

# THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

FRIDAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1839.

[No. 116]

**LATELY PUBLISHED,**  
By **William Gregg,**  
EDITED BY NEWTON BOWDITCH, F.R.S. &  
NEW AND IMPROVED WORK,  
REVISED.  
**HOHELAGA DEPICTA;**  
OR,  
EARLY AND PRESENT STATE OF THE CITY AND  
ISLAND OF MONTREAL;  
ILLUSTRATED with Forty-Five Original Cop-  
y Plates Engravings of the Public Buildings;  
Views of the City, from different points, a  
of the City as it was in 1735, one year before  
conquest, and an Outline Plan as it now is;  
AN APPENDIX, containing a brief History of  
the REBELLIONS (1837-1838) in Lower Can-  
ada and a Chapter on AMERICAN ANTIQUITIES.—  
15mo. neatly printed, and bound in Fancy  
Gold Lettered, price 12s. 6d.  
QUEBEC.—Sold by W. COWAN & SON,  
August.

## HORATIO CARWELL.

No. 4, *Embridge Street.*  
In addition to his present extensive stock of  
carpets, Counterpanes, Quilts, Flannels,  
Linen, Russa Sheetings, Irish Linens, Da-  
Tabl Linen, Longcloth, Sheetings,  
Muslins, Prints; Cambrics, Boots, Shoes,  
Silk and cotton Hosiery, Millinery,  
&c. &c.

### HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per *Mary Lally*, from London,  
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Cloth, Ribbons, Autumn & Winter  
with Ribbons to match of the newest  
Black mode Mantillas trimmed with  
Cashmere and Lama Wool Shawls,  
Bolton and Brussels Lace Veils, and a  
selection of the newest styles Mousse-  
line Laines. *Not read as yet, but  
a note of which is now being offered at re-  
duced prices.*  
No. 4, *Embridge Street.*

## THE HUMAN HAIR.

THE HAIR is observed to be grow-  
ing thin, nothing can be more propo-  
sable than the use of oils, greases or any fatty  
matter. Their application can only be recommended  
through the grossest ignorance, as they have  
the effect of the hair, by increasing the relaxation of  
it. When there is a harsh, dry, or contracted  
condition of the cuticle, the blood vessels which carry  
nutrient to the bulb are obstructed, then the  
hair, may be good, as they tend to relax the  
cuticle, but alone they are of no avail. There  
is a stimulus to raise the vessels from their  
contracted and constricted state. *See  
from Circular's Treatise on the Hair.*  
The *HAIR OF COLUMBIA* is the only preparation  
in which that effect, being entirely free from  
any substance.

### A CASE IN POINT.

UNFORTUNATELY lost nearly all the hair from  
my head, when I commenced the use of  
the *HAIR OF COLUMBIA*, and have, by the use of two  
had my head covered with a fine growth of  
hair. There can be no mistake in the matter, as  
my friends can see by calling on me. I had  
some quite gray, but had the gray hairs  
fall out, and it has grown in as the hair of my  
natural color. If any body doubts these  
things call upon me and see. I bought the  
of *Constock & Co.*, 7, Fletcher Street.

Prepared by *A. RINDGE,*  
19, Countess Slip, Agent of Detroit Line,  
York, Nov. 9, 1839.

**COUNTERFEITS ARE ABROAD.**  
Carefully on the splendid wrapper, for the  
of L. S. Constock. Beware! as all without  
the name must be false.

SOLD BY  
**JOHN MUSSON,**  
Agent for Quebec, and by  
**Messrs. SIMS & BOWLES, and  
BIGGS & URQUHART,**  
No. 4th October.

**BREW AND GERMAN  
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**J. M. HIRSCHFELDER,** late of the  
University of Heidelberg, Germany, now  
Master of the Quebec Classical  
School, will give private instructions in the  
Languages.  
Applications made at the Transcript Office  
are punctually attended to.

## Orinal Poetry.

(FOR THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.)  
ON THE ARRIVAL OF THE BUFFALO IN  
THE PORT OF QUEBEC, AUG. 1839.

There's a bark from merry England,  
Comes sailing with the tide,  
She is bounding up the river,  
In all Britannia's pride.  
She has elc'd th' Atlantic billow  
As the swallow cleaves the air,  
And our hearts expand towards the bark,  
For kindred hearts are there,  
Oh! how the pulses wildly beat,  
And throbs the heart when we,  
Meet these loved friends in foreign climes  
We had despair'd to see.  
'Tis fancy's vision realiz'd,  
'Tis pleasure's witching dream,  
'Tis the sun in brightest shining forth,  
When we least expect his beam.  
Thou art welcome gallant vessel,  
From our own, our merry land;  
And welcome all that pace thy deck,  
To a bold Canadian strand.  
We have watch'd your coming anxiously,  
From morn till day's decline;  
But now you're come, we'll fill the cup,  
And drink to "Auld lang syne."  
J. W. C. G. G.

## THE DEAD BRIDE.

It was a wild wintry night, in the latter part  
of the fifteenth century. Then, as now, the  
once impregnable castle of Dattenburg was  
a shattered ruin—the abode of evil spirits in the  
popular belief, and the terror of the surround-  
ing country. On this night, while the wind  
raged like thunder, and the raging river an-  
swered it with a stormy diapason still louder,  
a young knight, *Kurd Von Stein*, who pushed  
his road from *Hammerstein* to *Unkel*, was la-  
zated on his way, and wandering far out of the  
direct path along the river shore, went astray  
among the mountains. While struggling with  
the binding rain, and bearing up bravely  
against the wild blast, which assailed him  
with a wondrous fury, he saw a faint light in  
the far distance. Towards this light he im-  
mudiently directed his steps. After much la-  
bour and considerable difficulty, he succeeded  
in reaching the ruins of the castle of Datten-  
burg; but it was then unknown to him that  
such was the spot in which he had sought a  
refuge. In an upper chamber of the great  
tower, burned the light which had guided him  
thither. He had some trouble to discover an  
entrance to the castle yard, and more than once  
he fell over the huge blocks of basalt which  
lay scattered about in confused masses, as  
though cast there at random by some convul-  
sion of nature; but he at length succeeded in  
overcoming all obstacles, and finally found  
himself in the principal court of the castle.  
He was alone, and there were no signs of life  
in his vicinity, except it might be the snort or  
tramp of his tired steed, or the throbbing of his  
own heart, from the intense ascent.—Long  
grass grew through the interstices of the pave-  
ment; the walls of the edifice were roofless,  
the windows without frames; desolation seem-  
ed to have made the place her dwelling. He  
shouted for assistance, he called aloud on the  
warders to come to his aid, he hallooed for  
the domestics, but no one replied to him; he  
was only answered by a faint echo, nearly  
drowned in the rushing of the wind, and the  
noise of the raging waters of the swollen river  
without. No other resource being left him,  
and having no alternative but to wait on him-  
self, he fastened his horse to a half prostrate  
pillar, and groped his way to the foot of the  
great tower, from whence gleamed the light  
which allured him thither. The door of the  
building stood half open, and he entered it  
without hesitation. Ascending the narrow  
and crooked stairs, he struck sharply at every  
door he passed, for the purpose of rousing the  
inmates, but in vain; no signs of life were  
made manifest to his senses in any part of the  
runicous pile. At length he attained the top-  
most story. As he stood on the narrow land-  
ing place, a flood of soft, mellow light poured  
on him from an adjoining chamber. He looked  
into the apartment whence it proceeded, and  
there he beheld a lady sitting at a table, with  
her head leaning pensively on her hand. She  
was apparently absorbed in deep thought. This

fair dame was young, and very beautiful; but  
the vitality of her youth seemed to have been  
blighted by care or disappointment; her cheek  
was wan and hollow, and her eyes dim,  
sunk and lustreless. So wrapt did she seem  
to be in meditation, that the entrance of the  
young knight was quite unperceived by her,  
until he stood fully revealed in her presence,  
and proceeded to pray pardon for his involun-  
tary intrusion on her privacy.

"I have been belated, fair lady," he  
spoke; "and I have lost my way in the  
storm. May I hope that it will not be a tres-  
pass on your hospitality to give me shelter  
until its fury shall cease, or until the night  
passeth over?"

The lady nodded her head assentively;  
but made no other reply. The young knight,  
however, received it for an answer in the af-  
firmative. She then rose from the table, and  
placing a chair for the stranger beside her, and  
word, motioned him to sit. He did so. Not a  
word escaped her lips although he was loud in  
his expressions of grateful acknowledgement.  
The table was loaded with the richest viands;  
game, and poultry of many kinds, were in  
abundance, and wine of various vintages were  
not wanting, but the youth knew not  
whence or how they came there, as he could  
perceive none of these things on his entrance  
into the chamber. The lady beckoned him to  
partake of the banquet; still, however, she  
said no word; that he could hear, though her  
lips moved slightly, as she spoke inaudibly,  
or spoke to herself. He needed not much  
pressing, for he was very sharp set with hun-  
ger and fatigue; and he fell to, most heartily,  
with the keen appetite of four-and-twenty  
hours, whetted by a long, cold day's fast  
and immense physical exertion. It was not  
until his hunger was well nigh appeased, that  
he discovered a singular omission in the ma-  
terial of the feast,—an omission the more sin-  
gular, as the articles in themselves were the  
most simple and valueless of all that stood be-  
fore him.—Wine and salt were not to be  
found on that well-furnished board. He could  
not guess the cause of it, and he did not  
well know what to think of the omission; but  
his heart somehow misgave him as to the rea-  
son, for now that he no longer felt the cravings  
of appetite, he had leisure to speculate on  
what he saw. Coupling this singular circum-  
stance with the still more singular one of the  
maiden's silence and total solitude, he could  
not help feeling, involuntarily, some little  
degree of dread. The age was a superstitious  
one; and brave men, who would have faced a  
host of their own fellow-creatures single-  
handed, thought it no shame to confess their  
fear of ghosts, and to quail before fiends, and  
soulspirits. He made no comment, however,  
on the circumstance, but adopted the only  
means of comfort within his reach—copious  
draughts of a peculiarly generous wine. As he  
proceeded to drain off beaker after beaker of  
the delicious beverage, his fears began rapidly  
to dissipate; all the while, the beautiful  
countenance of the maiden seemed to brighten,  
and her eye to grow full again with pleasure,  
as she perceived his spirits rise in the intoxica-  
ting process. His soul soon scorned all sus-  
picious; his heart began to grow too big for  
his bosom; he was all magnanimity, and felt  
not a little of sensual passion. He had  
as resolved his courage to the sticking place."

Pleasure was now distinctly visible in his fair  
companion's countenance.  
"Loveliest of maidens," said he, looking  
on her with maudlin tenderness; "are you  
the daughter of this house?"  
She nodded her head in reply, and smiled  
a gracious smile; but still he could hear no  
word from her lips.  
"And who are your parents?" inquired he  
again, after a short pause.  
Again she nodded, smiling still sweeter  
than before, and pointing to a couple of por-  
traits which hung against the wall of the cham-  
ber, just opposite where he and she were  
seated together.  
*Kurd Von Stein* looked at the portraits first,  
and then he looked at the maiden. There  
could be no mistake in the matter; the family  
likeness was too distinct.

"Are they alive?" he asked, once more  
addressing her.

"She only shook her head sorrowfully.  
"Have you any brothers or sisters?" he  
queried.

"I am the last of my race," replied she,  
in a voice soft as the whisper of the summer  
breeze, and as sweet as the sound of an Eolian  
harp, on which the breath of a balmy eve is  
blowing.

The one great difficulty was now surmount-  
ed. This soft speech satisfied the young and  
ardent knight that he should not have a dumb  
bride, if fortune pleased to favour his suit with  
the maiden. Enraptured with her grace and  
beauty, animated by her smiles, and heated by  
the copious libations in which she had abun-  
dantly encouraged him, he fell desperately in  
love; and long before the midnight hour had  
arrived, he had resolved to make her an offer  
of his hand—his heart she already had in her  
safe keeping. He was poor in worldly posses-  
sion, though rich in youth and health, and a  
very handsome man; and with a touch of  
worldliness almost incompatible with the purity  
of his intended passion, he deemed that he  
he could make no better selection than  
the daughter of a noble house, who could  
afford to give such good cheer, and keep so  
excellent a cellar of wines. The desolate  
court-yard, with the long, rank grass waving  
over the pavement—the solitary chamber,  
tenantless, windowless, roofless—and the sol-  
itary, unwatched outer walls of the castle, so  
faithfully indicating decay, were all forgotten  
in the fervour of his affection and the delirium  
induced by drink.

"Fairest of fair ones," stammered he, fall-  
ing on one knee at her feet, after the most  
approved fashion of the period; "loveliest of  
lovely creatures, may I ask if you are free to  
love?"

A nod and a smile were his answer. He had  
at the moment stained the summit of his hap-  
piness.

"Will thou be mine!—my bride!—my  
own!—most peerless princess?" he uttered  
in passion.

The maiden's face flushed with pleasure.  
She nodded her head again, smiled more gra-  
ciously than ever, woman smiled on him be-  
fore. Rising quickly from her seat, she  
hastened to an antique cabinet which stood in  
a corner of the room, and a gold ring returned.  
In one hand she held forth a quickly ring of  
oldest fashion, in the other, a withered wreath  
of rosemary leaves. With not a moment's delay  
she intertwined the faded garland in her long  
black locks, then proceeding towards the door  
of the chamber, she beckoned the knight to  
follow. A feeling of doubt, not unaccompanied  
with some degree of dread, flashed on the  
mind of the Drunkard; but it was instantly  
dispelled by the fumes of the wine, and the  
sweet smile of the maiden. He followed her  
in silence to the castle chapel. At the gate of  
the sacred edifice they were joined by two  
persons whom he had not seen before. He  
looked on the strangers with some surprise,  
and to his sudden horror he saw that they were  
the originals of the two pictures which stood  
in his lady's chamber—her father and mother,  
who by her gesture, in answer to his inquiry  
respecting them, he had been given to un-  
derstand were long since dead. Again he  
hesitated, and for a moment the idea of retreat  
crossed his mind; but it was only for a moment  
—retreat was now impossible. With the  
maiden before him, the black walls on each  
side of him, and the old couple behind him,  
bringing up the rear of the procession, he was  
as it were, completely blocked in and found  
himself irrevocably in their power. They  
all entered the chapel together; it was lighted  
up as on the eve of some high and holy festi-  
val; yet the youth could not discover whence  
came that strong illumination, for neither  
torch nor lamp was to be seen within its pre-  
cincts, and the black sky was only visible above  
its ruined roof. They approached the altar,  
everything seemed to have been prepared in  
anticipation of the nuptials. In the centre of  
the aisle stood the proud monument of a bishop,  
one of the noble family of the castle, who had  
been dead and buried there upwards of a cen-

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tury; on the black marble, summing up his life, clothed in full pontificals—the sterner in his hand, the mitre on his head.

As the bridal procession traversed the aisle, in the order in which they had entered the chapel, the maiden, who was still in advance of the party, touched the figure with her forefinger, and then pointed mysteriously to the altar. In a moment more—fearful to relate—the bronze bishop rose majestically from his marble couch, and followed them within the railed enclosure. The knight gazed on the scene with dread and dismay—his heart completely sunk within him—for the influence of the wine had departed, and that of love lingered only a brief space after it. As he looked on every side to find a way to escape from the fiendish thralldom in which he felt himself held, his eye rested on the face of the bronze bishop. Oh, horror upon horror!—the eyes of the figure glowed like red-hot metal in a fiery furnace, and his breath seemed surcharged with all the odors of hell. The maiden, too, seemed no longer the same being as she who had so shortly before fascinated his soul; her smile had become almost demonic, and her eyes, similar to those of the spirit-pretelate, sparkled like ignes fatui. The only unchanged aspect in the group were those of the old couple, the father and mother of the intended bride; but the immutability of appearance was not less fearful than the alteration in that of the two others. They stood there pale and still like cores in their shrouds—their stony eyes giving no sign of life or motion during the entire proceeding—their rigid traits never relaxing for a moment from the still cold serenity of death.

“Kurd Von Stein!” spoke a hollow voice, as though it issued from the depths of the earth.

The knight started, and shook like an aspen in the breeze of the evening. It was the bronze bishop who called him by his name.

“Kurd Von Stein!” repeated the same voice, in a tone still more hollow, “do you take the maiden before you, Bertha von Dattenburg, as your wedded wife?”

The voice of the youth quivered like the dying notes of an organ, when he essayed to make reply: he could not for the life of him utter a sound, such was his terror and trepidation.

“Kurd von Stein!” again asked the fiend in the form of a bishop, “do you consent to take Bertha von Dattenburg this maiden as your—?”

At this instant, the crow of a cock from the near village of Leusdorf was borne upwards to the gate, and the deep sound of the midnight bell of the convent of St. Helena boomed heavily over the waters from the opposite side of the river.

“God have mercy on me!” were the only words the young knight could utter, when he was prostrated to the earth by the rush of a whirlwind which swept through the chapel. Bishop, bride, father and mother, all were gone in a moment. He saw no more.

When sensation returned, he perceived that a beautiful summer morning had far advanced on its way towards noon; and he found that he had spent the night under the shelter of a fallen fragment of the old walls, extended on the grass which severed the court yard of the castle. His faithful steed stood beside him, neighing loudly, as though impatient for his waking.

Was it a dream? A Drunkard's dream?

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, FRIDAY, 22ND NOV.

The New York papers of Friday and Saturday received yesterday contain no intelligence of the British Queen; her arrival was momentarily expected at 4 p. m. on the latter day. The packet ship Westminster, 14th October from London, arrived on Friday, and the Emerald, 17th from Havre, was below the port on Saturday.—Exchange on England to go by the Great Western, which sailed on Saturday, was firm at 8 per cent premium—an advance of 2 3/4 per cent in two days. The general state of the Money Market was some what improved.

The Americans have certainly a queer taste in the choice of names for their political parties. In Massachusetts the opposers of the “fifteen gallon law” are denominated the “Striped Pig party,” the origin of which phrase is thus explained:—Soon after the passage of the law prohibiting the sale of ardent spirits in the state of Massachusetts in any less quantity than 15 gallons, some waggish vender of alcohol, in order to evade the law, caused a hog to be shaved and painted in longitudinal stripes of black and white. The “striped pig” was then advertised as a beast curious to see, and every visitor, on paying the usual price of a glass of liquor, to see the pig, was treated to a glass of liquor as a gift. Hence the name of the Striped Pig ticket.

The Post Office at Harrodsburg in Kentucky has been fired by incendiaries and totally destroyed together with four other buildings.

There has been a still further rise in the price of flour at New York, it is now held at \$6 50. This advance is consequent upon the shortness of the supply coming in and will not likely be maintained.

FROM BERMUDA.—A vessel arrived at New York has brought news of the Bermudians, and the Royal Gazette from the 29th September to the 2nd instant. The Clara save schooner, from New York, and the Boadicea transport, from Portsmouth (England) with 200 convicts for the government works have arrived at Bermuda. The Portuguese slaver Diligente captured by H. M. S. Pearl, and condemned at Sierra Leone was sold on the 23rd October at Bermuda; she is described as a fine brig of 269 tons and a remarkably fast sailer. H. M. S. Winchester and Cleopatra from Havana have also arrived at Bermuda.

“Réfutation de l'écrit de Louis Joseph Papiéan, ex-Orateur de la Chambre d'Assemblée du Bas Canada, intitulé ‘Histoire de l'Assemblée de la Chambre de la Reine des Provinces,’ imprimé à Paris.”

The author of a pamphlet, just published, with the above title, is Sabrevois De Bleury, Esq. a French Canadian gentleman of independent property, and a member of the late House of Assembly of this Province, for the County of Richelieu. He voted for a long time with the Papineau party, and countenanced all their destructive measures, including the celebrated 92 resolutions, but after the arrival of Lord Gosford he became one of the seceders from that party in the Assembly on the question of voting the supplies. Since that period Mr. De Bleury's opinions have undergone a still greater, and it gives us pleasure to state, a very happy change—for in the publication now before us, he expresses himself against an “Elective Legislative Council,” and “Responsible Government,” giving as one of his reasons for such change of opinion, the excellent one, that Papineau has afforded him an insight into the evils ensuing from the course obtained over one branch of the Legislature by an unprincipled demagogue; which evils of course would be aggravated if he were enabled to influence the other branches.

The object of Mr. De Bleury in writing this pamphlet, which is in an epistolary form addressed to L. J. Papineau, is to prove the assertion of that individual unfounded, that ninety-nine out of every hundred French Canadians regret the result of the two surrections. That this is an exaggeration on the part of the ex-Speaker we readily admit; but we do not think, at the same time, that Mr. De Bleury has made out a case as strong in favour of his countrymen generally as that which their own actions have already proved against them. Mr. De Bleury relies too much upon the numbers that have been proved to be rebels—taken, in fact, with arms in their hands. He says nothing of the complacency with which they viewed the proceedings of the disaffected pro-

visions to their school at St. Charles, but paid considerable stress on the Addresses which were presented to Lord Gosford subsequent to that event, which there is but too much reason to believe, was considered an calamitous by many of the very promoters and signers of those famous addresses.

Mr. De Bleury's pamphlet, however, is calculated to do much good among his countrymen. The selfishness and ambition of Papineau are exposed with much force, and in a concise but comprehensive sketch of the political history of Lower Canada for the last six or seven years the British government is powerfully defended against the aspersions cast on it by designing politicians. We sincerely hope that Mr. De Bleury's labours will not prove to be in vain and, that, ere long the French Canadians will show themselves to be the well disposed subjects which their talented countryman has, in this production, sincerely, we believe, endeavoured to prove that they are.

We may on a future occasion return to Mr. De Bleury's work.

From the Montreal Gazette of Tuesday, we obtain the following particulars of the departure of the Governor General for Upper Canada, and the assumption of the Government by Sir R. D. Jackson:—

Early yesterday morning, His Excellency the Governor General left town, for Upper Canada, escorted by a party of the 7th Hussars. The suite by whom His Excellency was accompanied consisted of Mr. Murdoch, Chief Secretary; Captain J. W. Pringle, Secretary to the Government; Mr. Symonds, Private Secretary; Captain Le Marchant, Captain Campbell, (7th Hussars), and Mr. Baring, Aides de Camp.

At one o'clock in the afternoon, His Excellency Sir Richard Downes Jackson was sworn in Administrator of the Government during the absence of the Governor General in Upper Canada. The Executive Council and the staff of His Excellency were present on this occasion; and when the ceremony was concluded, the usual salute was fired.

PROVINCE OF LOWER CANADA.

RICHARD DOWNES JACKSON. By His Excellency Sir Richard Downes Jackson, Knight Commander of the most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Administrator of the Government of the Province of Lower Canada, and Commander of Her Majesty's Forces in British North America.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent, bearing date at Westminster, the sixth of September, in the third year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Victoria, our said Sovereign a Lady Victoria did constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thompson to be Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Province of Lower Canada: and whereas in and by the said Letters Patent, it is provided, that in case of the death or of the absence of the said Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thompson out of the said Province of Lower Canada, in such case, all and singular the powers and authorities granted to the said Charles Poulett Thompson should be given and granted to the Lieutenant Governor for the time being, or in the absence of any such Lieutenant Governor, to such person as might by warrant under the Sign Manual and Signet by name be appointed to be the Administrator of the Government of the said Province, or to such Public Officer within the said Province as might by such warrant be appointed and designated by his official style and title to be the Administrator of the said Government; but if upon the death or absence of the said Charles Poulett Thompson out of the said Province of Lower Canada, no person shall be upon the place commissioned and appointed to administer the Government of the said Province until the return of the said Charles Poulett Thompson from any such absence, or until the Royal pleasure should be further made known, the Senior Military Officer for the time being in Command of the Forces within the said Province of Lower Canada, should take upon him the Administration of the Government thereof, and should execute in the said Province the said Commission and the Instructions therein mentioned, and the several

powers and authorities therein contained, in the same manner and to all intents and purposes as the Captain General and Governor in Chief should or ought to do. And whereas by reason of the absence of His Excellency the Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thompson from and out of the said Province of Lower Canada, and under and by virtue of the above provision in the said Letters Patent contained, the Administration of the Civil Government of Her Majesty's Province of Lower Canada hath devolved upon me, the said Lieutenant General Sir Richard Downes Jackson, being the Senior Officer commanding Her Majesty's Forces within the said Province of Lower Canada, with all and every the powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent vested in the said Charles Poulett Thompson; I have therefore, with the advice of Her Majesty's Executive Council of this Province, thought fit to issue this Proclamation, to make known the same, and I do hereby require and command that all and singular, Her Majesty's Officers in the said Province, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places, and employments, and that Her Majesty's loving subjects, and others whom it may concern, do take notice hereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under, &c., &c.

By the Eastern mail, we have papers from the Lower Provinces, from which we glean the following items of intelligence.

The Legislature of Nova Scotia is summoned to meet on the 31st December, for the dispatch of business.

H. M. brig Ringdove arrived at Halifax on the 6th inst. in 12 days from Quebec—she parted company of Gaspé with the Pigs.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION. The Woodstock Times of the 16th inst. says,—“Last evening three of the Boundary Commissioners, Messrs. P. Atherton, H. H. H. and Wightman, and their assistants, arrived here in canoes from the Tobique, and proceeded en route to Head Quarters. We understand that they are from the Eastern section of the country, but we have not been able to learn any thing definite with regard to their explanations in that region. Col. Mudge left Quebec for New York, a short time since, from whence he sailed for England.

His Excellency the Lieut-Governor reviewed the 8th Regiment on Monday at 11 o'clock, and the 37th on Wednesday on the Esplanade Ground. Though but a short time in his Garrison, the hale appearance of both regiments strikingly exhibits the effects of its wholesome climate, whilst their discipline is nothing short of perfection. We understand that the masterly style in which the 2nd executed a variety of novel and intricate manoeuvres, especially a rebellion movement, induced Sir Colin to pass a very high eulogium upon Lieut-Colonel Smelt and his excellent regiment.—Halifax Recorder.

FIRE.—On Thursday afternoon an alarm was occasioned by a fire having broken out in the Wm. Donovan's Spruce Beer Brewery, at the corner of Phillips' hill. Fortunately the fire occurred at a time when a multitude could assemble together and act in concert, so that was prevented from extending to the dwelling almost adjoining the Brewery.—H.

We are informed that one of the incendiaries connected with the burning of the Church of Grand Manan, is now in custody.—St. Andrews Standard.

STREAM COMMUNICATION TO BOSTON.—It will be seen by an advertisement inserted in another column, that the new Steamer North America, to which we referred in our last, will leave St. John, for Boston on Saturday next, and is advertised to return on Saturday following. In our notice of last week, it was inadvertently stated, that the cost of the steamer had been from sixteen to 18,000 dollars, instead of pounds.—Fredericton Sentinel, 16th Nov. O.

Some time since a number of the leading merchants and inhabitants of the Lower Town of Quebec petitioned His Excellency the Governor General on the subject of the important thoroughfare leading to the Coves, praying that a sum of money might be applied to the improvement of the road. With the increasing trade of the port of Quebec this, the only road to the Coves, where men of business are so frequently called, has become one of the greatest importance, and its present state urgently demand

Improvement. The Hon. John Nelson, Esq., Governor General and his answer was received.

GOVERNMENT.

Montre. Sir, I am commanded to acknowledge the memorial from the merchants of Quebec, of which you inform that a sum of money is to be granted out of the towards the repair of Quebec to Cap Rouge. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to accede to the sense of the importance you have stated, of such a measure, but the burthens imposed on the Province, he feels constrained to make known the same, and I do hereby require and command that all and singular, Her Majesty's Officers in the said Province, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places, and employments, and that Her Majesty's loving subjects, and others whom it may concern, do take notice hereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

John Nelson, Esq., Quebec.

In addition to the above, we have received several other communications from the merchants of this city; I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

The Lad Lynch was killed at the Hôtel-Dieu Hospital, and faint hopes of recovery. The officers and many of them, the accident all their

The ship Mountain was for Sheerness, in America, with loss of Island's steamer ship her up.

The steamers Co arrived from Montreal at 10 o'clock. The triot were at Montre arrived, and may be

Montreal, 19th Nov. The 71st Regiment under Major Denny, is on Monday for the company in charge of various day to St. John's company has been summer.—Gazette.

St. John's.—Capt J. was to Capt v. the H. receiving the difference. The 71st Regiment arrived from Canada on Monday. A picnic about five miles from the Hotel was held on Saturday. The depot is to be removed to the new location. The 71st Regiment is to be removed to the new location. The 71st Regiment is to be removed to the new location.

St. John's.—An excursion was sanctioned by Lord Mulgrave and Carter, having been authorized by the companies of the batt with the service company. A. Newland, who was to be removed to the new location, to join the 71st Regiment. The depot is to be removed to the new location. The 71st Regiment is to be removed to the new location. The 71st Regiment is to be removed to the new location.

improvement. The petition was entrusted to John Neilson, Esq., who presented it to the Governor General and, yesterday, the following answer was received:—

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Montreal, 16th Nov. 1839.

Sir, I am commanded by the Governor General to acknowledge the receipt of the memorial from the merchants and inhabitants of Quebec, of which you were the Bearer, praying that a sum of from £1500 to £2000, may be granted out of the revenue of the Province towards the repair of the Road leading from Quebec to Cap Rouge.

His Excellency desires me to express his sense of the importance, for the reasons which you have stated, of repairing this Road as soon as possible. But, considering the heavy burthens imposed on the Revenue of the Province, he feels considerable hesitation as to the propriety of granting so large a sum for a service which is entirely local. He will, however, take the matter into his serious consideration, with a view to ascertain whether there are any sources from which the means of repairing the Road could be derived with more propriety than from the general revenues of Lower Canada.

I have the honor to be,

Sir, Your most obedient

Humble servant,

THOS. C. MURDOCH,

Chief Secy.

John Neilson, Esq., Quebec.

In addition to the persons, a list of whom we gave in our last, the following also received severe injuries at the fire on Monday last:—Mr. Charles Néré Thibodeau, trader, of Lotbinière, and nephew of Joseph Delbois, Esq., of this city; Mr. Auguste Lavièrre, of Three Rivers, brother in law of Mr. Wells, foreman in the ship yard of G. Black, Esquire; and a servant in the employ of Bernard Pail, Esquire.

The lad Lynch who was conveyed to the Hôtel-Dieu Hospital is in a very deplorable state, and faint hopes are entertained of his recovery. The others are still suffering severely and many of them will likely bear marks of the accident all their lives.

The ship *Mountaineer*, Cockburn, from Quebec for Sheerness, is lying disabled off Green Island, with loss of rudder; and the British America steamer started this morning to bring her up.

The steamers *Can. Eagle* and *Chloris* arrived from Montreal last night, between 9 and 10 o'clock. The *Lady Colborne* and *Patriot* were at Montreal when the former steamers left, and may be expected here to-day.

THE ARMY.

Montreal, 19th Nov.—The head quarters division of the 71st Regt. consisting of four companies under Major Denny, marched from this garrison on Monday, for Chambly, via Longueuil. One company in charge of baggage, proceeded the previous day to St. Johns, where Sir Hew Dalrymple's company has been stationed most of the summer.—*Gazette*

WAR OFFICE, Oct. 19th.

80th Foot.—Capt J. H. Dundas, from the 8th to Capt. in the Hon J. Stuart, who exchanges receiving the difference. Sir D'Almeida's Guards.—Surgeon Perry has arrived from Canada on sick leave. Sir D'Almeida's Guards.—A party of officers were at a picnic about five miles from the camp. A party of the Buffs had fallen on them. Lieut. Inverarity was literally cut to pieces. This corps lost sixty horses in their campaign with the Army of the Indus.

1st Foot.—An exchange of Regts has been sanctioned by Lord Hill between Captains M'Pherson and Carter, 1st Batt. the former officer having been authorized to remain with the depot companies of the batt. and the latter to proceed with the service accompanying the Colonel. Ensign A. Newland, who was appointed on the 18th inst., is to be removed to the 2nd Batt. and is not, therefore, to join the 1st Batt., but to have leave until his regiment shall have taken leave.

33rd.—The depot leaves Cressy shortly, and the 97th departs to move for that station, or Liverpool. Colonel Broadley has arrived from Canada for the purpose of joining the depot companies in Ireland. Asst. Surgeon M'Gregor, who has joined the depot at Cressy, was not at all injured, under Major Brown's, it was Asst. Surgeon Alex. M'Donogh, who is at present with the depot companies, that was present on this occasion.

71st.—Captain Ingham's leave has been extended to the 10th of Oct. next, on account of ill health. Lieut. Gordon Cumming is to proceed to join the service companies in Canada, instead of the depot companies.

72nd.—Captain Sterling has just embarked for the service companies.

93rd.—The depot companies, under the command of Capt. R. C. Smith, arrived at Fort George, North Britain, from Striding, on the 18th inst. A beautiful piece of plate has been presented to Col. M'Gregor, by the officers of the 93rd Regt. in token of their admiration, of his conduct when in command of the Regt. It is a beautiful three light candleabra, the light supported on the stalk of a thistle growing out of a pedestal, and standing beside it a tall length figure of a soldier at the 93rd Regt. with claymore, drum, and colours around. The private soldiers have added, as their mite of respect, a beautiful pair of wine coolers, en suite. Quartermaster Mackintosh has had his leave extended from the 1st to the 31st Oct.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.—Major Jardine's company (with Capt. J. W. Stokes and Lieutenant Wynne) embarked at the North-wall, Dublin, Sept. 24th, on board the *Bullfinch* steamer, en route to Woolwich. For embarkation for Ceylon; the band of the 80th Regt. played them from Island bridge barracks to the place of embarkation. The Master General has sanctioned an exchange of duty between Lieut. Col. Bastard and Lieut. Col. Crawford; the former, therefore, remains on the home station, and Lieut. Col. Crawford goes out to Ceylon.

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF THE QUEEN'S INTENDED.

The following is a sketch of the life of Prince Albert, born August 26, 1819. His earliest education the Prince received at the Castle Ehrenburg, where eminent professors, from the College of Coburg, and other masters, daily attended. When he had completed his eleventh year, his mother, Louisa, daughter of Augustus, Duke of Saxe Gotha Alenburgh, died. This caused the Duke, till he should have contracted another marriage, to put Prince Albert under the care of his aunt, her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent. He subsequently resided at Kensington and Claremont, and of course, had an opportunity of occasionally partaking of the lessons intended for Princess Victoria. They became, in 1837, acquainted with one another in their early childhood. On the 27th of December, 1839, the Duke of Saxe Coburg formed a second matrimonial alliance with the Princess Maria of Wurtemberg, and Prince Albert then returned to Coburg, in order to resume and finish the course of instruction which he had begun there.

When he had completed his seventeenth year, he entered the University of Bonn, on the Rhine, and attended lectures on the classics, mental philosophy, history, statistics, mathematics, politics, and political economy. Among the numerous distinguished professors of that celebrated seat of learning is Augustus William Von Schlegel. This most favorable opportunity was presented to Prince Albert of perfecting himself in English, the correct accent of which he had before acquired at Kensington and Claremont. When he had finished his studies at Bonn, and returned to Coburg, the inhabitants of the duchy vied with one another in demonstration of the heartfelt interest they took in the prosperity of the Duke's House. Deputations were sent to the Duke to congratulate him on the consummation of the education of the prince; poems were presented to Prince Albert, welcoming him on his entrance into public life; and there were all over the country illuminations, balls, and dinners, in commemoration of this important period in the life of Prince Albert.

In 1838 he came over with his father to this country, to witness the Coronation of her Majesty. They stayed longer at the Palace of Buckingham than all the other guests, and the Duke of Saxe Coburg Saafield was particularly distinguished by her Majesty, who, previously to his departure, conferred on him with great ceremony, and in the presence of a numerous attendance of noble lords, the Order of the Garter. On their return from London preparations were made for a tour in Italy, and in December, 1838, they set out, attended by the Baron Stockmar, who has been for several years, employed in the affairs of the Duke of Saxe Coburg and his relatives. It was deemed necessary to make a short stay at Munich in order to take, on several questions relating to Italy the advice of the King of the Bavarian capital. Then the Duke accompanied the Prince, and the most marked honours were paid to them there, the public considering the brilliant expectations of Prince Albert will founded, rumors, to that effect having been generally circulated by the journals of Germany.

BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

We have received New York papers of Sunday last, on which day there were no tidings of the *British Queen*; if she sailed as advertised, she had then been out 17 days.

The Upper Canada mail furnishes us with Toronto papers to the 14th inst.; their contents are not of interest beyond the following paragraph, which we copy from the *Commercial Herald*:—

A meeting of the Board of Trade was held on the 12th instant, at the News Room, to take into consideration the propriety of the Merchants of Toronto addressing His Excellency the Governor General. The meeting was well attended, and a congratulatory address was passed, for the purpose. We are not yet able to give the address in full; but are happy in stating that nothing savouring of party politics was introduced therein.



SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

Nov. 20th.

Brigt Wave, Magee, 26th Sept. London, ordnance stores, Walker & Co.

Schr. Lazy Jonas, 11 days, Gaspe, fish and oil, LeMaurier & Co. 8 passengers.

CLEARED.

Nov. 19th.

Ship General Hewitt, ellers, London, Atkinson 20th.

Ship Artemis, Leah, Liverpool, G. B. Symes.

Brk Hope, Small, Colchester, Pemberton.

Brk Avon, Robertson, Liverpool, Moore, Brothers.

Schr. Esperance, Lehouffe, Richbucto, Symes.

PASSENGERS.

In the bark Industry, for Dublin.—Mr. James Gibb Ross, and Master Arthur B. Lane.

Schr. Providence, Blais, which cleared on the 26th Oct. for Richbucto, put back on Tuesday, with loss of sails, and leaky.—the mate was washed overboard. The Schr. Esperance, cleared on Wednesday, having taken in her cargo.

Schr. Lazy reports that the *Navarino* had left Gaspe nine days ago.

WE, the undersigned, beg to return our sincere acknowledgments to the public, for the numerous and disinterested exertions made in our behalf at the fire on Monday evening last, which unhappily proved unsavailing, and to express the deep sense of obligation we feel ourselves under to the several friends by whose kindness we have been saved from feeling the extremity of our circumstances.

We feel it incumbent on us to allude to the melancholy accident at the fire by which so many generous persons were more or less injured,—which has produced in our minds the keenest emotions of regret; while we sympathize with our unfortunate friends, and deplore their individual sufferings, we assure them of our sincere wishes for their speedy recovery.

We beg to contradict the report which has been circulated that the accidents were caused by the explosion of gunpowder—such was not the case, there being no gunpowder in the house except three or four cartridges in a cistern box, which at that time could not have been exposed to the action of the fire.

It will be apparent to those present, an reflection, that the explosion was caused by the body of condensed air in the upper part of the house, which on the opening of the doors and windows on the ground floor forced its way down the stairs case,—there being no other vent whereby it could escape.

M. A. CUMMING, R. J. CUMMING, G. W. CUMMING.

Quebec, 22nd Nov. 1839.

AUCTION SALES.

WHISKEY, &c.

Will be sold without reserve, on TUESDAY Next, the 26th instant, at the Stores of Messrs. RODGER, DEAN & Co. McCullum's Wharf:—

THE whole of their remaining Stock of WHISKEY, consisting of—

251 Punchevs, from 12 to 32 per cent, over proof.

—ALSO,—

2 Hydrometers,

1 Saccharometer,

40 Chaldrons Coke.

The Whiskey can be seen at any time previous to the sale.

For Sale at ONE O'clock precisely.

THOS. HAMILTON, J. & B.

20th Nov. 1839.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

THE Subscriber has just received per *Eleutheria*, from London, a large supply of the above, together with a select assortment of

Superior Perfumery.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Fine Bermuda Arrow Root,

Robinson's Patent Bailey and Growth,

Fresh Honey,

West India Tamarinds,

Irish Pearl Moss, &c. &c.

JOHN MUSSON,

Chemist & Druggist.

Quebec, 20th Nov. 1839.

LANDING,

TEN Puncheons New York IMITATION

JAMAICA LUM, 1 @ 2

—ALSO,—

100 Half Barrels Paste Flour.

H. J. NOAD,

St. Paul Street.

Quebec, 20th Nov. 1839.

IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS

AND OTHERS.

THE undersigned, by profession a Destroyer of Rats, having been employed by the principal gentlemen and merchants of Quebec and Montreal for the last five years, giving great satisfaction, he has, in consequence, been solicited by his employers to give them the receipt and direction, which he is willing to do for TEN DOLLARS, to a sufficient number of subscribers; he feels confident that by attending to his directly, every gentleman subscribing may keep his house or store clear of those destructive animals.

The undersigned will call on the gentlemen in and about Quebec,—persons from the country will find a paper for subscribers at the office of the *Quebec Transcript*.

JOHN GALBRAITH.

Quebec, 19th Nov. 1839.

Cheap, Cheap Cash Store.

J. G. LECRONIER,

ST. JOHN'S STREET, NEAR THE GATE.

STOCK OF DRY GOODS, consisting of

Woolens, Lins, Cottons, Silks, Haberdashery, &c. &c. &c.

SELLING OFF AT

REDUCED PRICES.

Quebec, 1st Nov.

ROBERT CAIRNS,

Merchant Tailor.

NO. 20, MOUNTAIN STREET.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and

the public, that he has received per the *Eleutheria*, a select assortment of articles in his line, consisting of some of the best superfine and Milling Cloths, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, ever imported. Regulation Swords, Belts and Sashes, Military and other Gloves, Staff and Navy Lace, Braid, Department Buttons, Braces, &c., &c., &c.

4th November.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED by *Julia*, FROM Oporto,

And offer for sale,

A FEW quarter casks very fine OLD PORT WINE;

Also, in Store,

The following WINES of this choicest quality:—

Hock,

Sauterne,

Claret,

Champagne,

Sherry,

Port,

Sherry,

Madeira,

Quebec, 25th Oct. 1839.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale by the Subscribers:

A TABLE shewing the LATITUDES and

LONGITUDES of HEADLANDS, &c.,

on the Coasts of North America, Newfoundland, and Bermuda, from a SERIES of OBSERVATIONS MADE ON THE SPOT, in the years 1828,

29 and 30, by MR. JOHN JONES, Master,

and MR. HORATIO, Mate of H. M. Ship *Husar*,

and other Officers of the North American Squadron; Halifax being considered as the Meridian.

W. COWAN & SON,

St. John Street, Upper Town.

St. Peter Street, Lower Town.

4th Oct.

ANNUALS FOR 1840

2c. 3c. 4c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received from London a collection of illustrated and other BOOKS, among which are some very splendid Works suitable for presents, &c.

The above are a Continuation from one of the first London publishers and will be sold at a very small advance for Cash.

FISHER'S DRAWING ROOM SCRAP BOOK, for 1840, with Poetical Illustrations by E. L. and M. A. V. Howitt, containing 36 exquisite Engravings, on steel, 4to, elegantly bound in Gilt Cloth.

Do. do. for 1839, do. do.

THE JUVENILE SCRAP BOOK, for 1840, containing 16 beautiful Engravings, 2vo. Cloth Gilt.

Do. do. for the years 1836-7-8-9, 3vo. Cloth Gilt.

CHARACTER AND COSTUME IN TURKEY AND ITALY, 21 Illustrations drawn from nature, by T. Allon, in Morocco, folio.

CONSTANTINOPLE AND THE SEVEN CHURCHES OF ASIA MINOR, Illustrated by Allon; with Letter Press descriptions of the plates by Rev. B. Walsh, L. L. D. 4to. Morocco.

SYRIA, THE HOLY LAND, ASIA MINOR, &c. Illustrated in a series of Views drawn from Nature by Bartlett & Allon, with description, by J. F. Burne, Esq. 3 vols. 4to. Cloth Gilt.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Ancienne et Moderne, Illustré par Thos. Allon, précédé d'une esquisse descriptive, par Mm. Galibert et Pellé, en 4to. doré.

VUES PITTORESQUES de l'Inde, de la Chine, et des bords de la Mer Rouge, dessinés par Prout, Stauffer, &c. accompagné d'un Texte descriptif par Emma Roberts, traduit par J. F. Gerard, M. A. 2 vols. 4to. doré.

TENERAIRE PITTORESQUE, pour 1834-5-6, du Nord de l'Angleterre, contenant 73 Vues des Lacs, Moutagnes, Châteaux, &c. 1 vol. 4to. doré.

LANDSCAPE HISTORICAL ILLUSTRATIONS OF SCOTLAND AND THE WAVELEY NOVELS, from drawings by J. M. W. Turner &c. &c. and Comic Illustration by Geo. Cruikshank, descriptions by Rev. G. N. Wright, M. A. 2 vols. 4to. Cloth, Gilt.

VIEWS IN INDIA, chiefly among the Himalaya Mountains, by Lieut. G. F. White, 31st Regt. edited by Emma Roberts, 1 vol. Imp. 8vo. Morocco, Gilt.

VIEWS IN WESTMORELAND, CUMBERLAND, DURHAM, AND NORTHUMBRIA, from drawings by Allon, with historical descriptions by Thos. Rose, 4to. Cloth, Gilt.

VIEWS IN CHESTER, DERRY, NOTTINGHAM, LEICESTER, RUTLAND, AND LINCOLN, by Allon, with historical and topographical descriptions by T. Noble, and T. Rose.

DEVONSHIRE, Illustrated from original drawings by Bartlett & Allon, with descriptions by T. Britton, Esq. 1 vol. 4to. Cloth, Gilt.

CORNWALL, Illustrated do. do. do. do.

LANCASHIRE, Illustrated do. by Austin, Pycke, with historical and topographical descriptions, 1 vol. 4to. Cloth, Gilt.

IRELAND, Illustrated from drawings by Petrie, Bartlett &c. descriptions by G. N. Wright.

FINDEN'S TABLEAU of the Affections, a series of Picturesque Illustrations of the womanly virtues.—1839.

GEMS OF BEAUTY, displayed in a series of 12 highly finished engravings of Spanish subjects, by the first Artists.—1839.

HEATH'S PICTURESQUE ANNUAL for 1839, edited by Leitch Ritchie.

FINDEN'S PORTS AND HARBOURS, Watering Places, Fishing Villages and other picturesque objects on the English Coast.

THE RIVERS OF FRANCE, from drawings by Turner.

METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENTS, or London in the nineteenth century, from drawings by T. H. Sheppard.

THE GALLERY OF MODERN BRITISH ARTISTS, consisting of series of engravings from Works of the most eminent Artists.

SCRIPTURE BIOGRAPHY, comprehending all the names mentioned in the Old and New Testaments by Esther Copley, 8vo. cloth.

VILLAGE SERMONS for the use of Families, Schools, and Religious Societies, by the Rev. Geo. Burder, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

SERMONS ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS, by the Rev. Geo. Whitefield, A. M.

BLAIR'S SERMONS, complete in 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

HUCHANAN'S HISTORY OF SCOTLAND, with Notes, Portraits and other Plates, 2 vols. 8vo. cloth.

THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, by John Bunyan, most carefully collated with the edition containing the author's last additions and corrections with notes by J. Mason, and a life of the author, by Jos. Conder, Esq., 1ne plates, 1 vol. Cloth Gilt.

THE LIFE AND REIGN OF WILLIAM THE FOURTH, by the Rev. G. N. Wright, plates, 2 vols. 8vo. cloth.

THE ROMAN HISTORY, from the building of Rome to the ruin of the Commonwealth, by N. Hooker, Esq. with numerous Maps and Engravings, 3 vols. 8vo. cloth.

A DICTIONARY OF MECHANICAL SCIENCE, Arts, Manufactures and Miscellaneous Knowledge, illustrated with many hundred Engravings, by Alex. Jamieson, L. L. D., 2 vols. Royal, 4to. cloth.

A NEW AND COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY, comprising a perspicuous delineation of the present State of the Globe, with its inhabitants and productions, accompanied with coloured Maps, a great variety of appropriate views and numerous other engravings illustrative of the Manners, Customs and Constitutions of Nations, by Thomas Myers, L. L. D. 2 vols. Royal 4to. cloth.

THE UNIVERSEL HERBAL, OR BOTANICAL MEDICAL AND AGRICULTURAL DICTIONARY, containing an account of all the known Plants in the World arranged according to the Linnaean System, specifying the uses to which they may be applied, by Thos. Green, many hundred coloured plates, 2 vols. royal 4to. cloth.

MECHANICS FOR PRACTICAL MEN, by A. Jamieson, L. L. D., illustrated by examples and Diagrams, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

THE PANORAMA OF SCIENCE AND ART, embracing the principal Sciences and Arts, the methods of working in Wood and Metal, and a miscellaneous selection of useful and interesting Processes and experiments by Jas. Smith, with illustrative engravings, 2 vols. 8vo. cloth.

GOLDSMITH'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND, continued to the Coronation of Queen Victoria, by the Rev. G. N. Wright, M. A. illustrated with portraits of all the sovereigns of England, &c. &c. 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

THE DIORAMA, or Amusing sketches of Life and Manners, plates, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

THE FEMALE INSTRUCTOR, or Young Woman's Friend and Companion, plates, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

THE YOUNG MAN'S COMPANION, being an Introduction to all the various branches of useful Learning and Knowledge, plates, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

THE DOMESTIC ORACLE, or a complete System of Modern Cooking and family economy, plates, 1 vol. 8vo. cloth.

HUCHANAN'S HISTORY OF SCOTLAND, with Notes, Portraits and other Plates, 2 vols. 8vo. cloth.

A COMPLETE ATLAS OF THE WORLD, comprising 34 Coloured Maps, from the best and most recent authorities, by John Russell, 1 vol. 4to.

W. COWAN & SON, 13, St. John Street.

SIR WALTER SCOTT'S WORKS, Complete in seven Volumes.

A FEW SETS FOR SALE, at a reduced price, by W. COWAN & SON, 14th October, 1839.

GENERAL Mercantile Agency Office. MERCHANTS HALL, ST. PETER STREET, CONDUCTED BY R. M. MOORE, ACCOUNTANT, Arbitrator, Agent in Bankruptcies, Assignments and Curatorships, Debts collected and legally recovered, Memorials and Petitions drawn according to regular form. Languages translated, Causes in the Courts of Justice specially reported.

The Newspapers of England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, France, Germany, those of North and South America and the West Indies procured to order, as well as other periodical publications of the various countries of the world.

Advertisements received and transmitted for insertion in any of the public Journals. Maps, Plans and Diagrams of all the Townships in Lower Canada accurately drawn, Land Surveying performed in a correct manner.

A. PARROTT, Copper & Tin Smith, Brass & Plumber, HAS REMOVED TO No. 19, Mountain Street, opposite Mr. Neilson's Bookstore, where he will be happy to receive orders for all kinds of work in his line. Quebec, 8th May.

HEADACHE, SICK OR NERVOUS

THE extraordinary reputation that Dr. Spohn's remedy for this distressing complaint is every day gaining is certainly a matter of much astonishment. That so much suffering should have existed for ages without any discovery of an effectual preventive, or cure, is truly a subject of much regret, but Dr. S. now assures the public that such a remedy has been invented as will convince the most incredulous.—The principles upon which it acts are simple and plain. It is an admitted fact that this complaint, whether Sick Headache, or Nervous Headache, arises primarily from the Stomach—those who think they have the Nervous Headache may rest assured that this organ, the stomach, is the first cause, that the system has become visited or debilitated, through the stomach, and that only through the same channel must they expect a restoration of the nature and healthy functions of the system. This object, Dr. Spohn's remedy is eminently calculated to attain. The truth of this position cannot be controverted, and the sooner sufferers with the headache become convinced of it, the sooner will their sufferings end in restoration of health.—Dr. Spohn pledges his professional reputation on this fact. The remedy may be had of all apothecaries generally throughout the United States, in consequence of COMSTOCK & Co. wholesale druggists, 2, Fletcher Street, near Maiden Lane, one door below Pearl Street, New York; General Agents for America—and for Quebec, and by JOHN MUSSON, Agent for Quebec, and by Messrs. SIMS & BOWLES, and BEGG & URQUHART.

Quebec, 14th Oct.

The following article is warranted to cure PILES, RHEUMATISM, all SORES, &c. or no pay taken for it.

TWO PHYSICIANS AND PATIENTS.—The Blind Pile, said to be incurable by external applications.—Solomon Hays warrants the contrary. His Liniment will cure Blind Piles. Facts are more stubborn than theories. He solicits all respectable Physicians to try it upon their patients. It will do them no harm, and it is known that every Physician who has had the honesty to make the trial, has candidly admitted that it has succeeded in every case they have known. Then why not use it? It is the recipe of one of their most respectable members, now deceased. Why refuse to use it? Because it is sold as a proprietary medicine? This is a sufficient excuse for suffering their honest patients to linger in distress. We think not. Physicians shall be convinced that there is no humbug or quackery about this article.—Why then not alleviate human suffering? If they want try it before, let them after all other prescriptions fail. Physicians are respectfully requested to do themselves and patients the justice to use this article. It shall be taken from the bottles, and done up as their prescription, if they desire.

SOLOMON HAYS. PILES.—DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, RHEUMATISM.

It is absolutely asserted, on the most positive proof, that the above complaints are arrested and cured by the timely use of Hays' Liniment. It is impossible to find room in this paper to present those proofs which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length where it is sold.

GENERAL DUFF GREEN. So well known as Editor of the late Washington Telegraph, is referred to for the truth of the following:—General Green a few days since asserted in a public place, that he had used Hays' Liniment for the Piles, and that the effect was very astonishing, and that he felt it his duty to make known as far as in his power, to his suffering fellow men that such an extraordinary article was in existence.—He said he would cheerfully lend his name, and aid in extending its usefulness. This is but one of we may safely say hundreds who have given like testimony.

SOLOMON HAYS. WONDERFUL!! An Astonishing Fact!—Hays' Liniment has now been used in some thousand cases, and no failure can be found. It will cure every and all cases of Piles. No charge without such result.—Apply at JOHN MUSSON, Agent for Quebec, and at Messrs. SIMS & BOWLES, BEGG & URQUHART.

CAUTION—None can be genuine without the written signature of Comstock & Co.

LOOK OUT FOR IMPOSITION. A bare attempt has been made to imitate Hays' Liniment, and infringe upon the copy and other rights of the proprietors. Never buy Hays' Liniment, unless it has a splendid engraved wrapper, and the written, and signed signature of Comstock & Co., all others must be suspicious. Any person venturing any other article, by the name of Hays' Liniment, either by wholesale or retail, will be prosecuted for a violation of our copyright. The name of Mr. Hays may be found in our bottle wrapper, creating that no other person knows any of the component or essential parts of this Liniment—and that he will not reveal the secret for twenty years.

FOR SALE,

At No. 11, Notre Dame Street, 20 CASKS ALUM, 10 Casks Epsom Salts, 8 Casks Brimstone, 10 Baskets Double Berkeley Cheese, 7 Bags Cotton Wick, 1 Hhd. Westphalia Hams, 3 Cases Preserved Ginger, 12 Boxes Nanchong Tea, 10 Cases Gin.

JOHN FISHER.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, TWO Hundred Barrels superfine FLOUR, —Grantham Mills—a very superior article.

21st June. Wm. PRICE & CO.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES. JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE, LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, and CHILDREN'S INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality, FIGURED AND PLAIN.

FREDK. WYSE, No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albany Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town. 2nd August.

NEW SHIP CHANDLERY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1827. THE Subscribers having entered into Co-partnership, intend carrying on the above business (in the premises lately occupied by S. Brocklesby & Son, St. Peter Street,) in the style and firm of Pinkerton & Oliver,

A. H. PINKERTON, J. E. OLIVER. Quebec, 20th May.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 11, Notre Dame Street, 20 BERRONS OF BLACK PEPPER, (sifted).

10 Baskets Olive Oil, 20 Barrels Roasted Coffee, 20 Casks superior Alou Ale, in wood and bottle.

ALSO— 1 Pipe Blackburn's Madeira, 10 Hds. Vinagat, &c. JOHN FISHER. Quebec 7th June, 1839.

MADEIRA WINE. THE undersigned have received a large don a fresh supply of the much esteemed brand "J. Howard, March & Co." JOHN GORDON & CO. 17th June.

PARTNERSHIP. THE Subscribers respectfully beg leave to acquaint their friends and the public in general, that the business heretofore conducted by J. J. SIMS & Co., from this date, be carried on under the style and firm of

SIMS & BOWLES. They are now moving into those spacious premises, corner of Hope Street.

J. J. SIMS, J. BOWLES, Junr. Apothecaries & Druggists, Upper Town Market Place.—1st May.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, At their Store, St. Peter Street, TWENTY Pipes, 30 Hds. Benedictine Wine, just received ex Dunfriesshire, from Belfast.

L. P. and Cargo Teneriffe Wine in pipes, hds. and qr. casks, 500 bags Newcastl. Shot, assorted numbers, 450 half boxes Crown Window Glass, assorted sizes,

100 boxes Fig Biscuits, 150 barrels Irish Pork, 50 do. Stockholm do.

5000 sheets Patent Sheathing Felt, 3000 do. do. Roofing do. Sheathing Copper and Nails, 100 Childrens superior Newfoundland Coal,

Wm. PRICE & CO. Quebec, 29th Aug. 1839.

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