Burnes, Sergeant

lockyard; F. Wol

irk, D. O'Sullivan

-Mayor and Coun-Helmcken, Q.C., of the board of ommodore Canoe president of the Helmcken, Hon. Rithet, M. P. P. H. Chapman and

spects of Victoria or and junior fourning regatta of the ation of Amateur at Vancouver. The senior race at Esll in all probability J. B. A. A this

stroke, whom opith fear, will be in year. Jones and and it is possible ill also be prevailed He is now working but is expected The crew have even before them this ce they will hav sed to one another. re only rowing toays before the race, ed man, and owing were unable to prac-They will also have oats, the new shell

who lost their race t last year, will be Both e this year. e to get into shape her improves.

ived from England

than last year's. It

g craft, last year's

known as a work-

causes that tired feelrilla purifies, enriches d, and gives vigor and

in the congregacon, "that you went Albany." "It is a ied the parson. meeting of a legiscommittee."-1'ruth.

cently sent as a silver air of flat-irons, a roll-worked on cardboard,



Books for
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wrappers.

otice. given that 30 days after make application to the er of Lands and Works ent of a public highway energing at southern boundencing at southern bound-lencing at southern spring unberly through Lots 12, ern boundary of Lot 9, ake, thence southerly to y of said Lot, thence west

and, B. C., March 2nd,

A. A. LANGLEY.

TWICE-A-WEEK.

man Has Been Thrown Into

and That He is to be Expelled From

Turkey-Further Complica-

tions Expected.

sionaries in Turkey Will

Fare the Same.

one of the American missionaries at Bit-

lis, is confined in jail at Diarbekir, in

Turkish Armenia, and that serious com-

dications are more than likely to follow.

The Turkish government replying to the

charge d' affaires, Mr. John W. Riddle,

has announced, through the grand vizier.

and through the minister for foreign af

fairs, that no news has been received

the porte regarding the reported ex-

ion of Rev. Mr. Knapp from Bitlis.

was intimated that if it was true that

had arrived at Diarbekir, it would

pear that the local authorities were

esirous of secretly expelling an Am-

rican missionary. But the latest news

rom Diarbekir shows that this cannot

ssibly be the case; as it is further an-

rom Diarbekir to Alexandretta, a sea-

port on the Bay of Iskenderoon, open-

nced that Mr. Knapp is to be sent

ary to the expulsion of all Christian

and French Catholics, from Asiatic Tur-

key, and possibly from European Tur-

tributing relief funds in Asiatic Tur-

is stated that an imperial irade pro-

Red Cross society has already been

Although the order has not been is-

sued from the palace, that this is the

ase would seem to be proved by the

activity at the French and British em-

arge d'affairs has made to the Porte.

It is also known that a panic exists

among the Armenians of the district of

Suedish, owing, it is explained, to the

Presence there, for some unknown rea-

The United States charge d'affairs has

ed from the Porte assurance that

Armenian missionaries in

the Turkish government con-

it quite important that the

uld promptly be made aware

they are being unjustly perse-

ged seditious movements among

have in their possession proof

has incited and assisted an

Mr. Hampson, British consul

It has been added, how-

rmenians in spite of several offic-

enian revolt against the Turkish

that he was a disinterested ob-

charges brought against Rev. Mr.

Bitlis, who carefully inquired into

hnapp, has pronounced them absurd.

rnment

rnings. It is claimed that the au-

signed by the sultan.

sentation of the United States

Jail in Armenia.

Mictoria Cimes.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 10 1896

VOL. 13,

DURRANT IS UNAFFECTED. It Is Just a Year Since the Discovery of Miss Lamont's Body. San Francisco, April 7.-A year ago

vesterday the body of Blanche Lamont was discovered in the belfry of the Em-anuel Baptist church. Theodore Durrant, her convicted murderer, is in jail awaiting patiently the decision of the subreme court in his case. Durrant ex-Report That an American Clergypresses confidence that he will not hang and did not seem to be affected when reminded of the anniversary of his

KANSAS MAYOR SHOT.

But the Bullet Only Tears Through His Hat.

Kansas City, April 7.—Mayor Davis reported to the police last night an attempt to assassinate him. In a dark sumored That All Christian Misstreet some distance from his residence an unknown man came upon him, he says, calling him an A. P. A., and fired at short range. The bullet passed through his hat. Mayor Davis reports that his assailant ran down the alley, tuat he fired three shots at the man as Constantinople, via Sofia, Bulgaria. he fled. none of which took effect. A April 7.-Advices received here to-day short time afterwards Mayor Davis apfrom Diarbekir indicate beyond reasonpeared at a Republican mass meeting and exhibited his torn hat. ble doubt that Rev. Geo. Knapp

RESOLUTIONS

What the London Papers Think of the Action of American Congress.

Spain Would Not Give Up Her Most Valuable Colony Without a Struggle.

ng into the eastern portion of the Med- Spanish pride will never surrender the debate continuing until 10:30 when ranean, where he will be either ship- Spain's most valuable colony until she it passed after Mr. McCarthy's amended out of the country or delivered to is beaten to the ground. Should there ment was voted down. The next pararepresentatives of the United States. be a repetition of popular demonstra- graph was then taken up and discussed At the first intimation of the trouble tion against the United States, Ameri- until 2 o'clock, when it was passed, and the United States charge d' affaires, af- can passion might flame up in an ugly another paragraph proceeded with. The communicating with the porte and manner and compel President Cleve- house was still in session at 3 a. m. wing the unsatisfactory reply refer- land to demand satisfaction. This war would inevitably result in war.

commanded by Admiral T. O. ed." In conclusion, the Globe express ridge, and the cruiser Marblehead, es the opinion that it is improbable will shortly assemble in the Gulf of President Cleveland will seriously conskenderoon. At the same time a for- sider the concurrent resolutions. The al protest against the treatment of Ar- St. James Gazette remarks: "Congress menian missionaries may be made to the voted with the intention of being offenorte, coupled with a demand for ad- sive to Spain. This, presumably, is equate indemnity for the damages re- new American diplomacy. We must ently done to the property of Ameri- candidly confess we do not admire it, when it is tried against sensitive people The imprisonment and proposed expul- already in difficulties, and it is eminsion from Turkey of Rev. Mr. Knapp, ently calculated to provoke an explohowever, understood to be but prelimision. The Spaniards do not understand

it is part of the presidential campaign." Washington, D. C., April 7.-The senissionaries, mostly Americans, English ate concurrent resolutions on the Cuban question were delivered to Private Secrey as well. Besides it is rumored that one of the executive clerks of the sento the state department as the law reey, in presence of local Turkish offiprinted in the books of laws annually ils, are also to be expelled from that published by the department.

art of the Turkish empire. In support fell on the stock exchange to-day in con- and address simply: P. O. Box 388, this apparently well grounded report, sequence of the action of the United London, Ont. States house of representatives yesteriding for the expulsion from Turkey of day in regard to the question of Cuban hristian missionaries and agents of the

SENSATIONAL SUICIDES.

Two Thieves Shoot Themselves Rather Than Submit to Arrest.

week Chicago has furnished two sen-visits which the United States sational suicides. Several days ago a gold plate, with a suitable inscripnegro thief while being pursued by the police cut his throat from ear to ear with a razor just upon the eve of cap- in Mexico.

Sunday morning a white man while being pursued under exactly the same on, of a strong force of Turkish troops. circumstances, drew a revolver and shot himself through the head, falling dead Demill ladies' college. Before the fireat the feet of his horrified pursuers. A men arrived the fire had got such headdance was in progress in a hall on way that it was impossible to save the Vali of Aleppo has been instructed Twenty-second street, when an alarm building. The loss will amount to about was raised that a thief was pursuing \$25,000. Nearly all the pupils are away district. In spite of the as- his vocation in the cloak room. The cry alarmed the man and he broke from cover. Two officers, seeing the flying man, started in pursuit. The private le United States is acting indewatchman endeavored to stop the man, if it is necessary to deter- but the latter flourished a revolver un rights of the property of its der his nose, causing him to draw back logs in the past winter. the Sultan's dominions. Of in fear, while the stranger turned his the matter of the arrest, im- back to a fence and stood still. The t and proposed expulsion of officers came up on the run. There was Beck as a candidate for Algoma for the Knapp, as in all other cases a moment of suspense, then a sharp reillar nature, there are two sides port and the strange man fell forward uestion. The claim made by the on his face, with a hole in his head of the American missionaries behind the ear.

There was nothing about the man's the Turkish authorities. On clothing that would lead to an identifir hand, the Turkish officials ascation. that Rev. Mr. Knapp persistently

-Dandruff is due to an enfeebled state of the skin. Hall's Hair Renewer be sent. This is a special opportunity quickens the nutritive functions of the to obtain good reading. Send your skin, healing and preventing the formation of dandruff.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

Bill Reached.

After a Continuous Sitting From 3 o'clock Yesterday-Disgraceful Scenes.

Ministers Say They Will Stay With it to the Very End-Liberal's Course.

Ottawa, April 7.—Parliament has been itting continuously since three o'clock vesterday. Since four this morning it has been debating a motion for the committee on the remedial bill to rise and report progress. The second sub-section of clause four has been reached. Sir Richard Cartwright made a terrible attack on the government for the disgrace-ful scenes and orgies in the house owing to long sittings, which already, he said, were responsible for the death of one member (Col. Amyot), and, he added, The Government is Determined to that it would be necessary to abolish the bar of the house. The government, he said, would never coerce this parliament or that of Manitoba either. Col. Prior has been holding the fort with Mr. Daly all night.

Ottawa, April 7.—If all the paragraphs of clause four of the remedial bill evoke London, April 7.—The Globe this af- as much discussion as the first one has ternoon, commenting on the belliger- done, the clause will not be passed for ency vote in the United States house of some days yet. The consideration of the representatives yesterday, says: "The first paragraph was resumed in commitchief dange of the situation is that tee of the whole yesterday afternoon,

> bill. Messrs. Martin, Casey, Mulock and Charlton refused to agree and will kelp the dissenting Conservatives to

block the bill. It is understood that there will be a continuous session in committee on the bill commencing to-day.

HE WANTS OTHERS TO KNOW.

Dear Editor: Please state in your valuable journal, that if any sufferer from Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lack of Energy and Ambition, Lost Manhood, Night Losses, etc., will write me in confidence, I will inform him by sealed letter, free of charge how to obtain a pertary Thurber this morning by Mr. Platt, feet cure. I ask for no money, having nothing to sell. I know how to sym-American red-cross society, now ate. Later in the day they will be sent pathize with these sufferers and am only too glad to be able to assist them. I quires that such resolutions shall be promise everyone absolute secrecy and as I do not, of course, wish to expose myself either, I do not give my name. London, April 7.-Spanish securities If you desire to get well, send stamp

> PRESIDENT DIAZ IS DINED And Presented With a Costly Plate by

> Mexican Merchants. City of Mexico, April 7.-At a ban-

quet given here last night by the foreign resident manufacturers, merchants Chicago, April 7.-Twice within a and bankers in honor of President tion, costing \$80,000, by a committee representing foreign business interests

> Canadian News. Oshawa, April 7 .-- At half-past seven last evening fire was discovered in the

spending the Easter holidays. Winnipeg, April 7.—Seventeen candidates have passed the medical college examination for degree of M. D. Lumbermen in Whitemouth and Kee

watin districts cut thirty million feet of Saulte Ste. Marie, April 7.-The Lib erals here urge the nomination of C. N. commons.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Book Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap-wrappers to Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound bcok, 160 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Car bolic Soap wrappers, a similar book will name and address written carefully.

wrappers by leaving the ends oper.

Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE. Liberal Government Have No Difficulty in Getting Thro' With Busines

Toronto, April 8.-The Ontario legislature was prorogued yesterday after-noon by Lieutenant Governor Kirkpatrick. There was very little ceremony, but few prominent citizens being present. Although shorter than usual by Only the Second Sub-Section of sion. The legislature passed 123 bills
Clause Four of the Remedial and more than 200 were introduced. The consolidation of the Ontario revised statutes is at hand and the many laws passed are accounted for by this. Next year it is likely some arrangement will be made that all amendments to the Municipal Act will be submitted to a committee to incorporate them all in

> Halifax, April 8.—Another fire occur red yesterday, the stores, lumber yard and residence of John Davidson & son, on North George and Charles street, being destroyed. The total loss will probably be \$50,000. Insured. London, April 8.-While playing with matches, the daughter of James Mc-Donald, brakeman on the C. P. R., accidentally set fire to her clothing and was so terribly burned, that she died in a few hours.

> Ridgetown, April S.-Richard Buller, who was injured in a boiler explosion, is dead. making three fatalities so far. Toronto, April 8.-The death of Ray Carson, from typhoid fever, is reported from Detroit.

Force the House to Pass the Coercion Bill.

Sir Charles Tupper Refuses to Take Hon. Mr. Laurier's Advice on the Matter.

Ottawa, April 8.—The senate met last Sir Mackenzie Bowell introduced a bill the crushing revelations respecting the doubt that exists as to the power of the government to remove obstructions to as the correspondent of certain Italian navigation in the open sea within a journals. The statement published in bil is specially designed to enable the Cactani Di Sermoneta, minister for fergovernment to remove the wreck of the

The house of commons has been they intended to dissolve within a few larged to, cabled Washington for further would inevitably result in war.

The say that they will stay here with states would, of course, crush instructions, and it is now said that the limited States would, of course, crush instructions, and it is now said that the limited States would, of course, crush land of the flagship Min-special commander in chief of the Italian army, was agreed not to propose any factious opposition as a party to the remedial port progress. This morning, when McNeil morning port progress. This motion has been un- This is looked upon as very serious here der discussion ever since. Clause four by those who recali the statement made has not been finally disposed of, the in the house of commons by Mr. Curgovernment asking that one section of zon, parliamentary secretary for the was badly framed. Dickey is preparing not evacuate Kassala unless it was an amendment. The government has found impossible to hold the place. also promised to fix up clause three, and these blemishes would not be seen.

should not adjourn until parliament dies. The supplemenitary estimates, which are ready to be presented to parliament, contain one million dollars for fire arms for the militia. There are large sums for public works. Altogether they are

In reply to Mr. Gillies in the House to-day, Mr. Costigan, the minister of marine and fisheries stated that the fishery commissioners of the joint convention of the governments of Canada and the United States had completed Origin of the Alleged Plot to Expel their investigations into the subjects submitted to them for examination and to report upon. They were now making out their reports for submission to their respective governments. Both governments have agreed that as soon as the

advisable. Nothing contained in the reports shall be found to affect either government. The report will be communicated to Her Majesty's government and to the United States in June next. The scope of the inquiry includes the whole question affecting the fisheries in contiguous waters and in waters of the open sea commonly resorted to by fishermen of Canada and the United States. (Press Dispatch.)—The commons has low been in continuous session since Monday morning, but only a few paragraphs of the remedial bill have passed committee. At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. Laurier rose and said the government should now be convinced that prolonged sittings were not conducive to progress. He was willing to sit from 3 p. m. to 3 a. m., but to ask members to sit longer than that was an outrage. He invited the members to dron the motion to rise and proceed with business until three in the morning. He thought the opposition were iustified and would be justified by the country from the course they were purof the bill were honestly discussed unper twin-bar, and "Lifebuoy" at 11 til 3 a.m., when Mr. McNeill moved cents. One cent postage will bring your that the committe rise and report. The government would not agree and Mr. McNeill commenced to speak to the

According to First Advices, but the Report Proves to Have Been Incorrect.

Was in Reality Only a Temporary Repulse Ending in Heavy Italian Loss.

King Humbert Has Received Details of Condition of His Army in Africa.

Massowah, April S.—Later advices from the front show that the losses of the Italians in the fighting which followed the attack made upon the Italian day, bringing the season to a close, native battalion at Mount Mooran, on was won by the Island by eight points April 2nd, was much more severe than to four. 'The Islanders outplayed the at first reported. The first advices stat- Mainlanders, and their victory was a ed that 5,000 Dervishes attacked the well-earned one. Saunders for the Italian force at the place mentioned, Mainlanders, kicked a goal from the 25 that Col. Stevani from Kassala, went to line, while the Island points were made the assistance of the battalion, surpris- by Marshall and Craig, each of whom ed the enemy and drove them back. scored a try. The Dervishes, however, were re-inforc ed from Tucruf and returned to the attack. It is added that they were again repulsed in an engagement which lasted four hours, during which the Italians visits. An admirable remedy for this lost 100 killed and wounded. The Derdisease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It vishes suffered heavily in killed and has saved hundreds of lives and should wounded, while many of their number be in every home where there are young were made prisoners. Now, however, it children. is stated that the loss of the Italians was ten officers and 300 men. It is presumed that this means the number of killed, as no reference is made to the

number of Italians wounded. New York, April 8.-A Rome special to the Herald says that Major Jacoby evening after the Easter adjournment. has handed to King Humbert a copy of to amend the act respecting navigable condition of the Italian troops in Afwaters, the object being to remove any rica, led by Signor Maccola, a deputy, who spent some time at the seat of war three mile limit from the shores. The the French press to the effect that Duke eign affairs, has offered the Paris em-

bassy to Signor Rossman is incorrect. A dispatch has been received from it stand. This was the result of yester- foreign office, to the effect that Italy day's discussion, which showed that it had informed Great Britain it would

A later Rome dispatch says Kassala which conflicts with clause four. What has not been evacuated, as reported, the government thought of doing was to but that Col. Stevani's column had been force the bill through without discussion | withdrawn in order to decrease the number of mouths to be fet, and The conditions are that it could not now | view of the fact that the ordinary garbe passed even although the house rison of that place is now considered strong enough to defend it.

MR.

Turkish Officials Deny That He is Being in Any Way Used Harshly.

Christian Missionaries From Turkey.

Constantinople, April 8.—The publicity given to the case of Rev. Geo. M. reports are laid before them they will Knapp has caused considerable exciteconsider the same and exchange views ment in official circles here, and explanthereon, so as to carry out as far as ex- ations which were previously not forthpedient or practicable such international coming are now to be had first hand. or other understanding as may suffice The Turkish minister for foreign afto carry out the recommendation of the fairs, Tewfik Pasha, late this evening, commissioners by treaty or concurrent voluntarily declared that while it was legislation on the part of the respective true that Rev. Mr. Knapp was detaingovernments, or the legislatures of the ed at Diarbekir, he was being well saveral states, as may be found most treated as "guest" at the residence of the Vali of Diarbekir. It is not denied, however, that it was intended to expel Rev. Mr. Knapp from Asiatic Turkey. But possibly the representations of the United States charge d'affairs will have the effect of obtaining from the Porte concessions which otherwise might have been refused, and that the missionary will be brought here for trial in the presence of the representative of the United States government. which is understood to be the course advocated from the first by the United States minister, Mr. Alex. Terrell, who is now in Washington, and who has doubtless furnished the state department with full information on the subject. Mr. Riddle, however, is awaiting a report from Diarbekir relative to the case of Rev. Mr. Knapp before taking any other official steps in the matter. It is also hoped that the attention which has been drawn to the sup contemplated to expel Christian missionaries and the agents of the American Red Cross society from Asiatic Turkey may have the necessary weight with the Sul tan to prevent him carrying out his accept Mr. Laurier's suggestion, but the members of the house did, and clauses of the hill were hered to Turkey and had for its alternative an key, and had for its ultimate object the substitution for the expelled mission aries. the missionaries of another church.

Cures, absolute, permanent cures have motion to rise. He and others kept up given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales —See the "Perfect" bicycle before motion to rise. He and others acre up given hood's barsays the talk until 3 p.m. when the considing the world, and the first place among pour order. Shore's Hardware the talk until 3 p.m. when the considing the world, and the first place among medicines.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

NO 13

AN UNFORTUNATE AFFAIR. Madison, wis., April 7.—While at practice last evening on Lake Mendota a squall struck two shells manned by oarsmen of the university of Wisconsin crews. One man was drowned and two others are in a critical condition. The first was John Day, of Jaynesville, Wis., the only son of Mrs. Jeannette Day; the others were Lester Street, of Dixon. Ill., and Curran C. McConvill, of Lacrosse, Wis. Day had records and was numbered among the best ten all round men in America. He was considered one of the best men in the crew. Street and McConville were also good oarsmen, but will probably not be able to row again this year, both being in a precarious condition on account of their terrible suffering in the cold water. It is thought that the crew cannot be kept together, and that the race with the Yale freshmen crew on May 18 will probably be indefinitely postponed. Day's body was recovered at a late hour last night.

FOOTBALL. The Island-Mainland football match, which was played at Vancouver yester-

-The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few households are prepared for its

MATABELES REPULSED.

A British Force Have a Brush With the Rebellious Natives.

Buluwayo, Matabeland, April 9.—Details of the repulse of the Matabeles by Capt. Clifford's force, which had been engaged burning Kraals in the Shiloh district, show that the rebellious natives are much better armed than was anticipated, and that if this time they are commanded by King Lobengula or his son, serious fighting must occur before the uprising is suppressed. Gifford, who was severely wounded during the engagement, reports that as he noticed the enemy advancing in force, he took up a strong position and laagered in all the cattle and supplies. The Matables eventually attacked this position from all sides at once. The latter tried to reach the laager, but Clifford's troops were tseady, fired low, and slowly beat off the Matabeles, whose loss is estimated at 100 kilfed Reinforcements reached Capt. Clifford, who will it his wounds permit, continue the work of destroying the fortified enclosures of the natives of the Shiloh district.

LOOKS LIKE A FAKE.

How Rumors of Nansen's Success Were Started.

New York, April 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Petersburg says the story about Dr. Nansen's discovery of the North Pole came from Tomsk, through a merchant named Kuschnareff, who is an uncle of Kandakoff, the originator of the news. Kuschnareff says his nephew did nothing more than transmit the report. It appears that on the new Siberian Islands there had that on the new Siberian Islands there had been three parties in search of mammoth bones. One of these parties returned some time ago and said he had seen a ship in the neighborhood of the islands with a European on board. He did not attempt to communicate with the ship, nor did he even watch it. Kandakoff, to whom the fossil hunters brought the news, thought it might relate to Nansen and wrote thus to Irkutusk, whence it was sent all over the world.

BRITISH HARD PRESSED. Commander of the Expeditionary Force Seriously Wounded,

Buluwayo, April 7.—Capt. Clifford, in command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement with the natives. Reinforcements have been dispatched to his assistance. It is understood he is hard pressed by the rebuluments of the command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement of the command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement with the command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement with the command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement with the command of the expeditionary corps, has been seriously wounded in an engagement with the command of the understood he is hard pressed by the rebels. It is again reported that King Lobengula is alive and that it is he, not his
son, who is the principal leader of the
Matabeles, who are in arms against the
British authorities. It is added that Lobengula is massing his forces in preparation for an attack by a strong force upon
the place. Rumors of the rising of natives
in Zambesi district are not credited here.



No Other Medicine SO THOROUGH AS

Statement of a Well Known Doctor "No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. MERRILL, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Sarsaparilla Admitted at the World's Fair. Ayer's Pills for liver and towels,

The company operating the Londonderry iron works, in Nova Scotia, has published its annual statement, which is not at all encouraging to those engaged in the business. It is shown that during the year 1895 a net loss of \$4,512 was incurred, and that there had to be carried forward to 1896 a debit of profit been obliged by the pressure of public and loss amounting to \$60,306. This last amount represents the margin of liabilities over assets, if the latter were to be disposed of at their full cash value. If realization on assets were forced the deficiency would probably be much greater. The Londonderry works are supposed to be most favorably situated. Coal and iron ore of excellent quality are found close at hand-in fact the abundance of raw material of all sorts caused the location of the works at that particular point. In addition to on pig iron. If iron cannot now be edy any faults in that direction.

"OBSTRUCTION."

Sir Charles Tupper and his gang of tion of obstructing the passage of the the Globe: "We will exhaust all the physical pow-

ment to-night. The sight of a Tupper nen. It is no wonder the members of the house failed to control their risibil-This is a new doctrine in Canada. It means that the government are resolved to obstruct free discussion in the commons under the plea that free discussion of an important measure is obstruction Mr. McNeill charged the government tonight with gagging members of parliament on the second reading of the bill. and Mr. McNeill is a Conservative. Sir Charles Tupper holds that the debate on the second reading was obstruction The opposition are evidently obstructing the supplementary mates, because they are not down in Great Britain, where no constituyet, though badly needed to pay the charwomen employed to clean out the rooms and corridors of the parliament buildings. Premier Bowell is obstructtion; but the funniest part of it all is that Sir Charles Tupper does more talking in the house than any three other members. His abusive tongue and unrestrained temper provoke reply, and Mr. Paterson, of Brant, was compelled to read him a severe lecture on this point. The ministry refuse to discuss the remedial bill. Important points are raised, and the minister in charge of the bill, instead of explaining it or defending it, contents himself with abuse and false charges. He was not upon the electorate as an instrument desatisfied with the opposition as victims of his rage, but read Dr. Sproule out of the party, which drew from the member for East Grey the retort that if Sir Charles Tupper was imported from England for this business the party must be in desperate straits. Mr. Mc-Neill. another Conservative, told Sir Charles Tupper that he was most unfair and tyrannical, and that he could not read either Dr. Sproule or himself out of the party. It was very evident that Sir Charles had blundered again, and was driving the wedge of divison tighter into the Conservative party. Dr. Weldon, Col. O'Brien, Dr. Sproule and Mr. McNeill all refuse to acknowledge Sir Charles Tupper as a leader in the party. The split is widening, and Dr. Sproule is authority for the statement that the party must indeed have been that the country will declare against Charles at the polls. The High Commissioner is fast driving good Conservatives into opposition to ernment, and Premier Bowell is appar- house for eighteen years, and during all Foster stated early in the session that this was an extraordinary session. It is in more ways than one. Sir Charles a settlement he knew was impossible, that party. So far as I am concerned, mill has been ordered. The ore is mostand was another blunder. If the leader I will not be read out of the party, even ly free milling, although periodical shipone blunder a day it would be comparait is safe to say that since he entered takes. The joke of the session, however, is that a government which wasted the first two months of the session should spend the third crying obstruction. Up to date nothing has been done, because the government have only pro-

posed one bill, and that one sixty days

after it was promised in the speech from the throne.

cause of the government's incapacity, it is a rare joke to credit the failure to opposition obstruction. Nobody but a Tupper could conceive any such idea.

TURNING BACK.

opinion to abandon its plan of selling the public lands by warrants, for the ostensible purpose of raising school funds, it has seen fit to propose the sale of those to repay them he left the city. lands in another way. The idea embodied in the new bill is practically to return to the system done away with in 1892, under which it was possible for speculators to buy unsurveyed crown lands up to the amount of one square mile each. The prices are raised beyond what they were under the old act, and certain changes are made in the conditions, but the central principle of raisall these natural advantages, the nation- ing money by sale of the public domain al policy confers the artificial advantage remains the same. In view of this reof \$4 per ton duty and \$2 per ton bonus turn to a once discarded system it is of manufactured in Canada under such ances apropos of the change made in fostering circumstances, what prospect 1892. Hon. Mr. Vernon in moving the is there of the industry flourishing in second reading of the bill of that year the future? The people of Canada said: "The intention of the act was to have been taxed at the rate of \$4 per prevent large areas of land falling into ton, the rector and Mr. H. Moxon, wno ton on all foreign iron and \$6 per ton the hands of speculators, but at the also conducted, bass soloists, on all the native iron they have used same time making ample provision for during the past few years, and yet the actual settlers. In future only land that industry is in a most sickly state. Of had been surveyed would be dealt with, course there may be something wrong and the surveying would all be done by with the management, but it might be the government. No unsurveyed lands supposed that the shareholders and dir would be sold." Hon. Mr. Pooley said rectors would quickly detect and rem- "he was glad the leader of the opposition approved the principle of the bill, the preventing of the selling of unsur- from the family residence at 2:30 this veyed lands. The land law had to be afternoon and half an hour later from changed from time to time, and this had | St. John's church, was largely attended. been done, the amount of land that could subservient howlers accuse the opposi- be purchased being reduced from 640 acres in 1864 until now the system of ings. The pallbearers were J. T. Pearce, remedial bill, while it is plain that if disposing of lands in that way was done J. there has been any obstruction the gov- away with altogether." The late Hon. ernment and the anti-coercion Conser- Mr. Robson, then premier, said "he had vatives should jointly bear the blame. brought in as restrictive a measure last Mr. Laurier has stated distinctly in the session, but the house was not prepared a room in the Victoria hotel a couple of house that he does not intend to offer, to receive it. He was glad progress was factious opposition to the bill, being being made, and he was satisfied that content with the vigorous protest he has now the settlers would get land at first uttered, and the great majority of the price." All the ministers spoke warmly der treatment since his encounter with Liberal members take the same view in favor of the change, which was sup-Of course he cannot control the action posed to be about to check speculation der on Mr. Byrnes of the Victoria hotel. of all the members on his own side, and encourage settlement. Now, after much less those of the Conservatives four years have done by, the government who dislike the bill and who are the propose to go back to the old system, that score. But he has not yet turned worst thorns in Sir Charles Tupper's encourage speculation and let settlement up at the hotel for his baggage, and the side. The situation is well described in take care of itself. What is the matter? the following Ottawa correspondence of Have the settlers not come as fast as could have been wished? What wonder, when two governments are doing their er we possess at the risk of health and best to discourage the increase of our life to pass this bill." This was Sir population from outside sources? The Charles Tupper's declaration to parlia-Ottawa men are bleeding the province laying down his life rather than forego at an enormous rate through their the coercion of a member of the Confedral scheme of taxation for the benefit of from the sands of the Fraser river bed. eration was a spectacle for gods and the combines, and the local government. The process, a comparatively new one. loaded his potatoes and turnips into the is continually on the hunt for something but which has been very successfully car when he was moving his household ities. It is a more serious thing, how- new to assess. If the province were ever, for the leader of the house to freed from these leech-like proceedings threaten to legislate by physical force, there would be nothing to suggest a an impalpable powder, and the gold exnecessity of returning to the old system tracted by concentration. Mr. Luckenof selling the public domain to speculators in order to raise a revenue.

In the house of commons Mr. Mc-Carthy introduced a bill providing that when a seat in parliament became vacant a new election for the district day, will cost to construct about \$50, should be held within a certain period, 000, and will employ from 10 to 15 men, whether the government took action in esti- the matter or not. This is the practice ency is left unrepresented for any length of time. A vacancy there means a bye-election within two weeks or so. There is no end to obstruct duced this automatic system in Canada, and would have put an end to the scandalous practice of manipulating byewould not consent to its abolition. It er will have no more chances to play vised for their sole delectation.

Sir Charles Tupper undertook to "read out" of the Conservative party certain members who could not swallow the coercion bill, but he has not succeeded very well. Mr. McNeill thus re- Joseph Tuttle, whose theatrical name is house and make accusations of this kind against hon. members of the Conserva- application for his client's release, but tive party, who, as I say, are just as there is no judge in the city. of that party, as he is, I can only say reduced to a terrible position by those consent. Smith claims that Babson who were leaders of the party at that really is the man who owes the money, time. The hon, gentleman who sits be- and as the books of the defunct comhim and the present policy of the gov. side me (Mr. Sproule), has been in this ently helpless to prevent the schism. Mr. that time he has been a consistent supporter of the Conservative principles, taken in the hope that money could be and now, because he differs on an im-Tupper's declaration before the confer- portant measure, because he conscienence is over, that the negotiations at tiously presses his views on this house, Winnipeg will fail, clearly shows his he is to be dragooned by the hon. genhypocrisy in pretending to negotiate for tleman, and to be practically read out of by the hon. gentleman, or by anyone tively easy to keep track of them, but else. I am as good a Conservative as is the leader of the house, and no taunt the house he has made twenty capital he can fling across the house will be sufblunders and as many more minor mis- ficient to drive me out of the party in whose principles I so fully believe."

> ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening

BRIEF LOCALS.

From Tuesday's Daily -The Bank of British North America has opened a branch at Rossland. This is the first chartered bank established in that important mining town.

-A man giving the name of Joun Sadie. Though the Turner government has agent for a group of California capital- Morris being released on \$25 bail furnists, victimized a number of Victor- ished by D. Chugranes. last week. He borrowed small ians sums of money and when the time came

Barnabas church was held last evening when the following officers were appointed: Churchwardens, E. E. Wootand S. E. B. King; church committee, T. B. Pearson, W. P. Winsby, H. O. Litchfield, J. L. Bailey, A. Emery, G. H. Morpill, J. Muttow, T. Bradbury, F. A. Cuthbert, R. J. Butler; lay delegates to Anglican synod, T. B. Pearson, E. E. Wooton, H. O. Litchfield, W. Ridgeway Wilson.

-The choirs of Cedar Hill and Lake churches, augmented by several memsome interest to recall ministerial utter- bers of city choirs, rendered the cantata "Christ and His Soldiers" in St. Luke's church, Cedar Hill, last evening. The soloists were Miss Tolmie, soprano; Mrs. Lanning, contralto; Mr. Ed. landaine, Jr., tenor; and Rev. Mr. Flinchurch was well filled by the residents of Cedar Hill and the large number of visitors from the city.

-The remains of Alfred Sydney Cartnel, who died at Yuma, Arizona, on March 30, were brought to the city, in charge of his mother Mrs. D. Cartmel, on the California steamer arriving last night. The funeral, which took place vices at the church and cemetery, There were many beautiful floral offer-Wilby, E. Gilligan, E. Vigor, C. Bunting and E. T. Edmonds.

-Nels, Johnson, the Port Hadlock logger, who was nearly asphyxiated in weeks ago, is missing, and it is feared some harm has come to him. He was yesterday discharged from the Jubilee Hospital, where he had been un-Johnson had left sufficient money with Mr. Byrnes to pay both his hospital and hotel bills, so there was no trouble ou police have been unable to find him. The fact that he is again missing gives rise to the theory that his experience with the gas was not altogether an accident.

-H. Luckenbach, engineer and super ntendent of the Dominion Pulverizing Co., New York, is negotiating with the view of establishing at New Westminster reduction works to extract gold izer process, the sand being reduced to bach has had samples of the Fraser river sands, gathered from places from the mouth of the river to Lytton, assayed, with results which assure very large profits for working. The works. which it is proposed to erect at first, having a capacity of 100 tons of sand a being operated continuously night and

day. -The body of Walter Lawry, the four-year old son of Mrs. Lawry, of Humboldt street, was found in harbor near James Bay bridge this morning by Capt. Dan McIntosh. The ing Sir Charles Tupper from becoming Mr. McCarthy's bill would have intro- little fellow, it will be remembered, wandered from his home early in February. It was learned that he had been on McIntosh's landing, but had been sent home. Later he was seen on elections for the benefit of the govern- Douglas street. Although a systematic ment. But the practice is too dear to search, including dragging the harbor, the hearts of our present rulers; they was instituted the boy could not be found. It is thought that he must have wandered back to McIntosh's and falldoes not matter much, however, that en between some of the logs around the the bill did not pass, for the discredited boat house, where his body would be combination of politicians now in pow- hidden from the searchers. When found the body was badly decomposed. An inquest is being held this afternoon. The funeral will take place at 2:30 tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, Humboldt street.

-The leader of the Smith-Lieb theat rical company is still confined to the provincial jail. Since the arrest last Thursday Mr. Babson and the plaintiff, sponded to one of his efforts: "If it Joseph Yale, have formed a new comwas necessary to import a gentleman pany and opened an engagement in from the mother country to come to this Seattle. Since Friday Mr. J. P. Walls, who has been engaged by the defendant, has been endeavoring to make an much attached to that party, and are morning Mr. Walls consulted with Mr. just as much believers in the principles Murphy, of Schultz & Murphy, who are acting for the plaintiff, and Mr. Murphy was inclined to consent to defendant's release, but Sheriff McMillan would not pany have been taken to Seattle this seems probable. Smith father is supposed to be wealthy, and by many it is thought the capias proceedings were squeezed out of the father.

From Wednesday's Daily. The ore in the O. K. mine at Rossland is increasing in richness, the development work during March adding much to the value of the mine. A stamp ments are sent to the smelters.

-Jailer Allen has been on the city poforce for nearly ten years, time, man. strength .- U. S. Government Report | Chinaman to jail. At 10 o'clock he was | times.

still too drunk to appear in court, so When parliamentary business fails be- Gleanings of City and Provincial News This is the third Chinaman arrested for drunkenness during the past twelve years.

-John Morris, commonly known as "Bonanza Jack," and Geo. Morris, Greek fiisherman, were charged in the provincial court this afternoon with stealing a ton of coal from the steamer The case was remanded for Hill, representing himself to be the three days by Magistrate Macrae, Geo.

-Major J. F. A. Strong, of Tacoma. eldest son of Sir Samuel Strong, chief justice of Canada, and Miss Annie M. -The Easter vestry meeting of St. Hall, Seattle, were married in Seattle on Saturday by the Rev. Eugene Miller, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church. After the marriage the guests partook of a dainty lunch, and at 9:30 Major and Mrs. Strong left for Tacoma, where they will make their home. Major Strong is a well known newspaper man, having worked on several British Columbia papers. The bride was one of Seattle's popular ladies. She is an accomplished musician, having spent four years in Paris and Berlin perfecting her musical education

From Thursday's Daily -Nels Johnson, the Port Hadlock logthe Jubilee Hospital on Monday, was ed food from people in the neighborhood The and was in a bad condition from exposure. His mind is evidently unbalanced.

> -The examination for certificates as provincial assayers has been postponed the hatch, but happily the damage was until autumn, when they will be held at several places in the province, probabrecommends Furman's "Manual of both the foremast and the mainmast intending candidates.

-Mr. John Grice and Miss Elizabeth Trigg were married last evening by Rev. Solomon Cleaver at Mr. Grice's residence, North Pembroke street. The pleasing ceremony was witnessed by a merry little family party, who showered the usual congratulations upon the happy couple. On Saturday Edgar F. Smith, of the Royal Arthur, and Miss Bessie Mackay were united in marriage by the same reverend gentleman, Miss Maggie Webster acted as bridesmaid and Mr. Walter Adams supported the groom. On Monday evening Rev. Mr. Cleaver officiated at the nuptials of Mr. Samuel F. Greenhalgh and Miss Mary Alice Stevenson, both of Victoria, who were married at the parsonage on Quadra street, Mr. Thomas Gough acting as best man and Miss Laura Cox as bridesmaid.

PALACE CARS AT OTTAWA.

London Advertiser: Mr. Haggari was obliged to confess in parliament the other day that the ministers at Ottawa now have provided for them, at the expouse of the public, four palace cars. These cars are constantly in use by the ministers their families or their sub-One functionary indeed, operated on the Snake River, Idaho, is to Ottawa, and was very angry because cans of meat. This stock had dwi the conductor was heard to say that the car was not intended to carry freight. were still drifting further and further The repairs on the cars last year afone amounted to \$1.413, and the amount paid out for stewards, provisions, glass- sure starvation staring them in the ware, liquors, wines and cigars to face, and with no prospect of meeting When President Cleveland another vessel, and themselves in a help \$2,888. goes on a journey he is not above trav- less condition. The crew hoped that aid eling like other people. He considers a Pullman car good enough for him, and he is at the head of a government with sick. The crew were forced to live on far more spare money at its disposal than have the men in power at Otta va. In the days of Hon. Alexander Mac- nuts for breakfast, a tablespoonful of kenzie, too, neither he nor any member | tinned meat for dinner, and a few more of his cabinet thought it necessary to nuts for tea. The supply of tinned meat provide themselves with palace cars, at was soon exhausted and the crew had public expense, in which they and their to eat the cargo. Copra is about the families and their families' families, most sickly kind of food for even a starymight travel around the country dead- ing man. It consists simply of cocanuts ing and other expenses out of his sulcountry needs a change.

A BARRISTER DISBARRED

J. J. Blake, of Vancouver, Punished for Unprofessional Conduct.

J. J. Blake, barrister, of Vancouver, the Law Society of British Columbia was accordingly ordered to be done.

CREE INDIANS.

Helena, Mont., April 9.-Finally Canada has taken official action in regard to the Cree Indian matters. The present outlook is that all Crees in the United States will be deported within the next four weeks. Governor Rickarts has received a letter from A. T. Traigett, commissioner of Indian affairs for the Northwestern Territories, to the effeet that his government was willing to take charge of all the Cree Indians, and requesting the same to be delivered to him not later than May 1st. As a matter of international affairs, Governor Rickart sent Mr. Traigett's communicabut this morning he for the first tion to Secretary Olney with a request locked up a drunken China- that he accept the Canadian govern-This is something very un- ment's proposition. This Indian matter usual, Chinamen not being prone to get has been under consideration since 1885. overloaded with liquor. There was no The Cree Indians are charges of Canoubting this case, however, Constable ada, having no reservation of their own. Redgrave, who made the arrest, having They roam over the country and have his hands full in taking the drunken spread smallpox over Montana several

TWO MONTH'S DRIFT ACTIVE LIFE ENDED.

British Schooner Esmeralda Drifts Death of A. J. Langley, the Well Around the Pacific for Over Sixty Days.

Was Within One Day's Run of Yokohama When She Encountered the Storm.

Over Three Thousand Miles Covered by the Vessel-Crew Nearly Starved.

The British schooner Esmeralda arrived at Hongkong on March 9th, after a most sensational voyage. The Esmer | er from paralysis of the muscles, which alda trades between Yokohama and Marianna Islands, and was taking a cargo of copra to Yokohama. She left Pagan Island on December 27th and on January 6th she was within one day's run of Yokohama when a storm sprang The storm increased in fury, and about 11 o'clock in the morning a huge ger, who had been missing since leaving sea struck the craft, lurching her over and shaking the foremast out. The mast yesterday found wandering around the was hurled about the boat with every lantic to make his home in Americal fields near the hospital. He had obtain roll, but the fore stay and the jumper of the control of the stay and the jumper of the stay and the stay and the jumper of the stay and the stay and the jumper of the stay and the roll, but the fore stay and the jumper stay prevented it from going over board he moved to New York, where he and the crew were in great danger of being struck, as it was impossible then to get the loose mast under control. To make matters worse the main topmast snapped and in its fall smashed through not very serious, and then the main boom gave way and was carried aft, in San Francisco, establishing the drug ly at Victoria, Vancouver and Nelson. and in its career it smashed the spokes firm which now bears the name The examiners will be from the best asof the steering wheel. After much exLangley & Michaels Company, which is citing work the crew managed to get over board, as this was deemed the wisest course to adopt as the sides of firm on a solid foundation, Mr. Langwith destruction. The boat was now quite dismasted; the gale continued, and the sea was altogether too rough to admit of the rowing boat to be lowered. It was also impossible that day to put up jury masts, and the vessel drifted before a westerly wind. On the follow. ing morning the weather calmed somewhat, and the crew managed to erect a jury foremast and a jury foreyard out business. of the wreckage, and to make a square sail, but even then the gale was too strong for them to make headway against it and they were driven further out to sea. A week passed by before the crew were enabled to rig a jury mainmast, and in the interval they had been travelling further and further away from land. The makeshift masts and sails were practically useless to them as the wind continued to blow hard from the west and the vessel drifted before it in an easterly direction, and it was impossible for the crew to have any other but very gloomy forehodings for their future fate. Altogether there were eleven in the crew, consisting of the captain, Mr. J. T. Harrison, the first mate, a cabin boy, six Japanese sailors and one Chinese cook. When they left the Marianna Islands they had with them as provisions two piculs of rice, one bag of corn for some chickens, one bag of flour, and a few down very considerably and yet they away from land and quite out of the track of vessels. On, on they went, with

head. Mr. Mackenzie's view was that cut up into chunks, and is valuable for a minister of the crown should be suffi- the oil that is extracted from it. The ciently self-respecting to pay his travel- copra that these poor fellows had to eat was evil smelling stuff, and age had ary. But the cabinet of selfishness and turned it rotten; even a starving pig on of grab have reversed all that. The board refused to put his snout to it some days before the crew were driven en to a slight degree, will lead to trouto it themselves. The sufferings of the ble that is likely, if not stayed, to prove crew were indeed heartrending. They were in a half famished condition; they suffered the agonising pain caused by an insufficiency of food, and death from hunger appeared certain. They had some fresh water on board, but of this the South American Kidney Cure. It has been disbarred by the Benchers of they could only obtain a cupful a day. It was not until the 1st February that for what is deemed conduct unbecoming they got an east wind and their hopes, a lawyer. In 1894 he did some legal which were then almost at vanishing business for Miss Leona Izen, by which point, became higher. The jury masts he obtained a judgment of court for and sails at last proved useful, but her and was paid the amount of he there was an immense space between judgment in due course. Miss Izen, it them and Hongkong, for which port seems, had some difficulty in getting her they resolved to shape their course, as Francisco have formed a company callmoney and eventually laid a formal they had been drifting on an average ed the Louisa and Emma Gold Mining complaint to the Benchers, who heard fifty miles a day. The wind was a very the evidence and directed Blake to pay, fair one, and on the morning of the 6th over the money, and in the meantime February they saw land for the first suspended him from practice for six time since the awful gale; but the land his pro rata towards the purchase months. Apparently he has not yet was only an uninhabited island—the the vessel, every one of them will stand complied with the order of the Bench- Uraccas Island, and it was useless to his share of getting a big supply of ers, who found that Miss Izen was en- make a call there. The vessel came stores and each man will receive an titled to 200 and odd dollars. He, straight on to Hongkong and it was through an agent, tendered her \$134. with feelings of immense joy that the the expedition. Captain John Andrews, which the lady refused. At a meeting crew took on board a pilot on Sunday who is the leading spirit of this co-operof the newly elected Benchers last even- morning, who had brought with him a ative enterprise, has taken command of ing the matter was discussed, and it quantity of rice and three or four fish. the schooner and is superintending her was decided to disbar Mr. Blake, which The food was ravenously devoured, but fitting out. Her destination is Cook not in a large quantity; the crew had Inlet, Alaska. The company's plan is to been so weakened by their sufferings pick out a likely point at the inlet and that they found it impossible to eat without experiencing much pain and lines will hold her fast in the mud. one or two of them were so emaciated out of the reach of the tide, and from that the food made them sick. Altogether the Esmeralda covered 3,365 miles from Hongkong, and not a single gangs of three or four, and they will vessel was sighted for 62 days. The scatter to prospect for gold. One party voyage was certainly one of the most may strike it rich and the others adventurous we have had to record in yet all will have equal shares of the these parts, and it may be taken for find.

would at last come to them, but it was

that hope deferred that makes the heart

short rations and for many a long weary

day they had to exist on about forty

granted that the crew are deeply thankful for their providential escape. The position of the ship when dismasted was 33.47 N. 141.25 E., and that it Bay, in the southern part of the city. was not until she had reached 21 N. 151 E., that an easterly wind was picked up.

Tacoma, Wn., April 9.—The result of the vote for Mayor is in doubt. A. W. Fawcett, citizens' candidate, has two of a majority on the returns from twenty-six precincts, and unofficial returns from nine others. The clerk opened the returns of twenty-six precincts, when an objection was raised and he decided not to open the others. The result cannot be told until Tuesday.

Known Business Man, Early This Morning.

Was a Member of the Legislative Council of the Colony Under Sir James Douglas.

Alfred John Langley, one of Victo-

ria's pioneer and most successful business men, died early this morning at the ripe old age of 75 years. Deceased who in his younger days led an active life, has for several years been a suffer. had kept him confined to the heuse since last November, and which finally caused his death. He was conscious no to the last, retaining that brightness of intellect which had characterized his life, through his long illness, Mr. Lang. ley was born in Lichfield, Staffords, England, on October 15th, 1820. W quite a young man he crossed the After a short residence in Digby, N. seven years. Full of energy and bition to make a success of life. 1849 joined in the rush for California Unlike most of the gold seekers, how ever, he did not lose his head over the reports of fabulous finds on the Same ramento, but settled down to business one of the largest in San Francisco and the senior member of which is his sister-in-law. After building up this ley in 1858 came to Victoria and established the firm of Langley & Co. which is now known in every nook and corner in British Columbia and which has branches in other cities of the province. In the fall of 1886, having mitted Messrs. J. N. and T. M. Henderson into parftnership, Mr. Langley ceased from taking an active part in the

Although he had not recently taken an active part in public affairs, Mr. Langley had always taken a lively interest in the welfare of his adopted city and province. His name is closely connected with the early history of Victoria and British Columbia, he having taken his share with the other pioneers in making it what it is. He was a member of the legislative council of the colony under Sir James Douglas, and was appointed commissioner from the colony to the great exhibition in London in 1862. The Pacific Colony waat that time attracting a great deal attention in Great Britain, and Mr. Langley took advantage of this to make known its attractions as a home. For his valuable services to his country he was offered a knighthood, which he re-

A family of three sons, Dr. Langlev. W. H. Langley, barrister, and A. G. Langley, and two daughters surviv

The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2:30 from the family residence "The Maples," 127 Fairfield Road, and at 3 p.m. from the Reformed Episcopal church.

THE JUDGESHIP.

Rumor That Hon. D. M. Eberts is to Receive the Appointment.

It is rumored in legal circles, and there seems to be some foundation for the report, that Hon. D. M. Eberts, attorney-general, is to be gazetted judge of the supreme court immediately after the prorogation of the legislative assembv. vice Sir H. P. P. Crease, resigned. This will ne doubt lead to Mr. H. D. Helmcken being taken into the government as attorney-general.

Death Through the Kidneys. Hardly an organ of the human system play a more vital part than the kidneys. A derangement of these, evfatal. There is only one way for the system to be rid of this disease, and that is by taking a medicine that will act specially, and is a specific for kidney disease. This is the strong factor in is prepared specially for these organs, is radical in its banishment of disease located here, and rich in healing powers necessary to complete restoration. For sale by Dean & Hiscocks and

Hall & Co.

Thirty enterprising spirits in San Company. They have purchased the trim and fleet schooner the Emma and Louisa. Every one of the thirty paid eqal share of the expected profits of then run the schooner on shore. Stout that time she will be the home of the miners. The party will be divided into

San Francisco, April 9.-The British ship Blairmore, at anchor in Mission capsized this morning. Tugs are now alongside. The first officer and four of the crew were drowned.

The ship was in ballast when she capsized. Five men, known to have been on board last night, are missing. Tugs are now working in an attempt to right the vessel, which has been here since February 2, from Newcastle, Australia. The Blairmore will probably be saved without much damage.

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Caire, April 8 .-

get of news from

the anxiety felt in to the fate of th Anglo-Egyptian for Nile as a prelimina larger force upo roops are being r Wady Halfa. N. outhward of the hat wonderful ra mently been noti rto unexplained ing in the Souda. intelligence depart greatest difficulty ation regarding t vishes, the latter, spies in all quar mitting important rapidity from one another. Thus, manner, the news tian advance has the most distant hammedan world. pilgrims from Me which means alling upon his his standard and which he recentl Egypt, will be pus perate energy The Khalifa has shall immediately to Omdurman a pick of the warri that camp and all a long campaign. rently reported. 50.000 men, comp ing men in the by September, w tion advance will n person. The Dervish armies f fur, and it is believ sala will shortly has not already that the dervishes may be utilized gola. Khalifa, w Assonan, under said he was alwa the authority of as the representat he would "resist nedition coming f the British occu Khalifa concluded the British desire ated, but I have none, of the Eu strvive my murd Halfa is really Egyptian operation

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spirits in San a company callima Gold Mining purchased the the Emma and the thirty paid the purchase of f them will stand a big supply of will receive an pected profits of John Andrews, rit of this co-oper aken command of perintending her tination is Cook npany's plan is to t at the inlet and on shore. Stout fast in the mud, he tide, and from the home of the ill be divided into ur, and they will r gold. One party the others fail, ual shares of the

ril 9.—The British nchor in Mission part of the city, ng. Tugs are now officer and four of

llast when she capvn to have been on missing. Tugs are ttempt to right the en here since Febcastle, Australia. probably be saved

SOUDAN

Anxiety Felt as to the Increased Fate of the Anglo-Egyptian Forces.

Kalifi is Calling Upon His Warriors to Muster to Ris Standard.

Will Resist to the Death as Long es British Occupy the Country.

Cairo, April 8.-Each additional budget of news from the front increases the anxiety felt in unofficial circles as to the fate of the vanguard of the Anglo-Egyptian forces operating up the Nile as a preliminary to the advance of a larger force upon Dongola, for which troops are being rapidly concentrated at Wady Halfa. News of the movement southward of the troops spreads with that wonderful rapidity which has frequently been noticed as one of the hithunexplained features of campaignthe Soudan. While the British sence department experiences the eatest difficulty in obtaining informregarding the movement of derthe latter, apparently having all quarters, succeed in transimportant news with lightning r important news with lighteness to the stock exchange to-day that Mr. Thus, in some mysterious mer, the news of the Anglo-Egyptian advance has been communicated to

hammedan world, and the departure of dead. Officials of the British Chartered grims from Mecca has been suspended, which means that the Khalifa is South African Company discredit the pilgrims from Mecca has been suspeadhis standard and the jehad (holy war), in prices of the company's securities. which he recently proclaimed against Egypt, will be pushed with all the desate energy of the dervish leaders. The Khalifa has decreed that the tribes shall immediately collect and forward Is Dispelled in 30 Minutes by Dr. Agto Omdurman a heavy war tax. The pick of the warriors will be hurried to that camp and all preparations made for a long campaign. He expects, it is curdisease will understand what is meant rently reported, to muster an army of by Mrs. Roadhouse, of Willscroft, Ont., 50,000 men, composed of the best fight- when she says: "Cold sweats would ing men in the Soudan, at Omdurman stand out like in great beads upon my September, when the Anglo-Egyp- face." With everyone who suffers from tion advance will be met by the Khalifa heart trouble, it is a death struggle, forperson. The latter has recalled the it is hard to say when the cord of life Dervish armies from Fashoda and Dar- will not snap with this disease controlfur, and it is believed the siege of Kas- ling the system. In the interests of husala will shortly be raised, even if it man life, let all who suffer from heart has not already been raised, in order trouble always act promptly, and use that the dervishes now before that place a remedy that is effective. Death may may be utilized in Khartoum and Don-easily occur if it is a case simply of excola. Khalifa, writing to the Shiek of perimenting with medicines that are not would "resist to the death any exedition coming from Egypt so long as he British occupied the country." Khalifa concluded: "I am aware that he British desire to have me assassinated, but I have taken precautions that

south of Wady Halfa, is at present the light railroad is being pushed for the Booth in the volunteers has deserted onvenience of men, supplies, etc.; there and returned to the ranks of the Salva-

none of the European prisoners shall survive my murder." Though Wady-

Halfa is really the base of the Anglo-

the vicinity of that place.

DISHONEST MEN.

They Often Recommend Worthless Goods

There are many dishonest men in

These dishonest dealers, regardless of

To a very large extent, these dishon-

est dealers try to foist adulterated and

FISHERMEN ON THE FIGHT.

on the Columbia River.

county in preserving order and resisting

attack of belligerent Oregon fisher-

Willie-I don't believe it is wicked to

thless dyes on the public when the

ated Diamond Dyes are asked

to Buyers.

are in the direction of big profits.

brands are asked ofr.

. Montreal.

Egyptian operations, Akashen, a place of little importance, about ninety miles New York, April 9.—The Press this outh of Wady Halfa, is at present the morning says. Lieut.-Col. Peter Glen, base of operations. To that point a the highest officer next to Ballington it is believed the first fighting will oc- tion Army. A letter to Commander cur. Telegraphic communication with Booth-Tucker from Lieut, Glen has the vanguard occupying Akashen has been made public. In this letter Lieut. ben twice cut off by small straggling Glen asserts that he is acting conscienparties of dervishes, and the latter are tiously in this matter, and says he is believed to be gathering in force, in now convinced that Commander and Mrs. Ballington Booth are in the wrong.

manently, as many have already testi-

RETURNING TO THE FOLD.

Been Smitten With Remorse.

fied throug these columns.

LANGDON RELEASED.

Supposed Murderer of Annie J. Me-Grath Discharged.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 9.—Samuel I'. Langdon, who was held pending the investigation of the death of Annie J. McGrath, whose body was found March 23rd in a house here, occupied by Langdon and the dead girl, was releasbusiness. Their first and last thoughts ed to-day by the police. Coroner Ashbridge abandoned the case against Langdon because of the lack of evithe interests of their customers, seize decce. The evidence failed to show any motive for killing the girl. There every opportunity to substitute poor was no trace of poison in the girl's goods when standard and well known stomach.

THE GRAND TRUNK.

Semi-annual Meeting of the Sharehold ers in London To-day.

Watch such dealers closely, and you discover any attempt to de-London, April 9.—There was an espec relye by recommending poor, imitation ially large attendance at the semi-annual es leave his store and go to some meeting to-day of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada. The Diamond Dyes are retailed at the President Sir Charles Rivers Wilson Price as the worthless dyes-ten was in the chair, and read a report her package. The Diamond will which was unaimously adopted. omplete satisfaction, but the added that the directors, having only s, cherp dves will ruin your been in the office eight months, must and spoil your temper. If your have time to successfully develop plans. does not keep the Diamond Dyes He also spoke flatteringly of the able our order to us, and we will mail management of the affairs of the road lyes to you. Wells & Richardson by General Manager Chas. M. Hayes, formerly of the Wabash railroad. He was asked if the board proposed to enter into the old charges of fraud against the former board, and replied it Washington and Oregon Men Disagree was not the intention of the board to bring the matter up again. The president stated it was the intention of the Seattle, April 9.—Governor McGraw as ordered out a portion of the state traffic association. The president also ilitia because of threatened serious said that the board had no intention of ble between the Washington and consolidating the capital of the various on fishermen on the Columbia riv-He did so at the request of the roads. A motion to lease the Hamilriff and prosecuting attorney of Paton and Toronto railroad to the Canacounty. Governor McGraw said his dian Pacific was then carried. The redructions were for the militia to astiring directors and auditors were rethe civil authorities of Pacific

The case of Latimer and Stacey charged with highway robbery occupied the attention of the police magistrate for several hours to-day. It was fintobacco.
iie—Why,
iiie—Well,
it ain't. I tried it and it
e me sick. Wicked things is all good. ally adjourned until to-morrow.

elected.

E. P. Davis, Q. C., of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Against Mr. Pacaud in the Baie des

MR. ARMSTRONG'S JUDGMENT.

Chaleurs Railway Suit.

and dollars pair Ernest Pacaud by C. N. Armstrong, one of the contractors of the Baie des Chaleurs railway,

and which was the subject of a royal commission in 1891 against Mercier and

Ernest Pacaud. Judge Andrews con-

demned Pacaud to return the \$100,000

with interest and costs. Mr. Pacaud

Toronto, April 9.-Navigation season

the steamer Lakeside from St. Cathar-

ines. The captain of the stonehooker

gets a silk hat from the harbor com-

missioners. The date of opening is

Winnipeg, April 9.-Interviewed in St.

Paul yesterday, Premier Greenway de-

nied that he intended entering federal

The four-year-old son of Wm. Keef-

er, near Qu' Appelle, was burned to

AN ALARMING RUMOR

Died of Fever in Salisbury,

Matabeleland.

The Chartered Company's Securities

Take a Sudden Fall in Prices

in Consequence.

London, April 9.- It is rumored on

THE COLD SWEAT OF HEART

DISEASE.

new's Cure for the Heart.

The thousands who suffer from heart

about the average of late years.

will appeal.

death yesterday.

Quebec, April 9.-Judge Andrews ren- Matters Relating to Yukon District lered judgment yesterday in the case Discussed at a Meeting of of the Quebec government vs. Pacaud the Council. for the recovery of one hundred thous

> A Resolution Passed Favoring a Systematic Immigration Policy.

Mr. Wilkinson Presents an Interestopened yesterday by the arrival of a "stonehooker" from Port Credit, and ing Statement re Fraser kiver Bridge.

> The council of the B. C. Board of Trade met this morning, President Ker being in 'the chair, and the following members present: Messrs. Pearse, Pearson, Davies, Scaife, Flumerfelt, Templeman, Chapman, Futcher.

> President Ker referred to the death of Mr. A. J. Langley, a charter member of the board, and the secretary was instructed to send a letter of condolence to the members of the family.

T. B. Hall, chairman of the commit tee on manufactures, presented a report respecting the printed circular from the London Chamber of Commerce re "Trade with the British Empire." The Reported That Cecil Rhodes Has report, which was adopted, recommended that a communication be addressed to his honor the lieutenant-governor in terms of the circular, asking in what

way the Board of Trade can co-operate. Dr. Milne wrote to the board enclosing a letter sent him from the department of the irterior, in which reference is made to the boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia. The letter from the department of the interior is an answer to a copy of the report of the committee appointed by the Board of Trade to enquire into the resources and trading prospects of the Yukon Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape The letter points out that while on the Colony, who has been suffering from map accompanying the board's report, tian advance has been communicated to the most distant quarters of the Mo-fever at Salisbury, Matabeleland, is there are two boundaries marked in red, one stated to be the boundary as indicaated by the British commission and the cil urge upon the Dominion government other as the boundary as indicated by the advisability of recognizing in the ed which means that the Rhalita to calling upon his warriors to muster to report. The rumor has caused a fall the United States commission, "that no definite statement claim, so far as the interior department is aware, has ever been made by the United States gov- was carried, and a similar one will be ernment, and certainly none has ever been made by Canada, or Great Brit-

Mr. Scaife pointed out that the map was prepared from information received in the lands and works department. The communication was received and filed. Several communications were received from Col. Prior and Hon. T. M. Daly, minister of the interior, regarding the granting of a permit to Mr. James Macauly and others to take liquor into the Yukon country. In one of these communications Mr. Daly states that Mr. the detriment of the trade of local mer-Macaulay and the board are under some misapprehension as to the conditions is going to Montreal, will interview the under which the department of the in- C.P.R. officials there regarding the matterior is acting in the matter. "It is necessary to bear in mind that the Northwest Territories act absolutely forbids the manufacture, sale or having resolution of the board in reference to Assouan, under date of December last, specially intended to remove the trouble in this direction. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart specific, and will give relief within 30 minutes after the representative of the Sultan, but he would "resist to the death any extended to remove the trouble in this direction. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart specific, and will give relief within 30 minutes after the first dose is taken, and cure periods the manufacture, sale or naving in possession of intoxicating liquors, except under special permit from the lieut-governor. Recognizing that it is impossible to prohibit the traffic, the department of the interior is negotiating. department of the interior is negotiating with the lieutenant-governor with a view to agreeing upon some well-con-For sale by Dean & Hiscocks and sidered and well-organized plan of issuing permits to responsible people who are engaged in other mercantile pur-The letter admits "that Mr. suits." Macaulay's references are quite satis-Ballington Booth's Chief Man Has factory, but that it does not appear that he is engaged in any other business

> understanding arrived at with the lieuenant-governor." Mr. Futcher referred to the statement in Mr. Daly's letters that permits were granted last year. The board had no information that such permits were grant-

> of commerce within the sense of the

President Ker thought that Mr. Daly referred to permits granted last fall to

take effect in '96. Mr. Leiser thought Mr. Daly had taken the proper course. Representatives of the Alaska Commercial Co. had interviewed the government at Ottawa and no doubt they acted on the informa-tion received from these representatives. These companies did a large business in the Yukon country and should be encouraged. It was not advisable for the board to further support Mr. Macaulay, who was solely engaged in taking in iquor to the Yukon country.

Mr. Templeman remarked that the point which influenced the board was that the companies to whom the permits were granted are American companies, while Mr. Macaulay and his associates are Canadian citizens securing their supplies here. If a Canadian government grants permits to American com-

west. Mr. Daly does not say a word of

the nationality of the applicant. A. H. Scaife stated that it was simply a monoply granted to exclusion of

A. H. Scaite stated that it was simply a monoply granted to exclusion of Canadian citizenes.

Mr. Flumerfelt was of the opinion that the Dominion government was more or less obligated to the companies. They acted as bankers for the government and gave valuable information regarding the Yukon country. No doubt the permits were granted previous to the time applications were made by any one else. President Ker pointed out that Mr. Macaulay and others went to the Yukon district with liquor last year and the Dominion government officials offered no resistance. Mr. Macaulay made minute inquiries here, but secured no information that a permit would be required this year. He took the liquor up there in good faith, and should be supported by the board.

The communications were tabled for future consideration, and in the meantime Mr. Macaulay may secure the necessary permit.

Col. Prior wrote to the board in reference to bonding privileges, and that the matter of mail subsidy will be considered by the government. The minister of the interior does not consider that the government time formation to the supplication to Washington for bonding privileges, and that the matter of mail subsidy will be considered by the government. The minister of the interior does not consider that the government that in consideration of a short line of railway from sumas city and the money for the construction of a short line of railway from sumas city and a function with the Seattle, Lake subsidy will be considered by the government that in consideration of a short line of railway from Sumas City and a function with the Seattle, Lake subsidy will be considered by the government that in consideration of this line of railway from Sumas City and a function of the shore dependent of the provincial and, the forthcoming to build it.

re eya colored a consider on the control

in regard to the different routes into the Yukon country to enable him to lay before the council a satisfactory recon-transport of the council a satisfactory reconbefore the council a satisfactory recom-mendation for financial assistance. Col. mendation for financial assistance. Col. Prior asked for information regarding the best route into the Yukon country, and his letter was referred to Mr. R. H. Hall of the Hudsons Bay Co., who is of the opinion that the action proposed in applying to Washington for bonding privileges by the way of Lynn's canal is the best arrangement that can be made as a temporary expedient. Mr. Hall then gave a minute and interesting account of the different routes into the Yukon. He believes that if the Yukon trade is worth having the most likely way for British Columbia merchants to way for British Columbia merchants to control it would be by a narrow gauge road from some point on Lynn canal or Taku Inlet, which would connect with Teslin Lake, or with some navigable branch of the Yukon river to the northward of Lake Bennett. Mr. Hall does not agree with the reports of Dr. Dawson and Mr. Ogilvie, whose reports favor the Stickeen and Teslin Lake route. In his opinion he is backed up by Capt. Jno. Irving, M.P.P., who concurs with the observations made by Mr. Hall and

cable and entirely out of the question. F. J. Deane, special correspondent for the Province, who represented the Board of Trade at the Winnipeg convention, reported to the board the proceedings of the convention. The communication was received and

instructed to forward Mr. Deane the

thanks of the board for having so ably represented them at the convention. Mr. Flumerfelt, chairman of the B. C. sub-committee of the Western Canadian Immigration Association, read several letters received regarding immigration from Mr. Henbach, the secretary of the

It was moved by Joshua Davies, seconded by E. Pearson, that the council of the B. C. Board of Trade, realizing the fact that the future of the Dominion in general and of Western Canada in particular is largely dependent upon immigration, and realizing further the satisfactory results in this direction can only be attained by placing it upon such a basis as shall be entirely free from the control and influence of party politics, therefore be it resolved that this counmost substantial manner the movement inaugurated by the Western Canada Immigration Association. The resolution sent to the provincial government.

Col. Prior wrote, enclosing a letter reeived by him from Hon. T. M. Daly. supt.-general of Indian affairs, stating that he is having a memo. prepared for the council dealing with the Songhees Indian reserve matter. Received and

The Revelstoke Board of Trade re qusted the co-operation of the Victoria board in an effort to secure a discontinuance of a store-car run by the C.P. R. between Donald and Kamloops, to chants. A member of the council, who

well acknowledged the neceipt of the

To the President and Council B. C. Board To the President and Council B. C. Board of Trade, Victoria, B. C. Gentlemen,—Re Fraser River Bridge: Some few days ago I was asked by the promoters of the above project, to make a comparison as to the advantages or otherwise, to be derived by the province in the case the government accepted the proposition now presented for a guarantee of 3.1-2 per cent. on bonds to the amount of \$360,000, which it is proposed to issue to enable the bridge to be built, as against the existing legislation which provides that except freighting, which is not a branch

or \$300,000, Which it is proposed to enable the bridge to be built, as against the existing legislation which provides that the government shall contribute the sum of \$180,000, payable at the rate of \$18,000 per annum for ten years.

As I see from the papers that Mr. Kennedy has given notice of motion to have the above proposal laid before the house for consideration, and as that proposal involves issues of the greatest moment, not only to the cities of Victoria and New Westmitsster, but also to the province at large, I venture to think that it is possible the council may like to have a communication on the subject, explaining the financial benefits to be derived from the proposed re-arrangement of the provincial aid, and setting forth what I believe to be some of the benefits that must result from the construction of this long-sought-for public work. With this object in view, I beg to enclose you a copy of my report to the promoters dated April 3rd instant. for public work. With this object in view, I beg to enclose you a copy of my report to the promoters, dated April 3rd instant, from which it will be seen that the saving to the province at the expiration of fifty years, the term for which it is proposed to issue the bonds, on the basis of 3 1-2 per cent. interest and cost of administration, is \$800,000 (eight hundred thousand dollars), that over and above this saving, either the province or the City of New Westminster (as may be arranged) will be in possession of the bridge, unencumbered by debt, and further, in possession of a balance to the credit of the Bridge account, of a sum of about \$70,000.

The only remarks I would make on this

The only remarks I would make on this report are: That I hear, since making it that there is a probability of the subsidy from the Dominion government considerably exceeding 10 per cent. of the cost of construction, viz: \$36,000, on which my calculations have been based; in which case the balance in the hands of the government ment grants permits to American companies, it should at least put Canadian citizens on the same footing. It is simply a repetition of the absurdities and abuses which prevailed in connection with the permits formerly granted throughout the northwest. Mr. Daly does not say a word of west. Mr. Daly does not say a word of the proposed granted throughout the northwest. Mr. Daly does not say a word of the proposed granted throughout the northwest. Mr. Daly does not say a word of the proportionately increased. And that I have made no mention of the extra cost in which the city of New Westminster cost in which the city of New Westminster to the hands of the government would be involved in case they find that I have made no mention of the extra cost in which the city of New Westminster cost in which the city of New Westminster to the project, which they undoubtedly can do, without the aid of the proposed granted throughout the northwest. Mr. Daly does not say a word of the cost in which the city of New Westminster cost in which th amount at the end of the term, to a fur-ther sum of \$500,000, besides which I think it would be doubtful if they would at any time enjoy the bridge free of en-

terminus of three transcontinental railway lines.

It is unnecessary to set forth here, the advantages which would be reaped by .
City of New Westminster; they are so obvious to the gentlemen at the head of civile affairs there, that every effort is being made to push the matter forward. It is impossible to assess the value of the competition which will be created by the introduction of two transcontinental lines of railway into the province, now served by the C. P. R. only.

Indications are not wanting, which point to the fact that should the government refuse the re-adjustment of their aid as suggested, the Great Northern Railway Co. will come forward with such aid; but it it can hardly be supposed that the company will aid in the construction of a bridge for the benefit of any line but their own, and it is certain that should that company help in the work, the C. P. R. will have no facilities on the south side of the Fraser river, nor will the Northern Pacific have facilities on the north side.

Apologizing for this lengthy letter, I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant, (Sgd.) C. H. WILKINSON.

Victoria B. C., April 8, '96. considers the Stickeen route impractifiled and the secretary of the board was

ENCLOSURE. Victoria, B. C., April 3rd, 1896.

Fraser River Bridge.

I have been asked to compare the cost to the government of financing the bridge by way of bonus of \$18,000 per annum for 10 years (as already empowered by act of parliament), and that of the scheme now being put forward, of obtaining a government guarantee of 3 1-2 per cent. on a fifty year loan raised by the city of New Westminster, that city collecting and handing over all bonuses and other receipts received for the bridge to the government.

The net result of my investigations will probably be a surprise to many, but roughly it may be relied on, although I have worked without books or clerical aid in checking the figures.

I find that under the new plan, assuming the various receipts are obtained.

I find that under the new plan, assuming the various receipts are obtained, which I think are legitimately expected, that the Bridge will not cost the government anything, but on the contrary at the period when the loan terminates, a sum of \$55,506 will be in hand, and that during the whole period of the gurantee the government will have in hand balances varying from \$30,800 to the above mentioned sum. varying from \$50,000 to the above that the fold sum.

I find on the basis of the old scheme that at the expiration of the 50 years' period, assuming 3 1-2 per cent. were paid for the money, the cost of the bridge to the government would be, approximately, \$800.

Comment is unnecessary. I may be out in my calculations a little, but it would not affect the argument, which cannot be traversed, viz: That the city of New Westminster have under their new scheme not only asked no money, but asked the government to save the province a large sim.

Premier Turner and Mr. E. V. Bod-

(1) From the Dominion, 10 per cent.

3 years, from other railroad sources a similar income will be de-

(3) Other railroad sources p. a. . . 5,000 (4) Existing traffic by ferry 5,000

Yr. Income. Interest. All to 1st. Gift from Domionion:
1. \$10,000 \$12,600 \$18,000*
2. 10,000 12,600 36,000*
3. 15,000 12,600 54,000*
15,000 12,600 72,000* 4. 15,000 12,600 72,000* 5. 15,000 12,600 90,000* *And interest

Now add approximate interest, say 6,700 4,200 Balance, with interest . \$36,700 \$43,000 Balance, with interest ...\$36,700 \$4
Under new scheme the sinking fund
commences after the 5th year, and
unless the traffics have fucreased
there will now be a deficit of \$1,200 p. a. Against this, however,
there is a fund in hand of \$43,000, which at the same rate of
interest will bring in \$1,505, or
an absolute surplus of \$305 p. a..
equal in 45 years to\$2 equal in 45 years to\$30,500

\$73,500 Under the old scheme, the balances against the bridge account commence to grow rapidly, as follows:—
Yr. Bal. Sub. Interest. Dr. Bal. 6. \$.96,700 & \$18,000 & \$3.384 & \$118,084 \\ 7. 118,084 & 18,000 & 4,30 & 140,214 \\ 8. 140,214 & 18,000 & 4,907 & 163,121 \\ 9. 163,121 & 18,000 & 5,706 & 186,830 \\ 10. 186,830 & 18,000 & 6,339 & 211,369 \\ From the 11th to the 50th year the government will have to charge 3 1-2 per cent. per annum interest, to cover their expenses every year, the balance growing larger and larger in the account against the bridge, as follows:— Under the old scheme, the

The council then adjourned. TWENTY-FIVE YEARS A MARTYR

TO RHEUMATISM.

Released From Pain in One Day.

"It is my desire," says Mr. James

Late To a second of the

Sir Chas. Tupper Comes Out in His True Colors and Makes a Typical Threat.

Which He Would Carry Out if He Dared-Vilely Abuses the Liberal Leader,

Who Replies With a Caustic, but Courteous Rebuke-Masson Gets Rewarded.

Ottawa, April 9.-Just before six 'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Laurier rose in his place in the commons and renewed his suggestion that the sittings of the commons for the consideration of the remedial bill be limited from 3 p.m. to 3 a.m., and expressed his surprise that the leader of the house did not see fit to agree to such a reasonable proposal, pointing out that since his refusal there had been no progress

Sir Charles Tupper in replying, charged Mr. Laurier and Mr. McCarthy with conspiring to prevent the enactment of remedial legislation. He quoted from authorities to show that the suspension of members from their duties was not unknown in parliamentary practice for undue obstruction, and instanced a case in New Zealand. This was taken as an intimation that a similar course might have to be taken to prevent any anti-remedialists from making motions to adjourn. Sir Charles said it was the painful duty of the government to have continuous sittings, but they were compelled to do so, owing to the persistent obstruction. He was in an iceful mood and lashed the Liberal leader in unqualified terms.

Hon. Mr. Laurier said he had never before seen such a sorry and sad exhibition of unabridged rage in the commons. He was indebted to Sir Charles for his vituperation, but he preferred it to his encomiums, because it would justify him (Mr. Laurier) in the eyes of the people. He denied that there had been any obstruction until his reasonable offer, which would have ensured progress, had been refused. Only yesterday he had been absolved by Sum.

The government have taken powers and are prepared to pay \$18,000 per annum for 10 years a gift to the bridge. In 10 years total loss, without interest, \$180,000.

Instead of this gift the city of New Westminster ask for a guarantee of 3 1-2 per cent. on \$360,000, with the provision of a sinking fund to clear off the loan in 50 years. The city offer to turn over to the government all the receipts arising from the bridge, set out below. The sinking fund of 1 per cent., in order to pay the loan at maturity, must commence to operate at the end of the fifth year, as it takes 44 years at 1 per cent. per annum to accumulate \$100 with interest compounded at 3 1-2 per cent.

The gross liability for the government will be:

For the last 5 years \$12,600 per an. Charles from the charge of obstrucwill be: —
For the 1st5 years \$12,600 per an.
For each subsequent year 16,200 per an.
The receipts arising from the bridge are expected to be as follows:—
(1) From the Description of the property of presence. He would not be bullied, and

At midnight Mr. McCarthy created a new diversion. He claimed that the committee was not properly constructed because the permanent chairman had, contrary to the rules, put a substitute in the chair. The chairman did not sustain him, and an appeal was made to the house, which endorsed the chair-Gift from Dominion \$36,000 Only a few Liberals were present when man's ruling by a vote of 93 to 25.

> in the house early yesterday morning that the committee rise and report pro-33,400* 33,801* 35,600* gress is still being debated. No progress is being made with the bill. Col. Starke, of the Victoria Rifles. Montreal, has been appointed commandant of the Bisley team for 1896. Maj. Bruce, of the Royal Grenadiers, Toron-

to, has been selected as adjutant. Mr. Masson, M. P. for North Gray. has been appointed senior county court judge for Huron county. He was a strong supporter of remedial legislation. There are in the supplementary estimates for the current year, for the Victoria postoffice, \$20,000; \$4000 for dredging the foot of the Kootenay rapids, and repairs to the Quadra, \$12,000; The total supplementary estimates asked for British Columbia this year is \$2,504,000.

The latest regulation of the customs department is that American wheelmen can enter Canda by merely giving the name of their league and the number of their bicycle to the customs collector.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER

Robert Morran Arrested for the Murder of Hannah Hutton.

Winnipeg, April 9.-Robert Morran, of Holland, was arrested at 3 o'clock to-day for the murder of Hannah Hutton, who was found on the roadside with her throat cut Wednesday last. Sensational developments are expected.

GLAD TO SEE SPRING

City people don't begin to know all the discomforts a long cold winter Kerr, farmer, of Kars, Ont., "to tell brings to people in the country. There for the public good the great blessing is no hardship in leaving a warm house American Rheumatic Cure has been to merely to step into a heated street car my wife. She had been a great sufferer and be rapidly conveyed in comfort to from rheumatism for 25 years; had doc- wherever one's business takes one. But tored with all physicians, far and near, when one must get right out and face but never got perfect relief till she used the elements either walking or driving South American Rheumatic Cure. It with no protection except what one's banished all pain in one day, and seven clothing affords, it is different. No one bottles cured radically. I think two or cares to be weighed down with a burthree bottles would have been sufficient den of many garments, and yet warmth had it not been for delay in securing must be had by some means; and thus medicine. I most cheerfully give this the idea of using FIBRE CHAMOIS testimony, and strongly recommend interlining in all winter clothing has sufferers from rheumatism to use this become deservedly popular. Its warmth. remedy, as I believe it will cure in ev- without weight, and wind and waterproof qualities are highly appreciated ery case."

proof qualities are highly appreciated
For sale by Dean & Hiscocks and by all who require to be much out of doors.

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Sir Charles Tupper Wants to Read Anti-Coercionists Out of the Party. .

Lively Proceedings During the First Day the Bill Was in Committee.

0

Employees of the House Left Without Their Pay Through Carelessness.

Ottawa, April 1.--The fact that the estimates for legislation have been exhausted and that Canada was unable to pay the temporary employees of parliament has already been noted in this correspondence, and Dr. Sproule drew the ployees were now without their pay, it was a great hardship to these poor people-messengers, door-keepers, pages, sessional writers, translators, and charwomen. Dr. Sproule, stalwart Conservative though he be, declared that a great deal of time was wasted at the beginning of the session. He called on the government not to delay as the regular estimates could not be put through apparently this session. Immediate provision should be made for these poor

Mr. Foster was not in his seat and Sir Charles Tupper said in his absence he would ask that the matter stand over until the minister of finance was present. Mr. Laurier said that unless some good reason was given the excuse of ab-

sence would not hold. Mr. Gibson charged the minister with taking care to draw their own salaries, but with exhibiting gross carelessness and indifference as whether these poor people received their pay.

Mr. Casey asked why the secretary of state, Sir Charles Tupper, did not give his own check to cover the deficit. Mr. Lister made a powerful appeal for fair play to the unpaid employees. What, he asked, would the bankers in London who held the bonds of the Chignecto Marine Railway say when they heard that the Dominion of Can-

ada was unable to pay its own em-"Even the charwomen, most of them," added Mr. Lister, with a pathetic tone in his voice, "most of them widows with large families. Were the members of the government so busy hatching conspiracies and stabbing colleagues that they could not spare time to attend to ordinary duties of administration? If the treasury is empty," exclaimed Mr Lister, "why not discount a note?"

tween hogs and unpaid employees.

Mr. Mulock protested against voting millions for the rotten scheme of the secretary of state, Sir Charles Tupper, and neglecting to provide for the daily wages of the servants of parliament. Mr. Craig and Mr. Lister exchanged

were the real friends of the workingmen, both gentlemen being obliged to withdraw certain expressions which in common language is termed giving each other the lie. Major Hughes intervened and there

was considerable uproar.

down shortly. that he had already broken his promise for they were to be down yesterday. The matter then droped.

Mr. Charlton asked if the government would take up and pass his resolution ernment that by going on they were respecting the suffering Christians in

Sir Charles Tupper replied: "The government warmly sympathize with the resolution but it is impossible to take it up until we are further advanced with public business. After the disposition we have had on the part of the gentlemen opposite to prevent public

business being done-The leader of the house got no further, for shouts of "Order, order," but he continued speaking, his voice being drowned by the cries of "Order." Mr. Laurier asked as to the reported

intention to sit on Good Friday. Sir Charles Tupper-Does the hon. gentleman himself feel any objection to sitting on Good Friday? It is very important that not a day or hour should be lost in pressing public business but the government would not press the house to sit if there is any conscientious objections from any member.

Mr. Laurier resented Sir Charles Tupper's catechism, even if he did not object, there might be others. Sir Charles Tupper- As the hon. gentleman raise no objection we do propose

to sit on Good Friday. Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Davies both pointed out that the members of the house belonging to the Church of England would strongly ob-

Sir Charles Tupper-After these statements I may say that the government does not propose to sit on Good Friday. (Laughter.)

The house then went into committee on the remedial bill.

Mr. Davies thought it was due to the committee to say whether it was intended to go on with the bill in view of the negotiations in Winnipeg.

Sir Charles Tupper-So far from interfering with the negotiations the proceeding with the bill is calculated to have precisely the opposite effect. If this measure becomes law it will be a comparatively easy matter for the government of Manitoba to make such arrangements as will prevent it being brought into operation, but if it is to become law it must be steadily proceeded with. If, on the other hand, the bill were abandoned and the negotiations do not succeed the minority in Manitoba geance. He denied that it was his de-

Mr. Davies thought the country would doubt the government's sincerity if they outside of law.

was sustained.

tard such a settlement. It was a public (Laughter and cheers.) proclamation to Manitoba that the gov-

settlement or not. ing would be good. As it was, everyone abuse in lieu of argument. who wanted to put an end to this ques-

tion would pass the bill. bund parliament with members scrambling for office was incompetent to deal with this question.

Col. O'Brien pointed out how the government had wasted the session and pointed to the British parliament where important government measures were ready when parliament met. This bill was not moved to the second reading for two months after parliament met. If they proceeded with the bill it would excite the suspicion that the government were not sincere in their negotiations.

Sir Richard Cartwright referred to Sir passage of this bill would settle the question. The contrary was the fact. The bill was not intended to settle anything and the crisis they had seen in the ministry showed it to be the result of a compromise between the two wings of the cabinet. He asked Sir Charles Tupper if he understood him to say he feared the negotiations would fail.

Sir Charles Tupper-I did say I feared these negotiations might fail. Sir Richard Cartwright—I am sorry. Sir Charles Tupper-That is my opin-

Sir Richard Carwright-I am sorry to hear it, and it is early for the hon. gentleman to say it. After a few days' nounces virtually that the negotiations

have been a failure. Sir Charles Tupper-No, no; I said I had a great fear and so I have. Sir Richard Cartwright-Such

guage can only have one meaning. Mr. Foster discovered various reasons not all consistent one with the other for opposing the bill. As the majority Members on both sides, he added, would had declared for the principle it should be willing to endorse such a note rather be allowed to pass. If they suspended than expose the disgrace of the world. | the bill during negotiations they would Mr. Allan, of Essex, wanted to draw not have time to pass it before April attention to unpaid claims of certain 24. There was not one word of truth farmers of Essex whose hogs had been in the allegations about the insincerity slaughtered by order of the quarantine of the government nor about cabinet diofficers of the government, but Mr. visions. The cabinet were a unit on it. Speaker failed to see the connection be- It was not the cause of the resignations in January.

> Mr. Mulock-That was not what the premier said. Mr. Foster-I don't care what the hon, gentleman says, I speak by the re-

cord. We have not wavered in carrying out out the constitution. 'There compliments at long range as to who were not, he declared, more than ten contentious clauses and they could pass the bill in a week. Mr. Mills took the point that pending

negotiations the house had no constitutional power to deal with the bill, The government admitted that they had not exhausted their powers with the Mr. Foster, who had come in, was Manitoba government, because they urged to speak, and simply said that were carrying on negotiations. An act the supplementary estimates would be passed here would be worth nothing if they reached a settlement. He instanc-Sir Richard Cartwright reminded him ed a clause in the bill commanding the lieutenant-governor to establish Catholic board of education. How could they command the sovereign or her representatives? He warned the govcontributing to the failure of the nego-

> Sir Richard Cartwright-What chance s there of making an arrangement if you shake the stick at Manitoba? After recess before a dozen members

were in the house the chairman put the motion to rise and declared it lost. Mr. Davies, speaking to the first clause directing the lieutenant-governor to establish a board of education, addressed a closely reasoned legal argument to show that this clause exceeded their power to pass.

Mr. Casey wished to speak on the motion to rise and was told that motion was not before the chair. To put himself in order he moved that the committee rise. This was shortly afterwards taken by Sir Charies Tupper as an evidence of obstruction. He was in a great temper and even turned upon Conservative members. He accused Dr. Sproule of obstruction and declared he was no longer a supporter of the government. He threatened to appeal to the people! on the defeat of the bill by obstruction.

Dr. Sproule-Why don't you do it? Sir Charles Tupper-We will exhaust all the physical power we possess at the risk of health and life (laughter) to pass this bill. At my age I do not shrink even from the ordeal. I say if it is necessary to sacrifice life itself (laughter) I should feel bound to do it. Looking at the importance I attach to the settlement of this question, the clos-

ure might yet be required in Canada.

Mr. Laurier replied warmly. Who, he asked, obstructed the business from January 2nd, the day the house met, to March 3 when the second reading of the remedial bill was moved. In the debate on the second reading ministerial speeches occupied more pages of Hansard than Liberal speeches. Was that obstruction? The opposition had no desire to obstruct. They had taken their course on this question and the country could judge between them. Some excitement was created by Dr. Sproule, a life-long Conservative, the chairman of the standing committee on agriculture, defending himself from Sir Charles Tupper's attack and carrying the war into Africa with a ven

will be left in the same deplorable and liberate intention to destroy the govern-helpless condition. He had a right to say he believed the government were out of touch sentiment of the country. with the went on with the bill. He denounced Seven-tenths of the voters of Ontario it as a burlesque for the government to were against the government on this press a coercion law when they were question. (Opposition cheers). Dr. negotiating for an amicable settlement Sproule grew warm and added: "I challenge the minister of railways, Mr. Hag-Mr. Ouimet raised the point of order gart, or the leader of the house to rethat they could not discuss the subject | sign and I will resign and contest a conon the first clause of the bill. This stituency in Ontario with either of them on this question.' (Opposition cheers). Mr. McNeill moved that the commit- Dr. Sproule added that the government occupied a mean position in carrying the Mr. Davies resumed his remarks and bill practically by their own votes and a Sir Charles Tupper declared Mr. Davies few of their opponents. "The leader of was running counter to the ruling of the the house," he said, "is trying to coerce chair. Mr. Davies pointed out that Sir parliament as well as Manitoba." He Charles Tupper was all wrong, that he also charged the government with wastwas speaking to the motion to rise. He ing forty days of the session when the proceeded to protest against antagoniz- members were kept dancing attendance ing the Manitoba government in this on them. He wound up with this shot way because it was most desirable that at Sir Charles Tupper: "Since the secsome settlement should be made at Win- retary of state came he has made a nipeg. Going on with the bill would re- great noise but has effected very little."

Mr. Patterson reminded Sir Charles ernment were going to force this bill Tupper that physical force was not the and the things usually used by prospec- The only objection to them is their size; through whether Manitoba agreed to a constitutional method of enacting legislation under our system of government. Sir Charles Tupper said there were Why had he not replied to Mr. Davie's respondence, and Dr. Sproule drew the only a few days left of the session and constitutional objection now raised for attention of the house to it yesterday, if the bill was suspended there was no the first time on the first clause of the pointing out that over one hundred em- means of settling the matter before the bill? He gave Sir Charles a severe lecgeneral election. If this was an ordin- ture on outraging all the proprieties of and had been for two weeks, and that ary session the reasons against proceed-parliamentary life and indulging in

Some severe blows were administered to Sir Charles by another straight Conserva-Mr. Charlton ergued that this mori- tive, Mr. McNeill, who declared that Sir Charles Tupper was unfair. After the govmonths of the session it was absurd to call upon members to swallow this bill holus bolus.

The discussion on the second reading was burked by forced all-night sittings. Sir Charles, he said, should blush to accuse men as good as he was of being false to their principles. If it was necessary to import a gentleman from England to make accusations of this kind he could only say the party must indeed have been reduced to a terrible pitch. He added: "Here is Dr. Sproule, a Conservative of eighteen Charles Tupper's declaration that the years' service to the party being dragooned by Sir Charles Tupper and being read

out of the party." Dr. Sproule-"Not much danger of that." Mr. McNeill-"No taunts can drive us out of the party." Mr. McNelll also ridiculed what he termed Sir Charles Tupper's high flown language about the need of the Remedial bill.

Mr. Fraser, amid laughter, pictured what thrill would pass through the hearts of men when they read that Sir Charles Tupper had offered his body as a sacrifice for brute force and explained the system of on. I am afraid these negotiations will schools in Nova Scotia.

Dr. Cameron of Inverness, said the minority in Nova Scotia would like to have by law what they now had by practice, but Mr. Fraser showed that in practice conference the secretary of state and the Nova Scotia system did not grant separate schools. There was common inspection, common books, common qualifications for teachers and common taxation.

Dr. Weldon, another malcontent, said he had not realized until to-day that it was the government's intention to push forward the bill under high pressure. He thought it better to let the bill stand over until next session in order that the coununtil next session in order that the country might pronounce upon it. It was too late in the day now, he said, to drive parliament at the point of the bayonet. (Cheers). The threat to sit all night and all day should not be made on a free parliament. Free speech had not yet been stifled in Canadian parliament by the use of the closure. He proceeded on the operation of the Nova Scotia school law, explaining that hy practice all religious do. plaining that by practice all religious denominations there were allowed to teach their religious doctrines—provided there was no interference with secular teach-

Dr. Cameron—"Would you be prepared to legalize that?"

Dr. Weldon replied that he certainly would. The system had worked would. The system had worked well in Nova Scotia.

Nova Scotia.

Dr. Cameron—"That is all we want under the bill." (Loud cries of 'No.')

Dr. Weldon, continuing said the true solution of this question in Manitoba was to adopt the middle course which prevailed in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, Victoria, at the Cape and in other great colonies. He asked for the assistance of Dr. Cameron to kill this bill in order to adopt a system which would bring Catholics and Protestanas together instead of tending to divide anas together instead of tending to divide

Dr. Cameron expressed himself as desir-Dr. Cameron expressed himself as desirous of seeing the Nova Scotia system being applied to Manitoba, but he would like to see the systems in both provinces put on the statute book.

Mr. Casey at midnight said he desired to withdraw his motion for the committee to rise, as he only made it to allow him to speak on the general question whether it was expedient to proceed with the bill.

Mr. Clarke Wallace raised a little contention by declaring that many Roman

tention by declaring that many Roman Catholics were opposed to separate schools. Mr. Devlin and Dr. Cameron interjected several interruptions and Mr. McNeill came to Mr. Wallace's aid. Mr. Wallace declared that members had voted for this bill against their own independent.

clared that members had voted for this bill against their own judgment. Then Mr. Wallace and Col. Prior crossed swords over the Victoria, B. C., bye-election.

Mr. Mills proceeded to discuss the merits of the first clause appointing a board of education. He argued that assuming the question was properly before the house the government should not interfere with the business of administration, which should be left to the local legislature.

Dr. Weldon supported the contention of Mr. Mills and considered it only fair that the government should either answer the point raised or defer consideration of the bill until the minister of justice had returned from Winnipeg.

At 2:15 a. m. Mr. Daly argue to real-

official that the minister of justice had returned from Winnipeg.

At 2:15 a. m., Mr. Daly arose to reply to Mr. Mills. He contended that it was competent for parliament to provide administrative machinery. This was necessary to be recently as the recommendation of the content of the recommendation. sary to the restoration of the rights of the miniority.
Mr. Mills (Bothwell) replied that his ar-Mr. Mills (Bothwell) replied that his argument had been misapprehended by Mr. Daly. His point was that a board of education was not a right or privilege under the constitution. The right and privilege was confined to the character of the instruction in the schools. All that this house could do at the most was to see that the minority should have their right to religious instruction restored. If the provincial government refused to administer the law so as to give this then the governor-in-council might be applied to see that it was given.

or-in-council might be approved that it was given.

Mr. Ives followed with an argument in

Mr. Ives followed with an argument in reply.

At a few minutes past three o'clock this morning the first and second clauses were passed.

Upon the third clause Mr. Dupont (Conservative) rose and nade a speech in French objecting that it was inadequate and suggesting amendments. Mr. Lariviere moved, seconded by Mr. McIsaac, that sub-section 2 of clause 3 empowering the department of education to make regulations for the general organization of the separate schools be struck out. The amendment was rejected, the clause passed and the committee rose at 3:30 a.m.

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The Experiences of an Ex-Victorian While Prospecting in Mashonaland.

Unfaithful Kaffirs-South African Fever-Great Drawbacks to Agriculture.

(By Mr. B. Haigh, formerly of the Times) Salisbury, Mashonaland, Feb. 12.-My partner and I left Salisbury on the ing in Mashonaland. Cattle raising 10th of October last on a prospecting would be a very profitable business if it trip into what is called the Abercorn was not for the lung sickness, which atdistrict, which lies about 100 miles tacks nearly all imported cattle. If the northeast of Salisbury. Our outfit confoss by sickness would be very small, as sisted of four oxen and a Scotch cart, they are not subject to lung sickness. tors, three months provisions for our they are not much more than half as selves and our Kaffir boys. Our first large as imported cattle, but they have piece of bad luck happened before we season, which is more than imported left town. We bought four oxen, which cattle can do. were stolen the first night. After Latterly there has been a lot of ruspending a week looking for them with mors afloat respecting the railroad, out finding any trace of them we concluded to buy four more, offering a reward for the first lot. A few days after the advertisment appeared the cattle were returned by the people we had Charles Tupper was unfair. After the government had wasted two out of the three bought them from in the first place, through to Salisbury than they can at which proves it was done for the sake of the reward which they expected present. Quite a lot of machinery has would be offered for them. After we in the last few months which ought to had been out about three days we overtook another prospector who had fallen the wet weather making the roads so ill with the fever and whose Kaffirs had had and the rivers being nearly impasgone on. We gave him a lift in our sible the transport-riders have had a cart until we caught up with his boys. hard time getting both machinery and and as he did not get any better after merchandise here at all. A quantity of taking a dose of quinine, we concluded the latter has arrived in a damaged conto take him to the nearest mining comp. dition. The next day about noon he died as he was getting into the cart, so we made the Kaffirs aig a grave and we buried him, We had quite a job to make his us to the nearest mining camp to have make public my sentiments in reference his donkeys and other property turned to the great relivery question that he over to some who was going into town

thorities of his death. Another miner's outfit came along about statesmanship, but as it the rocky nature of their beds. Every er lucky enough to come across them, and perhaps it is as well, as we might have been tempted to try a shot at them, which might have got us in a

tight box. Quite a number of prospectors got left by their boys on the Veldt before they ad reached their destination. The Mashonas are a lazy lot, and although they were starving last year they would not work. One prospector had six boys packing his effects and when he was within a few miles of his destination they left him He had gone on ahead and was waiting for them to come along, but finding they did not come he went back to see what was the matter and found his effects in the middle of the road, or rather what they had not stolen from him. Another prospector hired five Kaffirs to pack his provisions and tools from one camp to another, a distance of thirty-five miles: when they were about half way they dropped their packs and left him to get. along as well as he could. He cam back and hired some more who served him the same way. Two of our boys left us, but as we were camped we did not mind it so much. After fixing he is violating his trust. I have no list of nostrums. It is here on its me licns and hyenas. While in camp we two days and a half before we got it it was so badly disabled in one of ts foundland? into bankruptcy. hind legs that it could not get up. We fed it with grass for nearly a week, but it died at the end of that time, and it proved quite a godsend to the Kaffirs, who never leave any part of an animal except the hide and the bones, no matter how much decomposed it may be.

Game is very plentiful in most of the mining districts, but vegetables are not to be had at any price. If some enterprising Canadian or American would ship a cargo of American navy beans out here, it would be a good thing for the miners who have to live on meat and bread all the time they are out prospecting.

After we had been out about six weeks, I was taken with the fever and had to return to Salisbury, where I was sent to the hospital. I had a hard time pulling through, being at the point of death for four days, the doctor and nurses expecting me to die every minute. I managed to pull through, but am partially paralyzed in the left hand and

The South African fever is a terrible drawback to the country, especially to prospectors. The Zambesi fever is the worst, often taking a person off in a few hours. Another drawback the prospector has to contend with is that the capitalists out here do not want to invest n any property that has not old workprs on it: that is mines that were worked by the ancients hundreds of years ego. Still there are lots of reefs that the ancients never dreamed of, that the heavy rains of hundreds of years have strength .- U.S. Government Report! uncovered, and which, if properly pros-

pected, would give just as good returns as any of the old workings, but it requires more capital than the average miner can command to develop them. Therefore they will have to remain un-developed till the old workings are all taken up, or until some miner with more money than the average comes along and strikes a rich reef and develops it, showing the capitalists that the old workings are not the only ones to be de-

As far as agricultural products are concerned, they will always be dear so long as the country is infested with locusts, which not only destroy the grass and leave of the trees, but often kill the young fruit trees as well by eating the bark. Until something is done to destroy them it will be little use anyone going extensively into fruit grownative Mashona cattle were used

before long, in fact people are beginning to come up from Buluwayo already. The mine owners will be able to get their machinery up much cheaper and in B. H.

CEDAR HILL MEETING.

To the Editor: In justice to myself bys understand that they must go with and my political friends I would like to to the great railway question that has and who would notify the proper au- come before the local executive of late. I wish to do so more especially on ac-Two days after this we had the mis- count of my silence at the meeting held fortune to upset the cart, which broke at Cedar Hill on the 25th March. the frame work which holds the cover That meeting seems to have been called his country. He dwelt on the threat of up that delayed us nearly a day repair in the interests of the British Pacific ing the damage. Our next piece of railway, or more especially, it seems to bad luck was in getting three of our me, for the purpose of censuring Mr. oxen mired in a slough where they nad Eberts for adhering to the premier and gone to drink. After trying some six his colleagues in refusing to place a hours to get them out we had almost debt of \$6,000,000 upon our province, come to the conclusion that we might with the accruing interest of \$240,000. consider them as good as dead, so we Mr. Eberts' explanation seemed to me went back to where we had outspanned. | at the time to be in harmony with wise this time with a lot of Kaffirs; we got | meeting of the kind that I had attended, them to help us and in a short time I felt that I wanted a little time to eswe had the oxen all out and very little tablish myself on the merits of the case; the worse for their wetting. On ar- and now, although I am as much riving at the Abercorn mine we turned in harmony with the British Pacific as over everything belonging to the dead any other man, I am fully convinced prospector to a man who was going into that our premier acted very wisely and Salisbury that morning. Two days af- that he and his colleagues have evinced terwards we reached the junction of a financial and moral backbone in the the Inggue and the Mizoe rivers, where face of strong opposition that has not we made our main camp, both rivers, always been displayed in the past in being impassable to carts on account of looking after the general welfare of the province. The very idea of placing an additional annual expenditure of \$240,000 upon the province is simply ridiculous. Retrench, as I heard at the meeting, is a hollow cry, not explained. camp we came to we were regaled with additional annual expenditure of \$240,lion stories, and in nearly every case 000 upon the province is simply ridicuthey had either been seen or heard the lous. Retrench, as I heard at the night before we arrived. We were nev- meeting, is a hollow cry, not explained. And in looking over the estimates it can be easily settled that the only source from which to meet this liability is direct taxation or to draw from the road grant or school grant, which means in either case vexation, insufficient schools and bad roads. If arrangements could be made by which a company could be induced to undertake the enterprise by a liberal land grant, subject to taxation after a reasonable

> after the next general election, when Mr. Laurier gets in power, in my opinion, will be quite sufficient to build the road. The cities may well cry railroad, but be it remembered that the \$6,000,000 of money and its interest of \$240,000 a year has to be met by the 30,000 real estate taxpayers outside of the cities. their goods, but they were all This alone means a debt upon every one of us of two hundred dollars, not in- forbidding the entry of patent me cluding the other debts of the province. Another peculiar feature of the case is that Mr. Eberts must consult his constituents with reference to his every movement in the cabinet, or some think ent medicine. It does not belong to our camp we had to put up a kraal such narrow view of his position; neiabout twelve feet high to put our cat- ther do I consider that we have lost our tle in at night to protect them from the representative when he acts for the good of the province in framing the general lost two of our cattle, one was killed policy of the government. I hope that by hyenas and the other got into a the railway may be built. I wish it hole in the Mizoe river and was there success; I wish the province prosperity, and I should regret to see our province cut. After we got it out we found following in the past steps of New-

length of time, it would meet my hearty

approval. This, coupled with a liberal

onus from the Dominion government.

JOHN SLUGGETT. South Saanich, May 31.

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CURE FITS!

IN THE U. S. CONGRESS Petition for United Action by Britain and the United States

Washington, April 8.—Mr. Gallinger countries, and that a fleet of th The petition also deprecated the abetween the United States and Grain and Venezuela, and urged a settlement

settlement.
In the senate to-day Mr. Tur ecognized in support of the joint on for sending a United States tion for sending a United States Cuban waters to protect Americ prevent Spanish barbarities. Mi said that during the Chilian troublet sent to Chili exercised a most sa influence, and now on the same erranche same purpose the United States sproceed to Havana.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the ext ordinary distinction of having bee only blood purifier allowed on at the World's Fair, Chicago. facturers of other sarsaparillas by every means to obtain a show away under the application of the and nostrums. The decision o World's Fair authorities in favo Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect lows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not

Cable News. London, April 8.—The Evening New says it learns with highest author that the recent meeting between lington Booth and his sister, Mrs. B Tucker, resulted in a compromis which the volunteers will continue distinct body for special work the rich with "General" Booth no ly in supreme command and Ballin Booth permanent local head of the

force. The government of Canada cabled the secretary of state for the colonies. Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, offern militia regiment for service in the Se

Madrid, April 8.—The chiefs of arious sections of the republican I have planned to hold a meeting here night in order to make arranged for a big rally to protest against Cuban vote of the United States gress which the republicans cons e contrary to international law. believed, however, the government forbit the holding of a public me in which case the republicans will semble in private.

Athens, April S .- Nearly all the in bers of the royal family and the Kin of Servia were present at the Olyn games, which were continued this n those who are threatened. | games, which were continued during ing. The principal events during earlier part of the day were bicy and shooting contests. No America

competed to-day. When the King of Servia arrived t lay he was met by the king of Gre and the royal princes and escorted by detachment of cavalry, and dri through gaily decorated streets to

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others bose occupation gives but little exercise, for whose occupation gives but little should use Carter's Little Liver torpid liver and billiousness. One is Try them.

W IT HELPED FAMI Father, Mother and

oy it—They Make is a gr omes to he knows has taught of life. as well as the is' Pink Pills wil imparting richner oration to shatte Mr. Haskell is a former resident of des at Oneida, of the Oneida Union rience as follows: ears I have been a

the stomach. to make inro eatening to entire or labor. While I heard much of I heard much of remedy, but did not after I came to On coming here I ah down. My nervou

DROBE

DICKEY-V DESJARDINS IMr. Quim

Mr. Laurie

Mr. Quim

alpitate violently rtion. My appet times I could scar to sustain me. cians but they did time Dr. Williams rested to me, ar hearted way I be soon had my who ment, for I foun me. I continued eral months, with

discontinued usi had been for year my system requ Williams' Pink P Mrs. Haskell wand found consider ting through with household. Seeing Pills had in her

too, began their own words now Miss Daisy Has et out of her t ink Pills. She

and easily tin

VALUE OF EXPERIENCE.

FAMILY.

Father, Mother and Daughter all Profit by it—They Make Their Experience Public That Others May Benefit.

ion to shattered nerves.

s LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Constipation, curing
oying complaint, while
orders of the stomach,
regulate the bowels. st priceless to those tressing complaint; dness does not end e try them will find n so many ways the as follows: "For a great many have been afflicted with catarrh Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, stomach. The disease continumake inroads on my health, ng to entirely incapacitate me r. While residing in Napanee much of Dr. Williams' great in so many ways that to do without them but did not give it a trial until came to Oneida. Shortly after HE here I almost entirely broke My nervous system seemed ives that here is where ast. Our pills cure it undermined and my heart would

R PILLS are very small One or two pills make ctly vegetable and do by their gentie action

by their gentle action In vials at 25 cents; here, or sent by mail.

Remedy for Men

SECOND MONTH

r \$5.00. Sent by mail or our book, "Startling lls you how to get well

ICINE CO., Box 947

CONGRESS.

8.—Mr. Gallinger

and many H., urging Christians

st the Christians in such a stage that the d effect an alliance and other Christian fleet of the combined ispatched to Turkish to establishing a pronposer over Arbe, to Constantinople.

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lay Mr. Turple was rt of the joint resolu-United States fleet to rotect Americans and rbarities. Mr. Turple e Chilian trouble the ercised a most salutary a the same errand with

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was in effect as folaparilla is not a patoes not belong to the

It is here on its mer-

-The Evening News

ith highest authority eeting between Bal-

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neral" Booth nominal-

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tests. No Americans of Servia arrived toby the king of Greece ces and escorted by a

cavalry, and driven corated streets to the

ers, Teachers, and others gives but little exercise. 's Little Liver Pills for dousness. One in a dose.

e News.

E CO., New York. Jose, Small Price

poor, and she had frequent severe headaches. Her mother insisted upon her using Pink Pills, and to-day she is rejoicing in restored health and strength. Experience has taught that in order THELPED THE HASKELL to drive disease from the system the root must be reached. The blood must be made rich, red and pure, and the nerves must be nourished and strength-ed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills go straight to the root of the trouble, and perform these functions. This is the secret of Experience is a great educator, and this great success, and the reason they one comes to know a thing by excee he knows it thoroughly. Excee has taught Philip J. Haskell to the entry of life. It has also taught of life. It has also taught the spring, and to accomplish the best results Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be taken. well as thousands of others, be taken. No other medicine can ache intrinsic excellence of Dr. Wil-pink Pills will insure good health parting richness to the blood and parting richness to the blood and per around every box you buy. All oth-Haskell is a Canadian, and a ers are worthless imitations, no matter resident of Napanee, but now what the interested dealer who offers at Oneida, N.Y. To a reporter them may say. Sold everywhere at 50 oneida Union he related his excents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, or sent post paid on receipt of price by the

To get relief from biliousness, indigestion, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

-Garden tools at cut prices at Shore's Hardware store, 57 Johnson street. 4

of saying something publicly in behalf of his constituency.

Mr. Mara regarded Mr. Martin's assistance of the left-handed order, but he thanked him for it all the same. Mr. Mara said that he had frequently called the attention of the house to the needs and importance of the Kootenay country. He hoped that he would never be placed in the unenviable position of being called to order ten times in one day.

Mr. Martin—Is the hon. gentleman referring to the secretary of state?

Mr. Mara also asked for a vote to improve the navigation of the Columbia river between Revelstoke and Beaver.

Mr. Ouimet protested that the department of public works would consider all necessary improvements in any part of the country, and if in that respect his answer was termed stereotyped he had no objection to it.

Mr. Martin said that Mr. Ouimet's answer was very far from meaning that the government had any intention of giving any assistance to the improvement of the Duncan, Lardo and Columbia rivers. The government had always been behind the times in their treatment of the Kootenay, while they should have put forth every effort to secure the investment of British and foreign capital in the mines of the district. Had a reasonable amount of vigor been shown in this direction a large portion of the fabrilous wealth that went from London to South Africa might have been secured for the Kootenay.

That the record might not be impaired, Mr. Daly followed Mr. Martin. Since Mr. Martin's entry into the house he had seldom said anything that had not stirred the minister of the linterior to the point of making a reply. He said in defence of the member for Yale that he had served his constituents by obtaining subsidies to the extent of \$3,200 a mile for one hundered miles of railway for the Kootenay country.

Mr. Casey commented upon the statement of the minister that it was because

THE GOLDEN WEST. Some Statistics of the Mining Given by Mr. Deane.

ance of the left-handed order, but he thanked him for it all the same. Mr. Mars said that he had frequently called the attention of the house to the needs and important the following of the house to the needs and important the following of the house to the needs and important the following of the house to the needs and important the following of the house to the needs and important the following of the following of the following of the following of the following increasing the following of the following had been country, and if in that respect his answer was termed stereotyped he had no objection to it.

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Mr. Casey commented upon the statement of the minister that it was because Mr. Mara had asked the government for Mr. Deane states that it is safe to predict that this year's output will double did the this constituents by obtaining subsidies to the extent of \$3.200 a mile for one hundered miles of railway for the Kootenay country.

Mr. Casey commented upon the statement of the minister of the minister of the following following following followi

Look for the Little Card in the Pockets.

Shorey's celebrated ready-made clothing has a card in the pocket of each garment guaranteeing the cloth used in its manufacture to be thoroughly Sponged and Shrunk and its workmanship to be sound in every particular. Always ask for and be sure that you get Shorey's Ready Made make. Every reliable dealer keeps it. Clothing

It's a Simple Thing



eries, because it is one of those cases where you can't shoot without hitting something, so to speak. There's so much of what you need here that you'll have no occasion to buy what you don't want merely because it's cheap. Our stock is a library of useful hints to money savers. Hints that our prices make it easy to take. Here are prices that make a dollar worth more

> A few more 5 lb. pails Jam, 40c. California Roll Butter, 40c. New Creamery Butter, 25c. lb.

Another large shipment of Navel Oranges just in. Limburger, Fromage De Bris and

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The Times,

-Victoria, B. C.

W. TEMPLEMAN. Manager.

Altogether the mining outlook in Brit'sh Columbia is very bright, and should, in Mr. Deane's opinion, attract more attention from the east than it has done in the past. American capital to-day controls many of the best properties in the Kootenays, and as a natural sequence most of the employes and much of the supplies, come from the American side, whilst all the profits go across the line. Whilst fully appreciating the pluck and enterprise of the Americans, Mr. Deane expresses the opinion that this state of affairs should not prevail. He holds that British Columbia should prove a great source of wealth to the Dominion, but to secure it Eastern capitalists and business men must take a hand in developing the country. The more Canadian capital that goes into British Columbia for the development of its mineral resources, Mr. Dean argues, the more demand there will be for eastern products and eastern labor. "From all I can learn," added Mr. Deane, "the merchants of Montreal would like to secure some new market for their wares. Let them turn their attention to British Columbia. The Pacific Province will ere long be the big-est industrial centre in North America and the best market in Canada.

"Yes," they remarked, "she has a been in her bonnet." The woman politician sneered.
"It must look horrid," she said. "I should think she would have a bird, or at least a wing."

"My soul doth hunger," so the poet And wrote it. too, for quite a goodly

space.

He sold the poem. At a table d'hote
He straightway went and fed—his face.
Each year the self-same nuisance leads
Unto the provocation old;
The man who coughs the most proceeds
To tell you how to cure a cold.

Two Jews of Bagdad have lately purchased all the land on which ancient Babylon stood. That Babylon by whose waters the Jews in exile wept is now the property of the descendants of those who, in despair, hung their harps upon the willows. All that remains of palaces and hanging gardens in the city where Daniel was cast into the den of lions, and the "three children" into the fiery furnace, is now held by Hebrews. This fact is a very startling confirmation of the permanence of the Jewish race. The Jews have survived all the races and civilizations whose history clustered about the capital of the once mighty Babylonian empire.

Consumption.

NORTH SAANICH.

YOUNG BEN III.

YOUNG BEN III. will stand at his own stable, North Saanich, for mares for the season 1896, as follows: To insure, \$12; for season, \$9; single service, \$6. A. MENAUGH,

Also span of brown mares for sale. 6w

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER LARCEST DEMAND CANADA

Why Waste Time and Money

making experiments with other baking powders, when

WHITE STAR

has become a DEMONSTRAT-ED SUCCESS. Medal Awarded, 1895.



Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the establishment of a public highway, as follows: Commencing at southern boundary of Lot 13, Range I west, Salt Spring Island, thence southerly through Lots 12, 11, 10, to northern boundary of Lot 9, thence east to lake, thence southerly to southern boundary of said Lot, thence west to Staff road.

Salt Spring Island, B. C., March 2nd, 1896.

mr51m

A. A. LANGLEY.

"I am willing to give up eating ple with a knife," said the fond father to his soli-citious daughter, "if I may also give up-signing checks with a pen. Is it a go?"



DICKEY-We are instructed to tell you that if you do not restore the act of 1870, the Federal Government will pass this Measure-

DESJARDINS-Or, if you do, the Federal Government will pass this Measure!

Mr. Ouimet-If a compromise should be arrived at, then this (Coercion) Bill would still be on the Statute Book as a guarantee of their (the minority's) rights. Mr. Laurier—Then you want both compromise and law? Mr. Onimet replied in the affirmative.—Monday's debate.]

ocal head of the new of Canada to-day tary of state for the Chamberlain, offering for service in the Sou--The chiefs of the f the republican party old a meeting here tomake arrangements

protest against the United States conpublicans consider to rnational law. It is the government will of a public meeting. republicans will as--Nearly all the memfamily and the King esent at the Olympia continued this mornevents during the le day were bicycling

KOOTENAY IMPROVEMENT.

Mr. Mara, Mr. Martin and the Minister of the core of th

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

FORTY-SIXTH DAY. Monday, April 6, 1896. Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2

o'clock QUESTION OF PROCEDURE. Mr. Hunter, speaking to a question of privilege, held that it was not competent to amend the premier's motion of Wednesday that the house do now adjourn. Under all the circumstances, he wanted to know whether the house was now properly in session.

Mr. Walkem held that Mr. Hunter was out of order in discussing the point

Mr. Speaker considered that the motion of Thursday was perfectly in order, but was not so sure that the house on

Mr. Forster presented a petition on behalf of Dr. Milne protesting against New Westminster and Vancouver Short Railway Company. The petition was received, read and referred to the private bills committee.

Mr. Kitchen introduced an act for the protection of bees. Hon. Mr. Eberts introduced an act to amend the Small Debts Act, 1895. Both read a first time. Mr. Sword moved: That an order of the house be granted for a return show ing all particulars of the sum of \$3,714 entered in the public accounts as mileage paid to members for the year en:1ing 30th June, 1895. Carried.

QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS. Mr. Helmcken asked the hon, the attorney-general: (1.) How many notices of refusal to register absolute fees the anti-Chinese clause. under the land registry act have seen judgments have been sent out of the office of the Victoria City Land Registry Office from 1st November, 1894, to date? (3.) How many mortgages, charzes, or other incumbrances or judgments ember, 1894, to date?

Hon. Mr. Eberts replied; (1.) 105; (2.) 100; (3.) No mortgages or judgments, but he has on many occasions, the number of which cannot be ascertained, refused to cancel charges.

Mr. Cotton asked the premier: Has the government received any communication from the Dominion government in regard to the question whether it is in the interest of the Dominion for it to come within the provisions of the treaty concluded between Great Britain and Japan?

Hon. Mr. Turner asked that this be left over for a day, but he believed that no reply had yet been received to the government's query in the matter.

Mr. Walkem moved that an order of house be granted for a return showing the number of leases of placer mining ground in the district of Ominica; the names of the holders of such leases, and, if a company, the number of lease they hold, and the names of the individual members of such company. six o'clock, when progress was reported Such return to embrace all leases or and the house rose for recess. leases to 31st December, 1895. Carried The house went into committee of the whole on the message of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of 30th March,

transmitting for reconsideration bill No. 361 intituled "An Act to incorporate the Ashcroft and Cariboo Railroad Company," Mr. Booth in the chair. The amendments proposed by His Honor for the consideration of the committee were: To insert between the words "standard" and "gauge," in the second line of section 2, the words "or To add at the end of section 10 the following: "Provided, that failure to construct the whole of the works authorized by this Act within such time limit shall not operate so as to cause a

forfeiture, or in any manner affect the terms of the charter, or the powers, rights and privileges hereby conferred, as to the part constructed within such period, but the same shall be deemed to the work authorized by this act." And to add to section 13 the following: "and may amalgamate or sell to any other company formed for a like purpose as the said company, their franchise, rights and privileges acquired under their charter.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

CHINESE LABOR. The house then went into committee Irving in the chair. There was considerable discussion on the question of inserting the anti-Chinese clause in this the ministers opposing the proposition

Mr. Walkem, coming from a district which felt so strongly on this subject, said his yiews could readily be understood; still he liked consistency in the matter, and he spoke of members of the house who were always anxious to pose in the house and in public as anti-Chinese, yet were employing them in many ways in their private affairs. He would vote for the insertion of the clause.

Hon. Mr. Pooley said he had always been consistent in this direction, having at all times voted against the insertion of the anti-Chinese clause. This company, he said, was asking for no especial or extra privileges, and it would be unjust, after the promoters had spent a large sum of money without any restrictions, to now impose those restric-

Hon. Mr. Eberts also objected to the clause being inserted.

Mr. Hunter had heard that the promoters of this bill had made a contract in Victoria to employ Chinese labor on that work for ten years, and he asked, if that were true, what effect the insertion in the bill of such a clause would have on the contract.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said that if such contract existed he knew nothing about it; he did not know that the member for Comox (Mr. Hunter) had any business to make such a suggestion, as it really tended to poison the minds of the members of the legislature. From the way in which it came from the hon, member, one would imagine that he did not believe what he said. It was a very dangerous suggestion to make, although Mr. Eberts firmly believed that such his intention to re-introduce it. was not the fact.

oncerned, that the matter would be nost positively contradicted. It would certainly be a very serious thing if it should come before the house asking for the privileges sought in this bill. In any case he would vote against the bill unless it contained such a clause, Mr. Forster felt that, whether the

hon, member for Comox said it for a by the third member for Victoria, M.: fact or not, such a contract might be Helmcken. made Hon. Mr. Eberts would not have it

thought for a moment that the government, having a knowledge of such a contract, would introduce such a meas-He hoped the committee would ure. take his word for it that such was not the case.

Mr. Stoddart believed that a contract had been let by these people to Chinese Wednesday had power to govern what to build a ditch; that ditch had not the house should do on Thursday. There been finished yet, and therefore he was no question, however, as to the thought it only right that the commithouse having control of all the procul- tee should insert the provision in this clause that it should not affect works at present in progress.

The resolution was put and carried the passage of the bill incorporating the on a division in which several government members voted with the opposi tion. Those who voted for the amendment were: Messrs. Kitchen, Kennedy, Williams, Cotton, Sword, Hume, Forster, Macpherson, Kellie, Rithet, Rogers, Booth, Braden, Stoddart and Walkem. The succession duty bill was read a second time. Its provisions have already been published.

The revenue tax amendment bill was committed, Mr. Hunter in the chair, and was reported complete without amendments.

The report on the Sandon water works and the Lillooet and Fraser River Gold Fields bills was adopted, Mr. Forster giving notice that, on the third reading of the latter, he would move to insert

The house then went into committee sent out of the office of the Victoria on the Municipal clauses bill, Mr. Booth City Land Registry during the periol in the chair. Mr. Kitchen, who has from 1st November, 1894, to date? (2.) charge of the measure, was not in the How many notices of refusal to register house at the moment, and as soon as he mortgages or other incumbrances or entered, moved that the committee rise and report progress, but; Hon. Mr. Martin moved that the com-

mittee rise without reporting. Mr. Kitchen was surprised at the acion of the chief commissioner. If he has the registrar at any time refused to had no more respect for himself and the cancel during the period from 1st Nov- dignity of his position than he had for an important bill like that before the committee, he could move that the committee rise without reporting for all Mr. Kitchen cared.

Mr. Rithet hoped that the chief comnissioner's amendment would not pass. Mr. Kitchen explained that the reason he moved the committee rise and report progress was that the attorneygeneral had some important amendments to lay before the committee.

Hon. Mr. Martin thereupon withdrew his amendment and the committee rose. The distress bill was then committed, Mr. Smith in the chair.

Mr. Williams objected to allowing only one month's liability for rent where there were goods held on the hire system, and moved that the system be changed back to the period at present allowed, three months. This was carried and the bill was reported complete with amendments.

The Investment Loan Societies bill was committed, Mr. Sword in the chair,

AFTER RECESS.

The house went into committee again after recess. The bill was reported omplete with one or two verbal amendments of a trifling character.

GAME PROTECTION ACT. Hon. Mr. Martin moved the second reading of the game protection act, the provisions of which he explained at ength and which have already been made public. He referred to the interest which is always taken in this matter and the necessity which exists for a proper game protection act. Mr. Martin also spoke of the importance of game to the country as an attraction and actual profit. The bill had been recommended by several game protection associations whose membership was made up of men who were interested in the proper preservation of game, and who took a great deal of interest in it, many of them altogethr apart from the question of sport. He therefore hoped the house would give the measure careful consideration.

Hon. Mr. Pooley could not support this bill, as it virtually made a game preserve of the province in the interests of those who belonged to gun clubs. Then again it was not fair to say to a man who did not go hunting that he should not be able to have any game to on the Cariboo Gold Fields bill, Captain eat. Mr. Pooley did not believe in stopping the selling of game.

Mr. Walkem spoke of the damage done by pheasants to grain fields. It bill, which was moved by Mr. Forster, was not fair to say that farmers should be compelled to raise flocks of birds for the amusement of those who go shooting. On the other hand he was in favor of protecting the wild birds, such as grouse, which he would like to see protected for three or four years.

Mr. Booth, as a farmer, objected to anyone having the right to dictate to him what he should do with what he raised on his own property. It cost as much to raise a flock of pheasants as it did a flock of chickens. The only way to protect the birds was to stop the sale of them altogether. Mr. Booth had always held, too, that farmers should be allowed to kill deer for their own use at any time.

Mr. Smith concurred in what was said y the hon, president of the council in the matter of buying and selling game, Mr. Helmcken promised to move in fault by the commissioners the direction of obtaining for Indians their own subsistence.

Mr. Mutter was also opposed to the ale of game. Hon. Mr. Eberts spoke in favor of the protection of game, which should be looked upon as a source of profit to the

ountry. Mr. Williams, in view of the lateness f the session, suggested that the bill be postponed till next session, although the bill has been one of the first on the

order paper. The question was put, and the second reading lost on a vote of 13 for and 14

Hon, Mr. Martin, however believes that the bill has not received proper consideration and has given notice of The trustees and executors' bill, Mr.

out debate Mr. Macpherson moved the second

reading of his mechanics' lien act, out should turn out that the promoters of Mr. Speaker asked if a similar bill had this bill, having made such a contract, not been negatived already this session. Hon. Mr. Eberts would have much pleasure in voting for the second readng of the bill, although it was plain in the chair. that a great deal of it, its best features. had been taken from a bill introduced

> Mr. Speaker asked for a little time to bill was in order, as he had some doubts on the question. Mr. Helmcken moved the second read-

carried. On request of Mr. Kellie the Telephone & Telegraph Companies bill was withdrawn, after which the house went into committee on the municipal elections and electors bill, which was reported complete with amendments.

Mr. Speaker having ruled Mr. Macpherson's mechanic's lien bill out of ozder on the grounds mentioned, the house adjourned.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY.

Tuesday, April 7, 1896. Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock; prayers by Rev. J. H. Betts. back for amendment.

the Nelson and Fort Sheppard regard- appeals from an intelocutory judgment, ing the entrance of the Nelson & Fort order, or decree. The judge whose de-Sheppard road into Nelson.

tee on the message of His Honor the the appeal." Lieut.-Governor, of 30th of March.

After some discussion it was decided to give the company the privilege of "of the divisional court or," in the secconstructing a narrow, instead of a broad gauge road if they saw fit. The other amendments were added and the bill reported to the house accordingly, after which the bill was put through the final stages.

Mr. Kennedy introduced the Vancouver and Westminster Short Line Railway bill, which was read a first time and referred to the railway committee.

On the calling for the third readingof the assessment act. Hon. Mr. Turner moved that the order for the third reading be discharged and the bill recommitted, with instructions to the committee to consider the amendment of section 8 by striking out the words "estimate of assessed value to be," in the third line of the section, and by substituting therefor the words "assessed value to be based on;" and by striking out the words "according to," in the fourth line, and substituting therefor the words "as determined in case of dispute by" These changes were made and the section now read:

8. There shall be assessed, levied and collected from every person, owning, the case may be; and such periods of managing, leasing or working a mine, eight or twelve days shall not be enwas committed, Mr. Sword in the chair, and the committee was still sitting at six o'clock, when progress was reported successors, the sums following, that is or of the judge appealed from." to say:-One per cent, on the assessed stances, raised, gotten or gained from absence of one or more of the judges any lands in the province, the assessed value to be based on the ore or mineral reduction, or refinery works returns, as be obtained. the case may be: Provided that no ore

> from the mining premises. The third reading was set down for o-morrow. On motion to adopt the report of the drainage, dyking and irrigation bill, Mr.

Sword moved some amendments to section 14, which reads as follows: The commissioners may fix by resolution the remuneration to be received by themselves, but such remuneration shall not exceed five dollars per day for each commissioner when actually employed in official business, nor fifty cents per nour for portions of a day when so employed.

Mr. Sword moved to amend section 14 by adding after the word "day," on third line, the words "of six hours," and by adding to the end of the section the words: "Such remuneration shall not exceed ten dollars to each commissioner nor twenty-five dollars to the whole body of commissioners in any one month, unless the payment of same is sunctioned by a majority of proprietors present at a meeting called to sanction such payment."

This was adopted. Hon. Mr. Eberts moved the following amendment, which was also accepted, and the bill adopted on report:

"18. The Lieut.-Governor in council may from time to time appoint a civil engineer, or other properly qualified person or persons, whose duty it shall be to inspect and examine at such season of the year as may be specified by the order in council, or at such other times as the chief commissioner of lands and works may direct, any dykes for the erection of which bonds have been issued by any commissioners, and interest thereon guaranteed by the Lieut. Governor in council; and any repairs or precautionary measures which such gineer or other person may consider urgent, shall be carried out forthwith by the commissioners, and at expense; and in case of extreme urgency, such engineer or other

the right to take game at any time for persons shall have power, on behalf of the commissioners, to carry out the said repairs or measures and shall forthwith notify the commissioners and the chief plain that the intention of the bill 's commissioner of lands and works of any expenditure in the premises. The remuneration and expenses of such engineer or other person shall be borne by the commissioners of the dyking district in respect of which they were incurred. or shall be divided between two or more beards of commissioners in such shares as the Lieut.-Governor in council may

determine. "19. All dyking assessments due or to become due, shall bear interest from the time when the same are due and payable, at the rate of six per cent. shall be collectable as the original assessment."

and the control of th

Mr. Cotton hoped, for the sake of all Helmcken, was read a second time with-

Hon. Mr. Martin asked that the committee for the schools lands sale be discharged, which was agreed to. The house then went into committee

on the supreme court bill, Mr. Adams Hon. Mr. Eberts proposed the following amendments, which were adopted,

and the bill was so reported: 13. Subject to the provision of section 20 of this act, sections 59, 60, 61, 62, look into the question of whether this 63, and 64 of the supreme court act and section 15 of the supreme court act amendment act, 1894, are hereby repealed, and rules 688, 688A, 689, 690, 690A, and 690B of the supreme court ing of the land registry bill, which was rules, 1890, are hereby repealed, and the tribunal heretofore called the divisional court of the supreme court of British Columbia is hereby abolished, and all power, jurisdiction, and authority by said repealed sections and rules of court, or by any other law, enactment, or rule of court conferred or purporting to be conferred on or heretofore lawfully exercised by the said tribunal is hereby transferred to and vested in the full court of the said supreme court.

14. Section 66 of the supreme court act is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefore:

"66. The judges of the supreme court shall have power to sit together in the Mr. Hunter presented a report of the city of Victoria as a full court, and any private bills committee stating that the three shall constitute a quorum, and standing orders had not been complied such full court shall be held in every with in the case of the Vancouver and month except the months of August Westminster Short Line railway, and and September. Such monthly sittings recommending that the bill be referred shall commence on the first Monday of the month and continue until the busi-Hon. Mr. Martin presented a return ness before the court is disposed of conveying the correspondence between Provided that the said court may sit at government and the C. P. R. and any time for the purpose of disposing of cision is appealed from shall not take The house again went into commit- part in the hearing or determination of

15. Section 67 of the supreme court transmitting bill No. 36 intituled "an act is hereby amended by striking out act to incorporate the Ashcroft and all the words of the said section after Cariboo Railway Company," Mr. Booth the word "not," in the fifth line thereof. 16. Section 69 of the said act is here by amended by striking out the words

ond line of said section. 17. Rule 673 of the supreme rules is hereby repealed, and the follow-

ing substituted therefor: "Notice of appeal to the full court from any final judgment or order or decree shall not be less than a fourteenday notice, and, if the judgment, order. or decree is made more than fourteen days before the sittings of the full court, shall be for the next sittings of the full court, but if the judgment, order, or decree is made within fourteen days of the sittings of such court, then for the second sittings next after such judgment, order, or decree; but on an appeal from an interlocutory judgment, order, or decree the appellant shall give forty-eight hours' notice of such appeal, and shall duly set down the same for hearing for a day not more than twelve days from the time when the judgment, order, or decree appealed from is signed. entered, or otherwise perfected, or, in case of refusal, from the date of such refusal: and the appeal last mentioned shall be brought, by giving notice of appeal, within eight days from the time of signing, entry, perfection, or refusal, as

value of all ore or mineral-bearing sub- heard by the full court by reason of the appeal cannot be necessary to form a quorum for the purposje of such appeal, the same shall bearing substance at the mine, as de- stand adjourned until the next sitting termined in case of dispute by smelter, of the court at which such quorum can

19. No appeal shall be defeated or disnor mineral bearing substances shall be missed merely by reason of the fact that taxed which are not sold or removed it has been brought as an interlocutory and not as a final appeal, but any such appeal may be heard and determined by the court at the sitting for which it was set down or may be adjourned, to be disposed of at a regular or special sitting of the court, on such terms as to costs, amendment of the notice of appeal and otherwise, as to the court may seem

20. Nothing in this act contained shall in any way affect any appeal now or hereafter to be brought from any judgment, order, or decree pronounced made, or given in the said supreme court prior to the passing of this act, but all such appeals and all matters relating or incidental thereto shall be proceeded with and determined in the same way as if this act had not been passed. And to add to section 12 the following

words: "Provided, however, that this section shall not affect any pending litigation in which the validity of any of the said rules has been called into question." The house next went into adjourned committee on the Mineral bill, Mr. Hunter in the chair, and the bill was still under discussion at six o'clock when the committee rose and the house adjourn-

AFTER RECESS.

The house went into committee on the succession duty act, Mr. Huff in the chair. The bill was reported compiete without amendments and the report adopted.

Hon. Mr. Martin proceeded to move the second reading of the new land bill Mr. Sword, on a point of order, ob-

jected to the second reading of a bill that had only been laid on members' desks this afternoon. The second reading, was, therefore, postponed.

SMALL DEBTS BILL Hon. Mr. Eberts was about to move the second reading of the bill amending the small debts act, 1895, when Mr. Kennedy entered a similar objection, but subsequently withdrew it.

The attorney-general went on to

to take away from stipendary magistrates those fees which heretofore they have received on the commencement of actions in the small debts court. and shall receive instead such salaries as the Lieut.-Governor in council shall from time to time designate. Section 2 provides that: In case the debt claimed in an action brought in a small debts court amounts to twenty-five dollars or upwards, and in case it appears to the judge of the county court of the county where the defendant resides that the case is a fit one to be tried in the coun- appeared to have taken the shoes of the the action, and shall prosecute per annum, and the interest thereon ty court, and in case the said judge by former leader of the opposition in treat- with real order so directs, the action may be re- ing municipalities in the same manner

upon such terms as to payment of costs many distinctions between mur theretofore incurred or other terms as ties and joint stock companies. He the judge making the order thinks fit, sidered that the man who lived and all proceedings shall thereupon be room and paid \$5 a month rental returned by the magistrate to the regis- in many respects quite as much trar of the county court.

Sections 5 and 6 are as follows: salary he shall not take for his own should have the right to expres benefit, directly or indirectly, any fee opinion and give his vote for his duties under this act, save the sal- regulate the affairs of the cit ary to which he may be entitled, but thought that any one who had the like sums and fees as would be by perience of the cities upon the law otherwise payable on proceedings in well knew that those who rented this court shall continue to be payable in the city were as a rule more and shall be received by him and ac- intelligent and respectable that counted for quarterly to the minister of who lived in shacks upon the finance, and shall form part of the con. front. He said that any one solidated revenue fund of this province. 6. Every magistrate receiving fees under the said act, whether commuted or not, on or before the fifteenth day of January, April, July and October, in each year, transmit to the attorneygeneral's department, a just, true and faithful account of all fees paid or payable to him in respect of his office during the quarter ending with the preceding month, and also a return showing such particulars with reference to the business of his office as the attorneygeneral may require: (a.) The attorneygeneral or the Lieut.-Governor in council may require the return to state any particulars, or to be made in any form that may be thought proper, and such return shall be made accordingly.

Mr. Kitchen referred to the fact that provision was made in the bill to apto magistrates receiving fixed sal- and the bill set down for third aries from the cities. In those cases, he thought the fees should not go into the consolidated revenue of the province, but into the city treasury. Mr. Cotton understood that the only

objection to the present act was the principle of magistrates in receipt of salaries getting the fees of small debts court cases as well. No doubt in committee provisions could be made to meet the views of the member for Chilliwack.

The bill was read a second time. ANTI-CHINESE

The Antler Creek Mining Company's bill was committed, Mr. Sword in the chair, and was reported complete with a few minor amendments in addition to the insertion of Mr. Forster's anti-Chinese clause.

The Lightning Creek Gold Gravels Company's bill was also committed, Mr. Kitchen in the chair, and was reported' complete with amendments. The anti-Chinese clause inserted in

these bills by Mr. Forster, is as follows: "The lease or leases hereby authorized shall contain a covenant on the part of the company that the said company or its agents will not employ a Chinese or Japanese person in, about, or on the property demised, or in any part thereof, or on the work in connection therewith, under a sufficient penalty to enforce the observant of the covenant." The Sandon water works bill was

read a third time and passed. The Investment and Loan Societies bill was also put through the same

TO DISFRANCHISE LODGERS. Mr. Kitchen moved the adoption of the report on the municipal elections Dominion government on Aug. 13th and electors bill, when, Mr. McGregor 1895, and by the E. & N. Railway con moved to amend section 1 by inserting pany on Feb. 19th, 1896; to make up the after the word "tenement," on the second line of the "Householder" clause, 19th, 1883, within the island ra the words "or any part or portion of a belt. The app age, dwelling or tenement."

In explaining this motion Mr. Mc-Gregor pointed out that the act at present before the house aimed at disfranchising several thousand voters throughout the province, and would affect several hundred persons in his own district alone. In 1894 the franchise was extended without a dissenting voice, by the house to lodgers, and there had the wishes of this house relative to res been no complaint heard of it since or during the general election. In fact, as as expressed in the resolution of now proposed, even many married men house on 12th March, 1896. would be prevented from voting, and it could not be denied that they have as much right, while paying as much rental, to vote on municipal offices as the for Canada was forwarded by the man who pail \$5 a month for living in

a small shack. Mr. Kitchen could not agree with this. He looked upon a municipal corporation in much the same light as a joint stock company in the affairs of which none but those interested should have a voice. There was already a very liberal franchise allowed.

Mr. Forster spoke strongly in favor of the amendment proposed by Mr. Mc-Gregor, holding that the man who pays \$5 a month for a room and lives decently, has just as much right to vote on municipal affairs as the man who paid the same amount and lived in a shack. Messrs. Rogers and Booth spoke

against the amendment. Major Mutter said that the logical conclusion of the course proposed by this bill was to place the voting power in the hands of property owners or those who have a house by the year, and unless it was carried out to that extent he would vote for the amendment. Mr. Walkem thought that, under this

bill, all a man had to do to qualify for a vote was to be isolated, have a shingle over his head and pay five dollars a month. It was just as right that the man who paid ten dollars a month for a room should have a vote as the man who paid the same amount for a house. It does not stand to reason that the man drainage, dyking and irrigation who pays ten, fifteen or twenty dollars succession duty bill read a third a month for a room, and whose vocation keeps him in the city, should not have just as good a voice in the city as the tramp, for instance, who has resided in the city for a year paying five dollars a on the mineral bill, Mr. Hunter in the nonth for a shack.

Mr. Helmcken said he would vote for the amendment proposed by Mr. Mc-Gregor, and he referred to the large number of persons that the bill in its present shape would disfranchise. Mr. Helmcken believed that the passage of any person shall claim an advesuch a provision would have the effect of raising an agitation similar to that caused by the city ocmmissioners bill, plication for a certificate of which the house would no doubt recollect. He really thought that the amendment should be supported by every member of the house.

Mr. Cotton said he thought that some the members had confused two shown, commence an action in things in their remarks-the voting for preme court to determine the money by-laws and the voting for men of the right of possession, or to fill the muncipal offices. There was enforce his said claim, and sha quite a difference between the two pro- copy of the writ in such action positions. Only owners of property have a right to vote on money by-laws. He which the claim is situated. did not agree with Mr. Kitchen, who twenty days from the commence moved from the small debts court into as joint stock companies. He (Mr. Cot- it shall be deemed to be a waiver of

ested in the good government city as the man who might pay 5. When a magistrate is paid by a per month in rentals. Certainly emolument for the performance of whom he thought should govern sidered the matter would see man who lived in a room was much entitled to vote at munic tions as the man who lived in The amendment was carried,

port adopted, and the bill read time and passed. Mr. Helmcken moved the add the report on the Distress bill. was carried and the bill read time and passed.

The order to commit the Wages bil was, on motion of Mr. Helmcken charged.

The Trustees' and Executors committed, Mr. Stoddart in the and was reported | completa amendments, the the bill read a third time and The Land Registry ted, Mr. Adams in the chair, to-morrow.

The house then adjourned.

FORTY-E1 +HTH DAY. Wednesday, April 8, 1896. Mr. Speaker took the chair at o'clock, prayers being read by Rev. Mr.

Barber. Mr. Booth presented a report of the railway committee stating that the have considered the New Westmins & Vancouver Short Line Railway co pany amendment act, find the preamble proved and report the bill complete with amendments.

The committee also recommend the insertion of the following section: Daniel J. Munn, B. W. Shiles & Co . Major, all of New Westminster, an Thos. Dunn and R. G. Tatlow, of Van couver, together with such other person and corporations as shall become holders in the company, are constitu a body corporate and politic by the name of the New Westminster & Vancouver Short Line Railway Company.

The report was received. Mr. Forster asked the hon, the chie commissioner of lands and works: Has any application been made, verbally in writing, to the government by the E & N. R. R. Co, or by any person acting in their behalf, for any grant or conce sion of land in lieu of lands alleged to be taken up by settlers within the E. & Y R. R. reserve, or for any other reas or purpose whatsoever? If yes, when and by whom? For what purpose? () what grounds is the application groun ed? In what locality are the lands ask

ed for situated? Hon. Mr. Martin replied: Yes; by the extent of lands alienated up to provisions of the settlement bill, 47 Vi ch: 14. The lands asked for are sit ed between the Seymour Narrows and line drawn east and west half way

tween that place and the mouth of Courtenay river. Mr. Williams asked the hon, the at torney-general: What has been done b the government towards carrying dent supreme court judge at Vanc

Hon. Mr. Eberts replied that the ute in council transmitting the tion to the hon. the secretary governor on March 24th, No edgement has yet been received

Ottawa. GAME PROTECTION BILL Hon. Mr. Martin believed that members did not give this bill consideration. He differed president of the council that the bill drawn up in the interests gun clubs, and would now ask th posed to the bill at first to retheir decision and allow the

committed. On suggestion of Mr. Speaker, oved by Hon. Mr. Martin to have I bill placed on the orders of the da second reading so as to again gi some status in the house. This was agreed to and the bill place on the orders for the second reading

BILLS ADVANCED. The Lillooet & Fraser river gold field bill was read a third time, after a successful effort on the part of Mr. ster to have the anti-Chinese claus serted. The vote was a close one, 1-

morrow.

The report on the Antler Creek ing Co.'s bill was adopted and finally passed; the Lightning Cro Gravels Co. bill read a third ti assessment bill read a third ti the report on the placer mining supreme court bill adopted and read a third time.

The house then went into comm

chair. One of the most important ments made to the bill while in tee was that offered by the at general dealing with claim This amendment provides that of any kind either to the po the mineral claim referred to ments, or any part therof, or o erals contained therein, he shall sixty days after notice in the Columbia Gazette, unless otherw dered by the court upon cause the mining recorder of the di such action or so prose commend

e same in the er, and after with all ne to him or the portion appear, from the ghtfully to po section shall claim or actio commenced prior ct coming into for be continued in t this act had not l Kennedy present of the Inder Templars prote of the license Received and read house ther wer the small debts am rden in the chair. orted complete with e report was adopted wn for third reading Hon. Mr. Martin pre the lieutenant-go ng a bill respecting he Columbia & Koote any. The message ittee of the whole

claim. After

e been render

LAND BI Hon. Mr. Martin ding of the land which, he said, was to ord for word, the ald land act, which em ment to sell crown he bill would comme embers of the house It being six o'clock, he chair, after Mr. E luced a bill to amen ien act.

chair, and the bill

the house and read

AFTER RE Mr. Semlin moved th he debate on the Lan greed to. Hon. Mr. Turner mentary estimates, ith in the usual man Hon. Mr. Turner

essage, transmitting age dairying, which w mitte of the whole orted to the house Hon. Mr. Turn ts provisions. Mr. Semlin, while f a good one, hoped taken as a preced He was not in f industries, but wo rticular measure as was bolstering up re was any loss at rne by those forming the government wa Mr. Hunter though

at the house should atter wih a clear un sition, which was iral industries of the very depressed con essary for the government the rescue. Whil enterprise undertake, still the en other industri As a matter of ar from the province nter would suppor

kely to do incalcula Messrs. Smith, Kide gers, Mutter, Cotte ams made speeche which was read once committed. Mr

In committee the rac meries should b luced from ten to The committee, after al clauses, rose and Mr. Forster moved the act to amend n act and amendin was intended to election laws n th those of the Do igė suggested was the mark on the h great many people hallot is not sec ot could be traced difference whether e traced or not so knew that it was n. That the ballo beyond dispute. ral cases on the rein an attempt

date voters on th ement that the In conclusi was no reason uld not adopt the ecy of the ballot bill received its Mr. Kellie moved the Bee bill, which Martin, Mr. Walk erfering with the preventing spray ng was lost by a The house then adjo

NEW LEGIS The bill introduced ourage dairying shall be lawful nor in council unappropriated r ys of the provinc or associat duly incorporate ecting, or acquir managing and ope ince, a creamery he co-operative defined, and ements laid dov egulations framed exceeding fifteen one company that the aggr shall not at an thousand dollars company shall ed upon the co-c sion is made b by-laws for seco who are members ciation a share of any in proportio by them, after upon the capita per cent. per also be made cers in the ry is operated rs of the company niting the number

ere were a gre etween municip ompanies. He person or any one of the perwho lived in month rental was ite as much intervernment of the might pay \$100 son or persons shall be entitled ds. Certainly ght to express his is vote for those hould govern and of the city. He ar, from the decision of the htfully to possess. Provided success: who had any exs upon the coast section shall not apply to any who rented rooms claim or action to enforce the rule more cleanly, ctable than those upon the water ontinued in the same manner any one who conact had not been passed. ould see that the nedy presented a petition on oom was quite as at municipal eleclived in a shack. as carried, the re ged and read.

journed.

HTH DAY.

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ECTION BILL.

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ng section:

Company.

e bill read a third se then went into committee all debts amendment act, Mr. ed the adoption the chair. The bill was relistress bill, which uplete without amendment, bill read a was adopted and the bill set third reading to-morrow. nit the Wages bil Mr. Helmcken, dis

Ir. Martin presented a message lieutenant-governor transmitoill respecting a grant of land to Executors' bill was mbia & Kootenay Railway comdart in the chair The message was referred to complete withou port adopted and time and passed. house and read a first time. bill was commit the chair, and was LAND BILL.

the report adopted. n for third reading or word, the provisions of the act, which empowered the govsell crown lands. He though: would commend itself to the ay, April 8, 1896. of the house. chair at six o'clock, the speaker left

g read by Rev. Mr. after Mr. Kitchen had introill to amend the mechanics' ed a report of the stating that they

New Westminster AFTER RECESS. Line Railway com-Semlin moved the adjournment of find the preamble on the Land bill, which was bill complete with Ir. Turner submitted the sup-

estimates, which were dealt usual manner. Mr. Turner also presented a ransmitting a bill to encouring, which was referred to the the whole and the bill rethe house and read a first Hon. Mr. Turner then explained

Semlin, while favoring the object inster & Vancouver ood one, hoped that it would not en as a precedent in this direcwas not in favor of bolstering the hon. the chief ds and works: Has ries, but would vote for this measure as a good one. Kitchen did not believe that the s bolstering up any industry; if by any person acting f lands alleged to be those forming the companies, within the E. & N vernment was fully secured. Hunter thought it just as well house should start out on this ver? If yes, when what purpose? On

wih a clear undersanding of the lepressed condition and it was for the government to come scue. While it was perfectly necessary to sent out one dolthe province for butter. Mr. would support the bill as one do incalculable good to the

Smith, Kidd, Kellie, Rithet, Mutter, Cotton, Bryden and made speeches in favor of the ich was read a second time and mmitted, Mr. Williams in the

mittee the radius within which should be established was from ten to six miles.

replied that the minommitee, after considering sev nitting the resolues, rose and reported progress. e secretary of state ster moved the second reading warded by the lieut .to amend the election regula-24th. No acknowand amending acts, which he been received from intended to bring the provinclaws more in accordance of the Dominion. The only believed that hon. iggested was the elimination give this bill proper differed with the rk on the back of the ballot. ny people think now that uncil that this was not secret, but that the the interests of the be traced. It did not make ild now ask those opce whether the ballots ever at first to reconsider or not so long as the peoallow the bill to be it was possible to trace the ballot could be traced Mr. Speaker, it was dispute. He said there were . Martin to have the ses on the Lower Fraser orders of the day for attempt was made to inas to again give it ters on the strength of the that the ballots could be to and the bill placed In conclusion, he said that

the second reading tono reason why the province mont the system of absolute DVANCED. he ballot. raser river gold fields eived its second reading. rd time, after an unmoved the second reading the part of Mr. Forwhich was opposed by inti-Chinese clause in-Walkem and others as was a close one, 14 to ith the protection of fruit

s spraying. The second ost by a vote of 12 to 10. he Antler Creek Minadopted and the bil Lightning Creek Gold then adjourned.

ead a third time; the NEW LEGISLATION. ead a third time; the and irrigation bill and troduced by the government ill read a third time; dairying provides: placer mining bill and lawful for the lieutenant adopted and the bills council to advance out of inted revenue and public went into committee ll, Mr. Hunter in the

province and lend to each association now or hereorporated for the purpose acquiring and maintaing and operating, within the reamery or creameries uprative system, as hereinand complying with the laid down in this act, or framed hereunder, a sum fifteen hundred dollars to pany or association; prothe aggregate of all such not at any time exceed fif-

shall be deemed to be the co-operative system if made by its constitution or securing to all producembers of the company or share of the profits of the roportion to the milk supafter payment of a divicapital stock not exceedt. per annum. Provision made for enabling all district where the operated to become memcompany or association by

claim. After final judgment held by any single member or by other been rendered in the said ac effective regulations.

Every company or association desiring titled to possession of the claim, to share in the benefits of this act shall, part thereof, may file a certified before any loan is made, prove to the same in the office of the min- satisfaction of the lieutenant-governor der, and after such filing and in council its compliance with the folwith all the requirements lowing requirements, viz:

1. That the district within which it sue to him or them of a certi- is proposed to erect or operate a creamimprovements in respect of the erv is competent and fitted for its supthe portion to which they port, and that there is a reasonable prospect of the same being a financial

2. That contracts contingent upon the operation of the creamery have been nenced prior to the date of entered into for the supply thereof of ning into force, but the same the milk of not less than one hundred cows, or that such supply be otherwise sufficiently guaranteed or secured: 3. That the location of the creamery

the Independent Order of be such as to prevent encroachment upapplars protesting against the on the limits of an established creamthe licenses act amendment ery, while allowing a radius to the proposed institution of at least ten miles: 4. That the subscribed capital of the company or association is sufficient, if fully paid up, to enable the company or association to acquire a site and erect and thoroughly equip an efficient creamery of a capacity to use the milk of not less than three hundred cows. 5. That the plans of the creamery

mitted for approval. The message was referred to th of agriculture a copy of its constitution so a statement, and also a statement,

similarly verified, showing-1. The name of the company or association and the district in which the for the insane, \$145.19. creamery is to be operated. 2. The number of members of

company or association. 3. The amount of stock paid up, which must be at least fifty per cent of the subscribed capital:

called for by any regulations framed under this act. two preeding sections of this act, the Lieutenant-Governor in council may, in Hospital

his discretion, authorize a loan to such company or association, subject to the premises, plant and fixtures, to be advanced as the work progresses or at such other time and in such other manner as may be specially or generally directed. Every loan made under the provisi-

ons of this Act, or the portion thereof for the time being remaining unpaid, shall bear interest at the rate of five was any loss at all, it would be per cent. per annum, payable yearly, and the capital sum of the loan shall be repayable and repaid in three instalments, the first of such instalments to become due and be paid at the expiraiton of two years from the date of which was that the agricultustries of the country were in stalments to become due and be paid at a corresponding date in each of the other industries would require any Company or Association under his Union, Comox (towards construction). matter of fact, however, it | Act, the Minister of Finance on behalf | \$24.50; provincial home, Kamloops, \$1,strument in writing, have a first charge assest of the Company or Association. light, \$274.90; miscellaneous, \$25.37; toincluding the unpaid amount of the tal, \$300.27. capital stock of the Company or Asof the principal amount loaned then due. \$80.86; total, \$17,308.23. shall be lawful for the minister of finance to take possession of and at his \$756.98. discretion sell, mortgage or lease all or any of such property and assets, either together or in parcels, and buy in or rescind any contract for sale and to re-

> any, to the company or association. A company or association which has obtained a loan under this act, shall be governed by the provisions following: -1. The books and accounts of the company or Association shall at all times be open to inspection by the minister of finance or a person appointed by hin therefore, and the said minister of finance may give directions as to any particulars which he may deem necessary to be shewn therein; and all officers of any such company or association shall furnish the minister with such information as may from time to time be requested with respect to the working and management of the affairs of the com- 510.32. pany or asociation.

in payment of the moneys due the gov-

rnment in respect of the loan, with in-

2. No dividends shall be declared by the company or association upon its agent is \$34,272.34, and is made up as capital stock so long as any sum is due follows: Registrar of the supreme court, Governor in council.

3. All butter manufactured by any creamery shall be plainly stamped so as Warwick, \$10,259.93. to indicate the creamery where the same is made, and also the weight of each tub, pat or parcel. 4. The creamery shall be open to inspection by an officer of the department

of agriculture and by the provincial board of health. The Lieutenant-Governor in council may make regulations for carrying out its best recommendation. The whole after a fashion, but the contractors are the provisions of this act, and for fur- system is suspectible to the most good ther defining the requirements to be from a medicine like Hood's Sarsaparil-

form as may be deemed advisable. A return, in detail, showing any 10321 delays are dangerous. The remarkable made by the Lieutenant-Governor in success achieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla council each under authority by this act, and the many words of praise it has and the state of all previous loans, shall received, make it worthy of your conbe placed before the legislative assembly fidence. We ask you to give this mediwithin ten days from the opening of the cine a fair trial.

session. The bill brought down yesterday in respect of a land grant to the Columbia & Western Railway, allows a grant of 10,240 acres of land to each mile of harrow gauge line built by the company. number of shares to be. The latter should deposit security to the

amount of \$50,000 in case they fail to build from Trail to Penticton within four years of the passage of the act of incorporation. Should the company construct a standard gauge line, the land grant will be 20,000 acres per mile, to apply only to the main line.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES. last year, provides for a forest ranger suffering any damage. at \$95; stipendiary magistrate, Skeena, \$25 per month; the education department in Westminster and West Koote- disposal of the amateur opera company nay distrists get \$1680 more. For public works there is provided: For works naimo and lic works there is provided: For works and buildings: Parliament buildings "Chimes of Normandy" will be produc-(Scagliola columns, tiles, drainage and furniture), \$50,000; public school, Colwood (construction and furniture), \$500 and for roads, streets, bridges, and wharves: Lillooet-Lytton road, including survey of location, \$3000; Trail, Hazleton to Omineca (repairs), \$1000; wharf, Read Island, construction (conditional) \$400; wharf, Bute Inlet, construction, (conditional) \$400; Chilcotin River bridge, \$500; reduction works, Cariboo, (additional plant), \$1500, making a total of \$60,720.

For the financial year ending 30th of June, 1896, there is an allowance of \$82,338,33 on account of the public building and the nature and cost of the debt, and a total under all heads of proposed plant and equipment be sub-\$185,138, and there is the following schedule of payments to be authorized which were not voted for the year end-

Public debt.—Interest, \$43,363.96; or articles memorandum of association, sinking fund, \$11,523.70; discount and Mr. Martin moved the second and by-laws or other regulations, vericommission, \$573.99; do., (Act 58 Vict.), Mr. Martin moved the object of fied by the statutory declaration of its \$167,642.66; expenses in connection with he said, was to re-enact, almost president, secretary or manager, and alexpenses incidental to floating loan, 1895, \$1,812.45; total, \$224,953.22. Civil government (salaries.-Asylum

> Administration of justice (salaries.)-Sheriffs, \$2,850; police and jails, New Kootenay district, \$650; total, \$3,560. Legislation.—Mileage, \$14; expenses f elections, \$226.82; contingent fund. 4. Such other information as may be \$534.12; total, \$774.94.

Public institutions (maintenance).-Printing office, \$80.60; assay offices, When a company or association has \$164.02; provincial museum, \$151.46; complied with the requirements of the asylum for the insane, \$4,691.30; total,

Hospitals and charities.-In aid of destitute poor and sick, \$3,942.65. Administration of justice (other than restrictions contained in section 2 nere- salaries.—Summoning and paying jurof, of a sum equal to one-half of the ors and witnesses, \$5,633.82; proseculing, which will open the campaign for actual cost of the creamery building, tion and interpreters, \$2,388.45; expenting the Dominion contest. ses of inquests, \$325.20; criminal punishments, \$92.45; keep of prisoners, \$381.33; special constables, \$8,408.62; \$4,002.05; miscellaneous, \$1,454.12; total. \$22,686.04. Education.-Vancouver city district,

> total, \$524.82. on duty, \$6,567.01; total, \$6,673.10. Revenue service.—commission, courts of appeal, travelling expenses, and mis-

cellaneous, \$1,636.65. Public works, (works and buildings) .--Repairs to government buildings, Vic- able for about 300 feet. toria, \$44.52; do., New Westminster, of the Province shall, by virtue of this 647.53; recorder's office at Kettle river, Act and without further deed or in- \$200; do., New Denver, \$52.70; public school, Mayne Island, \$1; total, and mortage upon all the property and 374.23. (Government house), fuel and

Roads, streets, bridges and wharves .ciation, for which both those persons Esquimalt district, \$178.66; Nanaimo who were shareholders at the time the district, \$2.63; Comox district, \$276.87; loan was made, and also all persons to Cariboo district, \$260.87; East Kootwhom any of the said shares may at enay district, \$15,719.08; road, Okanaany time thereafter have been fully gan to Boundary Creek, \$711.69; road to paid up, and if the Company or Associa- Jordan Meadows, \$33.75; road through one engine and four box cars. The en ledge, they have a two foot ledge with tion shall not at the respective periods San Juan valley, \$16.47; Bella Coola gine was fired to-day, and amid the in this Act provided pay all instalments trail, \$27.35; bridge, similkameen river,

Surveys throughout the

Miscellaneous.—postage, \$364.41; telelibrary, legislative and departmental. \$210.55; premium on guarantee bonds, sell or mortgage, and to receive the \$48.25; telephone service, \$48.46; board moneys arising from any such sale or of horticulture, travelling expenses, etc., mortgage; and in the first place, to ap- \$196.83; provincial exhibit at Imperial the market for a month or two yet. ply the same in payment of the costs of Institute, London, \$504.02; commission and incident to such sale or mortgage or of enquiry, board of conciliation and arbitration, \$2; obtaining information. taking of possession; in the next place, re public school system of Ontario, \$11; commission of enquiry, re administration, of the asylum for the insane, 25c.; terest; and lastly, to pay the balance, if miscellaneous, not detailed, \$2,317.34; immigration, \$456.22; interest on deposits, suitors' fund act, 1890, \$432.68; Nakusp & Slocan Railway Co., \$18,-061.98; expenses in obtaining information for the distribution of seed, \$1,-476.95; Planta commission, re investigation as official administrator, \$1,- per ton. 154.30; tribute of respect to the late Sir John Thompson, premier of Canada, \$813.92; superannuation allowance to George Cowan, late registrar county court, Cariboo, \$150; printing and binding 5,000 extra copies of pamphlet, "British Columbia, its Present Resources and Future Possibilities," \$1,-000; total, \$27,786.62. Total, \$320,-

The loss to the province through the in respect of a loan made hereunder Victoria, J. C. Prevost, \$22,596.14; regwithout the sanction of the Lieutenant istrar of the supreme court, New Westminster, W. H. Falding, \$1,416.27; government agent, New Westminster, Chas.

Spring Time Is when nearly everyone feels the need of some blood-purifying, strength-invigorating and health-producing medicine, The real merit of Hood's Sarsappopularity. Its unequalled success is fulfilled before a company or associa- la taken at this time, and we would lay tion shall be entitled to a loan, in such special stress upon the time and remedy, for history has it recorded that

> ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

ARREST TATALOG TO THE TATALOG THE TATALOG TO THE TATALOG TO THE TATALOG TO THE TATALOG TO THE TA British Columbia.

Nanaimo, April 7.—The steamer City of Everett grounded as she entered the The supplementary estimates for the harbor on Sunday night, but succeeded year ending 30th June, 1897, presented in getting off again at high tide without

The E. & N. R. R. Co. have kindly consented to place a special train at the on the 16th inst. to run between Naed at the opera house here in aid of the hospital. The Liberals held a caucus meeting on

series of public meetings, and it is the intention to push the campaign at once. The funeral of the late W. R. Robwas largely attended.

The Black Diamond and the Intermediate lacrosse teams played a good exhibition game yesterday afternoon, which resulted in a draw by each side scoring three goals. The police commissioners will meet

this afternoon and the business to be transacted will be watched with much interest by the public. Nanaimo, April 8 .- The police commissioners met yesterday, and, as was generally expected, a deadlock immediately ensued. It arose from Mayor Davison stating that the presence of the chief of police was not equired at the meeting, but if he was required the Simpson took exception to this decision and claimed that there were no rules which gave the chairman the privilege of making this demand and further claimed it was an arbitrary procedure. Westminster district, \$60; do. West He refused to be bound by it, and a passage of words ensued, so that a third member of the board is more necessary than ever. The public naturally want to know why the third member has not been appointed long ago

A large number of Indians are pre paring to leave for Kuper Island, where a big potlatch will be held Thursday, at which all the chiefs of the different tribes will deliver speeches on the question of holding of potlatches.

A big meeting of Liberals will be held in the City Hall on Thursday even-

Another mining deal of importance transport of constables and prisoners, was consummated this week, John A. Finch and Peter Larson purchasing a one half interest in the Queen Bess group of mines in the Idaho basin, of \$395.28; Nanaimo city district, \$129.54; William Glynn and others. This group consists of the Queen Bess, Mae B., \$106.09; travelling expenses of officers Concond and American Girl. The principal work has been done on the Queen Bess, consisting of a crosscut tunnel 65 feet into the mountain. The ledge is 35 feet wide with from eight inches to one

foot of solid ore. The ledge is trace-Preparations are being made to computting the trail to the Arlington into shape

> TRAIL. Rossland Miner.

The Trail smelter shipped two car- and is expected at Nelson in about two loads of matte this week, the first made. weeks. It went south by way of Northport. The smelter is now in admirable running order.

The first installment of the rolling stock of the Trail and Rossland railway arrived in town Sunday. It consists of noise of the steam whistles of the sawmills, smelter and steamboats in the grams, \$96.02; fuel and light, \$441.44; landing in the most dignified and metropolitan fashion.

to Trail has been completed, but it is hold, 6 feet, stated the property will not be put on

ROSSLAND.

(Rossland Miner.) The O. K. company has placed an order for a 10-stamp mill, two boilers, engine, air compressor and drills. Part of the machinery will be shipped immediately, but it will probably be 90 days before it is all at the mine and in full running order. The new equipment will quadruple the capacity of the mine, which is now turning out some very rich ore, the concentrates running \$250 The phenomenal extent of the ore

gold value, discovered in the Jumbo, has added tremendously to the value of all that area of Red Mountain lying between the Jumbo on the west and the War Eagle, Le Roi, Josie, Nickel Plate, the town. Iron Mask, Centre Star, and Cliff on the

The demand for both residences and one story. office room in town is very great. Rents tions and a very large proportion of them are most respectable looking peo-

The roads to Trail and Northport are ing the season about closing. next to impassable. It is almost impossible to get freight into Rossland and day that the railway company had it no ore to speak of is being sent away. in mind to erect a large modern hotel The truth is we are almost in a state of blockade. Very little relief can be ex- which they own. arilla is the reason of its widespread pected until we get a railroad. Work on the narrow gauge is moving along certainly not pushing things.

> made this week. E. A. Humphreys ker has decided to go into farming exnow holds a 60-day option on the prop- tensively this season. erty at the price of \$51,000. After some complicated negotiations, Humphreys paid St. Onge and Cabana will reach Fort Steele, consigned to the \$2,000 in cash and signed with them an Nip and Tuck company. agreement, which stipulated that in F. Norbury has received a communionsideration of the payment by Hum- cation from Mr. Hewitt Bostock, in phreys of the said \$2,000 he should have which was enclosed a check for quite a the option to purchase the Iron Horse large sum, to be applied to the hospital group at any time before May 31, 1896, fund. at the price of \$51,000 the \$2,000 cash to be deducted, leaving \$49,000 to be ranches on the Sookum Chuck during

> paid. A branch of the Bank of B. N. A. has a settlement, there being some six or

claim with a fine showing situated on eight families to follow the advance Stoney creek.

A company is to be organized with a capital of 500,000 shares of the par val- tion has had several inquiries from parne of \$1 to own and work the Flossie ties east about the purchase of gold and The discovery in the Jumbo nas range for the sale of several prospects I. a claim situated on the west side. awakened new interest in all the ad- shortly. joining claims including the Nevada, Gold, King, Victor and High Ore. A ed by R. L. T. Galbraith on a copper heavy offer was made for the Nevada, property at Windermere. but it was declined. The Gold King | Manager Kinnaird is pushing the prehas been sold for \$15,000 on a year paratory work on the Nip and Tuck hy bond to D. M. Linnard for the B. C. draulic mine, Wild Horse Creek, and Syndicate.

suspended on the Crown Point on ac- will commence washing the gravel if count of the water. The next move will there should be any delay arising from be the running of a long tunnel from the non-appearance of the coming machsome point on the hillside. About 1,000 inery. Saturday night, when arrangements tons of ore are now on the dump and were completed for the holding of a will be shipped as soon as the tramway bonate at the North Star containing

is completed. been incorporated in Spokane and 10, of the drift is some three or four inches erts, jeweller, took place yesterday and been established in Rossland under the of lead crystals; above this formation is management of W. T. Oliver, formerly a large body of carbonates from eight of Vancouver. The Bank of Montreal to twelve inches thick, with wire silver has also made arrangements to open a interspersed through the carbonates.

branch here. 000 shares of the treasury stock has new head boxes connecting the been sold.

Rossland Prospector. ment, Security and Savings Company, having headquarters in Toronto, just been organized in Rossland.

chased the lot and building occupied by machinery for the mine. the Balfour Trading Company for \$1,950, was the next day offered an ad- at work during the winter running a vance of \$300.

the workmen came upon a ledge that pan. On account of the superabundance appears to be mineralized. Owners of streak.

NELSON.

Nelson Tribune. Postoffice Inspector Fletcher was in

Kootenay lake. The Hall mines tramway has been cut | tation. in two, and is now in successful operation, delivering from 125 to 150 tons of DOLLS WITH EXTRA DRESSES ore at the smelter daily. The smelter's successful working is best shown by the weekly shipments of matte. The weekly shipments are worth \$25,000 on an average, which means that the company is clearing close on to \$75,000 a month. Eighty odd men are employed at the mine, twenty odd on the tramway, and about fifty around the smelter.

The Chambers group of claims near Transport.—Charges of remittances, Young Dominion, First Extension, Cody, consisting of the Chambers, European of the Cham eka, Jay Gould and Wellington, will this week be numbered among the shipping properties of Slocan district. During March the Skyline mine at Ainsworth shipped 380 tons of ore to

the smelter at Pilot Bay. Dan Clark has leased the Tariff, and intends shipping to Pilot Bay. At the No. 1, the two subsequent years, so that the wrole loan shall be paid, with interest, withWest Kootenay district, \$2.46; asylum

Lake Mr. Aylard has returned from a The concentrator will be started up next

The concentrator will be started up next rescue. While it was perfectly at the first start of the loan, at the enterprise for the government or take, still the time might come of all moneys loaned to dry requirements), \$2,133.51; jail at claims and has started men to work ed at the mine taking out and sorting ed at the mine taking out and sorting James Bell and Miss Etheline Matilda

The Nelson Miner. Mr. C. W. Busk is bringing from Victoria a steam launch about 50 feet long, it has a speed of sixteen miles an hour

and thus began his tour of the Slocan. Keefer and Billings' claim, on Goat they are down about 30 feet on the lace. about eight inches of clean galena cheers of 500 people and the defening which goes 158 oz. silver, the average of the whole ledge is about 100 ozs. The C. & K. S. N. Co.'s steamer Koriver, to say nothing of its own whistle kanee will probably be launched next and bell, steamed up the spur from the Tuesday. The new boat is a very hand some craft and will form a creditable addition to the fleet. Her dimensions The platting of the C. P. R. addition are, length, 140 feet; beam, 24 feet;

KASLO.

all business offered in good shape. Bumillion feet of logs are on the way are working well for the town and are improving A avenue, Fifth street, and For sale by Dean & Hiscocks and clearing stumps and boulders off other Hall & Co. streets. They have passed an appropriation of \$300 for the protection of the river banks, private citizens subscribing over \$200. The council are body, accompanied by its high grade in working on a proposition to put in waterworks at once. They intend issuing debentures and have arranged with private citizens to put up the money for them, thus showing their confidence in

The annual general meeting of the

defaulting registrars and government have advanced materially and many co-owners of the Noble Five group of each subscriber who remits the amount new buildings are being erected. The mineral claims will be held in this city of his indebtedness while the supply hotels are full and the town presents a on the 9th instant. A general man- lasts. The book is worth having and most animated appearance. Strangers ager and other officers for the control will be found very useful for reference. ensuing year will be chosen at the If you care for a copy give the matter are beginning to come in from all direct of these valuable properties during the meeting. A considerably quantity of ore your immediate attention, for this offer has been shipped from the group dur- will only hold good until the supply is There was a rumor current the other

on one of the many desirable sites

FORT STEELE. Fort Steele Prospector.

Fred Hazen has gone to Golden for a Another and decidedly surprising turn load of farm implements for the Cranin the kaleidoscopic Iron Horse deal was brook estate. We learn that Col. Ba-

About the first of May 25,000 rounds Mr. of new and improved mining machinery

> A number of settlers have taken up the last two weeks; they will form quite

guard of pioneers The president of the mining associa-

expects to have everything ready by the It is probable work will have to be time the new machinery arrives, but

wire silver, is much larger than expect-The Minnehaha on Murphy creek, has ed. Lying over the galena in the roof A number of men have been employed Volney D. Williams and J. D. Far- to complete the new dam at the Invicta

rel have purchased the Gold Star, a mine, Wild Horse Creek, and put in with the dam. An electric light plant will be put in. The company will em-A local branch of the Birkbeck Invest-ploy about forty men working two shifts. Supt. Young and Mr. Mitchell has left on Tuesday for Vancouver, where they will purchase 1,600 feet of piping J. R. Miller, of Winnipeg, who pur- and two No. 4 Hoskins giants and other

The International Placer Co. has been tunnel to strike what is sunnosed to be Yesterday while excavating for a cel- the old channel. Last fall they sank a lar for the bonded warehouse which is shaft some 40 feet, finding good pay to be erected near Washington street, gravel that ran as high as 75c. to the of water they had to stop sinking. They the mineral claim will follow up the then commenced to run a tunnel to reach ledge with the hope of finding a pay the vicinity of the shaft. The tunnel is now in 265 feet, running through very hard rock, which is supposed to be the rim. They expect to reach the old chan-

nel in about 90 feet. There will be four large companies Nelson this week, and one of the results placer mining on Wild Horse during of his visit was the establishing from the coming season, and with the new and after the 1st inst., of a daily mail and improved machinery which the sevservice between Nelson and points on eral companies are putting in, Wild Horse will soon regain its old time repu-

A Diamond Dye Novelty.

We are sending thousands of Dia-Dye Dolls, with extra dresses to all parts of the Dominion. A set of six dolls with six extra

on receipt of four cents in stamps. Every user of the celebrated Diamond Dyes should secure at least one of these dolls before the supply is exhausted. When ordering the dolls ask for fortyfive samples of dyed cloth and book of directions for home dyeing, which are sent free. Address Well & Richardson Co., 200 Mountain street, Montreal,

Two popular young Victorians, Mr. second daughter of ex-Ald. W. A. Rob ertson, were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Dr. Campbell, last evening. The bride. who was given away by her father, was supported by her sisters, Miss Minnie V. and Miss Margaret Eleanor, Mr. Hewitt Bostock came down the Mr. W. J. Scott supported the groom. Columbia yesterday, landed at Nakusp The bride wore a very pretty costume of cream satin with veil and orange blossoms. The bridesmaids were attirriver, is looking well, from last reports ed in cream cashmere trimmed with

THE MEMBER FOR ALGOMA.

Mr. George H. McDonnell, M.P., for Algoma, Recommends Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder-It Relieves in 10 to 60 Minutes.

Let no one be surprised at the high character of the testimonials received by the proprietors of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. This medicine merits the best things that can be said of it. Business at Kaslo is reported better for be the trouble Cold in the Head. than for some time past. The Kaslo & Catarrh, Hay Fever or Catarrhal Deaf-Slocan is running on time and handling ness, relief is so speedy and effective that it charms all. This is the view of chanan's sawmill is started up and a the popular member of the House of Commons for the District of Algoma, from the Kootenay river. The city who has used this medicine, and does council with Mayor Green at the head, not hesitate to tell the people of Canada of its great worth.

THE TIMES ANNUAL.

The Times Annual and Enclyclopaedia of Useful Information is a book of 400 pages. It contains a mass of facts of every day interest to residents of British Columbia and of Canada generally. We give a copy free to every subscriber to Lenz & Leizer, of Victoria, are put- the Twice-a-Week who pays in advance. ting up a store on Front street, 25x40 We have still several hundred on hand and we will mail a copy promptly to

A St. Louis man said the other day that he had long desired to become the possessor of a bicycle, but he had not bought a wheel because he could not afford the luxury. He had at last, after months of weary thinking, evolved a scheme which would give him a "bike" for nothing. "Yer see, dis is how it is. I buys a bike on de instalment plan, and den I get's out an accident policy. See? Well, I takes de wheel and takes a header and goes lame. De accident policy pays me twenty-folve De accident policy pays me twenty-folve dollars for de bruise. Well, I gives it to de man wot I buys de wheel from. When I gets well I gets another bump from de policy. Well, by the time I falls off de wheel four or five times I was a de graphy and the state of the I'se got de 'cracker jack' paid fo', and it cost me nuttin', see? Yer bet it's a great game, and I'se got de nerve ter do it."—

BIRTH. GREAVES—April 2nd, at Somenosdale, Somenos, the wife of H. B. Greaves, of Horse Creek Ranch, of a son.

DIED. DYER-On the 5th inst., John Dyer, of Lake District, aged 65 years, a native of Devonshire, England.

WATERWORKS AGAIN

Reports From Select Committee Appointed to Investigate Workmens' Grievances.

Robert Chipchase Appointed Sanitry Inspector and Mr. Watson Plumbing Inspector.

Ald. Marchant Denies Having Decried the City as Charged by the Colonist.

Last evening's meeting of the council was taken up chiefly in the reading of the letter and intent of the agreement the report from the select committee on to give preference to workmen who are the water works and the election of permanent residents of Victoria. sanitary inspector and plumbing and sewerage inspector. Mr. Robert Chipand Mr. George Watson the latter.

ferring to alleged imperfect sewer connections put in by Messrs. A. & W. Wilson. Received and filed.

The water commissioner submitted an required to allow all workmen employed estimate of the cost of extending the in the work to board and lodge where main as follows: Grant street, \$260; they please, that the workingmen of Fourth street, \$200.50; Dunedin street, this city be informed to that effect by \$102.25. The report was received and notice to be published at the contract the committee will proceed with the tors' expense in the daily papers; pro-

The city engineer reported that the piece of ground in front of the South the work successfully, the mayor and Park school could be levelled and sur- water commissioner after satisfying faced with cinders for \$250. Referred themselves that such is the case shall to the park committee.

privilege on the Colonist report of the (Chinese or Japanese excepted), but the last meeting and denied that he had decried the city.

Tenders for supplies for the sewers were referred to the committee and ten- that the contractors recognized the right ders for lumber were laid over for a and authority of the council by placing week.

from the council regarding an account of \$25 for repairing the street superintendent's carriage. Referred to the street

The electric light committee recommended that the contract for carbons be awarded to F. C. Holden, his tender being \$10.71. Adopted.

Victoria, March 30, 1896. To the Mayor and Council: Gentlemen: Your select committee to paid by the contractors at Beaver Lake, beg to report that D. Wales and W. Ferguson were reported to the commitdence in their own behalf unless witnesses' fees were paid them. In view of this your committee are of opinion that their complaint is not entitled to serious not entertained by the council.

Respectfully submitted, JNO. MACMILLAN. WM. HUMPHREY. W. G. CAMERON. Victoria, March 30, 1896.

To the Mayor and Council of the city of

Victoria: Gentlemen: Your select committee the Daily Times as follows: appointed at a meeting of council on February 17th, in pursuance of instruc- will hold its first setting on Thursday tions received from W. J. Dowler, Esq., C.M.C., on February 18th, "To enquire into the facts alleged in a letter received (Sd) WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, by the council from W. Payne, in which certain complaints have been made against the manner in which March 17th, 1896. workingmen who desire to live with their families in the city are treated by contractors at Beaver Lake, and in which workmen employed on the works appeared before the committee to repare treated by the foreman for the con- resent them. A number of witnesses tractors," beg leave to report as follows: The complaints of W. Payne referred

not treated as they should be as work- examined and the inquiry adjourned ing men, but are treated more as slaves with a cursing taskmaster as foreman.'

2nd. That the hours of labor are arranged by the contractors with the design of preventing workmen from boarding with their families or elsewhere in the city, or as alleged by W. Payne, "The fact of the matter is, we are not tractors' wish, and board there, and I firmly believe they will put every obstacle in our way to prevent us from working unless we board there."

are a part of the contract of Walkely, are proven to be true. Payne, Wil-King & Casey with the city provides, 'The work is to be under the full and entire direction of the municipal council and the engineer in charge, whose doubt as to the meaning or intention of any part of the specification the intereer is to be final and without appeal."

Section 27 and 28 provides: Sec. 27. "The contractor hereby agrees to pay all workmen employed by him on or in connection with the work. the regular rate of wages connected each day as recognized by the trade, and further agrees that the whole of the laborers, skilled workmen and others engaged upon the work are to receive

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair,



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free nonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

and in cash.

he will not directly, or indirectly, emdents that they are permanent residents tember 21, the total wages was \$778.78 of the city.

By the foregoing sections it is estabmunicipal council in interpretation of the specifications which are a part of the contract with Walkely, King & of enforced idleness, owing to wet Casey, are binding upon the contrac-

2nd. That all workmen are to be paid by the contractors the full amount of their wages in cash, without any deductions on any account whatever. as such are to be paid the wages of

skilled workmen. 4th. That the contractor is bound by

Your committee wish to point out that the council in the exercise of what they deemed to be their right under section chase secured the former appointment 25 of the specifications of the contracts did on the 7th day of February adopt G. Campbell wrote in reply to Ald. the following instructions to the con-Wilson's remarks on his last letter re- tractors, of which they were duly noti-

"That they (the contractors) must comply in future with the 28th section of the specifications, and that they are vided that if it is found that sufficient men cannot be procured to carry on give the contractors permission to pro-Ald. Marchant rose to a question of cure labor from any available source contractors shall at all times give preference to the residents of the city.'

Your committee wish to point out. in obedience to this resolution of coun-Th finance committee asked directions | cil in the Daily Times of February 10th

the following notice. "Wanted-At Beaver Lake, 50 men; residents preferred; board optional. (Signed) Walkely, King & Casey.

Although no direct statement has been made to your committee as to this council on behalf of the contractors themselves, that a sufficient number of resident workmen were not available to carry out the contract within the specified time, your committee wish to point whom was referred the complaint of G. out that such is implied in the report of White, D. Wales and W. Ferguson, in G. E. Jorgensen made to this council on reference to the wages of bricklayers January 25th of this year, and that upon this assumption it is argued by the engineer that the contractors should be given an extension of time for the comtee by G. White as refusing to give evi- pletion of the contract. The statement referred to is as follows:

"On the 26th November last a strike took place on which occasion over 30 men left the work, and on December consideration and recommend that it be 14th last, several more men stopped work, I am informed on account of the weather thereby reducing the working force to such a minimum that on Decem-

sions at the city hall in the council chamber, notice of which was given in

"The water works enquiry committee evening next in the city hall at 8 p. m. By order.

C.M.C. City clerk's office, Victoria, B. C.,

Beyond this notice no intimation was given the contractors of the time, and place of the investigation, and no one were subpoenaed. On March 18th five witnesses, Wm. Payne, James Willoughby, Wm. F. McKenzie, Daniel 1st. "That the citizens of Victoria are McFadden, and Edward Youngs, were until the 22nd, when the evidence of four others, John Hambly, Harry Wormwood, James Patterson and Harry Cole, was taken. The evidence all being to the same effect, it appeared to the committee that any further examination of witness under oath was unnecessary. All the evidence was taken wanted unless we comply with the con- down by a member of the committee and sworn and subscribed to by the witnesses, and is on file for the inspection of members of the council.

From a review of the evidence Section 25 of the specifications, which | find that the complaints of Wm. Payne loughby, McFadden and Wormwood all agree as to abusive language by some of the foremen to the men.

It is shown by the evidence of Payne, orders and instructions the contractor Patterson, Cole and Wormwood, that shall obey, and should there be any the hours of labor were so arranged by those in charge of the work as to prevent men from doing a full day's work pretation put upon it by the said engin- if they boarded or lodged in the city, while during the same time D. McFadden, and otners, working by the day for the city at the lake, were able to work a full day of nine hours and board and lodge in the city, going out in the morning and returning in the evening with the trade for nine hours' work for by train on the Victoria & Sidney rail-

The evidence shows that section 27 was not observed by the contractors, men were either told that they must board with the contractors and at their own rates, or such arrangements were made as compelled them to do so or loose their employment. In making payment of wages the amount charged for board was deducted, and only the balance paid the men. The section referred to provides that wages be "paid in full and in cash." \$5.00 per week was leducted for board. All the witnesses agree that because of being improperly cooked, the food for which they were compelled to pay so high a price was unfit for use. That men were compelled to furnish their own blankets; that the sleeping room provided was of the most the conference re the Craigflower road wretched character, men being uncomfortably crowded together, and the rain ternoon. leaking through the roof drenching them in their beds. Men who spent Sunday with their families or friends in the city were charged the full rate for the week's board, and the same men were, when discharged in the middle of a week, charged 25 cents a meal for the part of the week including Sun- | Conlin's four. day's board which they did not eat. At-

their full wages at least once a week showing the amount of wages paid, and the amount of deductions for board up Clyde, T. H. Parr, M. H. Thompson to the week ending February 22nd. and George Watson. The latter was The total pay roll to that date is \$26,ploy upon, about, or in connection with \$28.69. the deductions for board, \$9,the work, any Chinese or Japanese, or 360.94, or 341/2 per cent. of the total any person whose name does not appear in the municipal voters' list for the gress of the work the per cent. deductyear 1895, unless they prove by written proof, signed by two well known resiand the deduction for board \$428.23; during wet weather charging the full lished, 1st, that the instructions of the rate for board when men went home for a part of the time prevented married men from living cheaply in periods

weather. The evidence shows that at all stages of the work section 28, providing for the employment of residents of the city, was disregarded by the contracttions on any account whatever.

3rd. That skilled workmen working that less than 50 per cent were Victorians, while residents of the city were being continually debarred from going to work, by regulations as to board and hours of labor, apparently having that

object in view. The evidence shows that section 27, providing that the contractors shall pay to skilled workmen "the regular rate of wage connected with the trade," has not been complied with. Carpenters who furnished their own tools and worked as skilled workmen being paid the same rate as laborers who furnish-

ed no tools. In conclusion, your committee wish to call attention to the report of G. E. Jorgensen of January 25th to this counwhich the evidence taken before this committee shows to be incorrect. and misleading. The report referred to contains the statement that by reason of strikes the progress of the work had been seriously interfered with, and also because men quit work on account of last only about a dozen men were available." This statement is contradicted by the positive and direct evi-McKenzie, McFadden and lost by strikes was only one quarter of a day; that no number of men left on experiencing very rough weather, she account of the strikes; that only the cook was discharged, and that the men who are said to have left "on account of wet weather" were discharged by the contractors because although they She too experienced very severe weather wanted to work when the weather was A hunter and two boat pullers were through wet and dry weather alike. and through some mishap they were Even though the engineer's contention was true, (which the evidence goes to men could be found, but the boat was show it was not)—that delay was caus- upset when picked up. The Katharine of ed by strikes—the strikes themselves this port took 85 days in going across. were caused by the bad food furnished The trip of the Empress across was and arbitrary and unjust treatment of one of the pleasantest in the history of the men by the contractors, and conse- the line. Splendid weather was experquently any disability to which the con- lenced, from 340 to 363 miles being tractors themselves. From the evidence tainments helped to pass the time away statement of the engineer as to delay caused by strikes and that "on December 24th last only about a dozen men the traditions of Japan, occurred 2,558 the interest of the contractors, and was a direct descendant of the first one. A misleading and incorrect.

JOHN MACMILLAN, WM. HUMPHREY,

ber 24th last only about a dozen men were avilable."

Pay Rolls and Board Deductions, Walkley, King & Casey.

Week ending, July 20 . \$ 204 20 \$ 9 00 gers were: Mr. T. Adachi, Mr. S. Akus-July 27 . 403 54 118 50 403 54 385 96 848 29 1,076 49 656 57 604 10 863 59 835 38 778 78 995 57 1,155 94 Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Sep.
Sep.
Sep.
Oct.
Oct.
Oct. 258 376 246 216 301 296 428 345 432 393 419 416 443 526 1,501 93 1,259 11 1,503 34 938 65 595 97 335 15 249 42 304 94 Jan Jan Jan Feb. 258 91 577 47 639 76 707 98 896 60 1,135 56 895 81 1,343 11 \$26,828 69 \$9,360 94

Deductions for board equal to 34 52-100 per cent. of total amount of pay rolls. Victoria, April 7th, 1896. To the Mayor and Council of the City

of Victoria. Gentlemen: As a member of the waterworks inquiry select committee I beg to present the following minority report:

Calling attention to the evidence given before the committee by James Wiloughby and Wm F. McKenzie to the effect that a log of wood two feet in diameter and ten or twelve feet long has been put in the foundations of one of the walls of the filter beds at Beaver Lake by workmen acting under the instructions of the foreman in charge for Walkley, King & Casey; and I would recommend that the engineer be instructed to compel the contractors to remove at their own cost the log referred to, and to substitute proper material therefor.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen. very respectfully yours, JNO. MACMILLAN. Chairman of Committee.

Ald. Marchant moved that the reports e laid on the table for future consideration. This was seconded by Ald. Partridge

Ald. Macmillan, although not objecting to the report being laid over contended that it required immediate acion. There was still considerable work to be done and residents of the city should be given an opportunity to do it. The report was laid on the table.

Chief Deasy presented his report for March making a number of suggestions for the prevention of fire. Referred to the fire wardens to report. At the suggestion of Ald. Macmillan will be held on the 21st inst. in the af-

Applications were received as follows or the position of sanitary inspector: M. J. Conlin, Robert Chipchase, S. S. Lehman, Orlando Warner, C. F. Moore, John Smith and Alex. McDonald. Robert Chipchase was elected on the first ballot, receiving six votes to M. J.

Applications were received as follows March 15th. M. Lievre, of the French tached is a statement by the auditor for the position of plumbing and sew-

erage inspector: Chas. R. Blake, A. J. Clyde, T. H. Parr, M. H. Thompson elected on the fourth ballot. The council adjourned at 10:10.

Very Long Passages by the Sealing Schooners From Victoria to Yokohama

Rough Weather and Few Seals Reported by Those Who Have Been Out.

No Signs of the Black Plague When the Empress Left-Other Oriental News.

According to advices received from Yokohama by the Empress of Japan, Capt. Lee, which arrived early this orning, the sealers all made long passages across and experienced rough weather, but few accidents occurred. The fastest trip, 52 days, was made by the schooner Elsie. Many of them were over 80 days in going over. The name of the seaman who was lost from the oner Vera was C. Larsen. He had just left a deep water vessel at Vancouver when he signed on the Vera, and was not known here. The schooners which had arrived up to March 28th, when the Empress left, were: Elsie, bad weather, so that "on December 24 Fortuna, Geneva, Umbrina, Vera, Borealis, Sea Lion, Marvin, Algar, Katharine, Ocean Belle, Triumph, Agnes Macdonald, Otto and others. The Algar had not intended to call at Yokohama, but Youngs, who swear that the total time after spending twelve days looking for seals, none of which could be found, and put into port. Two sealers, who were taken sick, came home on the Empress. The Yokohama schooner Silver Fleece, in a month's cruise only took 49 skins fit, they refused to work continuously lost. The three men were out sealing capsized and drowned. No trace of the The trip of the Empress across was

tractors would be liable on account of registered each day. There was a jolly delay was due to the action of the con- company on board, and various enter submitted to them, your committee can On April 3rd the Japanese passengers come to no other conclusion than that the of whom there were a large number, celebrated the ascension to the throne of their first emperor. This, according to were available," was made solely in years ago, and the present emperor is banquet was held at which Capt. Craw-All of which is respectfully submit- ford and one of the passengers presided. Last evening a farewell supper was given. Capt. Crawford again occupied the chair, the vice-chairman being Mr Select Committee. H. N. Brown. The usual toasts were ahina, Mr. C. H. Bailey, Mrs. C. H. Bailey Mr. N. P. Brown, Mr. Franklin Brooks, Mr. S. L. Brunton, Mr. P. Bukow, Mr. Crawford, Rev. E. Crummy., Mrs. E. Crummy and two children. Rev. F. S. Curtis, Mrs. F. S. Curtis and child, Master A. P. Curtis, Master R. R. Curtis, Miss G. C. Curtis, Mr. M. J. Fischer, Mr. T. Haga, Mr. Harrison, Rev. V. C. Hart, Mr. T. Hiraoka, Kikuchi, Mrs. J. W. Lee, Miss Jennie Lee, Rev. H. H. Lowry, Mrs. H. H. Lowry, Misses Lowry (two), Mr. A. McLaggan, Lt. Com. J. P. Merrell, U. Mr. L. C. Pareto, Miss M. R. Perkins, Mr. C. W. Porter, Mr. Scott, Mrs. Scott, Miss Blanche Smith, Mr. Wm. Geo. Smith, Mr. A. E. Spender, Baron Speck von Stenberg, Mr. Alb. Sussmann, Mr. T. Yamaguchi, Mr. T. Yoshida. ent at the coronation of the Czar.

Mr. Asabina is, editor-in-chief of the on his way to St. Petersburg to be pres-Rev. Mr. Crummy is connected with the Methodist college at Tokio. He is John, N.B., writes thus: on a leave of absence, and will return to Victoria in a few days, occupying the pulpit of the Metropolitan church on Sunday. He will also lecture on Japan. Rev. Dr. Hart is also a Methodist mis-

sionary who has been working in western China. Baron Von Speck Sternberg followed the Japanese army through the recent war in the interest of Germany. He is now on his way home. The other passengers are principally business men and pleasure seekers.

There were twenty-two intermediate and 394 steerage passengers. Of the were landed here. Capt. latter 100 Crawford and several of the saloon passengers also remained here. The cargo was a full one made up of the usual Oriental merchandise.

There seemed to be no fear in Yoko hama of the Black plague when the Empress left, although it has since been reported by cable to have broken out. There, however, were epidemics of smallpox and diarrohea. Several fatal cases of Black plague had been reported from Hongkong. The Yokohama authorities were taking precautions to pre-

vent the spread of the epidemic. The Korean rebels are still giving the authorities some trouble, and another outbreak has also been threatened in Formosa. Japan. will demand compensation for the murder of Japanese. Earl Spencer, who is now touring the Orient, will come to Victoria on the

next Empress. Dr. Hunter, of H. M. S. Edgar, died las month at Yokohama. Officers from eases caused by impure blood. Its record the American, Russian and British menof-war attended the funeral. Charles Murdock Mobberley, paymaster of the British gunboat Swift, was

tried by court martial on March 11th for being absent from his ship. The accused was sentenced to lose all seniority as paymaster, was dismissed from his ship, and also severely reprimanded. Mount Kirishima was in eruption on

warship Farfait was ascending

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Baking

mountain when the crater broke forth,

PERCY WHITTALL. Playing His Old Trick.

and he was seriously wounded.

Percy Edward Whittall is establishing for himself a world-wide reputation as dead-beat. A couple of years ago he landed in Victoria direct from England on a sailing ship. Money was awaiting him They Leave the Vessels on Slightes here, and while it lasted he lead a butterfly life. But his money came to an end, and he was forced to live on his wits, being both unable and unwilling to work. For obtaining goods under false pretences he served a term in the provincial fail. Upon his release he went north and got mixed up in a scheme that again cost him his liberty. He went to Australia, and reports soon came back that he was having a tussle to keep out of an Australian jail. Now comes the news from Yokohama that Whittall was twice tried there within one week for attempting to obtain goods under false pretences. The prosecutors in both cases were restaurant keepers, from whom Whittall tried to obtain meals, which with him includes an expensive list of wines. Jinrickishaw men also complain of being unable to get money out of Whittall.

The young confidence man passed himself off as an officer from one of the Briish men-of-war. He was not convicted of the charges, but the consul dealt with him as a vagrant and will give him an opportunity to ship on a sailing vessel

At Death's Door

Friends Thought the End Was Near.

A Condition That Was Almost Hopeless.

FAILURE FOLLOWED FAILURE

Paine's Celepy Compound Was Used.

awa, Capt. G. B. Appleton, Mr. C. As- Mrs. Irvine Cured by the Great Medicine.

An Important Letter.

At death's door, owing to kidney trouble, nervousness, sleeplessness and Mr. E. V. Hull, Mrs. E. V. Hull, Mr. K. run-down system. Mrs. Irvine's friends realized the fact that she was nearing the grave, and did not hesitate to express their fears. Doctors and their prescriptions could not break the power S.N., Mr. S. Mimura, Mr. L. B. Packer, of the disease, and the ordinary advertised medicines of the day proved use-

A resolve was at last made to give Paine's Celery Compound a fair and honest trial. Note the glorious results, Mr. Aug. Sussmann, Mr. W. F. Sylves- ve doubters and skeptics! Four bottles ter, Mr. F. Whitleck, Mr. J. M. Wood, of Paine's Celery Compound effected a cure, and saved from death a wife and mother who was thought to be incur-Nichi Nichi Shimbon of Tokio. He is able. A forcible reason why every sick man and woman should use Paine's Celery Compound.

Mrs. Wm. Irvine, who resides "I have been traoubled for the past ten years with kidney complaint, and have tried a great many preparations and doctors' prescriptions with little or no benefit. For the last six months I have had a great strain upon my system from night-watching and overwork. I was breaking down, and my friends said 'I was going fast to death.' I resolved to try Paine's Celery Compound and used four bottles. My kidney trouble disappeared; nervousness and sleep lessness are troubles of the past, and my general health is greatly improved. In a word, I am cured, and I wish you to publish this for the fienefit of others.

SAUNDERS SPECULATED.

With the Funds of the Great Northern Railway Company.

Langdon, N.D., April 8.—Frank Saunders, agent of the Great Northern milroad, attempted to commit suicide here last eventempted to commit salcide here last evening as a consequence of the examination of his books by the travelling auditor, and is now lying in a precarious condition, although he may recover. The trouble originated over an option deal managed by Saunders. The auditor arrived yesterday with a relief agent, but the auditing of the accounts had not progressed very far when it became evident there would be a shortage estimated at \$6,000. It is charged that he has forged telegrams, and used all sorts of schemes to conceal his speculations.

Results Tell The Story. A vast mass of direct, unimpeachable testimony proves beyond any possibil ty of doubt that Hood's Sarsaparilla actualy does perfectly and permanently cure disof cures is unequalled and these cures have often been accomplished after all other preparations had failed.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, billous ness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache

Dr. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE CURES

THE INDIAN HUNTERS

He Turns Up in Yokohama and is Again | The Captains of Sealing Schooners Again Having Trouble With the Natives.

> Provocation-Return of the Maude.

Reports from the West Coast

that the Indian hunters have ado

scheme whereby they can circ the restrictions placed upon them laws relating to "those who go the sea in ships." In years pas hunters have given no end of tr masters of sealing schooners their weakness for deserting favorable opportunity presented To assist captains in having hold on their hunters the I government appointed three nasters on the West Coast. hunters to secure positions with schooners had to go before these ping masters and sign papers regular way. When this was don eral advances were paid them, as felt that they had too wholesome of the law to attempt to desert being regularly attached to the But the captains reckoned without ing into consideration the cunning these natives and already several ners have lost one or more of the hunters. They leave their school their canoes ostensibly to go h After getting out of sight-not a difficult matter when the weather thick-they pull for shore. charged with desertion they assur injured air and stoutly deny such charge. After hunting for some a fog came on and they lost schooner. After spending several hunting for the schoner they reached shore. As no evidence produced to show that they v. lost their vessel, the hunters go punished, and pass away the spending the liberal advances receive from their schooners.

Early this morning the C. P. N. Co. steamer Maude, Capt. Roberts. ed from Nootka and other West points, bringing as passengers Anderson, Barclay Sound; Capt. Keill, F. Jacobson and wife, quot, and E. Schultz, San Juan. the sealing schooners were out to consequently the Maude brings no ing news. Among her freight we skins. the Kilmeny's catch. She for Union wharf to-day for a car

An Affidavit.

This is to certify that on May 11 I walked to Melick's drug store pair of crutches and bought Chamberlain's Pain Balm for infla tory rheumatism, which had cripple After using three bottles 1 completely cured. I can cheerfull commend it. Charles H. Wetzel, S.

bury, Pa. Sworn and subscribed to before on August 10th, 1894.-Walter Ship For sale at 75 cents per all druggists. Langley wholesale agents, Victoria and Van

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Two Men Arrested This Morning for Roll bing V. Howard.

James Lawrence, alias Latimer, who is well known to the police, S. Stacey, a well dressed young in arrived from San Francisco a sh ago, are in the city lock-up, the against them being highway robbe accuser is V. Howard. The three were drinking together in the Quee tel. They crossed over to the Gr eific for a drink, and Howard cla while on the way back to the Que of the men grabbed his watch other struck him. When they into the bar Howard accused St having stolen the watch. Stacey the charge and a fight ensued. getting decidedly the worst of it. the two men arrested. On the way station Stacey told the officer when could find the watch. The case tried to-morrow, Stacey having

Lawrence, or Latimer, was up police court more than once Stacey is said to be well on Ontario. When arrested he



IT IS PURE Nothing is added to cheapen it or reduce its quality . . .

> BOOKS FOR WRAPPERS For every 12 "Sunlight" wrappers sent to LEWER BROS., Ltd., Toronto, a useful paper-bound book will be sent, or a cloth-bound for 50 wrappers.

C. R. KING, Victoria, Agent for B.

Court of Military State of Highl Exciter

Over a Duel Retween aries, Baron Sc Count K

The Affair is the Out cent Anonymo Scanda

Berlin, April 10.-T ion in court and m this morning when that another of a serigrowing out of the later scandals, had ta woods at Potsdam, Shrader, the master the Prussian court, eriously wounded by formerly one of the and who was tried charge of being the a nous communication The rumor was pro nd shown to be corn Kotze and Baron v the duel with pistols

morning. The nded and taken where the wound wa of a most serious nat were telegraphed for gathered at the beds he will not recover. arrest has been orde say he will surrende vhenever and where This is the third about a dozen for whesent out last April by He has repeated to-tion to keep on fight one until he ha

with all on the list. ount von Kotze fee will keep his word. The scandals which ries of duels bega ago, when high cou and female, old any ving anonymous cards calling attenti escapade on his own elatives and friends ecame separated f athers and mother nearly everybody mirchced more or of the anonymous l lently was a person vith all the details egan to look aska friends, and every made by the police ty party. But nonymous one was cruel work for abou

general opinion was nunications were t but, gradually, this ome unexplained ventually fastened on Kotze, one of ins, a popular ma mperor, and trust inally a volunteer the court author hat on the blotting pad used by the c clear reproduction nous communication ent out some time eged discovery. ested, confined in ventunally acquit rought against his was in prison the t d decidedly in his ering was heard o was openly denou and the names of a ourt personages,

Gunther of Schles in-law of Emperor were mentioned. ven had the audi ights of suspicion than Duke Gunth seem without any When Coun leased from prison challenges to abo whom he believed in the plot to save the reputation age whoever he m upon as being the nonymous commu rincipal persons Kotze were Baron marshal of ex-E ermany, Baron v remonies of rince von Fuerst ert Saxe Altenbu Saxe Altenburg. tantiated, also has challenged Du Schleswig Holstei

denied, and is no Would give us per men and women a they must take me serves perfectly hea is the basis of good parilla is the Ore a parilla is the One gives good health the true foundation HOOD'S PILLS

Fishing tackle