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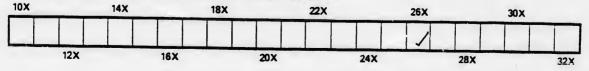
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Pr--c M---r in France, dated October 11, 1747.

GREAT SIR,

EING relident for fome Years pait in this remote Part of the World, and my Chief Employ being to vilit the feveral Nations of Indianis, in order to establish them in the Catholic Religion, which makes them loyal Subjects to his most Christian Majesty, our royal Master; and; agreeable to your Instructions, great Sir, I have taken Pains to fettle a Correspondence with fome of our Friends among the Engrave who have given me a large Account of the formed of the Stream the Enemy, who have given me a large Account of the feveral Provinces, Cities, Towns, and Villages, along the Sea-Coaff, from South-Carolina to Newfound-Land. A particular Information would be incredible to you in France, that in oue Century should spring out of a barren Wilderness such a Number of fine large Cities, Towns, and Villages, peopled in fo prodigious a Manner, as to amount to many hundred thousand Inhabitants; and their Trade in Navigation is fo surprisingly large, that it will furmount your Belief; when I tell you, That their Shipping, large and finall, is fo numerous, as to amount to feveral thousand Sail, that they even cover the Seas, and carry numerous, as to amount to feveral thousand sail, that they even cover the Seas, and carry on Trade to almost all Parts of the World! And by the best and most authentic Accounts I have received, the Privateers fitted out of North-America, viz. Boston, Riode-Island, New-York, and the feveral Sea-Port Towns, did us more Damage this War, by distreting our Trade, and taking our Treasures. coming from our Sugar-Plantations, than all the English Men of War in the American Seas. The Privateers were fo nu-merous, and of fuch Force, from twenty to thirty Guns, that they would block up our Harbours, and take a Fleet of Ships at once, richly laden with Plantation Produce, belides Silver and Gold in Abundance. The Inhabitants of North-America have the Spirit and Blood of old Oliver Gronwell; they are of the Race of the Puritans that fled into New-England in the Time of Perfecution, and they maintain an implacable Hatred againft the Romish Religion; and their Refolution and undaunted Courage is fuelt; that wherever they maderrate in Set or Land againft us, they profecute with fluch Violence, that we dread one Thousa d of them more than five thousand hired Soldiers from Old England: Witnefs that fuch a Fortrefs as did not fear all the World! But, Oliver-like, they faid, Ther could take it, and they would take it, and (to the Surprize and Wonder of all the World). take it, and they would take it, and (to the Surprize and Wonder of all the World), they did take it? They are as bold as Lions, and earry all before them. Their Prin-ciples are fuch, they have no Dread in Battle: They are taught they fall not die a Moment before their Time; fo that if ten thoufand Cannons are pointed at them, they regard it not. They feem to be like the *Ifraelites* of Old; one Thoufand will put they regard it not. They teem to be like the *lfraeldes* of Old; one Thouland will put ten Thouland to Flight: And we believe in *Canada*, if twenty thouland Thoops had come from *Old England*, they never would have taken that Fortrefs: For you know, great Sir, fuch an Armament is never fitted out in *England*, but great Part of the Officers are *South* and *Irifb*, and many of them of our Religion; but that is a Secret, and the major Part are ieldom of any Religion; and as Money is what they are after, a fuffi-cient Number of our *Louis d'Ores* will at any Time furfifth them with a tolerable Ex-prise to raife a find withdraw. What a fine loke did our young Hero put cient Number of our Louis d'Ores will at any Time furnish them with a tolerable Ex-cuse to raise a Siege, and withdraw. What a fine Joke did our young Hero put upon General Cope's Army in Scaland, by our taking Care before hand to have fome of our hearty Friends in Office in that Army: But the Fate of our Friends in Scat-land was, that the Duke had a Number of new Troops raised by fome Protestant Noble-men, who filled up their Regiments with such Officers and Soldiers, that it was not in our Power to bribe, nor had we any. Time to corrupt them; that the Duke's Army was like those New-England Puritans, who have their Religion for much at Heart, that to destroy our holy Catbolic Church, is their Glory; and I believe, better Subjects to a Pretessant Prince, is not to be found on the Globe; they feem to be united as one Man against us, except a Number of Scotch and Irifb, that fled over to Newone Man against us, except a Number of Scotch and Irifb, that fled over to New-England, that are of our Religion, and fome lately, upon that fatal Battle at Callo-den; and I understand, fome of the latter were Officers in Prince Charles's Army, and I truit our true Friends will promote them. Now, great Sir, I will first inform you of our prefent Circumstances in Canada; and then the Reason New-England to furprizingly exceeds us in Number of Men, Shipping, Trade, Ec. and then a Method to weaken and

and impoverish them, and advance ourfelves upon their Ruin. As to the Inhabitants of Canada, our principal Men are Officers and Factors : The Officers are Spiritual and Milltary: We of the Spiritual Order, you know, great Sir, will have the Fat of the Land at Home or Abroad; the Civil and Military are yearly paid their feveral Salaries, with Cath fent from our Royal Mafter, with which they make a confiderable Figure; the Planters and Artificers are generally very poor, feldom having any Money but when the Soldiers are paid off, and then they get a lew Livres, but are immediately obliged to go and pay it to the Factors, who truited them for fome coarfe Cloathing, and the Factors fend the Cash to France again, in order for a new Supply of Goods; and the poor Creatures feldom handle a Livre more, until the Soldiers are paid off again; and I am bold to fay, all our little Farmers and Mechanics are not able to build and fit out a Veffel of any Bignets for a foreign Voyage. If they can own a Fifting-Shallop, they are brave Fellows. And were it not for the Natives, whom, by our extraordinary Pains and In-duitry, we get and keep in our Intereft, we should be foon drove out by these implacable Olive taxs. But I must now inform you of the true Reafon why our Enemies on the Sea-Coalt to abundantly furmount us in Men, Shipping, Trade, Ge. as our Friends inform me: They fay, When those Paritans first came over to New-Emgland, they were diffrested, as we now are, for Want of Money, and could not fit out a Ship nor Veffel, no better than our Poor; but, as Necellity is the Mother of Invention, they got into a Method of making Paper Money, and it foon obtained a Currency; fo that in a little Time the ieveral Provinces got into the Practice, and furnished the Inhabitants with large Sums at an easy Lay, that in a thort Time they were enabled to tear up Trees by the Roots, and to fplit the Rocks in Pieces, clear their Land, fence it in, plough, fow, reap, and mow, build Houfes, Ships and Veffels of all Sorts, load them with Mafts, Spars, Boarder, Staves, Oil, Bone, Fifh, Tar, Turpentine, Iron, Beef, Pork, Butter, Cheefe, Whear, Flour, Rice, Tobacco, Skins, Furs, Ge. So that in half a Century they covered the Seawith Ships and Veffels, and feat them to forging Markera, and in Barting and Staves Seas with Ships and Veffels, and fent them to foreign Markets, and in Return, over and above what Produce they wanted, they brought valt Quantities of Gold and Silver, and fent that Home to their Mother Country, to pay for what Necessaries they wanted, having no Uie for the fame, fo long as Paper Currency answers for a Medium of Trade. The making Paper Money, I am told, has been of fuch general Advantage, that they find Home in hard Cafh, many hundred Thoufand Pounds per Annum; and there are very few Poor amongit them. The Farmers and Tradefiner of all Sorta, are jointly con-cerned with the Merchant, in building and futing out Ships and Veffels, and in owning and fitting out Privateers this War; to that we need not wonder the Seat were for fall of them out of North-America, when all the inhabitants of all Ranks and Degrees are una-privatily across the King and Corner, and difference and all by the Hole nimoufly agreed to ferve their King and Country, and diftrefs us; and all by the Help of that pernicious Paper Money, that makes them rich and powerful, able to do Wonders by Sea and Land. I am told, the fmall pery Colony of Rhede-Ifland, has two hundred Sail of Veffels belonging to it, and had above twenty Sail of Privateers of large Force this War; and it the Governments are fuffered to go on making Paper Money, they will drive us out of this Part of the World, without any Help from their Mother Country. And I muit tell you, great Sir, if Half the Force that took *Cape Broon*, had come directly to Queleck, we should have furrendered; for our chief Concern was about packing up our All, and vaniping off, having a Rumour of their coming; and we dreaded these Puritans, knowing there were none of our Religion amongst them; and they were nor

to be bribed with Louis d'Ores, as the European Officers often are. But the Scheme, I propole, great Sir, is, I have certain Information, that great Numbers of the rich Merchants have a Defire to have a final Stop put to Paper Money, by reafon the Planters and Mechanics run fo much into Trade and Navigation, that they cannot endure their Fellow-Functioners fhould grow rich by the fame Advantage as they got their Effates by. It feems moft of the rich Merchants in the feveral Governments were originally mean Farmers and Tradefinth, as Shoemakers, Taylors, Copperfiniths, Carpenters, and the like. But what need we care what they were, or what they are, if we can accomplifh our Ends by their Help. And to bring this about, great Sir, we muft employ our Friends at Loudon and elfewhere, and advife them into Bulinefs, as Mafters of Ships, and by configning large Quantities of Goods to others, which will make them popular and powerful; fo that they may get into Favour with fuch Merchants as are againft Paper Money, and shen, by any Art or Craft, get a Number of them to fign a Petition to go Home to the Parlianent of Great-Britain, in order, if poflible, to put a

Stop to the tioned, yo Money to g Currency, North-Amer and Tradef Veffels with European Ge Lands that become lik Scotch Frien that they point for a lat Century we to leffen th at our Sug fend them New-York, into Favou ficient Nur Molaffes; Scheme; b double Pro ployed, n readily do Planters m cure all the ftopp'd, the there will b our Friends low Price, thod; great ably impov to pay for did of Old Dens of the fell their Quantities down our ' their Mone foreign La I conclu

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Stop to the Currency; and if fuch a Petition should come to London, figned as before mentioned, you must enjoin our true Friends in and about London, to spare no Pains nor Money to get the Petition to pais; and if we bring this Scheme about, and ftop a Paper Currency, I am bold to fay, inftead of their having a hundred large Privateers out of North-America, it will be a Wonder if they have Twenty; for I am told, the Farmers and Tradefinen have put their Land in Pledge for the Paper Money they ht out fo many Veffels with; and the Merchants that have got the Paper Money in their Hands for the European Goods, delign, as foon as ever it is ftopped, and to be called in, to take the Lands that are in Pledge, from all the common People; fo that all the lower Clafs will become like our Poor, to be well off to own a Filling-Shallop. I would advife our Scotch Fijends, as foon as the Paper Money is stopp'd, and to be called in, to collect all that they possibly can of that which is outstanding; and by this Method they will come in for a large Share of Lands, and so become little Lairds; and, it may be, in Half a Century we may have their feveral Clans to affift us, as we have in the Highlands. The next Method I propose, is to reduce the richeft Merchants among them, and oblige them to leffen their Trade; and that is, great Sir, you must write to our feveral rich Planters at our Sugar Islands, and advise them to employ a Number of our police Frenchmen, and fend them into the feveral Sea-Port Towns on the Continent, viz. Bofton, Rhode-Ifland, New-York, Philadelphia, and where-ever we can carry on Trade; and these Men mult get into Favour with some considerable Merchant in each Town, to furnish them with a sufficient Number of Veffels, in order to bring over our Produce, fuch as Rum, Sugar, Molaffes; in fhort, we muft wink and connive at any of our Produce, to carry on our Scheme; but let Rum be the chief Article, for by our Manufacturing that, we shall make double Profit, and deprive our Enemics of that Advantage. And those Men thus em-ployed, must impower the *English* Merchants to fell our Produce for them, who will readily do it for Part of the Gain, and, in order to procure Silver and Gold: For our Planters must not take any Thing in Return but Cash; and by this Method we may procure all the hard Money that is stirring amongst them. For when Paper Money is once stopped, there can be no Medium of Trade; and their Trade will be fo reduced, that there will be but little of that; and thole English Traders that are not concerned with our Friends, will foon have no Use for their Veffels; and being often obliged to fell at a our Friends, will foon have no Ule for their Vellels; and being often obliged to lell at a low Price; our Friends, muft be employed to buy there as Opportunity offers. If this Me-thod; great Sir, is industrioully and taithfully purfile, and carried on, we shall unavoid-ably impoverish, diffress, and confound them: All the lower Class will no more be able to pay for Cloathing from their Mother Country, but must be contented to live as they did of Old; to wander about in Sheep-Skins and Goar Skins, and to dwell in Caves and Dens of the Earth; and those of the highest Class will be obliged to leften their Trade, fell their Vessels, and no more be able to fend Home, to their Mother Country fuch Ouantities of Silver and Cold. Then no more Men. Submed Invasions - no more beating. Quantities of Silver and Gold. Then no more New-Ingland Invalions, no more beating down our Walls at Cape Breton; and when we have worther War, we shall not only have their Money, but their Veffels; and their Men, being poor, must feek Shelter in fome foreign Land.

I conclude,

GREAT SIR,

Your obedient Servant;"

and a faithful Subject to His most Christian Majesty,

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