

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION

December 1895

V. McILWRAITH

THE DAILY HERALD Published Every Afternoon. \$4.00 Per Year.

THE WEEKLY HERALD Published Every Thursday \$1.00 Per Year.

SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED EDITION

THE GUELPH HERALD.

FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

GUELPH, CANADA, DECEMBER, 1895.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

History of the Herald

AND A GLANCE THROUGH ITS PRESENT WELL-EQUIPPED OFFICE.

To Promote Guelph's Interests

WAS ITS FIRST AND MOST EARNEST ENDEAVOUR, AND IT HAS LOYALLY ADHERED TO THAT MOTTO EVER SINCE.

TEN YEARS UNDER ITS PRESENT MANAGEMENT REVIEWED. SOMETHING ABOUT THE MEN WHO LABORED TO ADVANCE ITS WELFARE.



THANKS, heartfelt, sincere thanks to the people of Guelph and Wellington County, must be the first sentiment that finds expression on the pages of this illustrated edition of The Herald. But for the warm encouragement and liberal patronage accorded the enterprise from its inception its successful accomplishment would have been impossible.

By all classes and in all sections the proposition to publish this souvenir number was received with enthusiasm and that enthusiasm crystallized itself into practical support when the proper time arrived. Fitting it is therefore that looking back on its half century existence, its early and later struggles and more especially the prosperous decade of which this edition is a souvenir number, The Herald should tell its readers and patrons, and the public generally, that its first duty and its highest gratification is to return them many, many thanks.

A JOURNALIST'S LOVE.

And having performed that simple act of politeness and justice, perhaps it is not too much to presume that the next most important task is to say a word or two about the object of our love, and let us hope, dear reader, your interest and admiration, for the object we love all the characters that he makes. Their companionship has so often cheered those otherwise lonely hours of toil in which he made them mould the fascinating romance that to him gradually grew to be a story of his heart and brain and as they go forth from him into the cynical, critical world, is it any wonder that he feels pangs of regret? But new creations of his fancy take their place and the loved children of former days are ignored of fresher and probably greater achievements. The journalist has only one child and it is always with him. Day by day the concrete result of his labor is borne forth on its pages. Day by day it demands all, yes, sometimes more than all, the energy and ability he has the power to bestow. If the novelist loves the children of his fancy which quit the busy household of his brain to become the idol or football of the merciless reviewer or perhaps never be heard of again, how much more does the object of his labor and his love weave itself into the heart throbbings of the devoted journalist and make itself his beloved child now and forever more. If, then, you should ask why first in the pages of this souvenir number should appear a rambling reference to The Herald you must perforce find an answer in the fact that a very strong attachment exists between it and those who mould its destiny.

ITS EARLY HISTORY.

The story of the early life and struggles of this oldest newspaper in the city and county must largely be taken as read. In 1812, aided by Mr. Peterson, father of H. W. Peterson, Esq., who owned the plant, Mr. Chas. Macdonnell commenced the publication of The Herald. Though not a pretentious newspaper it was, evidently in advance of its time. The rude conditions then prevailing, the hard, continuous struggle of the settlers against nature's powerful outcroppings made

ever, but there will linger amid the scenes of his labor for years to come cherished recollections of the bright things he said and wrote.

When Mr. Chadwick took charge of The Herald the office was in the Queen's hotel block on Market square. Mr. Chadwick continued in the personal direction of the journal until 1877, when he formed a partnership with Mr. C. Acton Burrows, and committed to that gentleman the editorial management. The firm name was C. Acton Burrows & Co. The year of this change, 1877, saw the birth of the city of Guelph, and The Herald, with characteristic enterprise and patriotism, celebrated the event by moving into the present commodious home on Quebec street, and publishing therefrom the Annals of the City of Guelph—a work that has preserved to posterity much valuable information about the birth and early life of this community. Then ensued an epoch in the history of The Herald the recital of which indicates that it was experiencing the ups and downs not uncommon in journalistic enterprises. Mr. Burrows severed his connection with the business in 1879, and removed to Manitoba, where he has been an active factor in the development of that great country. Messrs. A.

In 1849 Mr. Austin was succeeded by Mr. Geo. Pirie. A joint stock company, headed by Mr. Webster and Mr. Peterson, secured control of the journal, put in new type and engaged Mr. Pirie as editor. Bright days followed for The Herald. Of high personal integrity Mr. Pirie commanded the respect of his fellow townsmen, and his literary ability won their unstinted admiration. Then as now the paper was a staunch advocate of the principles of the Conservative party. Then as now it offered unflinching opposition to everything that menaced the moral or material welfare of the people. Mr. Pirie later on assumed the sole proprietorship of The Herald and up to 1879 its pages reflected the ability, energy and sterling honesty of the man who—his name here and long remembered—did more than any other man of his time to promote the progress and prosperity of Guelph.

MANY CHANGES.

In 1871 the proprietorship of the paper passed into the hands of the late F. J. Chadwick. What a large place Mr. Chadwick filled in the social, literary, commercial and municipal life of Guelph his contemporaries well know. The labor and money lavished by him on The Herald failed largely of accomplishing the desired results, but never did Mr. Chadwick's faith falter, nor his devotion to the interests of the journal show any signs of diminution. Ever and always he was a loyal supporter of the Conservative party, a thorough Canadian and a man who loved Guelph dearly and sacrificed much to promote her interests. He will be remembered for long years as one of the most public spirited citizens Guelph ever had, and one of the best chief magistrates that ever filled the Mayor's chair, but even when these are forgotten those who labored side by side with him on The Herald will have a warm place in their memory and affections for F. J. Chadwick.

It was during Mr. Chadwick's proprietorship that the late James Fahy's genius brightened the pages of The Herald. One of the most brilliant newspaper paragraphers Canada ever produced and a speaker who delighted and enthused by the fervor of his rugged eloquence, James Fahy deserves a kindly and honorable mention in any historical reference to The Herald. His voice is now hushed in death and his facile pen has been laid down for

ceeded to financial necessities, a subscription list that seemed but a poor reward for the labor and talent bestowed on the pages of The Herald by such clever men as the late James Fahy, A. W. Wright and John R. Cameron, constituted the discouraging

terprise. He set himself to work to map out a new course for The Herald, and re-establish it once more in the confidence and estimation of the people. What success has been achieved a brief reference to events will show.

THE WORK OF IMPROVEMENT. Freed from the expense and annoyance of the law courts, Mr. Gummer's first step was to give the paper a new dress. No matter how ably written a paper may be, no matter how careful and capable its editorial management, they are but as lights hidden under a bushel if the typographical appearance of the sheet is not in thorough harmony. In its new clothes The Herald was heartily welcomed by all its contemporaries, and especially by its readers, who accepted the improvement as an earnest of the fulfillment of the progressive policy outlined by the proprietor. Then followed the alterations to the building—rendering it more commodious and comfortable—and the thorough re-organization of the job printing department. Towards the close of the decade an electric motor took the place of the steam power that had hitherto driven the presses—The Herald, as usual, leading the way in the adoption of the improvement—a two revolution Campbell



STENOGRAPHER'S ROOM.

features of the enterprise. To add to the difficulties of the situation a law suit disputing Mr. Gummer's title was entered upon and "ragged its weary length along until 1889, when the courts finally settled the litigation in Mr.

press was put in and the tenth anniversary was fittingly celebrated by the paper appearing in a new dress of type, the news columns being set by the Rogers Typograph machines.

Along other, and in a financial sense, more important lines equal progress has been made. An honest effort has been put forth to maintain the high standard of literary excellence which has been a characteristic of The Herald from the days of Mr. Pirie down through all the years that it has been an active force in promoting Guelph's welfare. A staff of correspondents, the largest and most capable attached to any paper in the west, has been established and their regular budgets of news mirror the events of interest happening in every section of the county. The advertising department has been placed on a solid business basis, and the subscription lists for both the daily and weekly editions have shown gratifying expansion year by year. All this, let it not be understood, is due to the ability or labor of any one man or set of men. From a public that had always been kindly disposed towards The Herald the encouragement and patronage came that made the improvements here outlined possible, and—it may be added—profitable.



MR. GUMMER'S OFFICE.

HOME OF THE HERALD

Unlike most newspaper offices in the small cities of the province, the home of The Herald was specially constructed for the purpose to which it is devoted. The building was begun early in the spring of 1877, and on the 12th of November of the same year the paper was issued from its new quarters. Architecturally the structure presents an imposing appearance, towering as it does in graceful outlines over all the buildings in the vicinity of St. George's square. It is built of Guelph stone with cut stone facings, has a frontage of 45 feet on Quebec street and runs back the full depth of the lot. It has a basement and four storeys, surmounted by a mansard roof of slate and a richly ornamented iron rail. The front elevation is relieved by a handsome balcony projecting from the second storey and connected therewith by French doors. The building is well lighted by gas, and heated by steam; speaking tubes connect the different floors, and electric bells and telephones add to the conveniences and equipment of the office.

WHERE THE PAPER IS PRINTED.

From the lane running to the east of the building access is obtained to the press room. The large Wharfedale press from which The Daily and Weekly Editions are printed is the most striking feature of this department. In one corner, resting on a stand, and looking not much larger than an ordinary music box, is the electric motor. Its outward appearance is indicative of the character of the silent, invisible force that is yet destined to revolutionize the mechanical arts. Assuredly the old enthusiast in the power of the lever who would raise the earth if he could but get a resting place for his fulcrum would likely change the terms of his prophecy were he confronted with the mysterious giant that steals over the housetops of the city and drops down into this basement to set in motion all the presses and typograph machines used in the making of The Herald. Could we concentrate all the electrical forces that the atmosphere contains there would be no need of either lever or fulcrum to raise the earth. But enough of electricity! Adjoining the press room is the mailing department. Here many hands prepare the paper fresh from the press for the city delivery and the mails. A busy scene this department presents every Wednesday night when the large weekly edition is being sent out. But busy scenes are not uncommon in a newspaper office. Day in and day out hand and brain find endless fields for their healthful exercises.

IN THE BUSINESS OFFICE.

Through the main entrance, steps lead up to the business offices, a well appointed and commodious suite of apartments. The main office, or counting room, is first on entering. A long desk surmounted by fancy rail and wickets affords plenty of accommodation for the clerks and bookkeeper. Adjoining the office on the west end is Mr. Gummer's private room, an elegantly decorated and sumptuously furnished apartment. Here all important matters concerning the editorial or business departments are discussed and from here is directed the general

conduct of the enterprise. Mr. Gummer keeps in touch with all the details of the office and gives to each department his watchful supervision. Further west on this floor are the stock room and paper cutting room. Extending northward from the main counting room is the subscription clerk's office, file room, the stenographer's room, lavatory, etc., all thoroughly and neatly equipped.

WHERE FINE PRINTING IS DONE.

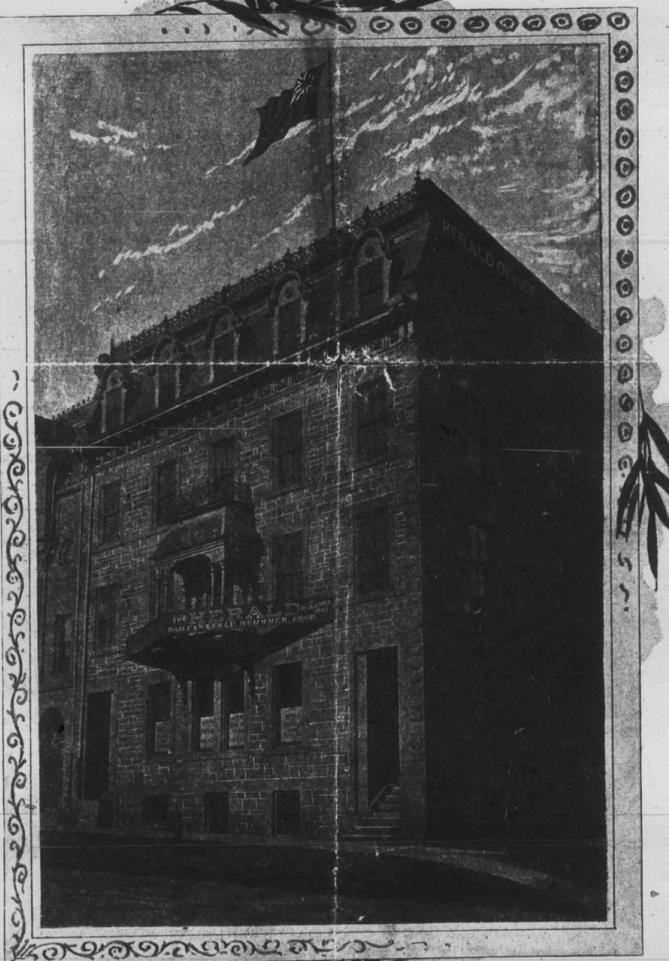
The second flat is entirely devoted to the job department. It is stocked with all the requisites for the turning out of fine work. Three Gordon presses, a Hoe press, a small Gouling, and a large two revolution two roller improved Campbell constitute the chief machinery. The Campbell is a particularly fine press and commands the admiration of all who see it in operation. An idea of the amount of material in The Herald job room may be gained from the fact that at present there is over a ton of type standing in one job.

SETTING UP THE PAPER.

On the third flat the active work in connection with the newspaper is performed. The main apartment is called the news room. The introduction of the typesetting machines has accomplished a striking change in this department. The monotonous, noiseless movements of the compositors have given place to the whirl of the intricate mechanism and the click, click of the typograph. Machinery and electricity have invaded the hitherto undisturbed quietude of the newspaper composing room. Three Rogers Typographs are required to set up The Herald. Each machine will easily accomplish what three men could do by hand and there is the added advantage of having a new dress of type for the paper every day. An extended description of these machines has already been published. Suffice to say then here that their introduction and successful operation are in keeping with the progressive and enterprising which have of late distinguished The Herald.

THE SANCTUM.

Adjoin to the news department is the editorial room, or den, as it is commonly called. It is a bright, comfortable and well arranged sanctum. Perhaps the aesthetic visitor would find much to criticize here. He might object to the papers being stacked on the floor, or loosely scattered on the exchange table. He might condemn the order in which reference books and blue books and journals of proceedings are stowed away. His artistic eye might be offended at the apparent carelessness with which pictures of political leaders have been pasted on the walls. He might say many unkind things about this dear old sanctum, looking only to its appearance and disregarding its cherished memories and associations. But to those who make it the scene of their daily toil and love it for what it is to them and what it recalls of others who are gone, it is a dear, delightful place. It may sometimes re-echo the imprecation of the man who has a bone to pick with the editor; it may sometimes be filled with sounds that constitute a forceful denunciation of the devil for losing a page or two of copy, but it also has been the birthplace of many noble thoughts, and has been the workshop of some of the brightest minds that have adorned Canadian journalism.



THE HOME OF THE HERALD.

W. Wright, H. E. Smallpiece and G. Terry Marsh then became associated with Mr. Chadwick. Until 1881 the new order of things prevailed and then Mr. H. E. Smallpiece became the owner. In the spring of '82 it again reverted to Chadwick & Co., with Mr. H. Gummer as manager. The period of change ended in 1885, when the paper was sold under chattel mortgage and Mr. H. Gummer became its proprietor. There is no need to disguise the fact that these were not happy days for The Herald.

But the clouds of adversity did not obscure the brightness of The Herald's pages nor lessen its devotion to the principles which have always found in it an earnest, sincere and capable advocate. "Spare are the uses of adversity," some philosopher has well said. Strengthened and refined by the fire of tribulation in the past The Herald all the more readily appreciates its duties and responsibilities in the days of prosperity that are now and are to be.

THE OLD ORDER CHANGETH.

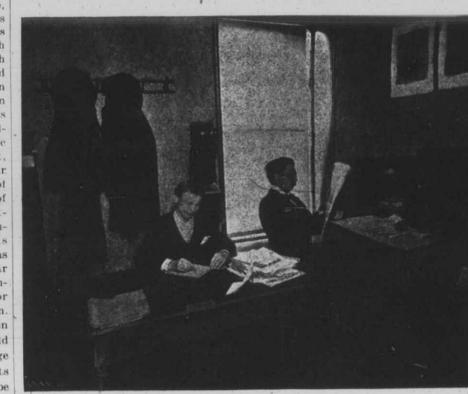
When Mr. H. Gummer, the present proprietor, put his hand to the helm it was anything but clean sailing. A wretchedly equipped office, an advertising patronage that had been sacri-

Gummer's favor. "Yet there was a bright side to the picture. At bottom The Herald was all right. Its position as a factor in the literary, business and social life of the city had always been maintained. Financially it had suffered many reverses. Intellectually and morally no shadow had ever fallen



THE ELECTRIC MOTOR.

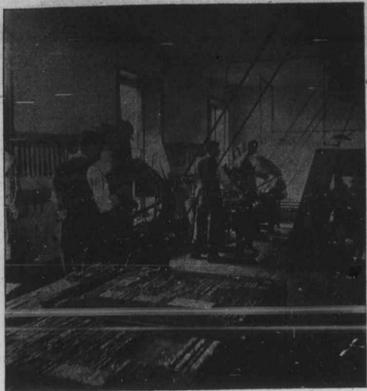
ward it's pages. What it needed was management, careful, economical, enterprising management. Mr. Gummer's long connection with journalism enabled him to locate the rocks that impeded the progress and threatened the destruction of the en-



THE SANCTUM.



BUSINESS OFFICE.



THE TYPOGRAPHS AT WORK.

**A PIONEER**  
OF  
Western Ontario Journalism.

A name that must forever hold an honored place in the history of Western Ontario Journalism is that of the late Henry William Peterson, father of H. W. Peterson, Esq., Crown Attorney, Peaceful was the conquest of civilization in this as in every other section of our fair Dominion, and fitting it was that on the roughly hewn trail of the first settler should follow an ox wagon loaded with a printing press.

**A GERMAN PIONEER.**

It was about 1826 that Mr. Peterson first came to Canada. For a short time he was associated with the publication of the Gore Gazette at Ancaster; then a town of much more importance than Hamilton. After visiting the United States, he again returned to Canada in 1831, and became a permanent citizen of the colonies. Having witnessed in his first visit in Canada the great want among his German countrymen resident here of a publication in their native language, he brought with him a press and the necessary material to publish a newspaper, a by no means trifling undertaking at that early day, when canal boats and schooners were the principal means of transport between the American cities and Canada. On his arrival he established and edited at Berlin The Canada Museum. This was the first newspaper ever published in the German language in Canada. It was conducted with thorough British feeling, free from personal bitterness or political acerbity.

**ILLUSTRATED JOURNALISM.**

But prior to launching his successful journalistic venture, Mr. Peterson from his job office in Berlin sought to supply the popular need for a newspaper. Now and then he would issue a fly sheet, containing extracts from the latest English papers to hand. Sometimes this rather uncertain source of information would prove insufficient, and then the enterprising printer would give the people a sketch of some important event that had impressed him in his early life. A specimen of this primitive style of journalism is still in the hands of his son, H. W. Peterson, Esq. It is a graphically written account of a crime committed in Hanover, over by a soldier, and a most interesting and readable matter. There must have been a demand for illustrated journalism even in those days, for Mr. Peterson heads his story with a cut of the criminal on the scaffold, under which was a gruesome coffin to receive his dishonored remains. This cut had been executed by him with a common jack knife and, considering the crude facilities, is a very fair specimen of engraving.

**AIDED IN STARTING THE HERALD.**

Mr. Peterson published many works in the German language, and their typographical appearance indicates that he was a thorough and devoted student of the "art preservative of all arts." When The Wellingtonian, and afterwards The Guelph Herald, were established Mr. Peterson loaned the promoters of those enterprises his type and press. His nephew, Mr. A. J. Peterson, now Registrar of the Surrogate Court at Berlin, and the late A. M. Jackson conducted the job printing business in Guelph until the old Ramage press was disposed of to Geo. M. Keeling, who founded The Guelph Mercury. Of that old press our present Crown Attorney has vivid recollections, having frequently helped his father, to operate it. The labor and pains which the turning out of a few sheets then involved printers of the present day can scarcely imagine. The old hand press has been superseded by the magnificent self-feeding, folding and pasting machines, and the buckskin inking balls are regarded as curios in any modern publishing house.

**A GOOD CITIZEN.**

Outside his profession which he dearly loved and in which he never ceased



Composing Room—Job Department.

of waste paper and ink, a newspaper office is neither dusty nor greasy, and its thorough house-cleanings would satisfy the most exacting housekeeper. For some unexplained reason newspaper men have almost invariably hands that look as if they would be sensitive as a woman's to feel dirt.

**THE ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT**

There was a time when I thought the only aim of a paper was to be bright and newsworthy from a literary point of view. I have not changed my mind but have broadened my view. Others, too, with the intolerance of the ignorant, may have refused to accord to advertisements any literary merit. The advertisement department may at times quarrel for space with the news department, but alas for the paper whose advertising department is not extensive and interesting. Skillfully written advertisements are news in the broadest and most practical sense of the word, and moreover attractive advertising is the result of no small amount of intelligence.

**THOSE WHO MAKE THE PAPER.**

The workmen of this newspaper Bohemia are all interesting from the carrier boy up to—well, I do not know who is on the pinnacle, perhaps it is the sporting editor or the society reporter. The carrier boy is generally a faithful little chap who turns the corner at the same time every evening. Many times when the gathering dusk brings a half hour's idleness, have I watched his zig-zag movements down the street. He always calls to mind the opening chapter of that delightful, old-fashioned story, The Lamp-lighter.

The reporters are youths with notebooks and lead-pencils; they bob up serenely and interview you when there is no means of escape. They would interview the Sphinx, if they thought she had an item that could be worked into a story. Even that grim-featuring lady would regard kindly the most

If I mistake not there is much drudgery in all the departments of the newspaper world, but verily I believe also large enough to meet the wishes of old people. In those days the telegraph was unknown; steamships were modern luxury, and it required a week to ten days for news by the ocean vessels to reach Guelph from New York. I have scanned The Herald referred to under date of February 26, and of European news I find none. The whole of the first page is occupied with an extract from a novel by O'Malley, at that time a popular author. The last page has two Guelph advertisements, "F. Ware, Watch and Clock Repairer," and "Wanted to borrow £40." In addition, Peter R. Lamb, of Toronto, advertises his "waterproof blacking," and divides the Philadelphia with a prospectus of the last column and fourth of the last page of this sheet are occupied with an address from the Warden of the District of Middlesex, the chief subject matter being the enormous fees paid the local officials. Of local matter there is not a line. Amongst the short advertisements there is Bran for Sale at the Guelph Mills, Auction Sale of Guelph Park and Town Lots, Sittings of Division Courts for the District. John Caulfield reminds his friends that he continues to team goods between Hamilton and Guelph, Plaster of Paris was for sale by R. & W. Martin. The deputy-registrar does a lead agency and conveyancing business to occupy his spare time. Flour is quoted in the Hamilton market, at fifteen shillings per 100 lbs., wheat five and three pence per bushel, best fifteen shillings per 100 lbs., and potatoes one and three pence per bushel.

**EARLY DAYS**  
OF  
**GUELPH JOURNALISM.**

BY A VETERAN.

I have been asked to contribute a few lines in reference to newspaper life in the early days of Guelph. In doing so I have nothing novel to present, and although many a familiar episode in my young life here is to me a matter of pleasing remembrance, and occasionally, only very occasionally—for most of the actors in Guelph's business or political life when I appeared on the scene, have passed away—and I reminded by others of our old municipal and political interests.

**GUELPH IN THE FORTIES.**

Before my time the status and prosperity of Guelph had become well known in the Mother Country through the influence and publications of the Canada Land Company whilst its healthy climate and future prospects were industriously written up by its medical residents, the late Henry Orton and William Clarke. But for the former I should have never seen Guelph or Canada. When I arrived here in August, '43, to me it presented the appearance of a heterogeneous mass of buildings of all sizes, shapes and makes. There was not a respectable looking store, the streets were ill-defined, the dwellings were just "so so." The only really good house, if my memory serves me, was

that there were four pages of four columns each, and that most of the matter could be read, the type being also large enough to meet the wishes of old people. In those days the telegraph was unknown; steamships were modern luxury, and it required a week to ten days for news by the ocean vessels to reach Guelph from New York. I have scanned The Herald referred to under date of February 26, and of European news I find none. The whole of the first page is occupied with an extract from a novel by O'Malley, at that time a popular author. The last page has two Guelph advertisements, "F. Ware, Watch and Clock Repairer," and "Wanted to borrow £40." In addition, Peter R. Lamb, of Toronto, advertises his "waterproof blacking," and divides the Philadelphia with a prospectus of the last column and fourth of the last page of this sheet are occupied with an address from the Warden of the District of Middlesex, the chief subject matter being the enormous fees paid the local officials. Of local matter there is not a line. Amongst the short advertisements there is Bran for Sale at the Guelph Mills, Auction Sale of Guelph Park and Town Lots, Sittings of Division Courts for the District. John Caulfield reminds his friends that he continues to team goods between Hamilton and Guelph, Plaster of Paris was for sale by R. & W. Martin. The deputy-registrar does a lead agency and conveyancing business to occupy his spare time. Flour is quoted in the Hamilton market, at fifteen shillings per 100 lbs., wheat five and three pence per bushel, best fifteen shillings per 100 lbs., and potatoes one and three pence per bushel.

**BIRTH OF THE ADVERTISER.**

Then came an interregnum until July, 1845, when the first number of the Guelph Advertiser appeared. It was turned out in first-class style from new material and paper brought from London that spring. From the commencement the paper was prosperous.



THE NEWSROOM.

**The County of Wellington**

A Glimpse at Some of the Most Important Events in its History.

**MEN WHO SHAPED ITS DESTINIES**

OLD TIME POLITICAL STRUGGLES RE-CALLED.—MEETINGS OF THE DISTRICT COUNCILS.—FORMATION OF THE COUNTY IN ITS PRESENT SHAPE.—ITS GROWTH AS A PROSPEROUS AGRICULTURAL COMMUNITY.

Though named in honor of the greatest general that ever led the British arms to victory the County of Wellington has always been a stranger to the pomp and ceremony of war. Yet her beautiful stretches of agricultural land have been the stamping ground of men no less heroic or valiant than those whose names are written on the honor roll of England's illustrious defenders. Here men fell in the bloodless battle of civilization ere the first bright gleam of hope had illumined their path or the sweet sense of enjoyment and independence had come to brighten their lives of toil. "Peace has its victories no less renowned than war," and nowhere did the struggle for the homes and comforts and blessings that are the heritage of the people of this generation call forth greater trials, privations and sufferings than in the County of Wellington.

**FIRST SETTLEMENTS.**

It was in the dawn of the present century that the light and labor of civilization first broke in on the wilderness in these parts. Some doubts may reasonably exist as to where the first actual settlement within the present limits of the County took place, but early authorities generally concede the honor to Eramosa. That township was surveyed in 1819. At first it was thought to be a rich gold field and there was a rush for grants of land. These were mostly secured by military officers and U. E. Loyalists. But the search for gold proved futile and gradually the territory fell into the hands of the home-seeking emigrant. In 1820 Robert Henry and John Ramsey located on land and raised the first crop of potatoes ever grown in the County. John Ramsey put up a log house in 1823, twelve men, assisted by three gallons of whiskey, accomplishing the work. Where Rockwood now stands John Harris, a Quaker, settled in 1822. His sisters started a school in the Ramsey settlement in 1830, and had seventeen pupils on the roll. In 1823 Thomas Armstrong, Robert McCormack and James Nelson came in, and a year later Mr. Parkinson joined the settlement. Erin was settled in 1821, the Hows and McMillans being among the earliest, if not the first arrivals. Pilkington, purchased by General Pilkington from the Indians, had its first influx of emigrants in 1819. They were Thos. Lepard and family, William Woolcott, George Reeve, Thos. Robinson and Robert Greenough. John Robbin, with his wife and ten children, took up lot No. 23 in the 7th concession of Garafraxa in July, 1826. They followed the Indian path from Elora to their future home, a distance of sixteen miles, without seeing the face of a white man. The deed of the Township of Nichol was granted to Thomas Clark in 1807, but it was not till 1831 or '32 that actual settlement was opened up.

**GALT'S WISE PURCHASE.**

So it will be seen that on all sides of Guelph Township, save on the South—for Puslinch had been wholly set apart as a clergy reserve—lands had been surveyed, and settlers had located prior to 1827. Guelph seemed to be, as it were, a fragment in the general distribution. The Canada Company acquired this block, comprising some 37,000 acres and Galt ordered an inspection to be made of it in 1827. The inspection proving in every way satisfactory Galt decided on making it the seat of the first settlement under the auspices of the Canada Company. It was one dense forest. Not even a blazed Indian path was there to tell that human foot had

ever broken the solitude of its wilderness. But it was magnificent, heavily timbered land and the chief agent of the Canada Company made no mistake in selecting it as part of the extensive purchase from the Government. And so the Block, as Guelph Township was then and for years afterwards called, was sacrificed to the demands of advancing civilization.

**SETTLEMENT OF PUSLINCH.**

When Guelph was settled the necessity for a shorter route to the head of the lake than that by way of Galt became obvious. Puslinch, a wilderness way, but Mr. Galt succeeded in 1828 in getting permission from the Government to open a road through that township. Absolom Shave, an American, who had been endeavoring to locate mill privileges in the district, was given the contract and in his journeyings to and from Galt he established the Shade road, which runs past Strachan's Corners and is known by the name of its founder to this day. Along this track, for track it was then, the Puslinch pioneers traversed to their homes. Lewarch, a Welshman, was the first settler and he established himself on the present Puslinch farm. The late John Carter's farm on the Brock road, however, was the first entered in the Government books and James Stinton, father of Postmaster Stinton, was the first settler to obtain a freehold.

**THE BROOK ROAD.**

David Gibson, grandfather of the Provincial Secretary, ran a line early in 1828 from Mr. Stone's property to Leslie's. At the same time a road was surveyed from Crook's Corners through West Flamboro, where relatives of General Brock owned large tracts of land, to meet the Guelph line. Foroughfare was known as the Abouker road, while the southern portion took the name of the great soldier who fell at Queenston Heights. The distinctive appellation of the Guelph end of the line was, however, ultimately abandoned and the entire route became known as the Brock road.

**REACHING OUT.**

As the years rolled on the corduroy roads reached out in other directions and eventually northward the stream of civilization took its way, until from lake to lake a thin white streak stretched in perspective through the grand old woods whose tops gracefully gave edgings to a strip of stainless sky. "And so bidding adieu for the present to the pioneer and his valiant labors in sowing the seed that of this age are reaping in such abundance, to the humble cabin with its low rough walls, to the little clearance, among the stumps of which hills of potatoes are growing and pumpkins are ripening in the warm summer sun; to the winter's scene when the hero of it all at the break of day goes out with his axe into the leafless woods and toils unflinchingly till the night shades gather and the deer come out of the thicket to browse around the freshly cut branches; and the logging bees and the sugar season and the raisings and the many festive gatherings around the old fire place—let us leave them now and turn our thoughts to more prosaic things.

**FARMERS COMING IN.**

Late in the summer of 1837 a party of farmers arrived and settled on what has since been known as the Scotch Block, on the Elora road. Among them



Press Room—Job Department.



THE CHIEF AND HIS STAFF.

audacious reporter if he were actuated by a genuine love for his work and his paper.

The editor is invariably associated with the waste-basket, and the latter is a myth. Your gems of thought are consigned to the floor and are ignominiously swept up by the office boy. The editors are not myths. If the editors are up to the ears in proofs, you will do well to stand not upon the order of your going, but go at once. When the composing-room is howling for copy, the editors are not likely to engage in animated conversation—their remarks are more likely to be of a cursory nature.

**NEEDS SPECIAL GRACES.**

Space fails to tell of the business manager. He has dealt with the people who say, "Oh, you'll give us a few free locals about that." Truly, "sufferance is the badge of all his tribe," and the gods would need to endow him with special graces. Then there is the chap who thinks the institution will go to eternal smash because he has said "stop my paper" or "take out my advertisement." Oh, the business manager has a fine opportunity for the psychological study of little men with big notions who feel surprised when they draw a finger out of the bucket of water and cannot find the hole.

If you have never seen a paper set up, go to see the machines which set this paper. The men who run the type-setters will be patient persons, and will set you up a line as a souvenir, which will burn your fingers if you grasp it before it cools. You will go away with a new interest in your paper, and a new respect for it too.

the one covering the present site of the Grand Trunk Railway Station, and occupied by the late Rev. A. Palmer. Yes, there was another, the then residence of Dr. Alling, the obliging agent of the Land Company, where it still stands on a mound a short distance from The Herald office. The jail had been recently finished, the present Fountain hotel being occupied as Court Room and county offices, and one of my first experiences in Canada was to see Judge Haggerman at the Assize Court, with the no less celebrated Col. Prince as Crown Prosecutor.

**PIONEER VENTURES.**

But it is of newspaper history I was requested to write. Well, as a matter of course, a county town, or indeed a much less important place, was considered of little moment, unless it had its newspaper. Some unlucky wight, whose name I have forgotten, obtained the loan of an old Ramage press and a few cases of battered type from H. W. Peterson, with which he issued two or three numbers of a paper, and then abandoned the enterprise in despair. But men who were able to secure through legislation a new county and make for themselves the metropolis, were not likely to give up so important a handle to their jug without further effort. So the new year, 1842, was ushered in with joyful trumpets and another weekly newspaper, The Guelph Herald, mark you, reader, it was not the progenitor of the handsomely printed and beautifully illustrated sheet now in your hands, but a modest retiring one, which continued less than three months and then quietly made its exit. Whilst about equal to some of the other newspapers of those early days, a single sheet in my possession speaks forcibly not only of the advances Guelph has since made, but also of the grand status newspaperdom has since acquired—by the contrast between The Guelph Herald of 1842 and that of 1895. It may interest the reader to know that in dimensions it measured nineteen inches by twenty-

being the only one in the county, and conducted on the motto of "The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number." But in those days there were toils, difficulties and contentions, of which the present generation has only a faint idea. Bad roads, slow communications, a difficulty in getting supplies, and especially in obtaining workmen, now unthought of, had to be overcome. In those days it was supposed a man might pick up a job in the country parts of Upper Canada, but in most cases the journeyman printer found it much easier to pick up his traps than his wages. I was more fortunate than some others in this respect, and at different times had boys and men in my employ who have since made their mark in the world, have secured fame and fortune, whilst their instructor and employer has been left behind in the race.

It has frequently been stated that wherever a lawyer locates he soon does mischief enough to make room for a second. And so it is in newspaper life. There are few places where a paper starts but the desire for a second manifests itself. In 1847 a company was organized and the first number of the regenerated Guelph Herald was issued.

The rolling years have witnessed many changes in this community, but through them all the course of journalism has been onward and upward. The Herald of to-day is a worthy evidence of the advancement and progressiveness of our city. It has grown with the growth of Guelph and is a loyal and capable advocate of its interests. Fortunately its lot has been cast among a people who are thoroughly appreciative of the mighty influence of the press and are whole-hearted in their support of good newspapers. Though I long since bade good-bye to the types and the printing press the old love for the craft is still warm in my breast and will linger there as long as life lasts.

Of the history of The Herald you will, I know, treat more fully elsewhere.

JOHN SMITH.

were Alex. McTavish, Donald, Gillies, Alex. Reid, McFie, Peter Butchart, Angus Campbell, Holliday, Joseph McDonald, Capt. McDonald, Jas. Stirton, Jas. McQuillan, Wm. Patterson, Ross, McCrae, John Deane, Jas. Mays, Thos. Knowles, Thos. Daly, the Kennedys (three families), M. Sweetnam, and others, most of whom, however, afterwards sold out, when they had made some improvements and removed elsewhere. Another party took up land in the Paisley Block, among whom were Jno. Inglis, Jno. Laflair, J. McCorkindale, Drew, Campbell, Alexander, Gleason Hood, Wm. Hood, Thos. Hood, Boyd, McKerie, John Speirs, Thos. Jackson, John Jackson, Joseph Jackson, Wm. Jackson, and Geo. Jackson, most of whom became wealthy and influential citizens. Most of these early settlers had families, and the sons of some of them have since held prominent positions in the various councils and in the legislative halls of the country.

THE LA QUAYRA SETTLERS.

In the early settlement of Guelph the La Quayra settlers took a prominent part. These people, fifty-seven in number, had been sent to La Quayra, or Caracas, in South America, by the Columbian Company, and had found that the glowing pictures of prosperity drawn by the agents in England, by which they had been lured away from their homes, and the almost immediate achievement of wealth and position, which had been promised them, were all a delusion, and, when, by the influence of the English officials, they were enabled to reach New York, they were in the most destitute condition. From New York they were sent on to Guelph by the British Consul, and through their unfortunate excursion to South America they had no money. They were each allotted five acres of land fronting on what was the Elora road. Hardy, thrifty fellows were these La Quayra settlers, most of them Scotch, but half a dozen or so of other nationalities. The Elora road from the Wellington hotel up to near Marden was opened by them. They had only one yoke of oxen the first year and most of the heavy logging was done by hand. Just as they had completed this big contract the raising of Mr. Prior's house, now occupied by Mr. Cardlege on Quebec street, was begun. Mr. Prior invited a large crowd of the older settlers to officiate at the raising. The first day they got the foundation up, the second they raised three rounds of the square timber and then the work was at a standstill. Mr. Prior was in a quandary what to do, but Dr. Dunlop, canny Highlander that he was, saw a way out of the difficulty. He went to the La Quayra settlers, told them that the Irishmen of the settlement had tried to raise the structure and failed and that Mr. Prior had sent him to get "one Scotch" to complete the job. The La Quayra men, fresh from their severe training on the Elora road, came down with their skids and handspikes and Prior's house was soon ready for the rafters. This was the first, but not the last, conquest of the rugged sons of old Scotia in their new home.

AN IMPOSING BENCH.

The initial effort at setting in motion the complex machinery of civilization in the new settlement was made in the year 1833. The first sitting of the Court of Requests—the same as our present District Court—was held in June of that year. Those who presided were: William Heath, Henry Strange, Osmond C. Huntley, Samuel Crawford, Edmund Huntley, Capt. George Lamprey, Dr. Robert Ailing, Thos. Saunders, Geo. J. Mackelcan, Col. Young, Col. Hewat, Dr. Wm. Clarke, William Thompson, Charles Ambrose, Geoffrey Lynch, and John Inglis.

THE OLD GORE DISTRICT.

Up to 1840 the municipalities in the vicinity of Guelph belonged to what was known as the Gore district. In that year the act for the separation came into operation and the District of Wellington was formed. On July 28th, 1840, the first meeting of the Court of Quarter Sessions was held and the following officers were appointed: Sheriff, Mr. Geo. J. Orange; Judge, Mr. Wm. Hewat; Surrogate, Mr. Wm. Hewat; Clerk, Mr. Wm. Clarke; Inspector of Weights and Measures, Mr. A. A. Baker; Gaoler, Mr. Robt. Dunbar; Chief Constable, Mr. John Jones.

EARLY ELECTIONS.

The first political contest the country ever witnessed took place in 1834. The constituency then embraced North Wentworth, Waterloo, Halton and Wellington. Boland, Winfield, and Capt. Peave were the candidates. There were only 150 voters within the limits of Wellington and neither aspirant obtained the requisite number of votes. Besides being defeated they were financially ruined, so heavy was the drain on the election funds at that time. The Union Act of 1840 brought another election. Durand, a Dundas merchant, and Robert Christie, of Dumfries, were nominated. The county town was the only polling place; the books were kept open ten days, but on the third day one hundred sleigh loads of Waterloo freeholders recorded their votes for Durand and virtually settled the contest. Durand held his seat till 1844, when James Webster, the Conservative nominee, defeated him after an exciting contest.

THE FIRST COURT HOUSE.

At the meeting of the Court in August, 1841, a proposition was made to lease from Wm. Dyson a room in a new brick building he had just erected on Gordon street for many years known as the Red Lion tavern, and now called the Fountain hotel. For many years the magistrates' courts had been held at the British Coffee House, where the Royal hotel now stands, but now that the District had been set apart, and the legal business would be large, and constantly increasing, it was decided to lease this place, at a rental of £50 per annum, until the Court House, soon to be commenced, should be ready for occupancy. In 1843 the new jail was finished, the distinction of being the

first man to be confined therein being due to James Lindsay, for stealing cattle. It being proved that he had been carrying on this business for a long time, he was sentenced to be imprisoned for five years. At the January sessions in 1842, Mr. Adam Johnston Ferguson's commission as Justice of the Peace, and his appointment as Judge of the District were presented, when he took the oath of office. Through the acquisition of some property in Scotland his Honor took the name of Blair, and in the political affairs of the county Ferguson-Blair was for many years a prominent figure. The contract for building the jail was let to William Day, who commenced the work in 1839 and completed it in the following year. The Court House was built by William Allan, afterwards of the Guelph Mills. The cost of both structures was \$24,000.

FIRST MEETING OF COUNCIL.

It was in February, 1842, that the first meeting of the Council of the District of Wellington—then comprising the counties of Wellington, Waterloo and Grey, and a portion of the County of Dufferin—was held. Alexander Dingwall Fordyce read a commission issued by the Governor-General, appointing him Warden of the District. Thos. Saunders was appointed Clerk ad interim. Representatives were present from eight townships. Owing to certain irregularities six of the Councillors could not legally take their seats. This necessitated an application to the Governor-General to call a special meeting as soon as Councillors could be elected to fill the seats of those disqualified. The special meeting was held on 14th of April, at which the following municipalities were represented by the eleven Councillors named: Erarnosa—Thomas Armstrong, George Henshaw, Garafraza—John McKee, Guelph—John Howitt, Benjamin Thurtell, Nichol—James Webster, Waterloo—Johnathan B. Bowman, James Cowan, Wilmot—Abraham Bricker, David Millar, Woolwich—John Meyer.

The most important business at this meeting appears to have been the nomination of persons from whom the Governor-General might select the District Clerk. The three persons elected were R. F. Budd, A. D. Ferrier and James Wilson. Mr. Budd was appointed District Clerk by His Excellency, and entered on his duties at a meeting of Council held on the 11th of May, 1842.

RICHARD FOWLER BUDD.

Richard Fowler Budd was quite a character his contemporaries say. He lived in a house opposite the present site of the water works. This house like its owner has long since crumbled into its original dust. They tell a story of a practical joke once played on Mr. Budd. A rumor was industriously set afloat in the town that Budd had a salamander at his place. The first victims who sought to gratify their curiosity by visiting the gentleman's abode considered the joke a good one and pushed it along. For a time there was a continual procession of eager sight-seers on the road to Budd's until that worthy gentleman grew angry, and arming himself with a shotgun met the inquisitive visitors at the gate and made them execute a "right about turn." Thereafter the query: "Have you seen Budd's salamander?" was likely to provoke unpleasant feelings and possibly open hostilities.

A POLITICAL BATTLE.

Mr. James Webster had sat for the District in the Local Assembly for several years, and the Reformers thought that a gentleman of their own side in politics should be chosen at the next election, which was expected to take place at no distant day. They accordingly organized, and Mr. A. J. Ferguson, District Judge, was induced to resign his position for the purpose of becoming a candidate, which he did in April, 1847, and Mr. Wm. Bunner Powell was appointed his successor in May of the same year. Mr. Powell was the father of Mr. J. B. Powell, Inland Revenue Collector. He lived on Waterloo avenue and his home was the scene of many happy social gatherings. A scholarly, upright and honorable gentleman and a most genial host was Judge Powell. Judge Powell died suddenly August 20th, 1854, from epilepsy, superinduced by fatigue and exposure in driving from place to place in the discharge of his duties, in the various parts of the large counties of Wellington and Grey, over which his jurisdiction extended. He was succeeded by Judge Macdonald, father of Col. Macdonald, who held the position until his death. His successor was the late Judge Drew.

In January, 1848, a general election took place, the candidates in the Wellington District being Mr. A. J. Ferguson, Reformer, and Mr. James Webster, Conservative. The election was hotly contested by both sides. The result of the general election was that the Reform party succeeded to power, but Mr. Ferguson was defeated in this district by 200 votes. He thereupon entered a protest, on the plea of corruption on the part of the Conservatives, especially in the neighborhood of Owen Sound, where some votes appear to have been polled by some persons not duly qualified. Mr. Webster, however, took his seat and the contested election suit dragged its weary way along until February, 1849, when judgment was given in Mr. Ferguson's favor, and he became the District's representative.

DIVISION OF THE DISTRICT.

The last meeting of the District Council was held in October, 1849. At that meeting the following gentlemen represented the various townships: Arthur—John McIntosh, Robert Morrison, Amaranth—Nelson Hughson, Bentinck—Richard Jones Williams, Derby—William Boyd, Erin—Georgé Henshaw, William Clarke, Erarnosa—Donald Black, Joseph Parkinson, Egremont—Isaac Batey.

Guelph—James Wright (Warden), William Clarke, M.D., Garafraza—James Donaldson, Guelph—Archibald Hunter, Holland—Nathaniel Herriman, Nichol—Charles Allan, Archibald Sherratt, Normanby—John McNulty, Peel—Alexander Harvey, Puslinch—John Cockburn, Thomas Ellis, Sydenham—John Frost, Thomas Lunn, Sullivan—Richard Carney, Waterloo—Johnathan B. Bowman, James Cowan, Woolwich—John Meyer, William Reynolds, Wellesley—Samuel Hoffman, George Davidson, Wilmot—Jacob Bettischen, William Scott.

The Waterloo County Council met in the Court House, Guelph, on the 28th day of January, 1850. B. Thurtell was elected Warden, A. D. Ferrier, Clerk, N. Hewat Treasurer, and T. R. Brock and Thomas Heffernan, Auditors. At this meeting twenty-three townships were represented by twenty-seven Councillors. The Townships of Garafraza, Amaranth and Melancton were represented by one Councillor, and the Townships of Peel and Maryboro' by one, while the Townships of Erin, Guelph, Puslinch, Wellesley, Wilmot and Woolwich sent Deputy-Delegates. This Council was in existence for two years only; the last session closed on the 11th day of October, 1851. In this year twenty-four municipalities were represented by twenty-nine Councillors. The town of Guelph separated from the Township this year, and sent a representative to the County Council.

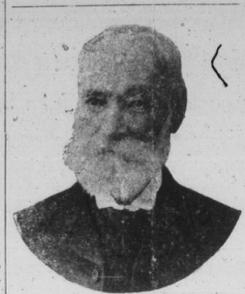
NEW REPRESENTATION BILL.

A new Representation Bill was introduced into the Assembly at the June session of 1850. It provided that "the County of Halton shall consist of the Townships of Erin, Esquesing, Trafalgar, Nassagaweya and Nelson; the County of Waterloo shall consist of the Townships of North Dumfries, including the town of Galt, Waterloo, Wilmot, Woolwich, Wellesley, Peel and Maryborough; the County of Wellington shall consist of the Townships of Puslinch, Guelph, Nichol, Garafraza and Erarnosa; the County of Peel shall

to their share of the Government grant made at the last session of Parliament. The President was Mr. John Cockburn, Vice-President Mr. John Hammersley, and the Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. David Stirton. The Guelph Township Agricultural Society was formed at about the same time, in a few days 112 persons having subscribed not less than five shillings each to the funds. The following officers were elected: President, Mr. R. Jackson; Vice-President, Mr. John McCrae; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. J. Harland; Directors, Messrs. James Wright, A. Hogge, W. White-

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES FORMED.

In January, 1852, the Puslinch Agricultural Club was formed into a separate organization, so as to be entitled



MR. JOHN SMITH, First Mayor of Guelph.

Parliament for South Wellington and Mr. David Stirton was elected. Mr. Stirton served the constituency for many years and though earning and receiving strenuous opposition from the Conservatives he always retained their personal respect and esteem. To-day he is one of the few links that bind us to the memorable past with its stories of hardships and vicissitudes and difficulties overcome, and its rich treasures of amusing anecdote, in the narration of which Mr. Stirton has no equal. On the 4th of February, 1859, the nomination of candidates for the representation of the North Riding took place at Fergus. For about three weeks political excitement had run high all over the north part of the County, it being evident from the first that the contest would be very close. The candidates were Mr. James Webster, Conservative, and Mr. James Ross, Reformer. At the nomination there was a very large attendance, and the show of hands was in favor of Mr. Ross by a small majority. A poll was, of course, demanded by Mr. Webster, and the election took place on the 11th, resulting in the election of Mr. Ross by a narrow majority.

In the general election, which occurred in June, 1861, consequent on the dissolution of Parliament, Mr. Stirton, who had been elected in 1858, was returned without opposition in the South Riding. In the North Riding the contest was between Dr. Clarke and Mr. James Ross, who had defeated Mr. Webster at the previous election. The result was a victory for Dr. Clarke by 71 votes.

The Hon. A. J. Ferguson-Blair having accepted the portfolio of Receiver-General, a new election became necessary in the Brock Electoral Division. The new minister was returned without opposition.

The Macdonald-Sicotte ministry having been condemned by Parliament on a vote of want of confidence a general election took place early in June, 1863. In the South Riding Mr. David Stirton was returned by acclamation. In the North Riding Dr. Parker and Dr. Clarke were the candidates. The result of the election was in favor of Dr. Parker, which was undoubtedly due to the fact of Dr. Clarke's over-confidence, causing him to delay the commencement of his canvass until within



GUELPH IN 1830.

law, E. Hubbard, A. Ritchie, J. Card, R. Campbell, A. Quarrie and J. Davie.

NORTH AND SOUTH RIDINGS.

A bill was passed in March, 1852, giving to the County of Wellington two representatives in Parliament, the county being divided into the North and South Ridings. The following were the townships, with the population of each, in the respective ridings:

Table with 2 columns: Township Name and Population. Rows include North Riding (Nichol, Garafraza, Pilkington, Peel, Maryborough, Amaranth, Arthur, Luther and Minto) and South Riding (Guelph, Puslinch, Centre Riding-Elora Village, Erarnosa, Erin, Garafraza, Nichol, Pilkington).

In the South Riding the candidates were: For the House of Commons, Mr. David Stirton and Mr. F. W. Stone; and for the Legislature Ontario, Messrs. Peter Gow and William Leslie. Mr. Stone's absence in England seriously affected his candidature and Mr. Stirton was returned by a large majority. The contest for the Legislature was more closely contested, and the defeat of Mr. Leslie was not only a disappointment but some what of a surprise to his friends. He was selected one of the Union candidates on account of his supposed strength in Puslinch, but the returns showed that he polled nearly double the number of votes in the town of Guelph that he polled in Puslinch. Guelph Township also gave him a larger majority than Puslinch.

MR. DREW ELECTED.

The nomination of candidates for the North Riding took place at Arthur, September 6th. Quite a number of prominent politicians were present from the adjacent townships, and especially from the villages of Mount Forest, Fergus, Elora, and Salem. A substantial platform had been erected on the grounds opposite O'Callaghan's Hotel, in front of which the electors assembled in the number of 500. The Brownites of Mount Forest mustered in strong force, together with a select assortment from distant portions of the north and

with the exception of a few personal friends of Messrs. Draw and Beattie, the Unionists were nearly all from Arthur township, and village, and the adjoining parts of Minto, Amaranth, Luther, Peel, and Maryboro'. Mr. Geo. A. Drew, Elora, was nominated as a candidate for the Commons, by Dr. Tuck of Drayton, and seconded by Mr. Peter Keane of Minto. Hon. M. H. Foley was nominated by Mr. Samuel Robertson, and seconded by Mr. D. Yeomans, of Mount Forest. In the Legislature, Mr. John Beattie was nominated by Dr. Maudslay, of Hollin, and seconded by Mr. C. O'Callaghan. Mr. Robert McKim, of Peel, was nominated by Mr. E. Stevenson, and seconded by Mr. Wm. Sturridge. The result was that Mr. Drew was elected for the Commons by a vote of 1486 to 1269, showing a majority of 217. For the Legislature Mr. McKim was elected by a majority of 71.

Another general election for the House of Commons was held in January, 1874. Mr. Stirton defeated Mr. Henry Hatch in South Wellington. Dr. Orton was victorious in the Centre Riding, defeating Mr. McKim by 49 votes. In the North Lt.-Col. Higinbotham won the seat by the narrow majority of six votes. His opponent was Mr. Geo. A. Drew. At about the same time John McGowan defeated E. J. O'Callaghan, the Reform candidate for the Legislature in the North Riding, by a majority of 82.

In November the petition against the return of Dr. Orton for Centre Wellington was tried in Guelph, and resulted in the seat being declared vacant in consequence of corrupt practices by supporters, but the petitioners failed to prove that Dr. Orton had any personal knowledge of such practices, and they therefore failed in their attempt to

disqualify him. At the election which took place in January, 1875, Dr. Orton was again returned, defeating Mr. James Ross by 126 votes. The election of a member of the Local House for West Wellington also took place in January, Mr. J. McGowan being returned by a majority of 98 over Mr. McKim. The trial of the petition for the unseating of Mr. John McGowan, M.P.P. for West Wellington took place in June, 1875, and resulted in Mr. McGowan being unseated, on account of a case of treating by an agent, but Mr. McGowan was altogether exonerated from the personal charges of corrupt practices handed.

The political events of more recent date are still fresh in the public mind and as it is not the purpose of the writer of this sketch to fill the pages of the historian they may well be left to find a place in some more pretentious volume. During the years whose most striking events we have been recalling, the county sustained many severe losses. James Webster died in February, 1863. He was one of the held. Subsequently all the political movements of his day he took an active part and sat in Parliament as representative of the then District of Waterloo in 1844. In 1858 he was appointed Registrar of the County of Wellington, which office he retained till his death.

In October, 1873, Col. Saunders, father of the present Police Magistrate, who had been Clerk of the Peace of the county since its foundation was suddenly called away. He was driving into town with his own conveyance, and while coming down Paisley street a runaway team, attached to a heavy vehicle, dashed into his buggy, smashing it to pieces, and throwing Col. Saunders violently to the ground, by which he sustained a severe shaking, and while in an unconscious state he was kicked on the head by one of the horses. He died soon afterwards.

On August 19th, 1876, another of the few remaining early settlers was removed by the death of Sheriff Grange. Mr. Grange came to Guelph in the year 1834, and after having been in active business for some years was in 1840 appointed sheriff, which office he filled till the time of his death. Since his arrival in the town he had always taken a deep interest in all public matters, and no man, perhaps, did more to advance the interests of the town and county than he did.

In September, Mr. Peter Gow, M.P., resigned his seat for South Wellington, in the Ontario Legislature, and accepted the shrievalty of Wellington, vacant by the death of Sheriff Grange. On Mr. Gow's death Mr. Robert McKim, the present sheriff, was appointed. At the election which followed Mr. Gow's retirement Mr. James Masie was elected by acclamation.

For the present year Mr. E. Tolton, the popular reeve of Clifford, occupies the Warden's chair. The municipalities are represented as follows:

Guelph Tp.—Robert McIntosh, reeve; Daniel Blyth, deputy. Erarnosa—John Rea, reeve; Daniel Talbot, deputy. Erin Tp.—R. Lang, reeve; A. Currie, 1st deputy; R. A. Reid, 2nd deputy. Erin Village—C. Walker, reeve. Nichol—A. Johnson, reeve; James Lindsay, deputy. Pilkington—R. McQueen, reeve; J. French, deputy. Palmerston—J. Keane, reeve; in 1840, Minto—S. Peables, reeve; E. Aitchison, 1st deputy; R. Holton, 2nd deputy. Fergus—R. H. Perry, reeve. Garafraza—W. Ransom, reeve; J. Henderson, deputy. Arthur—R. T. Smith, reeve. Arthur Tp.—D. Brown, reeve; N. Brown, deputy. Drayton—W. T. Hamby, reeve. Clifford—E. Tolton, reeve. Peel—John McGowan, reeve; W. J. Mulloy, 1st deputy; T. McManus, 2nd deputy. Maryboro—A. Hamilton, reeve; P. Doyle, deputy. West Luther—J. McNab, reeve; A. Perry, deputy. Puslinch—Allan Stewart, reeve; James Scott, deputy. Mt. Forest—Josiah Hampton, reeve; J. N. Creige, deputy. Elora—Frank Clark, reeve. Harrison—James Bailey, reeve.

THE BANNER COUNTY.

Early in the forties the settlement of the northern part of the county began in real earnest. On either side of the Owen Sound road settlements sprang up and the scene familiar in the early days of Guelph were enacted in the northern townships. In 1845 Mount Forest had a few houses on the south side of the river, some distance removed from the present location of the town; Arthur was only a small clearing in the wilderness and Owen Sound was a quiet little village. What great things have been accomplished since those days the traveller can readily see. The Elora and Owen Sound roads now traverse as fine a tract of agricultural country as the sun shines on. Every vestige of the forest has been swept away and in its place are rich, undulating fields, comfortable homes, well stocked barns. The axe, the hoe and the sickle have been laid away, the faithful ox departed, with the rough conditions that made his services so valuable, and now the self-binder through the harvest days sings the song of man's triumph over nature. Wellington may well be termed the Banner County of the Province. A solid, prosperous city, and a cluster of thriving towns and villages, rich agricultural lands peopled by men who are foremost in the development of every feature in their industry congenial to surrounding conditions, give Wellington a reputation that extends far beyond Provincial bounds. The centre of agricultural education, the home of many leading agriculturists, the Smithfield of Canada in live stock, Wellington forces itself on public attention wherever there are gathered representative men or representative products of this great Dominion.

upper sections of the Centre Riding. With the exception of a few personal friends of Messrs. Draw and Beattie, the Unionists were nearly all from Arthur township, and village, and the adjoining parts of Minto, Amaranth, Luther, Peel, and Maryboro'. Mr. Geo. A. Drew, Elora, was nominated as a candidate for the Commons, by Dr. Tuck of Drayton, and seconded by Mr. Peter Keane of Minto. Hon. M. H. Foley was nominated by Mr. Samuel Robertson, and seconded by Mr. D. Yeomans, of Mount Forest. In the Legislature, Mr. John Beattie was nominated by Dr. Maudslay, of Hollin, and seconded by Mr. C. O'Callaghan. Mr. Robert McKim, of Peel, was nominated by Mr. E. Stevenson, and seconded by Mr. Wm. Sturridge. The result was that Mr. Drew was elected for the Commons by a vote of 1486 to 1269, showing a majority of 217. For the Legislature Mr. McKim was elected by a majority of 71.

DR. PARKER'S LAST VICTORY.

In the Centre Riding the nomination took place at Fergus. Two candidates were nominated, Dr. Parker, of Guelph, and Mr. John Dobbin, both gentlemen declining to go to the poll. Dr. Parker was declared duly elected. For the Legislative Assembly, Mr. A. D. Ferrier, Mr. James Loughrin, and Mr. T. S. Armstrong were nominated. At the close of the poll the vote stood Ferrier, 1,083; Armstrong, 1,025, and Loughrin, 358. Mr. Ferrier was therefore declared elected. Dr. Parker was not spared long to aid in moulding the legislation of the newly forged confederacy. On Sunday, Oct. 18th, '67, the doctor having received a professional call to visit a sick child at Rockwood, proceeded there, intending to remain all night, but finding that his services could be of no avail, at about 10 o'clock he started to walk to Guelph, taking the road, in order, as he said, to avoid the danger of falling through a bridge on the track near Rockwood, where two men had already been killed. Finding the road very muddy, he altered his determination, and took the railway, walking cautiously, as the night was very dark. Before he was aware of it, however, he had arrived at the fatal bridge, which was spanned only by beams to support the rails, and plunged through to the road beneath, where he lay, unable to move, until the next morning. It was found that he had sustained a fracture of the thigh and serious internal injuries. He lingered, mostly in an unconscious state, until the following Saturday, when he died.

The election to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Parker, M.P., for Centre Wellington, was held Jan. 18, '68. Several candidates had been named. Mr. Ross, of Cunneen, was the only one who accepted a nomination, and he was elected by acclamation.

On September 13th, 1870, the Wellington, Grey, and Bruce Railway was opened at Fergus, when addresses were presented on the occasion to Mr. Adam Brown and the other Directors, by Mr. J. M. Fraser, reeve of Elora, and Dr. Orton, Reeve of Fergus, on behalf of those municipalities.

More recent elections.

The Ontario Legislature, having existed four years, was dissolved in February, 1871, and in March the general election took place. In the South Riding of Wellington Mr. P. Gow was returned without opposition. In the North Riding Mr. McKim was re-elected, defeating Mr. John Cross. In the Centre Riding Mr. A. D. Ferrier, the late member, did not run, and the contest was between Mr. Alexander McLaren and Mr. Charles Clarke, the latter being elected. The general result of the election was that the Conservative party had a majority in the House of 44 to 37. On the defeat of the Sandfield-Macdonald ministry in December, and the advent to power of the Reform party under the leadership of Mr. Edward Blake, Mr. P. Gow, member for South Wellington, was appointed Provincial Secretary. At the election on January 4th, 1872, Mr. Gow was re-elected without opposition.

At the general election for the House of Commons, in August, 1872, Lt.-Col. Higinbotham was elected for the North Riding of Wellington, by a majority of 60 over Mr. G. A. Drew. In the Centre Riding Mr. James Ross was elected by a majority of 46 over Dr. Orton, and in the South Riding Mr. Stirton was re-elected by acclamation.

The legal business of the County having become too large for the County Judge to attend to, Mr. Austin Cooper Chadwick, barrister, was appointed to the position of Junior Judge, the appointment being announced in the Gazette of January 18th, 1873. Of the other old officers of the county at present holding positions, it may be here mentioned that Mr. William Reynolds assumed the Treasurership in 1869, and Mr. John Beattie became Clerk in 1871. Mr. Henry William Peterson has filled the position of Crown Attorney since 1866, and Clerk of the Peace since 1873. Col. Higinbotham was appointed Registrar for South Wellington in 1870 and Mr. Jno. Anderson took the position of Registrar for North Wellington in 1881. Mr. Mercer has held the position of gaoler for 37 years.

PROTESTED ELECTIONS.

Another general election for the House of Commons was held in January, 1874. Mr. Stirton defeated Mr. Henry Hatch in South Wellington. Dr. Orton was victorious in the Centre Riding, defeating Mr. McKim by 49 votes. In the North Lt.-Col. Higinbotham won the seat by the narrow majority of six votes. His opponent was Mr. Geo. A. Drew. At about the same time John McGowan defeated E. J. O'Callaghan, the Reform candidate for the Legislature in the North Riding, by a majority of 82.

In November the petition against the return of Dr. Orton for Centre Wellington was tried in Guelph, and resulted in the seat being declared vacant in consequence of corrupt practices by supporters, but the petitioners failed to prove that Dr. Orton had any personal knowledge of such practices, and they therefore failed in their attempt to

disqualify him. At the election which took place in January, 1875, Dr. Orton was again returned, defeating Mr. James Ross by 126 votes. The election of a member of the Local House for West Wellington also took place in January, Mr. J. McGowan being returned by a majority of 98 over Mr. McKim. The trial of the petition for the unseating of Mr. John McGowan, M.P.P. for West Wellington took place in June, 1875, and resulted in Mr. McGowan being unseated, on account of a case of treating by an agent, but Mr. McGowan was altogether exonerated from the personal charges of corrupt practices handed.

The political events of more recent date are still fresh in the public mind and as it is not the purpose of the writer of this sketch to fill the pages of the historian they may well be left to find a place in some more pretentious volume. During the years whose most striking events we have been recalling, the county sustained many severe losses. James Webster died in February, 1863. He was one of the held. Subsequently all the political movements of his day he took an active part and sat in Parliament as representative of the then District of Waterloo in 1844. In 1858 he was appointed Registrar of the County of Wellington, which office he retained till his death.

In October, 1873, Col. Saunders, father of the present Police Magistrate, who had been Clerk of the Peace of the county since its foundation was suddenly called away. He was driving into town with his own conveyance, and while coming down Paisley street a runaway team, attached to a heavy vehicle, dashed into his buggy, smashing it to pieces, and throwing Col. Saunders violently to the ground, by which he sustained a severe shaking, and while in an unconscious state he was kicked on the head by one of the horses. He died soon afterwards.

On August 19th, 1876, another of the few remaining early settlers was removed by the death of Sheriff Grange. Mr. Grange came to Guelph in the year 1834, and after having been in active business for some years was in 1840 appointed sheriff, which office he filled till the time of his death. Since his arrival in the town he had always taken a deep interest in all public matters, and no man, perhaps, did more to advance the interests of the town and county than he did.

In September, Mr. Peter Gow, M.P., resigned his seat for South Wellington, in the Ontario Legislature, and accepted the shrievalty of Wellington, vacant by the death of Sheriff Grange. On Mr. Gow's death Mr. Robert McKim, the present sheriff, was appointed. At the election which followed Mr. Gow's retirement Mr. James Masie was elected by acclamation.

For the present year Mr. E. Tolton, the popular reeve of Clifford, occupies the Warden's chair. The municipalities are represented as follows:

Guelph Tp.—Robert McIntosh, reeve; Daniel Blyth, deputy. Erarnosa—John Rea, reeve; Daniel Talbot, deputy. Erin Tp.—R. Lang, reeve; A. Currie, 1st deputy; R. A. Reid, 2nd deputy. Erin Village—C. Walker, reeve. Nichol—A. Johnson, reeve; James Lindsay, deputy. Pilkington—R. McQueen, reeve; J. French, deputy. Palmerston—J. Keane, reeve; in 1840, Minto—S. Peables, reeve; E. Aitchison, 1st deputy; R. Holton, 2nd deputy. Fergus—R. H. Perry, reeve. Garafraza—W. Ransom, reeve; J. Henderson, deputy. Arthur—R. T. Smith, reeve. Arthur Tp.—D. Brown, reeve; N. Brown, deputy. Drayton—W. T. Hamby, reeve. Clifford—E. Tolton, reeve. Peel—John McGowan, reeve; W. J. Mulloy, 1st deputy; T. McManus, 2nd deputy. Maryboro—A. Hamilton, reeve; P. Doyle, deputy. West Luther—J. McNab, reeve; A. Perry, deputy. Puslinch—Allan Stewart, reeve; James Scott, deputy. Mt. Forest—Josiah Hampton, reeve; J. N. Creige, deputy. Elora—Frank Clark, reeve. Harrison—James Bailey, reeve.

THE BANNER COUNTY.

Early in the forties the settlement of the northern part of the county began in real earnest. On either side of the Owen Sound road settlements sprang up and the scene familiar in the early days of Guelph were enacted in the northern townships. In 1845 Mount Forest had a few houses on the south side of the river, some distance removed from the present location of the town; Arthur was only a small clearing in the wilderness and Owen Sound was a quiet little village. What great things have been accomplished since those days the traveller can readily see. The Elora and Owen Sound roads now traverse as fine a tract of agricultural country as the sun shines on. Every vestige of the forest has been swept away and in its place are rich, undulating fields, comfortable homes, well stocked barns. The axe, the hoe and the sickle have been laid away, the faithful ox departed, with the rough conditions that made his services so valuable, and now the self-binder through the harvest days sings the song of man's triumph over nature. Wellington may well be termed the Banner County of the Province. A solid, prosperous city, and a cluster of thriving towns and villages, rich agricultural lands peopled by men who are foremost in the development of every feature in their industry congenial to surrounding conditions, give Wellington a reputation that extends far beyond Provincial bounds. The centre of agricultural education, the home of many leading agriculturists, the Smithfield of Canada in live stock, Wellington forces itself on public attention wherever there are gathered representative men or representative products of this great Dominion.

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Guelph's Early History.

Interesting Events of the Pioneer Days of the Settlement.

THE CUTTING OF THE FIRST TREE.

INCIDENTS OF BYGONE TIMES THAT SERVE TO SHOW THE CHARACTER OF THE MEN WHO FOUNDED THE ROYAL CITY.

Solemn and auspicious was the birth of Guelph. On that historic 23rd of April sixty-eight years ago, when the giant forest re-echoed the crash of the first victim laid on the altar of civilization, the little band of pioneers who stood around, bowed their heads in awestruck silence, feeling as if a sacrilege had been committed in thus rudely invading the hitherto undisturbed grandeur and solitude of the forest.

- King's Birthday was the 12th of August, and King's Birthday, 1827, was celebrated royally. Absolon Shade was commissioned to purchase a fat ox to be roasted on the market place. Absolon, so the story goes, procured a yoke of oxen from a farmer in the German settlement, paying ten pounds therefor.

This historic incident has frequently been embalmed in verse. But no singer who has treated it describes the scene with such beauty and naturalness as Mr. Thomas Laidlaw. Worthy indeed are these lines of the day and the occasion:

While through the gloom, the silent stars Looked calmly 'twixt the rifted bars Of cloud, and up the silent night The owl shot through the silent night Her wheel too-whoo, that dying fell On silence in the lonely dell And stirring winds with muffled moan Waited through the forest vast and lone As summer fell; on forests bare Snow flattered through the thin cold air While seasons rolled—yea, centuries swept Unheeded past, no record kept Except to rags concealing, grain'd On aged trunks, that long had strain'd And wrestled with the storm that lash'd Their twisted boughs, and thus were dashed, Till on the silence fell The stalwart maple to its doom. That surged in echoes through the gloom. An oak's passing knell! Adown the intervening years Our quick'ned fancy ever hears A muffled crash and swell.

It had been a weary day for the pioneers. They had started early that morning from Galt. Axe men and settlers under the direction of Mr. Prior constituted the advance guard, and Dr. Dunlop and Mr. Galt followed at a short distance. The two latter lost their way, wandered aimlessly about in the trackless woods for hours and, finally, utterly exhausted and drenched to the skin by the heavy rain that had fallen, they reached the site of the future city. Tired and hungry though they were, Mr. Galt and the doctor with two woodmen repaired to a spot now covered by the western approach to the Grand Trunk bridge and there Mr. Galt struck the first blow in the long struggle against the rugged and strongly entrenched barriers of nature.

THE LAMP OF LEARNING. Scarcely had provision been made for the shelter of the settlers and their families, when Mr. Galt—himself an eminent scholar and writer—determined to establish a school house. In June, therefore, he erected a shed, adjoining the Priory, since removed, and a school was opened, under the charge of an American named Davis, who appears to have been a fair type of the dominie of the period, and who had a deeply rooted conviction that there was no better mode of instilling knowledge into the minds of the rising generation than by the medium of a good sound birch rod. Too industriously did Mr. Davis wield the birch; the children complained, the fathers and mothers revolted, and the teacher had to go. Pending the erection of the new school house, several of the better educated settlers' wives conducted private schools.

THE BATTLE BEGINS. The christening festivities over, the visitors from Galt and Ancaster returned to their homes and Mr. Galt and his men began the great labors which they had so cheerfully and courageously undertaken. The first few weeks were spent almost exclusively in chopping and logging, the clearances being principally on the Market Square and eastward to Waterloo Street as far as Gordon Street, where, for several years, the business portion of the town was situated, only a few straggling houses being built on the west side, for a considerable time afterwards. As the trees were cut, shanties and log houses were built, the first commenced being the Priory, which, though not altogether finished until the spring of 1823, was occupied by Mr. Galt from the first.

THE FIRST BLACKSMITH. John Owen Lynch, the first blacksmith that ever wielded a hammer in Guelph, arrived in May, 1827, and took up his residence in a low log structure on the lot where Stone's store now stands. Next a tavern was built on the site of the old packing house on Gordon street and Philip Jones became the landlord. William Gibbs, baker, Thomas Stewart, shoemaker, W. W. Holmes, wagonmaker, P. McGarr, blacksmith, and James Anderson and William Collins, carpenters, early in the year linked their fortunes with the new settlement.

THE FIRST SETTLERS. Among those who purchased lots from the company and arrived here during the summer of 1827, as appears from the books of the Canada Company, were the following: Lot 1, Jas. D. Oliver, August 11. Lot 2, Allan McDonnell, August 12. Lot 3, Alex. S. Elder, May 29. Lot 4, Thos. Leigh, May 27. Lot 5, Thos. Kelly, May 31. Lot 6, Aaron Anderson, May 15. Lot 8, Edward Worswick, May 27. Lot 9, Nancy Riffe, May 27. Lot 10, Bernard McTague, May 31. Lot 11, Bernard McTague, May 31. Lot 12, Jas. Thompson, May 31. Lot 13, Jas. McLevy, May 31. Lot 14, Rpb't. McLevy, May 27. Lot 15, David Gilkinson, May 27. Lot 16, Chas. Boynton, May 17. Lot 17, Philip Jones, May 17. Lot 19, Andrew McVean, May 19. Lot 20, Wm. Elliott, May 16. Lot 21, Wm. Leaden, May 16. Lot 22, Wm. Leaden, May 16. Lot 23, Wm. Reid, May 16. Lot 24, James Smith, Jr., May 28. Lot 25, Geo. Abbott, June 1. Lot 27, Geo. Dobbies, May 19. Lot 29, Wm. Reid, May 16. Lot 35, Thos. Butler, June 2. Lot 42, Jas. Corbet, July 10. Lot 47, Geo. Whiteside, June 9. Lot 53, Wm. Goodwin, June 2. Lot 71, Chas. Armstrong, August 12. Of these, it may be mentioned that J. D. Oliver built the first stone house in the town, in consideration of which the Company gave him a free deed of

foot. It was open on all sides, and the floor was raised about 18 inches, with steps all round, formed of squared logs. The whole was surmounted by a flag-staff, from which the British ensign floated on gala days. The building, though called a market house, and used as such, so far as there was any business to be transacted, was erected more for the purpose of holding public meetings and as a rendezvous for the people, who they might meet and discuss all they knew—for newspapers were scarce and mails infrequent—the politics and public affairs of England and Canada. Inside the building Bernard McTague opened out a butcher shop. Many a settler with his wife and family passed his first night in Guelph on the rough hewn sleepers of this building.

A ROYAL CELEBRATION. King's Birthday was the 12th of August, and King's Birthday, 1827, was celebrated royally. Absolon Shade was commissioned to purchase a fat ox to be roasted on the market place. Absolon, so the story goes, procured a yoke of oxen from a farmer in the German settlement, paying ten pounds therefor. Absolon showed his thorough business instincts by selling one of the pair to the Celebration Committee for what he paid for the two and profited to the extent of one live ox in the transaction. The celebration was an unqualified success. Guests were present from far and near. New shingles to be used on the market house served as plates; forks were whittled out of a convenient lumber pile and each man's jack knife completed the essentials for the feast. The liquor was served in buckets, from which each man helped himself with a tin cup. That full justice was done to the event as far as honoring the toasts was concerned there is little reason to doubt. The chronicles of the guests were found the next morning regurgitated on the ground in the market place in loving proximity to the liquor pails in which conveniently floated the tin cups.

A PIONEER MISSIONARY. Father Campion was Guelph's pioneer missionary. His district extended as far west as Chatham and Windsor and

EARLY PICTURE OF WATERLOO AVENUE.

The Waterloo road when first cut through the forest, presented a fine spectacle. The road consisted of a cutting upwards of one hundred and thirty feet wide, and was about seven miles long, the whole of the chopping and logging being completed in the summer of 1829. On each side of this magnificent glade the trees rose to the height of about 150 feet, along the centre of which the high road ran, forming an approach, which, for beauty and grandeur, was probably never equalled, and fully justified the expression of admiration used by Mr. Galt, who called it "the glory of Guelph." Indeed it might have constituted the glory of any city, and in an older country and under other circumstances would have been preserved as a boulevard, than which no finer could be conceived. In speaking of this splendid avenue, in a letter to one of his friends, Mr. Galt says: "The imagination forbears when it would attempt to depict the magnificent effect of the golden sun shining through the colossal vista of smoke and flames; the woodmen dimly seen moving in 'the palpable obscurity,' with their axes glancing along in the distance.

THE FIRST BORN. Fifty acres of land had been offered by the Canada Company for the first child, if a male, born in the city, and a weaker sex. Many were the fond hopes entertained by the settlers for the oblation of the great honor which such a distinction would confer. But these hopes were suddenly blighted. At the end of January, 1828, a newly-married couple, named Thomas and Margaret Brown, immigrants from England, arrived in town, and the coming truck conversation to the hearts of all. Nor were the fears thus excited, as the event proved, without reason, for the newly arrived lady had not been here many days, when an interesting event was announced, and had there been a newspaper published in the town at the time, a notice of the birth of Letitia, heiress to the estate of the noble house of Brown, would doubtless have been chronicled. About four days after this, Mrs. Lynch, wife of Mr. John

CHURCH BUILDING.

During the year 1822 the work of church building commenced in earnest, the first to be erected being St. Andrew's church. In laying out the plan had been set aside by Mr. Galt for the use of the various religious denominations. The portion allotted to the Roman Catholics was the hill at the head of Macdonnell street; for the Episcopalians the piece of land now known as St. George's square, and to the Presbyterians a portion of the market place where the city hall now stands. Besides these sites, other lands were also allotted to them as glebes. The Presbyterian church was built on a hill, which was levelled when the church was pulled down, and was a very handsome and commodious frame building, with seating accommodation for about two hundred persons. The first settlement of a Protestant clergyman took place in the early part of 1832. On the 8th day of February of that year the Presbytery of York met in the old stone school house to induct the Rev. Jas. Smith, as pastor of the Guelph congregation. The salary of Mr. Smith was 253 currency, exclusive of the Government allowance, or clergy reserves, and the use of the glebe belonging to the congregation, which was at that time covered with forest. Before Mr. Smith could officiate as a clergyman in full standing he had to appear before the Quarter Sessions at Hamilton and take the oath of allegiance to the Government, notwithstanding his being a natural born British subject. The first marriage ceremony performed by Mr. Smith was on the 30th day of May, 1832. On that day Archibald Smith, of Eramosa, and Miss Jane Day, of Guelph, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The witnesses were Miss Nancy Smith and Mr. James Smith. The first child baptized by Mr. Smith was Isabella Corbet, daughter of the late Jas. Corbet, long a leading resident, and one of the early settlers.

ONE OF STIRTON'S STORIES. David Stirton tells a story—all his stories are good—about an early sleigh ride in the settlement. Dr. Dunlop and Mr. Prior borrowed an old horse and jumper from a Yankee who had just arrived in the village, and started for a drive up the Elora road. Near Marden they came to a standstill. A large tree was lying across the road and on it stood a six-foot Highlander, one Angus Campbell. After a few surly growls from the doctor Mr. Prior remarked: "Campbell, you are stopping the doctor and me from finishing our ride." "Yes," said Campbell, trying his best to pronounce the only English word he knew. "Don't you know, sir, you can be punished for stepping up the king's highway?" "Yes," again came from Campbell, as he toyed with the icicles on his whiskers.

Guelph AS A MANUFACTURING CENTRE.

SHE HAS MANY INDUSTRIES OF WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION. Because of Her Excellent Facilities.

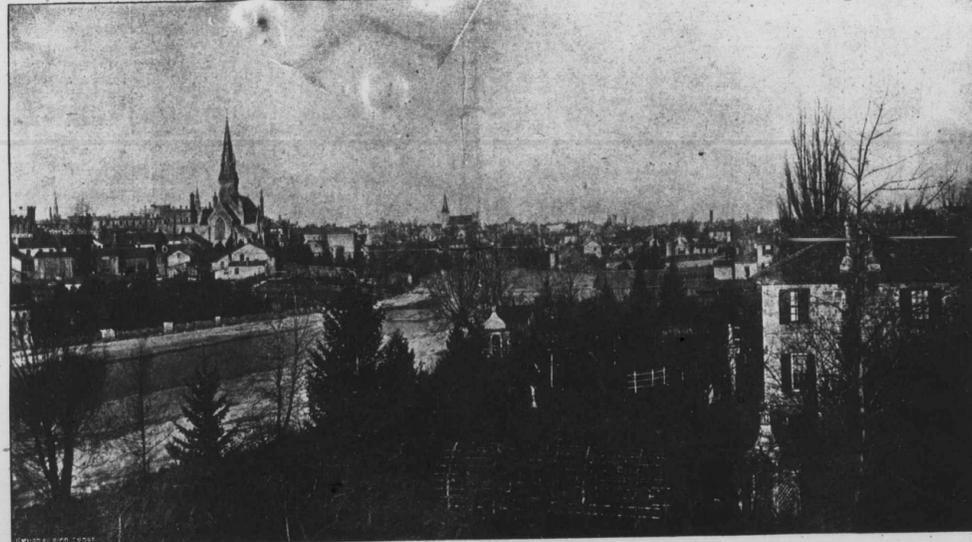
Descriptions and Illustrations of the Institutions that Largely Constitute the Back-Bone of our City's Stability. By her enterprising manufacturers more than any other of the elements of her stability and progressiveness has Guelph become known to the outside world. In foreign markets the article that commands general appreciation because of its distinctive merit is a more eloquent missionary on behalf of the city from which it comes than the most flowery emigration literature ever penned. It is innate in the Anglo-Saxon disposition to have an abiding respect for a people that have striven for and succeeded in reaching a pre-eminence in the industrial arts. The practical, hard-headed man of affairs goes into greater ecstasies over the genius of him who raised the Pyramids than the artist who chiselled the glorious beauty of the Venus of Milo. Not that in this day and generation there is lacking a just appreciation of art. The poet and the sculptor and the painter we love. They are our leisure time we grapple them to our souls with hooks of steel. But in the industrial race there is no room for sentiment, and art finds only a place in so far as it can influence the motion of the wheels that are rolling us ever onward. So it is that in the domain of commerce—in the busy mart where constantly goes on the exchange of the nations' industrial products—only those cities that are represented by their manufacturing interests can hope to command attention.

SMALL BEGINNINGS. Guelph's position as a manufacturing centre has been attained by no adventitious aids. Its great industries have all been born here. From small beginnings they struggled on to greater things, the impelling force being the untiring industry, ability and enterprise of the men at the helm. As the field widened and capital accumulated the means for further expansion were furnished with an unsparring hand and the indomitable spirit that was not dismayed by early reverses gathered fresh energy in the smooth current of prosperity. That is the history not of one but of nearly all of Guelph's manufacturing concerns.

GUELPH'S ADVANTAGES. Though an inland city, Guelph possesses many advantages that press themselves upon the attention of employers of labor. Her railway facilities are all that can be desired, the G.T.R. main line, W.G. and B. division and the branch of the C.P.R. affording speedy shipping facilities to all parts of the continent. The rich agricultural country that surrounds it makes it a cheap city to live in. With its fine air and pure water, it has enjoyed comparative freedom from sickness. Its residential streets are beautifully laid out, and good houses can be had at reasonable rentals. In no other city in Canada is the average comfort of the people so high. They are well-housed, well clothed and enjoy a fair measure of the luxuries and pleasures that so materially lighten the burden of toil.

NEW VENTURES. Steady and satisfactory as has been the growth of Guelph's factories in the past the present year has witnessed evidences of fresh energy in this important branch of her business existence. The old woollen mills on the corner of Surrey and Huskisson streets are once more sending forth the welcome hum of machinery. The Laughlin-Hugh Drawing Table Co. have remodelled the fine structure, put in a new plant and are extensively manufacturing the tables invented by the gentlemen whose names the company bears. Then over on the flats to the South east of the city, there has sprung up the expansive buildings of the Guelph Norway Iron and Steel Co., who are undertaking the manufacture of merchant bar iron of all kinds and sizes. Their specialty will be the manufacture of bar iron from scrap steel. Both these industries are the result of Guelph genius and enterprise. They are all Guelph men on the directorate and not a dollar but Guelph money is there invested in either. Another move that is sure to make the present year memorable among our manufacturers was the floating of the Raymond Sewing Machine business into a joint stock company. So closely has that industry been allied with Guelph's best interests that its decline or prosperity materially affects the business pulse. Gratifying it is therefore to know that fresh energy and capital have been added to the concern and that now a brighter prospect is opening out before it. With a record for the past year so encouraging, Guelph manufacturers may hopefully and confidently turn to the future. The effects of the recent world wide depression will soon have passed away and to a greater extent than heretofore will the industries of Guelph reflect her enduring stability and progress.

THE PAGES THAT FOLLOW. The history of each individual enterprise is given in detail on the pages that follow. The record of their growth and the articles that tell of the birth and development of our industries—forming as they do one of the most important features of this edition—will by no means be the least interesting to the general reader. It is with much pleasure then that The Herald introduces the men and the industries that are responsible for much of the prosperity of the Royal City, and have given it a worthy place among the manufacturing centres of the Dominion.



GUELPH IN 1895.

his lot; David Gilkinson built the first frame house and store, and Chas. Boynton built a large frame house, which he soon afterwards turned into an hotel.

It took him three months to make his rounds. In most of the places he visited, as at Guelph, there was no chapel, and service was held in some humble dwelling, whose narrow walls and low, rough roof, were for the time made sacred by the prayers and sighs of the sorrowful and devout—as sacred as any cathedral consecrated by episcopal forms and pompous ceremonies; or else, when the weather would permit, in those temples not made with hands, whose roof was the azure of the limitless sky; whose floor was nature's grand mosaic of the emerald verdure, whose aisles and naves were formed of the overarching boughs of the mighty forests, and whose altar candles were the watching stars of God. His first visit to Guelph was in August, '27, and during his stay religious services were held by him, sometimes in the leafy groves adjoining the clearing, and sometimes in some lowly shanty, but generally, and for nearly four years afterwards, the services were held in the house of Mr. John O. Lynch.

THE FIRST MARRIAGE. One day as Father Campion had mounted his horse and was about to ride away on his long journey he was called back to perform a pleasant duty, the celebration of the first marriage in the new settlement. Christopher Keogh, an employee of the Canada Company, and a fair maid named Anne Dundas, had been plighted lovers in Guelph, and arrangements had been made for their union at some future time, when they could be married by a priest, but neither of them thought the auspicious time would arrive so soon; so that when the priest arrived the young man was all anxiety to have the knot tied at once, but the lady, with maiden modesty demurred, and it was not until the priest was just about leaving that her friends prevailed upon her to give her consent, and the expectant bridegroom was just in time to stay the departure of the priest to effect the union of two loving hearts. That was another gala day, all the settlers, from Mr. Galt shanty, turning out to do honor to the occasion, and that day, the 26th of August, 1827, was remembered for many years as one of the pleasantest spent in the early days of Guelph.

O. Lynch, presented her liege lord with a son, the first male child born in Guelph. He is now a resident of Toronto, but he still retains warm feelings for his birth-place and the good old friends of yore.

SOME ODD CHARACTERS. The first medical man that put up a shingle in the settlement was a Mr. Welsh, an eccentric individual, and tradition says not a reliable doctor. He never had but two patients, and they both died. The settlers used to call him the 'mad doctor,' and not without reason. He built a log house without any door, his mode of entrance being through a square hole he had cut out of the end of the house about six feet from the ground. Another noted character who took up his residence the first year of the settlement was a Russian portrait painter. This man with the aid of a young and delicate wife attempted to build a stone house on Waterloo avenue. Before the work was completed his creditors pressed in on him and he decided to quit, a scene where neither art nor credit was much appreciated. He therefore conceived the plan of building a small 'saw, large enough to hold himself, his wife, and his effects; and silently dropping down the river, say adieu to their sylvan retreat, and the great city of Guelph, which, however, he was destined to see again much sooner than he expected. For the first mile they got on pretty well; till they came to a jam of driftwood; over this, with great difficulty, they hauled their saw; every few yards fresh obstructions occurred in the shape of snags, fallen trees, and driftwood, which caused them to upset twice before they had accomplished the second mile, till at last as extensive jam across the river many yards in length put a complete barrier to their further advance. Wet and weary, half the day gone, and no chance of proceeding down the stream, they determined to retrace their course. This was not easy to accomplish, for the current was too swift to paddle against; so they made a short piece of rope to the stem of the saw, he ordered his unfortunate wife to take the water and tow the boat, whilst he sat in state assisting her with his paddle. The next day the brutal artist left the place, and his

Rev. Father Cullen had the oversight of the congregations in this part of Upper Canada, and by his earnestness and zeal he induced the members of the Roman Catholic Church in Guelph when once commenced it was not long before the building was ready for use, the members of the church providing the materials and giving their own labor in placing them on the ground ready for the builders' use. Rev. Father Cassidy was then appointed to the charge of the parish. The church, which was a frame structure, was not really finished for some time, either internally, or externally, the painting not being done until 1835, when Mr. Harris, father of Mr. John Harris, who then lived at Niagara, sent a quantity of white lead to Guelph for the purpose. The work was done by James Beirnes. This was the first time, so far as is known, that paint had been used in Guelph, externally at least.

St. George's church, was commenced in the fall of the same year, and by the efforts of Rev. Arthur Palmer, was fully paid for before it was finished, which was in the spring of 1833. It was a very substantially built frame structure, said to have been the most solidly and strongly put together building of its kind ever erected in Guelph, and stood as one of the most conspicuous objects in the town until about the year 1874, when it was finally removed, it having by that time become not only too small, but for other reasons unsuitable, as well as, to some extent, a detraction from the beauty of the town.

In the year 1833 the Methodists built a neat, frame church, on the site of the present Norfolk street church.

SOME REMINISCENCES. Reminiscences of those early days have often been narrated around the family fireside, and some of them may appropriately be recalled here. There were stirring times in Guelph then, even though the population was small and their material comforts of a very simple character. When the settlers gathered in the town for any special event they generally pledged eternal friendship over bowls of whiskey early in the day and broke the compact in a free fight before darkness set in.

"Sir," continued Prior, "if you persist in this sort of thing I will have you apprehended."

"Yes," said Campbell, trying his best to pronounce the only English word he knew.

"Don't you know, sir, you can be punished for stepping up the king's highway?"

"Yes," again came from Campbell, as he toyed with the icicles on his whiskers.

They tell a good story at the expense of one of the pioneers of Pilkington, a brusque, honest, industrious Irishman. Occasionally on Sundays in the early days blacksmiths did little jobs of repairing to suit the conveniences of settlers who had travelled a long distance. Pat came down to Mass from Pilkington with a logging chain around his shoulder. As the smithy would not be at work till later in the day, Pat went to church first, still carrying the huge chain. As the service progressed, the long journey and standing in one place in the sacred edifice, began to tell on Pat's legs. He first rested on one, then the other, but even that method brought little relief. Finally he took up the hook of the chain and unwinding one round off his shoulder, let it fall with a bang. The priest and congregation were startled, but the service went on without interruption. In a little while Pat wanted more relief and unwound another reel and let it clank to the floor. That was too much. An earnest worshipper, well to the front, turned on the offender with "Pat, if ye's can't behave yerself in the House o' God, git out!"

CONCLUSION. And so we come to the conclusion of this glimpse at the pioneer days of our city. The events which followed the solid and prosperous establishment of Guelph do not come within the scope of this article. They are, however, generally dealt with in the histories of the manufacturing, mercantile, educational and other institutions which brighten the succeeding pages. Asked what is the story of the development of Guelph from a village to a town and from a town to a city, the patriotic citizen may truthfully reply "Look around you."

# The Bell Organ & Piano Company

When one abroad hears the name of Guelph mentioned he is generally greeted with the exclamation: "Why, that is where the Bell Organs are made!"

This is a demonstration of the way in which an industry may individualize a locality; and it is quite unquestionable that in the minds of many musical people the words "Guelph" and "Bell" are practically convertible terms.

An illustration of this may be found in the following conversation between two gentlemen who came last summer from England to Canada. They had been fellow-passengers on one of the great Atlantic liners, had separated on arrival in New York, and unexpectedly met again at Niagara Falls a day or two later.

"Hello," said one. "Where are you bound?"

"Off to Guelph," said his friend.

"Guelph?" remarked the first.

"Why that is where they make the Bell organ, isn't it?"

"Yes," replied the other, who happened to be informed on the point.

"By Jove!" exclaimed the inquirer. "I've got a Bell organ in my own house in Yorkshire."

All of which goes to show that the Bell organ is known in remote places, and that its mention brings to mind the city in which it is made. In this instance the mere utterance of the word carried his thoughts instantly homeward across the sea.

To the most indifferent observer the approach to Guelph is heralded by a sight of the imposing buildings of the Bell Organ & Piano Co., and to speak of Guelph without mention of the name of Bell is much like attempting to portray Hamlet with the chief character omitted.

The importance of the establishments of the Bell Organ & Piano Company to the city of Guelph cannot be over-estimated. It is by all odds the chief institution in our county, and upon its success depends the happiness and welfare of many hundreds of people. It is the chief artery through which the current of life passes among us, and its value as a central point for the production and the dissemination of money among our people cannot be too highly regarded. And we must also bear in mind in reflecting upon its importance to our welfare that it has created a name for artistic and aesthetic taste by its constant devotion to all that is architecturally elegant and musically refined in the manufacture of instruments of the highest order of excellence. This is a point which may be lost sight of in the near perspective in which we live, but in foreign countries this feature of its successful career is frankly recognized and applauded.

The history of the renowned Bell industries is equivalent to a reproduction of our existence and growth, for this city and the name of Bell are so closely commingled that no analysis can separate them. We can scarcely view them except as a synthetic entity. They may be regarded as in a measure interdependent and mutually reliant. To be sure the Bell company does not exist by force of local conditions, for its welfare is drawn from places which are scattered all over the world, while, on the other hand, much of the comfort, happiness and prosperity

company's officials revealed the fact that weekly shipments are made to Europe and Australia, and frequent consignments to every part of our own Dominion. And it may be interesting to our readers to know that the Bell organs of the more imposing and elegant styles have been supplied to the palaces of Her Majesty the Queen, the Empress Frederick, the King of Italy, the King of Spain, the Queen of the Netherlands and many other of the Royal families of Europe; and one has been acquired by the Sultan of Turkey, who doubtless finds pleasure



WILLIAM BELL, General Manager.

in its alluring tones after a hard day with the Armenian question. If "music hath charms to soothe the savage breast," then the unspeakable Turk is to be congratulated upon his possession of a musical instrument made by hands that find their daily occupation in our fair city.

Figures are dry reading, and often fail to convey to the average reader any meaning beyond a series of complicated and puzzling pictures. When one of our fair subscribers is told that the lumber yards of the Bell Organ & Piano Company contain something approaching three millions of feet of

wood what impression can it convey? A sum of such magnitude is appalling, and it is more interesting to her to know when looking at the lumber yards from the train in which she comfortably sits that before her eyes is spread material for making five or six thousand pianos or organs. That conveys a meaning to her and may have a passing interest for her thoughts.

In a like manner one unaccustomed to factory discipline, routine and operation can gain some interest in reading that large engine of hundreds of horse power are driving countless belts, pulleys and wheels, in many rooms and on many different floors. For this is the case, and hundreds of expert artisans spend the greater part of their waking hours in carrying towards perfection the multiplicity of details which play important parts in the Bell pianos or organs.

In an article such as this a tabulation of bone-dry statistics would be uninviting and should be relegated to catalogues and technical journals, in which it may find a fitting place. And this is more especially the case since the industries carried on in the Bell factories have been described in minutiae by other pens. In a popular sketch of this kind we think they have no place, for we are chatting with our readers and attempting to portray the romantic aspect of our subject. Romantic? do you say? Yes, indeed, for even a mere mechanical industry has its romance and sentiment, and this is particularly the case when treating of musical instruments, about which romance, sentiment and pathos have been wreathed since the ancient days when Tubal Cain blew his first note upon the reed. And speaking of reeds reminds of the old phrase of "a reed shaken by the wind," which is no doubt familiar to many of our readers. There are millions of reeds being "shaken by the wind" in the Bell organ in every part of the civilized globe. From the arctic circle, down through the temperate, tropical and southern parallels the Bell organs are everywhere

used, and their reeds are being "shaken by the wind" in every clime.

At the present time there are nearly eighty thousand Bell organs in existence, and this implies what? Durability and quality, the two prime requisites in the manufacturing of a fine musical instrument. These are the features which have made the Bell instruments valued wherever they have been sold, and steadily increased their popularity for upwards of two generations. They have been made upon honor and sold upon merit, and this has been from the first the aim of their



EDMUND P. HAWKINS, Associate Manager.

original maker—to produce the best, only the best and always the best.

We recall a conversation with Mr. William Bell upon the vital points above commented upon. We happened to be in the office of the company when Mr. Bell was issuing instructions to one of the department superintendents. He said in substance, although we cannot quote his exact words:

"Now, you must bear always in mind that we have a great pride in our reputation, which we have maintained for many years. Everything must be of the best. If any imperfect material or work reaches your hand throw

it into the boiler room for firewood. We cannot have our name attached to any piece of work that will not bear the closest scrutiny."

"Very good, sir," replied the man, and retired.

Now this is the line of operations which Mr. Bell laid down many years ago and has conscientiously followed ever since. Every part, whether it be long to a piano or organ, must be of the best. That was the guiding principle when the small business was established in 1834, and has been the guiding spirit of the house from that day to the present.

We remarked in an earlier portion of this sketch that mere numerals conveyed but small conception to the general reader, but here is an illustration which all may understand.

Enough organs and pianos have been manufactured in the Bell factories, which, if placed in a line, would reach down the tracks of the Grand Trunk Railway to Toronto, and passing beyond that city would extend in a straight line nearly all the way across Lake Ontario.

Nearly one hundred miles of musical instruments! Truly, we have reason to be proud of such a commanding industry.

The Bell Company has foreign branch establishments in England, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and not less than fifteen in the Dominion in close and intimate relations with the home office in Guelph. We need scarcely comment upon the enormous capital reaching through and supporting these ramifications; but the secret of this strength is told when we learn that the Company possesses a paid up capital of a sum considerably exceeding a million dollars. In any European country this capital would be regarded as gigantic; in the piano and organ trade of the United States exceptional, but in a comparatively new country like ours it is something almost phenomenal. And much is to be said in praise of the minds which first conceived and afterwards developed a business requiring such an enormous sum of money. There are hundreds of substantial and

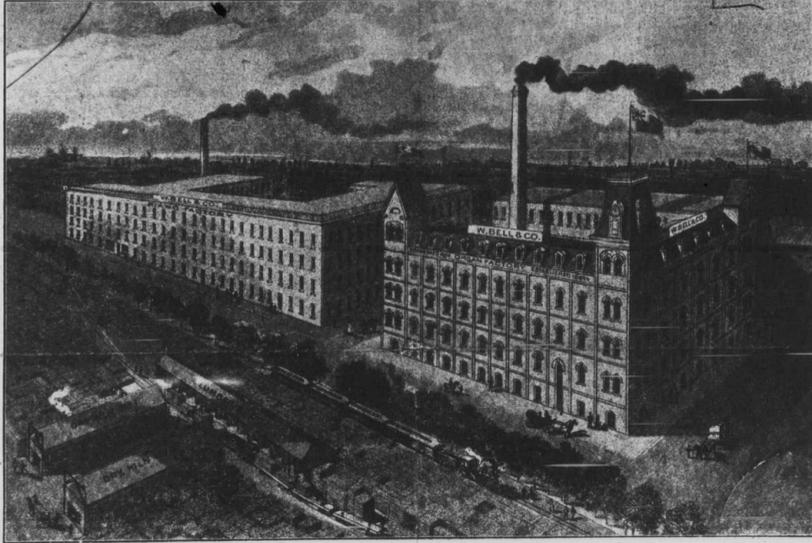
profitable banks with much less capital than is controlled by the Bell Organ & Piano Company.

We have until now refrained from commenting upon a highly important feature of the Bell Company's business—the piano department.

The Bell piano is one which may be advantageously courted by the connoisseur in fine tone production. And there is an explainable cause for this: it is the outcome of scientific study and sound practical knowledge of the theory of acoustics. We frequently hear about piano "scales," but how many are there who can define the meaning of that word? Yet it is very simple, and upon a true and evenly balanced "scale" depends the purity and smoothness of the piano tone. For the benefit of the uninitiated we will succinctly explain that the "scale" of a piano is the exact mathematical graduation in the length and thickness of its strings (or wires), so arranged as to produce certain given vibrations per second of time. This again is governed by a perfectly true adjustment of the soundboard and its various attachments. The wire is struck by the hammer, and the soundboard is suddenly agitated; and the scientific exactitude of harmony between the two causes it to yield a tone of calculated pitch. Simple enough, isn't it? Yet what years of patient study have been given to this apparently easy task! One of the causes for the wonderful volume, evenness and purity of tone in the Bell piano is the varying thickness of the soundboard. It is not only so many feet of the best spruce, but the intelligent perception which decides how this shall be dressed and smoothed to the minutest portion of an inch in every part of its surface.

It may not be amiss just here to direct the especial regard of musicians to a device which is exclusively used in the Bell piano, and which is known as the "Orchestral Attachment." Without entering into technical details which would be confusing, it may be described as a long bar reaching across the piano just above the striking point of the hammers. Attached to this bar is a series of leather thongs weighted at the ends by small strips of metal. By a very ingenious arrangement this bar may be lowered at pleasure by using a pedal in connection with it. At different heights the thongs, when struck by the hammers, impinge upon the wires of the piano, producing in turn the characteristic effects of the harp, mandolin, lither, banjo, and other lightly strung instruments. The variations are delightful, and practically form a stringed orchestra, in addition to the noble toned piano which is the groundwork from which these tones are emitted. The "Orchestral Attachment" is at once a mechanical and musical device of exceeding ingenuity and novelty.

We print also on this page the portrait of Mr. Edmund P. Hawkins, associated with Mr. William Bell in the management of the company's affairs. This gentleman has had a wide and varied experience in the manufacturing and selling of pianos and organs, both in America and Europe, and brings to bear upon his work qualifications of a very diverse order. In the multiplicity of details inseparable from such a large business he has been engaged as Mr. Bell's personal aide-camp, to relieve him from the heavy strain of giving his constant attention to the Company's business. As is well known, Mr. Bell is largely interested in financial and commercial undertakings apart from his connection in the Bell Company's affairs and has brought to his support the long and tested knowledge of Mr. Hawkins, whose familiarity with the piano and organ trade is of many years cultivation.



THE BELL ORGAN AND PIANO CO.'S FACTORY.

## Built up a Fine Business.

C. W. Kelly's Musical Emporium One of the Largest in Ontario.

### SELLS BELL PIANOS & ORGANS

AND ALSO A FULL LINE OF SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND GENERAL MUSICAL SUPPLIES.



MR. C. W. KELLY.

The local agent of the Bell Organ and Piano Co. is Mr. C. W. Kelly, whose music emporium on Upper Wyndham street, is one of the most delightful places in the city to visit.

There is especial credit in achieving success in any enterprise, more particularly in one which from the outset requires pluck, combined with an unlimited amount of energy and perseverance to surmount the various obstacles one has to contend with in carrying out his plans.

Until comparatively recent years there was no music house in the city of Guelph, and Mr. C. W. Kelly recognizing the fact that among the talents with which our citizens were endowed music was one of the foremost, he, with commendable enterprise, opened a first-class music store. At this period

a business of this kind might aptly be termed a venture, because although no one in the city made a specialty of either music or musical instruments, still some there were who carried a small stock of either, as a side line, supplying the public as occasion demanded, such as they had in stock. This to a musical public meant many disappointments as they had no guarantee at any time that their immediate wants could be filled, while in many instances they were either obliged to order themselves direct from the source of supplies in larger cities, or await the convenience of the dealer in this respect. It is pleasing to note that we have now in our midst a first-class music establishment, where every want can be supplied at a moment's notice, a fact appreciated, not only by

citizens of Guelph, but for miles throughout the surrounding country.

Like all enterprises this one has a history, and following the course of our most successful business men he started in a comparatively small way, to in after years enjoy the result of his own labors.

The difficulties that lay in Mr. Kelly's path were numerous, the music business being in such a precarious state, owing to the varied resources relied on in the past to meet the necessities, that great caution and foresight were essential.

Some fifteen years ago a small store in Tovell's Block was sufficiently large for the requirements, but musicians were quick to appreciate the advantage of a store devoted entirely to their interests with the result that within some three or four years larger premises were rendered necessary.

Suitable quarters were found on Lower Wyndham street, which after being fitted up in handsome style, were filled with every variety of merchandise and publication relating to the music trade to which was added a large and varied stock of pianos and organs. This soon became the rendezvous of the musical public, recognizing as they did Mr. Kelly's keen conception of a musician's requirements, combined with a desire to render them every assistance in their profession, thus establishing most complete harmony between dealer and purchaser.

When a few years ago fire swept the O'Connor block, in which this business was then located, Mr. Kelly was one of the chief sufferers.

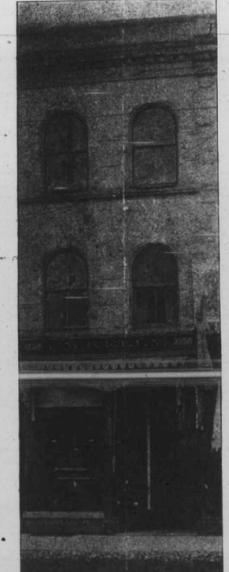
Undaunted, however, in the enterprise now so firmly established, he was not slow to secure new and more advantageous premises on Upper Wyndham street, where to-day is to be found one of the brightest, largest and most capable music stores in Ontario.

We need not here detail the different kinds of small instruments one can purchase here, suffice it to say there is hardly anything of that nature in use to-day that does not find a place on the shelves or in one of the handsome plate glass show cases with which this emporium is fitted.

So complete are arrangements made with the large publishing houses that as soon as the new productions are ready copies are immediately forwarded to Mr. Kelly, thus bringing him daily the latest publications in either vocal or instrumental music. These branches are not confined merely to a retail trade, but many wholesale orders

are received and filled. Mr. Kelly has the agency of the leading publishers of Great Britain, as well as those of the United States and Canada.

Mr. Kelly has long made a specialty of Bell pianos and organs, in fact was local agent for the company years before he conceived the idea of opening a warerom, which was almost a necessity in order that he might carry in stock



Exterior of Mr. C. W. Kelly's Store.

an assortment of the various styles, thereby giving his patrons a range of choice not otherwise obtainable. Mr. Kelly is regarded as one of the shrewdest, most able and energetic business men in the west, and a man who has sold thousands of Bell organs and pianos, and his business is looked upon as one of the most solid and important in the city.

### A VISIT TO THE STORE.

There is no more interesting mercantile establishment in Guelph than its chief musical emporium. Every hour of the day the musician can find congenial spirits haunting its spacious quarters, testing the tune of some favorite instrument or rummaging through the stacks of sheet music, fresh from the leading publishing houses. The atmosphere in which music finds a permanent abiding place has a refining as well as an inspiring tendency. The words that come to us "with concord of sweet sounds" appeal to the spiritual side of our nature. "I am never merry when I hear sweet music," England's immortal bard makes one of the characters say in the Merchant of Venice. Not merry? Neither can one be gross or selfish or uncharitable. The dark thoughts that are the forerunners of dark deeds never found birth in an atmosphere filled with musical harmony.

Mr. Kelly's store on Upper Wyndham street, is 120 feet in depth. In the front part are arranged the small instruments, musical supplies and sheet music. The shelving and counter cases are completely stocked with representative products from all the great instrument makers of the world. The violin, the king of all instruments, is worthily prominent. Germany leads in the production of first-class violins and it is from Germany that Mr. Kelly imports the major portion of his stock. One remarkable thing about violins that some people may not be aware of is the manner in which the value is estimated. A dozen violins are made from the same material, by the same workmen, and equal time and attention devoted to each. Yet the value of these instruments may range all the way from five dollars to fifty. The maker can never tell what a violin is worth until it is made. Mr. Kelly's stock has been selected with great care and embraces some beautiful, sweet-toned instruments.

The pianos and organs naturally constitute the most imposing display in Mr. Kelly's store. They are arranged along the side of the front part and the rear portion is exclusively devoted to them. All the instruments in stock are of the Bell manufacture and are worthy of the world-wide reputation of that firm. Prominent among them is a cabinet grand piano, made of bird's eye maple with celluloid pillars. The case has a delicate satin finish and is one of the most beautiful ever placed on the market. Its magnificent appearance

demonstrates the qualities of Canadian wood for fine manufactures. Another case similar in style with handsomely carved trusses is made of solid mahogany. It is a beauty. Walnut, oak and rose wood are to be seen in the other styles, and they are all attractive to look upon and the most sweet toned instruments in the country.

In other lines an equal degree of excellence has been attained. Music boxes from the celebrated makers of Switzerland, accordions from Holland, strings from Russia, guitars, mandolins and banjos from Boston and New York, are to be found in great variety in this emporium. Mr. Kelly has established a profitable connection with the great music makers of Europe and the United States, and his customers have learned to appreciate the beneficial effects of his enterprise.



RESIDENCE OF MR. C. W. KELLY.

Arrangements have been completed for extensive alterations in the store. A new hard wood floor will shortly be put in and the front part will be fitted with beautiful antique oak counters and shelving, thus making it one of the handsomest as it is now the busiest music house in the country.

### ELEMENTS OF SUCCESS.

Mr. Kelly will do anything for the sake of his patrons. He will sell an instrument whether it be piano, organ, violin or any other instrument for cash or on time. He is thoroughly imbued with the idea that once let the people have their music in their homes and they will desire for more, the taste being once cultivated quickens and develops. That is the reason Mr. Kelly sells in this unique and beneficial manner. He trusts his patrons, and he trusts the powers of the instruments

he has in stock. He is credited with fulfilling every promise, and with thoroughly understanding, and being keenly alive to the requirements of the trade in the Royal City. Beginning moderately, indomitable pluck, keen judgment, and a desire to please have secured for his establishment an enviable position in commercial and financial circles. Superior executive ability, then, and devotion to business have been the making of the well merited reputation which Mr. Kelly enjoys. He ever takes an active interest in public affairs. The duties of his business does not prevent him participating to the full in the social and educational life of the Royal city. In fact, we are not surprised that this is the case, as Mr. Kelly's methods of doing business are consistent with a spirit of public disinterestedness and magnanimity, with-

out which qualities we venture to say he could not have made his business the important factor that it is. He believes the city has a bright future before it. That faith has been shown in his identification with such a worthy enterprise as the Guelph Norway Iron and Steel Co., in which he is one of the largest stockholders.

Mr. Kelly is one of the representatives of St. John's ward, on the Board of Education, and is regarded in that body to-day as one of its most progressive members. Mr. Kelly's residence on the Erasmus hill built a year ago is one of the finest of the many beautiful houses by which the city has been improved in the past five years. His irreplaceable business energy and excellent executive ability under his capable and efficient management, his establishment will thrive and prosper to its fullest extent. Personally he is highly esteemed by every citizen of Guelph.

# The Raymond Sewing Machine Co.

AN INDUSTRY THAT HAS DONE MUCH TO PROMOTE GUELPH'S PROSPERITY.

## History of the Marvellous Invention

MR. RAYMOND'S GREAT WORK IN BRINGING THE SEWING MACHINE TO ITS PRESENT HIGH STATE OF PERFECTION.

Though the invention of the sewing machine, belongs, comparatively speaking, to our own epoch, the idea of it was born very many years ago. Like other contrivances and discoveries it was the result of a noble spirit, one man transmitting the result of his labors to his successors, who took it up and carried it forward another stage. The sewing machine was nothing, however, until it emerged from the state of theory, and was taken in hand by practical mechanics; and what a noble story of patient, laborious, investigation, of difficulties encountered and overcome by heroic industry does not that marvellous machine tell of? It is indeed, in itself, a monument of the power of self help in man. Grouped around it we find many names which will live for ever; and prominent among them that of the laborious patient and eminently successful Charles Raymond.

### EARLY ATTEMPTS.

Though the sewing machine is the result of the efforts of many ingenious persons, it would appear that the most meritorious of these worked in entire ignorance of the labors and successes of others in the same field. Many of the early attempts to sew by machinery went on the lines of imitating ordinary hand sewing, and all such inventions proved conspicuous failures. The method of hand-sewing is of necessity slow and intermittent, seeing that only a definite length of thread is used, which passes its fullest extent through the cloth at every stitch, thus causing the working arm, human or otherwise, to travel a great length for every stitch made, and demanding frequent renewals of thread. The foundation of machine sewing was laid by the invention of a double-pointed needle, with the eye in the centre, patented by Charles F. Weisenthal, in

origin, and that combination was first conceived by Walter Hunt, of New York, about 1832-34. Hunt reaped nothing of the enormous pecuniary reward which has been shared among the introducers of the sewing machine, and it is therefore all the more necessary that his great merit as an inventor should be insisted on. He constructed a machine having a vibrating arm, at the extremity of which he fixed a curved needle with an eye near its point. By this needle a loop of thread was formed under the cloth to be sewn, and through that loop a thread, carried in an oscillating shuttle, was passed, thus making the lock-stitch of all ordinary two-thread machines. Hunt's invention was purchased by a blacksmith named Arrow-smith, and a good deal was done towards improving its mechanical details, but no patent was sought, nor was any serious attempt made to draw attention to the invention. After the success of machines based on his two devices was fully established, Hunt in 1833 applied for a patent, but his claim was disallowed on the ground of abandonment. The most important feature in Hunt's invention—the eye-pointed needle—was first patented in the United Kingdom by Newton and Archbold in 1841, in connection with glove-stitching.

### WHAT HOWE DID.

Apparently quite unconscious of the invention of Walter Hunt, the attention of Elias Howe, a native of Spencer, Mass., was directed to machine sewing about the year 1843. In 1844 he completed a rough model, and in 1846 he patented his sewing machine. Howe was thus the first to patent a lock-stitch machine, but his invention had the two essential features—the curved eye-pointed needle and the under-thread shuttle—which undoubtedly

able originality and merit followed in quick succession. One of the most ingenious of all inventors—who worked also without much knowledge of previous efforts—was Mr. Allan B. Wilson. In 1849 he devised the rotary hook and bobbin combination, which now forms the special feature of the Wheeler & Wilson machine. He was also the inventor of the foremotion feed. At a later date, about the year 1857, nearly forty years ago, Mr. Charles Raymond's work first came into prominence, in the United States, and in 1863 he removed from that country and came to Guelph, bringing with him fifteen hands to form the nucleus of his establishment. Great events and great organizations invari-

### ENLARGING THE FACTORY.

Mr. Raymond's highest expectations must have been more than fulfilled after a very short residence in Guelph, for it was not long before we find another large building going up on the opposite side of Yarmouth street. This building measured 26x108 and it was then thought that it, with the

at the Toronto exhibition some years ago the New Cabinet Raymond sewing machine was on view. To say that it was one of the chief attractions of the exhibition is keeping very well within the limits of what was actually the case. The crowd never left this exhibit from morning till night. The general appearance of this machine met with cordial approval for what was really a sewing machine appeared to be some beautiful cabinet work. The delicate machinery is completely housed under this frame, and the lifting of the cover raises the machine into its proper position. The "Cabinet" is panelled in walnut or figured ash, the main part being constructed of walnut or quartered oak. To open the

and several electrical appliances, axle boxes, lamp bases, organ and piano fittings, and other light castings in iron and brass, too numerous to mention. This alone is a strong proof of the class of work done by the Raymond works. Scores of wonderfully curious machines are employed for milling, drilling, turning, cutting up the iron into many shapes and sizes. In the room to which this work is devoted, a large number of workmen are employed.

The blacksmith shops are most important factors in this production. Two large drop hammers are in use here, and two furnaces, which are used for annealing and hardening the different parts of the sewing machine. Near this department is the japanning room, where the heads of the machines are given a coat of japan, and prepared for the decorating room.

The first room on the second story is almost a duplicate of the first one on the ground floor, save in this room, the smaller parts of the machine are prepared. Here the workmen are using dozens of machines, such as engine lathes, turret lathes, hand lathes, and drilling machines, cam-cutting machines, and a number of other special machines. In this special room is located the tool-makers' department. Here are made all the tools that are used in the various parts of the factory, such as dies, punches, taps, milling seeds, milling cutters, &c. The polishing room comes next. Here polishing wheels, revolving with great rapidity, are in constant use, removing rough substances from the various parts of the machine, and preparing these parts for silver and nickel plating, for which purpose a large dynamo is kept constantly in use, together with all necessary appliances for silver, nickel and bronze plating.

We next come to the hand machine room. Here are a lot of machines consisting of single thread, lock stitch, and tailor machines. Mr. Raymond ships these machines to all parts of the civilized globe. The missionary when he goes forth to his field of labor, carries with him a Raymond hand machine as a means of instruction. In the third story a number of men are employed in one room, in decorating the head of the machine in gold.

Another is where the shuttles are prepared, in their various stages of manufacture. One of the interesting features of this shuttle is that it is one of Mr. Raymond's own patents of recent date. But the highest point of mechanical perfection is seen in the sewing room on this floor. The mechanism of a watch is nothing to the mechanism of these machines. Here, piles of steel rods are converted into screws of various shapes and sizes. These automatic screw machines take a steel

the stock, making boxes and crates, and another for building up and veneering. Cover making, carving, drawer making, drop cabinet case work, each has its separate room.

Passing over to another building, we come to the varnishing and finishing room, where the cabinets and wood parts of the machine are finished in oak and walnut.

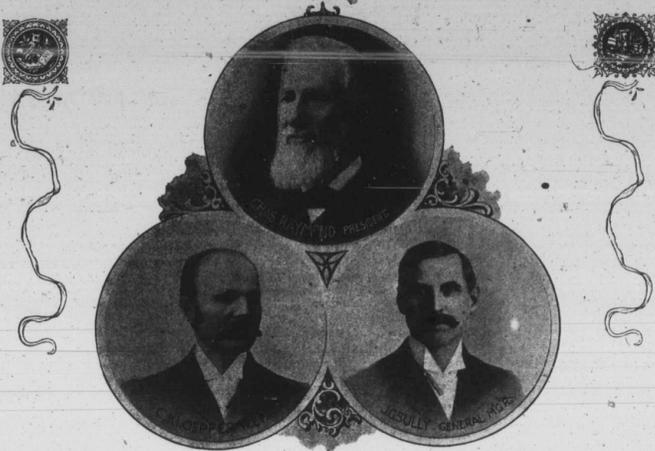
Continuing the inspection, the stand room is reached. The iron work is put together here and the wood parts are attached to the stand of the machine. Here, also, the covers are fitted on the tables, after which the machines are complete, and the visitor has only one room to pass before going to the packing and finishing room.

The last room is called the test room. Expert lady operators are constantly employed here, testing the sewing powers of the machine, on different fabrics and threads, to ensure the greatest perfection in all classes of sewing. No machine is allowed to leave this room until it has passed the most rigid and close inspection of these lady experts.

The attachments furnished with every machine are all of the latest patterns and are easily adjusted to this machine.

### PERSONNEL OF THE COMPANY.

The Raymond Sewing Machine Co. has in the personnel of its members all the elements that are essential to success. The president, Mr. Chas. Raymond occupies an unique position among the manufacturers of Canada. No man has a larger reputation for probity and integrity, few, if any, have the thorough practical insight into the business which he is directing. His mechanical knowledge and fine inventive skill have been the foundation of the large measure of popularity the Raymond sewing machine enjoys. Mr. Raymond is fond of his workshop. It is more congenial to him than the business office, and he is never so happy as when industriously laboring to perfect some new invention or improvement. And that trait of his character gives a pretty good idea of the manner of man he is. Quiet, genial, unobtrusive, the soul of honor and truthfulness himself, he has every confidence in the honesty of his fellow men. In the industrial life of our city, Charles Raymond has been an essential force; in the promotion of the moral and educational well being of the community, his voice and example have ever been potent factors. It is fitting that in the evening of his life this worthy gentleman should be relieved of some of the responsibility of his large business and moon will begrudge him the happiness and contentment which he will experience in seeing a fresh impetus given



ably have their beginnings from small undertakings. In tracing the history of Mr. Raymond's success in Guelph, it will be seen how his business increased and enlarged itself, and spread itself throughout the whole continent and not only so, but to countries far distant and how his small band of workmen augmented and multiplied itself, as the ever increasing demand for his production kept pace with each succeeding year. Of Mr. Raymond's work and success in the United States, we will say little. In that country was laid the foundation and basis of his knowledge and experience, which he has utilized and perpetuated in the city of Guelph. Canada has reason to be

others would be sufficient for many years to come. But in eight years after this, the necessity of having a much larger factory was clearly seen, and so it came about, that the factory and plant on the corner of Suffolk and Yarmouth streets were purchased. Every nook and corner of this vast building was utilized in the manufacture of Raymond's single thread machine. Some faint idea of the extent of the operations may be gathered from the fact that the weekly output of these machines reached as high as 400. In these days the machines were selling rapidly. Everyone was anxious to possess this wonderful piece of mechanism.

### RAVAGES BY FIRE.

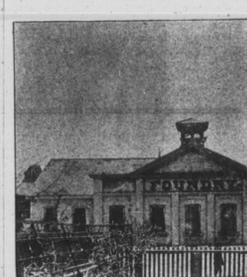
Exactly two years after this the building was totally destroyed by fire. The loss at the time was no inconsiderable matter, but, notwithstanding the present two-storey stone structure was built. Mr. Raymond calculated this time to a nicety, how the trade and business would increase; for this building was made more than double the size of the last one and measures 26x225 ft.

Shortly after this, Mr. Raymond purchased the Knox Presbyterian church and connected this to the other building by means of a frame structure. This is about the time from which we can date the commencement of the famous Raymond lock-stitch machine. The popularity of this machine more than satisfied Mr. Raymond, under whose hands everything prospered and whatever he touched, so to speak, turned out successful.

But again in 1875, the ravages of fire destroyed in a moment the work and labor of many a long day. The whole Yarmouth street factory, including the additions that had been made, was completely gutted. On the ruins of the shattered building rose, on the very spot which was the scene of these operations, the present handsome building. This building is made of solid brick. It measures 120x108 ft. It is three stories high and was put up at a cost of \$20,000. But now, orders come pouring in from all sides. New countries were being made familiar with this wonderful machine.

In 1878, the present foundry was erected, the lots adjoining on the north side being purchased for the purpose.

Cabinet and commode work, it is only necessary to unlatch the door and lift back the top. This process leaves an air draught space behind, and provides a work table. It is an achievement in the manufacture of sewing machines that reduces the subject from the point of general convenience to perfection. The cabinet itself is both ornamental and useful; it can be used as a checker board or small table. It would stand out as a piece of elegant furniture alongside of the most completely ornamental drawing-room suite. The predictions of the press regarding this machine have been verified in the fullest manner. The hopes that were then expressed regarding the success of the



BRICK FACTORY.

machine, have been completely realized. The invention was patented and Mr. Raymond has indeed profited by his genius and industry. The Drop Cabinet New Raymond sewing machine is advertised and put before the public on its own merits—it requires no tolerating up. It speaks for itself. It is a machine that can be run with the least possible expenditure of labor, and at the same time is capable of turning out in the best possible manner, every description of plain and fine work. Besides being easy to run and easy to learn, it is also easy to get, being fitted and run for some time, so that the ease and accuracy may be attained that has made the Raymond sewing machine so popular wherever it is known. This is obtained by the closest mechanical skill and watchfulness on the part of the superintendent of this room. The next room to this is the adjusting room, where the machine is closely scrutinized and adjusted and the first test is made in sewing.

In the inspector's room, a number of skilled workmen are employed, inspecting the heads of machines previous to their being placed on the stands. Descending again, we enter the stock rooms on the first floor. In these rooms are the raw and finished parts of the machine. Each workman is supplied from this room with the parts or portions required by him for his use for the day, or as he may require them. From the iron-working building we proceed to the woodworking portion. This comprises two large buildings, separate from the iron department buildings. The wood-working part of these works like the iron-working building, is three stories high. The first part to be visited is the department where the different kinds of lumber are manipulated by means of the latest improved machinery, and where woodwork of the very highest grade is turned out. There are different rooms fitted for each kind of work to be done—one for blocking out

rod twelve feet long, into their embrace and convert it into screws. All that it is necessary for the workmen to do is to see that the feeding process goes on.

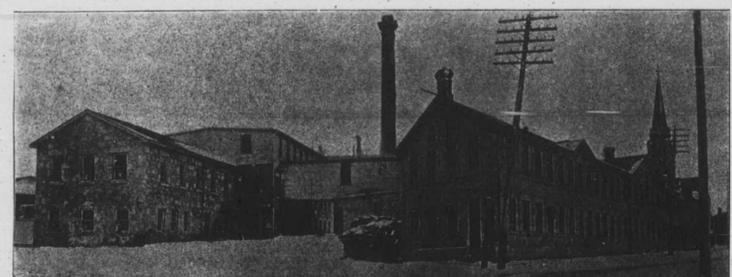
Next comes the assembling room. What strikes the visitor on entering this room is the large number of machines that are seen in their various stages of construction. All the parts of the machine are put together here, fitted and run for some time, so that the ease and accuracy may be attained that has made the Raymond sewing machine so popular wherever it is known. This is obtained by the closest mechanical skill and watchfulness on the part of the superintendent of this room. The next room to this is the adjusting room, where the machine is closely scrutinized and adjusted and the first test is made in sewing.

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to the enterprise which he created and for so many years successfully conducted.

The general manager of the company is one of Guelph's young men. Mr. Sully has long been Mr. Raymond's chief lieutenant, purchasing all the supplies in his department, and doing the wood work of the machines. He is in thorough touch with all the departments, is popular with the men and possesses, in a large degree, the push and ability that are the twin winners of success. Mr. Sully has interested himself in the city's affairs for some years, much to the city's advantage. As alderman for St. David's ward he has been a prominent figure at the Council Board. Nor is he a dummy, thinking wisely, but saying nothing. When Ald. Sully takes sides on a question, he gives reasons for the faith that is in him and will fight strenuously until the division takes place. He was chairman of the Parks Committee for some time, and did much to improve the appearance and utility of our beautiful recreation grounds. This year he is at the head of the Fire and Light department and has given to that branch of the civic service much attention.

Of Mr. Kloeffer, the vice-president, a lengthy personal reference appears elsewhere. Here, it is only necessary to say that when the rather anxious public learned that Mr. Kloeffer had thrown in his lot with Mr. Raymond and Mr. Sully, the general impression was "He'll make it go." And so he will. Mr. Kloeffer doesn't know how to spell "fail." He doesn't rush into enterprises blindfolded, but when he does make a move it is safe to say that his face is resolutely set towards the goal of success.



STONE FACTORY.

1755. This device was intended to obviate the necessity for inverting the needle in sewing or embroidering, and it was subsequently utilized in Heilmann's well known embroidery machine. Many of the features of the sewing machine are distinctly specified in a patent secured in England by Thomas Saint in 1790, in which, among others, he describes a machine for stitching, quilting or sewing. Saint's machine, which appears to have been intended principally for leather work, was fitted with an awl, which, working vertically, pierced a hole for the thread. A spindle and projection laid the thread over this hole, and a descending forked needle passed a loop of thread through it. The loop was caught on the under side by a reciprocating hook; a feed moved the work forward the extent of one inch; and a second loop was formed by the same motions as the first. It, however, descended within the first, which was thrown off by the hook as it caught the second, and being thus secured and tightened up, an ordinary tambour or loop-stitch was formed. Had Saint hit on the idea of the eye-pointed needle, his machine would have been a complete anticipation of the modern chain-stitch machine.

### A REAL WORKING MACHINE.

The inventor who first devised a real working machine was a poor tailor, Barthelmy Thimionier, of St. Etienne, who obtained letters patent in France in 1830. In Thimionier's apparatus the needle was crocheted, and descending through the cloth, it brought up with it a loop of thread, which it carried through the previously made loop and thus it formed a chain on the upper surface of the fabric.

### AMERICAN INVENTORS.

The most important ideas of an eye-pointed needle and a double thread or lock-stitch are strictly of American

were invented by Walter Hunt twelve years previously. Howe's invention was sold in England to William Thomas, of Cheapside, London, a corset manufacturer, for £250. Thomas secured in December, 1846, the English patent in his own name, and engaged Howe on weekly wages to adapt the machine for his manufacturing purposes. The career of the inventor in London was chequered and unsuccessful, and, having pawned his American patent rights in England, he returned in April, 1849, in deep poverty to America. There in the meantime the sewing machine was beginning to excite public curiosity, and various persons were making machines, which Howe found to trench on his patent rights. One of the most prominent of the manufacturers, if not inventors, ultimately appeared in the person of Isaac Merritt Singer, who in 1851 secured a patent for his machine. Mr. Raymond was at this time working on his machine, but dropped it for a time on account of Singer's patent covering its principles. He, however, later took up another principle and obtained his first patent on the 3rd of March, 1857. Howe now became alert to vindicate his rights, and after regaining possession of his pawned patents he instituted suits against the infringers. An enormous amount of litigation ensued, in which Singer figured as a most obstinate defendant, but ultimately all makers became tributary to Elias Howe. It is calculated that Howe received in the form of royalties on machines made up to the expiry of his extended patent—September, 1867—which was also the month of his death, a sum of not less than two millions of dollars.

### THE PRESENT FACTORY.

In 1902, then, Mr. Raymond founded his present business and started in the two-storey stone building, 24x50, standing in the lot now occupied by his present residence. In three years time it was found necessary to extend the premises. This extension was at once made and took the form of a frame building 30x40. Thus we see in the small space of three years, Mr. Raymond had made his presence felt and his work known, and the premises first occupied only half sufficient for carrying on the operations successfully. As soon as he set his foot down in Guelph, Mr. Raymond commenced the manufacture of the little single thread machine of which, upwards of a million have been manufactured and are in operation all over the world. To the patrons and employers of this sewing machine, it will be interesting to point out the main principles of its workings.

### PRINCIPLES OF THE RAYMOND.

In machine sewing there are three varieties of stitch made. First, the simple chain or tambour stitch; secondly, the double chain stitch and lastly the lock stitch. The lock stitch is that made by ordinary two-thread sewing machines, and is a stitch peculiar to machine sewing. Its structure is very simple, and when, by proper tension the threads interlock, the stitch shows the same on both sides and is very secure.

To make the chain stitch the thread has to be passed quite through the cloth, and secured or held on the under side, until the descent of the

grateful to the country which gave her this man and this worthy industry to be forever an ornament among her leading industrial institutions.

And so, letting alone whatever experience Mr. Raymond had in the United States, we will take up the thread of his history and connection with Guelph and in tracing that thread through all the mazes of the past years, we will ever find deeply connected with it and running alongside, those characteristics of rectitude and thoroughness, of which we have given a synopsis in the opening pages of this treatise.

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### THE NEW CABINET.

It would be impossible to give a detailed list of all these inventions, but we will cite a few of the most important. First was the little single thread machine, which had such a wonderful sale. Then came the "Household," a lock-stitch machine, to run by hand, followed by the "Family Machines" Nos. 1 and 2, also the No. 3, a heavy machine for tailors. Then we find



RESIDENCE OF MR. CHAS. RAYMOND.

### SOME DETAILS OF THE INDUSTRY.

The company gives employment to nearly 200 men. All these men are skilled mechanics and manufacture everything connected with the sewing machine—cabinet work, iron work and foundry work. Every department is fully equipped with the latest improved machinery for the different parts that Mr. Raymond's genius has invented during the past 40 years.

### THE DEPARTMENTS.

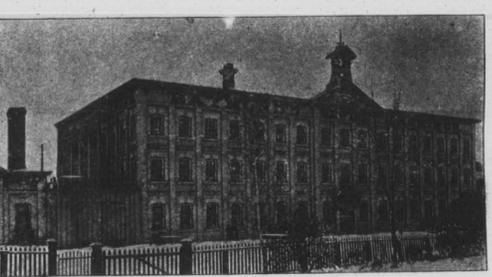
The different departments of the factory are well worth special notice and we will place first the foundry, where the pig iron is stored. Only the best grade of iron is used by the Raymond works. They turn out in the foundry a very high class of fine castings. In the foundry are castings for dynamos

of the machine in case hardened, thus assuring its smooth working and durability. Another advantage of all his machines is that the mechanism is so simple as to minimize the danger of it getting out of order.

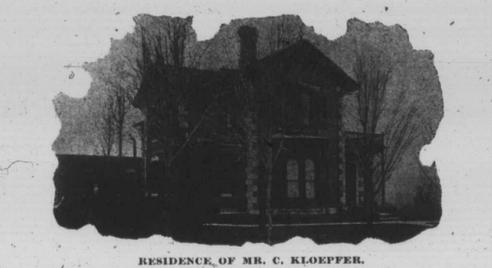
A good sewing machine is one of the indispensable articles of every household. The New Raymond entirely meets the wants of the love of orderliness, tidiness and refinement, which we like so much to see in the opposite sex. Mr. Raymond has received the thanks of scores of housewives, milliners and tailors.

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RESIDENCE OF MR. J. G. SULLY.



RESIDENCE OF MR. C. KLOEFFER.

## The Laughlin-Hough Drawing Table Co.

To the master minds of past ages the world owes a debt of gratitude that it can never repay. Harmonizing themselves to the spirit of the times in which they lived our forefathers did much for the betterment of the conditions of the human race. But it was left to our own age, if not to our own generation to light the torch of inventive genius, and revolutionize the mechanical and industrial arts. Whatever has been accomplished in the past, whatever great things the future may reveal at the command of human intelligence, certain it is, that the people of our own time will bequeath to posterity treasures richer and more enduring than those that the great romancers of the century pictures in one of his fascinating excursions.

So many and so marvellous have been the developments in the domain of invention that one has ceased to wonder at any fresh triumph. The people who drifted to these shores in a sailing vessel and travelled to their settlement in the wilderness in an ox wagon and now see the horseless and steamless cars glide swiftly and silently past their doors will not marvel even at the proposed construction of a telegraph line to the planet Mars. The people are prepared for anything, and to their credit be it said the meritorious results of inventive skill invariably find ready recognition and appreciation at their hands. Such has been the case with the Laughlin-Hough Drawing Table and Blackboard, an invention that has created more interest and aroused more enthusiasm among draughtsmen, architects, and educationists than anything that has preceded it.

### A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

Hitherto, the art of drawing has been universally practiced by the use of primitive T squares, Angle Squares, Protractors, Parallel Rules, Dividers, and Sectors. Men began to draw thus as if from a common inspiration. Doubtless many have objected to such primitive conditions and methods, but such have never succeeded in passing the objective point. This art of drawing is one of the few that has been preserved down through the ages until this generation in its original entirety. Until to-day objection had never merged in improvement. Such objections were doubtless informally entered, when the draughtsmen was called upon to execute, with mathematical precision, some architectural or geometrical drawing. Doubtless, too, his language was characterized more by earnestness of diction than devoutness as he surveyed the crude implements by which his tabular hands were so manifestly handicapped. Such an objector might readily recognize these imperfections, and was, without doubt, an honest, capable and outspoken critic. But mere criticism, whilst it is an adept at pulling to pieces, is not creative—iconoclasm is easier and cheaper work than building. Discovery has dawned at last, however, and the first rays of its light have fallen on the inventors of The Laughlin-Hough Drawing Table Company.

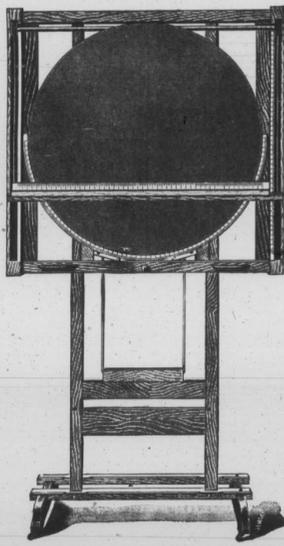
enabling the operator to sit or stand at pleasure, thus avoiding the cramped and awkward positions which are a necessity in the use of the ordinary drawing table.

One of the main features of this valuable Drawing Table is the travelling horizontal ruler, which is counter-balanced, and is freely movable, but will remain perfectly steady at any point where it may be placed, thus dispensing with the old-fashioned T Square. The ruler being adjustable, is always mathematically correct, and by the use of the vertical graduated rule at the outer edge all measurements are obtained simultaneously either at positive right angles or sections of angles. All wearing parts are adjustable and easy of access, all errors, imaginary lines, and use of erasing rubber are avoided, the old method of calculating is entirely done away with; all work is finished at one operation, being ready for the tracer, blue print, or workshop.

### ITS USE IN SCHOOLS.

Far reaching as is the effect that the Laughlin-Hough Drawing Table will have on the mechanical arts its influence in educational circles will be still greater. Hitherto the truth of the beautiful principles that are the basic elements of the science of geometry have been capable only of the theoretical demonstration. By the aid of the school table or the school blackboard, out of which latter appear on this page, the pupil can not only master all hitherto intricate details of mechanical drawing, but can give practical proof of the correctness of many problems in Euclid. It has often puzzled the young mind to grasp the lessons which the teacher has been at such pains to expound. The famous "bridge for asses" has caused many headaches and heartaches, because the young intellect was stored with theory, nothing but theory. By the use of the Laughlin-Hough blackboard and drawing tables in the schools the path that has hitherto been so mystifying and perplexing is made as clear as the sun at noon day. The student who is told that the interior angle of an equilateral triangle is sixty degrees will have that truth more vividly impressed on his mind by a practical proof of it on the table or blackboard. Duller demonstration is more convincing than all the logic and theory that the lecture room or the library can give us. This day is not far distant when every progressive school house in the Dominion will be supplied with these magnificent aids to the educational accomplishments of its pupils. The leading educationalists of the country have stamped their invention with their approval and given it their hearty endorsement, and in the highest institutions of learning it has already been introduced.

The company have just received the highest testimonials from McGill University, Montreal. The opinions of these eminent scientists and professors of all branches of engineering are of the highest value. Mr. Henry T. Borey, M.A., C.E., F.R.S.C., Dean of the Faculty of Applied Science in McGill



### DESCRIPTION.

The Laughlin-Hough Drawing Tables are constructed simply upon mathematical and scientific principles and the object of the invention is to provide a means whereby Draughtsmen, Architects, Railroad and Civil Engineers, Artists, Designers, Wood Engravers, Students, etc., are enabled to accurately and rapidly make any desired class of drawing without the use of T Squares, Angle Squares, Protractors, Parallel Rules, Dividers, or Sectors, without change of position of arms or body, the operator working continuously in the most comfortable attitude.

The Drawing Board which receives the paper is constructed in such a manner that it revolves on its centre and is assisted in its rotary motion by friction rollers in frame underneath. The inner edge of outer frame in which the board revolves, is provided with a stationary protractor, made of celluloid graduated from zero (0) in centre to 90 degrees right and left, and as a consequence any desired angle can be obtained instantaneously. It will thus be readily seen that with the protractor located around the outside edge of the board that carries the drawing, a much more accurate degree of angle can be obtained than by the old method of using a small protractor on the drawing.

The Tables can be lowered or raised to any desired height or pitch of angle,

University, has examined these Drawing Tables and Blackboards and pronounces them as most valuable to draughtsmen, enabling them to dispense with Protractor, Tee and Set Squares. He concludes his testimony in the following words: "I am of opinion that as soon as their various qualities are fully understood their use will become universal. Signed, Henry T. Borey."

The School Blackboard is 3 feet 6 inches in diameter, constructed on the same principle as the tables, mathematically correct, and is the grandest instrument ever constructed for the education of the young in mathematical and geometrical drawing. It can be run down to the floor or up to the ceiling at will. It has side scale, adjustable straight-edge, protractor, angle indicator, and is well made and finished, and has a good blackboard surface. Apart from drawing this board can be used for other ordinary school purposes.

### A GUELPH INDUSTRY.

The completion of this wonderful invention—the product of the genius of the men whose names the company bears—and the successful organization of the Laughlin-Hough Drawing Table Co. (limited) are at once a triumph of Guelph skill and business enterprise. The inventors are Guelph men and the capital stock has all been subscribed in this city. The permanent board consists of Geo. A. Griffin, president, James Houghton, vice president, Jno. Smith, secretary-treasurer and manager, S. J. Laughlin, superintendent, and Geo. D. Forbes.

## A Busy Hive of Industry

The Extensive Factory of A. R. Woodyatt & Co.  
Situating on Nelson Crescent.

IN EVERY QUARTER OF THE CIVILIZED GLOBE DO THE PRODUCTS OF THIS INDUSTRY FIND A READY SALE.



The large factory of A. R. Woodyatt & Co. is situated on Nelson Crescent, and the goods manufactured there are familiar to every user of hardware throughout the Dominion. But, their goods are finding a ready sale in every quarter of the globe. To Africa, Australia, Russia and Great Britain, their Lawn Mowers are being sent, and the foreign trade is making gratifying expansion every year. To no other cause can this be attributed than the superior excellence of the products of their factory.

The "Woodyatt" Lawn Mower is a favorite everywhere, the quality of the material used, the simplicity of its construction, the readiness with which it can be adjusted, the ease and smoothness with which it runs, combine in giving it first place in the markets of the world. The other lines extensively

turned out by this firm comprise staple hardware articles, such as sad irons, saw sets, and barn door hangers, and all kinds of cast hardware of the latest improved design. In addition to the above a large business is done in iron and brass castings and hardware specialties, chiefly manufactured on contract. The nickel plating, japanning and painting departments enable the firm to finish their goods in any style required. The main factory is a large concern embracing over 22,000 square feet of space on three flats, and also a large foundry, pattern house, and other outbuildings necessary to works of this kind. The arrangement of the various departments is such as to conduce to the greatest economy of time and labor, and the most expeditious and efficient performance of the work, each room being also equipped

with the most modern labor saving machinery and devices.

Mr. A. R. Woodyatt, the head of the firm, is a thorough mechanic, besides having fine executive ability as a manager. These qualifications have enabled him during the eight years he has been a manufacturer to build up a business which has contributed materially to the prosperity of the city. He is highly popular with his employees, which is due in a great manner to the interest he takes in anything affecting their comfort. He is a member of the Board of Trade, and is also upon the Manufacturers' Committee of that institution, taking great interest in any question of public or municipal improvement that may come up for discussion before that body. A still more abundant measure of success is assuredly in store for the firm of A. R. Woodyatt & Co. in the future.



CITY OF GUELPH IN 1895.

## Manufacturers of Furniture

### Burr Brothers'

EXTENSIVE AND PROSPEROUS INDUSTRY.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE FACTORY

AND SOME INTERESTING PARTICULARS OF THE VARIOUS LINES OF GOODS TURNED OUT.

There is no department of commercial activity to-day in this country that more fully illustrates the progressiveness of modern methods, and the boundless enterprise of the Canadian manufacturer than the production of furniture. It is the pride and honor of Guelph to have in her midst one of the foremost institutions of the kind in the

factory itself covers a floor space of 55,850 feet. The rest of the space is nearly all taken up with the lumber yard, where over one million feet of lumber is carried. This enormous quantity is quite unprecedented in the annals of furniture factories, no firm in Canada carrying lumber to such an extent. The lumber consists of oak, maple, bass, elm, ash, birch, walnut, and mahogany.

The dry-house is located immediately between the factory proper and the stock and finishing departments. Its capacity is 40,000 feet. From the dry-house the lumber is then taken to the factory, where it is cut, ripped, sawed, glued, planed, and taken up the elevator to the next flat. On this floor all the machine cabinet work is done. The front part of this building is occupied by the carvers and chair makers. In both of these departments each man employed has his own special class of work to do. A large number of these men are thus engaged, and it will be readily seen that each man must be an expert at

pains and trouble are taken in imparting to the work a thorough finish before being sent to the market. Descending to the first floor we find the chair finishing room and three large rooms heavily stocked with chairs ready for shipment.

Adjoining this is a room devoted entirely to the storage of common bedsteads, of which there is an indefinite quantity. In close proximity to these rooms, and immediately behind the offices, which face Yorkshire street, are the packing rooms, the entrance to which is from Oxford street. The firm make no specialty. They manufacture about a hundred different kinds of chairs and a large variety of chamber sets, sideboards, hat racks, centre tables, extension tables, bookcases, chiffoniers, office and ladies' desks, and wardrobes.

The engine which drives the machinery of this vast concern was manufactured by Goldie & McCulloch. Its driving wheel weighs 5 tons and is 16 feet in diameter, having a 22 inch face. It receives its power from two boilers of 80 horse-power each. It only re-



main to be added that this ideal manufacturing plant is lighted entirely by electricity, furnished by their own dynamo of 110 volts. The trade of this firm extends throughout the entire Dominion, the oceans alone confining it. They give employment to 125 men, and most of them, being skilled workmen, naturally draw large wages. They employ 30 women caning chairs. They have four salesmen on the road all the year round.

The value of the output of this factory amounts to \$100,000 per annum averaging a shipment of about three cars per week. During the last three months they have shipped thirty full carloads of furniture. The firm is one of the oldest in Canada and they manufacture the largest number of lines of any similar concern in the country.

The proprietors are Mr. Myron W. and Mr. Frank C. Burr. Both gentlemen have had a long experience in the furniture trade and the success that has rewarded their labors in this city tells more plainly than words can convey their capabilities and business enterprise.

his own particular work. Leaving the second floor we ascend to the third flat, where on one side a row of men are at work, engaged in putting together bedsteads, on the other side bureaus, desks, sideboards, etc., and still further down are another set of men putting together washstands, hat racks, wardrobes, etc.

The front part of this floor is taken up with those who are engaged in doing all kinds of order work. Further down is still another gang, putting together extension and centre tables. The upper flat is devoted to storage purposes. From this building it will be necessary now to enter the third floor of the addition to the first factory built. Here the furniture is coated up and varnished, men flying their brush over all the articles in hand in less time than it takes to describe. Descending to the next floor of this building we enter the finishing and polishing room, and in this place much

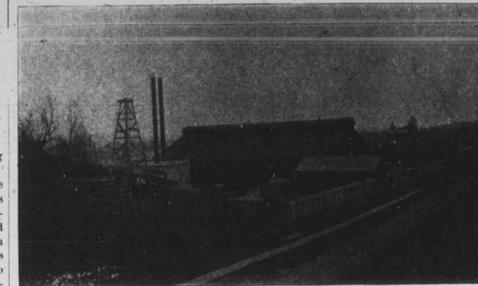
## The Guelph Norway Iron

AND Steel Company  
LIMITED

### ROLLING MILLS.

The City of Guelph with its bustling, active, energetic population, contains no more important industry than the Guelph Norway Iron & Steel Company, Limited. This establishment, the smoke of whose furnaces is now making manifest the fact of its existence, will be one of the most important industries in operation in the city. The monthly pay roll of its employees will amount to a large sum, as half of the artisans employed are necessarily

plant occupies an area of three acres, into which runs a switch from the P.R. There are two artesian flowing wells to supply the water needed in operating the mills. The mill buildings proper measure 128x100 feet. These mills produce merchant bar iron of all kinds and sizes, and of a better quality than any now produced in the Dominion. The specialty of the mills is the making of the very highest quality of



skilled mechanics of ability and experience. The plant is already in operation and the works are superintended by a man who is second to none in his chosen avocation in the entire Dominion. This company is offered by a directorate of men of wealth, enterprise and energy, all of whom possess the progressive and liberal spirit without which no undertaking can be successful.

Norway bar iron from scrap steel by a process which is not understood and not in use in any other mill in the Dominion. The Company has now on hand over \$20,000 worth of scrap iron and steel. All the modern appliances tools and machinery require for rapid and systematic work are in use. The management contemplate disposing of their output all over the Dominion. The capital of the Company is \$80,000, of which \$40,000 has been subscribed.

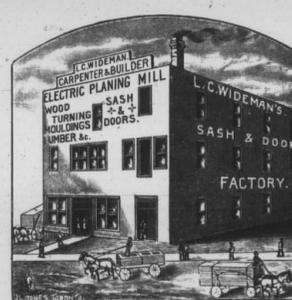
Mr. Wm. S. Patterson, the Superintendent of Works, whose experience covers a period of 28 years, is a gentleman of great executive ability, fully capable of managing such an extensive concern. No one possesses a better knowledge of all the details and intricacies of this business, as he has had experience as a superintendent in some of the best of such mills on this continent. His career dates from his connection with the Eureka Iron & Steel Works, in Wyandotte, Michigan. Mr. Patterson understands his business in its every phase, from the ore to the manufactured article. The benefit to the city will derive from these mills is only too manifest and too varied and extensive to set out at length. It will be sure to attract other industries in which iron is used and which by being established in this city will save the large freights charged on such heavy material, and the factories now in this city will get the iron they need cheaper than ever before and the money they expend for it will be kept in the city.

The company expect when in full operation to employ one hundred men. Fifty per cent of these will be skilled workmen. This alone will benefit the city by putting a great deal of money in circulation. On account of the high abilities of the Superintendent the success of this undertaking is already assured, and the entire staff of management and directors is composed of gentlemen who are thorough business men and who have been before the eyes of the public for years.

Starting as it does under favorable circumstances, in a city where it has every opportunity to solidly establish itself, the success of this industry is assured.

## ELECTRIC Planing Mills

A YOUNG INDUSTRY THAT BEARS MANY EVIDENCES OF VITALITY.



No man has achieved more immediate success in his line of business than Mr. L. C. Wideman, proprietor of the Electric Planing Mill. Mr. Wideman is what is commonly termed a hustler. He conceived the idea that there was room for the pretentious mill he established near the Eramosa bridge a year ago, and putting his plans into execution he has demonstrated that there was room and to spare for just such a business as his.

Mr. Wideman is a wholesale manufacturer of and dealer in pine and hardwood lumber, lath and shingles, doors, sashes, frames, blinds, mouldings, etc., and having supplies of all kinds, as well as doing all manner of wood turning. There are few factories that enjoy better facilities for handling lumber than Mr. Wideman's. His mills are modern and well equipped and his storing and shipping facilities are un-

excelled. He is thus placed in a position to meet competition at any point and his extensive shipments throughout the country are ample evidence of the fact.

A force of about forty men are employed by Mr. Wideman at his mill. His factory is three stories high with a frontage of fifty feet. He handles large contracts and his work is always up to the mark and promptly done. The woodwork of some of the finest buildings in the city has been done by him.

The same energy shown by Mr. Wideman in his business has been infused into his work in connection with the 30th Batt., in which he holds the rank of Acting Adjutant and Lieutenant. He is exceedingly popular with the members of No. 2 Co., which he organized, and derives great pleasure from his association with our soldier sons.

## Thomas Griffin's Union Foundry

ENJOYS AN ENVIABLE REPUTATION.

In presenting for the consideration of our readers both at home and abroad these reviews of the industries and commercial enterprises of the city, it is both necessary and important to select prominent institutions, considering more particularly those whose success has made them conspicuous.

This review would be incomplete without more than a passing notice of that prominent and progressive establishment, the Union Foundry, owned and controlled by Mr. Thomas Griffin. The business was established 16 years ago, since which time the proprietor has succeeded in building up a strong industrial fabric, whose name and fame are not confined within the limits of the country, but extend all over Ontario. The foundry is especially designed and constructed for the business. The machinery and appliances with which

the various departments are equipped, are of the latest and most improved pattern. Mr. Griffin is a manufacturer of stoves, ranges and all kinds of grey iron castings.

His stoves are well known all over for their superior heating and cooking qualities, as well as for their style and finish. Mr. Griffin's stoves have become household words in all parts of the country. In a climate like ours, a good heating apparatus is invaluable and inseparable from the comfort of our homes and hearths. In this foundry everything is manufactured in the way of grey iron castings. Possibly few of our citizens realize the magnitude of the works, but they do realize to the full the merits of their manufacturers and the high business principles and integrity of Mr. Griffin.

### Guelph Stilton Cheese Co.

A YOUNG ENTERPRISE, BUT ONE THAT HAS BEEN A THOROUGH SUCCESS.

A FINE BRAND OF CHEESE MADE

DESCRIPTION OF THE EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT SPRINGBANK—A WORD ABOUT THE MAKING OF CHEESE AND THE SUPERIORITY OF STILTON.

It cannot be argued that the Stilton cheese industry is an exotic growth in this community. Here, if anywhere, natural resources and climatic conditions favor the development of this branch of dairy manufacture. This industry, however, is one of the most intricate and involved branches of intensified agricultural production. It is on account of the necessity of intensifying this product to such a high pitch of perfection, that comparatively speaking this special branch is in the hands of but a few men, men who are thoroughly educated in the production, and who have made it the subject of deep and anxious study.



Messrs. Curzon & Curzon at once appreciated the natural conditions of this part of the country, ready, as it were, at their hands, and founded in the spring of the present year the Guelph Stilton Cheese Co. They are the sole proprietors—

These gentlemen have an individuality that at once makes its presence felt in this community. Young men of good education and address, with all the best qualities of English gentlemen, ready of resource and energetic in action, they are sure to make their mark in any city. Messrs. Curzon's knowledge of the dairying industry gained in one of the best counties in England enabled them to appreciate fully the possibilities of the business in this country, and so it was that they purchased the Spring Bank Dairy a few months ago and commenced the manufacture of the famous English Stilton cheese. The premises secured consist of a solid stone building two stories high, covering an area of 2,000 square feet. They are admirably suitable for the purpose and are equipped throughout with unusual facilities for convenience and accommodation.

In the first place the situation of this establishment cannot be surpassed in regard to the surrounding farming community, who have large quantities



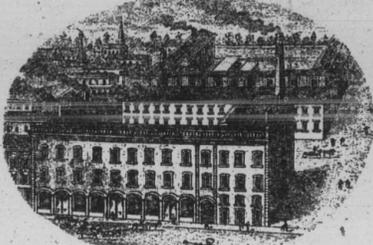
of milk to dispose of. Nature has endowed this place most lavishly with a spring of the purest water, unequalled and unsurpassed in the whole county. This in itself at once caught the eye of the proprietors, who pay special attention to cleanliness in every detail of the business. The departments in use for storing the manufactured article, and for keeping it at the proper temperature are replete with every modern invention. A cool receiving room, a large dressing room, a curing room, and dark cool cellars for the final ripening, at a uniform temperature, are some of the special features in this establishment, and which are requisite for the extensive manufacture of the Stilton cheese. Already over 1,700 cheeses have been made, averaging 9 lbs. each. Several large orders have been filled, and others are coming in daily, the quality of the cheese at once commanding ready sale in the market. Many of the largest buyers and most experienced judges pronounce it superior to imported English Stilton.

An idea of the extent of the industry and its importance to the farming community may be gathered from the fact that throughout the season the company handles 1,400 lbs. of milk daily. The price of the milk is regulated by the proportion of butter fat it contains and the highest rates are always paid. During the hot months of the season the company stop operations, and keep their business running during all the winter months.

Messrs. Curzon were fortunate in securing the services of Mr. F. D. Parsons as a maker of cheese. Mr. Parsons is thoroughly proficient, having had many years' experience in this industry alone. His ability as a cheesemaker is exemplified by stating that at every exhibition where he has exhibited his cheese he has been awarded first prize. The success of Messrs. Curzon's enterprise is no longer a question. It is already assured. The popularity which the product of their factory has already gained bespeaks a prompt sale

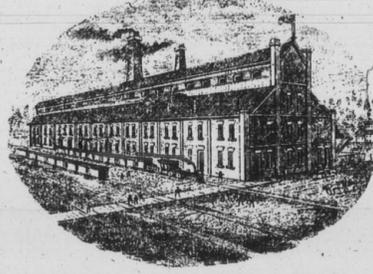
### J. B. ARMSTRONG Manufacturing Co.

In all the seasons, year in and year out, the J. B. Armstrong Manufacturing Co.'s works are busy. At times the rush may be greater or less, but the factory with its fine plant is always run to its full capacity. The business, it may be said, was born with Guelph and has grown up with it. Its foundation or origin dates back to the early settlement of Guelph, Mr. Armstrong combining lightness, durability and elasticity to a remarkable extent, and in addition to their serviceability give a fine finish to a conveyance. Then there are the "Armstrong Steel Hoop Shafts," "Armstrong Double Flange Steel Tire Wheels," "Armstrong Steel Seats," also bodies including Jump Seat, Corning, Plano, Phaston, and other styles, trimmings and tops. To the



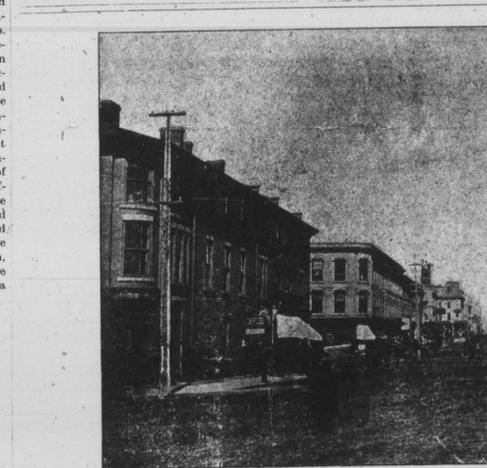
CANADIAN WORKS.

Armstrong starting a little shop in 1834 for the repairing of wagons, manufacturing of axle heads and other work suitable to those times, on the same spot on which their works now stand. The business, however, was worked up from a very small beginning to an extensive one by the late Mr. J. B. Armstrong, who returning from a few years' practical experience as a



AMERICAN WORKS.

carriage and wagon builder in the U.S. began the manufacture of finished buggies here in 1868. The extensive works front on Macdonnell street with a solid and imposing cut stone structure three stories high, with basement and run back to Quebec street, from which thoroughfare the raw material is received and started on the process of manufacture.



LOWER WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

The frontage on Macdonnell street is 130 feet; on Quebec street 136 feet. Midway in the block is the large brick structure where most of the manufacturing is done. From there the goods are taken to the front building, which is used for the assembling of the parts, finished and unfinished and where the packing and shipping is done. The works cover three acres and are systematically arranged and completely equipped. The lines of manufacture are many. The "Armstrong Single Leaf Spring" for light and heavy work has long been a favorite in the market. The Armstrong gears for road carts, road wagons, buggies, phaetons, and carriages are winners in the trade. These

### An Enterprising Management HAS PUT THE GUELPH WOOLLEN MILLS ON THE HIGH ROAD TO PROSPERITY.

Woolen Mills is due largely—it might be said solely—to the thorough practical business knowledge and business insight that have characterized its direction in recent years under the management of Mr. J. T. Montgomery and Mr. John Anderson. The latter from childhood has been among the looms and cards and knows every detail of the manufacture.

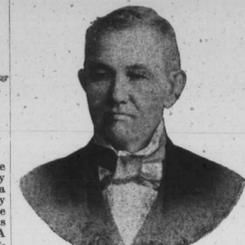
A wide range of manufactures is turned out by this industry. They manufacture fingering, Saxony and worsted yarns of every description and wheeling and woolen yarns in all grades. These yarns occupy a first place in the market, a reputation for thoroughly reliable goods having long since been acquired by the Guelph Woolen Mills. Standing as it does on a site that from the infancy of the settlement down to the present time has been the scene of industrial activity it rightly may claim a foremost place in any publication that aims at the purpose to which this issue of The Herald is devoted.

### Made the Business Hum.

CARTLEDGE & SON HAVE MET WITH GREAT SUCCESS IN THE WOOLEN TRADE.

Their Large and Well-Equipped Mills

POPULARITY, DURABILITY AND GENERAL EXCELLENCE OF THE PRODUCTS OF THEIR INDUSTRY.



MR. JOSEPH CARLEDGE.

It has been well said that he is a public benefactor who makes two blades of grass grow where only one grew before. In the wide domain of industrial pursuits there are many men who in the promotion of their individual interests have largely promoted the general good. A little more than a year ago the large woolen mill situated at Gow's bridge was closed down. Its machinery was silent; its hands idle. People bemoaned the fact that what promised to be a thriving industry giving work to many hands and contributing a material quota to the city's business activity had collapsed with little, if any, hope of resuscitation.

Then Joseph Cartledge & Son took hold of the enterprise. Their large experience in the business; and their wide connection with the big wholesale houses of the country gave them confidence that they would succeed where others had failed. The result has been signally satisfactory. The mill is again running and fifty hands, continually find employment, including those out-

that is at once interesting and instructive to the visitor. Arranged around a long table or series of tables are the knitting machines at which girls turn out with marvellous rapidity well knitted stockings and mitts. The power to run the machinery is obtained from the River Speed and is generated by a large water wheel. No factory in the country has a better equipment for the operations which it is intended to perform. The machinery is not only of the latest design, but it is arranged with every regard for convenience, comfort and economy, in the conduct of the industry.

The firm ships goods to all parts of the Dominion. Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, and other centres of the Lower Provinces handle a great deal of their manufacture. The trade has



been built up by the reputation of Cartledge & Son's goods. Their manufactures are just what they represent them to be and are well made from the very best materials.

Prior to purchasing the large mill, the firm confined its operations to their knitting factory on Quebec street, an industry that is still humming and employing a large number of hands.

Mr. Joseph Cartledge, the senior member of the firm, is an interesting type of the fine old English gentleman. Since boyhood he has been connected with the woolen industry, and

### WHERE Carpets ARE MADE

GUELPH CAN BOAST OF THE FINEST FACTORY IN THE DOMINION.

In 1874 the late Andrew Armstrong, his brother John, now of Maries, and A. W. Wright, the well-known orator and journalist, founded the "Armstrong Carpet Co." and commenced business at Gow's mill. Two years later they erected the frame building near Neeve street bridge and moved their hand looms there. The business steadily expanded, other buildings were added, and finally the magnificent stone structure that so eloquently demonstrates the prominent place this industry occupies in the Royal City, was erected.

Mr. Robert Dods entered the concern fourteen years ago. Two years ago, on the death of Mr. Andrew Armstrong, he assumed the sole proprietorship. What Mr. Dods has accomplished the continued prosperity of the business plainly indicates. Fourteen steam looms are at work; and they are the finest made. In fact, the equipment is the best in the Dominion and will compare favorably with any in the United States.

The company turns out all kinds of wool and union ingrain carpets. Their patterns are obtained from the best Philadelphia designers and are noted for their thoroughly artistic effects. Indeed for appearance as well as durability the Armstrong carpets have no superiors on the continent. From Halifax in the east to the Pacific Slope the products of this industry find a prominent place in the warehouses of the large dealers. A proof of the enduring and increasingly successful character of this enterprise is found in the fact that at the present time its large facilities are more severely taxed than ever before in meeting the demands of the trade. The capacity of the factory is over 3,000 yards per week.

Mr. Dods is a thoroughly popular business man, well liked by his employees, and enjoying the confidence of his large connection of customers. He gives his business his whole attention and its gratifying success is largely to be attributed to the energy and ability which he has brought to bear on its direction.

### Flour —FOR— THE MILLION

### JAMES GOLDIE'S PEOPLES' MILLS

ARE ONE OF GUELPH'S POWERFUL INDUSTRIES

Of all the great staple products entering largely into general consumption no one comes in measurable distance in point of interest and importance to flour, and when ever the word "flour" is mentioned in or around the City of Guelph "The People's Mills" naturally suggest themselves, owing to the pre-eminence they occupy in that line of industry.

These mills were established thirty-five years ago, Mr. James Goldie being sole proprietor. The mill itself is a gigantic building. It is five stories high and measures 90x40 feet. The accessories to the mill consist of an elevator for storing grain, 70x20 and two large storehouses. The machinery with which the mill is equipped is of the latest and most improved pattern, every improvement that ingenuity could suggest having been brought into use, making the mills not only the most perfect and costly, but the most complete in the use of modern ideas and inventive genius.

The location and general surroundings of these mills prove very favorable for the expeditious transaction of a large and growing business. The natural resources of the situation are brought to bear, the driving power being supplied by five water wheels of 35 horse power each. Besides this there is a cross compound Wheelock engine of 350 horse power, manufactured by the celebrated firm of Goldie & McCulloch, Galt, who furnished the entire machinery for the mill. The railroad facilities are unrivalled, side tracks for both C.P.R. and G.T.R. enable them to either load or unload their cars with great dispatch.

The mills have a capacity of 600 barrels per day and constant employment is given to about 50 men. Some idea of the extent of the business may be gathered from the fact that these mills are kept running day and night without interruption and consume 100,000 bushels of wheat annually. Everything combines together to make this possible, the storage facilities being equal to 125,000 bushels of wheat and 10,000 barrels of flour. The principal brands of flour produced are the Ayrshire Rose, Gilt Edge, People's, Chancellor and many others, which are unrivalled for quality, purity and uniform excellence, and are general favorites with the trade and public wherever introduced. They have found ready sale in all quarters of the Dominion. In the Maritime Provinces Goldie's Flour occupies first place, and the increasingly large shipments sent there indicate that its popularity is steadily growing.

Everything connected with these mills is up to date. The protection against fire is par excellence, the Waltham system of automatic sprinklers being in use. Every story has a hose and stand pipe connected with two water supplies, viz. the city water works and the mill pump.

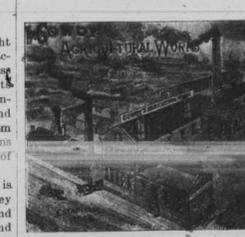
No name occupies a higher place on the roll of Guelph's citizenry than that of Goldie. Mr. James Goldie long since earned the respect and esteem of all classes in the community. No worthy movement ever fails of receiving his helping hand; no man in the city has a broader grasp of the questions that affect the well being of a community than he. The magnificent industry of which he is the founder is an enduring monument to his business ability and the affectionate regard entertained for him by his fellow citizens is a tribute to the many good qualities that adorn his character.

Associated with Mr. Goldie in business are his four sons, James, has charge of the mill and the work of the business department falls on John, Roswald and Lincoln.

### Makers of Machinery.

GOWDY & CO.

TURN OUT FIRST-CLASS FARM IMPLEMENTS.



In such a rich agricultural province as Ontario is, and in the centre of the garden of that province, the production of farm implements is fittingly a necessary and successful enterprise. The Gowdy Manufacturing Co. is one of Guelph's old-established industrial concerns, and one that has done much to give the Royal City the reputation it enjoys as a manufacturing centre.

Mr. Thos. Gowdy, the founder of the business, is one of the old veterans in municipal life. He served at the council board for many years, and was twice chosen by the electors to fill the office of mayor. In the Board of Education and Board of Trade he has at various times been a leading figure. In all these offices Mr. Gowdy has performed the duties devolving on him with dignity and tact and when the occasion

required, with commendable aggressiveness. The agricultural implement works were established in 1876, and two years later the present proprietors assumed control. They employ forty hands and send the products of their industry to all parts of the Dominion, and even to far-away Australia. Of the character of these products it seems almost unnecessary to speak. Farmers have long since recognized that the name "Gowdy" stamped on any implement is a guarantee that it is reliable in every respect. The firm has a big range of manufactures. They turn out Diamond Tempered Steel Board Plows, two and three furrow Gang Plows, Root Pulpers and Slicers, Land Rollers, Straw Cutters, Horse Powers, Turnip Seed Sowers, Fanning Mills, Hayrakes, Reapers, Mowers, Agricultural Furnaces, Lawn Mowers, etc. In to all these implements the very best of material is put and the workmanship is always beyond criticism. The products of this line of manufacture are subjected to keener competition and severer tests than probably those of any other in the Dominion, and it is gratifying to know that among the people who use them Gowdy's implements have always retained their popularity.

The very extensive works of this firm are located on Suffolk street. The main building is of stone, 80 by 40 feet in size; the moulding and blacksmith shop is 80 by 40; the polishing shop 24 by 80; store house, 30 by 60; boiler room 24 by 40, while the office is conveniently situated in a building 20 by 30 feet.

The past year has been an exceedingly prosperous one with the Gowdy Manufacturing Co. and the wish will be general that continued prosperity may be before it in the future.

Concerns Every Housewife
A WORD ABOUT THE EXCELLENT BRANDS OF SOAP MADE BY A. LINTON.

Our Monetary Institutions

THEY ARE A RELIABLE REFLEX OF THE ROYAL CITY'S SOLIDITY.

Located in Commodious Premises

DIRECTED BY CAPABLE FINANCIERS AND MANNED BY ABLE AND OBLIGING OFFICERS.

Of all the industries which contribute to the welfare and comfort of our home life, there is none so important as the manufacture of soap.

The enthusiastic Britisher regards his country's present commercial supremacy as enduring as the white cliffs of Dover and treats Macaulay's dream of the naked New Zealander sketching the ruins of St. Paul's from the broken arch of the bridge that now spans the river of ten thousand masts as a figment of a highly colored imagination.

Mr. Linton, the proprietor of the Guelph Soap Company, began the manufacture of his famous brands, knowing the need of the public. His object is to satisfy these wants in the production of a good sound article.

The premises occupied by the Guelph Soap Company, are located on Waterloo street, and comprise two floors, each measuring 30x70 feet.

Besides the soaps already mentioned, the company manufacture toilet soaps in large quantities. These prove very delightful and soothing to the skin, and are greatly favored by every home uses them.

A WORD ABOUT THEIR PULPERS.

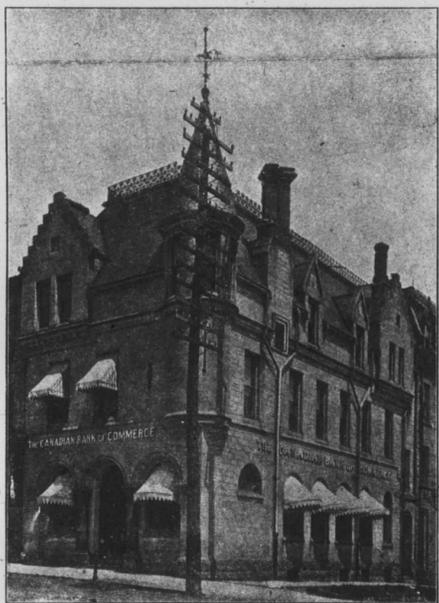
More widely known among the farming community of the Province than any other industry of which Guelph can boast is Tolton Bros' agricultural implement works.

The enthusiastic Britisher regards his country's present commercial supremacy as enduring as the white cliffs of Dover and treats Macaulay's dream of the naked New Zealander sketching the ruins of St. Paul's from the broken arch of the bridge that now spans the river of ten thousand masts as a figment of a highly colored imagination.

centres of finance and exchange are busy and prosperous it is safe to conclude that along the avenues to which they constitute the circulating centre there must be activity and prosperity.

Solid and Prosperous

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE REFLECTS OUR NATIONAL STABILITY.



THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING, Corner St. George's Square and Quebec Street.

The subject of this sketch, Mr. Duff, the manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in this city, is well worthy of the high position in which he is placed.

The Government statement for October are \$29,383,276. The balance due by foreign correspondents amounts to \$3,778,727.

The Bank of Commerce was incorporated and opened for business in 1867, since which time its career has been one of steady growth and prosperity.

The representatives of the Bank of Commerce are of the strongest and most influential nature, extending throughout Canada, the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, Australia and New Zealand, South America, Mexico, the West Indies, Bermuda, and South Africa.

Its Record Spells Success

SOMETHING ABOUT THE TRADERS BANK AND ITS GUELPH BRANCH.



Prominent among the leading Banks of the city is the Traders Bank of Canada, whose premises are located at the corner of Wyndham and Quebec streets.

A large business is conducted in this Bank by the farming community. The treatment that all its customers receive at the hands of this bank is marked by the deepest courtesy and individual attention.

The Traders Bank of Canada has an authorized capital stock of \$1,000,000, of which \$700,000 is paid up, and \$35,000 has been set aside for surplus.

He is a man of experience, energy and conservative principles. Mr. Jones is very popular in the city, and maintains the good will of all who chance to meet him, either socially, or in a business way.

A Strong Institution

THE GUELPH AND ONTARIO INVESTMENT AND SAVINGS SOCIETY'S SUCCESSFUL HISTORY.



The Guelph and Ontario Investment and Savings Society is one of the strongest Loan and Savings Institution in the Province.

The manner in which all money is invested offers the greatest security to depositors.

The course pursued by the board of management is at once conservative and judicious, keeping the business within the strictest limits, compatible with profitable investments.

The religious fervor manifested at such an early date intensified with the increase and expansion of the community and soon church building went hand in hand with the energetic efforts shown in the promotion of more material interests.

The report which the directors presented to the shareholders for 1894 was eminently satisfactory.

In these times of keen business competition, an institution governed by a body of men of the stamp of this directorate is a sure bulwark against any depression.

New Home

THE DOMINION BANK WILL AUGMENT ITS PAST SUCCESS.

The Dominion Bank of Canada, the incorporated Branch of which is under the management of Mr. A. Pepler, is one of the most prosperous and successful banking institutions in the province.

A general banking business is carried on here. The most particular attention is paid to all details, including collections for United States bankers and firms, and remittances are made promptly and at specially moderate rates.

Mr. Pepler, manager of the Guelph branch, deserves great credit for what he has accomplished since the management came into his hands.

Churches

Royal City

HISTORY OF SOME OF THE EDIFICES ERECTED FOR THE GLORY AND WORSHIP OF GOD.

Sketches About the Congregations

AND THE WORK THEY HAVE ACCOMPLISHED FOR THE MORAL WELL BEING OF THIS COMMUNITY.

Guelph has never been designated the City of Churches, though probably no place of its size on this fair continent can boast a finer lot of edifices devoted to public worship.

The religious fervor manifested at such an early date intensified with the increase and expansion of the community and soon church building went hand in hand with the energetic efforts shown in the promotion of more material interests.

The handsome stone edifice now standing on the corner of Norfolk and Suffolk streets was built in the year 1857.

St. George's Church



The first St. George's church was erected by the Rev. Arthur Palmer, who came to Guelph in 1832. It was a substantial building of wood, and was fully paid for when opened in the spring of 1833.

At the same time the spacious rectory was erected; both are now entirely out of debt. St. George's church is a beautiful specimen of early decorated English, and in having proportion and beauty of design, there is nothing to surpass it in Western Canada.

Church Wardens—Dr. Lett, Mr. John J. Drew.

Lay delegates to Synod—J. M. Bond, S. J. Taylor, Robert Gausby.

Soc. Treas.—St. George's Cemetery—Dr. Lett.

Sidesmen—E. A. Harland, S. J. Taylor, J. A. Nelles, R. Gausby, A. Lacey, A. E. Lyon, Geo. Buswell, J. M. Bond, A. Pepler, D. Jackson, H. Gummer, W. Reynolds, Jas. Davison, W. G. Bond, H. Murton, J. Hallett, R. Harvey, W. C. Walker.

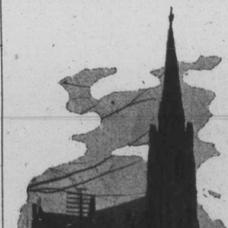
Organist—Mrs. G. Harvey.

Choir Master—Mr. T. C. Dawson.

Sexton—W. P. Howard.

Mission services are held on alternate Sundays by the clergy at Farnham and Watson's school house.

St. Andrew's Church



Congregationally, this church may be regarded as the pioneer of Presbyterianism in Guelph. The first sacrament held in Guelph was on Nov. 4th, 1832.

The handsome stone edifice now standing on the corner of Norfolk and Suffolk streets was built in the year 1857.

tions. The cost of the original structure was in the neighborhood of \$18,000. Necessity having arisen for more accommodation as the congregation gradually increased, a further financial outlay took place, amounting to well nigh \$7,000 in the year 1878-79. Additional seating capacity was thereby provided for 300 persons, and a pipe organ was soon after put in as an auxiliary to the service of praise. The seating capacity of the church now is, including the east and west transepts and galleries, 750.

The church having been erected during a vacancy in the pastorate, shortly after its completion and formal dedication the congregation called the Rev. John Hogg, D.D., formerly a U.P. minister in Scotland, to do pulpit and pastoral work among them. He was inducted by the Presbytery of Guelph in 1838 over the charge, and continued to officiate with marked fidelity for the space of 18 years, when death called him to join the Church triumphant.

Happily, the vacancy which then ensued was again one of short duration. The Rev. J. C. Smith, M.A., B.D., was unanimously chosen as Dr. Hogg's immediate successor. The pastor also was in the charge of St. Paul's congregation in the city of Hamilton, and was in due course formally translated from said field, to St. Andrew's, Guelph, in the spring of 1877. Since the induction of the present incumbent the personnel of the congregation has been largely changed. It has, however, greatly increased in numerical strength and resources of various kinds.

As to official equipment the session is composed at the present time of the pastor as Moderator, and eighteen ruling elders. The Board of Managers embraces twelve members. The King's Daughters, The Young People's Society, the W.F.M.S., the H.M.S., the S.S., B. C., etc., are in active operation and co-operation in their several spheres. The membership on roll of communicants at date numbers over 500 persons.

With a property as valuable as theirs is (church and manse), against which but nominal claims financially exist, the congregation should, we think, feel itself happy and comparatively free to give material aid under the Spirit's impulse and baptism to missionary efforts in the "regions beyond." According to its last published annual report, St. Andrew's contributed between seven and eight hundred dollars during the year into the general Mission Fund of the Presbyterian church in Canada, and for all purposes, local and general, \$4,300. There are over two hundred families connected with St. Andrew's church.

**Norfolk St. Methodist**



Norfolk Street Methodist Church was organized in 1836. Messrs. James Hough and Wm. Stevenson were among the leading spirits who were active in assisting in its organization at that time. The following year they appointed Mr. Fear, a local preacher, as their minister. They then occupied what was termed the red chapel on Nottingham street, and for two years continued to hold services in it. In 1837 their organization was recognized by the first Conference over which Rev. Mr. Nankeville, the then pastor of the church in Guelph, presided. Under Rev. Mr. Nankeville the Methodists erected a very comfortable frame church on the corner of Norfolk and Cork streets, the site of the present fine church of the body in Guelph. Their progress was sure and steady and at intervals additions and improvements were added as required by the growing congregations. From 1839 to 1856 the following ministers conducted the services in the church: Rev. Messrs. Benjamin Slight, 1840; Ed. Stoney, 1841; T. Fawcett, 1842-43; Harry Byrnes, 1844; J. Booth, 1845; S. Fear, 1846; John Hunt, 1847; Chas. Fish, 1848-49; W. S. Griffin, 1850; Geo. Goodson, 1851-52; and Lewis Warner, 1853-54-55. Under Mr. Warner the original part of the present building began and the dedication services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Cooney, who became pastor in 1856.

Between 1856 and 1876, the following pastors officiated: Rev. Messrs. Douse, Jock, Carroll, Griffin, Harper and Howard. In 1876 the Rev. Dr. Ryckman took charge of the church and since then Rev. Wm. Williams, W.S. Griffin, J. W. Holmes, N. K. Willoughby, Jas. Hannon and W. C. Henderson have successively assumed the pastorate. During Dr. Ryckman's pastorate great alterations and improvements were made. The old church was completely modernized under the able direction of Mr. Jno. Hall, architect, and is now a place of worship of which any city and denomination might well feel proud. About six years ago, during the pastorate of Rev. Dr. Willoughby, still further improvements were made. The floor was relaid after the method that so largely and deservedly finds favor now, that is, on a slant. New and elegant chairs were placed in it and a handsome vestibule added. The present office holders are as follows:—

Rev. W. C. Henderson, D.D., pastor. Quarterly Official Board.—The pastor, Rev. John Hough, Rev. Dr. Griffin, Rev. Wm. Savage, the S. S. superintendent, and the president of the Epworth League.

Stewards—James Mills, M.A., L.L.D., Jno. Crowe, Geo. Anderson, A. H. Deike, T. F. Savage, John Hutton. Recording Steward—W. G. Smith. Secretary—Ph. de Carteret. Treasurer—W. G. Smith.

The church is in a flourishing condition and is one of the best appointed and most prosperous in the city.

quite behind the times, it was superseded by the present church building which was erected in 1877, the late Mr. Stephen Boulton being architect. It was a bold undertaking for a congregation of its limited size and slender means, but the people were united, energetic and liberal, and ere long had the satisfaction of finding themselves out of debt. The purchase of an excellent organ, that now in use, followed shortly afterwards. Since Mr. Clark's resignation of the pastorate his successors have been Rev. W. Manche in 1873; Rev. D. McGregor in 1879, and Rev. B. Williams in 1890. Early in Mr. Williams' pastorate the church was enlarged and improved by the addition of a chancel, minister's vestry, new stained glass windows, ornamentation of the spire, etc., at a cost of upwards of \$6,000. It is now interiorly and exteriorly, one of the handsomest and best appointed churches in the city.

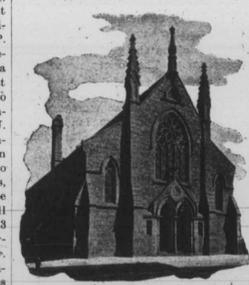
**First Baptist Church**

The First Baptist church was organized May 9th, 1853, with seventeen members. After worshipping in private houses for over a year a lot was purchased, on which was built a frame chapel. This house was located on Norfolk street, nearly opposite the Congregational church. In 1857 the organization was recognized by the first Conference over which Rev. Mr. Nankeville, the then pastor of the church in Guelph, presided. Under Rev. Mr. Nankeville the Methodists erected a very comfortable frame church on the corner of Norfolk and Cork streets, the site of the present fine church of the body in Guelph. Their progress was sure and steady and at intervals additions and improvements were added as required by the growing congregations. From 1839 to 1856 the following ministers conducted the services in the church: Rev. Messrs. Benjamin Slight, 1840; Ed. Stoney, 1841; T. Fawcett, 1842-43; Harry Byrnes, 1844; J. Booth, 1845; S. Fear, 1846; John Hunt, 1847; Chas. Fish, 1848-49; W. S. Griffin, 1850; Geo. Goodson, 1851-52; and Lewis Warner, 1853-54-55. Under Mr. Warner the original part of the present building began and the dedication services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Cooney, who became pastor in 1856.



The following served as pastors: Rev. John Clark, J. H. Harvan, George Crafty, John Soule, and Mr. Mackie. In 1874 Rev. Dr. Davidson was called to the pastorate, and under his labors the present building was enlarged and completed and many members were added to the church. He was followed by Rev. Mr. Durkie, whose pastorate next pastor of the church, and resigned his charge in 1880. Rev. Mr. Dawley accepted the invitation of the church Nov. 27, 1881, and remained until Aug. 1885. His pastorate was very successful. Rev. Mr. Weir was called to the pastorate shortly after, remaining four years, and resigning August, 1890. About this time over one hundred members went out to form Trinity Baptist church. The present pastor, Rev. W. Hartley, came from Philadelphia five years ago. These have been years of unity, growth and continuous success. Over two hundred have been received into the church since Mr. Hartley came. The church has an excellent Sunday school, under the superintendency of Mr. F. D. Clarke, two Christian Endeavor Societies, and a live Women's Missionary Society. The beautiful church building is admirably adapted for the purposes of worship. While many workers have contributed to make the present success possible, special mention should be made of the untiring consecration of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Raymond, which has manifested itself in so many ways, especially in the thousands of dollars so generously contributed to the building and support of the church.

**Chalmers Church**

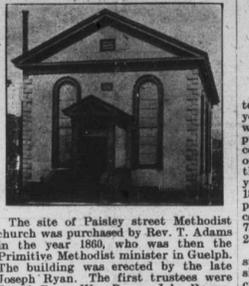


The congregation of Chalmers church, though one of the youngest in the city, is in influence and members one of the strongest. It was organized on the 27th of July, 1868, with a membership of one hundred and fourteen, and without a dollar's worth of church property. That there was a place for it in the religious community has been demonstrated by the rapid progress it has made since its organization. The church property is situated on Quebec street, adjoining the Bank of Montreal, and has sitting accommodation for about six hundred and fifty.

The first pastor was Rev. Dr. Wardrop, who came from Knox church, Ottawa, to Guelph in 1869. Under his able ministrations the congregation rapidly grew, and in 1871 the church edifice, a handsome stone structure of Gothic design, was completed. For 23 years Dr. Wardrop acted as pastor and had the privilege of seeing the church in free of debt during his ministry. In 1890 a handsome pipe organ was introduced to assist in the service of praise. Dr. Wardrop resigned his pastorate in November, 1892, the congregation at that date numbering four hundred and eighty members. After a brief vacancy a call was extended to the present pastor, Rev. R. J. M. Glassford, then of

Streetsville, Ont. Mr. Glassford assumed the pastoral work in Guelph in May, 1893, and is continuing the good work so successfully commenced and carried on by his predecessor. The membership at present is upwards of six hundred, and in the near future increased sitting room must be provided. The plans for this purpose are now in the hands of the managers, and if carried out will give a total seating accommodation of about one thousand. The congregation is fully organized and has more than a local reputation in the matter of missionary and benevolent work. The heads of departments are as follows: Chairman, Board of Managers, David Stirton, Esq.; Superintendent of Sunday school, Mr. A. J. Little; President, Y.P.S.C.E., Mr. Robert Harcourt; President, Missionary Association, Mr. David Young; President, W.M.S., Mrs. Barclay; President, Ladies' Benevolent Society, Mrs. Glassford; President, Mission Band, Miss Janet Melvin.

**Paisley St. Methodist**



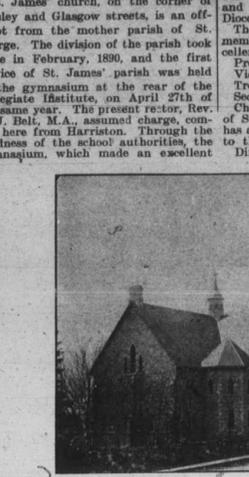
The site of Paisley street Methodist church was purchased by Rev. T. Adams in the year 1860, who was then the Primitive Methodist minister in Guelph. The building was erected by the late Joseph Ryan, Wm. Brown, John Brown, Wm. Welsh, John Hokin.

In 1861, Rev. T. Natras succeeded Mr. Adams for the term of three years. Revs. G. Haigh and W. Morton then officiated in 1864 and 1865 respectively, and were followed in 1866 by Rev. G. Wood, who remained 3 years, during which time the church was re-modelled. Mr. Wood was re-appointed in 1871, and remained another three years, when the parsonage was built on the church lot. In 1869 and 1870, the pulpit was filled by Rev. J. W. Gilpin one year, and Rev. T. Crompton one year. Rev. E. H. Middleton succeeded Rev. G. Wood in 1874, and remained three years, when his place was taken by Rev. J. W. Robinson, who remained four years, up to the time of union of the various Methodist churches in Guelph. The first pastor of Paisley street church after the union was the Rev. Wm. Savage, now superannuated, remaining in the city, who was succeeded by Rev. Mr. White, of Hespeler, and the church was conducted as a mission, after which the Rev. G. H. Cobbleck was pastor for two years.

Since that time the church has been supplied by preachers, among whom were: Revs. W. H. Harvey, W. J. Magwood, J. S. Humphreys, J. H. McLean, now ordained minister of the Methodist church. Paisley street church at present has about 200 members, with fully equipped Sabbath School and Epworth League of Christian Endeavor.

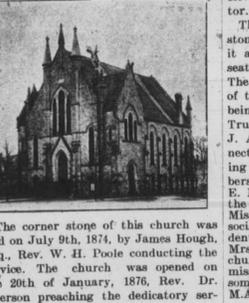
The present pastor is the Rev. Thos. P. Perry, S.S. Superintendent of the Territorial, Secretary-Treasurer of Trustee Board, Mr. D. Barlow.

**St. James' Church**



St. James' church, on the corner of Paisley and Glasgow streets, is an offshoot from the mother parish of St. George. The division of the parish took place in February, 1890, and the first service of St. James' parish was held in the gymnasium at the rear of the Collegiate Institute, on April 27th of the same year. The present pastor, Rev. A. J. Bell, M.A., assumed charge, commencing his ministrations through the kindness of the school authorities, the gymnasium, which made an excellent

**Dublin St. Methodist**



The church wardens are Messrs. T. W. Saunders and R. M. Lindsay; Lieut.-Col. White and Messrs. Matthew Jones and J. G. Bell being delegates to the Diocesan Synod.

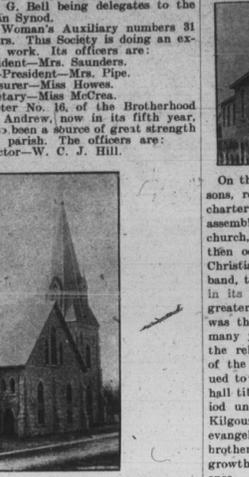
The Women's Auxiliary numbers 31 members. This Society is doing an excellent work. Its officers are: President—Mrs. Saunders. Vice-President—Mrs. Pipe. Treasurer—Miss Howes. Secretary—Miss McCrea. Chapter No. 16, of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, now in its fifth year, has also been a source of great strength to the parish. The officers are: Director—W. C. J. Hill.

On the 11th of May, 1876, fifteen persons, representing eight families, the charter members of this congregation, assembled for the first time as a church, in a hall on Wyndham street, then occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association. Of this Hall the elder and leading spirit, both band, the organization and through the greater part of its subsequent history, was the Rev. James Kilgour, who for many years took a prominent part in the religious and educational affairs of the city. The congregation continued to worship in the Wyndham street hall till March, 1882, during which period under the ministrations of Mr. Kilgour with occasional assistance by evangelists supported by the general brotherhood, the church enjoyed a steady growth, both in numbers and in influence.

In December, 1881, it was decided to purchase Zion chapel, then unoccupied and offered for sale. Though by no means strong either in numbers or financially, the congregation, by a special effort on the part of the members, and with the aid of friends, contrived to raise the purchase money in full, thus fortunately or otherwise securing freedom from the incubus of a building debt, an item in church financing which, from its prevalence, is now generally taken for granted, and regarded as a necessary evil. The formal opening of the new church home was on the fifth of March, 1882. Rev. Mr. Kilgour continued to preach for the church until advanced age and failing strength compelled him to withdraw from active duties. Since then the church has been served by Revs. F. W. Bangleman—whose untimely death by drowning in the midst of a most promising work in Bowmanville will be regretfully remembered by many—J. K. Hester, George Fowler, and F. W. O'Malley. The last named, however, had scarcely been installed in June of this year, when, as the result of a severe previous strain, his health broke down and much to the regret of the congregation he felt himself unable to continue and forced to seek rest and retirement. Rev. J. B. Yager is the present pastor of the church, and in the few months in which he has been here by his earnestness and devotion to the work, endeared himself to the members. The church has enjoyed a continuous and steady growth, and all its departments, including Sunday School, Y.P.S.C.E., Mission bands, etc., are carried on with zeal and energy.

The regular services of the church are held every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School at 2:35 p.m., Y.P.S.C.E. after the Sunday evening service, and prayer meeting on Wednesday evening. To all of these services strangers and others are most cordially invited.

**Zion Church**



The church was built of Guelph cut stone, the style of architecture giving it a very fine appearance. It has a seating capacity of 800 and cost \$26,000. The Quarterly Official Board consists of twenty-eight members, Alfred Smith being the Recording Steward. The Trustee Board has twelve members, J. A. Davidson being Secretary. Connected with the church is a flourishing Sunday School of over 600 members, under the superintendency of R. E. Nelson. The other organizations of the church are: Epworth League, Mrs. E. R. Wright, President; Ladies' Association, Mrs. Thos. Gowdy, President; Women's Missionary Auxiliary, Mrs. E. R. Bolter, President. The church raises about \$300 annually for missions. The membership is now something over 500. Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., is the present pastor.

**Church of Our Lady**

Reference has already been made to the early labors of Father Campion, the pioneer missionary of the Roman Catholic church in these parts. In the first year of the settlement of Guelph, the Canada Company, in laying out the village, named Macdonnell street after Bishop Macdonnell and gave to the Catholic church the land that they now occupy. The congregation in 1832 erected a frame church, which was burned down on Oct. 10th, 1834. For a time Mass was celebrated in the court house and then the work of building the old stone church was in-



augurated. A plain but imposing structure it was and in its early days was the pride of the zealous flock, who had by dint of much labor and many sacrifices erected it.

Rev. Father Holtzer, S.J., took charge of the congregation in 1840 and for a great many years labored zealously in the promotion of its spiritual welfare. Rev. Father Hamel, S.J., came here about 1875, and it was under his direction that the present magnificent temple was begun. The corner stone of the new edifice was laid in 1877 by Monseigneur Conroy, then Papal Alegate, and the work of building a frame church, which was burned down in the rear was proceeded with. When completed two years later this new portion was joined to the old building and served to temporarily answer the pressing needs for more accommodation.

Rev. W. J. Doherty became parish priest in 1883. The completion of the great work begun by Father Hamel, which has already been expounded about \$130,000. It will cost about \$109,000 to complete it according to the plan. On the same property there are also erected the rectory, the Loretto Convent and Boarding Schools, and the R.C. Separate Schools at a cost of about \$75,000.

The present parish priest is Rev. Geo. B. Kenny, S.J., known throughout Canada as one of her most brilliant pulpit orators. With him are associated Rev. Henry Kavanagh, S.J., and Rev. J. O'Loane, S.J.

The leading societies in connection with the church are St. Vincent de Paul, League of the Cross, and the League of the Sacred Heart.

**Congregational Church**

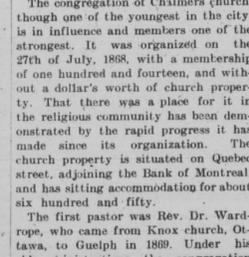
The Guelph Congregational church originated in a meeting for worship which was commenced in the spring of 1833, held in the house of the late Mr. Samuel Wright, who on his removal to a larger dwelling devoted two rooms, thrown into one, for the purpose. The stone schoolhouse which stood a few yards from the Grand Trunk Railway station, and may be said to have been the cradle of nearly all the church organizations of the city, was afterwards the place of meeting, until February, 1840, when the first Congregational church edifice was dedicated, the pastor being Rev. W. P. Wastell. The Rev. H. Denny had previously officiated as minister for a time, but Mr. Wastell was the first pastor. In these early days the two leading Congregationalists who "seemed to be pillars" were Messrs. C. J. Mickle and Thos. Hodgskin. Prominent among the adherents, in addition to Mr. Wright already mentioned, who was a Baptist, were T. Sandilands, J. Inglis, and Macdonald, the last three having been seceders. Mr. Wastell was succeeded in the pastorate in 1843 by Rev. L. McClashan, who was followed in 1845 by Rev. Elisha Martin. Rev. J. J. Braine was pastor from 1846 until the settlement of Rev. James



Howell in 1857. He was succeeded in 1860 by Rev. W. F. Clarke and shortly after his coming the church was furnished with galleries and otherwise improved, but becoming too small and

**Knox Church**

The Canada Company granted in free gift to Knox church congregation a building lot on Yarmouth street where the Raymond factory now stands. The corner stone of the first church building was laid on the 26th of May, 1817. Rev. J. G. Macgregor, the first pastor, resigned the pastorate of the church in July, 1852, and became the principal of the school in Elora. Rev. Samuel Young was pastor from 1853 to 1858, when he returned to Scotland. Mr. D. H. MacVicar began his ministry here in October, 1859,



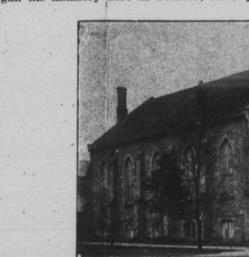
for the public services during 1869, the building was dedicated to the worship of God by Rev. J. K. Smith in the beginning of the year 1870. Messrs. Martin, Mair, Wilkie, McGuire, Anderson and McTavish have filled the office of Sunday School Superintendent. Mr. J. A. McCrea has been Superintendent continuously during the last ten years, with Mr. Andrew Scott Assistant-Superintendent, and Mr. R. Johnston Superintendent of the Branch School. Mr. H. Weatherston is teacher of the Bible class. The Board of Management at the present time consists of Messrs. Robt.

**Trinity Baptist Church**

Trinity Baptist Church was organized in September, 1890, with a membership of slightly over 100. On November of the same year, a unanimous call was extended to Rev. J. B. Freeman, to become the pastor. Pastor Freeman remained until about a year ago, when he resigned to accept the pastorate of the Baptist church of Fredericton, N.B.

The church began by holding its services in the Knights of Labor hall on Wyndham street. In spite of the many disadvantages attendant upon attempts to carry on church work under such circumstances, vigorous efforts were put forth to secure a suitable lot for building purposes. The best available lot in the city was purchased for \$1250, from Mr. C. Klopfer, and paid for in cash, before building operations were begun early in 1892. Plans for a building were secured from Mr. Edmund Burke, the noted church architect, of Toronto. The building was ready for opening services Jan. 15, 1893.

The edifice, of which a cut is shown in this issue, reflects great credit upon the architect. It is thoroughly modern in all its appointments. Rev. J. C. McEwan, Baptist Mission secretary—a man who is familiar with church buildings in all parts of Canada—has stated that this building has far better equipment than any church he has seen at anything like the cost. The build-



ing and furniture cost, approximately, \$6,500. This cost, together with cost in lot and value of gifts of furnishings, etc., makes a church property worth over \$10,000. Seating capacity 450. As a worthy successor to the previous highly successful pastor, the church has been fortunate in securing Rev. J. W. Weeks to fill the pastoral office. He began his work in January last. His preaching is markedly earnest in manner and spiritual in tone. Several recent additions to the membership have raised the names on the roll to 165.

Young People's work has always formed an important feature of the church. The members of the Y.P.S.C.E. number upwards of fifty.

The Sunday school is under the faithful care of Mr. W. R. Evans.

Mr. Alexander Stewart was chosen clerk when the church was organized and has continued to discharge the duties of his office until the present time. Mr. E. L. Hill, B.A., is church treasurer, while the position of organist and song leader is ably filled by Miss Eva Couch.

**B. M. E. Church**

An eloquent tribute to the zeal and self-sacrifice of its little flock is the B. M. E. Church on Essex street. The colored people of the city were for many years without a church. In 1870 by dint of hard work, on their own part and liberal assistance from friends of other denominations, they built a frame edifice and Rev. Thos. Jefferson was appointed its pastor by the B. M. E. Conference. In 1880 when Rev. G. B. Roberts had charge of the congregation the present comfortable and commodious stone edifice was erected. Following Mr. Roberts came Revs. B. Stewart, Seth D. A. Smith, J. J. Moore, T. C. Oliver and the present minister, Rev. W. H. Davis. The membership is on the increase and the church is a fairly prosperous condition. The attendance frequently reaches 150.

**VIEW OF GARDEN STREET**



# Men Who Have Made Their Mark

The Merchants of Guelph and the Magnificent Establishments They Have Built Up.

Evidences of Solidity and Prosperity.

INTERESTING PARTICULARS ABOUT ENTERPRISES THAT ARE THE RESULT OF CAPABLE DIRECTION AND MANAGEMENT.

John Galt called Waterloo avenue in the early days "The Glory of Guelph." That glory long since departed, however, and now the traveller passing through or visiting the city sees in the magnificent sweep of her principal business street her chief pride. More imposing individual structures are to be found in other cities, but nowhere in Canada can the eye rest on such uniform and continuous blocks of solid stone as those which constitute the business centre of the Royal City.

Guelph is built on a rock and almost as solid as a rock. The limestone which has been quarried in such abundance and shipped to all parts of the country has been utilized to fine advantage in the construction of all the principal buildings, and Wyndham street, from end to end is not the least imposing example of this excellent building material.

The external solidity which the business houses of Guelph present truthfully mirror their character. The record of many years can be reviewed and it tells only of continued and enduring prosperity. No striking examples of a fortune amassed can be readily cited, but testimony can be borne to the fact that there have been remarkably few failures and that now and always the

general business tone of the city has been healthy and satisfactory. Very great changes have taken place in recent years in the character of Guelph's business houses. Interiors have been remodelled and enlarged to meet the demands of increasing trade and the intensifying taste of the people for bright and attractive stores. In their interior appearance, in the comfort and conveniences they afford, Guelph stores will compare with, if not surpass, those of any like city in the Dominion.

The men who are shaping the destinies of Guelph in this important branch of her trade are worthy of the responsible interests which they control. In these days of keen competition the exigencies of business enterprise may cause a little friction among them now and then, but it and the memory of it, soon fade away. As a class none can be found more self sacrificing and energetic in the promotion of the general welfare of Guelph than her dressmakers. In any movement designed for the public good they are sure to be found in the vanguard. Guelph has reason then to be proud of her merchants and the reputable business houses which their enterprise and industry have created.

## Palace Dry Goods House

SOMETHING ABOUT E. R. BOLLERT & CO'S GREAT STORE

AND THE CAUSES THAT HAVE MADE IT GREAT.



Coupled closely with the prosperity of the Royal City in a mercantile sense is the name of E. R. Bollert & Co., a name which has come to be regarded as synonymous with success. This business was established by Mr. Bollert 11 years ago, he having been in business for seventeen years altogether. Five years ago he took in as partner Mr. Andrew Scott, who had been employed by him for some years. The premises occupied by E. R. Bollert & Co. consist of two stores and are situated at No. 25 and 27 Wyndham street. They are three stories high, with basement included, and each is divided into one or several departments requisite for such a mammoth dry goods emporium. The large plate glass fronts, in which are exhibited all manner of delicate details of a toilet, only give a faint, but, nevertheless, a correct, idea of the luxurious interior, with its many tens of thousands of dollars worth of all the textile and staple articles known to the important and extensive enterprise they represent.

On entering the establishment the visitor finds himself in the dress goods department. Silks and satins—includ-

endless variety of new materials, such as tweeds, homespuns, chevots, broches, tailor worsteds, serges, crepons, habit cloths, lustrines, delaines, etc. Among these are a number of single costume lengths in the most exclusive London and Parisian styles.

These articles are well worth seeing at any time. In fact patrons can be supplied with the newest and latest novelties in every season, for the stock is constantly being replenished with importations of choice foreign and domestic manufactures. The firm has a very high reputation for its dressmaking. Ladies not only find an unlimited selection of fabrics, but they are also assured of getting the correct style of costume if they leave their orders with the dressmaker. Their customers are to be found in every province of the Dominion, and many American ladies get their dressmaking done here.

Back of all this are the staple cottons, linens, woolsens, lace and chemise window curtains, with the glove and dress trimmings and fancy trimmings. On one side are the hosiery, corsets, underclothing and shawls. The interior of the ground floor, where all these articles are displayed, is most happily arranged and cannot help attracting the admiration of the visitor. The elegant counters, exquisite fixtures, and brilliant illuminations make it a veritable paradise for patrons to do business in.

The other store, which we have not touched on as yet, is taken up with the clothing and tailoring department, gents' furnishings, hats and caps. A specialty here is the tailoring. The ordered clothing turned out is of the very best, and at most moderate prices. Mr. Scott gives his personal supervision to this branch, and the cutter is a man of first-class experience. In



DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT - E. R. BOLLERT & CO.

ing the finest European and Asiatic—always new and beautiful, and other beautiful fabrics from the leading foreign manufacturers are here arranged with delightful taste. Extensive purchases of the season's most stylish and attractive novelties have been made, all of which are open to the inspection of patrons. In this department is an

no case, no matter how cheaply the clothing is sold, are poor trimmings or linings used. A large stock of ready-made—made by their own work-people during the dull season—is shown. These goods are much superior to the average ready-made clothing, being made as well as ordered work. Two-thirds of the upstairs of this

store is taken up with the carpet department. The stock of carpets of every grade, oilcloths, linoleums, hearth rugs, etc., is very extensive. To the rear of this is the dress-making room, while the adjoining floor is devoted to millinery, cloaks, mantles and ladies' furnishings. Hundreds of delicate creations in hats, with graceful curves, and trimmed with pretty flowers, feathers and shaded ribbons, form an effect a glance at which ought to make a woman happy. Every current fashion is represented in this bewitching display. The fine display of costumes is equally complete, including all the latest designs which would please a princess. The fashions are under the surveillance of a skilled and competent modiste, who is constantly in touch with the latest ideas. Fit and finish are the two things which are guaranteed, as the assistants are skilled artists who are versed in all the requirements of their calling. The third floor is reserved for the surplus stock, which is very heavy, also blankets, driving robes, rugs, etc.

them amply verified. Goods are sold for what they are and the prices are as low as the vast facilities of an enterprising firm can make them. In this way are old customers retained and new ones won. Public confidence in the house early engendered was the foundation of its success and is to-day one of its most valuable and valued assets.

The wide range of goods in stock—from the low priced to the very finest, that the looms of European centres of manufacture can produce—the conduct of the large business on a cash basis, no long credit being given, are elements that have conduced to success. Important, too, is the close connection existing between this house and the centre of trade. Mr. Bollert makes an annual trip to Europe to purchase goods. Untrammelled by any conditions save those suggested by the interests of his wide constituency of patrons he has a free hand in the selection of what the manufacturers of the old world can offer.

Before concluding this altogether too



MILLINERY DEPARTMENT - E. R. BOLLERT & CO.

Of the many hands employed by the firm more than half are required to cater to the wants of customers, who through the sales rooms from morning to night. The staff of help is efficient, obliging, and zealously loyal to the interests of the house, and, like the proprietor, feel a just pride in the high reputation it enjoys. As a matter of general appreciation of the business progress of the city, and as a matter of personal gratification, all who come to Guelph should visit this emporium, and see the perfect and extensive facilities possessed by this old established and responsible firm.

Of the business reputation of this well-known house it is a pleasure to speak. Outside of Guelph, and especially among the towns and villages surrounding it, E. R. Bollert & Co. have

brief description of this great business establishment, a word should be said about the worthy head of the firm. Guelph has no reason to regret the day when Mr. E. R. Bollert decided to make it his home, and, no doubt, the other party to the auspicious union feels that the gratification should be mutual. He came quietly and unostentatiously, and as quietly did he win his way to a front place among the merchants of the city. A polite, refined, intellectual gentleman in private life, these characteristics do not forsake him in the rush and bustle of business. He makes it a pleasure for people to do business with him and by his truthfulness and honesty earns their confidence and what is equally as gratifying, their continued patronage. A man of fine instincts and great discernment Mr. Bollert is esteemed



GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT - E. R. BOLLERT & CO.

many large patrons, and from no one can be heard anything but words of praise for the Royal City's palace dry goods store. The consensus of opinion in matters of trade is largely the result of personal experience. Customers of E. R. Bollert & Co. have always found every representation made to

as a worthy citizen. He has not courted public offices, but if he did so his services would be of great value to the community. In the Board of Trade he takes an active interest and on the questions that come before that body he can always be found on the side of those who favor progress.

## Merit Won Success.

THE LARGE PLACE FILLED BY W. G. SMITH IN THE CITY'S HISTORY.

## His Enterprise as a Merchant

AND THE VALUABLE SERVICES HE HAS RENDERED IN MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

It was well said a year ago by one of the most clear-headed and capable men that ever sat in the Mayor's chair that Mr. W. G. Smith, then filling that high office, for the second term, was a "model business man and a better Mayor." For twenty years Mr. Smith has been in business in this, his native city, and that period has witnessed his rise to a first place among the merchants and his secure possession of the confidence of the whole people, as a capable and honest administrator of their affairs.

From the store on the corner of Wyndham and Macdonnell streets, with which the firm name of W. G. Smith & Co. has been so long associated, Mr. Smith recently moved into brighter and more commodious quarters at No. 29 Wyndham street, four doors from the old stand, and incorporated the book business with his drug trade. His new premises is one of the finest in the city. The building is 20x59 feet, and embraces three floors. The store proper has been fitted up apparently regardless of expense. The beautiful decorative work has been supplemented by richly carved antique oak counters and shelves, embellished by beautiful plate glass mirrors. A line of incandescent lights on either side illuminates the store at night and gives a brilliant effect to its chaste decorations and well arranged stock.

The drug department is on the left side on entering and is in charge of Mr. Smith and his capable assistant, clerks. By the way, this house has an enviable record in turning out graduates. Three of the gold medalists, three silver medalists and others, taking honors at the examinations of the Pharmaceutical Association in recent years, studied under Mr. Smith. His

thorough knowledge of the business and excellent methods have been admirably reflected in his apprentices. The prescription department is located immediately to the rear of the drugs, and is most elegantly and elaborately finished and fitted up with every modern appliance and device that facilitates the careful and accurate compounding of physicians' prescriptions and family recipes. This feature of Mr. Smith's business has ever enjoyed that which no drug house can be a success without, namely, the confidence of the leading medical practitioners. The line of drugs and chemicals carried is very extensive and complete, including all of the fitting representatives of the pharmacopoeia, as well as the standard patent and proprietary medicines, perfumes, toilet accessories, fancy articles and surgical instruments. Mr. Smith is a dispensing chemist as well, and among those medicines manufactured by him that have met with public approval are: Smith's Blood Tonic, Smith's Cherry Balsam, Smith's Neuralgia Powders and Smith's Winter Fluid. All these medicines and others find a ready sale.

The book and stationery department on the right hand side of the store is successfully carried on in that stand by Mr. John Smith. A full new line of goods has been put in and the arrangement of the stock is at once tasty and attractive. It embraces works of history and fiction, in poetry and prose, by the best known authors of the past and present. There is also all of the best periodicals published in this or other countries, and added to these is a complete and attractive line of stationery of all kinds, from the plain business sheet for business purposes to the

dainty watered linen note-paper for ladies' use, blank cards, blank books, etc., galore. In fact, it would take columns to detail the stock carried on this floor, not mentioning the other floors gained by a grand stairway in the centre of the back part of the

ways-distinguishing characteristics of the popular clerk. At all times the caller at No. 29 Lower Wyndham street will find—whether a purchaser or not—evidence of appreciation for the visit. In manner Mr. Smith is a model business man, attentive and obliging



INTERIOR VIEW - W. G. SMITH & CO.

store and which is faced on every side by elegant plate glass mirrors. The second floor is principally devoted to wall paper, window shades, fancy articles and druggists' sundries, a line which in variety and general excellence of stock carried, Mr. Smith proposes to have his house excel in. The stock will always represent the newest designs, latest innovations and lowest prices.

The general stock room for duplicate articles will be on the third floor, thus leaving the first and second floors as exhibition rooms. In both departments of his store Mr. Smith has an obliging and efficient staff, who apparently esteem it a pleasure to attend to the wants of customers. To a larger extent than one would imagine does the bearing of salespeople influence the trade of a store. People who have money to spend are duly sensible of the little courtesies and kindnesses that are al-

to customers and always ready to have a word with a caller. His long residence in Guelph and his thorough knowledge of its business and municipal affairs make him an interesting conversationalist to the stranger. He has been twice Mayor of the city and retired from the office with the proud satisfaction that his administration of the important matters committed to him had won the approval of even those who had previously been opposed to him. Prior to occupying the chief magistracy's chair Mr. Smith filled the office of alderman for many years. To the discharge of his public duties he brought all the clear judgment, ready discernment and fine executive ability that have made his success in business so conspicuous. A native of Guelph he is a credit to the city that he proudly calls his home, and in the upbuilding of which he has in recent years borne an important and honorable part.

## The Golden Fleece

AND THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITIES IT OFFERS FOR NOBBY CLOTHING.

The Golden Fleece has for many years symbolized all that is best and brightest in the clothing trade of Guelph. If asked what has been the motto of the house that has so solidly established itself in our midst the answer might truthfully be made "Nothing is too



good for the people of Guelph and the County of Wellington," and that this is appreciated is attested by its brilliantly successful career of nearly two score years. The materials and the styles of tailoring and men's furnishings that are popular in the leading centres of Europe and America are to be found in the Golden Fleece. The firm has the

designs, and colors, shirts strictly up to date, and collars of the best make. In hats and caps, the line carried represents all the best shapes of the most celebrated English and American manufacturers. A very strong feature of this business is the large line of furs which is yearly made replete with extensive importations, particularly from Alaska, Messrs. Keleher & Hendley being the recognized agents for the Alaska Fur Company, Limited, for this country. The variety embraces coats, seal, beaver, otter, racoon, buffalo, and saques, caps, mantles, and robes, of every known variety, made up in the prevailing style. It must be borne in mind that this house imports all its goods direct from the manufacturing centres, thus doing away with the middleman's profit, an advantage given to patrons in quoting the most superior goods at minimum prices, and in this respect the Golden Fleece is second to no house in the Province. The markets of the world supply this house, and yet money goes just as far in the Golden Fleece as it does elsewhere.

Of the personnel of the firm of Keleher & Hendley a word may be in season. Mr. J. C. Keleher is one of the most popular merchants on the street. While



INTERIOR OF KELEHER & HENDLEY'S STORE.

to his own business he devotes the best of his time and energies, he is not indifferent to the general interests of the city. A leading member of the Board of Trade, he is now chairman of the Market Committee, strongly urging the abolition of the fees, a step designed to largely develop the farming trade of Guelph. Mr. Fred Hendley, the junior member of the firm, occupies a seat at the Council board, and is probably the youngest member of that body. In their business dealings both gentlemen are aided by pleasing personalities, and a wide range of knowledge of the trade. They are men of irrepresable energy, sterling judgment and excellent management, and esteemed by all who know them.



RESIDENCE OF MR. J. C. KELEHER.

## Fruit Groceries

H. WALKER & SON'S IMMENSE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STORES.

THEY ARE LEADERS IN THEIR LINE

AND SUPPLY MANY OF THE RETAIL HOUSES OF THE WEST.



It is only a few years ago that a couple of bunches of bananas and a few boxes of oranges constituted a fairly large importation to the fruiterers of this city. Now they come in by carloads and are hauled through our streets like baled hay. The increased consumption of tropical fruits has been of gradual growth, but that growth has undoubtedly been precipitated by the enterprise of Hugh Walker & Son. In foreign and domestic fruits they do not only the trade of Guelph and vicinity, but their shipments go right up to the lakes.

In 1881 the business was established on Lower Wyndham street by Mr. H. Walker. Since then it has witnessed an enormous expansion. Not only the retail grocery and fruit trade wonderfully increased, but the big wholesale business on Upper Wyndham street has been started and firmly established. This latter branch is in charge of Mr. Geo. W. Walker, one of the cleverest and most enterprising fruit men in Canada. Mr. Walker makes some extensive direct importations and also buys large stocks of Mediterranean fruit on the wharves at the largest receiving ports by auction. In the extensive wholesale warehouses in Hazelton's Block there is every facility for storing and ripening fruit, having a floor area of over 6,000 square feet, also large banana rooms for ripening bananas. It is the headquarters of the

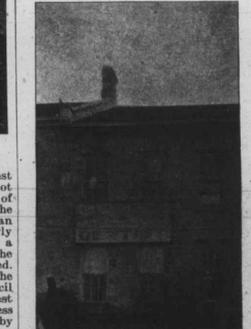


WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

retail dealers of the section, and it is simply incredible the amount of goods handled by the large staff in a single day.

In the retail store on Lower Wyndham street—a stand that which there is none better known in the city—there is always a fine stock of groceries, fruit, fish, and oysters in season. Mr. Hugh Walker, the head of the firm, has had a long and valuable experience in the trade. He is one of the most popular business men on the street, is a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, a Past President of St. Andrew's Society, and a valued worker in musical circles. As an evidence of the estimate in which Mr. Walker is held, the following notice from a recent number of The Canadian Grocer may be cited:

"An inspiration to any young man should be an acquaintanceship with the life and experience of Hugh Walker of Hugh Walker & Son, Guelph. 'I don't care, a man cannot, in this day and generation, be strictly honest and succeed,' is in effect what one occasionally hears drop from the lips of some one who is discussing business morality. The life of the subject of this sketch is an emphatic denial of this contention. Hugh Walker has



RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

been honest—in fact it has been one of the planks in his business platform—and he has succeeded. Mr. Walker has pluck, push and perseverance. Added to this are punctuality, honesty of purpose, and a general appreciation of what are the essential factors to success in business. To be brief, Mr. Walker believes that in order to make it a success, a man must know his business; must be honest, attentive, civil and obliging; must avoid extravagance; must keep first-class goods and sell at reasonable prices; must give little if any credit; and must use printers' ink liberally."

# The Great Cash House

DESCRIPTION OF FRANK DOWLER'S WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT.

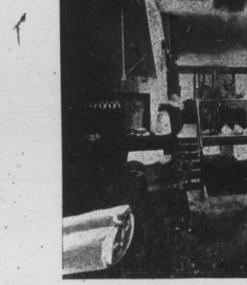
## METHODS THAT MAKE FOR SUCCESS.....



The established popularity of this emporium is due as much to the methods governing its conduct as to the reliable quality and reasonable prices of the goods for sale. No one who is accustomed to shopping here can doubt this. You are much impressed by the atmosphere of thrift and elegance pervading the entire establishment. Here may be found the latest novelties in staple and fancy dry-goods of both home production and foreign importation. Dress goods from the looms of every land from whence the finer fabrics come. Millinery, representing the latest that fickle fashion sets the style for, either imported from the great centres or trimmed by competent artists in the latest perfected styles. Mantles in magnificent multi-



plecity, the product of the deft fingers and ingenious conceptions of the German artisan, with English and Canadian tailor-made garments. Clothing for men, youths and boys, custom made garments fully up to the latest modes to meet the requirements of the vast and intelligent clientele that patronize this house, while in clothing made to order a choice line of imported and domestic suitings is to be seen. The garments are cut by an artist and made up by most capable workmen. Hats and caps form another department in this mammoth house. They are of all kinds, styles and shapes, representing the most reputable of manufacturers of this country and Europe. Gauging the necessi-



ties of the boot and shoe trade and with that enterprise that has characterized his whole career, Mr. Dowler four years ago built a separate department, and bringing his former experience, requirements and placed before the people of Guelph one of, if not the most, complete stocks of boots and shoes in the city. In this line he has continued to do a large and select trade. The arrangements of this palatial establishment are a high example of that best of all business qualities—method. The most brilliant facilities of the mind are well nigh useless in these stirring times, unless accompanied by method in arrangement. Brilliance of intellect without method is



like the lightning's flash or the glitter of the falling star. It dazzles and excites the admiration of the world for a short time, and then goes out like the snuff of a candle. But when we see, as in this case, method as the foundation of the structure, we know that it is built upon a rock and not on the sand. Leaving these reveries and entering this beautifully designed establishment, we find on the right the hosiery and glove department, rich with all that is latest and best from the factories and the looms. Dress goods in brilliant array, but so placed as not to be bewildering except by the excellence of each and every fabric. No matter

how dull and dreary the weather may be outside, in here all is light and sunshine. We look to the left and see the Maple department with its bright, engaging clerks, the glance of whose eyes denotes pleasure and pride in what they have to sell, and a settled air of confidence in regard to the articles they are offering for sale. With thoughts of lingering regret we leave all this, and ascend the steps to the millinery department, and here all vain regrets are laid aside, and we fairly revel in the sight that meets the eye. Talk about the kaleidoscope. Here is a kaleidoscope of fashion and beauty in all its different shapes that would dazzle the boldest, and we make up our minds to stay here and examine each article in the place. And this examination proves the most delightful of all. After a full enjoyment of these beauties of art we descend to the shoe department. Here is a tempting display of calfskin and kid, and every variety of leather. We thought we had descended to earth, but here are goods displayed that conjure up in our mind's eye the feet of some peerless goddess, perfect in shape. But there is a limit to everything, and we must leave all these interesting things we have not touched on half of what this mammoth establishment contains. Mr. Dowler understands to a nicety the exact requirements of the trade and purchases his stock with that fine discrimination which has done much towards giving him the reputation which he now enjoys as a leading merchant of Wellington County. Liberality and enterprise have marked his every step since he started this business eight years ago. One could write many interesting pages on the career of the popular proprietor of the Great Cash House. An Irishman, he pos-

sesses all the striking characteristics of that sturdy race. Manly, self-reliant, straight ahead and never dreams of faltering until the goal is reached. There are few precedents of any man accomplishing in any community what Frank Dowler has done in this good Royal City. Almost a stranger he came within her gates eight years ago and to-day he occupies the front rank among her solid and progressive business men. Varied are the avenues of usefulness and enterprise along which Mr. Dowler has walked. He served in the city council for two years. While occupying a seat at the civil board he impressed everyone by his ready grasp of intricate questions, his sound judg-

ment, easy and fluent address, and his thorough practical common sense on all occasions. Towards every matter concerning the welfare or advancement of the city his attitude has been always wise and patriotic. Of late years Mr. Dowler has been an active member of the Board of Trade, and his hand and brain have been busy in the face of disheartening circumstances, his connection with the building of the Guelph Opera House may be cited. He was one of the few who had faith in the enterprise from its inception. As president of the Provisional



Board of Directors he invested the undertaking with a spirit and snap that knew no such word as fail. In no small measure is the successful completion of that architectural ornament to the city due to his personal effort. To his zeal and push, combined with that of other broad minded and energetic citizens is due the establishment of the Guelph Opera House. He is a large stockholder and one of the five directors of the Company. Viewing Mr. Dowler's business record and the labor he has so freely put forth on behalf of the city, one cannot but feel that it was mutually advantageous union when he and Guelph joined hands.



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# The Cup that Cheers

SOME REASONS FOR THE POPULARITY OF THE NOTED TEA STORE.

## J. A. McCREA'S TRADE EXPERIENCE AND HIS CAREFUL AND ENTERPRISING MANAGEMENT OF THE BUSINESS.

Few among Guelph's enterprises are there that have so smoothly pursued the even tenor of their way through the "good times" and the "hard times" of a quarter of a century as the Noted Tea Store. Twenty-five years ago Mr. J. A. McCrea established the business and in it laid the foundation for his subsequent success as a business man. Some years later, Mr. J. A. McCrea, the present proprietor, was



head clerk of the store and that position he relinquished to travel for one of the leading grocery firms of the Province. Guelph, however, was always his home and he only yielded to a natural desire when two years ago he retired from the road and entered into partnership with Mr. McCredery. His was a familiar face to the old patrons of the store and the new partnership inaugurated a still more promising era for the well known business. Early in the present year Mr. McCrea assumed the sole proprietorship, Mr. McCredery retiring to assume the duties of Secretary of the Guelph and Ontario Investment & Savings Society. On the shoulders of the latter gentleman fell the responsibilities of the entire business. Thoroughly experienced in every branch of the trade, familiar with and highly esteemed by the people of Guelph, by whom he had always been regarded as a fellow citizen, Mr. McCrea, with every promise of success, took up the business of the old firm. How well he has kept up the prestige of the Noted Tea Store and strengthened its position among the mercantile establishments of the city is a matter of gratification to the many patrons and well wishers of that house. Ceylon teas are made a specialty in this store, Mr. McCrea being a leader in introducing the most famous blends of



that luxurious country. The mixing of different blends is an art which a novice would not dare to undertake. There is more in this business than meets the outward eye. Mr. McCrea's thorough knowledge of the business in its important features, and in all minor details as well, imparts confidence to his customers, who invariably rely on his judgment in selecting teas for household consumption. Clearly associated with the tea trade, and which follows as a natural concomitant is the crockery ware exposed for sale in this establishment. The tea sets embrace all the existing different patterns. In looking over the Mediterranean fruit, which comprises raisins, prunes, and currants, one is struck with the fresh and clean appearance that is everywhere apparent. And no suspicion can possibly arise as to whether they are fit for immediate table use. In most places all these fruits have to be cleaned and picked over in the kitchen before being placed on the table. Here it is totally different. By Mr. McCrea's process all the fruit is stemless and in perfect shape to present an inviting and luscious appearance. In fact it goes straight from the store to the table. As Mr. McCrea buys everything for spot cash, the extra expense of cleaning the fruit does not fall on his customers, for by doing business and buying all his orders on this basis he is enabled to get large discounts. Mr. McCrea has but lately added a full and complete line of Crawford's celebrated candy, direct from the wholesaler, and he is constantly receiving new invoices of that confection, so that the stock is ever fresh and pure. Mr. McCrea is a gentleman of exceptional ability. Ever affable, you meet him with pleasure, and part with regret. His success is well merited and is but the natural reflex of his energetic methods in its promotion.

# The Making of Clothes

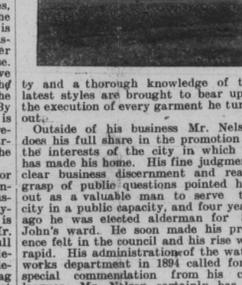
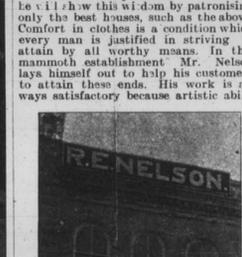
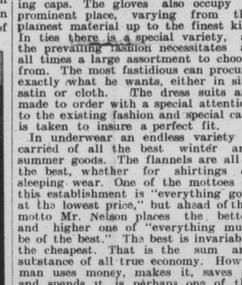
A BUSINESS IN WHICH MR. R. E. NELSON HAS BEEN UNWANTINGLY SUCCESSFUL.

## A PRACTICAL MERCHANT TAILOR AND ONE WHO HAS DEMONSTRATED HIS ABILITY TO PLEASE THE PUBLIC.

Asked for a striking example of rapid advancement among the business men of Guelph, no worthier name can be suggested than that of R. E. Nelson. Nine years ago the subject of this notice "hung out his shingle," as he himself expressively puts it, in the Royal City. He is not sorry he came to Guelph and Guelph is glad to have such men in her midst as Mr. Nelson. A practical merchant tailor, Mr. Nelson has built up a fine business. He gives his personal attention to the ordered clothing department and will permit nothing but nobby suits to go out from his store. A full line of all the latest things in cloths and tweeds is carried by Mr. Nelson, and the customer who cannot make a selection from his stock is certainly not to be pitied. Mr. Nelson is a progressive and broad-tracked merchant. Not long



since his increased trade forced him to enlarge his quarters at 99 Wyndham street, and the result is one of the finest stores in the city. Specimens of goods are displayed in the handsome new plate glass front. Three stories are taken up with the goods of this establishment, which may, perhaps, convey some idea of the extent of the trade. Their complete assortment insures satisfaction to every buyer. For here everything a gentleman can possibly wear is to be found. He can provide for himself a hat of any shape or material. The latest shapes in Derby hats are always on hand, while for a soft felt hat there is more variety in this store than in almost any other. Caps for dress wear are here also, shooting caps, golfing caps, and cricketing caps. The gloves also occupy a prominent place, varying from the plainest material up to the finest kid. In ties there is a special variety, as the prevailing fashion necessitates at all times a large assortment to choose from. The most fastidious can procure exactly what he wants, either in silk satin or cloth. The dress suits made to order with a special attention to the existing fashion and special care is taken to insure a perfect fit. In underwear an endless variety is carried of all the best winter and summer goods. The flannels are all of the best quality, for shirting or sleeping wear. One of the mottoes of this establishment is "everything goes at the lowest price," but ahead of this motto Nelson places the better and higher one of "everything must be of the best." The best is invariably the cheapest. That is the motto and substance of all true economy. How a man uses money, makes it, saves it, and invests it, is perhaps one of the best tests of his practical wisdom, and he will show this wisdom by patronizing only the best houses, such as the above. Comfort in clothes is a condition which every man is justified in striving to attain by all worthy means. In this mammoth establishment Mr. Nelson lays himself out to help his customers to attain these ends. His work is always satisfactory because his artistic abil-



ty and a thorough knowledge of the latest styles are brought to bear upon the execution of every garment he turns out as a valuable man to serve the public. Outside of his business Mr. Nelson does his full share in the promotion of the interests of the city in which he has made his home. His fine judgment, clear business discernment and ready grasp of public questions pointed him out as a valuable man to serve the city in a public capacity, and four years ago he was elected alderman for St. Andrew's ward. His presence in the council and his rise was rapid. His administration of the water works department in 1894 called forth special commendation from his colleagues. Mr. Nelson certainly has a bright future before him as he enjoys the confidence, respect and esteem of his fellows. He is a man of irrepresable energy, sterling judgment, and excellent executive ability, and under his capable and efficient management the business must prosper.

# The Kitchen

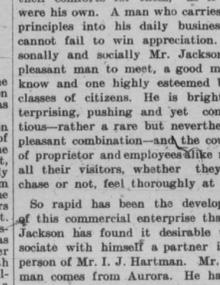
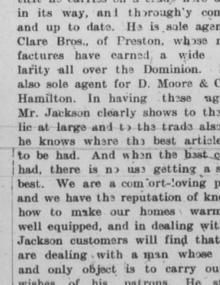
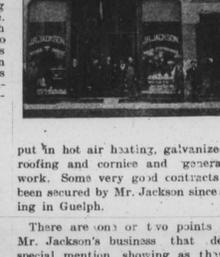
JACKSON & CO.'S STOVE, TINWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING DEPOT.

## The Only Store of Its Kind in Guelph, AND ONE THAT HAS ALREADY BUILT UP A PROSPEROUS BUSINESS.

"There is room for a business such as yours in this city," said a well-known citizen of Mr. J. T. Jackson a few months ago when that gentleman was contemplating opening out a line of hot air furnaces, stoves, tinware and



house furnishings. Mr. Jackson thought so too and the large premises in Coffee's Block was accordingly fitted up and an extension built for a workshop. Mr. Jackson has been in business in Guelph only three months, but he is already recognized as having put his foot firmly down. He came here from Seaford, in which town he had had a large experience in the business and was deservedly popular. To the ordinary stove and tinware stock he has added house furnishings, embracing every useful article needed in the household. The amalgamation of these two lines is a new departure in Guelph and one whose fitness the people are not failing to appreciate. The store is one of the finest devoted to the business in Western Ontario. Its spaciousness admits of the proper and conventional arrangement of the multifarious articles that make up its attractive stock. And yet it is none too large, every quarter of it being brought into requisition for the display of goods. In the large workroom Mr. Jackson keeps from five to ten hands employed. Besides the ordinary tinsmithing, they



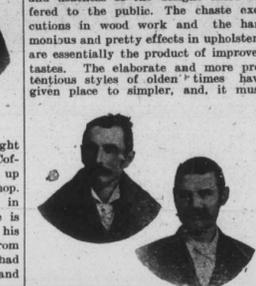
put in hot air heating, galvanized tin, roofing and cornice and general job work. Some very good contracts have been secured by Mr. Jackson since starting in Guelph. There are only two points about Mr. Jackson's business that deserve special mention, showing as they do that he carries on a trade here unique in its way, and thoroughly complete and up to date. He is sole agent for Clare Bros., of Preston, whose manufactures have earned a wide popularity all over the Dominion. He is also sole agent for D. Moore & Co., of Hamilton, in having these agencies Mr. Jackson clearly shows to the public at large and to the trade also that he knows where the best articles are to be had. And when the best can be had, there is no use getting a second best. We are a comfort-loving people, and we have the reputation of knowing how to make our homes warm and well equipped, and in dealing with Mr. Jackson customers will find that they are dealing with a man whose first and only object is to carry out the wishes of his patrons. He studies their comforts for them, as if they were his own. A man who carries these principles into his daily business life cannot fail to win appreciation. Personally and socially Mr. Jackson is a pleasant man to meet, a good man to know and one highly esteemed by all classes of citizens. He is bright, enterprising, pushing and yet conscientious—rather a rare but nevertheless a pleasant combination—and the courtesy of proprietor and employee alike makes all their visitors, whether they purchase or not, feel thoroughly at home. So rapid has been the development of this commercial enterprise that Mr. Jackson has found it desirable to associate with himself a partner in the person of Mr. I. J. Hartman. Mr. Hartman comes from Aurora. He has had twelve years experience with Clare Bros. & Co. as traveller, and knows every detail of the stove trade. He is energetic and practical and is sure to aid materially in promoting the still greater success of this house.

# The Comfort

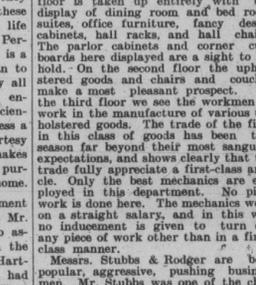
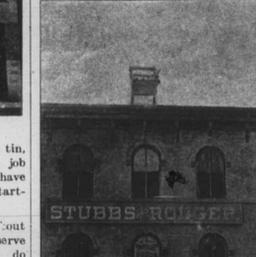
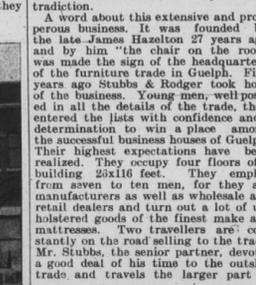
IS ONLY ATTAINABLE BY PROCURING SUITABLE FURNITURE.

## STUBBS & RODGER'S BIG STORE

No business is more closely allied with the comfort and enjoyment of the people than that in which Stubbs & Rodger are engaged. Though Guelph has not advanced very rapidly in population during the past decade one cannot help remarking the improved character of her residences and the increase of the home comforts of her people. We may not be much more numerous than we were ten years ago, but we man who embarks in a business where competition is keen and the pathway toward anything but smooth, and who by native energy and enterprise and capacity surmounts all obstacles and solidly impresses the public with the fact that he has come to stay—is of the timber from which merchant princes are made. Six years ago Geo. E. Morris hoisted the sign "General Hardware" over the store which has ever since occupied on Wyndham street, and has built up a business that takes a front rank in Guelph's list of successes. A year ago Mr. Morris purchased the Guelph Carriage & Oil Co.'s plant and good will. The oil department was right in his line and with an efficient manager he finds it easy and profitable to run the carriage business in conjunction. In the carriage business his hands, and 12 horses are used in this department. In the store alone 8 men are given constant employment. The large array of lamps that occupy the hanging space of the establishment, and others also for sales use, are all of solid and exquisite workmanship, and whether they are for the library, the banquet, the parlour, the piano, we have the same opinion to express of their suitability and handsome appearance. A large stock of guns, and other firearms is constantly on hand, and sporting goods of all kinds are available. Mr. Morris is not a politician or public philanthropist—he is a hardware merchant, and for the present desires no further prominence. Only last January many of his friends tried to prevail on him to accept a nomination for alderman, but Mr. Morris said "no," and his decision was a wise one from a business standpoint most people will think. In his leisure hours he is extremely popular. He counts his friends by the hundred; enemies he has none. Is it any wonder he has been successful?



A word about this extensive and prosperous business. It was founded by the late James Hazelton 27 years ago and by him "the chair on the roof" was made the sign of the headquarters of the furniture trade in Guelph. Five years ago Stubbs & Rodger took hold of the business. Young men, well posted in all the details of the trade, they entered the lists with confidence and a determination to win a place among the successful business houses of Guelph. Their highest expectations have been realized. They occupy four floors of a building 23x16 feet. They employ from seven to ten men, for they are manufacturers as well as wholesale and retail dealers and turn out a lot of upholstered goods of the finest make and mattresses. Two travellers are constantly on the road selling to the trade. Mr. Stubbs, the senior partner, devotes a good deal of his time to the outside trade and travels the larger part of



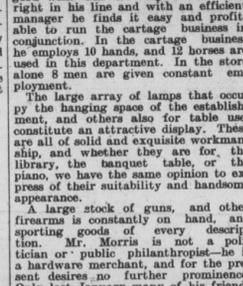
Ontario himself every month and Mr. Rodger is more directly in charge of the store. The large nine feet basement is devoted to the storage of stock and upholstering material. The ground floor is taken up entirely with the display of dining room and bed room suites, office furniture, fancy desks, cabinets, hall racks, and hall chairs. The parlor cabinets and corner cupboards here displayed are a sight to behold. On the second floor the upholstered goods and chairs and couches make a most pleasant prospect. On the third floor we see the workmen at work in the manufacture of various upholstered goods. The trade of the firm in this class of goods has been tallied season far beyond their most sanguine expectations, and shows clearly that the trade fully appreciate a first-class article. Only the best mechanics are employed in this department. No piece work is done here. The mechanics work on a straight salary, and in this way no inducement is given to turn out any piece of work other than in a first-class manner. Messrs. Stubbs & Rodger are both popular, aggressive, pushing business men. Mr. Stubbs was one of the chief promoters of the Opera House. In a large measure the completion of that magnificent structure is due to his untiring labor as Secretary of the Board of Directors. Stubbs & Rodger will continue to achieve success because they deserve it.

# Geo. B. Morris

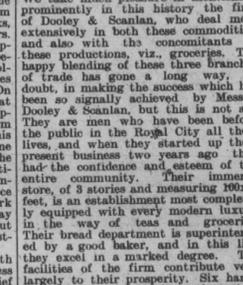
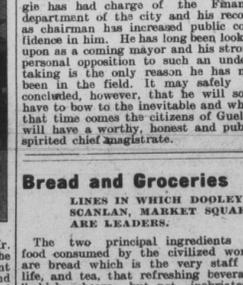
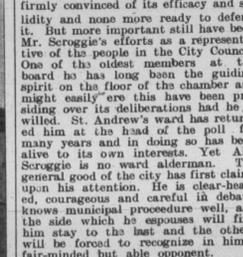
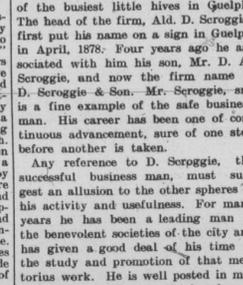
PROPRIETOR OF THE WELL KNOWN HARDWARE EMPORIUM.

## A WORD ABOUT THE MAGNIFICENT STOCK WHICH IT CONTAINS.

It is always gratifying to note the success of a young man. The young man who embarks in a business where competition is keen and the pathway toward anything but smooth, and who by native energy and enterprise and capacity surmounts all obstacles and solidly impresses the public with the fact that he has come to stay—is of the timber from which merchant princes are made. Six years ago Geo. E. Morris hoisted the sign "General Hardware" over the store which has ever since occupied on Wyndham street, and has built up a business that takes a front rank in Guelph's list of successes. A year ago Mr. Morris purchased the Guelph Carriage & Oil Co.'s plant and good will. The oil department was right in his line and with an efficient manager he finds it easy and profitable to run the carriage business in conjunction. In the carriage business his hands, and 12 horses are used in this department. In the store alone 8 men are given constant employment. The large array of lamps that occupy the hanging space of the establishment, and others also for sales use, are all of solid and exquisite workmanship, and whether they are for the library, the banquet, the parlour, the piano, we have the same opinion to express of their suitability and handsome appearance. A large stock of guns, and other firearms is constantly on hand, and sporting goods of all kinds are available. Mr. Morris is not a politician or public philanthropist—he is a hardware merchant, and for the present desires no further prominence. Only last January many of his friends tried to prevail on him to accept a nomination for alderman, but Mr. Morris said "no," and his decision was a wise one from a business standpoint most people will think. In his leisure hours he is extremely popular. He counts his friends by the hundred; enemies he has none. Is it any wonder he has been successful?



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any reference to D. Scroggie, the successful business man, must suggest an allusion to the other spheres of his activity and usefulness. For many years he has been a leading man in the benevolent societies of the city and has given a good deal of his time to the study and promotion of that meritorious work. He is well posted in mutual insurance; none can be found more firmly convinced of its efficacy and solidity and none more ready to defend it. But more important still have been Mr. Scroggie's efforts as a representative of the people in the City Council. One of the oldest members of the board he has long been the guiding spirit on the floor of the chamber and might easily have been the presiding officer in its deliberations had he so willed. St. Andrew's ward has returned him at the head of the poll for many years and in doing so has been alive to its own interests. Yet Ald. Scroggie is no ward alderman. The general good of the city has first claims upon his attention. He is clear-headed, courageous and careful in debate, knows municipal procedure and will stay to the last and the others will be forced to recognize in him a fair-minded but able opponent. On more than one occasion Ald. Scroggie has had charge of the Finance department of the city and his record as chairman has increased public confidence in him. He has long been looked upon as a coming mayor and his personal opposition to such an undertaking is the only reason he has not been in the field. It may safely be predicted, however, that he will soon have to bow to the inevitable and when that time comes the citizens of Guelph will have a worthy, honest and public spirited chief magistrate.

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# Bread and Groceries

Dooley & Scanlan, Market Square, are leaders.

Success Was the Goal AND GEO. J. THORP, THE POPULAR SEEDSMAN, HAS REACHED IT.



The successful business built up by Geo. J. Thorp, seedsman, shows what can be accomplished by spirited enterprise and tactful business management.

Mr. Thorp brought to his business a ripe experience and a thorough knowledge of the trade.

Mr. Thorp's business growing beyond the accommodation of his Up-town Store Mr. Thorp has leased the very large and commodious premises of the Noxon Agricultural Company.

A Land Mark of the City

IS THE BIG JEWELRY STORE CONDUCTED BY G. D. PRINGLE.

Some of Guelph's business places are apparently as immutable as the limestone rocks on which the city is built.



Santa Claus annually makes his headquarters and designs to reveal himself in person to the delight of the eyes of the little ones.

Though there is no more attentive nor devoted business man than Mr. Pringle, he finds time to engage in a favorite pastime.

An Aladdin's Palace

DIAMOND HALL IS FILLED WITH A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF JEWELRY.

In descending on the different trades and professions which have so many worthy representatives in this city, we cannot fail to notice prominently the jewellery store.

Let us pause for a moment, and consider what manner of man this is who owns this "Diamond Hall."

Mr. Chatfield's success in Ottawa and the assurance of his success in Guelph lies not in the magnificence of his surroundings.

Three counter glass cases are ranged throughout the length of the store, and a large double oak case with two magnificent mirrors covers the entire wall.

med in by a perfect galaxy of valuable ornaments which in no way detract from the bare walls behind.



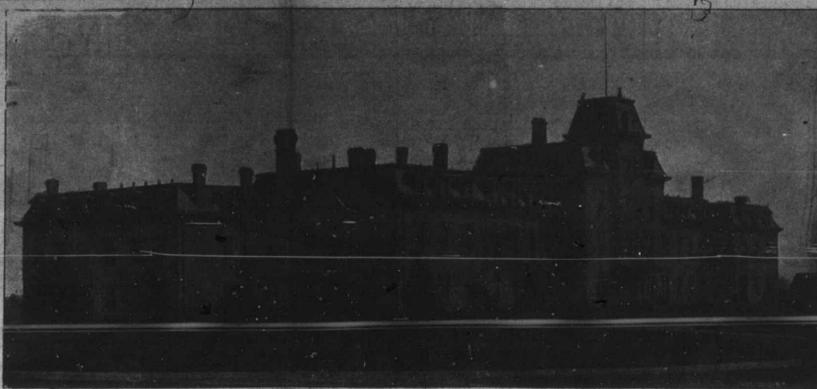
American and English watches and the principal firms in Baker street, London, simply confirm the evidence of his ability.

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THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, GUELPH.

A Reliable House.

FEATURES OF JACKSON & SON'S WELL-KNOWN GROCERY DEPOT.

An old, reliable business establishment is that conducted by Jackson & Son, wholesale and retail grocers, at No. 17 Lower Wyndham street.

To the care of the eyes, Mr. Pringle devotes special attention. He is a graduate of the New York Optical School.

or provision trade. The average housewife can estimate to a nicety the standard of value of fruits, spices, or preserved goods by their appearance.



new brand until he has resorted to the testing cup. Jackson & Son may readily be accorded a first place among the tea merchants of the west and their increasingly large number of patrons can testify to the great value they give in that line.



Staff-Sergeant John Ogg, 1st B. E. A.

In all the other departments of the grocery trade Jackson & Son are in the vanguard of the procession.

The firm are direct importers of teas, coffees, and general groceries.

Special attention is paid by this firm to the tea trade.

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A Live Business Man

AND A PROGRESSIVE AND WORTHY CITIZEN IS MR. JAMES HEWER.

His Beautiful New Premises

An enterprise which is fully imbued with the progressive spirit of present day Guelph is the flour, feed and commission business of Mr. Jas. Hewer.



Mr. James Hewer

Our agricultural community derive immense benefit from it, and every class is influenced in no small degree by its presence.

The stock carried is a very large one and includes everything in the seed line, down to flower and garden and vegetable seeds.

All Mr. Hewer's facilities for executing business are of a thorough and excellent character.

Mr. Hewer just got into his new premises last month, and the manner in which he has fitted up inside reflects the highest credit on him.

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first commenced business in the city, he conducted a produce and commission concern alone, and in that he laid the foundation of success which has stood the storms and buffeted the trials of every circumstance for a quarter of a century.



Mr. James Hewer

able than wheat, but requires far more careful handling. Mr. Hewer ships all kinds of grain to foreign parts and barley may be said to be a specialty.

Mr. Hewer handles baled hay and straw very extensively, and presses hay also when occasion or demand requires it.

From the above some idea will be gathered of the extensive wholesale trade carried on in this establishment.

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Ker Bros.' Enterprise

THEY CARRY A FULL LINE OF STOVES, FURNACES AND TINWARE.

The business carried on by Ker Brothers, of this city is one well deserving of notice. In this age of unobscured competition, every business requires the best methods to conduct it properly.



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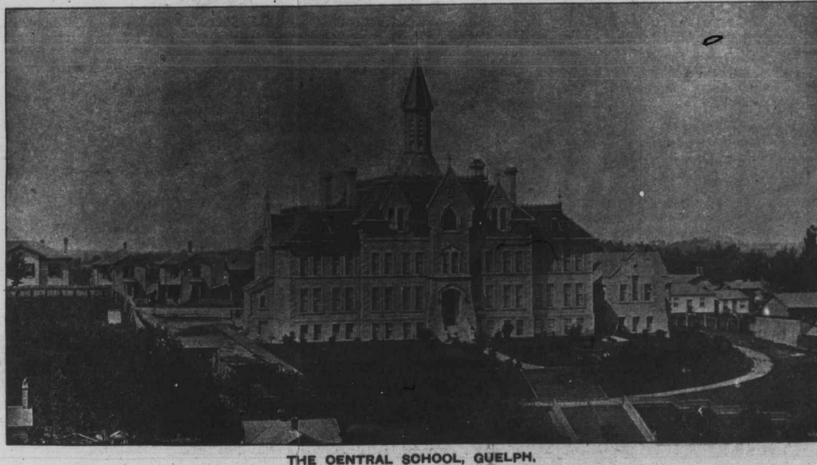
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THE CENTRAL SCHOOL, GUELPH.

# A Good Man for Guelph

### C. KLOEPFER HAS BEEN AN ACTIVE FACTOR IN PROMOTING ITS PROSPERITY.

## His Carriage Goods Emporium

AND A WORD ABOUT THE OTHER ENTERPRISES WITH WHICH HE HAS IDENTIFIED HIMSELF.

"He is a good man for the city." That honest tribute has frequently been paid to C. Kloeffer, the enterprising proprietor of the great carriage goods emporium on Upper Wyndham street. A good man for Guelph he certainly has been. His fine business qualities, industry and perseverance, have won him a place in the first rank of our merchant princes. But far more than in the development of the large industry with which his name is most in-



MR. C. KLOEPFER.

timately associated, have those qualities counted for the general advancement of the community. All over the Dominion Mr. Kloeffer is known as one of the most progressive and enterprising members of that important class who so largely direct our commercial affairs.

Mr. Kloeffer has always had a strong and abiding faith in the growth and solidity of Guelph. When her position was less prosperous than it is to-day and knowing ones shook their heads distrustfully, Mr. Kloeffer's confidence in the city's stability was voiced by his extensive purchases of real estate. That time has proved the wisdom of his course is a tribute to his far-seeing judgment as well as to his enterprise and progressiveness.

Mr. Kloeffer is one of the largest dealers in carriage hardware in Canada. The two immense premises owned by himself are stocked on every floor with all the lines of goods that enter into the manufacturing of vehicles. Of floor space he has 42,000 feet and it is none too large. Twenty years ago this business was founded. Mr. Kloeffer was then a very young man—in fact, he is a young man now—but he had graduated from a good school. He had learned the trade in John Horseman's well known hardware establishment and had gained wide knowledge in the special line to which he has since devoted his attention. From the outset he has been successful. His business grew from the start and year by year it has garnered and cultivated the elements that make for still greater expansion. His salesmen travel all over the Province and he has customers in every centre of population from the Maritime Provinces to the Pacific slope. The casual visitor scarcely realizes the enormous output of this establishment, so well ordered and disciplined is its staff and so systematic is the management of its business routine. Last year he bought out a large business in Toronto and made it a branch house for the convenience of



TORONTO STORE.

his patrons in the east. Mr. Kloeffer has always been willing to give a helping hand to any enterprise that was calculated to advance the prosperity of the city. He was the chief promoter and is a permanent director of the Norway Iron and Steel Co., which recently commenced operations here. He is also one of the stockholders in the Chemise & Curtain Co., and is interested in other large enterprises. And in embarking in these speculations Mr. Kloeffer disclaims being actuated by philanthropic motives. He is business first, last, and all the time, and where he sees a chance to invest a dollar to good advantage there his dollar goes.

By his employees Mr. Kloeffer is re-

garded with affectionate esteem. Not one of his staff but will swear by the chief and proclaim him to be the best man in the city. From them he receives in return loyal and hearty service. Each of them is thoroughly and sincerely devoted to the full performance of his duty and guards the interests of the business as if it were his own. Mr. Kloeffer has more than once been honored by his fellow citizens. St. George's ward, the business ward of the city, for several years sent him as one of its representatives to the city council and more than once at the head of the poll. He was chairman of Fire and Light and did much to improve the efficiency of the fire brigade and the comfort of the firemen. It was under his direction that the present magnificent system of electric street lighting was inaugurated. To the regret of his constituents and his municipal colleagues Mr. Kloeffer last year retired from the council.

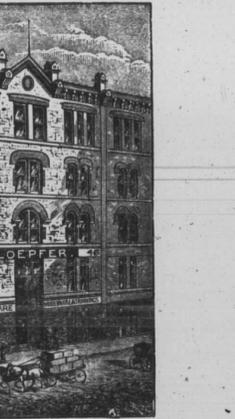
The personal popularity of the man and the public confidence in his ability have, however, been more recently manifested. At the convention of the Liberal-Conservatives of South Wellington, held in this city in March last, Mr. Kloeffer was chosen the standard bearer of the party in this



GUELPH STORE.

riding. The path to political preferment, they say, is strewn with many thorns, but the Conservative candidate is not the man to look for or relish the accomplishment of an object without effort. He is of the material that successful political fighters are made—strong, resolute, zealous, enthusiastic, his own energy and enthusiasm will be sure to develop kindred qualities in his followers.

With such an aggressive and energetic leader the friends of the Conservative cause have reason to entertain high hopes of success. They have in their candidate a man whose political faith has been cultivated by practical experience in the fields of commerce. No man knows better than Mr. Kloeffer the certain ruin that would come



CHRISTIE'S ART STORE.

to many large industries in this country were the protection now afforded them swept away. Honestly feeling as he does that in battling for Conservative principles he is battling for the preservation of our country's industrial life it is no wonder that he infuses into his work so much spirit and earnestness. And yet Mr. Kloeffer is not a partisan. He has many warm friends among the Liberals and in no small degree was his success in municipal contests due to the hearty support accorded him by his political opponents. Whatever, then, be the result of the impending campaign, he assuredly will continue to fill a large place in the affections and admiration of men of both parties.

## Noted for Fine Work

SHAW & TURNER'S PRE-EMINENT POSITION IN THE ORDERED CLOTHING TRADE.

### A GOOD BUSINESS RECORD

Thirty-eight years is a long time to be in business in one city, and yet for that period Mr. S. Shaw, head of the firm of Shaw & Turner has been catering to the requirements of the people of Guelph as a merchant tailor. Sixteen years ago Mr. Archie Turner entered the store as clerk, and in 1890 he succeeded Mr. Grundy as junior partner in the business. The house has always been noted for its fine work.



MR. S. SHAW.

Mr. Shaw has always been recognized as one of the most reliable tailors in the city. He spares no pains to make his work satisfactory, keeps thoroughly posted in all the latest ideas in gentlemen's dress, from the leading fashion centres, uses only the best trimmings and employs only experienced and competent workmen. Some of the best fitting and most stylish suits turned out in the city are from this establishment. But the house employs more than a local reputation. Orders are frequently filled for gentlemen residing in other and larger cities than Guelph. It is certainly a pleasure to commend a business establishment that so well merits and retains the confidence of its patrons. Shaw & Turner enjoy the distinction of being



the largest exclusive merchant tailors west of Toronto. Devoting as they do all their energy and enterprise to that one line it is no wonder that their place should be at the head of the list. Mr. Turner devotes a great part of his time to looking after trade in Western and Northern Ontario. He is clear-headed and energetic, and appreciates the value of being up to date. To the conduct of the business part of the enterprise he brings a ready grasp of all the elements that make for success. In the store he is obliging, attentive and considerate, and away from business his engaging personality makes him a warm favorite in social circles.

## Christie's Art Store.

BEAUTIFUL PICTURES AND ENDLESS SUPPLIES OF PAINTING MATERIALS.

Who is there that does not love a beautiful picture, be it either an oil painting or a steel engraving? In the grand Salon of the far-famed Louvre where France has gathered the gems of her art treasures, there hangs one little painting—a string of fish. A brusque and wealthy tourist from Chicago paid the author of that work, whose hand long since laid down the brush, the highest compliment that could be conferred on him. As he trooped through the Salon, with a Cook excursion party one day, the American espied the picture. It arrested his attention. He was gazing at it long after the others had passed on, and as he reluctantly followed in the wake he remarked, "Be gosh, I can smell them fish."

The art store on Upper Wyndham street may not have painted fruit that the birds peck at, or fish you can smell, but it has some beautiful pictures that will serve to adorn any home. Mr. Jno. Christie, the proprietor, is an extensive dealer in artists' materials and picture frames, glass and window shades. To the framing of pictures special attention is devoted. A very large stock of mouldings is always kept on hand and the framing is done in a neat and workmanlike manner. Mr. J. S. Christie, the managing proprietor of the business, is thoroughly devoted to his calling. He is an excellent judge of paintings and takes a delight in putting a good frame on a good picture. No more interesting place is there on the street than the Art Store, and nowhere can money be more satisfactorily and judiciously expended.

## Scott & Millman

THEIR IMMENSE GROCERY DEPOT ON UPPER WYNDHAM STREET AND THE CHOICE GOODS IT CONTAINS.

In reviewing the resources and industries of Guelph, it is of importance that the leading and prominent firms represented in specific lines should receive mention commensurate with the scope and magnitude of their business. Hence it is with pleasure that we chronicle the advantages and facilities of the business controlled by Messrs. Scott & Millman.

This business had its inception many years ago, being founded by Messrs. Lech, Weir & Galbraith. After some changes this firm was succeeded by Mr. A. B. Scott, of Toronto, and Mr. W. H. Millman, of Woodstock, the present proprietors. These gentlemen bring to bear a ripe judgment and thorough experience in this line. The business is conducted in the largest in Guelph devoted to the sale of groceries, occupy over five thousand square feet, including a butter cellar built especially for that purpose. The store, which is handsomely painted and much re-



sembles the wholesale tea houses of New York City, is well arranged throughout, possessing every facility for the transaction of this firm's enormous trade. The structure is completely fitted with everything comprehended in the grocery line, such as teas, coffees, spices, baking powder, canned goods, foreign and domestic condiments, etc. A specialty is here made of teas. Mr. Millman for many years was associated with a wholesale tea house as buyer and gives the public the benefit of the knowledge thus gained, by blending teas to suit the taste of their trade. In this particular branch of the business they command a leading position.

Consideration of some of the chief supplies of this well-known house will be of advantage to customers. In answer to the old question of "Where is fancy bred?" we would rather refer to Messrs. Scott & Millman than attempt to answer it according to Shakespeare's lines. The biscuits num-

ber 40 different varieties, representing the output of the most famous bakers in Canada, in the United States, and in England. Huntly & Palmer are here represented by their most famous brands. Other names also no less ancient and time honored lend their dignity and weight to this department. The best sauce makers in the world send their best here, such as Harvey, the celebrated Lea & Perrins, and the Worcester article also, and innumerable bottled meats. In cheeses, perhaps the famous Stilton is the ruling favorite, the different brands being McLaren's Imperial, domestic and imported. Far away Alaska and British Columbia send their fish to Scott & Millman, the best canning factories being chosen to represent these countries. The orchards of California and Florida vie with each other in sending here the very quintessence of their substance, which is reproduced in the finest flavoring extracts made from fruits, and

pickles, jams and jellies galore give great satisfaction to lovers of these condiments. Cadbury's Cocoa, calculated so well to soothe the worn-out frame and the ever present Epps with his grateful and comforting beverage throw their weight into the scale of this firm, who in their turn bestow them on their willing customers. Java and Mocha, and the West Indies are prodigal with their lavish display of coffee. The Chinaman and the aesthetic Jap, and the dusky Cingalese send their tea to this market. The magnificent array of chinaware in this establishment would tickle the fancy of a connoisseur; the dinner sets and tea sets being sufficient to excite the admiration of a Chesterfield or a Ruakin. Messrs. Scott & Millman are to be congratulated in possessing such an establishment and they may well be proud to be able to serve the world so well with the gifts of their industry, capital, and excellent judgment and good taste.

## Delightful to the Eye.....

IS THE BRILLIANT ARRAY OF JEWELRY IN W. A. CLARK'S WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT.



"Time as he passes us has a dove's wing, Unsaid and swift and of silken sound." The words of Cowper are particularly appropriate to the busy man of the present day. The old saying that "time is money" is always true and true. To everyone to-day an absolute necessity is to carry an accurate and reliable timepiece. An establishment of many years' standing and devoting particular attention to the regulation and sale of the little monitors of time is that of



Mr. W. A. Clark, of Upper Wyndham street. He conducts one of the largest and most spacious jewelry establishments in the city. In its appointments the store is on a par with any to be found in a metropolis. It is elegantly furnished with oak fittings and embellished with many handsome show cases and mirrors. Here is a dazzling array of jewelry and precious stones of all kinds, from the costliest diamonds to gems to suit the most modest purse, gold and silver watches and chronometers, solid gold jewellery, solid silver and plated tableware, cut glassware and the thousand and one other articles to be found in a well-managed

jewelry store. Mr. Clark devotes special study to repairing. His work is that of a true artist. Previous to locating in business in this city he held the very responsible position of inspector in the Elgin Watch Works, of Elgin, Ill. In this capacity he served for many years, giving him an experience and knowledge enjoyed by but few men. As an optician Mr. Clark possesses marked ability. The eye is the most sensitive of all the human organs, and to this organism Mr. Clark devotes special time and study. By a long course of study Mr. Clark is enabled to fit any eye with a glass that will insure benefit and comfort to the wearer. This prevents the necessity of his customers first going to consult a doctor or specialist before purchasing the eye-glass. They can get both the advice and the article at this establishment, and both are the very best that can be had.

Mr. Clark adds to his many duties the office of Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Here again, by this shrewd reader of human nature. For what follows more naturally after a marriage

## An Envyable Reputation

HAVE KING & SULLIVAN BUILT UP AS FIRST-CLASS MERCHANT TAILORS.



A firm which has established an enviable reputation for the high class quality of its fine ordered clothing is that familiarly known name of King & Sullivan. Many houses in this line have been longer in the field, but none have so thoroughly and permanently established relations with the best class of trade throughout the length and breadth of Wellington County. Quality has ever been the first consideration with this popular and enterprising house, and its trade is ever increasing, based on the merits of its product, and its uniformly moderate prices. The business was founded in 1889, and

Besides carrying a stock of unusual completeness, consisting of all kinds of imported cloths, overcoatings, English, Scotch and French fabrics, which are procured from the most reliable houses, this firm watches closely the styles and popular requirements, and is always one of the first to introduce the latest current modes of fashion. The dress clothes and other furnishings are the chief attraction of this firm. The individual members of the firm are personally affable gentlemen to meet, who belong to the ranks of Guelph's most progressive business men. Intelligent and keen judges of the trade, they have attained an honorable position in business circles.

Mr. J. A. King, the head of the firm, is a Guelph boy and though he has visited the great centres of population on this continent and in Europe, his native city has first place in his affections. Mr. King is a prominent figure in fraternal and benevolent societies. He is Past Master of Waverly Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 341, and a member of Guelph Chapter, No. 40, R.A.M. He is also Past Chief Ranger of Court Perseverance, A.O.F., No. 5,895, and has been the leading worker in that body for years.



has continued throughout from that date, under one ownership. The premises in Hazelton's Block in Upper Wyndham street are admirably arranged with a view to the advantageous prosecution of the business. Mr. J. A. King is a practical cutter and attends to that department. He brings to bear the widest range of practical experience coupled with the soundest judgment in the selection of cloths of all the latest patterns and styles, which are made up by capable workmen, so that in fit, finish and workmanship they are perfect. In order the more thoroughly and efficiently to meet the requirements of their increasing trade in ordered clothing the firm recently decided to go out of the general furnishing line and devote their skill and attention exclusively to merchant tailoring.

Among his society brethren Mr. King is deservedly popular; not only because of his fine executive ability, but also for those personal qualities which everywhere win and retain the esteem of his friends. Mr. Sullivan is just the stamp of man that can do business with you and make you feel like coming to see him again. He is always in good humor, nothing disturbs his genial nature, and rare is the occasion when he cannot brighten a conversation with a witty sally or a fresh joke; and behind his blithesome disposition is a thorough appreciation of good business methods and excellent taste and judgment in the selection of goods. Messrs. King and Sullivan are well suited to each other and well suited to the business which they have so successfully established in this Royal City.

## Pioneers in the Business

TOVELL'S UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT ON QUEBEC STREET.

### The Oldest Established in the City

The name of Tovell has been connected with the Royal City for so long that the undertaking establishment which bears that name is indelibly associated



with its history by innumerable links of old memories never to be severed. If many years have elapsed since the foundation of this business, the revolving seasons have brought with them gratifying increase of business, which serves to tighten the chain more firmly and lengthen and widen the circle which has ever had as its centre the old and deeply respected establishment on Quebec street.

The very first undertaker who set foot within the Royal precincts of this city bore the name of Tovell. It is a name that has been so long and so honorably associated with Wellington County in many and various branches of industry and commerce, that it will be handed down to posterity as a synonym for honor, integrity, and hardy endurance, a precious and goodly heritage for all succeeding generations. The avuncular relative of the founder of this business bears the palm of having attended at the funeral rites of the first of Guelph's citizens, whose ashes were laid to rest in the early days of the city, when the mourners, though sinners, were few, and the trees of the primeval forest moaned in the wind and bowed their heads at the strange sight. The founder himself, Mr. N. Tovell, in 1870 commenced the undertaking business, which is the subject of this present sketch. Before he died he had established himself so firmly in the hearts and interests of the citizens, that he could leave everything in the full assurance that what he had so auspiciously begun and carried on would be perpetuated for time immemorial by the surviving representatives of his family. That his dying hopes were sure and steadfast has been fully demonstrated by the able manner in which Mrs. Tovell now conducts the arduous business which has devolved upon her shoulders.

That a woman of refinement and domestic habits, like Mrs. Tovell, should ally to the duties of the family hearth, those of a business which brings her into contact with the busy world, speaks volumes for that clearness of intellect and bright cheerfulness of nature, for which Mrs. Tovell is so distinguished, and without which qualities her task would be well-nigh super-human. Guelph has just reason to feel proud that a woman should grace with her name and presence an establishment which is superior to many and second to none in the city. But it is ever thus. All the best and purest writers have ever given woman the highest place in the ranks of heroism. But it is ours to treat also of the great facilities at Mrs. Tovell's command. And first and foremost we must mention her son, Mr. Alfred Tovell, who is her right-hand man and does all the work connected with the business. His genial, cheery manners have made him a general favorite, and he and his younger brother deserve the highest praise for what they have done in the interests of the establishment.

The stock carried by Mrs. Tovell is unusually complete, consisting of an infinite variety of caskets and burial cases, as well as shrouds and all manner of funeral furnishings. Three splendid horses do the work required. As an instance of the durability and solidity of everything connected with the establishment, we may mention that the first hearse used in this business, and which was manufactured over twenty-five years ago, is intact to this day, and is used by the Tovells as a delivery wagon. This is an heirloom greatly cherished in the family, and its massive frame and antique carving make it a worthy relic of a by-gone age. This equipage is emblematical of the character which is indelibly stamped on their every transaction, a character for integrity, endurance and dignity. It serves to foster a spirit of esprit de corps in the business, which is rarely seen in this work-a-day world. This heirloom will never pass out of the family. In tracing the successful career of the Tovells to its source, it only remains to be said that the reputation which was won so long ago by the founder of the business is still increasing to fullness and will go on unto perfection.

### Joseph Tovell

HIS IMMENSE HARNESS EMPORIUM IS ONE OF GUELPH'S OLDEST ENTERPRISES.

A quarter of a century is a long time to be in business in one city, especially in these days, when in the commercial world as well as elsewhere there is such a feverish desire for change. The man who stays for twenty-five years with a business, anxiously watching by its cradle in the days of its infancy and keeping an attentive eye to its interests in the days of its maturity and assured success, has proved his fitness for the profession he has adopted. Such a man is Mr. Jos. A. Tovell, of the harness and saddlery emporium, corner Wyndham street and St. George's square.

Mr. Tovell has erected a magnificent monument to his business enterprise and success in the fine block that bears his name. Architecturally speaking, it is one of the handsomest structures on the street and sets a high level for those who would follow his example. The main store, that fronting on the corner, is occupied by Mr. Tovell. The premises are fitted according to his own ideas, and no pains have been spared in making them commodious and convenient. The stock of harness, trunks and valises, is one of the largest carried in Western Ontario, and is kept in the very finest condition, free from dust, and as bright as a new pin. Mr. Tovell thoroughly understands his business and makes frequent trips to England in this connection. He loves a good horse, and likes to see one stylishly equipped. No less than ten times one of his horses took first prize at the industrial shows of the country. By his progressiveness in importing horses from some of the famous studs of Kentucky he has materially improved the driving stock of the vicinity. Few men would do what Mr. Tovell has done in this direction, and it is gratifying to know that his enterprise is meeting with due recognition. Mr. Tovell is not a politician or a society man, though he interests himself in most public questions. He devotes all his business hours to his business, but is never too busy to spare a moment or two for a pleasant chat. It is a pleasure and satisfaction to do business with such a man.

### John Kelly

HE IS AN ENTERPRISING AND PROGRESSIVE GROCER ON LOWER WYNDHAM STREET.

One of the most active and obliging men behind a grocery counter in Guelph is Mr. John Kelly. For many years he has been connected with the trade, for although he is still a young man he is a native of Guelph and when his school days were ended he began to master the business in which he has so well achieved gratifying success. From filling the position of head clerk in one of the leading establishments Mr. Kelly decided five months ago to start in business on his own account and so he purchased the Arcade Grocery in Petrie's block. That it was a wise move he has since had gratifying evidence.

Besides his large stock of groceries, Mr. Kelly carries a very heavy line of crockery and glassware, and as he numbers among his customers people of all classes and different tastes, he has in



his store articles to suit those of fastidious taste in such matters and also those who prefer their house and table simple and unadorned. And even the simplest and plainest of his wares are intrinsically so excellent and durable that their very simplicity bespeaks their value, just as a heavy bowl of humble design appeals to some minds more than a piece of the finest Dresden china. In crockery and glassware Mr. Kelly keeps complete sets and also single pieces, so that customers can readily duplicate a broken or damaged article at this store. This is an invaluable benefit to his customers and they are not slow to take advantage of it in many ways, for when they go to buy a dinner set or tea set, of a full set in glassware, they know that each article in their set can be duplicated again. The glassware in stock is very durable and hard, and though no glassware is perfectly unbreakable, yet in tumblers, etc., Mr. Kelly has some grades that come as near to that desirable end as possible.

Mr. Kelly can probably do more business and appear perfectly at ease than any grocer in the city. He is a hustler, and yet he is never in too much of a hurry to fail to gratify the slightest wish of the customer. A manner naturally bright and agreeable aid him in popularizing himself with his patrons and in moving forward to continued and increasing business success.

### "Bob" Hackney's Store A Popular Druggist

IS CALLED THE "SMOKERS' HOME" FOR A VERY GOOD REASON.

These Lovers of the Weed Congregate

Taking and appropriate is the name that Mr. Robert Hackney has given his cigar store. "The Smokers' Home" has a restful, soothing tone about it that seems to tell the user of the weed



that it isn't a bad place to visit. Mr. Hackney is perfectly warranted in giving his store that pretty and appropriate appellation. He has certainly made it the headquarters for all the best goods that the trade can supply. The store, which is situated in Towell's Block, is neatly fitted up and the stock is tastefully arranged. The shelves and show cases are well fitted with all the noted brands of cigars, cigarettes, and tobaccos, and in pipes from the one cent clay up to the expensive meerschaum there is a complete assortment. It is here that the devotees of the favorite shrine find solace in offering up burnt incense from the very best grades of domestic and imported cigars. In fact, Mr. Hackney buys his goods direct from the manufacturer and thus is enabled to offer goods to the consuming public at prices that other dealers usually pay.

Mr. Hackney has displayed in his windows and shelves a very fine array of smoking materials, which would furnish Xmas and birthday presents. Those desirous of purchasing gifts for friends who are devotees of the fragrant weed can do no better than purchase at this store, the altar of the goddess Nicotina. Tasteful little brass trays and sets for cigars and cigarettes are for sale, as well as cigar and cigarette cases, in all kinds of metals and designs. Pouches also are here, which can be neatly embroidered, thus making them look tasteful and appropriate for the festive Christmas season. In tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, Mr. Hackney does an extensive jobbing business. Small dealers are able to profit by this, as they are enabled through this medium to purchase broken packages at ordinary factory prices. This is a great help to small dealers in the city as it saves them the expense of laying in a too costly stock of these lines cannot fail to achieve popularity everywhere.

Back of the store proper is a most charming retreat for those who want to enjoy a quiet moment smoking and perusing the leading periodicals and newspapers. Years ago Mr. Hackney established this business. A year later he sold out to take a situation for a leading cigar house. He re-purchased the stand five months ago, and has built up a large trade in that time. "Bob" Hackney, as the boys all call him, is a popular fellow. He has an off-handed way about him that takes well with his patrons, and his efforts to supply first-class goods at reasonable prices are meeting with the appreciation they so justly merit. The future success of "The Smokers' Home" under his direction is assured.

A MAKER . . . OF GOOD HARNESS.

### Geo. Beattie

HAS BUILT UP A PROSPEROUS BUSINESS.

Mr. Geo. Beattie is one of Guelph's most reliable and pushing harness makers, having been 35 years in the city, and all that time engaged in the harness trade. He has certainly become one of the most popular business men in the city. He employs two men at the bench, and his personal supervision is given to everything that is delivered from his shop. He makes a specialty of the collar trade, both repairing and manufacturing. Mr. Beattie's trade we might say, comprises nearly all of the city trade, and much of the surrounding country, making in all, one of the largest businesses in the city. In connection with the manufacturing and repairing department, he deals extensively in harness and driving robes of all kinds, riding saddles, both ladies' and gentlemen's, and whips, and a superfine quality of trunks and valises, and also all the smaller articles that are usually kept in a first class harness store.

Mr. Beattie has been ably assisted, of late, by his son, who is a most energetic and industrious young man. This tends greatly to relieve Mr. Beattie of a great many duties which otherwise he should have to look after. Mr. Beattie is a man of thorough business understanding and undaunted courage, which undoubtedly have carried him through life.

### ALEX. STEWART

HAS BUILT UP A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS IN GUELPH.

One of the neatest, nicest and most popular drug houses in Guelph is that conducted by Mr. Alex. Stewart. The



store is well arranged and handsomely fitted up, and presents an elegant appearance. The stock carried is large and varied, and includes all kinds of drugs, chemicals, and medicines of the finest quality. Everything is most handsomely displayed in numerous show cases, counters and shelvings.

As a practical manufacturing pharmacist, Mr. Stewart ranks second to none in the county. The position he occupies in the city is due, not only to his marked ability and skill, but also to the fact that he manufactures and keeps in stock a most complete line of household remedies. These remedies are of



genuine merit, which is attested to by the large amount of public confidence reposed in him. "Good wine needs no bush." And the products of Stewart's pharmacy need no praise, but it would be well to mention some of his well-known and far-famed productions. Stewart's Baking Powder is so well known to almost every household in the community, that it is now an indispensable article of every well-ordered kitchen. Orders for this article are received from many of the surrounding towns. Stewart's Flavoring Extracts have a reputation rivaling that of his baking powder. Stewart's Antiseptic Dentifrice, prescribed by leading dentists as an excellent application for

carries a complete stock of English and American trusses, and provides a private room for fitting.

Besides this, Mr. Stewart may be truly said to do the perfume trade of the city, so that perfumery ranks as a special feature of his establishment. The stock is large and select, and such well-known makers as Roger & Gallet's, Grossmith's, Pinand's are fully represented as well as Colgate's, Seeley's, Lubin's, Atkinson's, etc. Many of these celebrated perfumes are put up in special packages for the holiday season, and are suitable for Xmas gifts and wedding presents.

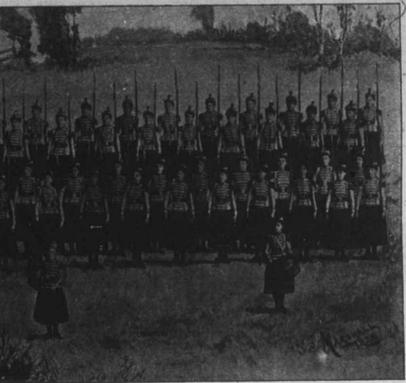
The store is well located in the heart of the city, just in front of the post office. Mr. Stewart occupies an en-

### Capt. Clark's Classes

IN THE PROMOTION OF THE PHYSICAL CULTURE OF GIRLS AND BOYS

### Guelph Leads the Dominion

SOMETHING ABOUT THE WORTHY AND SUCCESSFUL EFFORTS OF A WORTHY GENTLEMAN.



DAUGHTERS OF THE REGIMENT.



CAPT. CLARK.



HIGHLAND CADETS.

It was in May, 1880, that Capt. Walter Clark became a citizen of Guelph. For eight years prior to that time he had been stationed in Kingston, as instructor in the Kingston School of Gunnery. In preference to a position in the Royal Military College, or a situation in the Customs House at Montreal, the captain accepted the invitation of Col. Macdonald to come to Guelph and become the instructor of the Wellington Field Batteries. So at the time mentioned the man who has done so much to promote the physical culture of the young people of Guelph took up his residence amongst us.

One year after his arrival Capt. Clark was appointed calisthenic instructor in the Public schools, and in 1882 his first class was organized. It was a small un-uniformed class of girls, and they gave their first public enter-

tainment at the Teachers' convention in Fergus. But the work they accomplished met with such hearty appreciation that their numbers soon swelled and not long after the captain established his famous class of one hundred girls. They wore blouse waists with sailor collars and pale blue trimmings. In 1885 this class visited Toronto and in the Metropolitan Rink gave an exhibition that aroused the warmest enthusiasm of an immense audience. Other cities were afterwards visited with equally gratifying results.

### James Hutcheon

A COMPETENT ENGINEER AND A FAITHFUL SERVANT OF THE CITY.

Civilization began with tools, and every step in advance has been accomplished through their improvement. Handicraft labor, in bone, stone, or wood, was the first stage in the development of man's power; and the science and knowledge of tools or machines, in iron or steel, are the last and most efficient method of economizing it, and enabling him to intelligently direct the active and inert forces of nature. The science of surveying and civil engineering has a strong bearing on popular education; not only as regards economical use of time, careful observation, close attention to details, but as respects the uses of drawing. Amidst all our vaunted improvements in education, the faculty of comparison by sight, or what may be commonly called the correctness of eye, has been very little attended to. Drawing is the education of the eye. It is most interesting than words. It is graphic language.

These remarks are called forth by a consideration of the career of Mr. James Hutcheon, who, as a Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer of the Provinces of Ontario, has done so much for Guelph during the three years he has resided in the city. In Mr. Hutcheon the city has indeed a staunch worker and adviser. It is by the "selection of the fittest" that the true source of the prosperity of every city depends. Let politicians talk as they will, we venture to assert that Free Trade in Ability has a much closer relation to national prosperity than even Free Trade in Commodities, and by the selection of Mr. Hutcheon as City Engineer, the city has chosen wisely and well. For Mr. Hutcheon has all those qualities so requisite for an engineer of high standing, viz., a high imagination and a great constructive faculty. Some people think the former of these qualities is not required by authors, historians or poets, but it is an invaluable and necessary quality for a civil engineer. It is one of the most delightful results of the possession of the constructive faculty that one can build up in the mind mechanical structures and set them to work in imagination, and observe beforehand the various details performing their respective functions, as if they were in absolute material, form and action. Unless this happy faculty exists ab initio in the brain of the engineer, he will have a hard and disappointing life before him. It is the early cultivation of the imagination which gives the right flexibility to the thinking faculties. Thus business, commerce, and mechanics are all the better for a fine, healthy imagination. Besides having these qualities in an eminent degree, Mr. Hutcheon is a young man full of life and vigor, who is imbued with the feeling that there are new fields of thought yet to be pursued in the realms of science. He is not the kind of man who will stop at what he has already attained, but, having prevailed so far, he is ever eager to push his studies afield and enter new worlds, in the region of travel and of thought.

Of his career in this city nothing but words of commendation can be said. It was no rosy path that lay before him when he assumed the duties of his office. A strong prejudice, born of the unfortunate difficulties that had recently marred the efficiency of the Public Works department, subjected his every act to a criticism that was often unreasonable. The greatest tribute to Mr. Hutcheon's ability as an engineer, his thorough devotedness to the city's interests, and his determination to do fairly by all parties, is the fact that he has lived down whatever opposition existed and now enjoys the warm support of many who viewed his appointment with disfavor.

Under his direction thousands of dollars have been spent on the streets of the city and in such a manner as to command general approval and satisfaction. Mr. Hutcheon is at once the most valuable and popular member of the civic service, ready always to attend to the complaints of any ratepayers and efficiently safe-guarding the public interest in the important department of which he is the practical head.

### Fine Shaving Parlor.

### W. H. FAIRLEY IS AN ADEPT IN THE TONSORIAL PROFESSION.

The shaving parlor of Mr. W. H. Fairley stands prominent in connection with that trade in this city. They have been lately fitted up in the most modern style and are an inviting place for all comers. In Mr. Fairley's parlors are to be found all the daily papers and periodicals, which undoubtedly add to the pleasure and comfort of his patrons.

Mr. Fairley has had from eight to ten years' experience in his business, both in this city and elsewhere, keeping him well up to date in the different modes of hair-dressing. He has been in business for himself for the past three years. His practice extends over a large portion of the city of Guelph. One special branch of his business is that of attending to the wants of the Ontario Agricultural College. This part of his work itself shows that he must be a professional in his life, when he can cater to the numberless tastes of these gentlemen. His great aim is directed to the immediate requirements of his customers.

Mr. Fairley holds important positions in many of the societies of this city and also fills an office in the militia. The wisdom, perseverance and hard work displayed by him in these positions reflect great credit on him and prove him to be a most untiring and willing helper.

Buckle For Bread

THE GREAT BUSINESS THAT AN ENERGETIC MAN HAS CREATED.

Success Has Followed His Footsteps

AND HE HAS NOW ONE OF THE FINEST STORES IN THE ROYAL CITY.



It would be interesting from every point of view to give a slight sketch of Mr. Buckle's connection with the baking interests of Guelph.

In 1855 Mr. Buckle bought out the oldest established bakery in the city, viz, that of Mr. Andrew Armstrong.

In 1860 Mr. Buckle felt that his premises in Macdonnell street were barely sufficient, both in extent and character, for the best furtherance of his ever increasing business.

Mr. Buckle's bakery, grocery and fruit store is a happy combination of the necessities and luxuries of life.

Mr. Buckle is a native of Yorkshire, England, a county for ever famous for marked individuality of race.

Keen and shrewd, faithful and persevering in following out a good purpose, Mr. Buckle is a powerful factor in the commercial interests of the city.

Mr. Buckle is a native of Yorkshire, England, a county for ever famous for marked individuality of race.

A Reliable Tailor

WILLIAM WATSON CARRIES A CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK AND DOES EXCELLENT WORK.

A visitor to this city is at once struck by the number and fine appearance of its merchant tailoring establishments.

The stock he carries is always select, and most suitable for the requirements of his numerous customers.

Mr. Watson is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

Watching closely as he does the styles of the day, and paying the strictest attention to the wants of his customers, he can give the most fastidious tailor a first-class fitting article.

He possesses the happy faculty of modifying his methods to suit the requirements of a man of any build.

Mr. Mitchell is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

It has been truly remarked that in the middle of life we are in death, and in death we are in life.

Mr. Mitchell is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

Mr. Mitchell is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

A Magnificent Store

GEORGE WILLIAMS, GROCER, BAKER AND CONFECTIONER IN HIS BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED PREMISES.

There is no more important factor in the commercial and industrial growth of a city, and no more unerring index of its progress than the quality of its groceries and confectionery line.

In reviewing the resources and industries of Guelph, it is of importance that the leading and prominent firms should receive mention in keeping with the scope and magnitude of their business.

For 15 years has Mr. Williams been a resident of Guelph. From this it will be seen that if Guelph is not a very narrow escape of being so.

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GUELPH'S Theatre

AND SOMETHING ABOUT ITS POPULAR MANAGER, MR. ALBERT TAVERNIER.

Guelph is unusually fortunate in possessing an Opera House, which, from an exterior and interior point of view, would do credit to any city.

On the other side is the confectionery and bakery department. Under Mr. Williams' management, this art has grown nearly to perfection.

Mr. Williams gives employment to fifteen hands. His immense stock takes up the floor space of three stories.

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Mr. Williams is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

A Valued Citizen

PROF. FRANK B. FENWICK HAS DONE MUCH FOR MUSIC IN GUELPH.

Guelph is essentially a cosmopolitan city in respect to the nationality, habits and tastes of its citizens.

Of those who have done much in the musical world, of which this is the centre, none have achieved a position at once so high and so well deserved as Professor Frank B. Fenwick.

Mr. Fenwick is an Englishman by birth and was born in Yorkshire in 1855. He commenced his musical studies when very young and while a mere boy of fourteen years of age, held the joint positions of organist of the Congregational church and All Saints Parish church, Folkestone.

Mr. Fenwick is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

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John Mitchell

Undertaker

HIS FINE FACILITIES AND PERSONAL ADAPTABILITY TO HIS BUSINESS.

It has been truly remarked that in the middle of life we are in death, and in death we are in life.

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It has been truly remarked that in the middle of life we are in death, and in death we are in life.

Along various Lines

HAVE THE BUSINESS ABILITIES OF MR. D. L. SCHULTZ BEEN MANIFESTED.

Since Mr. D. L. Schultz came to Guelph about seven years ago he has done his full share in the performance of the duties of citizenship.

Mr. Schultz is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

An Artist with the Razor

JIM WORTHINGTON IS NOTED FOR GIVING AN EASY SHAVE.

Mr. Worthington has been a resident in the city for 2 years, having started his present business four years ago.

Mr. Worthington is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

Painter and Paperhanger

WALTER KEE HAS HAD A WIDE EXPERIENCE AND DOES A BIG BUSINESS.

Prominent among the thriving business enterprises of the city will be found that of Mr. Walter R. Kee.

Mr. Kee is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

John K. Hamilton

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS.

In no trade has the city earned more deserving note than in that of its marble manufacturers. Mr. Hamilton, the subject of this sketch, is the only direct importer west of Toronto and north of Hamilton.

Mr. Hamilton brings to bear an experience of twenty-five years and is prepared to supply anything in the line of marble or granite at the shortest notice.

Mr. Hamilton is a native of Scotland, and has had an extensive experience on both sides of the Atlantic.

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James Algie

BLACKSMITH

HE OCCUPIES A LEADING POSITION IN HIS LINE.

Among the industries of the city that of James Algie occupies a leading position in its line.

# Guelph's Public Bodies

Her Municipal, Educational, Commercial, Charitable and Military Interests

And the Men Who Promote Them

## Guelph's Civic Government.

**MAYOR LAMPREY.**  
Guelph is governed by a Mayor and eighteen Aldermen, each of the six Wards in the city having three representatives at the Council Board. The present occupant of the chief magistrate's chair, is Mr. John A. Lamprey, a son of one of the earliest settlers in Guelph. The aldermen for the year 1895 are:  
St. Patrick's Ward—Ald. Coffee, McHargy, Stull.  
St. George's—Ald. Hower, Macdonald, Parkinson.

St. John's—Ald. Taylor, Crossbie, Dowling.  
St. David's—Ald. Sully, Newstead, Schultz.  
St. Andrew's—Ald. Scroggie, Hendley, Mahoney.  
St. James—Ald. Hartnett, Peterson, Hearns.  
Mr. Richard Mitchell is City Clerk; Mr. E. Harvey, Treasurer; Mr. John Hutton, Collector; Mr. Wm. Hart, Assessor; Mr. F. W. Randall, Chief of Police.  
The City Hall is the centre of public business. It is a handsome and substantial structure, erected in 1856, at a cost of \$45,000, but since materially enlarged. At present an extensive addition to the market building is in the course of erection. The waterworks are a profitable investment. There are 17 miles of pipe laid, at a cost of \$125,000, and the average daily amount pumped will aggregate 500,000 gallons. The supply is one of the purest to be found in Ontario, the mains being fed directly from springs, and there is no doubt but that the high health record of Guelph is in a large measure due to the purity of its water supply. The waterworks is under the direction of a committee of the Council.  
Guelph has an excellent fire brigade. The apparatus consists of a steam fire engine, for the outlying parts of the city, hose wagon with small chemical engines, 3 hose reels, hook and ladder truck, and horses kept exclusively for fire purposes at the fire hall, 3,000 to 4,000 feet of first class hose, 14 telephone stations on separate circuit, connected with central telephone station, and use of 250 private telephones, automatic alarm for tower bell, 120 fire hydrants with a pressure of 80 to 120 lbs., from four boilers and two pair of engines and pumps at the waterworks.



CITY HALL BUILDING, GUELPH.

## Board of Trade.

An active factor in the promotion of Guelph's prosperity in recent years has been the Board of Trade. In the removal of grievances under which its merchants or manufacturers might be suffering, and in the promotion of new industrial enterprises, the Board of Trade has done good work. Mr. James Watt is president of the Board; Mr. J. E. McElderry vice-president and Mr.



SECRETARY SCOTT.

Andrew Scott discharges the duties of Secretary. In their labors these gentlemen are assisted by a council of twelve members. The great usefulness which the Board



PRESIDENT WATT.

of Trade is accomplishing in Guelph has been strikingly demonstrated even in the past year or two. The idea of an electric street railway first originated with that organization and was by it referred to the City Council for action. But for the Board of Trade and the active forces it called into requisition, the Guelph Norway Iron and Steel Co. would probably never have been formed. So, too, was it enabled to render the city a great service in smooth-

## Educational Institutions.

In educational matters, Guelph is second to no city in the province. The Central School of which an engraving appears elsewhere, accommodates 1,000 pupils. It is an imposing structure and occupies a most commanding position; its cost was \$60,000, now all paid for. There are also six ward schools, the latest addition being the fine stone building in St. George's ward, erected in 1886, at a cost of \$10,000. The collegiate institute, with its spacious gymnasium and extensive grounds, is also an ornament to the city. The institution is fully equipped and its record at the departmental examinations is exceptionally high. The public school includes a commercial class, where a two years' course in commercial subjects is given. The Separate Schools are under the charge of the Sisters of Loretto Convent and are conducted with marked efficiency. The total roll attendance at all the Guelph schools is 2,400.

The Public and Separate Schools are Governed by boards elected by the people at the municipal elections. In addition representatives for the Collegiate Institute are chosen by the City Council. The members of the Board of Education are: Peter Anderson, chairman, James Cormack, Hugh McMillan, Jno. Davidson, Dr. MacKinnon, James Watt, E. H. Hutton, A. H. Dieke, Wm. Carroll, S. Broadfoot, W. Knowles, H. W. Peterson, Alfred Smith, William McLaren, Alex. White, C. W. Kelly, Wm. Springour and Robert Johnston. The Separate School Board is composed of the following: J. E. McElderry, chairman; John Harris, Felix Devlin, M. J. Duignan, Dr. Nunan, C. Klopfer, J. C. Keleher, M. J. Doran, James Ryan, M. Purcell, Frank Nunan, and Edward Doyle. The Ontario Agricultural College and Experimental Farm, the property of the

Ontario Government, is commanding situated about one mile from the city on the Brock Road. The farm in connection with the institution consists of 550 acres, 313 being worked as an ordinary farm, 150 in experimental plots, and balance in lawn, garden, bush, etc. Under the direction of Hon. John Dryden as minister of agriculture, the equipment has been greatly increased, and now consists of large and commodious farm buildings, with all modern improvements; the most advanced facilities for instruction in agriculture, dairying, chemistry, botany, horticulture, etc.

The Guelph free public library was the first to be established in Ontario under the Free Library Act, its citizens ever being foremost in educational matters. It is centrally located and is largely patronized. The number of volumes at the end of last year was nearly 8,000 and a great many have been added since that time.

The position of the large and commodious Loretto Academy is unsurpassed as regards beautiful situation. This popular school, to which every year comes pupils from the most distant parts of Canada and the States, is making steady progress. Besides the collegiate course of study, pupils are at liberty to follow the curriculum for the departmental examinations. The course of instruction in music and art is very thorough, as is evinced by the presence of 100 pupils in these classes. Six sisters assist in the teaching of the academy.

**THE JUDICIARY.**  
**HIS HONOR JUDGE CHADWICK.**  
Austin Cooper Chadwick, Judge of the County of Wellington, comes of a very old Irish family. He was born in the Township of Ancaster, Nov. 18, 1812. He entered Guelph Grammar School in 1831, and the Law Society in 1838. He was admitted a solicitor in 1863 and called to the bar in February, '64. He practices for a short time at Mount Forest, and afterwards at Toronto for some time. He was appointed Junior Judge of Wellington County, January, 1878, Local Judge of the High Court of Justice in 1882, and Senior Judge of Wellington County in December, 1891.

Judge Chadwick enjoys the confidence of the public and the universal respect of the bar, by whom his decisions are always received with great consideration.

**HIS HONOR JUDGE JAMIESON.**  
Mr. Joseph Jamieson was appointed Junior Judge of the County of Wellington in 1891. Born in the township of Sherbrooke in 1839 he received his education at Perth Grammar School. As Ward of North Lanark he rendered valuable services to the county.

He was called to the bar in 1869 and in 1889 he was appointed Q.C. He was chosen to represent N. Lanark in the Commons from '82 to '91, and all through his public career he has manifested those qualities which from the first marked him as a man of ability and sound judgment.

**POLICE MAGISTRATE SAUNDERS.**  
T. W. Saunders, Esq., has been Police Magistrate of Guelph for many years. He is also Chairman of the Police Commission. Mr. Saunders presides at the

police court with much ability and in no just case, he is distinguished by judgments delivered with more force and clearness.

## First Officer of the County.

**SHERIFF MCKIM.**  
The first officer of the County, Robert McKim, Esq., Sheriff, first saw the light of day in Sligo, Ireland, in 1828. He came to this country in 1841 and settled in Wellington. He was councillor, deputy reeve, and reeve of Peel in

succession, was elected to the Legislature in 1867 and for nearly twenty years served North Wellington and the Liberal party. In 1888 Mr. McKim was made sheriff, an office which he fills with excellent taste and disinterestedness, and perfect satisfaction to the people.

## Agricultural Interests.

Guelph has long been known as the Smithfield of Canada. Through the exertions of the Guelph Fat Stock Club, with their Easter and Christmas shows, buyers were attracted from all parts to the Guelph market, until their shows were allied with the Provincial Fat Stock Show, which has been held at Guelph since 1878, and since its institution by the Government. The export of live stock from this city last year exceeded one and a quarter millions of dollars. The shipments of dressed beef and poultry to Halifax alone aggregate nearly \$100,000 yearly, while the Government's table on special occasions is always supplied direct from Guelph. The O. A. College herds are close to the city, while within easy reach may be found those of Messrs. Cockburn, Watt, Hunter and Holburn, the well-known Galloways, Shortborns, Mr. McCrae of Galloways, Mr. Rudd of Devona, A. Stone of Herculon, Wright, Evans, Finn, of sheep, and many others whose fairs as stock-breeders is perhaps not so widely known. There is no city in Canada, or, for that matter, in the United States, in the near neighborhood of which so many World's Fair animals in the cat and sheep departments are to be found.

The South Wellington Agricultural Society, under whose auspices the Guelph Central Exhibition is annually held, is a solid and flourishing organization. Mr. James Anderson, the Laird of Pualish, as he is familiarly and affectionately called by his friends, was its first president. Its present executive board is Mr. Cowan and Mr. William Laidlaw, Jr., who fills the office of secretary. A general impression of the annual show, a circumstance which has largely contributed to its continued success.

## One of the Old Guard.

**POSTMASTER STIRTON.**  
No one enjoys to a larger extent the esteem and respect of the people of Guelph than Postmaster Stirton. He is a man of the highest moral and intellectual attainments, full of reminiscences and anecdotes of the early days and ever ready for a friendly chat. David Stirton, a native of Forfarshire, Scotland, came to Guelph with his father in 1821, and shortly afterwards settled in Pualish. He was largely engaged in the lumber trade, a magistrate for thirty years and member for South Wellington in the old Legislature for ten years and from

Confederation to 1876 in the Parliament of Canada. In May, 1876, he was appointed Postmaster and he has filled this office with eminent distinction to the public. Mr. Stirton has been falling in health but the wish is general and sincere that he may yet be spared many years of usefulness amongst us. Mr. Stirton was the chief promoter of the Guelph & Ontario Investment & Savings Society, and has been president of that prosperous institution ever since its inception.

**THE MILITARY.**  
In Guelph the military spirit is well developed. The First Brigade of Field Artillery, Guelph, Lt.-Col. Macdonald commanding, contains two batteries, A and B, the latter composed largely of O.A.C. students. Major Nicol commands the former, and B battery is in the charge of Major Davidson. These are the most efficient batteries in the Dominion, having won the general affection of the public and a number of medals, and possessing an extensive collection of beautiful trophies. The senior lieutenant in the brigade is the Guelph man, Mr. J. W. Saunders, Esq., who has been in the ranks since the organization of the brigade in 1870. The average membership is from twenty-six to thirty. The instrumentarium is more complete than is usual with amateur bands.

Mr. J. Wyatt Trendell, the bandmaster, has made for himself an excellent reputation, both in Canada and the United States, as a talented musician, a good conductor and teacher, and a brilliant instrumentalist. Mr. Trendell is one of the first, if not the first, of the kind in the Dominion, and his appointment on the withdrawal of the Imperial troops from the interior of the Dominion was a great success. The management of the band, consisting of Lieut.-Col. White, the officers of the regiment and a number of gentlemen at Guelph, has organized a series of winter popular concerts, which are given in the drill hall and which, so far, have been a success.

**STAFF SERGEANT OGG.**  
A man who has won distinction for himself and brought Guelph into prominence, is Staff Sgt. John Ogg, of the 1st B.F.A. Mr. Ogg began his remarkable career as a marksmanship man many years ago. The first year he attended the Ontario Rifle Association meeting was in 1877, when he won the Elkington cup. The following year he first went to the D.R.A. meeting and won his place on the Wimbledon team, and since then he has attended every meeting of the D.R.A. and D.R.A. His successes at those meetings are too numerous to mention, but it is sufficient to say that he has won nearly every one of the important prizes. He has been to Wimbledon and Balesy nine times with the Canadian team and each time represented Canada in the Kolapore match, winning the cup twice. In 1889 he won the Wimbledon cup at Wimbledon, and was second in the Grahpe the following year. He has also won the Corporation of the City of London and the Canada Club prizes three times, and was in the final stage for the queen's prize three times.

The details of this year's shooting furnish some remarkable coincidences. Sixteen years ago (in 1879) Wheeler shot Ogg, of the Wellington Field Battery, on the Governor-General's prize of £50 sterling and a special badge. That was the first year the prize was given by the Governor-General. This year Mr. Sgt. Ogg repeated that success, winning the prize donated by Lord Aberdeen, the present Governor-General, and receiving from his excellency special congratulations on account of both being natives of the same parish in Aberdeenshire.

**CROWN ATTORNEY PETERSON.**  
Henry William Peterson, Clerk of the Peace and Crown Attorney, is a York pioneer. He came to Guelph with his father in 1842, received his primary education at a private school and completed his studies at Toronto University, of which he is a medalist. He

## Leading County Officials.

**WARDEN TOLTON.**  
Warden Edward Tolton is a native of Eramosa. He is a son of Mr. Henry Tolton, of that Township, and lived there till he was eighteen years of age. He is now, and has been for some years extensively engaged in the grain business in Clifford. Mr. Tolton has been ten times elected reeve of Clifford, eight times by acclamation. This, therefore, is his tenth year in the County Council. He



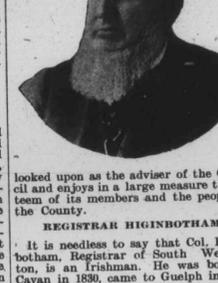
has all the qualities that make a successful public man, is popular with his fellow members and on him the honor of office gracefully and worthily rests. The high place Mr. Tolton occupies in the estimation of his fellows was evidenced recently when by a unanimous vote the Liberal-Conservatives of West Wellington tendered him the nomination for the Local House.

**TREASURER REYNOLDS.**  
William Reynolds, Esq., has been Treasurer of the County since 1888. He succeeded the late Col. Hewat. Prior to that he was Deputy Registrar under Col. Webster. Mr. Reynolds is a



native of Wales, and in his young days served Her Majesty in the Imperial navy. He is a popular official and a gentleman of genial manner and refined tastes.

**CLERK BEATTIE.**  
John Beattie is one of the pioneers of Fergus and has been Clerk of the County since 1871. He is thoroughly conversant with municipal law, is



looked upon as the adviser of the Council and enjoys in a large measure the esteem of its members and the people of the County.



**REGISTRAR HIGINBOTHAM.**  
It is needless to say that Col. Higinbotham, Registrar of South Wellington, is an Irishman. He was born in 1830, came to Guelph in 1848, and for twenty years was actively identified with her mercantile interests.



was called to the bar in 1856 and in December, 1866, was made Crown Attorney of the Peace and Crown Attorney, of which he is a medalist. He

## SUBROGATE COURT CLERK.

Alexander Mackenzie, Clerk of the Subrogate Court, has filled that office since the death of Mr. T. A. Keating



twelve years ago. For a quarter of a century Mr. Mackenzie had been book-keeper for David Allan. He is an attentive, courteous, and competent official.



afterwards a member of the editorial

**THE GENERAL.**  
The Guelph General Hospital, situated on the Eramosa hill, was incorporated by Act of Parliament and opened for the reception of patients in 1873. Owing to the gradual increase of patients, it was found necessary to enlarge its capacity, and in 1887 (Victoria Wing was built, which nearly doubled its accommodation:  
The number of patients in 1875 and 1876 was ..... 393  
Number of patients in 1888..... 440  
Number of patients in 1890..... 429  
Number of patients in 1891..... 431  
Number of patients in 1892..... 481  
Number of patients in 1893..... 465  
Number of patients in 1894..... 468  
Number of patients in 1895..... 512

The number of days of patients under treatment in 1882 was 5,818, and in 1895 this had increased to 14,200. It is a public institution in the fullest sense, being entirely non-sectarian and governed by twelve directors, who are also trustees and are elected annually, in the month of June, by the votes of all those who have subscribed to the support of the Hospital, one vote for each \$4 subscribed. The qualification for admittance, free of all charges, is that the person is poor, sick and suffering, regardless of creed or country. The boon conferred upon many is very great, especially where the suitable nursing and attendance could not be obtained in their houses. They have found medical aid and every treatment bestowed upon them in the Hospital.

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**Sports, Amusements, Etc.**  
Though Guelph people are not behind in the hustle and business activity that are so essential in these days to commercial success they pay due attention to sports and amusements. Against them the charge made so frequently against the people of the old land that they take their recreation seriously cannot truthfully be levelled. See them at a baseball game 4,000 or 6,000 strong, men and women, boys and girls, cheering like mad, and one must be convinced Guelph people know how to whole heartedly enter into the spirit

of true sport. In baseball the city has long led the Dominion. In cricket and kindred sports its representatives meet with encouraging success. Skating, curling and hockey are popular diversions sought by the young and old in the winter months. The Victoria rink, the largest and finest in Canada, offers splendid facilities for the exercise of these sports. There are two curling clubs in Guelph, the Union and the Royal City, and here the famous Sleeman and Guelph trophies are annually competed for.

and its officers are—H. H. Cull, sr., President; R. Cunningham, Vice-President; H. H. Cull, Jr., Secretary; L. Singular, Treasurer. Executive Committee—H. H. Cull, chairman; C. Quinn and G. O. Atkinson, auditors.—H. Cunningham and H. M. Williams. Besides their comfortable shooting lodge, situated just outside the limits of the Royal City, and on the line of the Guelph Street Railway, the club owns a beautiful fishing reserve at Eden Mills, a short distance from Guelph.

## Staff of the Colonist and Hamilton Banner, now The Times.

Mr. Innes was first returned to Parliament in 1882 in the Liberal interests and he was re-elected at the general elections in '87 and '91. Though an unbounded Liberal he enjoys the respect and admiration of his political opponents both in the House and the country.

**JOHN MUTRIE, M.P.P.**  
John Mutrie, M.P.P. for South Wellington, is a son of the late Wm. Mutrie, and was born in the township of Eramosa. He was educated at common school and when grown to manhood took an active interest in the volunteer movement. He joined the Eramosa Company and rose to the rank of Captain. He has for a great many

years been Major of the 30th Battalion. He also took quite an interest in municipal affairs, was a member of the Eramosa Council, then deputy-reeve and reeve and filled the position of Warden of the County for two years. He was elected member for South Wellington in the Ontario Legislature in June, 1894.

**Fraternal Societies.**  
With Fraternal Societies Guelph may be said to be home-possessed. All the worthy fraternal and benevolent associations of the country have prosperous branches in this city. A gratifying development of this new important feature of our social system is the large number of citizens of moderate means who are availing themselves of the benefits and protection afforded by these societies.

**ST. JOSEPH'S.**  
In 1861 the late Father Holtzer founded St. Joseph's Hospital and House of Providence. The modest stone building which he erected gave place, in the fall of 1877, to the large and more pretentious structure that has so fully filled all requirements up to the present time. And now eighteen years later, there has grown up on the same site a palatial home that opens its wide and attractive portals to everyone—the sick, the poor, the infirm—in the sweet name of charity. The structure is built in the pavilion style, or approaching that class, being composed of numerous wards and other apartments distributed over a greater area of ground, rather than building in storeys, as connected with wide and lofty corridors, the entire building being under continuous roofs and still having abundance of light and space and ventilation. In architectural style the building is classed as classic Romanesque. It

built of white brick with cut stone trimmings and carvings. The length of the building is 132 feet, and the mean width about 90 feet. The old building formerly used as the hospital, will be occupied as the House of Providence. The main corridors and private halls in the new building communicate with the original building. The institution is in charge of the Sisters of St. Joseph, who are always earnest, gentle and self-sacrificing workers in the noble calling they have espoused. In equipment and management, St. Joseph's Hospital is now one of the finest in the Province. Through an unfortunate misunderstanding we are unable to publish an engraving of the institution.

**GUDELPH TRAP AND GAME CLUB.**  
An important and gratifying element in the entertainment of Guelph citizens is the magnificent opera house recently completed and so successfully managed by Mr. Albert Tavernier. All the finest attractions on the road, and none of an inferior grade, appear at this house and the audiences are invariably large and discriminatingly appreciative. The Guelph Trap and Game Club is one of the best of its kind in this part of the country. It was established in 1888. It has over seventy-five members

of true sport. In baseball the city has long led the Dominion. In cricket and kindred sports its representatives meet with encouraging success. Skating, curling and hockey are popular diversions sought by the young and old in the winter months. The Victoria rink, the largest and finest in Canada, offers splendid facilities for the exercise of these sports. There are two curling clubs in Guelph, the Union and the Royal City, and here the famous Sleeman and Guelph trophies are annually competed for.

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# The City of the Rocks

ELORA IS ONE OF THE MOST PICTURESQUE SPOTS IN THE DOMINION.

## As Prosperous as It is Beautiful

MARKED ADVANCEMENT IN ITS EDUCATIONAL, INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

On the banks of the Grand and Irvine Rivers, and in the heart of one of the most fertile and richest agricultural districts in Canada is the beautiful little town of Elora. In no portion of our Dominion has nature been more lavish in her gifts than here, and to the lover of the beautiful, in whatever way you turn, there is an ever varying scene of loveliness, of which one never tires. Through the centre of the town flows the Grand River, the banks of which for a distance of nearly half a mile are lined with splendid factories and mills. On the west side is the Irvine River, which here joins the Grand, and commencing within a stone's throw of the business centre the river flows between solid walls of limestone rock, which rise to a height of over one hundred feet from the river's bed. Beautiful walks, bridges and stairways have been built for the convenience of pleasure seekers, and, during the summer season, thousands of visitors from every quarter of the country are attracted to this lovely spot. Painters have revelled in its beauties and poets have sung its praises.

In the year 1858 Elora assumed the dignity of an incorporated village, and the honor of being elected to the first council board was conferred on the following gentlemen: Reeve, David Foote; Councillors, John Godfrey, John Mundell, John Potter, and Chas. Clarke. Three of these gentlemen are still residents of Elora, the Hon. Chas. Clarke, John Godfrey, Esq., and John Mundell, Esq. Mr. Potter is a resident of Brooklyn, N.Y., and the death of Mr. Foote in 1891 made the first break in the ranks of the original fathers of the village.

Elora is one of the greatest live stock markets in Canada, and the thousands of head of the finest cattle that are annually shipped from this place, has perhaps more than in any other place given to Elora and the Township of Pilkington and Nichol the proud name they have so well earned.

In educational matters Elora takes a high rank, and with the High, Public, Model and Separate Schools, the rising generation is afforded advantages not excelled by any other place in the country. With a staff of competent teachers in every department of the various schools, well lighted, ventilated and equipped buildings, its educational facilities are of the highest order.

The Elora Public Library takes a rank amongst similar institutions of that nature in the Dominion, and on its shelves are to be found over 8,000 volumes of the choicest works of history, science and fiction. In connection with the library is a reading room, where may be found the leading dailies and magazines. On the second floor is located the High School museum, in which is found a rare collection of fossils, coins, stuffed animals and birds, and everything relating to the early history of Canada.

Elora is proverbially a town of churches, and the number of splendid edifices of the different denominations

and speak volumes for the moral and religious sentiment of its inhabitants. In manufacturing Elora takes rank second only to Guelph in this county, and the thousands of dollars' worth of goods yearly shipped from the different industries speak volumes for the enterprise of her citizens.

To the business men of Elora to a large extent, is to be attributed the splendid progress it has made during the past few years, and the year 1895 can be pointed to as the most prosperous in its history. In whatever direction we turn are to be found evidence of solid prosperity, and the large number of beautiful and costly residences, stores and factories in course of construction and completed during the past year is the best proof of the advancement Elora is making.

Handsome business blocks adorn the mercantile portion of the town and some of the stores will compare favorably with the best in the same lines of trade in our cities.

As a residential town Elora has advantages possessed by few places. An unlimited supply of the purest spring water, a system of natural drainage, good fire protection, and an almost total immunity from anything in the nature of contagious diseases.

As a further evidence of the enterprise of its citizens Elora has this year followed the lead taken by our cities in the matter of sidewalks, and the principal portion of its business streets have been laid with the most modern and approved granite pavement.

Financially, Elora occupies a position of which its citizens may well boast. With a net debt of less than \$10 per head of population, and a large yearly increase in its assessable wealth, the burden of taxation is becoming an easy load and with the same judicious management which has characterized the majority of its ruling bodies during the past few years, the future prosperity of Elora is assured.

The present council of Elora is composed as follows: Reeve, Frank Clark; Councillors, Thos. Godfrey, S. Springer, J. Chambers, and R. Stickney. A. Petrie, Clerk.

The hands of the Council have been very materially strengthened by the formation of an energetic Board of Trade, composed of the leading business men and manufacturers of the town. The officers of the present year are: Hon. Pres., Hon. Chas. Clarke; Pres., T. P. Smith, Esq.; Vice-Pres., F. Linsay, Esq.; Secretary and Treasurer, E. Burns, Esq.

In societies Elora has its full quota, and not less than fifteen or sixteen organizations are here represented.

During the past year Elora has come to the front in the matter of athletic sports, and to-day boasts of flourishing croquet, bicycle, football, tennis, and baseball clubs. With two beautiful athletic parks, and a number of private grounds the young people of the town are well provided for in sporting matters. The Grand River also affords a fine opportunity for boating, which recreation is largely indulged in.

roft & Harvey fixed on Elora as the centre of their commercial enterprise. The factory, which occupies a beautiful position on the bank of the Grand

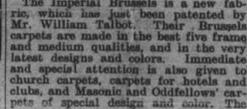


River, is a massive stone structure, 4 stories high, and 115x40 feet in dimensions. In addition to the main building are other buildings, which form a wing, and greatly enhance the outside appearance of the mill. Both steam and water are utilized as the motive power for running the machinery.

Messrs. Talbot, Cockcroft & Harvey employ no less than 65 hands to run this vast concern. Most of these men require to be skilled mechanics. Every department of this mill is managed in the most strictly up to date manner. The entire factory is lighted by electricity.

The goods made are manufactured from the purest Canadian wool, and the wool can be seen at any time in its various stages of progress. This wool is taken in from the farmers in the country. Then we see it in its scored state. From this worsted yarn is made, which is dyed in all the colors of the rainbow, and the carpet itself is turned out from the yarn on the loom. This is how the famous Canadian Body Brussels carpet is manufactured. All the improvements of machinery, together with the skill of the most proficient mechanics combine in making

this article unrivalled for quality and durability. Taken in as it is from the farmer, thoroughly cleaned before spinning, dyed, and manufactured on the premises, the Body Brussels carpet case duty competition from any manufacturer. Their trade extends throughout the whole Dominion, from the Maritime Provinces to British Columbia, and the superiority of their article has been more than once demonstrated. The medal awarded to Messrs. Talbot, Cockcroft & Harvey at the Toronto Exhibition was the highest award given. Besides the Brussels carpet and the Imperial Brussels is a new fabric, which has just been patented by Mr. William Talbot. Their Brussels carpets are made in the best five frame and medium qualities, and in the very latest designs and colors. Immediate and special attention is also given to church carpets, carpets for hotels and clubs, and Messrs. Talbot, Cockcroft & Harvey are also manufacturers of special design and color. The



firm combine in their own personality individual characteristics of unusual excellence. Mr. Talbot is an experienced carpet manufacturer, while Mr. Cockcroft is a spinner, whose work gives ample evidence of his proficiency. Mr. Harvey combines in himself those business qualities which are the very elements of success. He acts in the capacity of a salesman.

As employers of labor, as producers of a hitherto foreign manufacture, and as conferring great benefits on the district, these gentlemen deserve and possess in no small degree the esteem and confidence of the whole community.

### MASSIE'S BAKERY

WHERE THE LIGHTEST BREAD AND FANCY CONFECTIONS ARE MADE

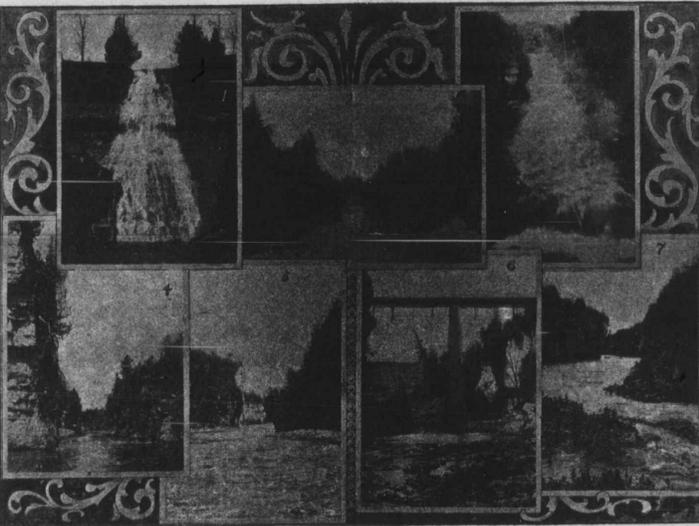
Located on the main street of Elora is the bakery of D. Massie, who has been in this business for the past twenty-five years. Practical and experienced he manufactures only the most wholesome of ingredients into marketable form, not forgetting to be strictly up to the times with the larger cities in both quality and weight. Here you find the nicest and lightest of bread, cakes, pies, cookies, etc., while his wagon visits the suburbs and outlying districts.

The output of Mr. Massie's bakery has earned the highest encomiums for general excellence, gaining for the establishment well deserved prominence.

Besides being a practical baker he is also an expert confectioner, and manufactures most of his confectionery. He is liberally patronized by the community.



where you can find all the fitting representatives of the pharmacopoeia as well as patent and proprietary medicines, toilet accessories, etc., added to which is a large assortment of fancy and commercial stationery. The prescription department is under the immediate supervision of Mr. Norris, who graduated at the Toronto College of Pharmacy as the gold medalist, and afterwards spent a year in New York City with one of its largest drug houses, in the prescription department. He sees to it that prescriptions and family recipes are compounded in the most careful manner. He is a most affable gentleman, a thorough student in his profession, and a most capable pharmacist. Thus in the two years that he has been in business in Elora he has gained hosts of friends and patrons, who respect him as a wide awake and progressive merchant. He is also the agent for the G. N. W. telegraph and the Canadian Express Company.



SCENES ON THE IRVINE RIVER, ELORA. 1. The Cascade. 2. The Gorge. 3. Little Falls. 4. High Rock. 5. Man's Face. 6. Irvine Bridge. 7. The Junction.

### Harris' Drug Store

ONE OF ELORA'S UP-TO-DATE BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.

No more important business exists in a community than that of druggists and chemist, and no more arduous occupation, for the druggist, like the doctor, must be ever ready to open his doors to those who are suffering, and he must also, to be a popular druggist, carry a multitude of articles never thought of in connection with the drug business a few years ago. Such an establishment have we in that of R. D. Norris.



One of Elora's prominent mercantile houses is the boot and shoe store of Wm. H. Scott, where is carried everything in footwear for men, youths, ladies and children, besides which manufacturing of all kinds is done in late styles and perfect fits. Repairing is also done promptly to order. Mr. Scott has a thorough and extensive knowledge of the boot and shoe trade, which he has been engaged in for the past five and a half years, his experience thus enabling him to offer to his patrons a very superior class of goods of the latest styles at moderate prices. Mr. Scott is an active, energetic business man, and is personally popular, while his reputation for fair dealing and strict integrity stands very high in the business community and with the general public.

### WM. H. SCOTT

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF FOOTWEAR.

THERE IS DISPLAYED A FINE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS.

There is probably no line of mercantile life which offers such a wide range in the selection of goods as does the jewelry business. The leader in this line in Elora is Edward Sheppard, who three years ago succeeded Mr. Sheppard, who had previously conducted it for three years. In stock is carried a valuable assortment of all those articles usually found in a first-class jewelry house, which will be found to



be just as recommended. There is done here also all manner of repairing on the shortest notice. Mr. Sheppard is an expert jeweller and engraver, and work entrusted to him is always done satisfactorily. An energetic and enterprising business man, Mr. Sheppard has gained legions of friends by his sterling qualities.

There is no branch of commercial enterprise more exacting and representative in character than the drug trade, both as regards resources and sterling enterprise. A prominent house engaged in this line is that of T. P. Smith, who conducts what is popularly known as the finest drug store in Elora, and from its original inception seventeen years ago it has enjoyed a large and ever increasing trade. The store is handsomely and artistically arranged throughout and every evidence of good taste and knowledge of the requirements is displayed in the fitting and arrangement for business purposes. The fixtures are walnut in a massive design. The stock carried consists of fine assortment of drugs and chemicals, fancy and toilet articles, splendid perfumes, in fact, all the articles usually carried in a first-class drug store.

### AS AN EXPERT OPTICIAN

MR. T. P. SMITH, OF ELORA, CLAIMS PREMINENCE.

The prescription department is favorably known to the best of the medical profession and to the community in general as one of the most complete and carefully conducted in the town. It is presided over by Mr. Smith in person, and for minute care and thorough accuracy is unsurpassed. Mr. Smith is considered one of the best opticians in Ontario; in fact, where some Toronto and travelling opticians have failed, T. P. Smith has treated the case successfully. He has devoted a long study to the science and is a graduate of New York, Philadelphia, and Toronto Optic College. God's greatest gift to man is his vision, and we should not trifle with His precious gifts by not heeding the dictates of nature. There



Mr. Auger has already demonstrated that he is a liberal, broad-minded merchant, who will scrupulously guard his patrons' interests, genial and ever alert to please, he is looked upon as one of Elora's progressive citizens, respected by all who know him.

### Sheppard's Jewelry Store

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### AN ENTERPRISING MERCHANT

IS AARON AUGER. BOOT AND SHOE DEALER AND UNDERTAKER.

The above named establishment was founded here two years ago and has successfully catered to the public in carrying a large line of boots and shoes, as well as a large assortment of coffins, caskets, and funeral furnishings. In this latter department Mr. Auger is enabled to take full charge of a funeral, furnishing everything required, inclusive of a handsome hearse. In conjunction with these two lines Mr. Auger conducts a cabinet department, where is manufactured picture frames of all sizes and styles. The distinguishing feature of this establishment is that while everything is of the best, still only popular prices prevail, coupled with the utmost courtesy and attentiveness to patrons.



Mr. Auger has already demonstrated that he is a liberal, broad-minded merchant, who will scrupulously guard his patrons' interests, genial and ever alert to please, he is looked upon as one of Elora's progressive citizens, respected by all who know him.

### Gents' Furnishings

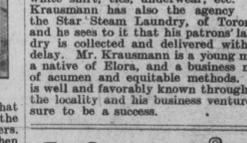
TO THAT LINE ALONE DOES A. KRAUSMANN, JR., DEVOTE HIS ATTENTION.



Although established only a short time the above named gentleman is fast making his establishment assume a front rank in the mercantile circles of Elora. This is the only establishment devoted solely to the handling of gents' furnishings. The stock carried represents everything usually required by a gentleman, from hose to a well-made white shirt, tie, underwear, etc. Mr. Krausmann has also the agency for the Star Steam Laundry, of Toronto, and he sees to it that his patrons' laundry is collected and delivered without delay. Mr. Krausmann is a young man, a native of Elora, and a business man of acumen and equitable methods. He is well and favorably known throughout the locality and his business venture is sure to be a success.

### A Popular Hotel

AND A POPULAR PROPRIETOR IS MR. A. KRAUSMANN.



Among the popular hotels in Elora is the Royal, the proprietor being Mr. A. Krausmann, who has conducted it for the past twenty years. This house is very commodious, three stories high, and contains 25 rooms. The bar has a fine assortment of the choicest cigars, wines and liquors. The dining room is neatly furnished, the tables bright with glassware, white linen and silverware, and are always supplied with everything in season. The bedrooms are large and airy and scrupulously clean. There are good sample rooms for commercial travellers, and fine stables with attentive hostlers for those with teams. Mr. Krausmann is well-known throughout Elora and vicinity for his attentiveness to guests, and travellers always speak highly of him. He is an active and enterprising host, and stands very high with the business community and with the travelling public.

### A Canadian Product

THAT RIVALLES THE BEST CARPETS THAT CAN BE IMPORTED.

Talbot, Cockcroft & Harvey's Enterprise



Long before the whirl of machinery was heard in the land the luxury of carpets was deemed a necessary auxiliary to the homes of the hardiest and most primitive races. In these present days, when invention treads on the heels of invention, at so rapid a pace that we cannot keep abreast of the ever-advancing tide, it would be a mockery in a history of this kind to expatiate on what is old and cast aside, when it is impossible to keep up with what is new and ever-present. The necessity for an industry like the one under notice is at once apparent. In former years, we were at the mercy of foreign manufacturers for the furnishing of our homes with the best material in the way of carpets. With all our vast resources and enterprises, we then had to look to Belgium to supply us with our Brussels carpets. Not so now. After 30 years experience in England and the United States as practical spinners, as well as manufacturers of Brussels carpets, Messrs. Talbot, Cock-

### Well to the Front

IN THE FURNITURE LINE IS JOHN MUNDELL'S FACTORY.

In the manufacture of furniture, Wellington County holds an eminently high position in respect to the rest of the Dominion. There are many large and representative furniture manufacturers and standing to the front in the galaxy is the firm of John Mundell & Co. The business was established many years ago by Mr. John Mundell, who admitted as a partner, his son, Mr. J. C. Mundell, who is now the mainstay and acting man in the business.

From year to year the business was steadily developed by the systematic, intelligent and honorable efforts of its management. The firm have two fac-



ories which cover an extensive area. They have successfully introduced modern machinery and mechanics of appliances, and have brought the manufacture of furniture into a high state of proficiency. Steady employment is given to a number of men. Here is manufactured all lines of furniture, including spring beds.

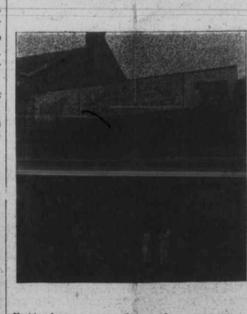
An honorable career is something one can look back on with satisfaction, especially so when it has brought with it the friendship of many hundreds of people. Mr. Mundell has done his full share towards maintaining the civic, social, moral and industrial growth of the community. Mr. J. C. Mundell relieves his father greatly of the responsibility in the management of the business. He is a business man of ability, integrity and high commercial as well as social standing.

### PIONEER OF THE...

#### MEAT BUSINESS

ALEX. KERR IS AN EXPERIENCED AND PRACTICAL PURVEYOR.

The pioneer of the meat business of Elora is Alex. Kerr, who started this business 28 years ago, meeting with



flattering success from the commencement. The premises occupied are commodious and fitted up with every facility for the speedy and cleanly handling and storage of meat. The quality of the meat handled is the very best of fresh meats as well as cured and salt meats of all kinds. The sugar cured hams and bacon cured by this establishment have a reputation for superiority excelled by none. Poultry and game in season is also handled by this gentleman. Mr. Kerr is an experienced and practical butcher, thoroughly conversant with every feature of the meat business, and supplies his patrons with only the most wholesome of meat. He is prominent as a citizen and merchant and held in high esteem by all who know him.

### Beautiful Photographs

THE ARTISTIC WORK TURNED OUT BY J. W. WEBSTER COMMANDS ADMIRATION.

Only a few of the general number who lay claim to the name of photographer are those of advanced idea and ability. A leading representative of the photographic art is Mr. J. W. Webster. His gallery is equipped with all the latest apparatus and appliances known to this age. Mr. Webster turns out only high class work and is prepared to make any size or style of a picture, and the work turned out is absolutely unsurpassed for pose, clearness of expression or superiority of finish. He makes a specialty of taking the pictures of visitors and picnic parties upon the rocks and in the glens adjoining Elora. The art of photography certainly reaches perfection in Mr. Webster's gallery and his views of Elora scenery have won the highest reputation. Mr. Webster is one of Elora's popular citizens and visitors at his studio are always accorded the most courteous attention.



are many wearing spectacles to-day that should not, having been taken by the false persuasions of quacks and peddlers. Many again are not wearing them when they should. Mr. Smith is permanently located here and makes a specialty of the refraction of the eye. He is equipped with the latest and best test case, retinoscope and ophthalmoscope on the market. All his examinations are carefully made on the very latest scientific principles. He fits the most obstinate cases of refraction and as his work is all guaranteed, those who consult him may be perfectly sure of getting their money's worth, and save what money can never buy, viz., that heaven-granted gift of eye-sight.

"Mens sana in corpore sano" is the motto which furnishes in every state of society the groundwork of all human happiness. Many are the testimonies from the medical profession and the public as to the sterling worth of Mr. T. P. Smith as a scientific optician.

We have the testimony of numbers of people who were in failing health, both in body and mind, on account of defective eyesight, and whom Mr. Smith has been able to restore to health by means of his skill and proficiency. He is a progressive man and an active supporter of every measure best calculated to advance the welfare and permanent prosperity of the town. He is an enterprising gentleman and possesses all those characteristics which bring him the good will of all with whom he has relations, business or social, and is endowed with all the attributes which demand success. Mr. Smith retired from the Reeve's chair about three years ago, which he occupied with honor and dignity for six years. The wishes of the people of the town, and the prevailing opinion on him to retain the office. Mr. Smith lives for his profession and devotes all his time in the cause of suffering humanity, and though lamenting his loss to the Council, we cannot but feel pleased at the result of his decision, for which indeed he earns and has the esteem and respect of the community.

### Blatchford's & Co's Organs

HAVE WON FAVOR WHEREVER THEY HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED.

A SOLID AND PROMISING INDUSTRY.



Among the men who have responded to the increased demand for superior musical instruments, Mr. G. Blatchford, of Elora, deserves honorable mention. Mr. Blatchford is a gentleman of very long experience in the musical instrument trade, and not only so, but his experience extends over a very wide range, giving him advantages in his line which otherwise he would not possess.

In going through the different departments of this beautifully arranged factory we see the manufacturing of the organ in all its stages. From first to last this is an exhibition of workmanship and skill which to the visitor is a valuable education. All kinds of men are here employed and all have to be first-class mechanics in their particular line, whether they are cabinet makers, carpenters, polishers, or what not. Organs are made for parlors and churches, of any size, to suit the requirements of the trade. No instrument is allowed to leave the factory without being duly tested and examined by skilled experts, who have become proficient in this business from a long and steady acquaintance with the subject. Some idea of the extent of the business may be formed when we state that the output amounts to 600 organs per year. As has been before stated the trade extends throughout the whole Dominion.

### Popular Tom Biggar

HE MAKES EVERYBODY COMFORTABLE AT THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

A GHEERY, WELL-EQUIPPED HOUSE



It is the history of all cities and towns of any pretension, that their hotels figure in their growth and prosperity, and Elora is no means an exception to this rule. To her hotels is due much of the popularity which she now enjoys among the travelling public. This end has been brought about in a large degree by the excellence of the Commercial hotel, a three story stone structure, lately renovated and almost completely refurnished, to which has lately been added the only water works and sewer-



age system that Elora enjoys. The hotel contains about fifty well-lighted, airy rooms, tastefully furnished and kept scrupulously clean. The main office, bar, reading and dining rooms are on the first floor, while on the second floor are the parlors, as well as the sleeping apartments, which continue to the third floor. The dining room is made the chief attraction of this house, the proprietor believing that the "way to a man's heart is by the stomach

machinery, we cannot fail to mention the fire-proof apparatus with which the factory is equipped. In an establishment which gives employment to a number of hands the arrangements for the rapid extinguishing of fire is a great desideratum.

The organs which are placed on the market meet with a ready sale. Blatchford's Resonant Chamber Organ is an invention of Mr. Blatchford's, and is the outcome of twenty years experience in catering to the public taste.

In going through the different departments of this beautifully arranged factory we see the manufacturing of the organ in all its stages. From first to last this is an exhibition of workmanship and skill which to the visitor is a valuable education. All kinds of men are here employed and all have to be first-class mechanics in their particular line, whether they are cabinet makers, carpenters, polishers, or what not.

Mr. Blatchford established this business two years ago under the name of G. Blatchford & Co. The building itself is in a particularly fine situation, showing no small skill and wisdom in the selection of the site. The size of the building is commensurate with the great success of the undertaking, being a handsome structure two stories high, and measuring 43x120 feet. In addition to this are a boiler-house and dry-kiln 18x25.

The whole is constructed of solid stone work, with a handsome brick front and a galvanized iron roof. A visit through this factory would well repay any one. The whole building is handsomely equipped in all its branches. It is fitted up with the very latest and most improved machinery, and every detail of each department is arranged with a view to the quick and ready dispatch of business, and the best facilities for the production of a first-class article. In speaking of the

entire community. In fact, only the most popular and best manufactures are represented on their shelves. This business was founded forty years ago by John Godfrey, who was joined by his son, Thos. Godfrey, some 15 years ago. They are most popular gentlemen, esteemed citizens, and strong conservatives. At present, Thos. Godfrey is holding a seat in the Town Council for the second term, the duties of which office he discharges to the satisfaction of all. Personally, affable to most and honored as business men, their success in the past but augurs their future welfare.

### Mine Host Dalby

A GENIAL GENTLEMAN WHO KEEPS A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL

AND IS POPULAR WITH THE PUBLIC.



IN Fine Clothing W. F. BASTENDORF HAS BUILT UP A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS.



Prominent in Elora, as one of the leading hotels, is the Dalby house. Mr. Dalby has conducted this hotel for the past twenty years. The first floor is taken up by the office, dining room, baggage room, smoking room, and bar arranged in every respect. The dining room is tastefully finished and well lighted, and will seat over thirty guests at a time. The bar is well stocked with a fine lot of wines, liquors and cigars. On the second and third floors are elegant parlors and sleeping rooms, giving accommodation to about one hundred guests. The building is constructed with a view to comfort and convenience throughout. It is tastefully finished and kept scrupulously clean. The Dalby house is situated in the business centre of Elora, in the building known as the Dalby Block.

One of the establishments where the juiciest steaks, sweetest cutlets and nicest chops are obtained is at the market of John B. Burnett, located opposite the Commercial hotel. Although this business has only been lately under the control of Mr. Burnett, it has already attained a large trade through the excellence of the meats offered, as only the best cuts of beef, pork, mutton, lamb and veal in fresh meats and a full line of salt and smoked meats, are served to customers. In fact, quality, cleanliness and prompt delivery is the motto of this establishment. Mr. Burnett is an enterprising merchant. Ever affable, he rapidly makes friends, whom

he retains by his characteristics of probity and equity.

### Fergus, Past and Present

SETTLED BY A STURDY, INDUSTRIOUS AND PROGRESSIVE CLASS OF PEOPLE.

It Has Made Substantial Progress

A GLIMPSE AT ITS HISTORY, AND THE MEN AND INDUSTRIES THAT FIGURE THEREIN.

It may perhaps be fairly said that the year 1856 marked the foundation of the town of Fergus. At that date it was surveyed and laid out, though long before that there were a few long property holders in the same location. To take a birdseye view of Fergus, we find it nestled in a valley, well watered by the Grand River, whose rocks form an important part of the scenery, and the waters of which are utilized by which mills and factories. The situation is one that is both pleasant and salubrious. In fact, there are few towns so free from epidemics, the largest one known having taken place in the year 1849, when four deaths resulted from cholera. The measures taken, by the early settlers to disinfect the place were at once drastic and effective, and this was to burn the houses of those who had died of the disease. The names of the victims to this disease are yet extant, and are remembered in history as Wicklow, Paxton, Low and a Highland emigrant, name unknown. The early settlers around Fergus were chiefly Highlanders, who brought from their native heath the enthusiasm and courage necessary for the formation of a new country. Two distilleries were built by early settlers and dedicated to the making of genuine Usquebaugh. The proprietors did not stay long enough to inculcate into the minds of the people the necessity of this product of the hills, but emigrated farther north, and the once prosperous distilleries are now in ruins on the banks of the Grand.

In 1856 the property of the town was in the hands of three men, Mr. Webster, Mr. Buist, and Mr. Fergusson. Fergus is named after the late Hon. Adam Fergusson, one of its first settlers, father of the late Geo. D. and Jas. Fergusson. The former died this summer, leaving a very picturesque

McQueen, postmaster, Mrs. Foote, ar. Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Smellie, and Mr. and Mrs. William Patison. Fergus has now 1,700 inhabitants, and an idea of its present prosperity may be gathered from the fact that it is well-nigh impossible to rent a house near the town. There are no empty buildings or houses to let. There are two Presbyterian churches, a Methodist church and Roman Catholic. The Church of England opened and dedicated their church only last month. We must not forget to mention also the old Congregational church and the Branch of Plymouth Brethren. Thus from a religious point of view Fergus is indeed well furnished with the "means of grace." Societies too are well represented, numbering among others, the Masonic, the Oddfellows, the Independent Order of Foresters, the Royal Templars of Temperance, the C.M.B.A., the W.C.T.U., and the Select Knights of Canada. This sketch of Fergus, past and present, meagre as it is, serves to bring to the light of day some noble deeds and undertakings, the authors of which would have buried them in unostentatious oblivion, but if the outspoken avowal of such things will in any way serve to stimulate the younger generation with fresh energy and courage, these brief records of well-lived lives and memorable events will not have been written in vain.

Goldsmith Hall A BUSINESS WITH A QUARTER OF CENTURY'S SUCCESSFUL HISTORY.



engaged in this line of business from his youth. He is a genial and considerate host, never neglecting the well-being of his guests, and always promoting their ease and enjoyment while retaining their esteem to which he is richly entitled.

### Neat and Comfortable

Is the Commercial Hotel kept by Mr. H. Couse.



Fergus is splendidly equipped with hotels, but there is no better conducted or more comfortable house in the village than the well-known and popular Commercial, situated on St. Andrew street. This hotel is large and commodious, embracing three stories and a basement, and is the best constructed hotel building in the village. It was recently remodelled and refitted throughout and has been furnished in the neatest and most comfortable manner. The bedrooms, of which there are 85 for the accommodation of guests are large and roomy and well-lighted. The house is fitted up with all the latest modern improvements and conveniences and the bar is stocked with an assortment of the best wines, liquors and cigars. The dining room is large and spacious and the table is of the finest, laden with all the delicacies of the market and season, cooked in a most palatable manner. Mr. Couse making this a feature of the house. As a stopping place for travellers, or a permanent home for families, we can warmly recommend the Commercial for its neatness and comfort. The proprietor, Mr. Herbert Couse, is an experienced hotel man, having been



engaged in this line of business from his youth. He is a genial and considerate host, never neglecting the well-being of his guests, and always promoting their ease and enjoyment while retaining their esteem to which he is richly entitled.

### Fine Monuments...

EXECUTED AT THE FERGUS MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

In a historical review of the mercantile and manufacturing interests of Fergus, special mention is due to these industries which add to the commercial resources and capacity of the city, and furnish a field for the employment of skilled labour. In this connection the Fergus Granite and Marble Works are deserving of a leading place among our noted and thriving enterprises. These are the only works of the kind in the West and were established in 1859 by Mr. John Alpaugh. Since its inception the business has enjoyed a successful career, and the remarkably healthy climate of the place has kept down the demand for monuments. Mr. Alpaugh, however, has displayed marked ability in well-directed efforts to build up a large trade and has succeeded beyond the most sanguine expectations. The works are equipped with the most approved appliances, and the work turned out is unexcelled for beauty and originality of design, superiority of finish and workmanship. The manufacturers embrace monuments, headstones, mantels, marble tops, &c., including every kind of granite and marble, such as Red, Swede Granite, Scotch Red and Red Granite, Red Labrador, Emerald Pearl, Canadian Red Grey, Blue and White Marble, and Goussier Marble. The facilities of the firm for transacting business are of an unusually complete character, and as the firm employ five men, they are enabled to execute all orders in the promptest and most satisfactory manner. Personally, Mr. Alpaugh is a most affable and genial gentleman to meet, and standing deservedly high in both social and commercial circles.

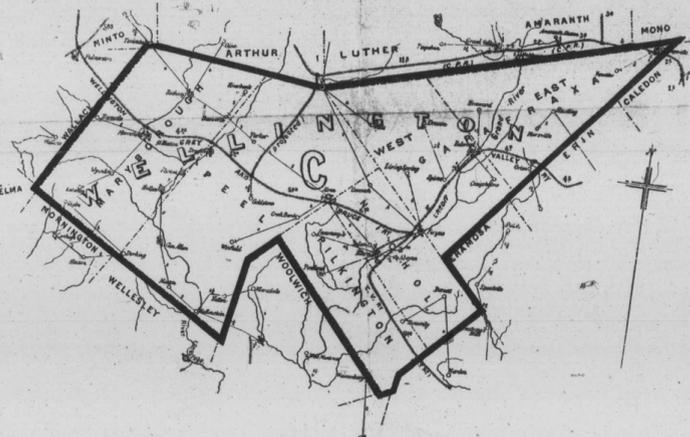
### Mr. Miller's Studio

THE PLACE WHERE LIFE LIKE AND WELL FINISHED PORTRAITS ARE MADE.

In giving a history of the industries, mercantile and otherwise, of Fergus, due mention must be made of photography, the familiar reproduces to us in art, the familiar faces and events, which would otherwise be effaced from memory and "leave not a wrack behind." Mr. A. T. Miller is a worthy representative of that art, which is no longer in its infancy, but which is just in its prime. In his studio are specimens of his own conception, which are clearly and excellently executed. In the future from a master hand like his. Every year inventions in the art are being found out, and in Mr. Miller Fergus has a man who has all the ability and interest in his studio to follow up the development of the art of photography to its farthest limits.



ST. ANDREW STREET, FERGUS-LOOKING WEST.



ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF CENTRE WELLINGTON. Population, Census of 1891, 23,387.

Among the most attractive and best stocked stores in this line in Elora is that of Mr. W. F. Bastendorf. He occupies a well-managed store room, and the tables are always laden with the most tempting display of the latest novelties and most attractive goods in his line. Mr. Bastendorf has only been in business four months, but is already doing a prosperous trade. Fashionable young men can always be fitted out at this popular place in the most complete and stylish manner. He employs the most skilled workmen and warrants neat fits. He turns out only the very best garments, made in the most thoroughly workmanlike styles. Mr. Bastendorf is a gentleman of energy and agreeable manners, which, with his extensive acquaintance in the community, is rapidly increasing his business.



he retains by his characteristics of probity and equity.

### John Godfrey & Son

DO AN EXTENSIVE BUSINESS IN BOOTS AND SHOES.



Prominent in Elora as a well-conducted and well stocked establishment devoted to the sale of boots and shoes is that of Messrs. John Godfrey & Son, whose premises are centrally located in the Godfrey Block, and where can be found boots and shoes of all the different lasts, from those that will fit the tiniest lady's foot to the brogan for heavy wear, and in all cases made from the best material in the most workmanlike manner. In fact, only the most popular and best manufactures

property in the town. It is largely to the enterprise and push of the late James Webster that Fergus owes much of its prosperity. Besides the distillery which he built, he also built a store, a tannery and a flour mill, and gave employment to a number of men. In the early days the surrounding country was densely wooded and almost impenetrable. As the nearest railroad was at Lachine, a distance of 400 miles, the facilities for travelling were few, and as there were no roads at all the ingenuity of the settlers was sorely tested. They had to find their way through "blazed roads" in the bush. All points north of Guelph were reached by means of ox-teams. The opening of the toll road in 1852 went far to remove the initial difficulties to be contended with. The next event of importance was the opening in 1870 of the Wellington Grey & Bruce Railroad, now absorbed by the Grand Trunk Railway, and subsequently the opening of the Credit Valley Railroad, now a branch of the Canadian Pacific.

The year 1867 marks an era in history as being the year this town supplied a company of volunteers to help quell the Fenian raid, and it was a memorable day when they set off to the front, the tears of the women and children mingling with the cheers and farewell cries. Among those of the company who are yet alive are the following gentlemen: Mr. Wm. Graham, late Lieutenant of the Company, Mr. Thomas Hughes, Captain J. B. Perry, of Parkdale, and Mr. John A. B. Creighton.

Of those who were once figureheads in Fergus, but who are now no more, may be mentioned such names as those of Colonel Drysdale, of the British army, A. D. Ferrier, Esq., who founded and donated to the town the Bellside cemetery, Mr. Walker, Dr. Munro, Mr. A. L. Argo, and Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Fordyce. But there is a long roll of worthy names of old residents who are yet alive, and who can look back on the Fergus of "40 years ago," and prominent among these are Mr. John Beattie, Clerk of the County, Mr. Ross, village clerk, Mr. James

### Monkland Mills

Of all the great staple products entering largely into general consumption few come within measurable distance of interest to oatmeal and whenever the word "oatmeal" is mentioned in or around Fergus, the Monkland Mills naturally suggest itself. The fact that the quality of the work turned out is of the highest standard of excellence.

WHERE IS MANUFACTURED THE CELEBRATED WILSON'S OATMEAL.

Five stories in height, with two large wings in addition of the same material. The storage capacity has recently been largely increased and new machinery is being added that will increase the capacity of the mills to 250 barrels per day.

This line of manufacture and trade is one that is not given to profuse display and for this reason it seems the more right and proper to compile a list of general favorites with the trade and public wherever introduced.

Orders are promptly filled at the lowest ruling prices and the trade of the house extends over three continents, some of the principal places of shipment being Scotland, England, Norway, Denmark and the Argentine Republic.

### John Mennie

DEALER IN GENERAL HARDWARE AND BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.

This extensive business was founded in 1880, by Mr. John Mennie, who occupies a large building, 80 by 24. It is almost impossible to give a full description of the vast stock of goods in this establishment. Suffice it to say that there is a complete stock of shelf and heavy hardware, iron, tin

plate and metals generally, agateware, builders' masters' carpenters' tools, paints and oils. Mr. Mennie is also said to represent an industrial interest, that in the most varied and complete of its kind in this county. He is recognized everywhere as a man of energy, push and sterling integrity, and justly merits the patronage extended to him.

### A Modern Hostelry

THE AMERICAN HOUSE HAS ALL THE COMFORTS AND CONVENIENCES OF THE BEST CITY HOTEL.

In a detailed review of Fergus as a thriving commercial town, there is perhaps no line of houses more appropriate for special mention than those engaged in all branches of business, than the accommodation for the travelling public.

As regards the essentials for first class hotel accommodation, Fergus will be found capable of maintaining a reputation equal to any other town in the county. In confirmation of this assertion it is only necessary to refer to the American house as an illustration of its correctness. The house stands in St. Andrew street, and its present owner is Mrs. Keleher. Mrs. Keleher has held this position for 20 years, and has all along been doing a first class business. The hotel is a fine stone building, 65x40, three stories high and contains 45 rooms, well ventilated and lighted by electricity. There are four sample rooms for the accommodation of travellers. In fact the hotel is furnished with every modern convenience for the comfort and enjoyment of the guests, while the dining room is made a special feature

for selling only the best quality and always at honest prices. The hotel is kept on hand in great variety and everything is sold at the most reasonable prices. The members of the firm are Messrs. William and Ernest Burk, who are both experienced and practical butchers and thoroughly conversant with every feature of the business.

As business men they are generally esteemed for their honorable dealing and integrity, while personally they are most affable and genial gentlemen to meet, standing deservedly high in both social and commercial circles, while their establishment ranks as a leader in its line.

ST. ANDREW STREET, FERGUS—LOOKING EAST.

### The Thrifty Little Glen

A GLANCE AT SOME OF THE BUSINESS ENTERPRISES OF GLENALLAN AND A REFERENCE TO ITS HISTORY.

Nowhere is the world so gracious as between the green hills which surround the village of Glenallan. One comes upon this lovely spot quite unawares. One sharp turn of the road and—if it be summertime—we see the strath opened out and the Castlegara River flowing silver-clear between the greenes and the woods of the world.

In 1846 Glenallan was known as Queen's Bush. In that year the first mill was built on the site where now stands Quickfall's Hoop and Heading Factory. This shanty, long since destroyed, was the first building and the first store in the village. Soon after his arrival Mr. Allan erected a saw mill, and in 1848 he built a grist mill, and was appointed postmaster the same year. In 1850 he was appointed Justice of the Peace in 1856. In 1848 he built a store and dwelling on the present site occupied by Mr. Robertson, who is head of the firm of A. Robertson, Sons & Co., and who succeeded Mr. Allan in the office of postmaster, and still retains that position.

Mr. Allan seems to have been the moving spirit of the Glen in those days. He, for a long time, carried the mail from Waterloo Village, which was at that time the nearest post office. It was reserved for Judge McDonald to testify to the value of Mr. Allan's services by changing the name of Queen's Bush to that of Glenallan. Of the first residents of Queen's Bush on the 21st of August, 1848, viz., Mr. Wm. Ward and Mr. S. Sutherland. The latter came to this place in 1848. He was a millwright and assisted in placing machinery in the flour mill. He has lived in Glenallan continuously ever since. Mr. Ward was the first wagon maker in the district, and he arrived about the year 1852, and just two years before Mr. Robertson.

The first great undertaking by the residents of that section was the making of the Elmira and Glenallan road in 1870. The road was a long and hard one, but it was worth the effort. The road contributed three dollars apiece out of their private purses. To the building up of this house, and it is mainly indebted to Mr. Michael Smith, who as an architect, has rendered invaluable services in the planning and construction of the numerous handsome buildings with which Glenallan is equipped.

### BURK BROS. BUTCHERS

THEY HAVE FINE FACILITIES FOR SUPPLYING THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS.

One of the most prominent butcher shops in the town of Fergus is situated in the large Credit Valley stone building, known as the Marshall Block. The premises are well adapted for the business and are well equipped with every appliance necessary for the transaction of business.

The Messrs. Burk engaged in this business last year and already their trade has assumed large proportions. This result is directly traceable to the fact that the members of the firm thoroughly understand the business, and are good judges of beef cattle, and are thus enabled to secure the best meats for the benefit of their numerous customers. They have won an excellent reputation.

This business was established by Mr. Quickfall's Hoop and Heading Factory, Sawing and Chopping Mill.

### Glenallan's Leading Industry

Quickfall's Hoop and Heading Factory, Sawing and Chopping Mill.

This business was established by Mr. Quickfall's Hoop and Heading Factory, Sawing and Chopping Mill.

Three years ago Mr. White came to Glenallan and started his present business. The great success that he has attained can be attributed to his past training and experience, and also to his natural qualities, which eminently fit him for a business of this kind. Mr. White is sole agent for the famous Henry machinery, including plows, pulleys, straw cutters, grain crushers, etc., besides disc harrows and gang plows. He handles the No. 1 Celebrated Noton binder, which has given such great satisfaction to every farmer who has had the good fortune to try one. The facilities at Mr. White's command are such that there is not a plow in Canada which he cannot fit. Every part of the machine is always kept in stock. This is an advantage which is very much prized among the farming community. Mr. White acts as bailiff here, and is the constable for the town. In both capacities he renders invaluable services. Having been a farmer for 30 years, he is very well grounded on his own particular business. Mr. White is a native of Galt, the Manchester of Canada. It is a pleasure of no ordinary kind to meet with a gentleman of Mr. White's attainments, and an educationalist in the highest sense, and thoroughly believes in a sound classical education as the foundation of success. He has three sons who are doctors, two in Iowa and one in Kansas City. We have much pleasure in giving this sketch of his useful and honorable career.

### George Porter

UNDERTAKER AND DEALER IN SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

For eleven years Mr. John Murray has been identified with the general merchant trade of the town and country, during which time he has built up a very large and extensive trade. The number of his patrons is only commensurate with the wide range of country covered by his business. Mr. Murray has had considerable experience of his business in Drayton and also in Appelle, N.W.T., where his relations now live. Before Mr. Murray went west, he had a store at Trossaie. He then went to the Northwest, and came back and settled in Glenallan. His varied experience, groceries, hats and caps, glassware, crockery, ready-made clothing, etc., etc. Mr. Murray is well enough known in Glenallan to require no special mention on account of his fair and honorable business transactions and his liberal methods of dealing.

The many and varied business interests of Mr. Porter entitle him to a high place in this history and we have much pleasure in giving here a slight sketch of his business in Glenallan. Mr. Porter carries a good stock in shrouds, caskets, etc., and conducts funerals in a manner which has won for him the general respect and esteem of all classes. Mr. Porter's store, which is a two-story building measuring 24x36, contains a very full and complete line of heavy apparatus. This is a great boon to the people of Glenallan, who can now get all their wants supplied in this line at the shortest notice. Mr. Porter has been in business here for three years and during that time he has gained the confidence and patronage on account of his fair and honorable business transactions and his liberal methods of dealing.

### LANDLORD LUCKHARDT

IS THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE, FOR HE KEEPS A FINE HOTEL.

We have much pleasure in mentioning the name of Mr. Luckhardt in connection with Glenallan and of the hotel which bears his name. His hotel is the best in the country round, the table being superior to almost any other in respect of the cuisine and the cleanliness of the service. Under Mr. Luckhardt's able management, this hotel has gained in popularity and custom since he started business one year ago.

The house is a handsome white brick structure with a verandah. The first floor contains a large sitting room, bar, and kitchen; while upstairs are the parlor and eight bed rooms. The whole building is well heated. The hospitality of Mr. Luckhardt always draws due to him to say that he thoroughly knows how to cater to the wants of his customers and guests.

Conspicuous as the Merchant Tailor of Glenallan is Mr. Henry M. Gerbraught who came to this village seven years ago. He has had a large experience as a cutter in the best cities of the country. He is a man of more than ordinary ability and makes up suits and garments in the most fashionable and artistic manner. He gets all his fashion direct from New York and every garment leaving his store is perfect in fit, finish and workmanship, while at all times the prices are as reasonable as possible. In these days it is no longer a question with those desiring a good suit, as to whether they will employ a competent tailor. Clothes made for nobody in particular never fit anybody at all. Mr. Gerbraught has earned an enviable reputation since coming here. Personally, he is a most pleasant and obliging gentleman, and a broad-minded and progressive business man who thoroughly understands the requirements of his trade.

### WATCH REPAIRING

J. J. BALL IS A GOOD WORKMAN AND KEEPS A SELECT STOCK.

Mr. Ball started business here a short time ago and came here with a large experience of repairing watches and clocks. At repairing he has no superiors and very few equals in the county. Mr. Ball carries a most judicious and well selected stock of watches, clocks, chains and jewelry, and as he is a man of high ability and sterling integrity he is bound to succeed in his undertaking. We wish to say that he is just the kind of man that deserves it as he has all the push and ability necessary to make a business of this nature go to the front.

### A. RUNSTETLER, Harnessmaker

AN EXPERIENCED HAND IN MAKING HARNESS AND HORSE MILLINERY.

Mr. Runstetler's place of business is one of the most popular in Glenallan. From the very commencement of his business he has enjoyed a most prosperous career. His shop is most admirably arranged and fitted up in the latest style. The goods he turns out are equal to anything the market affords and consists of the finest hand-sewn harness and collars. To repairing Mr. Runstetler devotes great pains and attention and it is owing to his prompt business habits that he owes much of his present success. He has had experience in all of the largest towns and cities in both Canada and the United States, so that the confidence he inspires in the public is amply justified.

### A General Merchant Drayton is Always Busy

ONE OF THE MOST PROSPEROUS OF OUR LARGER VILLAGES.

The village of Drayton is one of the busiest and most prosperous of the larger villages in Wellington County. A visitor on seeing it for the first time would at once be impressed with its modern, up-to-date appearance and with the push, energy and enterprise that characterize its business men in all their dealings. The buildings, both public and private, are, with scarcely an exception, large and elegantly built of the finest brick. The village has a population of about 800, and contains 50 stores, two hotels, a telegraph office, one branch bank, two printing offices, issuing weekly newspapers, grist and saw mills, tile yard, Episcopal Methodist, Presbyterian, Roman Catholic and Christian Churches. Visit it when you will, its streets always present a busy appearance. No village in Wellington County is making more rapid or substantial progress.

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### AS MERCHANT TAILOR

HENRY B. GERBRAUGHT HAS HAD A LARGE EXPERIENCE IN LEADING CITIES.

Conspicuous as the Merchant Tailor of Glenallan is Mr. Henry M. Gerbraught who came to this village seven years ago. He has had a large experience as a cutter in the best cities of the country. He is a man of more than ordinary ability and makes up suits and garments in the most fashionable and artistic manner. He gets all his fashion direct from New York and every garment leaving his store is perfect in fit, finish and workmanship, while at all times the prices are as reasonable as possible. In these days it is no longer a question with those desiring a good suit, as to whether they will employ a competent tailor. Clothes made for nobody in particular never fit anybody at all. Mr. Gerbraught has earned an enviable reputation since coming here. Personally, he is a most pleasant and obliging gentleman, and a broad-minded and progressive business man who thoroughly understands the requirements of his trade.

### Do a Big Business

A. ROBERTSON SONS & CO. CONDUCT A LARGE GENERAL STORE.

One of the most active houses engaged in the general merchant trade of Glenallan is that of A. Robertson, Sons & Co., who have also a large store in Drayton. The premises here consist of a large building, 50x26 feet in dimension and completely refurnished and standing in the business centre of the town. The premises here consist of a large building, 50x26 feet in dimension and completely refurnished and standing in the business centre of the town. The premises here consist of a large building, 50x26 feet in dimension and completely refurnished and standing in the business centre of the town.

### STEVENSON, THE JEWELER

Is a Fine Workman and has a large and well-assorted Stock.

Among the various and growing businesses which exercise an important influence upon the general trade there is none perhaps, occupying a more useful position than the retail jewellery trade. Among the enterprising and popular gentlemen engaged in this line is Mr. J. H. Stephenson, whose well fitted up establishment is located on Wellington street in Hall's Block.

### THE ROLLS' HOTEL

In giving a history of the commercial activity and business enterprise of Moorefield, we make mention with pleasure of the Rolls' Hotel. There is, perhaps, no line of houses more appropriate for special mention than those engaged in all branches of business, than the accommodation for the travelling public.

As regards the essentials for first class hotel accommodation, Moorefield will be found capable of maintaining a reputation equal to any other town in the county. In confirmation of this assertion it is only necessary to refer to the Rolls' hotel as an illustration of its correctness. The house stands in St. Andrew street, and its present owner is Mrs. Keleher. Mrs. Keleher has held this position for 20 years, and has all along been doing a first class business. The hotel is a fine stone building, 65x40, three stories high and contains 45 rooms, well ventilated and lighted by electricity. There are four sample rooms for the accommodation of travellers. In fact the hotel is furnished with every modern convenience for the comfort and enjoyment of the guests, while the dining room is made a special feature

for selling only the best quality and always at honest prices. The hotel is kept on hand in great variety and everything is sold at the most reasonable prices. The members of the firm are Messrs. William and Ernest Burk, who are both experienced and practical butchers and thoroughly conversant with every feature of the business.

As business men they are generally esteemed for their honorable dealing and integrity, while personally they are most affable and genial gentlemen to meet, standing deservedly high in both social and commercial circles, while their establishment ranks as a leader in its line.

### Robert Peel Has an Envious Reputation

The above business was founded in 1870 by the present proprietor, who utilizes store and factory 30x50 feet in area. The stock of fine footware for ladies and children's use is as fine as can be found and includes all the standard shapes, original patterns and styles. Only the best and most reliable goods are kept in stock and sold at the most reasonable prices.

In the manufacturing department four skilled workmen are given constant employment turning out work which for its durability and good wearing qualities are unsurpassable. The management of the establishment is directly under the supervision of Mr. Harry Peel, who gives the business his closest attention and is besides a skilled workman.

Mr. Peel is a progressive and enterprising business man who is highly esteemed in commercial circles for his sterling integrity and honorable, well balanced business methods.

### Moorefield

ITS GROWTH HAS BEEN OF A HEALTHY AND PERMANENT NATURE

Moorefield is a thriving village situated on the Conestoga River and on the W. G. & B. division of the Grand Trunk, seven miles from Palmerston. It contains one telegraph office, one stove and shingle factory, one grist mill, two hotels and four stores. Its population is about 125. It is a thriving little place and does a larger business than many places double its size. The farmers in its vicinity are generally well to do and possess some of the finest land to be found in Canada, so that its growth, owing to the near vicinity of Drayton and Palmerston, is of a healthy and permanent nature.

### Heron, the Harnessmaker

The line of business which no well regulated town can dispense with is a first-class harness maker. The gentleman whose name appears at the head of this article, is one who is well known in this county. And it is for this reason and many others that we select him to represent the harness interests of Moorefield.

His seven years in business as a manufacturer and repairer of harness, and the very excellent quality of the work turned out by him have gained for him a record that he, and his fellow-citizens also, may well be proud of. One of Mr. Heron's special lines is making collars, in which he has attained a well deserved and wide-spread fame. His experience of leather places him as a practical judge of what an article of harness should be, and he buys only the best, and the citizens of Moorefield and the whole surrounding country reap the benefit of his good judgment. Mr. Heron has a most able man under him, who thoroughly understands his business.

Personally, Mr. Heron is one of those active, pushing and energetic men who are bound to make a success in any undertaking. He is highly esteemed in Moorefield circles for his good business knowledge, and for his genial and social disposition.

### W. G. SIMPSON

A leader among the active and energetic business men of Moorefield is Mr. W. G. Simpson, whose well appointed place of business takes a first place in the history of the town.

His place of business is a place of resort for a large class of the community, when in search of heavy hardware stoves, tinware, etc. Mr. Simpson has been in this business for the last four years and has acquired a most enviable reputation for the rare good quality of his goods. Mr. Simpson's store is a handsome building, the front part measuring 35x24, and a rear part 35x20. He carries a large stock of paints, oils and glass, and gets all his stoves from the well-known firm of D. Moore, of Hamilton. A special feature of this business is the flour and feed-trade carried on by Mr. Simpson. In this trade he enjoys a large patronage and has the entire confidence of the community.

### THE ROLLS' HOTEL

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### Anthony Griffin

GENERAL MERCHANT AND POSTMASTER.

The leading man in the general merchant trade of Alma is Anthony Griffin, the worthy postmaster of the place. His store is the most central place of business in the village and the stock carried on the premises is by far the most complete and extensive, and comprises everything pertaining to the line of business. In groceries Mr. Griffin is able to supply all the wants of his numerous customers, and while his stock is large it is also unusually select including all the finest groceries. The teas, coffees and canned goods, pickles, etc. are the best to be had on the market.

### Alma

THE PREMISES ARE ELEGANT AND ATTRACTIVE AND WELL ADAPTED FOR THE BUSINESS.

Mr. Stephenson came here in August last and being a skilled workman soon attracted an extensive trade. He carries a large and valuable assortment of all those articles usually found in a first class jewelry house and always of standard grade, which will be found just as recommended.

Mr. Stephenson's facilities are of a first class character, enabling him to offer special advantages to customers and to execute all kinds of fine watch and clock repairing in a workmanlike manner and on the shortest notice. Personally, popular and obliging, and thoroughly understanding the details of his trade, his future prospects are of a most favorable character.

Salem

Beautifully situated on the bank of the Irving river...

WM. ALLAN.

We have much pleasure in placing the name of Mr. Allan in the history of Salem...

house. Here is to be found everything in the general merchant line...

A. JOHNSTON.

In an agricultural district so highly favored as this is, the carriage business occupies a position second to none...

trials and difficulties, and an open sea to the archives of two generations.

There was no way whither then to get goods and merchandise. Everything had to be learned from Guelph...

Besides the manufactories which abound, Harriston is well furnished with churches, and her public schools...

Mr. Sel established this business 13 years ago, and on Dec. 1st, 1894, made himself famous by restricting his business to a thorough cash system.

Harriston

Its Past History

AND

Its Present Prosperity

Forty miles north of Guelph on the Southampton branch of the Grand Trunk Railway...

THE ROYAL HOTEL.

One of the best hotels in the county of Wellington, is that belonging to Mr. John Engham.

A. J. STEWART.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."

On this hangs a tale. Several years ago there was a woolen mill in Harriston, Nova Scotia...

JOHN BRADLEY.

Mr. Bradley has been in business in Harriston for 22 years. His premises at the present date are situated in the Royal Block.

T. SELLI & CO.

Mr. Sel established this business 13 years ago, and on Dec. 1st, 1894, made himself famous by restricting his business to a thorough cash system.

GEORGE WEBER.

Mr. Weber is a very pleasing and successful merchant. He has a large and well-stocked store in the Royal Block.

W. G. GIRVIN.

In a review of the representative business houses in this town, the extensive merchant tailoring establishment of Mr. Girvin must not be overlooked.

JAMES McQUIBBAN.

Foremost among the many industries of the town of Harriston is the milling business, operated by Mr. James McQuibban.

T. P. McGILLICUDDY.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."

On this hangs a tale. Several years ago there was a woolen mill in Harriston, Nova Scotia...

J. D. DETWILLER.

Mr. Detwiler, in 1892, and in May, 1893, he purchased the tinware business of Mr. J. M. Moore.

JOHN BRADLEY.

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DOWLING & LEIGHTON.

The firm of Dowling & Leighton occupy a first place in the history of Harriston, in the history of Wellington County...

There is probably no line of mercantile life which offers such a wide range of selection of goods...

HASTIE & FERGUSON.

Among the many industries of the town of Harriston, that of carriage making occupies a leading position.

GEO. GRAY.

To conduct a lumber business successfully and advantageously calls for a degree of ability and judgment...

J. R. GRIEVE.

It is with no little pride that Harriston boasts of the possession of some of the largest and best known establishments in the county.

DAVID SUTHERLAND.

There is no branch of trade which requires more experience and business capacity than the boot and shoe trade...

A. M. MOORE.

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IRA V. STAFFORD.

Superior art and workmanship in every enterprise and industry is sure to find patronage in every section of this country.

Superior art and workmanship in every enterprise and industry is sure to find patronage in every section of this country.

JOHN SCOTT.

Mr. John Scott on the 20th of April of this year succeeded to the proprietorship of the Harriston livery stables.

HASTIE & FERGUSON.

Among the many industries of the town of Harriston, that of carriage making occupies a leading position.

GEO. GRAY.

To conduct a lumber business successfully and advantageously calls for a degree of ability and judgment...

J. R. GRIEVE.

It is with no little pride that Harriston boasts of the possession of some of the largest and best known establishments in the county.

DAVID SUTHERLAND.

There is no branch of trade which requires more experience and business capacity than the boot and shoe trade...

Mt. Forest

Mount Forest occupies a prominent place among the larger towns of Wellington County. Its growth has been rapid...

J. S. IRELAND.

Among the number of very handsome stores and extensive establishments on Main street, the Star Grocery and China Hall of Mr. J. S. Ireland...

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL

In the Queen's Hotel the people of Mount Forest find a source of pride. It is a large, handsome brick building standing on the corner of Main and Queen streets and as it presents a most imposing appearance it gives to the main thoroughfare of the town a businesslike aspect. It is three stories in height, is surrounded by balconies and offers inducements to those desiring comfortable quarters which cannot but commend it to the attention of the travelling public. It has a frontage of 100 feet on Queen street, extending 60 feet along Main street, and is one of the finest appearing hotel buildings in the town. The house contains 60 bedrooms and suites with elegant parlors, spacious corridors and a most tasteful and comfortable manner, and kept scrupulously clean. Four large sample rooms are for the use of the commercial travellers who patronize this house almost exclusively. The dining room is large and well arranged and is one of the chief attractions. It is capable of comfortably seating sixty guests. The menu provided is sumptuous, containing all the delicacies of the season as well as the

more substantial viands, the cuisin being in charge of the most accomplished cooks to be obtained, while the attendance cannot be surpassed. The bar is stocked with the best assortment of wines, liquors and cigars, while the well conducted billiard parlour is one of the largest in the town and is one of its favorite resorts. Many employes are required in the different departments of the hotel, all of whom are attentive and watchful. The house was opened by the present proprietor on the 19th of June, 1886, coming direct from Durham where he conducted the Middleburgh House, and is already doing a large and prosperous business, getting the lion's share of the trade. The proprietor, Mr. D. J. Kenny, is the typical host whom travellers delight to meet when entering a strange place and produces a favorable impression which improves on closer acquaintance. He gives a close supervision to every detail in the management of his hotel and looks after the comfort of his guests with scrupulous attention. His satisfaction, Mr. Kenny is one of the most widely known and esteemed citizens in the town. For these reasons we refer you to the Queen's

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Palmerston

Palmerston is an incorporated town, with a population of 2000 or more, and is distant from Guelph about 40 miles. Palmerston is pre-eminently the railroad town of Wellington County. It is a distributing point on the W.G. & B. division of the Grand Trunk Railway, and is a very busy place. At all times the depot presents an appearance rarely seen in many places five times its size. The G.T.R. have repair shops located here and employ a great number of men. It is said that the wages paid to the railroad men of the town amount to between \$10,000 and \$15,000 per month. It contains 4 churches, 7 hotels, 22 stores, saw, flour, oatmeal and planing mills, printing office, 12 private banks and 1 telegraph office. Palmerston is growing rapidly and is one of the busiest places of its size in Canada.

M. WOOLDRIDGE

A history of the industrial and commercial enterprises of Palmerston would be most incomplete without mentioning the planing mill of Woodridge, who came to this country from England seventeen years ago. Seven years ago he built the planing mill which is the subject of this sketch. Two years later he added a saw mill. His buildings occupy a site of two acres. These mills are the chief centre of employment in Palmerston, no less than 35 skilled workmen being employed in the mill. The mill is fully equipped with the newest machinery. Only the best and most thoroughly seasoned lumber is used which amounts to nearly two million feet yearly. This of course includes the custom work.

The affairs of the firm are conducted upon the soundest principles of mercantile honor and integrity, and its reputation for liberal dealing is established beyond the requirements of praise. Mr. Woodridge has done much for the town's best interest. He has been in the council for several years and is on the Managing Committee of the town. He is a practical business man, and is a most considerate and courteous gentleman and Palmerston may well be proud of him.

The proprietor, Mr. D. J. Kenny, is the typical host whom travellers delight to meet when entering a strange place and produces a favorable impression which improves on closer acquaintance. He gives a close supervision to every detail in the management of his hotel and looks after the comfort of his guests with scrupulous attention. His satisfaction, Mr. Kenny is one of the most widely known and esteemed citizens in the town. For these reasons we refer you to the Queen's

THE HESS HOTEL

Prominent in Palmerston is the Hess hotel. Mr. Hess, the genial host, had for many years been in the furniture and mill business, and he gave employment to 300 hands. The Hess hotel is a large brick structure on the main street, measuring 80x65 feet. It is three stories high. All the rooms and offices, among which are 18 bedrooms, are furnished and equipped in the most elegant style. In fact, we have it on good authority, and from the experience of numerous travellers, that Mr. Hess has two of the best bedroom suites in Canada. One suite, we may state, cost no less than \$200. Mr. Hess is a gentleman of extensive experience and his hotel has been here but one year. His reputation for liberal dealing is established beyond the requirements of praise. Mr. Hess imports lumber from every country under the sun. He gets his grain from Rotterdam, his flour from France, while the native element is also not wanting. Mr. Hess was born in Hesse, Darmstadt, and his hospitality is of the real old-fashioned style. He thoroughly understands how to conduct his establishment in first class style, as will be apparent to everyone stopping at his house. Personally Mr. Hess is a jovial host, and a gentleman known and appreciated by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. He personally superintends the management of the hotel, neglecting nothing which can add to the pleasure or comfort of his guests.

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GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

The most popular and best patronized of the hotels in the town is that of Mr. W. A. Clarke. The business has been established for three years and has been uniformly a success. Mr. Clarke stands high as an artistic and fashionable merchant, tailor and as the most popular man in his line in the town. His premises are centrally located near the post office and are commodious and well adapted to the requirements of his business. Mr. Clarke carries a full stock of foreign and domestic piece goods in great variety and of the most desirable styles, and his suits for fit and finish

cannot be excelled in Western Ontario. He is a practical and experienced cutter and attends personally to that department, guaranteeing perfect fits and most complete satisfaction. Mr. Clarke has also a stock embracing the finest quality of hats and caps in the latest and most fashionable styles. Mr. Clarke is a kindly and courteous gentleman, whose sterling integrity and liberal disposition have made for him vast numbers of friends and the respect and confidence of his fellow-citizens.

T. WATERHOUSE

The woolen mills of Mr. Waterhouse have been identified with the history of Palmerston for the last decade, and are at the present time the most predominant factor in the industrial commerce and enterprise of the town. This mill, which is one of the finest buildings in the town, is 2 1/2 stories high, and the main part of the building measures 20x40, while the office is 2x16. When in full blast this mill gives employment to 22 hands. The enormous custom work which Mr. Waterhouse does all over the country, makes his name a household word throughout the country side. But, of course, the principal output goes east, Montreal being the chief shipping point. The machinery with which the mill is fitted up, is of the newest and most improved kind. All kinds of tweeds, flannels, blankets, union-stuffing yarn and hosiery are manufactured. Some idea of the enormous trade done by Mr. Waterhouse will be conveyed when we state that 75,000 yards of cloth are manufactured yearly. Besides being owner of the mill, Mr. Waterhouse is also president of the Cone Coupler Carriage Works.

The above named gentleman is the leader in the fine business in Palmerston. This business has been established for the last decade, and is now in the hands of Mr. Burns. Mr. Burns is a gentleman of extensive experience and his hotel has been here but one year. His reputation for liberal dealing is established beyond the requirements of praise. Mr. Burns imports lumber from every country under the sun. He gets his grain from Rotterdam, his flour from France, while the native element is also not wanting. Mr. Burns was born in Hesse, Darmstadt, and his hospitality is of the real old-fashioned style. He thoroughly understands how to conduct his establishment in first class style, as will be apparent to everyone stopping at his house. Personally Mr. Burns is a jovial host, and a gentleman known and appreciated by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. He personally superintends the management of the hotel, neglecting nothing which can add to the pleasure or comfort of his guests.

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J. E. LEBEL

To be the leading jeweller of a town like Palmerston is no small thing, when it is stated that there are no fewer than three engaged in the trade. Mr. Lebel has had nearly a quarter of a century's experience in his business. Mr. Lebel comes from the country of clockmakers, where the aristocratic and long line of kings were so lavish

in their expenditure on precious jewels and intricate clock-work. We need not add that we refer to France. Mr. Lebel came to this country in 1862, and has since that time been engaged in the jewelry business. He has a large stock of watches of all kinds and jewelry of every description. Personally Mr. Lebel is a gentleman of extensive experience and his hotel has been here but one year. His reputation for liberal dealing is established beyond the requirements of praise. Mr. Lebel imports lumber from every country under the sun. He gets his grain from Rotterdam, his flour from France, while the native element is also not wanting. Mr. Lebel was born in Hesse, Darmstadt, and his hospitality is of the real old-fashioned style. He thoroughly understands how to conduct his establishment in first class style, as will be apparent to everyone stopping at his house. Personally Mr. Lebel is a jovial host, and a gentleman known and appreciated by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. He personally superintends the management of the hotel, neglecting nothing which can add to the pleasure or comfort of his guests.

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WM. BRIGHT

In giving a historical review of the industries and enterprises of Wellington County, prominent mention must be made of the flax mills of Mr. William Bright. They give dignity and honor to the town of Arthur in which they are situated. A stranger entering the town is at once attracted by the prominent position which they occupy. Situated high up above the banks of the Conestoga river these flax mills command a view of the whole surrounding country and remind one of the old towers of a medieval lord of the domain for his fortress and battlemented towers. On entering the grounds which consist of 1 1/2 acres, the clean and cool is struck by the immense buildings so carefully arranged, of this mammoth manufactory. In the cities every-

thing is crowded into the smallest amount of space. The houses have scarcely enough elbow room to turn round. Here we have standing room enough for a large population and room for 20 more buildings, if necessary. The mill itself is a fine frame building, 50x75, 2 1/2 stories high. The machinery used is of the latest and most improved pattern and is unsurpassed by any other mills in the county. Trade extends all over the country around. Seventy-five workmen and mechanics are given steady employment for 8 months in the year. The winter months. For storing the flax Mr. Bright has a massive barn 120x30 feet. This enormous structure measures 18 feet to the eaves, and no less than 30 feet to the peak. It has a capacity for holding 500 tons of flax. This in itself can hardly be taken in by the ordinary imagination; but this mill by its teams of horses, is thrashed and manufactured into first class fibre, ready to go into linen, thread, etc. The yearly output is about seven hundred tons, while the entire business yields an annual revenue of \$15,000. All this business has been under the efficient supervision of Mr. John Bright since the year 1887.

A large storehouse has been lately erected for storing dress flax and seed, measuring 24x48 feet. Seven horses are employed in drawing in the flax. Mr. Bright has lately bought a grain-crusher from Joliette, Quebec, by which farmers can get their grain crushed any day of the week. He has interests all over the country. For he is not only the clerk of the town of Listowel, but he is also auditor for the piano factory in that town. He has also a large interest in Wallaceburg. As a breeder of high class horses he is well known all over the country. His young horse took first prize in Arthur, one out of Tenbruck and two out of Oliver Wilkes. A native of Glasgow, Scotland, Mr. Bright came to Canada with two and a half dollars in his pocket. He worked for a year in Listowel with J. J. Livingston, the flax king of Canada. By thrift and industry he has attained his present position. He went right into business, turning neither to the right hand nor to the left, until he had accomplished his ends. When he came to this country an emigrant from his native land, he was not the kind of man to put his hand to the plough and turn back. He came, counting the cost. He left friends, home and country. He has now got all these again. Personally, he is a most gentlemanly and courteous man to meet with and leaves nothing undone for the advancement and welfare of the town. We cannot have too many men of his rare versatile qualities.

ARTHUR WOOLEN MILLS

Situated on the left bank of the Conestoga river are the woolen mills of Mr. J. McCormack. The building measures 33x68 feet. It has a solid stone foundation and is 3 1/2 stories high. Mr. McCormack deals extensively in yarns, sheetings, blankets, flannels, and tweeds, and can equal any market in the world for choice and durable goods. He started his business two years ago and is now doing a business of from four to five thousand dollars a year. He employs six hand looms and the hum of the machinery is heard in full blast for over eight months in the year. The mill operates for business all the year round. He does an immense local trade, and having had fifteen years experience in the heavy provision trade of Ontario, he is worthy of the confidence of all classes. A Scotchman by birth, he is a most gentlemanly and courteous man to meet with and leaves nothing undone for the advancement and welfare of the town. We cannot have too many men of his rare versatile qualities.

W. MOSHIER

The most enterprising man in the retail trade of the town is Mr. W. Moshier. Mr. Moshier has been in business for nine years and started out in the first place as a dealer in flour and feed. From a flour and feed store he developed into another line and now he is the leading grocer of Palmerston. Only the best and purest goods are sold, and always at the lowest market price. His store always carries a large stock, and all of the goods are of the very best material, an important consideration in these days when shoddy goods are so frequently palmed off on an unsuspecting public. Transacting business in the most liberal and courteous manner, Mr. Moshier sells more salt meat, feed and flour than any three men in the place. Mr. Moshier is a progressive enterprise, coupled with a thorough knowledge of the business, and the requirements of the public, he has built it up to its present prominent position. He is well-known as an honorable, liberal and conscientious business man, and has achieved a well-merited success.

ALEX. K. GILMOUR

In giving a resume of the industrial growth and enterprises of the county, special mention must be made of the planing mill of Mr. Alex. K. Gilmour. It cannot be denied that outward accidents count much to fortune, but the mould of a man's own fortune is in his own hands. Each man is the "workman of his own fortune," saith the poet, and these reflections are the result of a study of the history of the Arthur planing mills on the one hand, and on the other an intimate acquaintance with the personality of Mr. Gilmour. Mr. Gilmour commenced business in 1880, the firm being known as Gilmour & Gilmour. In the spring of 1894 Mr. Gilmour bought out Mr. Gilmour and has since that time conducted the business under his own control. It should be stated these mills have been running for twenty-five years, but it has remained for Mr. Gilmour to build up and extend the business. The size of the mill is 65x50 with an engine house and drying room 10x50. In this section of the building chipping is done for the farmers, and the crusher has been in operation since last fall. Mr. Gilmour has about 1000 feet of all the year round and manufactures all kinds of sashes, doors, blinds, mouldings, sittings, etc. The mill is fitted with all the latest improved machinery, and its superior facilities enable it to fill contracts with out the slightest delay, and upon the closest margin. The name of Mr. Gilmour has been associated with the mill business for so many years that it has become synonymous with honour, ability and high character. While in social circles it is none the less prominent. Personally, Mr. Gilmour is a gentleman of tact and ability and is thoroughly acquainted with every factor that is for his town's advancement. Mr. Gilmour has a breadth of character and large good sense that enables him to sink his own individuality and personal prejudices for the sake of the public good. And embodying as he does in all his actions the principle of the greatest possible good for the greatest possible number he has endeared himself to the citizens of Arthur and the entire neighborhood.

THOS. WHEATCROFT, Butcher

In a work purporting to be a history of the industries, enterprises and various professions of Palmerston, a high place must be given to the tonorial profession. It is with much pleasure that we select for this purpose, the popular paragon of Mr. Alf. Knowles, at No. 27 William street. In 1879 Mr. Knowles bought out the business of Mr. Harvey Cooke, and since

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T. A. HUMPHRIES

This combination is one of quiet repose and very restful to the eye. Another result of Mr. Bennett's work, which might be said to be the most important result he has achieved, was the opening at St. Paul's in Damascus in 1893. Before that time there was no church there of any large building of any kind to worship in. This church has been paid off and consecrated by the Lord Bishop of Niagara on the 30th of October of the present year.

The most prominent and conspicuous business solely devoted to tailoring is that of T. A. Humphries. He has been an emporium and centre for those who would be fashionably attired. In stock is carried woolsens, Cashmeres, broadcloths, tweeds and worsteds in suitings and pant goods in every design of the latest styles. Mr. Humphries is an artist cutter himself and employing only good and skilled workmen qualified to make them up into a man'ship are perfect. Besides, the fact that a large and varied stock, strictly up to date is carried, is added extremely low prices, which is probably one of the reasons of this house's phenomenal success. Mr. Humphries is one of those affable gentlemen whom you meet with pleasure and part with regret. He is a most gentlemanly and courteous man to meet with and leaves nothing undone for the advancement and welfare of the town. We cannot have too many men of his rare versatile qualities.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

The leading and representative hotel in Arthur is the Commercial, now conducted by Mr. J. E. Morrison, who took possession in July and immediately refitted, remodelled and wholly furnished it. The house is a handsome two-story brick structure of about 45 rooms, neatly furnished and kept scrupulously clean, while the dining room, which is a large and attractive affair, is laid with spotless linen and bright silverware, and the tables are ever laden with all of the delicacies of the market and season cooked and served in a manner which would please the palate of the most fastidious. The barroom in conjunction is supplied with the most superior viands in wine, whiskey and beer, in view of its desire to have their horses taken care of by attentive hostlers. In fact, the Commercial is a strictly up to date hotel in every sense, even to large sample rooms for the commercial travellers who make this their headquarters in Arthur. We know a good thing when we see it, and the verdict of all travellers now is that the Commercial is a good thing. Mr. J. E. Morrison is no stranger to the public. He has resided in this locality for almost forty years, and formerly conducted the Queen's Hotel, selling out to retire, but his ambitious spirit would not be satisfied with a life of idleness so once more he became the merry boniface. Personally, a most genial and affable gentleman to meet with and possess all those attractive characteristics which bring him success.

C. M. IRWIN

Mr. Irwin founded this business ten years ago, which now stands in the front rank in its line. The stock carried consists of a full line of heavy and shelf hardware and stoves. The stock carried is of the most superior excellence and the most popular prices prevail. Mr. Irwin has also a furniture and undertaking establishment, formerly owned by Mr. R. T. Stephenson, now in the hands of Mr. Irwin. When Mr. Stephenson started this business the population was very small, and he pushed his trade with that vim and energy which always assures success, and the business advanced in magnitude, until it now assumes very large proportions. Mr. Irwin is fortunate in having retained the services of Mr. Stephenson, who besides being practically versed in all details of the business, has occupied the position of school trustee and chairman for twenty-two years. The position of Mr. Irwin has attained in both departments of business is such that he is respected and honored by all who know him.

C. H. HAMNER

The tendency of an occupation of this nature is to develop in the artist the most brilliant and practical distinction of lights and shades, but only that native genius which belongs to the true artist can properly comprehend the effect of each in its exact relation to the subject. Indeed, the practical business photographer can only secure the highest results from the possession of those higher qualities which comprehend the adaptation of science to art. It is a general, courteous gentleman, honorable and fair in all transactions, and is deservedly popular with all classes of citizens.

GRACE CHURCH

In an historical description of the various features of the town of Arthur, Grace church occupies a prominent position. Six years ago when the Rev. Mr. Bennett first came to Arthur, there was a debt on the church of \$800. The Rev. Mr. Bennett was simply a mission with a grant of \$250 a year. Owing to Mr. Bennett's well directed efforts, the debt was cleared in the year 1892. This was accomplished in the space of three years by collections and free-will offerings mainly, and every Thanksgiving day was set apart for a collection for that purpose. As the debt had been on the church for least ten years, the congregation and their pastor, are to be warmly complimented on their success in this direction. During all these years Arthur still remained a mission, receiving the annual grant until last Easter when it became a self-supporting parish. Since the clearing off of the debt the inside of the church has been renovated and decorated. A chancel screen has been presented to the church by the Rev. Mr. Radcliff. The walls of the church have been painted a light terra-cotta and the ceiling and chancel a light green color. The effect produced by

O. D. WHITE

This business was started by Mr. White, 14 years ago. The building of solid brick, measures 10x60 feet. In the back a located the carriage repository. Mr. White has handled horses from his infancy. He has a fine stock of well bred driving horses which can be hired for business or pleasure, might any day on moderate terms. It is Mr. White's care and pride to see that his horses look spick and span and his general appearance of his stable is one of neatness and comfort. Mr. White is well known all over Ontario as a dealer in horses and if he does not know a sound horse no one does. This is exemplified by the fact that Mr. White has handled extensively the old country horses of every description from heavy draught animals down to saddle horses, and his knowledge of the breed is held in the highest estimation by all classes of citizens for his geniality of disposition and inflexible integrity.

A. J. LESLIE

One of the leading and most successful enterprises in the town is that of Mr. A. J. Leslie whose extensive mill is located at the north end of Main street and is known as the North End Planing Mill. This business was established in 1887 by A. J. Leslie and

A. MOYER & CO.

Centrally situated in Palmerston, stands the flour mills of A. Moyer & Co., one of the largest mills in the county. The premises are large and commodious, the main building capacity of this mill is 30 barrels, of the manufacture of flour at this mill, the latest and best machinery and appliances are used under the personal supervision of Mr. Moyer. The flour made is all high grade, the best varieties of Ontario and Manitoba hard wheat being used. Their famous brands meet a ready demand all over the country. The company's fine manufacturing facilities enable them to meet competition, and invite it, in matter of price, and as to the quality of their flour it is simply par excellence. Mr. Moyer is a business man of unmistakable business talents and general enterprise, endowed with those characteristics which make success and prosperity. Mr. Moyer is one of the trustees of the Public School, and personally is a most obliging and affable gentleman to meet with. He spares no pains to do all in his power for the bettering the interests of Palmerston in every direction.

J. B. DOYLE

This is one of the finest livery, boarding and sale stables to be found in the county and was opened about one year ago by Mr. Jas. J. Doyle. The building is of brick 35x65 feet in dimensions, the interior arrangement is perfect, no expense having been spared in equipping it with every convenience and facility. In the middle an arena is located for the purpose of exercising the stock, and the arrangements are perfect and the fare of the stock is carefully attended to by experienced grooms. Mr. Doyle has some of the most stylish equipages to be seen in Mount Forest and a stock of thoroughbred driving horses which are hired for business or pleasure day or night on moderate terms. He is also getting a fine lot of sleighs and robes for the coming winter. Mr. Doyle takes horses to board and on sale and his facilities for the care of same are of a first-class character. He is an energetic competitor for legitimate business and is very popular throughout the town.

J. MCGEORGE

To say that Palmerston occupies an important place in the artistic world becomes a self evident truth when we enter the studio of Mr. McGeorge. In this studio Mr. McGeorge has on view some of the most perfect chef d'oeuvres of the modern painter. Under his hands photography is sure to develop in Palmerston, and as he is young, energetic and enthusiastic, a great future is before him.

M. WILKINS

Prominent in the legal profession of Arthur is Mr. M. Wilkins, who came to this town in 1886. He received his education in Orangeville. He has the most extensive business of any lawyer in the town. He takes a deep interest in education, being a member of the High School Board.

J. D. CALLAGHAN

There is no better known citizen of the town of Arthur than Mr. J. D. Callaghan. Mr. Callaghan, we need hardly state, has taken the lead in the building line of this flourishing town for the last quarter of a century. There are few houses where Mr. Callaghan's handiwork is not manifest. And wherever his hand is seen we see also comfort and stability. It is hardly necessary to state that Mr. Callaghan has been in Arthur for twenty years. We have not very far to look for the reason of his success. We

H. J. OLARK

Among the stores of this town the extensive establishment of Mr. H. J. Olark is deserving of more than passing notice. This store was established 25 years ago by the present proprietor and 15 years ago he built the handsome brick block he now occupies, which is 24 1/2 feet in dimensions, and handsomely fitted up, and is the largest in the town. He has had a long experience in the dry goods line as a careful and close buyer, a thorough judge of quality and value, and conversant with all the requirements of his business. His stock is the most handsome and complete to be found in the town and is kept up with frequent novelties of all the latest novelties and most approved patterns. There is always to be found in this extensive assortment of fashionable dry goods, gents' furnishings, coats and shoes, groceries, crockery, millinery, and hardware, presided over by Mrs. McEachern. It is also a feature of the store, where all the latest styles and designs in millinery are kept constantly on hand. Four hands are kept fully occupied in attending to the wants of the numerous customers. Mr. McEachern devotes his sole attention to the business, and by industry and application, has been able to build up a large and increasing trade.

R. MARTIN

As old as Arthur itself is the hardware business conducted by R. Martin. A nephew of a pioneer, Mr. Martin has joined his interests with this municipality's business circles and has climbed steadily up the ladder of success. He carries in stock a full line of hardware and his store is brightly and systematically arranged. The stock embraces everything kept in a first class hardware store and the facilities enjoyed by Mr. Martin enable him to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, than the establishments of the large cities. Mr. Martin is a thoroughly hustling business man, shrewd, keen, systematic and thoroughly upright and honest. He has built up a very prosperous trade and one that yearly is extending. No one in Arthur deserves a greater measure of success than he, and none enjoys to a larger extent the esteem and goodwill of his fellow-citizens. He has been Secretary of the Public School Board for ten years and is President of the Arthur Liberal-Conservative Association. In each of these organizations his fine executive ability and general, manly disposition, have made him a conspicuous figure. As one of Arthur's leading citizens Mr. Martin well deserves an honorable mention in any work that aims at giving a business resume of this village.

CLIFFORD WOOLLEN MILLS

There is probably no branch of industry that is of more importance to a community than a woolen mill, both from an industrial and commercial point of view. As being the only mill in Clifford engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods, the establishment of Mr. Jas. Scott, will not escape proper mention in this work. The business was established by Mr. Scott in 1883, who had a wide experience in the business and it has increased with a steady and prosperous development. The work turned out of this establishment has acquired a reputation for first class quality. The premises occupied include a main building 30x50 ft. in dimensions and three stories in height, containing machinery and appliances of the best modern description. In the rear, 24 1/2 feet in dimensions, are the engine house, dye house and fulling room. The premises are furnished with steam power, and the weaving is done by the skilled mechanics of the town. Mr. Scott does almost everything in the manufacture of wool, including tweeds, flannels, custom carding, spinning and knitting, special attention being given to dyeing in all shades for the display of the roads, while the rear is used as a storehouse for wool. The building is a strictly first class character, enabling him to offer special advantages to customers, and to execute all orders in the promptest and most satisfactory manner. He does the very best class of work, and his goods are unexcelled for durability and finish. He sustains an excellent reputation for honorable dealing, and is well known as a liberal and conscientious business man. Through his own efforts he has achieved success, and he well merits the esteem and respect in which he is held. We might add that the highest cash price is paid for wool the year round.

THOS. SMITH

The business of this house was inaugurated 16 years ago in this place by Mr. Thomas Smith, who had run a sun bar store and was practicing in the law for many years. It is now one of the most popular and best known dry goods and clothing establishments in Clifford, and is well adapted to the business. Five skilled hands are employed and customers can rely on their suits made in the latest and most fashionable styles. Mr. Scott, being a practical cutter himself, is able to understand every detail of the business, but to give perfect satisfaction. He occupies a position of excellence of work and reasonable prices.

Clifford

The village of Clifford is in the north western corner of the county of Wellington, about 48 miles from Guelph. It is situated on the Red River and is a picturesque looking little place. It has a population of about 700, and contains 3 churches, 3 hotels, 1 general store, 1 telegraph office, 7 stores and a printing office, issuing a weekly paper. Clifford is a stirring place and does a good business. Its railroad facilities are good as it is situated on the W. G. & B. branch of the Grand Trunk and the distribution points on that line. Its growth is a steady and healthy one and it bids fair to become a large and important town in the not distant future.

D. McEACHERN

Among the stores of this town the extensive establishment of Mr. D. McEachern is deserving of more than passing notice. This store was established 25 years ago by the present proprietor and 15 years ago he built the handsome brick block he now occupies, which is 24 1/2 feet in dimensions, and handsomely fitted up, and is the largest in the town. He has had a long experience in the dry goods line as a careful and close buyer, a thorough judge of quality and value, and conversant with all the requirements of his business. His stock is the most handsome and complete to be found in the town and is kept up with frequent novelties of all the latest novelties and most approved patterns. There is always to be found in this extensive assortment of fashionable dry goods, gents' furnishings, coats and shoes, groceries, crockery, millinery, and hardware, presided over by Mrs. McEachern. It is also a feature of the store, where all the latest styles and designs in millinery are kept constantly on hand. Four hands are kept fully occupied in attending to the wants of the numerous customers. Mr. McEachern devotes his sole attention to the business, and by industry and application, has been able to build up a large and increasing trade.

J. NEEB

The only merchant tailoring establishment in Clifford is that of Mr. J. Neeb, and is thus worthy of special mention in this work. Mr. Neeb occupies a large and elegant premises in the Mansion House Block, where he has been in business for two years, and is already doing a prosperous business. Fashionable young men can always rely on being fitted out at this popular place in the most complete and stylish manner. Mr. Neeb is an experienced cutter, and personally supervises all the work turned out. The stock, though small, is finely assorted and contains all the latest patterns. Mr. Neeb is gradually coming to the front and will be among the first merchants of Clifford. He is a young man of energy and agreeable manners, which, with his extensive acquaintance in the community, is rapidly increasing his business, while personally he is a most affable gentleman to meet.

J. HILLHOUSE & CO.

The job lot now occupied by the village of Clifford in all departments of business is due to the industry, energy, industry and perseverance of her leading merchants and manufacturers. From the property of Mr. Hillhouse & Co., which is the first of its class in the town. The business was inaugurated and managed solely by him until three years ago, when J. Neeb, of Ontario, came in as partner. The premises occupied by the firm are of a most extensive character, centrally situated on Elm street, opposite the Mansion House. They are of solid white brick, two stories in height, and are 100 feet by 30 feet in dimensions. Here will be found a heavy stock of stoves, ranges, heaters, hardware, and a full line of house furnishing goods. Mr. Hillhouse carries one of the largest and best assortments of shelf hardware to be found in any house in the village, as well as a complete assortment of cutlery for pocket or table use of any description required in any branch. Mechanic's tools can be obtained here at the lowest rates and guaranteed excellence of temper and edge. The firm also deals largely in paints, oils, glass and sporting goods, possessing a stock to select from that is seldom to be found in country towns. The firm makes a specialty of heating, erecting and putting up all kinds of iron and masonry work. Orders are executed in the promptest manner. The firm also manufactures largely all kinds of sheet iron, copper and tinware, used in the household, experienced workmen being kept constantly employed. Mr. Hillhouse has been manager of the banking office of J. W. Scott in Clifford for the past twelve years and enjoys the reputation of being successful in this line also, not having lost a dollar for the last five years in all that time. The firm always takes a deep interest and give calculated to advance the welfare and prosperity of the village and surrounding country. Personally, standing deservedly high in both social and commercial circles, while their educational ranks as a leader in his line.

W. H. SCOTT

Among the tailoring establishments of Clifford, is that of W. H. Scott, located in the Basement Block on George street. Mr. Scott is a practical man of wide experience, and has been engaged in business here for a large and ever growing business. His general manners and high accomplishments, together with his prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to his hands, and to the wants of the people, widened his ready large circle of acquaintances and patrons, and greatly enlarged his business. The present shop and work room embrace two stories, 24x35 feet in dimensions, and are large and commodious, while the establishment is well adapted to the business. Five skilled hands are employed and customers can rely on their suits made in the latest and most fashionable styles. Mr. Scott, being a practical cutter himself, is able to understand every detail of the business, but to give perfect satisfaction. He occupies a position of excellence of work and reasonable prices.

Rockwood

Rockwood justly claims distinction for its natural beauty. Situated around an irregular succession of rugged hills, through which the River Speed threads its way in quiet majesty, with its "The Devil's Well," "The Needle" and other romantic bits of scenery at its very threshold Rockwood has reason to prance itself on the lavishness with which nature here scattered her picturesque treasures.

J. W. KNOWLES

Rockwood is situated on the main line of the G. W. & B. branch of the Grand Trunk and is 40 miles east of Guelph and forty miles from Toronto. It has extensive water power and a very material extent of its manufacturing industries. There are four churches and two hotels, a Mechanic's Institute and a Public Library, in which the citizens take an active interest. Rockwood people are thoroughly energetic and progressive. The cultivation of the social side of life, live harmoniously together and are in truth a happy little community.

J. N. STINSON

Prominent in Rockwood in mercantile circles is the establishment of J. N. Stinson, who has been in business here since 1885 and has developed an extremely large trade. He deals in and carries a large stock of gents' furnishings, hats, caps, groceries, provisions, and tweeds and Cashmeres for ordered clothing. Mr. Stinson is a practical cutter and sees to it that his finish and workmanship are perfect. He is a young man, progressive and sided by a large capital leaves no stone unturned to benefit his patrons. Mr. Stinson only employs the most capable of help, prominent among which is G. W. Lawrence, who has been with him for three years past. Mr. Lawrence has lately received a diploma from the New York Cutting School.

P. LEE

We have much pleasure in making prominent mention of the worthy host of the above hotel. The house is a large and commodious building, the dining room, bar, and commercial rooms are on the first floor, and while the second story is a judiciously selected brand of the best cigars and liquors, the table is always loaded with the delicacies of the season. Upstairs there are the bedrooms and parlor, all of which are kept in the neatest manner. All Mr. Lee's guests are unanimous in regarding him as the prince of good fellows, and strangers and travellers will always find him attentive and obliging.

HARRIS & CO.

An enterprise that has done more than all others to advertise the picturesque little village of Rockwood is the woolen mills conducted by Harris & Co. In common with all the other

branches of trade the woolen industry of the country is buoyant or depressed in harmony with the condition of the commercial world at the time. Yet it may be said, and truthfully, that through the wharf and wool-to-use an appropriate simile-of good times and had the Rockwood woolen mills has pursued the even tenor of its way. The business was founded in 1868 by John R. Thomas and Joseph Harris. John R. Thomas immediately demonstrated the room and desirability for its existence. Trade, small, 'tis true, at first, grew gradually year by year and in 1887 new and more modern premises were erected and fitted with the latest machinery that could be procured. Since then the mills have been running steadily, catering to a large trade and gaining many customers from far away places. Very complete facilities are here to be found for the manufacture of tweeds, winceys, flannels, blankets, sheetings,

horse blankets and yarns. It is known as a complete set mill, and employs on an average about twenty-five hands. The large stock of these goods kept always on hand is available for the selection of those who desire to exchange wool. Farmers in this way can make much more profitable arrangements than by taking their wool to the market direct. The roll carding department is thoroughly up to date and parties from a distance can generally depend on having their rolls home with them the same day, convenience and speed being readily appreciated. For spinning the mills enjoy the reputation of turning out good yarn carefully put up in the skein. An evidence of this fact is to be found in the large and increasing number of farmers who have their wool spun here year after year. But the chief output of this mill is frieze, and the product enjoys a wide reputation for durability and finish. It takes the place of the imported Irish frieze and wherever it has found a place in the wholesale trade has met with warm favor. Rockwood has many things to be proud of but none more worthy of the support and approval of the people than Harris & Co.'s woolen mills.

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S. GRIEVE

A well conducted bakery where all the breadstuffs are manufactured in suitable form, is always a place of interest. Prominent in Rockwood is the store of S. Grieve, who has been in business here for two years. He is a practical and experienced baker and manufacturer of the most wholesome ingredients in the market form. Here you may find the lightest and nicest of bread, cake, pies, biscuits and confectionery. He is a thoroughly experienced baker and has earned the highest encomiums for his enterprising methods, while the superiority of his goods has gained for his store the prominence it so well deserves. He is liberally patronized by the community. His trade is constantly increasing, thus his future success is assured. In fact, already he finds his present room insufficient and intends to build a more commodious store and bake room that he may accommodate his growing trade.

J. INNES

Conspicuous as a leading tailor in Rockwood is Mr. J. Innes, at whose store may be found a most complete line of selected wools and woollens, both of European and domestic manufacture, made up in the most artistic manner. Mr. Innes is a man of more than ordinary ability and skill, so that every garment leaving his store in fit, finish and workmanship is perfect, while at all times the prices are as reasonable as good goods and artistic workmanship will allow. Mr. Innes has been in this business for nine years and has ever held the even tenor of his way, winning an excellent reputation as a broad-minded business man and a merchant thoroughly understanding the requirements of the public.

Aberfoyle

The village of Aberfoyle has a population of about 200 and is situated on the Brock road, about eight miles from Guelph, and two miles from Morrison. It contains 1 church, 3 stores, 1 hotel, 1 flour, saw and grist mills and a telegraph office. It is a busy little place and does a larger business than many villages double its size.

JAMES McLEAN

One of the most prominent figures in Aberfoyle commercial circles is Mr. James McLean who has lived so long in the place that he is looked upon as being one of the natural features of the town. And not only has long and faithful service made him a familiar figure, but it has also helped to stamp his character for ever on the memory of the people. Mr. McLean has been in the general merchant business for the long span of 32 years. In his store to be found everything all pertaining to the general merchandise trade: groceries, glass, crockery, hats and caps. In fact his store, which is a large building, is filled from end to end with every article under the sun, and all at the most moderate prices. The quality of the goods is acknowledged by all to be first class. Mr. McLean has served his township well and faithfully, in the capacity of clerk for over 15 years. It is a pleasant privilege and delightful duty to record his name as one of the representative men of Aberfoyle.

T. D. DAY

The industries affording special interest in an agricultural district, are those which aid in producing the country's food. In this connection we wish to mention prominently the flour mill of Mr. T. D. Day, as representing the industrial interests of Aberfoyle in our history of Aberfoyle and Wellington County. Mr. Day has been in this business 6 years, having bought out Morrison & Co. He has had a life long experience in his business, and his mill, which is a white brick structure, with a solid stone foundation, is equipped with the best machinery, and is run by a water power, with a 65 horse power engine attached. Custom chopping is done extensively here, and Mr. Day has feed of all kinds for sale on the premises. In giving Mr. Day's name a high position in this work, we are recognizing his services to the community, not only as a miller, but also in his public capacities. Mr. Day is treasurer and a manager of Duff's Presbyterian church, and has been financial secretary of the L.O.F. for 5 years. It is needless to add that Mr. Day has the respect and esteem of the whole community for his high integrity and sound business principles.

Morrison

Morrison is a stirring village in South Wellington and has a population of about 200. It is situated on the famous Brock road, and is about 10 miles from Guelph and 18 from Hamilton. The main line of the C.P.R. is about 1 1/2 miles south of it. It contains four churches, Presbyterian, Evangelist, and Roman Catholic, seven stores, two hotels, one flour and two planing mills, three carriage factories, and telegraph and telephone offices. Its business buildings are large handsome structures and present a pleasing appearance to the eye of the passing traveller.

JOHN A. MACDONALD

Mr. John A. Macdonald is the leading merchant of Morrison. The premises consist of a solid stone structure, two stories in height, and possess every facility for the conduct of business. Mr. Macdonald keeps constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of fancy and staple dry goods. The stock is large and select, including a diversity of dry goods, ranging from the finest velvet and silk and muslin. Besides dry goods Mr. Macdonald deals in every line of goods pertaining to the general merchant trade. He keeps the post office at Shaw Station and has a store there of the same dimensions. This is the oldest established business in the township of Puslinch. In all his capacities Mr. Macdonald has won popularity. He is a conveyancer and commissioner in H.C.J. His business is so well known that his distinguished name has become a substitute for honor and integrity.

Among the villages of Wellington County which are celebrated for their picturesque location and the beauty of the scenery surrounding them, Everton is a prominent place. Beautifully situated on a branch of the Speed river, it has long been a favorite rendezvous for the disciples of Isaac Walton, who are in the habit of making pilgrimages to the trout streams in its vicinity. The village contains two churches, Disciple and Methodist, three stores, one telegraph office, one express and one telephone office, and one washing machine factory. Its population is about 200.

Everton

Closely identified with the history of Everton and associated with the earliest memories of the place are the mills of Mr. Henry Hortop. These mills stand out pre-eminently as the first bulwarks of industry and commerce in the historical progress and development of this section of the county. They are situated in the prettiest spot in Wellington County. On the banks of the Speed River, built of a solid stone foundation, three stories in height, they measure 40x72 feet. Mr. Hortop bought out this mill from Mr. Everett in 1874, so that Mr. Hortop has been identified with this business for nearly a quarter of a century. Mr. Hortop gives employment to four hands, his son being the head miller. The mill is furnished with the latest and most improved machinery, which was entirely overhauled two years ago. Mr. Hortop does a large custom business, both in the town of Everton and No. 1 Manitoba best wheat being used. All kinds of feed are ground on premises. Mr. Hortop occupies the position of Public School trustee. He is so well known and has been so closely identified with all the best interests of Everton, that we need scarcely add that he has the universal respect and esteem of the entire neighborhood.

HENRY HORTOP

The history of Everton is so closely associated with the name of Mr. Charles Cassani that we think we are but doing justice to his business in giving his name the first place in our mention of the general merchant trade. Mr. Cassani has been in business in Everton for seven years, and his store, which is a large building measuring 50x24 is situated opposite the Handlin Hotel. Mr. Cassani supplies the people of Everton and the surrounding district with all the necessities and the luxuries of life, groceries from the best markets, boots and shoes of the finest quality, ready-made clothing, jewelry, confectionery and patent medicines are offered by Mr. Cassani at very moderate figures. We have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Cassani does the trade of the country, and he is very popular and highly esteemed by everyone. This kindly feeling is due to Mr. Cassani's courteous and considerate treatment of his customers, no less than to his sound commercial principles and sterling sense of honor. Men of his stamp when once they settle a place, take firm root, and are the men who uphold and benefit the community.

CHARLES CASSANI

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MAIN STREET, PALMERSTON.

GEO. A. MARSHALL



Geo. A. Marshall opened up business in Everton on the 1st of October. He bought out the business of Mr. John McKinnon. His building is a solid stone structure, measuring 25x80 and two stories high. His groceries consist of everything to tempt the housekeeper, as do also his dry goods, boots and shoes and ready-made clothing.

tory burned to the ground some years ago. Notwithstanding this Mr. Gaud has gone on and has met with prosperity and success. It is to men of his character we look for the building up of our country in the future.

Osprings

The village of Osprings is six miles from Erin and fourteen from Guelph. It contains one hotel, two stores, a blacksmith shop and two churches. It is situated on the Erasmoss gravel road and is a favorite resting place for travellers between Erin and Guelph. Its population is about 100.

JAMES HILL

In giving a history of Wellington County, and of every town in the County, it is especially necessary to mention the store of Mr. James Hill, and we are glad to be able to place his name first in connection with the history of Osprings. Mr. Hill has been in business here for six years, and occupies a large store, the front part measuring 30x24 feet, and the rear 40x30. Mr. Hill supplies the wants of the entire community, besides acting as postmaster. Not only does he keep a large stock of groceries and provisions, but he also has on hand a fine assortment of boots and shoes and hardware. The services Mr. Hill renders to Osprings are of such a character that it is no wonder that the citizens of this

and mills. In fact, almost every industry is here represented. Perhaps one of the most important businesses is that of Mr. C. H. Walker, who is the proprietor of the foundry and agricultural works. As an expert in testing binders and other agricultural machines Mr. Walker has no equal. With men of the above stamp the future of Erin rests, and we may confidently say that with them it is perfectly safe.

The professions are also well represented and where the individual members of these professions are so thoroughly capable it would be invidious to single out individuals.

B. MUNDRELL

One of the leading and most successful enterprises in Erin is that of B. Mundrell, the builder and contractor of Erin. This business was established 25 years ago. The mill is a large building and is built partly of stone and partly of brick. In the season, employment is here given to more people than by any other concern in Erin. The mill is entirely fitted with a full set of all machinery required for turning out everything in the building line, the whole establishment being run by steam and water power. Every facility is at hand for executing the largest orders in the promptest and most satisfactory manner. Here are manufactured



New Methodist Church, Arthur.

are to be seen buggies, carriages, sleighs, cutters, etc., all of Mr. Walker's own designing and second to none in Canada. It is due to the people of Erin to say that it reflects the highest credit on their wisdom and on their appreciation of Mr. Walker's services that they have elected him reeve four years in succession. Mr. Walker has been in the council for no less than 15 years and has been a member of the school board for 14 years. So that in singling him out as one of the representatives of industry in Wellington County, and as the chief figure in the history of Erin itself, we are simply echoing the sentiments of the public voice and giving the chief place of honour to one who has done so much for his town, and who has ever identified himself with the best interests and welfare of his native place.

COLLIER & HAMILTON

This business was founded in the year 1892, and is now one of the most popular and best known dry goods and clothing establishments in Erin. The premises are famous for their large capacity and admirable arrangements. They consist of a large two-story building—comprising a double store. The one department measures 90 feet deep and the other 40 feet, with a frontage of 24 feet. The popularity of the firm is due to the liberal policy and prompt business habits of the proprietors, as well as the general excellence of the stock. Since their connection with the business interests of Erin, these gentlemen have shown a spirit of enterprise that has achieved for themselves and their house an enviable position among the successful men of the day.



The store always contains a splendid stock of dry goods, groceries and boots and shoes of the latest styles and best

from the looms, the factories, the gardens and the field. The business of Dahl Brothers is one of the largest in the country, the firm having establishments at Grand Valley and Orangeville as well. Everything in this store is tastefully displayed. Tweeds, ready-made clothing, boots and shoes and groceries are to be found all in their place making a fine display of choice for the householder and the lover of fashion as well. The finely arranged window of this firm is the most artistic feature of Erin. The Dahl Bros. are widely and highly respected for their enterprise, push, and public spiritedness and it is to men of their stamp we look for the building up of our numerous cities and towns.

Our Circulation Manager.



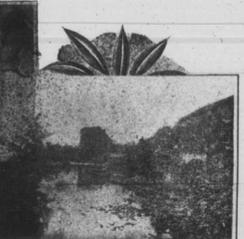
The Herald's many friends and patrons throughout the county will readily recognize the accompanying photo-engraving of Mr. Mortimer Millard, Jr., our travelling representative. Mr. Millard has charge of the correspondence and circulation department of the Weekly and is doing great work in the many new sections that have been made tributary to The Herald's rapidly increasing subscription list. He is a hustler on the road, has a manner that wins confidence and popularity and in all his dealings with subscribers or correspondents he reflects The Herald's sincere desire to be fair, honest and upright with every man. We bespeak for Mr. Millard among our country friends a continuance of the gratifying and kindly encouragement with which they have so far rewarded his efforts in advancing the interests of our great Old Weekly.

G. A. SMALL

In a work which aims to show the rise and progress of the commercial interests of the town of Erin, this drug establishment commands special mention. Mr. Small carries a large and varied stock of drugs and chemicals, surgical instruments and appliances of the finest quality, also toilet and fancy articles, stationery, perfumery, etc., and all such goods as are kept in well regulated establishments of this kind. The goods are displayed in a most attractive and pleasing manner. This store is centrally located and is doing a business that is increasing rapidly, in keeping with the growth of the town. This reflects the highest credit on Mr. Small who has been here but two months. He is a legally qualified pharmacist and an experienced chemist.



The Cavé, Rockwood.



The Needle, Rockwood.

Hillsburg

The village of Hillsburg is situated on a branch of the Credit river about twenty miles from Guelph and about seventeen from Georgetown. It contains three churches, four stores, two hotels, flour, chopping, saw and cider mills, one tannery, one printing office and telegraph and express offices. It has a population of about 100 and does a good business. The land in the vicinity of Hillsburg is especially adapted for the growth of potatoes, great quantities of which are shipped every fall. Hillsburg is also famous as a resort for trout fishing and as the home of the Ladies' Silver Band. It is steadily growing, and its buildings, public and private are comfortable and up to date in every respect.

W. H. GAUD

The oldest establishment in Hillsburg is the tannery owned and managed by Mr. W. H. Gaud. In placing his name alongside this reference to Hillsburg we feel that we are doing honor to Hillsburg itself no less than to Mr. Gaud, who has always been associated with what was for the welfare and benefit of the village. In 1862 Mr. Gaud founded his present business. The building is 2 1/2 stories high and measures 75x50. Mr. Gaud employs on an average of four

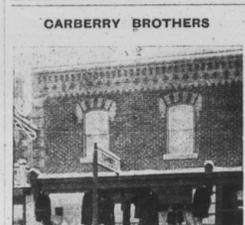
place unanimously agree in giving his name the chief place in their history. Personally Mr. Hill is a most affable and obliging gentleman, whom to meet



and do business with is a real pleasure. It is to men of his liberal spirit and integrity that our towns and villages are indebted for their progress and general welfare.

Erin

The village of Erin was incorporated fifteen years ago. In January, 1881, the first council held its meeting with Thomas Carberry, senior, as reeve. Few places of the same size are so well furnished in respect of mills and other industries as the village of Erin. Her natural resources are great, the Credit River furnishing water power in many instances. The citizens of Erin have long been known for their shrewd business habits and indomitable pluck and energy. Last summer nearly half of the village was destroyed by fire and already they have built up a magnificent row of buildings on the same site. One of the special features of Erin is the flour mill, which is a solid stone structure, five stories high, situated on the banks of the river. The proprietors, the Bell Brothers, are most enterprising men and own other mills in a different section of the country. Further up the river are the woolen mills owned and managed by Mr. John Hunt. There are many other factories



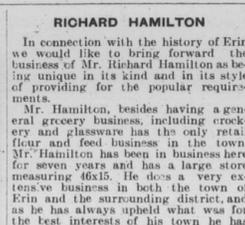
Carberrry Brothers

The general merchant trade forms a very important branch of industry in Erin and contributes materially to the prosperity of the town. Among the houses most actively engaged in this trade is that of Carberrry Bros. The store is a large and commodious building of red brick, it measures 80 feet deep and has a frontage of 25 feet. The business was established 25 years ago. Mr. Carberrry, senior, founded it in the early pioneer days, and the business is now owned and controlled by his sons, Messrs. Thos. and James Carberrry. The premises are admirably arranged. Their long experience in the business makes them familiar with what the public requires and their facilities enable them to offer special advantages to customers. These facts amply show the secret of their success. They deal extensively in dry goods, boots & shoes and groceries, and their business stands higher than that of Messrs. Carberrry for the uniformly excellent quality of their goods. Honor and business principles, and consideration for the wants of others have been the factors which have made the firm's success and under the auspices of the new managers the same sound principles appear.

C. H. WALKER

To find the date of the foundation of the Erin Foundry we have to go back more than half a century of time in the history of Wellington County and of Erin.

At that distant period we would hardly like to guess the population of Erin. The whole county must have been sparsely peopled. Yet it was in the year 1848 a year famous in history for other events also that the father of the present proprietor founded these works at Erin. Mr. C. H. Walker came into the business seventeen years ago. He was born and reared in this town and comes from the early pioneer stock that first came to settle in these parts. He built up and developed the industrial resources of a young country. Therefore it behoves us, in glancing over these many years, during which two generations have come and gone, to acknowledge and give due honour to the chief representatives of commercial industry and enterprise. We need only mention the name of Mr. Walker to insure the hearty agreement of all men to



Knox Church, Palmerston.

Richard Hamilton. In connection with the history of Erin we would like to bring forward the business of Mr. Richard Hamilton as being unique in its kind and in its style of providing for the popular requirements. Mr. Hamilton, besides having a general grocery business, including confectionery and glassware has the only retail business in the history of Erin itself, we are measuring in both the town of Erin and the surrounding district, and as he has always upheld what was for the best interests of his town he has enjoyed and does still enjoy a very large share of the public patronage.



The Queen's Hotel

For the past 15 years the name of J. C. Blackwood has been known as a dealer in agricultural implements, pianos and organs. He is the agent in



his town for the celebrated Fleury

qualities as well as confectionery and a special line of Xmas goods. A specialty is made of agents' furnishings, and Mr. Collier is a cutter of no mean powers. This is almost a unique thing in the dry goods line to find one of the partners who is also a cutter. This firm conducts the affairs of the Public Library and one of the partners is a member of the town council. Too much praise cannot be given to these gentlemen for their admirable way of doing business. It has insured for them the hearty good will of the whole community.



Dahl Bros.

Prominent in Erin as a leading hotel is the Queen's, a large, red brick structure. The proprietor, Mr. McDonald, is the oldest hotel keeper in the town, having run this hotel for twelve years. He has been in the business eighteen years altogether and comes from Alton county. His sitting rooms and sample rooms are kept scrupulously clean, while his bar is stocked with a fine brand of cigars and liquors. The table one of the best, everything being neatly served and the menu a varied one. Mr. McDonald spares no pains in making his guests comfortable and to this he attends personally. In connection with this hotel is a stable for the accommodation of horses. Mr. McDonald is well and favorably known for the style of his house, while personally he is a most genial host.



POSTMASTER MCREEDY HARRISTON

This establishment is one of the principle features of the mercantile history of the country. A fine, large building measuring 80x24, it commands the attention at first sight. The store is of the most cosmopolitan style of arrangement, affording every accommodation to the buyer as well as the seller. Each department is systematically and conveniently laid out, while at the same time they are well stocked with the newest goods,



Main Street, Looking North, Erin.

having had eight years' experience before he came here Mr. Small is a most affable and genial gentleman.

A LAST WORD.

On the last column of the last page of our Special Edition it is fitting to recognize the efforts of those who have assisted the staff in the preparation of this work. The special photographs were taken by Marshall & Lyon, of the well known art studio on Upper Wyndham street. This firm has so long been associated with all that is best in the photography of the Royal City, that it is superfluous to here indulge in praise of their excellent productions. The Grip Co., of Toronto, executed the engravings and they have been well done. In the rapid advance that has been, and is being, made in the art of engraving the Grip people are well to the front and we have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the fine quality of their work and the thorough courtesy and integrity that have characterized their dealings with us. The paper was specially manufactured for the edition by Jno. R. Barber & Bro., of the Georgetown Paper Mills.



STREET VIEW, DRAYTON.

And now we have come to the close of our Special Edition. We ask the reader to charitably overlook its imperfections. It is the largest paper ever printed in the county, much larger than our original plan premeditated. At first it was decided to print a twelve page edition, but the patronage extended to the enterprise made it necessary for us to double the size. The largest increase in the extent of the work taxed our full resources to get to press this week and the literary and typographical character of the issue has suffered in consequence. Notwithstanding its defects we have reason to believe that The Herald's Illustrated Edition will be of some service in advertising the City of Guelph and the towns and villages of Wellington. It promotes, even in a small measure, the interests of the community which it aims to serve. Its object will have been accomplished. It goes forth with the hope that it will prove a welcome holiday visitor to every home in the city and county, and that with it may enter and be an abiding presence around the family hearth all the joy that can be vouchsafed in the good old greeting, "A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year."