

WINSO'S ANODYNE NIMET Accidents

a cut or a bruised arm, or a Johnson's Anodyne Liniment Great emergency remedy.

of use nothing has ever take its place. Take in Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Typhoid, Colds, etc. Available everywhere.

50c bottles. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

WOMEN'S DISORDERS Treatment Free

For all disorders of women. It is applied by the rectum. The congested region is expelled, giving immediate mental and physical relief. The blood vessels and nerves are toned and strengthened, and the circulation is rendered normal. This treatment is based on strictly scientific principles, and acts on the actual cause of the disease. It cannot help but effect a cure of all forms of female troubles, including leucorrhoea, falling of the womb, etc. Price, \$1.00 per box, which is sufficient for one month's treatment. A Free Trial Treatment, enough for 10 days, will be sent free to any suffering woman.

FRANCES E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

TWO GET-RICH-QUICK CONCERNS RAIDED

(Continued from page 1.) "As the work of investigation proceeded, it became apparent that the fraudulent use of the mails was far more extensive than had been realized by the department. A vast system of fraud, as far-reaching in its ramifications as the postal service itself, had been developed by unscrupulous men who, through the grossest forms of misrepresentation, were stealing from the people millions of dollars annually. These fraudulent operations have not only swindled thousands of innocent investors, but have created a lack of confidence in legitimate business enterprises. It is therefore as important to the business community to have these frauds stopped as it is to the people whose losses are directly traceable to them.

"Formerly the procedure in such cases was entirely different. It was the practice to issue a fraud order against the guilty concern. This method proved to be ineffective, as it deprived the offending concern of the use of the mails, it was a simple matter for its promoters to reorganize under a new name, and thus evade the law. In the department's present crusade, the practice has been to proceed immediately to the arrest of the principals in the fraudulent enterprise, the object being to secure prompt conviction and imprisonment. The results already accomplished by the department represent only the beginning. The work of investigation and prosecution will proceed with all possible vigor until the swindling of the people through the use of the mails is brought to an end.

The specific charges against Vaughan set forth in the complaint of Wm. B. Robinson, postal inspector, is that on June 4, 1910, he devised a scheme to defraud Walter N. Altman, of Tonka, (Kas.), "and divers other persons," by fraudulent use of the mails. It is alleged he falsely represented that the Continental Wireless Company operated and controlled other companies, and would be in a position to obtain immediate revenues.

"One of the statements," said Inspector Keene, "read that by taking over stations already established and adding others at Pittsburg, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, Lake City, and at Reno, a transcontinental service would become possible."

The president of Burr Bros. was not in his office when the raid was made. He was found by postal inspectors in a Fifth Avenue establishment and quietly submitted to arrest. None of the prisoners could furnish bail and spent the night in the Tombs.

Assistant District Attorney Dorr said that under the new law, effective on Jan. 1, of this year, the maximum penalty on conviction of a single fraudulent use of the mails is five years' imprisonment, and that an offender can be charged with a violation for every letter it is proved he sent.

Branch offices of Burr Brothers at Bakersfield, Calif., Los Angeles and Seattle (Wash.), were closed by the postal authorities several months ago.

RS

to publish to those concerned The prices for these skins will be as leaders in prices as well

\$500.00 to \$50.00 35.00 to 15.00 3.00 to 1.00 6.00 to 2.00 .75 to .25 25.00 to 2.00 8.00 to 1.00 1.00 to .10

arranging to shippers a Square Hand shipping subject to ship

ending our check, or if convenient return mail.

envelope that we will send returns. Reference any bank.

avoid heavy boxes. Ship furs go cheaper by mail. The sent by express at mail rates.

side. Send shipping advance on your furs. Nice appearance

consul's certificate, the cost of shipping the United States.

company We Get Furs From LONDON PARIS BERLIN

VOL L

CONCIL BLOCKS WEST SIDE TRANSFER

Wants the C. P. R. to Maintain Sewers

Mr. Taylor Declares the Railway Will Not Be Responsible

Objection Taken to Agreement as Drawn by New Recorder, But Matter Was Finally Hung Up—Will Ask Government to Take Over West Side Terminals.

Friday, Nov. 25. The transfer of the west side harbor lots to the C. P. R. was hung up in the special meeting of the council yesterday over a question of the maintenance of the sewers. It was announced that the government and the C. P. R. would undertake the construction of the sewers on plans approved by the city engineer and the engineers of the company and the department of public works. Mr. Taylor, representative of the company, however, announced that there was absolutely no hope of coming to an understanding if the city insisted that they should maintain the sewers.

His worship was asked to name a committee of three of the aldermen to enter into negotiations with the government looking towards the taking over the deep water terminals on the west side. The committee will be named tomorrow. The transfer of the west side harbor lots to the C. P. R. was hung up in the special meeting of the council yesterday over a question of the maintenance of the sewers.

The minister of public works, he went on, when here, had expressed himself as not unfavorable to the proposition and he thought such a move would be in the best interests of all concerned. The citizens, he felt, would be willing to accept a fair price for the property which was nearly new. He did not believe they desired to make a profit on it. The time of the council would be better employed considering purely civic matters than transportation problems.

Will Name Committee.

Ald. Hayes introduced a motion that his worship have power to name an advisory committee of three to approach the government on this matter.

Ald. Potts thought there was a great deal that his worship had just said. In view of that he thought the city should not be in a hurry to give away the forty acre strip asked for by the C. P. R. Ald. Russell seconded Ald. Hayes' motion and upon the question being put it was carried unanimously.

The mayor said that he had hoped to bring up the question of the transfer of the foreshore of Courtenay Bay to the government. He found, however, that the city engineer would not be in a position to submit to the department at Ottawa. He thought the matter would be in shape to bring up at the regular meeting of the council.

The draft of the agreement by which the city is to sell lots in Lancaster to B. Money & Sons for 8000 a lot was read by the recorder and ratified. Ald. Hayes' Vanwart and McGoldrick were appointed a committee to act with the recorder in the sale.

The real business for which the meeting had been called was taken up. Recorder Baxter first read the draft of the agreement between the city and the C. P. R. in regard to the transfer of the west side lots as drawn up by himself. On motion the council went into committee of the whole, when the report was taken up section by section.

The first point discussed was the matter of boundaries. The C. P. R. had sent down a blue print which differed somewhat from the original plan as drawn by the city.

Ald. Likely pointed out that there was really very little difference between the lines as proposed by the city and those by the company. He thought that if the change was acceptable to the C. P. R., and if the facilities were passed would be in the best interests of the city, the city was sufficiently safeguarded in the matter, they ought to pass the section.

After some discussion the section was finally adopted.

Recorder pointed out that whatever resolutions were passed would be in the best interests of the city when drawing up the final agreement.

Made Mountain of This Section.

The next section on which there was discussion referred to the use to which the transferred land should be put by the C. P. R.

TEAM DROWNED IN MONCTON "BORE"

Backed Over Bank, With Load of Gravel, as Tide Was Coming In

City Council Drops More Fire Insurance in Tariff Companies in Retailers for Increase in Rates—I. C. R. Officials Inspect Several Branch Roads.

Special to The Telegraph. Moncton, Nov. 24—Albany Bourque, of Fox Creek, lost a valuable team of horses this afternoon in a rather singular manner. The team was on the river bank taking a load of gravel from a scow. The driver backed the team up to finish loading and the horses started back quickly, causing the wheels of the wagon to jump over the chock block, throwing the horses over into the river.

The tide was flowing in swiftly and the horses and team were quickly carried up river. All efforts of those on the bank to rescue the team proved unavailing. The horses, loaded down with their harness and a truck party loaded with ballast, made a desperate struggle to swim ashore but were carried down by the heavy weight and drowned.

A boat was put out and the team was towed ashore a few hundred yards above the scene of the accident, but both animals were then dead. The loss to Bourque is in the vicinity of \$400.

The city council tonight again showed its resentment of the action of the board of underwriters in increasing the insurance rates in Moncton by transferring \$8,000 from the fire insurance fund on city property from the fire insurance fund to the fire insurance fund.

W. A. Brock, city engineer of the department of railways and canal, and A. G. Bell, department auditor, returned today from an inspection trip over the Moncton & Buctouche Railway, and left tonight for Ottawa. The Ottawa officials have inspected the Kent Northern, Carleton, St. Martins, Cape Breton and M. & B. railways, which will probably complete the inspection this fall.

At a meeting of the Moncton Curling Club tonight E. W. Given was elected president; J. A. Geary, vice-president, and G. W. Maddison, secretary-treasurer. J. W. Y. Smith will take this week on a trip to Europe.

COSTS \$25,000 A YEAR TO MAINTAIN TEN-YEAR-OLD BOY

New York Judge Doubtful About Allowing Such Extravagance, Although Lad's Income is \$90,000 Annually.

New York, Nov. 24—Surrogate Coburn, to whom application was made by A. G. Dickinson, of No. 170 West Fifty-ninth street, for an allowance of \$25,000 for his son, Hunt Dickinson, ten years old, who inherited \$4,000,000 from his grandfather, Wesley Hunt Tilford, once of the Standard Oil Company, expressed an opinion yesterday that \$5,000 ought to be enough for the boy of that age. He said that he did not believe a larger allowance would be for the boy's best interests.

Henry M. Tilford, trustee of the will of his father, stated that in less than the last year \$25,000 had been expended for the boy's maintenance and that the amount had been agreed on as a proper allowance, considering that the boy's income is \$90,000 a year.

The surrogate reserved decision.

BOY KILLS CHUM WHILE HUNTING

Pointed Gun at Companion, He Said, But Didn't Know It Was Loaded.

Utica, N. Y., Nov. 24—Chas. Mulcahy, fifteen years old, was shot and killed by his companion, of the same age, Charles Jones, near their home at Forest Port today. They had been hunting and were on their way home when, according to the story told tonight to Coroner Sparks, Jones pointed his shotgun playfully at Mulcahy and the charge entered the lad's head, the death being almost instantaneous. Jones says he did not know the gun was loaded.

LANSLOWNE'S REFORM SCHEME PASSES LORDS

Morley and Loreburn Ridicule It

Commons Will Not Discuss It and Dissolution Will Take Place Monday—Both Sides on the Stump Working Hard.

Canadian Associated Press. London, Nov. 24—In the house of lords today, Lord Lansdowne's reform resolutions were carried without division. The previous day's debate went in favor of the opposition, but today Lord Chancellor Loreburn and Lord Morley contributed excellent speeches.

Loreburn said all Lansdowne's proposals for joint sittings, referendums, etc., would be only brought into existence when the Liberals were in power in the lower chamber.

Morley scornfully described the reform proposals as a schoolboy sketch and he expressed amazement at the levity with which the Conservatives had committed themselves to vast unknown changes. There will be a flood of oratory tomorrow. Premier Asquith speaks at Hull, Lord Lansdowne at Glasgow. Most of the front bench men will also be on the platform.

John Burns, speaking at Battersea, declared that neither Lansdowne's mending nor Rosebery's blending would prevent the people from bending the lords to their will. All efforts of those on the bank to rescue the team proved unavailing.

Reform Scheme Sent to the Commons. Associated Press. London, Nov. 24—The house of lords tonight, without a division, adopted the resolution of Lord Lansdowne, the opposition leader of the house of lords, and decided to send them, together with Lord Rosebery's plan for the reformation of the membership of the lords, to the house of commons.

The upper chamber then adjourned until Monday, when the dissolution of parliament will take place. Thus the government's reform scheme has been ignored by the house of lords.

A noticeable feature of the debate has been the number of Liberal peers who supported Lord Lansdowne's scheme and opposed the government's veto bill.

Quick Decision for Aitken. Associated Press. London, Nov. 24—All eyes are on Lansdowne where, under the leadership of Bonar Law, the Unionist campaign is already in full swing and the Radicals are making a spirited defence. At present in the Lancashire area, which includes the county of Cheshire, forty-seven out of seventy are Radical.

All the Manchester pollings and Mr. Aitken's polling in Ashton-under-Lyne will take place on the first day of the elections, namely, Saturday, Dec. 3, thus giving the cue to the three kingdoms.

Bonar Law is setting himself to win over the moderate members of all parties, and Mr. Aitken will follow his lead. They realize the important part the Unionist free trade vote will play in the contest.

Mr. Law asks for "the support of those who prefer the policy of the Conservative party, even though it involves tariff reform, which they dislike, rather than the policy of spoliation and revolution which is the alternative in the present conjuncture."

Mr. Aitken's policy of moderate circumstances to own their home at a minimum cost while obtaining buildings of better construction than the average individual could erect, and amid surroundings and under restrictions that will make free for all races. The Mackenzie was the little city an ideal residence place.

The minimum cost of paying for a home there, it is estimated, will be \$25 a month, including principal and interest. The officers of the foundation, who are associated with Mrs. Sage in the enterprise, are Robert W. DeForest, president; Edward H. Bouton, vice-president; Cleveland H. Dodge, treasurer, and John M. Glenn, general director.

The statements outlining their plans were issued from Mr. DeForest's office today.

For the present-laboring men, whose wages are small, will not benefit directly from Mrs. Sage's enterprise. The cost of land in Forest Hill, it is explained, precludes provision being made there for the working class. Intimations that they will be cared for later, however, as given in Mr. DeForest's statement.

MUTINY IN BRAZILIAN NAVY LOOKS SERIOUS

Three Warships Seized by Malcontents, Who Murder a Captain and Three Officers, and Then Fire a Few Shells Into Rio Janeiro—More Pay and Less Hours, as Well as Pardon, Likely to Be Granted Them.

Associated Press. Rio Janeiro, Nov. 24—The Brazilian minister in London, this evening received a cablegram from the Brazilian foreign office at Rio Janeiro, stating that a mutiny had occurred on board the battleships Minas Geraes and Sao Paulo, and a scout vessel. The foreign office then expected the surrender of the three vessels some time today. It denied that there was any disturbance in the city of Rio Janeiro and adds that the army and rest of the navy are loyal.

The cablegram says that the crew of the Minas Geraes mutinied for more wages and less work, and murdered the captain and three officers, the only officers on board at the time, last Tuesday evening. After the fight was over, the bodies of the slain officers were thrown on shore. Later the crew of the Sao Paulo and the crew of a scout vessel, which was lying in the harbor, joined the mutineers who took full possession of the three ships until tomorrow with the question of amnesty for the mutineers still under discussion. It is thought that amnesty will be granted by a small majority. The Sao Paulo and Bahia have gone outside of the bar, but the Minas Geraes has taken up a position in the bay opposite the government palace. According to the Journal, President Fonseca is disposed to countermand the amnesty as soon as both houses of parliament shall have voted it. The mutineers threatened to bombard Rio Janeiro and did fire a few shots into the town. Last night the mutinous ships left the harbor in order to escape, torpedo boat destroyers which had been sent out by the government to demand the surrender of the rebels.

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MRS. SAGE TO FOUND A "SPOTLESS TOWN"

Big Tract on Long Island to Have Houses for 1500 Families, But They and Their Ancestors Must Be Beyond Reach—People Will Not Need to Face Storms There.

Associated Press. New York, Nov. 24—The preliminary plans of the Russell Sage foundation established by Mrs. Sage as a memorial to her husband, for the establishment of a model suburban city, providing healthy and beautiful homes for persons of moderate means, were announced today. Briefly the project is to utilize a tract of 142 acres of land at Forest Hills Gardens (L. I.), nine miles from this city, in laying out a town for 1500 families. The initial financial expenditures for the plan, it is announced, amount to \$2,500,000. How much more will be needed to carry the plans to completion is not known, but the foundation trustees state that Mrs. Sage is prepared to supply all the funds required to carry out her ideas. Through today's announcement it is made plain that the enterprise is not a charity but it is to be made self-supporting and yield a fair return on the investment. Its purpose rather is to enable persons in moderate circumstances to own their home at a minimum cost while obtaining buildings of better construction than the average individual could erect, and amid surroundings and under restrictions that will make free for all races. The Mackenzie was the little city an ideal residence place.

The minimum cost of paying for a home there, it is estimated, will be \$25 a month, including principal and interest. The officers of the foundation, who are associated with Mrs. Sage in the enterprise, are Robert W. DeForest, president; Edward H. Bouton, vice-president; Cleveland H. Dodge, treasurer, and John M. Glenn, general director.

The statements outlining their plans were issued from Mr. DeForest's office today.

For the present-laboring men, whose wages are small, will not benefit directly from Mrs. Sage's enterprise. The cost of land in Forest Hill, it is explained, precludes provision being made there for the working class. Intimations that they will be cared for later, however, as given in Mr. DeForest's statement.

"Forest Hills Gardens" is to be made a real "spotless town," as nearly as money and skill can make it, according to the announcement. It has been laid out by Frederick Law Olmsted, a landscape gardener, and its architectural development will be closely scrutinized by Grosvenor Atterbury. Applicants for home there will also have to submit to examination as to their character and antecedents. After the point of respectability the community is to be a real aristocracy; financial standing a secondary consideration. The railroad station will be situated in the public square, forming the entrance to the community. This square will be surrounded with ornamental buildings containing business offices, stores and shops. A village green of two and one-half acres will lead to the picture gallery. The entrance gate and driveway. Covered bridges will connect to the railroad and entrance to apartments so that the commuters may enter and leave trains from their apartments without exposure to stormy weather.

The present plans contemplate the opening of the model town early next year.

AMHERST CITIZENS PRESENT FRED CAMERON WITH \$400

Amherst, N. S., Nov. 24—(Special)—J. Logan, K. C. president of the board of trade, tonight presented Fred S. Cameron, winner of the Boston Marathon and other important running events, with \$400 in gold from the business men of Amherst, in recognition of his clean record and for the fame and honor which he has brought to Amherst by his manly, upright and clean athletic career.

Mr. Cameron, in his own modest way, thanked Mr. Logan and the contributors for their generous gift, and for the manner in which they had stood by him.

Cameron is resting and will not go into training again until after the first of the year.

MADRID GOVERNMENT ARE HIS MANIFESTO

Declares Diaz Government Are in Power by Fraud

Says Freedom Has Been Stifled by Tyrannical Power—Calls on All Lovers of Freedom to Rally to His Standard.

Canadian Associated Press. New York, Nov. 24—A manifesto credited to and signed by Francisco I. Madero, calling on the people of Mexico to rise against the government of President Diaz was made public here tonight by friends and partisans of Madero, who said that it was received in this city today. The manifesto is in Spanish and is dated at San Luis Potosi (Mex.), Oct. 5, 1910. A footnote to it says, it is for private circulation up to Nov. 15 and thereafter it is to be circulated broadly.

In their uninterrupted struggle for the triumph of the ideals of liberty and justice, peoples are compelled at certain historical moments, to make the greatest sacrifices," is the way in which it begins. "Our beloved fatherland has reached such a stage," it continues, "A despotism such as was Mexican has not been accustomed to bear since we secured our independence, opposes us to such a degree that it has become intolerable."

The manifesto recites that a feeling of unrest has pervaded the republic because of this system of government and because of the efforts of Diaz to saddle upon the nation a successor of his own choice. This, it is declared, decided many Mexicans to undertake a struggle for a recovery of popular sovereignty and the anti-republican party was organized for the purpose. It named Madero and Dr. Francisco Pasquez for the offices of president and vice-president, but the manifesto goes on, Diaz had Madero imprisoned before the elections. The elections took place, it is stated, but the people were excluded from the meetings by violence, prisons were filled with independent citizens and slanders were circulated.

"This unlawful and ruthless situation can no longer subsist," the manifesto continues. "I have thoroughly comprehended that if the people have designated me as a candidate for the presidency, it is not because they have discerned in me the gifts of a statesman or ruler, but the manliness of a patriot determined, if necessary, to sacrifice himself provided liberty can be achieved. In virtue of the above and as an echo of the nation, I declare here, with the past elections to be illegal and the republic to be without lawful government and I assume provisionally the presidency of the republic until the people will designate its rulers in conformity with the law. To attain this end it is necessary to remove from power the audacious usurper that, as sole title of legality, display scandalous and immoral frauds."

The manifesto designated as Monday, the 20th day of November, from 6 o'clock on as the date and time for the rising. The plan includes the following:

In order to avoid as far as possible the troubles resulting from a revolutionary change, the laws promulgated by the actual government are declared to be in force until they may be reformed through constitutional methods. In addition to the legislation and the laws in force, the principle of non-election of the presidency of the republic of the states and municipal presidents, is declared to be supreme law of the republic.

"I assume the character of provisional president of the United States of Mexico with the power and requisite facilities of making war upon the usurpatory government of General Diaz. As soon as the capital of the republic and more than one-half of the states of the federation will be in the power of the forces of the people, the provisional president will convocate to extraordinary general elections to be held one month later.

Mr. Miller, Liberal, who followed, declared that though it seemed to be the popular conservative plan to denounce an alliance with the Nationalists now, there seemed to have been a tacit understanding between Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Borden before the Drummond-Arthabaska election, by which the Conservative leader had prevented a Conservative candidate going into the fight and embarrassing the Nationalists.

Dr. Chisholm, Conservative, spoke on the address without referring to the naval question.

Mr. Fowke, Liberal, adjourned the debate.

Before the orders of the day Mr. Perley, chief Conservative whip, declared that he did not know where Bourassa got his funds for the Drummond-Arthabaska campaign. It had been intimated in the house that Perley could tell where the money came from.

"NOTHING TO BE THANKFUL FOR," NEW YORKER SUICIDED

New York, Nov. 24—Feeling that he had nothing to be thankful for, while all about him were people enjoying the Thanksgiving day, Michael McGee, 28 years old, committed suicide in Central Park this afternoon by shooting himself in the head. "I haven't anything to be thankful for on this day of thanksgiving," passively heard him mutter today. With that he whipped out a revolver and pressing the muzzle to his head, fired. He died instantly.

ST. MR. LAURENTIC ON LAST TRIP OF THE SEASON

Halifax, Nov. 24—(Special)—The White Star-Dominion liner Laurentic, the largest steamer except the Great Eastern ever to enter Halifax harbor, landed 87 passengers today and proceeded to Portland. Her return voyage to Liverpool will be the last trip of the season.

BORDEN CHANGES NAVAL POLICY AGAIN

Follows Bourassa's Lead

Wants Plebiscite Taken on the Question Now

Moves Amendment to Monk's Resolution, But There is Little Difference in the Two—Debate to Close Monday, When Laurier Will Speak Again.

Special to The Telegraph. Ottawa, Nov. 24—His Majesty's loyal opposition today took another step on the naval question, by declaring itself loyal and practically against the navy, in an amendment to the address which was put forward by R. L. Borden, opposition leader. Mr. Borden declared himself against an alliance with the Quebec Nationalists, and he was not with the Liberals on the question, although he was with the government on this point two years ago.

The amendment which the opposition put to the fore is practically the same as that of Mr. Monk, with a preamble of the Quebec Nationalists, and with a promise of the Liberal amendment that Canada should have a plebiscite instead of ships.

The debate on the address will continue tomorrow, and the voting will be done on Monday. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Geo. E. Foster will speak again before the test by ballot is taken.

Dr. Paquet, Conservative, denied that any Nationalist speaker in Drummond-Arthabaska had said that aid should not be given to England in time of need.

Mr. Rivet, Liberal, declared the methods used in the bye-election, if continued, would lead to the annexation of Quebec from the other provinces of Canada.

Borden Wants Plebiscite Now. R. L. Borden declared that the Conservatives were not in alliance with either the Liberals or the Nationalists on the naval question. The Conservatives proposed to stand by their policy of last year. Mr. Monk's amendment only covered part of the policy of the Conservatives. Conservatism did not believe in a defence of the empire by disarmed navies, but had there should be one great navy under one central authority. He moved the following as an amendment to Mr. Monk's amendment:

"We beg to assure your excellency of the unalterable attachment and devotion of the people of Canada to the British crown, and of their desire and intention to fulfill all just responsibilities devolving upon this country, as one of the nations of the empire. We desire, however, to express our regret that your excellency's gracious speech gives no indication whatever of any intention on the part of your excellency's advisers to consult the people on the naval policy of Canada."

Mr. Miller, Liberal, who followed, declared that though it seemed to be the popular conservative plan to denounce an alliance with the Nationalists now, there seemed to have been a tacit understanding between Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Borden before the Drummond-Arthabaska election, by which the Conservative leader had prevented a Conservative candidate going into the fight and embarrassing the Nationalists.

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MAN BURNED TO DEATH IN \$75,000 CHICAGO FIRE

Chicago, Nov. 24—John Juday, marshal of the private fire company of Swift & Co. makers, was burned to death, fifty city firemen were overcome by smoke, and \$75,000 damage was done to the refinery and grease storehouse of the packing firm by a fire which raged for three hours today. None of the firemen was injured seriously.

SUNKEN SCHOONER NEAR DIAMOND SHOALS

Beaufort, N. C., Nov. 24—A large schooner with tonnage projecting fifteen feet above water, is reported to have been sunk a mile and a half due east from Diamond Shoal Lightship. The wreckage is dangerous to passing vessels. No tidings of the crew or the name of the vessel have yet been received.

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Mutineers Still Hold Ships. Rio Janeiro, Nov. 24—The chamber of deputies closed its meeting and adjourned until tomorrow with the question of amnesty for the mutineers still under discussion. It is thought that amnesty will be granted by a small majority. The Sao Paulo and Bahia have gone outside of the bar, but the Minas Geraes has taken up a position in the bay opposite the government palace. According to the Journal, President Fonseca is disposed to countermand the amnesty as soon as both houses of parliament shall have voted it. The mutineers threatened to bombard Rio Janeiro and did fire a few shots into the town. Last night the mutinous ships left the harbor in order to escape, torpedo boat destroyers which had been sent out by the government to demand the surrender of the rebels.

MRS. SAGE TO FOUND A "SPOTLESS TOWN"



AN'S EMBROCATION



ROYAL for ANIMALS See the Elliman E.F.A. Booklet UNIVERSAL for HUMAN USE See the Elliman R.E.P. Booklet

'HEALTH BELT MAN' 'Young' 55 old, for my Health Belt

AS RESTORED A Wizard Worker, a mechanical self-cure

Life, with full self-confidence, surely parts most needing it. Courage, you going with the fire and vigor

THE RISK you the truth of my claims. Write arrange to get the Belt and pay for

This Wonderful Book is FREE Call or Write for it Today

Call at my office for free test of Belt, or if at a distance, fill in the coupon and let me get this wonderful Health Book into your hands.

Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont. Book, as advertised, free.

who has perhaps heard man or woman in the of guilt or shame, but

WRITE PRESCRIPTION In Strong, Sick Women Well

I pay the highest prices for raw furs and pay all express charges. Write for price list

FIGHTING TALK IN PARLIAMENT DURING DEBATE

F. D. Monk Given the Lie Latter, Enraged, Asks His Accuser to Come Outside and Repeat It—Hon. Mr. Brodeur Exposes Tory-Nationalist Tactics in Arthabaska Election.

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—The commons today got away from the humdrum formalities, and down to an expression of its natural feelings.

At the opening of the sitting the speaker said that the Hansard indicated that the night before Mr. Gauvreau had given Mr. Monk the lie, and that this was parliamentary it would have to be withdrawn.

Mr. Gauvreau said he would withdraw, at the suggestion of the speaker. Mr. Monk said: "I did not notice that expression last night. It has just been pointed out to me in Hansard. I confess that I do not like the form of the withdrawal. If he will step outside of this house and repeat that expression to my face I should be much obliged."

Mr. Monk declared that Mr. Bourassa and he were loyal to Britain but if imperialists had the right to advocate centralization of authority, it was only fair that the recommendations of Mr. Brodeur should be discussed.

Mr. Brodeur declared that Mr. Bourassa and he were loyal to Britain but if imperialists had the right to advocate centralization of authority, it was only fair that the recommendations of Mr. Brodeur should be discussed.

CANCER IS CURABLE. This has been demonstrated in hundreds of cases

Commons continued with five speeches, two of them in French, fighting the Drummond-Arthabaska election question.

Elondin Proclaims His Loyalty. Mr. Elondin, who denounced England and the English in the campaign, today proclaimed his loyalty.

Cartwright on Reciprocity. Sir Richard Cartwright said at the time of the joint-highway question, there was a feeling in Washington that Canada could not become prosperous unless given free access to the American markets.

There are more considerations in this matter than mere pounds, shillings and pence. I have always been an ardent admirer of Canada making herself valuable to the empire by promoting friendly relations between herself and the people of the United States.

Mr. Brodeur challenged Mr. Monk to say whether he had or had not heard Bourassa make this declaration, and if he did not subscribe to it.

Mr. Brodeur declared that this was what the Hon. Geo. E. Foster had done when he had been asked by the Montreal Herald to say how Conservatives should vote in Drummond-Arthabaska, and had replied that they should vote to beat Laurier.

Mr. Foster asked to have the whole of his telegram to the Montreal Herald read, and as the hour was late, Mr. Brodeur, not having a copy of the paper, adjourned the debate in order to get it.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—The senate would open the debate on the address today, and

SUFFRAGETTES MOB ASQUITH AND MR. BIRRELL

Both Rescued by the Police After Rough Handling by the Amazons Enraged Women Then Stone Houses of Other Cabinet Ministers, Smashing Windows—More Than 100 Arrested and Another Breaks Her Way Into Jail—Winston Churchill Attacks Lords—Irish Manifesto Says Downfall of Peers Means Victory for Home Rule.

London, Nov. 22.—The political campaign is being waged with a fierceness almost unknown in England, both by politicians on the stump and suffragettes on the battlefield.

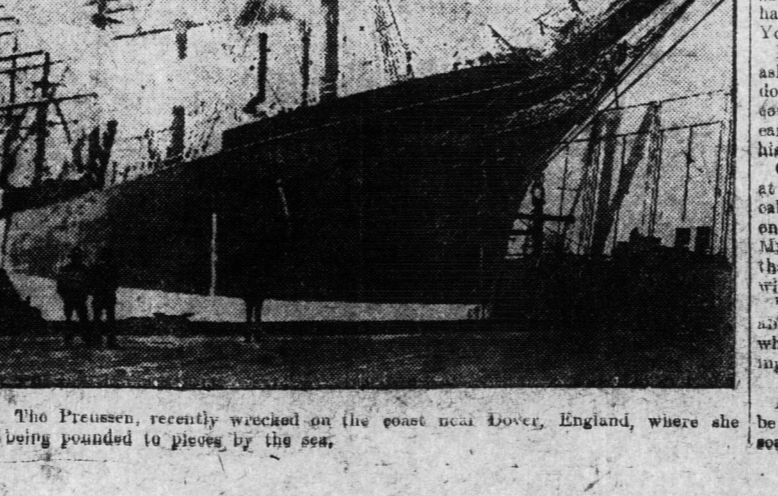
One of them, Henrietta Williams, struck the government leader, and the premier would have faced badly had not large detachments of police come running to his rescue.

W. Max Aitken a Candidate. London, Nov. 22.—William Max Aitken, of Canada, will be the Unionist candidate in Ashton-Under-Lyne.

P. E. ISLAND NURSE WEBS MILLIONAIRE Boston, Nov. 22.—(Special)—An international wedding, with a touch of romance, took place in the Roman Catholic church of St. Mary of the Assumption, in Brookline at 6.30 a. m. today, when Hon. P. J. McNichol, of Philadelphia, senator and republican leader, was standing on the footplate awaiting the outcome of the plight in which his train had become involved.

St. John nurses, who know Miss Donahue rather than Mrs. McNichol—speak most highly of her ability. She was clever at school and on taking up nursing soon showed herself to be marked for the front rank in the profession.

WORLD'S GREATEST SAILING VESSEL A TOTAL WRECK



FIERCE BATTLES MARK MEXICAN REVOLUTION

AUSTRALIA CAN STOP EXPORTS Government Given a Weapon to Prevent Frauds in Goods Sent Abroad A DESPERATE CHOICE

Melbourne, Nov. 21.—A cable message has been received from Sir Wilfrid Laurier that he has no objection to the inclusion of another Australian port in the power-Australia mail service.

Can Prohibit Exports. A caucus of the federal parliament favorably considered a bill to give the minister of customs power to prohibit exports from the country.

Plot to Murder Officials Nipped. Mexico City, Nov. 22.—Documents found in the house of a revolutionary leader are said to have revealed a conspiracy for the wholesale assassination of prominent government officials.

NOVA SCOTIA CAPTAIN AND WIFE DROWNED

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 22.—Ten cars of soldiers arrived at Parral at noon and immediately dislodged the revolutionists from their fortified positions above Parral.

Guarding the Border. Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 22.—A battalion of rurales, under Colonel Kostelitzky, reached the border today. Sixty of the men are camped at Agua Prieta, just across the line from this city.

Thinks Revolution Will Fail. Washington, Nov. 23.—That the revolutionists in Mexico are doomed to defeat is the opinion of Henry Lane Wilson, the American ambassador in the Mexican capital.

Laredo, Nov. 22.—Everything is quiet in this city, notwithstanding an under current of intense interest in the possible outcome of the situation in Mexico where there is now an acute struggle between the government and anti-government forces at various points throughout the republic.

Reports which were current last night, in Gomez Palacio and Torreón, Mexico, are in part confirmed by Mexican officials and army officers stationed in Nuevo Laredo, although it is denied that the battles assumed serious proportions.

It is generally understood that the government forces succeeded in quelling the disturbance at both places. Reports current yesterday were to the effect that Torreón had fallen into the hands of the revolutionists. This is denied by army officers in Nuevo Laredo, who claim to be in touch with the situation as far as points in northern Mexico are concerned.

Rebel Leader in Hiding. Eagle Pass, Nov. 23.—Train service on the International railroad has been resumed, but schedules are uncertain.

MARRIED IN CHIPMAN. A very interesting event took place in the home of Isaac C. Fraser, of Chipman, Queens county, on Saturday last, when his daughter, Miss Margaret May Fraser, was married to Henry B. Fowler, also of Chipman.

Rebels Retreat. El Paso, Tex., Nov. 22.—Ten cars of soldiers arrived at Parral at noon and immediately dislodged the revolutionists from their fortified positions above Parral.

Consumption Book 200 PAGE MEDICAL BOOK ON CONSUMPTION FREE

Consumption Book 200 PAGE MEDICAL BOOK ON CONSUMPTION FREE

Subscription Rates Sent by mail to any address in Canada at One Dollar a year. Sent by mail to any address in United States at Two Dollars a year. All subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Important Notice All remittances must be sent by post-office order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph is issued every Wednesday and Saturday by The Telegraph Publishing Company, 10 St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

Advertising Rates Ordinary commercial advertisements take the run of the paper, each insertion, \$1.00 per inch.

Authorized Agent The following agent is authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz. Wm. Somerville

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers. These newspapers advocate British connection, honesty in public life, measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 26, 1910

A TIME FOR ACTION The nature of the action to be taken by the Common Council as a result of the market investigation will give the taxpayers generally an opportunity to judge whether the present civic administration is hopeless, or whether it contains a majority determined to keep the public welfare in view.

There has been much unfavorable comment because several persons whose names were mentioned during the investigation were not at once suspended, but, while such comment is natural, the more important question is that of effective reform of market conditions, and this cannot be brought about without a radical change of policy.

Of course the market is only one question. After steps were taken to beautify Germain street, an offensive variety of mud was carted to that thoroughfare by civic employees and dumped in front of residences.

Why do we pay it? Toronto has seventy-five cent gas—but, of course, we in St. John must not argue from Toronto, because in Toronto they are all Anarchists or Socialists who have no respect for vested interests and no regard whatever for the widow and the orphan.

Worse yet, an expert quoted by the Manitoba Free Press calculates that if Toronto had a municipal plant the cost of gas to the public would not exceed fifty cents per thousand feet. A Montreal expert who recently reported on the situation there said that with a municipal plant gas could be sold first year at sixty-three cents and reduced yearly until at the end of twenty years thirty-three cents.

There will be no question for Tolstoi. Burial according to the rites of the orthodox church is considered out of the question. A man with the grandest soul that has come out of Russia, was bound to be misunderstood by the church leaders.

and the joys of companionship. Some of Tolstoi's religious conceptions will pass as the wind, but the prophet Tolstoi will endure forever.

In his literature the only questions Tolstoi asks himself are: "Is this the fact?" and "Have I represented the fact truly?" Both the art and the man were religious.

But charming as he was in fable and tale, he did not consider that the serious side of his life. In the midst of his greatest renown and fame, he put from him ease and honor, and proposed literally to obey the word of God, by making himself one of the least of the brethren of the Master.

He proposed to himself poverty, but he was defended from the consequences of his precepts by the inalienable wealth of his family. Poverty without the fear of want is the least of hardships. He would give himself to work with his hands, but that was, so far as it went, taking the bread out of the mouths of those who needed the pay for the work of their hands.

And an old struggler he was to the end. "Everything that once seemed to me right and important," he says, "as honor, glory, civilization, wealth, the comforts and refinements of life, rich food, fine clothing and etiquette, has become wrong to me and despicable. Rusticity, obscurity, poverty, austerity, simplicity of surroundings, of food, of clothing, of manners, all have become right and important to me. Now I can no longer give my support to anything that lifts me above or separates me from others."

WHY DO WE PAY IT?

Toronto has seventy-five cent gas—but, of course, we in St. John must not argue from Toronto, because in Toronto they are all Anarchists or Socialists who have no respect for vested interests and no regard whatever for the widow and the orphan.

But it seems now that Winnipeg—which is much farther from a good coal supply than St. John—is also demanding seventy-five cent gas. As, according to the Manitoba Free Press, "can be sold in Winnipeg at seventy-five cents per one thousand feet," and there is "good reason to hope that the citizens could be supplied with that very necessary commodity at a still less figure.

For illuminating gas the man in Winnipeg pays, for 10,000 feet, \$13.50, and the man in Toronto \$7.50—a difference of \$6 in favor of Toronto.

Of course this is all high treason against the "interests," but it should be worthy of examination now that New Brunswick is blessed with a Public Utilities Commission upon whose shoulders all these problems which are hitting the helpless consumer are to be laid. The theory obtaining among gas sellers in St. John is that the consumer, for some strange reason, is bound to pay enough to provide the stockholder with what the latter considers a satisfactory return on his holdings, regardless of the nature of the plant, or of the leakage, or of the sum that would be today required to erect a new plant.

is prepared to dig up the truth about these matters. The common or garden variety of consumer is not permitted to know anything about the inner workings of the company which taxes him excessively for light, but the Legislature, in its wisdom, has armed the Public Utilities Commission with power to secure all the evidence necessary to establish just what the company is doing and just why it is doing it.

MR. BALFOUR'S POLICY

It is evident that Mr. Balfour expects to fight the coming elections on the issue of tariff reform. The urging of some of his leading journals that this campaign be dropped on account of its unpopularity in the country, is only reflected in the greater uncertainty in his mind as to the ultimate consequences of his proposals.

He wholly lacks the thoroughgoing conviction of Mr. Chamberlain, who, a few years ago, worked out exactly the way his increased taxes were going to increase the cost of living. He had estimated the effect of his proposals so accurately, and had adjusted them so delicately to all conflicting interests, that he was able to announce that they would result in a gain of two pence a week in the case of the agricultural laborer and two and one-half pence in the case of the town artisan.

The one point on which Mr. Balfour has always been more clear, or rather less cloudy, than on others, has been the policy known as Fair Trade or retaliation. Free Trade might be all right if the other nations were practicing it, but when they were not it was quite a different matter.

The argument of the fair traders, that England's present system might be all right if other nations were practicing it with her, is specious enough to deceive many. But it is just possible that as England gets the advantage in her buying from her fiscal policy, she gets more than she otherwise would if the other nations followed the same policy.

In this one article of meat the exactions of the protectionists of France and Germany have become so excessive that even the price of horse flesh today in Paris puts it beyond the reach of the majority of the working men, while the German government are reported as taking the unheard of course of opening its frontier to foreign cattle to counteract the prevailing high prices for meat.

England is sick and the heart faint, and this campaign will probably bury the whole project beyond the hope of resurrection.

THE SCHOOL BOARD

The school board Wednesday excluded the representatives of the press. This is an extraordinary proceeding when a matter in which the public is interested was to be discussed. Of what are the members of the board afraid? They are there to transact the business of the public, and not their own private affairs.

CIVIC AFFAIRS

There never was a time in the history of St. John when it was so important that every citizen should take an active and intelligent interest in the affairs of the city. We have come to a turning point. For many years after the great fire there was more or less of struggle to overcome the great loss entailed by that disaster.

Local option continues to be a very live issue in the province of Ontario. Out of 816 municipalities in the province, 410 have local option and 406 have license. This year between eighty and ninety municipalities will have local option votes on the first Monday in January.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Sir Wilfrid's opponents have discovered what they feared—that he is still in good fighting trim. They will never beat him.

THE AMERICANS

Mr. W. G. Gates, in the November issue of the Trail Magazine, published in Regina, answers in a very interesting manner the question: Is the West being Americanized? His conclusion, after a careful review of the whole situation, is that the Americans who come to Canada are being Canadianized, and that there is no disposition on their part to make unfavorable comparisons between this country and that from which they came.

Mr. Gates points out that of the forty-one members in the Saskatchewan legislature only two were born in the United States. The parents of one of these were British subjects, and he has lived all his life in Canada. The other, though born in the United States, was partially educated in Canada.

has lived in Canada since boyhood. Of the western representation in Parliament only one was born in the United States, and his parents had gone there from Canada. Mr. Gates points out that in the province of Saskatchewan at the last session of the legislature a resolution was introduced and strongly supported in favor of Canada presenting the British admiralty with a Dreadnought, an indication that Imperial sentiment is strong in the West.

The American invasion, he points out, is an economic and not a political movement. In that respect it differs radically from the emigration of the Loyalists from the United States to Canada. As he very well states the case, "the American settler of the eighteenth century left his money in the United States and brought his politics to Canada; the American settler of the twentieth century leaves his politics in the United States and brings his money to Canada."

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Sir Wilfrid's opponents have discovered what they feared—that he is still in good fighting trim. They will never beat him.

Mr. Borden has not repudiated Messrs. Monk and Bourassa, but the Canadian elections will not hesitate to do so. The Liberal party has in it room for men who would divide Canada. Mr. Borden should say as much for the Conservatives, but he hesitates, being partisan before being patriotic.

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Mayor Frink's progressive view of the city's relations with the Grand Trunk Pacific should find support in the Council. If the Courtenay Bay foreshore is turned over to the Dominion government, the government will see that the transcontinental makes good use of it. There is no reason for delay. In order to be ready for the coming traffic the work of preparation on the eastern side of the city must be pushed forward rapidly.

GET THE DIRT OUT. - Aunt Salina. The most wonderful principle in which this washer is built is correct, as it will extract every particle of dirt from any kind of wearing apparel and household linens without injury to the goods and with- out the use of hot water.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Watson, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

FAMOUS GEMS OF PROSE WATER

SWEET, beautiful water—brewed in the running brook, the rippling fountain and the laughing rill—in the limpid cascade, as it joyfully leaps down the side of the mountain. Brewed in yonder mountain top, whose granite peak glitters like gold bathed in the morning sun—brewed in the sparkling dewdrop; sweet, beautiful water—brewed in the crested wave of the ocean deeps, driven by the storm, breathing its terrible anthem to the god of the sea—brewed in the fleecy foam and the whitened spray as it hangs like a speck over the distant cataract—brewed in the clouds of heaven—sweet, beautiful water! As it sings in the rain shower and dances in the hailstorm—as it comes sweeping down in feathery flakes, clothing the earth in a spotless mantle of white. Distilled in the golden tissues that paint the western sky at the setting of the sun, and the silvery issues that veil the midnight moon—sweet, health-giving, beautiful water! Distilled in the rainbow of promise, whose warp is the raindrop of earth, and whose woof is the sunbeam of heaven—sweet, beautiful water.

FRUIT-GROWING IN NEW BRUNSWICK

To the Editor of The Telegraph: Sir: Of late there has been considerable comment in The Telegraph on the backwardness of New Brunswick agriculturally, particularly in fruit growing.

Should anyone care to obtain any further information in connection with the matter of commercial fruit growing, I will be very glad to give what assistance I can.

THE WORLD'S WHEAT CROP

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—A cablegram received today from the International Agricultural Institute, Rome, gives yield of wheat crop, estimated, November 1, in thousands of bushels, as follows: Great Britain and Ireland, 61,865, compared with 64,250 last year.

The Fire Damage.

The insurance adjustment in connection with the Taylor & White fire in the north end has been completed and amounts to \$2,250, divided as follows: Building, \$1,150; stock \$350; machinery \$750. The insurance was held by the following companies: Connecticut—Vroom and Arnold, \$1,200; on the building, \$1,000 on the machinery, \$700 on the stock; Manitoba—Machum and Foster, \$1,000 on the building; Northern—Peter Clinch, \$1,000 on the machinery.

Uncle Walt The Poet Philosopher

Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as wool, and sunny statesmen held her up, hard by the village school. "Your little lamb," the statesmen said, "you soon will have to shear, and then the woolen plutoocrats will sew you up my dear. They have the tariff doctored up in such a beastly way that little maids with wool to sell can get but little pay. They rob consumers on the left, producers on the right; and little girls with little lambs are in a fearful plight. And when your lamb is nice and fat, and fit for butcher's stall, the meat trust reaches forth its claws, and takes it, beat and all. The meat trust backed by tariff laws that are the nation's shame, is on the trail of little lambs, and you should dodge its game. Go home, go home, dear little maid, and take your lamb along, and tell your pa to seek the polls, and right a grievous wrong. If he will cast his vote for us, we'll guard your lovely sheep, and never more in all the world shall little maids weep." Then Mary leaped upon her lamb, and gave a mighty yell, and galloped to the booby hatch, and took a padded cell.

THE Reasons They Mr. McMa Utilities Connect Being to Give Formal A public in- ivate rates charging Telephone Com- Definite steps yesterday after of the Public held in the street, H. A. the board of to look into the usual complaint, ed and in addition somewhat charges complaints charged in t in comparison charges of the vices in other with respect to ing, and F. P. Orty, and O. members, were the filing of the yesterday's me- ture. Taking sum- summoned before the New Bruns- and asked him rumor that the that the compar- for business to- Fredericton. T- tion took notice any formal cor- fore them, mak- vestigation, seen somewhat of re- gard was ex- the board after that if they be- pany were con- change in their due notice of- ing. The case- Mr. Vince poin- ferent from this city. Here- to make any of- filed, but it was contained in the able. Mr. McMa- before the board with regard to rates for busin- of Fredericton, such as that we- and as a result- this point, the- superintendent- out of town. Mr- the board to di- Sparks to the s- pect to the ch- rates, which to- make. After this- Powell acting in- Board of Trade- the board ac- quired the New- Company about- capitalization- received the re- accordance with- ure to serve t- with regard to- the complaint- concur with the- telephone comp- in which to mak- expected that a- ing of the Uni- city, a thorough- made. It is und- company in de- changes here will- districts they are- loss. The follow- charged by the- the complaint in- by Mr. Powell- noticed in the- the schedule, tak- yearly rent serv- short term serv- The Schedule o- RENTAL SCH- To Managers an- The following- service and mil- orized, and will- this date on al- changes as app- Rates are now- within mileage l- All previous r- YEARLY RENT- Special line... Two party... Four party... Eight party... Desk equipmen- Flexiphone, \$4- For use by \$- \$30.00; residence- Additional list- Heavy type bu- FARMER OR R- Where 2 or more- per mile, 2 year- Where only one- per mile, 2 year- Desk equipmen- SHORT T- One-third of ye- and one-cent of- ditional month- charge of \$15.00- for residence, a- charges to be ad- Plus whole an- equipment or ex- any. Plus whole an- case there is an-





WANTED - A third class female teacher... Apply, starting salary, to William Phillips, secretary of trustees, Upper Kingsford, Victoria county (N. B.) District rated post. 4502-12-30

MARINE JOURNAL PORT OF ST. JOHN Arrived. Monday, Nov. 21. Sch R Bowers, 373, Nelson, Calais, R C Elkin, Co. Ltd., St. John

WANTED - Cook with references; good wages. Apply 31 Wright street. 2001-10-14-w

Monday, Nov. 21. Sch Hunter, 187, Sabaon, Quincy (Mass.), 71,385-spruce scantling, 101,177 planks, 200,000 lbs, shipped by Stetson, Cutler & Co.

WANTED - Girl for general housework; no washing. Apply, Mrs. R. T. Hayes, No. 1 Mount Pleasant avenue.

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City Island, Nov 21-Bound south, schs Lucille, Parrsboro; Alaska, Eatonville; S A Bownes, River Hebert; Prefecture, St John.

GENERAL FRENCH'S REPORT PUBLIC Finds Much to Commend or Some Things to Criticize in Militia Force

NEW YORK CITY'S GREAT GROWTH Has Nearly Half-million More People Than Rest of the State



SAYS THE BALTIC IS A BIG COMPETITOR Mr. Tatham Believes Canada's Spruce Market in Great Britain is Being Cut Into.

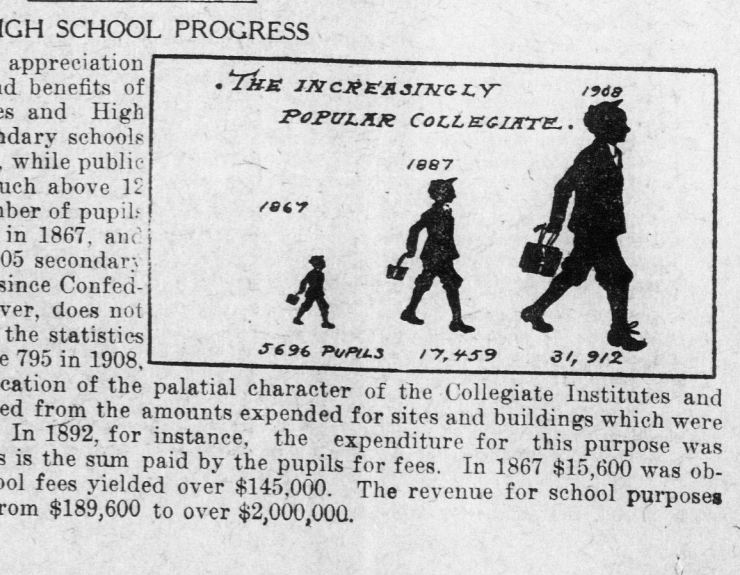
MARKED PROGRESS MADE At the same time he notes that excellent progress has been made during the past year in the higher command.

IS YOUR SKIN ON FIRE? Does it seem to you that you can't stand another minute of that awful burning itch?

GRAHAME-WHITE DOING FAIRLY WELL Has Made \$85,000 in Past Six Months—Will Give Passengers an Aerial Trip for \$500.

CONSERVATIVES IN RANKS ARE AGAIN AFTER J. D. HAZEN (The Evening Times-Star, Tuesday.) There is insurrection in the Troy camp over the appointment of a new caretaker of the Suspension Bridge.

FIGURES THAT TELL STORIES THE illustrations show the growing appreciation in Ontario of the advantages and benefits of education in Collegiate Institutes and High schools.



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