

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1861.

Vol. 8

FIGHT WITH A POLAR BEAR.

During a recent interview with an old acquaintance, who has spent several years of his life on board a northern whaler, he related several exciting incidents of his perilous career, and, among the rest, the subsequent encounter with a polar bear.

"One day," said the narrator, "quitting this language from where the interest of the present relation really begins, as several of us stood looking at a very beautiful iceberg, which was slowly drifting away to leeward, I fancied I saw something more upon it, and remarked the same to my companions."

"Oh, of course Ned," replied one with a laugh, "you're always seeing something wonderful, and no doubt you'll try to persuade us now that some greasy leecher or Greenland, or some other leecher, is off on a voyage of discovery."

"Well, no one knows better than you, Tom, that my eyes have once, at least, done good service, since, it had not been for them, on the night you were knocked overboard, you would have been long since food for fishes."

"Right there, shipmate, but what do you make it out? I can't see anything but a mass of ice."

"I can only assert I saw something more on the ice," I answered, "I will not pretend to say what it is, without the aid of a glass."

"I don't see anything," was the response of several others in succession.

"A white bear," observed the mate, who had overheard my first remark, and now stood quietly looking at the object through a telescope.

"The announcement produced quite a sensation on board, and elicited several exclamations at the expense of the formidable animal, which was thus navigating the ocean in so peaceful a manner."

"Wonder what he is bound up to," I said.

"Like to see the log," said another.

"He shouldn't get excited, observe that."

"I expect he isn't hard on the helm remarked a fourth."

"He's got a nice time of it, at least," put in a punster.

"For the last two or three days we had not had any special excitement and several of us were eager for some daring adventure. We asked leave to go in search of the bear, and our captain, one of the kindest hearted men in the world, assented, but with several words of caution, which I fear were too much disregarded. Our vessel was run down to what was considered a safe distance, and hove-to, and ten of us armed with guns, pistols, axes, spears, harpoons, boat-hooks, &c., pulled away merrily for the scene of action."

"We all of us knew something of the nature and power of the bear, we were going to attack—that the white bear of the polar regions is the largest, most ferocious, and formidable of all the species of ferocious what we had seen of the animal, we have heard thrilling yarns of actual encounters, and hair-breadth escapes, and bloody catastrophes; but for all this we pulled forward with the light-hearted recklessness of sailors; and more especially whalers, who carry their lives so much in their hands, and get so used to dangers, as not to feel contented in perfect security."

"For myself, as we heaved the mighty floating fabric of the regions—built without what by one of the immutable laws of the Great Architect of Nature—stretching its glittering towers, and domes, and pinnacles, and spires, far up into the clear sunlight, which was dashed back, as from mirrors and prisms, with a brilliancy and gorgeousness that made it seem a fairy palace of silver and precious gems—I confess I for a time forgot the object of our expedition, and yielded my senses to a sort of rapt contemplation of the beauty, grandeur and glory of the icy structure before me."

"There she blows," was the regular remark of the boatswain, recalling me to myself.

"We had been approaching, at an angle which hid the bear from our view; but at the moment of the exclamation, we had just turned a point from which Brin again became visible. He was sitting in a sort of niche, about fifteen feet above the water, and looking very contented and unconcerned, till he got a sight of us. In such close proximity, when he seemed suddenly to change his placidity into a condition of temper more befitting the ferocious brute he really was, growling hoarsely, showing his teeth, and thus giving us fair warning that we might expect trouble should we venture to assail him on his own domain."

"He was indeed a most formidable looking antagonist, measuring at least twelve feet in length, was a corresponding height, breadth and bulk—and I remember wondering what chance a man would have for his life at once fairly within the stroke of his tremendous paw. I knew that the lion of Asia and Africa is acknowledged to be the king of beasts and lord of the wilderness;

but I am inclined to believe he does not compare in either strength or ferocity with this dangerous monster of the polar seas. As our boat was brought round in front of the bear, at the distance of some two hundred yards, I ventured to advise the laying on of our oars, and holding a short council-of-war, before proceeding to an attack which clearly promised to be a most dangerous one indeed; but my suggestion was unheeded—the boatswain positively asserting there would be little or no danger in advancing close and pouring in a volley, as the bear would be too badly wounded from so many balls, to do us any harm, even if not killed outright."

"So we rowed up to within perhaps seventy-five yards—the bear growling and growling at us the while—and then the boatswain brought round broadside to, and every man took up his gun, got ready to fire at the word. Salvo! and general firing are not good marksman, and I readily calculated that not more than half our balls would hit the bear, even at that short distance, and thought it more than doubtful if either one of the balls, or all combined, would give him a mortal wound. But I was not the commander, and had only to obey orders; and so taking the best aim I could, I fired with the rest, and the instant, mortification, and alarm of seeing the savage animal leap from his perch into the water, and make directly towards us, swimming with a swiftness and vigor that showed he was more angered than hurt."

"All was now confusion and dismay even the boldest and coolest getting fearfully excited. We knew how to manage whales, but we had not served an apprenticeship at attacking polar bears, and every man thought of the worst story he had ever heard of the most fabulous power, and ferocity of the bear. If he should reach us what might be the result?"

"Give way, lad! give way! for the love of God, give way! shouted the boatswain."

"It needed no shouting but his own personal danger to make every man do his best; but a single minute's labour convinced that we could not escape in this manner, for though we were making the little boat over the light waves at its greatest speed, we could see that the bear was gaining on us at every stroke."

"It was now argued that a party should keep at the oars, and all the rest of the crew, with our axes, knives, pistols, &c., to assail the monster, as soon as he should come within reach. Our guns already discharged were useless, nobody seeming to think it worth while to reload them. It was my lot to be stationed at the stern, armed only with an axe; and as I stood and watched the gradual approach of the bear, coming up nearer and nearer, shaking his head, showing his teeth, and growling savagely between each lay of the oars, I thought 'If his vengeance, and my friends in their feeble home be left to mourn the untimely death of the wanderer. But with all this I felt no disposition to shrink from the danger, and stood there as my duty, and die if I must, like a man and not a coward. I felt I was unquestionably, but I knew I was calm externally, and I grasped my weapon with a firmness and determination that I flatter did me no little credit. 'You think perhaps that I am making a mountain of a mole hill, but just wait till you are placed in the same situation before a ferocious polar bear, and then decide which takes the most courage, to stand firmly, quietly there, or face a battery of cannon.'"

"On came the bear, blowing, snorting, and growling, his eyes in his anger looking like balls of fire; and as he came up within a few feet I swung my axe for a blow at his skull. But at this moment some of the men behind me commenced firing their pistols at his head, which seemed to disconcert him a little and check his progress. The men at the oars encouraged by this, now pulled with a will, and began to increase the distance between ourselves and the animal, which now seemed undecided whether to continue the pursuit or beat a retreat."

"There is no doubt that if we had kept steadily on, that we might have escaped—as the bear, without being molested would probably have returned to the iceberg; but the very instant he showed hesitation, we all became fixed in a resolve to conquer at all hazards; besides two other boats were now putting off from the ship, and we were not disposed to see another party triumph in our place. We had a harpooner with us, who was anxious to try his skill, and we now gave him a chance. With the precision of a master of art, he harled his weapon through the air and buried it just back of the fore-shoulders of the bear. With a perfect howl of pain and rage, the bear half leaped from the water, and then plunged forward for his revenge, fairly lashing the waters into foam."

"We saw there was no chance of escaping by flight now, and therefore did not attempt it, but every man seized upon some weapon and prepared himself to fight it out to death. As the furious bear came up near enough for my blow I struck with all my might, aiming for his skull, just as he was in the act of seizing the gunnel with his teeth; but at the moment the boat rocked, my foot slipped, my mark was missed, and I was pitched head foremost into the water, almost into his very clutches. Fortunately for me he was intent upon attacking the men collectively, as not to perceive their revenge at all hands was making constant efforts to throw himself into the boat, fight in the teeth of blows from axes and boat-hooks and thrusts from knives and spears. By one bold, rapid movement, he did succeed in getting one foot over the gunnel, when, before he could make use of this advantage, one of them by a well directed blow with his axe choiced it clean off. Even this seemed rather to madden than laze the brute, and he continued his assaults with more fury than ever."

"At length, when covered with blood and wounds, his efforts began to slacken, as if growing too weak to maintain the unequal contest, and we were beginning to congratulate ourselves that at last the victory was ours—just at this moment, by what impulse or power I never could conceive, the dying monster, with a hoarse, wild roar, that rings in my ears yet, suddenly leaped half out of the water, and came bowing with his fore-quarters upon the stern of the boat, crushing down two of the men, seizing one of the poor fellows in his teeth, and pitching the rest of us into the sea, and some of us into his very clutches."

"Merciful God! what shouts and screams, and what a scene of wild confusion as each man sought to save himself, regardless of every other, and oh! what a wild, deplorable, appalling shriek came from the poor fellow whose very bones were now being crushed in the jaws of the monster! No human power could save him, and no one changed his course to offer human aid. No one knew whose turn it might be next, and every man struck off for the approaching boats to save himself."

"But the bear did not follow us. As satisfied with his revenge, he remained almost stationary, growling over and crunching his victim, till the two boats picking up the rest of us on the way, drew up near him and poured in a volley which almost killed him and ended the bloody contest."

"Then we collected the mangled remains of our poor comrades for decent burial, and toged the slaughtered monster to the vessel every man solemnly vowing he would never be caught in another foolhardy attack upon the animal head of the polar regions."

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FROM THE STATES.

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Richmond papers give some particulars of naval fights below New Orleans in which the Union fleet have sunk the flag of war Vincennes, not the French, and having captured a prize schooner laden with coal, loss of life not stated.

At New Orleans guns were being mounted on the Custom House Tower, and all points effectual for the protection of the city.

The report of the steamer Nashville, captured by Charleston is positively contradicted.

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French Designs on Canada.

Mr. Hoebuck may be right after all. Louis Napoleon may pounce upon England with his iron-clad frigates. The London Press says:

"Last week was revealed to the English public the tenor of a secret agreement concluded between the Emperor of the French and the King of Sweden. One of the objects contemplated by the Emperor Napoleon in that arrangement is, in the event of a rupture with England, to obtain the co-operation of the fleets and excellent seamen of the Scandinavian powers. We are informed that an analogous motive inspires the mission of Prince Napoleon to the United States, where he endeavors to create suspicion and jealousy towards this country. Nor is the French population of Lower Canada forgotten in his mission. Despite the contradiction of the French press, we can affirm that the recent visit of French Canadian to Paris has not been devoid of a political motive."

To strengthen the opinion of the Press, it has been noticed by the Canada papers, that Louis Napoleon visited Lower Canada, where the French race are, and not the upper, and that he visited Newfoundland, and not New Brunswick.

The Pictou Record recommends Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, as well as New Brunswick students in connection with the Church of Scotland, to graduate at the University of New Brunswick. We have no doubt that if such students act on the recommendation, they will find that in Languages and Science, at least, the latter illustrated by the finest apparatus in the Lower Provinces, the course is not easily surpassed.

A REVEREND STATESMAN.—At the recent meeting of the Herts. Agricultural Society, Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, said in his speech:—"Had I remained in office, I venture to think that long before this, our line of British Settlement would have sprung up to connect the Pacific with the Atlantic."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—It is with extreme regret we learn, by a telegram received by Dr. Wadell, from the Hon. Mr. Archibald, Attorney General of Nova Scotia, dated Toronto, N. S., that his only son, a very promising youth in his 15th year, was accidentally killed by a discharge from his gun last Saturday. Another moment of the uncertainty of human life.

THE COMING CAMPAIGN.—The Washington Correspondent of N. Y. "World" says it is now conceded that the first great battle in the advance will probably take place at Centerville. The rebel army is massed between that point and Bull Run in force. From the cautious manner of McClellan's advance they see that it will not do to give up Centerville lightly without a struggle, as they may be able to shift the batteries on the old battle ground. From the present rate of advance it may be a week before McClellan reaches that point. There may however be a dash in another direction as a diversion, but it now looks as though there will be a series of battles at Centerville, Bull Run and Manassas.

GOSPEL.—It is said that the Duke of Newcastle is engaged to Lady Cecilia Molloy, daughter of Lord Selkirk; the Duke is over 50, and Lady Cecilia is 22, whose blood is as good as the Queen's.

ENGLISH OFFERS FOR THE LOAN.—The New York "Post" states that London capitalists have offered to the Secretary of the Treasury to take a hundred million of the loan of the United States, at 54 per cent.

THE BOSTON "POST" SAYS.—When the Railroad between Halifax and Quebec is completed, John Bull may wag his fingers at Brother Jonathan.

THE RANGOR "TIMES" SAYS.—A letter was received in that city on the 17th, dated Barbadoes, September 27, which says the privateer Sumter was captured to the leeward by the U. S. steam-frigate Potomac.

WORK ON THE FORTIFICATIONS AT ST. LOUIS.—Work on the fortifications at St. Louis have not been suspended, as has been reported, and no order for their suspension has been issued. How confoundedly something.

THERE CAN BE NO QUESTION THAT THE London Times, by its frequent intimations that Great Britain cares nothing about Canada, and is willing to give her up at any moment, is doing serious injury to the interests of the colony and the mother country.—Toronto Globe.

THE DIPHTHERIA IS RAGING VERY fearfully in Hopewell and other parts of Albert County.

50 drowned 30 killed, 125 wounded, 300 taken prisoners by the Rebels and 184 are safe.

Campo Boile Fish Fair and Regatta.

The Fish Fair was held at Weir pool on the 17th according to previous notice when there was a very fine display of various kinds of dried and pickled fish with many samples of smoked herrings—it was the largest and best display of fish that has been exhibited by the Society since its first formation—which is an evident proof of the progressive step that is making in the curing of fish in this locality as well as the greater zeal by the fishermen in the prosecution of that most important branch of our industry.

The judges of Fish, Messrs. Caldwell, Flag and William Galley have had a most difficult as well as tedious job in awarding the prizes in several cases, the articles were so good and so nearly alike in every respect, notwithstanding they have given general satisfaction in their award of prizes, the following is a list:

Smoked Herrings—1st John Lank—2d Wm. Lank—3d Isaac Witteball—4th Albert Witteball—5th Wm. Batson—6th Price Flag—7th Arthur Batson—8th Walter Lank—9th Wm. Flag—10th Wallace Calder—11th Edward Lank—12th Malachi Parker.

Magdelone Smoked Herrings—1st John Calder—2d Walter Calder—3d Wm. Calder—4th John Calder—5th Alex. Calder—6th James Calder—7th Thos. Stimpson—8th Price Judson Simpson—9th Malachi Parker—10th Edward Parker—11th Anderson Parker—12th James Parker.

Fishen Haddock—1st John Calder—2d John Calder—3d Wm. Calder—4th Wm. Batson—5d Alex. Calder—6th Charles Calder—7th John Calder—8th James Calder—9th John Calder—10th John Calder—11th John Calder—12th John Calder.

Dried Codfish—1st Wm. Calder—2d Wm. Batson—3d Alex. Calder—4th Charles Calder—5th John Calder—6th James Calder—7th Thos. Stimpson—8th Price Judson Simpson—9th Malachi Parker—10th Edward Parker—11th Anderson Parker—12th James Parker.

Dried Haddock—1st James Parker—2d Hiram Henderson—3d Andrew Parker—4th Ezra Mitchell—5th David Henderson—6th Nathaniel Phinney—7th George Young—8th Nelson Mathews—9th James Savage—10th John Calder—11th John Calder—12th John Calder.

Mackerel—1st Peter Malloch—2d Walter Lank—3d Charles Calder—4th James Calder—5th Elias Thurber—6th Robinson Mitchell—7th Wm. Batson—8th Isaac Thurber—9th David Henderson—10th Alex. Calder—11th Thos. Mathews—12th Wm. Batson—13th Elias Thurber—14th Wm. Calder—15th Daniel Mitchell—16th Wm. Batson—17th James Savage—18th Walter Calder—19th Thomas Mathews—20th John Calder.

Rippling Herrings—1st to George Young—2d Ezra Mitchell—3d William Calder—4th Stephen Phinney.

Boat Race—5 Classes of Boats—1st class, 21 feet keel, three started: 1st Thaddeus Stimpson's Admiral Owen—2d Joseph Swin's Queen. 2 Class Boats nine started: 1st D. H. Morgan's Dread—2d Hebbard Grapeshot—4th Price Flag—5th Arthur Batson's Arctic—6th Thomas Nelson Mathews' Try—7th John Calder—8th Elias Thurber—9th Wm. Batson—10th John Calder—11th John Calder—12th John Calder.

Swimming.—At a swimming race at the Lambeth Baths, London, on the 18th Sep., the papers report that Miss Lizzie Beckwith, aged 7; Master F. Beckwith, aged 5; and a younger brother, aged three, went through some surprising feats of rotation in the water.

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From the New Brunswick.
**ARRIVAL OF HIS EXCELLENCY,
THE HON. ARTHUR H. GORDON,
AT ST. JOHN, N. B.**

His Excellency the Hon. Arthur Hamilton Gordon reached the City Station just before 12 o'clock on Thursday last, a special train having conveyed His Excellency and suite. Our Civic dignitaries and a number of gentlemen were in waiting. Detachments of our Volunteer Artillery commanded by Captains H. Peters, Pickard Rankin, were in readiness; the Governor having been introduced to the Chief Magistrate and several Official gentlemen, and a salute having been fired—the Brigade Band at the same time time playing the National Anthem—stepped into his carriage and drove to the Waverley House, accompanied by Charles Drury, Esq., and His Private Secretary, followed by a large concourse of people, where the band again played "God Save the Queen." At half past 3 o'clock His Excellency left the Waverley House and proceeded to the Council Chamber, a large concourse of people having assembled on King's Square, and as he entered the Court House a salute was fired by the Volunteer Artillery, when the Corporation presented an Address, which W. R. M. Burrie, Esq., the common Clerk, read, it is as follows:—

To His Excellency, the Hon. Arthur Gordon, C. M. G., Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, etc., etc.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of St. John, beg your Excellency on behalf of our selves and our fellow-citizens to accept our sincere congratulations on your safe arrival in this Province, to assume the Government which it has pleased our beloved Queen to confer upon you.

We do not fail to recognize in the selection of Your Excellency as her Majesty's representative, a further proof of the deep interest on all occasions evinced by our Gracious Sovereign in the welfare and happiness of the loyal and affectionate people over whom you are called upon to rule.

We have every reason to anticipate the happiest results from the administration of our public affairs by Your Excellency, and with our warmest wishes for your personal happiness while among us, we heartily welcome you to the COMMERCIAL METROPOLIS OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

THOMAS M'AVITY,
Mayor.

To which his Excellency replied as follows:—
Mr. Mayor, Aldermen and Gentlemen, Members of the Common Council of the City of St. John:

I receive with much gratification the congratulations with which you have welcomed my assumption to the Government of this Province.

It will be my anxious desire so to discharge the duties entrusted to me by the Queen, our Sovereign, as to merit the confidence and approval of the people of New Brunswick, and of this flourishing community, and I rest assured that such confidence and approval, if merited, will not be withheld.

It is a source of great satisfaction to me to feel that the inhabitants of this Province are, as you justly term them, "a loyal and affectionate people," and I shall consider myself fortunate if I should be able in any manner to promote their prosperity and welfare.

I thank you for your welcome to this great and important city, and trust that by God's blessing it may, through succeeding years, continuously grow and prosper, increasing in population and in wealth, and finally taking that rank among the cities of the New World which its geographical position, and the natural resources of this noble Province entitle it to claim.

The Rev. Wm. Donald, D. D., Chaplain of the St. Andrew's Society, accompanied by a full number of the members welcomed His Excellency in a most stirring Address: To His Excellency the Honorable ARTHUR GORDON, Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief, &c. &c., of the Province of New Brunswick.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, the Officers and members of the St. Andrew's Society, of St. John, beg most respectfully to congratulate you on your arrival in this Province, to assume the highly important office of Her Majesty's representative in this quarter of her wide-spread dominions, and to assure your Excellency of our devoted loyalty and attachment to Her Majesty's person and Government.

A Society united together for benevolent purposes, we mingle not in the political rivalries of the day nor interfere in the change of Government, but in the present instance we should consider ourselves wanting in that national and patriotic feeling to which we lay claim, were we not among the first to offer your Excellency our warmest congratulations as a countryman, and especially as the son of a nobleman, having a world wide reputation for all that is calculated to command respect, affection, and admiration, which is considered as a man, a statesman, or a patriot.

An ardent hope that, trained under such a father, your administration of the Government may conduce to its best interests, to the maintenance of those feelings of national attachment and respect which ought to be the basis of a colony and a parent state, and at Your Excellency may experience comfort satisfaction in the discharge of your responsible duties.

Signed in name of the St. Andrew's Society, of St. John.

23d day of October, by us, the office-bearers thereof.

J. M. WALKER, President.
W. THOMPSON, Vice President.
W. DONALD, D. D., Chaplain.
W. C. WATSON, Treasurer.
P. R. INCHES, Secretary.
JAMES MILLIGAN, Committee.
ROBERT SMYTH, of
W. W. EMBLE, of
G. W. SMITH, Marshal.

His Excellency replied as follows:—
GENTLEMEN—I receive with much satisfaction the Address which you have presented to me on behalf of the St. Andrew's Society of Saint John, and thank you for the congratulations with which you greet my arrival in this Province.

Grateful as I am for all expressions of kindness and good will on the part of the people of New Brunswick, I cannot but especially appreciate the hearty welcome of those with whom I am united by the strong bonds of a common nationality, feeling well assured that such national sentiments are perfectly capable of subordination to the more important interests of the Province in which we must all feel equally concerned, whatever may have been our race or origin. The inhabitants of that portion of the British Empire from which it is my pride to have come in whatever part of the world they may be scattered, are renowned for their strong feeling towards each other, and their undying attachment to their own land. When we meet a countryman we feel we meet a friend.

I am especially grateful to you for your reference to the memory of my illustrious and lamented father. The highest ambition I can have is to prove myself not unworthy of his training, and to administer the Government of this Province in accordance with the lessons of mild and temperate wisdom which I have been taught by him. As the representative of the Queen, I thank you for your assurance of loyalty and devotion to Her Majesty, and I will not fail to transmit them to the foot of the throne.

A large number of our citizens had the honor of being presented to His Excellency who on reaching the platform in front of the Court House, was presented by Lieutenant Colonel Thurgar, in the name of the Volunteers with an Address, to which they received a reply.

FROM THE STATES.

Boston, Oct. 25.
Despatches to Philadelphia Press says that only a portion of Gen. Banks' division was thrown across the river on Tuesday, and they now command both sides of the Ferry.

At a consultation between McClellan, Banks and Stone, it was decided that there was force enough in Virginia to meet any emergency, and those on the Maryland side are not to be moved across.

The procession at the funeral of Col. Baker was large and impressive, the military portion of it making a fine appearance. The remains were interred in the Congressional Cemetery, Washington.

Mason and Sill, the Rebel Commissioners to France and England, arrived at Cardenas.

Steamer Salvor, from Havana, laden with contraband goods, pistols, &c., was captured by Federal Steamer Keystone State, near Tampa Bay.

New York, Oct. 26th.
Tribune's Washington dispatch says two English sailing vessels entered Charleston a few weeks ago; there being no blockading vessels before that port.

Lord Lyons now demands that they be allowed to leave unmolested, on the ground that at the time of their going in, the blockade was not effective.

A messenger has arrived in Washington from Hatteras inlet, bringing to the President a declaration of the independence of people of Hyde Co., N. C., announcing themselves forever free from Rebel Confederacy.

The Union sentiment is daily growing stronger throughout the State.

St. Louis, 20th.
Price's army left Cedar County, and was retreating towards Greenfield.

Seigel, with his force, was marching towards Springfield, to cut off Price's retreat South.

Gen. Fremont was en route for Quincy. The general belief at Warren was that Price could not get away, but would be compelled to fight or surrender.

A detachment of U. S. cavalry broke up a rebel camp at Buffalo, 10 miles from Coal Camp Creek, on Tuesday night, killing 17 and wounding a large number, taking 90 prisoners, a number of horses and 22 wagons.

To remedy the threatening evils of a short supply of hay and oats for army animals at Washington, the construction of a Railroad from that city to Nottingham, on the Patuxent, a distance of 20 miles, is talked of.

Federals had made arrangements to attack Pensacola on the 16th, but were prevented by the sea's effect at the mouth of the Mississippi. The two ships which were to have taken part in action, having been sent to aid of fleet there.

Attempt to Run the Blockade at Charleston Prevented.
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—A letter dated "Steamer Flag," off Charleston, Oct. 16, says: "Yesterday saw a ship standing in, intending to run the blockade; passed her when she was within 100 yards of the fort, and she was shot at, and she did not stop."

She was nearly consumed when the Vanderli left.

A REBEL IN HALIFAX.—A letter from an influential citizen of Halifax, N. S., dated the 16th inst., states that Pillsbury, Ex-American Consul at that port, is now playing a high game there as agent for the Southern Confederacy.

He is purchasing powder, percussion caps, medicines and other supplies for the rebels, with money furnished by them. The 'Argyle' which sailed from Halifax a short time ago, had an assorted cargo worth \$100,000, which Mr. Pillsbury "engineered."

On the 16th inst. Mr. Pillsbury purchased an old vessel no name, and at last date was putting one hundred barrels of powder on board packed in drums of codfish. The cargo was collected at Pillsbury's place of business, which is secluded from close observation.

Most of the purchases have been taken thither under cover of night. The vessel it is thought will be beached on the Southern coast and the cargo secured, which will be a great prize to Secession.

The writer states that the loyal citizens of the United States in Halifax are in consultation with our officials here, to see if the traitor Pillsbury cannot be brought to justice.

GLOATING OVER PUBLIC ROBBERY.—The New Orleans Delta of a late date has this paragraph:—
"Among the prominent victims of the barbarous resort of the Lincolnites to the confiscation of the property of Southern citizens, we rejoice to include the name of Wm B. Astor, who is owner of six hundred shares of the stock of the Bank of Louisiana, worth in ordinary times \$150 per share. This may be the contribution of the said Astor to the Lincoln cause as he is said to have."

These are many other Lincolnites who will also have to contribute largely in a like manner to the fund of the Confederate States. Even that wretched ingrate, George Opyke, who made all that he is worth in this city, has his lot and houses, which will pass into the hands of honest men. We think the aggregate value of the property which will thus be appropriated will exceed the estimate generally made of \$15,000,000. There will be a general dissolution of a great number of our mercantile firms in this city. The apprehension, however, is that there will be a great need of close and searching scrutiny to discover the sleeping and silent partners of many of our firms. It is well known that many of the uttermost Black Republicans have for years kept up their partnership relations in this city—have drawn thousands and millions from the profits of business here, which have been used to infuse, malign and destroy our institutions and undermine our liberties. There will be a keen pursuit for all such. We! to the disloyal citizen who shall aid in their concealment and protection from liability under sequestration act.

THE AMERICAN LOAN.—It is now said that the statement that British capitalists had offered to take on hundred million of the Government loan is not true. One firm offered to place thirty million dollars; and another offered twenty million dollars; and others offered smaller sums at various times, to the amount of the original loan. But there has been no aggregate offer of the amount named, and no offer within the past ten days.

IMPORTANT TO THE TEA TRADE.—A dispatch dated New York, Oct. 20th, says that it is reported that Secretary Chase has decided that green teas are manufactured articles, and coming from other than places of their growth are liable to a duty of 25 per cent.—The manufacture consists in the coloring process from which black teas are exempt.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 22.—J. R. and F. D. Flanders, editors and proprietors of the Franklin County Gazette, have been arrested and taken to Fort Lafayette.

Communication.
For the Standard.

MR. EDITOR—Your correspondent "A Rate Payer"—in your last issue, has given the Justices some "hard nuts to crack."

The people are on the qui vive to see their Worshipful replies to the questions propounded to them in reference to the "Sime" property. "A Rate Payer" says, "grave doubts exist as to the rights of the Justices to buy this or any other property at the expense of the people."

He might have gone further and said truly, that no right or authority is vested in them for any such purpose—they are merely the trustees in their corporate capacity for the management of certain property; this is the full extent of their powers and nothing more. If they could legally purchase the "Sime" property for the people at some two hundred pounds, they could just as well, if the fancy took them, buy some other property for the people at Twenty thousand pounds; it therefore follows, that having no legal right to buy the "Sime" property, they have no legal right to impose a tax for the payment of a property illegally purchased. A requisition should have been forthwith to the Town Clerk, requesting him to call a Town Meeting, to discuss ways and means to rid the inhabitants of the illegal tax now imposed on them.

It is impossible for the Justices to get the money to pay the property and the property is dealt with as if it were a public property. They appear to forget "that there is a limit beyond which endurance ceases to be a virtue" and which point their conduct

is fast culminating, and will, if persisted in, ultimately cause the people to have recourse to Municipal institutions, to curb them in their misadministration of the public funds.
Yours, A CONSTANT READER.
Oct. 28, 1861.

BUSINESS IN CHICAGO.—The Chicago Tribune gives a very flattering account of business prosperity in that city. It says that the streets are crowded daily with express wagons, laden to their utmost capacity with boxes and bales of merchandise, agricultural implements and household goods; farmers' wagons filled with grain, potatoes and vegetables; drays, delivering barrels and boxes innumerable; heavy loads of lumber; harness, buggy, horse teams, and dog teams; swarming Jehus; fast "ferab" garulous newboys, hurrying pedestrians, and swarms of ladies arrayed like Solomon in all his glory—made up a scene indicative of the great business activity, and imparting a general metropolitan air to the city. The vast hive is swarming. Business is buoyant, money flowing unimpeded in its usual channels.

The Province Delegates to England will take their departure in the next Halifax Steamer. The Hon. Mr. Tilley leaves here on Wednesday next. As these gentlemen cross the Atlantic in the same steamer which converts home the late Governor General of Canada, as well as the Hon. Mr. Munro-Sutton, an excellent opportunity will occur for the discussion of that vital question which originates their mission, as well as several others which deeply affect the general interests of these important Colonies.

—[Reporter.]

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, OCT. 30, 1861.

The news from the States is so conflicting that it is difficult to get at the truth. The telegraph reports received cannot be relied on, as they are frequently contradicted in the Boston and New York papers. The time has arrived when a decisive blow must be struck—the Potomac is now closed by the Confederate forces—the two contending armies are close to each other, and the northern people are pushing matters to such an extent, that the Commanders will not be permitted to remain inactive; something more than manoeuvring is required if the Union is to be perpetuated—however, as outsiders, we have no desire to meddle—the tide of public opinion is setting, pretty strong to the Southward.

The following extract from the Scientific American, shows how little dependence can be placed upon the war reports:—
"Newspaper correspondents are very fond of gossip, and delight in stirring up a sensation. They push these matters so strong at times that the public—generally very gullible—get more than they can possibly take down. It is exceedingly difficult at all times to sift out the state of facts. A little skirmish between a few picket guards is magnified into a great battle, and the victory is usually claimed on both sides. We have frequently found ourselves very happy one moment over a 64 pound header in the newspapers, announcing a splendid victory—"The Enemy Completely Routed," &c.—and the next moment puzzling our selves over the details in trying to see just how the victory was achieved. What has troubled us most is to find out just where the glorious victory "came in," when it says that after whipping the enemy our troops fell back or withdrew for want of ammunition, or something of that sort. We are so ignorant of war terms, however, that we probably do not see that when victory is achieved, this modest commander announces success in the term "fell back," "withdrew," &c. Our gallant commander, Gen. McClellan, says, "No more Bull Runs," so, of course, we are going to whip now every time."

On our first page we have published the Prize List of the Campo Bello Fish Fair, which we learn passed off pleasantly. Fifty two persons partook of an excellent and substantial dinner; and in the evening there were 180 present at the Ball, who tripped it merrily on "the light fantastic toe." Our correspondent says that not one of the "Representatives elect," were present—who were so anxious to obtain Fishermen's votes prior to the Election, but that the fishermen have good memories, and will show aspirants for Legislative honors that they will not tamely submit to "cold neglect."

REVISORS COURT.—The Revisors met at the Town Hall, on the 25th inst., for the purpose of revising the list of Electors for the year. There was one application by the year to have a name added—but the applicant not appearing to point out the property, no action could be taken in the matter.

HENRY MAUDSLEY, Esq., of London, one

of the Directors of the New Brunswick & Canada Railway Company, arrived here on Saturday last.

THE WEATHER within a few days has given tokens of a near approach to winter. The mornings and evenings are cool, and heavy frosts have killed the vines of tender hubs and flowers in many of the surrounding districts. Ice quarter of an inch in thickness found in the brooks.

RECALL OF THE GOVERNOR OF JAMAICA. A late number of the Jamaica "Watchman" says:—
"We have very good authority for stating that 'our worthy Governor has been recalled and that Lord Mulgrave, the present Governor of Nova Scotia, son of the distinguished Marquis of Normandy, who, when Earl of Mulgrave governed this colony successfully, will be the successor of Mr. If the latter gentleman does not leave the Island before the Legislature meets, he will certainly leave it soon after."

THE COLLEGE vs. THE GARRISON.—The Head Quarters had an account of two cricket matches in Fredericton between the Garrison and the Students of the University.—It says:—
We are however unable to publish them in details, and can only give the general result of the innings. The first match was played on September 25th.

First Innings. Second Innings. Total.
62d, 73 55 128
Colleigans, 77 52 129

With eight wickets to "go down." The return match was played on October 13th.

First Innings. Second Innings. Total.
62d, 30 21 51
Colleigans 100 21 121

The students thus winning by one innings and forty-nine runs.

The "Royal Gazette" announces that His Excellency The Honorable Arthur Hamilton Gordon, Knight Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, having been appointed to succeed His Excellency the Honorable John Henry Manners Sutton, as Lieutenant Governor of the province, came on Saturday last to the Council Chamber and presented his Commission, which being read, His Excellency took the usual oath, and assumed the Administration of the Government.

Capt. Harry Moody and David, William, Esq's., have been appointed Private Secretaries to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

EDUCATION.
THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he has opened the School known as the "Roman Catholic School," of said Town, where all pupils who may be placed under his tuition, without distinction of class or creed, will receive his best and most assiduous attention. Besides the usual branches required of a First Class Teacher, as enumerated in the "Act," the subscriber will give Lessons in the elements of Astronomy, Rhetoric, and Agricultural Chemistry, if required.

Oct. 28, 1861.—J. JAMES DALTON.

DENTAL NOTICE.
Dr. R. B. Patterson, Dentist,
WILL visit St. Andrews Monday Nov. 4th and remain one week. Rooms at Bracken's Hotel. Where he will hold himself in readiness to attend to all who may favor him with a call.

Teeth filled, cleaned and extracted, also Inserts whole or parts of sets on Gold or Silver. All operations pertaining to the profession carefully attended to and warranted to give entire satisfaction. Charges moderate.

NOTICE.
London Exhibition for 1862.

THE Executive Committee of the Board of Agriculture having been appointed Commissioners to receive and arrange articles for the London Exhibition, requires all parties intending to exhibit, to communicate with them as early as they can.

The articles when ready will be deposited in the Custom House, St. John, and must be there for transmission to England by the 1st January next.

JAS. G. STEVENS,
St. Stephens, Oct. 17—St. J. P. B. A.

Co-partnership Notice.
The Undersigned, have this day dissolved Co-partnership by mutual consent.

J. W. SLASON
GEO. M. RAINSFORD.
St. Andrews, Oct. 8th, 1861.

NOTICE.
THEREBY Given that John William Slason and George Moodie Rainford, of Saint Andrews, trading under the style & firm of "Slason & Rainford," have by Deed dated the 7th day of October A. D. 1861, transferred all their Estate, books, debts, and property to the undersigned, upon certain trusts for the benefit of creditors in said Deed expressed.

The said Deed, can be seen on application, to either of the undersigned, and the creditors of the said Slason & Rainford, are requested to execute the same within Sixty days, from the date of the said Deed; and all persons, indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
J. R. BRADFORD,
St. Andrews, Oct. 8th, 1861.

Anthracite Coal.
54 Tons Red and White Ash
Anthracite Coal, egg size
For Sale by
J. W. STREET & SONS.

NEW EXPRESS

TO BOSTON, NEW BRUNSWICK

WILL LEAVE HOUTON at St. Andrews, Eastport, Port of New Brunswick & Canada Railway. Connecting with all Eastern and Western

Return
WILL leave Boston, (per steam) every Thursday morning at 7 1/2 with stages at Woodstock and parts of Annotook and upper 2 OFFICE—No. 5 Congress

AGENTS
David Webber,
Hugh Montgomery,
Vanwart & Stevenson,

G. HOULTON,
Saint Andrews, Sept. 24th.

NOTICE

ALL Persons having any Estate of the late William Gil of St. Patrick, are requested to duly attest, within three months and all those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JAMES ACHES
ALEX. MCNEIL
St. Patrick, Oct. 1.—rm.

Administrative
ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late William Gil of St. Patrick, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

GEO.
Administrator of the Estate of the late William Gil of St. Patrick, Sept. 19, 1861

Dr. "Hatti,"
New York,
100 Bldg. Fancy Western
100 Bldg. Ex. & double
300 Bldg. Corp.
10 Bldg. ex. heavy Mess Pt
Sep. 18. J. W. I.

NOTICE
ALL Persons having any Estate of Thomas Berry, late deceased, are requested to render, within three months, all those indebted to said estate, make immediate payment to the undersigned.

G. G. BERRY
St. Andrews, Sept. 10, 18

AUTUMN ARRIVAL
To and from
New York, Boston
To WOODSTOCK
Freque Isle and the
INTERNATIONAL STEAM
NEW BRUNSWICK, AND C

ON and after Tuesday, the 1st until further notice, part Woodstock or the Annotook Leave Woodstock at 5 every MONDAY and THURSDAY and Portland same days at 8 arrival of the steamer at St. 2.30 P. M. to Canterbury, meet each train for Woodstock. Return Trains, leave every Monday, Wednesday, day at 5.50 A. M., arrive 10.30 A. M. in time for to Eastport Portland and Boston. Thursday. By remaining new, can take the Boats to DAY and FRIDAY.

FARES—THROUGH
FOLLOW:
On Monday for Boats
New Brunswick
Canterbury to Portland
Woodstock to Canterbury
Canterbury to St. John
Return tickets to Canterbury Boston every Thursday.
On Thursday by Steam
Canterbury to Boston
Canterbury to Portland
Woodstock to Canterbury
Canterbury to St. John
Return tickets to Canterbury Boston every Monday.

Express Parcels or Freight, tend to, and promptly for N. B.—Good accommodation, Canterbury.
OWEN JONES,
Superintendent.

LETTERS
REMAINING in the
Andrews, Sep. 1
Bowes, James, Jr.
Bigger, John, L.
Clary, Bridget M.
Dunlop, Robert M.
Dickson, Hugh M.
Ellis, Heloise Ann M.
Haskins, Mrs. P.
Holland, Peter S.
Hays, James V.
Johnson, Benjamin W.
Persons calling for will please say "advent

G. F. CA

Brunswick & arrived here on
new days has giv-
to winter. The
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of Jamaica.
"Watchman"
only for stating
has been recalled
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HARRISON.—The
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University—

publish them
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rest match was

Inning. Total.
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129
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October 15th.
Innings. Total.
21
51
121
by one innings

ances that His
Arthur Hamilton
the Most Dis-
chael and Saint
succeeded
John Henry
Governor of
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his Commis-
Excellency took
the Adminis-

David, Private Sec-
retary to the
Governor.

ON.

fully to announce
advisers, that
as the "Homan
where all pupils
tuition, without
receive his best
sides the usual
Teacher, as
describer will give
nomy, historic,
quined.
LES DALTON.

CE.

Dentist,
Dent Nov. 4th
Rooms at Brac-
himself in resi-
dence with a
dented, also inserts
Silver. All oper-
ations carefully at-
tention satisfaction

er 1862.

Board of Agri-
Commissioners
to be there
the 1st January
STEVENS.
Secy P. B. A.

Justice.

day dissolved
consent.

AINSPORD.

William Slason
ford, of Saint
& firm in the
dated the 7th
ferred all their
y to the under-
benefit of credi-

application, to
the creditors of
requested to ex-
from the date of
himself in resi-
dence with a
dented, also inserts
Silver. All oper-
ations carefully at-
tention satisfaction

ST. PAUL.

BRADFORD.

For Sale by
HART & SON.

NEW EXPRESS ROUTE.

TOBIN'S EXPRESS

WILL LEAVE HOULTON and Woodstock for
St. Andrews, Eastport, Portland and Boston, via
New Brunswick & Canada Railway, every Satur-
day. Connecting with all
Eastern and Western Expresses.

Returning.
WILL leave Boston, per steamer New Brunswick
every Thursday morning at 7 1/2 o'clock, connecting
with stages at Woodstock and Houlton, for all
parts of Anroostock and upper New Brunswick.
OFFICE—No. 5 Congress Square, Boston.

AGENTS:
David Webber, Houlton.
Hugh Montgomery, Richmond, Corner.
Yanward & Stevenson, Woodstock.
G. H. TOBIN, Agent St. Andrews
Saint Andrews, Sept 24th—2 am

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the
Estate of the late William Gilmore of the Parish
of St. Patrick, are requested to render the same
daily attested, within three months from this date;
and all those indebted to the said estate, are re-
quested to make immediate payment to
JAMES A. HESSEY, } Executors.
ALEX. MCINNIS, }
St. Patrick, Oct. 1—1 am

Administrative Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of William
Porter, Esq., deceased, are requested to make
immediate payment to the undersigned, who has
been duly appointed administrator of said estate;
and all persons having claims against said estate,
are requested to present the same duly attested
within three months to the undersigned, or to
James G. Stevens, Esq., St. Stephen.

GEO. M. PORTER,
Administrator of the Estate of Wm. Porter
deceased.
St. Stephen, Sept. 19, 1861—2 am

Ex "Hatti," from New York.

100 Bbls. Fancy Western FLOUR,
100 Bbls. Corn & double Ex.
100 Bbls. Corn & double Ex.
10 Bbls. Corn & double Ex.
J. W. STREET & SON.
Sept. 18.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the
Estate of Thomas Herry, late of St. Andrews, de-
ceased, are requested to render the same duly at-
tested, within three months from this date; and
all those indebted to said estate, are requested to
make immediate payment to
A. G. BERRY, } Administrator.
G. G. BERRY, }
St. Andrews, Sept. 10, 1861.

AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT.

Through Route

To and from
New York, Boston, Portland
to WOODSTOCK, HOULTON,
Frederic Isle and the Anroostock, via
INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and
NEW BRUNSWICK and CANADA RAILWAY.

ON and after Tuesday, the 3rd Sept., 1861, and
until further notice, parties wishing to go to
WOODSTOCK or the Anroostock, can
Leave Lincoln's Wharf, Boston,
every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 10.30 A.M. by Steamer
and Portland and back to Boston, on Monday and
Thursday. By remaining one night at St. An-
drews, can take the Steamer to Saint John on TUES-
DAY and FRIDAY.

FARES—THROUGH TICKETS AS FOLLOWS:—

On Monday for Boston by Steamer
New Brunswick.

Canterbury to Boston \$5.00

Canterbury to Portland 4.00

Woodstock to Canterbury 1.50

Canterbury to St. John 3.00

Return tickets to Canterbury the same, leaving
Boston every Thursday.

On Thursday by Steamer Eastern City.

Canterbury to Boston \$3.50

Canterbury to Portland 3.00

Woodstock to Canterbury 1.50

Canterbury to St. John 3.00

Return tickets to Canterbury the same, leaving
Boston every Monday.

Express Parcel or Freight will be carefully at-
tended to, and promptly forwarded by this route.
N. B.—Good accommodations at Russell's Hotel,
Canterbury.

OWEN JONES, Superintendent.

HENRY CHURCH, General Manager.

LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE Post Office, St.
Andrews, Sept. 15, 1861.

Bowes, James

Bigger, John

Clary, Michael M.

Dunlop, Robert

Dickson, Hugh

Flinn, Rebecca Ann

Haukins, Mrs

Holland, Peter

Hays, James

Johnston, Benjamin

Ward, John

Persons calling for any of the above
will please say "advertised."

G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

EMPLOYMENT: 840 A MONTH

AGENTS WANTED!!

WE want an active Agent in every County
in the United States and Canada to sell the
Franklin Sewing Machine. For limited number
of Traveling Agents, we will pay salary of
\$40 per Month and all Expenses.
Tailor agents a commission of 30 per cent on all sales.
Every machine warranted to give perfect satisfac-
tion, and kept in repair six months. Recent improve-
ments render this machine the cheapest and most popu-
lar in the market. For full particulars and a permanent
business, address, with stamp, for circulars, to
HARRIS BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FRANKLIN SEWING MACHINE,
Box 100 Boston, MA.

CLOTHS & CLOTHING.

BRADFORD & CO.,
Eastport, Maine.

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
CLOTHS & READY MADE CLOTHING

TAILORS TRIMMINGS,
SEAMENS OUTFITS,
BOYS CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES
&c., &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CUSTOM WORK EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS
AND DISPATCH.

July 3—1

MARSHALL HOUSE,

(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)
No. 10 Marshall Street,
BOSTON.

between Hanover
and Union Sts.

G. WADSWORTH, PROPRIETORS
Single Rooms 37 1/2 Cts

Arrival of Dr. LA'MERT in

St. John, N. B.

DR. LA'MERT, of Bedford Square, London
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons
of England; Licentiate of the Royal College of
Physicians of Edinburgh, &c.; Author of "SKELE-
TION PRESERVATION," "THE SCIENCE OF LIFE," and "Be-
coming Lame"—has arrived in St. John, N. B.,
on a Professional Visit; and that he may be per-
sonally consulted daily from 9 till 1, and from 6
till 8 o'clock, at Mrs. Stevens', 79 Princess Street,
until the 18th October.

After this date, Dr. La'Mert will proceed to
Quebec, his address and period of stay in Cana-
dia will be duly announced in the "Lower Cana-
dian" Journal. Dr. La'Mert's studies have been
almost exclusively devoted to the cure of the various
diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary and
Genital system, embracing the whole category
of disorders incidental to those organs—and par-
ticularly those cases of Nervous and Physical De-
bility the result of pernicious habits which usually
terminate in Impotence and Sterility, and pre-
maturely induce all the concomitants of Old Age.
In making this intimation, Dr. La'Mert wishes
to point out the advantages that invariably result
from a personal interview, and the unusual facili-
ties that will be afforded to those who are de-
sirous of bringing their cases under his care, who
may now be in correspondence with him, the
eligibility of the case, and will himself
clearing up any doubts that may exist in regard
to their cases, and would particularly impress up-
on them the importance of their putting them-
selves as quickly as possible into personal commu-
nication with him during his necessarily limited
stay, which under no circumstances can be pro-
longed beyond the dates hereafter to be announ-
ced.

Self-Preservation.

A Medical Treatise on Nervous Debility and
Functional Weakness; more particularly in refer-
ence to the Infirmities and Disorders of the Ge-
nerative System, with numerous Engravings and
Descriptive Cases.

The object of the work is not to maintain a
particular hypothesis but to enable every one to un-
derstand for himself the structure and functions of
the organs concerned in the fulfilment of the Phys-
ical Obligations of the Married State; to acquaint
him with the consequences arising from excess;
to prevent unnecessary misapprehension
from unfounded fears, and to indicate, when those
fears are well founded, the means of speedy re-
lief.

"Self-Preservation" may be had in a
sealed envelope, price 30 cents of Messrs. Chubb &
Co., St. John N. B.; P. G. Fuller, Express Agent,
Halifax, N. S.; and Mr. James P. Ward, Sydney,
Cape Breton. Letters in all cases must be pre-
paid.

September 30—3 i.

TURNER'S

Tri-Weekly Express,
To and from Boston.

Via steamers New York, New Brunswick, and
Eastern City.

Messengers—Geo. Seely and D. W. Turner.
In connection with the American and European
Expresses for all parts of the world.

Principal Offices.

Wm. Gibbs, Jr. 6 Court square,
Present & Sabine, Boston.

C. E. Hatheway, Eastport,
Horton Brothers, St. Andrews,
James D. Turner, 39 Ferry Landing, St. John,
G. S. Pope, Miramichi,
E. G. Fuller, Halifax,
L. A. Barnard, Windsor,
L. Hall, Annapolis,
R. Stubbs, Annapolis.

This Express is the only one on the line which
has a through connection, having prompt and re-
sponsible agents for forwarding and Bonding
Goods at the different Ports of entry. Having
been in the business for the past six years, he
trusts by strict and prompt attention to meet with
share of the public patronage.

JAMES D. TURNER,
Proprietor.

C. E. O. HATHWAY,
General Agent for St. Andrews.

INTERNATIONAL

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Autumn Arrangement.

For Portland, Boston and St.
John, N. B.

STEAMERS.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Capt. E. B. Winchester, and

EASTERN CITY.

Capt. Enos Field, will (until further notice) run
as follows:

Will leave St. John every

Monday and Thursday

Mornings,

at 8 o'clock, A. M. and Eastport at 1 o'clock
P. M., for

Portland and Boston.

Returning, will leave Boston the same days at
8 A. M. The steamers connect for Passengers,
and freight to and from New York, all stations on
the Grand Trunk Railway, and other places as
hereafter.

The officers of these steamers are all men of
large experience in their several vocations, and
will do all in their power to make the time pass
pleasantly to Passengers while on board. The
Stewards will be unremitting in her attention
to the Ladies.

N. B.—The steamer Queen connects for Pas-
sengers and freight between Eastport and Saint
Andrews, also to St. John and Calais. For further
particulars apply to

Oct. 16.

W. WHITLOCK, Agent.

Sheriff's Sales.

To be sold at Public Auction at the Court
House, in the Town of St. Andrews, on
Saturday the 2d of March next at
12 o'clock—

All the right, title, interest, property,
claim and demand, of George Greenlaw, of, in,
and to, a certain lot of Land and premis-
es situate on the Bay Shore, in the Parish of
Saint Andrews, described as follows, viz:—
Beginning at a stake place on William
Greenlaw's lot on the main or Great Road
leading from Saint Stephen to Saint Andrews
thence north sixteen rods to Benjamin John-
ston's South line, thence East to the Old
Ash Tree or rear mountain line, thence South
until it meets said William Greenlaw's line,
thence West to the place of beginning, to-
gether with the privileges thereto belong-
ing,—being the same premises conveyed to
said George Greenlaw by Alice Wilson by
deed bearing date the Eleventh day of
January, A. D. 1856.

To satisfy an execution issued out of the
Supreme Court in favor of Thos. Turner
Odell and Eliza Turner, endorsed to levy
£18.19.1, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's office, St. Andrews,
Aug. 27, 1861.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday
the 29th of December next at 12 o'clock
at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest and claim, of
John Erskine to that certain lot, piece or
parcel of land, situate in the Parish of St.
Patrick, in the County of Charlotte, bounded
on the East by the Digdigush grans, on the
North by the Pendleton Lot, on the South
by the Bozabec Lake, and on the West
by David Stuart, and conveyed by Dr.
Robt. Thomson to the said John Erskine 18th
January 1855—containing 200 acres more
or less.

The same having been seized and taken
to satisfy an execu in favor of Justus
Westmore and Hugh Laidgate, E-qrs., Ex-
ecutors of Simon McCarroll of St. George.
lately deceased, endorsed to levy £37 16s.
6d., with interest on £51, from 30th Janu-
ary, 1850 until paid, and 5s. 6d. for a me-
morial, and Sheriff's fees, &c.

St. Andrews, THOS. JONES
June 5th 1861. Sheriff of Charl.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands
against the Estate of the deceased Jerome
Alley, late of St. Andrews, deceased, are re-
quested to render the same duly attested to the un-
dersigned, within three months from this date; and
all those indebted to the said Estate are re-
quested to make immediate payment to
JAS. W. STREET, } Executors.
GEO. D. STREET, }

art. Andrews, Aug. 19, 1861.

EMPLOYMENT.

THE Undersigned are desirous of securing the
services of a few Young Men to engage in a
Traveling Agency, upon salary of
FORTY DOLLARS PER MONTH,
and all expenses paid. This is an opportunity seldom of-
fered, and those who merit the approbation of the Sab-
scribers, by strict attention to business, can rely upon
constant employment for a term of years. For further par-
ticulars address post paid

31 Main St., CONANT & DRAKE,
July 3. 3 am.

JOHN F. STEVENSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office next door to Union Store in the
building.

Residence at Bradford's Hotel, St.
St. Andrews, May 29, 1861.

CHILDREN

TEETHING.

MRS. WINSLOW

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician
presents, with attention of mothers, her
Soothing Syrup.

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teeth-
ing, by softening the gums, reducing an inflam-
mation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic
action and

SUBSTANTIALLY REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give ease to
themselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for ten
years, and can say, in confidence, AS
TRUE OF IT, what we have been able to do
to any other medicine.—NEVER HAS IT FAIL-
ed to SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, AND
satisfy all who used it.

It is so, that all are delighted with its opera-
tions, and speak in terms of commendation of its mag-
nificent and unmedicated virtues. We speak in this
matter WHAT WE KNOW, after ten years' ex-
perience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION
FOR THE FULLFILLMENT OF
WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost
every instance where the infant is suffering from
teething, and exhaustion, relief will be found in
five or twenty minutes after the syrup is admin-
istered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription
of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILL-
FUL NURSES in New England, and has been
used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS rep-

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but
invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects
acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole
system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS and WIND COLIC,
and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily
remedied, end in death. We believe it the
best and surest REMEDY in the WORLD, for
all cases of dysentery and DIARRHŒA in chil-
dren, whether it arises from teething or from any
other cause. We would say to every mother
who has a child suffering from any of the for-
going complaints—do not let your Prejudices, or
the Prejudices of others, stand between you and
your suffering child, and the relief that will e-
merge—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of
this medicine, if timely used. Full directions
for using will accompany each bottle.

None genuine unless the fac-simile of Curtis &
Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office 13 Code Street, N. Y.

Price only 25 Cents per Bottle.

For sale by Donald McKIN, Andrews.

21st MAY, 1861.

W. WHITLOCK.

HAS just received from New York and Saint
John:

100 Bbls. extra State, and family flour.

6 doz. Tar and Pitch, 1 bbl. dried Apples.

6 TONS PERUVIAN "GUANO"

1 Crate Earthen Ware.

22 Kegs nails assorted.

3 Bbls. Albertine Oil.

1 Cask Whiting—1 doz. Yellow Ochre.

10 doz. Brooms, 6 doz. Bed. Corda.

8 Reams Wrapping papers.

London White Lends, Linseed Oil.

Windsor Glass and Putty.

Molasses, Crushed & Brown Sugar.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

Purple top Swedish Turnip Seed.

White globe do. do.

24 Sacks Salt, And a variety of other
articles. W. W.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

THE Subscriber having removed to his new
building opposite the premises of D.
Bradley, Esq., is now opening his supply of
Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Electro Plated
and Britannia Metal Ware, Papier Machie,
Wedgewood. Pen and Fancy Goods,
China Vases, Writing Desks and Work
Boxes.

Fumery, Toilet Soaps, Hair Oil and
Pomades from the celebrated London houses
of Piesse & Lubin and F. S. Cleaver.

Cutlery from Joseph Rodgers & Son of
Sheffield. Hardware, Saws, Tools, Files of
Stubs, Butchers & Brammall's manufac-
tures, Baskets, Brushes, Stationery, Guns,
Pistols, Caps, shot bells, Powder Flasks,
Powder & Shot, Albertine Lamps, Glasses,
Shades, Wicks & Scissors, Albertine and
Kerosene Oil of the best quality.

With a great variety of other articles too
numerous to particularize. Clocks, Watches
and Jewellery Repaired and cleaned. Com-
passes repaired and touched.

GEO. F. STICKNEY.

St. Andrews, May 22, 1861.

Old Jamaica Rum,

Irish Malt Whiskey, Old
Tom, &c. &c.

Nov. 21, 1860.

Ex "Mansanto" from Liverpool, and "Parkeld"
from London.

2 Puns. Old Jamaica Rum,

2 Pipes. Old Irish Malt Whiskey.

12 cases Old Tom, 1 dozen each,

12 " Rum,

20 best Malt Whiskey

12 Bbls. "DeKuyper's" Geneva, &c. &c.

J. W. STREET & SON.

TO LET

AND possession given immediately the shop
and lower rooms of the building known as
Dr. MacStay's dispensary, on Water-street. The
shop will be rented separately if required.

May 14.

ALICE K. MCSTAY.