

# St. John

NEW SERIES, VOL. IV.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1881.

NO. 26.

1880. Christmas & New Year's Sale. 1881.

## McCafferty & Daly,

Corner King and Germain Streets.

During the Holiday Season we will offer special inducements to buyers, in all our departments.

**IN BLACK FRENCH SILKS,**  
We are showing DRAP D'OR, DRAP D'OR and CACHMERES, manufactured by C. J. BONET, JAUERZ and TRILLARD, CHAPPATT & CIE'S FRENCH CACHMERES and MERINO, in Black and Colored. The Best Goods in this class in the world.

**DESS GOODS,**  
In all the New Materials and Colors for the Season.

**ERLIN WOOL GOODS,** in Clouds, Sontags, Shawls, Jackets, Veils, Mitts, Mittens, Gaiters, &c., &c.

**GLOVES AND MITTS,** in Ladies, Gentlemen's, Misses's and Boys, in Cloth, Kid and Buck.

**MANTLE CLOTHS,** in Black, Blue, and Light Colors.

**A Large Assortment of Handkerchiefs.**

Gentlemen's silk Handkerchiefs, silk scarfs, &c.

**FANCY GOODS,**—Linen Handkerchiefs, do. Boxes Lace Collars, and Ties, Lace and Silk Bows, Parfumeries, Real Laces, Brushes, Combs, Wallets, Card Cases and a variety of Fancy Christmas Goods. The prices will be found satisfactory.

McCAFFERTY & DALY,  
Cor. King and Germain Sts.

**FURNITURE. FURNITURE.**  
1880-FALL STOCK-1880.

LATEST STYLES IN ALL GOODS.

NEW IMPORTATIONS OF RAW SILKS, TAPESTRY, REP and other COV.

**ERLINS,** Beautiful EBONIZED PARLOR SUITS of Latest Design.

**Magnificent WALNUT AND ASH BEDROOM SETS.** Improved and manufactured by ourselves, including latest "Queen Anne" and other styles.

Handsome and Roomy BOOKCASES; Elaborately Carved SIDEBOARDS and CHIFFONIERES.

SECRETAIRES of unique designs; EASY CHAIRS, PATENT ROCKERS, SOFAS and LOUNGES in endless variety. LEATHER DINING ROOM FURNITURE of our own manufacture and designs.

Our Stock of BRITISH PLATE MIRRORS is very fine, and the Frames of Gilt, and of Ebony and Gilt are of very elegant workmanship.

Everybody is invited to call and view our Stock, which includes many articles of Household Use and Ornament which it is impossible to enumerate here.

Stewart & White, Nos. 93 to 97 Charlotte St.

**THREE TRIPS A WEEK!**

Freeman Job Printing Office,  
54 GERMAIN STREET,  
St. John, N. B.

CARDS, POSTERS, PROGRAMMES

**JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS**  
executed on the most reasonable terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention.

**MILL SUPPLIES.**

RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING;  
RUBBER AND LEATHER PACKING;  
CASKS, LACING LEATHER;  
NAILS, WARRIERS;  
MACHINE BOLTS STOCK AND DISK;  
LUBRICATING OILS, RABBIT METAL.

J. T. HARRIS & SONS,  
13 King Street.

**ENGLISH STIFF HATS!**

We have just opened our first shipment of

**Christy's London Stiff Hats,**

IN FINE AND MEDIUM QUALITIES.

**BARDSLEY BROS.,**  
38 Commercial Block, St. John, N. B.

**TRY FREEZES**

Passenger Agency,  
CARLTON FERRY BUILDING, Water Street.

AD satisfy yourselves, before purchasing tickets.

**BEST, CHEAPEST, AND LARGEST**

**NUMBER OF ROUTES.**

to the different points in Canada and the United States.

**DOODY & TOLE,**  
Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

**FAMILY GROCERIES!**

**PUDINGTON & MERRITT,**  
(Successors to R. E. Redington & Co.)  
No. 55 CHARLOTTE STREET.

HAVING just received a large assortment of Goods, we are now open for business, and will have on hand a full and complete stock of all the goods usually found in a first-class grocery store.

**TEAS**

We keep constantly in stock a large assortment of Teas, in all the leading brands, such as Oolong, Japan, Gunpowder, and Souchong, and will have on hand a full and complete stock of all the goods usually found in a first-class grocery store.

**SUGARS**

In Black, Powdered, Granulated, and all the other varieties, and will have on hand a full and complete stock of all the goods usually found in a first-class grocery store.

**FLOUR**

All the leading brands of Family Flour, All Corn Meal, and all the other goods usually found in a first-class grocery store.

**CANNED GOODS.**

A large assortment in FRUIT, MEATS, VEGETABLES, and all the other goods usually found in a first-class grocery store.

AS GOOD AS NEW!

WE HAVE STILL ON HAND

**Two Double Seated Pumps**

—AND—

**TWO OR THREE SINGLE SLEIGHS,**

**ALL SECOND-HAND,**

and nearly as good as new, which we will sell at the lowest prices. Call and see them at once.

**WAGGONS!**

Now the time to make what you will have a summer carriage. If you want

**A NEW WAGON,**

call over to the Factory and leave your order, and we will have it all ready for the spring drive.

**REPAIRS.**

Does your wagon need repair? If so, please let us know and we will make it as good as new.

**FIRST-CLASS CONDITION**

by the time you want to use it.

All kinds Sleighs and Carriage Repairing

**DO PROMPTLY.**

**CARRIAGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.**

Main Street, Portland, Me., St. John, N. B., 1881

**IMPORTANT**

**TO**

**HOTEL PROPRIETORS,**

**HOUSEKEEPERS, ETC.**

WE ARE NOW SHOWING

**AN EXCELLENT STOCK**

**OF**

**GREY & WHITE COTTON,**

**BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED**

**SHEETING,**

**OSNABURG TOWELS,**

**TABLE LINEN & CLOTHS,**

**TABLE DAMASK BY THE YARD,**

**DOYLE'S NAPKINS, &c.,**

WHICH WE HAVE PURCHASED ON MOST ADVANTAGEOUS

**CALL EARLY.**

**JAMES MANSON,**

12 KING STREET,

Commercial Block - St. John, N. B.

**CLOTHES!**

**CLOTHES!**

**NOW OPENING:**

**A LARGE ASSORTMENT**

**OF**

**CANADIAN TWEEDS!**

—IN—

**PLAIN MIXTURES,**

**STRIPES & CHECKS,**

**ALL NEW PATTERNS.**

**ENGLISH TWEEDS,**

**FANCY COATINGS,**

**DIAGONALS, BASKET CLOTHS,**

**AND**

**FANCY MIXTURES.**

**OUR**

**USUAL LOW PRICES!**

**HENDERSON'S**

**SEEDS AND PLANTS**

The Weekly Freeman.

Saturday, February 19th, 1881

The Exodus.

The Minister of Agriculture sent Mr. Lowe, an officer in his department, to the Port Huron district to find proof that the emigration of Canadians through that district has been greatly overestimated by the United States officials.

Mr. Lowe makes out a plausible case, but he goes a little too far when he tries to prove that the emigration last year was much smaller than every one knows it was. He says:

At Detroit I was received with much courtesy by Mr. B. B. Bell, the Collector of Customs at that port, and he kindly gave me the following figures of immigration from Canada, as recorded in his office during the fiscal year ended June 30th 1880:

September quarter, 1879 ..... 717  
October do ..... 1,383  
November do ..... 1,383  
December do ..... 1,383  
Total ..... 4,866

Mr. Bell told me that these figures were taken by the officers in the face of some difficulties, which the trains were crossing the river, and that from motives of humanity he had directed that as few fees should be levied as possible for the poor immigrants for the entry of their effects, in as far as this could be consistent with official duty.

The emigration, coming Canada Greatly west through the district of Detroit, is supplied by two lines of railway running all the way across the continent, the Great Western and the Canada Southern, and these are in turn supplied by the Great Northern and the Michigan Central, and the Detroit and Milwaukee. In so far as the Province of Ontario is concerned, there would, therefore, naturally flow a large or larger stream of immigration to the Western States, through these two railway systems than through the Grand Trunk at Sarina.

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It should be remarked that, according to Mr. Lowe's statement, the immigration from the United States to Canada was very much larger during the five years of Mr. Mackenzie's administration than it was before, or has been since. Each entry, it is calculated, represents about 43 persons returning.

The Census Returns.—The editor of the Union Advocate was permitted to see the Surveyor General's report in advance of his contemporaries, and even of the members of the Legislature. This report, we are told, shows a very large increase in the receipts of the Crown Lands department for the past year as compared with 1879. The following are the figures:

Nature of Receipt. 1879. 1880.  
Land Sales ..... \$ 3,449 00 \$17,066 29  
Labor Fund ..... 172 63 192 06  
Installments ..... 325 20 523 20  
Sales of timber ..... 7,359 20 18,910 38  
Renevals of licenses ..... 15,016 00 20,464 00  
Net amount ..... 47,307 81 86,566 01  
Gross amount ..... 47,307 81 86,566 01  
Total ..... \$75,290 15 \$145,551 29

The annexed table shows the estimated contents, in acres, of the Province of New Brunswick, the number of acres granted or located, and the acreage still vacant:

Total Acres  
Contents granted or still vacant.

Acres located. vacant.  
Bathurst, 1,840,000 200,000 1,640,000  
Gloucester, 1,077,990 480,000 597,990  
Northumberland, 1,046,840 1,058,771 988,069  
Kent, 1,101,000 527,156 573,844  
Westmorland, 889,000 666,479 222,521  
St. John, 1,175,000 142,000 1,033,000  
Charlotte, 847,000 428,000 419,000  
Quebec, 947,000 616,664 330,336  
Sunbury, 770,000 484,019 285,981  
New Brunswick, 1,386,000 898,640 487,360  
Carleton, 826,000 776,645 51,355  
Victoria, 1,308,000 1,079,736 228,264  
Malheur, 971,000 745,844 225,156

Total, 11,393,401 9,856,021 1,537,380

The Trade and Navigation returns recently laid before Parliament show the imports and exports since Confederation to be as follows:

Imports. Exports. Total.  
1868 ..... \$2,297,283 \$73,400,044 \$75,697,327  
1869 ..... 2,614,781 74,015,136 76,629,917  
1870 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1871 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1872 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1873 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1874 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
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1878 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1879 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729  
1880 ..... 2,757,490 74,514,239 77,271,729

The imports, it will be observed, were smaller in 1879 than in any year since 1870, but they were over 43 millions more in 1880, than they were lower than in any year of the Mackenzie administration. In 1879, although the Tories were in power, and even then boasted that their policy had restored prosperity to the country, the exports, which in 1877 were nearly 76 millions, and in 1878 nearly 78 millions, fell to less than 73 millions. In 1880 they increased to nearly 88 millions. The Tories pretend that their N. P. had something to do with this increase, but that pretence is unacceptably absurd. The good crops in Canada, the failure of the crops in Europe, and the consequent high prices of grain, the increase of the price of lumber in Great Britain and the United States, and the consequent increase in the demand for lumber, for meat, butter, cheese, and wool—these, and not the N. P. were the causes of the increase. The total exports, however, were less in 1880 than in 1879, and 74 millions of tonnage in 1880, as against 75 millions in 1879, is actually a million less than the amount levied on 863 millions worth in 1880!

The idea of justice which those who rule Ireland usually entertain is that a jury fails in its duty if it does not convict any one that the Government chooses to prosecute. The Belfast News says:

At the Clerk assizes the other day, Patrick O'Halloran was placed on his trial for having passed a threatening notice on the chapel gate at Tulla, County Clare on the 12th of December. The threatening notice was as follows: "Captain O'Callaghan, Burke Brown, and O'Connell, traitors to Ireland, voted for coercion. Before their doom will be that of Lord Mountmorris, Callaghan, do your duty. New or never put an end to these vile and villainous wretches." It appeared that a short time before the notice was posted a magisterial meeting had been held at Ennis, in Clare, and it was reported that certain magistrates assembled there and voted, as they were perfectly entitled to do, in a particular way. Among the magistrates who were said to have attended the meeting were Captain Charles George O'Callaghan, Mr. Edmund Burke Brown, Mr. Daniel O'Connell, of Kilgore, who were all landed proprietors in the Tulla district, and magistrates. The evidence went to show that, in consequence of the previous posting of notices on the chapel gate, two policemen were on Sunday morning about six, and having examined the place of the gate and seen that no notices were posted, lay in ambush at the opposite side. While there a man approached, stopped opposite the place of the gate, and then went away. One of the policemen followed and arrested him, while the other went to the gate and found the notice after being freely posted on it. The jury, after having deliberated for an hour said there was no

chance of agreeing. His Lordship—Well, gentlemen, it is impossible that I can disagree on such a plain case. Retire again, gentlemen, and I will send for you at the conclusion of the next case. The jury again retired, and after an interval of about an hour the foreman again came out and said that the jury were agreed that there was not the slightest chance of their agreeing. His Lordship—Have you any difficulty that I could help you to remove one way or the other? Foreman—I do not think there is. His Lordship—Very well, gentlemen, I must ask you to withdraw again to your room. The jury then retired. His Lordship—Now, Mr. DeMolay, whose course do you propose taking in the case, I can't keep the jury locked up. If they tell me they cannot agree I'll discharge them and return the case; but what is the use of that. Mr. Atkinson—No use, my Lord. Mr. DeMolay—I must say, with every respect to the conclusions of the jury, I cannot agree with them. It appears to me at present that the law is going into absolute confusion, and these functions are superseded. I believe, in reference to this case, and I think your Lordship shares the same opinion as I do, that there could not be a doubt in a case of this nature. His Lordship—I will leave the jury to their own conclusions. I must discharge the case.

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