Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below. L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée		Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque		Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
 Coloured maps /		Pages detached / Pages détachées
Cartes géographiques en couleur	\checkmark	Showthrough / Transparence
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)	\square	Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur	[]	Includes supplementary materials /
Bound with other material / Relié avec d'autres documents		Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
Only edition available / Seule édition disponible		Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.		restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.

Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires: Continuous pagination.



THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. The Chartered Banks

The Chartered Banks

BANK OF MONTREAL, ESTABLISHED IN 1818.

Capital All Paid Up, - \$12,000,000 Read - 6,000,000 Rest, -6,000,000 HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir DONALD A. SMITH, K.C.M.G., - President.
Guo A. DRUMMOND, Esq., - Vice-President.
Gilbert Scott, Esq. Hugh McLennan, Esq.
A. T. Paterson, Esq. W. C. McDonald, Esq.
Hon, J. J. C. Abbott.
W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager and Manager of Montreal Branch.
A. Macnider, Assistant General Manager and Manager of Montreal Branch.
A. Buchanan, Secretary.
Branches in Canada:
MONTREAL, H. V. Meredith, Asst. Mgr.
Almonte, Ont., Hamilton, Out., Port Hope, Ont.

	VID' II' A' WELCOL	m, maate milite
Almonte, Ont.	Hamilton, Ont. Kingston,	Port Hope, Ont.
Belleville, "	Kingston, "	Quebec, Que.
Brantford, "	Lindsay, "	Regina, Ass'n,
Brockville, "	London, "	Sarnia, Out.
Calgary, Alberta	Moncton, N.B.	Stratford, Ont.
Chatham, Ont.	New Westmins-	St. John, N.B.
Chatham, N.B.	• ter, B.C.	St. Mary, Ont.
Cornwail, Ont.	Ottawa, Ont.	Toronto, "
Goderich, "	Perth, "	Vancouver, B.C.
Guelph, "	Peterboro', Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.
Halifax, N.S.	Picton, Ont.	

Gueph, "Peterboro', Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Hallfax, N.S. Picton, Ont. Agents in Great Britain.-London, Bank of Mon-treal, az Abchurch Lane, E.C., C. Ashworth, Manager, London Committee-E. H. King, Esq., Chairman, Robert G'llespie, Esq. Bankerz in Great Britain.-London, the Bank of England; The Union Bank of London; The London and Westmirster Bank. Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool. Scotland, The British Linen Company and Branches. Agents in the United States.-New York, Walter Watson and Alex. Lang, 59 Will Street. Chicago, Bank of Montreal, W. Muiro, Manager; E. M. Shad-bolt, Asst. Manager. Bank of Nontreal, W. Muiro, Manager; R. M. Shad-bolt, Asst. Manager. Bank of Nontreal, W. Muiro, Manager; R. M. Shad-bolt, Asst. Manager. Bank of New York, N.B.A., The Merchants' National Bank; Boston, The Merchants' National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Commerce in Buffalo; Sau Francisco, The Bank of British Golumbia. Cotonial and Foreign Correspondentis.-St. John's, Newfoundland, The Bank of British Columbia, New Zenland, The Bank of British Columbia, New Zenland, The Bank of British Columbia, New Zenland, The Marchants of Gredit for Travellers available in all parts of the world.

Travellers available in all parts of the world.

THE BANK OF TORONTO, CANADA.

-Incorporated 1855.---

Paid-up Capital, \$2,000,000. Rest, \$1,250,000

DIRK	UTORS :
GEORGE GOODE	RHAM - President.
WM. H. BEATTY	 Vice-President.
W. R. Wadsworth,	Wm, Geo. Gooderham.
Alex, T, Fulton.	Henry Cawthra.
Henry	Covert,
Head Offic	e, Toronto.
Damas Conserve	Contrine

DUNCAN COULSON,	-	- Cashier.			
HUGH LRACH, -	-	Assistant Cashier.			
J. T. M. BURNSIDE,	-	 Inspector. 			
BRANOHES :					

BRANGHES: Montreal, J. Murray Smith, Manager; Peterboro', J. H. Roper, Manager; Cobourg, Joseph Henderson, Manager; Port Hope, W. R. Wadsworth, Manager; Barrie, J. A. Strathy, Manager; St. Cultarines, G. W. Hodgetts, Manager; Collingwood, W. A. Copeland, Manager; Petrolia, P. Campbell, Manager; Ganono-que, T. F. Howe, Acting Manager. HANNERS

nie, r. r. rowe, Acting minager. IANIKIRS : London, Eng., The Ci y Bank, Limited ; New York National Bank of Comm rce. Collections ms is on the best terms.

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE. HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL Capital Authorized, - - - \$500,000. Capital Subscribed, - - 500,000.

Agents at New York : The National Bank of the Republic,

		· ·	-
THE BANK	OF	RRITTSF	Γ
			L
NORTH .	AMT	IDTO A	
HOILTI .	CULT	TOTOTI	٠.
INCORPORATED B	YROY	AL CHARTER.	e

Paid-up Capital, - fr.000,000 Sig.

London Office, 3 Clement's Lane, Lombard St., E.C.

COURT OF D	IRECTORS :
I. H. Brodie. John James Cater.	H. J. B. Kendall, J. J. Kingsford.
Henry R. Farror. Richard H. Glyn. Edward Arthur Hoare.	Frederic Lubbock. George D. Whatman.
Secretary, A	

Head Office In Canada, - St. James Street, Montreal R. R. GRINDLEY, General Manager.

Bra	nches and Agenci	les in Canada:
London	Kingston	Fredericton, N. B.
Brantford	Ottawa	Halifax, N. S.
Paris	Montreal	Victoria, B.C.
Hamilton	Quebec	Vancouver, B.C.
Toronto	St. John, N.B.	Winnipeg, Man.
	Agents in the Unit	ted States :

NEW YORK-D. A. McTavish and H. Stike-

man. Agents. SAN FRANCIECO-W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh,

SAN FRANCISCO-W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh, Agents. LONDON BANKERS-The Bank of England and Messrs. Glyn & Co. Foreign A Gents-Liverpool-Bank of Liv-erpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand-Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand, Colonial Bank of New Zea-land. India, China and Japan - Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies-Colonial Bank. Parls-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss & Co. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais. 759 Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.

THE MOLSONS BANK. Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTRBAL.

Paid-up Capital.....\$2,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

THOS. WORKMAN, Esq., - President; J. H. R. Moleon, Esq., - Vice-President. R. W. Shepherd, Esq. Sir D. L. Macpherson, G.C. M.G. S. H. Ewing, Esq. A. F. Gault, Esq. Alex. W. Morris, Esq.

F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. BRANCHES :

Ayimer, Ont.	Montreal, P.Q.	Sorel, P
Brockville, Ont.	Morrisburg, Ont.	St. Hya
Clinton, Ont.	Norwich, Ont.	St. Tho
Exeter, Ont.	Owen Sound, Ont.	Toronto
Hamilton, Ont.	Ridgetown, Ont.	Treaton
London, Önt.	Smiths Falls, Ont.	Waterlo
Meaford, Ont.	5	Woodst
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

AGENTS IN OANADA.

Quebec-La Banque du Peuple and Eastern Town-

Onfario-Dominion Dank and Diamones, imperation Bank and branches. New Brunstwick-Bank of New Brunswick. Nova Scotia-Halifax Banking Company. Prince Edward Island -Bank of Nova Scotia, Char-Newfoundinud - Commercial Bank of Newfoundland, St. John's.

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

London-Alliance Bank (limited); Messrs, Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.; Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co., Linerpool-The Bank of Liverpool, Antwrp, Belgium-La Banque d'Anvers

AGENTS IN UNITED STATES.

AGENTS IN UNITED STATES, New York - Mechanics' National Bank; Messrs, W. Vatson and Alex, Lang, Agents Bank of Montreal; Messrs, Morton, Bliss & Co. Botton-Merchants' Na-tional Bank, Portland-Casco National Bank; Chica-go-First National Bank, Cleveland - Commercial National Bank, Detroit - Commercial Note Bank, Buffalo-Bank of Buffalo, Milwanker-Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Co. Bank, Heilea, Mon-tana-First National Bank, Butte, Montana-First National Bank, Toledo-Second National Bank.

Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and re-turns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange.

Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of the

THE MERCHANTS BANK
OF CANADA.
Capital Paid-up,
Head Office, - Monireal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
ANDREW ALLAN, Esq., - Preildent. ROBERT ANDERSON, Esq., Vice-President.
lector Mackenzie, Esq. John Duncan, Esq.

Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. Hon. J. John Cassils, Esq. H. M. J. P. Dawes, Esq. Hon. J. J. C. Abbott. H. M. Allan, Esq.

GEORGE HAGUE, General [Manager John Gault, Act'g Supt. of Branches.

BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC :

Belleville.	Kingston.	Quebec,
Berlin,	London.	Renfrew.
Brampton.	Montreal.	Sherbrooke, Que.
Chatham.	Mitchell.	Stratford,
Galt.	Napanee.	St. Johns, Que.
Gananoque.	Ottawa.	St. Thomas.
Hamilton.	Owen Sound	Toronto,
Ingersoll,	Perth.	Walkerton.
Kincardine.	Prescott.	Windsor.

BRANCHES IN MANITOBA : Winnipeg. Brandon.

Winnipeg. Brandon. Brandon. Bankers in Great Britain - London, Glasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydeside Bank (Limited). Liverpool, Commercial Bank of Liverpool. Agency in New York-61 Wall St., Messrs. Henry Hague and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. I'Bankers in United States-New York, Bank of New York, N. B. A.; Boston, Merchants National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; St. Faul, Minn., First National Bank; Detroit, First National Bank; Buildalo, Bank of Buildo; San Fran-cisco, Anglo-Californian Bank. Newfoundland-Commercial Bank of Newfound-land

land Nova Scotia and liew Brunswick - Bank of Nova

Note Scotta and Arrive Di Martine - Anno 1 Scotta and Merchants Bank of Halifax, A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries. ,

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1835.

Capital Paid-Up, - - \$1,200,000 Reserve, - - - - - - 300,000

Board of Directors :

JACQUES CHUNHUR, ESQ., - - - - President GRONGE BRUSH, E.Q., - - - Vice President P. M. GALARNEAU, ESQ. WM. FRANCIS, ESQ. ALPH, LECLAIRE CHS. LACAILLE, ESQ.

ARTHUR PREVOST, ESQ.

J. S. Bousquir, - - - - - Cashier.

Branches :

Quebec, Basse-Ville, E. C. Barrow, Manager. St. Roch, P. B. DuMoulin, Three Rivers, Que., P. E. Panneton, Manager.

St. Jean, Que., Ph. Baudouin, Manager. St. Rémi, "C. Bédard, "

St. Jérôme, Que., J. A. Théberge, Manager.

Agents in Canada :

Ontario-Molsons Bank and Branches,

New Brunswick-Bank of Montreal. Nova Scotia-Bank of Nova Scotia.

Prince Edward Island-Merchants Bank of Halifax.

Agents in United States:

New York-National Bank of the Republic. Boston-The Maverick National Bank,

Foreign Agents :

England-The Alliance Bank, Limited, London. France-Le Crédit Lyonnais, Paris,

1082

The Chartered Banks.

P.Q. acinthe. omas, Ont. o, Ont. n, Ont. oo, Ont. tock, Ont.

ships Bank. Ontario-Dominion Bank and branches, Imperial

1083

The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.
BANK OF HAMILTON.	THE STANDARD BANK
CAPITAL SDBSORIBED (All Paid-Up), - \$1,000,000 REBERVE FUND,	OF CANADA.
HRAD OFFICE, - HAMILTON. Directors:	Capital Paid-up, \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund, 340,000
JOHN STUART, President. Hon. JAMES TURNER, Vice-President A. G. Ramsay, Esq. Charles Gurney, Esq. John Proctor, Esq. George Roach, Esq. A. T. Wood, Esq. Mr. Jas, Turnbull, Cashior.	HEAD OFFICE, TORUNTO. Directors :
A. T. Wood, Esq. Mr. Jas. Turnbull, Cashier.	W. F. COWAN, President. JOHN BURNS, Vice-President. W. F. Allen, Fred. Wyld, Dr. G. D. Morton, A. T. Gredd, J. Samerika,
Agencies - Alliston N. M. Tivingstonn Agent	W. F. Allen. Fred. Wyld, Dr. G. D. Morton A. T. Todd. A. J. Somerville, AGENOIES ;
Cayuga J. H. Stuart, Agont. Georgetown – H. M. Watson, Agont. Hagorsville-J. S. Gor- don, Agont. Listowol-H. H. O'Rolly, Agont. Milton-J. Batterfield, Agont. Orangoville-R. T. Haun, Agont. Port Elgin-W. Corbould, Agont. Tottenham-H. O. Aitken, Agont. Wingham-B. Willeon. Agont.	Bowmanville, Campbellford, Harriston,
Milton-J. Butterfield, Agent. Orangeville-R. T. Haun, Agent. Port Elgin-W. Corbould, Agent.	Brantford, Cannington, Markham, Bradford, Colborne, Newcastle, Brighton, Durham, Picton, Parkdale,
Tottenham-H. O. Aitken, Agent. Wingham-B. Willson, Agent	BANKERS. New York and Montreal—Bank of Montreal.
Willson, Agent Agenti in New York-The Bank of Montreal, Agenti in London, EngThe National Bank of Sociland.	London, England-National Bank of Scolland, All Banking business promptly attended th. Corres. pondence solicited. I, L. BRODIE, Cashier.
THE ONTARIO BANK.	J. L. BRODIE, Cashier.
Capital Paid-Up, \$1,500,000 Reserve Fund,	IMPERIAL BANK
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO. DIRECTORS-Sir WM. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G.,	OF CANADA.
President ; DONALD MACKAY, Esq., Vice-President ; Hon. C. F. Fraser, G. M. Rose, Esq., A. M. Smith, Esq., R. K. Burgess, Esq., G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq.	Capital, \$1,500,000 Reserve Fund,
Esq., R. K. Burgess, Esq., G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq. C. HOLLAND, General Manager.	DIRECTORS:
Aurora, Montreal, Pickering,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., President. T. R. MERRITT, Esq., Vice-Pres't, St. Catharines
Bowmanville, Mount Forest, Toronto, Cornwall, Newmarket, Whitby,	Robert Jaffray, Esq. T. R. Wadsworth, Esq. P. Hughes, Esq. Wm. Ramsay, Esq.
Guelph, Ottawa, Winnipeg. Man., Kingston, Peterboro', 480 Queen St. W.,	D. R. WILKIE, CASHIER.
AGENTS:	B. JENNINGS, Inspector HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
London, Eng. —Alliance Bank [Limited]. Bank of Montreal.	
New York-The Bank of the State of New York and Messrs, Walter Watson and Alex, Lang, Boston-Tremont National Bank,	Branches - Brandon, Man., Galgary, Alba., Esse, Centre, Fergus, Galt, Ingersoll, Niagara Falls, Por Colborne, St. Catharines, St. Thomas., Toronto Yonge St. cor. Queen, Welland, Winnipeg; Woodstock
	Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed,
THE COMMERCIAL BANK	Prompt attention paid to collections,
OF MANITOBA. Authorized Capital, - \$1,000,000	Eastern Townships Bank.
DIRECTORS. Dúncan MacArthur, - President.	Authorized Capital,
Hon. John Sutherland, Hon. C. E. Hamilton, W. L. Boyle.	Reserve Fund,
Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections promptly made. Drafts issued available in all parts of the Dominion. Sterling and American Exchauge	BOARD OF DIRECTORS :
the Dominion. Sterling and American Exchauge bought and sold.	R. W. HENEKER, President. HON. G. G. STEVENS, Vice-President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane. John Thornto
MERCHANTS BANK	Hon, J. H. Pope. Thomas Hart. Israel Wood. D. A. Mansur,
Capital Pald-Up, \$1,000,000	HEAD OFFICE, SHERBROOKE, QUE.
l Reserve Fund	WM. FARWELL, General Manager Branches.—Waterloo, Richmond, Coaticook, Stan
BOARD OF DIRECTORS; THOS. E. KENNY, M.P., President. HON. JAS. BUTLER, M.L.C., Vice-President. Thomes A Bitchics	Branches, Waterloo, Richmond, Coaticook, Stan- stead, Cowansville, Granby, Bedford, Huntingdon,
M. Dwyer, Thomas Ritchie.	Agents in Montreal-Bank of Montreal, London, England-National Bank of Scotland Boston-National Exchange Bank.
Head Office, Halifax, N.S., D. H. Duncan, Cashler. Branch, Montreal, E. L. Pease, Manager.	New York-National Park Bank. Collections made at all accessible points and promp
AGENCIES:	ly remitted for.
Bathurst, N. B. N. S.	THE WESTERN BANK
Dauloctecown, P. E. 1. Newcastle, N.B.	OF CANADA.
Fredericton, N.B. Port Hawkesbury, C.B. Guysboro, N.S. Sackylle, N.B.	HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, ONT.
Borenester, N.B. Pictou, N.S. Fredericton, N.B. Port Hawkesbury, C.B. Guysboro, N.S. Saokvile, N.B. Kingston [Kont Co.], Summersido, P.E.I. N.B. Sydney, C.B. Londonderry, N.S. Truro, N.S. Lunenburg, N.S. Woodstock, N.B.	Capital Authorized, \$1,000,000 Capital Subscribed, 500,000 Capital Paid-up, 330,000
Woodstock, N.B.	BOARD OF DIRECTORS :
IN BERNUDA-Hamilton. IN ISLAND OF MIQUELON-St. Pierro.	JOHN COWAN, Esq., President, REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President. W. F. Cowan, Esq. W. F. Allan, Esq. Robert McIutosh, M.D. L. A. Gibson Fer
CORRESPONDENTS : Dominion of Canada, Merchants Bank of Canada, New York, the Bank of New York.	
New York, the Bank of New York. Boston, the National Jilde & Leather Bank. Newfoundland, Union Bank of Newfoundland. London, England, Williams, Doncon & Co. and Imperial Bank [limited]. Paris France Claude Lafont. In Martinet & Co.	Thomas Patterson, Esq. T. H. McMILLAN, Cashier, Branches - Midland, Tilconhurg, New Hamburg
London, England, Williams, Doncon & Co. and Imporial Bank (limited).	Branches Midland, Tilsonburg, New Hamburg Whitby, Millbrook and Paisley. Draits on New York and Sterling Exchange bough
Collections made at lowest rates and promptly	Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections solicited and promptly made.
remitted for. Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued at our-	Collections solicited and promptly made, Correspondents at New York and in Canada—Th Merchants Bank of Canada, Iondon, England, Th
ront rates.	Royal Bank of Scotland.

The	Chart	ored	Ban	K8,	
TE	D CA	NAI	IAI	i 5.	J.

BANK OF COMMERCE. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

Paid-Up Capital, 17. - \$6,000,000 Rest, DIRECTORS. HENRY W. DARLING, Eso., President. GEO. A. COX, Eso., Vice-President. Jas. Crathern, Esq. W. B. Hamilton, Esq. Matthew Leggat, Esq.

George Taylor, Esq. Jas. Crathern, J Wm. Goodetham, Esq. W. B. Hamilton John I, Davidson, Esq. Matthew Legg: B. E. WALKER, General Manager, J H. PLUMMER, Ass't General Manager, WM, GRAY, Inspector.

NEW YORK, - J. H. Goadby, Alex. Laird, Agents.

	BRANCHES:	
Ayr,	Jarvis,	Thorold,
Barrie,	London,	Toronto,
Belleville,	Montreal,	Toronto East, cor.
Berlin,	Orangeville,	Oueen St. and
Blenheim.	Ottawa,	Bolton Ave.
Brantford,	Paris,	Toronto North,
Chatham.	Parkhill,	763 Yonge St.
Collingwood,	Peterborough,	Toronto North-
Dundas,	St, Catharines,	West, III Coll-
Dunnville,	Saruja,	ege St.
Galt,	Seaforth,	Walkerton,
Goderich,	Simcoe,	Windsor,
Guelph,	Stratford,	Woodstock,
Hamilton,	Strathroy,	
4	and the first of the s	. to The star

commercial credits issued for use in Europe, the st and West Indies, China, Japan and South America.

America. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on the most favorable terms, Interest allowed on deposits. BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS. London, England—The Bank of Scotland. New York—The American Exchange National Bank. Chicago—The American Exchange National Bank. San Francisco and British Columbia—The Bank of British Columbia.

THE DOMINION BANK. Capital, \$1,500,000. Reserve Fund, \$1,070,000

DIRECTORS: JAS. AUSTIN, President. HON. FRANK SMITH, Vice-President. Wm, Ince. Edward Leadley, E. B. Osler. James Scott. Wilmot D. Matthews.

Head Office, Toronito. Agencie:-Brampion, Belleville, Cobourg, Lindsay, Napance, Oshawa, Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitby, Qucen Street, cor. Dundas Street, Toronto.

Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Bri-tain and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Europe, China, Japan and the West Indies.

R. H. BETHUNE, Cashier.

La Banque Jacques Cartier. · · · · · · · Capital Authorized, Capital Subscribed, \$500,000 500,000

BANK OF OTTAWA,

OTTAWA. Capital (all paid-up) - - - - \$1,000,000 Rest, - - - - 310,000 JAMES MCLAREN, Esq., - President, CHARLES MAGEE, Esq., - Vice-President, Dispersora

CHARLES MAGEE, Esq., - Vice-President, DIREOTORS : C. T. Bate, Esq., R. Blackburn, Esq., Hon. George Bryson, Hon. R. L. Church, Alex. Fraser, Esq., Geo. Hay, Esq., John Mather, Esq. , GEO. BURN, Cashier.

, GEO. BURN, Cashler. Branches-Arappior, Pembroke, Winnipeg, Man., Carlton Place, Ont., Keewatin, Ont. Agents in Canada, New, York and Chicago, Bank of Montreal. Agents in London, Eng., Alliauce Bank.

Gueiph,	Ottawa,	Winnipeg, Man.,
Kingston,	Peterboro',	480 Queen St. W.,
Lindsay,	Port Arthur,	Toronto.
	AGENTS	
	-Alliance Bank	[Limited], Bank of
Montreal.	and the state of the	· · · · · · · · ·

THE COMME OF MA

DUNCAN MACARTHUR,		-	President.
Hon. John Sutherland, Hon. C. E. Hamilton,	\cdot		Alexander Logan,
Ion. C.'E. Hamilton,			W, L, Boyle.

ERCHANTS BANK	l
ital Paid-Up, \$1,000,009	ł
erve Fund, \$160,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS;	l
DS. E. KENNY, M.P., President. Hon. JAS. BUTLER, M.L.C., Vice-President.	ł
omas A. Ritchie. Allison Smith, Dwyer, Thomas Ritchie.	l
lead Office, Halifax, N.S., D. H. Duncan, Cashler. Branch, Montreal, E. L. Poase, Manager.	ł
AGENCIES:	ł
tigonish, N. S. Maitland [Hants Co.], hurst, N. B. N. S.	ĺ
d zewater, N. S. Moneton, N. B. irlottetown, P. E. I. Newcasile, N.B.	ł
rchester. N. B. Pictou, N.S. dericton, N.B. Port Hawkesbury, C.B.	ł
reboro, N.S. Sackvile, N.B., Inston [Kont Co.], Summerside. P.E.I.	l

The Chartered Banks.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE. HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.

Capital Paid-up, - - -- - \$1,200,000

DIRECTORS :

Hon, ISIDORE THIBAUDEAU, President, LeDroit, Esq. E. W. Méthot, Esq. I. Painchand, Esq. I., Bilodeau, Esq. Kirouae, Vice-Pres. Ang. Gaboury, Esq. T. LeDroit, Esq. Ant. Painchand, Esq. Frs. Kirouac, Vice-Pres.

P. LAFRANCE, Cashier. BRANCHES;

Montreal-Alf. Brune', Mauager. Ottawa-C. H Carrière, Manager. Sherbrooke-P. J. Bazin, Manager.

AGENTS

England-National Bank of Scotland, London. France, Messrs. Grunebaum, freres & Co., La Banque de Paris et de Pays Bas. United States-National Bank of the Republic, New York; National Revere Bank, Boston. Newfoundland-The Commercial Bank of Newf 'dland. CANADA.-Prov. Ontario - The Bank of Toronto. Maritime Provinces-Bank of New Brunswick, Mer-chauts Bank of Halifax, Bank of Montreal. Manitoba -The Union Bank of Canada.

A general Banking, Exchange and Collection business transacted. Particular ... itention paid to collections, and returns made with utmost promptuess.

*** Correspondeenc respectfully solicited.

Union Bank of Canada DIVIDEND No. 43.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of SIX per cent. per atnum upon the pald-up capital stock of the institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after TUESDAY, the 3rd day of JULY next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 3rd day of July next. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 12th day of July next.

will be new rest. day of July next. The Chair to be taken at Noon. By order of the Board, E. E. V

by orect of the f	E. E. WEBB,
May 26, 1888.	Cashier.
ערידרמידמא מא	N DANTT
ST. STEPHEN'	
Incorporated a	
ST. STEPHE Capital	\$200,000
Reserve,	25,000
F. H. TODD,	President.
J. F. GRANT, AGENTS.	- Cashier,
London-Messrs. Glynn, Mills York-Bank of New York, N.I	, Currie & Co. New
National Bank, Montreau-Dai	ik of Montreal. St.
John, N.BBank of Montreal.	the Bank of Montreal.
THE QUEBEC	BANK.
Incorporated by Royal Cha	
CAPITAL, \$3,0	000,000.
HEAD OFFICE	- QUEBEC.
BOARD OF DIRE	CTORS.
IAS. G. ROSS, Esq.,	 President,
JAS. G. ROSS, Esq., WILLIAM WITHALL, Esq., George R. Renfre JAMES STEVENSON,	- Vice-President.
JAMES STEVENSON,	Esq., Cashier.
DYAKCALI ANG APPRCIES	- 18 Lanaaa -
Montreal, Oue. Thorold, Ont.	Three Rivers, Q.
Agents in New York-Messre Co. Agents in London-The Ba	uk of Scotland
COMMERCIAI	BANK
OF NEWFOUND	IAND.
ST. JOHNS,	corporated 1558.
Capital.	- \$306,000
Reserve,	100,000
HENRY COOKE, M 11. D. CARTER, Chief	

11. D. CARTER, Chief Accountant,

Collections made on favorable terms, Ageniz, - The Lowloo and Westminster Bank, Lon-don, New York - The National Bank of the Republic, Bayon - The Aths National Bank Mcnucel - The Merchants Bauk of Canada. Ialifax: The Union Bank of Halifax, QuQuebec; The erchants Bank of Canada.

The Chartered Banks.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

DIVIDEND No. 24. NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of Three Per Cent.

has been declared for the current half-year, on

the Puid-up Capital of this Bank, and that it will be phyable at its Head Office in Montreal, or at its Agencies, on and after the 3rd of July. The Transfer Book will be closed from the

15th to the 30th of JUNE, both days inclusive. By order of the Board, M. J. A. PRENDERGAST

Montreal, May 29, '88. Cashier.

ST. JOHNS BANK.

" MOLLBUR, President, St. Johns. W. BROBSEAU, Merchant, St. Johns, Vice-President. Jas. O'Cain, Coal Merchant, St. Johns; Frz, Gosselin, Merchant, St. Alexandra. A. A. L. Brien, Notary, St. Alex andre.

PH. BAUDOUIN, Manager.

- - -HEAD OFFICE, ST. JOHNS. Branch-Napierville, J. Molleur, Agent. , Mol Capital Subscribed, \$540,000 Authorized, -Capital Paid In -1,000,000 226,420

• ۰. Agenti-Montreal, La Banque du Pe-ple; New York, Bank of Montreal; Boston, Maverick Nat. Bank

.

Legal Directory. Price of admission to this directory is \$10 per
annum. ONTARIO. Alvinston A. E. Smythe
ALVINSTON A. E. SMYTHR
AYLMER
BARRIE Lount, Dickinson & McWatt
BOWMANVILLE
BRUSSELS E. E. Wade
CAMPBELLFORD A. L. Colville
COLBORNEW. L. Payne
CORNWALL Maclennan, Liddell & Cline
DRSERONTO Henry R. Bedford
GODERION Scager & Hartt
GRIMSBY E. A. Lancaster
HAGERSVILLE, N. P. (Coll's made), S. W. Howard
INGERSOLL
KINGSTON Britton & Whiting
LINDSAY Martin & Hopkins
LISTOWELJ. P. Mabce
LONDON Gibbons, McNab & Mulkern
LONDON W. H. Bartram
L'ORIGNALJ. Maxwell
MIDLAND Steers & Ambrose
MILLBROOK J. Walter Curry
MITCHELL Dent & Hodge
MORRISBURGE T. J. F. Hilliard
MOUNT FOREST Perry & Perry
NIAGARA FALLS
NEWMARKET Thos. J. Robertson
OTTAWA
PENETANGUISHENE
PORT ELGIN J. C. Dalrymple
PORT HOPE H. A. Ward
PRESCOTT French & Saunders
ST. THOMAS Macdougall & Robertson
STRATFORD McPherson & Davidson
TEESWATER John J. Stephens
Thornbury
Tilsonbung
TORONTO Jones Bros. & Mackenzie
UXBRIDGE
Mr. Balingan

WINGHAM Meyer & Dickinson

WOODVILLE. Arch. J. Sinclair |



Dividend No. 34.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of *Three* and a Haif Per Cent. upon the Paid-Up Capital Stock of the Society, has been declared for the half-year onding 30th June, 1883, and that the some will be payable at the Society's Banking House, Hamilton, Ontario, on and after.

Monday, 2nd day of July, 1888.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, 1888, both days inclusive. II. D. CAMERON, Treasurer.

Hamilton, 22nd May, 1888.

Ŧ.

Dominion Savings & Investment Soc.

0	N	DC	N	r, –	•	o	N	Т	A	RI	C

	Inc	orp	orat	ed 18	372.		
Capital,	•	•	-	•	-		\$1,000,000.00
Subscribed, -	. •	-		•		•	1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund,	· _	٠.		• •	. '	-	149,000.60
Contingent Fund,		-	•	-	-		- 963.12
Loans made on	Far	m s	nd	City	Pro	erty	on the most

favorable terms. Municipal and School Section De-bentures purchased. Money received on deposit and interest allowed thereon.

F. B. LEYS, Manager.

Credit Foncier Franco Canadien

30 St. James Street, Montreal.

Established in 1881.

Loans on mortgages on improved farms. In the city, on houses, stores, etc. Loans to Cor-porations. Loans to School Corporations, Loans with or without simorization at the choice of the borrower. Amortization assures the borrower the benefits of the interest at the same rate as that charged upon the loan. Reimbursements before the due date allowed. Mortgages purchased.

	General Secretary.	Director.
M.	CHEVALIER,	E. J. BARBEAU,
	Capital, Amount Loaned, -	- \$5,000,000. - \$3,600,000.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON,

Real Estate and Investment Agent, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission. Business and Manufacturing Properties a Specialty. Estates Managed for Owners and Trustees. Investments made, and watched, for Capitalists.

REFERENCES-Any of the Banks in Montreal

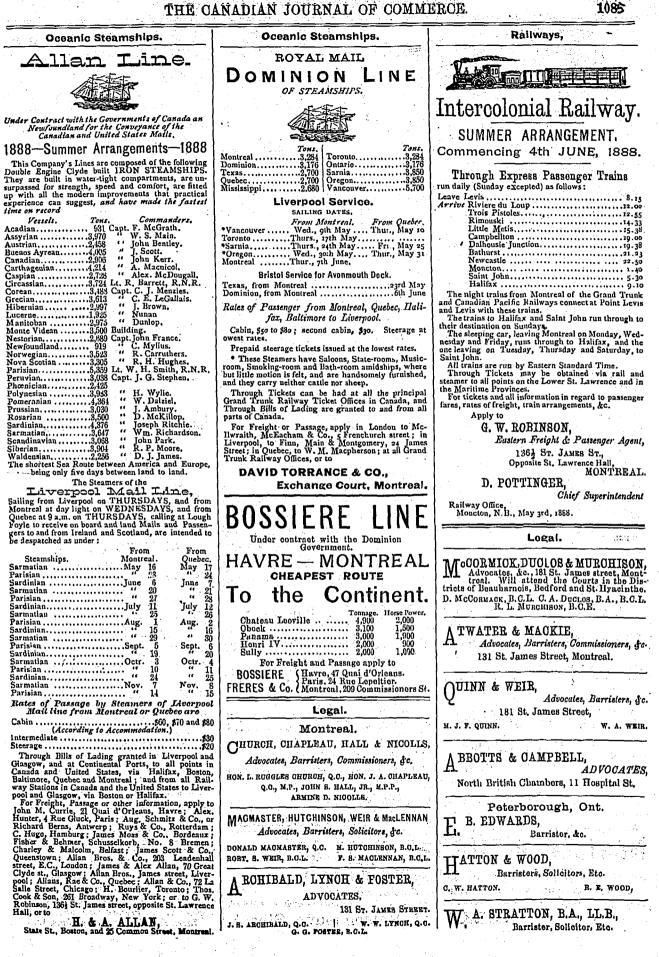
THOMAS J. POTTER, AUCTIONEER

1811 Notre Dame Street,

MONTREAL.

MON LIMBL. Sales of Real Estate. Trade Sales Cargoes Medi-terranean Fruits. Lemons. Oranges, &c. Teas. Grocerics, &c. Underwriters' Sales Damaged Goods, Grain, &c. Reliable Valuations of Real Estate and also of Household Effocts made for estates and others. Arbitrations for R. R. Companies and others attended to. Fine Dry Storage (four flats] for Furniture, &c. Good Collar, &c. References-Any Bank in Montreal.

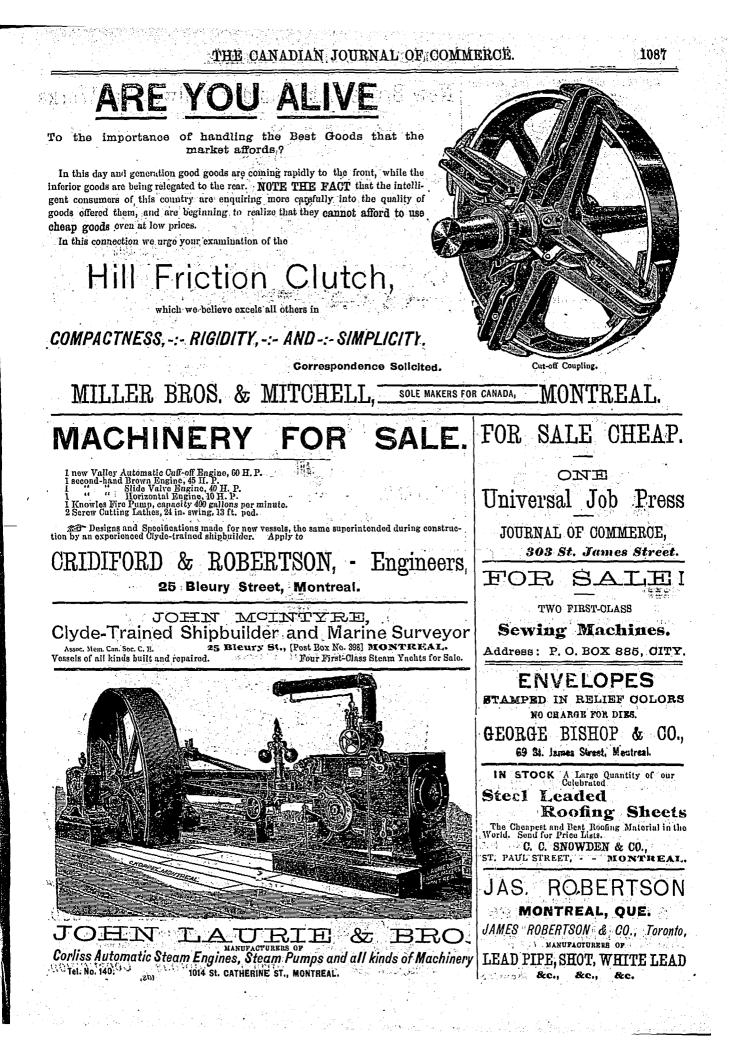
Legal Directory-Continued. QUEBEC. RICHMOND..... G. H. Aylmer Brooke PORTAGE DU FORT O. P. Roney MANITOBA. Calgary Lougheed & McCarthy



be despatched as under :

	From	From
Steamships. Sarmatian	Montreal.	Quebec.
Sarmatian		May 17
Parisian	····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 2
Sardinian	June 6	Jnne 7
Sarmatian		21
Parisian	" 27	. " 2
Sardinian	July 11	July 1
Sarmatian		26
Parisian	Aug. 1	Aug. 2
Sardinian	15	Aug. 2
Sarmatian		· ** 30
Parisian	Sept. 5	Sept. (
Sardinian		· · · 20
Sarmatian	Octr. 3	Octr.
Sarmatian	" 10	" 1
Sardinian	" 24	" 2
Sarmatian	Nov. 7	Nov.
Parisian	" 14	" 1
	20 C	

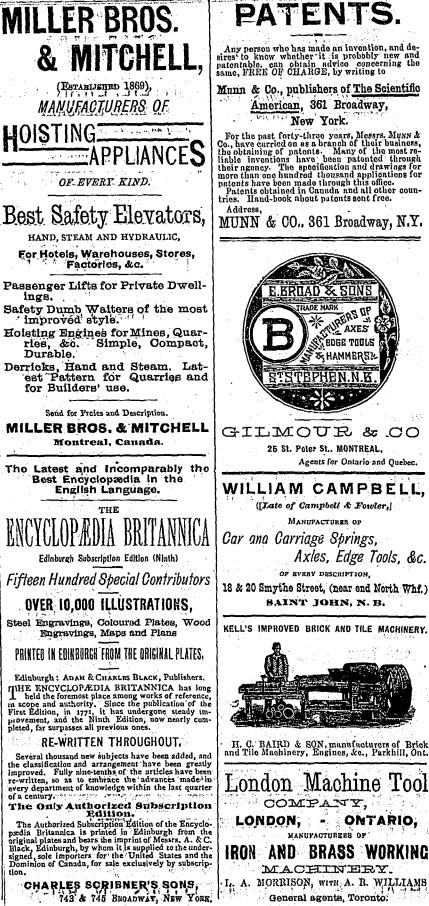








Spectacles, Optical Goods, &c. SYNDIOAT DES JOUETS, Paris Toys,



1089





-IMPORTERS OF-Fancy and Staple Dry Goods. SMALL WARES, 40., 18 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL.

THE BEST PICTURE FRAMING ! THE CHEAPEST PICTURE FRAMING! Of the Newest Designs, by A. J. PELL 80 & 82 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

SEVERAL advertisements are crowded out this week for want of space.

Tus stock of T. A. Tidy, of Fordwich, general merchant, has been sold by the assignce at 671 cents on the dollar.

Tus bankrupt stock of D. B. Curric, general dry goods, of Alvinston, has been sold at 66c on the dollar. The stock was valued at

JOHN BARNARD, a builder, of Parkdale, Ont., has assigned. , His liabilities are about \$1450 and he claims nominal assets, including some

· FALL wheat in the neighborhood of Strathroy has been badly winter or spring killed probably a half crop will be realized. The spring grain and crops are excellent.

The stock of J. F. Sharpe, woollen miller, of Pinkerton, Ont., consisting of tweeds, \$1,250, machinery, \$500, and accounts \$300. is to be sold at Walkerton, on the 9th prox.

Tus meeting of the creditors of the shoe film of A. H. Green, Toronto, showed assets of \$3,300 and liabilities of \$5,120. That of E

1091



C. Green showed liabilities of \$2,900 and assets of \$1,520.

, IT is reported that J. J. Grace, dealer in sowing machines and agricultural implements, of Arn prior, Ont., has been compelled to seek a compromise from his creditors at 60 cents in the dollar.

Tax recent rapid rise in the price of wheat has made the fortunes of some grain dealers in Manitoba. Their profits are already estimated at \$700,000, of which the Messrs. Ogilvie are reported to have made \$150,000.

A NET gain of \$111,500 over 1887 in the receipts of the Post Office Department for the nine months of the current fiscal year is something that was searcely looked for, and will, therefore, prove all the more acceptable.

Owing to the poor prices ruling for furs the Hudson Bay Company find it necessary to pass their dividend this year. This will be a great disappointment to the shareholders, as last year seventeen shillings per share was paid.

JOHN G. ANDERSON, described as a grocer of Embro, Ont., but who also acted as an insurance agent and dealt in tinware, has assigned He was in trouble as far back as January, but was supposed to have succeeded in obtaining time.

ROBERT MORROW, picture frame and fancy goods dealer, of Toronto, is endeavoring to obtain a compromise from his creditors at twelve cents in the dollar. Liabilities are about \$2500 against which he can only show assets of \$600.

counter.

R. F. FERGUSON, general storekeeper, of Cayuga, Ont., failed in November 1885, when he succeeded in obtaining a settlement at 75 cents in the dollar. Since then he has not done well, and we have now to chronicle another assignment.

CHAS. E. COORBANE, physician and druggist, of Omemee, Out, has assigned. He came from Brighton in 1886, where he had practised as a doctor and bought out the drug business of George A. Norris, giving a chattel mortgage in payment.

R. P. FIDLER, grocery and liquors of Trenton, Ont., was reputed to be doing fairly well. Nevertheless we have now to chronicle his assignment.-E. T. Carter, a small harnessmaker, living a few miles out of Peterborough, Ont., has assigned.

KENNETH M. SOLOMON, a small grocer of Acadia Mines, N.S., has assigned. His liabilities are only \$600/ and his assets perhaps start,

days that a wholesale dry and fancy goods house in Toronto is endeavoring to obtain an extension from its larger creditors. The report has caused some disquietude amongst its creditors in this city.

O. W. Corr, general storekeeper of Marbleton, Ont., has assigned. His business was principally that of a speculator of bark. He appears to have done a fair trade, but from the start was not looked upon as likely to be successful as a storekeeper."

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, a founder, of Woodville, Ont., has assigned. For some time past it has been impossible to collect from him. He is now offering to settle at 55 cents in the dollar and the general impression seems to be that this had better be accepted.

A. J. ROUTH, started as a jeweller in Ottawa in the spring of 1885 with about \$1,500 capital. He has of late had severe sickness in his family and this, and other causes, have led him to neglect his business until he had no recourse save in an assignment.

JOHN LINDSAY, general storekeeper, of White. Lake, Ont., has assigned. He had no means outside of a small legacy from an uncle, and no business experience. When we add to this that he also neglected his business, it is little wonder that he lost ground from tha



JOS. LETANG, general storekeeper of Brudenell, Ont., is offering a settlement to his creditors of 40 cents in the dollar, payable in 3 and 6 months. Liabilities are about \$4,500 and assets nominally worth \$5,700, but a great part of these latter are book debts.

The Twillinghte, Nfid., Sun says that the catch of scals " from Partridge Island to Oape Fogo" will not exceed 50,000 to 70,000 instead of the 150,000 at which it had been placed. For a single district of the sealing grounds even the reduced number appears respectable.

J A. DURRANT, general storekeepier, of West Flamboro', Ont., is endeavoring to effect a ettlement with his creditors at 50 cents in W. R. VARCOURTLAND, hardware and groceries of Arnprior, Ont, has effected a settlement with his creditors at 50 cents in the dollar. The firm was formerly Smith and Vancourtland, and after Smith's death in 1884 the remaining partner seems to have done only a small business.

MAYOR D. MACHONALD, of St. John's, Que, has been awarded \$12,000 for the 700 odd feet projecting into St. James street, immediately west of Victoria square. The value of the buildings to be demolished, and some \$1,500 in rent for the year were considered in nikking the valuation.

As Escuminac lobster-packing firm last year packed some cases of herrings and sent them to Baltimore. They sold so well that the firm has gone largely into the business ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, boot and shoe dealer, of Paris, Ont., was badly burnt out in February, 1886, and as he lost heavily was compelled to settle with his oreditors at 65 cents in the dollar. He was supposed to be pulling through all right, but nevertheless we have now to chronicle his assignment.

The Grand Trunk got two-thirds of the dressed beef trade of Chicago last week, and led all the reads on east-bound shipments. Armour and Swift, the great pork packers of that city, have rented all the ice houses along the Grand Trunk, and have evidently given the Grand Trunk their business for good.

Now TRAT Halifax has surrendered its claims on the provincial grant in aid of the local exhibition, it has been taken up by Truro, in which town the Provincial Exhibition of 1888 will be held. As Truro is the centre of a very



ing it a thorough test, a machine for manufacturing cigars, which it is claimed will turn out between 3,000 and 5,000 per day. The machine, if successful in every particular, will do as much work in one day as ten or twelve men.

A LOUAL wholesale dry goods house which found itself with an infinitesimal balance at the commencement of the present year, is again the subject of comment. A former partner is said to be pressing for the amount of his capital and, if that is so, a suspension is anticipated. It is said the claim is a preferential one.

WILLIAM MITOHELL, marble dealer, Listowell, Ont., has been seized upon by the sheriff un-'The der execution for upwards of \$300.

A State of the sta

probability resume

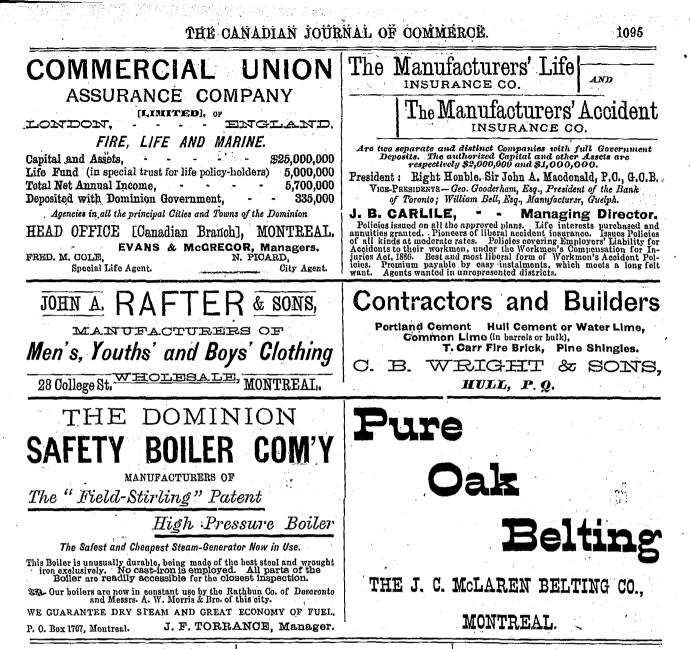
THE injunction case of Mr. Henry, the cattle shipper, to compel the Beaver Line to receive his cattle without insisting upon his payment of a freight rate which was to include insurance, has been dismissed with costs. It is stated that another attempt will be made to break the agreement now existing between the steamship lines.

JOHN COLE, hotel-keeper of London, Ont. has assigned. He formerly kept the Britannia, but bought the Cousin's House some five years ago for \$12,000. Of this sum he only paid \$2,000 and was to have twenty years to pay the rest. It is evident that the instalments have sapped him of his funds and thus forced him to assign.

corporation is now in possession and the business will be wound up. THE Mail states that the stock of John

Green & Sons, boot and shoe manufacturers of Toronto, whose assignment we chronicled three weeks ago, has been withdrawn from auction. It is stated that an offer of $2\frac{1}{2}$ cents in the dollar has been accepted, or in other words that liabilities of \$52,000 are to bewiped out by a payment of \$1,300.

ALFRED G. ELLIOTT, the only partner in the firm of John Elliott & Co., oil refiners of this city, has assigned owing about \$22,000, principally to the banks, to whose pressure his as-. signment is attributed. He is a brother of W. E. Elliott, whose absconding will be fresh in the memory of our readers, but is under-



stood not to be liable for his brother's debts in any way.

F. J. BRENNAN, grocer of Cornwall, Ont., has been compolled to seek a settlement at 50 cents in the dollar, secured, spread over 12 months. The grocery business in Cornwall seems to be overdone, and as Brennan had very little means and was obliged to give a good deal of credit it is not at all surprising that he has not made a success of it.

GEO. BROWNELL, general storekeeper, of Neopawa, Man., has assigned. At a meeting of creditors, held last April, he only claimed \$500 surplus on liabilities of \$7,000. The oreditors appointed J. McLeod Holiday to receive all monies and purchase all goods, giving him authority to close up if the store did not pay. This he evidently has done.

J. P. OAIE, general storekeeper, of Kouchibouquae, N. B., has assigned. His liabilities are about \$5,000, and he claims assets of \$8,000 in value. It is felt that although these latter are largely in book-debts, with careful management, the estate should pay in full. He appears to have locked up his capital in real estate and to have given too much credit.

The sugar market remains very firm owing to the heavy transactions in both whites and yellows and the healthy demand from all quarters. Inside rates would not be shaded even for thousand barrel lots. In granulated 6½c is the lowest factory figure and no concession on it can be secured. The range is from 6½c to 7½c for granulated and 5½c to 6c for yellows.

WALLAGE MALING, victualler, of Halifax, N. S., has been doing a small business in this line for a year or two. His means were very light and he has now made an assignment.— J. S. Edwards, general storekeeper, of Nauwigewauk, N. B., has assigned. His liabilities are \$3,000, of which \$700 is preferred, and he places his assets at \$1,500. He will likely make an offer. Wilton & Son, grocers, etc., Front street, Strathroy, were compelled to assign a week ago to their principal creditor. Liabilities are about \$2,500 and the assets only reach \$1,100. At a meeting of creditors at London an offer of 50c was made but not accepted. They have been in business about two years, and their failure may be attributed to attempting to undersell their follow merchants.

J. GANNON, a small grocery storekeeper, of this city, has been served with a demand of assignment. His liabilities will be about \$3,000.—Helene Nugent, who has done a small general store business at Chicoutimi for some time past, has assigned. Businesses done through managers rarely succeed; and the old maxim still holds good that "He who at the plough would thrive, himself must either hold or drive."

The steady growth in the importation of New Zealand cheese into Great Britain is becoming more and more significant, and can-



mines and furnaces at Londonderry, N.S., can turn out a superior quality of water pipes, and that large orders are being executed for piping for water works in Montreal and elsewhere. hitherto there have been defects in most of the qualities of iron pipes made in Canada, but we are assured that the Acadia article is as good and as cheap as the best imported article. The Company has 800 men employed with a monthly pay roll of \$25,000.

We learn that Mr. E. Edsall, for several years manager of the American Hotel in Poronto, has left for the United States to escape his creditors. For the past few months he has been battling with adversity, hoping that, when the warm weather set in, his business would revive and he would boable to pay the debts he had contracted; but, as he foun

RUSSELL & Co., Canton, April 17th report: Cassia lignea remains at \$5.90 per picul in bales. Sales are 1,500 piculs and the present stock is composed of 3,000 piculs in Canton and 3,000 piculs in the interior. Cassia buds --700 piculs cold at \$14, leaving no stock in the market. And from Hong Kong, 19th, as follows: Saigon Cassia-There is little demand and stocks are accumulating; causing lower prices to prevail. We quote \$42.00 per picul with sales of 100 peculs and atout 700 piculs in stock.

Ar a meeting of the principal creditors of the Exchange Bank it was decided to allow matters to continuo as at present. A statement was presented showing the means at The FAILURE is announced of the Schlicht & Field Com'y, of Rochester, N. Y., one of the largest firms dealing in officesupplies and labor-saving devices. Two years ago the proprietors commenced the publication of the Cosmopolitan, a monthly literary magazine, which has proved a losing venture. The liabilities are placed at \$301,-382 and assets only \$\$4,039. An offer of 30 cents on the dollar was made and accepted, and the firm will continue business. No attempt will be made to resuscitate the magazine.

This assignce of the estate of J. E. Newcombe, of Hants Courty, N. S., who failed about a year ago owing about \$40,000, has just finished winding it up. All the creditors who signed the deed will be paid in full but those who did not, under the peculiar law of Nova Scotia, get nothing. Had they been allowed to participate, the distribution would



THE Guelph Carriage Top Company have been compelled to call a meeting of their creditors. Liabilities are about \$100,000, of which \$45,000 is due to its bankers. The firm consist of two partners, Charles S. Walker and Robert Glass, both active and experienced men, and has been in existence about three years enjoying good credit. Over-

withstanding the failure of the Central Bank,

the withdrawal of the Federal, and the vanishing of the Guelph Banking . Co., scarcely any failure of moment has taken place. The manufacturers are doing well, the C. P. R. branch is within two miles of town, and many advantages therefrom are looked for on its completion.

have amounted to ninety per cent. of the liabilities. The procedure under which a debtor can thus bulldoze his creditor into signing his deed within a stipulated time, under penalty of depriving him of participation in the estate if he refuses, is certainly not in the interests of commercial integrity or of common fairness.

COD LIVER OIL.

PERFUMERY.

JAMES MCCOOL & Co., a much respected firm of general storekeepers, of Mattawa and Fort William, have assigned. This firm have dealt very largely; principally in lumber ventures, which have not proved successful. Of late, owing to being unable to sell lumber in which they were interested and being compelled to await settlement of claims against the Government and the C. P. R., they have been pinched for funds. Last January they obtained an extension of fifteen months with interest but do not appear to have benefitted by it. Their



deservedly popular in this city—but it is to Mr. Buchanan's address that most merchants will turn, and we may safely say that we seldom remember a clearer or more lucid exposition of the financial situation than his remarks contain.

The tone of his address throughout is decidedly conservative; we might almost say cautionary. It is evident that roseate views as to the immediate future do not exist among the higher bank officials. Indeed, Mr. Buchanan goes so far as to point out that it is solely due to the too favorable view of the present year's business taken last year that no bonus was paid to the shareholders this June. and consequently he deprecates any similar action at the present moment. In the case of so large an institution as the Bank of Montreal it is impossible to find profitable employment for all its funds in so limited a field as Canada affords, and the bank is, therefore, to a considerable degree dependent upon the United States for the use of a large proportion of its money. During the greater part of the last six months money has been exceptionally cheap in New York, owing to the action of the U.S. Government in purchasing twenty-five millions of its own bonds and depositing the funds in the National Banks. Naturally this brought down the value of money to a very low ebb, so that not only did the bank make no profits at the period when the largest gain is usually apparent, but was at times actually unable to place money even at $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per cent.

Turning then to Canada, Mr. Buchanan points out that although the bank's Canadian business has been far above the average, a similar condition of affairs has ruled here also. The successful marketing of Provincial and Municipal loans in Europe-has produced a glut of funds and hence a corresponding reduction in the value of money which has affected the bank's earnings. The cause of the diminution of net profits is clearly and distinctly pointed out. Last year the bank had opportunities of making money in the disposal of Government securities in England and of American securities in New York which were absent in the period under review; and there is no doubt the losses of the bank during the past year have been very heavy; in fact heavier than in any year since 1883. The number of mercantile failures have been unusually large, and when we add to these the compositions effected, both public and private, the total amount involved becomes an enormous one.

In his remarks upon the future, Mr. Buchanan leans strongly towards a depressing view. Money is, at the present moment, remarkably cheap, and there is very little prospect of improvement in the

near future. Crop prospects this year are of paramount importance since another short crop in Ontario would be certain to react disastrously on commercial prospects, and yet, at present, reports (apart from Manitoba and the Northwest) are not very cheering. Finally, in closing his address, Mr. Buchanan lays stress upon the manner in which business is now overdone in every branch, and urges upon every manufacturer and business man the necessity of curtailment. No doubt the banks have largely contributed to this unnatural expansion themselves by the freedom of their advances, which have enabled weak houses to carry. stocks, altogether disproportionate to their means; but now that a policy more in keeping with true business principles is likely to be adopted we trust this will cease, and that we shall see trade re-established once more on a sound and healthy basis,

SPECIFIC RATINGS FOR MONTREAL. In our last issue we touched upon the improvements in the fire protection of Montreal demanded by the insurance companies, in order to relieve the city of the heavy advance in rates imposed last February, and while in the main we agree with the action of the underwriters (no other course in fact being open to them after the record of the past few years coupled with the persistent refusal of the City Council hitherto to accede to the principal recommendations of the companies) there is something of far greater importance in regard to placing the business of fire insurance on a sound basis than the mere raising of rates-namely, discrimination-which is utterly ignored by what is termed a minimum tariff in which no account is taken of the height of a building, general condition thereof, exposures and so forth. We are aware that so far as special hazards are concerned much has been done to rectify this inequity in the tariff by schedule rating, but with regard to ordinary hazards, such as wholesale and retail stores, a man whose premises are in a slovenly condition, whose building is poorly constructed for its class, endangered by the close proximity of say a furniture factory; and having three or four additional tenants in the building provided none of said tenants pursue a more hazardous occupation than himself, the stock of such a man is charged the same as that of another in the like trade occupying the entire store himself, whose store may be low, well built, unendangered by external exposure and kept in first-class order. That there is rank injustice here must be patent to everyone, clearly proving either that one party is charged too little for his risk or the other too much and yet there are hundreds of cases parallel to the above in this city and the

continuance of a system which permits such a method of rating cannot fail to bring discredit upon the insurance profession if it does not eventually break up the Underwriters' Association. That specific ratings-that is charging every risk upon its own individual merits-can be worked successfully we have only to point to the Maritime Provinces. where for a number of years in New Brunswick and more recently in Nova Scotia, the plan has worked admirably, the record of the companies having been fairly satisfactory without pressing unjustly on the insured. Coming nearer home we may instance the city of Quebec, whose history in fire insur-. ance first proved the utter inadequacy of. rates, owing principally to the defective water supply and secondly to the gross inequalities of those rates when raised, albeit the advance had the desired effect of forcing the city authorities to provide a new and efficient water service. This inequality of rates has latterly been rectified in the only just and possible way, namely, by charging the premium upon each individual risk according to its merits or, in other words, Quebec has been specifically rated, which has adjusted matters fairly both for the public and the companies alike.

History is apt to repeat itself and Montreal has been passing through a phase similar in a great measure to that of Quebec, the results so far as the companies are concerned having for some years past been unprofitable owing to ineffectual fire protection, and the second stage, that of a general advance of rates, having been reached. If our City Council are not only wise but simply do their duty, they will at once give us the protection which will leave the companies neither excuse nor option but to remedy the injustice of a minimum tariff. There is no city we are convinced where the system of specific rating is so much needed as in Montreal owing not merely to the various constructions and heights of the buildings, but also to the fact already alluded to that whereas some of the buildings are in single tenure there are others which, though of exactly the same structure so far as the buildings themselves, are occupied by numerous tenants, presenting a very much more hazardous risk from an insurance stand point for which reason it is quite possible that some of the so-called omnibus blocks might, under specific rating, be charged little if any less than at present, but at all events, whether for the multiform tenancy or for external exposure a reason could always be given for the high rate, and "A" and "B" would no longer be charged the same when it is evident the former's risk is only worth half or two-thirds as much as the latter's. We are aware that a pretty serious expense would be entailed upon

the companies in undertaking to specifically rate Montreal but we believe the money would be well spent and would in the end be a good investment, for apart from removing the irritation to insurers necessarily caused by a minimum tariff, one of the results certain to follow specific ratings would be that better buildings would be constructed and more care exercised by landlords in the choice of tenants and the condition of their premises. Both the insurers and the companies would then have a common interest, the improvement of the risks and the reduction in the rate which can never be the case without specific or schedule rating, and indeed the friction in the business of fire insurance in Montreal consequent upon the inequalities of the rates has become so intense that we cannot too strongly urge companies to apply the only remedy as soon as possible.

OLD STOCK.

In perusing the accounts of the business failures, which appear week by week in the columns of our commercial summary, probably many of our readers have been struck by the fact that, of late, an unusually large proportion of the assets of the various bankrupt estates have been in stock, and that the percentage of book debts has been comparatively small in proportion to the liabilities. This would seem to indicate at first sight that the insolvents had been simply overstocked; but when we come to trace the final disposal of the estate we find the figure obtained for the stock smaller than we should rightfully expect, and therefore we can only conclude that the stock must have contained so large a percentage of old and unsaleable goods as to be only worth from 40 to 50 cents in the dollar of its nominal value.

Probably this is an error that is far more widely spread than many of our merchants imagino. It is evident that with many of our retail storekeepers the iden of converting old and useless stock into prompt cash, even at a considerable sacrifice if necessary, is not looked upon with favor. By keeping it on their shelves or in their cellars, and valuing it at only a small percentage off its prime cost, they are enabled to present statements of their position to their creditors and the mercantile agencies which are calculated to place them in a far more favorable light than their actual resources entitle them to. Consequently we find them coming to regard this stock as a tangible portion of their assets, and even venturing to look upon the possession of it as a margin upon which they can safely work.

To prove how erroneous this impression is it is only necessary to look at the dreary array of failures which we have been compelled to chronicle during the past season.

In a time of financial stringency, like that we have just passed through in Ontario, these paper margins are absolutely useless. Last season was one which tried every joint in the armour of even powerful firme, and the quantity of wrecks which strew the shores of the great current of commerce shows that it was only those who possessed a real and readily realizable surplus who were able to stem the tide. Those who relied upon the possession of margins composed of old or unsaleable goods soon found the insecurity of the basis upon which they attempted to work, and, in many instances, the possession of a far smaller sum in ready cash than was supposed to be represented by their old stock would have enabled them to pass successfully through the crisis and continue among the ranks of solvent traders.

Under these circumstances then, would it not seem preferable to sell off at once this old and shop-worn stock, even at a considerable sacrifice, notwithstanding that the nominal balance of the estate may be thereby largely reduced ? "The first loss," say many old merchants, " is always the least loss." The money thus obtained (even if it show a large deduction from the prime cost) can be used so profitably in improving the credit of the storekeeper, and in freshly assorting his stock. that what at first appears to be a heavy loss may in the long run turn out to be a source of genuine profit. Nothing is to be made by retaining old goods upon the shelves, save the very doubtful advantage of temporarily hoodwinking creditors as to the real position of affairs by including them in the surplus. No doubt the shopkeeper hesitates to do anything that would lead to hints that he was compelled to sacrifice stock in order to raise funds to meet current expenses or to arouse the suspicions of his creditors that all was not right; but the distribution of the cash resulting from the sale would do more to allay their fears than the most specious statements as to the stock on hand in comparison with the liabilities, and when a plunge must be made it is useless to stand shivering on the brink. On the one hand we have a distinct advantage to be gained; on the other hand we have only a temporary respite from pressure. The verdict of the far-seeing store-keeper will be in favor of the bolder policy since, of late, it has been equally true in commerce as in war, that he who hesitates is lost.

GREY COTTONS.

The meeting of the grey cotton section of the Cotton Combination, held in this city on Friday last, was not only well attended by representative men but was distinctly harmonious in its character. Every mill present was anxious to maintain the existing agreement, and it now seems evident that the trouble inside the ranks of the combination, which has been so much harped upon by some of the smaller trade papers, is confined purely to the colored section, and is due more to jealousy between the St. Croix and Gibson mills than to any other cause. If a minimum price for shirtings were to be fixed, it is predicted that this section too will remain in the fold, and thus the dismal prognostications of the less well-informed press are pretty certain to be disproved next August.

The grey section is certain to hold strongly together. The three mills who have not yet made their quota for export, or shut down the stipulated five weeks instead, have been ordered to do so at once, and their compliance will have the effect of reducing the output by 1,000 bales. At present the entire stock of grey cotton on hand, (verified by searching enquiry) is only 4,000 bales, or about six weeks supply, and had the jobbing houses done the amount of trade usual at this season of the year, instead of having this surplus we should have to chronicle a deficiency. The trade takes 24,000 bales every year from the mills and it says much for the ways in which consumption and output balance each other that, in two years, the whole surplus only amounts to six weeks' consumption, in spite of the fact that the year's trade, just past, was exceptionally poor and that for the past months the trade have been buying only from hand to mouth. The meeting decided to make a reduction in the minimum price of about 6 per cent. This was rendered necessary by the fact that some of the mills had taken very large orders previous to the late advance and that consequently their customers gained a distinct advantage over those of the mills who had not done so. This reduction will place everyone on the same footing and thus remove a fruitful ground of complaint With respect to the future output, a committee of three. has been formed to fix each mill's quota. The decision of this committee must be unanimous but, when once arrived at, is to be final and binding upon every member of the section.

To use the words of a prominent mill owner:--"If the mills will now give up dodging and 'playing possum' on each other everything will work harmoniously." Unfortunately a good deal of trickery has been indulged in ; the larger mills, whose requirements are more pressing, being the principal offenders. Dodges, such as we pointed out in our recent articles on this subject, have been used by astute managers to keep the letter of their agreement while contravening its spirit. It is to be hoped that this will now be severely frowned down, for it is in this that the danger to what has proved an advantage-

1100

ous combination both to manufacturer and jobber, really lies. If the mills deal honestly with each other, the meeting in. August will result in an overwhelming ratification of the agreement, but if not the elements of weakness and disintegration must always be present.

THE DOMINION BANK.

The report read at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Bank reflects great credit upon those who have directed its affairs. The fact that during a season so unfavorable to large earnings as · that of last year in Ontario, the management should have been able, not only to declare a dividend of 10 per cent. and a bonus of 1 per cent to the shareholders, but also to add \$80,000 to the reserve fund, shows an amount of skill in directing the bank's funds that fully deserves the thanks of those interested in the welfare of the institution. No doubt the fact of the capital being comparatively small and the deposits relatively large, adds materially to the earning powers of the bank, but the fact that out of \$7,665,000 of bills discounted and current only \$69,000 is overduc, and half of this even is secured, argues an amount of tact and care in the selection of risks that will be fully appreciated in financial circles. The bank's position certainly seems a strong one. The Rest now reaches the sum of \$1,150,000 on a paid up capital of one and half millions. The holding of specie, Dominion notes and provincial and municipal securities is nearly twice as large as the paidup capital; and lastly the continuous large net profits point to the efficiency and acuteness of its officers. The shareholders of the Dominion Bank have good reason to be satisfied with their investment.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

The report of the twenty-eighth annual general meeting of the shareholders of La Banque Nationale can hardly be looked upon as really indicating the position of the bank, as since the date to which it was made up the capital stock has been further reduced by 40 per cent, leaving the shares at \$30 each and the capital at \$1,200,000. There can be no doubt that the bank has suffered heavy losses, but this relief will have a favorable effect upon its future course since, after wiping off losses to the extent of some \$750,000, the management have been able to set aside \$100,000 for a reserve fund to replace the Rest long since wiped out and still leave \$36,000 at the credit of profit and loss with which to commence the present year. With skillful management and lessened burdens, we may now expect that the Nationale will again come to the front. The bitter experience of the past should lead to sterling improvement in the future, although the present moment is certainly not a favorable one for banking enterprises. The bank have replaced

the old manager in this city, Mr. C. A. Vallee, by Mr. Alfred Brunet, and it is to be hoped that the new manager will be able not only to command the business of his predecessor, but to increase it by his own connection.

TREE PEDDLERS .- We would suggest to Mr. Adam Brown, M.P., for Hamilton, that the methods of the tree peddler and plant canvasser also receive some attention at his hands. It is not alone the farmer who makes complaint in respect of these-in addition to the seed frauds of which we hear; the townsman or citizen who has a few rods of garden is also in need of consideration. Nurseries in reputed good standing, more or less, employ men who are probably honest enough in what they say when taking orders; but when the time comes for delivery the probabilities are that the arrangement is not satisfactorily carried out, and the sum is so small that rather than risk a suit the amount is paid and charged to experience. The number of complaints in this Province alone is many. People should be careful in giving such orders to write out one of their own, for that usually thrust before them leaves but little chance for dispute, and it is too lengthy to be read by people who value their time. People who buy plants or trees would do well to confine their dealings to houses of character in their own vicinity, not on account of equal climate or soil, important as these are, but because they can get the transplanting done without delay and thus save trouble and the growth of a season.

Dust !-- No sooner are the streets of Montreal free from mud than the dust begins to fly. It has been decreed that during the present scason St. James street shall not be wateredthat portion recently paved so well-and that the dust and droppings shall be swept up. Were this performed in a common sense manner there needs be little complaint; but what with the demolition of old buildings and fronts going on, the sweeps have more than usual to do, and it is done badly. Instead of gathering the refuse into little heaps or lifting it with shovels or dust-pans into bags or other receptacles, it is swished and pushed along for yards until much of it has been lifted by the broom and wind into the air and into warehouses, offices and shops, the windows of which are usually kept open in this weather. Pedestrians in vain put their handkerchiefs to their mouths and noses to keep out the filthy cloud. It penetrates everywhere, and it an epidemic comes upon us during the approaching warm weather, we cannot be much mistaken in attributing it in some degree to our constant inhalation of street dust.

A DECISION has been given in the case of Sylvestre versus J. G. Davie. This was a test case arising out of the insolvency of W. H. Parsons & Co., general agents, who, it will

be remembered, assigned some time ago, leaving a number of creditors to mourn the loss of considerable sums. Mr. Davie, a wealthy capitalist, was understood to be a special partner in the concern, but he denied all responsibility, claiming that though he was to have a share in the profits it was distinctly stated that he was not to be responsible for any losses and accordingly the present case was taken to test the question whether Mr. Davie was liable or not Judge Gill gave a strong judgment in favor of the creditors, holding that the deed of partnership, which stipulated that he was to receive a percentage of the profits, rendered him equally liable for the losses. The judgment is a most important one for the various creditors, and renders the defendant liable for about \$25,000.

The statement of the result of the business of the Bank of Toronto for the year ended 31st May, 1888, is as follows : The balance at credit of profit and loss on 31st May, 1887, was....\$ 20,054 32 The net profits for the year, after making full provision for all lossesanddeducting expenses. interest accrued on deposits and rebate on cur-· discounts, rent amount to the sum of \$260,460 55 Amount recovered from debts written off in previous years 30,000 00 \$290,460 55 \$310,514 87 This sum has been appropriated as follows : Dividend No. 63, four ...\$ 80,000 00 per cent.... Dividend No. 64, four 80.000 00 per cent....

Added to rest account 100,000 00 Carried forward to

Bonus of two per cent.

next year.....

40,000 00

\$310,514 87

The earnings, including last year's balance and amount recovered from debts formerly written off, show the highly satisfactory proportion of 15 per cent. to capital. The "Rest" has beeu increased by \$100,000 and is now \$1,350,000. It is evident that the General Manager's long working hours have been employed to some purpose to attain such results.

A DEMAND of assignment has been taken out by Messrs. Hurteau & Frere, of this city, against Mr. W. Little, who does an extensive lumber business here and in Three Rivers. It is understood this step is taken in order to prevent certain transfers of his assets to his principal creditor in Quebec. Mr. Little owns some valuable limits on Rat River and also in Megantic county, which are sure to increase in value, but, although a man of strict probily, he has always been looked upon as visionary and over sanguine, and as being better as a writer on lumber statistics than as a practical man. The total liabilities will not fall far short of 2200,000; the principal creditors being James Ross, 880,000; Bank of Montreal, 24,000; Banque du Peuple, 17,000(said to be secured); E. H. Lemay, 10,000, and E. B. Eddy, 7,000. The ascets, consisting principally of timber limits, are valued at 111,000. Mr. S. C. Fatt has been appointed to act for Mr. Ross and the usual ten days have been granted to fyle a supplementary statement.

The statement of the result of the business of the Canadian Bank of Commerce for the eleven months ended the 31st May, 1888, is as follows:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING 31ST MAY, 1888.

\$514,673 50

\$514,673 50

It will be observed that after providing for all bad and doubtful debts and paying seven per cent to the shareholders, the sum of \$100,000 has been added to the Rest.

PETER VALIQUETTE, of Ottawa, dealer in clothing and gent's furnishings, commenced business about the first of March. On commencing, he gave a chattel mortgage to Joseph Horsfall, of Montreal, to secure payment for a bill of goods of about \$1,400 at the rate of \$89 per week, the mortgage covering after acquired stock. About the same time he bought goods from other firms to the amount of about \$2,000. It appears that he was unable to meet his payments to Mr. Horsfall, as the stock has already been sold under the chattel mortgage, bringing but 65 cents and the other creditors are mourning. An action has been commenced to set aside the chattel mortgage as a fraudulent preference.

BARNES' SHOOK FACTORY, an industry recently established at Ottawa, and employing over 100 hands, was destroyed by fire last week. The building belonged to Mr. John Rochester. The loss is nearly \$100,000. As Messrs Barnes Bros. suffered a severe loss recently by the burning of their Vermont mills, somo doubt is expressed as to whether they will rebuild at Ottawa.

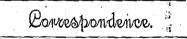
WHEN an editor is compelled to rely upon deliberate fulsification of the statements made by his critics in order to bear out his assertions, it is evident that his case is a bad one. In an attempted reply to our just strictures upon the gross error he made in his interpretation of the tea cable, our smallest contemporary deliberately distorts our plain statements in order to help himself off the horns of a dilemma. We wointed out clearly and distinctly that when he took the cabled price of \$40 for "garden pickings" for that of "choice," compared it with \$32 (the true quotation for "choice"), and at once jumped to the conclusion that this quality had dcclined \$8 per picul, he made an absurd error. In order to avoid blame for his stupidity he now has the audacity to garble our plain statement and to assert that we only questioned the accuracy of the \$32 rate. This is a perversion of the truth which our readers will estimate at its true value, and which will expose its author to the contempt of honest business men.

Fon the first time in the history of the English flour trade Russia has appeared as a competitor in this line. Large quantities of low grade Russian flour is now offering at \$23 per ton of 2,240 pounds delivered in Hull, or about \$2.871 per sack of 280 lbs. This will have a depressing effect upon our markets here, as it will make the English market independent of American and Canadian flour, so far as low grades are concerned. It now looks as if England would be able to do without American flour, if necessary, for the balance of the season.

Our correspondent at Teeswater, Ont., writes that trade in his district has been very quiet and, had it not been for indulgence granted, some of the business men of the locality would have found difficulty in meeting their paper. So far as agriculture is concerned the season has been most backward. Winter wheat has suffered severely though not so largely in that vicinity as in other parts of the county. Farmers, however, out of their past experience, say that backward springs are often the fore-runners of excellent harvests, and hope accordingly.

PRESCOTT COUNTY ITEMS .- The friends of Vincent Lortic, formerly of Hawkesbury Village, now of Manistee, Michigan, will be glad to hear of his success. He has now ample field to display those wonderful commercial and financial abilities which distinguished his career in Hawkesbury .--- E. W. Rochon, hotel-keeper, Hawkesbury Village, has succumbed to financial difficulties. He struggled long and valiantly, but in vain. Assets, \$2000; liabilities, unsecured. \$7000; distributed among upwards of one hundred creditors, and ranging in amount from one dollar to \$500. All who know mine host of the Hawkesbury Hotel know that there never was anything small about him. Whatever he does he does in style. His career was a brilliant one-so is its close,-

Assignments do have their comic features. One of our younger merchants engaging in the cordwood business got beyond his depth in about six months At a meeting of his creditors he gave the usual statement, liabilitics \$3,000, assets \$0,000, and upon being asked the cause of his difficulties, replied: "Well, you see all that smoke along the Ottawa River this summer ?" "Yes, but what has that to do with it?" "Why that Whether was my cordwood being burnt up." his reasons were accepted as satisfactory we cannot tell, but our friend got his discharge and is once more in business. At a meeting of the creditors, the insolvent-whom in this case we will call Jones-who had been a second time through the mill, submitted an offer of 40 on the dollar, payable in 3, 6, 9 and twelve months, which was at once accepted and the meeting closed. He was afterwards heard musing in the following strain : "Jones you are a d-d fool. Three years ago you paid 75c on the dollar, to-day you get off with 40c; 75c and 40c that is \$1.15 you are paying on the dollar. Jones, you can't do it. You must either make another assignment or retire from business." Notwithstanding hard times, depressions, commercial crises, and the many other blights to which trade and commerce are liable, business in this district is fairly prosperous. We have of course our share of assignments or attempts to take a short cut to wealth by means of our Creditor's Relief Act, but they are almost if not altogether mercantile adventurers with no capital but cheek and no hope for success but the credulity of the wholesale dry goods men. -The Hochelaga Bank proposes opening a branch at Vankleek Hill. This will be a great boon to a large district, and we trust a source of profit to the bank .- Few towns or villages in Ontario can boast of a fairer commercial record than the village of Vankleek Hill. In reality a town with a large volume of business, during the past decade there have been only three failures or assignments, with liabilities in the aggregate under \$8000.



To the Editor of the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE :-

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of lst inst you say you would be happy to hear from any of your readers who disagreed with you on the question as to "What per cent. profit a man "would make who purchased an article for "\$100 and sold it for \$150 ?" I hold the proper business answer is that he would make 50 per. cent. advance, or 33 per cent. profit; because, although from the point of view of the merchant he bought from he makes 50 per cent, from the standpoint of the last buyer only $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sum he received was profit.

Supposing A sells B a bill of \$100 and A learns that B sold C the same for \$150, cortainly A would say B made fifty per cent, profit; but O would hold B had only made 33; per cent, profit on the amount he had handed to B; and supposing B told C that he had made 50 per cent. profit on the deal, I hold C would be under the impression that B had made \$75 instead of \$50.

The "advance" is always larger than the profit. For example: —I buy an article at \$1. If I add an advance of 50 per cent. and sell it at \$1.50 I make a profit on the transaction of 33 per cent. Similarly I buy an article for \$1.50 and add an advance of 33 per cent. This leaves me a profit of 25 per cent. It just depends upon from whose standpoint the transaction is looked at. To the original seller the profit certainly appears to be 50 per cent., but to the last buyer and seller it actually represents only 33} per cent. Yours truly,

WILLIAM B. CRAIG.

Montreal, 4th June, 1888.

[Mr. Craig's argument is certainly a strong one. In all large houses it is usual to calculate the profits on the returns. In England the rule is that managers of departments show the percentage of profit on the sales and not on the cost price.—ED. J. or C.]

MR. FRED. J. PENFOLD, of Conticooke asks us to publish the following letter which is cut from the Richmond Guardian:--

Conticooke, May 30, 1888.

In the month of April I leased the late Col; Ready Farm, at Melbourne, Que, with the option of purchase at \$3,500. I leased it only option of purchase at \$3,500. to sell, and Mr Forbes, of Ransom, Forbes; grocers of Montreal, well known in Richmond and vicinity, offered to buy it, giving his villa in Newington, Ont., and \$1,000 cash in I went to Newington, saw the exchange. villa, liked it, and agreed to make the exchange. I may say that Mr. Forbes told me that I could easily get a loan of \$2,000 on the Newington property, I tried but failed, none of the loan coys. would take village property. My friends thought me a tool for saddling myself with a villa in Ontario, but here is where I showed my lack of wisdom. Mr. Forbes one day proposed that we should give each other a bond to give and accept a deed of respective properties within 30 days under penalty of \$200. The bond expires to-day and I am mulcted in \$200 which I will pay like a man when I get ready. I leave the public to judge whether it is fair.

FRED J. PENFOLD.

RE A AND B.—" Castor " of Quebec writes: —In 'reply to the invitation made in your issue of the 1st instant, I beg to say that if you ald 50 per cent. on cost you only make 334 per cent, profit on sales. In my opinion profits should be calculated on sales and not on costrof the goods.

A TORONTO Subscriber writes :--- "Seeing the question of 'percentage of profit' on a transaction, on 3rd column, page 1056, of this week's JOURNAL, I beg to submit a somewhat similar problem, the result of which might satisfy your subscriber:--A man sells 24 horses at \$125,00 each; on the 1st 12 he makes 25 per cent.; on the 2nd 12 he loses 25 per cent. Query, how does he come out on the whole deal?

Meetings, &c.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Montreal was held in the Board room of the institution on Monday afternoon and was largely attended. Among those

present were Sir Donald Smith (president), Messrs. Hugh McLennan, Gilbert Scott, W. C. McDonald, A. T. Paterson, E. B. Greenshields, B. B. Angus, R. W. Shepherd, John Grawford, J. H. R. Molson, Hon. Thomas Ryan, Robert Anderson, Thomas Workman, George Macrae, Q. C., Hector MacKenzie, Jesso Joseph, John Dunlop, J. L. Morris, James O'Brien, F. S. Lyman, Rudolphe Forget, A. C. Clark, R. G. Stark, Robert Benny, D. R. Stoddart, J. Morrison, A. M. Crombie, James Burnett, Thos. Peck, Henry Joseph, G. Stratby, Henry Yates, Angus Hooper, J. B. Loarmont, D. McCarthy (Sorel), A. H. Lunn, B. A. Boas, J. P. Scott, Campbell Lane, W. J. Buchanan, W. H. Meredith and others.

On the motion of Mr. H. Yates, Sir Donald Smith, K.C.M.G., was requested to take the chair.

Mr. Robt. And<u>creon</u> moved, seconded by Mr. Alex. Clark :

That the following gentlemen be appointed to act as scrutineers: Messrs. James Burnett and F. S. Lyman, and that Mr. A. B. Buchanan be the secretary of this meeting.—Carried.

THE DIRECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT.

The President then called upon the general manager to read the annual report of the directors, which was as follows :--

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the seventieth annual report, showing the result of the bank's business for the year ended 30th April, 1888 :--

Balance of profit and loss account, 30th April, 1887....\$ 605,740 35 Profits for the year ended 30th April, 1888, after deducting charges of management, and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts..... 1,284,501 17

From which has to be deducted : Dividend 5 per cent.

paid 1st Dec., 1887..\$ 600,000 Dividend 5 per cent. payable June 1, 1888 600,000

-----\$1,200,000 00

Balance of profit and loss carried forward \$690,241 52

Note.—Market price of Bank of Montreal stock 30th April, 1888, 2123; equal to \$425.50 per share.

Attention was drawn last year to the fact that the deposits had fallen off about 55,000,-000. This amount has been more than recovered, and a reference to the annexed General Statement will show an addition of upwards of \$6,000,000 during the past twelve months.

The loans and discounts and balances due by foreign agents have increased to a corresponding degree.

The Head Office and all the branches have passed through the usual thorough inspection during the year just past.

In the preceding Annual Report it was intimated that preparations were being made for establishing a branch in Vancouver; this has been done, and in connection with it an office in the adjoining town of New Westminster has lately been opened.

Since the last annual meeting the Directors have had cause to regret the loss by death of their late collengue, the Hon. John Hamilton, who had served on the Board for the space of nearly five years. The vacancy caused by Mr. Hamilton's death has been filled by the election of the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott to the Directorate. DONALD A. SMITH,

President.

•	GENERAL STATEMENT, 30TH APRIL, 1888.
4	Liabilities.
$\cdot \mathbf{R}$	apital stock\$6,000,000 00
B	alance of profits carri d forward 690,241 52
-	\$6,690,241 52
	nclaimed divi- dends 10,137 52
E	lalf-yearly divi- dend, payable
	June 1, 1888 600,000 00
	\$19,300,379 04
4	mount of noiss of the bank in
	circulation \$5,467,743 00
)	Deposits not bear- ing interest 9,390,525 92
1	Deposits bearing interest 14,325,780 23
1	Balances due to
	other banks in Canada 148,782 97
ļ	\$48,633,211 16
ł	Assets.
11	Holdandsilvercoincurrent\$1,835,39828Howt1,872,01625
	Balances due from
Ł	other banks in
١.	Canada\$ 178,563 24
1	of this bank and
ł.	other banks in
	for'gn countries 9,788,295 47 same
E	Duefromagencies
Į	ofthisbankand
ł	other banks in
	Great Britain. 1,333,576 43 \$11,300,435 14
	Notes and cheques of other
1	banks 1,138,971 50
	\$16,146,821 17
	Loans and bills
	discounted\$31,442,541 50
ł	Debts secured by
1	mortgage and other security 317,222 24
	Overdue debts
	not specially
	se ured (esti-
	mated loss pro-
·	vided for) 116,626 25
Ē	Bank premises at Montreal and
	branches 600,000 00
, [\$48,633,211 16
1	
	W. J. BUCHANAN, (teneral Managar

1108

General Manager. Bank of Montreal, Montreal, April 30, 1888.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Sir Donald Smith, in moving the adoption of the report, said :--You have just heard the report read and you will see by it that on the 30th April last there was a balance, speaking in round numbers, of \$605,000; that the profits of the last year, up to the 30th April, were \$1,284,501, or, altogether, \$1,890,000. If we take from that two dividends of 5 per cent, it leaves \$690,000 or about \$65,000 more than is shown by the balance of the previous year. The profits for last year were roundly speaking \$ per cent, and the profits for this year 103 per cent, or about 2 per cent of a difference. To have given a bonus of 1 per cent, would

have required to have taken from last year's balance some \$10,000. Although it would have been very pleasing to your directors to have paid a bonus of one per cent or even two per cent, they felt that they had to consider-and very carefully to consider-the interests of their shareholders. During the past year, as you are aware, the harvest was a partial failure in Ontario, which had its effect upon the profits of this bank as well as upon the profits of banks generally. There were also last year two failures of banks in Canada, and one of them a very disastrous failure. Taking this into consideration, and also remembering that, although not politically connected with our neighbors on the other side of the line, we know that during the year of a presidential election there is always a disturbance, more or less, of business; considering again, that it is uncertain what the outcome of the crops for the present year may be, and that the fall wheat is not well reported of. your directors have thought that they would be acting most to your advantage and your. interest by giving only a dividend of 5 per cent., making 10 per cent, in all for the past twelve months.

Those who come to look back some nine years will recollect that in 1879 it was found necessary in order to make up the ordinary dividend to take \$500,000 from the "Rest." They will also recollect that in the following year of 1880 the dividend was only 9 per cent. Now we do not wish to be obliged to repeat this. All along it has been said to you by your directors that their earnest wish and great desire was to have a steady dividend of 10 per cent, and after that so much of a bonus as they thought it was quite safe to give, keeping intact the Rest and having at the same time a sufficient balance to meet all contingencies. The directors believe that in examining and considering the result of the business for the last year they have made provision for everything which could be considered bad, and they further believe that the Bank of Montreal at this moment is in every way in a condition for transacting its business to the best advantage. They regret very much not being able to give a bonus which would, no doubt, be very pleasing to certain classes of the community-especially those generally spoken of as " on the street," those who had speculated by endeavoring to advance the market price of the stock by "bulling" it, as the term goes. It is not in the province of your directors to consider such.

A Shareholder-Hear, hear.

Sir Donald Smith-It is the duty of the directors to look to what may be most to the advantage of their shareholders. In passing I might say that at no time in the existence of this bank have the directors had so great an individual interest in the stock of the bank as an investment, as has been the case with the members of your Board during the past year. This fact, apart from their wish to discharge their duty faithfully towards you, will also be considered as an incentive to give whatever dividend or bonus they can possibly give with safety. Having gone back last year to the position of affairs which existed before the late lamented Mr. Smithers became president of the bank we thought it proper that the duty of placing before you an extended statement of the affairs of the bank should rest with the general manager. As you know, Mr. Smithers was not only president of the bank but he also occupied the position of joint general manager. At present the president does not occupy this latter office. The president and vice-president are the representative members of the board, and Mr. Buchanan takes the place vacated by Mr. Smithers. Mr. Buchanan

will therefore put before you an extended statement of the business for last year. While regretting that we cannot show a better exhibit now, we are not without hope for the future. Should we have, which we hope may be the case, good crops in the eastern provinces and in the Northwest-and especially from the Northwest we hear very good accounts-we believe that with this and other favorable circumstances the outlook for next year ought not to be unsatisfactory. I may say here, that had it not been for the bountiful crops in the Northwest and Manitoba last year the situation throughout the country, considering the partial failure in Ontario, would cer ainly not be so good as it is at present. We have got rid of the burden of the Lake St. Peter debt, that incubus which has been hanging over the harbor of Montreal and over the people of Montreal for so long a time. I may be permitted to say that this shows us what persistent determination in a good cause can effect. I hope that in every other instance in which the people of Montreal are concerned they will be as determined to uphold their rights and to obtain what properly belongs to them. Another act of legislation this year which will also do good to banking institutions, is the Warehousing act, which has been extended to manufacturers of cotton and woollen goods, and to distillers, so that the advances made by banks to those industries are now in a better position than before and better secured. The prospeets are very good in the Northwest. The extent of ground broken up is much greater during the last year than formerly and should the crop be a fairly good one we may certainly look upon it that Manitoba and the Northwest will contribute largely to the prosperity of the whole country. The Sault Ste. Marie route affords us a new inlet into Canada, and having gone over that route within the last three weeks or so, and knowing something of the Western States for a good many years before, I can say that my friends and myself were surprised beyond measure to see the great advances that had been made within the last five or six years. We feel satisfied, and I think I am quite safe in saying to you, that Canada will benefit greatly from having this road and from having so much of the produce of that country brought into and through Canada. Another encouraging feature for us is the evidence we have of the high credit of our country in the European market. We have seen that for a certain loan put on the market within the last week some ten times, or more than ten times, the actual amount was bid for. In some respects, however, the prospects are not very promising, and I do think that very great caution is required. I think we have been producing far too largely in cotton, agricultural implements and some other manufactures, and I think that manufacturers and merchants alike have to look very care-fully to the future. Still with ordinary prudence I am 'satisfied we have no cause to despond, but that we have every reason to believe that the country will go forward prospering, and that with the prosperity of the country your bank and stock you hold in it will appreciate year by year. At any rate you may fairly expect a fixed ten per cent. dividend on your stock, and that the manage-ment of the bank will be such as will onsure for you the full benefit of the prosperity of the country. We very much regret the loss of the Hon. John Hamilton, one of the members of the board, during the past year. The directors were glad to be able to induce the Hon. Mr. Abbott to fill the vacancy which so occurred. Mr. Abbott is well known to all of you, and I am sure you will consider that the

choice is a good one. I move, seconded by Mr. Gilbert Scott :

That the report of. the directors, now read, he adopted and printed for distribution among the shareholders.

Mr. Gilbert Scott— As seconder of the report it is not necessary for me to say anything as the president has explained everything to you. I second the adoption of the report.

The President-I would ask Mr. Buchanan, the general manager, to make his statement to you.

THE GENERAL MANAGER'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Buchavan, the general manager, then said-I do not propose to make any very extended remarks in connection with the statements just submitted to you, but it may be interesting to sketch, as briefly as possible, the course of the money market during the past bank year, as its condition, especially in the United States, has an important bearing on our profits. In England money ruled easy at 2 per cent. until August when the Bank of England rate was raised to 3 per cent. On 1st September it was advanced to 4 per cent, and so continued till the close of the year, not so much apparently from actual scarcity of money as from the fear of it. During the first three months of the present year it came down steadily, until it reached 2 per cent in March, where it remained until the other day when it was raised to 3 per cent. In the United States there was a severe stringency in the last week of June; it did not last long, but the fear of a repetition of it, kept money pretty steady until the end of December. The action of the Government in purchasing its own Bonds to the extent of \$25,000,000, and also of depositing the funds in the National Banks, not only prevented excessive rates, but (unfortunately for us) had a good deal to do with the reduction in the value of money to a very low point, the best rates obtainable now being $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per cent, and on several occasions lately we have not been able to place our money even at those figures. So that during the latter part of the last six months, when we generally look for our largest profits, circumstances were dead against us. There has been a considerable shipment of gold during the past month, and it is to be hoped this will continue and induce a dearer money market.

In Canada money has followed pretty much the same course; owing to over importation, poor cash collections, the unusually heavy demands of the lumbermen, the absorption of capital in real estate, and other causes, the surplus of loanable funds was reduced last autumn and an advance in the rates of interest. was only natural. Relief came towards spring by the successful marketing in London and Paris of Provincial and Municipal Bonds, and the rates have been lowered again. It is to be hoped that the Government will act on the power taken lately and reduce the rate of interest on deposits in their savings bank from 4 to 3] per cent. It seems a waste of public money to allow a higher rate for deposits liable to be withdrawn at short notice than would have to be paid for a long loan. Then, again, these savings can be used to more advantage to the country if lodged with the banks, but the competition between the Government and the banks is not on equal terms as the the banks must of necessity carry a reserve in coin or legal tender notes against their deposits, while the Government carry none. If the Government rate was brought down to 31 or 3 per cent. the banks would then have some chance. The question you are probably most interested in is the reason for the large falling off in the net profits this year as compared with last.

The decrease-\$235,000-is very close to the amount of bonus given to you a year ago, and I may say at the outset, that had we been able to see far enough ahead at the time, your directors would probably have only declared a bonus of 1 per cent, and in that case the profits of the two years would have been about equal, and a similar bonus could have been paid this year also. The causes for the diminution in net profits are twofold, viz. : smaller profits and larger losses. Last year we had a considerable amount of Dominion Government securities which were disposed of in England at a handsome profit, and we also made money on the sale of American securities in New York. This year we have had no similar opportunities, and were it not that our Canadian business has been above the average we should not have been able to make so good a showing as we have done The very low rates before alluded to, which have prevailed in New York for the last three or four months, have also curtailed our profits very materially. Then, I am sorry to say, our losses last year exceeded the average-we have had nothing like them since 1883. As you know it has been a trying time-two banks have failed-one very disgracefully and disastrously to its depositors, and another has, been forced into liquidation. There have been two or three large mercantile failures and a number of smaller ones, while in many cases, though no actual bankruptcy took place, compromises have been effected.

Merchants bewail absence of profits and many bad debts, and it is, therefore, not very surprising that the bank, with so immense a business in this country, has suffered a good With all our care, every year tells us sees cannot be escaped. The system d. al. that losses cannot be escaped. of long credits, which prevails in Canada, adds materially to the hazards of business. We endeavor to exercise the greatest possible care in lending our money, but we must take the risks incident to banking business in Canada, or look abroad for the employment of the bulk of our capital. But now about the losses, for which we had to provide in the past year, it is only right to state that a great portion of them should more properly have come out of the previous year's profits. We took rather too sanguine a view of the future, and of the condition of two or three of our accounts in particular-they were weaker than we supposed-and the failure of crops in Ontario last year brought matters to a crisis. Bearing that in mind and the extent to which another failure of the crop would affect the prosperity of the country, the Directors were impressed with the necessity of exercising more than ordinary caution in estimating the present position of our assets, and the future prospects of the bank. We believe ample appropriations have been made for all losses, and that the bank to-day is in as sound a position as it ever occupied, and we feel confident that the shareholders will approve the conservative policy adopted.

As to the future, you will see from our general statement that we have plenty of money to lend, and all we require is a profitable field to place it in. Ganada is limited, and we must always calculate on using a good deal of our money in the neighboring States—the prospects of large earnings there in the immediate future are, as I have already said, very poor. We shall hope that a more active demand will spring up before long, although it looks as if low rates would last at least during the summer. We are obliged to hold reserves there from motives of prudence. Keeping as we do large accounts, and being in some cases the Bankers for other Banks we are occasionally drawn on for large , sums without notice and if we were obliged to with-

draw money from our restricted local markets to meet these demands, you can see how disorganizing it would be to the general finances of the country. In New York we could always get in all our call money in 24 hours without creating the slighest excitement, or causing a murmur, which would be an im-possibility in Canada. Employing this large amount of our funds in the United States, the interest ruling there will always be an important factor in our Profits, and it need not be surprising, therefore, if the net result does not always compare favorably with that of other banks, who have not the same necessity for carrying large reserves in foreign markets. Still we have paid not less than 10 per cent. for a number of years, sometimes more, and not many banks in this country can show a a better record.

The crop prospects in Canada, apart from Manitoba and the Northwest, are not very cheering, the season has been extremely backward, and the winter wheat has been materially damaged. But fortunately Canada is not now dependent on its grain crop to anything like the extent it used to be-cattle, cheese, butter, and even eggs produce a great deal of money and the spring crops may turn out well, and in that case the loss of the winter wheat would not be very much felt The lumber trade looks promising, and sales have already been made at remunerative prices. Looking at the whole situation, although it is not bright, there is no special occasion for despondency, if bankers, manu-facturers and merchants will only recognize the facts as they are and face them squarely. Business has undoubtedly been much overdone for a good many years, curtailment is annually preached to both Merchants and manufacturers, but it never seems to come in sufficient quantity. There has been no season for a long time back when it was more necessary than it is now. The cotton mills show a strong tendency to over-manufacture -the output should be materially reduced. This also applies to manufacturers of agricultural implements. Stocks of goods all through the country are undoubtedly excessive, and merchants must cut down their importations with an unsparing hand, and scrutinize their credits with more than ordinary care. Bankers themselves have undeniably contributed largely to this state of affairs by too great readiness in the matter of single name advances, particularly to the dry goods trade, enabling them to carry stocks altogether out of proportion to the capital embarked in this business. Unless this is changed trade cannot be placed on a sound and healthy basis.

In conclusion I would like to be permitted to say a few words regarding dividends and bonuses. The first, our late president told you some years ago, we calculated on main-taining at 10 per cent., and the object of carrying forward a large amount at credit of profit and loss account each year was to ensure that rate in the event of any great mishap. But I would ask you always to consider a bonus as an exceptional thing-not to be calculated on but viewed in the light of an agreeable surprise. Sir Donald Smith, speaking as vice-president at the annual meeting in 1884, in the absence of the president through illness, plainly indicated this. He said, in effect, the attainment of the full rest of \$6,-000,000 would give assurance of a steady dividend, and, he trusted, a bonus from time to time. Not, as you will remember, a bonus as a regular thing. The fact that a bonus has been given for three succeeding years no doubt may, have encouraged the expectation that they would be paid every year; but the outcome for the last twelve months has proved that this could not have been done now without reducing the profit and loss account below the amount the directors think? it should be maintained at, say \$600,000, and I am sure the prudent course in that respect decided on by the directors, will commend itself to all shareholders who look to the permanent interest of the bank. I have now, I think, gone over all the ground, but if there is any more information required, I shall be happy to answer any question to the best of my ability. The President—We shall now be glad to

The President—We shall now be glad to hear from any gentleman present who may desire to address the meeting.

After some remarks from Mr. John Morrison,

Mr. Henry Yates, of Brantford, trusted that the directors would see their way clear to lay a more detailed account of the working of the bank before the shareholders. Although it was a very nice thing for a shareholder to handle his bonus, he did not complain that they had not got one, and he felt it was for the best, as he had always placed his most unbounded confidence in the management of the institution, and knew them to be both capable and honest. Anything told to the shareholders by the directors he felt that all could put their implicit belief in. He regretted the absence of the Hon. Mr. Abbott from the meeting, because that gentleman had done good service to the country in Parliament by breaking up the bucket shops, and he thought he might perhaps impress on him the necessity for some legislation which would better protect the shareholders in So far as the shareholders were conbanks. cerned they had no "N. P." at all. The money of those who invested in banking institutions circulated through every channel of commerce and they did greater good to the country through their savings than perhaps any other class of community. At present bank shareholders had no protection and this condition of things should be altered. He advocated the appointment of an auditor by the Government to look after the monthly statements of the banks and the responsibility of the Government to the shareholders in the event of anything going wrong. While be-lieving that the expenditure made by the management was wise and prudent in the interests of the bank, he suggested to them that they should consider the question of economizing in the future. Mr. Yates indulged in some good humored criticism on recent and current affairs which was listened to with marked attention. Although a railway man himself, the experience in Canada did not favor railway men as bank directors, and he thought these should be chosen to a still greater extent from among our leading merchants. His report of a western member's description of the "railway cow" at Ottawaher dry and low condition, notwithstanding Sir Chas. Tupper's knowledge of physic,and the prospect of his procuring some improved stock while in England, provoked visible laughter in what is usually so grave an assembly. He concluded with a humorous description of his visit to the handsome new premises of the bank in Toronto. The space at our disposal will not permit us to give the full text of Mr. Yates' "felicitous" remarks the term applied to them by Sir Donald Smith.

Mr. John Orawford—Mr. President, I suppose the moral of Mr. Yates' speech is, that you must not look to the future for too bright a prospect and that our interest depends upon close attention and keeping down useless expenditures in the management of the bank. Last, year, in my innoconce, I suggested to you, Mr. President, the propriety of initialing the payment of a six per cent semi-aunual

1106

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

dividend. As you had already secured your phim of \$6,000,000, and the very handsome contingent fund of \$600,000, I took it, for granted that that was an opportune moment to inaugurate this six per cent semi-annual dividend. I am, however, now prepared to admit, Mr. President, that you were wise in your generation. You did not see fit to your generation. You did not see fit to accept the gauntlet which I threw down; you were in a better position to know the assets of this institution than an outsider like myself; in fact you spoke from the book. With reference to the election of a director to take the place of the late Senator Hamilton, 1 might say that the same remarks which I made on a previous occasion when that excellent choice was made in the person of my friend Mr. McDonald, are applicable now, that as the period for the general election had so nearly approached, it might have been courteous to have permitted the shareholders generally to have participated in the election of such a qualified director as the Hon. Senator Abbott, but good and sufficient reasons, no doubt, have induced you to do otherwise. With reference to the appointment itself, I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that the choice could not have been timproved upon. Ilis profound legal lore, his experience in commercial law and his influence makes him an especially desirable director. The policy, however, of recruiting your ranks from other banks, Mr. President, is another point that I am not prepared to discuss, further than to say that it is just possible that reprisals might be made, and I should not like to see a raid made upon the Bank of Montreal and the creme de la creme of our directors carried off. But I am propared to admit that the bank, has secured a very valuable addition to its board in the election of Senator Abbott; but if this bank has attained such an excellent result, what must the Merchants Bank not have lost. I think, Mr. President, some gentleman said the shareholders would be perfectly satisfied even with an 8 per cent. dividend, but I think that there are few shareholders who will endorse that sentiment. If my memory serves me rightly, in 1874, a shareholder, instead of being satisfied with an 8 per cent. dividend, brought it before the then president and said : "I trust there is no intention on the part of the board to inaugurate a 10 per cent. dividend, payable half-yearly." They were then paying 8 per cent. half-yearly, and he wished to prevent them increasing it from 8 to 10 per cent. At that time, I think, the dividend was 6 per cent., with a bonus of 2 per cent. Now, as you have said, our late president intimated that he thought he was prepared to say that 10 per cent, would be the minimum of dividends which this bank would pay, and, therefore, I am not disposed to accept the suggestion to reduce it to eight per cent. We all deplore the losses, which must have been exceptional, that have led to the dropping of the bonus paid last year. I may say, Mr. President, that a friend intimated to me a short time ago that it would be desirable, seeing that the bouns cannot be continued, to initiate a quarterly dividend of 21 per cent, paying a bonus when a fund for that purpose had been realized. It occurred to me that the suggestion was an admirable one, and I know that it would popularize this bank. I believe it is the tendency of the age to pay quarterly dividends. The British consols now, I believe, pay a quarterly dividend, and I therefore see no impropriety, whatever, in inaugurating an annual dividend of 10 per cent. payable quarterly. Of course I expect opposition from the management side of the house because it will entail a little more labor, but even that labor I think is, as a rule, exagger-

お見出しい

の日の見たるとなってい

ated, and if it were once established I am sure every shareholder would be delighted. I would like to add a word with reference to the gross earnings. I have heard the presi-dent himself say that you are desirous of taking the shareholders into your confidence, and I would like, Mr. President, an illustration of that confidence by your producing next year a statement of the gross earnings of the bank. By so doing we will be able to arrive at something like a definite percentage of the expenses in proportion to the manage-ment of the bank. There is a feeling abroad expenses have increased very We all know what salaries and that the materially. emoluments were created in prosperous time, and these should not apply forever unless there be corresponding results. I merely throw out this hint feeling assured that in the near future the shareholders: will insist upon having a statement of the gross earnings, be-cause there is no other means by which they can know whether the bank is extravagantly or economically managed. Is it not fair and reasonable that that information should be placed in our hands? I know bank managers, as a rule, are opposed to the payment of maximum dividends and prefer to tickle the tastes of the shareholders by an occasional bonus. I trust that this contingent fund will not be encroached upon until it reaches a million dollars, and that after that you will elect to pay a six per cent semi-annual dividend or a quarterly dividend of 21 or 3 per cent. Before sitting down I would also like to ask what the appropriations for bad and doubtful debts have been during the past and doubtuit doub have been during the past year? I think the management of all banks are in the habit of saying that they have made ample provision for all bad and doubtful debts, and of furnishing the shareholders with the net result, but I think they would like to know what the appropriations for this purpose have been during the past year. I wish also to allude to one other point and that is that it has b. en suggested to me that this bank holds a considerable amount of provincial bonds. There has been some little flurry and excitoment in the newspapers as to the propriety of calling them in and reissuing them at a smaller figure. If it is not too inquisitive, might I ask, if the bank itself holds such securities, and what is the impression with reference to them ? Sir Donald Smith-I need hardly say that

we have listened with very great interest to the remarks made by Mr. Morrison, Mr. Yates, and Mr. Crawford, and it is satisfactory to the board to know that our policy of being conservative in the management is endorsed by those gentlemen, as no doubt it will be by the shareholders generally. Mr. Crawford re-ferred last year to the election of a director almost immediately before the annual meeting. I then mentioned in reply to him that the loard were only acting in accordance with the provision of the by-law of the bank which to provide for a vacancy in the directorate, says:--"Then the remaining directors shall from the qualified shareholders fill up the vacancy for the unexpired period." I am glad that Mr. Crawford has expressed his unqualified satisfaction with the appointment that has been made. With regard to quarterly dividends, and publication of gross earnings, I have no doubt that the board which may be elected now will be very glad to take the proposition into their careful consideration. It has not been customary to give information with regard to profits, and I am not prepared to do so now, With reference to Mr. Graw-ford's question regarding the Province of Quebee Bonds, I can answer that the bark holds something like \$60,000 of these bonds. We have seen it stated in some newspapers

that the Premier of the Procince of Quebec had expressed himself to the effect that it was not only possible, but that it was quite legal for the province to call in these bonds and securities at par, and to consolidate them at a lower rate of interest without the consent of the bondholders. This report is not substantiated, and we can hardly suppose that the Hon. Mr. Mercier, who is so astute and ex-perienced, and who has so much responsibility devolving upon him-even if this consolida-tion were possible, which we really cannot bring ourselves to believe-would make such a statement. I should hope that the honorable gentleman has been misinterpreted. I cannot think that the Government of the province would treat these bonds and securities as if there were no agroement between the debtor and creditor as to time, and it could not be otherwise than disadvantageous to the credit of the country if such an im-pression should go abroad in the money market.

Mr. Crawford-I am very glad to have an opportunity to move a vote of thanks to the president and directors. Most of us, if not all, will believe that the losses, however heavy they have been during the past year, were those which in the ordinary course of things could not be foreseen or averted. The Bank of Montreal, I need, scarcely say, is the third largest joint stock bank in the world. I believe that administering as it does fifty millions of money, with its vast assets scattered over the vast after of this Dominion, extending from the Atlantic seaboard to that of the Pacific, the only country so extensive with the important exception of the United States, it is difficult to imagine that a bank can under such circumstances escape some losses. I think, sir, it is fair to assume that the directors hardly realize the great responbility which they assume in undertaking to dispose of fifty millions of money. It is cer-tainly a stupendous trust for them, and requires the greatest assiduity and fidelity, taking into consideration the extent of that trust. I think that the directors with ourselves regret the necessity of withholding the bonus to which we have been accustomed for some years, but there is this to be considered, do we not deserve some blame for encouraging the directors by a constant desire to create larger dividends, to hoist more sail and therefore to provoke greater debts? We have no reason under the circumstances, I think, to be aggrieved at 2 or 3 per cent. of what we call proper profits being converted into so much loss. The gist of what I would say is simply in the following few words : Had the board seen fit to encroach upon the contingent fund of \$600,000 in order to pay a bonus notwithstanding that there was great pressure brought to bear upon them to do so, I hesitate not to say that the confidence hitherto reposed in them would have been slikken, and moreover they would have been disloyal to the shareholders and to the management of

the bank. I beg to move f_{102} . That the thanks of the meeting be presented to the President, Vice-President and Directors for their attention to the interests of the bank.

Before asking you, Mr. President, to put this motion, I may say that I do not wish oither the directors or the shareholders to imagine that there is any shareholder who would have been less satisfied had the board been able to declare a bonus as they did last year.

Mr. R. B. Angus—As the iniceting has been so prolonged I will content, myself with simply seconding the resolution which I do very heartily. It expresses the thanks of the

meeting to the president and directors for their attention to the interests of the bank during the past year and I hope will be ac. cepted by them as a vote of confidence in the board, as at present constituted, as meeting the entire approval of the shareholders.

The motion was carried unanimously. The President-On the part of my col-leagues and myself I have to return you our very best thanks for the confidence you have expressed to us, and to assure you that we are fully conscious of the great responsibility resting upon us.

Mr. A. T. Paterson moved, seconded by Mr. W. C. McDonald,

That the thanks of the meeting be given to the General Manager, the Inspector, the Managers and other Officers of the Bank, for their services during the past year. 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1

Carried. Mr. W. J. Buchanan-On my own behalf and on that of my colleagues in the service, I will say simply that we are exceedingly obliged to you for this resolution.

Mr. Hector Mackenzie moved, seconded by Mr. Geo, Macrae, Q. C.,

That the ballot now open for the election of directors, be kept opened until 3 o'clock, unless fifteen minutes elapse without a vote being cast, when it shall be closed, and until that time, and for that purpose only, this meeting be continued.

Oarried:

P

Oarried: _____A formal adjournment then took place.

The scrutineers reported the following gentlemen as duly elected directors :

Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, Geo. A. Drummond, E. B. Greenshields, Hugh McLennan, Alex Murray, W. C. McDonald, A. T. Paterson, Sir Donald A. Smith, K. C. M. G., Gilbert Scott.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

The twenty-eighth annual general meeting of the shareholders of La Banque Nationale was held at the office of the bank in Quebec on the 23rd of May, 1888.

There were present, Sir N. F. Belleau, Monsignor, J.-B. Z. Bolduc, Monsignor B. Paquet, Hon. I. Thibaudeau, Hon. P. Garneau, Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau, Hon. Alex. Chauveau, le Chevalier O. Robitaille, le Chevalier Fra. Kirouac, Messrs. T. Ledroit, O. Murphy. J. E. Fortier, A. H. Verret, J. W. Henry, J. Archer and thirty or forty others.

Hon. I. Thibaudeau, president of the bank, was called to the chair, and Mr. P. Lafrance was requested to act as secretary.

The chairman read the following report and statement of affairs :

BEPORT.

Your directors have the honor to submit to you the twenty-eighth annual report of the affairs of the bank for the year ended the 30th April last. In the course of the year one of your old directors, Joseph Hamel, Esq., being sick and unable to give to the bank the necessary time, sent, in his resignation as director

and was replaced by E. W. Methot, Esq. At the beginning of October last, the board, after having settled different accounts which had caused losses to the bank, foreseeing other heavy losses in the future, did not declare a dividend for the half year, and after examination of the affairs of the bank at the head office and branches, decided to send notices to the shareholders asking their opinion as to the advisability of reducing the capital stock of the bank. A meeting was called to that effect for the 23rd November last. That day two new directors attended the meeting, Messrs: Painchaud and Bilodeau, in place of two old, directors, the Hon. P.

Garneau and U. Tessier, jr., Esq., who had resigned. At that meeting a motion for the reduction of the capital stock of the bank by one-third was unanimously adopted, and in consequence a bill to that effect was prepared and submitted to the Federal Parliament,

In Parliament, the Sub-Committee on Banking, after a thorough examination of the statements of the bank, recommended to the General Committée on Banking and Commerce to make a reduction of 40 per cent, so as to put the bank on a sound footing and leave a margin to face any other losses. The bill, as amended, was sanctioned by the Deputy Governor-General on the fourth in-stant. This bill, having been sanctioned after the end of the business year of the bank, did not permit making our entries of reduction for the 30th of April, but we have prepared a separate balance sheet showing the position of the banks the same as if the entries had been made before the 30th with reduced capital. The profit and loss account on the 30th April is resumed as follows, viz :- The profits of the year, expenses deducted, are \$85,719.07. This amount added to the balance of the profit and loss account of last year, \$38,268 93, forms a total of \$123,988.00. From this amount, \$35,386.63 were appropriated during the year for losses on accounts settled, leaving a balance of \$88,601.37 at credit.

Now here is a memo. of the profit and loss account as if the entries made in May had been made in April, taking as a basis the bal-ance of \$38,601.37 at credit of profit and loss account :

30th April, 1888-Balance at credit of profit and loss ac-

count : .

\$88,601 37 Reduction of the capital stock 40 per cent. on \$2,000,000,

leaving the shares at \$30 cach ... 800,000 00

\$888,601 37

From this amount we deduct for losses and appropriations at Quebec office and branches, \$668,410.41; dividend payable 21st May, 1888, \$36,000.00; rebute on discounts and appro-priations, 48,080 00, in all \$752,590 41.

This leaves at credit \$136,110.96. From this sum we have set aside \$100,000 for the reserve fund, leaving a balance of \$36,110 96 at the credit of profit and loss account for the ycar 1888-89.

In the course of the year your directors, after an examination of the affairs of the Sherbrooke branch, thought themselves justified in naming a manager for that branch. They appointed Mr. P. I. Bazin to this charge, which he was filling temporarily. Mr. C. A. Vallee having left the management of the Montreal branch, was replaced by Mr. Alfred Brunet, of Montreal. Before his departure for Europe, Mr. M. W. Baby, one of your directors, sent in his resignation.

The whole respectfully submitted for the board of directors.

I. THIBAUDBAU,
I ICOLUCIU.
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF LA' BANQUE NATIONALE"
and the secon THE SOTH APRIL, 1888, We there to
Liabilities. Mathematica
Capital paid up\$2,000,000 00
Notes in circulation 509,223 00
Deposits bearing interest 1,344,142 34
Deposits not bearing interest 340,985 86
Due to other banks in Canada
Due in foreign countries 1,081-21
Due in United Kingdom 4,577 40
Due in United Kingdom 4,577 40 Profit and loss account
1
anna grienna man & Assels, a manthadan da me
Specie\$ 128,638 10

Dominion notes	211;667	.00
Notes and checks on other banks	103,872.	92
Balances due from Can, banks	292,120	41
Balances due from foreign	1003	
agencies,	35,173	71
Jalances due gafrom British		1
; agencies		63
Other, current loans, discounts,		
hand advances to the public	2,842,812	51
Notes and bills discounted over-		1
due, unsecured	212,028	35
Do., secured	205,521	87
Real, estate, other than the		1
bank premises	130,586	19
Mortgages on land sold	9,536	24
Bank premises and furniture	123,647.	27
Other assets	6,314	70

\$4,311,370 90 N. MATTE, P. LAFRANCE, Inspector. Cashier.

Messrs, V. W. Larue, L. D. Hudon and C. W. Labrecque having been appointed scrutineers, a ballot was taken and the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year: The Hon. I. Thibaudeau and Messrs. T. Ledroit, F. Kirouac, E. W. Methot, Ant. Painchaud, Louis Bilodeau and A. Gaboury.

Later a meeting of directors was held, when Mr. Thibaudeau was re-clected Presi-dent and Mr. Kirouac elected Vice-President.

DOMINION BANK.

The Annual General Meeting of the Dominion Bank was held at the banking house of the institution, Toronto, on Wednesday, May 30, 1888.

30, 1888. Among those present were noticed Messrs. James Austin, Hon. Frank Smith, Captain Mason, Wm. Ince, James Scott, R. S. Cassels, Anson Jones, Wilmot D. Matthews, R. H. Be-thune, E. Leadlay, Aaron Ross, E. B. Osler, W. J. Baines

It was moved by Mr. W. J. Baines, seconded by Mr. E. B. Osler, that Mr. James Austin do take the chair.

Mr. W. D. Matthews moved, seconded by Mr. James Scott, and Resolved,—That Mr. R. H. Bethune do act

as Secretary.

Messrs. R. S. Cassels and Wm. J. Baines were appointed Scrutineers.

The Secretary read the report of the Directors to the Shareholders, and submitted the Annual Statement of the affairs of the Bank, which is as follows : · · · · Balanco of Profit and Loss Ac

Balance of Profit and count, 30th April, 1 Profits for the year or April, 1888, after charges of manage and making full pr all bad and doubtfu	887 ding 30th deducting meat, etc., ovision for	\$842 76 254,532 34
	្នុំស្នា	\$255,375 10
Dividend 5 per cent		
paid 1st Novem- ber, 1887	\$75,000 00	and the second second
Dividend 5 per cent	10,000,00	
payable 1st May,		
1888	75,000 00	
Bonus. 1 per cent.,		
payable 1st May, 1888 Amount voted to	15,000 00	and Land
Pension and	5 000 00	rte
Guaranteo Fund.	5,000.00	110,000 00
	nga ga sa sa s Nanga sa	\$ 85,375 10

Carried to Reserve Fund, 80,000 00

ut whited wedge

,1107

42.603 46

Great Britain ...

Bal. of Profit and Loss carried

Guelph and Spadina-avenue. JAMES AUSTIN, President.

Mr. James Austin moved, seconded by the Hon, Frank Smith, and

Resolved,—That the report be adopted. It was moved by Mr. Aaron Ross, seconded

by Mr. W. J. Baines, and Resolved,—That the sum of five thousand

dollars be granted to the Guarantee and Pension Fund of the Dominion Bank.

It was moved by Mr. I. O. Heward, seconded by Capt. Mason, and

Resolved,—That the thanks of this meeting be given to the President, Vice-President and Directors for their services during the past year.

It was moved by Mr. R. S. Cassels, seconded by Mr. Aaron Ross, and

Resolved,—That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Cashier, Agents and other officers of the Bank for the efficient performance of their respective duties.

It was moved by Mr. Anson Jones, seconded by Mr. E. Leadlay, and Resolved,—That the poll be now opened for

Resolved,—That the poll be now opened for the election of seven Directors, and that the same be closed at two o'clock in the afternoon, or as soon before that hour as five minutes shall elapse without any vote being polled, and that the scrutineers, on the close of the poll, do hand to the chairman a certificate of the result of the poll.

Capt. Mason moved, seconded by Mr. Anton Jones, and

Resolved,—That the thanks of this meeting be given to Mr. James Austin for his able conduct in the chair.

The scrutineers declared the following gentlemen duly elected Directors for the onsuing year: Messrs. James Austin, Wm. Ince, E. Lendluy, Wilmot D. Matthews, E. B. Osler, James Scott and Hon. Frank Smith.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Mr. James Austin was elected President, and the Hon. Frank Smith Vice-President for the ensuing term.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid up...... \$1,500,000 00 Reserve fund...\$1,150,000 00 Balance of profits

Notor in circula			\$2,839,558 '44
-			\$1,339,558 44
discounted	26,790		
change Rebate on bills	67,392	66	
Reserved for in- interest and ex-			
cent., payable 1st May	15,000	00	
Bonus one per	101000	00	
Dividend No. 34, payable 1st May	75,000	00	
carried forward,	5,375	10	•

Balances due to	40,000		
other banks in Canada	12,649	87	\$8,488,808 88
	•	i e	\$11,328,427 32
+	ASSETS.		
Specie Dominion Gov-	\$280,050	40	
ernment demand notes Notes and checks	601,351		
of other banks. Balances due from	387,212	81	
other banks Provincial Gov-	764,686	52	
crnment securi- ties Municipal and	356,008		
other debentures		50	\$3,442,946 '95
Bills discounted and current (in- cluding advan-			
ces on call)§ Overdue debts se-			-
cured Overdue debts not specially secured (estimated 1 o s s	36,462	·48	·
provided for)	33,301		
Bank premises Other assets not included under	156,888	08	
foregoing heads	2,976	99	\$7,885,480 37

R. H. BETHUNE, Cashier.

\$11,328,427 32

Toronto, 30th April, 1888.

Dominion Bank

Financial.

MONTREAL, Thursday Evg. 7th June, 1888

The street rate in London is cabled unchanged at 14 per cent., with the Bank rate at 2) per cent. Locally money is very easy and bankers have some difficulty in placing call funds with the brokers. For those outside the trade the established rate of 4 per cent. on call would be shaded, but regular brokers do not care to push the banks below 4 per cent., fearing that they might not be obliged in their turn when money becomes less plentiful. In mercantile circles a strong demand for money is visible and discounts range from 6 to 8 per cent. according to the quality of the paper. Remittances are unsatisfactory and she number of renewals and extensions demanded by country dealers continue heavy. On the other hand the reports upon the crops sentin to a prominent broker by an agent sent out for the purpose are most reassuring, and seem to put the certainty of a good crop in cercals and fruits beyond the shadow of a doubt. We also learn that the Bank of Commerce and the Bank of Toronto are each adding \$100,000 to their respective Rests, and that their annual reports will be most satisfactory. The stock quotations in one of our evening contemporaries . this . (Thursday) ... evening are rather behind the times. Sterling exchange is quoted at 9 5-16@7-16 for sixties between banks and 9404 over the counter. Demand 93@7 and 10@1. Cable 101 @1. Posted in New York, 4.874 and 4.891; actual 4.861@1 and 4.881@1. Cables 4.883. New York funds are at 1-16 discountto par between banks, and at an $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ premium over the counter. The local stock exchange has ruled quiet during the past week simply because there is so little stock available for speculative purposes. Montreal is now nearly all held by investors and others are waiting their chance to snap up any that may offer, and a similar state of affairs prevails in the case of other banks. A feature of the week has been a large purchase of Bank of Quebec for investment, and no doubt the good statements foreshadowed by the Commerce and Toronto will result in directing further attention to them also. Gas is the only stock that has changed hands freely. In all the others trading has been of a retail character and generally for investment, and hence prices have sagged somewhat.

Banks.	No. Shares.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average same week 1887.
Commerce	354	116]	1151	1247
Merchants	77	131	129	1293
Molsons	6	143	143	140
Montreal	772	212}	210	234
Peoples	125	104	103	111
Quetec	291	1143	114	115
Miscellaneous.		.'		s
C D	000	e 17 3	E=3	

800	- 57월 -	553	62
35	35	. 35 ⁻∽	
3015	207	204	2171
15	$102\frac{1}{2}$	102身	135
175	80	75	
75	55]	55	
481	53	51	64
1257	92	90	101
	35 3015 15 175 75 481	3015 207 15 1021 175 80 75 551 481 53	35 35 35 3015 207 204 15 1021 1021 175 80 75 75 551 55 481 53 51

ARCHITECTS !

٤.,

Mr. O. E LISTON, of Brockville, one of the most successful architects in Eastern Ontario, roports: "After very severe tests I have no hositation in saying that the No. 1' Elephant' White Lead is far superior to many of the so-called *PURE*? White Leads now offered. Forgusson's 'Elephant' Genuine I have analyzed and found it free from adulteration, strong in body and ground beautifully fine."

DECORATORS

Messrs. ELLIOTT & SON, Teronto, the wellknown decorators, say: "We have much pleasure in stating that the 'Elophant' Pure COLORS have given great satisfaction. They are brilliant, cover well, very smooth, and are thoroughly reliable in every respect."

FERGUSSON, ALEXANDER & Co. Lead, Color and Varnish Works MONTREAL.

Leading Wholesale Trade of, Montreal;

1000



Pearl, Ivory, Metal and Jets.

Gents' Furnishings

Gents' Summer Hosiery in Merino,

Cashmere, Cotton and

Fancy Striped.

TIES had been a

Silk Handkerchiefs

In great variety.

Umbrellas! Umbrellas!

Letter orders promptly attended

CARSLEY & CO.

113 St. Peter Street,

MONTREAT.

18 Bartholomew Close.

LONDON, ENGLAND.

TIES

COMPLAINTS have reached us that the dividends on more, than one liquidated, insolvent estate are rather slow in reaching the proper owners. Vembum sap.

MONTREAL WHOLE JALE MARKE'TS. MONTREAL, Thursday Evg., June 7, 1888.

Business, has again been moderate in volume during the week. In all lines sales are small and solely for the supply of current wants. Owing to the partial failure of the crops last season there is less money in the country than usual, and storekeepers are hesitating to do business until the crop prospects are well assured. This will throw orders back later in the year than usual. The country is improving fast under the influence of heavy showers and warmer weather, and it is hoped that the harvest season will not be much later than usual.

Asues.—Receipts have been fair for three or four days, but with improved demand. First pots have been sold at a range of \$4.25 $@$4.37\frac{1}{2}$; second \$3,90. Pearls scarce and nominal. Receipts since 1st January, 1,489 bris pots, 193 bris pearls; deliveries, 1,413 brispots, 190 bris pearls; Stock in store 6th June, 6 p.m., 491 bris pots, 9 bris pearls.

CHEMICALS.—Dealers report the ordinary run of trade for the season, the spring rush of goods being over. Bleaching powder, if anything, is slightly easier. Caustic soda keeps firm at recent quotations. Soda crystals are looking up in consequence of the warm weather.

DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS .- The demand for butter has been confined to local buyers. Prices for choice are steady in a jobbing way but sellers of any quantity would not easily find buyers without concessions. Townships has sold at 194c and some western at 174c. Cheese keeps on the easy side and lower prices are expected. The calls quota-tion is now 44s 6d. Receipts are larger at all primary markets and especially in New York State. The quality, however, should improve with regular supplies of later made grass cheese and prices should feel the benefit. Several New York firms have expressed their intention of doing a branch business directly from Montreal. The top price may now be considered to be 81c. A despatch from Ingersoll says :- This week twenty-eight factories offered 4,690 boxes May make. Sales were as follows:--300 boxes at 74c, 3,250 boxes at 8c, 650 boxes at 84c. The market was active and well attended, there being thirty-five factories represented and nine buyers present. Nearly all the May make in that section is now sold. Eggs sold at 141c@ 15c for good fresh stock and at 14c for stale. Hog products are again firmer this week with fair demand. 'Stock of Canada short cut scarce. Lard and hams are selling fairly at quotations. Pork and lard were both stronger in Chicago. June pork \$14,10; July; \$14.20. June lard \$8.70 and July \$8.72].

Day Goods.—With their first instalments of fall orders travellers report that country storekeepers are adverse to placing them early in the season. Prudence in buying seems to be more than ever, prevalent and they will only order in a hand to-mouth way. The appearance of the country both west and east is said to be more promising than could have been expected, and this will soon help. to mend matters if continued. Some hopeful travellers say the disposition to buy is on the increase as the senson advances. The fact that some lines of domestic goods, made in excess of requirements, are being forced for sale, thus unsettling the market, is causing manufacturers to ponder whether a return to the system of making goods on orders instead of selling from stock is possible. Such a course is the best, safeguard in a limited market. Generally speaking this branch of business is dull but exception must be made to the business of the city and district which some leading establishments, which keep a record of sales, say is, in excess of last year and promises, to be, good, up to the holiday season.

1109 :

Fish AND OLS.—A little dry fish has been sold but business is dull. In oils, sales of new seal have probably reached 500 brls, at about 40c@414c in round lots. Market now steady at quotations for jobbing quantities and the tendency is towards higher prices. Stocks are beginning to grow less. Largo sales have been made on English account where there has been an improved demand for it. Cod and cod liver oil are dull and unchanged. There is little salmon on the market and prices are firm.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .--- Winter wheat is scarce and firm and some of the mills are talking of shutting down because of the scarcity as millers say they cannot get wheat to grind to pay them at the present price of flour. They claim to pay 98c @ \$1.03 at the mills, and the latter price is said to have been actually paid in Toronto. Spring wheat flours are not so much in demand. Little flour is now going out to Newfoundland as the fishery supplies have been issued. The early vessels had plenty of freight but later ones have found it difficult to load. The trade with the Island will be quiet until the middle of the The Newfoundland traders have season. been getting their supplies of low grade flour from New York where they claim to do better than they can here but higher grades have continued to be taken from this city. There has been only a local trade in this market during the week and holders are firm. Grain has shown little change. Peas and oats were quiet but firm. The Chicago market has been irregular, going up one day on speculative buying and down the next on "bear" crop reports. Corn was depressed by heavy receipts. June wheat 874c, July 85c, August 843c. June corn 541c, July 544c, August 55c. In Liverpool wheat was dull and easy. Canadian peas 5s 9d.

GREEN FRUITS, ETC.—During the week a fair business has been done enquiries being more numerous owing to the warm weather. Lemons' and orange firm. Lemons 3.50@\$4 per box for Messina; Palermo \$2.75@\$3.50. Oranges, Valencias, \$6@\$7. Messinas, boxes, \$3@\$4.50. Dates, 40, according to quality; Tunis on stalk 12c lb. Bananas, Aspinwall, \$2@\$3 per bunch. Red bananas \$1.25@\$2; Jamaicas \$1.75@, \$2.50. Egyptian onions, \$6 bag of 224 lbs. Bag fig, 4c@42c; 1. lb boxes 9c. per lb; 10 to 14. lb boxes 10c.@ 13c. Filberts 9c; walnuts 14c; peanuts 8@0c; pecans 93@10c; almonds 13@14c; Brazils 13c; cocoanuts \$4.50@\$5. per 100. Bermuda tomatoes \$4.50@\$5. per crate. Strawberries 15c @ 18c. box. Cabbage \$3.50@\$4 per crate. Cucumbers \$4. @\$4.50 per crate. Pineapples \$1.25@\$2.50. dozen, as to size and quality.

GROCERIES.—Generally speaking business is only moderate. There is a fair sprinkling of



market very firm for choice and finest, and stockssmall. Medium grades in good supply The dried fruit market keeps firm. The sup-ply of Malaga sorts is about exhausted. Some of the lowest grade sultanas on the market were placed at \$1c. Valencia raisins and cur-rants are firm at former prices. Two cargoes of molasses were sold here since our last and the parties to the transaction have kept the torms private. There was a report that the price realized was 31c, but this is denied and Fruit steady. Filberts and S. S. Almonds are attracting more attention. We are offered "lot" walnuts at 15s@15 6d per bag f. o. b. "106" walkuts at 155/01b 60 per 0ag 1.0.0. Bordeaux, and Bosnian prunes, bags 158 6d, half cases 75 to 1b. 225, and quartor cases 85 to 1b. 21s per ewt, f. o. b. here. Rice—The millers are asking 11d per ewt. more for the finest grades of Rangoon and Arracan, but for the ordinary kinds there is no change; old crop is getting into small compass. Japan can be had from 10s 9d@11s 3d, and Patna 10s 6d upwards f. o. b.

buyers are holding off pending the outcome of the crops. It is not anticipated that much business will be done during the month. Prices of iron in Scotland remain firm and freights, if anything, are stronger, particularly on the London and Newcastle roules, where a sharp advance has taken place. Locally, a few sales have taken place during the week at firm prices, but no transactions of magnitude are reported. In tin plates, lead and general hardware the market is quiet. Local makers



state that orders are about an average; they are small but coming in steadily all the time. Warrants in Glasgoware cabled easy at 37s 6d; No. 3 iron in Middlesboro is at 31s 3d, and hematite pig in Workington at 42s 9d. London, June 4.—Spot tin, £82 10s; three months, £82 10s; sales of spot tin, 70 tons; sales of futures 60 tons; market steady. Ohili bars, spot £81; do. fatures £78 5s. Sales of spot Chili bars, 200 tons; sales of futures, 150 tons; soft Spanish lead, £12 5s. Best selected copper, £80; soft English lead, £12 12s 6d. Silesian spelter £16 10s; star antimony, £45; tinplates, 12s 9d.

LEATHER AND SHOES.—Trade in leather is quiet, manufacturers buying sparingly, as orders for boots and shoes are coming in slowly. The English market for leather show? Hitle change; prices are low but the demand exhibits some slight improvement. Sole leather has not been shipped from this port lately but black leathers have been forwarded from the West and Quebec. The local shoe factories state that travellers have done fairly well in the Lower Provinces but in Ontario Lusiness has ruled quiet.

LIVE STOCK.—Ocean freights are unchanged. Exports of cattle to date, 12,703 head, against 14,389 in 1887, and exporters say the supply of cattle in the country is less than last year. Sales were slow and comprised a few lots for export at $4\frac{2}{4}$ or best and $4\frac{2}{4}$ or medium. Receipts of sheep light. Hogs sold at $6\frac{1}{4}$ $6\frac{1}{4}$, Cibles are discouraging and English trade is flat. The warm weather is a drawback." Frime Canadian steers in Liver-

pool are quoted at 12/2121, against 121c in 1887 and 141c in 1886 at this time of the year.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS. (Revised by Telegraph.)

TORONTO, June 7, 1888.

The more seasonable weather has brought about a better feeling, and dealers in the leading lines of merchandise report some improvement. Late advices respecting the grain crops are encouraging, and the yield is likely to be better than was anticipated a few weeks ago. The money market continues quiet and rates are likely to rule (asy for the summer. The stock market has been quiet, with bank shares ruling higher than at last writing. Following are the closing bids for stocks as compared with last Thursday:

Ontario 117 116/ Freehold 166 166 Toronto 198 200 Western Can 188 188 Merchants. 129 180 Union 1821 133 Commerce. 1151 116 Landed Credit 124; 130		·		and a coup and a		
Montreal. 210? 211 Can Per 200 201 Ontario 117 116/ Breehold 106 166 Toronic	Banks.	May	June	Loan Cos.	May	Juno
 A second sec second second sec	Ontario Toronto Merchants. Commerce. Imperial Dominion . Standard.	117 198 129 1151 134 216 125 130	116/ 200 130/ 116 133/ 216 126 130/	Can Per Freehold Union Landed Credit Bidg. & Loan Lond'n & Cau'd Farmers Loan Ontario Loan	166 188 132 124 101 143	201 166 <u>4</u> 188 130 120, 103 143

BUTTER.—The receipts during the past week have increased, but the domand was fair, and there is no accumulation of stock. Prices of rolls were 15 to 16c for the best, and 12 to 14c.for medium. Choice tub is quoted at 16 to 17c. in a jobbing way, and creamery at 20 to 23c. Cheese is dull and easier in sympathy with outside markets. New is quoted at 91 to 10c for small lots. Eggs steady ; dealers pay 13c. per dozen for round lots and sell at 131 to 14c.

DRUGS.—There is a fair trade reported. Opium is easier at \$4@\$4.25; oil of lemon, \$2.25 @ \$2.50; morphia, \$2 10@\$2 25; potash iodide, \$4 to \$4 25; turpentine, 62 to 65c; linseed oil easier at 62c for raw and 05 cents for boiled; extract logwood, 13c.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Flour has been quiet. Straight roller \$4.10, and extras \$3.85. Patents \$4.20@\$4.50, according to quality. Wheat dull and inclined to weakness, owing to more liberal offerings. Sales of No. 2 fall reported at 95c, and this price would be paid for No. 2 red winter. No. 1 Manitoba hard has sold at 99c and No. 2 at 97c. Yesterday No. 1 hard offered at \$1 to arrive, and No. 1 northern spring at 94c to arrive next week, but no bids. No. 2 spring is quoted at 86c. Barley is dull and prices purely noininal. Oats are less active this week, and 4t trifle weaker. Sales of heavy mixed are reported at 53c on track, and white are quoted at 54c. Peas in limited supply and prices firm; a car of No. 2 sold on Monday at 76c on track. Bran is quoted for shipment at equal to \$1300



- 1st.-Smoke the most popular 10c. Cigars in the market, "Creme de la Creme" and "Canvas Bank," "Petit Boquet," and the latest and best 5c. cigar, " Bil. Nye."
- 2nd.-Smoke the old reliable 5c. cigar. " Noisy Boys."
- 3rd .- "Bill Nye" is the most popular 5c. cigar.
- 4th .- Smoke "Creme de la Creme," the popular 10c. cigar.
- 5th.-All counsisseurs smoke "Canvas Back," "Petit Boquet."
- 6th .- The "Bill Nye" is the best 5c. cigar in the market.

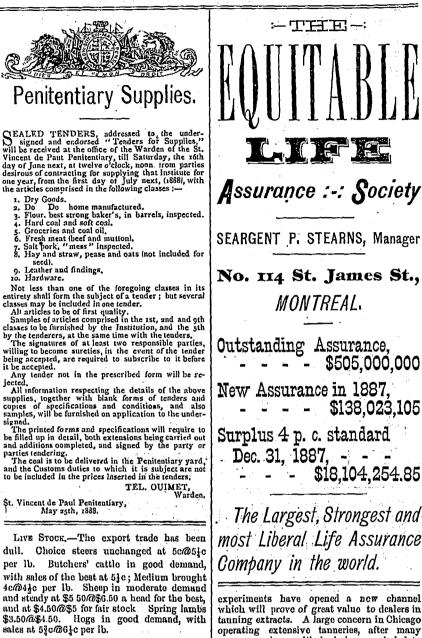


\$13.50, and small lots at the mills sell at \$15. Outmeal firm at \$5.35 for car lots of ordinary quality, and at \$6.10 for granulated.

GROCERIES .- Business has been fair and the outlook is better. Fruits are quoted firm at 94c for choice Sultanas, and 9@94c for the best Valencias. Currants 68@7c; Bosnia prunes in kegs 5@54c. Sugar in good demand with yellows ruling at 5g@6gc ; granulated in 15 bbl lots and upwards 74c ; smaller quantities 7gc. Syrups and molasses firm. Rio Coffee 17/018; tens stendy. Fish-white and trout selling at 51/06c per lb.

HARDWARE .- Trade is quiet and prices unchanged. Pig iron is quoted at \$20.50@ \$21.50, the latter for Summerlee. Canada Plates-Horton Blains, \$2.70 @ \$2.80; Manilla rope, 121@13c; sisal, 111@12. Copper, ingot, 19@21c; sheet, 25@30c; lead, 44@44; bar, 5@54c; tin. bar, 32@34c; ingot, 20@30c. Tin plates, I. C. coke, \$4; I. C. charcoal, \$5,50.

HIDES AND SKINS .- Prices of hides rule steady and offerings are fair. No. 1 cured cows is still quoted at 6c. Green are quoted at 51c for No. 1, 41c for No. 2 and 31c for No. 3. Sheepskins in limited supply and firm at \$1.30@\$1.50; lambskins, 25c; calf-skins; 6c@7c for green, and 8@9c for cured,



PROVISIONS .- Meats are firm, with a fair demand. Car lots of long clear bacon are held at 93c, and small lots sell at 10c. Cumberland cut is quoted at 9c/@9lc. Hams un-changed at 12c/@12lc, for smoked, and Mess pork sold at \$18/@18.50 Lard firm with sales of 20 and 50 lb pails at 114c. Dried Apples firm at 7/071c, and evaporated at 9c/094c. Potatoes are quoted at 70c@95c a bag in car lots *Hops* soll in small quantities at 16c@17c for the best; trade lots dull at 15c@16c. *Beans* \$2.25@\$2.35 for hand-picked.

WooL .-- Receipts of new fleece are a little more liberal, and prices steady at 18c/@19c; rejections 17c. Pulled supers sell in small lots at 23]c@24c and extras at 27c@27]c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

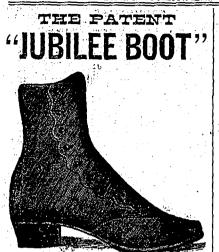
A NEW OUTLET FOR TANNING MATERIALS. In the dyestuffs trade extracts are being pushed to the utmost, resulting in a very small margin of profit, but leaving the satis-faction that trade has been extended. Recent

MONTREAL. Outstanding Assurance, \$505,000,000 New Assurance in 1887. \$138,023,105 Surplus 4 p. c. standard Dec. 31, 1887, - -\$18,104,254.85 . The Largest, Strongest and most Liberal Life Assurance Company in the world. experiments have opened a new channel which will prove of great value to dealers in tanning extracts. A large concern in Chicago operating extensive tanneries, after many years experience with bark, has concluded to use extract exclusively, and since inaugurating the change no inducement could influence a return to raw bark. This is an important departure from ancient methods of tauning, and shows what a little expense and research will accomplish. The impression has long existed that extract could only be used rather sparingly as an aid during the process of tanning, but the success of these efforts will introduce modern ideas in all the establishments before long, and the days of large heaps of bark, heavy bark mills and cumbersome machinery will be relegated in company with expensive leach houses, to the store house of old memories. The color, plumpness and mellowness obtained from using extract, are all that could be desired by the most critical tanner, and the leather shows large gains in weight compared with hides tanned in ordinary liquors from bark. Several of our Canadian tanners have realized this fact some time

ago, and are using only the Hemlock Bark Extract, extensive works of which are situated at Upton and owned by the Canada Dyestuff & Chemical Co. of this city.

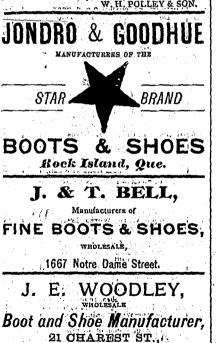


GTTDTTTQTTD			STOC	KS ANI	D BONDS	3			
SURETYSHIP.	NAME.	Par Val'c	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-up	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms.	Dates of Dividends.	Per Cent Prices June 7.) valu
to this business.	Brit. North America	\$ 2431	\$4,866,666	\$4,866,66	3 1,101,630	31	April Oct June Dec	1116	352 S 58 0
THE GUARANTEE CO.	Commercial, Manitoba.	100	500,000 500,000 306,000	500,000 270,000		3 31	June Dec 2May 2No4		
OF NORTH AMERICA.	Commercial, Nfld Commercial, Windsor. Dominion	40 50	500,000	260,000 1,500,000 1,200,000	0 65,000	5 8 10	1 May 1 Nov	100 216	40 0 168 0
upital Authorized, - \$1,000,000	Du Peuple Eastern Townships Exchange, Yarmouth	50 50 70	1,200,000 1,483,550 280,000	1,406,68 245,94	425,000	333	3 Mar 3 Sept 2 Jan 2 July 1 Feb 1 Aug	[1]4	52 0 57 0 57 7
ald up in Cash (no notes), 300,000 esources Over900,000	Federal Halifax Banking Co	100 20	1,250,000	1,250,000		3	1 June 1 Dec I Mch 1 Sept	69 115	60 C
eposit with Dom. Gov't, - 57,000	IIamilton Hochelaga Imperial	100 100 100	1,000,000 710,100 1,500,000	710,100	100,000	4	June 1 Dec June Dec June Dec	90 134	132 (90 (134 (
THE BONUS SYSTEM	Jacques Cartier London Morohants' Can	25 100 100	500,000 1,000,000 5,799,200	500,000 219,568 5,799,200		3	2 June 2 Dec 2 Jan 2 July 2 June 1 Dec		20 7 131 0
mually reducible until the rate of One-Half per cent, per annum is reached.	Morchants, Halifax Molsons	100 50	1,000,000	1,000,000	169,000 875,000	34	l Aug 1 Feb 1 April 1 Oct	119	119 (71 5
This Company is under the same experienced man-	G Nationale	200 50 100	12,000,000	2,000,000		5 & 20 2 6	1 May Nov	50	422 (25 (210 (
er twenty-two-years ago, and has since actively and accessfully conducted the business to the satisfaction	New Brunswick Nova Scotia Ontario	100 100	500,000 1,114,300 1,500,000	500,000 1,114,300 1,500,000	400,000	81 7	1 Jan 1 July 1 Feb 1 June 1 Dec	142	142 0
ver \$560,000 have been paid in	Ottawa Poonlo's of Halifax Pooplo's of N. B	100 20 50	1,000,000 600,000	1,000,000 600,000 150,000	310,000 45,000	3 1 21	IJune IDec Feb Aug	126 98	126 (19 (
Olaims to Employers. addent, - THE HON. JAMES FERRIER.	Queboc St. Stephen's	100 100	2,500,000 200,000	2,500,000	325,000	3j 2i 7	June Dec April Oct	115	115 (
erident, THE HON, JAMES FERRIER, ce-President, SIR ALEX, T. GALT, G.C.M.G. snaging Director, EDWARD RAWLINGS, retary, JAMES GRANT,	Standard	50 100 50	1,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000 500,000	340,000	8	Jan July 2 June 1 Dec	126 201	63 (200 (
nkers, - THE BANK OF MONTREAL.	Toronto Union, (Halifux) Union of L. C Ville Marie	60 100	500,000 1,200,000 500,000	1,200,000	20.000	21 3 31	2 Jan 2 July 2 June 1 Dec	98 911 951	98 0 55 0 96 2
IIEAD OFFICE: 57 St. James St., MONTREAL.	Western Bank of Can Yurmouth	100	500,000	330,000	30,000	31	ll April and Oct I Feb 1 Aug	110 105	110 0
EDWARD RAWLINGS,	Agri, Sav. and Loan Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Brit. Mortg. Loan Co	100 100	630,200 1,620,000 450,000	616,37 . 322,41 288,97	47,000	3) 5 3)	11Jan 1 July 1 Jan 1 July 2 July		59 90
Managing Director.	Building and Loan Assoc Canada Cotton Co	25 100	750,000	750,090	95,000	3	2 Jun 2 July May Aug	- 20	25
N.BThis Company's Deposit is the largest made Guarantee business by any Company, and is not	Canada Landed Credit Co Can. Perm. Long and Say Can. Say, and Long Co	50 50 50	1,500,000 3,500,000 750,000	663,990 2,300,000 681,079	1.180,000	4 64 7	2 Jan 2 July 1 Jan 1 July 1 June Dec	203	0 (101
ble for the responsibilities of any other risks.	Can. Sav. and Lovn Co Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co. Dominion Telegraph Co	50 50	1,000,000	873,20 1,000,00	157,000	4	30 July 31 Dec 15 Jan and Qily	901	45 42
bading Wholosale Trade of Montreal	Dundus Cotton Co Farmor's Loan and Sav. Co. Freehold Loan and Sav. Co.	100 50 100	500,000 1,057,250 2,700,000	611,43	107.126	 31 5	May Nov	35	35 (58)
GEO. H. LABBE & CO.	Hamilton Prov. and Loan	100	1,500,000	1,100,30	200,000	31	2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July 2 Jan 2 July	1193	166 / 119 /
Importers and Manufacturers of	Hocheluga Cotton Co Huron & Eric Loan Soo	100 50	2,000,000	1,100,00	117,000	2jqtiy	March-utly.	1024	102 79
hairs, Rockors, Bedsteads, Bed- room, Parlor and Dining Room	Huron & Lambton Loan Co. Imporial Loan and Inv. Co. Landed Banking and Loan.	50 100 100	500,000 629,850 700,000	315,03 625,93 519,23	4 100,300	31	2 Jan 2 July 8 Jan 8 July 2 Jan 2 July	1134	113
Furniture and Bedding, WHOLESALE,	Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag London Loan Co	50 50	5,000,000 679,700 2,452,700	700.0	360,000 53,000	5	15 Moh 15 Sept 31 Dec 30 June 2 Jan 2 July	141	72 59
O. 445 ST. JAMES STREET, [Formerly Bonaventure St.],	Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba Inv. Assoc Manitoba Loan	100 100 100	2,452,700	100.00)] 3,000	4	Jan. July	95	117
MONTREAL, P.Q.	Montreal Telegraph Co Montreal City Gas Co	40 40	7,000,000 2,000,000	2,000,10	01	4	2 Jan and Otly 15 April 15 Uc	903 2061	95 36 82
Cochrane, Cassils & Co.	Montreal City Pass. Ry. Co. Montreal Cotton Co Montreal Building Assoc	50 100	600,000	600,00 800,00	1 D	4 2 utiy	6 May 6 Nov	210	1105
	Montroul Loun and Morte	50 50 100	300,000 1,000,000 1,700,000	500,00	oj	0	March—qtly 15 Moh 15 Sep 31 Dec 30 June	27 138	13 56
BOOTS & SHOES	National Investment Co N. S. Sugar Refinery Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ont. Loan and Dob. Co	500 50	350,000	50,00 274,27	60.000	21	2 Jan 2 July 30 June 31 De	ri 125 1 100	625 50
WHOLESALE, CONNER OF	People's Loan and Dep. Co Real Est. Loan and Deb. Co.	50 50 50	2,000,000 600,000 500,000		92,000	31 31 3	1 Jan 1 Jul 1 Jan 1 Jul 1 Jan Jul	/ 111	60 55
raig & St. Francois Xavier Sts.,	Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co. Royal Loan and Sav. Co	100 50	1,619,000	1,350,00	0 57,000	34	9 Feb 15 Sep Jan July	t 513 130	17 51 65
MONTREAL.	Starr M'fg Co., Halifax St. Paul, M. & M. R'y Toronto City Gas Co	100 100 50	200,000			6 3} 2]	March I Feb and Qtl I Feb and Qtl I Jan 1 Jul	75	, ⁷⁵
. W. POTTS & Co.	Union Loan and Sav. Co Western Can. Loan & Sav	50	800,000 1,000,000 2,500,000	627,00 1,300,00	01 200.000	4	Jany Jul	7 183 7 132 7 189	91 66 94
AUCTIONEERS	ST. JOHN DYE WOR	KS.		1	A. TAMSAY,			ALBX.	
OMMISSION MERCHANTS	94 Princess S	t., Š			A. F	RAP	MSAY 8	k SO)N,
IMPORTERS & DRALARS IN	O, E. BRACRETT, Orders solicited.	PRO	PRIETOR	1.	D	TRAN	IMPORTERS OF	da-	
Foreign & Domestic Fruit and Produce,							OILS,	COL	OR
1 & 43 GERMAIN STREET, Opposite Country Market,	J. & R. R.		380	[N,			RTISTS' MATE an Sheet and P		te Gl
ST. JOHN, N. B.	GRAHAM	F١	<u>OH</u>	oe	MA	NUF	ACTURER	S, ETO	2.
REPREMENCES-Bank of Montreal, St. John; A. A. yer, Montreal.	And Stone-Groun			al	Agents for Newton, Lo Aine, Paris	Vright ndon ; Four	& Bull, Birmin Sharratt & Nev cault, Frison & C	gham; W vth, Lond	indso on ; }
lustrated Oatalogues printed at	and Foed al Special correspondence soli	l kin		• 1	WARE 37, 39 & 41	•		FACT Inspecto	
the Journal of Commerce Office.			ford, C	أأيد			ONTREA		



Makes a No. 6 foot fit a No. 4 Boot or Shoe. For improved beau-ty and appearance it is absolutely unapproachable. This must be accepted as a literal fact to appreclate the value of this invention. This Boot is equally valuable to gentlemen. F. O'BRIEN.

Inventor and Proprietor, QUEBEC, P.Q. Quebec, 18th Aug., 1887. We have tested the Jubilee Boot and Shoe and have bought the right of manufacture: for this Provinces of Quebec and Nova Scotia. Wholesa'e dealers will please look out for samples. W. H. POLLEY & SON.





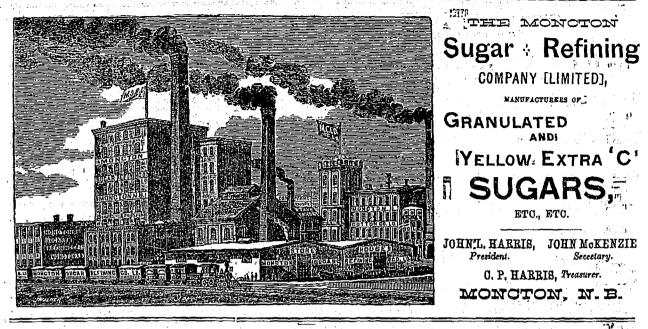
303 to 3054 ST. JAMES STREET. Apply on the premises,



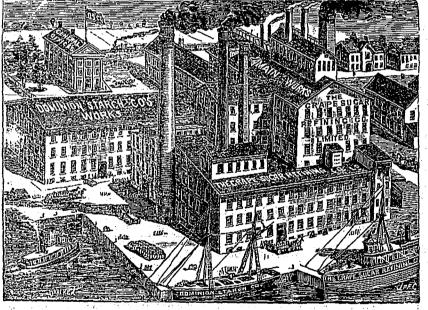




が見たい



DOMINION CORN STARCH W



CANADA

Correspondence solicited.

This most delicious of all preparations for Puddings, Custards, &c., can also be used for every purpose for which Bermuda Arrow Root is employed, to which it is preferable, on account of its lighter nature and greater delicacy. It is composed of the finest parts of Indian corn, has not undergone any fermenting process, and is

1117 🖉

PERFECTLY PURE.

From its extreme delicacy, it will take the full flavor of every kind of seasoning.

Address all orders to the

GRAPE SUGAR REFINING CO. (LIMITED), WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO. M. H. MILLER, - - - Manager.



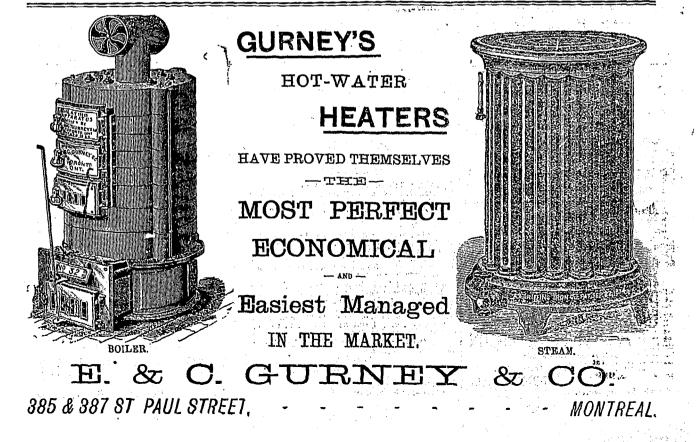


	THE CANADIA	N JOU	RNAL OF COMM	ERCE.		1119
MONTREAL	WHOLESALE P	RIOES	JURRENTTHURS	DAY, JUN	E 7, 1888.	
Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Boots and Shoes. Brogans. Cobourgs. Split Balmorals. Kip Buff Calf Split boots. Kip Calf Folt boots half fox " Solit Batts. Split Balmorals. Kip Split Balmorals. Min Pegged. Split Balmorals. Split Balmorals. Min Buff Buff Buff Buff Bals brass nailed.	Mons. Boys. \$20 75 \$1 00 \$9 75 \$0 90 1 00 1 25 0 90 1 00 1 25 0 90 1 02 1 25 0 90 1 02 1 25 1 00 1 25 1 25 1 00 1 25 1 35 0 90 1 15 1 25 1 00 1 25 1 35 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 50 1 75 1 20 1 50 2 00 3 50 0 00 0 00 1 25 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 25 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 25 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 25 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 25 2 00 1 20 1 60 1 25 2 00 0 00 0 00 1 25 0 0 0 00 1 75 2 00 2 50 0 00 1 75 2 00 2 50 0 00 1 75 2 00 2 50 0 00 1 75 0 75 1 00 0 00 050 0 75 0 90 0 85 0 75 0 90 0 85 0 75 0 90 0 85 0 75 0 90 0 85 0 70 0 75 0 90	Youths. \$0 70,\$0 80 0 80 0 85 0 80 1 90 0 94 1 25 0 00 0 000 0 00 0 000 1 00 1 25 1 15 1 50 0 00 0 000 0 00 0 000 0 00 0 000 1 00 1 25 1 15 1 50 0 00 0 000 0 0 0 0	Roast chicken, 1-ib tins Roast turkøy, 1-ib tins No. 1 Gom 4 strings, hard wood handle No. 2 do 3 strings No. 3 do 2 strings No. 4 do 2 strings No. 4 do 2 strings No. 4 do 3 strings No. 3 do 3 strings No. 3 do 3 strings No. 3 do 3 strings No. 4 do 3 strings No. 3 do 3 strings No. 4 do 3 strings No. 5 do 3 strings No. 4 do 3 strings No. 5 do 3 strings No. 4 do 3 strings No. 5 do 3 strings Do. 4 z strings basswood handle	3 35 0 00 2 75 0 00 2 15 0 00 1 95 0 00 2 85 0 00 2 45 0 00 2 10 0 00 1 75 0 00	Morphia Opium Opaina Phosphorus Potass Iodide Soda Biohromata Soda Ash Soda Bioarb Soda Bioarb Soda Sioarb Soda Bioarb Soda Bioarb Soda Bioarb Soda Bioarb Sola Bioarb Strychnine Tartnic A oid Tin Crystals Yomar Extracts : Triple Extracts. sq. bot., per gross Anchor Brand, per gross Anchor Brand, per gross Anchor Brand, per gross Sulphur flour	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Buff " Pebbled " Baff Bals brass nailed		0 60 0.70 0 60 0.75 0 60 0.75 0 70 0.80 0 70 0.80 0 60 0.80 0 65 0.90 0 65 0.90 0 65 0.90 1 00 1.25 1 50 1.75	Cresmory [new] Townships, do Brockville, do Morrisburg, do Western, Cheeso, Orugs & Chemicais	0 19 0 20 0 16 0 18 0 18 0 19 0 14 0 15 0 08 0 (8]	Dyostuffs. Arohil, con Cutol. Ex. Logwood. Chips. Indigo (Bengal). "Madras. Gambier Madder Sumac. Fish.	
Tomatoes, per dos 1 10 1 15. Penches, 2-lb. yollow 2 50 2 60 "	Name of Article. Gr'nGages, 2-lb tins p dz Corn, per dos do 2-lb tins, Yarmouth do 3-lb tins Pess, Mar, 2-lb tins Boston baked beans, p di Corned beef, 2-lbs do 15-lbs Ox tonguo, 2-lbs, Per doz. S-lbs, " Lunch "1-lb. " Eng. Brawn, 2-lbs. " Soups, 2-lbs. " Soups, 2-lbs. " Boston Beans, dor "Boston Beans, dor Dom. Corndor t above quotations apply on	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Acid Carbolio Cryst Medi Aloes, Cape Alum Boraz, xtls Bleaching Powder Brom. Potass. Camphor, Eng. Ref. Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Castor Oil. Copperas, per 100 lbs. Cresca Tartar Broom Balts. Glycerine. Gum Arabic per lb. Trag.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Labrador Herrings, No 1. French Shore, No 1. Sea Trout. Cape Breton Herrings. Mackerel, No 1. Green Cod, Large Mo. 1. Draft Salmon No. 1 brls Salmon, No. 1 (tieroes). Salmon, No. 1 (tieroes). Brit. Col brls. Boneless Fish.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
* Vice-Regal Decorators a * Florists. * * W. B. DAVIDSON & S No. 86 Victoria Square Branch: 1756 NOTRE DAME STREET. : : : : Conservatories: COTE Conservatory attached to 86 Victoria MARRIACE BOUQUE? Cut Flowers & Funeral D Mado to Order in every Style at Short DUPONT'S	SONS, S. PAUL. Square. rs, esigns Notico. SEALED Sc. Aylmar, works.regul Aylmar, Que	MONN MANUFAC Shoes, Fe g and Fi g and Fi TENDERS and ondorso Quee, will him for in the c	Alt Boots, Belting, re, Engine Hose.	Newfound P. E. Canadia	A Common Stree MONT Importers of land, Nova Scotia, New Island and West India P Exporters of n Produce—Flour, Port Grain, &c. Agents for Coal and Railway Co. Stevens Stm. Rfd. and and Gaspo	t, REAL Brunswick, roduce. ., Buttor,
CELEBRATED BRUSH 5 Cases just Rec Containin Hair, Tooth and Nail Brus J. PALMER & Sole Agents for Canada. 1743 & 1745 Notre Dame MONT Sample Room up stairs.	ES ES ES ES ES ES ES ES ES ES	ions and dra of Public otol, Avime and tionders' in the form tures of ton disr of Public ount of tond on track, or for, and wil aca of tondo ritmont, does r any tendor By c	eque, payable to the order by Yorks, equal to five per- r, Tmuet-accompany, each libe forfoited if the party fail to complete the work loc roumplete the work to bind itself to accept order, A. GOBELL, Secretary.	SV EGG	Coal and Railway Co. (Estevens Stm. Rfd. and and Gaspo Brind Co. on & Co., Clarets, I aror's Co., Clarets, I aror's Co., Clarets, I aror's Co., Clarets, I bestors, Mackorel, Herring, nts of all kinds of Produ iodiate attention and prom VAN & JAM WHOLEBALE DEALERS IN S and POU St. Hyacinthe, P.Q.	ie will have treturns. ES,

1120

MOI	NTRE	AL WHOLESALE	PRICES	OURRENT THUR	SDAY, JU	NE 7, 188 8.	
Name of Article Wh	holesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
Flour. Patent.; winter	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Raccoon per skin	0 00 0 12 8 00710 005 0 40 0 75; 0 40 0 60 0 96 0 974 0 975 0 9	Granulated Syrug, per lb Molasses, (Barbados) in'g Porto Rico Trinidad Grape Sugar Ref. Co. Empress Drips Syrup Dom. Crystal A Glucose. B. Dextrine Prwit : Loose Muscatel Layors, Malaga Sultanas	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 11 \ 0 \ 13 \\ 0 \ 051 \ 0 \ 061 \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 071 \\ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$	I gt pk 2 gt gs Gelatine, 4's Vermicelli, Canadian Macgaroni Italian Peel-Litron Orango Lemon Storch : White Crystal Gloss Snow Flake Dom. Rep. Corn Macgaroni Corn Starch Pure White Vinegar : Imp. Triple, 1 brl Corn Starch	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 90 & 0 & 00 \\ 1 & 80 & 0 & 00 \\ 1 & 95 & 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 65 & 1 & 10 \\ 0 & 64 & 0 & 074 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 074 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 23 & 0 & 29 \\ 0 & 164 & 0 & 184 \\ 0 & 164 & 0 & 184 \\ 0 & 164 & 0 & 184 \\ 0 & 164 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 064 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 066 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 &$
Fuel. Pricos to householders. Coal. Slove	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Crocorles. Tra (HfChest & Cad.) '' good med. to ine '' good med. to ine '' nost to choicest. '' Nagaaski Y. Hyson, com. to gd '' fine to finest. hi '' good to fine '' fine to finest'' '' fine to finest'' '' med. to good''' '' med. to good''' '' fine to finest''' Colong''' Congou, common''' '' med. to good''' '' fine to finest''' '' fine to finest'''' Congou, common''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Seedless	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	W. W. XXX W. W. XXX W. W. XXX W. W. XX Galaxies and the second second W. W. XX Soap : Beet Laundry Watches : Common Matches : Common Match	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Retailers will please bear in mind that above quotations apply only to large lots.



112

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES OURRENT .- THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1888.

Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessle.
Hardware-Continued.	\$ c- \$ o	Summerlee Gartsherrie Carnbroe	\$ c. \$ c. 19 50 U 00 18 50 0 00 18 00 0 00	Hides and Skins. Montreal Green Hides	\$ 0. \$ 0.	Russetts, Light "Heavy "No. 2	\$ c. \$ c. 0 35 0 40 0 30 0 35 0 20 0 25
Casing Box, Shook : 14 inpor 100 lb. kog 14 in. to 14 21 in. to 24 24 in. to 24 24 in. to 35 24 in. to 44 Cast Spikes : all sizes Finishing Nails : 14 in. to 14 21 in. and up 21 in. to 14 per 100 lb. kog. 14 in. & 14 per 100 lb. kog. 14 in. to 3 21 in. to 3	4 90 0 00 4 15 0 00 3 90 0 00 3 65 0 00	Clyde Govan Eglinton	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	" No. 1 per 100 lbs " No. 2 " No. 3 Tanners pay 500 more for	0 00 5 50	" No. 2 " Saddlers' Imt. Fr. Calf English Oak	065 080
3 in. to 4 i " " Cwt Soikes : all sizes	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Bar Iron,-per 100 lbs	2 00 0 00	sorted, cured and inspected Hamilton, No. 1 insp No. 2	0.00 6.50	Meats, Eggs, &c. Canada Pork, short ont	11
1 in. to 1 per 100 lb. keg 1 in. to 1 2 in. and up	5 50 4 80 4 55 4 30 3 80 0 00	Best Refined	2 25 0 00 2 00 0 0C 4 50 0 00	Toronto 1 Chicago Buff	6 50 6 75 6 00 6 25 7 00 7 25	Canada Pork, short out Western mess short out Hams. City Cured	18 50 19 00
11 in. & 14 per 100 lb. keg. 11 in to 2 24 in. to 8	4 95 4 00 3 85 3 65 3 55 3 15	Boiler Plates Boiler "Lowmcor. Hoops and Bands	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ff Calfskins gf Calfskins Bulls. Dry No'r West Sheepskins	0 09 0 10 6 00 6 50	Bacon, per lb Bacon, per lb Eggs, frosh in cases in baskets	0 11 ,0 11 0 14,0 15 0,00,0 20
Clinck and Heavy Clinck : Nata and Sharf Free d Naile 1 and 1; in por 100 lbs) 14" 14 24" 21 24" 21 24" 21 25 are and discount	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Canada Plates : Good Brands Iron Wire : 0 to 7 p 100 lbs	2 50 2 60 2 25 0 00	Sheepskins Lambskins Calfskins uninspected Horse Hides western, each	0 15 0 29	Tallow, Rendered Tallow, Rendered Potatoes, per bag Honey, in comb	0 14 0 15
1111111111111	6 25 0 00 6 00 0 00 5 70 0 00	62i to 65 p c dis	0 06 0 43	Leather (at 6 months)		Oils.	•
to her cette discontre		1 <u>500</u>	200 000	No. 1 B. A. Sole No. 2 B. A. Sole No. 1, ordinary Sole No. 2	0 21 0 22	Cod Oil, Newfoundland Halifax Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal	0 30 .0 82
bly to the above nails florse Nails : P & F Bright ""No. 7 ""No. 8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	" Sleigh Shoe. lb Tran Plate : IQ Coke IQ Charcoal IX " IX " DQ " DX " DXX " Russ. Sheet Iron Anchors. per lb	3 75 4 00 4 00 4 50	Buffalo Sole, No. 1 No. 2 China "No. 1 "No. 2	0 20 0 21	S. R. Pale Scal Cod Liver Oil, now [Distributing Prices] Cod Oil, Nowfoundland.	040 042
M Brand 40 @ 5 per ct. dis	0 22 0 00	DX " DXX "	Extras.	Zanzibar, No. 1 No. 2 Slaughter, No. 1 Harness	0 15 0 16 0 23 0 25	Do Halifax Do Gaspe S. R. Pale Scal	0.86:038
				Upper Heavy Light Grained Upper	030 035	Cod Liver Oil Lard Oil, Extra No. 1	0 65 0 75
; in (Dis. 15 to 20 per cent.)	4 75 0 00	Lead: Pig, per 100 lbs Sheet Shot per 100 lbs	3 75 4 00 4 50 0 00 5 75 0 00	Scotch Grain Kip Skins, Fronch English	035 040	Linseed Raw Boiled	0 55,40 57 0 58 0 60 1 00-1 10
Horse Shoes Terms, 4 months, or 5 pc or 30 days	8 25 3 50 0 00 + 00 11 00 18 00	Lead Pipe " Zinc : Sheet Speltor Scrat from-Shell	5 00 0 00 5 00 5 25 5 00 0 00	Canada Kip Homlock Calf '' Light	035 045 0 050 060 045 055	" Machinery " Extra, qt., p case	0 95 1 00
Galvanised Iron : Morewoods Lion, No. 23. D. McC. & Co	0 061 0 07 0 063 0 07	Lion & Crown, Tin'd Sht's 24 gauge	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	French Calfer Splits, Light & Medium Splits, Heavy 'Small Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft	0 177 0 99	" Lucca, Flasks	0 00 0 18
Pig-Iron : Siemen No. 1 Coltness	18 59 19 00 19 50 0 00 19 00 19 50	Fencingwire, No8 No. 9 No. 10	0 05 0 00 0 00 -2 25 0 00 2 40 0 00 2 55	Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain. B. Calf Brush (Cow) Kid Buff:	0 15 0 16 0 10 0 14 0 10 0 14 0 10 0 14 0 10 0 14	Broken lots. Am. in car lots. 5 to 10 bbls. single bbls.	
		hat the above quotations abo			1 0 12 0 13		10

Retailers will please bear in mind that the above quotations apply only to large lots.

Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. ## Terms for Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel; Clinch and Pressed Nails, net cash within 30 days; or four months Note adding interest from the date of delivery at seven per cent. Discount on Bolts: Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash in 30 days.



The above cut was selected from the large exhibit of OWEN MCGARVEY & SON, by the art critics of the "London Cabinetmaker and Art Journal," and found worthy of a place in that high authority on all works of art with a very flattering notice, highly complimenting them for their spleadid exhibit made at the fate Colonial and Indian Exhibition; in London, and which goods the firm is continually manufacturing, having only the very best and medium class of goods in stock for some years. Waiting a call from all in want of such goods at

Nos. 1849, 1851 & 1853 Notre Dame St. Corner McGill St., MON'TREAL.



ONT.

ţ,

1122	THE CANADIAN J	OURNAL OF COMM	BRCE.		
MONTRE	AL WHOLESALE PRI	OES OURRENTTHU	reday, ju	NE 7, 1888.	
Name of Article. Wholesale.		esale. Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholesale
Class.		S c. Bright Smoking, 3's & 6' Do Fanoy American Fanoy. oh & sn		Clares cases Class Claret of gd. brands Tarragona Ports, imp gu	3 00 & up 7 50 18 00 1 15 1 30
United inches. 14 to 25 1 50 00 United inches 26 " 40 1 60 00 " 51 " 50 0 00 3 50 " 51 " 60 0 00 3 50	Ash, 1 to 4 in., M	25 00 20 00 100 00 Wines, Liquors. etc		Burgundy Still, Caso Sparkling	
Paints, &c. W Lead pure ,50 to 100lb kgs 0 00 6 60	Cedar, round, lineal foot00 06 Cedar, flat, lineal foot00 04 Cherry, por M	00 10 00 06 Ale English 100 00 pts 17 00 Domestic 30 00 pts	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 40 & 2 45 \\ 1 60 & 1 65 \\ 0 85 & 1 25 \end{array} $	Can. Spirits, Imp. gallon. Alcohol	Paid Bond. 3 15 3 99 3 16 1 00 2 95 0 95
" No. 1	Elm, Rock	30 00 10 00 35 00 25 00 20	2 40 2 45	" "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Red Lead 4 75 4 00 Venetian Red. Eng'h 1 50 1 75 Yel. Ochre, French 1 25 3 00 Whiting, London, Washed 0 50 0 60	Onk, M. 40 00 Pine, clear, M	50 00 Domestic qts 40 00 Domestic qts 30 00 Domestic pts 16 00 Decendre : Henossey's ga	0 70 0 00	" Hyo " Toddy" " Malt Old Ryo4 years old	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
W Lead pure, 50 to 100lb kgs 0 00 6 60 No. 1 0 00 5 50 No. 2 0 00 5 00 No. 3 0 00 5 00 White Lead, dry 0 25 5 50 Weite Lead, dry 25 5 50 Word Lead 4 75 4 00 Venetian Red. Eng'h 1 50 1 75 Yel. Ochre, Fronch 1 25 3 00 Whiting, London, Washed 0 50 6 0 Paris 115 1 25 3 00 Roman brl 2 75 3 00	Mill do	36 00 Brandy: Henessey'sgal 10 00	e 0 00 12 00 1. 4 00 5 25 e 10 00 16 00 1. 3 75 4 25	" " 7 " 20 to100 cases, net cash 100 to 200 " 2j p c off.	2 09 1 05
Initial Initial <thinitial< th=""> <thinitial< th=""> <thi< td=""><td>I TODACCO (IN DOMAL)</td><td>I ITTER WALKEY IWO B OF</td><td>0 00 9 50</td><td>200 cases and over 5 p c off</td><td></td></thi<></thinitial<></thinitial<>	I TODACCO (IN DOMAL)	I ITTER WALKEY IWO B OF	0 00 9 50	200 cases and over 5 p c off	
Salt.	Black, Chewing, in boxes. 0 17 in caddies 0 16 Mahoganics, Smoking 0 22 Do Chewing 0 23	0 23 0 194 0 29 0 29 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	P 3 50 4 00	Wooi.	0 21 0 23
Liverpool por bag Elov'ns 0 33 0 40 Twolvos 0 00 00 Canadian, in small bags. 2 35 3 25 Half bags 0 0) 0 00	Black, Chewing, in boxes. 0 17 in caddies 0 16 Mahoganics, Smoking 0 22 Do Chewing 0 23 Bright Smoking 0 27 Fanoy Bright Smoking 0 34 Solace, Common 0 16 Solace Fait to good 0 25 [Dwiy Paid.] Rickt Chewing, hores 128 0 41	0 31 Holland Gin :imp g8 0 39 0 22 Green case 0 30 Red case	a 2 50 2 60 a 4 55 4 65 a 8 60 8 70	Fleece Pulled, unassorted Extra Super Buper	0 22 0 24 0 26 0 27 0 22 0 23 0 23 0 20 0 0 0 0 0
Liverpool por bag Elov'ns 0 33 0 40 Twolvos 0 000 000 Canadian, in small bags 2 33 3 25 "Half bags 0 32 0 34 "Guarters	Black, Chowing, boxes 12's 0 41 Do Navy, Cads, 3's 6's & 12's 0 46 Mahogany, Chow'g 6's & 8's 0 49	0 46 Dry 6 0 60 0 53 0 54 0 54 0 79 0	26 00 28 00 1 95 6 00 2 25 7 00 2 30 6 50	Black. Natal Cape Australian	017 019
	that the above quotations apply only		1	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
				We will be pleased quotations for follow	to furnish
SBESTO	S MUILL M PACKI			Jonas' Triple Co Flavoring Ex Castor Oil, in all Olive Oil, 1 pints	mcentrated stracts. size bottles.
MANUFACTURED AND	D FOR SALE WHOLESALE AN	ND RETAIL BY	JONAS'	quarts. Cod Liver	
The ** Dominion **		ard *** Company,	TRIPLE TRIPLE EXTRACT VANILLA	French Must Glycerine, Ge	ards, latines,
والمسيد موجوع المستحد والروابي ويستعد والمنافقة المحربي وتعريب والمستحد والمراجع والمستحد المراجع	eter Street, MONTRE		ICE CREANE ANILLA INF ILITARE ICE CREANE AULIS ANDES AULIS A	* 10 Debresole	& CO., e Street,
The CRAIG System	ELECTRIC	LIGHTING		EFUL-COMFOR	
CRATG	$- \mathbf{AND}$	FILS	EPP	S'S COC	OA .
Office and Place of Con The Incandoscent System.	struction: 305 St. James St., The Are System.	MONTREAL. The Galvanoplastic System.	"By a t which gover trition, and	BREAKFAST. horough knowledge of the r in the operations of digest.	atural'laws
	Sloctrio Lighting Materials.		properties provided of flavored bey doctors' bil	of well-selected Cocon, Min ar broakfast tables with r rerage which may save us i ls. It is by the judicions	r. Epps has delicately many heavy use of such
Why Pay \$120 for a Type	. Writer when you can get	WRITER. one equally good and in	articles of ally built tendency to are floating there is a p	BREAKFAST. horough knowledge of the r r the operations of digest by a caroful application of well-selected Cocoa, Mn ar broakfast tables with r rerage which may save us 1 Ba' It is by the judicious list that a constitution ma until strong encough to disease. 'Hundreds of sub- around us ready to attace weak point. We may esco by Keeping ourselves well for and a properly nourishe	y be gradu- rosist every le maladies k wherever
niniy Altar	respects superior for SEC	The "Boston" Type Writer has 84 Charac-	" Civil Sera	by keeping ourselves well fu and a properly nourished dice Gazeite." imply with boiling water or kets by Grocers, labelled th	and the production
		ters. Writes Capitals, and can be operated at the rate of 40 words per minute without any fatigue to the operator.	JAMES EPP	S & CO., Homeopathic Chen	nists, on, England
		It is fast supersoding all other machines, and has only to be seen	London		
		area. Agents wanted in the	bottlod Pin	tures Ales, Soda Waters, e Apple Cider. Standard 1	
F. SNOW, Gen'l Agent,	214 St. J	ames St., MONTREAL		st. Leon Minoral Water, MES TUNE & SOI LOND	NB, ON, O nt.

1122

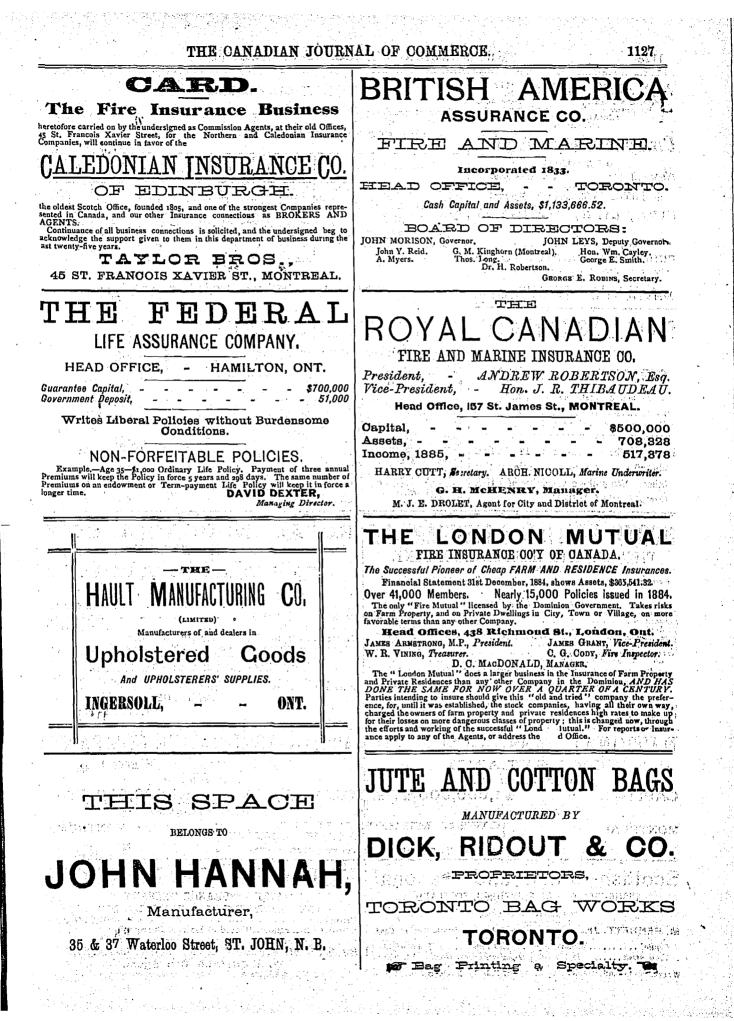






AGENTS :--DUNCAN BELL, Montreal. WM. HEWETT, Toronto. BEDARD, GIRARD & CIE., Quebec.





HENRY LYMAN, ANDREW ALLAN, (Lyman Sons, & Co., (Allan Line R. M., -Montreal & Toronto), Steanships.) -, PRESIDENT, GRRALD E. HART,		87	OOKS ANI) BONDS.			
Genl. Manager.	INSURANCE	COMPANIE	S CANADIAN	-Montreal Q	uotations, J	uno, 1888.	• •
Citizens Insurance Co.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I Took			Amount	Canada
OF CANADA. Retablished 1864. Capital, \$1,009,800.	NAME OF COMPA	NY. Sha	per year	Dividends	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	paid per Share	quotations per ct.
Head Office, 179 St. James St., Montreal.	British America Fire and Canada Life Citizens, Fire, Life, & Ac Confederation Life	1 Marine 10	000 3-6mos 500 71-6mos 880 6-12mo	JanJuly FebAug	\$50 400	\$50 50 71	983 420 100 193
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT	Citizens, Fire, Life, & Ac Confederation Life	cident 11, 5 25	,880 6-12mo ,000 5-6mos ,000 4-6mos	Mar.88,y'ly JanJuly	85 100 40	73 10 20	100 193 144
Business Transacted.	Western Assurance Royal Canadian Insuran Accident Ins. Co. of Nor	ce	,000 5-6mos ,000 4-6mos ,000 6-12mos ,610 6 ,372 6	15 J'l 15Jan	100	20 20 100	95 90
ENDOWMENT: COUPON BONDS	Guarantee Co. of North A	merica 13,	,372 6	15 J'l 15Jan	50	10 50	90 100
without conditions, offering facilities for obtaining money at any moment.	D	The second	10	e transformation and a second s	6-164 35-1	00 1000	111-01
A RELIABLE CANADIAN COMPANY. AMPLE SECURITY. PROMPT PAYMENTS.	BRITISH	AND FOREIGN	-(Quotattons of	i ine London d	area. May	23, 1888, 3 Market	na ina
S COLLINS! SON! 8. CO				4 1	·	p. p'd up s	hare.
S. COLLINS' SON'& CO.	British and Foreign Mar Caledonian	ine 50,	,000 50	20	4	£234 £274	£23] £28
MANUFACTURERS OF	Commercial U. Fire, Life Edinburgh Life Kire Insurance Associat	o & Marine 50, 5,	,000 30 ,000 10 ,000 5	50 100 £10	5 15 £2	£24 £43}	49
PRINTING INKS,	Glasgow & London Guardian Fire and Life.		,000 13	100		£78 £	80s 80
32 and 34 Frankfort Street, N. Y.	Lancashire Fire	12, 100 1and 10	,000 £7 p. sh ,600 30 ,000 15 ,802 48	· 100 20 40 25 10	50 25 2 8]	£6 £38	
Our Cut Inks are used on the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY by Harper & Brothers, and on this Paper.	London Assurance Corp London & Lancashire Li Livernool & Lond, & Giol	oration	802 48 000 10 175 70	25 10 20	$12\frac{1}{1}$ 1 7-20	£52 £ 603 £	54 90s £33 13s 9d
Estimates for all kinds of PRINTING	British and Foreign Mar Caledonian Commercial U. Fire, Lift Edinburgh Life Fire Insurance Associat Guardian Fire and Life. Imporint Fire Lancashire Fire. Life Association of Scot. London Assurance Corp London & Lancashire Li Liverpool & Lond, & Gloi North Brit, & Merc. Fir Phœnix Fire Queen Fire & Life Royal Insurance Fire & Scottish Imporial Fire & Scottish Imporial Fire Standard Life	30, 5 & Life 40,	,000 70 ,000 56	100	2 5 6}	£557 .£41}	£56 113
cheerfully given on application to this	Queen Fire & Life Royal Insurance Fire &	Life	,722 £21 p. s ,000 \$0 ,000 60	1 10	1	708	£245 £391
Office. We make a specialty of FINE	Scotish Imperial Fire & Scottish Provincial Fire Standard Life	Life	,000 6 ,000 15 ,000 584 ,000 5	20 10 50 50	1 8 12 11	35s 6d £18 £	36 6d 16
COMMERCIAL WORK.	Star Life	4	,000 5	25		£100 £	120
NORTH BRITISH & MI FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCI ESTABLISHED 1809. Directors-Gilbert Scott, Esq., Hon. Thomas Ry	E COMPANY.		IRĒ	VERPOOL A		NN. IITI	
Resources of the Compan	Υ.	CADITAL	e	of Shareho	ders Unlin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Resources of the Compan Subscribed	£3,000,000 Stg. 	CAPITAL RESERVE	FUNDS,			10,	00 0,00 0 624,435 288,046
Paid-up Fire Fund and Reserves as at 31st Decomber, 1883 Life and Annuity Funds Revenue-Fire Branch do Life and Annuity Branches	1,592,235 " 	Investme	nts in Car of Canadia			pro-	
do Life and Annuity Branches Agents in all principal Towns of t		· ·	lead Office	0 0	1		800,000
Head Office for the Dominion, 78 St. Fra		Every desi	cription of prop anted in all the	erty insured	at moderate		
MONTREAL D. LORN MACDOUGALL, THOMAS DAVIDSON, Gen. Agents. {WM. 1 G. M.	L		aata Aata Aata		F AGENI	2 · · ·	73 3 7
THOMAS DAVIDSON, ; G. M.	AHERN, 540-Inspector.				· · · ·	TATL	
NATIONAL ASSURA	ANCE CO.	ATLA	S ASS	SURAI	NCE (COME	PANY
OF IRELAN			(Of I	NOM DC	N, E	MG)	
INCORFORATED 1899 CAPITAL, £1,00	0,000 STG.	CAPIT	ΔΙ	FOUNDEL		ດັດດຸດ	STG.
CHIEF AGENTS:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			OINT MAN		0,000	,51G.
MONTREAL. {OW	EN MURPE LO	IY, M. J DUIS H.		5-00- S	1.5	MON	TREAL
A	gents required in u	•			•	۲	
Scottish Union and	National	THE	CIT	YO	FI	ONIT) MN
AUT: INSURANCE CO., OF EDINBURGH.				INSURANC			
Established 1824.		O] Capital,	f LON			LANI	⊃. ,000,000
M. BENNETT, Jr., Gen. manager North Americ	•		nsurance Af	fected at Lo	west Our	ent Rates	
Capital	Dom. Govt. 125,000	,53 & 55	St. Fran	oois Xavi	er Stree	t, MON	FREAL.
W Resident Agent. 117 St. Franco	(Market value) is Xavior St., MONTERAL	Safe	w. R.	OSWALD, Agents wanted			•

1128

ł

i. E



2.	Insurance.	Insurance.	Insurance.
EW	YORK LIFE	BRITISH EMPIRE	GLASGOW & LONDON
Ins	urance Co'y.	Mutual Life	Fire Insurance Co.
		Assurance Co. of London, Eng.	CANADIAN BRANCH.
JANU	JARY 1st, 1888.	ESTABLISHED 1847.	HEAD OFFICE:
	ts\$83,079,845	Accumulated Funds,	CORNER NOTRE DAME AND ST. HELEN STREETS,
	16,128,352 come 22,052,782	Annual Income over 1,000,000	MONTREAL
	Assumed 106,749,295 In force 358,935,536	INAMATIA KKANDH MDMPPREAL	DIRECTORS: W. H. HUTTON, Esq., (Jamos Hutton & Co., Mont-
T 101		DIRECTORS :	real), Chairman. JAS, O'BRIEN, Esq., (J. O'Brien & Co.), Montresl.
ho can procur	en of good address, tact and industry e first-class business, can find profitabl ad build up a competency without capi	e Director Bank of Montrea	D. GIROUARD, M. P., Q. C., Montreal LARBATT W. SWITH, D. C. L., President Building and Loan Association, Toronto.
al, as Agents of	of the New York IAfe Insurance Sentlemen of ability and culture, without	e President Montreal Stock Exchang	, ROBT. C. JAMIEBON, Esq., Montreal. S. NORDHEIMER, Esq., President Federal Bank.
revious experie ssential to succ	ence, can soon acquire the knowledg cess.	ALEXANDER MURRAY, Esq.,	Toronto. GRO. R. R. COCKEGEN, Esg., (President Toronto Land and Investment Co.), Toronto.
DA	VID BURKE,	Director Bank of Montrea ROBERT SIMMS, Esq.,	
	General Munager for Janada.	Of R. Simms & C	STEWART BROWNE.
-	OFFICES:	F. STANCLIFFE, General Manager B. H. MATSON,	W. G. BROWN. O. GELINAS,
		Superintendent of Agencie	A. D. C. VAN WABT.
22 31.	John Street. Montreal		*
Mail ASS FIRE	John Street, Montreal Building, Toronto. WESTE UTATICE CO AND MARINE. INCORF	MONTERAL AND DISTRICT. J. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Ontario, LONDON, ONT. RN DODON, ONT. PORATED 1851.	5. \$1.00 Cash deposited with Canadian Government for every dollar of liability.
Mail FIRE Japital and Income for Elead C	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORP Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office:	MONTEFAL AND DISTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	\$1.00 Cash deposited with Canadian
Mail FIRE Japital and Income for Elead C	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin TH, President. JAS.	MONTEFAL AND DISTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	Sovernment for every dollar of liability.
Mail FIRE Japital and Income for Elead C	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & Co., Managers M	MONTBEAL AND DISTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	St.00 Cash deposited with Canadian Government for every dollar of liability.
Mail FIRE Japital and noome for Elead C A. M. SMIT J. H. I	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO E AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & Co., Managers M 190 ST. JAMES ST	MONTBEAL AND DISTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	AND Life Association.
Mail FIRE Japital and Income for Elead C A. M. SMIT J. H. I	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & Co., Managers M	MONTBEAL AND DIBTRICT.). FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	AND Life Association. offered to Policyholders is Unsurpassed by business in the Dominion. - Taces been uneccampled in the history da.
Mail FIRE Japital and Income for Elead C A. M. SMIT J. H. I	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO E AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & Co., Managers M 190 ST. JAMES ST	MONTBEAL AND DISTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	stor \$1.00 Cash deposited with Canadian Government for every dollar of liability.
Mail ASS FIRE Capital and Income for Elead C A. M. SMI' J. H. I T	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO E AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & Co., Managers M 190 ST. JAMES ST	MONTBEAL AND DIBTRICT.). FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	AND Life Association. offered to Policyholders is Unsurpassed by business in the Dominion. Thas been unexcampled in the history da. indisputable after three year' and non- ler two years. re distributed upon an equitable basis h larger returns to "Ten Payment Life" Policyholders than under the Uniform Bonus Plan
Mail Fire Capital and Income for Elead A. M. SMI J. H. I	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & CO., Managers M 190 ST. JAMES ST	MONTREAL AND DIBTRICT.). FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	AND Life Association. offered to Policyholders is Unsurpassed by business in the Dominion. Thas been unexcampled in the history da. indisputable after three year' and non- ler two years. re distributed upon an equitable basis h larger returns to "Ten Payment Life" Policyholders than under the Uniform Bonus Plan
Mail ASS FIRE Capital and Income for Elead C A. M. SMI' J. H. I T	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & CO., MANAGERS M 190 ST. JAMES ST ST. JAMES ST	MONTBEAL AND DIBTRICT.). FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	Stor \$1.00 Cash deposited with Canadian Government for every dollar of liability.
Mail ASS FIRE Capital and Income for Elead C A. M. SMI' J. H. I T	Building, Toronto. WESTE UTANCE CO AND MARINE. INCORF Assets, Year ending 31st Dec., 188 Office: J. J. KENNY, Managin, TH, President. JAS. ROUTH & CO., Managers M 190 ST. JAMES ST	MONTBEAL AND DIBTRICT. 1. FRITH JEFFRIES, Manager Western Onlario, LONDON, ONT.	Stor \$1.00 Cash deposited with Canadian Government for every dollar of liability.

9 - 4 1