oric, Drops er Opium. is Pleasant. Millions of Feverish-. Castoria ation and regulates ren, giving Children's

oria. adapted to children superior to any pre-RE OF

PPER.

DOWLING BROS., 95 KING ST., ST., JOHN, ONTARIOAND QUEBEC

Rain and Sun Umbrellas at the following very low prices:

T5e., \$1 00, \$1.25, \$1 35, \$1.56, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2,50, \$2.75, and \$8.00. 600D STRONG FRAMES and GLOBIA SILK COVERS that will not cut. Dress Goods Reduced.

TWELVE PIECES FANCY DRESS GOODS Former price 6oc. yard. Now 25c yard for choice of patterns.

Great sale of 1,000 Shirt Waists now on, Prices — 25c., 39c., 30c., 75c., \$1.00 and \$1.25. DOWLING BROS., 95 KING ST

DESTRUCTIVE STORM

Hurricane That Caused Considerable Damage to Shipping.

Steamer Gaspesia Struck on a Rock and is Disabled.

Wrecking Apparatus Destroyed in Halifax Harbor - Schooner Warrior Sunk at Annapolis-Bark Nadia and Several Schoon-

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 7.—A severe storm has prevailed for the past forty-eight hours on this coast. The wind northwest and blowing almost at hurricane force. It is feared many disasters have occurred with heavy loss of property. The steamer Gaspesia is anahored two miles off Cape Buy, C. B., disabled. She struck off Lingan this afternoon, but floated off im a disabled condition and was obtained. im a disabled condition and was obliged to anchor to prevent going ashore. A despatch from Clace Bay says the ship is in a perilous position. The wind is blowing fifty miles an hour, and it will be very difficult, if not impossible, to send assistance until the storm abates. The Gaspesia is Newfoundland to satisfy claims

two scows employed in trying to raise the sunken oil steamer Maverlek in this harbor had been wrecked. turned turtle and the other was driven Over \$3,000 worth of boilers, etc., were lost and two men on the overturned barge had a narrow escape with their lives. It is doubtful if the Maverick will now be

A despatch from Pugwash says: The Norwegian bark Nadia broke away from her anchorage at Cape ntine last night during a north west hurricance and drifted down the Gulf of St. Lawrence, striking on a reef, on the south shore, five miles from Pugwash, N. S. The crew are safe. It is feared the vessel will be-

Over thirty vessels have taken shelter from the gale at Digby. Nearly all the fishing boats anchored off Little River, St. Mary's Bay, countirg about two score, large and small, broke from their moorings this morring, drifted across the the French ore and were badly smashed by the

ndous sea running, sch. Warrior, from Halifax, while making for her wharf at Annarolls, ran aground in the river, knocked a hole in her bottom, and sank. She is laden with coal,

Several vessels parted their moor-ings at Whitney pier, Sydney, and two ran ashore—the Gertie Lewis, 70 the city contingent returned by buses, tens, at Barrack Point, and the Farraching home at an early hour in the worste, 55 tons, from Channel, Nfid., morning,

at a shippard above the town. The Gertie will probably go to pieces. No lives were lost. The wind reached a velocity of 62 miles on hour on the

Cape Breton coast, sweeping in from the sea with terrific violence. Two Caraquet fishing boats arrived at Alberton, P. E. I., today, the crews of which reported that two boats be longing to Caraquet, N. B.; containing eight men, were broken up off Kildare Cape, P. E. I., by last night's Two of the bodies were recovered off Cabill's, South Kildare, not far from the shore, and were pounded to pieces by the breakers. The accident hap-

pened at four o'clock. The sch. Jasper, Capt. Embree, went ashore off Flat River last night. The boat belonging to the schooner was lost and the crew remained at the mercy of the waves until this morning, when they were rescued by a boat from the shore. The schooner was from Chatham, N. B., and will

probably be a total wreck.

A very heavy lightning storm pas-ced over Tignish, P. E. I., this morning. The sch. Charlie, Capt. Desroches, owned by J. H. Myrick, was struck and a large hole made in her side near the water line. She taken in tow to Alberton harbor

Death of James A. Sinnott, One of Kings Co's Most Worthy Sons.

APOHAQUI, N. B., Spet. 7.—James A. Sinnott died this evening, aged 55 years, leaving a widow, one son, Heber Sinnott of Sussex, and two daughters. One daughter, Dora, was visiting Posten, but left for home to-day. The Jacobsed had one brother for Melbourne, in Los Angelos, and another, Chesley, in Washington Territory Mrs. J. R. Humphrey of Providence Mass., is a sister. Mr. Sinnott was for many years county auditor of Kings and had also sat at the council board. He was chief enumerator for Kings at the last census. For many years he carried on business as a merchant here, and was postmaster years past. He suffered from hemorrhage of the stomach last Tuesday, and several attacks followed, resulting in his death tonight. He was one of the sidents of Kings county.

The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon at one o'clock.

Tuesday evening a large party of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram F. Finley drove out to their summer resi-dence at Riverside, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of their wedding, and the party being supplied with an assortment of tinware, ranging from tin whistles to the finest lines of cooking utensils, in addition to the usual and very necessary supplies of meats, pies, cakes, etc., for a surprise party. On their arrival the house was cap-tured by an efficient committee, and the evening was very pleasantly spent in music, dancing, cards, etc. After supper and an address to the "bride and groom," followed by three cheers and a tiger, the party broke up, and

The Soulanges Canal Contract Before the Exchequer Court.

Made a Treaty With About Four Thousand Indians and Paid Them Big Money.

Talbet's Report of Perilous Frip to the Yukon -Saw no Gold-Bearing Quartz-Forty-Nine Days to Journey Forty Miles.

OTTAWA, Sept. 5.-There has be erms of the reciprocity negotiated ecently at Washington between the United States and the British colony

It is regarded here as an important piece of news, inasmuch as it gives the key to the terms of the treaties airanged by the United States with Jamaica and other British West India islands. The principal reductions in the Trinidad tariff upon articles from the United States are to be as fol-

Bread, from 24 cents to 12 cents per 100 pounds; cheese, from 2 cents to 1 cent per pound; flour, from 80 cents to 60 cents per barrel; lard, from \$1 to 48 cents per 100 pounds; butter, from \$2 to 24 cents per 100 pounds; lager beer, from 36 cents to 10 cents per

dozen cuarts. What the colony gains is a reduction of 121-2 per cent of the United States duties on cane sugar, fresh fruits, fresh vegetables and asphalt imported from Trinidad. The reductions in the Trinidad duty above referred to are by the terms of the convention, confined to those articles when they are the product of the soil or industry of the product of the soil or industry the United States." But that they will also apply to articles named when imported from Canada is assured under the imperial policy of discountenancing tariff discrimination by a British colony in favor of the products of a foreign country as against those of the dominion. The convention has to be ratified by the Council of Trinidad and the Congress of the United States within eight months.

within eight months.

All deposit cheques have been returned to the parties who tendered for the supply of wire for the telegraph line to connect Quesnelle, B. C., with the Yukon telegraph system. The department of public works gives no explanation, of the trouble which processitated this abandonment of poliicy for the present. When it is decided to go on with the construction new tenders for wire will have to be ask-

the Standard Bank, Bowmanville, who was bound and gagged the night of the famous robbery, and Richard Miles, shoe maker, of the same town, have been in Hull the past two days, and after viewing the prisoners confined in jail and suspected of the robbery, positively identified John Murray as one of the gang of assailants and a party to the robbery. They also iden-tified Thos. Clifford as a man who was in the shop the morning previous

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.—The Star's special London cable says: Hon, Israel Tarte will arrive in London from Paris temorrow morning and will sail for Canada on the steamer Arawa on

TORONTO, Sept. 5 .- The executive of the Conservative Association met here today, with Hon. John Haggari in the chair. A series of meetings throughout On-

tario during the autumn have been arranger for, beginning with a mass neeting at the Toronto exhibition on Monday. Sept. 18, at which Hon. G. E. Foster, J. P. Whitney, leader of the opposition in the Ontario house, and others will speak. Later in the season it is intended to

hold another series of public meetings in the interests of the dominion conservative party, conducted by Sir Charles Tupper, assisted by other pro-minent members of the dominion

MONTREAL, Sept. 5 .- To the prise and consternation of the Mol-son's Bank managers, a forgery invol-ving about three thousand dollars was discovered today. The matter came as an entire surprise to the directors when they assembled at the regular session today. It is understood an employe of the bank is suspected of the crime, but the bank officials de-cline to give any details at present further than to verify the statements already made.

court today argument was begun in the suit of Archibald Stewart v. the Crown, for a quarter of a million dollars for the confiscation of the contract on the Soulanges canal and the loss by expropriation of his stone quarry at Rockland.

The first batch of long service

medals will be sent out from the militia department this week. The distriction will be made by districts in the order of numbers, so that the Lon-

The Indian commissioners have returned from the Peace River and Slave Lake discricts. They succeeded in making a treaty with about 4.000 Indians of the Beaver, Wood Cree and Chippewah tribes. It is not proposed to place them on reserves yet. For the rights they surrender the government undertakes to pay a bonus of \$7 per head and an annuity of \$5 per annuity. head and an annuity of \$5 per annum. The first year's payment and bonus, \$12 in all to each person, was made by

ferent parts along the creeks and copper was plentiful, but no gold-bearing quartz was discovered. As an instance of the difficulties of the country, American miners heading for the upper waters of Alaska took forty-nine days to journey forty miles, having to pass over glaciers most of the distance.

OTTAWA, Sept. 1.—There was a meeting of the cabinet yesterday afternoon. A bare quorum was present. They were Hon. R. W. Scott, Hon. Wm. Paterson, Hon. Dr. Borden and Sir Henri Joly Some matters in connection with the Yukon were up for consideration. The government decides some time ago to increase the salaries of the officials in the Klondyke, and to prevent anyof them from speculating in mines. It has been already stat of that Commissioner Ogilvie is in of Gold Commissioner Senkles a increased to \$5,000. W. H. P. ht, the legal adviser of the coun-Clement at present has the privilege of practicing his profession and also of speculating in mines, if he so desires ices to the government and not ble in mining business. As a re-pense for this he will likely be re such fees as may arise thereon will receive an increase. There Yukon council, in addition to two for which provision was made last session of give representation to the mining element and the people of the district generally.

WEDDING BELLS.

At St. David's church Wednesday wited in marriage to Frank L. Bur-sel. The wedding was a quiet but very retty one, the church being beauti-fully decorated with asters, lilies and sang the hymn. The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden. Rev. W. W. Rainnie then repeated the service that made them man and wife, at the conclusion of which the hymn O God of Bethel was sung. As the bridal party left the church Mr. Wilbur played Mendelssohn's wedding march. ushers were John Burpee and D. Mc-Clelland. The bridal party and guests repaired to Mr. Laechler's residence on Wentworth street, where a sumptuous luncheon was served. This over, Mr and Mrs. Burpee drove to the depot and took the Atlantic express for Moncton, whence they will go to Quebec Montreal and Toronto. They received many beautiful presents. Mr. Burpee's fellow clerks in Messrs. W H. Thorne & Co.'s establishment gave a beautiful set of dinner knives, and the firm gave. a silver service. The choir of St. David's, of which the bride was a memher, presented her with a handsome A pretty event took place Wednes

day at the residence of Mrs Se-cord, 193 Main street, the occasion being that of the marriage of her daughter, Miss Mamie Secord, to E. P. Cliff of Boston and formerly of Queensbury.
The ceremony was performed by Rev.
D. Long. The bride wore a pretty travelling suit of gray cloth, and was unattended. She received many beautiful presents, including a handsome willow chair from the choir of Victoria street Free Baptist church, of which she has for some time been a member. Mr. and Mrs. Cliff embarked on the Prince Rupert for an extended trip through Nova Scotia. They will reside in St. John for some time after their return.

A very interesting event took place at Jacquet River, Sept. 5, when Miss Jennie, daughter of Wm. Barclay, was Jennie, daughter of Wm. Barciay, was united in marriage to Walter Gould of Roseville, Cal., and Sarah, her sister, to Philip Leaver of Rutland, Vermont. The marriage took place in the pretty porlor of the home, under the Union Jack and Stars and Stripes. The brides were very handsomely gowned in grey-bine poplin, and carried bouquets of pink carnations. Little Miss Jessie Richmond acted as ring-bearer, and lcoked very cute, carrying a pretty basket of flowers. After the wedding breakfast, Mr. and Mrs. Seaver took the 11.23 express for Boston, New York and Springfield. They will reside at Rutland, Vermont. Mr. and Mrs. Gould took the 1.35 train for Vancouver, and from there to California. They

The brides, who have been very popular professional nurses, were the recipients of many valuable presents.

The marriage took place at St. John's (Stone) church Wednesday morning of Miss Nelle R. McCormick, daughter of D. W. McCormick, and Franklin Baird. The ceremony was perform by the rector of the church, Rev. Miss McCormick, and Gray Murdoch supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Baird left on the early train for Bos-ton, New York, etc. On their return they will reside on Germain street.

Among the survey parties sent out to the Yukon by the department of the interior was one to White River, under to the survey parties sent out BERLIN, Sept. 7.—It is said that Baron Von Hammerstein-Loxten, minister of agriculture, has been dismissed from office in connection with the part he took in regard to the canal bill.

THE TRANSVAAL.

Full British Cabinet Council Summoned for Friday.

President Kruger Said That What Mr Chamberlain Really Desired Was Possession of the Transvaal, But They Would Never Sacrifice Their Independence

Stanley, of African Fame, Says England Must Back Up Chamberlain.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The premier the Marquis of Salisbury, will come to berlain, and a cabinet council has been summoned for Friday, urgent messages having been sent to all the ministers requesting their attendance, LONDON, Sept. 5.—Sir Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, has written a letter to a friend on the clares that the only sensible course for Englishmen to take is to trust in Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of trial before the nation and the world.
"If," Sir Henry writes, "these com-plications and wearlsome iterations and unceasing repetitions will not soon terminate they must pass to the next government, and Mr. Chamberlain will have then proven no better than mediocrities who make Krugerism possible. The British nation also is on trial before the world, and if we shrink from compelling that irascible old man in the Transvasl to deal justly with our countrymen, we shall sink below zero in the estimation of the world and the decline of our influence and authority in South Africa will be hastened."

Canadian contingent. If any Cana-cian Transvaal regiment was formed, the organizers would be expected to Canadian contingent. If any Canacian Transvaal regiment was formed,
the organizers would be expected to
land its regiment in England, fully
and the Raad rose without passing

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.-The World will publish tomorrow the following

"Gladly accede to your request to pu the Boar side before the Am

"The present agitation against this tain section of British residents, to whom the existence of the republic, which embraces the most flourishing parts of South Africa, is a standing eyesore, and who suffer from the pre-vailing jingo mania, and partly also from mining capitalists who, not content with having here the best mining laws in the world, wish also to have complete control of all existing admin-

"The franchise voting question was taken up (by England) because it was thought the republic would not yield on that point. Now that the altered franchise does not materially differ from the American—it is in many respects easier—the agitation has come worse. The object clearly is the destruction of our republic and the complete control of the best mines in

The press, entirely controlled by capitalists, spreads unprecedented misrepresentation throughout v orld against the Boer republic.

We are determined to defend to the uttermost that freedom and self-government for which our people have shed blood in every part of South Africa. Though we have no such pow-erful friend as you proved to Venezuela and to other republics, we have strong faith that the cause of free-

dom and republicanism will triumph LONDON, Sept. 6.-Mr. Chamberlain remained at the foreign office until shortly before midnight. He declined to make any statement regard-ing the Transvaal situation. PRETORIA, Sept. 7.— There was

preserved as great excitement in the first Raad to-day on Mr. Coetser's interpellation of the government regarding the presence of British troops on the borders and the stoppage of ammunition consigned to the Transvaal.

the executive council and most of the principal officials, were present, to-gether with a large representation of the general public.

At the outset the chairman and president urged members to preserve calmness and to avoid insulting lan-

The secretary of state, F. W. Reitz, said he had called the previous day on the British diplomatic agent, Conyngham Greene, and had asked him what reply the government could give in the Volksraad regarding the alleged massing of British troops on the borders and whether Mr. Greene would communicate with the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner The reply from Mr. Greene, he con-The reply from Mr. Greene, he con-

tinued, had been received this morning and was in the following terms:

"Dear Mr. Reitz:—The following is Sir Alfred Milner's reply to the telegram which I sent at your request: "I don't know to what Mr. Reltz refers when he alludes to the massing of troops. This must be the British troops in South Africa, the position and numbers of which are no secret; but it is a matter of common knowledge that they are here in order to

protect British interests and to make provision aginst eventualities."

Mr. Coetzer and other members then made violent speeches, declaring that they could not understand Sir Alfred Milner's reply, since the Transvaal had never threatened the English colonies.

"It is time," exclaimed Mr. Coetzer, for the Transvaal also to prepare for any properties."

eventualities." One member said: "England's ac-tion is like putting a revolver into a

man's face.' Another concluded a warlike har-angue in this strain: "It is time to ask these troops what they want. The fire is bound to start. So let them light it and allow it to burn out quick. War is better than the present state of affairs. Business is ruined and the public treasury is drying up. Chamberlain is trying to ruin the country."

These speeches and others attacking Cecil Rhodes, were loudly applauded by the house and by the public.

Mr. Tosen, who declared that Sir Alfred Milner's reply was tanta-mount to a declaration of war read a telegram from the field cornet of the Pietretief district, stating that people there would rise in rebellion is President Kruger went to another confer-

order for saying that the Jameson raiders ought to have been hanged. J. M. A. Wolmarans, one of the two council, counselled prudence and cau-tion. He said it would be wise for read to decide whether the republic

should concede further negotiations or not. President Kruger, rising, said: "The aliens have been offered equal rights with the Burghers, but have refused them. Mr. Chamberlain is the Outlanders do not want; but what he really desires is possession of the Transvaal. The Burghers are willing to concede much for the sake of peace,

After eulogizing Mr. Gladstones ac After eulogizing Mr. Gladstones action in 1881 as a noble deed, President Kruger said that, if it row came to fighting, the Almighty special cable says: London, Sept. 5.—
Prominent military authorities state that some Canadian officers in the British army expecting to go to the Transvaal, have been informed that the war office does not anticipate war, so there is no opportunity for service in south Africa, either for them or any Canadian contingent. If any Canadian contingent.

in with a body of armed men was patched to the Natal border on eaday night, with an equipment of tity of ammunition."

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 7 (midnight)a—
The Boers, it is stated positively, are concentrating on the border.

FREDERICTON.

Charles DeWitt Arrested Charged With Haying Caused His Stepdaughter's Death.

. C. Barry, Q. C., Sworn in as Judge of Probates, and R. W. McLellan as Register of Probate - Dispute Over Miss Canby's Will.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Sept. 7 .-Charles DeWitt, a resident of Victoria Mills, just below this city, was armile, just below this city, was accepted this afternoon on the charge of having beaten his step-daughter, a girl five years old, to death. The child died last night after having suffered for several hours in convulsions. When miles began to talk treety of the cruel treatment and beatings which the child had undergone at the hands of her stepfather. The rumors reached the ears of the police, with the result that Sergeant Phillips and Detective Roberts made a visit to the DeWitt home and after an examination, arrected Politics I to good that the girl's rested DeWitt, It is said that the girl's body is horribly bruised and black-ened. Coroner Coulthard will hold an

inquest tomorrow night.

The will of the late Mary A. Canby of this city is being proved in solemn form before the judge of probates, J. H. Barry, Q. C. Messrs. A. I. Trueman and R. W. McLellan appeared for the executors and Carolina Jack; A. J. Grego: y for Geo. C. Hatheway, John Cleveland and Emily Talmage; Mr. Coster for C. N. Gilpin, J. B. Gilpin, W. S. Gilpin and May Gilpin; G. E. Fairweather for W. H. Ruel, C. P. Ruel, E. A. Ruel and F. C. S. Ruel; W. Watson Allen for Charlotte Hathe-W. Watson Allen for Charlotte Hatheway and T. D. Canby Hatheway. After Judge Darry read his commission, Mr. Judge Darry read his commission, Mr. Trueman read the petition for the proving of the will in solemn form; also the citation and affidavits for service of citation. Dr. Coulthard, who vitnessed Mrs. Canby's will in conjunction with the late Wesley Vanwart, Q. C., was the first witness called. The substance of his testimony was that in his opinion the late Mrs. Canby was of thoroughly sound mind at the time she executed her last will and testament. The doctor was crossexamined by Mr. Ailen this atternoon. The court resumed sitting this evening at 7.30, when Mrs. Caroline A. Jack is being examined.

J. H. Barry, Q. C., was this m sworn in as judge of prebates for York county by Judge A. I. Trueman of St. John, R. W. McLellan was at the same time sworn in as registrar of probates in succession to Mr. Barry.

We have a large stock of Shooting Supplies.

English. Belgian and American single and double barrel breech and Muzz'e loading guns. Winchester and Marlin Rifles. Davenport Guns and Rifles. lazard's Black and Smokeless Powders, Riey's Cartridge Cases, Caps. Wads &c. Winchester and Dominion Cartridges. Pocket Flasks, Air Rifles. X. L. and Automatic Revolvers, Gun Implements, Decey Game Bags, Cartridge Belts, Dog Collars, Game Traps, Etc. Gartridge Cases Filled to Order with Hazard's Celebrated

Powders. We like to show Goods. W.H. THORNE & CO. Ltd.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

When you say, "it seems absurd in the extreme to run an excursion to Gagetown to hear a sermon from the chaplain of the Yasht club and to claim to do it under sanction of law." I quite agree with you that it would require, in my judgment, pretty strong evidence to show that this was not peally what it would seem to be at first sight—an excursion within the meaning of the act—taking all the circumstances of the case into consideration.

A HOLIDAY TRIP.

John Murray of Brandon Visits His Old N. B. Home.

The West's Great Wheat Crop - Does Think Much of the Doukhobers -Manitoba is Conservative.

The Sun's Pt. de Bute correspondent

John Murray of Brandon, Man., is on a holiday trip to his old home in New Brunswick, and is now visiting friends in Westmorland. He is accompanied by Mrs. Murray. Mr. Murray eft Kingston, Kent Co., in the fall of going straight to Brandon, of which town he has been a resident ever

The firm, of Dickinson & Murray is one of the oldest in the place, Mr. Dick-inson having put out his business card when Brandon was in its "swaddling clothes," a town of tents. Last year Mr. Dickinson retired from the business, and the name of the present firm is J. H. Murray & Co. This is Mr. Murray's first visit to his native province since he went west fourteen years ago. Mrs. Murray made her friends a short visit in 1891. Like most of those who occurry. He claims it is growing as fast as any one ought to expect. It is true some of the little towns of which great things were expected by their promoters have not grown very fast, One reason of this is that railroads have opened new centres; but settle-ment is widening in all directions.

There are eight elevators in Brandon and one flouring mill. This mill received an order from Austria for thirteen cars of flour a few days before Mr. Murray left home. One of these elevators, the Ogilvie's, of which Mr. Murray is cashier, pays as much as 875,000 for wheat in one year. Mr. Murray has paid out \$2,000 in one day to the farmers around Brandon for wheat delivered at this elevator. there are seven other elevators in the town, this will give some idea of the volume of business done and the amount of money handled at certain seasons of the year. The wheat crop of this year promised well when Mr. the estimated crop of fifty millions will be within the mark. Farmers are glad of it. paying more attention to mixed farming than when the country was first settled, and wheat is not by any means now their only asset. Mr. Sifton's immigration policy is not hailed as a blessing by everybody in the west Three hundred of the Doukhobors spent most of the winter in Brandon, that the Brandonites had a good chance to "size them up," as they say in the west. They are a strong, well built people physically, and give evidence of being capable of doing a lot of hard Mrs. Murray says she was aspisted this year in her spring house-pleaning by some of the Doukhobor women, and found them most efficient elp, quick to understand how the work to be done, and strong and will-

Mr. Murray says while the men have amount of respect and dewintance is greatly in their favor in their general make up they seem very deficient in those qualities that are so desirable in the first settlers of a new country The Galicians are even worse than the Doukhobors, and no more of either face are wanted in the west at present. The feeling there now is that the government is making a mistake in hiving them so completely This course will tend to keep them slans to the end of the chapter. se who remained in Brandon until located refused to be taught English A number of the teachers then volun teered to take classes of them on certain days to teach them the language of the country they had adopted for their home. After some deliberation the interpreter told those who were making arrangements to teach that they did not wish to learn the lan guage, stating at the same time they had been coerced in Russia, and they did not wish to be coerced here. The nonites are proving good settlers The Icelanders and crofters are also doing well, in fact are bidding fair to become first class settlers. The Indian wards are improving; some of them are becoming quite extensive wheat and stock raisers. An "Ingin" who sows 60 acres of wheat and does a good stroke in mixed farming would claimed as a respectable farmer in

most countries. Mr. Murray is as good a tory as ever He says the sentiment of Manitoba is with Hugh John most decided, and the only hope the liberals can have of carrying the province is by boodling and by the introduction of the Ontario e. Brandon has furnished some of the officials for the Yukon, and Mr. Murray has no difficulty in believing that Sir Hibbert's charges were all

Mr. and Mrs. Murray left for thei western home on the 4th inst.

BLAIR OF BLAIRSTOWN.

The Remarkable Career of An Honest Man.

(Chicago Times-Journal.) CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—John, I. Blair, who last Tuesday celebrated his nine-ty-seventh birth anniversary, stands ty-seventh birth anniversary, stands remarkable among the creators of great fortunes in his generation, and expecially remarkable among the railroad princes of the United States. He has wealth estimated at \$30,000,000, \$40,000,000, or even \$60,000,000, and yet it is his boast that he never went into any railroad scheme as a mere speculation, that he built every railroad he undertaak to build for cash, that he never speculated in stocks, and that never speculated in stocks, and that he never sold a single share of the stick of a railroad he was building in

It may be or may not be true that his great longevity has been aided by the nature of his business methods, but certain it is that his rest was rever troubled by the uncertainties of trickery, and that his conscience is clear from the memories of wealth acquired by unything except the most solid of business methods. Keen and sharp and hard he may have been at times, but he can surely say that ev- new nerve tissues.

through a process by which wealth was added in even greater measure to the country itself.

Mr. Blair—plain John I. he is called by the friends of many generations who live around him near his place at Blairstown, N. J.—is still a cheerof, vigorous old man, capable of heresting himself in his business ar teresting himself in his business and of chatting in a friendly way with his neighbors. Sometimes the report goes out that his health is feeble, and es his mood is blue or grumpy

but those are the exceptions. It was on a farm on the Delaware river, near Belvidere, that Mr. Biah was born in 1802. His relatives and ancestors had been some of them large merchants in iron and some in the ministry or in educational work. But began early to earn his own living. His first dollar came from muskrat skins he sold. At the age of 10 he became a clerk in the country store of a cousin. Before he was of age he had a money-making store of his own. In a few years he had acquired a great number of stores, in several of which his brothers were rartners.

The transportation of his supplies from New York interested him in primitive railroading. In those days he knew Commodore Vanderbilt well, long before either had gained wealth. He established the Belvidere bank, of which he has been an officer for alm seventy years. He made money out of heavy purchases of cotton. He in-Scranton, Pa., and that was the ginning of his wider enterprises.

From supplying iron to railroad builders, he came to build railroads himself. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western system was his creation in great measure. The Chicago and Northwestern has much of its stock and bonds still owned by him. All through the west are the roads he built. His system was first to construct on cash payments only, then to their earnings, and then to sell them when he could get his price. The details of all his business are managed now by the New York house of Blair

Mr. Blair lives in a fine house, with every comfort, but he is as unprein old clothes and often appears shabby, but he likes the best of service and appreciates the good things of life. He has never attended a ball game or a horse race, and has only once been to the theatre, and he is

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

Praise for the C. P. R. from the Canadian Press Association.

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.-The following elegram, which was received by Mr. McNichol, speaks for itself:

VANCOUVER, B. C., August 21. To D. McNicoll, Asst. General, C. P. R.: One hundred members of the Canadian press association are deeply grateful to the Canadian Pacific Co. for the unremitting courtesy and hospitality which has made their trip acros the continent the most interesting and pleasant of all their outings. Though conscious of the sterling work accomplished in the spanning of a continent ment, and in the opening up of a territory as vast as some empires, the actual view unfolded on the journey has impressed the excursionists mor forcibly than words can represent. The development all along the route, in cities, as well as in agricultural and grazing sections, has been surprising and is most encouraging to lovers of solid progress and hopeful prosperity. The comfort with which the "rip from ocean to ocean is attended in the cars and in the C. P. R. hotels through a unexcelled anywhere is a triumph for Canadian skill and enterprise second only to the financial and engineering victories attained in the building of the greatest scenic and developing line in America. (Signed) W. S. Dingman, President Canadian Press Association.

A WEDDING AT ST. GEORGE.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in the Mascarene church. St. George, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, when Miss Lilla May, second daughter of Capt. S. W. Dick, was united in marriage to George James Harris of Springfield, Mass. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. C. Goucher of St. Stephen. After a reception at the home of the bride's parents, the bridal couple took the Shore line train for this oity. On Wednesday morning they took the steamer Prince Rupert for Digby on a trio through Nova Scotia. Mr. Harris' intimate friend, Hezekiah Butterworth, editor of Youth's Companion, came on from Boston to be present at the ceremony and accompanied the wedding party as far as this city.

CONFIRMATION.

On Sunday, Sept. 3, the Bishop of Fredericton visited Campbellton. On Saturday he was at Dawsonville, and on Sunday morning he held a confirmation in the beautiful little church of St. Paul. Twelve were confirmedfour males and eight females. In the afternoon the rector, Rev. James Spencer, drove the bishop down to Campbellton, where a confirmation was held in the evening, when fourteen were confirmed-nine men and five wcmen.

GIROUARD HONORED.

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.—Major Gir-ouard, who wen fame in the Soudan, was tendered a public reception today and presented with an address of con-gratulation on behalf of the citizens of Montreal, to which he briefly replied. The gallant major was quetted tonight by the local militia.

THE BEAUTY THAT ATTRACTS

MEN is not so much in the features as in s clear, healthy complexion, and a plump body filled with the vigor and vitality of perfect health. Pale, weak, languid women are fully restored to robust health by the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, a condensed food which creates rich, pure blood and

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

Attorney General White Replies to the Evangelical Alliance.

The Correspondence in Full - The Reforme Baptist Alliance and Steamboat Excursions-Who Will Test the Validity of the Law?

The Evangelical Alliance met Labor Day morning in the Y. M. C. A. par-Rev. J. Read was in the chair lors. Those present were Revs. T. F. Fotheringham, Dr. Wilson, Dr. Gates, D. Long, J. Shenton, Dr. Pope, M. C. Higgins, R. W. Weddall, G. Steel, and Judge Forbes.

Ater devotional exercises, Rev. J Shenton, corresponding secretary, read a communication from J. Scanlon, secretary of the Dominion Lord's Day Alliance, Ottawa, stating that a convention was being arranged for Oct. 5th at Montreal by the above body and saking that the Evangelical Alliance appoint a delegate. It was decided to eave the matter in the hands of the orresponding secretary, with a view to his securing someone to attend who to nils securing to not be at the Christian Endes vor convention, which is to be held, at Montreal at the same date.

The secretary read a communicacio from Hon. Attorney General White with reference to the Sunday labor act and its enforcement. The letter which drew forth the reply, and the reply itself, are as follows:

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 26, 1898.

Hon. and Dear Sir—I have been directed by the executive committee of the St. John branch of the Evangelical Alliance to request you to favor us with an answer to the following questions in re of the Sabbath law you were good enough to prepare and which was adopted by the house at its last session:

1. Is a railway company or steamboat corporation acting within its rights when it runs an excursion on the Sabbath day, and few which it collects fares, even when it carries excursionists to a religious service?

2. Is it not an infraction of the law for any one or more persons to engage a train or steamer for the purpose of attending any service not originated by themselves, or under their own control?

3. Is it not the intention of the law that when excursions are run in the interests of any religious body they should be run under the auspices of the body in whose interests they are being run, and under its control?

4. Is the sale of tickets mirrance fees to grounds, or places where services are held, selling provisions, or transacting any secular business in connection therewith, an infraction of the law?

I think you will remember the exception in favor of a religious gathering was inserted to meet the views of the French members, and had reference to such excursions as the pillgrimages to St. Ann's and such places as our Roman Catholic fellow citizens occasionally attend.

To us it seems absurd in the extreme to ST. JOHN, N. B., July 26, 1899.

our soman Canonic lenow chizens occasionally attend.

To us it seems absurd in the extreme to run an excursion to Gagetown to hear a sermon from the chaplain of the Yacht club and to claim to do it under the sanction of law.

In reference to the enforcements of the law here in the city, I may say for a couple of Sabbaths things were pretty quiet, but that has not been continued, and it has been intimated that the police authorities have timated that the police authorities have een given to understand it would not be ispleasing to "the powers that be" not to

displeasing to "the powers that be" not to push matters.

We think the officers of the law are the proper persons to see to the enforcement of the law, and private citizens who are taxed for their support should not be compriled to initiate proceedings.

As the alliance will probably meet en Monday, the 7th August, we would regard it as a favor if you would send a rejly to the above in time for the meeting.

With kindly recollections of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentlemanly manner in which you have not comprised the second of the gentleman the second of the gentleman that the second of the gentleman that the second of the second of the gentleman that the second of the second

Yours very truly, ROBERT WILSON.

Chairman of Committee.

act determined speedily favor of the act.

grounds.

Greek church.

church.

I have the honor to be.

Yours faithfully,

The alliance decided to draw up a

not rest with the alliance, but rather

with those who object to its enforce-

ment, and also that the alliance con-

On motion of Rev. T. F. Fothering-

ham, a committee was appointed to

draw up a respectful memorial to the

Reformed Baptist Alliance asking that

they disavow connection with Sabbath

excursions run to their Beulah Camp

Rev. D. Long was appointed to the

Rev. Dr. Gates introduced Mr. Da-

vid, a Persian gentleman, who spoke

briefly on the condition of the Nes-

torians and of their relation to the

Rev. Dr. Pope, Rev. T. F. Fother-ingham and Rev. M. C. Higgins were

appointed a committee to procure pa-

pers for the alliance meetings during

The secretary was appointed to ex-

press regret at the departure of Rev.

J. A. Gordon. Accordingly, Rev. Geo.

Steel will represent the alliance at the

far well meeting to Dr. Gordon on

Tuesday evening in Main street

TOILET USES OF ALCOHOL.

Here is a list of the toilet uses of alcohol, which should prove useful to readers. Every well-fitted-up toilet table nowadays has its pretty glass bottles of this invigorating liquid, pure or diluted, as preferred, says an authority on such things.

For an oily skin there is nothing better than to bathe it at night with alcohol, and when dry to dust lightly with shavinig magnesia. This came treatment is excellent for blind boils or blackheads.

Always diluted one-half is a most refreshing wash for the scalp that is inclined to itch, because of heat, nervousness or dandruff.

uff.
Rubbing the neck and lungs with alcohol
ter the morning's cold plunge is the best
ssible preventive of cold, and is a fartter treatment after a cold has been acired than the usual poultices and bunng of the throat.
To render feet that are inclined to resent
to pressure of new shoes, an alcohol rab
ce or twice a day after a cold water bath
infallible.

orce or twice a day after a cold water bath is infallible.

Weak lungs are benefited by an alcohol massage every morning of from three to five minutes, to be given by auother person if possible. On the other hand, where it is merely desired to expand the chest and develop the bust, the alcohol rub may be given by the individual herself. The use of alcohol on the neck and chest also tends to whiten the skin and remove any impurities in the way of roughness or pimples. If the skin on the chest is oily, dust it over with powdered magnesia after letting the alcohol dry.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 6.—Probably 50 persons were injured in a rear end collision on the B. & O. R. R. tonight at Connelisyline station. The presence of mind of Enginner John Haggerty saved the lives of many.

place of Rev. J. A. Gordon.

the fall and winter months.

observance committee in

A. S. WHITE.

Per I. M.

Rev. Robert Wilson, D. D., St. John, N. B.:
Reverend and Dear Sir—I have the honor
to acknowledge the receit of your favor of
the 28th ult. containing several inquiries in
reference to the act to prevent the profanation of the Lord's day. Your letter came
while I was from home, but you will receive
this in time for the proposed meeting of the
Evangelical Alliance on the 7th, the date you

this in time for the proposed meeting of the Evangelical Alliance on the 7th, the date you named.

In reply to your first question, "Le a railway company or steamboat corporation acting within its rights when it runs an excursion on the Sabbath day and for which it collects fares, even when it carries oxcursionists to religious services?" If you examine section 5 of the act you will see that no boat or train can run, having as its principal object the carriage of Sunday passengers for amusement or pleasure only. In the sentence "having for their only and principal object," I am satisfied that the and should read or. It is evidently a misprint and would be so construed by the courts even if in the original bill on file, which is the real law, it should happen to be "and" instead of "or," as in the printed copy. My attention was only drawn to this matter when I examined the printed act on receipt of your letter. When first in Fredericton I will examine the original engressed bill, which, as I said, is the law, all clse being merely copies of it.

The question must always be one of fact, for the decision of the court in each case, whether the principal object of the railway or steamboat company was the carriage of Sunday passengers for amusement or pleasure only. If the undertaking to carry passengers to religious services was in the opinion of the court a mere subterfuge, and if the court found that the principal object of the excursion was the carrying of passengers for pleasure or amusement only, the company would come within the act and be subject to conviction. So long as railways and steamboats are allowed to convey tray-ellers it is exceedingly difficult to prevent persons travelling for pleasure only. The company cannot, in most cases, know or be supposed to know the purpose with which case, the court is forced to the conclusion that the principal object of the trip was the carriage of passengers for amusement, or pleasure only that a conviction can be secured. The fact that the company advertised an excur

ovidence against it.

If a steamboat runs on Sunday, having bona fide for its principal object the carrying of passengers to attend a religious service it would not come within the act, as its principal object would not, in that rase, be for the carriage of passengers travening for pleasure or amusement only. I do not think it would make any difference whether the running of a steamboat was under the sanction of the people who held the religious services.

sanction of the people who held the religiouts services.

As to your inquiry "whether the sale of
tickets for entrance to grounds or places
where service was held, the selling of provisions or transacting any secular business
in connection therewith are infractions of
the law;" if by sale of tickets you mean
the tickets entitling the holder to entrance
to the religious services I think it would
stand very much in the position of the ordinary church collection. In both case the
payment of the money is voluntary, and in
both cases it would, no doubt, be claimed,
truly enough, that the object was to obtain visions and transacting any secular business in connection therewith, that again would stand very much in the position of the furnishing of meals by a hotel. It could be justified as a work of necessity.

You say you think I will remember the exception in favor of religious gatherings was inserted to further the views of the French members. I recollect that it was claimed by one of the French members that

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

SUNDAY SCHOOL THE INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

GOLDEN TEXT Not by might, nor by power, but by My Spirit, saith the Lord of Hosts.— Zech. 4: 8.

LESSON XII.—September 17.

THE SECTION facilides all the prophecies of Zech-eriah which refer to the building of the

temple (chaps. 1-8). PIVACE IN THE HISTORY.

The historical circumstances in which Zechariah prophesied are found in Ezra, chaps. 5 and 6.

HISTORICAL SETTING.

Time.—Zechariah began to prophesy November, B. C. 520, between the second and third prophecies of Haggai. The prophecy of the lesson was spoken on the morning of the twenty-fourth some time in March, 519, five months after the people began anew their work on the temple.

really what it would seem to be at first sight—an excursion within the meaning of the act—taking all the circumstances of the case into consideration.

As you are aware, from conversations which I had with yourself ard the Rev. Mr. Gordon prior to the passage of the act, I fully anticipated difficulties of the nature which have arisen and must arise in attempting to enforce it. I have been stopping at Evandale for two Sundays recently and one of them wisited the camp recting at Beulah. The Victoria brought a load of passengers there on that day, and on the following Sunday went to Gagetown on the occasion to which you allude. I was not at Gagetown, but I made inquiries as to the character and behavior of the excursionists, as I take it they ought to be called, and the conduct of the excursion. From what I saw at Beulah camp and from what I learned of what happened on the following Sunday I am welf satisfied that the Sunday law has accomplished one good result. The managers of the boat have evidently oxerted themselves to preserve the utmost order, and must have refused to carry passengers who threatened to be disorderly or drunken. There was no evidence, as far as I could learn, of any drunkenness or drinking of spirituous liquor in connection with the excursion on either of these two Sundays.

I note what you say in reference to the enforcement of the law in the city. There is, as I stated to you, a question as to the power of the local legislature to pass section one of the act. I pointed this out to you before framing the measure, but as the dotainion legislature refused to pass a law designed to meet the cvil, as they would undoubtedly be able to do, I chought we had better enact the measure which we have passed and let the court settle the question of jurisdiction. The police force have, I understand, made complaints for violation of section one of the act, and I was informed by the surveyor general that it was proposed to try out the validity of the act by an appeal in one or two of these case I the appea Prophets.—Zechariah and Haggai (or Haggi). Rulers.-Darius Hystaspes, king of Persia; Zerubbabel, governor of Judea. POWER THROUGH THE SPIRIT .-Zechariah 4: 1-14. Read the chapter.

Compare Ezra 6: 14-22.

Commit verses 8-10. 1. And the angel that talked with Of New Brunswick and Maine Banme came again, and waked me, as a man that is wakened out of his sleep, 2. And said unto me, What seest thou? And I said, I have (a) looked, and behold a candlestick all of gold with (b) a bowl upon the top of it, and (b) his seven lamps thereon, (c) and seven pipes to the seven lamps, which are upon the top thereof.

on the right side of the bowl, and the other upon the left side thereof. 4. So I answered and spake to the angel that talked with me saying, What

are these, my lord? Then the angel that talked with me answered and said unto me, Knowest thou not what these be? And I' said, No, my lord. 6. Then he answered and spake unto

me, saying, This is the word of the Lord unto Zerubbabel, saying, Not by might, nor by power, but by My Spirit, saith the Lord of Hosts. 7. Who art thou, O great mountain? before Zerubbabel thou shalt become

a plain: and he shall bring forth the headstone thereof with (d) shoutings, crying, Grace, grace unto it. 8. Moreover the word of the Lord came unto me, saying, 9. The hands of Zerubbabel have laid the foundation of this house: his hands

shall also finish it; and thou shall

able to meet him and discuss the whole question. I am not sure whether or not he is a member of the alliance, or rather, of the committee, but if he is not a member it would be well, I think, for you to consult with him as to what steps it would be best to take to insure the determination as to the question of intra or ultra vires as speedily as possible.

If the combination which has, I understand, been formed among the cigar dealers for the purpose of fighting the act do not bona fide and with reasonable expedition carry up an appeal to test its validity, it might then be best to go on obtaining convictions; letting then stand without attempting to enforce them until a large number of fines had been impresed; then a case could be taken up on appeal by the alliance, or in some other way, and if the act was sustained the convictions could be enforced. If this were done, or if the cigar men were given to understand, as they have, I believe, been given to understand, that "his would be done, they would have as much interest in having the question of the validity of the act determined speedily as could those in favor of the set know that the Lord of Hosts hath sen me unto you. 10. For who hath despised the day of small things?-for they shall rejoice, and shall see the plummet in the hand of Zerubbabel (e) with those seven they are the eyes of the Lord, which run to and fro through the whole

11. Then answered I, and said unto him, What are these two olive trees upon the right side of the candlestick and upon the left side thereof? said unto him, What be these two olive branches, which (g) through the two

golden (h) pipes empty the golden oil out of themselves? 13. And he answered me and said, Knowest thou not what these be? And said, No, my lord.

14. Then said he, These are the two letter to the attorney general stating that in the opinion of the alliance the (i) anointed ones, that stand by the test of the validity of the law does Lord of the whole earth.

REVISION CHANGES. Ver. 2. (a) Seen. (b) Its. (c) There are seven pipes to each of the. siders that its validity should be test-Ver. 7. (d) With shoutings of Grace,

Ver. 10. (e) Even these seven, which are the eyes of the Lord; they run. Ver. 12. (f) The second time. Are beside. (h) Spouts that. Ver. 14. (1) Sons of oil.

LIGHT ON THE TEXT. A. A candlestick-A lamp stand like

the seven-branched one for the tabernacle (Ex. 25: 31). Seven pipes—To convey the oil from the bowl to the seven lanmns. 3. Olive trees-From whose fruit the

oil for the lamps was made. The golden candelabrum represented the people of God, one people in many forms, and inspired with the same life and Spirit. Their object was to give light to the world. But they must receive this light from God.

6. Not by might, nor by power-Not wealth or numbers or armies: not by the power of Darius. But by My Spirit-Who gives life, who inspires devotion and patriotism, who governs the nations, who is the source of wisdom and power. The Spirit was represented by the two olive trees, perpetually drawing inexhaustible supplies from the earth for the golden candlestick. The two branches of v. 12 represented the leaders, Zerubbabel the governor and Joshua the high priest, through whom God would work.

7. A great mountain—Representing the greatness of the work to be done and the greatness of the opposition to be overcome. Headstone—The crowning beauty that completed the work. The work should succeed. Crying Grace-Shouting, How beautiful, how sed! or praying for God's grace and

10. See the plummet-The sign of on who laid out the work and guided it aright. Those seven-The seven spirits of God, who knew all things and directed all, afar off as well as near. "God with him" meant success against all obstacles.

an obstacles.

14. Anointed ones Persons set apart for a work. Bither Zerubbabel the governor and Joshua the high priest (lag. 1: 1), or the two prophets, Haggai and Zechariah, or unknown agencies ap-

GUIDING QUESTIONS. (For home study and for oral and written answers. Do some work

By what kird of "isions? Read the the 62nd band on several occasions first six chapters and note the different object lessons and their teachings. day morning.

SUPPRISE SOAP

Pure hard Soap lasts long. lathers freely.

5 cents a cake.

ST. CHOIX SOAP M'F'G. CO., St. Stephen, R.B. ******************

II. The Golden Candlestick (vs. 1-3, 11, 12).—Describe the golden candlestick from Ex. 25: 31-37. Name the different parts of this object lesson. III. The Interpretation (vs. 4-10, 13, 14).—What was represented by the can-dlestick? By the light? By the oil?

things? REV. SIMPSON.

By the olive trees? By the branches?

By the mountain? By the day of small

tist Notoriety.

He or His Bouble Arrested at Tonca, for the Murder of a New Hampshire Sheriff.

DOVER, N. H., Sept. 6.-A telegram was received at the office of Sheriff Hayes today from J. L. Calvert, secretary of the Bar Association at Guthrie, Okla., stating that a man had been arrested at Tonca who answered perfectly the description of J. A. Simpson, alias Julius McArthur, wanted here for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Chas. H. Smith of Barrington, at Stratford.

Sheriff Hayes is out of town today. but it is thought that when he returns steps will be taken to have the man brought here at once.

Simpson was formerly a Baptist min ster in New Brunswick and Maine, and is the man regarding whom the Boston police sent out circulars last month.

FALLING 3.000 FRET

Some Wonderful Escapes from Imminent Death.

(London News.) There used to be a story in Hawaii

bout a native who always took his norning dip off a point of cliff 120 feet above the surf. Naturally enough this yarn met with little belief, but, condering the distance a man can fall and yet live, the Hawaii native's performance is perhaps not so wonderful as it sounds.

Only the other day one read of Mile. Morel, who, with her mother, fell the Alps near Zermatt a distance over 1,200 feet. The first 30 feet of this was perpendicular, and the rest down a tremendously steep slope. Yet, though the mother was killed, the younger woman escaped with mere

F. S. Sutherland, late of the United States navy, has turned Steeple Jack, and has had in this exciting profession. many wonderful escapes. While in Chicago in 1898 he climbed the water-works tower, 240 feet high. When near the top a stone gave way, and he made sheer plunge of 175 feet. He struck the telegraph wires 40 feet above the street, and landed in 6 inches of slush in the roadway. Hundreds of people saw Sutherland falling, and stood spellbound with horror. A fearful death seemed inevitabe—nay, it was generally believed that he was dead ong before he reached the telegraph wires. Doctors and ambulances sent for in the hope that a spark of life might remain; but when the doctors examined Sutherland they declared, nuch to the onlookers' surprise, that there was little the matter with him! After seven days in hospital he was up

and about again! Mr. Whymper's fall when climbing alone on the Matterhorn the year before his successful ascent is well known. He bounded from rock to rock down the bottom of an almost perpendicular gully for over 300 feet. His head was badly cut, but the only lasting evil effect was the impairing of his

memory. A few years ago a father attempted to kill his children by throwing them off the Suspension bridge at Clifton, and of these, a girl about eleven years of age, survived that terrible plunge. below in safety, after an attempt at suicide by jumping from the same parapet. But this happened in the days of the crinoline, and it was the balloon-like expanse saved her.

Most marvellous of all is the acable from a height of no less than 3,000 feet. It was in Venezuela, and he was making a parachute ascent. The parachute refused to open until within a hundred or two hundred feet of the ground. Then it spread out suddenly

and split. The unfortunate man cru ankles and both knees, broke his right thigh and hip, dislocated his spinal column, and suffered other injuries. Yet after a year in hospital he, too, recovered sufficiently to write an account of what was probably the most fearful accident mortal man ever survived.

Prior to his departure for his home in Boston, yesterday morning, the served E. C. Law (who has been instructing the band during his vacation here with his father, John Law) with an address and a present of a Subject:—Power Through the Spirit of pair of costly gold sleeve buttons.

God. Mr. Law is a member of the "Dandy I. Zeohariah, and His Visions.-Who Fifth" regimental band of Massachuwas Zechariah? What was his work? setts, and has played cornet solo with

BOS turnin height have s quarte gage v depot. came all fill tiqued week. Bost of the tensely handli

this poing he for ex have well road. overlo

Canad Bosto rarge value still consider has to the gain a dea year. From error of the just trade that and from creas mens adian ton in three busin ple of the adds shall

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tation (vs. 4-10, 13 esented by the can-light? By the oll? By the branches? By the day of small

MPSON.

and Maine Baptoriety.

sted at Tonca, for the Hampshire Sheriff.

ept. 6.-A telegram office of Sheriff J. L. Calvert, secrelation at Guthri man had been ar ho answered perhur, wanted here eputy Sheriff Chas. gton, at Stratford.

out of town today, at when he return to have the man.

erly a Baptist swick and Maine arding whom the out circulars last

3.000 FFEET scapes from Immin-Death.

News.) a story in Hawaii o always took his oint of cliff 120 feet turally enough this le belief, but, conce a man can fall awaii native's per

ly one read of Mile. her mother, fell on e first 30 feet of this and the rest down steep slope. Yet, er was killed, the caped with mere

late of the United rned Steeple Jack, exciting profession scapes. While in climbed the watert high. When near way, and he made 175 feet. He struck 40 feet above the n 6 inches of slush Hundreds of people alling, and stood orror. A fearful vitabe—nay, it was that he was dead ached the telegraph d ambulances were that a spark of life t when the doctors kers' surprise, that hospital he was up

fall when climbing horn the year beascent is well from rock to rock of an almost perr over 300 feet. His t, but the only lastthe impairing of his

a father attempted by throwing them bridge at Clifton about eleven years hat terrible plunge. reached the water er an attempt at happened in the ne, and it was the saved her.

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ees, broke his right located his spinal red other injuries. to write an account bly the most fearful n ever survived.

ONIAL. rture for his hom lay morning, the who has been induring his vaca father, John Law) nd a present of a ld sleeve buttons. er of the "Dandy band of Massach ed cornet solo with

eft by boat rester-

The Canadian Pacific Railway in Its Own Defence.

n Seeking an Outlet for Its Canadian Business at This Port.

The Apple Export Trade-A Political Surprise-The Maine and N. B. Boundary -Lumber and Fish Markets.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) BOSTON, Sept. 3.-The tide of returning tourists from the east is at its height, and the transportation lines have about all the business from that quarter they can handle with convenigage were handled at the North Union depot. On Friday the Flying Yankee came in in two sections with 24 cars, all filled. The weather here has con-tinued cool and damp during the past

Boston business men and members of the chamber of commerce are in-tensely interested over the prospect of ng more Canadian freight at this port next winter. Boston is working hard to draw Canadian products for export here, and it seems certain St. John, Halifax and Portland will have to reckon with this port hereofter, although the Maine city will be well supplied by the Grand Trunk road. One fact that should not be overlooked is the alliance which has existed for some time between the Canadian Pacific railroad and the Boston and Maine. This traffic arrargement has been of inestimable value to Boston and promises to be of considerable Boston and Maine stock has been drifting in the direction of C. P. R. people of late. In fact, there have been rumors that some day the the Boston and Maine and thereby gain a more effective entry to the American Atlantic coast ports. But such a deal is not regarded as probable this

Fred A. Brown, a leading grain merchant of Boston and a member of the chamber of commerce, who has just returned from the wheat growing regions of Manitoba, says Boston will get a large share of the Canadian trade next winter. Mr. Brown says that the amount of Canadian grain and other products sent to Europe from this port has been steadily increasing. Speaking of Manitoba's im mense wheat crop, he said: "The Canadian Pacific railway will make Boston its main port and there will be three or four additional steamship lines running to Europe in the grain brainess. Mr. Brown blames the people of Boston for not waking up to the Canadian trade sconer, and he adds that one great handicap is the shallowness of the local harbor. He says Canada is one of the most repeated.

I large fish at \$21 to 22. The jobbers and dealers have increased their personnels. especially Manitoba. He thought there was no section of the United States equal to it as a wheat growing district. I have made regular trips through the northwestern American states," said Mr. Brown, "but I never saw the wheat growing portion of the Canadian west. It was simply a revelation to me. It seems to me there is no wheat growing country like it on the American continent, and after all I am told I did not see the best part of the province. I have been in grain business from 12 to 15 years, but Manitoba surpasses anything I had ever seen further south. In fact, no one an realize the vast extent and splendid quality of the golden grain I have just seen. There is no question in my mind that the crop of Manitoba and the territories will be 50,000,000 is, and all say it will be grade

James Bayle, United States consul at Liverpool, has sent some valuable information to the state department et Washington regarding Canadian and American trade. Consul Boyle says that the latest British blue book shows that Canada is the leading competitor of the United States in forest and farm products. "The Canadian competition, Mr. Boyle says, in the British markets, is now keerer than ever before, and farmers and shippers in the states should appreciate the fact that it will probably rease. Consul Boyle, who was formerly private secretary to President McKinley, says that the Canadian method of storage and superiority of packing greatly aid Canada.

American apple exporters are afraid that the coming season will not be as profitable as they would like, owing to large crops and Canadian competi-tion. A leading dealer in New York says that "Canada is our chief comnetitor. It costs fully one-third less to produce the fruit in Canada than it does in this country; therefore, in marketing it in a foreign country we are at a great disadvantage. Against Canadan stock we cannot compete, taking the average prices into consid-

eration."

The surprise of the week in local political circles has been a letter written by ex-Gev. George S. Boutwell of Massachusetts, a republican, advising the electors to vote against President the electors to vote against President
MdKinley next year on account of his
Iniquirous Philippine pelicy. United
States Senators George F. Hoar of
Massachusetts. Eugene Hale of Maine Massachusetts, Eugene Hale of Maine Senator George F. Edmunds of Vermont and scores of other prominent Kinley administration on the same

A large party of Lowell offizens in Montreal Saturday were 211-2 to leave here on Tuesday for an excursion 22c. for creamery, 151-2 to 18c. for to the provinces, by water. to the provinces, by water.

Some one has started a rumor that there may be another trial of Thomas M. Bram, formerly mare of the bark-entine Herbert Fuller of Harrington, Me., who is serving a Lize sentence in the state prison for the murder of Capt. Charles I. Nash. Five witnesses are still in custody of the government, but no papers have been filed in the

Cambridge on a charge of stealing.

water williams, an East Boston iron moulder, formerly of St. John, and James Jameson, formerly of Pictou, have enlisted in the 26th Volunteer Infantry, which is to be sent to the Philippines. Jameson formerly served in Battery G, Second United States Ar-

ert Stuart of Montague, P. E. I. nd Miss Henrietta McEachan were married by Rev. Mr. Dean in this city Dr. W. F. Smith and Miss Lucy K

Gordon, both of Halifax, were united in marriage at Trinity church here, Aug. 29. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. Winchester Donald, D. D., ector of Trinity. Hon. Aram J. Pothier, ex-lieuten-

ant governor of Rhode Island, and one of the leading French-Canadians in New England, has been selected by in the chair and there were present: Gov. Dyer of Rhode Island as commis-8. S. Hall, Dr. J. W. Daniel, C. F. sioner from that state at the Parls ex-position in 1900.

The Lewiston, Me., Journal claims that the boundary between Maine and New Brunswick waters near Lubec is yet an issue. The Journal in a special

The following deaths in this vicinity were among those announced within the past week: At South Boston, Arg. cil during the past month has been in do so. merly of St. John; in Atlantic, Quincy, Sept. 1, Kichard Cassidy, aged 26, formerly of St. John; in this city, Sept. 1, Thomas E. Keegan, aged 32, son of James and Julia Keegan, formerly of St. John; in this city, Sept. 1, Thomas E. Keegan, aged 32, son of James and Julia Keegan, formerly of meetings, but it being found that

in good demand, but lumber for house building is only in moderate request, for the reason that building operations are rather limited. Hard pine is very scarce, and several large lumber dealers think that this will make prices for spruce still nigher. Present prices are generally maintained. New Eng land mill men's quotations are as fol-

Spruce—Frames, 9 inches and under, \$17; 12 inches and up, \$18; 10 and 12 inch randoms, 10 feet and up, \$17.50; 2x3 and 2x4, 2x5, 2x6, 2x7 and 3x4, 10 feet and up, \$15; other randoms, \$16.50; mer-chantable boards, \$14; out boards, \$12; bundled furrings, \$13 to 13.50; extra clapboards, \$27 to 28; clear, \$25 to 26; second clear, \$22 to 23; laths, 15-8 in.,

Pine, hemlock,etc.—Extra pine clap-boards, \$32 to 35; clear, \$29 to 32; second clear, \$27 to 29; eastern hemlock, \$13 to 13.50, with usual advance for over 16 feet; eastern boards, \$13 to 15; No. 1, \$12 to 13: planed one side and matched, \$14 to 16; extra cedar shingles, best brands, \$3.10 to 2.25; clear, \$2.75 to 2.85; ond clear, \$2.25 to 2.40; clear white,

\$2; extra No. 1, \$1.50. Fog has had its effect on the fish trade at this port during the past prices. Codfish continue quiet at \$5.50 for large dry bank; medium, \$5; large shore and Georges, \$5.50 to 6. The pickled herring situation is generally quiet. Some new Nova Scotia large split fish have been received and jobbers are quoting them at \$7. Fancy Scatteri herring are worth \$7 to 8. Canned lobsters continue a luxury, and high. Flats are held at \$3.10 to 3.25, and talls \$3 to 3.10, while live lobsters are worth 17c., and boiled 18c. The supply of fresh fish is smaller just now on account of fog, and prices are somewht higher. Large cod sell out of vessel at 5c.; small, 4c., and haddock, 4c. Large fresh mackerel are worth 25c.; medium, 10 to 12c., and small, 8 to 10c. Eastern salmon are quoted at 28 to 30c.

SAILS NEXT WEEK.

Mgr. Falconis Apostolic Delegate to Canada Has Said Farewell to the Pope.

TORONTO, Sept. 5.—The Telegram's special cable says: Canadian Commis-cioner Fabre, at Paris, in unveiling a tablet at Henbleur in honor of Champlain, the founder of Canada, said, after two centuries of separation with the mother country, French Canadians still remained true Frenchmen. Mgr. Falconio, the Apostolic delegate to Canada, took leave of the Pope Saturday. He sails for Canada next

Herbert, the absconding teller of the Bank Ville Marie of Montreal, was recognized on Oxford street the other day, but he denied his identity.

FIVE WERE DROWNED.

BATH, Me., Sept. 5.— The yacht Ahadia, owned by Dr. John H. Steadman, was capsized in Sheescott Bay yesterday and five persons drowned. The victims were: Dr. John H. Stead-Higgins, 10 years, and Frank Avery, 24 years, all of Georgetown, and Jas. A. Martia, 24, of Boston, employed by Joel Goldthwaite & Co. They had been guests of Dr. Steadman during

CHEESE AND BUTTER.

real quotations were 12 to 121-4c. The public cable went up 6d, that day. Up to Saturday the cheese shipments from Montreal were 1,178,998 bxs., compared with 993,418 to same date last year, and of butter 244,285 pkgs., com-pared with 93,334. Butter quotations

Gook's Cotton Root Compo Is successfully used monthly by over 1,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies as your druggist for Cest's Cetter Rest Company. Take no other as all Mixtures, pills and initations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 31 per box, No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 35 per box. No. 1 or 3 mailed on receipt of price and two ween stamps. The Cest Company Windsor, Ont. 137 Nos. 1 and 2 soid and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

Winter Port Matter.

Is St. John to be Sacrificed and Its Reputation as a Port Injured?

nmediate Action Demanded—City Council or Public Meeting?—Strong Speeches Made Tuesday.

The board of trade held its regular monthly meeting Tuesday afternoon. The president, D. J. McLaughlin, was Kinnear, A. L. Spencer, H. A. Austin, F. O. Allison, J. N. Sutherland, F. S. Sharpe, T. H. Hall, J. D. Seely, G. Fred Fisher, S. Schofield, W. A. Lock-

The secretary read the minutes of the last meeting, which were confirm-ed, also the following summary of pro-ceedings of council since last meeting of the board:

"The principal business of the counthe past week: At South Boston, Arg. cil during the past month has been at 29, Mrs. Catherine Carroll, widow of Joseph F. Carroll, aged 70 years, formerly of St. John; in Atlantic, Quincy, was held in this city on the 16th, 17th steamship people had no part in

more room would be required than that afforded by the board rooms, the council engaged the hall of the Church of England Institute, which was placed at the disposal of the maritime board, and was used for the series of meetings held on the above dates.

"The annual meeting of the board was well attended, thirty-three delegates being present from the visiting boards of trade, and the president's address and consideration of the various subjects offered for discuss and other parts of the maritime prov-inces and the dominion, much oredit being due to the press for the very

full reports of the meetings given. "On the invitation of the president, on behalf of the board, the visiting delegates were entertained by an excursion on the river and dinner on board the Victoria. The beauties of the St. John river, seen on a clear sunny afternoon and moonlight night, were greatly enjoyed by the dele-

the maritime board, the council organ-ized a merchants' week, arrangements being made for reduced rates by the steamers and trains for the visiting

regard to interchange of freight, etc., and by a resolution passed at a meet-ing held on the 1st inst., have asked the common council to appoint a delegation to interview the minister of railways and C. P. R. to urge the immediate completion of such arrangements, temporary or otherwise, as may lead to a continuation of the winter port business during the com-

The secretary read a letter from J. ed to start the business, which could easily be enlarged when once estab-lished. Mr. Oldfield believes there is a fine field in Canada for the worsted spinning business and weaving worst-ed goods. He adds that good inducements are offered at some places for the location of such a plant. A firm of wool importers would give a line of credit in wool and tops, to the ex-

Phillips & Watson and Edgecombe & Chaisson were elected members of the

THE WINTER PORT. Dr. Daniel asked how matters stood with reference to the winter port. The question was a most serious one. were apparently threatened with the loss of our winter port business. The city had a great financial interest involved. It was a life and death matter and he felt that with so great in-

terests at stake the citizens should be fully informed and take whatever action would protect those interests. President McLaughlin in reply said President McLaughlin in reply said that the question was certainly the most important one now before the people. All would like to see it settled, but a settlement seemed as far away as ever. A committe of the board had interviewed Mr. Blair. The latter had stated that he was friendly disposed toward the C. P. R.; that he would do all he could to preserve harmony with that road. Regarding the hauling of empty cars west, he had offered to deliver them at Montreal or Ste. Rosalie free of charge. He had not disturbed the passenger arrangenot disturbed the passenger arrangement. He had done what he considered right, and was willing to refer the matter to arbitration. He had already done more for the C. P. R. than he would do for any road if he were acting on business principles in the interests of the I. C. R. After giving the board these statements from Mr. Blair, the president told of the resolu-

McGregor was married last month to Miss Maude Clyburn of Country Harbor. The alleged theft occurred here before the marriage, which took place in Neva Scotia.

Walter Williams, an East Boston

That is the Position of the conduction and sent to the city country conduction had been sent, and he hoped that immediate action would be taken and result in a substactory conclusion.

conclusion.

Dr. Daniel said the action taken was good if the council took the matter up at once. So far as he could learn there was a complete deadlock between Mr. Blair and the C. P. R. Some said it was only a "game of bluff" on the part of the C. P. R. A bluff, as he underthemselves whether the company in-tended to carry out what they had stated. If it were merely a threat the time for it to come to an end was very near, as there was not much steamships. It might not be a bluff. They may have stated just what they intend to do. It was therefore most important that a delegation of leading men be appointed to bring the two parties to the dispute into agreement. It was hardly right for a city so in-tensely interested to sit down and not move a hand. Some years ago there was almost a riot and a public meeting was hald when the I. C. R. made a regulation affecting coachmen at the depot. People may say it is all right, but it would better become business men to earn exactly how things are. He hoped the city council would act at once. If not, the board of trade should

settled, to enter into contracts and go go on with the business. After alluding to what the council of the board had done, Mr. Schofield pointed out that the aldermen were the people's representatives. They were responsible for expenditures, and for the care of property on which public money had been expended. They must not let the west side property where nearly a million had been spent tie idle. Then the reputation and presige of St. John as a port would suffer very seriously if the business should be stopped for a yea. As to the steamship companies, they did not re-quire a guarantee of cargoes, but when they learned that there was a when they learned that there was a difficulty between the rallways they of course asked the question. Had there been no such difficulty he was sure they would have accepted the assurance of the C. P. R. and gone on as in past years. Mr. Schofield said that in the case of the L. C. R., it would be different, for that line had not yet developed connections with the west, and the steamship people, if it were to supply them with cargoes, would very likely ask a guarantee the first winter at least. The C. P. R. had supplied cargoes in the past without guarantee, and they have confidence in it. be understood that if some sacrifice is needed to retain this trade, and some

that in the interests of the C. P. R. company there must be a limit to the time when the question must be settled. He might say that it was now a question of days. They would all understand, apart from details, that the export traffic of the C. P. R. could not be allowed to remain in abeyance until the season was so far advanced that they could not the could not the season was so far advanced that they could not the could not the season was so far advanced that they could not the could not the could not the season was so far advanced that they could not make arrangements store. they could not make arrangements elsewhere. He could not but express —and more so. He quite understood that the citizens then felt a delicacy in taking part in the discussion, but at that time the traffic arrangement between the two lines was cut off. new one had to be made and he had asserted that it would have a very Preserious bearing on the interests of the city. The matter had gone on from tent of \$25,000.

The secretary was on motion authorized to give the contents of this letter to the press.

An invitation was received from the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, London, asking that this board send delegates to the fourth meeting.

send delegates to the fourth meeting position to enter upon export trade of that congress, to be held next June.

—Referred to the council.

A letter was read from Frank X.
Fenick, merchant, of Bona, Algeria, relative to trade with that country.

W. F. Rurditt, pointed out that the W. F. Burditt pointed out that the

city council might rat take prompt action, and suggested the calling of a oil did not act at once, the president of the board could then call a public

Mr. McLaughlin assented to this, saying that he desired to do whatever appeared to be in the interests of the It was suggested that he see the mayor at once. There being no fur-ther business, the board adjourned.

THE PUBLIC REVENUE. The inland revenus receipts for the mount of August, as compared with the same mor last year, are as follows: \$20,667 20 \$21,623 59

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The farstatile chart Helitars wrapper

CAMPOBELLO.

be taken and result in a satisfactory Laying of Corner Stone of the

An Interesting Event in the History of the Island and of the Church of England

of the church at Campobello took place on Thursday afternoon, August 31st. After the congregation Lad assem-bled in the Church of St. Ann, the pro-After the congregation held in the Church of St. Ann, the procession was formed, composed of the band, choir, Sunday school scholars and teachers, church wardens, vestrymen, Mr. and Mrs. Travis Cochran, the clergy and others. They proceeded to where the stone was placed in position, singing Hymn 391. At the conclusion of the hymn, the Reverend O. S. Newnham, Dean Rural, and the people repeated the opening part of the place of the position of the hymn, the Reverend O. S. Newnham, Dean Rural, and the people repeated the opening part of the place of the past.

After while the weary mother put her burdens all away, and we went and heard the preacher praise the poor old soul one day, and I stood and looked down at her when they pushed the lid aside—Poor old hands! I didn't wonder that her boy set there and cried Just as if he couldn't bear it—just as if his heart if break—Ite had kind of got to seein' what she'd suffered for his sake.

ing alternately.

The Rev. J. Newsome, rector of Christ's church, Eastport, read the lesson, I. Corinthians, Hi. Hymn 59

Records of the church in Campobello Papers read at Fredericton, June 10th, 1895, connected with the commemorathe Right Rev. John Medley, first

St. Andrews Beacon, July 20th, 1899, containing account of the funeral of second report of Diocesan Church So-

sist in arranging matters now at issue ever, as to say that the question had course of erection, to the glory of God, between the I. C. R. and C. P. R. in not been settled. He might even go and in memory of the late Sister Porregard to interchange of freight, etc., further and call attention to the fact tia, daughter of the late Capt. John

After the above, placed in a copper Oldfield of 139 John street, Toronto, his very great regret that this import- bex, had been put in the space reserv-Oldfield of 139 John street. Toronto, his very great regret that this important production was not considered at an ed for it, on the top of the stone, the comber and worsted spinner and earlier date. Bight months ago he, cap was placed over it. Mre. Travis wanted a partner with capital to est as the representative of the C. P. R., Cochran, with trowel in hand, said: tablish in Canada a worsted spinning expressed the view that St. John was "In the Faith of Jesus Churst, and to business, which he gave figures to materially interested in securing an the glory of His Holy Name, we place cap was placed over it. Mre. Travis Cochran, with trowel in hand, sald: "In the Faith of Jesus Churst, and to business, which he gave figures to materially interested in securing all the glory of his holy Name, we have show would in his opinion be a profitable business. The factory he proposed would employ about eighty rangement satisfactory to both parhands. About \$30,000 would be required to start the business, which could was as much interested in securing all the glory of his holy Name, we have the glory of his holy Name, we have the glory of his holy Name, we have the source and the corner stone of this church house, in the Son, and God the Holy Ghost."

Also the following: "Other foundations and the corner stone of this church house, in the Son, and God the Holy Ghost."

Also the following: "Other foundations had been particular to the source of the even Jesus Christ, who is God over all, blessed for evermore. Amen." At the same time giving the finishing touches which constitute the laying of the stone, doing the same most graceful-

Prayer followed and the benedic-

Evening prayer was said in St. Ann's, when the Reverend O. S. Newnham made an appropriate address.

Description of Building. A framed building 52 ft. long by 31 A framed building 52 ft. long by 31 ft. in width, with posts about 11 ft. in height and a steep roof. The principal floor contains, in addition to the auditorium, two small rooms, one of which will be used for a parlor by the ladies of the "Sewing Circle," and the other will serve as a kitchen. In the former is an open fireplace of brickwork. The auditorium, which is 30x40 ft., is lighted on the sides by five groups of three windows each, and by a large triple windows each, and by a large triple window in the east end. At the op-posite end is a platform extending across the entire width, with an

The principal entrance is by a vestibule with double doors, set in a projecting perch at the centre of the front side of the building. A side entrance, giving access directly to the platform and to the two rooms, is pro-vided at the west end, next the rec-

tion of the portion below the window sills, which is sheathed and battened, will be covered with shingles. The finish is plain but effective and the design is suggestive of Gothic style The interior will be sheathed with struce and varnish finished.

FEMALE NIMRODS.

(Ladies' Jornal.)

Lady Hopetoun, wife of the lord chamberlain, is one of the cleverest of a galaxy of female Nimrods, which includes Lady Sandhurst, Lady Beaumont and the Duchess of Bedford, and from Berber, on the Nile, near the she can bring down anything from a most men. In Australia she used to reactice regularly at the rifle range, and her score of bulls was the envy of many men shooters. Deer stalking is her favorite relaxation, and many a fine buck has fallen to her gun. partridge to a stag as skillfully as can

(S. E. Kiser in Chicago Times.)
Used to let his poor old mother go and earry
in the wood.
She was just a packborse for him, but he
near traderstood: never understood;
Never thought of bringin' water from the spring down by the lane,
Or of helpin' her to gether in the clos' before the rain;
Let her keep a-waitin' on him, though her back was achin' so—
'Twasn't 'cause he didn't love her—he just didn't think, you know,

HE MERELY DIDN'T THINK.

Then he went away and married—left her livin' there alone—
'Course his wife she didn't want her—she had people of her own—
And he carried in the kindlin' and he built the fires, too,
And, to tell the truth, I dunno what there was he didn't do—
Had to hustle now, I tell you! Got to thinkin', too, at last
That he might of been a little mite more thoughtful in the past.

ing alternately.

The Rev. J. Newsome, rector of Christ's church, Eastport, read the lesson, I. Corinthians, Hi. Hymn 58 was then sung. Frayer was offered by the Rev. W. H. Street, rector, after which Hymn 380 was sung.

The rector then read the contents of the stone, which are as follows:

There's 8, lot of kinds of sinhin that the good book tells about—Sins concernin which a body needn't ever be in doubt.

Will be held to strict account fer when he goes across the brink—Fer the wrong that's done a person by another's want of thought the injured was the victim of a plot!

S. S. TEACHERS' UNION

Of the Deanery of Kingston Met at Cody's.

Last Wednesday the annual moet-Decnery of Kingston was held in the parish of Johnston, Queens Co., As the Rural; St. John Dally Sun, August, 1899; St. Croix Courier, August train arrived at Cody's Station from second report of Diocesan Church Society, containing report of the last anniversary meeting of the Diocesan Church Society, containing report of the last anniversary meeting of the Diocesan Church Society, held in the Church hail, Fredericton, Oct. 7th, 1897. Ann "office for the laying of the corner stone." Portraits of the late Right Rev. John Medley, first Bishop of Fredericton, and the Right Rev. Hellingworth Tully Kingdon, second Bishop of Fredericton. Coins of the dominion of Canada. New Brunswick Almanac for 1899. Also a paper containing the following:

In the Name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost:

On the Sist day of August, in the rear of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-nine, in the sixty-third year of the episcopate of the Right Rev. Hollingworth Tully Kingdon, Lord Bishop of the Diocese of Fredericton, His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Minto being governor general of the Dominion of Canada, and His Honor the steamers and trains for the visiting merchants, and a large number of circulars being sent through the provinces by the St. John wholesale houses inviting the attendance of business men in St. John during the meeting of the maritime board. It is to be regretted that a larger number of merchants did not take advantage of the opportunity.

Steamers and trains for the visiting merchants, and a large number of circulars being sent through the provinces by the St. John wholesale concessions made by the L C. R., it Diocese of Fredericton, His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Minto being governor general of the Dominion of Canada, and His Honor the inion of Canada, and His Honor the ing lieutenant governor of this provinces of the regretted that a larger number of the provinces by the St. John during the meeting of the maritime board. It is to be regretted that a larger number of the provinces by the St. John during the meeting of the Right Honorable Lord Minto being governor general of the Dominas to their duty towards their region as to their duty towards their duty towards their region as to their duty towards their region as to their duty towards their region as to their duty towards their region of Canada, and His Honor the lency the Right Honorable Lord Minto being governor general of the Dominas to their duty towards their region as to their duty towards their duty towards their duty towards their provinces of the Right Honorable Lord Minto being governor general of the Dominas to their duty towards their duty towards their duty towards their duty towards the Honorable Abner Reid McCleian, being lieutenant governor of this provinces in the given and the governor general of the Dominas to their duty towards their duty towards their duty towards the formation of the Dominas to the Right Honorable Lord Minto all the general opinion that our enterproving the Right Honorable the ledies are always in power. After the afternoon session the larger part of the gathering returned by train, very much delighted. It was a mat-ter of regret that there had not been a larger attendance, but it is inferred that those who remained at home have never been to Johnston.—Com.

Rev. James L. Gordon Inducted as Pastor of the Congregational Church.

The council called to ordain Rev. James Logan Gordon as pastor of the Congregational church, met Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Rev. E. E. Braith-waite of Yarmouth, N. S., was chosen as moderator, and Rev. A. B. Ross of Keswick Ridge, N. B., scribe. After an examination of the candidate, the council voted to approve of the choice

of the church. The public service was held in the church as \$ o'clock and was conducted as follows: Reading of minutes by the scribe, prayer by the moderator, reading of scriptures, Eph. 4th chap., by Rev. C. Duff of Brooklyn, N. S., and hymn, Thou Who Thyself Didst

Sanctify.

The sermon was delivered by Rev. Mr. Braithwaite, was took as his text the words: "The Church of the Living God, the pillar, and ground of the Truth." The speaker pointed out three things for which the church stands: lst. For things which are fundamental and not for those which are unessential; 2nd. That which is eternal, not for that which is temporal; 3rd. The church stands for the Living God.

An anthem was well rendered by a quartette composed of Miss Elliott, Mrs. Creighton and Messrs. Macmichael and Harrison. The ordaining prayer, by Rev. A. B. Ross; right hand of fellowship by Rev. J. W. Cox of Lower Selmah, N. S.

The charge to the pastor was delivered by Rev. Norman McKinnon of Foxcroft, Me., a former pastor of the church. The meeting closed with prayer by Rev. Mr. Duff, and the benediction by the pastor.

JIMINEZ WELL RECEIVED.

PUMENO PLATA, San Domingo, Sept. 5.—General Isidore Jiminez landed here today, having come from Cuba, touching at Cape Haytien on the way. He was received at the waterside by an immense throng. His reception, arranged by Gen. Ramon Imbert, was enthusiastic. The news of Jiminez's arrival has been sent into the interior, and it is believed that settled order and peace will soon be restored.

TWENTY-FOUR KILLED.

confluence of the Atbara, say that a

ADVERTISING RATES

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM,

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 9, 1899

IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The situation in South Africa is undoubtedly critical, but the hysterical predictions that the Boers are likely to rush the border any time within forty-eight hours seem to be prema-ture. Negotiations between the British government and the Transvaal are still going on. Propositions have been met with counter propositions Suggestions of a conference to discuss certain matters have been treat ed courteously, though they are met with alternative suggestions. None of the communications so far made public is ultimate in its tone or effect. As yet it is at least not certain at this distance that the resources of diplo-

macy are exhausted. If the straining point comes would appear most reasonable to believe that Kruger and Joubert would fight on their own ground as they have done before. They want the world to think that the Boers are fighting in defence of their home and hearth. The only inducement they would have to move on the enemy's country, and thus disperse a force at the best numerically weak, would be the hope that the Dutch in the Cape Colony would join them. It would require a strong race feeling to bring the Dutch subjects of the Queen into armed rebellion against their sovereign. Paul Kruger has, however, an excellent secret service, for which the Outlander pays high. He has probably sounded the loyalty of every man of Dutch descent in the Cape Colony and Natal, and many think that he knows what to expect. The fact that the present premier of the Cape took money from Kruger for the purpose of the election in which the Rhodes party was beaten is calcuernment, which did not advance this But it is one thing to accept a gift from Uncle Paul and another to incur the penalties of high treason.

The Boers will in all likelihood consider it more profitable to make their fight on their own hills, and behind their own rocks, if they make it at all. In such a conflict, or in any other between these two parties, there can be but one finish. Harder terms than those which the Boer government refuses today will be dietated at Pretoria after a war which is likely to be short. and is also likely to be deadly while

Certain as they must be of the issue it is no wonder that Chamberlain and Milner hesitate about uttering the last word that precedes the tramp of armed men across the fron-For many forms will be stiff and still on these wide pastures before the end of the conflict, short and one-sided though it may be. "Psalm singing hypocrites" some of these Boer leaders are called. It certainly does appear that they have been inhuman masters and drivers of native slaves. They know how to lay heavy burdens on the Outlanders, which they will not them selves touch with their fingers. Their ideas of mine and thine are not such as are taught by the golden rule. Yet they have made themselves believe that they are the chosen of the Lord, and in that faith they may do some great fighting, before the end comes, Meanwhile we have not seen the he ginning, and the resources of diplomacy have to be further tested.

CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMP. TION.

cal journals and of the more enlight ened doctors generally if public sentiment is not soon thoroughly awakened to the possibility of escape from the dreaded disease of consumption. The cently met at Berlin for the discuss of tuberculosis were made public many ways. The report of the British delegates, issued as a parliamentar raper, containing conclusions stated in language free from professional technicalities, has been much debated, and the theme has been discussed even by the popular magazines.

In this province the address of Dr. Bayard dealing with the subject was

he subject is of more im

e full of hope for many who ha felt themselves to be under sentence early death. The disease is no long ccepted as inevitable. It is not to be onsidered incurable in its earlier stages. These are the brighter aspect hand, the doctors now knew and are oing all they can to impress the knowledge on the people, that consumption is communicated by infection and must therefore be warded off by precautions, as people are protected from small pox and diphtheria.

The speakers at the Berlin congreportance, including free ventilation persons; the prevention of infection by It was stated in the congress, as im portant for all people to know, that tuberculous disease of the bones, joints, at phinisis or consumption is fre-iently cured, that abundant food and life in the open air, are no less valu in the treatment of the disease than in its prevention, and that hospitals for the care of consumptives are of esential vilue.

IN THE WOODS

Any St. John citizen who depend upon the Telegraph for information as to the position of the winter port matter is entitled to commiseration. The Telegraph is subject to two opposite influences. It is controlled by Col McLean, who is solicitor for the Canadian Pacific railway, and who is connected with Sir William Van Horne as a director in two or three other commuch income from Intercolonial railway printing and advertising, which patronage is controlled by Mr. Blair. The necessity of keeping on good terms with the Canadian Pacific makes it hard for the Telegraph to commend Mr. Blair's position. The fear of offending the dispenser of patronage and the local leader of the government party keeps the Telegraph from resuming the Canadian Pacific crusade which it began some years ago. Finding its nath thus barricaded in each direction. the Telegraph has taken to the woods. On the important question whether the winter trade of St. John is to be sent back to a foreign port, it has not a word to say. On Tuesday a meeting of the board of trade was held, to receive a report from the president and his associates concerning the interview with Mr. Blair. Important statements were made on behalf of the that the determination of the issue one way or the other was only a matter of days. Not one word about this meeting appeared in the morning organ of the government.

THE PURPOSE OF THE SUB-SIDIES

The Globe concludes that the winter port discussion so far as it has gone reveals the uselessness of the subsidies so far as the steamships are concerned." If the subsidies are regarded as an inducement for ships to visit ports and go away without cargo s, then they would be a failure in this case, since that is what the steamship lires decline to do. This, however, is not the purpose. The intention of the subsidy is to enable the ships to co-operate in carrying on an export business. In the past three years the co-operafion has been successful the subsidies have been fruitful of good. But no one wants the ships to come here and go away empty. It would be much better for them not to come at all, and let the subsidies

ommand, and on August 26th Lt. Col. larkham was retired and Major H. M. Compbell placed in command. Lt. Col. Markham was in command of the regiment just nine days.—Telegraph.

If the same process is continued Colonel Campbell may likewise be retired "in the interest of the militia," seeing that he also is a conservative. Colonel Panet, late deputy minister of militia, described the methods of the militia department when he explained the improper payment of \$300 to nel Domville, by saying, "I felt the influence of a member of parlia-

Barktn Hector left Sydney yes

475 Massachusetts Avenue.

Between Columbus Avenue and Trement Street.

BOSTON, MASS.

T. H. ESTABROOKS.

The Record of a Rapidly Growing Tea Business.

for Distribution for the Province.

A Big Warehouse and Tea Blending Plant-

tributing trade of these provinces from London to provincial centres has now brought here direct from rom India and Cevion are steadily in ion. Now that market is chiefly connust, of course, be done more quickly

tries of growth.
Improved means of con and quick and cheap methods of transportation are chiefly responsible for the liversion of the tea trade. Merchant eas direct. If brought via London here are cost of handling, storage

But before a St. John importer could successfully and profitably do his own growth he had several things to learn and to do. He had to learn to judge tens himself, make his earn to blend teas, and import the word, he had to learn to do for himsel what he had formerly depended very largely on somebody in London to do

A CASE IN POINT. sfactory and profitable, is proved by the experience of T. H. Estabrooks, 43

Mr. Estabrooks took the ground that St. John man who had studied the narket knew better than a London man what would suit provincial con-sumers; that teas could be blended and packed as well in St. John as in Lonion: that direct importations were hulld up a successful importing, blend-ing and distributing business, withou any reference at all to London, excep-

Acting upon this theory, he made a careful study of everything pertaini one branch of business. He has today the largest warehouse devoted exclus ively to the tea business in Canada; of growth, and a trade that is carried on by three travellers all over the

And on September 1st Mr. W. R. tea broker to the wholesale trade of the provinces, having for nine years sented Francis Peek, Winch & Co., and the later amalgamated firm the world, severed his conrection with them to accept a position with Mr. Estabrooks, being firmly convinced that St. John today offers better advantages than London in connection expert, and wesides dividing with Mr. nable both from time to time to wisit the larger houses in the provinces in the interests of trade. For three or four years past Mr. Estabrooks has been compelled by the increasing de-mends of a rapidly growing trade to

MR. ESTABROOKS' ESTABLISH-

Last May Mr. Estabrooks removed from Dock street to the premises, 13 and 14 North Wharf. The warehouse is 30 x 100 feet in dimensions, and four stories high, giving him 12,000 square feet of floor space. He has put in, a late glass front, the only one on North or South Wharf. Frenting on the wharf, the building has a rear entrance frim Nelson street. An electric ele-

rem Nelson street. An electric elevator connects the four floors.

The offices, looking out on the wharf, consist of a general and a private office, the latter also the sample room, with the necessary appliances for tasting teas. These include a table with a capacity of 40 cups, and agas heater. The offices are finished in actual areas and agas heater. When used in the evening they are lighted by electricity.

ping department, for teas going out daily and others packed and ready for shipment. On the second floor teas are blended, packed and labelled. On the third floor is the tea mill (a miniature office), and on this floor all the teas to be blended and packed and the gen-eral stock are stored as they come in by rail or steamer. On the fourth

THE BLENDING DEPARTMENT. ible to produce and continue the in certain proportions must all ways be used. These teas must first be selected by tasting, which is win itself a science. Scarcely a day passes but more or less of it is done in Mr. Estabrooks office, and it is quite com-

red with the prices, and quite ntly a high priced sample is re-because its flavor, would not its market. lending teas in Mr. Estabrooks

onsure accuracy the ufferent teas required are twice checked over, before being poured into the hopper.

The blender has a capacity of about half a ten. It is a huge cylin-

ler, so constructed that all the tea es out of it at the centre, and as tcat are continually being blended so as placed on the blender an ingenious bell attachment that marks the comletion of each revolution, and rings at the right moment. The tlender operated by electric power.

THE PACKING DEPARTMENT. Next to the windows on the second cor is the packing and labelling de partment for package teas. Right in front of one window is the packing ackages are put up in lead. A packag s per day, but could easily inrease the number. The packages are essed through a slide into the labelgroof. The labelling stands are along the windows, and at one side and t) rough the room are narrow racks reaching to the ceiling, on which the abelled packages are laid to dry. Then they are ready to be put in cases and

The bulk teas are also packed the second floor. Everything here, as in fact through the establishment, is scrupulously clean, as should be the ticle of general consumption.

MAKING METAL PACKAGES. fourth floor are stored packages, ready for use, in-50 pounds capacity; caddies of 20 and of 1 to 20 pounds. Mr. Estabrooks alms to have everything in the line of packages that is likely to find favor

er 300 lbs., are seen on this floor They are imported by Mr. Estabrooks produced in Canada. These are for making metal chests, half chests and caddles. Each sheet is creased so that ver the joint, holding the box solid and air tight. The bottom comes ready in soldered over the joint, these boxes are lacquered before being labelled. For example, the Red Rose go down to the second floor to be led. The top is like the bottom and put on in the same way. No Lor w Mr. Estabrooks. No har packages or labels are seen on the provincial market. As to fancy tins, stock includes a great variety of pretty designs. They, of course, are nanufactured elsewhere.

THE STOCK OF TEA. Of Mr. Estabrooks' own brands of ea, Red Rose, a blend of China, India and Ceylon teas, is the leader in point of sales, and he states unreservedly that no other tea of one grade has ever reached as large a sale in the mari-time provinces. A higher prices tea, that is very popular in many localities is Sterling Blend. Both these teas are sold in bulk as well as in lead packets. His highest priced tea is Golden Tip Ceylon. A cheaper tea than Red Rose is Oak Tree Blend, in bulk and in lead packets: while his 1-4 Dollar tea has made a great name for itself as a tea

latter is sold in lead packets only.

In China bulk teas his Anchor Chop is absolutely the finest saryune pro highest price of any saryune on the Foochow market. From this grade the stock ranges down to the lowest priced tea that is sound and wholesome. A tea must be fit to drink or Mr. Estabrooks will have none of it. He deals also in Formosa colongs, in quantities that would surprise the trade elsewhere in Canada, carrying in

stock from a fancy grade full of silver tips down to the lower grades. used for blending, he carries a large stock to be sold in the original packeges, and this is a constantly in-creasing trade, for the clean, machine made teas of those countries are bet-ter value than Chinas, and suit the has these teas in all grades from souchongs to finest golden tip orange

Young Hyson, as well as scented or-ange pekoes, for dealers in the larger cities, who have a fancy trade requir-

THE STAFF. Mr. Estabrooks now employs eleven persons besides himself. The staff is

an increasing one. New Brunswick and part of Quebec; Lyman W. Cox in most of Nova Sco-tia and in P. E. Island; and Louis C. Armstrong in St. John and nearby points in both New Brunswick and

Mr. Estabrooks and Mr. Miles will themselves now be able to call upon the trace to some extent. An invitation is extended to dealers and others visiting the St. John exhibition to visit is and 14 North Wharf and see how teas are blended and packed in the

teas are blended and packed in the largest tea warehouse in Canada.

Mr. Estabrooks observes that if dealers generally realized how much is saved by importing teas direct from countries of growth rather than via London they would need to be a second to the conditions of the conditi London, they would need no other argument to convince them of the advantages of purchasing their stock from direct importers and blenders.

Those who read, enjoyed and profited by DR. SPROULE'S treatise on Catarrh in general will be delighted to learn that he has just completed and will send



FREF Another New Book.

Which deals specially with CATARRH of the STOMACH. LIVER and BOWELS and conclusively proves it to be the

Chronic Constipation. Indigestion, Etc.

If you have been trying in vain to get relief, using purgative after purgative, this book will tell you why you failed.

If you need it, write for it

DR, SPROULE, B. A. (formerly Surgeon British Royal Naval Service) English Catarrh Specialist, will sent it to you FREE on request. Address, 7 Doane Street, Boston.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

To the Editor of the Sun: Str-To every right thinking person the utterances of the editor of the Messenger and Visitor at the recent

Baptists of the maritime provinces

have reason to feel surprised, if not something worse, that after all that has been said and done, the editor of the Baptist organ has been the first to declare our position untenable. What majority does Mr. Black usually require to settle a matter? ority did the government say we must have to get prohibition? What did we go into the fight for? Mr. Black would not require the whole as important position if the case so. The government gave us to un-derstand that they wanted a majorinto the fight to win, strong in the assurance that we were in the right, and won. Now Mr. Black deliberately says we have too low a percentage catching at a straw, sees a small n sel of comfort in the remarks of the rev. gentleman and praises him for bravery, when Mr. B. and the importance in the estimation of the Telegraph than the plebiscite vote To be praised by the Telegraph along the line of prohibition is rather doubtful compliment, but after suc an outburst of commendation for that which is so agreeable to its taste, it one can say that the Telegraph has injured the political party to which it ongs more than all other causes combined, simply because of its spasmodic attempts to carry both parties in flimsy editorials which were an inmult to the intelligence of its reader and disgusting to more than one suprerter of the present government.

A BAPTIST LIBERAL.

To the Editor of the Sun: Sir-I see by report of the Evanday's issue of the Daily Sun, that on mction of Rev. T. F. Fotheringham, a committee was appointed to men asking that they disavow connection with Subbath excursions to their Beulah camp grounds." It is evident that the rev. gentle

man offering the resolution has mede himself acquainted with the arce, or he would have known that the Reformed Baptist Alliance has at each of its yearly sessions emphatically disavowed any and all connection with Sabbath excursions—as their published minutes will show-and also in the secular papers have they stated public are invited to attend, and we endeavor, when they orme, to preach to them the gospel of a full salvation, whether they come by boat or team.
When excursionists come to our grounds we treat them kindly, and thus rar we have been respectfully

I speak from personal knowledge when I say that steamboat excursions are not peculiar to Beulah Camp ground. For nearly forty years I have not known a yearly gathering of any religious body held on the river on the Sabbath, during the summer, that steamboats have not visited the place, carrying passengers to the meeting.
It has never been supposed that such bodies had any connection with such excursions. Why then should the public be led to infer, as they will from the reading of Mr. Fotheringham's

G. W. MACDONALD. President Reformed Baptist Allian

BLEIND Tea telephone your grocer to send you a pound. Once a customer always a customer.

lawk as chief of the Win

THE CREDIT SYSTEM

It Works Well in Retail Trade, Says A Successful St. John Merchan

credit system in trade, especially in retail, is the cause of high prices and of great loss to the customers who pay cash. The other side of the question was presented yesterday in a casual conversation by one of the best known and most successful men in eastern Canada. This gent was not talking for publication, but his testimony is worth publishing to show that the average counter in St. John at least is pretty business, given reasonable prudence in extending credit in family accounts, and proper care in collections, the losses are not serious. Less than one per cent should cover the shortage. His own experience so far as the retail dollar was lost through the failure of customers to pay. The firm in question makes no cash discounts, and probably has as large a number of family ac-counts as any house in this end of the

CHRONIC IND GESTIO

Can Only be Permanently Jured when the Kidneys. Liv

By far the most important part of ligestion takes place in the int and it is tolly to expect stoma-icines to cure a severe case of icines to cure a severe case of indiges-tion, The kidneys, liver and bowels must first be set right and the only combined remedy which acts directly

Mrs. T. Gorman, St. John, N. B. Mrs. T. Gorman, St. John, N. B., writes:—'I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for chronic indi-gestion and they cured me. They are the best medicine I ever used."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are purely vegetable and act ple and naturally on the kidneys, liver rnd bowels. They positively cure kidney disease, liver complaint and stomach troubles. One pill a dose, 50 cts a box. At all dealers, or EDMAN-SON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Senor Puligo, the charge d'affaires of Venezuela, this evening in response to a pablegram sent by him, received a message from the foreign office a Venezuela, saying: "The news of a new outbreak in Venezuela published yesterday in without any foundation."

A Woman's glory

is her hair.

Nothing will keep both scalp and hair in as good condition and thus promote a healthy growth of hair, as the free use of

"TARINA" The Ladies Hair Soan

It cleanses, prevents dandruff, allays scalp irritation and leaves the hair glossy and sweet—Tarina is the best preventative of the evil effects of perspiration—Sold

in tin lined box 250—

If your druggist has not got it, we will send it post paid on receipt of price.

ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.,

P. O. BOX 2410 MONTREAL Makers of the Celebrated

BABY'S OWN SOAP

from

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DIT SYSTEM.

Retail Trade, Says John Merchant

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st. John, N. B., used Dr. Chase's ils for chronic indicured me. They dney-Liver Pills are and act pleasantly n the kidneys, liver hey positively liver complaint One pill a dose. 25 ealers, or EDMAN-CO., Toronto.

t. 7.—The new mam-

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keep both scalp good condition ote a healthy as the free use of

es Hair Soan

prevents dandruff ion and leaves and sweet-Tarreventative of the erspiration -- Sold

gist has not got it, post paid on re-

LET SOAP CO.. MONTREAL.

he Celebrated OWN SOAP CITY NEWS.

Events Recent in and Around St. John

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.
Remember! The NAME of the Pest

office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request. issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEKKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Barktn. Antilia, now at Bantry, will come to Bridgewater, N. S., where she will load lumber for Buenos Avres a \$10.50, or Rosario at \$11.50.

Capt. David Douglas has assumed which is loading lumber here for Buenos Ayres. Capt. O'Brien will remain ashore for a tim

Four saflors were sent up to West Bay Tuesday by J. H. Scammell & Co. to replace men who had deserted from the str. Micmac, which was ready to sail for Liverpool.

Monday morning deputy game war-den Alex. Johnstone of Upper Loch Lomond visited Treadwell's Lake and seized three nets that had been placed on the lake. The nets were confis-

company has closed the contract for three thousand sacks of Manitoba flour for export. The price for the lot is said to be an advance on that quot-ed locally at the present time.—Montreal Star.

Lieut. Col. Stone has left Quebec for Montreal to inspect the Third Field Battery. From there he will proceed to Sydney, C. B., to inspect the 17th Field Battery, afterwards coming to St. John, N. B., and later joining the Sussex Camp as inspector of artil-

A house and outbuildings at New-castle, owned by J. D. Creaghan, and occupied by James C. Brown, the mail driver, were destroyed by fire Tues-day. Mr. Creaghan, who is in St. John, had between \$800 and \$1,000 insurance on the property. His loss will be heavy, but that of Mr. Brown

Charles A. Clark of the City Fuel Company, who went to the Klondyke nearly two years ago, returned home on Monday from the regions of gold, and is staying with his family at his residence on Dorchester street. Dur-ing his sojourn in the Yukon he has sized volume were they related, but he admitted that it was nice to be home

Coroner Walker held an inquiry at he dead house Tuesday in relation to the infant found in the park on Saturday last. The following jury was empanelled: M. D. Austin, Chas. abbittl Geo. K. Berton, Chas. Cowan Elisha Cosman, David Watson and J.

W. Smith. The jury found that the child died from wilful neglect and exposure by ome person or persons unknown.

the residence o his sister-in-law, Mrs. Livingstone, Adelaide street, of John Woodard, bettert known as Squire Woodard, a former resident of Rothe say, and for many years a magistrate in that place. The deceased had been ill for only few weeks, and his death was about 80 years old and leaves one

son, living in the west.

I have used Bentley's (10c.) Liniment and and it the best thing for sore bands, etc., that I have ever yet tried.

Judge Forbes will leave on the 21st inst. for Washington, to attend the Pan-Presbyterian conference which opens on the 27th, Judge Trueman will also go as a delegate from the St. John synod. Presbyterian divines from Sociland and all parts of the continent will attend the gathering. The delegates will visit Philadelphia and will be entertained of the Waldorf-Astoria in New York.

W. R. Miles, the well known tea broker, representative for nine years of Francis Peek, Winch & Co., and the later amalgamated firm of Peek Bros. & Winch, Ltd., of London, has severed his connection with that firm and accepted a position with T. H. Estabrooks. Capt. Miles, who is well known in St. John business and mili-tary circles, is also one of the best tary circles, is also one of the best known tea men among the wholesale trade of the lower provinces.

Dennis Lawlor, the oldest under-taker in the city, died Tuesday. Mr. Lawlor was long a resident in this city, and a number of years was in city, and a number of years was in the employ of Mr. Robinson, and after-wards he entered into business with Robert Tilley, and subsequently on his own account. About ten rears ago he tetired from active work. He leaves a widow and family. The Rev. Father Mulphy of Fradericton is his stepson. In his active years Mr. Lawlor was well known in the city, and was highly well known in the city, and was highly

Samuel Winter, of Moncton, N. B., who has a bond on the Tete Jaune Cache mica mine, situated about 700 miles up the North Thompson river, arrived in Kamloops the other day. Mr. Winter has made arrangements to send J. F. Smith up to the mine in charge of a party of men, to push development work on the claims, of which there are three. The ledge in which the mica is found is from 40 to 80 feet in width, and has produced The Lake of the Woods Milling some excellent mica, being of unusual size.—Montreal Gazette.

The Sun's Parrsboro correspondent writes under date of Sept. 7th, as fol-lows: Bark John Gill, Carmichael, cleared for Sharpness on the 1st inst. with 760,879 feet deals and 97,020 feet ends and scantling, shipped by Capt. Nordby for George McKean. Bark Dinsburg, Olsen, cleared on the 5th instant for Mumbles for orders, with 687,718 feet deals and 135,310 feet ends and scantling, shipped by M. L. Tucker. Str. Micmac clears today. Tug Springhill cleared for Calais yes terday. She will tow barge No. 4 with

IDLE MACHINERY.

Do something, even though uncertain of the outcome. It is better to chase rainbows and phantoms than to dream in idleness, Idle machinery deteriorates more rapidly than when it is in use; it is better to wear out than to rust out. You should make errangements now for securing a good business education. The catalogue of the Currie Business University will be mailed free on application.

NEW INVENTIONS. Below will be found the report of inventors by the Canadian government. This report is prepared especially for the Sun by Messrs. Marion

experts, New York Life building, 63,647-B. T. Chapman, Wiartun, Ont., horse collars. 63,660-G. E. N. Lewis, Truro, N. S. eneer cutting machine. 63.663-Messrs. Lewis & Spates, Rossway, N. S., car couplers. 63,670-Messrs Marengo & Co., Montreal, cigar making machine, 63.672-F. H. Badger, Montreal, elec-

tric safety appliances. 63,673-J. Kellington, Terra Nova, B. C., can capping machine.
63,684—W. S. Fisher, Fredericton, N.
B., shoe polishing machine.

Mr. Robt. Crowe of Truro, N. S., the well known representative of the New Glasgow Milling Co., writes: "Kum-fort Headache Powders work like a charm with me. I heartily recommend them to all sufferers from Headache." prisonment.

The following agents are travelling in the interests of The Sun.

L. M. CURREN, in Charlotte Co.

E. CANNING, in Westmorland Co.

WOODSTOCK. Town Joins County in Booming the

Exhibition-The Proposed Pulp

WOODSTOCK, Sept. 4.—Great pre-arations are being made for the county exhibition, to be held here on the 27th, 28th and 29th inst. A public eeting was held on Friday, when the town people decided to join in with the Exhibition Association and make the affair a grand success.

At a meeting of the town council this evening, the mayor said that he had been approached by Messrs Hoy Hay and Paxton Baird asking tha the council give the necessary to enable the ratepayers to vo giving a bonus toward the erect a pulp mill, according to the provis-ions of the act passed at the last ses-sion of the legislature. After some debate, it was ordered that the nec sary notice be given, Couns. Carr'and Jones voting nay.

BIBLE CONFERENCE.

YARMOUTH, Sept. 5.—Dr. Torrey delivered his last address to the Bible conference this morning. He leaves by hoat for Boston this evening, having won his way to the hearts of his hear-ers. His theme this morning was, How to Keep the Fire Burning, from 2 Tim.

Rev. H. L. Gale led the afternoo meeting, his subject being "Restore unto me the joy of thy salvation." Mr Gibbud, who is a great favorite, fol lowed in a telling speech on personal effort. In the evening Dr. Pierson showed what it is to be "in Christ," and how one may come to be "ir Christ." The meetings all day were very profitable.

To Be Ordained-Water Very Low-Hotel Changes Hands.

MEDUCTIC, York Co., Sept. 1.— The ten months' eld son of Frank Tompkins of Dow Settlement was laid to rest in the Dow cemetery on Sun-day morning; the Rev. C. N. Berton

Pastor Geo. B. McDonald is to ordained a minister of the Reform Baptist church on the 13th inst., in the Green Bush church. The Rev. G. W. McDonald, W. B. Wiggins, Samue Greenlaw and John Gravinor are to

Miss Lela Edwards intends to accompany her sister, Mrs. Hodgen, to her home in Malden, Mass, They leave this week. Miss Edwards ex-nects to be absent several months. low at present. It is about thirty feet lower than it was in the middle of April. The channel bed for the wire ferry is being cleared of stones. Harry Heron now occupies his hand-ome new home. The Aberdeen hotel is changing hands today, Mr. and Mrs. George Marsten taking charge. A number of improvements are being nade. Mr. Marsten's intention is to make it the best hostelry between Fredericton and Woodstock. H. F. Grosvenor is re-roofing all his

outbuildings included in the hot house and grapery. Olts Bros. have commenced the fall's meat packing operations.

In the case against Samuel Mac-aulay, convicted of assault on William Seely, Judge Forbes fined the prison-

er \$50, which was paid.

In the case against Garnett, charged with stealing from the north end post office, the prisoner pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two years' im-

Yesterday at Coles Island.

1910D. Hazen M. P. P., Geo. W. Fowler of Kings and Others.

Fully two thousand attended the political picnic at Coles Island today. It was the largest, most representative and most successful political gathering ever held in the river counties, and the greatest enthusiasm pre-

The steamer Aberdeen arrived at noon, crowded to her utmost capacity, and she had to leave behind many who

The speakers were Hon. George E. Foster, J. D. Hazen, M. P. P., Geo. W. Fowler of Kings, H. B. Hetherington, and H. W. Woods. The chairman was R. D. Wilmot, ex-

The Baptist foreign missionary board met yesterday afternoon. There were present Revs. G. O. Gates, I. B. Smith, M. C. Higgins, A. T. Dykeman, A. H. Lavers, W. C. Goucher, J. W. Manning, and Messrs. E. M. Sipprell, E. L. Rising and T. L. Hay. Mr. Sipprell was elected president. As the recent conelected president. As the recent con-tributions have placed the board in a fair position financially, it was decide to send Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Churchill, Misa Gray, Miss Blackadar and Mrs. Sanford out to India this fall. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Archibald have had to end Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Churchil return on account of ill health. The gifts in the way of jewelry, that were to be sold for the benefit of the board He also reported that two thousand copies of the Historical Sketch had been issued. The board decided to take no action in regard to the proposed Forward Movement.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Grand Jury Found "No Bill in th as Segee Forgery Case Other Matters.

St. John Circuit court opened Tuesday morning, Judge Landry presiding.
The judge charged briefly in the case against Segee for forgery, being of the opinion that there was sufficient evidence to warrant a bill being found. He regretted that there were so few grand jurors present, as he thought the burden should not be placed on a

few by the others. The grand jury found "no bill" against Segee, who was discharged. The docket is as follows:

Remanets-Jury Causes. 1. Clark v. Miller C. A. Macdonald.
La New Docket—Jury Causes.
1. Miller v. Mutual Reserve Fund—
Carleton & Ferguson.
2. Mellon v. the Municipality of
Kings—J. P. Byrne.

Harding v. Blight-D. Mullin. Domville v. Klondyke, Yukon and Stewart Pioneer Co., Ltd.—Wm.

Pugsley. Domville v. Thewartha James C. J. Coster.

Non-Jury Causes 1. Davidson v. Hosford-H. A. Mc-Keown. Dunbrack v. McLellan-J. A. Bel

3. Ansboro v. Clinch-D. Mullin. Clark v. Miller was struck off as n ne appeared for the plaintiff. His honor observed that causes made remanets at one sitting should not be enlered at the next unless some one apeared on their behalf.

In Domville v. the Klondyke Co., Pugsley, Q./C., moved for trial. It was set down for the afternoon, when Currey, Q. C., for the defendants ead affidavits showing that a com mission was still open for the taking of evidence in England. He undertook to be ready for trial on the 25th

set down for that date. In the circuit court yesterday, Hard-ing v Blight was finished and a verdict given for the plaintiff for \$500. D. Mullin, Q. C., for plaintiff; L. A. Currey, Q. C., for defendant.

Mellon v. Municipality of Kings was next taken up. This is an action for false imprisonment, defendant having been put in jail for taxes which, h claims, were improperly assessed. J. P. Byrne and A. A. Stockton, Q.C., for plaintiff; Attorney General White for defendants. The case will be con-

tinued teday: The the county court, Black v. Smith was taken up. This is an action for board, horse hire and work and labor in which a set of is filed. E. R. Chapman for plaintiff; A. George Blair for defendant. A verdict of \$500 was given for the plaintiff.

UNANIMOUSLY RE-APPOINTED

The annual meeting of the congregation of the Victoria Street Free Ballist church was held on Monday ever tist church was held on Monday evening. The present pastor, Rev. David
Long, was unanimously elected for
another term, and it was decided to
give him free use of the parsonage.
The finances of the church are in excellent condition, all bills being pad
and there being a substantial balance
on hand. During the year improvements have been made on the church
property in the shape of two long
needed class rooms. It is intended to
continue the improvement this year
and to enlarge the choir room. continue the improvement this yes

PARM POR SALE. FOR SALE A Farm containing 200 acres, 130 acres are cleared and remainder in woodland. Cuts 35 tons hay. Situated about one mile from head of Beileisle Bay. ICO rods wide. Will he sold cheap. Apply to JAMES COLGAN, Springfield, Kings Co., N. B.

PULITICAL PICNIC.

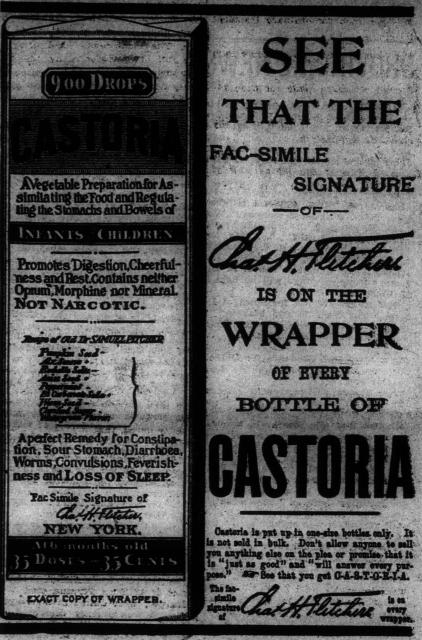
Two Thousand Conservatives Met

And Were Addressed by Hon. Mr. Foster

COLES ISLAND, via Norton, Sept. 7.

wanted to attend.

FOREIGN MISSION BOARD.



WEDDED AT WOLFVILLE.

NAME OF STREET

writes under date of Sept. Ith: A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday morning in the Methodist church, Wolfville, when Miss Bessie Abbot, daughter of Section Master George Abbot of the D. A. R., was united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Donkin to George Crosier of Halifax. As the strains of the wedding march, played by Mrs. J. D. Chambers, pealed forth,

the bride entered on the arm of her father, gowned in white muslin, with hat to match, carrying a beautiful bunch of white roses. The bridesmald was Miss Annie Abbot, who carried red roses. The groom was attended by Mr. McKenna of Halifax. After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Gros-ier left for Chester and other points, after which they will return to Wind scr, where they will reside.

Read the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

... EXCURSION RATES TO ...

GANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The following arrangements have been made by the Canadian Pacific Railway from all points on their line for the Saint John Exhibition:

TUESDAY, SEPT. 19th. TUESDAY SEPT. 19th

MONDAY, SEPT. 18th.

Special Trains will Jeave Aroostook Junction, 7 a. m., Sept. 14th, and one from Woodstock, 7.30 a. m., Sept. 15th. in a charteness of a lateral

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

From Sept. 9th to 19th tickets will be sold at all stations in New Brunswick, good to-

From points east of Moncton to Pt. du Chene and Amherst, same dates, sai and good to return two days from date of issue.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS.

SPECIAL DAYS. beliton to Bel River.....

D. J. MCLAUGHLIN.

CHAS. A. EVERETT.

Flannelette Boys' Carpets, Dress Goods lain and Fane Ready-made Corsets, Latest Pattern From 5c. a Yard Up. Clothing. Curtains. Colorings, BLANKETS, Ginghams Hosiery Lowest Price Best From IN Horse Values Blankets St. John. 5c. Yd. Up. Neck Ties. Oilcloths. Fall Winter Overalls. lackets. 35 Main St., Working Men's St. John, Pants. Quilts. North End. Prints. Trunks, **Prices** Valises, Ticking, Right. Bags. Open Window Table Shades, Every Wrappers Evening Cloths for Oilcloths Until 9.30. E Waists. dies' Jackets Mail Orders Samples We Invite Sent to

If you are in St. John during Exhibition make our Store your Headquarters.

OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 9.30.

SHARP & McMACKIN, - - 335 Main Street, North End.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

SUSSEX, Sept. 5.—A number of the old members of Admiral Nelson lodge, No. 124, which has ceased to exist for some time past, met with County Master Lisson and County Secretary
J. A. Moore on the 1st instant, when
the lodge was resuscitated and the
following were elected and installed
into office: Thomas Coggon, W. M.;
Chas. Jones, D. M.; Charles Mitchell, Chas. Jones, D. M.: Charles Mitchell, Chap.; Jas. W. Foster, secretary; Wm. Leak, F. Sec.; D. C. Gamblin, Treas.; Thos. Hunter, D. of C.; S. Killen, lec-turer; David Robinson, I. T. Commit-teerien: R. Hewson, Geo. Suffren, J. S. Knox, Heber Campbell and J. R. Mo-Lean. Their meetings will be held in

ce of Dr. Ryan, near the dominion building, is up and boarded in. Edmund Fair-weather and the Erb Bros. are the builders.—Work has also been begun for a handsome residence for Oldfield Mace on Maple avenue, Wallace Bros.,

sex riflemen who attended the Ottawa matches returned home last night. Private L. A. Langstroth,

SHEFFIELD, Sunbury Co., Sept. 4.— The well disposed people of Little River, Sheffield, held a picnic with remt stand, pie and basket social on Saturday last on the beautiful grounds of Harry Bailey, where a pleasant afternoon was spent and the sum of \$29 realized for church purposes.

Estabrook, of Boston, who left Lower Burton ten years ago with the family, is now visiting friends in Burton and

Brown of the past generation of Sun-bury, an industrious, hard working man, resident for many years of Up-per Sheffield, who spent much of his summer months working at the Fredericton boom for two years or so, lost the use of his limbs and recently be-came wholly helpless, said to be brought on by so much work in the water. He succumbed to death by a stroke of paralysis last week at his home in Upper Sheffield and was inericton boom for two years or so, lost stroke of paralysis last week at his home in Upper Sheffield and was interred in the public burlal ground at the county court house on Friday last. The last sad rites were performed by the rector, Rev. Mr. Dibblee, at the house and grave. The undertaker was

contracting parties witnessed the cerenony, which was performed by the
Rev. G. M. Campbell. The charming
oride was handsomely gowned in
white satin, trimmed with honiton
Two cases were entered on the civil She wore a bridal veil and car-

lace. She wore a bridal veil and carried a beautiful bouquet. The bridesmaid was Miss Agnes Neill, daughter of James S. Neill, whose dress was of yellow silk. The groom was supported by A. George Blair, ir., of St. John.

After the wedding a dainty luncheon was served and immediately after the bride and groom were driven to the C. P. R. depot and took their departure upon their honey noon trip. They will spend a few weeks travelling through Quebea. Montreal, the Thousand Isles uebec, Montreal, the Thousand Isles and other places of interest in upper

Canada. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents. E. Byron Winslow, Q. C., and George W. Allen. Q. C., have formed a legal co-partnership, with offices at Mr. Winslow's old stand on St. John street. Mr. Winslow, who is one of the most popular of Fredericton's citizens, has long been a prominent member of the bar, first as a partner of the late Govmember of the firm of Fraser, Wet-more & Winslow, and later doing busi-ness by himself. Mr. Allen is easily one of the best read and most efficient of the younger members of the New Brunswick bar,

John took soundings at the Robinson bar on Saturday in preparation for the dredging operations to be carried on there. The dredge was removed to this

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausca, Drowslness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They

Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

the fraud of the day.

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's.

Insist and demand

Small Price.

Small Pill.

Substitution

PARTERS

WE

1115

Small Dose

spot last week and commenced work this morning. It is believed that the bar can be cleaned off in three or four days. The bar is located nearly oppo-site the Aberdeen mill, and within the

A detachment of the R. C. R. I., con sisting of half the strength of No. 4 company, has been ordered to camp Aldershot, N. S., and will start for there on Friday. The remaining memthere on Friday. The remaining mem-bers of the corps will attend the Sus-

Judge Barker presided at the September sitting of the York equity court this morning. The following common motions were made: Louisa Duncan v. Emily J. Gill et al, executors of Henry Gill, deceased—C. H. Duffy moves for leave to take bill pro con-fesso at hearing against Elizabeth Davidson for want of appearance. Or-

the matter of the estate of John Long, late of Fredericton, G. F. Gregory, Q. C., moves for appointment of John E. McCarthy as trustee in place of Rev. J. C. McDevitt, deceased. Or-

dered accordingly.

Wm. J. Almon, Robie Untacke and
Jairus Hartt, trustees, v. George A.
Logan et al.—C. E. A. Simonds moves to take bill pro confesso against de fendants for want of appearance an \$561.63. Ordered accordingly.

John Hetherington v. James A. Van

wart—A. W. Macrae moves to take bill pro confesso for want of appearance. bill ordered to be taken pro confesso. urther direction reserved. Sarah Hetherington v. James A. Van-

wart The same in all respects.

SALMON CREEK, Queens Co., Sept.

4.—A very pretty wedding took place in the Presbyterian church here on the 30th ult., when Alice, eldest daugh. ter of William Stevens, and William Harper, were united in marriage. The from Oromocto for the benefit of her brother's health under the direction of their brother, Theodore Estabrooks of their brother, Theodore Estabrooks of was performed by Rev. D. Clark. The St. John, is said to be lying at the point bride was the recipient of many

About \$130 was realized at the Presbyterian tea meeting. The new church is to be dedicated the last Sabbath of this month. Communion service will be held in the church here the second

Hugh McKay of Boston is visiting friends here. Maud Harper has gone to Fredericton to attend the Normal DORCHESTER, N. B. Sept. 5. Hon. Mr. Justice McLeod presided at the Westmorland county circuit of the

the county court house on Friday last. The last sad rives were performed by the rector, Rev. Mr. Dibblee, at the house and grave. The undertager was S. B. Taylor.

FREDBRICTON, N. B., Sept. 5.—A wedding which has been looked forward to with a great deal of interest or some time, took place at the bride's loome, Waterloo row, at 3.30 o'clock his afternoon. The contracting parties

home, Waterloo row, at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon. The contracting parties were Arthur Slipp, a popular and rising young barrister, and Miss Bessie F., daughter of the late Thomas Logan, and one of the most popular young ladies. Only a few friends of the contracting parties witnessed the cerefound in the case against McDonald,

Two cases were entered on the civil docket. George L. Harris v. George Bishop and John Bishop, an action for ejectment. H. A. Powell for plaintiff and W. B. Chandler for defendant. Frank Hicks and Carrie Hicks v. Wm-Ogden. Teed & Copp for plaintiff, and Powell, Bennett & Harrison for defen-

di nt. The first case will be tried by the judge without a jury, and will be taken up at ten o'clock tomorrow. Miss Mowatt, stenegrapher, is

What night have proved a most serious accident, occurred here this movning, when Hon. H. R. Emmerson and his little daughter Emily were thrown from their carriage while driving from the town to the premier's residence. When nearing the residence the horse became frightened and bolted, overturning the carriage and breaking the shaft. Mr. Emmerson's son, Henry, jumped and thus escaped injury. The premier was severely shaken up by the fall and received injuries to his hand and

MILLSTREAM, Kings Co., Sept Word has been received from Dom-ville Belding, who has arrived in the Northwest. He is working in the wheat fields and reports crops good. Mrs. James C. Scofield is prostrat-ed with illness. A young son of Har-ry Hayes was taken suddenly ill on Sunday Dr. Murray is in attendance.

day. Dr. Murray is in atter Sunday. Dr. Murray is in attendance. William Scofield, formerly of this place, but now of Jamaica Plains, Mass. is visiting his old home here. Mr. and Mrs. James Parlee are rejoicing over the arrival of an heir. The net proceeds of the Methodist picnic, held in Carsonville, amounted somewhere in the vicinity of \$40, which goes towards the church gces towards the church.

Abner McMillan of this place intends

leaving for the United States in a The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Mason died after a short sickness on Aug. 30th. The remains were interred in the Baptist burying ground at Head of Millstream. The parents have the sympathy of the entire com-

FREDERICTON, Sept. 6.—The next term of the University of New Bruns-wick begins on the first Monday in October. A large enrollment of stu-

FREDERICTON, Sept. 6.—The next term of the University of New Brunswick begins on the first Monday in October. A large enrollment of students is expected.

A very severe accident took place at St. Marys on Monday afternoon. Thos. Harris of that place was driving a team, hauling a load of wood, when the wheels of the eart went into the gutter, throwing Mr. Harris off, and the forward wheel passed over his chest. He was attended by two physicians and found to be in a critical condition, suffering from internal injuries. His recovery is hoped for.

It is understood that after all Mr. Slipp is not to be registrar of probates for this county. It appears that a great many triends of the government objected, using the argument that Mr. Slipp, although perfectly capable, was comparatively a new-comer to the party, and therefore should not take nce over those who have been precedence over those who have be by. The argument prevalled, and the field was left to C. E. Duffy and R. W.

McLellan. It is stated, however, that the former is stated for another posi-tion, and that tomorrow's Gazette will contain Mr. McLellan's appointment. To will also retain the pos

eldest daughter of F. S. Hityard, who was on Saturday last brought home from Camp Jubilee suffering with typhoid fever, remains unchanged today.

A little while before noon today a slight fire was discovered on the roof of the house on Queen street occupied by Charles Davenport. An attempt was made to ring box 44, but the down town portion of the fire alarm system. town portion of the fire alarm system was out of order owing to a break in the wire. The fire was extinguished without much difficulty. Another small ere started at 2 p. m. in the Glo luandry, which was also extinguished quite easily. Both fires started from a gale today, and had the fires gaine any headway but little could have bee done to save the down town portion

of Queen street.

Mrs. McKeown, relict of Patrick Mc-Keown of Lakeville Corner, Sunbury Co., died this morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Jewett, this ity, in the sixty-second year of her

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS IN CHARLOTTE CO.

"The best county convention I have ever known." "It has been very helpful to me as a worker." I have only missed one county convention in nine years, but this has been the climax." Such were some of the expres heard from the lips of many staid and county Sunday school convention, which closed at Moore's Mills on Tuesday night, 5th inst. These applied not to a part, but every part of all

The central subject of the first session was Parish Work. The devoti were led by Rev. T. D. McLean, Milltown. President Lavers and Secretary F. W. Murray were both in their place. The reports were both numer-ous and excellent. The field secretary told them that if a silken banner were awarded for all round parish work, Charlotte would take it; then he showed a higher point in their upward calling, to be attained in another

The devotions of the afternoon were led by Rev. E. Bell, Oak Bay. The emphasized the importance of the work, and made tender allusion to the leath of Miss Eliza McGowan, a valu-

The report of the county secretary was cheering to himself and all officers. A full, complete, new report had been received from each school in the county, and there was advance all alorg the line. Schools, 96; teachers and officers, 684; scholars, 4,989; total in main school, 5,673. In the home department, 345; in normal classes, 85. Offerings for the work were better then in previous years. The report elicited remarks from several and gratitude was expressed for its com-

The nominating committee reported and the following officers were elected: dgefield Webber, president; Harry Smith, vice-president; Rev. F. W Murray, secretary; J. K. Laflin, treasurer. Dept. supts.—Normal, G. S. Wall. Home, J. K. Laflin. Primary, Mrs. J. E. Sutherland. County vicepresidents, one in each parish-St. James, Wm. King; St. Stephen, W. S. Robinson; St. Davids and Dufferin, Peter Brown; St. Croix, E. Bartlett; St. Andrews, Miss L. Worrall; St. Patrick, Miss C. McCallum; St. George, Miss H. Lavers; Pennfield, A. C. Poole; Dumbarton, Wm. Mitchell; Lepreaux, Mrs. R. Mawhinney; West Isles, Miss Addie Calder; Grand Manan, Mrs. Sydney Bancroft. Additional executive Geo. Frost, Andrew Mc-

Kenzie, Rev. W. C. Goucher, Rev. Thos. Marshall, Alex. Murray. and Mr. Wall gave his report as normal forceful, urging the advantages of a normal class in each school. The home department superintendent was away from the county and no report was given, but this work was earn-estly advocated. W. S. Robinson took charge of the Sunday School Advo-

The field secretary led a conference on Best Methods in Sunday School Work. Many shared in it. Question box was answered by Rev. T. McLean

and the field secretary.

Very appropriately Rev. A. Lavers inducted the new president, who made a few opening remarks.

The evening session opened with devotions, led by Rev. Mr. Worden. The credential committee reported that file

votions, led by Rev. Mr. Worden. The credential committee reported that 61 delegates were registered. Resolution committee reported. A special resolution memorializes the provincial executive to start a temperance department, as in Neva Scotia. The field secretary spoke on Normals Work, Rev. T. Marshall to Discouraged Teachers, and Rev. T. D. McLean on Expected Spiritual Results. The addresses were very fitting. A short time was given to brief testimonies about the work, and after appropriate words from President Webber, this strong convention, with heart and face set toward the provincial in St. face set toward the provincial in St. Stephen, Oct. 17-119h, closed with benediction by Rev. Mr. Chowen.

ATTEMPT TO BURN A CHURCH.

Advices received this week from New York are to the effect that the bottom has dropped out of the lath business.

Children Cry for

FAREWELL SERVICE.

Tendered Rev. J. A. Gordon at the Main Street Church Tuesday Evening.

Congregation and Local Baptist Clergy Join in Expressions of Regret at His Removal from the City.

The farewell service tendered Rev. J. A. Gordon Tuesday night in the Main Street Baptist church was large-ly attended, representatives being pre-sent from all the Baptist churches of the city, and many from those of other were seated Chairman E. M. Sprague and Rev. Messrs. Dykeman, Long, Higgins, Appel, Steel, Black and Gor-don, was tastefully decorated with potted plants. Letters of regret were ead from Rev. Messrs. Morse

Our Beloved Pastor and Friend—It is with great reluctance that we gather here that evening in order to bid you farewell as our pastor, but when we consider that this step taken by you has been in accordance with the guidance of Divine Providence, we cannot but humbly submit, and in so doing we feel we cannot allow you to go out from among us without first giving expression to the high esteem in which you are held not only by those of us who have had the honor of being connected with the church of which you have been pastor during the last six years, but also we who have been members of the congregation. f the congregation.
We have recognized in you a loving pas or, a teacher of more than ordinary ability confident advisor, a true friend and

In addition to the above qualifications, you have been a man whose life has been a stimulus to each of us, not only in our religious life, but in our business relations as well. We feel thankful that you have been instrumental, in the hands of God, along with a number of our good brethren and sisters, of erecting and carrying on to completion the new edifice erected for divine worship, which we now occupy and of which we are ustly proud. We regret that it has not usen your to to remain with us and continue to carry on your good work, which as been yours to accomplish during the ast few years. However, we trust that the lessing of Almighty God may follow you if your new field of labor, and that the forts put forth there by you may be abunutly blessed in the salvation of souls for this st Kingdom.

Remember, that as you go out from among del citizen.

n addition to the above qualifications, you have a still have been a still

dantly blessed in the salvation of sours for Christ's Kingdom.

Remember, that as you go out from among us you carry with you the best wishes or one and all, both young and old, of churccongregation and community.

You will have the earnest prayers of God's people here that His richest and choicest gifts may rest upon you and yours in your new home. And do not forget that Main street Espitist church shall at any and all times be pleased to hear of your future success, and that a warm hand of Christian welcome is ever awaiting you any time it is your lot to pass this way. We feel that this address would be incomplete unless we referred to the high regard and esteem in which your beloved companior, Mrs. Gordon, is held by all of us. We look upon her as a woman among women, and one to whom we have always been pleased to point as our pastor's wife with unquestionable pride. The honest, straightforward, quiet yet energetie efforts which she has put forth, not only noticeable in making her home-life exemwe say farewell and God bl (Signed on behalf of the Sprague and A. W. Gay.)

Rev. Mr. Gordon, in replying, that by a curious coincidence the celebration of the sixth anniversary of his reception and the day of his departure came together. The condition of things so far as the church and its organization were concerned, had be awful. Maybe Mr. Blair would get ministry he had many friends; dered the reporter speechless. He now he felt that their number stared hopelessly at Mr. Paul for several minutes and then fainted. When the expressions of good will toward the expressions of good will toward the got his grip again the old man was still standing there awaiting an annot of lack of purpose, but of inability. Much of the success that had attended his efforts was due to the hearty co-operation which he had reserved cut a from the members of church and congregation. The call which had come to him was one of need and to that call he had to respond. He expressed his gratitude for the kindly reference to Mrs. Gordon, to whose helpful as-sistance much of his best work was due. In conclusion, he urged the peo-

an independent, courageous pastor and oitizen, whose work in the alliance had been such as to cause a genuine feeling of regret at his departure. It was, said Mr. Steel, indeed a source of regret that a man of Mr. Gordon's ability as a leader and minister should leave; in fact, in referring to him the time could be exhausted before the subject. When the speaker had come to the city there were three Baptist pastors who stood out pre-eminently—Dr. Carey, Dr. Gates and Mr. Gordon. The first has been taken away, the second needs no description, and the last, who is now about to leave, is known as one who has independently stood for everything that is right. Happy is the church that can summon such a man to its pastorate.

church that can summon such a man to its pastorate.

Rev. D. Long regretted the occasion because it removed from his side a brother minister, a help-mate in the work. As citizens they would feel the loss, for in all matters of moral reform Mr. Gordon was a leader.

Dr. Gates felt that the meeting was taking too gloomy a view of the situ-ation. A pastor had been given them by God, his work was done, and he was needed elsewhere, and not so far away either. He was needed in Quebec and he must go there to do his work. Prsonally the speaker regretted the departure of Mr. Gordon. They

two had worked side by side in many things, and in losing him he lost a brother, whose wise councils were ever a source of strength. In his new field may he be as successful as in the

Rev. J. C. B. Appel was not surprise that the people were sorry to part with their pastor, but as his previous charge had given him up for the com-mon good, so the Main street church ought to do likewise. In losing Mr. Gordon, the speaker knew that he would be losing a friend, whose kindly words of advice and encouragen had helped him in his work.

prayed that God might bless Rev. I. B. Smith shared the general feeling of regret. He could not fortrance to the city. Mr. Gordon was in the new sphere was somewhat un-der a cloud and it was quite a sacrifice to leave Main street Baptist church to go there. But his colleagues were men of strength among whom it was an inspiration to work. In this work may God bless them all.

Rev. A. T. Dykeman said that it was a source of pain to have such men as Mr. Gordon leave. He had been following his career for years, and he had noted the increased growth, spiritually and otherwise, of every church which Mr. Gordon had been pastor of. He hoped that in this new sphere he would be as successful as in the past.

Rev. J. A. Gordon briefly thanked
the speakers for their kindly references to himself and Mrs. Gordon. The service was brought to a clos by singing God Be With You Till We

Meet Again.

During the evening Miss McClas-key, Miss Trueman and Frank Mc-Claskey sang solos, and special music was rendered by the choir. Mr. Gordon leaves this afternoon for Montreal.

THE SAGAMORE

Throws the Reporter Into a State of Panic.

St. John Will Eat Squid and Sound the Loud Timbrel for Blair.

Mr. Paul strode into the reporter's den and demanded in a loud voice:—
"Where's the Winter Port?" The trembling reporter gland

shut the door, plugged the keyhole, closed the windows and pulled down

Mr. Paul, with a hand on his toms hawk, closely observed the reporter's actions and assumed an attitude of

"You want to fight me?" he' de-"Fight" gasped the reporter. "My dear sir, this is a peaceful town. We church by E. M. don't even fight with our mouths now.

We are afraid?" "'Fraid of what ?" queried the warrior.

changed materially during these years of his life, which he hoped had been woven into the interests of God. At the commencement of this many friends: dered the reporter speechless. He

dress. These expressions he knew to be sincere. Much might have been done in these six years of work that was not done, but this was the result had. If he got mad the town would slide out into the harbor, the harbor would slide out into the bay, and you couldn't locate the Winter Port with-

cut a diving suit." Mr. Paul grunted scornfully and gathered his brows into an ominous

"Now don't speak!" implored the reporter. "Please don't. You've no idea how things have changed. Mr. Blair is building some wharves. Mr. Blair is building an elevator. due. In conclusion, he urged the people of the church to rally round the new pastor and give to him a hearty and undivided support.

Rev. Geo. Steel said that he was present in a two-fold capacity, as a representative of the Evangelical Alliance and of his own church. The appreciation in which Mr. Gordon was held by the alliance would be seen by the minute of that body in reference to Mr. Gordon's departure, in which they placed on record their high esteem for him as an independent, courageous pastor and citizen, whose work in the alliance had been such as to cause a genuine feel-

man of the century."

Mr. Paul looked at the door and windows, and the reporter took the hint. He opened the door and the sagamore took his departure with this "Me and my Injuns,-We'll be camp-

While he goes away he leaves behind him a monument to his work, and an impress of his services. May God bless him abundantly in his new grow agin on the streets of S'n Johns."

PARISIAN'S PASSENGERS.

MONTREAL, Sept. 6.—All but a few of the Parisian's passengers sailed on the ship this morning. A few steerage passengers remained over for the next boat, accepting the offer made by the CANADIAN BRIEFS.

News Worth Reading, Told in Very Few Words.

Proposed British Empire Tournament at Montreal Next Year-Manitoba's Great Wheat Crop-The Parisian Sails,

OTTAWA, Sept. 6 .- A court of enquiry has been appointed to investinition supplied to the recent D. R. A.

director of the Farmers' Institute work for the Ontario government, will leave the service of that province in Decemher and become chief of a live stock bureau to be created by the dominion

MONTREAL, Sept. 6.—The Mberals of Bonaventure will offer J. Israel Tarte the nomination for the next dominion

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 6. A large number of lake summer cottages have been destroyed by fire. One lady lost her life and another was seriously

nual session of the High Court of In-dependent Order of Foresters of Central Ontario, begun here yesterday, the chief matter was a proposition to admit women to representation in the High Court. The resolution, after some discussion, was rejected.

OTTAWA, Sept. 6.—The official reernment steamer Minto shows her to be a fast, powerful steamer and a good

ea boat MONTREAL, Sept. 6.—John Red-mond, leader of a wing of the Irish party in the Imperial House of Commons, will address meetings here and elsewhere in Canada, next month. OTTIAWA, Sept. 6.-A new depot of Royal Canadian Infantry will be estab-

ished in Quebec.
WINNIPEG, Sept. 6.—Ninety per cent. of the wheat crop of Manitoba has been cut, and good progress has been made in threshing.

OTTAWA, Sept. 6 .- Major General Hutton is completing arrangements for a grand military tournament at Mont-real next year, in which 20,000 troops from all parts of the British empire

will take part.

QUEBEC, Sept. 6.—The Alian liner
Parisian has sailed for Liverpool, all
damages caused by her recent grounding having ocen repa KINGSTON, Ont., Sept. 6.—A British haval officer visiting here has been nummoned home by news of the death

of his father, Sir Robert Stokes. QUEBEC, Sept. 6.—A Leyland line steamer is ashore below here, with two holds full of water. The steamer Merrimac has been formally seized on a salvage action. Bends were promptly

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 6.—The dist in Beesarabia in consequence of the failure of the harvest is very great. Farmers are unable to feed their horses and are giving

J.H.MORRISON M.D.

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Address

Reply by Electe

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JRG, Sept. 6.—The distress consequence of the failure very great. Farmers are heir horses and are giving few keneks or allowing e Red Cross society is en-p the starving people, but funds is able to accomplish

RRISON M.D. CE LIMITED TO

Nose and Throat. N STREET ST. JOHN

OLLIS BROWNE'S RODYNE

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Browne's Chlorodyne REAT SPECIFIC FOR YSENTERY, CHOLERA. Genuine Chlorodyne. f this well known rem-HS, COLDS, ASTHMA, DIARRHOEA, etc., Government Stamp the ventor-

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sell St., London, W. C. ENTS TLY SECURED free copy of our interesting and "How you are aw experience in the intrical untries. Send sketch, hou-ce. MARION & MARI k Life Building, Montreal, ashington, D. C.



GREE! The Gold



CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

Opening of Annual Maritime Convention at Sackville.

Addresses of Welcome by Senator Wood- Rev. Dr. Sprague and Rev. Mr. Daley.

Reply by Rev. Anderson Rogers - Officers Elected Committees Appointed General Business.

SACKVILLE, N. B., Sept. 6.-Yesterday the I. C. R. station presented a lively appearance on the arrival of the three day express trains, when a large rumber of citizens gathered to wel-come the convention delegates. A num-ber of young men and women, adorned with white reception badges, received the strangers and piloted them to the Cape train, which was specially char-tered for the occasion. Chas. Stewart was head of the reception committee. was need of the reception committee. Arriving in town, the guests fell into the hands of the transportation committee, in charge of W. I. Goodwin, by whom they were taken to the Methodist church to register. After paying a fee of \$2.50, which goes into the general conditions. eral fund for general expenses, and receiving a card with name of entertainer, the visitors were looked after by the billeting committee, under Woodford Turner, who saw they were taken to their respective abiding places. The delegates were also furnished with handsome silk badges, N. B. red, N. S. blue, and P. E. I. white, and with neat programmes of the meetings, containing map of Sackville and views of several fine buildings. The school room, where the signing of names took place, has been beautifully decorated by a number of ladies under Mrs. (Senator) Wood. Red, white and blue bunting festooned the walls, in-terspersed with little flags and handsomely wrought texts suitable for the occasion. All the electric lights had red, white and blue shades. The platform bore the Union Jack and a profusion of ferns and cut flowers. Upwhere rearry all the meetings will be held, the choir and pulpit platforms are a mass of ferns, cut flowers and potted plants. The appearance of the building is further enriched by the red Brussels earpet lately laid in the aisles,

toward the purchase of which Chas. Fawcett has generously given \$100. The citizens are in most cases enter-taining the delegates. The fee paid on registering is used for board only when necessary, all surplus going to meet the general expenses, which are not inconsiderable. Formerly the custom was for each delegate to make a dona-tion. This method is being tried to place the convention on a firm finan-cial basis, and will be the first self-supporting convention held by this

FIRST SESSION.

as his motto during convention, "Not to be ministered unto, but to minister." The service consisted of singing hymns by choir and congregation, Bible reading and short prayers by different delegates. The nominating committee. Roland Mellish, Rev. C. Mathew, Rev. D. Morris, Rev. J. Rogers, retired to organize the convention, and the meeting adjourned to visit Mt. Allison art gallery.

The musical committee is in charge of R. Fulton. Organists are Miss F. Webb and Miss Trenholm; pianists, lisses M. Harrison, M. Hart, K. Brecken and E. Trueman. A union of all the choirs affords a fine chorus.

EVENING SESSION. At 7 o'clock a good sized and appreciative audience had assembled. Service opened with singing of hymns and prayers by Rev. Mr. Fraser, Rev. J. W. McConnell and R. Mellish. In the absence of the president, G. M. Campbell, the chair was filled first by Rev. G. Young, and latterly by Prof. Andrews. After Bible reading, Pref. Andrews briefly stated, in a short speech of welcome, that all denominational societies during convention came under the name of Christian Endeavor, as all were working for the same good object. Senator Wood then delivered an address on behalf of the citizens, which was given in Mr. Wood's own quietly impressive man-ner. While he exceeded his time considerably, not a word could have been spared. After welcoming the delegates, he said they would not find here grand scenery or the distractions of a city, but country quiet. They would see, however, our wonderful Tantramer marshes, the old historic ground of Beausejour, where two na-tions fought and bled, the excellent educational institutions of Mt. Allison. He referred to the burning of the University residence last June, and was happy to state that the new

building was progressing rapidly. He spoke of the healthy growth of the C. E. Society, the grand work it was doing. He was glad to welcome such a society to Sackville. The world had need of many such to combat the ever pervailing wickedness. He might take a gloomy view, but he had seen much evil during his political life that requirtd a remedy; he considered the late defeat of Spain owing to laxity of national morals; the same reason was causing the disgraceful scandals late defeat of Spain owing to laxity of national morals; the same reason was causing the disgraceful scandals in France. While we had much that was good in Canada, we often came near the danger point, and in the governing of our country purity and honesty were rare, that the hands of the Birkenhead side, where Messrs, public men were not upheld on these lic men were not upheld on these Laird are engaged in constructing at they should be, but while some splendid vessels. points as they should be, but while such a seciety continued as he met with tonight, evil could not wholly predominate, and he wished them God

ddresses on behalf of the churches

by Brague, who spoke with his usual elequence, welcomed the delegates as a representative of the Methodist church. He said the society

was largely composed of young people, who yet saw visions, which as they went on in life would not be realized, because their ideal was growing all the time larger and higher; he hoped and prayed they might all be ever able to keep their visions and to say, "Yet do I see the ideal," that they might ever know the old delight of doing good.

Mr. Daly, pastor of the Baptist church, which has the largest mem-bership of any in Sackville, gave also a warm welcome to the society and congratulated it on holding one of the foremost places in church societies. He said the Christian religion was particularly adapted for the young, as it was abounding in life and joy, that it brought peace and good will to mankind, safe ideals and lofty purposes. He agreed with many of Sene mankind, safe ideals and lofty purposes. He agreed with many of Senstor Wood's remarks, but thought the propect for the future bright. If we looked back a hundred years we vould see the difference, but while the world did not stand religiously where it ought, not as far ahead as the educational or commercial world, yet the cause for good was steadily winning its way, and he only regretted there were not more only regretted there were not more sccieties like the Christian Endeavor to fight for the right.

Principal Palmer, chairman of the local society, then spoke on behalf of that body. After the usual words of welcome, Mr. Palmer said the criti-cism had been made there were two many societies, but he was sure there could not be too many conventions. He wondered if all the delegates real-He wondered if all the delegates realized the responsibility resting on them, the blessing they might get for themselved at these meetings, and the blessing they might carry back to their own societies. He gave a special welcome to the brother delegate from the border, Wm. Shaw, who is on the staff of the Christian Endeavor

World, Beston.
The speeches were pleasantly varied here by a sacred song from Miss Jean here by a sacred song from Miss Jean Sprague, who possesses a fine contraito voice. A short address was then given by Rev. A Rogers, in which he spoke of the great pleasure he had derived from the previous speakers, that from the wise words we had heard we could learn to fully appreciate our own church and better esteem others. He closed with some most humorous remarks as to his bringing up in the Presbyterian church

OFFICERS FOR COMING YEAR. At this points were read names of At this points were read names of officers for the ensuing year, as follows: President, Rev. C. Munro; secretary (recording and corresponding), D. A. Morrison; treasurer, Roland Mellish; supt. junior work, Miss Lena Woodhill; vice-presidents, Mr. Archibald, John McMillan, Rev. H. Stewart, Rev. W. H. Smith, Rev. W. C. Mathews, Rev. W. W. Andrews; general superintendent, R. Mellish; credential committee, W. I. Goodwin; prayer committee, Mr. Archibald, W. Turner, Mrs. mittee, Mr. Archibald, W. Turner, Mrs.

Geddis Grant, Rev. W. C. Mathews Principal Palmer; business committee W. Turner, R. Mellish, A. Rogers. The newly appointed president made a few remarks, but spoke briefly, as the time was passing rapidly. A quartette was very sweetly rendered by four men of the choir, and made a pleasant

At 3.00 the convention opened in the Methodist church, Mr. Taylor of Charlottetown occupying the chair. He rehis motto during convention, "Not be ministered unto, but to minister." he was speaking. He was the delegate to the international convention held in Detroit, and gave a humorous description, in the most delightful of Scotch accents, of how he taught the people in Detroit geography, where they could find Nova Scotia, but that he would require the whole evening to describe all the good things he heard at the U. S. convention.

He was followed by Mr. Shaw, and it would be hard to say which had the most attentive listeners. Mr. Shaw said he had seldom been in a place where he felt more at home, that he hardly knew but what he was in Boston, and he would not say more than that. He stated that when the C. E. society was started eighteen years ago it was looked on as a short-lived fad, but it now had some three million mbers. It was a society that did much toward bringing young men into the good work. In many places church work was left entirely to women; the men might be called not brothers, but brothers-in-law, as the only connection they had with the church was through their wives; but societies like the Christian Endeavor would change this state of th'ngs soon, he hoped. He said we wanted a religion we could carry into our worldly affairs, that we must just take Christ's religlon and apply it to our home life, where too often it is forgotten, and apply it to our state life, where often it is entirely omitted. Owing to the lateness of the hour, Mr. Shaw's speech was shortened, much to everyone's re-

A collection was taken up, and after singing God Be With You Till We Meet Again, the benediction was pronounced by Dr. Sprague.

A great heartiness was observable all throughout the meeting. The music was most enjoyable, the hymns being given with fine harmony and in excel-lent time.

LIVERPOOL'S DECLINE.

(London Finance.)

While Liverpool has greatly increased in importance as a shipping port, it has for years steadily declined as a shipbuilding centre. At one time important vessels were constructed on the Lancashire side of the Mercant was also below the constructed on the Lancashire side of the Mercant was also below the constructed on the Lancashire side of the Mercant was also below the construction. sey, but there are now only three firms engaged in this branch, and the

ELLSWORTH, Me., Sept. 6.—Richmond I. Wooster of South Hancock committed suicide today by taking paris green. He was a telired sea captain and Grand Banks fisherman. Mr. Wooster had filled many important town offices, having been deputy collector of customs and inspector at Mt. Desert

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

THE DREYFUS TRIAL

The Prisoner at the Mercy of Germany's Emperor.

If He Allows Col. Schwartzkappan to to Speak, Dreyfus May be Cleared.

Anti-Dreyfusards Extremely Exasperated at Labori's Trick-Rumor That the Celebrated Counsel for the Prisoner Will Retire from the Case.

RENNES, Sept. 5 .- Maitre Labori this afternoon telegraphed persona appeals to Emperor William and King Humbert to grant permission to Col. Schwartzkoppen and Col. Panizzardi, German military attache in Paris in 1894, to come to Rennes to testify in the trial of Capt. Dreyfus. This is the news of the day and the chief topic of conversation in the cafes and resorts of the journalists this evening.

The appeals were couched in eloquent terms, invoking the assistance of their majesties in the name of justice and humanity. They are quite supplementary to the formel and its

supplementary to the formal applica-tion that will be made by the govern tion that will be made by the government commissary, Major Carrier.

The demand of M. Labori that the court martial should issue process subject to the approval of the two sovereigns, came like a thunderbolt at today's session. The step is fraught with momentous consequences, as it affords Emperor William an opportunity again to assume his favorite role of arbiter of the destinies of the world. No one will be surprised if Colonel Schwartzkopper, in the name of the Kaiser, makes a declaration that will practically decide the result of the trial.

Both Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi must consult their respective sivereigns before starting, but the counsel for Capt. Dreyfus fully expect them to arrive here, if they come at all, in time to give their testimony on all, in time to give their testimony on Thursday, in which case the trial would probably conclude this week and the verdict be delivered on Friday or Saturday. This is the view that obtains this evening, differing somewhat from the feeling earlier in the day.

Col. Jouanst told M. Damange at the close of the session that if he received official notification that Colonels Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi were

one that is significant of the relations between the two eminent advocates who are conducting the defence, is the fact that M. Labori communicated

most important incident of the entire trial. Their depositions would be a formal emphatic declaration that they never had any relations with the accident of the accused and to a thrilling scene between Maitre Labori and Col. Journeyer had any relations with the accident depundation of Col. True et al. 1981. cused, and they would make such statements that the court must order an acquittal. Those who are in the confidence of the counsel entrusted with the defence, express a firm convictim that Dreyfus will now be acquitted.

Nevertheless, as one of the most prominent generals, with whom the correspondent of the Associated Press conversed today, declared himself "quite pleased with the progress of the trial thus far," and confident of a conclusion "eminently satisfactory to

It is reported this evening that the minister of war, Gen. Gallifet, has sent orders to the generals and other military witnesses to leave Rennes and return to their respective posts within two hours after the conclusion of the depositions and not to be present dur-ing the pleadings. They will thus be absent when the

verdict is delivered. Gen. Mercier being on the retired list, is not affected by this order, but Generals Roget, Gonz, De Boisdeffre must go. Their orders are intended not only to avert the demonstration in

favor of the generals, accompanied probably by serious disorders, but also to prevent the moral effect of their presence in the court room when the judges are deliberating as to their verdict, and perhaps to prevent some-thing even worse than moral influ-

The court room was crowded today and numerous applicants were refused admission. Public interest is height-ened immensely as the trial draws to ened immensely as the trial draws to a close. It is astonishing what a large proportion of ladies form the audience, their smart edstumes and gay colors enlivening the appearance of the cham-ber. Indeed, the journalists, who themselves have to encounter serious obstacles in order to gain admission,

obstacles in order to gain admission, often find their places invaded by women, who apparently pass all barriers with very little difficulty.

RENNES, Sept. 6.—The salvation of Captain Dreyfus hangs on a word from Emperor William. This is the general opinion here tonight. If the Kaiser consents to allow Col. Schwartzkoppen, the German military attache in Paris in 1894, to testify before the court-martial, or to send a deposition, or, what is considered still more probable, to allow his deposition to be accompanied by the actual documents mentioned in the bordereau, then Dreyfus is saved. If the Emperor, however, decides that it is not in the interests of Germany for Col. Schwartzkoppen to intervene, then Dreyfus' case is hopeless and his condemnation certain.

To all intents and purposes Emperor William stands today the arbiter of the internal peace of France, for everyone anticipates that King Humbert will follow the lead. This is probably the explanation of the delay. Emperor William has gone to Wurtemburg from Alsace Lorraine and King Humbert is at Turin. Communication between the two monarchs is therefore somewhat complicated; and, as they will undoubtedly agree upon identical measures in replying to M. Labori's appeal, it is possible that several days will elapse before their decision is known. The general opinion held here is that Emperor William and King Humbert will allow Col. Schwartskoppen and Col. Panizzardi to be examined by a rogatory commission, and their depositions to be search to be examined. rogatory commission, and their deposi-tions to be sent to Rennes, with sup-plementary evidence from the originals of Esterhazy's treasonable communica-

exasperated at what 'hey characterize as M. Labori's "trick." He had long been seeking an excuse to invoke the intervention of the German and Italian sovereigns, and selzed the appearance of Gernuschi as his opportunity, de-clearing that the admission of the evi-

M. Labori insisted that the appear M. Labori insisted that the appearance of Cernuschi on the witness stand wars quite without precedent; but the anti-Dreyfusards point out, and with a certain amount of reason, that the counsel for the defence was really the first to introduce foreign testimony, as they summoned the English journalist, Rowland Strong, on the question of Esterhazy's confession to having written the bordereau. Anyway, it can cafely, be asserted that the admission of Cernuschi as a witness for the prosecution came as a veritable Godsend to the defence, giving them almost at the last moment a more or less legiti-mate basis for Maitre Labor!'s application to summon the German and Italian attaches.

The anti-Dreyfusards assert that the members of the court martial will ignore the affirmations of Cols. Schwartzkoppen and Panizzard, because they recognize that the jestimony of these officers will be given by order, with a view to save their own spy; but, in less prejudiced circles it is believed that the court cannot disregard the solemn declarations of the two attaches without giving rise to a still graver situation in an international

Todays public proceedings were marked by three important episodes. The first was General Zurlinden's adofficial notification that Colonels Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi were coming to depose, he would be prepared to adjourn the trial pending their arrival. An adjournment of 48 hours would probably give them time to get here.

A remarkable circumstance, and one that is significant of the relations between the two eminent advocates psh admitted his relations with Esterhazy and that Schwartkkoppen, in cited denunciation of Col. Jouaust's treatment of him, a denunciation tantemount to an accusation of open par-

Gen. Zurlinden's admission that Col. Picquart could not have perpetrated the erasure in the petit bleu was a startling incident. Because although he declared that the matter formed only a small point in the prosecution of Picquart and that, so far as he was concerned, the proceedings were only irstituted in order not to allow a irstituted in order not to allow a French officer to lie beneath the blow of the charge brought against him by Major Lauth, yet the fact that Col. Picquart languished ten months in prison under these unproved accusations cannot be regarded otherwise that a blot upon the reputation of the Zurlinden and still more on the Gen. Zurlinden and still more on the

general staff.
Then the statement of M. Paleologue that Col. Schwartzkoppen had admitted that it was almost certain that the petit blue was sent by him or caused by him to be sent to Esterhazy caused by him to be sent to Esterhazy caused a sensation, as being the first official testimony to the treason of Esterhazy. And it was certainly a strong point in favor of Dreyfus, the importance of which was immediately seen by the prosecution and shown subsequently in Gen. Willot's broad insinuation of complicity between Dreyfus and Esterhazy.

From a spectacular view point, however, the great event of the sitting was the battle royal between Maltre Labori and Col. Jouaust over certain questions which the advocate wished to put to Gen. Billot Maitre Labori jost control of himself under the influence of his deep feeling of indignation and his belief that Col. Jouaust was deliberately garging him in the interest of the military clique. His voice, which at first resounded through the court room, became choked with emotion. The spectators held their breath as he retorted defiantly to Col. Jouaust's refusal to put the questions, his words drowning Jouaust's voice in an irresistible torrent, whose force was heightened by his passionate gestures.

spite the plausibility of the explanation given by Dreyfus.

It is understood that as a result of this morning's scene between Col. Jouaust, president of the Dreyfus court martial, and M. Labort, leading counsel for the defence, the latter wishes to retire from the case. He is convinced that the judges are utterly hostile to him, and it is said that he has conceived the idea of a dramatic withdrawal at the opening of tomorrow's session. A meeting of Mr. Labort's friends will be held at his house this afternoon to decide whether such a step is advisable. M. Labort's withdrawal from the case would be tantamount to a public declaration of his feelings that the judges have

bori's withdrawal from the case would be tantamount to a public declaration of his feelings that the judges have shown a bias against Dreyfus and his counsel. The opinion of the Dreyfu-sards this afternoon appears to be op-posed to the contemplated step, which they think the anti-Dreyfusards would represent as an admission of the weakness of Captain Dreyfus' case.

The correspondent of the Associated Press called at the house of M. La-bori, where the advocate's secretary said that he was able to give a post tive denial to the story that M. La-bort would leave his post now that the trial was drawing to a close.

trial was drawing to a close.

With reference to Col. Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi, the secretary said that no message whatever had been received up to the present time (6 o'clock p. m.) He thought it ouite possible the two men would not come in person, but would send depositions, in which case the trial would doubtless end on Monday or Tuesday next week. The various generals and the military witnesses who have been in attendance upon the court-martial are preparing to leave Rennes, in consequence of the order telegraphed here quence of the order telegraphed her yesterday by the minister of war.

Gen. Roget will take his departure tomorrow, which is an indication that the closing speeches of counsel are expected to begin on Friday. ROME, Sept 6.—King Humbert being at present in Turin with the premier, Gen. Pelleux, and the other members of the cabinet, the decision relative to the Panizzardi deposition in the Drey-fus trial will be taken there after, as it is understood, an arrangement has been made with Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—The Lokal Anzeiger publishes an interview with Col. Schwartzkoppen, which is believed to define Germany's policy towards the Dreyfus affair. When asked whether he would go to Rennes to depose, Col. Schwartzkoppen curtly replied: "No, I do not think the Emperor will permit me to make a statement. Have we not already adopted a line of conduct in the matter? We have done so twice. First, our ambassador to France de-clared that he had had nothing to do with the affair. Then Count Von Buelow (German minister of foreign affairs) confirmed that statement plainly and distinctly in the reichstag "What was the result? One stuck to one's opinion. What good can be done by a further assurance that would have no other result?" At noon today Col. Schwartzkoppen

John, New Brunswick, is the oldest tion, 'He sang the Song of the Flower-minister in the Presbyterian church of ing Girls." the lower provinces, being now in his 84th year. He has been for many years 84th year. He has been for many years retired from active service, and enjoys a green old age, honored and loved, and amid his books and literary occupations calmly awaits "the silent opener of the gate." When in the prime of life he was regarded as one of the ablest and most eloquent and original preachers of his church. His church in St. John was the great centre of attraction in those days, especially when he took up, as he often did, the discussion of any special subject. Crowded

Had a Wide Circulation. His fine presence and elocutionary power made him also an attractive lecturer and platform speaker. His voice was at once musical and powerful. Amid his manifold duties he found time to contribute frequently to the periodi-cal literature of the day. His attainments were large and varied in the field of literature and philosophy. Dr. Bennet belonged to the Socteh-Irish race—one that has done a good stroke in the world's work and turned out many a gallant soldier, such as the brothers Lawrence, Lord Wolseley, Lord Roberts and Charles Barres. brothers Lawrence, Lord Wolseley, Lord Roberts and Lord Charles Beresford, a winner of the Victoria Cruss, and the Nelson of today; also many a statesman and many a famous orator and preacher. On this side the Atlantic the Scotch-Irish had a large share ir achieving American independence, and in course of time gave four presidents to the United States. Dr. Bennet graduated in the

Royal College at Belfast, obstacles in order to gain admission, often find their places invaded by women, who apparently pass all barriers with very little difficulty.

REDNINES, Sept. 6—The salvation of Captain Dreytus hangs on a word from Emperor William. This is the general opinion here tonight. If the Kaiser consents to allow Col. Schwartzkoppen, the German military attache in Paris in 1894, to testify before the court-martial, or to send a, deposition, or, what is considered still more probable, to allow his deposition to be accompanied by the actual documents mentioned in the bordereau, then Dreytus is saved. If the Emperor, however, decides that it is not in the interests of Germany for Col. Schwartzkoppen to intervene, then Dreytus' case is hopeless and his incompanied by the actual documents mentioned in the bordereau, then Dreytus is saved. If the Emperor, however, decides that it is not in the interests of Germany for Col. Schwartzkoppen to intervene, then Dreytus' case is hopeless and his condemnation certain.

Tonight the eyes of France are looking across the frontier to Stuttgart, where the Kaiser is staying, and anxiously awaiting his decision. He is a strange contrast to hear him a few minutes later, when he had apparently mastered his feelings deliver an armyrentative reply to Major Gallopin's evidence left a deal of the Emperor house in the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided with the condition of the special of the provided where he and the Rev. Dr. Harvey of

in the position of the spectators of a content Rome, with Dreyfus lying at the feet of his antagonist and watching whether the Emperor points his thumb up or Jown. At a late hour this evening he had given no sign either way, in a calm, moderate the flowering of muslin and afterwards the flowering of muslin and afterwards the flowering of fine laces by the nimble fingers of Irish girls all over the green isle. Wages were trebled and the ease and pleasantness of the occupation made them speedily forget the hum of the aid of a dozen incand the wheel, with all its domestic and strung agrees the street.

SHERIEF'S SALE

There will be sold at Public SATURDAY, the SIXTEENTH day of SEP-TEMBER next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'cleck in the afternoon, at Chubb's TEMBER next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clock in the afternoon, at Chubb's Corner so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of Hiram B. White, in and to all that certain lot of Isna situate, lying and being in the said Oity, described as follows:

"All that certain piece at d parcel of land in Kings Ward, in the said City as follows, that is to say, Beginning at the point of interesction of Garden Street with the northern line af Hazen Street, thence running northerly on Garden Street sixteen feet to an angle on same street, thence northeasterly on Garden Street forty feet, thence at right angles westerly ninety feet, thence at right angles southerly fifty feet to Hazen Street, thence casterly on Hazen Street, thence casterly on Hazen Street seventy feet to the place of beginning, being the lot deede from Elizabeth Chipman and Robert F. Hazen to Whitam L. Dated at the said City of Saint John this Ninth day of June, A. D. 1899. H. LAWRANCE STURDER, Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John.

love-making memories. Dr. Bennet witnessed the transition, and it was then he penned his popular Song of the Flowering Girls, which used to be sung fifty years ago through the cottages of Ulater when any convention of the "Flowering Girls" was held. This little poetical gem has often been reprinted, but will bear repetition, for it is werth preserving.

SONG OF THE FLOWERING GIRL.

Three pretty peasant girls, On a knoll in a flowery glade, Stitching the pencilled web, Sang the song of their trade.

Quickly the needly ply, Nimbly draw the thread, Raise the flower high On the soft muslin bed. Mother talks of the wheel
And its deep humming so
And the laugh of the merry
The cottage walls around.

Sat by each spinner's side, By the bright fire and clean hearth, When came the eventide.

And lo! it was merry, my sister.
In the days of the spinning was But pleasanter far it is for us,
Who ply the thread and steel.

Ply the needle quickly, A revenue is ours; Our imposts are on ladies' neeks, Our taxes are on flowers. Then each fair flower plant On the soft robe's sides. To adorn the forms of beauty, Sweet bables and sweet brid

And when the gloamin' comes,
And Cupid comes to toy,
By his glowing torch a robe we'll stitch
To clothe the wandering boy.

Probably This Little Poem will survive all Dr. Bennet's sermons and lectures and float farther down the who are conducting the defence, is the fact that M. Labori communicated with the German Emperor and the King of Italy on his own initiative, without consulting or advising with M. Demange.

The appearance of Colonels Schurtzkoppen and Panizzardi would be wartzkoppen and Panizzardi would be the most sensational, as well as the most sensational and that Schwartzkoppen, in the communication from Rennes, Paris or German fine had not received any communication from Rennes, Paris or German sources.

At noon today Col. Schwartzkoppen said he had not received any communication from Rennes, Paris or German sources.

THE FLOWERING GIRLS.

The appearance of Colonels Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi would be third was General Billot's insimuation from Rennes, Paris or German sources.

THE FLOWERING GIRLS.

Song by Rev. Jas. Bennet D. D.—All the Rage in Ulster Forty Years Ago. (Rev. Dr. Moses Harvey in St. Johns, Nfid., Evening Herald.)

The Rev. James Bennet, D. D., of St.

Hood's monument are inscribed the words, "He sang the Song of the Shirt."

In a corner of the doctor's tombstone room might be found for the inscrip-

ST. JOHN MEN

Who Hold Big Stock in the Bear Gulch

Captain E. C. Elkin has returned from a trip to Montana, whither he went five weeks ago to attend to the reorganization of the local managehe took up, as he often did, the discussion of any special subject. Crowded audiences then hung on the lips of the preacher. Under the title of The Wisdom of the King he published one series of these evening discourses on the Book of Ecclesiastes—a brilliant volume which ment of the Bear Gulch gold mine. The Bear Gulch, like the Gold King, of great promise. It includes a thirteen foot seam of ore, worth eight to ten dollars per ton, which is crushed at the mill on the ground. The concentrates are treated at Butte City or Helena On the ground are treated at Butte City or trates are treated at Butte City or Helena. On the same property there is a placer "proposition." This is the bed of an ancient creek, now buried under 150 feet of gravel and boulders. It is worked by underground hydraulic equipment and gives good results. It is said on the street that among the St. John people interested in the Bear Gulch mine are James Manchester, Joseph Allison, Malcolm Mackay, Wetmore Merritt, Alex. Jardine, Captain R. C. Elkin and the Taylor Brothers.

PRESENTATION AT SHEDIAC.

A Shediac correspondent writes under date of Sept. 6th: "Last evening the members of the Methodist church choir here met at the residence of W. B. Deacon and presented Miss L. Deacon, who for a number of years has been the leader of the choir here, and who has accepted the position of leading soprano in the Moncton Central Methodist church choir, with a very handsome hymn-book. The presentation was made by B. Hanben, and a suitable reply was made by Miss Deacon. Miss Deacon will still reside here, yet as an instructor and assistant of the choir she will be greatly missed. A Shediac correspondent writes un

PILES FOR 15 YEARS.

Mr. Jas. Bowles, Councillor, Embro, Ont., writes:—"For over 15 years I suffered the misery of bleeding, pro-truding piles. The many remedies I tried all failed. I was advised to use Dr. Chase's Ointment, and must say that the first application gave relief, after the third day the bleeding stopped and two boxes cured me completely."

At a meeting of the council of the St.
John Law Society yesterday afternoon,
D. Mullia, Q. C., was elected a member,
to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of G. G. Ruel to Ottawa.

The work on the tracks crossing Mill street in connection with the new elevator was continued last night, by the aid of a dozen incandescent lights.

A SERVICE OF SONG.

An Interesting and Instructive Sermon on Music in Religion.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Declares That the Best Music Has Been Rendered Under Trouble-God Meant All to Sing -The Proper Music For a Church.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Dr. Talmage to-day preached from Nehemiah vii, 67, "And they had two hundred and euch a soprano? Which of those solos

The captives in the text had music left in them, and I declare that if they could find, amid all their trials, two hundred and forty and five singing men and singing women then in this day of gospel sunlight and free from all persecution there ought to be a great multitude of men and women willing to sing the presect Cod. willing to sing the praises of God. All our churches need arousal on this subject. Those who can sing must throw their souls into the exercise, and those who cannot sing must learn how, and it shall be heart to heart, voice to voice, hymn to hymn, anthem to enthem, and the music shall swell jubilant with thanksgiving and tremul-

ous with pardon.

Music seems to have been born in Music seems to have been born in the soul of the natural world. The omnipotent voice with which God commanded the world into being seems to linger yet with its majesty and sweetness, and you hear it in the grainfield, in the swoop of the wind grainfield, in the swoop of the wind amid the mountain fastness, in the canary's wirble and the thunder shock, in the brook's tinkle and the cean's paean. There are soft cade-ences in nature and loud notes, some of which we cannot hear at all and others that are so terrific that we cannot ap-

The Bible, like a great harp with in-The Bible, like a great harp with in-numerable strings, swept by the fing-ers of inspiration, trembles with it. So far back as the fourth chapter of Genesis you find the first organist and harper—Jubal. So far back as the thirty-first chapter of Genesis you will thirty-first chapter of Genesis you will find the first choir. All up and down the Bible you find sacred music—at weddings, at inaugurations, at the treading of the wine press. The Hebrews understood how to make Hebrews understood now to make the musical text. While we all ought to take part in this service, with perhaps a few exceptions, we ought at the same time to cultivate forusalem. They brought harp and Jerusalem, they brought harp and timbrel and trumpet and poured along the great Judean highways a river of harmony until in and around the temple the wealth of a nation's song this socred and I declare these those and gladness had accumulated. In our day we have a division of labor in music, and we have one man to make tune, another man to sing it. Not so in Bible times. Miriam, the sister of Moses, after the passage of the Red Sea, composed a doxology, set it to music, chapped it on a cymbal and at the same time sang it. Oavid, the palmist, was at the same time poet,

musical composer, harpist and singer, and the majority of his rhythm goes vibrating through all the ages.

I am glad to know that all through the ages there has been great atten-tion paid to sacred music. Ambrosius, ine, Gregory the Great, Char Augustine, Gregory the Great, Char-lemagne, gave it their mighty influ-ence, and in our day the best musical genius is throwing itself on the altars of God. Handel and Mozart and Bach nd Durante, and Wolf, and scores music. A truth in words is not half so mighty as a truth in song. Luther's sermons have been forgotten, but the "Judgment Hymn" he composed is resounding yet all through Christendom. APPROPRIATE CHURCH MUSIC.

I congratulate the world and the church on the advancement made in his art—the Edinburgh societies for the improvement of music, the Swiss singing societies, the Exeter Hall concerts, the triennial music convocation at Dusseldorf, Germany, and Birming-ham, England, the controversies of music at Munich and Leipsic, the Handel and Haydn and Harmonic and Mozart secieties of this country, the ecademies of music in New York,

as any enterprise. Now, friends, how are we to decide what is appropriate, especially for church music? There may be a great many differences of opinion. In some of the churches they prefer the melodeon, the harp, the cornet, the organ; in other places they think these things are the invention of the devil. Some would have a musical instrument playwould have a musical instrument play-ed so loud you cannot stand it, and others would have it played so soft you cannot hear it. Some think a musical instrument ought to be played only in the interstices of worship, and then with indescribable softness, while others are not satisfied unless there be startling contrasts and staccato passages that make the audience jump passages that make the audience jump with great eyes and hair on end, as from a vision of the witch of Endor. But, while there may be great varieties of opinion in regard to music, it seems to me that the general spirit of the word of God indicates what ought to be the great characteristic of church

The best music has been rendered under trouble. The first duet that I know anything of was given by Paul and Silas when they sang praises to God and the prisoners heard them. The Scotch Covenanters, hounded by the dogs of persecution, sang the psalms of David with more spirit than they have ever since been rendered.

The captives in the termination of the service of the prisoner of the service of God while they were singing that first hymn! I never had such rapturous views of Jesus Christ as my faviour as when they were singing that last doxology."

MUSIC AS A MUSIC

and music as a help to devotion.
Though a Schumann composed it,
though a Mozart played it, though a
Sontag sang it, away with it if it does
not make the heart better and honor Christ. Why should we rob the prohave so many appropriate songs and tunes composed in our own day, as well as that magnificent inheritance of church psalmody which has come down fragrant with the devotions of other fathers climbed up on them from the fathers climbed up on them from the church pew to Glory? Dear old souls, how they used to sing! When they were cheerful, our grandfathers and grandmothers used to sing "Colchester," When they were meditative, then the boarded meeting house rang with "South Street" and "St. Edmund's." Were they struck through with great traderness they same "Woodstock" tenderness, they sang "Woodstock."
Were they wrapped in visions of the glery of the church, they sang "Zion."
Were they overborne with the love and glory of Christ, they sang "Ariel." And in those days there were certain tunes married to certain hymns, and they have lived in peace a great while, these two old people, and we have no right to divorce them. "What God hath joined together let no man put asunder." Born as we have been, amid this great wealth of church music, augmented by the compositions of artists in our day, we ought not to be tempted cut of the sphere of Christian harmony and try to seek unconsecrated sounds. It is absurd for a millionaire to steal.

I remark also that correctness ought to be a characteristic of church music. While we all ought to take part in this many opportunities of high culture in this sacred art, I declare that those parents are guilty of neglect who let their sons and daughters grow up knowing nothing about music. In some of the European cathedrals the choir assembles every morning and every afternoon of every day the whole year to perfect themselves in this art, and shall we begrudge the half hour we spend Friday nights in the rehearsal

of sacred song for the Sabbath? NO DULL MUSIC WANTED. Another characteristic must be spirit and life. Music ought to rush from the audience like the water from a rockclear, bright, sparkling. If all the other part of the church service is dull, do not have the music dull. With so meny thrilling things to sing about, away with all drawling and stupidity. There is nothing that makes me so rervous as to sit in a pulpit and look off on an audience with their eyes three-fourths closed, and their lips althree-fourths closed, and their lips almost shut, mumbling the praises of God. During one of my journeys I preached to an audience of 2,000 or 3,000 people, and all the music they made together did not equal one skylark! People do not sleep at a coronation; do not let us sleep when we come

In order to a proper discharge of this duty, let us stand up, save as age or weakness or fatigue excuses us. Seated in an easy pew we cannot do this duty half so well as when upright we throw our whole body into it. Let our song be like an acclamation of victory. You have a right to sing-do not surrender your prerogative. If in the performance of your duty, or the attempt at it, you should lose your place in the musical scale and be one C below when you ought to be one C above, or you should come in half a bar behind, we will excuse you! Still, it is better to do as Paul says and sing with the spirit and the understanding with the spirit and the understanding

Again, I remark, church music mus Again, I remark, church music must be congregational. This opportunity must be brought down within the range of the whole audience. A song that the worshippers cannot sing is of no more use to them than a sermon in Choctaw. What an easy kind of church it must be where the minister does all the preaching and the elders all the praying and the choir all the singing! There are but very few churches where there are "two hundred that the singing of the singing o churches where there are "two hundred and forty and five singing men and singing women." In some churches it is almost considered a disturbance if a man let out his voice to full compass, and the people get on tiptoe and wonder what that man is making all that noise about.

NATIONAL AIRS OF HEAVEN. mi sic.

And I remark, in the first place, a prominent characteristic ought to be adaptiveness to devotion. Music that may be appropriate for a concert hall, or the opera house, or the drawing room, may be inappropriate in church. Glees, madrigals, ballads, may be as innocent as psalms in their places. But church music has only one design, and that is devotion, and that which comes with the toss, the swing and the display of an opera house is a hindrance to the worship. From such perform-

Now, I tell you that these songs we sing Sabbath by Sarbath are the national airs of the kingdom of heaven, and if you do not learn to sing them. and if you do not learn to sing them here how do you expect to sing the song of Mosco and the Lamb? I should not be surprised at all if some of the best anthems of heaven were made up of some of the best song of earth May God increase our reverence for Christian psalmody and keep us from disgracing it by our indifference and trivolity.

Will be Delivered Monday.

Men and women of Jesus Christ, let us go into all our conflicts singing the praises of God, and then, instead of falling back, as we often do, from de-feat to defeat, we will be marching feat to defeat, we will be marching on from victory to victory. "Gloria in Excelsis" is written over many organs. Would that by our application of the goodness of God, and the mercy of Christ, and the grandeur of heaven, we could have "Gloria In Excelsis" written over all our soulis. "Glory be to the Father, and to the Son and to the Holy Chost as it was Son, and to the Holy Ghost, as it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. Amen!"

MARRIAGES.

Long, Miss Mamie Secord to E. P. Clin of Boston.

COOK-BREWER—At St. Mary's church, on Sept. 7th, by the Rev. W. O. Raymond, rector, Samuel Cook of the city of Monireal to Lucy Brewer of Fredericton.

INNES-NELSON—At St. John, N. B., on Aug. 30th, by the Rev. F. Flewelling, James Innes of Charlottetown, P. E. I., to Barbara E. Nelson or St. John, N. B., KING-GODSOE—On Sept. 7th, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. John Reid, Harry King of Chipman, Queens Co., to Laura K., voungest daughter of T. Amos Godsoe of this city.

SLIPP-LOGAN—At the residence of the bride's mother, Waterloo Row, Fredericton, N. B., en Tueslay, Sept. 5th, by the Rev. George M. Campbell, Arthur Reid Slipp, harriater, to Elizabeth, Florence, second daughtar of the late Thomas Logan.

DEATHS.

months.
RIPPY—In St. John west, on Sept. 6, after a lingering illness, James N. Rippy, in the 25th year of his age. (Boston papers please

The St. John woodboat Goldinder is now at Yarmouth, from Rockland, Maine, to load machinery from the woollen mill to be taken to Beaver Harbor.

Divers are still at work on the wreck of British str. Portia, off Sambro Island. They are mainly endeavoring to bring up fron, of which a considerable quantity has already been recovered, dynamite being used to break up the vessel.

The floating of tank steamer Maverick, which took fire and sank at Halifax several months ago, is proving a tougher profiosition than at first supposed. Although divers have been weeking steadily for nearly, a month, the vessel has not yet been made sufficiently tight to admit of heing pumped out.



THE DREYFUS TRIAL.

Thursday's Session the Be-

Both Sides Are Equally Confident That the Court Will Decide in Accordance Wit Their Views-Col. Jouanst's Latest Move Considered as Evidence That the Cour Has Reached a Conclusion.

RENNES, Sept. 7.-Today came the RENNES, Sept. 7.—Today came the beginning of the end of the Dreyfus trial. With the speech of the government commissary, Major Carriere, the case entered upon the final stage of pleadings, and the verdict will be delivered on Monday at the latest. There is even talk tonight of the trial endis even talk tonight of the trial endirg to norrow, by holding an extra afternocon session for Maitre Labori's
speech and the deliberation of the
judges. This, however, is considered
unlikely, as the government is anxious
to have the judgment withheld over
Sunday in order to avert demonstrations which would probably develop
into bloodshed, on a day when the
prockmen are free

The government is not only fearful regarding Rennes, but is particularly concerned regarding Paris and other heated and where the verdict, whichever way it is given, is practically certain to give rise to some trouble.

It is understood that the government has intimated its desire to the president of the court-martial, Col. Jouaust, and there is no reason to believe that he will not fall in with its

col. Jouaust this morning took the most important decision yet taken, and took it entirely upon his own responsibility, although he is undoubtedly only the mouthplece of the whole body of judges. His decision to exclude the testimony of Col. Schwartz-koppen and Major Panizzardi was most significant, as it meant that the court had already reached a conclusion. court had already reached a conclusion and that pleadings of counsel were merely a waste of time and might be dispensed with, if they were not

a necessary part of legal procedure.

The count has made up its mind, but which way? This is the vital point and this forms the sole topic of discussion tonight. Both sides are equally confident that the court will decide in accordance with their view. The Dreyfusards declare that the judges cannot condemn Captain Drey-

they would be morally bound to save their agent at any cost.

A sample of this reasoning was given by an anti-Dreyfusard journalist, who, when praising Col. Jouaust's decision, exclaimed:

"What weight could be attached to the testimony of Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi? The receiver of stolen goods must shield the thief as much

From the popular point of view the scene in court when Col. Jouaust de-livers the judgment will be divested of its most sensation feature owing to the absence of the central figure. Captain Dreyfus will be taken to an adjacent room when the judges retire to consider their verdict. A moment before they are to re-enter, a bell will be rung, and as they take their places behind the long table on the stage, the infantry guard will present arms and remain so while Col. Jou nust, standing in the centre of the platform, reads the verdict, Captain Dreyfus will not be brought

back to the court room and will not be present at the public meeting of the judges; but, when the court room has been cleared by the gendarmes, which will be done as soon as Col.
Jouaust concludes the reading, the clerk of the court, M. Coupois, will pro-ceed to the room where Dreyfus will be waiting, and read to him the verdict, in the presensce of a couple of

endarmes.

The public will thus be robbed of the spectacle of his emotions, which are bound to be profound, whether the decree sends him to the arms of his family or back to the penal settle-

The verdict may be a condemnation, an unequivecal acquittal, or a form of acquittal that would be proven." The last will be the case if the judges should pronounce against him by a vote of four to three. That is, he would be freed even though the judges in his favor should be in the minority. But this naturally would eminently unsatisfactory, as he old carry the stigma for the rest

Captain Dreyfus thus has five chances against the prosecutions three. Unanimity, six to one, five to two, four to three or three to four will set him at liberty; while unanimity, six to one, and five to two will

mity, six to one, and five to two will convict him anew.

If convicted the judgment will be carried to the military court of appeal, which will be a formal matter. The appeal court will only quash the judgment and order a re-trial, if it should establish that the present court-martial has erred in a matter of procedure. This is in the highest degree improbable.

The court of cassation will also have the right to order a re-trial if it should decide that the court-martial has deviated from its instructions. This is the only loophole for Dreyfus and his friends will undoubtedly fight this point tooth and nail. Extraordinary measures have been

taken to spirit Dreyfus away, whether acquitted or re-condemned. His departure from Rennes will be enveloped in the same mystery and secrecy

THE BEST MINING PAPER IN THE WORLD.

THE ENGINEERING JOURNAL MINING JOURNAL

RICHARD P. BOTHWELL, E. M. E., E. ROSSITER W. RAYMOND, Ph. D., M. E., Special Contributor. Subscription Prices, \$5 a Year, \$2.50 for 6 Months; Foreign Countries in the Postal Union, \$7 a Year.

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that he did everything by order of Col. Sandherr and his superior offi-ocrs. He says he will reveal all after go to the United States to lecture. He declares he will not return to France. because it will mean immediate im-

SHIP NEWS.

Canary, 97, Wasson, from Providence, Adams, bal.

Sch Canary, 37, Wasson, from Providence, A W Adams, bal.

Sch Swanhilda, 119, Crosscup, from New York, J W Smith. coal.

Sch Pandora, 98, Holder, from Rockland, A W Adams, bal.

Sch Georgia E, 38, Barton, from Stonington, J W McAlary Co, bal.

Sch Adelene, 182, McLennan, from Boston, R O Elkin, wire.

Coastwise-Schs Unior, 97, Shields, from River Hebert i Joggins); Lida Gretta, 67, Ells, from Quaco; Juno, 91, Longmire, from do; L'Edna, 67, Sabean, from River Hebert; Vasta Pearl, 40, Perry, from fishing; Harry Morris, 98, McLean, from Quaco; Friendship, 65, Alexander, from Point Wolfe; Athol, 91, Morris, from Advocate Harbor; str Percy Cann, 56, Crosby, from Campobello; schs Eliza Bell, 30, Wadlin, from Beaver Harbor; Ripple, 16, Mitchell, from Hampton: Magdaiene, 18, Uronk, from North Head; Selina, 59, Matthews, from Apple River; Chaparal, 30, Mills, from Harvey; Alba, 92, Philips, from Apple River; Etta, 23, Cheney, from Grand Harbor; Shie N, 38, Merriam, from Port Greville; str Centerville, 23, Graham, from Apple River; Stale, N, 38, Merriam, from Port Greville; str Centerville, 23, Graham, from Mandy Cove; sch Olio, 92, Glaspy, from Quaco.

Sept 6-Str St Croix, 1,064, Pike, from Boston, C E Lacchler, mase and pass.

Sch James Barber, 30, Sprague, from Camden, Elkin & Hatfield, bal.

Sch Hattie Muriel, 34, Wasson, from Stonington, A W Adams, bal.

Sch Sallie E Ludlam, 199, Kelson, from

The Dreyfusards declare that the judges cannot condemn Captain Dreyfus after rejecting the decisive evidence which Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi would have given in his favor. The anti-Dreyfusards, on the other hand, explain today's rulings on the ground that the judges recognize that the evidence of the two military that the evidence of the two military that the results have the same than the property of the providence of the two military that the same than the providence of the two military that the same than the providence of the two military that the same than the providence evidence of the two military than the providence and the providence of the two military than the providence evidence ev

Sch Avon. 182, McKiel, from Boston. - W Adams, scrap from.
Coastwise-Schs Aurelia, 21, Scovil, from fishing; Gertie Westbrooke, 15, Cline, from West Isles; Glide, 80, Tufts, from Quaco; Havelock, 33, James, from Campobello; L'Edna, 67, Sabean, from River Hebert; str Beaver, 57, Potter, from Canning; schs Thelma, 48, Milner, from Annapolis; Ethel, 22, Trahan, from Campobello.
Sept 7-Str Prince Edward, 727, Lockhar from Boston, A C Currie, mdes and pass. Sch Genesta, 98, Scott, from New York, J W Smith. coal.
Sch Leonard Parker, 246, Christiansen, from Newark, R C Elkin, coal.
Sch G H Perry, 99, Robinson, from Boston, J F Watson, wire and sait.
Sch G Fanny, 91, Sypher, from Boston, J A Likely, bal.
Coastwise-Sch Hustler, 38, Crosby, from Meteghan.

Sch Jinkle, Sieves, for New York.

Sch Frank and Ira, Alcorn, for New York.

Coastwise—Str Centreville, Graham, for Sandy Cove; schs L M Jewett, Lent, for Westport; Morning Star, Gough, for Moncton; Amy J, Brown, for Apple River; Ripple, Mitchell, for Hampton; Magdalene, Cronk, for North Head; Harry Morris, McLean, for Quaco: Druid, Tufts, for do: Lida Gretta, Ells, for do: str Percy Cann, Crosby, for Campobello; sch Friendship, Alexander, for Point Wolfe.

Sept 6—Str St Croix, Pike, for Boston.

Str Cumberland, Allen, for Boston.

Str Cumberland, Allen, for Boston.

Bktn Walter G, Montola, for Buenos Ayres.

Coastwise—Schs Hustler, Gesner, for Bridgetown; Little Annie, Poland, for North Head; str Beaver, Potter, for Windsor.

Sept 6—Coastwise—Schs Dora, Canning, for Parrsboro; Athol. Smith, for Advocate Harbor; Union, Shields, for River Hebert; George L Slipp, Wood, for Harvey; Wanita, Healey, for Annapolis; Susie N, Merriam, for Canning; Alma, Tufts, for Apple River; str Ella, Donvig, for Sydney.

Sept 7—Str Prince Edward, Lockhart, for Boston.

Coastwise—Schs Chieftain, Tufts, for Point

Sept 7-Str Leuctra, Mulcahey, for Sharp

CANADIAN PORTS.

Gregor, from Manchester.

At Chatham, Sept 5, bark Ajax, Pedersen for Londonderry.

At Parrsboro, Sept I, bark John Gill, Carmichael, for Sharpness.
At Hillsboro, Sept 2, sch E V Glover, Shanks, for Newark.
At Shediac, Sept 6, bark Fribeden, Sundbye, for Garston.
At Newcastle, Sept 5, str Teelin Head, Wilson, for Belfast.
At Hillsboro, Sept 5, sch D J Sawyer, Kelly, for Newark.

BRITISH PORTS.

At Barbados, Aug 21, sch Opal, Foote, from Yarmouth; 26th, str Taymouth Castle, Bale, from St Lucia.

At Queenstown, Bept 6, str Aurania, from New York for Liverpool.

At Southampton, Sept 6, str Saale, from New York for Bremen.

At Belfast, Sept 7, str Anna Moore, from St John. At Beilest, Sept 4, Ship Sheile, At Calcutta, previous to Sept 4, Ship Sheile, Collshaw, from New York.

At Sligo, Sept 4, bark Bowman B Law, Gullison, from Portland, O, via Queenstown.

From Ginsgow, Sept 2, str Mangara, for Exploits, Newfoundland.
From Barbados, Aug 22, ship Rhine, Baldwin, for Guadeloage.
From Barry, Sept 4, bark Tuskar, from Penarth for Cape Town.
From Manchaster, Sept 3, str Italiana, Harrison, for St John.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived. from Meleghan.
At New York, Sept 4, bark Emma R Smith, Hassell, from Tamoloo, 33 days.
At Rockport, Sept 4, sch Effie May, Branscombe, from St John.
At Saco, Sept 5, echs Marcus Edwards, from Philadelphia; Frances Shubert, from Poughkeepsie.

From Richmond, Va, Sept 3, sch William Marshall, Huntet, for St John.
From New York, Sept 3, schs H B Homan, for King's Ferry; Tacoma, for Guantanamo.
From Rockport, Sept 1, brig Venice, Melanson, for Port Gilbert.
From Cebu, Aug 5, bark Ancona, Eilis, for Boston (not as before).
From New York, Sept 4, sch H B Homan, for King's Ferry. for King's Ferry.
From Vineyard Hayen, Sept 4, sch J B
Van Dusen, for New York.
From Cadiz, Aug 30, sch Mystery, Richards, for St Johns, NF.
From Cardenas, Aug 15, brigt Dixon Rice,
Deveau, for Nova Scotia.

MEMORANDA.

sed out at Delaware Breakwater, Sept ed out at Cape Henry, Sept 3, ship a, from Norfolk for Manila. ed Cape Race, Sept 2, str Semantha, Chatham for Europe. ed cut at Cape Henry, Sept 5, str J 1

CHERRYFIELD, Me, Sept 5—Sch Maggie J Chadwick of New York, which went ashore on Petit Manan island Sunday night, lies where she struck, with her keel gone and a hole in her bilge. Efforts were made today by the master to summin the revenue cutter Woodbury to his assistance, but falling to communicate with her, he summoned a tag from St John. The Chadwick is owned by C W Crane of New York and is valued at \$6,000; uninsured. She registers 238 tons. ROCKLAND, Me, Sept 6—Sch Marie Dolphine was run into and sunk by schooner ira Bird in York Narrows Monday. She was bound for Plympton NS, light, and the Bird was from St John, NB, with kiln wood. Captain Plympton and his crew of four men were brought in by the Bird. They lost everything.

OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, Sept. 7.—General Hutton, to whom Lord Minto left the selection of honorable A. D. C.'s to the governor general, chose the following: Lieut, Col. Peters, British Columbia; Lieut. Col. Sherwood, Ottawa; Lieut. Col. Labelle, Montreal; Lieut. Col. Evanturel, Quebec; Lieut. Col. Drury,

Evanturel, Quebec; Lieut. Col. Drury, Kingston, Ont.

Now it happens that all five are supposed to be conservatives, hence Dr. Borden, minister of militia, has announced through the government press, that he declined to be responsible for their nomination. This is his way of keeping the service free from politics."

HIS SON'S MARRIAGE.

OTTAWA, Sept. 7.— Lord Justice Fitzgibbon is here to attend the marriage of his son to Miss White, niece of Mr. and Mrs. I. Kerr of Rathnelly, Toronto, which will take place in St. James' cathedral, Toronto, Sept. 20th. The lord chief justice of Freland is cousin to Miss M. A. Fitzgibbon of Toronto, so well known in philanthropic work. Both prospective groom and bride are enthusiastic golf players.

CONSOLATION.