

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15, 1908

Vol. XXXVII, No. 3

Carter's Big Holiday Bazaar

Bigger and Better Than Ever
Old and young are cordially welcome.

1st Floor (2 stores).—Books, Stationery, Calendars, Christmas Cards, Leather Goods, Fancy Goods, Chinaware, Sleds and Sleighs.

2nd Floor (Santa Claus Headquarters).—Dolls, Toys, Games, Dolls Cabs, Go-Carts, Rocking-Horse, Shoo Fly Rockers, Baskets, Dolls Carriages, and an endless variety of other Goods too numerous to mention.

COME ONE COME ALL.

CARTER & CO.,

Santa Claus Headquarters.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennell and Chandler

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your

SUMMER SUIT

I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

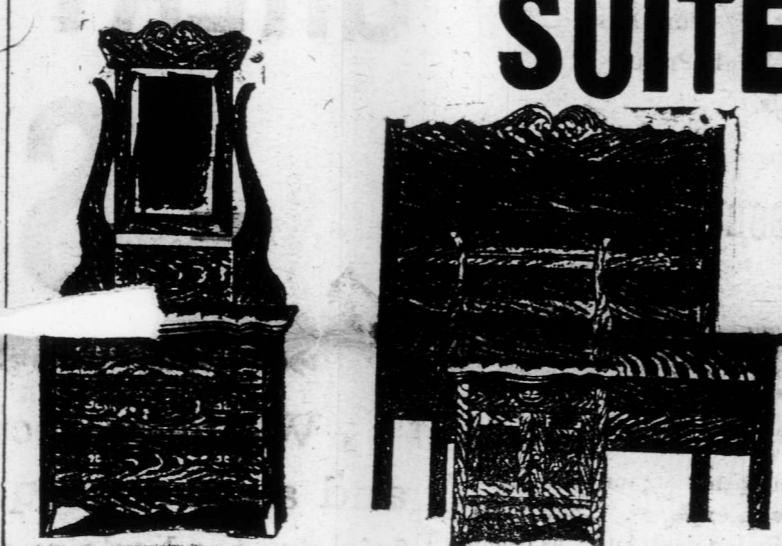
If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

H. H. BROWN,

The Young Men's Man.

Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner.

This Bedroom SUITE



3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in

Furniture and Carpets!

And we guarantee you

Better Goods for Less Money

Than you'll find anywhere else.

MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name).....

(And Address).....

Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand, PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

Notes From Rome.

Rome, December 14. It is in the pitiful nature of things that the world has heard so little of the splendid abnegation and loyalty of the French clergy during the crisis which has robbed them of their houses and their stipend and their visible means of support, says this week's issue of "Rome," and it is inevitable that a few more or less black sheep among them should make more noise than the fifty thousand silent ones. One knows the figure made by the Deputy Abbe Lemire, rounded out and perfected by his recent speech in which he proclaimed that the Holy Father was so honest but misguided man. And now we have the case of the Abbe Toizon, which, according to the point of view from which you look at it, is instructive, vils, pathetic, amusing, and painful. This unfortunate Abbe, bled this week before the Second Correctional Chamber of the Tribunal of the Seine, for non-payment of his just debts, had an interesting explanation to offer to his judges—an explanation, too, which will be found specially appropos by those of our readers who will peruse our article on "The Press and the Church" in the present number of "Rome."

It is quite possible that in points of detail the hapless Abbe may not be absolutely accurate, but the main lines of his story are patently true, and they are best given in his own words. He had dealings with Briand and Clemenceau which he promised to keep secret, but when the two of them threw the poor man to the wolves, and when, as he puts it quietly enough, his "honorability" was impugned, he felt released from the compact, and this was what he said:

"One day I went to the Ministry of Cults and there met an ex-Secretary of the Hon. Briand who spoke to me about the religious situation in France and the new law of separation. 'Something in the way of propaganda should be done,' said the secretary. 'Why not start a newspaper? I told him I was quite willing, but had not the money. 'If that is the only difficulty,' he rejoined, 'it will be surmounted. Do you know Clemenceau?' I said that I had never seen him. 'Go and see him,' he advised, and he went on to give some explanations as to the kind of newspaper that was wanted—it was to be orthodox, not aggressive, edited by respectable priests. I then made application for an audience with Clemenceau and received an answer by telegram that I would be received at the Ministry. I went, and Clemenceau at once entered with me into the subject of the newspaper. *** Then he asked me suddenly how much money would be necessary to start it, and I replied 100,000 francs. 'Ah,' he exclaimed, 'too much—100,000 francs is a great deal of money, and the Chamber thinks that I am spending excessively on secret service. But I will give you ten thousand a month.' Clemenceau then instructed me to call on Boubau Varilla, Director-Proprietor of the *Matin*, for ideas on the foundation of the new paper; I went to Varilla's chateau and eight days after returned to the ministry and showed Clemenceau the list of names I had thought out for the journal; Clemenceau selected 'La France Catholique,' and this is how the paper came into being. As I was about to leave, Clemenceau handed me an envelope containing ten thousand francs. *** I set to work at once; the journal made its appearance, and we printed fifty thousand copies weekly which were sent to all the cures of France."

But Rome and the French Bishops failed to adopt the ideas of "La France Catholique" in favor of the associations *catholiques*; Clemenceau recognized that it was no use for him to go on paying 10,000 francs a month to his now useless tool; the paper brought in no other revenue, the creditors grew impatient first and then indignant, and at last brought the Abbe before the courts, and now the ex-editor announces that he will appeal against the sentence which condemned him and that he will cite as witnesses Clemenceau, Briand's secretary, the owner of the Chateau and of the "Martin," etc.

Ever since 1870 Rome has been the victim of a mania for pulling down interesting old buildings (especially churches) and erecting uninteresting monuments to nonentities and attacking commemorative tablets to houses where celebrities did not live. During this period one church at least has been destroyed every year, but the present year has broken all records for vandalism. Only this week the pick and shovel have finished their destruction of the

venerable church of San Salvatore in Therris; the spoilers are still at work on the mangled remains of San Nicola in Ardeone; if you turn aside for a moment as you pass through the noble square of the Collegio Romano to have a look at Fontana's interesting church of Santa Barbara, you will be able to discern through a cloud of lime-dust a pitiful scene of destruction—marbles torn from their setting, beautiful statues of angels and symbolical figures wantonly mutilated, the splendid frescoes in the vault being shot off by an ugly ceiling—and if you ask one of the workmen what it all means he will tell you that the church is being fitted up as a nice police-station; if you go a little farther towards the Capitol you will have an opportunity of taking a look at the church of St. Rita, for that too is doomed, and the little church of Santa Lucia in Trinta is also disappearing. Bearing in mind these and other facts which might be cited, you are not surprised in the least to learn by your evening paper of last Thursday that it is now seriously proposed to pull down about half a mile of the old wall of Honorius. After fifteen hundred years! The amazing thing is that if these old churches and venerable walls had the good fortune to have been buried and ruined a few centuries ago, the archaeologists would now be digging for them like mad, and would fill the air with their shouts at every fragment of inscription that came to light.

Fortunately one is able to set against this destructive rage a few instances of restoration. It is not so long since the ancient church of Santa Maria in Comedina was after many years re-opened to the public, and restored to the appearance it wore in the eyes of the Romans of eight centuries ago. Close by, the venerable church of San Giorgio in Velabro, a gem of Byzantine Rome, was definitely re-opened last Sunday, and the faithful were not made an excuse for hiding the ancient charm of the temple under fresh paint and stucco. Finally the year now closing has seen the splendid church of San' Andrea della Valle thronged once more with devout Romans, and during the octave of the Epiphany they will assemble there again in thousands to assist at Mass offered up in all the rites of the Latin and Oriental branches of the Catholic Church—that striking symbol of Catholic unity inaugurated little more than half a century ago by the Venerable Vincenzo Pallotti.

For some weeks past an agitation has been growing in favor of erecting a great monument in Rome to the immortal Dante. The same project has been bruited every now and then during the last generation, but has been allowed to drop out of sight, owing, perhaps, to the satirical feeling that during that period Italy has not produced an artist half-equal to the task. But the present agitation seems to be more solid than any of its predecessors and a number of concrete proposals are now being mooted daily in the press. It is suggested that Parliament be asked to vote a sum of two million francs for the purpose, and among the schemes advocated is one which stands a very good chance of success, seeing that it involves considerable destruction of what is old and beautiful. It is seriously proposed then to stick up a modern monument to Dante in the centre of the Piazza del Popolo, one of the most beautiful piazzas in the world, and for this purpose to remove from the position where it has stood for centuries the ancient obelisk (dating from sixteen centuries before Christ) with its four fountains.

Dante, indeed, furnishes these days abundant material for discussion. He is perhaps more read and studied than at any time for centuries, but only too often read and studied as a High Pontiff of Italian Literature, and without any regard to his spirit or teaching. Nay, more, the anti-Christian elements in Italy leave no means untried to turn to their profit the name and memory of Dante. Only last week the Freemasons succeeded in electing their down candidates for all the offices in the great national "Dante Alighieri" society; this week the debate is still going on as to whether the tomb of the Divine Poet at Ravenna is or is not to be adorned by the addition of a tablet commemorating the late Signor Carducci who wrote a good deal of blasphemous verse, and who was a Freemason all his life. To complete our Dante chronicle, it must be added that this week, too, that extraordinary genius Tolstoy has

given the world his opinion on Dante's work! He has found it dull and stupid, just as Voltaire regarded the "Divina Commedia" as an "incongruous melody" or "sal-migondis." N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

The Christ-Child in Art.

The beauty of the Christ-Child is best represented by the great paintings of the European galleries. In the gradual budding and blossoming of art the theme of the Christ-Child has lent itself as a source of inspiration and artistic expression. Great Italian painters from the days of the thirteenth century through the renaissance, when art reached the most perfect development—selected the Christ-Child as their favorite theme. Without this source of inspiration the greatest master-works of Botticelli, Andrea del Sarto, Raphael and Michael Angelo would have remained undone.

Though many artists have used this theme, they have treated it in many ways. At times the Christ is alone or seen playing with the baby John; again he is with his mother, or they are accompanied by St. Anne and Elizabeth.

One of the earliest painters to present these groups was Giotto, as is revealed by the frescoes that remain in the Santa Croce Cathedral in Florence. Though they are now partly covered with whitewash, they show traces of past beauty. But the simplicity and naturalness of his genius are shown to the best advantage in the "Coronation." The work has a brilliancy of coloring and expression of joy that are delightful. When Giotto laid his brush aside there was another painter called Botticelli ready to take up the master's work. He had no desire to give great physical beauty to his Christ-Child; he wanted him to appeal human and natural. This is clearly seen in "La Vergine col D. V. in Figlio" of the Uffizi Gallery. The artist here clothed his theme in simple natural beauty. The Christ-Child and the Madonna are surrounded by lovely cherubs. Two of them are placing a crown on the head of the Madonna, while the Christ-Child looks towards his mother with yearning and inspiration.

Remarkably different from those of his predecessors are the representations of Andrea del Sarto. His Christ-Child, like many of his other masterpieces, possesses remarkable beauty, but they usually lack the soul-like beauty which the great painter did not possess. The exception to this is found in the Uffizi Gallery. There is a joy and purity in the expression of the Child and Mother, as well as the Angels at either side that give a superb tone to the picture.

The great Correggio treated this same theme similarly; his angels are always portrayed with grace, charm and smiling faces. But it is in the Virgin with the Infant and the Assumption of the Virgin that he created his two great master-paintings. In the first the mother kneels in adoration; her head is bowed and her hands are raised in prayer. The soft light from the child is reflected on her countenance. No less beautiful is the Assumption of the Virgin. The picture represents the Madonna and her child wafted heavenward in blissful ecstasy; sweet-faced cherubs follow in their train, thrilled with a feeling of glory and joy.

No less loving though more conventionally treated are the Virgin and the Child (by Qornio) and the Mother With Her Infant and Angels (by Lorenzo di Credi). In these paintings the Child looks older and less human. The effect is heightened by the nimbus about his head and around that of the Mother. Much as these painters did, it remained for Raphael to give the theme of childhood its noblest expression, and to paint the Madonna and Child time and again, like flowers in a garden, in spite of their numbers, they have no suggestion of monotony. They are possessed of so many moods and feelings.

The most cherished of these are the Madonna della Saggliola, the Madonna della S. Sisto, in the Madonna della S. Sisto there is a playfulness about the Child as though he wished to break loose from his mother's arms for merry play. In the Madonna di S. Sisto the mother does not hold the infant to her, but rather as though she would give him to humanity, saying "He is your King; receive Him."

But the simplicity and serenity of child-life is depicted with consummate skill in the Madonna della Saggliola; the child rests in his mother's arms as though he felt her devotion and love. Tranquility is the keynote of these countenances, though the baby John's face is full of sorrow. These great master-painters are no more, but the theme that inspires them to their richest fruitage is in the world to-day and is celebrated by Christmas as it was centuries ago.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS CURES! Dyspepsia, Bolls, Pimples, Headaches, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, and all troubles arising from the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS Mrs. A. Labaug of Redford, Ont., writes: "I believe I would have been long since dead for Burdock's Blood Bitters. I was run down to such an extent that I could scarcely move about the house. I was subject to severe headaches, nervousness, and sleeplessness. I was so weak and I was unable to do any household work. After only two bottles of Burdock's Blood Bitters I was fully restored. It did all I needed, and more than I expected."

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

MISCELLANEOUS.

RED TAPE.

The widow of a German officer presented herself at the office in Berlin for the purpose of drawing the pension due her. She handed in the necessary certificate from the mayor of the village in which she lived to the effect that she was still alive. "This certificate is not correct," said the officer in charge. "What is the matter with it?" asked the lady. "It bears the date of September 21," was the stern reply, "and your pension was due on September 15." "What kind of a certificate do you wish?" asked the disappointed applicant. "We must have a certificate stating that you were alive on September 15," said the officer with great firmness.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Owington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Leaves have their time to fall, And flowers their time to die; But 'tis not best all seasons for thine own.

Mr. Fred. Laine, St. George, Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

In a history of the great advance in postal methods accomplished by Sir Rowland Hill, recently published, is given this anecdote: "To the post-office of, at that time, tiny Ambleside, came one day a well-to-do man to buy a stamp to put on the letter he was about to post. "Is this new reform going to last?" he asked the postmaster. "Certainly," was the reply; "it is quite established." "Oh, well, then," said the man, resolved to give the thing generous support, "give me three stamps!"

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powder gives women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, All Dealers.

VEGETARIAN DISCIPLINE.

During the recent stay in camp of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, one of the captains called a sergeant one day, saying: "Sergeant, note down Private Mooney—one day on bread and water for slovenly turn-out on parade." "Beg pardon, captain," responded the sergeant, "but that won't make any difference to Mooney. He's a vegetarian." "Then," said the captain, "give him one day on meat and soup."

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

THREE Trying Times in A WOMAN'S LIFE

WHEN

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

are almost an absolute necessity towards her future health.

The first time when a woman is just budding from girlhood into the full bloom of womanhood. The second period that constitutes a special drain on the system is during pregnancy. The third and the most liable to heart and nerve troubles is during "change of life." In all three periods Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will prove of wonderful value to tide over the time. Mrs. James King, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "I was troubled very much with heart trouble—the cause being to a great extent due to 'change of life.' I have been taking your Heart and Nerve Pills for some time and mean to continue doing so, as I can truthfully say they are the best remedy I have ever used for building up the system. You are at liberty to use this statement for the benefit of other sufferers." Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25. All Dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1908
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

Please don't delay your
Subscriptions for 1907. We
need the money, we
have earned it and
shall esteem it a great
favor if you remit now.

Canada's Builders.

The Patriot and the Pioneer, taking their cue from their masters, are repeating, parrot-like, in identical words the empty plaudits and unsupported assertions of the leading Grit organs, regarding the Laurier Governments contributions to Canada's prosperity.

Our contemporaries attempt to persuade their readers that the prosperity of Canada is wholly due to the exertions of the Laurier Government. There has, for several years past, been great prosperity in the United States, and Great Britain, in most of the British Dominions beyond the seas, as well as in many of the countries of continental Europe.

When in opposition, the Liberals were not unwilling to join hands with Canada's enemies, if by that means they could hope to overthrow the Conservative Government. They came before the county with commercial union with the United States, as a battle cry, well knowing that this was a scheme hatched in the hope of ruining Canada and bringing about political annexation with the Republic to the south of us.

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Farrer pamphlet. The cry of secession was also raised, by no less a personage than the present Finance Minister, Mr. Fielding, then Premier of Nova Scotia. So dangerous and treasonable was the course pursued by the Liberals in 1891, that Mr. Edward Blake refused to be a party thereto, and retired from the election campaign. He did not, however, have sufficient pluck to expose the dangerous sham of his party until after the elections. The electors, however, saw through the dangerous web of falsehood and treason the Liberals attempted to weave around the unwary, and the country was saved from humiliation and disgrace.

Our Grit contemporaries are pleased to animadvert upon the condition of political morality during Conservative rule. It requires considerable temerity for any friend of the present Government to make any allusion, just now, to this phase of Canadian public life and conduct. In the face of the exploits of the mysterious North Atlantic Trading Company, by which almost a half million of dollars were filched from the Federal treasury; the South Saskatchewan Land company, by means of which millions of acres of the public domain were handed over to favorites of the Government, for a mere song; the notorious land deals at Moncton, Truro and Halifax, by which tens of thousands of dollars of the people's money were handed to Government manipulators, in the form of rake offs, and the thousand and one other notorious robberies of the present Federal Government, any little irregularities of the former Conservative Government pale into insignificance.

Such in brief is the history of the two parties placed in juxtaposition. The Conservatives labored for the future greatness of our country, and established our institutions with that end in view. The Liberals obstructed and opposed all undertakings for the expansion and development of the country. They intrigued with Canada's enemies in the hope of thwarting the plans of the Conservatives. Despite their opposition their denunciations and their machinations, Canada has prospered and the garnered fruits of the labors of the Conservative statesmen are falling into the laps of the Grits, and they throw up their hands and shout that they did it all. They may deceive a few; but all who have kept in touch with Canada's political history since Confederation, know that the course pursued by the Grits has been characterized by opposition to Canada's best interests; by deception and hypocrisy, and by pandering to Canada's worst enemies.

Our contemporaries are inclined to attribute to the Government much credit for the position of independence and self-reliance Canada occupies today. Canada is a young country, with incalculable natural wealth undeveloped, and she must of necessity become greater and greater as her population increases and her resources come under development. But a beginning had to be made, and the greatest wisdom and prudence were necessary to lay deep and solid the foundations of a young country containing in embryo sources of such enormous possibilities. It required genius and statesmanship of the highest order to give such a country a constitution commensurate with her future expansion, and establish her institutions on a basis firm and durable, yet sufficiently elastic to appropriate and mould the diverse elements that must of necessity, from time to time, present themselves. Those engaged in such a great work required to be wise and far seeing, as they were building, not for their own times; but for the future, and whatever greatness Canada has of late achieved or is now enjoying is in consequence of the wisdom and forethought of those who thus moulded and shaped her destinies.

But who were the men that so wisely planned and so solidly established the foundations of our country? They were Sir John McDonald, Sir Charles Tupper and those associated with them, at the inauguration of Confederation. In the years following Confederation, Sir John and his Conservative associates labored to bring into realization the great things he foresaw at the beginning, and in our day the Liberals in power are reap-

ing the fruits of his great statesmanship. We see every day coming to pass the very things Sir John foretold. What was the attitude of the Liberals, while Sir John, Sir Charles and their associates were exerting their energies for the advancement and development of Canada? When the Conservative Government of Sir John grappled with the Canadian Pacific Railway, the first step towards consolidating the Dominion, the Liberals bitterly opposed them. Many of our readers will remember hearing Sir Louis Davies savagely attacking the project, denouncing it in the most vehement terms and declaring it would never pay for the axle grease. The same bitter and persistent opposition was offered when Sir John's Government undertook to deepen our canals and give Canada the greatest inland water transportation system in the world. When the United States refused to allow Canadian traffic to pass through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal, and thus attempted to cripple our lake navigation, Sir John built the Canadian Sault canal, and here again he was met by the same bitter and relentless Liberal opposition. The same thing happened when the increase in our shipping rendered necessary the establishment of gravingdocks. The great docks at Levis, Kingston and Esquimaux were built by the Conservative Government in spite of the Grits. The same holds good regarding every project advanced by the Conservatives for the upbuilding of Canada.

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To The Electors of The City of Charlottetown.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—
Having been nominated at a meeting of Electors of Ward 5 and also requested by a number of voters not at that meeting to nominate for the Mayoralty I have decided to do so and will be a candidate for that office at the City election in February.

I had the honor of a seat at the Council Board for several years as the representative of Wards 3 and 4 and later on the Board of Sewer and Water Commissioners as Chairman. I feel that my record in these two bodies justify me in soliciting your support for the Mayor's chair.

I am in favor of a certain amount of civic improvements being made each year commensurate with our revenues but I am opposed to any large increase in the bonded debt of the City, more particularly at the present time with such a stringency in the money market, it being almost impossible to sell Debentures except at a loss—City \$4 per cent. Debentures being now offered at a fraction over eighty-three dollars per hundred.

I would recommend a change in our financial year. The year now closes Dec. 31. Under those conditions it is impossible to get the City accounts before the tax-payers in time to give them an intelligent idea of the City finances before nomination day. Should you do me the honor of electing me to the important office of Mayor I will to the best of my ability endeavor to discharge the duties belonging to that office in the best interests of the city, as I have always heretofore done. Again soliciting your votes and support on Election day.
I remain,
Sincerely yours,
SIMON W. CRABBE.
Jan. 15, 1908—41

Estimates for Departments.

37 Increases, 5 Decreases and 6 Unchanged.—Total Increase Thirteen and a Half Millions.—With Supplementaries Yet to Hear From.

EXTRAVAGANT COINING.

Canada Has Paid Three Per Cent. for coining silver.—It Will Now Cost Twenty Per Cent or More.—Because We Have a Mint of Our Own.—With an Army of High Priced Officials.

MR. FISHER'S CHEESE OPERATIONS.

Cures That Are Worse Than the Disease.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1908.
Some of the more reckless government organs are claiming that the government is cutting down expenses. They offer in proof the estimates for the year beginning next April, as compared with those for the current year, which began last April. There is an increase, even on their own showing, of \$2,355,795 on current account and of \$396,569 on capital, which appears to them to be a trifling matter.

INCREASE FIFTEEN AND A HALF MILLIONS.

But when we examine their comparison we find the government writers comparing the first or main estimates for next year, with the sum total of the main estimates and all the supplementary estimates of last session. We shall have supplementary estimates and plenty of them of expenditure for next year. There is only one fair basis of comparison available, that is the difference between the main estimates for this year and the main estimates for next year. They are as follows:

For this year.....105,689,519
For next year.....119,237,091
Increase.....13,547,572

The Increase will really be larger than this, for the supplementaries will undoubtedly exceed those of last session.

37 INCREASES, 5 DECREASES.

Taking the main estimates alone we find the following changes by Departments:

Table with columns: Department, This Year, Next Year, Increase. Includes Interest and Sinking Fund, Civil Government, Administration of Justice, Penitentiaries, etc.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Table with columns: Department, This Year, Next Year, Increase. Includes Militia, Railways and Canals, Public Works, Dominion Lands.

DEBTS FALLING DUE.

In addition the main estimates of last year called for \$9,376,386 toward the redemption of debt falling due. Mr. Fielding did not have the money, and could not borrow it except on hard terms, and so renewed the notes at four per cent. interest, and met his floating liabilities at interest rates up to 7 per cent.

In next year's estimates the sum of \$29,200,900 is required to meet debts falling due. The prospects for borrowing this money at even 4 per cent. are not very bright. When Mr. Fielding took office he could borrow on the credit of Canada all the money he needed at two and three quarters per cent.

A COSTLY PLAYTHING.

The Canadian branch of the Royal Mint was declared open on Thursday. The institution is proving to be an expensive toy. Hitherto Canada has had her money coined in England at the Royal Mint at a cost of three per cent. of the face value for silver coins and ten per cent. on copper coins. Canadian Government supplying the material, bought ready refined in England. The gold coins used in Canada were obtained from England without charge for coinage. Last year the face value of silver coined at the Royal Mint in

132 Richmond Street.

Stanley Bros.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE!

We have decided that our stock is too large and as a consequence we are offering you all kinds and classes of materials at never before heard of prices.

Advertisement for Stanley Bros. featuring '1-3 OFF' and '1-40 F' discounts, 'SHOP BY MAIL', and lists of clothing items like Fancy Belts, Dress Trimmings, etc.

Hats and Caps.—It is considered by all who know that I have the most up to date hat and cap department in the city. My prices are dead right, that's the reason I'm getting the business.
H. H. BROWN
The Hat and Cap Man.

Farmers who send their sons and daughters to the Union Commercial College can rest assured they will not waste their time. No nonsense. Write for new illustrated prospectus. Wm. Moran, Prin. Ch. Town.

Our mail order department is growing rapidly—every mail brings us orders from different parts of the country, and we have invariably given the utmost satisfaction. If anything by any possibility might be wrong, we are always here to make it right. Stanley Bros. The Always Busy Store; Charlottetown.

Overalls and working shirts.—At this season of the year every man wants a fitting out in this line. There is no place in town where you can get better value for your money than at
H. H. BROWN'S
The young Men's Man.

Attend the Union Commercial College for a thorough business training with no waste time, no nonsense. College re-opens Sept. 3rd. send for new prospectus—W. Moran, Prin.

GROCERIES.

We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

SODA DRINKS

Advertisement for Iron Brew featuring 'DELICIOUS AT HOTELS, CAFES, FOUNTAINS EVERYWHERE' and 'THE IDEAL DRINK'.

Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties. A full line of all requirements for above purposes on hand.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.
Eureka Grocery,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

STANLEY BROS.

Our mail order department gives immediate and careful attention to all orders received by mail or telephone.

If you want anything at any time, and cannot come yourself; just drop us a postal, and we shall be pleased to send you samples and give you any information of any line of goods offered in a first class store like ours.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1906 has been very satisfactory.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than EPPS'S A delicious drink and a sustaining food.

COCOA Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1/2-lb. and 1-lb. Tins.

Boy Wanted.

The undersigned will pay high wages to a first class boy or man to work on a farm Apply at once to Joseph E. Kelly, Southport, Lot 48, or to Edward Kelly, Sydney Street, Charlottetown.

Oct 9, 1907.—17

\$50

Scholarships

Free

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

will YOU win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College, WM. MORAN, Prin.

COAL!

We would advise customers to order their Coal and have it delivered before the season gets too late, as

The Strike now on at the Springhill Mines may cause a scarcity and be the means of advancing the prices.

G. Lyons & Co.

Sept. 4, 1907—3i

England for the Canadian Government was \$984,000. The cost of material, coinage and transportation when the goods were delivered in Canada was \$507,845, leaving a net profit to the Dominion of \$476,155.

At present the Mint cannot use Canadian metal, as there is no plant in Canada to refine and prepare it.

MR. FISHER AS A CHEESE CURER

When Mr. Fisher started his system of Government cheese curing rooms he claimed that there was money in it for farmers and investors.

HIGH FINANCE AT BROCKVILLE

At Brockville the receipts from curing charges and saving of shrinkage were \$847.52. To earn this much the Government paid to Superintendent Somerville (whose initials are N.G.) \$533.15.

TWO HANDSOME DEFICITS

At Cowansville the showing was a little better, as follows:

Receipts..... 1,252.29

Expenses..... 1,632.01

Deficit..... 379.72

At St. Hyacinthe the following return was made:

Receipts..... 2,247.76

Expenses..... 3,527.02

Deficit..... 1,279.26

EARNED NEARLY NINE CENTS TO THE DOLLAR COST

The most remarkable showing was that at Woodstock where the curing room was financed as follows:

Earnings..... 78.30

Expenses..... 889.57

Deficit..... 811.20

To earn the \$78.30 gross, Joseph Burgess was paid for five months at the rate of \$1,000 a year with \$42.50 travelling expenses, or \$459.47 in all.

It is fair, however, to state that beside this custom curing the superintendent purchased 1,574 lbs. of cheese which was cured at the Woodstock room, and would seem to have made a net profit of between one cent and one and a half cents a pound, say \$22 altogether, making the total earnings of this enterprise \$100.30 against \$889.57 expenses.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter (fresh), Eggs, Flour, etc.

Men and Boy's suits.—It will pay you to give me a call for your spring suit for yourself or your boy, as I have an elegant range to choose from and my prices are lower than the lowest.

H. H. BROWN The Young Men's Man.

Snappy Styles

—OF—

Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

A. E. McEACHEN, The Young Men's Man.

Our Make

Of Coats have the

Perfect Fitting

Lapels, Shoulders and Collars that all Tasty Dresses require.

Maclellan Bros.

Where all Good Garments are made]

LOCAL and OTHER ITEMS.

Thomas David, an Assyrian, found guilty of manslaughter, having shot and killed his wife, was sentenced to five years in Dorchester Penitentiary, by Judge McLeod, at Fredericton, N.B., on Saturday last.

The Hilary term of the Supreme Court opened here yesterday. The only criminal case is that of the King vs. E. O. Brown.

James Charlton, yard master of the Street Department, St. John, N. B., aged 66, fell dead in his home, Leinster Street, Monday evening.

The London Times, which has been in the Walter family for over a hundred years, has changed hands.

The last of the bail suit, Emerson vs. Crockett, was heard in the Supreme Court at Fredericton, N. B., on Monday morning.

It is stated that the Canadian troops in the garrison at Halifax, and at Regimant, B. C., are to be replaced by regiments from England in April.

A meat inspector for this Province has been appointed by the Minister of Agriculture, and will soon arrive here.

Following a number of detonations on the 9th, a portion of the cone of Mount Yasuvius, at Naples, sank within the crater, causing great internal ebullitions.

The winter steamers left here for Georgetown on Wednesday last. But representations were made to the Marine Department by the Board of Trade, to the effect that the mild weather and absence of ice at Charlottetown did not seem to justify the step taken.

Sunday morning Chas. Cumming, of Belleville, Ont., took a drink of carbolic acid thinking that it was whiskey, which he had brought home on Saturday night.

Sixteen children were trampled to death and forty others injured, many of whom cannot live, in a panic arising from a mad rush for theatre seats Saturday afternoon at Burnley, England.

In a desperate fire in a twelve-story building in New York on Friday night last, four firemen lost their lives.

Between fifty and seventy-five persons were burned to death Monday in a fire which destroyed Rhodes' Theatre at Boyertown, Pa.

It is announced from Winnipeg that the Chicago and Great Western Railway is to be taken into C. P. R., thus giving a new through line to the Coast via St. Paul and the Soo.

Winnipeg advises of the 7th say: The mild weather and absence of snow have been a blessing to the people who have cattle in those districts where it was impossible to put up sufficient hay last fall for winter fodder.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 50c a box.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Chief Justice Tuck, of New Brunswick, has resigned. He is 76 years of age, and up to quite recently has been quite vigorous, mentally and physically.

Rev. Theodore Gallant, of St. Dunstan's College, underwent an operation for appendicitis in the Charlottetown Hospital last week. He is progressing favorably.

The Asiatic Exclusion League wants the city of Vancouver to purchase a few gatling guns for preserving the peace if another outbreak with the Japanese should occur there.

Not since the great Sazby gale of Oct. 4, 1870, has Digby, N. S., experienced a storm such as that on the 9th inst., when the wind blew from 80 miles an hour, causing a terrific sea and tide in the Bay of Fundy.

The C. P. R. steamer Mount Royal which had been out for thirty days, and was thought to have been lost, reached Queenstown, Ireland, on the 7th, proceeding slowly under her own steam.

While watching a train go by, Mrs. Mary Williams, of Moncton, dropped dead in the kitchen of her home Monday morning.

Their wagon struck a train running forty miles an hour, and Samuel Crouch, David Tole and Crouch's twenty-five year old daughter were hurled about a hundred feet.

Martin Gallant, brakeman on the L.C.R., was killed early Sunday morning at Red Pine, N.B., by falling from a train.

The contract has been awarded by the Grand Trunk Pacific to Foley Bros. and Laeson, a Winnipeg and St. Paul contracting firm, for the construction of 126 miles from Edmonton to Wolf Creek.

Mr. George V. McInerney, ex-M.P., died at his home, St. John, N.B., early last Sunday morning, after a severe illness of heart disease.

At Sunrise on Jan'y 7th Ileen May infant daughter of Vincent and Mamie McInerney, aged 7 mos. and 14 days.

In this city, at 30 Union St., on the 9th inst, John W. McCullough, aged four years and eight months.

In this city on January 13th Mrs. (Capt) McMahon, relict of the late Capt. McMahon, in the 77th year of her age. May her soul rest in peace.

At Allisary, on the 12th ult, aged 62 years, Catherine McDonald, daughter of the late Ronald and Ellen McDonald St. Peter's Lake.

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PROWSE BROS., Ltd., Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Goods Exchanged If Desired.



Money Back When Wanted.

\$5 to \$8 OVERCOATS Honestly Made

Overcoats at \$5, \$6, \$7 and \$8, are warm, serviceable, home made garments.

Three quarter RAGLANS With Ulster Collar

Made in three quarter lengths, of heavy grey frieze, warm tweed lining, mocha lined sleeves, large ulster collar, warm and comfortable, yet easy to walk in.

OVERCOATS!

Ready to select your Winter Overcoats? Just wondering what to buy, and where to buy it, and how to get the most value for your money.

Just Have a Look at Ours

Our claim to the greatest Overcoat stock in P. E. Island will bear investigating, and every garment of this immense stock will bear investigating both the hidden portions as well as those that are visible—inside as well as outside.

The Latest Styles.

The proper full length Raglan styles are shown in many qualities. "Chesterfield" and "Regent" styles are well represented.

Newest Patterns.

All the most popular tweeds designs and fashionable fancy weaves will be found here.

Our \$9 to \$20 Overcoat

Represent the greatest values possible for the money. Nowhere in Canada can better value be had.

"Fit Reform," "Pro ress Brand," "W. R. Johnson" Clothing

For sale at this store but not elsewhere. Just compare overcoats bearing this brand with inferior makes and equal prices.

Prowse Bros., Ltd.

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Purchase some of your jewelry needs from

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.

Table listing jewelry items and prices: Fine Timekeeping Regina Watches, Parlor Clocks, Ladies' Chains and Bracelets, etc.

Mathieson & MacDonald Barristers and Solicitors. ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK. Morson & Duffy Barristers & Attorneys.

Calendar for Jan., 1908

Calendar for Jan., 1908 table with columns for Day, Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, and moon phase details.

The Bible.

(From the new Catholic Encyclopedia, Robert Appleton Company, Publishers, New York.)

BIBLE, The, a collection of writings which the Church of God has solemnly recognized as inspired.

The existence of a collection of sacred books among the Jews at the time of Christ is a fact of history.

In one respect, therefore, the Bible is a twofold literature, made up of two distinct collections which correspond with two successive and unequal periods of time in the history of man.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism...

"I suffered dreadfully from rheumatism but have been completely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I am deeply grateful."

parts of a great organic whole the centre of which is the person and mission of Christ. The same Spirit exercised His mysterious hidden influence on the writings of both Testaments...

The Bible, as the inspired record of revelation, contains the word of God; that is, it contains those revealed truths which the Holy Ghost has revealed to men in writing.

It will be seen, therefore, that though the inspiration of any writer and the sacred character of his work are antecedent to its recognition by the Church yet we are dependent upon the Church for our knowledge of the existence of this inspiration.

Horrors of Siberia.

St. Petersburg, December 24.—The Russ publishes a letter, dated August, and written "on the Amur highroad" The writer tells of the awful suffering of thousands of exiles banished to Siberia during the present reign of "repression."

In order to remain in the prison men cut off their fingers, maim themselves, or drink tobacco juice. Two men known to the writer cut off the fingers of their right hands.

They were Gallicans and so could not understand the Catholicity of Pius the Seventh's attitude towards the Empire.

And so Napoleon, in making his selection, would note the political prejudices of a likely man, would find out if he was in close relationship with the old nobility, and if he had ever been in favor with the late King or his family.

Nevertheless, when in 1806, Napoleon drew up a Catechism of his own for the use of the schools of France, and in which every act of rebellion against his own government was declared by him to be a "revolt against God," the bishops, for the greater part, protested.

More terrible than war, famine or pestilence is that awful destroyer, that headless monster, Consumption, that annually sweeps away more of earth's inhabitants than any other single disease known to the human race.

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From the old regime they had brought their courtesy severity and spirit of compromise, and in the face of Napoleon's dazzling omnipotence it is hardly to be marvelled at that they showed themselves undecided, wavering and feeble.

Most people know that if they have been sick they need Scott's Emulsion to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about Scott's Emulsion is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Fluffy Ruffles is her name; Fluffy Ruffles is her game. When the bills begin to come, Fluffy Ruffles huffy some.

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MILBURN'S

LAXA LIVER PILLS

CURE CONSTIPATION

CURE BILIOUSNESS

CLEAN COATED TONGUE

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHIVALRY AT THE POLLS.

During a political campaign in Mississippi a certain Colonel Robinson was running for Congress on the Republican ticket.

"The food is bad," he continues, "Every man is supposed to receive twelve kopecks daily, but from May to August a sum equivalent to a total of forty-eight kopecks per man was all that was received."

"As for the sick, they are utterly helpless. The hospital holds only fifteen patients, the other sick prisoners having to remain in their tents until room is made.

"The work is hard, and the conditions of work are harder; but the hardest of all are the beatings. You are beaten on the way to work, at work, and on the way home—beaten always and everywhere."

"Yes," said the society girl. "I am engaged to Mr. Roxley, although I'm quite as fond of Mr. Golding."

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 50c a box.

SCOTCH ALL OVER.

Two Highland farmers met on their way to church. "Man," said Donald, "I was wonderin' what you will be askin' for you bit sheep over at your steadin'."

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vital of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 50c.

Minard's Liniment cures everything.

More Terrible Than War!

More terrible than war, famine or pestilence is that awful destroyer, that headless monster, Consumption, that annually sweeps away more of earth's inhabitants than any other single disease known to the human race.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

More terrible than war, famine or pestilence is that awful destroyer, that headless monster, Consumption, that annually sweeps away more of earth's inhabitants than any other single disease known to the human race.

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Bargains In Boots

We have secured a large shipment of Boots and Shoes (about 40 cases) at extremely low prices.

We are going to give our customers the benefit of this purchase.

Come in And look Them over

You will find Women's Fine Boots for \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair, Boys' Boots at 75 cents, Men's Long Boots \$2.25, Men's Laced Boots (fine) worth \$2.50, now \$1.75.

ALLEY & CO.

October 20, 1907.

October 20, 1907.

We Are Not Magicians!

We cannot take Poor Leaf and make it into GOOD TOBACCO

Therefore we put BEST LEAF OBTAINABLE into our manufactured TOBACCO.

Hickey & Nicholson,

Manufacturers, Charlottetown. - Phone 345

Oct. 30, 1907.

For New Buildings Hardware

We carry the finest line of Hardware to be found in any store.

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year

Issued Monthly—128 Pages.

A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events; struggles and progress of the Church; education, science, music and drama. Ask for a sample copy.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WE want a bright, active agent to represent The Messenger in every city and town.

WE will send free a copy of The Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us.

ADDRESS

The Messenger, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress.

Will now be conducted on KENTSTREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

Snappy Styles

—OF— Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only, Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

These Boots arrived a few days ago, a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B.

BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

Office—London House Building.

Collecting, conveyancing, and kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.

Sun Fire offices of London.

Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN,

AGENT.

Mar. 22nd, 1906

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D. S. Aug. 15 1906—3m

Morrison & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch at the HERALD Office,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets

Dodgers

Posters

Check Books

Receipt Books

Note Heads

Note Books of Hand

Letter Heads