JAMBS HOPE \& Co., Uttaws.

## FARMARS' ALMANAC

For the Year of Our Lord


OTTAWA:

PUBLISHED BY JAMES HOPE \& Oo.
GORNER SPARKS So NLGIN STS.

Papor Zulers and Printers.


## THE CANADIAN

## FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD



Being the first after Bissextile or Leap Year, and, until the 20ih of June, the forty-fourth year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

Oalculated for the Meridian of Uttawa, in Latitude $45^{\circ} 22^{\prime}$ North, and Longitude $75^{\circ} 43^{\prime} 22^{\prime \prime}$ West from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich. Also for the Meridian of Halifax, N.S., in Latitude $44^{\prime} 39^{\prime} 20^{\prime \prime}$, and Longitude $63^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$. But the Almanae is arranged to serve without essential variation for most parts of the Dominion.

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CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.


Jewish Lunar Year.
Epact or Moon's Age
Solar Cycle
17
30

Moman Indiction ......................
14 Mohammedan Year

8
Jewish Year, beginning on the 30th September ..... 6594 ..... 5641
Morm Ye. ..... 1398
MOVABLE FESTIVALS.

HOLIDAYS OBSERVED IN PUBLIC OFFICES.

| Circumcision...................January | 1 | Queen's Birthday................May | 24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Epiphany ...................... " | 6 | Corpus Christi.................June | 16 |
| Ash Wednesday................ March | 2 | St. Peter and St. Paul........ | 29 |
| Good Friday. | 25 | Dominion Day...................July | 1 |
| Annunciation of Virgin Mary, April | 15 | All Saints Day.................Nov. |  |
| Easter Monday | 18 | Conception of B. V. M........ Dec. | 8 |
| Ascension Day..................May | 26 | Christmas Day ................ | 25 |

## BANK HOLIDAYS IN ONTARIO.

Sundays, Christmas Day, New Years Day, Good Friday, The Queen's Birth Day, Dominion Day, and each day appointed by Royal ${ }_{2}$ Prcclamation as a General Fast or Thanksgiving Day.

Ротato Flour.-Rasp fthe potatoes into a tub of cold water, and change it repeatedly until the raspings fall to the bottom like paste ; then dry it in the air, pound it in a mortar, ${ }^{\text {a and }}$ pass it through a hair sieve. It is nearly as nutritive and much lighter than wheaten flour. It is therefore preferable for making puddings and pastry for infants and invalids. A portion of it also improves the appearance of household bread, and dealers constantly pass it off as arrowroot. If kept dry it will remain good for years.
"Love-Letter," said an Irish servant girl to her mistress. "Will ye rade it to me, plase? And here," she added, "is some cotton-wull ye can stuff in yer ears whoile ye rade it."

Wife (he had brought her a little present for the baby)-" "No, William, I will not have him brought up on the 'bottle.' Look at your own nose, dear!"

A Philosopher.-Scene-Outside pub. in Glasgow ; time, 8.30 a.m. Bill: " A" say, Jock, a wonner ye don't think shame $o^{\prime}$ yoursel' coming oot o' sic a place sae early in the moruin'." Jock: "Man, d'ye think a' was gaun tae stay in there a' Asv?"

## ZODIACAL SIGNS.

Aries, the Ram, Head and Face.

Gemini,
Arms.

Leo,
Heart.

Libra,
Reins.

Sagittarius, Thighs.

Aquarius,
Legs.


Pisces, Feet.

Taureau,
Neck.

Cancor,
Breast.

Virgo,
Bowels.

Scorpio, Secrets.

Capricornus, Knees.

## ECLIPSES DURING THE YEAR 1881.

There will be four Eclipses during the year 1881, two of the Sun and two of the Moon:
I. On the 27th of May there will be a partial Eclipse of the Sun. Invisible.
II. On the 11th of June there will be a total Eclipse of the Moon. Invisible, but visible on the morning of the 12th, beginning at five minutes past 12 and ending about 3.30 .
III. On the 21 st of November there will be an Annvlar Eclipse of the Sun. Invisible.
IV. On the 5th of December there will be a partial Eelipse of the Moon On that day the Moon rises Eclipsed which will continue until 630 .

An interesting phenomenon occurs on the 7th of November. The transit of Mercury over the Dise of the Sun. It will not be visible in Montreal, but the Astronomers of the Chinese Empire will give us the particulars in due time.

## COMMENCEMENT OF THE SEASONS.

Spring begins on the 20th March, 6h.58m. Morning.
Summer " on the 21st June, 3h, 12m. Morning.
Autumn " on the 22nd September, 5 h .34 m . Evening.
Winter " oa the 21st December, 0h. 9 m . Evening.
Procession of the Equinoxes for the year 1881, 5 50,2596.
" for one solar day 0,1376 .
" for ten solar days 1,3761 .

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fiflazaines, 絾usic, det., nẹatly and ştrongly bound.
Maps \& Plans of any Size Mounted. Comer Sparks \& tigin Sireets, OTTAWA.

| Moon's Phases. |  | Halifax. | Quebec. | Ottava. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Quarter | D. | h. m. <br> 3.54 mo. | h. m. 324 mo. | h. m. <br> 316 mo . | h. m. $36 \mathrm{mo} \text {. }$ | h. m. 254 mo . | h. m. 246 mo . |
| Full Moon. | 15 | 719 mo . | 649 mo . | 641 mo . | 631 mo . | 619 mo . | 611 mo , |
| Third Quarter....... | 23 | 433 mo . | 43 mo . | 355 mo | 345 mo . | 333 mo . | 325 mo . |
| New Moon............ | 29 | 833 ev . | 83 ev . | 755 ev . | 745 ev . | 733 ev . | 725 ev . |


|  | AY8. | Ottawa. |  | The Moon. | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N. S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | R. \& S. | Sun <br> Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun's } \\ & \text { Declin. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun on Meridian. |
| 1 | Sat. | $\underset{7}{\mathrm{~h}} . \mathrm{m}_{41} .$ | $\underset{427}{\text { h. m. }}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { h. m. } \\ 5 & 44\end{array}$ | $\frac{\text { h. m }}{75}$ | $\text { h. } \mathrm{m} .$ | h. m . <br> 738 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { D. M. } \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m}_{12} \mathrm{~s}, \\ & 4.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 | 18. | $7 \mathrm{7i}$ | 737 | $\ddot{9}$ | 73 | 437 | 738 | 430 |  | 12433 |
| 3 | Mon. | 741 | + 428 | 8 80 | $\begin{array}{r}735 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 45 | $\begin{array}{r}738 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 431 | 22 22 | 12433 <br>  |
| 4 | Tues. | 41 | 29 | 950 | 35 | 36 | 38 | 32 | $22 \quad 40$ | 527 |
| 5 | Wed | 41 | 39 | 115 | 35 | 87 | 38 | 33 | $22 \quad 33$ | 554 |
| 6 | Thu. | 40 | 31 | Morn. | 34 | 38 | 37 | 34 | $22 \quad 26$ | 621 |
| 7 | Fri. | 40 | 32 | 018 | 34 | 39 | 37 | 35 | $22 \quad 18$ | 647 |
| 8 | Sat. | 40 | 33 | 130 | 34 | 40 | 37 | 36 | 2210 | 712 |
| 9 | 18. | 740 | $\ddot{4} 3$ | 239 | 73 | 443 | 736 | 437 |  | 12737 |
| 10 | Mon. | 39 | 35 | 344 | 33 | 43 | 36 | 39 | 2153 | 82 |
| 11 | Tues. | 89 | 36 | 448 | 83 | 44 | 36 | 39 | 2143 | 825 |
| 12 | Wed. | 39 | 37 | 537 | 33 | 45 | 36 | 40 | 2133 | 48 |
| 13 | Thu. | 38 | 38 | 624 | 32 | 46 | 35 | 41 | 2123 | 11 |
| 14 | Fri. | 38 | 40 | 700 | 32 | 47 | 35 | 43 | 21-12 | 933 |
| 15 | Sat. | 38 | 42 | Rises. | 31 | 49 | 35 | 45 | $21 \quad 1$ | 954 |
| 16 | B. | $77^{\prime \prime}$ | 444 | $\underline{5} 00$ | 730 | 430 | 734 | 477 | $20^{\prime \prime} 50$ | 121015 |
| 17 | Mon. | 36 | 45 | $7 \quad 7$ | 30 | 52 | 33 | 48 | $20 \quad 38$ | 1034 |
| 18 | Tues. | 35 | 47 | $8 \quad 14$ | 29 | 53 | 33 | 50 | 2026 | 1053 |
| 19 | Wed. | 34 | 49 | 920 | 28 | 54 | 32 | 52 | 2) 13 | 1112 |
| 20 | Thu. | 34 | 50 | $10 \quad 28$ | 27 | 55 | 31 | 68 | $20 \quad 0$ | 1129 |
| 21 | Fri. | 34 | 52 | 1138 | 27 | 57 | 31 | 55 | $19 \quad 47$ | 1146 |
| 22 | Sat. | 33 | 54 | Morn. | 26 | 58 | 30 | 57 | 1933 | 122 |
| 23 | B... | 73 |  |  | $7^{7} 25$ | 489 | 7 | 458 | 19 19 | 1212 l |
| 24 | Mon. | 31 | 56 | 24 | 25 | 500 | 28 | 59 | 194 | 1231 |
| 25 | Tues. | 31 | 58 | 318 | 24 | 2 | 28 | 501 | 1850 | 1245 |
| 26 | Wed. | 30 | 59 | 430 | 23 | 3 | 27 | 1 | 18 34 | 1257 |
| 27 | Thu. | 29 | 501 | 528 | 23 | 4 | 26 | 4 | $18 \quad 19$ | 139 |
| 28 | Fri. | 28 |  | $6 \quad 19$ | 21 | 5 | 25 | 5 | 18 3 | 1320 |
| 29 | Sat. | 27 | 3 | 658 | 20 | 7 | 24 | 6 | $17 \quad 47$ | 1331 |
| 30 | B... | 723 | ${ }^{\prime} \times$ | Sets. | 719 | ${ }^{1} \ldots$ | 722 | $\cdots 7$ | $17 \cdots 30$ | $1213 \%$ |
| 31 | Mcz | \% 25 | 55 | 722 | 718 | 510 | 720 | 58 | 1714 | 121349 |

## CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.

## D. Circumcision.

1 A pleasant cold day.
S. 1st Sunday after Christmas.

3 Considerable snow has fallen.
4 More to come this week.
5 Sleighing tolerably good.
6 Epiphany.
7 Rather stormy time.
8 Unpleasant prospects.
S. 1st Sunday after Epiphany.

10 The weather will be very
11 variable between now
12 and the full moon.
13 These two days rather
14 inclined to soiten and thaw.
15 Full moon 7-19 mo.
S. 2nd Sunday after Epiphany.
${ }_{17}$ Tendency to change.
18 Very unsettled time.
19 Much colder to-day.
20 Windy and unpleasant.
21 Again tending to thaw.
22 Cold rain W. Snow E.
S. 3rd Sunday after Epiphany.

24 Cold wintry day.
25 Conversion of \&t. Paul.
26 Toward the time of
27 New moon very variable,
28 but now look out for
29 a good old-fashioned storm.
S. 4th Sunday after Ephiphany.

31 Rough ending.
1881.]


Begins on Tuesday.

| Moon's Phases. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hulifax. } \\ & \hline \mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m} . \\ & 839 \mathrm{ev} . \\ & 2 \mathrm{mo} . \\ & 15 \mathrm{ev} . \\ & 7 \mathrm{j} \mathrm{mo} . \end{aligned}$ | Quebec. |  | Ottava. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Quarter. . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { h. m. } \\ & 89 \mathrm{ev} . \end{aligned}$ |  | h. m. ${ }_{8} 1$ | h. m. |  | h. m . 713 ev . |
| Full | Moon. | ......... | 14 |  | 139 mo . |  | 131 mo . | $121 \mathrm{mo}$ | 19 mo . | 11 mo . |
| Thir | rd Quar |  | $\angle 1$ |  | 245 ev . |  | 237 ev . | 227 ev . | 215 ev . | 27 ev . |
|  | Moon |  | 28 |  | 648 mo . |  |  | 630 mo . | 618 mo . | . 610 mo . |
|  | AYB | Ottawa. |  |  | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N.S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| M. | Week. | Sun | un | R. \& 8 . | Sun | Sun | Sun | Sun | Sun's | Sun on |
|  |  | h. m. | h. m. |  | h.m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | D. M. | m. s. |
| 1 | Tues. | 721 | 56 | 840 | 717 | 511 | 718 | 59 | $16 \quad 56$ | 121357 |
| 2 | Wed. | 20 |  | 956 | 16 | 12 | 17 | 10 | 1639 | 14.4 |
| 8 | Thu. | 19 | 8 | 1112 | 15 | 13 | 16 | 11 | 1621 | $14 \quad 10$ |
| 4 | Fri. | 38 | 8 | Mom, | 18 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 163 | $14 \quad 15$ |
| 5 | Sat. | 17 | 10 | $0 \quad 23$ | 12 | 16 | 14 | 13 | 1545 | 1420 |
| 6 | \%. | $\cdots 15$ | \% ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ii | 130 | 7 i1 | \% 17 | 712 | 514 | 15 ${ }^{\prime} 7$ |  |
| 7 | Mion. | 14 | 13 | 234 | 9 | 19 | 11 | 16 | 158 | $\begin{array}{lll}14 & 27\end{array}$ |
| 8 | Tues, | 18 | 14 | $3 \quad 32$ | 8 | 20 | 10 | 17 | $14 \quad 49$ | $14 \quad 29$ |
| 9 | Wed. | 11 | 16 | 420 | 7 | 21 | 8 | 19 | 1430 | 1481 |
| 10 | Thu. | 10 | 17 | 500 | 5 | 28 | 7 | 20 | $14 \quad 10$ | 1431 |
| 11 | Fri. | 8 | 19 | 535 |  | 24 | 5 | 22 | $13 \quad 50$ | $14 \quad 31$ |
| 12 | Sat. | 6 | 21 | 64 | 0 | 25 | 3 | 24 | 1380 | 1431 |
| 13 | 骨. | 7 | ¢ 5123 | 6 - 8 | 7 -1 | 5 27 | 7 \% | $\underline{5} 26$ | 18.10 | 1214 ${ }^{1} \times$ |
| 14 | Mon. | 3 | 24 | Rises. | 700 | 28 | 700 | 29 | $12 \quad 50$ | $14 \quad 27$ |
| 15 | Tues. | 2 | 26 | 710 | 658 | 80 | 659 | 89 | $12 \quad 29$ | 1424 |
| 16 | Wed. | 7 CO | 28 | 820 | 57 | 81 | 57 | 80 | 128 | 1420 |
| 17 | Thu. | 659 | ¢9 | 928 | 56 | 32 | 66 | ¢2 | 1147 | 141 |
| 18 | Fri. | 57 | 81 | $10 \quad 40$ | 54 | 34 | 54 | 84 | 1126 | $14 \quad 10$ |
| 19 | Sat. | 56 | 32 | 1153 | 63 | 35 | 52 | 35 | 115 | $14 \quad 4$ |
| 20 | 18.. | 645 | $\cdots$ | Morn. | 651 | 5 37 | 6 51 | ¢ 38 | $10{ }^{11} 43$ | 12 $13 \times{ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 21 | Mon. | 53 | -35 | 15 | - 50 | -88 | 49 | -88 | 1021 | $1213 \quad 50$ |
| 22 | Tues. | 61 | 37 | 215 | 48 | 40 | 47 | 39 | 1000 | 1342 |
| 28 | Wed. | 49 | 89 | 318 | 46 | 41 | 45 | 41 | 988 | $13 \quad 33$ |
| 24 | Thu. | 47 | 40 | 410 | 44 | 42 | 64 | 43 | $9 \quad 15$ | 1824 |
| 25 | Fri. | 46 | 42 | $4 \quad 52$ | 43 | 43 | 42 | 44 | 853 | 1314 |
| 26 | Sat. | 44 | 48 | 526 | 41 | 45 | 41 | 45 | 831 | 184 |
| 27 | 13. | 612 | $\bigcirc$ | 5 ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ | 6 70 | $\underline{5} 46$ | $\cdots$ | 546 | ${ }^{8} \times{ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 12 $12{ }^{1}$ |
| 28 | Min. | 640 | 546 | Sets. | 638 | 547 | 639 | 547 | 745 | 1241 |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c,
D.

1 February opens cold,
2 and continues so for
8 a good many days,
4 with unpleasant
5 blustering winds,
S. 5th Sunday after Epiphany.

7 Snow falls and
8 drifts badly in many
9 parts of quebec.
10 Hard travelling for
11 a few days past.
12 Improving weather.
S. Septuagesima.
14 St. Vulentine.

15 Much pleasanter, but
16 several cold days with
17 piercing winds.
18 There days are pleasanter,
19 and the sun shines.
3. Sexagesima.

21 Another stormy time
22 with cold winds.
28 Oceasional snow-falls,
24 Plrasanter aspects.
25 St. Mathins.
26 A cool nice day.
S. Quinquugesima,

28 Not disagreeable.
1881.] MEMORANDUM FOR FEBRUARY. ..... 9

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| Moon's Phares. |  | Halijax. | Quebee | Ottuwa. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Quarter | ${ }^{1}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{h} \text { m. } \\ & 247 \mathrm{ev} . \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { h. } . \text { m. } \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned} 89 \mathrm{ev} .\right.$ | h.m. | ${ }_{2}^{\text {h. }} 17 . \mathrm{ev}$. | ${ }_{2}^{\text {h. m. }}$ m. |
| Full Moon.......... | ${ }_{22}^{15}$ | ${ }_{1}^{6} 1{ }^{6} 12 \mathrm{ev}$ ev. | 562 ev. <br> 10 <br> 55 ev |  | $584 \mathrm{ev}$. 10 27 |  |  |
| New moun......... | 29 | 619 ev . | 549 ev . | 541 ev . | ${ }_{5}^{1021}$ | ${ }_{5}^{19} 19 \mathrm{ev}$ ev. | ${ }_{5} 10{ }^{\text {ever}}$ |



CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 St. D^vid's Day. Shrove Tuesday.
2 Ash Wednesday.
3 Cold Easterly winds.
4 Snow falls gently.
5 Cold continues.
8. 1st Sunday in Lent.

7 Cold rains or snow.
8 Changeable season.
9 Very unsettled time.
10 Rough winds.
11 Altogether unpleasant week.
12 St. Eivegory.
S. 2nd Sunday in Lent.

14 Fair but frosty.
15 Cold and clear.

16 Sun melts much snow.
17 st. Patrick's Day.
13 Out West, Ont., very fine.
19 East, Que., unsettled.
s. 3rd Sunday in Lent.

21 St. Benedict.
${ }_{22}$ Change of moon to-day
23 brings warmer winds and
24 most probably rain.
25 Anmunciation of Blessed Virgin Mary.
26 A delightful day.
S. 4th Sunday in Lent.

28 Raw unpleasant wind.
29 Rather stormy, and
30 continues damp.
31 Month ends with rain.

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CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 All Fool's Day, so-called.
2 All wiser to day, or to-morrow.
S. 5th Sunday in Lent.

4 St. Ambrose.
51 foresee rough, wet
6 unfleasant season for
7 the first weeks of April.
8 Cold rains and heavy
9 winds. Snow down East.
S. Sunday next before Easter.

11 Settling for a calmer
12 season, but not reliable.
13 Changeable but
14 to-day much pleasanter.
15 Good Friday.

16
S. Eabter Sunday.

18 Easter Monday.
19 Easter Tuestay.
20 This week on the whole
21 very agreeable. Some
22 days of cheerful weather.
23 St. George's Day.
S. 1st Sunday after Easter.

25 S. Mark th Evangelist.
26 Pleasant and agreeable.
27 Several warm and
28 enial days terminate
29 his month, which began
30 so very roughly.


| M on's Phases. |  |  |  | alifax. | Quebec | c. Otte | awa. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Quarter <br> Full Moon. <br> Third Quarter. <br> New Muon......... |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{V}}^{6} \\ & \mathbf{6} \\ & 13 \\ & 20 \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rl} \text { h. } \mathrm{m} . \\ 6 & 29 \mathrm{mo} \\ 6 & 9 \\ 10 & 52 \mathrm{ev} . \\ 7 & 51 \mathrm{mo} . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { h. } \mathrm{m} . \\ & 5.59 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 539 \mathrm{a} \\ & 1022 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 651 \mathrm{ev} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{mo} \\ & 1 \mathrm{ev} . \\ & 4 \mathrm{mo} \\ & 3 \mathrm{ev} . \end{aligned}$ | h. m. <br> 541 mo . <br> 521 ev . <br> $\begin{array}{cc}10 & 4 \mathrm{mo} . \\ 6 & 35 \mathrm{ev} .\end{array}$ <br> 635 ev . | h. m . <br> 529 mo . <br> 59 ev . <br> 952 mo 623 ev | h. m. <br> 521 mo . <br> 51 ev . <br> 9 615 ev . <br> 615 ev . |
| DATE, |  | Ot:awa. |  | The Moon. | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N.S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| M | Wee.: | Sun Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. \& 8 . | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Sets. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises. } \end{gathered}$ | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun's Declin. | Sun on Meridian. |
|  |  | h. m. |  |  | h. m. |  | h. m . <br> 450 |  |  | ${ }_{11}{ }^{\text {h. m. m }}$ 54 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Mon. | 4 47 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}11 & 26\end{array}$ | ${ }^{4} 51$ | $\bigcirc$ | +49 |  | 15 <br> 15 <br> 15 <br> 13 | $\begin{array}{r}115654 \\ \\ 564 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | Tues | 48 |  | 1159 | 50 | 5 | 48 | 7 | 1548 | 5641 |
|  | Wed | 45 | 10 | Morn. | 49 | 6 | 47 | 8 | $16 \quad 6$ | 5635 |
|  | Thur | 43 | 11 | 032 | 47 | 7 | 45 | 9 | 1623 | 5629 |
|  | Fri. | 41 | 12 | 057 | 45 | 8 | 43 | 10 | 1640 | 5624 |
|  | Sat. | 39 | 14 | 120 | 44 | 9 | 42 | 11 | 1656 | 5620 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \dddot{8} \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | \%.'. | 438 | 71 | -1790 | 473 | 710 | 441 | 712 | i7' 13 | i17\% 17 |
|  | Mon. | - 87 | 18 | 159 | 42 | 11 | 40 | 13 | 1729 | 5613 |
|  | Tues. | 36 | 18 | 220 | 41 | 13 | 39 | 15 | 1744 | 5611 |
|  | Wed. | 34 | 19 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{2} 4$ | 39 | 14 | 37 | 16 | 1800 | 569 |
|  | Thur. | ${ }^{33}$ | 20 | ${ }^{3} 10$ | 35 | 15 | 35 | 13 | $18 \quad 15$ | 568 |
|  | Fri. | 82 | 21 | Rises. | 87 | 16 | 31 | 19 | 1830 | 567 |
|  | Sat. | 30 | 23 | 847 | 36 | 17 | 33 | 20 | 1844 | 56 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & 17 \\ & 18 \\ & 19 \\ & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | [ $\mathbf{B}$. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 428 |  | $\cdots{ }^{9}$ 50 | 434 | 718 | 431 | 7 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{i} 1$ | 18.739 | ii 567 |
|  | Mon. | 27 | 25 | $10 \quad 44$ | 33 | 19 | -30 | 21 | 1912 | 568 |
|  | Tues. | 26 | 26 | $11 \quad 27$ | 32 | 20 | 29 | 22 | 1926 | 569 |
|  | Wed. | 25 | 27 | 1159 | 31 | 21 | 28 | 24 | 1939 | 5611 |
|  | Thur. | 24 | 28 | Morn. | 30 | 22 | 27 | 25 |  | 5614 |
|  | Fri. | 23 | 29 | 130 | 29 | 23 | 26 | 26 | $20 \quad 4$ | 5617 |
|  | Sat. | 22 | 30 | 054 | 28 | 24 | 25 | 27 | $20 \quad 17$ | 5620 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \\ & 24 \\ & 25 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | B. | $4 \times 11$ | 731 | - 17 | $\dddot{427}$ | 725 | 424 | 728 |  | 115624 |
|  | Mon. | 21 | 33 | 138 | 27 | 27 | 24 | 30 | $20 \quad 40$ | 56291 |
|  | Tues. | 20 | 34 | $2{ }^{2} 2$ | 26 | 28 | 23 | 31 | 2051 | ${ }_{59} 31$ |
|  | Wed. | 20 | 34 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 30$ | 26 | 28 | 23 | 31 | ${ }_{21}^{21} 2$ | 5640 |
|  | Thur | 19 | 35 | 259 | 25 | 29 | 22 | 32 | ${ }_{21}^{21} 13$ | 5646 |
|  | Fri. | 18 | 36 | Sets. | 24 | 30 | 21 | 3 | $21 \quad 22$ | 5652 |
|  | Sat. | 16 | 37 | 833 | 23 | 30 | 20 | 33 | 2132 | 5659 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{20} \\ & 30 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Mon. |  | 39 | 1000 | 22 | -32 | 19 | 85 | $21 \quad 50$ | 5715 |
|  | Tues. | 414 | 740 | 1035 | 421 | 733 | 418 | 736 | $21 \quad 59$ | 115724 |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.
S. 2nd Sunday after Enster.
${ }_{2}^{2}$ 1st May. St. Philip and St. James.
3 May opens with prospects
4 of soft sunny warm days.
5 But changes occur, and
6 now it is cool and damp.
7 Wind and rain.
S. 3rd Sunday after Easter.

9 Much snow melted.
10 Westerly, a good deal of
11 spring work may have been
12 done. But in the Eastern
18 parts of Quebee spring work
14 is delayed for a time.
S. 4th Sunday after Easter.

16 Fair if wind North-west.
17 If wind North-east then
18 look out for rain.
19 St. Dunstan's Day.
20 Frequent showers
21 bring forth May flowers.
5. Rogation Sunday.

23 Rogation Mondyy.
24 The Queen's Birthday.
${ }_{25} 5$ Rogation Wednestay.
26 asoension Day.
${ }_{27}^{27} 26 t h$ St. Augustine.
28 A warm day.
S. Sunday after Ascension.

30 Exceedingly warm.
31 A cool pleasant day.
1881.] MEMORANDUM FOR MAY. ..... 15

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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Moon's Phases.} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \& Kingston. \& Turonto. \& London. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{First Quarter. Full Moon. Third quarter. New Moon} \& 0.
4
12
18
18
26 \& \& \& \& \& h. m.
1017 ev.
212 mo
416 ev
416 em. \&  \& h. m. 957 ev. 154 ev. 356 ev .
841 mo .
\[
841 \mathrm{mo} .
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{DAYS.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Ottawa.} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { The } \\
\& \text { Moon. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Toronto.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Halifax, N. S.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{The Dominion.} \\
\hline M. \& Week. \& Sun Rises. \& \[
\underset{\text { Sets }}{\text { Sun }}
\] \& R. \& S . \& Sun Rises. \& \[
\underset{\text { Sets. }}{\substack{\text { Sun } \\ \hline}}
\] \& \[
\underset{\text { Run }}{\text { Sises. }}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sun \\
Sets.
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sun's \\
Declin.
\end{tabular} \& Sun on Meridian. \\
\hline \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\(\stackrel{2}{3}\)} \& Wed \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { h. m. } \\ 4 \\ 14}}{ }\) \& \[
\underset{7}{\mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{m}} .
\] \& \(\begin{array}{cc}\text { h. m. } \\ 11 \& \\ 11 \& 00\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{c} 
h. m. \\
4.21 \\
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\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
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\& \mathrm{i} 34
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\underset{4}{\text { h. }} \underset{18}{ }
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { h. } \mathrm{m}_{36} . \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
{ }_{22}^{\text {D. M. }} \mathbf{H}_{7}
\] \& h. m. \({ }_{\text {che }}\) \\
\hline \& Thur. \& \({ }^{14}\) \& 41 \& 1124 \& \({ }_{21}\) \& 35
35 \& +18 \& \(\begin{array}{r}136 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 2215 \& 11
57
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57 <br>
\hline \& Fri. \& 14 \& 42 \& 1145 \& 21 \& 35 \& 18 \& 38 \& $22 \quad 22$ \& 5761 <br>
\hline \& sat. \& 18 \& 43 \& Morn. \& 29 \& 86 \& 17 \& 39 \& $22 \quad 29$ \& ${ }_{88} 1$ <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{7}{*}{10} \& B. \& 418 \& 743 \& 03 \& 420 \& 736 \& 417 \& 739 \& 2236 \& 11 58 120 <br>
\hline \& Mon. \& 12 \& 44 \& 025 \& 19 \& 37 \& 16 \& 40 \& 2242 \& 5823 <br>
\hline \& Tues. \& 12 \& 45 \& 04 \& 19 \& 38 \& 16 \& 41 \& 2248 \& 5834 <br>
\hline \& Wed. \& 11 \& 46 \& 18 \& 19 \& 39 \& 16 \& 43 \& $22 \quad 8$ \& 5845 <br>
\hline \& Thur. \& 11 \& 46 \& 140 \& 19 \& 39 \& 16 \& 42 \& 2258 \& 5857 <br>
\hline \& Fri. \& 11 \& 47 \& 213 \& 18 \& 40 \& 15 \& 43 \& 223 \& 599 <br>
\hline \& Sat. \& 11 \& 47 \& 269 \& 18 \& 40 \& 15 \& 43 \& 23 \& 5922 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{11
18
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18} \& E. \& 411 \& 748 \& Rises. \& 418 \& 771 \& 415 \& 74 \& 2311 \& ii 5938 <br>
\hline \& Mon. \& 11 \& 49 \& 921 \& 18 \& 42 \& 15 \& 45 \& $23 \quad 15$ \& 5946 <br>
\hline \& Tues. \& 11 \& 49 \& 959 \& 18 \& 42 \& 15 \& 45 \& 2318 \& 6958 <br>
\hline \& Wed. \& 11 \& 49 \& 1031 \& 18 \& 43 \& 15 \& 45 \& 2320 \& 12011 <br>
\hline \& Thur. \& 11 \& 50 \& 1058 \& 18 \& 43 \& 15 \& 46 \& $23 \quad 22$ \& 024 <br>
\hline \& Fri. \& 11 \& 51 \& 1122 \& 18 \& 44 \& 16 \& 47 \& $23 \quad 24$ \& 036 <br>
\hline \& Sat. \& 11 \& 51 \& 1144 \& 18 \& 44 \& 15 \& 47 \& 23.25 \& 049 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{19
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25} \& E. \& 411 \& ¢ 51 \& Morn. \& 418 \& 744 \& 415 \& $7 \dddot{7} 7$ \& 23.26 \& 12 i 2 <br>
\hline \& Mon. \& 11 \& 51 \& 08 \& 18 \& 44 \& 15 \& 47 \& $23 \quad 27$ \& <br>
\hline \& Tues. \& 11 \& 51 \& 034 \& 18 \& 44 \& 15 \& 48 \& $23 \quad 27$ \& 128 <br>
\hline \& Wed. \& 12 \& 52 \& 100 \& 19 \& 45 \& 15 \& 48 \& $23 \quad 27$ \& 141 <br>
\hline \& Thur. \& 12 \& 52 \& 135 \& 19 \& 45 \& 16 \& 48 \& $23 \quad 26$ \& 154 <br>
\hline \& Fri. \& 12 \& t2 \& 216 \& 19 \& 45 \& 16 \& 48 \& 2325 \& 26 <br>
\hline \& Sat. \& 12 \& 52 \& 32 \& 19 \& 45 \& 16 \& 48 \& 2323 \& 219 <br>

\hline \multirow[b]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 28 \\
& 28 \\
& 29 \\
& 30
\end{aligned}
$$} \& B. \& 418 \& 752 \& Sets. \& 419 \& 745 \& 416 \& 748 \& 23 2i \& $12 \quad 232$ <br>

\hline \& Mon. \& 14 \& 52 \& 836 \& 20 \& 45 \& 17 \& 48 \& $23 \quad 19$ \& 44 <br>
\hline \& I ues. \& 14 \& 52 \& 94 \& 21 \& 45 \& 18 \& 48 \& 23
23 \& 256 <br>
\hline \& Wed. \& 14 \& 52 \& 930 \& 21 \& 45 \& 18 \& 48 \& 2313 \& 88 <br>
\hline \& Thur \& 415 \& 7 - 2 \& 950 \& 422 \& 740 \& 419 \& 748 \& $23 \quad 9$ \& 12320 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&e.
D.

1 Fair-pleasant-warm.
2 Continues warm.
3 Heat increa-*s to-day
4 if wind from the South.
S. Whit Sunday.

6 5th June. St. Boniface.
7 Frequent showers during
8 this week, but warm.
9 Hay crop promises well
10 this year. A fair average.
11 St. Barnabas.
8. Trinity Sunday.

18 Thunder storms are
14 prevalent in the West.
15 The East more quiet.

16 Corpus ('hristi, Fete Diku
17 st . dlbu's's, Martyr.
18 A xtormy day.
8. 1 st Nu.dalf ar er Tranity.

20 Fair and warm.
21 Extreme heat may
22 be looked for this week.
23 No special change.
24 St Juhn 'aptist.
25 A warm summer's dav.
S. 2nd Sunday after Trinity.

27 The weather toward the
28 end of this month
29 will be of a very
30 changeable character.


| Moon's Phases. |  | Halifax. | Quebec. | Ottasa | Kingston. | Toronto. | Londor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D. | h. m | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. |
| First Quarter...... | 4 | 11 ev . | ) 31 ev . | ${ }_{0} 23 \mathrm{ev}$. | 013 ev . | 01 ev . | 1159 mo . |
| Full Moon ......... | 11 | 9.59 mo | 929 mo | 921 mo . | 911 mo . | 859 mo . | 851 mo . |
| Third Quarter | 18 | 119 mo . | 049 mo | $0{ }_{0} 41 \mathrm{mo}$. | 031 mo . | 019 mo . | ${ }_{5} 11 \mathrm{mo}$. |
| New Moon... | 26 | 14 mo . | 034 mo . | 026 mo . | 016 mo . | 09 mo . | 07 me |


|  | AY8. | Ottawa. |  | The Moon. | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N.S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. \& S. | Sun <br> Rises. | Sun <br> Sets, | Sun <br> Rises. | $\underset{\text { Sun }}{\text { Suts }}$ | Sun's Declin. | Sun or Meridian |
|  |  | h. m. | h. m. | h. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | D. M. | . |
| 1 | Fri. | 416 17 | 752 51 | 1007 1030 | 423 24 | 744 44 | 419 20 | 748 48 | $\begin{array}{ll}23 & 5 \\ 23 & 1\end{array}$ | 12882 |
| 3 | B. | 417 | $7{ }^{7} 1$ | 10 F 0 | 424 | 744 | 420 | 774 | $\underline{22} \times{ }^{3}$ | 12354 |
| 4 | Mon. | 17 | 51 | 1110 | 24 | 44 | 20 | 48 | 2251 |  |
| 5 | Tues | 18 | 50 | 1137 | 25 | 44 | 21 | 47 | $22 \quad 45$ |  |
| 6 | Wed | 19 | $5)$ | Morn. | 26 | 43 | 22 | 47 | $22 \quad 39$ |  |
| 7 | Thur | 20 | 59 | 08 | 27 | 43 | 23 | 47 | 2233 | 8 |
| 8 | Fri. | 21 | 49 | 047 | 28 | 42 | 24 | 46 | $22 \quad 26$ | 145 |
| 9 | Sat. | 21 | 49 | 137 | 28 | 42 | 24 | 46 | $22 \quad 19$ | 454 |
| 10 | 18 | 422 | 748 | - 710 | 429 | $\div 41$ | 425 | 745 | $\ddot{22}^{\prime} 11$ | i2 |
| 11 | Mon. | 22 | 48 | Rises. | 29 | 41 | 25 | 45 | $22 \quad 4$ | 511 |
| 12 | Tues. | 23 | 47 | 830 | 30 | 40 | 26 | 44 | $21 \quad 55$ | 19 |
| 18 | Wed. | 24 | 47 | 858 | 31 | 40 | 27 | 44 | 2147 | 26 |
| 14 | Thur, | 25 | 47 | 925 | 32 | 40 | 28 | 43 | $21 \quad 37$ | 33 |
| 15 | Fri. | 26 | 46 | 950 | 33 | 39 | 30 | 42 | $21 \quad 28$ | 539 |
| 16 | Sat. | 27 | 45 | 1013 | 34 | 88 | 81 | 41 | 2118 | 545 |
| 17 | B. | 428 | 744 | 1040 | 435 | 737 | 432 | 740 | 2i ${ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{8}$ | $12.10{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 18 | Mon. | 29 | 44 | 116 | 36 | 37 | 33 | 40 | $20 \quad 58$ | 15 |
| 19 | Tues. | 30 | 43 | 1138 | 37 | 36 | 34 | 39 | $20 \quad 47$ | 559 |
| 20 | Wed. | 30 | 42 | Morn. | 37 | 35 | 34 | 38 | $20 \quad 35$ | 62 |
| 21 | Thur, | 31 | 41 | 016 | 38 | 34 | 35 | 37 | $20 \quad 24$ | 5 |
| 22 | Fri. | 82 | 40 | 101 | 89 | 83 | 36 | 36 | 2010 | 68 |
| 23 | Sat. | 38 | 39 | 152 | 40 | 32 | 37 | 35 | 200 | 610 |
| 24 | * | 734 | 738 | 2 48 | 441 | 731 | 438 | 734 | $19 \times 47$ | 12611 |
| 25 | Mon. | 25 | -37 | 349 | 42 | 80 | -39 | -33 | 1934 | 612 |
| 26 | Tues. | 36 | 36 | Sets. | 48 | 29 | 40 | 32 | 1921 | 612 |
| 27 | Wed. | 37 | 36 | 756 | 44 | 29 | 41 | 31 | 198 | 611 |
| 28 | Thur. | 38 | 35 | 858 | 45 | 28 | 42 | 30 | $18 \quad 54$ | 610 |
| 29 | Fri. | 39 | 33 | 833 | 46 | 26 | 43 | 29 | $18 \quad 39$ | 68 |
| 30 | Sat. | 40 | 82 | 856 | 47 | 27 | 44 | 28 | 1825 | 6 |
| 31 | $\cdots \mathrm{Br}$. | 442 | 730 | 918 | 4 48 | 724 | 445 | 727 | $18 \cdots$ | $12 \cdots$ |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 Dominion Day.
2 Visitution of Virgin Mary,
8. 3 rd Sunday after Trinity.

4 Warm rains fhis moon's
5 quarter, settling down
6 to extreme heat for a
7 few days. Thundering
8 and severe lightning.
9 A little more settled.
8. $4^{\text {th }}$ Sunday after Trinity.

11 Warm growing time.
12 Harvest prospects good.
13 The heat is greaf, and
14 again thunder and lightning.
15 St. Suitkin's Day.

16 No rain on St. Swithin's.
S. 5th Sunday after Trinity.

18 Warm rains West.
19 Rather sultry and dry
20 for a day or two.
21 Changeable.
22 A thunder storm not
23 so violent as last year's.
8. 6th Sunday after Trinity.

25 St. James the Apostle.
26 Exceediug warm.
27 Wind and rain.
28 Hay gathered in pretty
29 fair condition.
30 Very fine and warm.
S. 7th Sunday after Trinity.
1881.」

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| Moon's Phates. | Halijax. | Quebec. | oltawa. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Quarter........ ${ }^{\mathrm{D}}{ }_{3}$ | h. m. 028 mo |  | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | ${ }_{\text {h. m. }}^{\substack{\text { m. } \\ 11 \\ 20 \\ \text { cev. }}}$ |
| Full Mioon.......... 9 | ${ }_{4}^{432 \mathrm{ev}} \mathrm{C}_{43} \mathrm{ev}$. | ${ }^{4} 2{ }^{2} \mathrm{ev}$ ev. | 354 ev . | ${ }^{3} 444 \mathrm{ev}$. | ${ }^{3} 322 \mathrm{ev}$. | ${ }^{3} 242 \mathrm{ev}$. |
| New Moon.......... 24 | 431 ev . | $4{ }_{4} 1 \mathrm{ev}$ ( | - ${ }_{3}^{0} 58 \mathrm{ev}$ ev. |  |  | ${ }_{3}{ }_{2} 83 \mathrm{ev}$ e. |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& AY8. \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Ottawa.} \& The Moon. \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Toronto.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Halifax, N.S.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{The Dominion.} \\
\hline M. \& H eek. \& Sun Rises. \& Sun Sets. \& R. \& S. \& Sun Rises. \& Sun Sets. \& Sun Rises. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sun \\
Sets.
\end{tabular} \& Sun's Declin. \& Sun on Meridian. \\
\hline 1 \& \& h. m. \& h. m. \& h. m. \& h. m. \& \({ }_{7}^{\text {h. m. }}\). \& h. m. \& h. m.
78. \& 1).
17
M \& \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { h, m. } \\ 12 \& 600\end{array}\) \\
\hline 2 \& Tues. \& 444
46 \& 728 \& 10
10 \& 450
51 \& \begin{tabular}{r}
7 \\
\hline 22 \\
\end{tabular} \& 447
48 \& 725
24 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
17 \\
17 \\
17 \\
\hline 10
\end{tabular} \& 12600

5 <br>
\hline 8 \& Wed. \& 47 \& 25 \& $10 \quad 42$ \& 52 \& 20 \& 49 \& 28 \& 1724 \& 552 <br>
\hline 4 \& Thur. \& 48 \& 24 \& 1126 \& E8 \& 19 \& 50 \& 22 \& 178 \& 546 <br>
\hline 5 \& Fri. \& 49 \& 23 \& Morn. \& 54 \& 18 \& 51 \& 21 \& 1652 \& 541 <br>
\hline 6 \& Sat. \& 50 \& 22 \& $0 \quad 20{ }_{2}^{*}$ \& 55 \& 17 \& 62 \& 20 \& 1635 \& 534 <br>
\hline 7 \& - $\mathbf{B}$, \& 451 \& 720 \& 1 30 \& 456 \& 715 \& 458 \& 718 \& 1619 \& 12'5 27 <br>
\hline 8 \& Mon. \& 52 \& 18 \& 247 \& 57 \& 13 \& 54 \& 16 \& 161 \& 520 <br>
\hline 9 \& Tues. \& 53 \& 17 \& 410 \& 58 \& 12 \& 55 \& 15 \& 1544 \& 512 <br>
\hline 10 \& Wed. \& 54 \& 16 \& lises, \& 59 \& 11 \& 56 \& 14 \& 1527 \& 53 <br>
\hline 11 \& Thur. \& 55 \& 14 \& 750 \& 51 \& 9 \& 56 \& 12 \& 159 \& 4 E4 <br>
\hline 12 \& Fri. \& 57 \& 12 \& 814 \& \& \& 500 \& 10 \& 1451 \& 444 <br>
\hline 13 \& Sat. \& 18 \& 10 \& 840 \& 3 \& 5 \& 1 \& 8 \& 1433 \& 434 <br>
\hline 14 \& ' $\mathrm{B}_{3}$.' \& $\square_{5} 9$ \& 78 \& 99 \& 54 \& 74 \& 5* 2 \& 76 \& 1414" \& $12 \mathrm{4} 2 \underline{2}$ <br>
\hline 15 \& Mon. \& \& 7 \& $9 \quad 40$ \& \& 3 \& 3 \& 5 \& 1855 \& 411 <br>
\hline 15 \& Tues. \& 2 \& 6 \& 1016 \& \& 2 \& \& 4 \& 1336 \& 359 <br>
\hline 17 \& Wed. \& 3 \& 4 \& $10 \quad 59$ \& 7 \& 700 \& 5 \& 2 \& 1317 \& 346 <br>
\hline 18 \& Thur. \& 4 \& 2 \& 1148 \& 8 \& 658 \& \& 700 \& 1258 \& 833 <br>
\hline 19 \& Fri. \& 5 \& 1 \& Morn. \& 9 \& 57 \& 7 \& 669 \& 1258 \& 820 <br>
\hline 20 \& Sat. \& 7 \& 659 \& 042 \& 11 \& 55 \& 9 \& 57 \& 1118 \& 35 <br>
\hline 21 \& B. \& $\underline{5}$ \& 638 \& $1{ }^{1} 42$ \& 512 \& $6{ }^{6} 5$ \& 510 \& 656 \& 11 58. \&  <br>
\hline 22 \& Mon. \& 10 \& 56 \& 244 \& 18 \& 52 \& 11 \& 54 \& 1138 \& 236 <br>
\hline 23 \& Tues. \& 11 \& 54 \& $3 \quad 47$ \& 14 \& 50 \& 12 \& 52 \& 1118 \& 220 <br>
\hline 24 \& Wed. \& 12 \& 52 \& Sets. \& 15 \& 49 \& 13 \& 51 \& 1057 \& 24 <br>
\hline 25 \& Thur. \& 13 \& 50 \& 642 \& 16 \& 47 \& 14 \& 49 \& 10 \& 7 \& 148 <br>
\hline 26 \& Fri. \& 14 \& 48 \& 70 \& 17 \& 45 \& 15 \& 47 \& 1016 \& 131 <br>
\hline 27 \& Sat. \& 15 \& 47 \& 724 \& 18 \& 44 \& 16 \& 46 \& 955 \& 114 <br>
\hline 28 \& B.." \& $\because 17$ \& 645 \& $7^{7} 47$ \& 5 20 \& $\cdots 42$ \& 518 \& $\cdots 47$ \& $\ddot{9} 3{ }^{\prime \prime}$ \& $12 \times 17$ <br>
\hline 29 \& Mon. \& 18 \& 43 \& 812 \& 21 \& 40 \& 19 \& 42 \& 912 \& ${ }^{2} 39$ <br>
\hline 30 \& Tues. \& 19 \& 41 \& 844 \& 21 \& 39 \& 20 \& 40 \& 851 \& 021 <br>
\hline 31 \& Wed. \& 520 \& 640 \& 924 \& 522 \& 638 \& 521 \& 639 \& 829 \& 03 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&o.
D.

1 Lammas Day.
2 A fair season of three
8 or four days. Very warm
4 but not sultry, with
5 quite cool evenings.
6 Transfiguration of Our Lord.
S. 8th Sunday after Trinity.

8 Look out for a storm
9 of wind, rain and thunder.
10 The aspects are milder.
11 Changeable, but tending
12 toward fair and fine.
13 A favorable day for harvest.
8. 9 th Sunday afler Trinity.

15 Another fine day.

16 Warm morning, cool evening.
17 A fine day for outdoor work.
18 Some rains may be
19 looked for now.
20 This day, for iustance.
S. 10th Sunday after Trinity.

22 Settled fine and
23 fair these two days.
24 St. Bartholomew.
25 Another fine day.
26 Cloudy and dull.
27 Some wind and rain.
S. 11th Sunday after Trinity.

29 28th St. Augustine.
80 29th St. John Baptist beheaded.
81 Pleasant ending of month.



|  | DAYE. | Ottawa. |  | The Moon. | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N.S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Riser. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. \& S. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | Sun <br> Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun's Declin. | Sun on Meridian |
|  |  | h. m. | h. m | h. m | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | D. M. | h. m. s. |
| 1 | Thur. | $5 \quad 22$ | 638 36 | $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 12 \\ 11 & 12\end{array}$ | 528 25 | 636 34 | 523 | 637 35 | $\begin{array}{lr}8 & 7 \\ 7 & 45\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 59 & 44 \\ & 69 & 25\end{array}$ |
| 3 | Sat. | 25 | 34 | Morn. | 26 | 38 | 26 | 35 3 | 723 | 59 <br> 6 |
| 4 | E. | 526 | 632 | $0 \quad 25$ | "5'27 | 631 | 5 27 | 631 | $7^{\prime}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | i1 $\begin{gathered} \\ \\ 58 \\ 8\end{gathered}$ |
| 5 | Mon. | 27 | 30 | 142 | 28 | 29 | 28 | 29 | $6 \quad 39$ | $58 \quad 27$ |
| 6 | Tues. | 28 | 28 | 3 | 29 | 27 | 29 | 27 | $6 \quad 16$ | 587 |
| 7 | Wed. | 30 | 26 | 425 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 25 | 554 | $57 \quad 47$ |
| 8 | Thur | 31 | 24 | Rises. | 31 | 24 | 81 | 23 | 531 | $57 \quad 27$ |
| 9 | Fri. | 38 | 22 | 640 | 33 | 22 | 33 | 21 | 59 | 576 |
| 10 | Sat. | 84 | 20 | 78 | 34 | 19 | 35 | 20 | 446 | $56 \quad 46$ |
| 11 | 8. | 5 35 | 618 | 740 | 535 | 618 | 5 36 | 618 | $4 \dot{3}$ | i1 ${ }^{\prime \prime} 56 \cdots$ |
| 12 | Mon. | 36 | 16 | 8 14 | 36 | 17 | 37 | 16 | 400 | $56 \quad 4$ |
| 13 | Tues. | 37 | 14 | 854 | 37 | 14 | 38 | 14 | $3 \quad 37$ | $55 \quad 43$ |
| 14 | Wed. | 88 | 12 | $9 \quad 42$ | 88 | 18 | 38 | 12 | 314 | $55 \quad 22$ |
| 15 | Thur. | 39 | 11 | $10 \quad 36$ | 39 | 11 | 39 | 11 | 251 | 551 |
| 16 | Fri. | 40 | 9 | 1134 | 40 | 9 | 40 | 9 | 228 | 5439 |
| 17 | Sat. | 41 | 7 | Morn. | 42 | 7 | 41 | 7 | 25 | 5418 |
| 18 | B. | 5 42 | 64 | 034 | 543 | $6{ }^{7}$ | 543 | ${ }_{6} 4$ | 141 | 11 $\begin{array}{llll} & 53 & 57\end{array}$ |
| 19 | Mon. | 44 | 2 | 137 | 44 | 3 | 44 | 2 | 18 | $53 \quad 35$ |
| 20 | Tues. | 45 | 600 | 242 | 45 | 2 | 45 | 600 | 055 | $53 \quad 15$ |
| 21 | Wed. | 46 | 559 | 346 | 46 | 600 | 46 | 559 | 031 | 5254 |
| 22 | Thur. | 47 | 57 | 451 | 47 | 558 | 47 | 57 | N. 8 | 5233 |
| 28 | Fri. | 48 | 55 | Sets. | 49 | 56 | 48 | 55 | S 14 | $52 \quad 12$ |
| 24 | Sat. | 49 | 53 | 552 | 50 | 54 | 49 | 53 | 038 | 5151 |
| 25 | B.'. | $\stackrel{\square}{50}$ | $\stackrel{1}{5} \stackrel{1}{51}$ | $6^{\prime} 18$ | 5 51 | $\underline{5} 5 \underline{3}$ | 5 50 | 5 51 | i 1 | 11 ${ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\text {51 }} 31$ |
| 26 | Mon. | 52 | 49 | $6 \quad 48$ | 52 | 51 | 62 | - 49 | 125 | 11510 |
| 27 | Tues. | 53 | 47 | 725 | 53 | 49 | 53 | 47 | 148 | $50 \quad 50$ |
| 28 | Wed. | 51 | 45 | 811 | 54 | 47 | 54 | 45 | 212 | $50 \quad 30$ |
| 29 | Thur. | 55 | 44 | 97 | 55 | 46 | 55 | 44 | 235 | $50 \quad 11$ |
| 30 | Fri. | 557 | 543 | $10 \quad 12$ | 556 | 544 | 557 | 543 | 258 | $11 \quad 49 \quad 51$ |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 September opens with dull
2 changeable weather
3 Threatening rain.
8. $12 t h$ Sunday after Trinity.

5 Much warmer, and
6 we shall have several
7 very fine days.
8 Nativity of Virgin Mary.
9 Dull-damp and cool
10 with shifting winds.
S. 13th Sunday afler Trinity

12 A cold rain storm
13 may be expected. The
14 rain will be very heavy,
15 accompanied with wind.

16 Storm subsides, and now
17 some days calm and cool.
S. 14th Sunday after Trinity.

19 Wind again prevalent,
20 with dull days and nights.
21 St. Mathew's Day.
22 A good deal of windy
23 weather this week, with
24 considerable local rains.
S. 15th Sunday after Trinity.

26 On the whole this week
27 may be relied on for
28 good outdoor work.
29 \&. Michael and all Angels.
$30 \Delta n$ agreeable day.
1881.]


| Moon's Phases. | Halifax. | Quebec. | Ottava. | Kingston. | Toronto. | Londo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m | h. m. | h. m. |
| Full Moon....... ... 7 | 944 mo . | 914 mo. | 96 mo . | 856 mo . | 844 mo . | 836 m |
| Third Quarter... .... 14 | 1011 ev . | 94 ev. | 933 ev . | 923 ev . | 911 ev . | 93 er |
| New Moon.......... 22 | 1016 ev . | 946 ev | 938 ev . 9 | 928 ev . | 916 ev . | 988 ev |
| First Quarter......... 30 | 032 mo . | 02 mo . | 1154 mo .29 th | 1144 mo . | 1122 mo . | 1114 ev |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& AY\% \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Ottawa.} \& The \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Toronto.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Halifax, N.S.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{The Dominion.} \\
\hline M. \& Week. \& \[
\underset{\text { Rises. }}{\text { Sun }}
\] \& Sun Sets. \& R. \& S. \& Sun Rises. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sun \\
Sets.
\end{tabular} \& Sun Rises. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sun \\
Sets.
\end{tabular} \& Sun's Declin. \& Sun on Meridian \\
\hline \& \& h. m. \& h. m \& \& . \& h. m. \& h. m. \& h.m. \& D. M. \& m. 8. \\
\hline 1 \& Sat. \& 558 \& 542 \& 1121 \& 58 \& 542 \& 558 \& 542 \& 322 \& 4332 \\
\hline 2 \& IB. \&  \& 5\%0 \& Morn. \& 60 \& 5 310 \& 600 \& 573

39 \& $\cdots{ }^{3} \times 15$ \& i1 4974 <br>
\hline 3 \& Mon. \& 1 \& 38 \& 042 \& 1 \& 38 \& 1 \& 38 \& 48 \& 4855 <br>
\hline 4 \& Tues. \& 2 \& 37 \& 200 \& 2 \& 37 \& 2 \& 37 \& 431 \& 4837 <br>
\hline 5 \& Wed. \& 3 \& 35 \& 322 \& 8 \& 35 \& 3 \& 35 \& 454 \& 4819 <br>
\hline 6 \& Thur. \& 5 \& 33 \& 442 \& 4 \& 31 \& 4 \& 38 \& 518 \& 482 <br>
\hline 7 \& Fri. \& 7 \& 31 \& Rises. \& 6 \& 30 \& 6 \& 31 \& 541 \& 4745 <br>
\hline 8 \& Sat. \& 8 \& 29 \& 836 \& 7 \& 28 \& 7 \& 30 \& 64 \& 4729 <br>
\hline 9 \& 18 \& 6 \& $\cdots$ \& ${ }^{6} \cdots$ \& $\cdots 8$ \& 5 26 \& $\cdots \bigcirc$ \& $\underline{5} 28$ \& ${ }_{6} 2 \underline{6}$ \& 11 4718 <br>
\hline 10 \& Mon. \& 11 \& 24 \& 648 \& 9 \& 24 \& 9 \& 26 \& 649 \& 4657 <br>
\hline 11 \& Tues. \& 13 \& 22 \& 734 \& 11 \& 22 \& 11 \& 24 \& 712 \& 4643 <br>
\hline 12 \& Wed. \& 14 \& 20 \& 827 \& 12 \& 23 \& 12 \& 22 \& 734 \& 4627 <br>
\hline 13 \& Thur. \& 15 \& 18 \& 924 \& 13 \& 20 \& 13 \& $2)$ \& 757 \& 4613 <br>
\hline 14 \& Fri. \& 17 \& 16 \& 1024 \& 14 \& 18 \& 14 \& 18 \& $8 \quad 19$ \& 4 ) 59 <br>
\hline 15 \& Sat. \& 18 \& $1 t$ \& 1127 \& 15 \& 17 \& 15 \& 17 \& 841 \& 4546 <br>
\hline 16 \& 'i3.'. \& -17\% \& $\because 13$ \& Morn. \& $\cdots 17$ \& 5 16 \& $\cdots 17$ \& 516 \& ${ }_{9}{ }_{4}$ \& i1 $45 \cdots$ <br>
\hline 17 \& Mon. \& 21 \& 11 \& 030 \& 18 \& 14 \& 18 \& - 14 \& 926 \& 4521 <br>
\hline 18 \& Tues. \& 22 \& 10 \& 132 \& 19 \& 13 \& 20 \& 13 \& 948 \& 4510 <br>
\hline 19 \& Wed. \& 23 \& 8 \& 238 \& 20 \& 11 \& 21 \& 10 \& 109 \& 4459 <br>
\hline 20 \& Thur. \& 25 \& 6 \& 342 \& 22 \& O \& 22 \& 8 \& $10 \quad 31$ \& 4449 <br>
\hline 21 \& Fri. \& 26 \& 5 \& 448 \& 23 \& 8 \& 23 \& 7 \& 10 5 \& 4439 <br>
\hline 22 \& Sat. \& 27 \& 3 \& Sets. \& 24 \& 6 \& 24 \& 6 \& 1113 \& 4430 <br>
\hline 23 \& B. \& 68 \& $\cdots 2$ \& $4{ }^{4} 9$ \& 625 \& $\square^{\prime \prime}$ \& 626 \& 54 \& ii ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& 11 4422 <br>
\hline 24 \& Mon. \& 30 \& 500 \& $5 \quad 24$ \& 26 \& 3 \& 28 \& 1 \& 1155 \& 4415 <br>
\hline 25 \& Tues. \& 31 \& 489 \& 69 \& 28 \& 2 \& 30 \& 500 \& 1216 \& 448 <br>
\hline 26 \& Wed. \& 32 \& b7 \& 72 \& 29 \& 500 \& 31 \& 458 \& $12 \quad 37$ \& $44 \quad 2$ <br>
\hline 27 \& Thur. \& 34 \& 56 \& 86 \& 30 \& 459 \& 33 \& 57 \& $12 \quad 57$ \& 4357 <br>
\hline 28 \& Fri. \& 36 \& 58 \& 916 \& 31 \& 57 \& 31 \& 55 \& 1317 \& 4352 <br>
\hline 29 \& Sat. \& 37 \& 51 \& $10 \quad 32$ \& 32 \& 5 \& 35 \& 53 \& $13 \quad 37$ \& 4849 <br>
\hline 30 \& B. \& 6 38 \& 470 \& "i1 48 \&  \& $45{ }^{\circ}$ \& 636 \& $4{ }^{4} 9$ \& 13 ${ }^{\text {c }} 7$ \& 11 4346 <br>
\hline 81 \& Mon. \& 639 \& . 449 \& Morn. \& 635 \& 453 \& 637 \& 452 \& 14-16 \& 114844 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
S. 18th Sunday after Trinity.

17 Rather cold and wet.
18 St. Luke the Evangelist
19 A good deal of cold
20 rain Westerly, but from the
21 East you will hear of
22 a good fall of snow.
S. 19th Sunday after Trinity.

24 A calm serene day.
25 St. Crispin.
26 Very cool with wind.
27 Quite stormy now.
28 St. Simon and St. Jude.
29 Settled for two days.
S. 20th Sunday after Trinity.

31 Changeful season.
1881.$]$


| Moon's Phases. |  |  |  | Halifax. | , uebec. | Ot | wa. K | Kingston. | Foronto | London |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Moon ......... <br> Third Quarter. $\qquad$ <br> New Moon... <br> First Quarter $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  |  | D. | h. m . <br> $94^{\mathrm{k}} \mathrm{ev}$ | h. $m$ 918 ev . |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{b} & \mathrm{~m} . \\ 9 & 0 \mathrm{fv} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 848 \mathrm{ev} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 8 \\ & 80 \mathrm{mpv} . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 13 | 646 ev . | 614 ev |  |  | $5: 8 \mathrm{ev}$ | ${ }^{4} 46 \mathrm{~m}$ | $538 \cdot \mathrm{v}$. |
|  |  |  | 21 | 07 fv . | 1137 mo . | 112 | mo 1 | 1119 mo | 118 mo | 11 mo |
|  |  |  | 28 | 747 mo . | 71 mo. | 7 | mo. | 659 mo . | 647 mo | 659 mc . |
|  | AYB. | Ottawa. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { The } \\ & \text { Moon. } \end{aligned}$ | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N. S |  | The Dominion. |  |
| M. | Week. | Sun Kises. | Sun Sets. | R. \& 8 |  | Sun <br> Sets. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Rises. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun's Declin. | Sun on Meridian |
|  | Tues. <br> Wed. <br> Thur. <br> Fri. <br> Sat. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m | m. | 1. m. | D. M | h. m. s |
| 1 |  | 641 | 447 | $\begin{array}{lr}1 & 5 \\ 2 & 24\end{array}$ | 637 88 | 451 50 | 639 40 | 449 48 | $\begin{array}{ll}14 & 35 \\ 14 & 74\end{array}$ | 114842 4342 |
| 2 |  | 42 | 46 45 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 24 \\ 8 & 40\end{array}$ | 38 40 | 50 49 | 40 42 | 48 47 | $\begin{array}{ll}14 & 74 \\ 15 & 18\end{array}$ | 4342 4342 |
| 3 |  | 44 | 45 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 40 \\ 4 & 68\end{array}$ | 40 | 49 48 | 42 | 47 46 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 18 \\ 15 & 32\end{array}$ | 4342 4818 |
| 4 |  | 45 | 42 | $4{ }^{4} \mathrm{E} 8$ | 41 | 48 46 | 43 44 | 46 44 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 32 \\ 15 & 30\end{array}$ | 4818 48 |
| 5 |  | 46 | 42 | Nises. | 42 | 46 | 44 | 44 |  | 4845 |
| 6 | [1..' | 648 | 441 | 442 | 644 | 445 | 646 | 443 | 168 | 114349 |
| 7 | Mon. | 49 | 40 | 525 | 45 | 44 | 47 | 42 | $16 \quad 2$ | 4352 |
| 8 | Tues. | 51 | 38 | 615 | 46 | 48 | 48 | 41 | $16 \quad 43$ | 4356 |
| 9 | Wed. | 52 | 37 | 711 | 47 | 42 | 49 | 40 | 1700 | $44 \quad 2$ |
| 10 | Thur. | 54 | 35 | 811 | 49 | 49 | 51 | - 34 | $17 \quad 17$ | 447 |
| 11 | Fri. | 55 | 34 | 913 | 60 | 39 | 53 | - 37 | $\begin{array}{ll}17 & 31\end{array}$ | 4414 |
| 12 | Sat. | 57 | 83 | $10 \quad 16$ | 52 | 38 | 54 | 4 36 | 1750 | 4422 |
| 13 | E. | 658 | 438 | 1120 | 653 | 437 | 656 | $6 \quad 434$ | 18 6 | 114431 |
| 14 | Sion | 700 | 30 | Mori. | 54 | 36 | 57 | $7 \quad 33$ | 1822 | 4410 |
| 15 | Tues. | 2 | 28 | ${ }_{0}^{6} 23$ | $5{ }^{6}$ | 34 | 59 | $9 \quad 31$ | $1 \times 35$ | $4+51$ |
| 16 | Wed. | 8 | 27 | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 27 \\ 2\end{array}$ | 57 |  | 700 | 0 20 | 18 53 | $4) 2$ |
| 17 | Thur. | 4 | 27 | 232 | 58 | 33 |  | 180 | 19 7 | 4514 |
| 18 | Fri. | 5 | 26 | 3 | 59 | 32 |  | $2 \quad 29$ | 1921 | 4525 |
| 19 | Sat. | 7 | 25 | 448 | 71 | 81 |  | $4 \quad 28$ | 1935 | 4540 |
| 20 | ' $\mathbf{B}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 78 | 424 | 5 50 | 72 | 430 | 7 | $5 \quad 427$ | 19 49 | i1 45 \% $4^{\prime}$ |
| 21 | Mon. | 9 | 24 | Sets. | 3 | 30 |  | 6 6- | $20 \quad 2$ | 469 |
| 22 | Tues. | 10 | 28 | 452 | 4 | 29 |  | 7 7 26 | 20 13 | 4625 |
| 28 | Wed. | 12 | 22 | 554 | 6 | 28 |  | 9 - 25 | $20 \quad 27$ | 4542 |
| 24 | Ihur | 18 | 21 | 75 | 7 | 27 | 10 | $10 \quad 24$ | $20 \quad 40$ | 4700 |
| 25 | Fri. | 14 | 20 | 821 | 8 | 26 |  | $11 \quad 23$ | $2 \cdot 51$ | 4718 |
| 26 | Sat. | 16 | 20 | 988 | 9 | 26 |  | 12.23 | 213 | 4738 |
|  | E. | 717 | 419 | 10 - 56 | 710 | 426 | 71 | 13 - 423 | 21 1i | ii 475 |
| 28 | Mon. | 18 | 18 | Mort. | 11 |  |  | 14 22 | $21 \quad 24$ | 4818 |
| 29 | Tups. | 19 | 18 | 018 | 12 | 25 |  | $15 \quad 22$ | 2131 | 4989 |
| 30 | Wed. | 720 | 418 | 127 | 718 | 425 | 71 | 17421 | 2144 | 492 |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 all Saints Day.
2 steady cold, but no
3 very severe fiust, yet
4 there are many signs of
5 approaching winter.
S. 21 st Sunday after Trinity.

7 Very cold rains Westerly 8 but snow in Quebec, and
9 a good deal ol it.
10 Much of it melts away for
11 St, Mart'n's Day.
12 The weather is moderating.
S. 22nd Sunday of or Truity.

14 A regular Northwester
15 of a gaie $\in$ nding with snow.

16 Steadily cold. Frust and snow.
17 Chas geable aspects.
18 Wind, rain and trost
19 thull and nut pleasant.
S 23 rd Sunuay after Trinity.
21 New moun brings change.
22 st. Cecilia's I Iay.
28 St. Cement's Fay.
24 Chiefly cold rains, but
25 N. E. Wind brings suow.
26 A very cold day.
S. Advent-Unday.

28 Very unsettled weather.
29 Not a plea-ant day.
30 St. AndeEw'b Day.

| 1881.] | memorandum for november. |
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| Moon's Phares. |  | Halifax. | रuebec. | Ottawa. | Kingston. | Toronto. | London. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Moon | D. | h. m. <br> 1149 mo . | h m. ${ }_{\text {h }} 19$ mo. | h. m. | h. m. 11 mo | h. m | h. m |
| Third Guarter | 18 | 350 ev . | 320 ev . | 312 ev | ${ }_{8}^{11} 82 \mathrm{mv}$. | 1049 mo 250 t. | 1041 mo 242 ev . |
| New Moon. | 21 | 052 mo . | 022 mo . | 014 mo . | 01 mo . | 1152 ev . | 1148 pv |
| First wuarter..... | 27 | 427 ev . | 357 ev . | 449 ev . | 339 ev . | 327 ev . | 319 ev . |


|  | ${ }^{\text {A }} \mathbf{Y}$ | Ottawa. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1 he } \\ & \text { Moon. } \end{aligned}$ | aronto. |  | Halifax, N, S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. \& S. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises. } \end{array}$ | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun Rises. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Sets } \end{aligned}$ | Sun's Declin | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { sun on } \\ \text { Meridian } \end{array}$ |
|  |  | h. m. | h. |  | m | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | D m | h. m. ${ }^{8}$ |
| 1 | Thu | 721 22 | 417 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 \\ 3 & 42 \\ 54\end{array}$ | ${ }^{7} 14$ | 424 | 718 | 420 | 2154 | $11 \quad 49 \quad 24$ |
| 3 | Sat. | 22 | 17 | 3 5i | 16 | 24 | 20 | 20 | ${ }_{22}^{22}{ }^{2}$ | 4948 |
|  | Sat. |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 20 |  | 5012 |
| 4 | E. | 724 | 417 | i8 | 717 | 424 | 721 | 4720 |  | $11 \quad 50 \quad 26$ |
| 5 | Mon | 25 | 16 | Rises. | 18 | 23 | 22 | 19 | $22 \quad 27$ | 51 |
| 6 | Tues | 26 | 16 | 458 | 19 | 23 | 23 | 19 | $22 \quad 24$ | 5127 |
| 7 | Wed | 27 | 16 | $5 \quad 59$ | 20 | 23 | 24 | 19 | 2241 | 5153 |
| 8 | Thur | 25 | 16 | 653 | 21 | 28 | 25 | 19 | 2247 | $52 \quad 19$ |
| 9 | Fri. | 29 | 16 | 83 | 22 | 23 | 26 | 19 | $22 \quad 53$ | 5246 |
| 10 | sat, | 30 | 16 | 96 | 23 | 23 | 27 | 19 | 2258 | 5314 |
|  | B. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 73 | 416 | 10 | 7\% 24 | 423 | 728 | 4 19 |  | ii' $53 \times 1{ }^{+1}$ |
| 12 | Mon. | 32 | 16 | $11 \quad 12$ | 25 | 23 | 29 | 19 | 238 | $54 \quad 10$ |
| 18 | Tues | 33 | 17 | Morn. | 26 | 24 | 39 | 20 |  | 5438 |
| 14 | Wed | 34 | 17 | 016 | 27 | 24 | 31 | 20 | 2315 | 557 |
| 15 | Thur |  | 17 | 121 | 28 | 24 | 2 | 20 |  |  |
| 16 | Fri. | 36 | 17 | 226 | 29 | 21 | 33 | 20 | 2321 | 665 |
| 17 | sat. | 37 | 17 | 387 | 30 | 24 | 35 | 21 | 2323 | 563 |
|  | B.'. | 737 | 418 |  | $\because 30$ |  |  |  |  | ii ${ }_{57} \cdots$ |
| 19 | Mon. | 38 | 18 | 557 | 31 | 25 | 35 | 21 | $23 \quad 26$ | $5 \div 34$ |
| 20 | Tues | 38 | 19 | 700 | 31 | 26 | 35 | 22 | $23 \quad 27$ | 58 |
| 1 | Wed | 38 | 20 | Sets. | 81 | 17 | 35 | 23 |  | 58 |
| 22 | Thur | 38 | 20 | $5 \quad 59$ | 31 | 27 | 35 | 23 | $23 \quad 27$ | 59 |
| 28 | kri | 38 | 20 | 720 | 31 | 27 | 35 | 23 | 2226 | 5933 |
| 24 | Sat. | 39 | 21 | 840 | 31 | 28 | 35 | 24 | 2325 | 1200 |
| 25 | B. | 739 | 421 |  | $7{ }^{7} 31$ |  | 736 | 424 |  | $120 \cdots 3$ |
| 20 | Mon | 40 | 22 | 1118 | 32 | 24 | 36 | 2 , | 2321 | 13 |
| 27 | Tnes. | 40 | 23 | Morn | 33 | 30 | 37 | 2 | 2319 | 133 |
| 28 | Wed. | 40 | 24 | 083 | 83 | 81 | 37 | 27 | 2315 | 2 |
| 29 | Thur | 41 | 25 | 147 | 33 | 32 | 37 | 28 | 2312 | 282 |
| 30 | 1 ri . | 41 | 26 | 258 | 34 | 38 | 34 | 29 | 238 | 3 |
| 31 | Sat. | 741 | 427 | 47 | 734 | 434 | 738 | 43 | $23 \quad 4$ | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 3 & 30\end{array}$ |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASP CTS, \&c.
D.

1 A fine winter's day
2 before winter sets in.
3 Another fine day. Cold.
S. 2nd Sunday in Advent.

5 With full moon comes
6 change. Cold high winds
7 accompanied by snows.
8 Immaculate Cowerption B. V. Mary.
9 Yet windy and cold.
10 A clear tine day.
S. 3rd Sumaly in Advent.

12 Milder, but not settled.
13 There will be snow.
14 Cold raius in Western Ont.
15 The Upper Ottawa very cold.

16 Winter fairly set in with
17 a time of extreme colet.
S 4 th sundall in Alvent.
19 Very changeable, but
2. look for a snow storm.

21 St . Th mis /ruy.
22 R MEMB R THK I'OOR.
23 No rp ecral índications
24 but -ettled for cold.
©. ChRISTMAs I'ay.
26 vi. Stephen's Itry
27 st. ' whu the Entengelist.
28 Holy lunncents' Diry.
29 These three days will
30 be pleasant for the season,
81 with good sleighing.


## The कoxyal family.

## THE QUEEN.

Victoria, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, \&c., Queen, Defender of the Faitb, Empress of India. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819 ; succeed d to the throne June 20, 1837, on the death of her uncle, King William IV.; was crowned June 28,1838; and married February 10, 1840, to his lare Royal Highn-s- Prin e Albert. Her Majestr is the only child of his late Royal Highness E.lwatd Duke of Kent, soa of King George III. The children of Her Majesty are :-
Her Royal Highness Victoria-Adelaide Mary-Lousia, Princess Royal of Evgland and Germany, born November 21, 1840, and married to his Imperial Higlness Frederick William, Crown Prince of Germany, January 25, 1858, and has issue five sons and four daughters.

His Royal Highness Albkrt-Eoward, Princer of TVales, bor November 9, 1841 ; murried March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844, and has issue three sons and thrue daughters.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Mand-Mary, born A pril 25, 1843, married to H. R H. Prince Fredreick Louis of Hesse, July 1, 1862; died December 14, $18: 8$ and had issue two sons and five danghters.

His Roval Highness Alfred-Ernest-A lhert, Duke of E-linhurgh, Earl of Kent and Earl of Ulster, born August 6, 1844 ; married to the Grand Duchess Marie-Alexandrowna and has issue one son and iwo drughters.

Her Royal Highness Helena Augustit-Victoria, born May 25, 1846 ; married July 5, 1866, Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig Holsteia, and has issue three sons and two danghters.

Her Royal Highness Louisa-Caroline-Alberta, born March 18, 1848; married March 23, 1871, to the Marquis of Lorne, Governor General of Canada.

His Ruyal Highne s Arthur-William-Pa rick-Albert, K. (1, born May 1, 1850 ; married Ma ch 13, 1879, to Her Royal Highuess Princes Lonisa Margaret.

His Royal Highness Leopold-George-1)u ican-Albrt, born A pril 7, 1853.
Her Royal Highness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodore, horn April 14, $1 \times 57$.
To Make Your Strawbermy bed bear well next year, work it out thoroughly and manure well as soon as it is through bearing. Don't put it off until the bed is filled with weeds and gra-s. First plough or spade the ground betewen the rows, cutting the rows down narrower ; then work the rows out well with a fork potato-digger, and seater in them a gooi qua itity of well-ro ted compost, guano, or ponir-tte. It is a good plan to draw fresh earth in amoug the plants.

The best and most thoughtful newspapers now allow contributors to the wastebasket to write on both sides of the sheet.

A reporter who had escaped from a fighting crowd said there was too much "missilaneous matter" in the affair to suit him.

JaNUARY.-In the ordinary old English sense, we have no spring time in Canada. We make a sudden jump from the snows of winter to the sowing tims. All the more uecessity, ti erefore, to make go d use of the tong months of winter. To a thoughtful worker, there are no idle periods. A tarmer can and ought to study carefully the best methods of ullage, and as this is an age of improvem nts in all kinds of machinery, it would be well to procure the best. Repairs may be done. But as before we have recommended the best periodicals and the hest works on Farming, so now again we urge our friends, especially our young men, to procure the standard works of the best authors. The time is past for ridiculing book learning relating to the whole theory and practice of Agriculture.

# DOMINION OF CANADA. 

## Seat of Government, Ottawa.

## GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir John Douglas Sutherland Campbell, Marquis of Lor ie, K.T.G., C.M.G., Governor General of the Dominion of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.
Deputy Governors to sign Money Warrants.-Jos O. Cote.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

Their Honors the hon. J. B. Robinzon, Ontario ; hon. Théodore Robitaille, M.D., Quehec; hon. Adums G Archibald, Nova Scotia; hon. R. D. Wilmot, New Brunswick ; hon. T. H Howland, Prince Edward Island ; hon. Joseph Cauchon, Manitoba: hon. David Laird, North-West Territories; hon. A. N. Richards, British Culumbia.

## COMMANDING HER MAJESTY'S FORCES IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA. <br> Major General Sir Patrick Macdougall. <br> PRIVY COUNCIL.

Minister of the interior, right hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, P.C., K.C.B.; minister of finance, hon. S. L Tilley, C. B. ; minister of railways and canals, hon. O. Tupper, C.B.; minister of public work hon. H. Langevin; miaister of agriculture hon. J H. Pope ; president of Privy Conncil, hon. L R. M isson; minister of Jus ice, hon. James Macdonald; posimister general, hon. John O Connor; minister of Militia, Sir A. Campbell, K.C.M.G. ; minister of Customs, hon. M. Bowell ; minister of Marine, hon. J. C. Pope; secretary of State, hon. J. C. Aikens; minister of Inland Revenue, Hon. L. F. G. Baby.

## FACT: AND FIGURES.

## A barrel of rice weighs 260 pounds.

An acre contains 4840 square yards.
Slow rivers flow five miles per hour.
A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.
A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-two ponnds per bushel.
A hurricane moves eighty miles per hour.
A tirkin of butter weighs fifty-six pounds.
Timothy seed, forty-five pounds per bushel.
The average human life is thirty-one years.
An impecunious fortune hunter having been accepted by an heiress, at the wedding, when that portion of the ceremony was reached where the bridegroom says, "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," a spiteful relative of the bride exclaimed, "There goes his valise!"

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## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

## Seat of Government, Quebec.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

His Honor the Honomble Theodore Robitaille; Thos. Chapais, private secredaty and Captain sheppard, aide-de camp; Walter Lennan, messenger.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Q C., premier, commissioner of agriculture and public works.

Hon. L. O. Loranger, attorney general.
Hon. J. G. Robertson, treisurer
Hun. E. T. Paquet, provincial secretary and registrar.
Hon. J. J. Ross, sveaker Legislative Council.
Hon, E. J. Flinn, commissioner of Crown Lands.
Hon. W. W. Ly neh, sulicitor general.

## Officers.

F. Fortier, clork of the Executive Council; G. Grenier, deputy clerk ; P. L. T. No mandiu, second clerk; $O$. Vallée, messenger.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

## Seat of Government, Toronto. <br> LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

His Honor the Hon. J. B. Robinson.
Private Secretary.-

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Attorney general, hen. Oliver Muat, Q.C.; provincial treasurer, hon. S. C. Woud: comm ssuner of public works, hon. C. F. Fraser, Q. C. ; provincial secretary, hon. A.S Hardy, Q U. ; commissioner of Crown lands, hon. T. B. Pardee, Q C. ; minister of edscation, hon. Adam Crooks, Q.C.; clerk of Executive Uouncil, J. G. Scotı, Q.C.

A Massachesen ts Fanmer says that he has planted the following crops after the early peas tave bern narkpled and the vines pulled: "I have tried all with good suce-ss-squash, horse radish, cabbage, all kinds of turnip, sweet corn, tomatoes, spinach, rye for tid'er, clover toplough under corn fodder, and string beans. By getting two crops fiom the land the peas do not cost much, except the cost of the seed, picking and mark+ting. The second crop is the profitable one, as there is but one coal of manure applied for both crops."

MA. CH.-We do nut recollect to have said any thing in these notes concerning Veterinary Studies. In some of the larger cities and towns there are Schools for the training and education of Veterinary Surgeons. As the raising of live stock is becoming more general, it is a pity there exists so little knowledge of diseases and their approprinte remedies Every farmer should possess a fair knowledge of Veterinary science, for there will aiways be use for such knowledge where there is a good supply of live stock. Considering the value and increasing numbers of animals of all sort, let every farmer study the best works that can be procured. Thousands of dollars would be saved annually if a little more effort were made to procure and apply suitab.e medicine for the various diseases to which live stock are liable.

## NOVA SCOTIA.

## Seat of Government, Halifax.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

His Honor Hon. Adams G. Archibald, P.C., C.M.G.

## EXECU CIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. S. H. Holmes, provincial secretary and premier ; hon. J. S. D. Thmpson, attorney general ; hon. Saml. Creelman, commissioner of public works and mines; members without office, hon O. J. Townshend, hon. N. W. White, hon. J. S. McDonald, hon. C. J. Macdonald, hon H. F. McDougall, hon. W. B. Troop.

## PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

> His Honor the Hon. EDWARD BARRON CHANDLER, Q.C., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of New Brunswick. Lieutenant-Colonel John Saunders, Aide-de-camp.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. Robert Young, President.
Hon. John James Fraser, attorney-general ; hon. William Wedderburn, provincial secretary ; hon. Pierre La dry, commissioner of public works; hon. Michael Adams, survey regeral ; hon. Berjamin R. Stevenson, hon. J. Herbert Crawford, hon. W. E. Ferley, hon. Daniel L. Hanington.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

His Honor G. H. Haviland<br>Private secretary, Robert Robinson Hodgson, Esq.

## EXECUTIVE COUNOIL.

Hons. W. A. Sullivan, Neil McLeod, Donald Ferguson, John Lefurgey, Samuel Prowse, William Campbell, Nicholas Conroy, J. O. Arsenault, Joseph Wightman.

A little hoy asked his mother to talk to him and say something funny. "How can I ?" she asked; "don't you see I am busy baking these pies?" "Well, you might say ' Charley, wont you have a whole pie '?' That would be very funnyfor you."


#### Abstract

APRIL.-We do not know much in Canada concerning bone dust as a fertilizer, but in older countries, as in England, it is highly prized. The author of a Royal Agricultural Prize Essay states that, since bone-manures have been applied to the Cheshire pastures, the product of the soil in herbage and cheese has been greatly increased; in many cases having been actually doubled. The increase of stock kent in the locality hias been from 30 to 50 per cent In one case of a farm of 164 acres the number of freding stock has been enlarged from 20 cows and 3 colts to 35 cows, 8 feeding beeves, 16 yearlings and heifer-, 5 horses and 3 colts. Skilful m nagement is, however, necessars to preve at the deterioration of cheese, because a richer herbage produces milk which requires care and caution in every step of manufacture.


# PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA. 

Seat of Government, Victorea, V.I.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
Hon. A. N. Richards.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. G. A. Walkem, premier, president of the Council, attorney general, chief commissioner lands and works.

Hon. T. B. Humphreys, provincial secretary ; hon. R. Beaven, minister of finance,

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is a sufficient Post office address for all the following :

## GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER IN-CHIEF.

His Excellency Sir John Hawley Glover, G. C. M. G.<br>Private S cretary, Henry M. Jackson, R. A.<br>Colonel, aide-de-camp, Edward L. Jarvis, Fred. Orowdy, M. B.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
Hon. Wm. V. Whiteway, Q. C, attorney general, premier ; hon. James J. Rogerson, receiver general ; hon. Edward D. Shea, colonial secretary and clerk of Exe cutive Gouncil ; hon. Wm. J. S. Dunnelly, surveyor general, and hon. Jas. S. Winter.

John Bull and his friend Paddy were enjoying a ride, when they came in sight of an old galiows. John thouglit he would make a butt of Pat and so he said : "Yon see that, Pat? And now where would you be if the gallows had its due?"
"Riding alone," cooliy returned Pat.
If forty Poles make a furlong, tow many Russians would it take to do it?
The farmer who always takes particular pains to put up his produce in neat attractive packages, and never mixes the second with the first quality, will have to spend but litule time to Ind good men ready to buy all his products, and pay them a fair price ; but he who mixes three qualities together, and tries to sell them as tirst quality, will always be troubled to find buyers, and usually bave to sell at low prices.

A young artist wholives in a boarding house wants to know how he can learn to play the violin without d:sturbing the other boarders. Soap your bow, young man, soap your bow and bathe the strings twice a day in sweet oil. Then you can sit up ali night and play ov-rtures, and nobody will mind it.

Garlic for Hydri phobia, - The British Medical Journal says that garlic has always lad a great reputation among anti-hydrophobia remedies, and is found as a princijal integral portion in a large number of formulæ long kept secret. A young man bitten hy a mad dog was shut up in a loft. In his delirium he seized ..,..a some bundles of dried garlic, ate greedily of it, fell into a deep sleep, and awoke calm and cured

Recorder ( $t$ o witness with bandaged eye)-" Did he have any provocation when he struck yon?" Witness - " H may have had something of the kind concealed on his person, but it was a stone be struck me wid."

## RATES OF POSTAGE.

# LETTERS ADDRESSED FROM OR TO PLACES IN CANADA AND UNITED STATES. 

3 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.

## CITY, OR DROP LETTERS FOR CITY DELIVERY.

1 cent per $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.

MATTER WHICH CANNOT BE FORWARDED THROUGH THE POST.
pay

Any explosive substance, glass, liquids or other matter likely to entail risk or injury to the ordinary contents of the Mail, will be sent to the Dead Letter Uffice, Ottawa.

Letters containing gold or silver money, jewels or precious articles, or anything liable to Customs duties, cannot be torwarded by Post to any of the Postal Union countries.

Bone dust is a lasting manure, and will continue to fertilize plants for years; when not ground too fine.
Manure may be spread in the orchard at any time. When the snow is on the ground a sled can he used wi h advantage, being lower than a wagon, and passing more easily under the trees.

Pile the manure in square and compact heaps ; and if it is not frozen when thrown out, it will hat and ferment in the pile ; but if once frozen it will be likely to remain so during all the cold weather.

An old angler says that a fish do sot suffer much from being hooked. Of course not. It is the thought of how its weight will be doubted that caures him anguish.,

## transmission of spectacles and eye-glasses by mail.

The exclusion of glass from the mails is so far modified, that spec'acles and eye-glas-es, if securely put up in cases not likely to allow the contents to escape if hroken in course of conveyance, may be sent by Post within the Dominion on pre-payment of the above parcel post rates.

## CIRCULARS PRINTED BY THE ELECTRIC PEN, \&c.

The term "printed circulars" is extended to include circulars produced by the electric pen or other mechanical process, easy of recognition by the officers of the Post Office, as well as when printed by the ordinary process of printing type, engraving, or lithography.

## REGISTERED LETTERS.

Letters intended to be registered when addressed to places in Canada or Newfoundland must be prepaid by stamp, 2 cents each ; to the United States, 5 cents each, in addition to the postage rate.

It will be observed that all classes of matter can be registered to the United States.

All letters for Registration should be posted 15 minutes before the hour of closing ordinary Mails, and 30 minutes before closing of English Mails.

Registered lettir stamps have been issued of the denomination of 2,5 and 8 cents, which may be obtained at the usual places.

## NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Newspapers and Periodicals Addressed to places in Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain (by Canadian) Sleamers, or via the United States.

Printed and published in Canada, and posted from the office of publication, or News Agency, to actual subscribers or news agents (including exchanges) are subject to a rate of one cent per pound, gross weight which must be prepaid by publisher at the time of posting. Such periodicals must be issued not less fre quently than once per month. Newspapers for England will be sent to subscribers at the same rate.

TRANSIENT NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS ADDRESSED TO PLACES IN CANADA, NEWFUUNDLAND AND UNITED STATES.

On all newspapers and periodicals other than those from the • ffice of publication, including all newspapers and periodicals published less frequently than once a month, the postage rate is one cent per 4 ounces in weight, which must be prepaid by postage stamp.

Newpapers and periodicals weighing less than one ounce may be posted singly ; if prepaid by postage stamp, one half cent each.

Newspapers from office of publication posted for City Delivery are not delivered by Letter Carrier unless prepaid one cent each by stamp.

Newspapers and periodicals published in the United Kingdom, and reposted by news agents to regular subscribers, are not liable to any additional postage.

Young colts should be well fed and cared for the first winter ; provid a wa m stall for them. with plenty of litter, and give them a good brushing down once every day. A quart of oais, daily, will be needed, and some bright, clean, sweet hay. Cut-fred is not suitable for young col's, whose digestion should not be over raxed by food packed solidly in the stumach; feed light and frequently.

An old widower says, when you pop the question to a lady, do it with a kind of langh as if you wr re joking. If she accepts you, very good; if she does not, you can say you were only in fun.

## PARCEL POST RATES WITHIN THE DOMINION.

The rates, to be prenaid by postage stamp, on parcels posted in Cana 'a for destinations within the D.mi iol to which parcels cal be sent are as follows:For each parcel wrig ing not less than 4 ozs.................... 6 cents.
For do exceeding $4 \mathrm{ozs}^{\mathrm{s}}$, and not exceeding $8 \mathrm{oz} . . .12$ cents.
For each additional 4 ozs, or fraction of ozs............ ....... 6 cents.
Parcels in ended to past through the Mails shonld not exceed 5 pounds in weight or 24 inches in length or 12 inches in breadth, and should be marked "by parcel post". Parcels may be Registered by affixing a 5 cent Registered Letter Stamp thereto, in addition to the Postage.

## MISCELLANEOUS POSTAL MATTER.

Books and pamphlets, printed circulars, prices current, handbills, book and newspaper manuscript, printers' proofs, maps and prints, engravings, sheet music, photogra,hs, insurance policies, militia and school returns, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, legal paners, for Canada, Newfoundland and the United States, may be posted prepaid by stamp at 1c. per 4 oz . proviled they be sent in covers open at the ends or sides, and sa put up as to admit of the contents being, if necessary, easily withdrawn for ezamination; if enclosed with written communications, or in spaled envelopes notched at the ends or sides, letter rate of pustage will be charged.
The weight of packages of seeds, cuttings, buibs, roots. scions or grafts, is limited to 24 oz . Packages of other miscellaneous matters are limited to 5 pounds in weiglit, 24 inches in length an 12 inches in breadth or depth

Post bands, withan oressed one cent stamp for this purpose, may be obtained at any Stamp Agencu the rate of 4 for 5 cents.

After long coaxing, witn no little nse of the whip, we have seen a balky horse started b putting a lump of earth in its mouth. The mind of he animal seems to be set on not going, and t'e point to be gained is 10 divert it from the idea entertained. and this the earth in the mouth does effectually. Susoon as the horse gives his attention to the getting of the earth out of its mouth, it furgets its balkiness and can be started.

## THE FLAVOR OF MEATS.

M. Monclar, a noted agriculturist in France, has snggested a singular plan for varying the flavor of ment. He imagines that by freding cattle, sheep, pigs and poulty in a paricular way, or rather by flaviring their foods in varions ways, their flesh may be rendered much more agrer able to the palate than it often is ; and there can be no doubt that he is substantially riglit. Thus, for instance, it is well known that pouliry which have been fattened upon food containing a slight admixture of chopled truffles are far better eating than those chickens which have been stuffed or larded with truffles after they are killed. It is only natural that such should be the case, for the flavor of the truffles that is consumed by the chicken permeates the whole system, which it cannot do when simply placed in the carcase. M. Monclar instances cases in which hares killed in a wormwood field, larks shot in a cabbage field, and eggs laid by hens which had eaten diseased silk-worms, had such a nanseons ta-te that no one could touch them; while, upon the other nand, some ducks and fieldhares which had fed upon some sprigs of juniper had a delicious flavor. He has made several exveriments-among others, three unon tame rabbits, which hn fed with the waste of anise seed, with barley and bran containing a little essence of thyme. In each case he found that the flesh of these snimals was far butter eating than that of rabbits fattened in the ordinary way, and yet that ther" was no trace of anise seed or juniper in the taste. His conclu-ion is that cattle. sheen and piga might be fed in the same way, and that by varving the flavoring matter, the beef, mutton and pork might be made to have soveral different tastes.

# [':]] ANI \&AD]J] POST. <br> CANADA. 

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and samples of merchandise, not exceeding 24 ounces in weight, when posted in Canada for places within Canada or Newfoundlanif, must be prepaid by postage stamp at the rate of one cent per 4 ounces weight, and put up in such manner as to admit of inspection. Goods sent in an execution of an order, however small the quantity may b, or articles sent by one private individıa to another not being actually Trade Patterns or Samples, are not admissible as such.

## UNITED STATES.

Patterns and samples of merchandise pos'ed for places in the United States will con'mue to be subject to the special rate of 10 cents each prepaid by postage stamp, and must not exceed 8 ounces in weight.

## bEAR THIS IN MIND.

Register all valuable letters, and use sealing wax for letters containing money. Transmit money by money orders.
Make complaints and inquiries in writing.
Preserve and request correspondents to preserve envelopes of mis nt or delayed letters.

## HAVEN'T A FRIEND IN TUWN.

As he was ascending the pulpit-steps, one of the elders buttonholed him to whisper an additional caution:
"The liquor dealer has just come into church, and he gives us a lift sometımes. I wish you would be particular not to allude to the whiskey business or the temperance question."

The young minister, getting frightened to see the moral ground thus steadily narrowing before him, enquired:
"Whom or what shall I preach against then?"
The elder's reply came with an air of triumph :
"Preach against the Mormons; they haven't got a friend in town!"
They were very fond of each other, and had been engaged; but they quarrelled, and were too proud to make it up. He called a few days ago at her father's house, to see the old gentleman on business, of course. She was at the door. Said he: "Ah, Miss Blank, I believe ; is your father in ?" "No, sir," she replied, "pa is not in at present. Did you wish to see him perso ally ?" "Yes," was the bluff response, feeling she was yielding, "on very particular personal business," and he turned proudly to go nway. "I beg your pardon," she called after him, as he struck he lower step, "but who shall I say called?" He never smiled again. This was too cruel.

An American girl who marries an Italian marquis gets on very well until his serene highness begins to spend all her money and talk of "her father, ze shopkeepaire." Then she fires up and gives a little F. urth of July.

MAY.-We bave been pained on reading the numerons deaths which have occurred even in rural districts from that dreaded disease "Diphtheria." It may not afford pleasure to read, but it is uevertheless a duy to write what we judge to be the chief promoters of this fearful sco rge. A careful examinat on of the house and its surroundings where death has done his work reveals the fact, that offensive matter lodg-d in secret places was the canse of social calamity. It has be en well said "that many a house with a fine front bas a fanlty kitchen drain". Typhoid and other fevers, as well as diphtheria, can be traced to the want of proper care in carrying off the wastes of the dwelling. Every farm house should be well ventilated, and the entire premises kept scrupulously clean.

Send to the Post Master envelopes of letters about which you seek information or make complaint.
Business men should be careful to anthorize but a limited number of persons to receive their letters, and only those in whom they have full contidence.

## MONEY ORDERS.

Every money order office in the Province of Quebee, Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Islaud, Manitoba and British Columbia issues mouey orders on every other money order office in these Provinces, as we.l as on every money order office in the United Kingdom. Every money order office in the United Kingdom also issues money orders on every money order office in these Provinces.

All the money order Post Offices are authorized to draw money orders on each other for any sum up to $\$ 100$, and for as many orders of $\$ 100$ each as the applicant may require, upon the following terms, viz.,


## MONEY ORDERS ON THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The money order offices throughont the Dominion also draw upon all the money order offices in England, Ireland and Scotland, and the Channel Islands, for any sum up to $£ 10$ ster ing, and grant as many orders for $£ 10$ sterling each as may be needed to make up the amount to be remitted.
The terms are as under:


## MONEY ORDERS ON THE LOWER PROVINCES.

The money order offices in Canada draw also upon all money order offices in Newfoundland. Orders like those of the United Kingdom are made payable in sterling money, and for sums up to $£ 10$ sterling. The terms are:

For orders up to $£ 5,25$ cents.
" over $£ 5$ and up to $£ 10,50$ cents.
No half cents can be introduced into orders.
Orders on British India.-On orders up to $£ 2,30 \mathrm{cts}$; over $£ 2$ and up to $£ 5$, 60 cts . ; over $£ 5$ and up to $£ 7,90 \mathrm{cts}$. ; over $£ 7$ and up to $£ 10, \$ 1.20$.

Orders on United States-On orders up to $\$ 20,25 \mathrm{cts}$; on orders up to $\$ 40$, 50 ets.

JUNE-In the Eastern portion of Canada, there is a good deal of work to be done in June. If the season is not advanced by what we call an early spring, corn planting must be promptly attended to. There is no need for advice about selecting good seed, and using a proper supply of superphosphate of lime. These are essential to a good crop. What we have too ofien noticed is the too great number of plants in a hill, and carelessness about the extirpation of weeds. If the seasun be wet and warm, these will develop rapidly. They should be kept down by frequent working. If the season be forward, the growth of stalk may be excessive. Remove the suckers from the routs. They are hurtful to the frnitbearing plant. We observe a disposition toward a greater cultivation of corn in Canada. With care it will be productive and profitable.

No money order exceeding $\$ 100$ in amount can be granted in any office in Canada ; bur P.stmasters are at liberty to grant two or more orders for \$100, or for any lesser sum. They cinnot, however, grant two or m re ordens for sums of or under $\$ 30$ on the same day to the same appli:ant in favor of the same payee.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

1. The direct security of the Dominion is given by the Statute for all deposist made in the Post Office Savings Banks.
2. Any person may have a deposit account, and may deposit nearly any number of d llars, from $\$ 1$ up to $\$ 300$, or more, with the permission of the Pustmaster General.
3. Deposits may be made by married women, and depcsits so made, or made by women who shall afterwards marry, will be repaid to any such women.
4. As respects children under ten years of age, money may be deposited-

Firstir-By a parent or friend as trustee for the child, in which cas? the deposits can be withdrawn by the trustee until the child shall attain the age of ten years, after which time repayment will be made only on the joint receipts of buth trustee and child.

Secondly - In the child's own name-and, if so deposited, repayment will not be made until the child shall attain the age of ten years.
5. A depositor in any of the savings bank post offices may continue hiz deposits at any other of such offices without notice or change of pass book, a i.d can withdraw money at that savings bank office which is most convenient to him. For instance, if he makes his firs' deposits at the saving s bank at Cobourg, he may make further deposits at, or withdraw his money through, the post office b onk at Collingwood or Quebec, Sarnia, Brockville, or any place which may be e invenient to him, whether he continue to reside at Cobourg or remove to some other place.
6. Each depositor is supplied with a pass book, which is to be produced to the postmaster every time the depositor pays in or withdraws mo tey, and the sums paid in or withdrawn are entered therein by the postmaster receiving or paying the same.
Love at first sight of ien leads to marriage with the eyes shut.
What will prevent cold feet ?-Distressed subscriber, wear wooden legs.
For sale, a full set of resolutions ; new the first of the year, but considerably out of repair now.
The young man who wants to get up with the sun must not sit up too late with the daughter.
Franklin is reported to have said that rich widows are the only second-hand goods that sell at prime cost.
Subscribrr-What is the best time and soil to raise celery? Ans.-Celery succeeds best on low, moist soil. The seed is sown in a hot bed in March, and the diants transplantel when large enough in row s, three feet apart, that have been dug out about eight or twelve inches deep. The bottom is made rich with well rotted manure, and the pla its are set out eight inches ap art in the trenches. As the plants grow the soil is thrown into the tre ches until they are filled, and after that the plants are earthed up with soil from between the rows for the purpose of blanching the stalks.

JULY.-Farmers are so frequently deceived and humbugged by quacks and flashy pretenders that it seems necessary to drop a word of cantion. Patent churns-patent wishers-patent springs-patent adjusters, \&c., \&c., are offered here and there and every where. In some neighborloods never a w ek paszes but some grand new notion is temptingly offred to the unwary. We do not say that every thing so offered must he bad, but we have seen the remains of so many infallibilities lying round many a farm yard that it ought not to be necessary to give any warning Siecially be careful to what you put your name. You may be pledging yourself to do what may prove ruinvus. Those patent rights have been a shocking deception. Keep yourself free from unnecessary and unprofitable entanglements.
7. Each depositor's acount is kept in the post master general's office, in Ottawa, and in addition to the po tmaster's receipts in the pass book, a direct ucknowledgmrnt from the povtmaster gencral for each sum puad in is rent to the depositor. If this acknowledgment does not reach the depositor within ten days from the date of his deposit, he must apply immediately to the postmaster general, by letter, being careful to give his address and, if necessary, renew his application until he receives a satisfaciory reply.
8. When a depositor wishes to withdraw money, he can do so by applying to the postmaster general, who will send him by return mail a cheque for the amount, payable at whatever savings bank pust office the depositor may bave named in his application.
9. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum is allowed on deposits, and the interest is added to the principal on the 30th June in each year.

10 Postmasters are foibidden by law to disclose the name of any depositor, or the amount of any sum deposited or withdrawn.

Thinning Froit.-In good bearing season there are but few trees that do not bear too many specimens for their full development in size and flavor. Some of the fruit will be smooth, fair and uninjured, while some will be distorted, scabby and almost valueless. By n moving these knotty suecimens, which can never be good for much, the smooth and perfect ones will have a chance to develop themselves, and while the increased size will i revent the number of hushels $\mathrm{f}_{1} \mathrm{~m}$ being diminished, the improved appearance, as well as quality, will full compen-ate for all the labor bestowed in thinning. In picking off apples, remove first those that show by the borings at the blossom end, that the coddling worm has taken up his abode inside, and then if there are too many still remaining, remove the smaller ones. Every fruit-seller knows that it is the good siz d, fair fruit that is eagerly caught up in market, while it is the small, indifferent, knurly pecimens that go begging for a customer. As a rule, we think trees should rarely be allowed to bear so heavily as to need supports to the branches to prevent breaking down. Any tree that is liable to have its branches split down from its luad of fruit, is carrying more fruit than is well for the tree, or good for the fruit.

## QUESTIONS IN NATURAL HISTORY.

Do our domestic poultry enjoy foul weather?
Some horses are said to resemble pig's feet. Is this on account of their being trotters ?
Is it true that hares in a domesticated state, sit down on chairs as well as forms?
Is it true that the crane is so fond of (h) oysters?
When horses are wounded in battle can they be said to be horse de combat?
Is it really a fact that the lynx can only be found along the chain of the Pyrenees?
Supposing yon were to ask a horse if he liked being driven, is it probable that his answer would be "neigh?"
Does the polar bear at the Zoo consider his place of residence there an ice place
Why are the debates in the new Parliament like Cook's Tours? Because they are personally conducted.

What is the difference between the engine-driver and the passenger who has left the train? Well, you know, one is right in front, while the other is left bebind.

Sound Advice -The answers in the correspondent's column of an AmericanGerman journal contain the following :-"B.S.-We really think that you had better not visit us in order to reccive an explanation of the reason why we have rejected your manuscript. Our staircase, we beg to inform you, has twenty-four steps, and we do not keep a bolster at the bottom."
A shrewd little fellow lived with an uncle who barely afforded him the necessaries of life. One day the two were out together and saw a very thin greyhound, and the man asked his nephew what made the dog so poor. "I expect," replied the boy, "he lives with his uncle."
11. No charge is made to depositors on paying in or drawing out money, nor for Pass Books, nor for postage on cummunications with the Post master General in relation to their deposits.
12. The Postmaster General is always ready to receive and attend to all applications, complaints or other communication - addressed to tim by depositors or others, relative to Post Office Sivige Ba-k bu-iness.
13. A full sta ement of the Reдulations of the Post Office Savings Bank may be seen at the nearest Post Office.

## THE STAMPACTS.

These Acts impose a duty on every promissory note, draft, or bill of exchange, not exceeding $\$ 25,1$ cent; not exceed ng $\$ 50.2$ ce ts : less than $\$ 100,3$ cert, ; not less , hun $\$ 100$, if executed singlv, 3 ernts per $\$ 104$, or traction thereof; if executed in duplicat, 2 cents per $\$ 00$, or traction thereof on each part ; if ex"cated in more than two part, I cent per sit00 or fraction there of on each part.

Auv interest nayable with note at maturity must be counted s part ther of. The duty is to he paid by cill samp, on whi-h the date is to be written. Bauk notes, chrques and money orders are exempt. These Acts impose heavy penalties for violation.

## ERADIGATING SORREL.

The application of lime to land infested with sorrel eradicates it, as in sorrel the oxalic ac d exists in the form of oxalate of potash, which is in a soluble salt, and the addition of lime causes a change of base and form san ins luble salt of oxalate of lime which dors not promate the growth of sorrel, which oxalate of putash dues. Oxalic arid exists natural'y, combined with potash, soda or lime, in a great variely of plan's. It oceurs combined with potash, especially in "xalis ace $t$,sellt and cornurulata, Rumex acetoselln (sheep or field sorrel) and ace os $i$, in the leaves and roots of rhunarb, and in the ro ts of lormentille, Bistorta, fentan, Saponaria nod in many o hers ; al oo in g uano, in certain urinary sediments and calculi. It is generated by the action of nitric acid up $n$ vegetable matter, especially upon substances containing no nitroge 1 , such as starch, gam, lignin, sawduat, \&c. It is found also whe 1 cyan gen is decommoted by water, or uric acid br chlorine, or when organic substances are treated with caustic alkalies in large excess.

It is a powerful acid, and its affinity for lime is such that it takes this base even from its union with sulphuric acid. Oxalate of lime is a white powder formed whenever ox tic acid ur one of its soluble salts is added to a calcareous solution, [t i- extremely insoluble in water, or solution of chloride of ammonia or acetic acid, but dissolves very readily in dilute nitric acid or hidrochloric acad. From the insolubi ity of oxalate of lime it is not probable that it can contribute by itself to the food of plants. It cannot be decomposed by alkalies on superior affinity becanse its rffinity is greater with calcarmons matter, but it may be decomposed witu sulphuric acid, in whurh gynsum will be found, and the oxalic acid, thus disengaged, will be capable of entering into, new combinations with fixed or volatile alkaline salts or magnesia. These combinations are soluble, and when not superacidulated they promote vegetation in a high degree.

AUGUST.-The American Agriculturist says: "With the present rapidly changing demand upon farmers for a greater variety of food products, we need a changed system of Agriculture. The roduction of meat will have to be the chief aim of a lirge number. Ther is a widening demand for milk and cheese, and for the best grade of muttou sheep. All the ee are products of the highest system of farming, in which the soil must be enriched, and kept clear of weeds, so a - to produce maximum crops of forder, that can br manufactured on the farm into the e most saleable articies. The old plan of rotation-gra-s and clover, corn, oatsand what-in which the three grain crops following each other are not w If adapt-d to cattle feeding, especially th last two-muat be aboudoned, if we are to derive any advantage from the new demands and markets so auspiciously opening to us in Europe."

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## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Court of Quenn's Bench. - 17th to 27th of every month, except January, July and Aug ist.
Court in Appral and Error.-Montreal, $11^{\text {th }}$ h to 22 nd March. June. September und December; Qu-bee, $18 t$ to 8 th March, Jule, September and De ember.
Uriwn side. - Quebec, 27th A ril and 27th ictoher: Montreal, 24th M irch and 24th S-ptember; Three Rivers, 23rd March and 23rd Sontember; Sherbrooke, 6th March and 1st Octoner; Kam uraska, 23rd March and 18th Decemb-r: Avlmer, 21st January and 1st July : Percé, 13th March and 13th Anguat : New Carlisle, 13 h J inuary and 13th S rotember: Arthabaskaville 19th F briary and 19th October: Beance, 20th Jane and 20th Uctober; Montmagny, 25th March and 25th Nosember.

## TERMS.

Montreal. - Hochelaga Jacquez Cartıer, Laval. Vandrenil, Soulanges, Laprairie* Chamblv. Varcheres and Gity of lontreal. Held at Montred Ist May to Zoth June, lst $S$ - pember till s'th $D$ cember
Qeebec - Portieuf. Quehec, Montmorenci, Levis. Lotbir i-re and Uity of Quebec. Held at Quebec, from lst to 5th of everv in mht, excepr January, July and August.
Ottawa -Ottawa and Pontiac. Held at Aylmer, from 13th to 19th February, Jun- and November.

Three Riv•rs - Maskinongé, St Man'ice, including City of Three Rivers, Champlain and Ni-olet. Held at Three Rivers, trom 17 th March to 22nd of June, S ptember and December.
Trapping Rars - A corresonndent gives he following mode which he has successfully adonted: Having lured to destrac mon miy old Shomons among rass, I will detail my plin: Take a man nearly full of bran, set a small steel trap without any bat, put a light w id fow or cotion under the pan of the trap, which press down as if j ist ready to siring ; put the trat in the br u, making a place with the hand, so that it may b. below the surface whon li-vel, lastly, scatter : few kernels of cor, on the hran (pumpkin seeds are better), and you are r ady for your victim. I hardly ever fail $t$, fiol some of he ringitaders in this way, while youngerones are easily caught. If " $P$. 'cannot thus circumvent that shy and curming old spreimen, I will give him my plan with trychaine, which is as swift with rats as with dogs. So much for the Wisc in iu rats. We canot but think that the "old Solomens" out there are not half so wise or cunning as some we have pncountered at the East. Soms years ago the rats made bad havoc in our cel ar. and we resolved to try the efficacy of the steel trap. It was set iu a larg flat vessel and well covered and tudden with bran. We were more cautious than the writer above, for we used a la:ge spoon to move the bran, fearing the rats migut smell the touch of tingers and keep away small bits of cheese were then tropped over all arts fthe brat and over the covered trap. The next morning there wer- tracks of rat all over the surtace, except where the trap was burie $l$; and the cheese was all take 1 except directly ov r the trap. We were e mpelled to resort to a more effectual trap, wbich proved quite success-ful-in the shape of a fine old tom cat.-

SEPTEMBER. - What is the best to be done in the matter of the planting of trees in the fall of the year depends very m ach on ci cumstances. Locality bas to be considered it the first in-talce Uther things being eq al, the better condition of the sail, the greater comfor in worki $I$, , ensur $n_{2}$ better lanting and the less pressing character of other work, are all in fav or of fall planting. Besides these, the trees having become established in the soil start mucn earli r in spring, and are thus better prepared to resist he summer drousit than those set in spring. In far Northern locilities, in which there is but a briet pertod between the time when trees can be taken up and the setting in of winter, spring planting is preferable, but where there are some weeks of autumn weatuer, it is better to plant all but the stone fruits in autumn.

Montreal District.-Montreal Circuit, Montreal, 10th to 15 th of every month except January, July and Augnst

Qürb c District.-Quebec Circuit Court, 16th to 21st January and June and 20th to 25th of ever: month, excen' July and August.

Three Fivers Disticic --Three Rivers Uircuit, Three Rivers. 22nd to 27th March, June, Srptember and December.

Ottawa Dist. Ict.-1, itawa Cirenir, Aylmer, 7th to 12th February, June and November.

Ottawa County (2nd), Papineauville, 7th to 10th January, May and Septem ber.

Ottawa County Circuit. Held at Buckingham, 19th and 2uth January, May and September.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Court of Error and Appeal. - Constitnted for the hearing of appeals in civil cases from the Courts of Queen's Bench. Chancery and Conimon Pleas, and anpeals in crimual cases from the Courts of Quren's Bench and Common Pleas. From the judgment of this Court an appeal lies to the sui reme Uourt of Casada, in cases over $\$ 4,000$, or where annual rent, fer, or turure pleas and apieals in criminal cases from the Courts of Queen's Bruch and rights of any amount are affected.

Court of Queen's Bench - The juris diction of this Cuurt ext-nds to all manner of actoons, causes and suits, criminal and civil, real, persona, and mixed, within Ontario, and it may proceed in such, by such process and course as are provided by law.

Court of Common Pleas.-This Court has the same powers and jurisdiction as a Court of Record, as the Court of Queeu's Bench. Writs of summons and capias issue alternately from either Cour .
Court of Chancery.-This Court has the like jurisdiction as the Court of Chancery in kngland, in case of traud, accident, trust, executors, administrators, co-partnerships, account, mortgag's, awards, dower, infaits, idiots, lunatics and their estates, waste, spectic performance, discovery, and oprevent multiphicity of suits, staying proceedings at law irusecmed agansi equity and good con-cience, and may decree the issue, repeal or avoidance if leiters patent, aud generally the like powers which the Court of Chancery in Eugland possesses

County Courts.-Presided over by a residen Judge in each County. Their jurisdiction extends to all personal actions uhere the debt or damages claimed do not exceed $\$ 200$; and to ail suits relating to debt, covenant or contract where the amount is ascertained by the acts of the parties or signature of the defendant, to $\$ 400$; azd to all bail bonds and recognizances of bail given in the County Court, to any amount ; bilt not to cases involving the title to lands, validity of wills, or actions for lib- l, slander, etim. con. or seduction
Surrogate Cuurts.- The jurisdiction of these Courts relates to all testamentary matt rs and causes, and to the granting or revoking of probate of wills aud letters of administration of the effects of diserased persons having estate or effects in

[^1]Ontario, and all matters arising out of or connected with the grant or revocation of probate or administration, subject to an appeal to the Court of Chancery.
Cogrt of Gengial Sessions. - The County Judge in each county holds a Court of Genera! Sessions in his county semi annually on the second Tuesday in June and Decembrr, except in the County of York, in which county ssid Court is beld three times, commenci 1 g on the second Tuesday in March, June and December, for the tral of cases of folony and misdemeanor, but trea on aud capital felunies are exempt from their jurisdiction.

## Terms of the Courts.

Court of Error and Appeal.-This Court holds its sittings twice a year at Tormento in the months of Jinuary and June, upon such days as it may by rule or order from time to time appoint.
Law Tenss.-Hilary beginst first Monday in February; and ends Saturday of the ensuing week: Eater begi is third Mouday in Miv. and ends Saturday of the seco if week thereaf'er ; Michaelmw begins third Monday in November, and ends Saturday of the second week thereafter.
Chancery Terms - Exam.nation Teims.-From 1st Tuesday of February to the Saturday after the 2nd Tuesday of April, and foum lat Tuasday of September to the Saturday after 1st Tuesday of Nov mber. Hearing 'erms-Frm 4th Monday in April until S surday of the following week and from 3rd Monday in November until Saturday of the following week. The Court also sis every Tuesday (except during the regular vacations).
County Courr Tram - - The several Oounty Oonrts in Ontario hold four terms in each year, to commence on the first Monday is Jan lary, April, July and Octuber.
"We're in a pickle now," said a man na crowd. "A regular jam," said another. "Heaven preserve us!" mourned an old lady.
The young man tosked sitiable list Sunday whon, as he left the church door his cane came apart and a fish pole t lescoped out of it.
Bebf Stewed with Sy $i$ p Beans, - Take four pound; of rather fat brisket, two finely chomped oni nns, a table-zpoonful of salt, half a t aspoonfinl o" white pepper, as much cayenne penper as you c.an take on the end of a ienknife, six cloves, and a quart of water ; have the w tter b iling before putting is your beer and seasoning; let it come to a boil after outtung them in, then s't it back on the stove to simmer for three hours, skimming occasionally; keep your pot closely covered, and be careful nut to let it stop stewing; string and split leng hwise across the seed two quarts of beans; put them in with your beef, adding a tablesponful of sugar and a gill of vinegar and lot them boil for half an hour.
Red Raspberries in Uurrant Jelev.-Wh:' the eareant juice has boiled twenty minut sput $n$ the proper q iantity of sygar to m ke jelly, and imm diately afterward add $r$ quart of fresh red raspherries for every pint of currant juise ; then, stir in an ad titional pound of -ugar for each quart of berries used. For two pints of currant $j$ ace that would be tw., p un ds of sugar. tw. quarts of $b$ rries and two mor pounds of sugar. Let boil fo tive minutes, and turn into bowls or small earther I jars Patbrandied paper over the toll of ach jar paste paperover, and set in a cool diy place. If poss ble use red and wive carrants mixed, for the color being lighter will better show the whole fruit imbedded in the j-lly, but any way the flavor is delicions.
"You see," said the American min-ster at London to Gladstone, "our seamen can't git along without their navy thbacco" Wherempon Gialstone respond d: "Well, Englant frels that she c .ild not exist w thout her novy to hack her too."

The average nersun speak $~ a b$,ut 120 worts a minute. This eat mate is considerably short of that require 1 whon the suraker has a trunk lid fall on his head while h is hunting for a sloeve bution

A rich bit parsom nout old gentl-met on hoing taken to tak for his uncharitubleness, said: "True, I don't give mueh; but if you only kasw how it harts me when I give anyıhing you wouldn't wonder.

It may be of interest to younz people, married or single, who indulge in a good deal of sweetness, to know that the hard-working practical bee produces during its lifetime nearly"twice as much honey as it does wax.

The ox-eye daisy is a very fashionable flower in the city, but a vile pest to the farmer It is propagated b) the seed, and may b destr yod bo mowing before the seed is formed. Two or three seasons may berequired to subdue it, but it is a standing reproach to any farmer to have his field overrum with this weed.

Formerly it was considered best to let grass stand until the seed was full grow. . hefore cutting, but of late years it has become almost the un versal custom to cut when m-st of the grass is in full blom. The advantages claimed tor early cutting are, first butter huy, which is more readily enten by cattle ; second, less injury to the grass roots ; third, a better chance for a second crop

Potash dissolved in water, or lye from wood asties, is a good wash for the trunks and large li bs of fruit trees. Whitewash should not be used, as it closes the pores of the bark, which should be keat open in order to insur a healthy tree, Potash or lye answ-rs every purpose which whitewash would, with none of its objections

Hominy bread is very delicate, and as the recipe is equally good with cold boiled rice, which is often it hand, I g ve the manner of making it : A large cup of cold boiled rice, or homiay, as much Indian corn meal, and the same of flour and milk, to make thi k batter, then beat in three egge, a tea-sooonf 1 of salt, and a dessert spoo itil of sugar; stir in a tablesponful of butter melted, and hake in a shallow tin pan in a hot oven; cut it out insq ares, and serve hot on a uapkin. This a id all bieads having corn meal need to be lib. rally buttered.
Lever, tho novelist noticung that the nand of a w in $n$, wh, was bringing him some tua at a small cou urv hotel, sho. k tremulonsly, k idly said to her: "I am sorrv fo see, Budy, that you have a weakness io your hand.' "Oh, your honor," shereplied with a glanee of indescribable humor, " the weakness is not in me hand but inside the tay-pot."

A goodly parson complained to an elderly lady of his congregation that her dughier appeared to be woolly tak n up wuth trifles or worldy fiuery, insteat of fixing her mind on thing a above. "You a e errainly mistaken, sir," said she, "I know that girl aupars to an observer to be tak n up wita world $y$ things; but, you ca not judge currectly of the direction her mind really takes, as she is little cross eyed"
Hans Grawyost, a worthy German furmer, has a shrewish wife, who has long rendered his life anyming but a conch of roses. On dav not logg ago she, i, a tit of piqu-, picked up her duds aud left him, vowing nev-r to come back. The news went around among 'he neighbors you know how intelligence of all kind-travels in the cuntry-and at night sseveral of them, of whom 1 was one, we it to condole with Hans. He sat on his front stoon, patfing at his pife. "Ha s," I remarked "I pity you." "My boy" replied the honest Dutchman as he distu hedly kuocke out the ashes of his pipe, "you vas right. She has shus come back"

Appetite. - a himals will not eat unless hulg ; why should we? Let your appetite come uninvited, and avoid "bitters" before eat.ng.

Quality of Food. - O e pround of corn is equal, in real sustaining food, to about $3_{4}$ pounds of potateses, or $8 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds of cibb.ge, or $11 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds of white turnips

To Ulean Black Oashmere.-Wa-h in hot suds witha litile borax in the water; rinse in blueing water-very blue-and iron while damp. it will look almost equal to new.

OCTOBER - I 1 our March note we have $s$ w k n on Veterinary Studies. In an American jour aal we tind the following: ' If a physician has ail he can do to treat ailing humanity, c-rtaiuly the animals will be negi-cted, but whe., ns at present, the "doctors" are making a poor living, or none at all; what should prevent them from trealing the animals? Nothing hinders but a false pride. Studs and experier ce will enable a y physician to do it with success. Comparative anatomy is studied in all o ir Med cal Schools; comparative pathology should be. The knowledge of animal disease is of great service to a physician. In fact man and anumals are fou id to have so many diseases in common, that animal pathology is quite essential to r-nso ting upon and Ireating many of the ills that man is heir to. Were it to become $n g$ neral custom amoug physicians to treat animals and to oharge for it, much good would result.

Ventilation.-Remember this fact: Disease lurks in every unventilated room, and especially in bed-rooms. Fresh air is just as nec"ssary us food for the body.
Apple Cieam.-Peel and cor tive large apples; boil the m in a little water till soft enongh to press through a sieve, sweeten, and beat with them the whites of five eggs Serve with cream around them.
Toma o Butter.-Sixten ponnds nice tomatoss, quart of vinegar, eighteen pounds of s ign Boil ritogether ntil thick When half done add two large spoonfals of cinnamon, oue of geou id mace, and a teaspoonful of cloves or allspice.

A Good Drink for the Lungs - Wash clean a few pieces of Irish moss; put it in a pitcher, and pour over it Iw's cups of b iling water Set where it will keep at the b,iling mint, bat not bo I, for iwo hours. Stran, and squeeze into it the juice of ore lemon. Sweeten to taste.
Si.EEP. - The amonnt of sleep newded differs according to the constitution and habits. Big brains and person* who perform much brain lathor need a lage amount of sleen. Children need more sleep than grown people, because construction is more active than decay $i$, their brains

Cream Sherber.-Pat the yolks of six egg* and a des erispoonful of vanilla into two quarts of cream. Place on the fire in stew pan and let it come th a boil, then strain. And three fourths of a puond of loaf sugar and stir until dissolved. When cold set on ice, or freeze as ice cream.

Walkr.-More diseases are cansed b drinking impure water than are hrought upon us by poor food. Watert rms three.qu rters of our weght, and beforw aty part of our food can be tak $\quad$ into nur bodins it must he dissolved in the fluid of the st mach. Therefore be sure that the water you drink is uure.
Chills and Fiserr.-We have heard of a ve y sim le remeds, bit cannot voneh for its efficacy. Take a teaspurnfut of finly pulverized gg-shella, mixed with molasses, on going in bed, after coaking the feet in strong, ho muslard water. A smontul of incture of wormwan is also $g$ wd as a prev ntive, tow and then.

Flour. - The bolting and siltirg of flour, it has loug bern known, deprives the consumer of many of its life-sustaning elements The flour from gond grain can be imuroved unly hi freei g it from all toreign substances and cleaning perfectly the exterior of the wheat; and tue only whitene-s that should be req ifred is that produced by age.
Apple Trafle.-Peal, core and roil till tender. a doz"n tart apples, with the rind of a l mongr ted ; stran t rough a sieve, add sugar to taste, and nu into a deep fruit-dish. Make n custa d of a pint of cruam and the yolks of two egge, wi h a little sugar. Whet cold lay it over the apples with a spoon, and uver the whole t lace whi ped cream.

NOV LMBLiR. * Bits if good advice Woud cutand split wow will be dry in a month. Dry wood nealy piled under shelter is a family peace presel ver.:Clean up and bur all rubbis' boars, old barrel hoops, boots, \&c, should be thus disnos of --Put empyy barrels and boxes. \&c., tha are of value. in neat pi es, and cover them.- Get ready for winter and the snow by leaving nothing "lying about loose". - Clean out the cellars. dra ns a id gutters - (iet un timb-r for making posts and rails in stormy wea her -3 . careful of lights The safest oil is a kerosene which will not take fir and explode if the lamp is upset. Avoid low priced oils, and use only th best, which give the must ight fur the money, and are the cheapest as well as safest. Keep insur-d, and be not less careful on that account.

DECE VBER. - When mich cows cannot have grass, they ought to have at least half a bushel of roots a day. At that rate each cow will eat half a ton each month, allowing about ten per ce it for waste. That quantity is none too much for dry stock which are bei ig well wintered. Farmers are well aware th the better cows are wintered. the surer and beller are their return* when they come in. Yet roots make so much milk that, where milk cannot b- sold it makes so much work in winter, with usually poot returns, that an abundance is objectu nable, and so there is little inducement to grow roois. How ver, milk in wilter is becommg desirable over alm ist the whole country, and theretore we would advise attention to the cultivation of root crops.

## ottawa City officials (Offices, City Hall).

(C. H. Mackintosh, Mayor.)

A'dermen.-Victoria Ward-Charles A. Christin, John Bobier, Andrew Masson. Wellington Ward-David Scott, J. C. Jamieson, W. H. Lewis. St. George's Ward-ras. Egleson, Geo. A. Harris, A. O. F. Coleman. By Ward-Dr. St. Jean, John Heney, M. Starrs. Uttawa Ward-O. A. Rocque, Samuel Bingham, E. E Lauzon.

Ottawa City Passenger Railway Co.-General Offices, New Edinburgh. T. C. Kuefer, president; Robt. Biackburn, vice president; J. M. Currier, M.P., W. G. Perley, M. McNaughton, Jus. Rochester, directors; Wm. Graham, superintendent and secretary.

Officers of the Corporation.-W. P. Lett, city clerk; Hy. Jackson, assistant clerk; Wm. J. Kennedy, clerk ; T. H. Kirby, city treasurer ; Jas. Lindsay, city accountant; T. W. Thompson, city collector; W. O. St. George, bailiff Rubt. Surtees, city engineer ; Weldon Champness clerk; A. Pratt, assessment commissioner ; Jas. Riopelle \& Wm. Porter, assessors ; W. P. Lett, registrar of births, marriages and deaths; R. O'Reilly \&S. Rochwell, auditors; Thos. Langrell, market iuspector ; Michael Nile, messenger

## curious facts.

One-half of all who are born die before reaching the age of 17 .
The following words, if spelt backwards or forwards, are still the same-" Name no one man."

A statue of Christ, cut out of a block of ivory, the work of the eleventh century, has lately been found in Andalusia, Spain.
Man is the only animal that will eat a radish raw or cooked: Hogs will not touch them, and no buman being ever ought to do so

In the te th century the nations of the Baltic used ropes of twisted rawhide thongz. They are still used in western Seotland for boats and draft.
Coffee in France is now mixed with beet-root instead of chicory, which is more agree able to the taste, and does not require half the quantity of sugar.

Some of the aged fig trees of India are said to cover as much as two acres of ground by the simple extension of branches, and regiments of soldiers have been known to take refuge under the shadow of a single tree.

A musket ball may be fired through a pane of glass, making a hole the size of the ball, without cracking the glass; if the glass be suspended by a thread, it will make no difference, and the thread will not even vibrate.
Mr. David Dale Owen, in a recent lecture at Vincenues upon Agricultural Chemistry incidentally alludes to the origin of cual. The doctor is not a believer in the th-ory of the vegetable origin of coal, bat is an advocate of the more modern and rational idea that coal is the condensation or solidification of the vast volumes of the carb onic gases that surrounded the world before the temperature of the eartin a id its atm isphere had been reduced to a condition to support animal life.

A cheap curtain, and quite a pretty one, is a width of cheese cloth, trimmed at the top and down one side with one row, or three, IWo narrow and one wide, as best suits the taste of the maker, of red oil calico. Such a curtain is to be furnished with largo rings at the top to be rua over a rod. A broom handle stained with burnt umber makes a very prativ od When the curtain is drawn to one side and ifed with scarlet ribbon it mikes a very or tty drapry. - $\boldsymbol{H}$ was -iesper.

Grimam Bikad. -To two poun Is of Gaham H,ur allow a pint of milk, a pins of witer, a win-glassful of molasses, a reaspo nffal of salt, half a teasmonful of sode and tw, lablesp roatuls of strong yeast. But a yeast, myasses, soda and salt in lake-w urin milk and water. Siir in the flour until tou stiff to use a spoon. Kaead and bake as usual.
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[^0]:    FEBRUARY.-While we do not deprecate the effort now being made to populate and settle our North West Territories, we would at the same time remind our readers thit there are tens of thousands of acres of good land in Quebec yet untouched by the hand of industry. Much of this is comi $1 g$ into market, and can be had at reasonable rates. Our vacant lands do not require long and tedious journeys to reach them. A sort of fever to go West often sets in, whereas the East has many attractions and ought to be considered. The hardships of breaking up fresh territory are about the same every where. Many portions of Quebec are not surpassed in excellence by any part of Untario. We hope these few words will not be misconstrued. We are Canadians, and have a grand country.

[^1]:    A poor loafer, on hearing that they charged tive dollars a day for board in California, said he should go there tolive, a's he wist ed to get in some place where ha could get his board charged to 1 im . He is not particular about the price.
    At a Church in Southwark there was a christening. After the ceremony, and while he mi nster was making out the certincate, $h$. hap ened to say, "Let me see, this is the 3"th?" "Thirtieth?" exclaimed the indignant mother, "indeed it is only the thirteenth!"
    How Unreasonable Some Girls Ark! Felicia asked her brother to buy a popular ${ }^{\text {r }}$ scientific monthly for ner, because it had an article on " Ancmut Me hoods of Flirtation;' then, when be brought it hons she grew suddenly indignant, and said be was horrid and mean because it turned out to be on" Ancient Methods of Filtration."

