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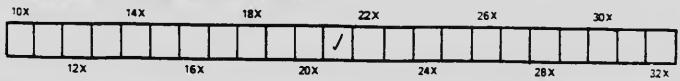
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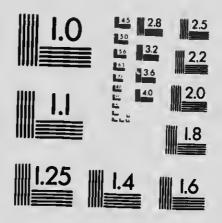
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ADDRESS OF



Sir Edward Morris,

Leader Of the People's Party.

ADDRESS.

St. John's, Newfoundland,
March 4th, 1908.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NEWFOUNDLAND:

In the month of January last I received the following letter from the members of the Legislature who composed His Majesty's Opposition:—

" St. John's, January 20, 1908.

"SIR E. P. MORRIS, K.C.,
"DEAR SIR EDWARD,—

"In consequence of the resignation by Captain Charles Dawn, of the Leadership of the Opposition, as recently announced in the public press, it has become necessary to make immediate and definite arrangements for the conduct of business in the House of Assembly during the session. This, in our opinion, should be followed by a complete re-organization of the Opposition forces through out the Colony. In order to accomplish this, the first requisite, it seems to us, is to have at the head of such a movement a leader of recognized ability and mature experience in public affairs.

"Having full confidence in your ability to meet the demands of such a situation, and recognizing the advantage which nearly a quarter of a century of continuous public life gives you, we, the sitting members of the House who are in opposition to the Government, request you to assume the leadership in the Assembly and to take immediate steps for the re-organization of the Opposition forces throughout the Colony on broad and comprehensive lines.

"Should you see your way clear to fall in with our wishes, we "pledge you our loyal and unwavering support, and believe that our action in this connection will be confirmed by a large majority of

"the intelligent electorate on both sides of politics.

" Yours sincerely,

(Sgd).

CHARLES DAWB,
R. MOULTON,
M. P. CASHIN,
S. D. BLANDFORD,
W. C. WINSOR,
DONALD MORISON,

Although this letter was sufficiently representative to justify my acceding to the request therein contained, I liesitated to too quickly assume a position, the responsibility of which I hope I fully appreciate.

I informed the members of the Opposition that, in my

judgment, the correct course to pursue would be to continue the work of the session as we had from the beginning, withbut any regular leadership, but that I would informally lead the Opposition from my place in the House; and that at the close of the session, when the country would have had an opportunity of estimating our work, and my fitness to lead, I would be prepared to consider their very flattering invi-

I further stated that it was most desirable that an opportunity should be afforded our friends in the Outports and St. John's to make known their wishes as to my leadership, and particularly to endorse the action of the members of the Opposition in the Legislature.

The assurances which have reached me from the Outports, as well as the endorsement from our friends in St. John's, as appended below, have been of such a nature as to leave no room for doubt in my mind that the desire of the country is that I should lead the Opposition forces at the

I, therefore, after much consideration, comply with the wishes of the people, and with a full appreciation of the many shortcomings for the work I am undertaking, accept the position of Leader of the Opposition forces in the Colony, which henceforth will be known as the THE PEOPLE'S

Under the banner of the PEOPLE'S PARTY the whole of the industrial classes of the Colony-the Fishermen, the Farmers, the Mechanics, the Laborers, the Clerks, and all who work for a living-will find a rallying point, where all who wish to see their country advance may join together to work for the common good.

This is not the time for me to outline in detail what the policy of the PEOPLE'S PARTY will be, but it may not be premature for me to state that it will embrace a thorough, vigorons policy on the following subjects:-

- 1. Education, particularly the increasing of teachers' salaries, increased grants for destitute places, and the improvement of School-rooms from a health and sanitary stand-
- 2. Reduction of taxation so that it may lean equitably on the fishing and laboring classes.
 - 3. Railway extension, by the construction of branch

lines to points in Trinity Bay, Bonavista Bay, Fortune Bay and Bonne Bay, as well as to Trepassey.

- 4. The enactment of a measure to give to Trade and Labor Union s the same legal status they occupy in Great Britain
- 5. The establishment of Cold Storage for Bait, in such a way that the advantages of this may be generally participated in.
- 6. A strict maintenance of every position taken by this Colony in defence of our constitutional rights under the Treaty of 1818.
- 7. To encourage the prosecution of the Herring Fishery in such manner as will best conserve the interests of the Colony and of the fishermen engaged in this industry.
- 8. An Agricultural policy, which would embrace a bounty for the clearing of land.
 - 9. Old Age Pensions.
 - 10. The payment of all Poor Relief in Cash.
- to the West Indies, via New York, or it may be direct to the West Indies, so as to assist in marketing our fish, thereby raising the price of that commodity.
- of coal, and the depletion of the stock of fire-wood in our forests.
- 13. The extension of our Telegraphic and Telephone systems.
- 14. The maintenance of Self-Government and NO CONFEDERATION.
- 15. A strict enforcement of the laws regulating mining and the use of explosives, so as to guard against accidents.
- of wages in truck, to enforce the payment of miners and others weekly, and to create a lien for his wages on the property on which the laborer works.
 - 17. Parliamentary representation for the Labrador.
- 18. Additional steam service to the Labrador, and a further extension there of the Marconi telegraphic system.

- 19. An arrangement with Messrs. Bowring Brothers for the extension of the Northern Coastal Service during the winter months, or otherwise providing for such a service.
- 20. The establishment of a daily telegraphic service to furnish information as to Bait fishes, and fish and weather conditious, at all telegraphic stations on the Island.
- 21. The enactment of a law to prevent the introduction of steam into the Labrador fishery.
 - 22. Improved Municipal legislation.
- 23. A comprehensive dredging policy, whereby harbors all round our coast line which require such improvement may be made of more use to the fishermen who frequent them.
 - 24. Elective road boards for the outports.
- 25. Proper housing of laborers at mines and other industrial centres.
- 26. The extension of light houses and fog alarms as well as public wharves and other marine works.
- 27. Encouraging the opening up of new markets so as to maintain a good price for fish.
- 28. The exploration of our Coal areas in such a manner as to determine once and for all whether we can rely on them as an industrial and commercial factor.
- 29. An industrial policy, which will keep the mechanies of this country at home to work in their own country.
 - 30. Outport Hospitals.

At a later date, in a Manifesto which I shall address to you, I shall outline in detail the policy embraced under the foregoing heads, and the ways and means by which I hope they can be accomplished and be made effective, and this without increased taxation.

I remain,

Yours faithfully,

E. P. MORRIS.

REQUISITION

TO SIR EDWARD MORRIS.

We, the undersigned, hereby endorse the views set forth in the foregoing requisition, bearing date January 20th, 1908, addressed to Sir Edward Morris, and signed by Charles Dawe, R. Moulton, M. P. Cashin, S. D. Blandford, W. C. Winsor, and Donald Morison, requesting him to assume the leadership of the Opposition, and to take immediate steps for the re-organization of the Opposition forces—roughout the Colony. St. John's, February 27th, 1908.

JAMES BAIRD JOHN B. AYRE A. F. GOODRIDGE ROBERT WATSON WILLIAM R. HOWLEY W. A. MUNN J. H. MONROE C. P. EAGAN J. ALEX. ROBINSON S. J. FOOTE JOHN BARRON WILLIAM FREW FRANK JACKMAN LAWRENCE PARKER PATRICK M. WADDEN L. E. KEEGAN M. J. SUMMERS M. POWER EDWARD WARREN H. F. FITZGERALD JORDAN MILLEY M. F. LAWLOR F. C. ALDERDICE R. FENNELL

W. H. DAVIDSON JOHN McCARTHY P. TEMPLE J. H. FARRE 🕹 JOSEPH SELLARS A. HISCOCK THOMAS POWER M. A. BASTOW ROBERT WRIGHT NICHOLAS WADDEN WM. P. SHORTALL THOMAS J. BARRON WILLIAM E. BEARNS JAMES O'BRIEN JAMES J. BECK LEVI DIAMOND NICHOLAS COUSENS S. E. GARLAND F. MACNAMARA M. A. DEVINE P. COSTIGAN MARTIN McCARTHY J. P. CURTIN J. A. SHORTALL

FRANCIS POWER 8. G. COLLIER JOHN FITZGERALD ROBT. F. POWER JOHN O. CRUSBIE JAMES J. BATES A. J. GOODRIDGE WM. WOODFORD JOHN J.DOYLE JOHN J. JACKMAN W. V. DRAYTON JAMES R. HAYES JOHN McCARTHY JESSE WHITEWAY MICHAEL POWER KALLEEM NOAH R. G. McDONALD JOSHUA BURT ALEX. BRYDEN JOHN J. HEALEY N. J. MURPHY JOSEPH McCARTHY JAMES H. THOMAS PATRICK BUCKLEY M. J. McEVOY W. P. ROGERSON EDWARD MURPHY M. J. DOOLEY JAMES RENDELL JAMES FITZGERALD R. FREEMAN PATRICK WALSH M. F. MURPHY N. G. COADY THOMAS CRICKARD JOSEPH KAVANAGH JOHN DAY EDWARD BYRNE ROBERT SHORTALL JOHN BAKER BENJAMIN MURPHY S. E. EBSARY F. W. KNIGHT L. J. TAYLOR S. T. THISTLE G. B. WHITTEN RICHARD FORD W. C. COOK OBEDIAH POND . O. SNOW JOHN MALONEY

J. B. PENNEY T. FENNESSEY C. MURPHY T. J. NASH J. J. PARKER THOS. J. WALSH J. T. WHITTEN WILLIAM BENNETT J. SKINNER THOMAS GRANT ANDREW SNOW JAMES RORKE JOHN R. GOODISON EDWARD PARSONS JAMES MOORE G. NICHOLL CHAS. W. H. TESSIER THOMAS HAYES RICHARD VOISEY JAMES AYLWARD R. CALLAHAN J. MURRAY FRANK COADY MICHAEL O'TOOLE JOHN ST. JOHN WILLIAM FINN JOHN CHANNING ANDREW COADY MICHAEL O'BRIEN RICHARD EARLE NEWMAN EBSARY W. S. GUEST E. COUSENS WM. HINGSTON STEPHEN ROGERS S. H. RODGER C. L. MARCH ALEX. McNEVIN JAMES POWER PATRICK J. LEONARD W BROWN A. LINDSAY THOS. STAPLETON JAMES DOBBIN A. O'NEIL A. RICE J. J ROSSITER ARTHUR W. KNIGHT H. Y. MOTT THOMAS SMYTH J. J. MULLALLY

GEORGE NICKERSON PATRICK KEHOE A. W. KENNEOY FRANCIS WILCOX THOS. J. RYATE

J. A. HISCOCK

J. STICK

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J. McINTYRE

P. F. COLLINS

J. P. KELLY

W. W. WILLS

J. H. OEE

JAMES RYAN

E. BISHOP

(Master S.S. Ranger.)

OANIEL GREEN

(Master S.S. Aurora.)

ALPHEAUS BARBOUR

(Master S.S. Diana.)

BAXTER BARBOUR

(Master S.S. Kite.)

JOB KEAN

(Master S.S. Erik.)

JACOB KEAN

GEORGE HANN

J. W. KEAN

GEORGE BARBOUR

PETER S. CARTER
T. J. FORAN
Late Master S.S. Southern Cross.
D. BRAGG
THOS. MULICAN

D. BRAGG

Master S.S. Iceland.

R. FOWLOW

Master S.S. Southern Cross

JOB KNEE Master S.S. Grand Lake.

JOHN S. PARSONS

(Master s.s. Newfoundland)

M. P. GIBBS

R. K. BISHOP

CHARLES H. EMERSON

JOHN R. BENNETT

J. J. McCARTHY

WILLIAM R. WARREN

F. H. STEER

P. F. MOORE

ROBT. HANNAFORD

A. GOODLAND WM. MALCOLM. JOHN M DEVINE ALGERNON H. PROWSE MICHAEL A. DUFFY JAMES J. COLLINS MICHAEL MURPHY JAMES GEANS H. HEALEY HENRY ROWE WILLLAM BUTLER J. GLADNEY

THOMAS MYRON M. J. O'MARA

WILLIAM WOODLEY. MATTHEW KENT

OAVIO BAIRD J. T. MARTIN

R. A. SQUIRES
J. BENNETT
GEORGE C. WHITELEY
D. MONROE
JAS. J. CROWDELL

H. M. ROSS

P. DUFFY JOHN CROWDELL

COB KEAN
(Master S.S. Virginia Lake)

P. FENNESSEY
EDWARD BRENNAN

(Master S.S. Labrador.) NATHANIEL EVANS LAWRENCE LAWLOR

W. KEAN
(Master S.S. Eagle.)

EORGE BARBOUR
(Master S.S. Neptune.)

TER S. CARTER

MALCOLM OAVIDSON
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THOS. MULCAHY

JOHN FURLONG

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G. TAYLOR
WILLIAM SNOW
J. A. COOK
R. WHITTEN
ROBERT BURTON
GEORGE STAGG
ROBERT GRANTER
RICHARD POWER



THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

HAIL TO SIR EDWARD MORRIS.

Stalwart Conservatives Join Hands With Independent Liberals in the Determination to Overthrow a Government of Fads and Failures.

A Broad, Comprehensive and Popular Platform, on which all Classes and Creeds May Unite.

A Party of the People, with a Policy For the People, and a Leader from the People.

With the acceptance of the leader- old Liberal guard, and that is open Colony commences.

but that time passed when the tocratic but incompetent chief. sceptre was rudely snatched from the There is not a party of the past,

ship of the united Opposition, a new to doubt-is at hest and at most, a era in the political history of the mere appendage to an individual; a machine for the registering of votes There was a time when the Liberal in the Assembly, and a more or less Party was regarded by some as a animated phonograph for the re party of the people for the people, cording of the decisions of an au-

hands of Sir William Whiteway by or a policy of the past but is represm ambitious and unworthy succes- ented in the present Government ranks-where old time Tories, such The Bond Executive and party to as Hons. J. S. Pitts and Geo. Shes. da of t contains a remnant of the sit cheek by jon wh Whiteway

Liberals, like Hons. Eli Dawe and When all too soon that resignation opponents.

There we see men who warmly ad unsullied banner. vocated the great Railway policy of It will be remembered that on that cabularies of Wehster and Billings- of the world's leaders of men. gate.

the master's whip these elements vie party's choice of a successor. with each other in rendering prompt. When the House opened this year not to reason why. Theirs hut to Speaker's right, the old Conservative do as their master declares.

of the moribund Bond party, is himself neither loyalty nor policy in the true of the word. It that kind of policy which

Morris left the Cabinet, he took for the rights of the people. with him not merely the brains of It was in the course of the session existed amongst warning influence was sufficient to their support and loyalty. prevent those crass stupidities and Many men would have readily avmonumental blunders as have follow- ailed of the opportunity. Not so Sir ed each other in rapid and inglori- Edward Morrls. He preferred ous succession during the past eight wait for the assurance not only of the years. Even bound by Liliputians if their num- the Opposition In the House, but bers are sufficiently great.

sorrow that the Conservative party active in the struggle of the past, recognized that the resignation of and of the great army of Liberals their beloved and honored leader, the who followed him in July last, when

J. A. Clift, and noisy politicians was announced, it was reluctantly whose ideas of politics are comprised accepted by those who would willingin the unhridled abuse of political ly and cheerfully have fought, whether to victory or defeat, under his

1898 in superficial harmony with occasion the retiring leader wrote a those who have denounced them in letter which must always rank high all the moods and tenses of the vo- amongst the most manly utterances urged unity of action amongst those On the streets and in the clubs the opposed to the Government, and with one element denounces the other in a magnanimity and high sense of terms that leave no question as to honor and duty all too rare, tenderthe sincerity of the mutual dislike ed his warm support actively, if reand distrust; hut at the cracking of newed health permitted, to a united

and unquestioning obedience. Theirs two Opposition sections sat on the Opposition formerly led by Captain The cement which temporarily hut Dawe, and the Independent Liberals insecurely holds together the sections with whom Sir Edward Morris allied

During the session both sections is did yeomen's services. They probed is deeply into the festering wounds of known as expediency, the object of the body politic, and again and again which is pull, patronsge, and offices exposed the corruption and the rank of emolument, first, last and all the incapacity of an administration. which has won notoriety for its fads When In last July Sir Edward and failures, and its utter disregard

the party, but also the only power that the old time Conservatives apit proached Sir Edward Morris with whereby disaster to the Colony could the request that he would erect a be ainimized,-we cannot say avert-leader's banner around which all ed, for not even his restraining and might rally, and pledged to him

a Sandow may be support of the individual members of also of those prominent supporters It was with a sense of profound of the Opposition who had been Hon. Charles Dawe, was inevitable. Premier Bond's attempt to prevent from a ministry which could be cap- which, under capable guidance, lies able of such treachery to people whom it boasted that it was always eagor to befriend.

That this support was forthcoming none doubted; but no steps were thon taken to ascertain the people's wishes, for there was work to be done, and to the effectual performance of that work avery one of those in the two wings of the Opposition directed their best energies

With what success is matter to goneral knowledge. order In avoid further exposure the House colleague! was closed within twenty-two days,unprecedented for the proper ventilation of public indeed. grievances vanished.

As soon as the House closed, from all over the country came the demand for a union of Opposition forces, under the leadership of Sir Edward Morris. Whether he would accept the honour thus conferred on him remained undecided until a few days ago when, in answer to the requisition, which we publish to-day, Sir Edward consented to assume the laborious and responsible position of Leader.

to embrace in its protecting folds all Party is as programme of Legislative duties.

joined hand in hand with the Inde sive of the liberality of our peopla in

the carrying into effect throughout pendent Liberais, and a platform the Island of Sir Edward Morris's has been enunciated which merits action in raising the wage of the la- the support of all who leve the land borers to \$1.25 a day, loft Sir Ed- of their nativity or residence, and ward no alternative but to retire who believe in the graat future, before her.

> Sir Edward Morris will make an idoal leader of a People's Party. He is of the people, and whather in power or out of powor, has again and again proven himself their friend. There is no other politician in Newfoundland, nor has thera been, so far as we know, who for nearly a quarter of a century has represented the of same constituency, headed the polf at each election, and never lost a

For a man to achieve such a rare proceeding,- and glorious record he must be, not whilst information asked for was merely an able man, but a true one; withheld or deliberately delayed on not merely popular, but capable; not pitiful pretexts until with the close increly "hail follow well met," with of the session the opportunity of young and old, rich and poor alike, securing the information necessary but a friend in need and thus a friend

If there are any traits in Sir Edthat more than ward's character others during his past career have been in vidence, they are his absolute fairness to all, irrespective of class, creed or party; his readiness to aid in all those things which tend to the amelioration of his fellowmen, and his accessibility to all. The district which Sir Edward Morris represents is one that contains nearly as many voters of other different de nominations as there are of that . To-day a raw flag floats in the which he is himself a member; and breeze, the flag of the People's Party. by reference to the requisition it will It is big enough to wave over the be seen that the call for him to unentire Island, and capacious enough dertake the leadership of the People's from emphatic those who place the rights and re- former as from the latter, a tribute quirements of the people first in the to their recognition of his sentiments of toleration and his states-The Conservative Old Guard has manship which is eminently suggessuch matters that has become se ance of the policy which he has manifest of late years

object before all others, the mainten- necessary loss. ance of the People's rights, the extension of the People's privileges, and the sateguarding of the People's interests in such manner as to ensure the happiness and permanent assured conviction that his flag will prosperity of the People.

and will lend its aid to the further- victory.

nuneiated, a policy worthy of a That is the kind of a leader which People's Leader, and a platform a People's Party requires, and that broad enough and solid enough to is the kind of leader that the Peo- bear upon its boards the strength of ple's Party of Newfoundland has to all forms of thought and opinion lead it to victory,-Conservative united in the determination to rewhen the preservation of the rights move from power a Government of his country and its citizens is which has failed in every essential concerned; Liboral, in the trucst of statesmanship, and plunged the sense of the word, and above all, a country into a quaginire of indebtedman of the people, with a policy for ness, giving away millions of dollars the people, colleagues representative without a single gain to compensate of all classes of the people, and one for the stupendous and wholly un-

We salute the Banner of the People's Party to-day, unfurled by Sir Edward Morris, and do so with the long float triumphantly over the wall The Daily News heartily endorses of our Island Home, a symbol of the leadership of Sir Edward Morris, hope, of cheer, of usefulness, and of (From the "Evening Chronicle" March 5th)

The People's Party

Led By Sir E. P. Morris. Appeals to the Electors

To Overthrow Bond's "Bunglers."

Influential Requisition

Comprehensive Platform.

"Victory is in the Air."

of our affairs.

Sir Edward Morris has been in pub- he is the sole surviving representa-

The announcement in this issue of iic life for twenty five years, and Sir Edward Morris's acceptance of holds the unique record of having the Leadership of the People's Party, represented the one district for that marks a new era in our political his- one period, heading the poll in St. tory. The cail for Sir Edward Mor- John's West in every election, and ris to undertake the formation of the lever having lost a colleague. He new political party is due to people has, however, an even better claim of all classes and conditions having to epublic confidence than even this. come to realize that a continuance of for he has been conspicuous during Sir Rohert Bond's rule, with its ag- that whole period for the ability, gregation of colossai hlundering, energy and foresight which he has means utter ruin for the Colony, and hrought to the consideration of pubthat if this is to he averted, some iic nffairs. In his early parliamenother man must be placed in charge tary days, when he was a member of the original Liheral party-of which

tive in public affairs today-he car- Morris showed his interest in the rled thro the Legislature the Mo-working people by his advocacy chanica' Lien Bill, the Employers' concessions for the sealers, hia ae-Liability Bill, the Bank Fishermon's curing a "rise" in the price of "fat" Insurance Bill and a aumher of nther and his action last year in arranging measures designed to improve the for the sending home of stranded material well-heing of our working crews, and it must not be forgotten clasaes.

ber of Sir Wm. Whiteway's administrator party tratinn, and in that capacity has been Edward Morris's proposais identified with every measure for prove the condition of the which that party claims credit—the this year. huilding of the railroad and the during the absence of Sir Rohert mier, the country gest increase ever given in the his-taking has been set on foot. gave this year. Last summer again, been ladea with enactments of leave the Bond party.

dence of this was his action durlug ignored their appeals. from \$506 to \$900 a year for three communication with the capital. cerity of the Bondite claim to be daily bait intelligence servico,

in this connection that Sir Robert In 1889 Sir Edward became a mem- Bond and every member of the Govvoted against

The first plank in the Whiteway nther projects with which our peoplo platform of 1889 was the piedge of are familiar as having been put for- \$1.25 a day, but for twenty years ward during the past twenty years, that piedge was not made good, until Sir Edward introduced the measure Sir Edward Morris gave it effect last for the creation of the Council of summer. For the past eight years, Higher Education and it was he who, since Sir Rohert Bond hecame Prelias Bond a few years ago, increased the staadstill; not a mile of railroad bas Education Vote by \$60,000, the lar- heen built, not a progressive undertnry of the Colony and five times as sorts of wild-cat schemes have been much as Sir Robert Bond's Executive projected and the Statuto Book has while Sir Robert Bond was in Eug- most farcical character, not one of Sir Edward, as everyhody which bas ever assumed any vitality knows, increased the pay of the la- -- Coal Boring Schemes, Flett Flasburera on public works to \$1.25 per cos, Fog Free Zone, Boats, etc. Durday, and it was the attempt of Sir lug the previous ten years Whiteway Robert Bond and Mr. Gushue to de- and Morris built the railroad from stroy the value of this concession St. John's to Port au Basques, and that caused Sir Edward Morris to carried out many other substantial undertakings. During the latter pe-Sir Edward Morris has alwaya riod, however, the several sections been conspicuous for his advocacy of of the country, isolated from railmeasures to advance the interests of road communication, have petitioned the working classes. The latest evl- for the same, Sir Rohert Bond has Sir Edward the present session, when he effected Morris now gives an assurance that an amendment to the new Employ- this work will he undertaken, and ers' Liability Act, increasing the that every important section of the compensation for total disablement country will be brought into direct years, hut this amendment was re- Edward Morris also pledges himself jected by the Government support- to encourage our fisheries, by the esera in the Upper House, a fact which tablishment of bait freezers, steam is a striking commentary on the sin-communication to the West Indies. always promoting the welfare of the opening up of new markets for our industrial classes. Sir Edward our products. He undertakes to eu-

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courage agriculture by a vigorous of which Sir Edward Morris is to be veloping our mineral areas, by a same banner, in 1885. ation in the interests of the masses, and yet the one cry of their news. to protect trade and labor unions, as now the Tory is done in Great Britain; to provide find Premier old age pensions and pay poor relief that he in each; to provide elective Road ation, whereas it is by no means

tenanco of self-government and no der to extricate us. Confederation. Of eourse the stock

given to the united organization, just that a proper business-like admin-

and progressive policy in that direct the leader. Sir Robert Bond bimself tion, and the providing of a bonus began life as n Tory, being elected as for land elearing. He undertakes to a Conservativo in Trinity in 1882. eneourage our mining judustry by de- and again in Fortune Bay, under the proper expioration of our coal areas, Sir William Whiteway's lieutenants the utilization of our peat fields, the he was dubbed a Liberni in 1889, but enforcement of laws to safeguard nearly half bis present following is the lives and limbs of men employed made up of people loag identified in miaes, the proper housing of with the Tory party. Messrs. Pitts miners and other workmen, and gen- and Shea were Tory Cabinet Minisernliy stiumlate progress ia this di- ters 10 years ago, and nearly every rection. He undertakes to increase appointment made by Sir Robert the education grant and to improve Bond of late to the public service scholastic facilities, to reduce tax- was a Tory candidate or office holder, leador. Bond proclaiming Boards for the outports, and to add improbablo that if be were returned agaia he would find bimself in On the question of Confederation such a position because of the dim-Sir Edward Morris is as emphatic as euities in which he has involved the the most exacting could desire. He Colony, that he would be compelled declares his policy to be the main- to bring about Confederation in nr-

Chief amongst these difficulties is ery of his opponents is that Confed- the fact that we bave been paying is at the bottom of this enormous sums of money to Railway movement, but it must not be for- Contractor Reid the past few years, gotten that oaly last evenlag we and that further claims amounting published a lengthy article from the to \$2,000.000 are now before us for Telegram, of May 30tb, 1900, ia settlement. The people of the counwhich that paper strongly advocates try are staggering under the burden nnion with Canada as being most ad- this enormous outlay has ereated, vantageous for the people of this and they want to get rid of Sir Robert Bond and bis party ia order that There is no longer in this Colony new men may take command of the a Liberal party in the sense ia which ship of state and sail ber into steadler supporters of Sir Robert Bond would waters. Hence the army of well-wishendeavor to have people believe. The ers, whose names are on Sir Ed-Liberal party originally was that led ward's requisition and wbo represent by Sir Ambrose Shea from 1885 to all classes, creeds and conditions in 1889, and when that party combined the community have united to form with Sir William Whiteway's follow- the People's Party. With its creation iag in the fall of 1889 and Messrs. a feeling of security is being felt in Morris, Emerson, McGrath, O'Dwyer the Colony, people breathe more freeand others joined with Sir William ly because they recognize that a Whiteway the name of Liberal was change is about to take place and as the name—the People's Party—is istration of affairs will be lnauguratbeing given to that now formed, and ed by Sir Edward when he takes hold

Of course it goes without saying that to him and the Government, and not Sir Robert Bond and his organs will to Sir Edward Morris, but the names now attempt to stem the platform of of the sealing masters oppended to the People's Party, and will claim Sir Edward Morris's requisition ::that every proposition put forward dicute that they take a different ond as Sir Ruhert did with regard to sccuriog concessions for the scalers.

A significant circumstunce in cennection with the present movement and with the Requisition addressed to Sir Edword Morris is the fact that people of all denominations have largely signed it. It is a striking taken, in the history of the Colony, testimoniol to the growth of a epirit that a requisition of the charocter of of toleration in the community that that we publish today, hes heen prethe people of this Coiony, irrespectivo of class or church, are prepared to Government toulers may pretend to follow the example of Canada in scoff at the movement for the creaelecting Sir Wilfrid Laurier as Premier of thot country, and are ready make out that Sir Robert Boud's their part to place him at the head ony next November. of our administration, in the hope and ae well as Sir Wilfrid Laurier ten yeare.

signed the requisition to Sir Edword Morris. During the past month, ever since the episode in the House of home of stranded sealers, Sir Rohert ate an era of good government for Bond and his organs hove heen claim- this Most Ancient and Loyal Coiony.

of the mnnagement of our affairs, ing that the credit for this is due by Sir Edward has been "under con- more correct view of the matter, and sideration by the Government," just thut they are prepared to do justice to the man who really befriended them on that occasiou, and of whose fitness for the leadership of the Government they express themsolves confident.

i'inally, we might observe that this is the first time, if we are not missented to a public man. Well paid tion of a People's Party, and try to to accept Sir Edward Morris and du of what is going to occur in this Coi-

We congratulate Sir Edward Morand confident helief that he will ad- ris on this tribute to his etatesmunminister our public affairs as wisely ship and his popularity. We welcome he People's Party and its leader, and has those of Canado during the past we feel safe in predicting that when the hallots ore counted next fall, it Another significant circumstance will be found that Sir Edward Morris is the fact that so many of the mas- will have o majority so substantial ters of the sealing steamers have ae to be the most complete and convincing testimony of his fitness guide our destinies, and the most ample inspiration to him to inaugur-

