of Nicaragua will be navigated by steamboats of light draught to the town of Nicaragua, distant fourteen miles from the Pacific, which distance will be traversed on land by means of carriages. By the time that these arrangements are completed, the steamships New Orleans and Sarah Sands will connect with the Crescent City and Empire City on the Pacific, and regularly on that ocean to San Francisco—thus making the line of communication complete between New York and California by that route. Four additional steamboats are intended to be placed on the Pacific side. This route from the Atlantic seaboard to the Pacific and California will be about one thousand miles shorter than that by the Isthmus to Panama—then the voyage from New York to California will be performed in about twenty-six days—thus is the wonderful work of steam navigation fully illustrated.

The following items are from the Correspondence of the Sun, dated New York, July 17.— It is expected that Porto Rico will be made a free port of entry. Great advantages to the interest of the place would, no doubt, accrue therefrom.

Accounts from MAYAGUEZ to the 1st of July, represent the rainy season as having set in, deluging the whole place, as well as the country. The planters were unable to make any sugar, or to take what they had already made, to market, owing to the terrific state of the roads. There was an unusually large number of foreign vessels in port but no sugar and molasses on sale.

News from CANTAGUERA (Columb) to the 24th June, is received. The only items worth noting is the late expulsion by the Government of the Jesuits from the Republic of New Granada. The Jesuits had left for Jamaica, with the intention of proceeding to the United States. The difficulties on the island, and the occupation of that place by the Americans, is looked upon by the government and the people of New Granada with a jealous eye—they are afraid that American missionaries will destroy them and their country, when it will prove the contrary, as it has already begun to show itself.

From PONCE, P. R., we have advices to the 24th June. The mercantile men were kept in a state of alarm, by reports put in circulation, that the U. S. Government were about sending a large fleet to blockade the island, and attack them all into a coked state. As, we know to be untrue.

We have intelligence from TRINIDAD, dated to the 24th July. The Sugar crop in that island has fallen very short.—N. A. says a crop promises to be a good one. Potatoes 24 per barrel.

We have dated from HAVANA, to the 5th July. The city was quite healthy, and the weather favorable for the growing crops throughout the whole island. There will be an increase in the charge of light money from the 1st of August, and foreign vessels will have to pay 4 per cent for that of port, instead of the small sum hitherto paid.

Landed from the city of MEXICO, state that the cholera was raging at that place with increased violence; over three hundred deaths occurring daily.

Accounts from RIO GRANDE (in Texas) speak of the Indians as forming in large numbers, and attacking the whites, and destroying their cattle, &c. A large armed force was about being raised to march against them, and it is expected a general war will be declared between the whites and the red skins.

Various accounts are as late as the 22nd June. The weather was favorable for the native crop.

DEMORALIZING news to the 25th June, 1850, was quot. A new law was about being put in force, regulating the price of Bread, and another authorizing the issue of small coins.

An alligator about six feet long, was caught on the night of June 25th, in the street at New Orleans—the street being flooded by heavy rain.

FROM WASHINGTON.—THE COMPROMISE BILL.—It was generally believed in Washington on the morning of the 15th, that the leading advocates of the Compromise plan in the Senate, have resolved to alter the Southern boundary of California from the line claimed by her convention, to the Sierra Nevada, about 32 degrees north latitude, and to fix the Northern boundary of Texas at 32 instead of 34 degrees.

KANSAS.—The New York Tribune learns from Count Dembinsky, that Kosuth intends coming to America as soon as he is permitted to leave Turkey.

New York, July 10.—The Insurance Companies of this city have decided upon placing all buildings containing salt-petre on the same footing with those containing gunpowder—with the exception that the law allows twelve pounds of gunpowder in any one place, while salt-petre is limited to one hundred pounds.

HAVANA. CHARLESTON, July 13. The steamship Isabella has arrived with news from Havana to 8th. It is stated that much excitement prevailed in relation to the Am. prisoners. None are allowed to see them, and no intelligence being furnished as to their fate, it is rumored that a great number have died, and the Spanish boast that they will keep them until they all die.

In the meantime, the American officers are enjoying the hospitality of the Spanish officers. The American Consul Mr. Campbell is still denied access to them, and is obliged to keep ten men in his house as a protection from the mob. The city continues quiet healthy, but the latter has committed great ravages in the country.

HAYTI. From a Miss of June 26th, we learn that the island remained in a quiet state. A gentleman who had several interviews with the Emperor, states that his wishes are entirely pacific, and that he endeavours to govern the island with firmness and moderation. The Emperor remarked to him upon the various statements which had been made upon his character and acts in the country, that all the bad acts were public, and with none of the good that it was possible for him to see and inure into the merits of every case occurring, official wrong doing would be of more rare occurrence. The Emperor is having a man-of-war built. The probability of an invasion of St. Domingo grows more doubtful every day. The markets are glutted with American produce, while coffee is very scarce.

LETTERS RECEIVED. Since our last, letters have been received from several of our Agents. Business shall be attended to. A private letter from Ray R. Knight, came safe to hand, for which we thank him.

The sum acknowledged last week from Rev. J. Buckley should have been \$54 1/2.

To Agents. In ordering papers for new Subscribers, Agents would greatly oblige by stating the time from which they are to be sent.

Back numbers can be supplied. To City Subscribers. Subscribers in the City, who have not yet paid for their subscription for the 1850 paper, will be obliged to bring their payment to the office of Miss Sarah's No. 1, Water Street, Halifax, N. S.

To Advertisers. The Wesleyan, having a very large and general circulation, affords an excellent medium for advertisers to command attention with the Public. The Charges are respectively as follows: For Advertisements sent in by return of mail on Friday morning will appear in the whole edition for the week.

As the first and second numbers of the paper have been sent to some who have not yet paid for their subscription, we request all such to communicate with their local Agents, who will please to send them the first number, after which we will not be able to supply more. The same applies to subscribers. They can be kept together to our satisfaction, given to new subscribers.

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