

# The Semi-Weekly Telegram

and The News

VOL. LI.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1912

NO 91

## THREE KILLED IN BOSTON WRECK

### Forty Injured, Some of Them Fatally

#### Train Going at High Speed Left the Rails at Dorchester

#### Engineer and Fireman Buried Under the Locomotive—Woman Passenger Scalded to Death—Spectator of the Accident Drops Dead.

**Canadian Press**  
Boston, Aug. 9.—Two engines and a passenger train were killed, a spectator dropped dead and forty or more passengers were injured shortly before noon today by the derailing of an inbound train on the Plymouth division of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. in Dorchester.

**The Dead.**  
William J. Tirrell, jr., engineer, South Braintree.  
Frank Campbell, fireman, Cohasset.  
Mrs. Frank Jenkins, passenger, Atlantic.

Michael Daley, spectator, Dorchester. The train, made up of a locomotive, three passenger coaches and a baggage car, was rushing along at thirty-five miles an hour when it struck the curve opposite the Crescent avenue station when the locomotive jumped the rails.

Two of the passenger cars followed the engine off the rails and bumped over the trestle for 100 feet or more. The locomotive then plunged off into the main line and half buried itself. The momentum of the train carried two of the passenger cars over the trestle.

Three more of the persons taken to the hospital were seriously injured that it is feared they will die. The woman passenger, Mrs. Jenkins, was scalded to death. The channels of information have been checked by the opponent of popular government in the effort to prevent the people from finding out for what they are doing.

**AMERICAN LEADS IN CANADIAN OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP**  
George Sargent Made New Record for the Course—Rockwood, St. John "Pro," in 21st Place.

**COMMITTEE ON PLATFORM**  
The committee on platform got into a lively row soon after organization was completed tonight and some pretty plain words were spoken in discussing the proposed platform of the new party.

**THE MYSTERY SOLVED**  
The horse and wagon mystery which has been for some time puzzling the people of the city, has at last been solved.

**BALLOONIST FELL TO HIS DEATH BUT FAIR CROWD DIDN'T SEE IT**  
Binghamton, N. Y., Aug. 8.—Several thousand people crowding the northern city this afternoon beheld J. J. Fanning, a balloonist employed by Prof. Hutchinson, fall to his death from a balloon.

**THE MURDERER**  
The flower-painted white silk sunshade was the sunshade of Edward G. Bremer.

## SENATE IGNORES BRITISH PROTEST

### Votes to Favor United States Ships in Panama Canal Tolls

#### Senators Think Canadian Pacific Road Will Not Be Able to Evade Their Coastwise Regulations in Using the Waterway—England Can Retaliate by Reducing Rates Through the Suez.

**Canadian Press**  
Washington, Aug. 9.—The extent to which the Canadian Pacific Railway might control traffic through the Panama canal gave the senate occasion for much debate when the anti-railroad section of the canal bill was reached late today.

**FINAL VOTE TODAY**  
Senators Think Canadian Pacific Road Will Not Be Able to Evade Their Coastwise Regulations in Using the Waterway—England Can Retaliate by Reducing Rates Through the Suez.

**BLAME C. P. LINER FOR COLLISION**  
Empress of Britain Going Too Fast When She Cut Helvetia in Two

**CENSURE CAPTAIN**  
Wreck Commissioner Refuses, However, to Touch Commander Murray's Certificate on Account of His Good Record and Mastery Handling of Steamer After Disaster Occurred.

**TWO MEN BADLY SCALDED ON STEAM YACHT AT QUEBEC**  
Chief Engineer and Fireman the Victims of Explosion on Craft Owned by C. B. Gordon of Montreal.

**ARREST FOLLOWS WITNESS' STORY AT I. C. R. ENQUIRY**  
Elmer Ferguson Charged With Perjury by Dr. Murray—Prisoner Admitted to Bail.

**WILL HAVE NEW YORK YARMOUTH SERVICE**  
New Management of D. A. R. Steamers Plan Changes in the Spring

**GERMAN MINE DISASTER COST 103 LIVES**  
Bochum, Aug. 8.—An explosion of black damp and coal dust this morning in the Lorraine shaft of the coal field in the village of Gerthe, four miles from Bochum, cost the lives of 103 miners.

**UNIONISTS WIN A LIBERAL SEAT**  
Manchester, Aug. 8.—The Unionists gained a seat in the house of commons today by the election of their candidate for the northwest division of Manchester to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Sir G. Kemp.

**MONKS TO INVESTIGATE PETVIVAN ATROCITIES**  
London, Aug. 8.—A mission composed of four Franciscan monks from English monasteries, has been appointed by the Pope to go to the Petvivan rubber district of Peru, where atrocities were reported to have occurred.

## THE "BULL MOOSE" TICKET



## BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA TO INCREASE ITS CAPITAL

### One Million Dollars Stock to Be Issued to Shareholders at \$240 Per Share—Bid Price for Stock on Toronto Exchange Was \$276.50 Yesterday.

**Canadian Press**  
Toronto, Aug. 9.—The Bank of Nova Scotia has sent out notices to its shareholders announcing that the capital is to be increased by \$1,000,000.

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## HAYT'S PRESIDENT BURIED WITH PALACE

### Four Hundred More Dead or Injured

#### Powder Magazine Under Official Residence Exploded

#### Flames Soon Licked Up the Massive Pile—Chief Executive Perished But Family Escaped—Cause of the Disaster Unknown.

**Canadian Press**  
Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 8.—General Guinardus Leconte, president of the republic of Hayti, perished today in a fire which destroyed the national palace. It was caused by an explosion of the powder magazine attached to the palace.

**TO DOUBLE THE CAPACITY HERE**  
Dominion Coal Company to Increase Facilities at St. John

**OFFICIALS HERE**  
President and General Manager in the City on Inspection Trip—Plant to Be Capable of Handling 600 Tons of Coal an Hour.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 4.—The following officers of Mount Pleasant Lodge, I. O. G. T., have been installed for the current year: Wm. T. Everett, secretary; Evelyn Robinson, A. S.; Mabel Steves, S. S.; Mrs. A. H. Peck, treasurer; Mrs. W. Bray, chaplain; Hugh Wright, M. M.; Merrill Russell, D. M.; Frank Steves, G.;

SOUTHAMPTON

Southampton, Aug. 5.—G. Hedley Mazon and wife, of Seattle, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Pritchard. Howard Shaw, of New York, came all the way to New Brunswick in his own auto. He is now visiting his brother-in-law, Reid Bethell, merchant, of Andover, Victoria county.

GREENWICH HILL

Greenwich Hill, Aug. 5.—A picnic social was held at Samuel Chisholm's Thursday night. The sum of \$10 was realized. After the picnic a dance followed. Miss Susan Linton, of St. John, is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Ernest Pitt.

HAVELOCK

Havelock, Aug. 5.—Mrs. Donnell, of Medford (Mass.), who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Kate Thorne, left for her home today. Her mother accompanied her to St. John, where they will visit a number of relatives, including Mrs. C. D. Strong and other.

NEW JERUSALEM

New Jerusalem, Aug. 5.—Rev. J. D. Milbury and Mrs. Milbury, of Parrsboro (N. B.), were here on Sunday. George F. Sleep, of New York, is visiting his mother and brother, W. B. Sleep, of New York, who is visiting his mother, Mrs. Willard Fisher.

REXTON

Rexton, N. B., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Robert Saultier and daughter, Miss Beatrice, of Rexton, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Mersemer, before going to Europe where the doctor will take a special course.

NORTON

Norton, N. B., Aug. 6.—Dr. Polley and Mrs. Polley, of Eureka (N. B.), spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James Laughery. Miss Grace Jackson, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Henry Stuart, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Henry Stuart.

ST. MARTINS

St. Martin's, N. B., Aug. 6.—Miss Julia Power, of Dorchester (Mass.), is spending the summer at her home here. Miss Belle Hodson, who has been spending her vacation at her home here, returned to Quebec Tuesday.

MONCTON

Moncton, Aug. 6.—Half an inch of rain fell here in a short time today during a thunder storm that passed over the city. Tonight the temperature is decidedly low and between the rain and the cold farmers are getting discouraged. Comparative little hay has yet been cut and what has been cut is mostly rotting in the fields.

COLE'S ISLAND

Cole's Island, Aug. 5.—Rev. Ernest Rowlands preached to a large audience in the Methodist church last Sunday. The congregation was led last week for Maine, where they will spend a few weeks, the guest of their son.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 7.—The firemen's muster concluded tonight with a torchlight procession which was witnessed by thousands of spectators. All the local fire companies were present, including the St. John's, St. Andrew's and St. Stephen's.

PERTH

Perth, N. B., Aug. 6.—Mrs. N. Armstrong and Mrs. Stevens, of Perth, were the guests of Mrs. J. Faulstich, Sunday. Miss Violetta Shaw has returned to her home in Perth after spending the week with her cousin, Miss Dora Stewart.

FUNERAL OF JOHN HENDRICKS

Hampton, N. B., Aug. 7.—The funeral of John Hendricks, the young man who was drowned in the Kennebec River near his home on Sunday last, took place yesterday (Tuesday) afternoon and was attended by a very large number of persons from both sides of the river. Services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. Canon Hamilton. The long procession which traversed the five miles and over from the late home of the deceased to his last resting place consisted of between thirty-five and forty teams, and it was joined at the Station and Village by other friends who were unable to go to the house. Interment was made in the Lower Norton churchyard, where so many of the family have been buried.

HARD ON THE TRADE

Wool, Mr. Willson: I have just called on you to see if you will add my name to the subscribers for a new pulp mill for our millinery. I hope you'll put down something handsome. "I'll do nothing of the kind, Mrs. Brown," was the curt reply. "It's no pulp trade that canna afford to buy its own tools."

DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills exactly meet the need which so often arises in every family for a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation, but they are greatly in breaking up a Cold or Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they are effective in Rheumatism, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a Household Remedy.

CHURCH SMITH GO TO CHURCH?

Mr. Nicholson Asks What There is in the Church for Him

INTERESTING ARTICLE ON THE PROBLEM

Novelist Calls Attention to the Religious Differences of the People, and Makes Constructive Suggestions With a View to Increasing the Efficiency of the Church—Smith's Critical Attitude Well Founded.

WRECKED BY LIGHTNING

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 7.—A house owned by Herbert McLean and occupied by David Chapman, about three miles from the city on the Electric road, was struck by lightning during Tuesday afternoon's storm and badly damaged. Every room in the house was wrecked. Luckily for the occupants they were standing on the veranda talking to some people who were passing when the storm started and had gone to the veranda for shelter.

WHERE THE TIRES GO.

(Kansas City Star.) The old maid sister was watching her married brother patch a motor car tire. "I have always been interested," she said, "in the utilization of waste." Now, Charlie, where do you suppose all of these burst tires go to and?" "I don't know," replied the besmeared brother, "but if they go where most people consign 'em there must be a terrible smell of rubber in the great beyond."

TWO MEN KILLED AT SYDNEY PLANT

Sydney, N. S., Aug. 6.—(Special)—The Lamey and J. Cusack, two workmen employed at the Cross Fertilizer plant, Sydney, were instantly killed today. The two men were working on a stage pile underneath a crane when the cable snapped and the pile fell on them. The crane belonged to the Steel Company but the men were employed by the Fertilizer Company. Both belonged and leaves a widow and one child.

RECORD OF THE FISH CAUGHT BY MR. MITCHELL SHOWS THIS PROVINCE IS THE GREATEST SALMON FISHING COUNTRY IN THE WORLD.

A. Mitchell, of Norwich (Conn.), usually spends June and a part of July in fishing salmon on the Restigouche, at Rammede Lodge water. Charles Radlie, with whom Mr. Mitchell usually fishes, and who has sometimes been his fishing companion, recently received from Mr. Mitchell a memorandum of his catch this year. An examination of the figures goes far to show that New Brunswick is the greatest salmon fishing country in the world. Here is the record of the fish killed by Mr. Mitchell's own rod:

Table with 2 columns: Pounds, Fish. Lists weights of fish caught in various categories.

THE BAPTIST MINISTERS

(Maritime Baptist) Rev. W. E. McLarty, pastor Sunday at Cady's, N. B. Rev. E. D. Webber, pastor Wolfville church, having a few weeks' vacation. Rev. A. A. Rutledge, of the Southamptons, N. B., pastorate, is on vacation. A paragon happy—the home of the Rev. J. H. McDonald, D. D., Fredericton, is having vacation during August. He and Mrs. McDonald went to Tidnish, N. S., Saturday. Rev. F. H. Wentworth, pastor of Waterloo street church, this city, is holidaying at Oak Point. He will be absent three weeks. Rev. W. B. Hinson, D. D. of the White Temple, Portland, Oregon, is away on vacation at Oak Point. He will be absent three weeks. Rev. G. A. Lawson, First Moncton church, conducted an open air service at Bend View Square Sunday evening. Two thousand people were present. Rev. W. W. Weeks, D. D., Springfield, Mass., is spending a six weeks' vacation in England. He is to preach four Sundays in the Ferns Park Baptist church, London. Rev. A. H. C. Morse, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., is spending part of this month in Victoria, B. C., and will return by a United States route, visiting Seattle, San Francisco and other points. His ministry in Bridgeport has been marked with a good degree of success. The work at the First Baptist church of North Vancouver, B. C., of which Rev. A. Prosser is pastor, continues to grow in numbers and influence. On Sunday, July 22, four were baptized. During the period of brother Prosser's ministry, which began in April, 1911, nearly one hundred members have been received into the fellowship of the church. Rev. J. B. Champion, Roxborough church, Philadelphia, is spending his vacation in his native Canada. His church is to celebrate its 150th anniversary in the last three quarters of a century. The church has had only four pastors. An Examiner correspondent says: "The church is fortunate in its present pastor, who doctrinally and Biblically is one of our strongest men. He knows what he believes, and has the courage of his convictions to stand for the faith delivered, once for all to the saints."

BRITISH JUSTI SUFFRAGE

Dublin, Aug. 7.—Mary Leidy, who was tried today for wounding John E. Reilly, the Irish Nationalist, with a brickbat on July 19, was sentenced today to imprisonment. Leidy Baker, who was being an accomplice of Leidy, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to imprisonment. Mabel Capper, who was an accomplice of Gladys E. charged for lack of evidence. Mary Leigh addressed the court in her own defence. She attempted to prove her innocence because she feared the methods of gain votes for women. The attorney-general for O'Connor, spoke strongly in which would have attended, saying that was a price high to pay for votes for women. The verdict of guilty was received with a great deal of interest by the spectators in court. The judge said it was his duty to pronounce a sentence which was a deterrent effect.

APPRECIATES WORK OF U. S. REVENUE

J. Willard Smith, Schooner Ravola, American Government Assistance to His Examination of the schooner Ravola, of the Maritime Provinces, met here today, about forty of the work of the order. Charles E. Cornell, of the schooner, who is present as representative of the schooner, was elected. The schooner was in the hands of the crew of the Air cutter Woodbury in taking the rocks. It was necessary for the men to use dynamite to clear the rocks, so that the schooner could be freed. Mr. Smith speaks in terms of the work of the revenue men and not one cent has him for the service.

GRAND COUNCIL ROYAL ARCADE ELECTS

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 7.—Council of the Royal Arcanum, Maritime Provinces, met here today, about forty of the work of the order. Charles E. Cornell, of the schooner, who is present as representative of the schooner, was elected. The schooner was in the hands of the crew of the Air cutter Woodbury in taking the rocks. It was necessary for the men to use dynamite to clear the rocks, so that the schooner could be freed. Mr. Smith speaks in terms of the work of the revenue men and not one cent has him for the service.

BORING FOR AND GAS AT DORC

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 7.—Offshoots, Limited, is erecting and machinery on the shore at Upper Dorchester for boring for oil and gas. It is a strike there is a supply of oil wells and other towns in

Advertisement for 'The Army of Constipation' featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills. Text includes 'Is Growing Smaller Every Day' and 'Carter's Little Liver Pills are responsible for the relief of constipation'.



MON FISHING IN NEW BRUNSWICK

rd of the Fish Caught by Mitchell Shows This Province is the Greatest Mon Fishing Country in World.

Mitchell, of Norwich (Conn.), usual in June and a part of July in fish- on on the Restigouche, at Ran- y-Lodge water, Charles Baffin, with Mr. Mitchell usually fishing, and is sometimes been his fishing com- recently received from Mr. M. H. memorandum of his catch this year. mination of the figures goes far to that New Brunswick is the greatest fishing country in the world. Here record of the fish killed by Mr. M. H. own rod:

Table with 2 columns: Fish, Pounds. Lists various fish species and their weights.

THE BAPTIST MINISTERS

(Maritime Baptist) W. E. McIntyre, spent Sunday at N. B. ...

J. H. Wrenthorpe, pastor of West- street church, this city, will hold Oak Point. He will be absent three weeks ...

H. A. C. Moore, D. D., of Brook- Y., is spending part of this month old Nova Scotia home. Soon after he goes to his new pastorate in ...

S. Cummings, of the First church, Mass is spending vacation at Park. Mr. Doctor O. C. Wallace, has been occupying the First church last Sunday ...

J. B. Champion, Roxborough, Philadelphia, is spending his vaca- on his native Canada. His church is to celebrate its 150th anniversary in ...

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FIVE YEARS FOR THE HATCHER

British Justice for Suffragette

Judge Imposes a Stiff Sentence to Deter Others

Dublin, Aug. 7.—Mary Leigh, the suffragette, who was tried today on the charge of wounding John E. Reimond, leader of the Irish Nationalists, with a hatchet, she had thrown at Mr. Asquith's carriage on July 19, was sentenced today to five years' imprisonment.

Another Virago Pleads Guilty to Being an Accomplice in Assault on Premier Asquith and Given Seven Months—Crowd Approves of the Penalties.

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APPRECIATES WORK OF U. S. REVENUE CUTTER

J. Willard Smith, Owner of Schooner Ravola, Thanks American Government for Assistance to His Vessel.

Examination of the schooner Ravola, recently on the rocks at Little Duck Island (Me.), showed that she was not badly damaged. Her mainmast consisted of damage to the false keel seven feet forward and ten feet aft. Forty feet her stern was kept repairing but the new parts can be put in place quite easily.

GRAND COUNCIL ROYAL ARCANUM ELECTS OFFICERS

OTTAWA HAS 650 CASES OF TYPHOID NOW

BORING FOR OIL AND GAS AT UPPER DORCHESTER

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QUEER PRANKS OF LIGHTNING AT SACKVILLE

Stuns Man Standing Alongside His Wife and Wrecked Room—Struck Barn, Killing Pig and Injuring a Horse.

Sackville, N. B., Aug. 7.—A very severe electrical storm passed over here about 11 o'clock this morning. The house on Main street, occupied by Edward and Willard Ogden, was struck, as was also their barn. Edward Ogden was stunned, a pig was killed in the barn, and a horse stunned.

HOW RAILWAYS DISCRIMINATE AGAINST THE EAST

Newcastle Board of Trade to Bring Up Harvesters' Excursions at Maritime Board Meeting.

Newcastle, Aug. 6.—At the meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade last night, the following were elected delegates to the next meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade at Toronto, Aug. 21 and 22: J. D. Creighton, E. H. Sinclair, W. J. Jardine, Rev. E. S. Murdoch, Renoufs, E. D. Swin, M. P. P., Donkdown, C. O. Haywood, Mayor W. H. Eyles, W. L. Allan, M. P. P., Nesque, Ald. H. H. Stewart, D. Wm. Stohart, P. Hanesse, Hon. D. Morrison, Alternates, H. W. Wilson, John Ferguson, E. J. Parker, Derby, George Stables, Rev. Father Legace, Lezeveque, Councillor H. H. Lamont, Douglastown. Any others needed will be appointed.

WILDLY CHEERED BY HIS CONVENTION

Roosevelt Announces the Principles Which the New Party is Committed To—Has a Panacea for All the Industrial and Governmental Problems of the United States—Tempting Bait to Capture the Labor Vote as Well as the Big Corporations.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Mr. Roosevelt's speech strikes a keynote for his followers and supporters in the new party. It lays down the plan of battle to be waged by the National Progressive party. He discusses those principles under twelve subdivisions, namely, the Helplessness of the Old Parties; The Right of the People to Rule; The Courts and the Power; Constructive Control of the Trusts; Rights of the Wage-Worker; The Farmer; The Tariff; The High Cost of Living; Currency; Conservation; Alaska and International Affairs.

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"BIL MOOSE" EATER'S CONFESSION OF FAITH

Wildly Cheered by His Convention

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UNITED STATES IS BOUND BY TREATY

Panama Canal Must Be Same to All

Washington, Aug. 6.—The future of the Panama canal will rest in the hands of a "one-man government" through the decision of the senate today to appoint a plan already endorsed by the house of representatives.

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DARTMOUTH BANK MANAGER LOCKED UP AS A SPY

Drifted Ashore at Halifax Dockyard in Disabled Motor Boat, and Guard Promptly Arrested Him and Held Him All Night.

Halifax, Aug. 6.—The manager of a bank in Dartmouth went ashore for an hour's sail in his motor boat on Bedford Basin late last night. He had been enjoying this for a little while and was far from shore when the engine got out of order. Calling for help was of no avail. No one heard the manager's cries, and the boat drifted down into the harbor.

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NEW YORK NEGRO LAWYER CONVERTED TO HEBREW FAITH

Rufus L. Perry Undergoes Ceremony at the Hands of Rabbi—First Black Since Ham to Accept the Rite.

New York, Aug. 5.—Rufus L. Perry, a mechanic and business man of Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon when he went through various ceremonies at the hands of Rabbi Scheiner of 79 Seventh street. It was said that Perry was the first negro to have accepted this rite since the Biblical original of Ham, son of Noah, the supposed ancestor of the African race.

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WOODSTOCK WANTS CROSSING GATES AT THOROUGHFARES

Railway Commission Has Been Petitioned to Order Them—Sudden Death of Middle Simonds Man.

Woodstock, Aug. 6.—At a meeting of the town council last night Mayor Ketchum presented the report of the traffic at the King street crossing, at which point the town is asking the C. P. R. to place gates. Three men were placed at the crossing by the railway and two by the town. The report shows that in six days 1,224 vehicles and 2,396 pedestrians had crossed the tracks. There was an average of fifteen trains passing on each of these days.

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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers: These newspapers advocate British connection, honesty in public life, measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 10, 1912.

A GOOD WORD FOR CANADA

How does Canada impress the American citizen who moves across the border and takes up land under the Union Jack? The United States is regarded by its own people as the most advanced and the freest country on earth; but many Americans who recently have become residents of the Dominion are now convinced that the big republic has something to learn from the land of their adoption.

These impressions are gathered from a report made to the Chicago Association of Commerce by Mr. Edward E. Gore, who recently returned from the Canadian West through which he made a tour with a delegation of Chicago business men.

Mr. Gore says in his report that "Canada will be the greatest democracy on the face of the earth if she can continue the respect for law which now prevails within her borders." And he goes on to say: "Breaches of the law in Canada are swiftly and severely punished. In the affairs of local government the Canadians have a superior form and conduct public affairs more efficiently and capably than they are conducted in the States. Americans who have become citizens of Canada uniformly say that they are better satisfied with the conduct of public affairs in Canada than when they were citizens here. They feel that they have a greater protection of the law in the country of their adoption than they had here."

The Canadian courts are not perfect, but Canadians have more confidence in the administration of justice than their neighbors across the line. Respect for law in this country is greater, and this is largely because of a widespread conviction that the mills of justice grind groveling but surely, and with excellent results on the average. Also, the Canadian bench is further removed from politics than is the case in the United States, and men who preside over the more important courts in this country are less subject to influence and pressure than those holding corresponding positions under the Stars and Stripes.

Mr. Gore and those who accompanied him enquired carefully into business conditions and the opportunities for an enlargement of American trade with Canada. He appears to have had excellent opportunities for securing information, and to have shown sound judgment in analyzing the facts he acquired. He tells the people of the United States that they should disagree finally and forever, the idea that Canada may one day be annexed by the republic. He says there is no foundation for the belief that annexation is, or ever will become, a political possibility. He finds that Canadians are disposed to be most friendly to the United States, but that they are determined to remain politically independent of their neighbors and to build up Canadian industries and keep their business relations, so far as they can without financial loss, in their own hands.

The report made by the chairman of the Chicago Association of Commerce contains many pleasing words concerning Canada, but a more important feature of it is that it will tend to correct some false impressions concerning this country which are still entertained by Americans who have not cared to get, or who have not had an opportunity to acquire, real information concerning the British half of this continent.

PROTECTION AND WAGES

The protectionists are all the time telling us about Germany's advance since it adopted the system of taxing imports. Oc-

asionally, however, some investigator compares actual conditions in Germany with those in Great Britain, and the result generally is disconcerting to the eager band of privilege-seekers who are trying all the world to adopt the economic fallacy that it is possible to lift oneself by one's own boot straps and prosper and happy by the exercise. We reproduce here, as bearing upon these matters, the following from the Montreal Witness:

A cable despatch from Germany tells of a book that has just been published by "the young economist," Dr. Carl von Tyska. It is a study of the social and economic position of the workmen of Germany as compared with those of other countries. According to this writer the highest wages in Europe are paid in Great Britain. The British workman, he computes, earns twenty-five per cent more than the German, and thirty-six per cent more than the Frenchman. The prices of the necessities of life are seventeen per cent higher in Germany than in Britain, and eighteen per cent higher in France than in Britain. To find a starting point for a comparison of these figures we may take the cost in Britain of the necessities of life as one dollar a day. For the purpose it is no matter at all how near this comes to the fact. Taking this, as a round figure, as the base of the comparison, the cost of living in Germany will be a dollar and seventeen cents, while that in France will be a dollar and eighteen cents. Let us further assume that in France, where of these three countries wages are least in comparison to expenses, wages and expenses balance, that is, that the Frenchman receives a dollar and eighteen cents. Then, according to the figures above given, the German laborer will receive a dollar and twenty-eight cents, and the British laborer will receive a dollar and sixty cents. Then balancing this income against the expenses as stated, we find the following results:

Table with 3 columns: Country, Wages, Expenses. Rows for France, Germany, Britain. Shows Germany has the highest wages but also the highest expenses.

If Mr. von Tyska's figures are correct the German laborer lives about ten per cent better than the French, while the British laborer lives in comparative affluence, being able to save a third of his salary if he lives as frugally as the French laborer.

How in the face of such figures the protectionists are going to induce the labor man to support the change of the British fiscal system to that of Germany and France it is hard to see. They will undoubtedly make their comparison with the United States, Canada and Australia, instead of with other European peoples. The fallacy of such comparisons will be easily explained. These are nations with enormous undeveloped natural resources, from which they are today skimming the cream and can consequently afford to pay high prices for the labor they use. The man who does not make well in the factory or on municipal works can make his way to where men are very scarce and very much needed. It is that, and not the tariff, that keeps up wages in new countries.

RESTRAINING THE EXPRESS COMPANIES

The Interstate Commerce Commission in the United States has turned its attention to the express companies, and the tribute they have so long exacted will be reduced to reasonable proportions. The commission finds that in the United States there are ten companies that divide among themselves the great bulk of the express business of the nation. They are not competitors; they parcel the country out in zones of influence not unlike those zones of influence which characterize international politics in Asia. New England is given to one company, the South to another, various portions of the West to others, and the Central States are left to competition between the four. The commission shows that the companies are all inter-related, and that the whole express business of the country is managed by three groups of interests.

They considered the following complaints against the express companies: double collections, discriminating between shippers by overcharges, unreasonable delays through indirect routing, refusal to deliver goods without any notice to the consignee or consignee, unreasonable terms of shipment, delays in the settlement of damages, excessive rates of insurance against loss, confusion of rates, unreasonable rates, obscure statement of rates, and other abuses which the express companies have long made people familiar. Among the most flagrant abuses was the collection of double charges. Packages that had been prepaid were delivered with a demand for another payment, and the consignee helplessly paid the tribute.

This is to be changed by an order of the commission. It has ordered that every package be marked with a label, just as letters are marked with stamps. If the expressage has been prepaid, the label must be yellow. When charges are to be collected the label must be white. If there is no label on the package, the company itself is responsible and must deliver the package without the collection of charges and then look to the consignee for payment.

They have also taken measures to prevent overcharges. For this purpose the commission has divided the country into blocks and zones. There are five great zones. Within each zone traffic conditions are similar, and therefore within each zone the rate is uniform for the same distance. The zones are subdivided into smaller divisions called blocks; of these smaller divisions there are in all 890. The rates are determined according to the distance from block to block. By reason of these divisions the making of rates has been simplified, so that, by a table, it can be easily found what the rate will be from one block to another block for which rates have been made. The commission has performed a work for which the whole country will be grateful.

THE GREAT FLEETS

The British fleet which recently assembled for the naval review at Spithead contained 232 vessels of war, their combined tonnage being 1,344,000, and their combined cost \$300,000,000. The battleship cruiser "Lion" the largest in the world and the fastest of its class, which was present, is 600 feet long, 26,350 tons displacement and has a record of 31.7 knots which stands unequalled. The British destroyer "Tartar" holds the world's record for small vessels of war, having done more than forty knots an hour, or about forty-six miles, ninety-three of the ships at this review were driven by turbines and fifty-one use only oil fuel.

At the first Jubilee review there were 100 ships, and at King Edward's coronation review 125. At King George's coronation review 167, at Spithead 222. This last number included eighteen Dreadnoughts, thirty-one pre-Dreadnoughts, and twenty-four pre-Dreadnoughts among cruisers. Germany has ten Dreadnoughts in the water, and the United States comes next.

The ships at the Spithead review carried 286 guns of 12-inch calibre or more, and the combined number of such guns carried by Germany, France, Russia, Italy and Austria is only 138, though Germany has in addition 122 eleven-inch guns.

In replying to Mr. Bonar Law on July 20, Mr. McKenna, the Home Secretary, formerly First Lord of the Admiralty, gave a clear statement of Britain's superiority over Germany in sea power, present and prospective.

Mr. McKenna said that he rose only for the purpose of replying to a statement made by Mr. Bonar Law in 1911 that had been described as "cutting it too fine." In support of that criticism, figures had been quoted from the speech of Mr. Churchill on Monday last in which the First Lord had said that at the end of 1914 we should have a minimum of 33 and a maximum of 41 battleships fully manned and in full commission, against which the formidable German figure was 29. Those figures had been quoted by Mr. Bonar Law in the form of 33 against 29. Such strength as the British fleet would have in 1914, in battleships, would depend upon the provision made during the time when he (Mr. McKenna) was at the Admiralty, and consequently any blame must rest upon his shoulders. He was content to take that responsibility, because he thought he would be able to show that there was not the smallest ground for anxiety in regard to the distribution of the fleet. None of the British ships carried guns of less than 12 inches, and all of the modern ships carried 15-inch guns. There was a real superiority in power, and they might carry anything more than the German gun. None of the British ships carried guns of less than 12 inches, and all of the modern ships carried 15-inch guns. There was a real superiority in power, and they might carry anything more than the German gun.

Americans, in discussing the state of their fleet, are now becoming sharply observant of the strength of Germany and Japan. Recently the Democrats in Congress opposed the plan of laying down two new Dreadnoughts each year. The New York Sun now says that if the United States were to begin two new Dreadnoughts this year, and continue that policy, the United States would have twenty-four of these ships in 1920 while Japan would have twenty-three in that year while if the United States built only one each year Japan will be easily the strongest sea power in the Pacific in 1920, a contingency which the Sun believes the United States ought not to permit under any circumstances.

It points out, too, that German naval superiority over the United States is becoming very marked. The Sun regards this as a grave matter because "if any European power is likely to challenge the Monroe doctrine, it will be Germany." And the Sun says significantly: "And if the time ever comes (when Germany shall challenge the Monroe doctrine) it will be after a war between Germany and England that results disastrously to England. As Germany has no naval coaling stations on this side of the Atlantic a fleet launched against the coast of the United States would be obliged to get its fuel from colliers. Laboring under such a disadvantage the German fleet would have to display marked superiority in ships and gun power. It is the aim of Germany's policy to possess that superiority. It remains, then, for the United States to make a navy so strong that Germany, handicapped by lack of coaling stations, will hesitate to challenge the Monroe Doctrine by force. The United States cannot have such a navy if the two battleship programs is to be abandoned. To reduce new authorization to one battleship would be fatuous, and to stop new construction altogether the madness that goes before destruction."

Germany's ability to create uneasiness in foreign capitals is exhibited in a singular degree by this pronouncement of the Sun. Surely the day is far off when Germany will think of attempting to seize part of the United States, which is what the Sun is hinting at. Sometimes, it is very likely that the United States will commit itself to a larger naval construction program than ever. This in turn may be made the excuse for further expansion in Berlin, and in London. But, after all, the day cannot be very far distant when Germany, overburdened by taxation, and troubled at home by the rising strength of the Socialists, will find that she must not invest in bankruptcy by hopelessly bidding for naval supremacy, but must devote herself to grave domestic problems which, after

all, are more vital to her national life than the mad race for sea power.

A GERMAN PROBLEM

The German birthrate is declining at a remarkable rate. In 1876 it was 42.6 per thousand; in 1880 it was 38.3. By 1907 it had fallen to 33.2, and in 1910 it was 30.7. The death rate has declined from 29.3 in 1876 to 17.1 in 1910. But while the death rate is now almost as low as it can go, the rate in England is fourteen per thousand, and in Sweden twelve; there is no indication that the decline in the birth rate is going to stop. Thus, from the army standpoint, the situation is alarming.

The Prussian government has begun an investigation of the situation. In Prussia the decline has been very much more rapid during the last four or five years than it was previous to 1907. The increased cost of living is thought to be a contributing cause among the poorer classes, and among the more prosperous people idleness and habits of luxury are held responsible.

At the close of the Franco-Prussian war France and Germany were about equal in population, but at present France has about 40,000,000 people and Germany about 60,000,000. Germany does not secure much new population through immigration, and recent statistics indicate that her gain in population over France will be much less rapid in future.

THE BULL MOOSE

Theodore Roosevelt's speech at the third party convention in Chicago contains a serious challenge of existing political conditions in the United States, and constitutes, beyond doubt, a most convincing indictment in so far as it means that grave political and social evils have muddled the great current of American democracy. But when one searches Mr. Roosevelt's speech for reasonable promise of a remedy for the evils he indicts, or when one examines the movements of which he is the governing force to find that remedy, the result is by no means satisfactory.

Some one recently compared Mr. Roosevelt with Abraham Lincoln. One is not certain that it was not Mr. Roosevelt himself who did so. Certainly there are similarities in his speech, the form of which suggests that the author very lately studied Lincoln's marvellous speech at Gettysburg. These sentences, for example, are reminiscent of the great war time president: "It is little matters which befall any one of us who for the time being stand in the front of the battle." "Now, to you men who in your turn, have come together to spend and be spent in the endless struggle against wrong, to you who face the future resolute and confident, to you who strive in a spirit of brotherhood for the betterment of our nation, to you who are united in the great cause of the fight in the never-ending warfare for the good of humankind, I say in closing what I said in speech in closing: We stand with you, and we battle for the Lord."

But though there is a faint glint of Lincoln here, recollection of the Gettysburg speech, of that mournful, homely figure of the simple eloquence, biblical and prophetic in phrasing, of the high purpose and unshaken courage which moved the greatest American in the darkest hour of the nation's history—these things forbid a further comparison of Roosevelt with Lincoln, tending as they do to exalt the man of the Sanganon and to bring out more clearly certain sordid qualities of the present Bull Moose movement.

For, ready as Mr. Roosevelt professes himself to fight for simple justice and equality of opportunity, it cannot fail to be perceived that the plans he now promulgates for the campaign of righteousness leave untouched some of the most vital questions before the American public, or, purpose to apply to the problems of the day, obviously will not be offensive. Colonel Roosevelt tells his public that the two great parties are not to be trusted because both are dishonest, and neither has kept its promises in the past. Mr. Roosevelt's own record gives Democrats and Republicans alike a fair chance to apply his own indictment to himself.

Like Taft's, Mr. Roosevelt's whole program lacks a fighting edge; to employ one of his own phrases—because of his unwillingness to deal boldly with the tariff, and his evident adherence to the most common fallacies of the convinced protectionist. Mr. Taft's every utterance on the tariff has been futile because of his opinion that the tariff has little or nothing to do with the trusts, the cost of living, or the general comfort and well being of the masses of the American people. Colonel Roosevelt was, in earlier life a free trader in theory, and later he was a low tariff man. Still later he adopted the view that in order to make any progress he must control the Republican party machinery, and in acquiring control of it he decided that it was unwise to challenge the one thing that kept the machine. Republicans throughout the United States in a compact fighting organization, and that one thing was the high protective tariff which Heymeyer described as the fruitful mother of the trusts.

Mr. Roosevelt is still an eloquent expounder of the Ten Commandments, but when it comes to practical politics and the discovery of remedies for existing injustices and inequalities in the United States, he falls into his old failure of generalizing with respect to some problems and avoiding with respect to others the policies of which sound economics and sheer honesty of purpose would compel the application.

Colonel Roosevelt, nevertheless, is a powerful and conspicuous figure, and he has raised a standard that will arrest the attention of a great body of discontented citizens in every state, and not only discontented men, but men desirous of deep-reaching reforms, social and political, in the Republic. It is just possible that Mr. Roosevelt might have precipitated something like a revolution in November next were it not for the fact that the Democratic party has not only adopted a progressive platform but has selected as its candidate a man of excellent reputation

and sterling integrity, who measures up well as a national leader. What may come out of the third party movement some years hence must be an open question. Mr. Roosevelt may give force and direction to widespread dissatisfaction with political conditions, and his movement may in a year or two attain proportions which are not now suspected. But for the purposes of the present campaign, the most probable thing is that the Bull Moose movement will make sure the defeat of Mr. Taft.

Woodrow Wilson's brief pronouncement on the tariff is worth several columns of Taft or Roosevelt. He favors an immediate revision, "and it should be downward, unambiguously and steadily downward." That hits the American political bulseye for 1912.

Winnipeg's mayor is to receive \$3,000 a year, and its four controllers \$4,000 each. Whereupon the Ottawa Free Press observes: "The sooner other cities realize that they cannot expect men to give up as much time as these positions call for without proper remuneration the better for those cities."

New Brunswick is not the only Canadian district having a wet summer. A Victoria journal says: "Victoria has just seen the close of the wettest July ever experienced in the city's history, and it has not been a very wet month either. In fact, if we had more chest and with the muscles of your stomach breathe deep, stretch your arms out to form the letter T of yourself, stiffen your backbone and hollow your back as though you were a very important and dignified person. Your toes come up to the surface now. Lean your head back freely as far as you can, keep your mouth shut and get yourself into some confidence, and there you are doing. Keep your backbone stiff, gently pat with your hands, and you are swimming. Make toward the shore, of course. Then try it all over again. This time kick with your feet very gently; strong strokes might burn you over and frighten you. Keep your balance and practice two or three times in straight succession. The next thing that you will be learning is the 'V' stroke. Kick out until both legs are like the letter V, shut them together like the blades of a pair of scissors (which gives a strong drive ahead), then draw them up again like a frog and kick persistently out again. Then try making your legs go as if you were climbing over a fence. This is a very difficult feat to perform, and you will bear up, and the great and only difficulty about swimming will be out of your way."

A New York policeman killed himself yesterday, possibly because of the scandal in metropolitan police circles. "A man might as well be dead as a policeman," said the discouraged patrolman before killing himself. The general impression has been somewhat different. The public would be inclined to express its sympathy for a New York man who would be dead as unpopular with the police. It may be doubted very much whether any New York policeman ever killed himself because the reputation of the force had been assailed. New York policemen are made of sterner stuff.

A great deal of unkind comment has been printed concerning the failure of the American athletes in the recent Olympic games. The complaint that the American contestants were "specialists" who failed to win. The Ottawa Citizen sounds a better note by saying that the Canadians, and the English, and the French, and all others who were beaten at Stockholm, ought to stop talking and spend their time preparing to do better next time. We can't all win, but most of us can learn to be good losers.

Colonel Roosevelt's bull moose convention is on in Chicago. Newspaper opinion in the United States differs widely as to how the third party movement is going to affect Taft and Wilson. Here is a word on the subject from the Literary Digest: "It is a 'three-cornered fight.' But most observers expect it to develop into a duel. All seem to agree that Governor Wilson will remain in the running. The fight in November, declares the San Francisco Call (Rep.), is between him and Mr. Taft—the third-party party will be dead as a blow." Nay, rather, we read in the neighboring Spokane Spokesman-Review (Prog. Rep.), as the campaign progresses, the contest will develop into one between Colonel Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson. The candidacy of President Taft will resolve itself into mere farce."

SAYS SWIMMING IS LEARNED EASILY

Lesson Prescribed Should in Hour Make One Competent to Care for One's Self in the Water.

You can teach yourself to swim and you can do it in an hour or less, says a writer in Christian Herald. I know persons who have done it by following carefully these directions: First and foremost, fit this thought clearly in your mind: The water will bear you up. It is fear and struggle that invariably send a person to the bottom. The best way to acquire confidence that makes you for courage and firm is to go square and reasonably at it. Begin in still water; the old swimming pool on the farm is just the place. Wade out until your shoulders are covered, and then get yourself into the water. Don't be the least atom afraid, even if a little water does get into your nose and ears; wade out a little further until you are up to your chin, and now your toes will begin to leave the bottom of the pool. Do not be alarmed.

This shows you that you are a little lighter than the water. Now lift your chest and with the muscles of your stomach breathe deep, stretch your arms out to form the letter T of yourself, stiffen your backbone and hollow your back as though you were a very important and dignified person. Your toes come up to the surface now. Lean your head back freely as far as you can, keep your mouth shut and get yourself into some confidence, and there you are doing. Keep your backbone stiff, gently pat with your hands, and you are swimming. Make toward the shore, of course. Then try it all over again. This time kick with your feet very gently; strong strokes might burn you over and frighten you. Keep your balance and practice two or three times in straight succession.

The next thing that you will be learning is the "V" stroke. Kick out until both legs are like the letter V, shut them together like the blades of a pair of scissors (which gives a strong drive ahead), then draw them up again like a frog and kick persistently out again. Then try making your legs go as if you were climbing over a fence. This is a very difficult feat to perform, and you will bear up, and the great and only difficulty about swimming will be out of your way.

A HANDSOME MONUMENT FOR LATE DR. MACRAE

As previously announced, it was decided by the Orangemen of New Brunswick to erect a monument in memory of the late Dr. A. W. Macrae, B.C.L., K.C., who died about two years ago while he was holding the office of Grand Master of the Orange Lodge in New Brunswick. The raising of the monument has just been completed by Robert Maxwell.

To accommodate the large number of Orangemen coming from all parts of New Brunswick to attend the memorial service, a special train will run to the city from Grand Falls, Campbellton, St. Andrews and several other points. At 2:30 o'clock Dr. A. W. Macrae, B.C.L., K.C., Master Rev. H. E. Thomas, Hon. William Pugsley, Judge McKeown, J. B. M. Baxter, M. P., Attorney General Grimmer and many other prominent members of the Orange Order will take part.

WEALTHY WOMAN REPENTS OF HER UNNATURAL ACT

Ottawa has 820 cases of typhoid. Having had many warnings, this condition of affairs in the capital city is disgraceful. Much comment is heard favorable to the plan of reclaiming ninety acres south of the Ballast wharf for industrial sites. The scheme ought to be pushed along.

INTER-HORTICULTURAL ORCHARD OPPORTUNITY

The Outlook for New Brunswick East and the West. The province of New Brunswick has many social amenities and the amount of good homes long portions of Canada to the west. Then came the wave of exploitation and the real estate men passed over the maritime provinces, and domiciled themselves in the Canadian West. The railways corporations of the country, and the federal government, have themselves undividedly to the huge amounts of money had been in their constant possession. The cost of that expenditure had increased to yield profits; traffic had increased, and so on and so forth. The human freight was poured west, the Canadian government was to the east of the line, and that time had had not the need for material possessions. The husky baby province, and so they were fed only by their mother, the federal government, but by their sister provinces. All the world knows, it has had of towns springing up, the waving fields of grain, the influx of sturdy people, the great quantities of time and progress, with the changes, has already created a world of settlers look elsewhere for future life investment. We have recently passed through a period of depression, and the world is represented in the annals of the world. The phenomenally lands, in many cases far exceed value, the exactitude of climate, and the absence of rain and stream, with all that to the home life of a people, are turned to the province of work, with its moderate climate, its abundance of agricultural lands, its wealth, its many railways, its valleys and upland slopes dominating and mastering the Atlantic seaboard of Canada. We are on the edge of a greater still than that which Canada has enjoyed. In the West, the last undeveloped province on the Atlantic coast.

As previously announced, it was decided by the Orangemen of New Brunswick to erect a monument in memory of the late Dr. A. W. Macrae, B.C.L., K.C., who died about two years ago while he was holding the office of Grand Master of the Orange Lodge in New Brunswick. The raising of the monument has just been completed by Robert Maxwell.

QUESTION AND REPLY

"I hear," said Binks, as he met his friend Dobbs in the street one morning—"I hear that poor old Higgins has gone to a rest-cure house." "How did he come to do that?" "Well, six weeks ago he got an answer to a riddle—O'ne's a chauffer, an' other's a fur-shoe—and he says he'll never get to sleep until he finds the question to which it will make a good answer."

ABE MARTIN

A new era both for the cherry and the plum is on the market. This was the first effort to combine the best of the plum with the best of the cherry. The plum was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D. The cherry was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D. The plum was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D. The cherry was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D. The plum was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D. The cherry was found by H. Knudson of Springfield, N. D.

Prof. Alex. Tenney says opportunity just seems to set on the front porch an' wait for some folks. Alex is purty cute a feller that's allus talkin' school an' only bein' a Niagary Falls school an' only anything these days without kickin' it's cish somebody has erred.



Lord Roberts has been making another speech on "the German peril." He regards war as bound to come, speaking of "the certainty of the struggle and its probable nearness." He believes in conscription, and so believing, finds it necessary to believe war is unavoidable. He is, as one critic



# INTERESTING AGRICULTURAL FEATURES FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

## WISDOM IN LEARNING EASILY

Person Prescribed Should in your Make One Competent Care for One's Self in the Water.

can teach yourself to swim and you do it in an hour or less, says a writer in the Christian Herald. I know persons who have done it by following carefully these directions:

1. Get up and foremost, fix this thought in your mind: The water will not hurt you. It is fear and struggle that finally send a person to the bottom. The way to acquire confidence that makes courage and fun is to go squarely and bravely at it. Begin in still water, the swimming pool on the farm is just the place to start.

2. Wade out until your shoulders are in the water, and get yourself well braced. Don't be the least atom afraid. If a little water does get into your ears, wade out a little further and you will find that the water does not hurt you.

3. Make toward the shore, of course, and keep your feet very gently strong as you tread on the bottom.

4. Keep your balance and practice two or three times in straight succession.

5. The next thing that you will be learning is to tread on the bottom. This is like the letter V, that then lies like the blades of a pair of scissors.

6. Always remember the water will not hurt you, and you are swimming.

7. Always remember the water will not hurt you, and you are swimming.

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24. Always remember the water will not hurt you, and you are swimming.

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## HORTICULTURE ORCHARD OPPORTUNITIES

### The Outlook for New Brunswick—The East and West Compared.

The province of New Brunswick enjoyed many social amenities and these real solid pieces of good homes long before many sections of Canada to the west of her, but in no branch of agriculture are the attractions more pleasing and the profits more satisfactory as those to be had from the orchard opportunities in New Brunswick.

**Decline in Apple Production.**—Reliable commercial statistics indicate that the annual apple production of the North American continent is apparently decreasing every year. The pomological authorities of the United States concede that country's production of apples is inadequate to the demand. Moreover, they state that the demand is increasing at the rate of 1,000,000 barrels per year. Since the United States apple crop has declined from an average annual production for the years 1900 to 1904, of 42,500,000 barrels to only 30,000,000 barrels for the five years ending 1910, it would appear that nothing short of a strong revival of apple growing in that country will make up the deficiency. Let alone keep pace with the steadily increasing demand. There are two main factors responsible for this marked decrease in apple production. The first and more important is that the many large orchards of the middle west and east, which were planted from forty to sixty years ago have of late years fallen rapidly into decay, and the inclination of the fruit trees to bear is declining. The second factor is that while the early years of the American apple industry were only just beginning to make itself felt in those portions of the United States. The second factor is that while the early years of the American apple industry were only just beginning to make itself felt in those portions of the United States.

## BRITISH TRADE IN CANADIAN FRUIT

### Canadian apples make their appearance on this market (Leeds) at the time when supplies of home-grown varieties are becoming exhausted and as there is only likely to be a small yield of "late" home-grown apples this year, it is considered that the market for Canadian apples will be most favorable.

An active trade is done by certain shippers who import into this district, and the relations between them continue to be carried on each successive season on a very satisfactory basis. Should any further exporters wish to enter into this trade they should communicate with this office giving particulars as to the quantities they wish to send and other details. This information will be placed before firms of good standing desirous of importing supplies.

## POULTRY SUMMER HINTS

### Practical Pointers for Poultry Producers—Seasonable Suggestions.

Keep the henhouse clean. The hen needs more fresh air than any other live stock around the farm, and no amount of fresh air will eliminate the odors from a crowded henhouse. It is no wonder that a "blind" door or window on a level with the drooping board or floor immediately under the roost. Make it fit tightly to avoid any danger of drafts getting in around it when it is closed. Have it to open on hinges by means of a small rope and pulley. Then, when you let the hens out in the morning, open this up, and by using a hoe for five minutes, all the excrement which has collected during the night can be shoveled out through the opening. It is a good plan to have a large packing case at the back of the henhouse, below the refuse door, to catch the droppings as they are put out each day. This can be easily loaded on a stone-borer and drawn away to the field whenever necessary, without any being scattered around, and without having to be forked over again.

## THE TURF

### Fredericton Races.

Fredericton, Aug. 7.—(Special.)—The second day of the Old Home harness meet at the Fredericton Park Association track saw both free-for-all and 2.34 mixed class won in straight heats by favorites, Dimple K. and Dan. Q. jr., being the respective winners.

## NEW ERA BOTH FOR CHERRY AND PLUM AROSE WHEN COMPASS CHERRY WAS PUT ON MARKET—VALUABLE INFORMATION FOR FRUIT MEN.

It is accomplishing by linking its better qualities with those of the Japanese plum, Native plum, Persian purple-leaved plum, European apricot and sweet cherry, cultivated peach and others. It is only the matter of time when fruit of this class will be produced, well suited to the most exposed parts of Quebec, and where winter protection will not be required.

## WOODEN CULVERTS ARE UNSIGHTLY, DANGEROUS, EXPENSIVE, SHORT-LIVED.

### Install upon Concrete Culverts

It will pay you and everybody else in your county. Canada Cement Company Limited, 505 Herald Building, Montreal.

## ENGLAND'S FIRST DUKE LOOKS LIKE A BEGGAR

### Norfolk Said to Be the Most Shabbily Dressed Man in England.

London, July 26.—Although probably it is an exaggeration to say that the Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal and Chief Butler of England, is the worst dressed man in England—has often been stated—he certainly looks quite unlike a duke. He is tall, has thick limbs, a clumsy figure, and if one may be allowed the expression—more like an overgrown, loose-limbed, hairy Newfoundland dog than the head of the great Howard family. He has a long black beard that has rather an unkempt appearance, and his whiskers seem as if they had been stuck on in ragged patches and not grown naturally.

## THE BEST LINIMENT

### Gombault's Caustic Balsam

IT HAS NO EQUAL. Perfectly Safe and Reliable Remedy for Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Stomachic Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Strains, Sprains, Lumbago, Diptheria, Sore Lungs, Rheumatism, and all Still Joints.

## CONCRETE CULVERTS ARE NEAT, SAFE, NEED NO REPAIRS, AND ARE EVER-LASTING.

### Install upon Concrete Culverts

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## THE HEART OF CANADA

### (By Alfred Noyes.)

[On Dominion Day, the prime minister of Canada said that Canada would not follow the lead of the United States in the matter of the right of the citizen to bear arms.]

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## ABE MARTIN

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# HEALTH, AND THE SUMMER VACATION

### How to Get the Best Results From the Annual Holiday—Contagious Diseases Fewer But Death Rate Higher Than in Corresponding Month Last Year.

The following cases of contagious diseases were reported from the city during the month. Apart from the tuberculosis cases, these were not numerous, and one half of them have their origin outside of the city and county. The figures for last month and for July, 1911 are added for comparison:

Disease	July, '12	June, '12	July, '11
Diph.	1	0	12
Scar Fever	3	2	2
Typhoid	2	2	2
Tuber, d. a.	9	8	5

The usual monthly mortality table follows: The death-rate, while distinctly below that for June, is measurably above that for July last year. But that month's rate was altogether exceptional in the way of lowness and was followed by an exceptionally high rate the next month. It is satisfactory to know that only two children died from intestinal disease, as against nine for July last year. The difference in weather has, undoubtedly, had considerable to do with this. The rate for this month is based upon an estimated population of 42,411.

Age Group	M.	F.	Total	Per 1,000	July, '12	July, '11
Under 6	10	5	15	4.14	1	1
6-10	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
10-15	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
15-20	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
20-25	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
25-30	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
30-35	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
35-40	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
40-45	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
45-50	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
50-55	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
55-60	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
60-65	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
65-70	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
70-75	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
75-80	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
80 up	1	1	2	1.27	1	1
Totals for Month	24	21	45	12.43	5	5
For June, 1912	31	22	53	15.13	9	9
For July, 1911	16	18	34	10.00	2	2

Deaths from insect diseases under 5 years, 2; same month last year, 0. It is not uncommon for one to go away for a holiday in order to get fresh vigor and improve the health generally, and to come back either sick or feeling no more "fit" than before leaving. This is especially true of summer holidays spent in the country, or in "summer resorts." In this city, for instance, there are always a number of cases of typhoid fever, each fall contracted while out of town on a vacation.

A little sanitary knowledge and care would often render these changes to an outdoor life more pleasant and safe. There are three directions, chiefly, in which errors in living are committed, while in the country: (1) In clothing, (2) Drinking, (3) Exercise. There is a wide-spread notion that, somehow, it is condense to the health if one gets a good thick coat of tan or "sun-burn" upon the face, neck, arms, chest, etc. Consequently these parts are deliberately exposed to the strong sunlight, perhaps after having been protected by clothing and within-doors for a year or more. As a result there is often a considerable degree of inflammation of the skin set up, which, while it lasts, is anything but comfortable or healthful. If the parts mentioned are exposed it should be done gradually, so as to accustom the skin to the new conditions. It is, also, not very unusual to suffer from insect bites and irritation from plants as a result of such exposure. These, generally, give but a temporary inconvenience, but occasionally, real and rather serious poisoning occurs. Several such instances have come to the writer's notice, already this summer.

It should not be forgotten that, as a general rule, the drinking water in the city is purer, if not more pleasant, and therefore safer than in the country. Wells and springs in the latter section are, generally, the source of supply, and these are always more or less liable to contamination. This is especially true of thickly settled neighborhoods, and great care should be taken that these water sources are kept removed as far as possible from such decomposing matter. Most especially should water from streams running through cultivated land be avoided. On the other hand, springs and brooks in the forest, or in "wild" land are generally wholesome to drink from. It is well to remember that many impure waters, though they will not produce real typhoid, often bring on sharp and sudden attacks of intestinal disease, which, when experienced, do much to spoil the pleasure and profit of an outing.

Active exercise is essential for children and all who are below full adult age. But for those grown up who lead a sedentary life for the greater part of the year, it is very questionable if active physical exertion, say, for one month out of twelve is beneficial. Muscular exercise, to be conducive to health needs to be constantly practiced, as otherwise, the muscular tissue so formed will rapidly waste away until the parts regain their usual or normal condition. It is, therefore, not wise for those who are compelled to lead physically inactive lives for the most of the time to plunge into violent exercise the moment they gain the country.

Indeed, exercise taken solely with a view to health is often disappointing. It should always be incidental to some other definite object, as in the playing of out-door games, for instance. Have the mental relaxation, the pure air and the physical movements combine, in an ideal way, to render both body and mind stronger and more alert. It is probable, that, upon the whole, for those fairly well to do, the country in a strictly sanitary way, possesses but two particulars in which it is superior to the city, viz: in its purer air and its absence from irritating noise. The more open environment, the change of scene, the freedom from work and worry, perhaps, are also factors, other than those exclusively sanitary, in making the country a desirable place for a summer vacation.

G. G. M.  
Bill—What he needs is a little backbone. Jill—Well, he's got about as little of it as anybody I know.—Yonkers Statesman.

# McAvity's Messenger

All the Guns and Rifles we handle are standard, well known goods of the latest models and leaders in their class. Our variety is such that you will have no difficulty in selecting a Gun at the price you wish to pay. Every Gun and Rifle we sell is guaranteed as represented both by the makers and ourselves and if any part or piece gives out by reason of defective material or workmanship we will replace or repair such part free of charge, providing such defect is not the result of improper care or handling on the part of the purchaser.

## Single Barrel Shot Guns



**STEVENS NO. 105**  
As cut. Top snap, low rebounding hammer, walnut stock with pistol grip, rubber butt plate, case-hardened frame, forearm attached to barrel and fitted with metal joint. Adapted for any standard make of shell, factory loaded with either black or smokeless powders.

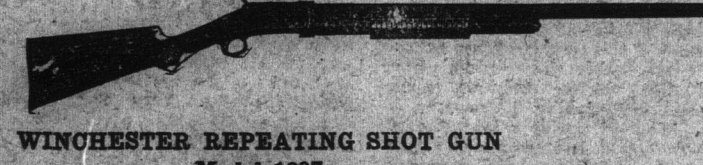
30-inch Special "Electro" Steel Barrel, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder, 12, 16 and 20 gauge. . . . . \$6.35

**STEVENS NO. 165**  
Single Trigger Action, Automatic Ejector. Low rebounding hammer, walnut stock with pistol grip, rubber butt plate, drop forged and case-hardened frame, walnut forearm with metal joint. Adapted for any standard make of shell loaded with either black or smokeless powders.

30-inch Special "Electro" Steel Barrel, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder, 12 gauge. . . . . \$9.00

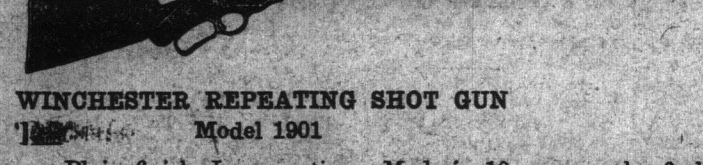
**REMINGTON SEMI-HAMMERLESS**  
Top snap, rebounding lock, side cocking lever, plain pistol grip stock, rubber butt plate, case-hardened frame.

30-inch Blued Steel Barrel, 12 and 20 gauge. . . . . \$11.00



**WINCHESTER REPEATING SHOT GUN Model 1897**  
As cut. Plain finish. Made in 12 gauge only, 6 shots. Solid frame, pistol grip and action slide of plain wood not checked.

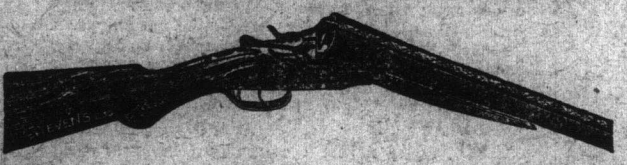
30-inch Rolled Steel Barrel, Full Choked, 12 gauge. . . . . \$25.00  
Take-Down Model, 12 gauge. . . . . 27.00



**WINCHESTER REPEATING SHOT GUN Model 1901**  
Plain finish. Lever action. Made in 10 gauge only, 6 shots. Plain pistol grip stock, not checked. Expressly bored to handle either black or smokeless powders.

32-inch Rolled Steel Barrel, 10 gauge. . . . . \$30.00

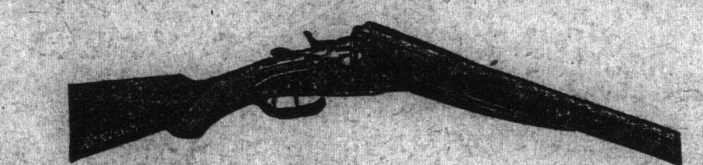
## Double Barrel Shot Guns



**STEVENS NO. 235**  
As cut. Top snap, with matted extension rib and reinforced breech; double belt, low circular hammers, rebounding locks with steel parts, solid plungers, drop forged parts; varnished walnut stock, finely finished, with checked pistol grip and patent snap forearm, checked. Adapted for any standard make of shell loaded with either black or smokeless powders.

An excellent gun for all purposes, smooth, easy and positive action.

30-inch Special High Pressure Steel Barrels, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder, 12 gauge. . . . . \$15.00



**STEVENS NO. 255**  
Top lever, with matted extension rib and reinforced breech; patent cross bolt through extension rib, low circular hammers, rebounding bar locks with steel parts, solid plungers, drop forged parts; varnished walnut stock, finely finished, with pistol grip checked and capped; patent snap forearm, checked; rubber butt plate, drop forged frame. Adapted for any standard make of shell, loaded with either black or smokeless powders.

30-inch Special High Pressure Steel Barrels, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder, 12 gauge. . . . . \$23.00



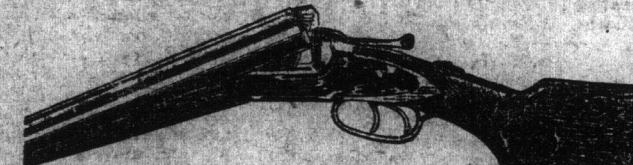
**STEVENS NO. 265**  
Same style and finish as No. 255, but with 30-inch Special Twist Steel Barrels, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder 12 gauge. . . . . \$25.00

## Double Barrel Guns--Continued



**STEVENS NO. 335, HAMMERLESS**  
As cut. The action of this gun is the same in construction as our No. 235 Double Barrel Hammer Gun with the addition of a cheek hook to take the wear off the joint. Oiled walnut stock and case-hardened frame. Adapted for any standard make of shell, loaded with either black or smokeless powders.

30-inch Special High Pressure Steel Barrels, Choke Bored for Nitro Powder, 12 gauge. . . . . \$23.00



**TOBIN HAMMERLESS GUNS**  
Tobin Guns are the first shot guns to be manufactured in Canada. They are made of the very best materials for the purpose and enjoy the reputation of having superior points of merit in mechanism, quality and construction. The action is conceded to be the best constructed and smoothest working action in a gun of the hammerless type.

**NO. 40, STANDARD GRADE**  
A plain, well finished gun with workmanship that distinguishes it as a fine firearm. Plain dark imported and selected walnut stock, full pistol grip.

30-inch "Trojan" Nitro Steel Barrels, 12 gauge. . . . . \$25.00

**NO. 55, BLACK DIAMOND GRADE**  
A medium price gun of fine appearance with unique Pyro-oxidized black finish, combined with good, sound workmanship. Dark selected imported walnut stock, full pistol grip.

30-inch "Trojan" Nitro Steel Barrels, 12 gauge. . . . . \$35.00

## STERLINGWORTH HAMMERLESS GUNS

The Sterlingworth is not a cheap gun but a good gun cheap. Coil springs are used and guaranteed against breakage. One-piece safety makes accidental discharge impossible. Each gun is tested with an excessive charge of smokeless powder and is warranted not to shoot loose.

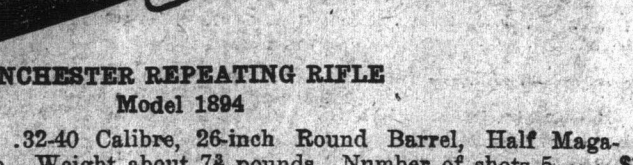
**STERLINGWORTH STANDARD**  
Stock of American walnut, with full cap pistol grip, patent snap fore-end; hard rubber butt plate.

30-inch Sterlingworth Fluid Compressed Steel Barrels, full choked, 12 gauge. . . . . \$35.00

## RIFLES



**WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLE Model 1890—Take Down**  
22 Calibre, 24-inch Octagon Barrel, Plain Trigger, Straight Stock of Plain Wood. Weight about 5 1/2 pounds. \$14.40



**WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLE Model 1894**  
32-40 Calibre, 26-inch Round Barrel, Half Magazine. Weight about 7 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 5. . . . . \$16.20

32-40 Calibre, 26-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 8 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$18.00

38-55 Calibre, 26-inch Round Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 8 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$16.20

38-55 Calibre, 26-inch Round Barrel, Half Magazine. Weight about 7 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 5. . . . . \$16.20

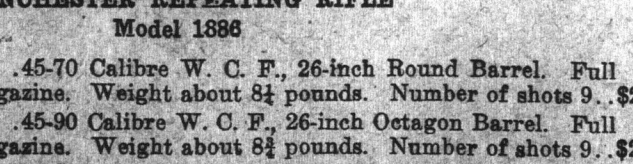
38-55 Calibre, 26-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 8 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$18.00

30 Calibre, 26-inch Round Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 7 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$20.70

38-55 Calibre, 20-inch Round Barrel, Half Magazine. Weight about 6 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 4. . . . . \$15.75

32 Calibre (Special), Carbine, 20-inch Round Barrel, Half Magazine. Weight about 6 pounds. Number of shots 4. . . . . \$18.90

32 Calibre (Special), 26-inch Half Octagon Barrel, Half Magazine. Weight about 8 pounds. Number of shots 5. . . . . \$22.50



**WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLE Model 1895**  
45-70 Calibre W. C. F., 26-inch Round Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$30.50

45-90 Calibre W. C. F., 26-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 9. . . . . \$22.50

45-70 Calibre W.C.F., 22-inch Round Nickel Steel Barrel, Half Magazine. With Shot Gun Butt and Rubber Butt Plate. Weight about 6 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 5. . . . . \$23.50

## RIFLES--Continued



**WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLE Model 1895**  
Calibre 40-72, 26-inch Round Barrel. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 6. . . . . \$24.70

Calibre .303 British, 28-inch Round Barrel. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 6. . . . . \$31.50

Calibre .405, 24-inch Round Barrel. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 6. . . . . \$31.50

**WINCHESTER SELF-LOADING RIFLE Model 1910—Take Down**  
The most powerful Recoil Operated Repeater made. "It hits like the Hammer of Thor."

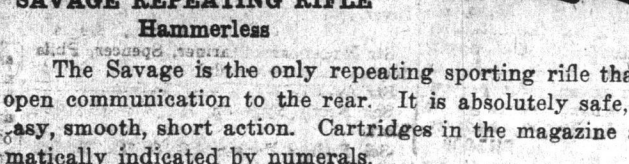
.401 Calibre, 20-inch Round Nickel Steel Barrel. Weight about 8 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 5. . . . . \$31.50



**MARLIN REPEATING RIFLE Model 1894**  
.44 Calibre, 24-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 7 pounds. Number of shots 8. . . . . \$17.00

**MARLIN REPEATING RIFLE Model 1893**  
32-40 Calibre, 26-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 7 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 10. . . . . \$20.00

38-55 Calibre, 26-inch Octagon Barrel, Full Magazine. Weight about 7 1/2 pounds. Number of shots 10. . . . . \$20.00



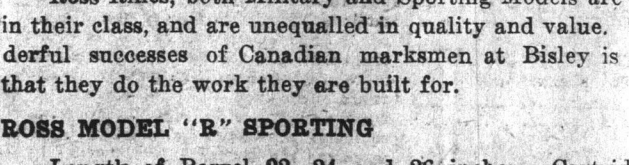
**SAVAGE REPEATING RIFLE Hammerless**  
The Savage is the only repeating sporting rifle that has no open communication to the rear. It is absolutely safe, and has a "say, smooth, short action. Cartridges in the magazine are automatically indicated by numerals.

**Model 1899**  
Using .303 Cartridges. Number of shots 6.  
22-inch Round Barrel, Shot Gun Butt Plate, Weight 6 pounds 4 ounces. . . . . \$23.00

26-inch Round Barrel, Rifle Butt Plate. Weight 7 pounds 8 ounces. . . . . \$23.00

26-inch Full Octagon Barrel, Rifle Butt Plate. Weight 7 pounds 12 ounces. . . . . \$24.50

26-inch Half Octagon Barrel, Rifle Butt Plate. Weight 7 pounds 12 ounces. . . . . \$24.50



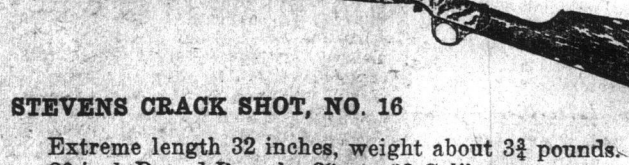
**ROSS RIFLES**  
Ross Rifles, both Military and Sporting Models are unbeaten in their class, and are unequalled in quality and value. The wonderful successes of Canadian marksmen at Bisley is evidence that they do the work they are built for.

**ROSS MODEL "E" SPORTING**  
Length of Barrel 22, 24 and 26 inches. Cartridge .303 British. Capacity of Magazine 5 cartridges. . . . . \$25.00

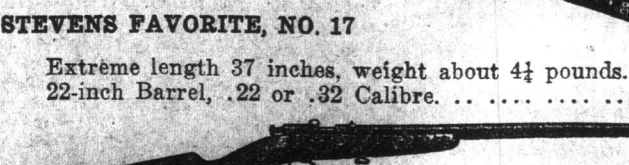
## Single Shot Rifles



**STEVENS LITTLE SCOUT, NO. 14**  
Extreme length 30-inches, weight about 2 1/2 pounds.  
18-inch Round Barrel, .22 Calibre. . . . . \$2.50



**STEVENS CRACK SHOT, NO. 16**  
Extreme length 32 inches, weight about 3 1/2 pounds.  
20-inch Round Barrel, .22 or .32 Calibre. . . . . \$4.00



**STEVENS FAVORITE, NO. 17**  
Extreme length 37 inches, weight about 4 1/2 pounds.  
22-inch Barrel, .22 or .32 Calibre. . . . . \$6.35



**WINCHESTER SINGLE SHOT Model 1902**  
Extreme length 33 1/2 inches, weight about 3 pounds.  
18-inch Round Barrel, .22 Calibre. . . . . \$4.25

# T. McAVITY & SONS, LTD., - ST. JOHN, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A second class female teacher for School District No. 5, Greenwich, County of Kings, N. B. Salary \$100.00 per month. Apply to School Superintendent, Greenwich Hill, Kings Co., N. B. 7893-8-1.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—Teacher for Randolph District No. 14, Randolph County, N. B. W. A. Miller, Secretary.

**TEACHER—WANTED**  
TEACHER—WANTED—A female teacher (protestant), District No. 9, county of Victoria, N. B. Apply, stating salary, to George E. Gough, Secretary, View, Victoria Co., N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—An experienced female teacher for school district No. 16, Pictou County, N. B. Apply to Owen Gilbert, Willow Grove.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A second class female teacher for School District No. 13, Kings County, N. B. Apply to W. B. Beckwith, Secretary, State School.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A second class female teacher for School District No. 4, Settlement, Sunbury County, N. B. Apply to J. D. Petterson, Secretary to trustees, Petterson's Sunbury County, N. B. 709.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A first class male teacher for School District No. 4, in Chatham, Northumberland County, N. B. Apply to J. D. Petterson, Secretary to trustees, Nelson P. O., Northumberland County, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—Second or third class teacher for South Tully, N. B. Apply to Chas. E. DeMerchant, Secretary, Victoria County, N. B. 709.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A third class female teacher for School District No. 3, Hammond, for coming term. Apply to Walter B. Seaman, Hammond, Kings county, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—A second or third class teacher for School District No. 4 of Alberton, for the coming term. Apply to Kenneth McKeown, Secretary to school trustees, Kenton County, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—First or second class teacher for District No. 3, Alberton, County of Gloucester, N. B. Apply to John Macdonald, Secretary to trustees, Glasville County, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—For District No. 6, N. B., a teacher, either male or female, second class license. Salary \$100.00 per month. Apply to school trustees, R. E. No. 33, N. B.

**WANTED**  
WANTED—Second class female teacher for District No. 5, Lorne County; state salary wanted and exclusive stock to school and law. Apply to Mrs. Mannin, 88 Coburg street.

**AGENTS WANTED**  
WANTED IMMEDIATELY agents; good pay weekly; exclusive stock to school and law. Apply to Mrs. Mannin, 88 Coburg street.

**RELIABLE REPRESENTATIVE**  
RELIABLE representative to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick. We want to secure 25 good men to represent us in general agencies. The special inducement is the fruit-growing business. Brunswick offers exceptional opportunities for men of enterprise. We want permanent position and liberal right men. Stone & Wellington, Ont.

**FOR SALE**  
A. P. Paskeag, N. B., one and a half acres of land, in timber land; good soil and well watered. Two large barns and a house. One mile to school and 10 to town. Address A. M. M. Chandler street, Boston, Mass.

**SITUATIONS VACANT**  
STUDY OSTEOPATHY—Pro overworked. Better starting and increase your income. Catalogue. Massachusetts, Oostepathy, 15 Craigie street, Mass.

**CREMATION IN SWITZERLAND**  
Cremation appears to be rapidly gaining favor in Switzerland, where the object of the funeral customs, has enrolled members in a year and boasts a membership of 3,541. This is in contrast with less than 40,000 of a population of 4,000,000. The cost of cremation is somewhat less than that of a coffin, and the care of the ashes for twenty years is not a member of the body is brought from another place, an extra charge is made. If poor are cremated without a coffin, it is shown that it was the deceased to have their remains. For minors, the parents or guardians are respected.

Moire silk is to have a great coming season in coats, tailoring and millinery.







**AUG. 31st to SEPT. 7th**  
**THE GREATER**  
**ST. JOHN EXHIBITION**  
**Eastern Canada's Biggest Fair**

**The Show Itself**

Acres of Big Buildings.  
 Mosier Industrial Display.  
 Manufacturers in Motion.  
 Largest Cattle Show Yet.  
 Smart Show of Horses.  
 Live Stock in General.  
 Agricultural Competitions.  
 Fruit Displays—all Choice.  
 Motor and Vehicle Show.  
 Implements and Tools.  
 Food Show on Grand Scale.  
 Busy Masquerade than ever before.  
 Superb School Exhibits.  
 Women's Work Department.  
 Art Gallery and Photos.

**Amusements**

Twice Daily flights of Mon. Earth  
 Meteors in Morok Monoplane.  
 Nightly Fireworks Spectacle. "The  
 Bombardment of Tripoli."  
 Neapolitan Troubadours in Two  
 Concerts daily in Main Building.  
 Imperial Japanese Troupe in Won-  
 derful "Circus."  
 Ernest Trio of German Knock-  
 about Comedy Performers.  
 Two Vaudeville Theatres.  
 Biggy Masquerade than ever before.  
 Coney Island Novelties.  
 Continuous Band Concerts, Musi-  
 cals, etc.

**A Week of Strenuous Sightseeing**

**EXCURSIONS ON ALL LINES OF TRAVEL**  
 For Prize Lists and All Information apply to  
**A. O. SKINNER, Pres. H. A. PORTER, Sec.-Mgr.**

**KEEPING IMMIGRANTS EAST**

(Ottawa Free Press).  
 The number of fine immigrants Canada, and especially eastern Canada, has lost, after a few months' trial of this country because of the difficulty of getting established here and of getting together enough money to bring over wife and family, must in the past few years have amounted to many thousands. The officers of the local Imperial Home Renovation Association are beginning to realize this, through finding recently a number of men in this city who, although they occupy good positions, were about to throw them up and return to the old country for good. Their reason for this contemplated step was always the same, namely, the impossibility for a man to earn enough to live here respectably and at the same time save enough money to pay the fare of wife and children to this country.  
 One of the late immigrants assisted by a loan through the local association wrote: "You have assisted me returning to Britain broken-hearted, with no money, and with the feeling that their only chance for betterment was gone, simply because of the impossibility of getting

**GRAND FALLS PLANT TO COST MANY MILLIONS; WORK TO BE STARTED SOON**

**Amalgamation of Two Companies Completed and Province Should Benefit Greatly—American Millionaires Largely Interested and Sir Wm. Van Horne is President of New Company Which Will Develop Power and Manufacture Pulp and Paper.**

The development and utilization of the water power at Grand Falls, which, chiefly on account of various speculative ventures, have for a long time been practically in a state of suspension, will now be proceeded with as speedily as possible, this being assured by the merger of the Grand Falls Power Company and the Grand Falls Water Power and Boom Company, which The Telegraph learns has taken place within the last few days. The new company will be known as the Grand Falls Company, Limited, and will have a capital of several millions, and will be a concern of American multi-millionaires are the chief financial interests in the new concern, while some of the biggest Canadian capitalists are also interested in this great project.  
 The big deal is not a wild speculation, it is announced, with uncertain issue, but a sound business proposition, with a definite object, viz: the development of power and manufacture of pulp and paper. The privileges of this great water power, being conceded to the new company, the Province of New Brunswick will be materially benefited in the development of one of the biggest industries, which will have a plant the cost of which is estimated at between five and seven million dollars. Not only in itself will it mean so much to Grand Falls and the province, but if there is any distribution of power other industries closely allied will spring up.  
 The president of the amalgamated company is Sir William Van Horne, and the names of the other officers, whose positions at present are only tentative, are for the time being withheld from publication. It will be remembered that by an act of



**KEEP THIS**

**OUR AUGUST SPECIAL**

**THIS SUIT** No. 055  
 Represents a stylish shepherd plaid, blue, white, and red, with a wide collar, coat and effective skirt. Can be had in various colors, including green, brown, and grey. Price, \$18.00.

**THIS SUIT** No. 056  
 Is a neat mannish style, made in various shades—in two colors, mix of greys and fancies, serge, broadcloth, & vestments, black, brown, and grey. Price, \$12.00.

Positively made especially for you to your measurements.  
 Linings, Fittings, Trimmings, etc., etc. of the best value and expertly matched.  
 This offer is the best in value for the amount.  
**For This Month Only**

**4 C's**

St. John, N. B.

And Get Our Catalogue

**DR. J. P. McJERNEY PASSES AWAY AFTER LONG ILLNESS**

**Family at His Bedside in Hospital When Death Comes—A Physician of Prominence and a Former Member of the Legislature.**

Friday, Aug. 9.  
 Dr. J. P. McJerney passed away at the General Public Hospital about 9 o'clock evening. His wife and children, his brother-in-law and other relatives, and his attend to his legislative duties. In 1910, accompanied by Mrs. McJerney, he went to Europe for his health.  
 In recent years, he has strongly urged the need of a sanitarium for the treatment of mental cases, and the present institution at River Glade has been a matter of great interest to him.  
 James Peterson McJerney, A.M., M.D., was born in Rexton, Kent county, N.S., March 24, 1839. His father was Mary McJerney. Dr. McJerney's father was a prosperous merchant who attained considerable prominence in public affairs. In 1868 he was elected to the New Brunswick legislature as an anti-confederate for the county of Kent. He was appointed legislative councillor in 1869 and retained the office until his death in 1890.  
 Dr. McJerney was graduated from St. Joseph's University in 1873, receiving his M.A. from the same institution in 1879. He received his medical diploma from the University of Toronto in 1881, where he was graduated as Final Prizeman with the class of 1884. On June 1 of that year he came to this city where he engaged in the profession of being a careful and conscientious physician, building up a lucrative practice.  
 Five years after his location here he married Florence M. Travers, daughter of Dr. Boyle Travers, a brother of the late George W. McJerney, who was for years a member of the house of commons. In the general elections for the local house of commons he was elected to the office of St. John, along with John E. Wilson, Robert Maxwell and W. F. Hatheway. Dr. McJerney leaves three brothers, John, Robert; Edward; Richard; and William, of the Evening Sun, New York City, and one sister, Mrs. John Sutton, of Montreal. Dr. McJerney, bachelor of this city, is a nephew. The funeral will be on Sunday afternoon from his late residence, Charlotte street.

**HOPEWELL HILL NEWS**

Hopewell Hill, Aug. 8.—C. L. Peck, registrar of deeds, who recently purchased a property at Hopewell Cape, will move there the latter part of September.  
 Upwards of forty guests assembled last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Robinson, when a surprise party was made for Mrs. Robinson, whose birthday anniversary was yesterday. The evening was pleasantly spent in games, etc., and before dispersing the assembled friends, through Alex. Rogers, presented Mr. and Mrs. Robinson with two chairs as a token of their good will and esteem. At the close of the evening refreshments were served.  
 Miss Alethea Daniels and her sister, Mrs. Letta Hoar, of St. John, former residents of this place, are visiting friends here.  
 Gilbert Edgett and family, of New York, who are visiting in Hillsboro, their former home, were in Hopewell this week to see their relatives in this section. They came in Mr. Edgett's automobile, which was brought from New York. The party travelled by auto from New York to Boston, where they took the steamer for St. John, motoring up to St. John to Albert county. Mr. Edgett reports a good piece of road from the Cape to the Hill, but through the upper part of the county and generally on the way up to St. John found the traveling bad, the roads being in very poor condition.  
 Rev. Percy Christie is visiting his father, John Christopher, at Hopewell Cape.  
 The government steamer was at Grindstone Island this week, with material for finishing the new lighthouse there.  
 Misses Nellie and Bessie Rogers left on Tuesday on a visit to Fredericton.

**NEWCASTLE BRIDGE NOTES**

Newcastle Bridge, Aug. 7.—The C. P. R. have erected a number of houses for their employees, also a spacious office for their general manager.  
 Mr. and Mrs. McGrath and family have returned to their home in Montreal.  
 Mrs. Ann Upston's daughter, Mrs. Bennett, of Lewiston, is dangerously ill with cancer at her home. Her sister, Miss Elsie, is attending her.  
 Chas. Larkin, manager of the Gibbons Coal Company, has opened up a new mine in their property.  
 Mrs. Van Vuren, of Boston, is visiting her old home and is the guest of Mrs. John Veerman.  
 Chas. Miller has taken the contract to operate Smith Road, Limby lands on Newcastle stream and has a crew of men summer-logging.  
 Mrs. Fletcher and Mrs. Jones (nee the late Mrs. Jones) are spending the summer with their parents.  
 Mrs. A. McDonald, of St. John, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. S. Bailey.  
 The members of the Baptist choir met for rehearsal at the home of Mrs. J. R. Kennedy this week.  
 Mrs. Harry Baird and daughters, of Robinson of the supreme court of appeal of West Virginia, Rev. Geo. A. Smith, secretary of the Society of Colonial Families, and Hon. Clifford W. Robinson of Montreal, N. B. Charles E. Robinson, who was sent to England by the society to collect data relating to members of the family, made an interesting report.  
 Miss Ninal Knight, of St. John, is a guest of Miss Grace Maxwell—St. Croix Couriers.

**OBITUARY**

**Miss Emily Hewitt.**  
 Tuesday, Aug. 6.  
 The death of Miss Emily Hewitt occurred yesterday morning at her home in 77 Leinster street. She was a daughter of Mrs. Isabella and the late James Hewitt, and her mother and one brother survive. The funeral will take place today from her late home in Leinster street.

**Walter Lane.**  
 Monday, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Walter Lane, sewerage commissioner of Fredericton, and father of Judge Walter J. Lane, died at home in that city today. He was born in St. John in 1849.

**James Keirstead.**  
 James Keirstead, a life-long resident of Goddola Point, died at his home there yesterday, after a short illness. Mr. Keirstead was 87 years of age, and had spent all his life at Goddola Point. He is survived by one son, J. W. Keirstead, of Rothesay, and one daughter, Mrs. Geo. Pettigill, of Goddola Point.  
 The funeral will be Thursday afternoon at 2.30.

**Miss M. A. Dunlop.**  
 D. M. Manks has received news of the death in Boston, of Miss Martha Dunlop, eldest daughter of the late Samuel Dunlop, well known tinner of this city. Miss Dunlop was a resident of St. John up to the time of her father's death, about eight years ago, when she removed to Boston, and where she has resided since that time. She was for many years a member of Centenary Methodist church. The funeral will be held from Centenary church on Friday, the service beginning at 2.30 p.m. The deceased is survived by one brother, Samuel Dunlop, of this city, and a sister, Mrs. H. L. Manks, of Boston.

**William H. Purdy.**  
 Thursday, Aug. 8.  
 Five minutes after he had been seen alive about the yard of his home, corner of St. James and Watson streets, in Carleton Place, he was found dead. He was a resident of the west side and had been in his woodshed, where he had gone apparently to get some wood. His death was a surprise to those of his family and to his friends. It is not known exactly what the cause of it could have been, but the supposition is that he suffered a stroke of apoplexy after entering the shed. He was found just a few minutes after life became extinct, but the suddenness of the call made it difficult to believe that he was dead.

**Mrs. Annie Cox.**  
 Thursday, Aug. 8.  
 After an illness of only ten days, Mrs. Annie Adora Cox died suddenly last evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Stanley McGuire, 10 King street, West St. John. She had been in bed for ten days suffering from what was considered to be a slight illness, and her death came as a great shock to the members of her family, who will have the sympathy of a large number of friends.

**Colonel Scates in Charge.**  
 Colonel E. E. Scates is to be at the head of the pilgrimage and others to be in the party are:  
 Mrs. E. E. Scates, Capt. C. H. Dismore, Capt. C. S. Beckwith, Lieut. G. E. Pither, Ensign W. A. Haylow, H. W. Varney, J. H. Watt, Mrs. J. H. Watt, T. L. Marshall, H. P. Cogswell, W. T. Ashby, H. A. Danks, S. R. Conant, Mrs. S. R. Conant, E. W. Thompson, C. C. Smith, Mrs. M. C. Smith, C. C. Rolfe, Len Achorn, Dr. J. W. Lowery, Mrs. F. W. Lowery, Mrs. V. E. Thompson, W. A. Farmer, Miss Farmer, Miss M. A. Magill, Mrs. W. A. Haines, Mrs. C. A. Haughton, Mrs. C. A. Powers, Mrs. L. R. Sealey, Mrs. B. Good, Wm. H. Cogswell, Lewis Bean, D. W. Gilman, J. W. Erskin, A. B. Lorne, Lewis Scott, J. W. Lewis Scott, Mrs. F. A. Haines.

**THE ROBINSONS HOLD A REUNION**  
 Boston, Aug. 8.—The Robinsons of Canada and the United States were represented today at the sixth biennial reunion of the Robinson Genealogical Society here. Addresses were made by Judge Ira E. Robinson of the supreme court of appeal of West Virginia, Rev. Geo. A. Smith, secretary of the Society of Colonial Families, and Hon. Clifford W. Robinson of Montreal, N. B. Charles E. Robinson, who was sent to England by the society to collect data relating to members of the family, made an interesting report.  
 Miss Ninal Knight, of St. John, is a guest of Miss Grace Maxwell—St. Croix Couriers.

**PILGRIMAGE TO**

**NEW BRUNSWICK AND NOVA SCOTIA**

**Fort Fairfield Oddfellows to Visit St. John and Have Planned Interesting Trip—Col. E. E. Scates at the Head—Others in the Party.**

The members of Canton Wabasco, No. 22, Patriarchs Militant, I. O. O. F., of Fort Fairfield (Me.), and other friends, have planned to make an interesting pilgrimage of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia during this month, and the party will arrive in St. John on Monday.



COLONEL E. E. SCATES.

day. They will come from Fredericton by boat and will be registered at the Royal Hotel during their stay in the city. While here their eighting will be under the guidance of Captain LeTour, whose special guests they will be.  
 They will leave Aroostook points in a special car on Saturday next and will spend Sunday in Fredericton. They will leave St. John on Monday morning at 8.45 o'clock on the Prince Rupert, going to Yarmouth via Digby.

From Yarmouth on Thursday they will travel in special observation cars through "the Land of Evangeline," stopping at historic places en route, and reaching Halifax at 8 p.m. They will spend Friday in Halifax and on Saturday in the forenoon they will commence their homeward journey. They will be accompanied by the department commander, officers and captains of the maritime provinces on their return home.

**Valuators Doyle, Williston and Phipps** are preparing to start upon the work of making a new and complete valuation of all the real estate, personal property and taxation for the future.

**Rev. R. H. MacPherson**, Presbyterian minister at Port Hood (N. S.), is the guest of Alderman and Mrs. Stuart.

**THE HORSE DISAPPEARS**  
 The horse which for the last few days has been under the protection of the agent at Purdy's warehouse in Indiantown, and of which there has been much discussion concerning its ownership in the day a little later, was yesterday morning the subject of a mystery. Yesterday morning the agent led it out and tied it up in the vicinity of the warehouse that it might be the breakfast from a patch of clover. He then returned to his work and happened to look out of the window some ten minutes later, discovered that the horse had disappeared. Later in the day a little later was seen leading it down Main street under whose orders nobody knew. It still the local horse dealer put in an appearance and asked for the horse. Who is to blame for the loss of it and who is to suffer by that loss, the woman who bought it, the man who sold it, or the agent who care for it, is a question which is yet to be decided.

**LOCAL NEWS**

**W. P. Gilman**, of Kingsclear, raised and marketed 6,000 boxes of strawberries on his farm at Kingsclear this season.

The engagement is announced of Miss Myrtle V. Bostwick, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Bostwick, of Gray Mills, Kings county (N. B.), to Roy D. Wetmore, of Clifton.

A special committee of the Board of Trade met with the members of the local legislature Monday to discuss matters in connection with the Valley Road. The purpose of the meeting was to ascertain if the railroad would cross the river at Perry's Point and the members of the legislature will endeavor to get this information.

Friends of Wm. J. Doherty, formerly of Douglas avenue, will be pleased to learn that he has met with further promotion in Montreal, where he has for the last few years been in the employ of the C. P. R. He has for some time been in the engineering department, but has recently been promoted to the position of chief clerk to J. R. Gilliland, the terminal agent.

The annual convention of the Diocese of Christ of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia is to be held at Milton (N. S.) September 7, 8 and 9. Lowell McPherson, an England evangelist, is to be one of the speakers. He will represent the home mission work and it is expected that another prominent speaker will be present to represent the Foreign Mission Society.

The schools open on the 26th of the present month and while there are about 800 to 900 permits to be taken out, less than fifty have been issued up to the present time. The staff of the school are anxious that the permits should be taken out early, as it will otherwise mean that all will come together at the last moment. The school board offices are open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily.

Extensive repairs are to be made on the exterior and interior of Leinster street Baptist church. The foundations are being strengthened and the brick work pointed and put in shape generally. The interior of the edifice is to have a thorough renovating and will be in the hands of the painters and decorators for some time. The work will possibly include, beside the main body of the church, the vestry as well. The lighting arrangements are also being changed from gas to electricity. The system to be patterned after the most modern fashion for church lighting. Ganes W. Wilson is the architect in charge of the work.

**NEWCASTLE NEWS**

**Two Scott Act Convictions—Presentations to Rev. R. J. McKay and Wife on Eve of Departure for Ontario.**

Newcastle, Aug. 8.—Yesterday before Police Magistrate Smith two convictions for first offences against the C. T. Act were registered—Edward Dalton, proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, and a junior clerk in Hotel Miramichi. Informations were laid by Inspector Dickson.

Rev. J. R. McKay, who has resigned the pastorate of Tabusintac and become the pastor of Tabusintac and Port Hood, is leaving St. John on Monday morning at 8.45 o'clock on the Prince Rupert, going to Yarmouth via Digby.

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**TORY IN MONTREAL**

**Gave \$3 for Sackville**

**Witness Tells Given a Tory and the B...**

**Police Judge, After Some Evidence He Has No J...**

**Under the Act Accused, and Discharge.**

**Special to The Tele...**

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 10.—The case brought by Dr. Dan, of Sackville, president of the morland Electoral Reform League, for the prosecution, and John L. Wry, Sackville, bribery in the recent provincial election, was today brought to a close here today before Magistrate J. R. Gilliland, who found the defendant guilty of the offence.

It was alleged that Wry on the 19th of June, offered to \$3 by way of a gift with a view to procuring Wry's vote on June 20.

George R. McCord, Sackville, for the prosecution, and J. St. John, and R. Dries, Sackville, defendants, were today brought to a close here today before Magistrate J. R. Gilliland, who found the defendant guilty of the offence.

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