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SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 In Adva

M. FINGER

Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry
Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay
the highest prices. Call up Bell
Phone 38, and I will call on you.

*Satisfactory dealing guar-
anteed.*

*Buy
Victory
War
Bonds*

*And Hasten the End
of
The War.*

O. E. SEEGMILLER

Druggist, Mildmay.

"Buy Drugs at a Drug Store"
Phone No. 28.

LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

Morning Train, southbound..... 7.15
Mail Train, northbound 11.05
Afternoon Train, southbound 3.30
Night Train, northbound 9.00

NEWS of the WEEK



Items of Interest to
Everybody.

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is hard to break the
chains of habit. It took
one man six months to stop
drinking "Gee Whiz."

Perhaps habit has kept you
drinking as before" when you
drink Red Rose.

Order. So next time you



think no other excuse to make."
And when they reached headquar-
ters Kelly was prepared to give his
personal pledge that Purple Mask
would pass out of the records of the
authorities.

Pat kept her word but her love for
adventure was satisfied in somewhat
different manner. The passing years
found her deeply concerned in Phil
Kelly's detective agency—for she had
surrendered to the Sphinx and, as Mrs.
Phil Kelly, she worked to her hus-
band's interest instead of thwarting
him.

And the little girl they treasured
in their happy home liked nothing so
well as to be dressed in the cape and
tights that duplicated the Purple
Mask.

(The End.)

Window Washing Simplified.

A pan of hot water with a little
kerosene in it is excellent for washing
windows. Wash in the usual way,
polishing with a soft lintless cloth.
This leaves the glass clear, and a high
polish. This solution is also good for
washing woodwork, as it does not dull
the varnish as the soap does.

Woolen Weavers Wanted

Woolen weavers for plain
cloths and blankets.
Heavy work.

Employment Office

WOLLEN CLOTH CO., LIMITED

Toronto

You think of

and Dyeing

PARKER'S

Lace Curtains, Carpets, Blankets and
The Parker process is thorough; the
the one way.

Cattle & Sheep.
 Present Culling in Shorthorns—
 Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by
 same sire as Junior Champion, Female,
 at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
 In Oxfores—
 Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

D. A. WILSON, M. D.
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
 Medical College, Member of College of
 Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office
 and Residence—Elora Street North
 MILD MAY.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and
 fitting them with glasses, is mod-
 ern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us
 examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from head-
 aches, pain in back of eyes, or
 vision is blurred, or you get dizz-
 y easily. Something is the
 matter with your eyes. We fit
 glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
 JEWELLER
 & OPTICIAN **Walkerton**

Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the
 Northern Exhibition for the past three
 years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on
 hand on hand.

H. H. Pletsch

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
 Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. H. FORTUNE.
 AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington,
 Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and
 satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements
 can be made at this office.

DR. L. DOERING
 DENTIST MILD MAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
 Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member
 of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario
 has opened his offices next to C. Saburter's,
 Mildmay, Entrance on Main Street. All the
 latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits
 Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford
 every second and fourth Saturday, and New-
 tadt every second and fourth Tuesday of each
 month.

Voluntary enlistment has taken
 thousands of men from office
 work. Conscription will take
 more. Office help is scarce now
 — will be scarcer very soon.
 Young women must fill the vacant
 places and they need training.

**NORTHERN
 Business College**

OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO
 remains open all summer to help
 to meet the demand for trained
 office help. Students may enter
 at any time. No increase in fees.
 Circulars free on application.

C. A. FLEMING, F. A.
 PRINCIPAL **G. D. FLEMING,**
 For 35 yrs SECRETARY

Winter Term from Jan. 2nd.

**ELLIOTT
 Business College**

Yonge and Charles Sts
 TORONTO, ONT.

Stands to-day before the public
 with a clean-cut record for suc-
 cessful work. A training in this
 school paves the way to bigger
 and better positions of responsi-
 bility. Arrange now to enter at an
 early date. Thousands will soon
 be required for office positions.
 Let us train you and we will do it
 right.
 Write to-day for our Large Cata-
 logue.

W. J. Elliott, Principal.

To Retire as Town Clerk.

Mr. Arthur Collins, who has been the
 efficient Town Clerk of Walkerton for
 several years, has decided to retire from
 the position at the New Year, and as a
 result Walkerton will lose a most cap-
 able and important official. Although
 he never took any direct part in discus-
 sions at the Board nor interfered with
 the brand of legislation that was being
 doped up, yet, being a barrister, he was
 frequently consulted about the legal as-
 pect of a thing and was, no doubt, re-
 sponsible on many occasions for keeping
 some of the rasher municipal mariners
 from running the local ship of state on
 some dangerous legal snags. That his
 presence is to be withdrawn from the
 Board is certainly disquieting news.—
 Herald & Times.

Silo Exploded.

An accident of an unusual character
 took place on Friday night last at the
 farm of R. J. Fleming, when his fine
 cement silo was destroyed. The silo
 was sixteen feet in diameter and fifty-one
 feet in height, and contained the pro-
 duct of thirty-five acres of corn, which
 is valued at least \$2000. During Friday
 night a terrific explosion took place,
 which could be heard at Dunbarton, a
 distance of four miles, but which was
 taken for distant thunder. The ex-
 plosion was due to the gas from the fer-
 mentation of the ensilage, and which
 could find no way of escape. When the
 explosion took place the silo toppled
 over. No time was lost in making pre-
 paration to save the ensilage. Metal
 silos, much smaller in size are being
 erected and the ensilage is being put
 through the cutter again, and it is hoped
 that the greater part of it will be saved.
 —Pickering News.

Walkerton Doubles Objective.

If silver bullets are going to knock the
 Kaiser out, as has been predicted, then
 Walkerton is right there with the ore.
 Having set out last week to reach the
 objective of \$35,000 which had been ap-
 portioned as the town's share of the Vic-
 tory War Loan, Walkerton had subscrib-
 ed by Tuesday night \$72,000, or over
 twice its allotment, and this before the
 canvass had been quite half over. Be-
 fore the close of the campaign on Dec.
 1st, it is thought Walkerton will have
 subscribed over \$100,000. Warton has
 also more than doubled its objective by
 raising \$70,500. While the towns on the
 whole in Bruce are doing well, many of
 the townships are falling down badly on
 the loan. For instance, Brant, whose
 objective is \$76,000, has subscribed so
 far \$36,000; Carrick, with an objective of
 \$90,000, has raised \$7000; Greenock with
 an objective of \$40,000 has also raised
 \$7,000, and so on. As this loan is about
 the most gilt-edged security yet put on
 the market here, it is surprising that,
 with the time half up, the country people
 haven't taken over a bigger share. If
 Bruce County's objective of a million
 dollars is to be raised we see where the
 townships will have to smoke up, as
 Bruce by Tuesday night had raised
 \$618,000, or slightly better than half of
 its assignment. Grey by Tuesday had
 \$618,000, and Huron \$902,000. Through-
 out Ontario \$69,490,000 had been sub-
 scribed by Tuesday night.—Herald &
 Times.

**Help Victory Loan By Paying
 Your Bills.**

There are thousands of retail mer-
 chants through-out Canada, especially in
 the smaller towns and villages, who
 would gladly subscribe, or subscribe
 more, for Victory Bonds, if it were not
 for the amount of money they are carry-
 ing on their books and the uncertainty
 as to when much of it will be paid. The
 farmers who deal with these local mer-
 chants are not the least blameable in
 this respect, for they are apt to let their
 accounts run until convenient to pay
 them, while the merchant, knowing that
 payment ultimately is certain, is unwill-
 ing to press them.

If everyone during the last week of
 the campaign would make an effort to
 pay his bill to the local merchant, the
 latter would be glad to increase his Vic-
 tory Loan subscription. Thousands of
 farmers have received substantial sums
 of money for their crops and are able to
 pay their accounts before December 1st
 just as well as afterward. If you are
 one of them, see that you pay up during
 the last week in November and thus give
 your merchant the opportunity he no
 doubt desired to subscribe for all the
 Victory Bonds that he possibly can, and
 do not forget to subscribe yourself to the
 utmost of your power. Patriotism de-
 mands it and so does self-interest, for
 only by a heavy over-subscriptions of
 the Victory Bond issue can the prosper-
 ity of the farmers, the retailers and
 all other classes of Canada's population
 be assured.

Bakers in United States will now be
 placed under license. If they are as
 strict as they are in this land, any baker
 daring to stick more than one currant in
 a currant bun will be heavily fined.

**Honest Goods and Honest Dealing is the
 policy of this store.**

To our Customers and those who should be.

We wish to announce that all cash customers will now share in our profits by receiving valuable premiums free.
 With every Dollar purchase you receive a coupon worth 5 cents or more in premiums.
 Drop into our store at any time and we will only be too pleased to explain further our Profit Sharing Plan and at
 the same time show you the beautiful Premiums we are giving away free.

This Store is always Busy -- There's a Reason!



You can send the children
 here with your order for Gro-
 ceries and feel confident that
 every detail of your order
 will receive the same care-
 ful attention as if you select-
 ed the goods yourself per-
 sonally.

Our Groceries are Fresh

And we carry a wide variety of the best qualities in pure
 foods and table delicacies.

**Fruits, Peels, etc for your
 Xmas. Cake**

Seeded Raisins....15 & 18c a package; Seedless Raisins....
 15c package; Bulk seedless raisins....18c... 2 lbs for 25c;
 Valencia raisins....15c a lb; California Currants....20c a lb;
 Dates....15c pck; Figs....10c a lb, 3 lbs for 25c; Lemon,
 Orange and Citron Peels....35c lb; Pure spices, baking
 powder, shelled nuts, Icing sugar, extracts, etc.

Hockey Shoes at old values. Get ready for skating
 and buy now. These shoes would cost us more to-day
 than we are offering them at.

Bring your Cream, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, etc.

The Store for Honest Values

KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

Military Service Act.

It is published for the information of
 all concerned that Active Militia officers
 who are within Class 1 are,—

- (1) To report for service or claim ex-
 emption as required by the Military Ser-
 vice Act.
- (2) To endorse on report or claim the
 act that they are qualified officers of the
 Canadian Militia, giving unit.
- (3) Advise A. A. G., Military District
 No. 1 that they have reported or claimed
 exemption as the case may be.

Cut These Out.

Self-denial in the matter of buying
 new furniture, pianos, autos, etc, if
 generally or universally practised, would
 give the Finance Minister many addition-
 al millions of dollars for carrying on the
 war. With respect to automobiles used
 for pleasure it is not only the capital ex-
 penditure that is lost to the national ex-
 penditure, but also the cost of operating
 or running the cars. For example, if a
 well to do citizen enters into an agree-
 ment with his conscience, that, owing to
 the war he will postpone for two years
 the purchase of a \$2,000 car, perhaps the
 loyal observance by him of this agree-
 ment would set free \$3,500 in the two
 years for war loan purchases. To a cer-
 tain extent this applies to purchasers of
 furniture, etc. In view of the sacrifices
 made every day by the members of our
 expeditionary forces, it should not seem
 hard for "stay-at-homes" to defer for a
 year or two the purchase of new furni-
 ture or other items not absolutely neces-
 sary. A careful analysis in each indi-
 vidual case of the subdivisions of personal
 expenditures, if undertaken in the
 right spirit by a million Canadian fami-
 lies, might lead to the provision of an
 extra \$100,000,000 in the course of a year
 for war purposes.

Excessive business gains by the Wil-
 liam Davies Company is confirmed by
 the Henderson report, which it is un-
 derstood will show 80 per cent. made by
 that firm in 1916, on the basis of all the
 money working in the business. This
 totals something like \$1,600,000 of gain.
 The Government now proposes to deal
 with the packing houses quite drastically
 and prevent millionaire making at such a
 splendid rate. No packing house is to
 be entitled to more than two per cent on
 its turnover, or more than 15 per cent on
 his profits. Between seven and fifteen
 per cent the Government takes half.



**Get Behind the Wheel
 of a Ford and Drive**

TRY it just once! Ask your friend to let you "pilot" his car on an
 open stretch. You'll like it, and will be surprised how easily the
 Ford is handled and driven.

If you have never felt the thrill of driving your own car, there is some-
 thing good in store for you. It is vastly different from just riding—being
 a passenger. And especially so if you drive a Ford.

Young boys, girls, women and even grandfathers—thousands of them—
 are driving Ford cars and enjoying it. A Ford stops and starts in traffic
 with exceptional ease and smoothness, while on country roads and hills
 its strength and power show to advantage.

Buy a Ford and you will want to be behind "the wheel" constantly.



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

- Runabout - \$475
- Touring - \$495
- Coupelet -
- Sedan -

Liesemer & Kalb Jleisch Dealers - Mildmay



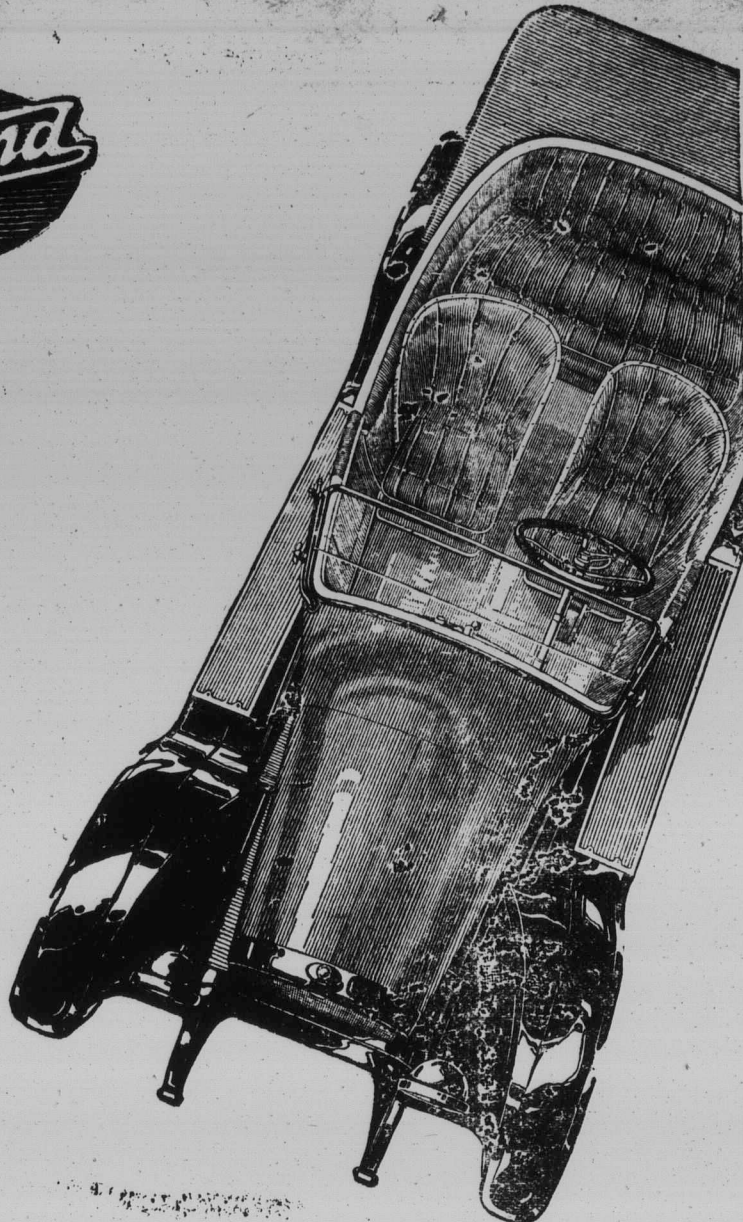
Country Club

\$1110

f. o. b. point of shipment including Five Wire Wheels Subject to change without notice

Style and Utility

- Here is the only smart sport model among low priced cars.
- It has the style yet it is so economical that it makes an ideal utility car.
- The smooth—lively—powerful motor makes it a wonderful performer.
- Cantilever rear springs and four inch tires make it remarkably easy riding.
- The unique seating arrangement provides ample room for four large passengers.
- The front seats are adjustable forward or back.
- Five wire wheels are regular equipment included in price.



PETER REUBER

Submarine No Longer A Menace.

Arthur Pollen, the famous British war expert, has made the following statement to the associated Press on the submarine war and the various political crises in Europe:

"Anything unsatisfactory in the military and political situation in Europe is balanced by the extraordinary news that the German submarine campaign has broken down altogether. The submarine is defeated. This is the most momentous event since the U. S. declared war. It means that we can all stay in, and that America can really come in. Six months ago shipping was being destroyed, according to some authorities, at a rate of nine million tons per annum. Had this loss continued, the Germans had the right to expect, not indeed military victory but a piece that would mean something much less than defeat. It was Germany's only hope and it was the Allies only anxiety. For every one, including the German higher command knew that with sea communication reasonably safe, the military defeat of the German army was certain.

"In the first fortnight of November, the rate of loss of British tonnage of greater than 1,600 tons each, has fallen to about one million tons a year. The present ship building capacity of Great Britain alone can make this loss good in less than eight months. At the rate America, Great Britain, Japan are striving to attain, we should replace this loss in less than eight weeks. The rate of loss for the last week is actually less than the usual toll of wrecks in peace time. It is an amazing development. It is not to be expected that losses can remain as low as this. They must fluctuate up and down. But they will never cause us uneasiness again.

When a man gets the chicken house banked up for the winter, and the potato crop stowed away in a pit, and the storm window on, and the hammock off the verandah, and the pet rose bush tucked away in leavest and a new handle put on the ash sifter, and a couple of old shirts wrapped around the outside water tap—well, there's not much else to do until the snow comes.

ALL AT HOME SHOULD PREPARE FOR WAR

The first test a man is put through for either war or life insurance is an examination of his water. This is most essential because the kidneys play a most important part in causing premature old age and death. The more injurious the poisons passing through the kidneys the sooner comes decay—so says Dr. Pierce of Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., who further advises all people who are past thirty to preserve the vitality of the kidneys and free the blood from poisonous elements, such as uric acid—drink plenty of water—sweat some daily and take Anuric, double strength, before meals.

An-uric is a discovery of Dr. Pierce, and can be obtained at drug stores. For that backache, lumbago, rheumatism, "rusty" joints, swollen feet or hands, due to uric acid in the blood, Anuric quickly dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce for trial pkg.

Thereid, Ont.—"I think Anuric is the best I have ever taken. My kidneys had given me trouble for some time. I would suffer from backaches and also swelling of the limbs. I took Anuric and it has entirely cured me of all my backaches and has strengthened my kidneys so I feel able in recommending it to others who suffer.—Mr. G. A. Clarke, Box 1179.

Toronto, Ont.—"For the last eight years I have suffered with kidney trouble and rheumatism. It began with pains in my back and finally left my back and went down into the feet. It developed into a chronic case. I tried every medicine I could hear of and consulted some good doctors, but still I kept on suffering. About a year ago a friend advised me to give Anuric a trial, and am happy to say I am today a well man—never feel any traces of my ailment no matter what the weather conditions may be. Anuric is a real kidney medicine in every sense.—H. F. Garrison, 5 Matilda Street.

Women letter carriers have made their appearance in Washington. Just imagine the gay time they'll have reading all the post cards on their routes.

Not a little humour is coming out at the Tribunals. It is reported that a young man got examined, passed A 2, applied for exemption, which was not likely to be granted till he suddenly remembered he was a married man, though the international boundary has separated him and his spouse since five years before the war.

How Dan Fell.

Mr. and Mrs. John McPhail of Otter Creek had further particulars regarding the death of their son, Pte. Dan McPhail, who was killed in action in France on September 20th, 1917. A letter received from Dan's cousin, Kenneth McLennan of Toronto, who was in the same Battalion at the Front, tells how the brave lad was killed in a heavy evening bombardment while out on a working party. He writes:—Dan was killed either the night of the 20th (Sept.) or very early morning of the 21st. Several of us, including Dan, had taken a short Machine Gun course and Dan was taken out of the platoon and put in the M. G. section (special). Well, this night we had to go up to the Front on a working party and Dan went up with gun crew. Fritz opened a heavy bombardment while we were there. Our platoon came off about the worst of the lot. I hadn't seen Dan for a couple of days and I did not see him that night. He was found with three others.—Telescope.

Buy a Bond.

Do you know that Canada's victory bonds are the safest and surest investment obtainable? That they can be paid for in installments spread over five months? That you can buy victory bonds repayable at the end of 5, 10 or 20 years. That you can sell them at any time? That they pay interest at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum? Do you know how simple it is to collect on a victory bond? Every six months cut a coupon from the bond and present it to any bank, where it will be cashed as easily as changing a \$5 bill. Remember the ownership of a victory bond is both good business and true patriotism.

Mennonites who are not aliens are not disqualified from voting at the Dominion election on Dec. 17th.

The Traffic by-law in Walkerton has been changed and now allows rigs and autos to remain on the street one hour instead of 20 minutes as formerly.

The Draftees.

No one will blame the young men who are drafted for feeling somewhat put out about it. They had not been calculating on going away. They had their plans for the future and they were enjoying life as it was going on. They thought the war would be fought out without their assistance. They are not constituted to love adventure, and they have not that curiosity which creates a desire to see the big doings at the front. Besides, going to the front is a serious proposition.

However, there is another side. This war has been thrust upon us. It must be fought out to victory. Only the fit young men can win the war, and they must go to the front and take chances if they are to win.

Going to take an active part in the war may be regarded otherwise than as being sent to a place of danger and hardship. A fit young man might well be glad that he is one who can contribute to the success of the Allies. That is how many who have gone do feel about it.

At any time the generation of fit young men must constitute the national guard. If they will not protect the country from the fate of Belgium, who will do it? The women and children and the older men cannot. The protection of the country necessarily falls to the young men.

Off Less Than Acre.

Mr. Barney Ruland, Postmaster at Decemerton, is certainly an expert at this production business. Mr. Ruland had less than an acre under cultivation this year but he made it count. He produced altogether 7500 lbs. of dutch sett onions, which he sold at \$160 a ton, and also five hundred dollars worth of ginseng. That is a record which will stand some beating.—Telescope.

Collingwood, including \$2,000 voted by the town council, raised \$18,646 for the Red Cross. The work was done in a two days' campaign. Pretty good work for a town of 7,000 people. It is an average of \$2.66 per head.

SELECT JEWELLERY

Diamond Rings, Cut Glass Necklaces, Silverware Brooches, Watches and Clocks

Fancy China and Glassware

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.

C. Wendt - Jeweler

Capital paid up	Total Assets	Reserve Funds
\$7,000,000 00	\$110,960,000	\$7,250,000

Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864.

Is one of the oldest and best known banks doing business in Canada to-day. Having 236 branches our facilities for handling your business are second to none.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed at highest current rates. If you would wealthy be, think of saving as well as getting.

Money Orders Issued.

Payable at any bank in Canada.

MILDMAY BRANCH A. C. WELK, MANAGER.

CREAM.. WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received, send our patrons a statement of the weight—test and butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing.

Write for cans to-day.

PALM CREAMERY

TRELEAVEN & RANTON

PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice Cream. Write for prices and terms.

CENTRAL Business College

STRATFORD, ONT.

ONTARIO'S BEST COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

Courses are thorough, the instructors are experienced, students get individual attention and graduates are placed in positions. During three months we turned down over 300 calls for trained help. This is the school for those who want the practical training and the good positions—COMMERCIAL, SHORTHAND and TELEGRAPHY departments—Get our free catalogue, it will interest you. W. J. Elliott, D. A. McLachlan President. Principal.

A Wentworth County farmer has notified the Brantford police that his son, aged 31 years, who was afraid to enlist, had left his home and he did not know his whereabouts.

Only 952 men have registered under the Military Service Act with the postmaster at Kitchener, Ont. This is considered but a fair representation of the number of men in that city required to register. The rumor that there exists in the city a "Don't Registrar" Club is constantly gaining ground, and it is hinted that a number of the eligible employees of a certain factory have signified their intention of defying the act.

Germania Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1878

HEAD OFFICE - AYTON

The Oldest, Cheapest and Safest Company in the Province.

Amount at risk, over for million dollars.

This Company pays market cash value for live stock killed by lightning.

J. M. Fischer Agent - Mildmay

The war has not wholly swept the of its more peaceful forms of rom. Cases in point are the new motor that made more than sixty-one an hour, and the old schooner recently worked its way across the with a crew of boys and a Nova-hipper more than ninety years of

**Used in Millions of Tea Pots
Daily—Every Leaf is Pure**

Every infusion is alike delicious
"SALADA"
Black, Green or Mixed } Sealed Packets only.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By John B. Huber, M.A., M.D.

Dr. Huber will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Huber will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. John B. Huber, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

What avail the largest gifts of Heaven, when drooping health and spirits go amiss.—Thomson.

BABY'S CLOTHES.
Answer—The excellent physicians who examined you would be far better judges than I, and I would be presumptuous indeed to advise in the circumstances. On general principles, however, operation is decidedly indicated in such a case as yours. In chronic appendicitis the local condition is like so much dynamite in the system, ready to explode on the occurrence of any strain or dietetic indiscretion. Possibly the other ailments you mention may be much improved in consequence of the operation. The Tannic acid in the tea is very binding. Of course you are drinking too much of that fluid, 2 or at most 3 cups the day are right and should be your limit. 6 glasses of water the day are enough.

Cold Hands.
I am having quite a time to keep my hands warm. In fact I feel cold all over as soon as damp weather sets in.
Answer—Cold hands (and feet) with or without sweating, if persisting several months, are due either to nervous fatigue (neurasthenia), anemia (poor blood), hemorrhage, chronic digestive disturbances, rheumatism, gout, or heart or lung affections that may interfere with the right circulation of the blood. Many nervous people get cold extremities suddenly and temporarily by reason of excitement or anxiety or shock. There are those who will complain of cold extremities, which are nevertheless warm to the touch of another person. Doctors call this parasthesia, and it is a nervous condition. Your doctor should examine as to which of these causes obtains in your case and proceed accordingly.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.
Appendicitis.
I have seen 2 doctors; both tell me I have appendicitis and one tells me I must be operated on. Can I be cured without an operation? It pains me only at odd times and generally at night. I drink 9 or 10 cups of tea the day, besides about as much water. I have also varicose veins. And I am constipated all the time.

was resumed. Was known—the enemy soon discovered that the Jews were prepared for them; hence they desisted from an actual attack. This made it possible for the builders to return to their tasks. Verses 16-18 give an idea of the assignments given to different classes of the population: (1) Nehemiah's immediate followers; (2) the princes and leaders; (3) the builders; (4) the carriers of burdens; (5) the trumpeters; (6) Nehemiah himself. Servants—The immediate followers of Nehemiah; half of these were to assist the builders, the others to furnish protection. Rulers—They were in the rear to give encouragement and direction. The closing words of verse 16 should be joined with verse 17, "the whole house of Judah, both those who were building and those who were in the rear to give encouragement and direction." Verses 19-21 describe the provisions made for collecting the forces quickly. Large—Or, "extensive." Consequently, only a few men were at a given point; in case of attack they had to be brought together quickly. Trumpeters—There were probably several trumpeters, but one was always by the side of the commander-in-chief; the two might always be found at the point of danger. Morning stars—The speedy completion of the walls was of the utmost importance; hence the long working hours.

Lesson IX. Nehemiah Rebuilds the Wall of Jerusalem—Neh. 4. Golden Text, Heb. 13. 6.
Verses 7, 8 narrate Sanballat's plans to attack the city. Sanballat—Tobiah—See comment on lesson for Nov. 18, verse 10. Arabians—Ammonites—The adherents of Tobiah (Neh. 2, 10) and of Geshem (Neh. 2, 19). Ashdodites—Inhabitants of the Philistine city of Ashdod. The surrounding tribes, like the Samaritans, resented the progress of the restored community. Wrath—Because in spite of all their efforts the building enterprise went right on. Unless the people could be stopped they would soon be in a position to withstand all outside attacks. Confusion—Or "panic." A panic would disorganize the work and make the people an easy prey.

Verses 9-11 portray Nehemiah's feelings on discovering the seriousness of the situation. Prayer—Nehemiah and the people had full confidence in Jehovah they did not neglect to take proper precautions, so as not to be taken by surprise. Outposts were placed beyond the city wall where they watched day and night. Verses 10 and 11, which are obscure, seem to call attention to the one hand, to the discouragement of the Jews; on the other, to the bold confidence of the enemies. Judah—The Jewish community. Not able to build—The strength of the workmen was exhausted, and yet much remained to be done; no wonder the Jews became disheartened. The enemies, on the other hand, were confident. Their plan seems to have been to take the city by surprise, slay the workmen, and thus bring the building enterprise to an end.

Verses 12-14 describe the preparations made to meet the attack. The thoughts of verse 12, as translated above, seems to be that some of the Jewish workmen living outside of the city, near the gathering places of the enemy, brought reports that the enemies were gathering for the attack. Immediately Nehemiah took proper defensive measures. The general sense of verse 13, another obscure verse, seems to be that Nehemiah on receipt of the reports arranged his forces so as to meet the attack. Be ye afraid—When he saw that the people were still downcast and full of fear he sought to arouse them by appealing to their courage, religion, and patriotism.

Verses 15-18 tell that the enemy gave up the attack and that the work

was resumed. Was known—the enemy soon discovered that the Jews were prepared for them; hence they desisted from an actual attack. This made it possible for the builders to return to their tasks. Verses 16-18 give an idea of the assignments given to different classes of the population: (1) Nehemiah's immediate followers; (2) the princes and leaders; (3) the builders; (4) the carriers of burdens; (5) the trumpeters; (6) Nehemiah himself. Servants—The immediate followers of Nehemiah; half of these were to assist the builders, the others to furnish protection. Rulers—They were in the rear to give encouragement and direction. The closing words of verse 16 should be joined with verse 17, "the whole house of Judah, both those who were building and those who were in the rear to give encouragement and direction." Verses 19-21 describe the provisions made for collecting the forces quickly. Large—Or, "extensive." Consequently, only a few men were at a given point; in case of attack they had to be brought together quickly. Trumpeters—There were probably several trumpeters, but one was always by the side of the commander-in-chief; the two might always be found at the point of danger. Morning stars—The speedy completion of the walls was of the utmost importance; hence the long working hours.

Pork Without Corn.
Corn is not absolutely essential for pork, and other feeds may be profitably substituted for corn. Their use must be determined by their availability, cost per pound and relative feeding value. Crushed oats can be substituted for corn to the extent of two-thirds of the ration, when the cost per pound is two-fifths less than that of corn. Barley will take the place of corn altogether when the cost is the same per pound. Rye, at nine-tenths the cost of corn, and frosted wheat at the same price, will take the place of corn. When ground and fed as a meal, the grain sorghums will displace corn in the ration if a trifle lower in price. The same is true of millet when one-fourth cheaper, hominy feed when one and one-seventh the price of corn, and wheat shorts when one and one-tenth the price of corn per pound. Millet can not be fed alone, but with a protein supplement. Rice bran can be used when one-tenth cheaper than corn, no protein being needed. Barley feed, which has about the same feeding value as a mixture of wheat bran and shorts, can replace corn meal when costing the same. Millet, cull beans and rice bran tend to produce soft pork if fed too extensively.

Now, Kitty, you must toe the mark. And act with dignity; Or I will take your bushy tail. To make a long goatee.

MAKING BUTCHERING EASIER

Methods That Take the Drudgery Out of Hog-Killing Time.
By Mrs. L. E. Armour.

When we butcher hogs we prefer a clear, cool day, with the wind from the north. All necessary preparations are made beforehand as much as possible. If a number of hogs are to be dressed, they are not all killed at the same time, as standing seems to impair the flavor, but to make good time we aim to have one ready for scalding as soon as the one before it is finished. A small amount of lime added to the scalding water will not injure the meat in any way, and it makes the hair slip much more easily and the skin is whiter.

The carcasses are pulled from the scalding barrel and put on a long platform which is a little lower at the end farthest from the barrel. This lowering of one end gives the water a chance to drain off, and the hair and scurf is more easily cleaned from the platform. The best procedure in removing the hair is to begin on the head and feet. These are the hardest to dress properly, and when they become cold they are almost impossible to take.

Avoid Heavy Lifting
Every advantage of heavy lifting is taken. We do not try to lift a heavy hog on the pole in the old way. Our method is simple. The carcass is rolled from the platform on to a strong chair. Two men can carry a very heavy hog in this manner. The hog may now be taken with a minimum of effort to the place where it is to be hung. A number of devices may be employed to save the heavy lifting. The gambrel stick may be slipped out of one leg, put around the hog, and reinserted in its proper position. Then it is easily possible to push it up to a notch cut in the pole, which is used as an inclined plane. A block and tackle may be tied to the limb of a tree and the gambrel stick tied to the lower pulley. If a pair of pulley-wire stretchers are handy, they are the best, as they have a patent grip that holds the hog securely at any height. Now we are ready to dash cold water over the body.

We remove the entrails next, being very careful all the while that they be drawn intact. We place a stick between the ribs to hold the sides apart, rinse out with cold water, and we continue with the others until they have been brought to the state of the one described. It is time to begin cutting and trimming the first when the last hog is dressed. Hams, sides, and shoulders are trimmed to the desired size and carried to the smokehouse, where we spread them singly on shelves and sprinkle them with salt. Heads are soaked in water to remove the blood, and handled in the same manner.

Recipes For Brine
Here is the brine we use for 100 pounds of meat: Salt, eight pounds; saltpeter, pulverized, two ounces; brown sugar, two pounds. Dissolve in six gallons of water. This brine is placed in the kettle and brought to the boiling point, and cooled overnight. Then when the meat is placed in a clean barrel, joints first, the solution is poured over it and a clean cloth tied over the top of the barrel. The lard fat is placed in the kettle with just enough water added to keep it from sticking. Stir it constantly, and add fire sufficient to keep it cooking. We bring our sausage out by the fire and grind it while we render the lard. Use only a good grade of pork for sausage. Three pounds of the lean to one of the fat is near the right proportion. The combining should be done before the grinding, as the grinder gives a much more thorough mixture than can possibly be made by hand. Most good sausage makers put the meat through the cut-

ter the second time. At the second grinding the seasoning may be added. For four pounds of meat the following is the proper amount of seasoning, although it will be best to add or subtract to make it suit your own taste: One ounce fine salt, one-half ounce of black ground pepper, and one-half ounce of powdered sage. If the color of the meat is desired a little saltpeter will keep it.

Making Sausages
Sausage for immediate use may be packed in crocks and jars. A very good method is to pack the jars tightly and set in an oven and heat until enough lard has run out to make a covering over the top. Expert sausage makers advise covering the jar with cheesecloth and pouring melted paraffin on the cloth to fill up the pores. It is no trouble to keep the sausage for months this way. Always keep in a cool and dry place. Then the casings may be used as a container. They are the small intestines of the hog, and have been thoroughly cleaned, washed, and scraped. A special stuffing machine is used to pack the sausage in them. My own favorite way is to pack the sausage in muslin bags. It seems better if it is dried a while, and after the drying we pack it away in crocks and cover with lard. Mixed sausage is made by allowing one pound of lean beef and one pound of fat pork to two pounds of lean pork. It is handled the same as pure sausage.

To Prepare Livers
At butchering time there is so much fresh meat and "bones" that we seldom eat all of the livers. The French in Louisiana have the following way of taking care of it, and it is an extremely appetizing food when rightly prepared and served: Cook as many livers as desired, boiling until perfectly tender. Mash well, add salt, pepper, sage, minced onions, or garlic to suit the taste. Add one third as much rice that has been thoroughly cooked and seasoned. Stuff it in well-cleaned paunches and hang to dry. It should be smoked a little with coals or hickory wood. After the smoking operation it is sliced and fried.

Backbones and ribs, if unsalted, can be hung in the smokehouse in fly-proof sacks, and will not taste old for several days. After we have left our meat in the brine from three to five weeks—the colder the weather the longer we leave it—we smoke it over a hickory fire and pack it in rat-proof receptacles, placing corn husks between the layers.

Less Grain For Live Stock.
It is time to do away with extravagance in feeding grain to stock. The fact that grain is commanding enormous prices is sufficient reason why its use should be limited. Profitable production of breeding animals without the necessity of a large amount of grain in the ration, is an added reason why its use should be curtailed.

In the dairy barn, roots, or forage crops such as alfalfa, clover, soybeans and cow-peas, may partly take the place of grain. The best feed to use as a partial substitute for grain is silage. For all practical purposes, a balanced ration for an average cow giving fifteen to eighteen pounds of milk is about fourteen pounds of alfalfa hay and thirty-five pounds of corn silage. No grain is necessary for that production. A pound of cottonseed-meal fed on the silage will furnish the necessary protein. A cow producing more than eighteen pounds of milk will need grain, the amount depending on the quantity of milk.

In the feed lots the most economical gains on steers and lambs are secured when silage and alfalfa or clover hay are used largely in the ration. Swine being fitted for market can not consume any large amount of roughage, but brood sows relish alfalfa hay, and its use insures strong, healthy litters. Fillies and weanling colts utilize alfalfa hay advantageously, while mares in foal may be wintered on that ration alone. Breeding ewes that enter the winter in good shape can be carried until lambing time without grain, provided they have a good supply of well-cured alfalfa or clover hay and some silage for succulence. It is imperative to feed neither moldy silage, nor silage made from corn cut too green.

How To Make Successful Hatches
Weak chicks are caused by the same things that cause a poor hatch, says a successful poultry woman. I keep my tray filled with hatchable eggs by testing them before putting them in the machine. There are many imperfections on the inside of the shells, and in the egg itself, which are impossible to detect without the magnifying lens. I test again in thirty-six hours, taking out all infertile eggs before they are injured. I try to keep my lamp clean and well trimmed, and use the very best oil. I keep the temperature at from 102 degrees to 103 degrees the first two weeks, from 103 degrees to 104 degrees the last week, and never exceed 104 degrees at any time. No moisture is used, except that which the incubator provides, until the hatch is well advanced. Then a wet, warm towel is laid over the eggs if necessary.

I am constantly on the lookout for dead germs which, if permitted to remain, will spoil the hatch by poisoning chicks that otherwise might have been strong and healthy. A dead chick in the shell will have the same effect on the good eggs in the incubator that a decayed apple would have in the midst of good ones. They throw off a poisonous gas which is responsible for many chicking time. This also causes bowel trouble, so common with incubator chicks, for which the incubator is not to blame. I fill every vacancy made by testing out unhatchable eggs, by setting a couple of hens at the same time I set the incubator, to draw from when

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

C.B.—1. Is it possible to treat seed corn so as to keep crows from destroying it? **2.** How can one exterminate wild carrots? **3.** What would be the best seed to sow in the spring to produce a small crop of hay next year?

Answer—1. In order to control the attack of crows on young growing corn, it is well to dip the corn in tar, by putting it in a kettle and then applying the tar to the corn, keeping the corn stirred. Just enough should be used to make a very thin covering of tar over each kernel. A tablespoonful should be sufficient to treat six or eight quarts of seed corn. It is good practice to dry the excess tar by the addition of some dry road dust or lime. This will prevent the seed sticking. **2.** Wild carrots can be exterminated by cultivation. This weed yields readily where care is taken to prevent its seeding. **3.** Probably the best you can do to get a hay crop from spring sown seed, would be to sow a mixture of peas and oats, a bushel of each to the acre. These should be cut just before the oats begin to turn color, at which time the pea pods will be fairly well filled, and the mixture should make nutritious hay.

Reader—I wish to plant an acre in strawberries in the spring. Can you give me advice regarding cultivation as this work is new to me. Soil is good clay loam.

Answer—In preparing a strawberry patch next spring, the ground should be worked as early as possible, and the plants set in rows three to four feet apart, and from one to two feet apart in the rows. Successful strawberry growers apply from 300 to 600 lbs. of fertilizer to the acre, in preparing a suitable bed for the strawberry plants. This can be done by broadcast over the ground and working in by carefully harrowing or raking the ground. Fertilizer on a fairly rich clay loam soil, should analyze about 2 to 3 per cent ammonia and 8 to 12 per cent available phosphoric acid, and possibly 1 per cent of potash. During the first season the blossoming stalk should be pinched off and the runners should be trained along the row, not spreading more

than a foot wide on either side. During the first season the strawberries should be frequently worked, rather deep at first, but shallower as the season advances, rarely exceeding a depth of 2½ inches. After the ground has frozen it is good practice to cover the plants with straw or other mulch which can be removed in the spring. **R.S.—1.** Will you give me particulars for treatment of barley for smut? **2.** If I sow sweet clover with a nurse crop next spring, how long will the plants last? It is a biennial, I know, but does planting with a nurse crop make a difference? **3.** Should a wooden silo built of yellow pine be painted on the inside as well as the outside? Is it necessary that silos with cement floors have a hole left in the centre for drainage?

Answer—1. In order to treat barley to control smut, take a barrel holding about 50 gallons of water. Add one pint of formalin to approximately 40 gallons of water. Mix this thoroughly, then dip the bag of barley seed into this mixture until it is completely submerged. Raise the bag until it has drained out and then resubmerge. Afterwards lift the bag up so that the solution drains back into the barrel and empty the sack onto a clean floor, covering the barley so treated with sacks or covers. Leave these on over night so as to keep the formalin gas in among the kernels as much as possible. In the morning remove the bags and the gas will quickly escape. **2.** If sweet clover is sown with care and the ground is well prepared and rich, it will last for several years. Planting it with a nurse crop makes no difference as to the longevity of the clover plants. **3.** Painting the inside of the silo will tend to preserve the wood. This painting is not as necessary as that of the outside, since the outside painting protects the silo from weathering. It is good practice to have a hole at the bottom of the cement floor silo. This hole should lead off into a drain, but of course should be closed before the silo is filled. Otherwise air will get into the silage by this avenue and destroy much of it. The drain at the bottom of the silo will allow thorough cleaning out of the silo.

eggs are needed; or, when I have as many as 500 eggs set, I fill a small machine just to draw from. At hatching time, I take the chicks out every hour or so, covering them lightly, but never allowing them to get hot enough to sweat, which is always fatal. I am very careful about letting cold air into the incubator, as it chills the unhatched chicks. In about forty-eight hours I feed cracker-crumbs or bread-crumbs, placing bran, cold water and grit before them all the time. Infertile eggs in the tray do not poison the air, but they are very misleading. Since they are colder than other eggs, they will bring down the mercury when the thermometer touches them.

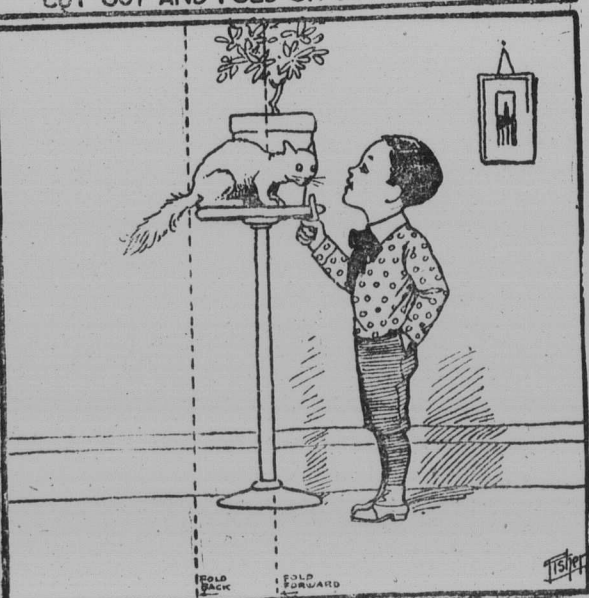
The British naval boat is of a light pattern, owing to its being chiefly used for deck duties. To stop leakage through concrete, such as tunnel walls, clean the wall thoroughly and paint with a solution consisting of eight and three-quarter pounds of zinc sulphate dissolved in a gallon of water. The zinc sulphate will act on the lime in the cement, forming insoluble calcium sulphate and zinc hydroxide, which fills up the pores in the concrete.

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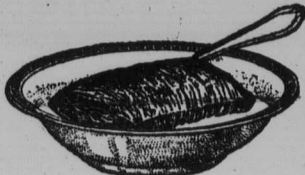
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A LION HUNT.

How a Hunter Captured Four Beasts For a Zoological Garden.

To the "tenderfoot" a mountain lion scarcely seems to be a beast that one can afford to be familiar with, but among hunters who know his traits there are some at least who hold him in scorn. One such is Mr. M. H. Baker who describes in Outdoor Life how he captured four of the big cats for an Eastern "zoo."

I had heard, he says, that there were some lions near Troy, Montana; and so Charlie Wood and I bought food enough to last us four or five days, and started out to look for tracks. Finally we found a track two or three days old and set our dogs on it. Before long they were out of hearing, but we followed their trail for about a mile and came to where three other lion tracks joined the one they were on. We travelled as fast as we could through the snow, and every time we reached a divide we listened for the dogs, but could hear nothing. We knew that they would never quit until they had every lion up a tree, and that they would hold them there until we came even it took us two or three days.

At two o'clock the next afternoon we stopped at the top of a mountain to listen, and we could hear the dogs giving tongue about halfway down the other side. In an hour we were down to where the dogs were and found that they had two half-grown lions in large fir trees. They had held them there all night. After we had fed the dogs Charlie cut me a pole about sixteen feet long, and I went up the tree where the first lion was and put a wire loop round his neck and chained him to a big pine tree, just as you would tie a dog. Then we went to the tree where the dogs had the other lion; but just as I was near enough to put the wire noose round his neck, he got uneasy, and down the tree he came. Away he went with the dogs at his heels. After running about seven hundred rods the dogs treed him, and I tried the same tactics again. This time he was not so spry, and I put the wire round his neck. We tied him also to a tree.

That night we stayed at a ranch house, and at daylight the next morning went back to where we had tied the last lion. We found that he had broken the chain near the collar and escaped. When we turned the dogs loose on his track they led up the mountain to a deer carcass, where we found the tracks of two other lions. Pretty soon the dogs barked "treed," and we captured another lion, which we took down and tied in the barn at the ranch, because the day had turned snowy.

The next day we returned to the place where the lions had killed the deer and found two sets of tracks in the snow—one leading up the moun-



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tain and the other down. The dogs took the upper track, and in less than fifteen minutes they had the lion up a tree. We captured him in the same manner as before. He wasn't a very big one, and so I just put him in my pack sack and carried him down the hill to the place where we had seen the other track. The dogs were only a few minutes treeing this lion, which was the one that escaped with our collar. This time he climbed as high as he could, but I followed and caught him with the wire. We hired a wagon and team and took the four lions to Troy, where we boxed them for shipment to an Eastern "zoo."

WHENCE CAME THE PUSSY CAT?

Your Fanc House Animal Is Really a Wildcat From Egypt.

Thousands of years before the beginning of the Christian era Egypt was a land of storehouses overflowing with the rich produce of the fertile Nile Valley. Rats and mice found nowhere such food supplies and hospitable hiding places as in these granaries.

It is surmised that the first attempt at domesticating the cat was made when specimens of the feline tribe (which abounded in the region) were caught and locked up in the granaries to kill the rodent vermin. The idea proved such a success that the priests (who were the real rulers of Egypt) declared the cat a sacred animal. Temples were built in honor of the cat goddess, Pasht, and pussies were mummified with as much ceremony as men and women.

The Phoenicians, those hardy voyagers, found cats useful to catch rats and mice on shipboard. They carried them from Egypt to all parts of the then known world and thus the animal became cosmopolitan.

RHEUMATISM CURED

In the days of our fathers and grandfathers rheumatism was thought to be the unavoidable penalty of middle life and old age. Almost every elderly person had rheumatism, as well as many young people. Medical science did not understand the trouble—did not know that it was rooted in the blood. It was thought that rheumatism was the mere effect of exposure to cold and damp, and it was treated with liniments and hot applications, which sometimes gave temporary relief, but did not cure the trouble. In those days there were thousands of rheumatic cripples. Now, medical science understands that rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and that with good, rich, red blood any man or woman of any age can defy rheumatism. It can be cured by killing the poison in the blood which causes it. There are many elderly people who have never felt a twinge of rheumatism, and many who have conquered it by simply keeping their blood rich and pure. The blood making, blood enriching qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is becoming every year more widely known, and it is the more general use of these pills that has robbed rheumatism of its terrors. At the first sign of poor blood, which is shown by loss of appetite, palpitations, dull skin and dim eyes, protect yourself against the further ravages of disease by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have cured thousands of people—if you give them a fair trial they will not disappoint you.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

QUEER LAWSUITS.

Strange Matters Which Come Before the Courts.

A wounded Italian officer recently brought suit to obtain a decision as to the rightful ownership of a bullet extracted from his body. Both doctor and nurse claimed it, but the officer contended that it was legally his.

The judge gave his decision in favor of the officer. He found that the projectile, once discharged from the gun, ceased both to belong to the man who fired it and to the country that intrusted it to him. The officer discovered it in his body. The surgeon, assisted by the nurse, merely brought the projectile to light. Hence the officer was entitled to keep it.

When a French abbe left one village to take up work in another the mayor and the citizens of the town that he was leaving lighted a bonfire in the road to speed the departing official, and in other ways showed that they were overjoyed to see the last of him. The abbe thought himself insulted and brought an action for damages; but as he was unable to show any, the case was dismissed.

A very stout man who bought a third-class ticket on an English railway found that he could not enter the narrow doorway of a third-class compartment. Accordingly, he went into a first-class compartment, the doors of which were wider, and refused to pay the excess fare. The railway company sued him for the balance, and the man had to pay both that and the costs, for the court decided that this could not have been his first offence, and that, knowing that he could not squeeze through the door of a third-class compartment, he ought to have purchased a first-class ticket.

After telling a barber to trim his beard, an American fell asleep in the chair. He woke up clean-shaved. His beard, two feet in length, of which he was very proud, was gone. He sued the barber for a thousand dollars, and received one hundred.

"IT WAS THE MUD THAT DID IT"

VIVID PICTURE OF RECENT FIGHTING IN FLANDERS.

Opinions Expressed By Our Gallant Soldiers After Struggle in Morass.

Mr. Philip Gibbs sends this graphic picture of the recent fighting in Flanders to the London Daily Chronicle: "To-day (Sunday) there was a fine spell, though yesterday, after Friday's battle, it was still raining, and looked as if it might rain until next April or March. So our soldiers cursed the weather, cursed it with deep lurid oaths, cursed it wet and cursed it cold, by day and night, by duck-boards and mule tracks, by shell-holes and swamps, by Ravenbeke and Broenbeke and Lekkerboter Beke.

"For it was the weather which robbed them of a great victory on Friday, and made them suffer the worst miseries of winter warfare, and held them in the mud when they had set their hearts upon the heights. It was the mud which beat them. Man after man has said that to me on the day of battle and yesterday.

The Mud and the Chance. "Fritz couldn't have stopped us," said an Australian boy, warming his hands and body by a brazier after a night in the cold slime, which was still plastered about him. "It was the mud which gave him a life chance."

"It was the mud that did us in," said an English officer, sitting up on a stretcher and speaking wearily. "We got bogged, and couldn't keep up with the barrage. That gave the German machine-gunners time to get to work on us. It was their luck."

"A young Scot, shivering so that his teeth chattered, spoke onarsely, and there was no warmth in him except the fire in his eyes: 'We had a fearful time,' he said, 'but it was the state of mud that kept us back, and the Germans took advantage of it.' 'Whenever we got near to Fritz he surrendered or ran,' said a young sergeant of an English battalion. 'We should have had him beat with solid ground beneath us, but we all got stuck in the bog, and he came out of his blockhouses and machine-gunned us as we tried to get across the shell-holes, all filled like young ponds, and sniped us when we could not drag one leg after another.'

For Three Years. "No proof is needed of the valor of our men. It is idle to speak of it, because for three years they have shown the height of human courage in most damnable and deadly places. But I have known nothing finer in this war than the quality of the talk I have heard among the men who fought all Friday, after a night of exposure in wild rain, and lay out all that night in water pools under runfire and came back again yesterday, wounded, spent, bloody and muddy, cramped and stiff, cold to the marrow-bones and tired after the agony of their long trail back across the barren fields. They did not despair because they had not gained all they had hoped to gain.

"We'll get it all right next time," said man after man among them. They all stated the reasons for their bad luck. 'If you step off a duck-board you go squelch up to your knees, and handling them big shells is no joke. All that means delay in getting up ammunition.' This was from a young soldier who had been flung fifty yards and senseless away from a group of comrades who were all killed by a big shell-burst. His senses had come back, and a quiet, shrewd judgment of all he had seen, and his old faith that our men can win through every time if they have equal chances with the enemy.

Our Dauntless Men. "To command soldiers like that should be the supreme joy of their officers, and, indeed, there is not one of our officers who does not think so, and is not proud of them with a pride that is full of comradeship for his good company. Napoleon's Old Guard was not of better stuff than these boys from English farms and factories, Scottish homesteads, Australian and New Zealand sheep-farm runs."

CACTUS CANDY.

A Plan to Manufacture Sweets From Spineless Cactus.

Louisiana sugar cane planters have evolved a plan for manufacturing candy from the spineless cactus. In the process, the peel of the plant is removed, dipped into hot molasses and coated with granulated or powdered sugar. The result is a confection of rich and delicious flavor. So successful have been the experiments with the new sweet that cane planters are now growing cactus which formerly was utilized, when used at all, for cattle fodder. Planters can in this way furnish plenty of raw material for the new product. Another important result in the making of what some enterprising advertiser may call "kaktus-kandy" is that sugar mills which have been idle for nine months in the year can now use part of their equipment in the candy manufacturing industry.

Plowing in the fall for next spring's

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargot in Cows

Applied Mathematics
I sometimes wonder what's the use of squaring the hypotenuse, or why, unless it be to tease, Things must be called isosceles. Of course I knew that mathematics Are mental stunts and acrobatics, To give the brain a drill gymnastic And make gray matter more elastic— It that why Euclid has employed Trapezium and trapezoid, I wonder?—yet it seems to me That all the plain geometry One needs, is just the simple feat, Whate'er your line, make both ends meet!

A GRAND MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are a grand medicine for little ones. They are a mild but thorough laxative; are absolutely safe; easy to give and never fail to cure any of the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Jas. S. Haste, Gleason Road, N.B., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them perfectly satisfactory for my little one." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Rude Princess.

An anecdote from the anonymous book Russian Court Memories concerns the ex-czar's daughters, the Grand Duchesses Olga and Tatiana. One windy day when the two little girls were driving through the streets of Petrograd a crowd of people recognized the imperial equipage, and the grand duchesses, holding on their hats with both hands, bowed right and left, as they had been taught to do, in answer to the salutes they received.

At first the Grand Duchess Tatiana was amused, and she bowed and laughed and looked delighted; but after a while she grew tired and looked cross, bobbing her head like a Chinese mandarin, until at last she gave it up, dropped her hands and put out her tongue at the bowing crowd. This childish outbreak was received with a roar of laughter and the exclamation, "Just like our own children!"

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen.—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of LaGrippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of Inflammation.

Yours,
W. A. HUTCHINSON.

John Was Wise.

The small boy sometimes sees straight and sees far. He reads the signs of the times unabashed. John cuts quite a good figure at the examination, but fails to get the highest marks awarded in his mixed class. His father is duly astonished, duly incensed. John beaten by a girl. "John, I am surprised to find that you have allowed yourself to be defeated by a mere girl." "Yes, father," says John unblushingly, "I have, but I can tell you something. Girls are not so very mere after all."

To Revive Corks.

After corks have been used a while they sometimes become so compressed that the contents of the bottle leak out. This may be remedied by putting the corks in boiling water and leaving them until the water cools.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

He Wobbled.

"Come out to our place to dinner to-night," said the banker. "I'll be glad to," said his friend. "Our girl," said the banker, "is studying music." "Oh, that reminds me. I've a very important engagement for to-night. Sorry, old man, but I can't come." "Can't you? Too bad! Our oldest girl, as I was saying, is studying music in Chicago, and we're awfully lonesome evenings." "Oh, I'll eat that engagement and come anyway."

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white thus way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms, and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin. Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM.
The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.
E.W. GILLETTE COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

A Riddle.

What is it that has over 4,000 muscles and can uproot trees, gather grass, lift a cannon or a nut, kill a man or brush off a fly, eat a whole sheep, but prefers a peanut? An elephant's trunk.

MONEY ORDERS

Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

To Stop Hiccoughs.

To stop hiccoughs give the patient a teaspoonful of sugar and vinegar. If this does not afford instant relief repeat the dose.

MURINE Granulated Eyelids.
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort.
At Your Druggist's or by Mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Remedy, in Tubes Etc. For Details of the Eye Remedy, Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Glass paving blocks used in an experimental way in a French city street lasted less than two years.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Protect young trees against mice by tying building paper around the trunks.

WITH THE FINGERS!
SAYS CORNS LIFT OUT WITHOUT ANY PAIN

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority. At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection. This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
URIC ACID, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE
NUMBER 23 THE PRO

This Concerns Maple Syrup Makers
Better be on the safe side and place your order now instead of risking disappointment during the March rush. Write for free booklet giving particulars and prices of our "Champion" Evaporator and all up-to-date supplies for which we are headquarters.
THE GRIMM MFG. CO., LIMITED
58 Wellington St., Montreal, Que.

Rheumatic Aches
Drive them out with Sloan's Liniment, the quick-acting, soothing liniment that penetrates without rubbing and relieves the pain. So much cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments; it does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle in the house for the aches and pains of rheumatism, gout, lumbago, strains, sprains, stiff joints and all muscle soreness.
Generous size bottles at all druggists, 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN

For a Holiday.

One of the best stories concerning British weather is related by the Bishop of Lydda. "Once, before I was bishop, I was on the top of an omnibus where were seated some Parsees," related his Lordship. "A man said to me, 'What are they?' I replied, 'Indians—Parsees, you know. Men who worship the sun.' And the man replied, 'Oh, I see, and they have come over here for a holiday.'"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The silage may be extended over a longer feeding period by mixing a liberal amount of chaff, cut straw or cut hay with it.

PRODUCE
NEW LAID EGGS, POULTRY, PEAS, beans, honey, onions wanted. Highest prices given. J. D. Arsenault, 1195 St. Catharine St. Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS
"H AVEN AND HELL"—Swedenborg's great work on a real world beyond and the life after death; 400 pages; only 25 cents postpaid. W. H. LAW, 4817 Euclid Avenue, Toronto.
CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS ETC.—Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write before too late. Dr. Helman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

How to Cure Biliousness
Doctors warn against remedies containing powerful drugs and alcohol. "The Extract of Roots, long known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, has no dope or strong ingredients; it cures indigestion, biliousness and constipation. Can be had at any drug store." Get the genuine. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles.

SKIN TROUBLES THAT TORTURE

and Disfigure Quickly Healed by CUTICURA SOAP and OINTMENT
Such as eczemas, rashes, pimples, dandruff, sore hands and most baby skin troubles.
Sample Each Free by Mail With 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N., Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

AN OPERATION AVERTED

Philadelphia, Pa.—"One year ago I was very sick and I suffered with pains in my side and back until I nearly went crazy. I went to different doctors and they all said I had female trouble and would not get any relief until I would be operated on. I had suffered for four years before this time, but I kept getting worse the more medicine I took. Every month since I was a young girl I had suffered with cramps in my sides and periods was never regular. I saw your advertisement in the newspaper and the picture of a woman who had been saved from an operation and this picture was impressed on my mind. The doctor had given me only two more days to make up my mind so I sent my husband to the drug store at once for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and believe me, I soon noticed a change and when I had finished the third bottle I was cured and never felt better. I grant you the privilege to publish my letter and am only too glad to let other women know of my cure."—Mrs. THOS. MCGONIGAL, 3432 Hartville Street, Phila., Pa.
ED. 7. ISSUE 47—1917

Snappy Spices

Club House Brand Spices
are full of rich flavor and have the greatest reasoning power.

They are guaranteed absolutely pure, and to comply with the present Pure Food Standard.

"Club House" Pure Spices
in handy combination sifter and pouring top cans. Nothing more convenient for your pantry shelves than these cans with the names of the spices they contain on each.
Price 10c each.

If you prefer your spices in bulk we can supply you with the best that money can buy. We carry a full line. We buy what we know to be the highest quality. They are a little higher in price—to us—not to you.

Just now when the "WURST" season is on you will be particularly interested in some of the following lines:

Coarse Ground and sifted Pepper.....	per lb	50c
White Pepper—ground fine	"	50c
Black Pepper, fine ground.....	"	50c
Ground Cloves	"	40c
Ground Allspice	"	40c
Coriander	"	40c
Mustard Seed	"	50c
Caraway Seed	per oz	5c
St Petre ... fine ground	per lb	20c

At the Sign of The Star.
The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffter

Terms—Cash or Produce.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

Trading at the Union Stock Yards yesterday for practically all classes of cattle and small stuff as sheep, lambs and calves was marked by a good steady to strong demand, with an advance in nearly all lines of cattle from 28c to 40c per cwt.

Real good butcher cattle were in strong demand and the strength of the market was reflected in the sale of a couple of loads of extra good heavy steers to the Harris Abattoir at from 12c to 13c per lb. Choice butcher cows were scarce very scarce, and more would have commanded ready sale at the market.

Bred stockers and feeders were firm and in good demand, as the prices shown in the representative sales will clearly show.

Canners, cows and bulls were steady to strong and the bulk of the canners sold at 15c higher, or \$5.40, as against \$5.10 to \$5.25 last week. Altogether the market was characterized by a lot of snap and go, which had the effect of clearing out the alleys in good shape and at generally satisfactory prices.

There was a fair run of sheep and lambs on the market, over 6000 head in all, with a steady market. Choice lambs sold from \$16.50 to \$17, and other grades at from \$16.25 to 16.75.

There was a fair run of calves, 322 head in all, for a Monday, and prices held steady. Choice calves sold from \$14.50 to \$15.25; medium calves, \$11.50 to \$14; grassers and common calves, to \$6.50 to \$9, and heavy, fat calves, \$8.50 to \$11.

There was a fairly heavy run of hogs, 3640 all told, and the price was from \$18 to \$18.25 fed and watered and \$18.50 weighed off, with prospects for lower prices to-das.

FORMOSA.

Mr. Henry Flachs of Hamilton spent over Sunday in this burg.

Miss Theresa Obermeyer of Hamilton is home attending her mother who fractured a few ribs.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Waechter spent Sunday at Greenock.

Fred Kraemer who spent the past few months in Gull Lake, Sask. returned to his home here last Thursday.

Mr. Ambrose Kroetch of Heiler, Alta. is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ant. Benninger, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Benninger of Hanover accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. John Beninger of Gagetown, Mich., spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.

Miss Zita Kraemer returned to her home here after spending the past few months in Tompkins, Sask.

Last week, Wednesday the death of Peter Kuhry aged 77 years took place here. Mr. Kuhry had been ailing for a time and death was not unexpected.

MOLTKE.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Kuhl spent a few days in Stratford last week.

Miss Lizzie Baetz left for Stratford where she has secured a position.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Weigel, a daughter, and to Mr. and Mrs. Con. Schaus, a daughter.

Miss Lavina Scip, who was spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Con. Rahm, has left for her home in Clifford.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Fischer and family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baetz.

Mr. Jacob Lanz of the sixth is on the sick list at present.

Mr. Dan Weber is spending a few days with his parents in Moltke.

A One-Sided Argument.

A penitent-looking man was on trial for vagrancy and disturbance of the peace.

"What was the prisoner doing when you arrest him?" he said to the policeman.

"He was having a very heated argument with a cab driver, your honor?"

"But that doesn't prove that he was the worse for liquor," the judge said. "Many sober people have arguments with cab drivers."

"So they do, your honor," said the policeman, "but in this case there was no cab driver."

Leave your order for apples at Weiler Bros. Price guaranteed for one week only. Market very firm.

Sleighs and cutters are quite a common sight on our streets, although wheels are still much more popular.

The last week has been very cold and frosty, more like February than November weather. Four weeks more until Christmas.

Cream Wanted.

Can be delivered to Leo. Buhlman, Mildmay, or Crystal Spring Creamery, Neustadt. Cans furnished. Highest prices paid and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial. Crystal Spring Creamery, Neustadt, Ont. J. C. Huether mgr.

Helwig's Weekly Store News...



Arrow Brand Collars

"Claridge" The new Arrow form-fit collar. Arrow Brand Collars are only made from best materials. In the latest styles, easy fitting and comfortable, many shapes to choose from. Price 20c each; 3 collars for 50c

Arrow Shirts

Men's fine shirts, white grounds with neat stripes in black, sky and hello, fast colors. Sizes 14 to 18. Prices \$1.25 up to 2.00.

Mens Ties

Mens new ties, all new designs and colorings in the wide flow ends. Prices 50c up to 1.75

Mens Winter Caps

Mens and boys winter caps made from good pure wool tweeds in a good range of colors, warm linings with the "Klingclose" bands, that set snug against the cheek and forehead. Prices 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00



"Peabodys" Overalls and Smocks 2.00 per garment.

Flannelette Blankets

White and Grey with blue and pink borders, they are manufactured from the very finest cotton, soft and warm. Three standard sizes. Prices 1.50 to 2.50

Crib Blankets

To keep the Kiddies warm and cosy. These come in pink and sky blue with bunny and teddy bear designs. Prices 1.00 up to 1.50

Rubbers for — Children, Girls, Boys, Men and Ladies.
Cosy Slippers for Children, Girls and Ladies.
Fingering Yarns Black, Reds and three shades in Greys.
Pure Wool Common Yarns Black, Grey and Mottled 2 & 3 ply.

We Buy Cream Test it while you wait and pay you before you go.

Bring Us Your Butter, Eggs and Farm Produce.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Ontario Apples

Spys—Tree Run per bbl	8.75
Baldwins " "	8.50
Kings " "	9.00
Horn Desert,— Like Snow, per bbl ..	8.50

Washington Box Apples, Jonathans, fancy high colored fruit, 163—175 apples in a box. Price per box

Kings—Fine quality; 96—100, 113—138 and 150 apples in a box. Price per box

King Davids—Very fancy, 163—175 apples in a box. Price per box

Butter, Eggs, Beans, Cream, Live and Dressed Poultry Wanted. Highest Cash or Trade Prices paid for same.

Phone No. 14

Cash or Produce

Nova Scotia Apples

Kings—Extra Fancy No. 1s per bbl ...	9.50
" " " " 2s "	9.00
" " " " Very fine special 3s "	8.00
Ribstons—No. 1s per bbl	8.00
" " " " 2s "	7.50
Spys—Tree run Branded No. 3	8.50
Starks—Very fine No 1s per bbl	8.50
" " " " No 2s	8.25
Blenheims—No 3s per bbl	7.00
Baldwins—" 3s "	7.25

Samples can be seen of each variety now. Price guaranteed only for one week. Put in your order at once as the apple market is very firm.

Prompt Delivery

Weiler Bros., Prop.



Rayo Oil Lamps

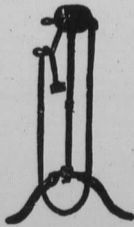
Are nicely nickle plated, have round wicks and will give an excellent light.

Price	3.00
Rayo Hanging Lamps	6.50

Power Clipping Machines

Do your horse and cattle clipping this fall. Cattle will thrive better when clipped.

Price



The Home Chopper

Chops meat, bread, nuts, everything. Easy to clean. Price



Saws and Axes

We have a splendid stock of Axes of good quality. Price

Cross Cut Saws—The Buffalo Bill and Leader Saws, are unequalled for quality and fast cutting. Price 5 1-2 foot

Liesemer & Kalbfleish
THE CORNER HARDWARE.