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Bills U + V reversed.

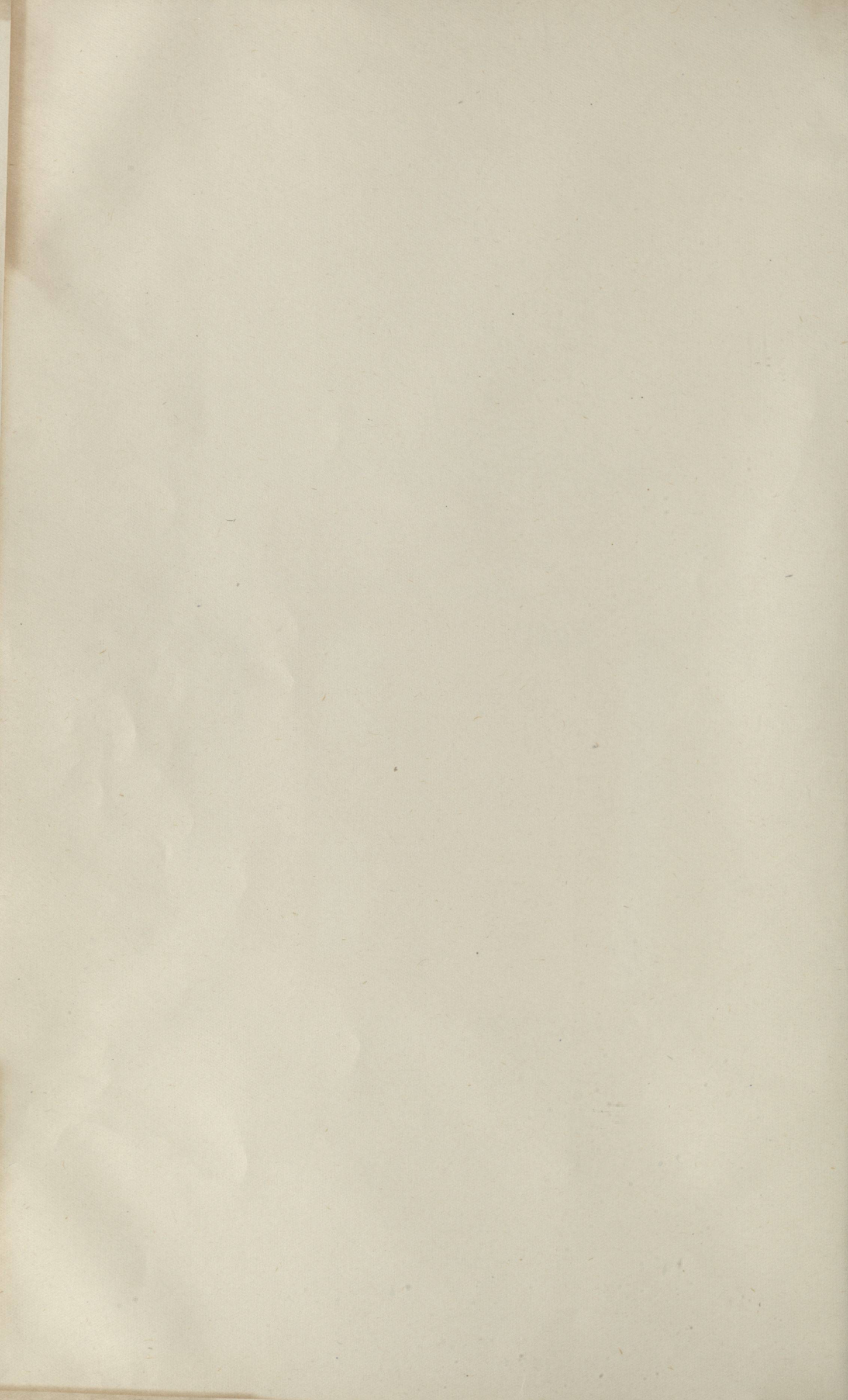
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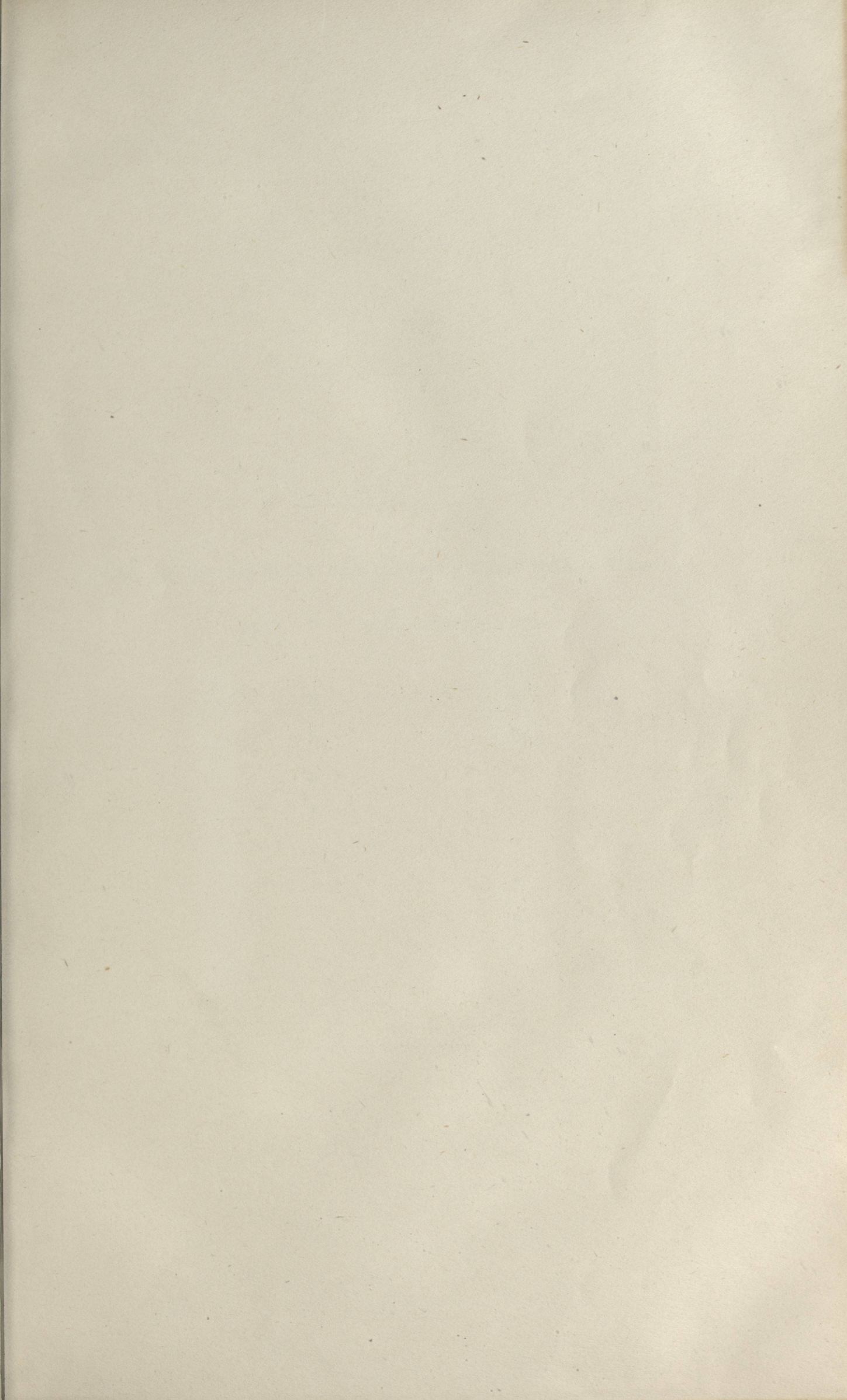
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Bill A-







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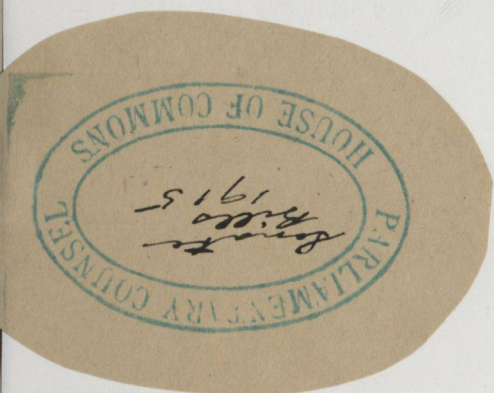
The following Bills are amissing from this volume:

Bill	T	2nd	Reading	Form
"	U	"	"	"
"	V	"	"	"
"	Z	"	"	"
"	A 1	"	"	"
"	B 1	"	"	"
"	C 1	"	"	"
"	D 1	"	"	"
"	E 1	"	"	"
"	F 1	"	"	"

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THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL A.

An Act to amend The Companies Act.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as *The Companies Act* Short title.  
5 *Amendment Act, 1915.*

APPLICATION OF ACT.

2. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided this Act Application.  
applies to all companies to which Part I or Part II of *The*  
*Companies Act* applies. R.S., c. 79.

PRIVATE COMPANIES.

3. For the purposes of this Act the expression "private Meaning of  
10 company" means a company which, by its special Act, "private  
company."  
letters patent or supplementary letters patent—

- (a) restricts the right to transfer its shares; and  
(b) limits the number of its shareholders (exclusive of  
persons who are in the employment of the company)  
15 to fifty; and  
(c) prohibits any invitation to the public to subscribe  
for any shares or debentures of the company.

2. Where two or more persons hold one or more shares in Joint  
a company jointly they shall, for the purposes of this section, shareholders.  
20 be treated as a single member.

3. This section shall not be applicable to any company Public utility  
operating or controlling any public or municipal franchise, companies  
undertaking or utility, or which may require or use for its excepted.  
purposes any permanent structure in, on, across or under  
25 any highway or stream or adjoining navigable waters.

4. Any company incorporated before the passing of this Conditions  
Act which at the time of the passing of this Act has less under which  
existing.

private  
companies  
may be  
brought  
within  
provisions  
of Act.

than fifty shareholders (exclusive of persons who are in the employ of the company) and which has not invited the public to subscribe for any of its shares or debentures, and which, before or after the passing of this Act, has passed by-laws—

- (a) restricting the right to transfer its shares;
  - (b) limiting the number of its members (exclusive of persons who are in the employ of the company) to fifty; and
  - (c) prohibiting any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the company;
- may, at any time before making its first annual return under the provisions of this Act, file in the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada evidence that at the time of the passing of this Act it had less than fifty shareholders (exclusive of persons in the employ of the company) and that it had not invited the public to subscribe for its shares or debentures, and evidence of the due passing of such by-laws and of the confirmation thereof by the shareholders of the company at a meeting duly called for such purpose, and thereupon the Secretary of State of Canada may issue a certificate that such company is a private company within the provisions of this section, and shall give notice thereof in *The Canada Gazette*, and thereupon such company shall be deemed to be a private company within the provisions of this section; provided, however, that no by-laws of the company thereafter amending, altering or varying any of the said by-laws for any of the purposes herein referred to shall be valid or acted upon unless confirmed by supplementary letters patent duly issued under the provisions of this Act.

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Annual  
meeting.

4. The annual meeting of the shareholders of the company shall be held at such time and place in each year as the special Act, letters patent, or by-laws of the company provide, and in default of such provisions in that behalf the annual meeting shall be held at the place named in the special Act or letters patent as the place of the head office of the company, on the fourth Wednesday in January in every year.

2. At such meeting the directors shall lay before the company—

Balance  
sheet.

- (a) a balance sheet made up to a date not more than three months before such annual meeting: Provided, however, that the shareholders of a company which carries on its undertaking out of Canada may, by

resolution at a general meeting, extend this period to not more than six months;

- (b) a general statement of income and expenditure for the financial period ending upon the date of such balance sheet;
- 5 (c) the report of the auditor or auditors;
- (d) such further information respecting the company's financial position as the special Act, letters patent or by-laws of the company require.
- 10 3. Except in cases of private companies, on resolution passed at such meeting by shareholders holding at least five per cent of the capital stock of the company, the directors shall forward to every shareholder a copy of such of the statements (a), (b), (c) and (d) mentioned in subsection 2
- 15 hereof as are required by such resolution.

4. Every balance sheet shall be drawn up so as to distinguish severally at least the following classes of assets and liabilities, namely:—

Details of balance sheet.

- (a) cash;
- 20 (b) debts owing to the company from its customers;
- (c) debts owing to the company from its directors, officers and shareholders respectively;
- (d) stock in trade;
- (e) expenditures made on account of future business;
- 25 (f) lands, building, and plant;
- (g) goodwill, franchises, patents and copy rights, trademarks, leases, contracts and licenses;
- (h) debts owing by the company secured by mortgage or other lien upon the property of the company;
- 30 (i) debts owing by the company but not secured;
- (j) amount of common shares, subscribed for and allotted and the amount paid thereon;
- (k) amount of preferred shares subscribed for and allotted and the amount paid thereon;
- 35 (l) indirect and contingent liabilities.

#### INSPECTION AND AUDIT.

5. The Secretary of State of Canada may appoint one or more competent inspectors to investigate the affairs of any company and to report thereon in such manner as the Secretary of State of Canada may direct—

Investigation of affairs of company.

- 40 (i) In the case of any company having a share capital, on the application of shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the shares issued;
- (ii) In the case of a company not having a share capital, on the application of not less than one-fifth in number
- 45 of the persons on the company's register of members.

2. The application shall be supported by such evidence as the Secretary of State of Canada may require for the purpose of showing that the applicants have good reason for, and are not actuated by malicious motives in requiring, the investigation; and the Secretary of State of Canada 5 may, before appointing an inspector, require the applicants to give security for payment of the costs of the inquiry.

3. It shall be the duty of all officers and agents of the company to produce to the inspectors all books and documents in their custody or power. 10

4. An inspector may examine on oath the officers and agents of the company in relation to its business, and may administer an oath accordingly.

5. If any officer or agent refuses to produce any book or document which under this section it is his duty to 15 produce, or to answer any question relating to the affairs of the company, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty dollars in respect of each offence.

6. On the conclusion of the investigation the inspectors shall report their opinion to the Secretary of State of 20 Canada, and a copy of the report shall be forwarded by the Secretary of State of Canada to the company, and a further copy shall, at the request of the applicants for the investigation be delivered to them.

The report shall be written or printed, as may be directed. 25

7. All expenses of and incidental to the investigation shall be defrayed by the applicants, unless the Secretary of State of Canada direct the same to be paid by the company, which the Secretary of State of Canada is hereby authorized to do. 30

Powers of company to appoint inspectors.

6. A company may by special resolution appoint inspectors to investigate its affairs.

2. Inspectors so appointed shall have the same powers and duties as inspectors appointed by the Secretary of State of Canada, except that, instead of reporting to the 35 Secretary of State of Canada they shall report in such manner and to such persons as the company in general meeting may direct.

3. Officers and agents of the company shall incur the like penalties in case of refusal to produce any book or 40 document required to be produced to inspectors so appointed, or to answer any question, as they would have incurred if the inspectors had been appointed by the Secretary of State of Canada.

Report of inspectors to be evidence.

7. A copy of the report of any inspectors appointed 45 under this Act, authenticated by the seal of the company

whose affairs they have investigated, shall be admissible in any legal proceeding as evidence of the opinion of the inspectors in relation to any matter contained in the report.

8. Every company shall at each annual general meeting  
5 appoint an auditor or auditors to hold office until the next annual general meeting. Appointment  
and remun-  
eration of  
auditors.

2. If an appointment of auditors is not made at an annual general meeting, the Secretary of State of Canada may, on the application of any shareholder of the company,  
10 appoint an auditor of the company for the current year, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him by the company for his services.

3. A director or officer of the company shall not be capable of being appointed auditor of the company.

4. A person, other than a retiring auditor, shall not be capable of being appointed auditor at an annual general meeting unless notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of auditor has been given by a share-  
holder to the company not less than fourteen days before  
20 the annual general meeting, and the company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring auditor, and shall give notice thereof to the shareholders, either by advertise-  
ment or in any other mode provided by the by-laws of the company, not less than seven days before the annual general  
25 meeting.

Provided that if, after notice of the intention to nominate an auditor has been so given, an annual general meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after the notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time  
30 required by this provision, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes thereof, and the notice to be sent or given by the company may, instead of being sent or given within the time required by this provision, be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the annual  
35 general meeting.

5. The first auditors of the company may be appointed by the directors before the statutory meeting, and if so appointed shall hold office until the first annual general meeting, unless previously removed by a resolution of the  
40 shareholders in general meeting, in which case the shareholders at that meeting may appoint auditors.

6. The directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of auditor, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing auditor or auditors, if any, may act.

7. The remuneration of the auditors of a company shall  
45 be fixed by the company in general meeting, except that the remuneration of any auditors appointed before the

statutory meeting, or to fill any casual vacancy, may be fixed by the directors.

Powers and duties of auditors.

**9.** Every auditor of a company shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the company, and shall be entitled to require from the directors and officers of the company such information and explanation as may be necessary for the performance of the duties of the auditors. 5

2. The auditors shall make a report to the shareholders on the accounts examined by them, and on every balance sheet laid before the company in general meeting during their tenure of office, and the report shall state:— 10

(a) whether or not they have obtained all the information and explanations they have required; and

(b) whether, in their opinion, the balance sheet referred to in the report is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the company's affairs according to the best of their information and the explanations given to them, and as shown by the books of the company. 20

3. The balance sheet shall be signed on behalf of the board by two of the directors of the company, and the auditor's report shall be attached to the balance sheet, or there shall be inserted at the foot of the balance sheet a reference to the report, and the report shall be read before the company in general meeting, and shall be open to inspection by any shareholder. 25

4. Any shareholder shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the balance sheet and auditors' report at a charge not exceeding ten cents for every hundred words. 30

5. If any copy of a balance sheet which has not been signed as required by this section is issued, circulated or published, or if any copy of a balance sheet is issued, circulated, or published without either having a copy of the auditors' report attached thereto or containing such reference to that report as is required by this section, the company, and every director, manager, secretary, or other officer of the company who is knowingly a party to the default, shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars. 35. 40

Rights of preference shareholders, etc., as to receipt and inspection of reports, etc.

**10.** Holders of preference shares and debentures of a company shall have the same right to receive and inspect the balance sheets of a company and the reports of the auditors and other reports as is possessed by the holders of ordinary shares in the company. 45



2. This section shall not apply to a private company nor to a company incorporated before the first day of July nineteen hundred and fourteen

## ANNUAL RETURNS.

11. Every company having a share capital shall, on or 5 before the first day of June in every year, make a list of all persons who on the thirty-first day of March next preceding were shareholders of the company. Annual returns.

2. The list must state the names, addresses and occupations of all shareholders therein mentioned and the 10 number of shares held by each of the members on the said thirty-first day of March, and must contain a summary distinguishing between shares issued for cash and shares issued as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash, and specifying the following particulars:— List of shareholders.  
Summary.

- 15 (a) The corporate name of the company; Particulars.  
 (b) The manner in which the company is incorporated whether by special Act or by letters patent and the date thereof;  
 20 (c) The place of the head office of the company, giving the street and number thereof when possible;  
 (d) The date upon which the last annual meeting of shareholders of the company was held;  
 (e) The amount of the share capital of the company, and the number of shares into which it is divided;  
 25 (f) The number of shares taken from the commencement of the company up to the date of the return;  
 (g) The amount called up on each share;  
 (h) The total amount of calls received;  
 (i) The total amount of calls unpaid;  
 30 (j) The total amount of the sums (if any) paid by way of commission in respect of any shares, bonds or debentures, or allowed by way of discount in respect of any bonds or debentures;  
 (k) The total number of shares forfeited;  
 35 (l) The total amount of shares issued as preference shares and the rate of dividend thereon;  
 (m) The total amount paid on such shares;  
 (n) The total amount of debentures, debenture stock or bonds authorized and the rate of interest thereon;  
 40 (o) The total amount of debentures, debenture stock or bonds issued;  
 (p) The total amount paid on debentures, debenture stock or bonds;  
 (q) The total amount of share warrants issued;  
 45 (r) The names and addresses of the persons who at the date of the return are the directors of the company, or

occupy the position of directors, by whatever name called.

Statement of capital, liabilities and assets.

3. The summary must also (except where the company is a private company) include a statement, made up to such date as may be specified in the statement, in the form of a balance sheet audited by the company's auditor or auditors, and containing a summary of its share capital, its liabilities, and its assets, giving such particulars as will disclose the general nature of those liabilities and assets, and how the values of the fixed assets have been arrived at, but the balance sheet need not include a statement of profit and loss. 5

List and summary to be filed, signed and verified.

4. The above list and summary must be completed and filed in duplicate in the Department of the Secretary of State on or before the first day of June aforesaid. Each of the said duplicates shall be signed by the president and the manager or, if they are the same person, by the president and by the secretary of the company, and shall be duly verified by their affidavits. There shall also be filed therewith an affidavit proving that the copies of the said list and summary are duplicates. 15 20

Penalty for default.

5. If a company makes default in complying with the requirements of this section it shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty dollars for every day during which the default continues, and every director or manager of the company who knowingly and wilfully authorizes or permits the default shall be liable to the like penalty and such fines may be recoverable on summary conviction. 25

Endorsement of list and summary.

6. The Secretary of State of Canada, or an official of the Department of the Secretary of State designated for that purpose, shall endorse upon one duplicate of the above list and summary the date of the receipt thereof at the Department of the Secretary of State, and shall return the said duplicate list and summary to the company and the same shall be retained at the head office of the company available for perusal or for the purpose of making copies thereof or extracts therefrom by any shareholder or creditor of the company. 30 35

Proof of endorsement.

7. The duplicate of the said list and summary endorsed as aforesaid shall be *prima facie* evidence that the said list and summary were filed in the Department of the Secretary of State pursuant to the provisions of this section on any prosecution under subsection 5 of this section, and the signature of an official of the Department of the Secretary of State to the endorsement on the said duplicate shall be deemed *prima facie* evidence that the said official has been designated to affix his signature thereto. 40 45

Proof of failure to file list.

8. A certificate under the hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State of Canada that the aforesaid list and

summary in duplicate were not filed in the Department of the Secretary of State by a company pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be *prima facie* evidence on a prosecution under subsection 5 of this section that such a list and summary were not filed in the Department of the Secretary of State.

9. This section shall, *mutatis mutandis*, be applicable to companies without share capital with respect to a list and summary setting out the particulars referred to in paragraphs 10 (a), (b), (c), (d), (j) (with respect to bonds and debentures), (n), (o), (p), and (r) of subsection 2 of this section and to directors, managers and other officers of such companies.

10. Companies organized after the thirty-first day of March in any year shall not be subject to the provisions of this section until the thirty-first day of March of the following year.

11. The name of a company which, for three consecutive years, has omitted to file in the Department of the Secretary of State the said annual list and summary may be given in whole or in part to a new company unless the defaulting company, on notice by the Secretary of State of Canada by registered letter addressed to the company or its president as shown by its last return, proves to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State of Canada that it is still a subsisting company; provided that if at the end of one month from the date of such notice the Secretary of State of Canada shall not have received from the company or its president response to such notice, the company may be deemed not to be a subsisting corporation, and no longer entitled to the sole use of its corporate name; and further provided that when no annual list and summary has been filed by a company for three years immediately following its incorporation its name may be given to another company without notice, and such company shall be deemed not to be subsisting.

12. In addition to the list and summary required by section 11 of this Act, every company shall, whenever a written request is made by the Secretary of State of Canada therefor, furnish to him a list and summary, made up to such date as is specified by him, containing the particulars required by subsections 1, 2 and 3 of section 11 of this Act, and all the provisions of subsections 1 to 9, both inclusive, of the said section 11 shall apply to such list and summary.

13. Any person may peruse the documents required by this Act to be filed by any company in the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.

Fee. 2. For every such perusal there shall be paid such fee as may be from time to time established by the Governor in Council, not exceeding twenty-five cents for each inspection.

Certified copies. 3. Any person may require from the Department of the Secretary of State a certified copy of or extract from any letters patent incorporating a company under Part I of *The Companies Act*, or of any supplementary letters patent issued to a company under that Part, or a certified copy of or extract from any document required to be filed by this Act in the Department of the Secretary of State. 5 10

Fee. 4. For each such certified copy or extract there shall be paid such fee as may be from time to time established by the Governor in Council, not exceeding one dollar and fifty cents for a certified copy of any letters patent or supplementary letters patent, and not exceeding ten cents for each hundred words of such certified copy or extract. 15

Repeal. 14. Sections 92, 93, 94, 106 and 118 of *The Companies Act* are hereby repealed.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

A

An Act to amend *The Companies Act*.

Received and read a first time,

Wednesday, February 10, 1915.

Second reading.

Friday, February 12, 1915.

HONOURABLE MR. DOMVILLE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL B.

An Act respecting the Pollution of Navigable Waters.

5 **W**HEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the Preamble.  
prevention of the pollution of navigable waters:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

**1.** In this Act the expression "the Minister" means the Interpretation.  
Minister of Agriculture.

**2.** Every person is guilty of an offence against this Act Prohibition  
and liable on summary conviction to the penalties herein- of placing  
10 after provided, who puts, or causes or permits to be put sewage and  
or to fall, flow, or to be carried into any navigable water, other refuse  
or into any other water any part of which is navigable or matter in  
waters,  
flows into any navigable water,— except  
according to  
regulations.

**(a)** any solid or liquid sewage matter; or,  
15 **(b)** any other solid matter which, not being sewage, is  
poisonous, noxious, putrid, decomposing, refuse, or  
waste; or  
**(c)** any liquid matter which, not being sewage, is  
20 poisonous, noxious, putrid, decomposing, refuse or  
waste;

unless such matter, whether solid or liquid, is disposed of in  
accordance with regulations or orders made or permits  
granted under the authority of this Act.

**2.** A person, other than a municipal or sanitary authority, Exception of  
25 shall not be guilty of an offence under this section in respect private  
of the passing of sewage matter into a drain communic- persons  
ating with any sewer belonging to or under the control of using public  
municipal or sanitary authority, if he has the sanction of sewers.  
the municipal or sanitary authority for such passing.

**3.** Every corporation convicted of an offence against Penalties.  
30 this Act or of a violation of any regulation or order made or Corporations.

	permit granted under the authority of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and an additional amount of fifty dollars for each day the offence continues.	
Individuals.	2. Every person, other than a corporation, who is convicted of any such offence or violation shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and an additional amount of ten dollars for each day the offence continues, or to imprisonment not exceeding two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.	5 10
Disposal of fines recovered.	3. All sums of money recovered under this section shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada and shall be applied in such manner as is by the Governor in Council deemed best adapted to promote the objects of this Act and to secure its due administration.	15
Regulations by Governor in Council.	4. The Governor in Council may make such regulations, general or special, as are requisite or expedient to carry out the purposes and intent of this Act; and the said regulations shall have force and effect as of and from the date of the publication thereof in <i>The Canada Gazette</i> .	20
Authorities and officers for enforcement of Act.	2. The Minister may appoint such officers as he deems necessary to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Act, and may also designate any existing board of health or sanitary authority, or other person, for such purposes.	
Orders and permits by Minister.	3. The Minister may make such orders and grant such permits as are provided for in such regulations.	25
Appeal from Minister's order, etc.	5. Any order or decision of the Minister under the regulations provided for in this Act shall be subject to an appeal to the superior court of original jurisdiction in the province in which such order or decision is to be enforced; and the said superior court shall have power to affirm, set aside or vary such order or decision; but pending the final determination of any such appeal the order or decision appealed from shall stand and be binding and the execution thereof shall not be stayed.	30 35
Form of appeal.	2. The appeal shall be in the form of a special case to be agreed upon by both parties, or their attorneys, and if they cannot agree, shall be settled by a judge of the said superior court upon the application of one of the parties or his attorney.	40
Enforcement of orders.	6. The superior court of original jurisdiction in the province in which an offence against this Act has been committed or in which any order or decision given under this Act by the Minister or by the said superior court is to be enforced, may, by summary order, require any	45

corporation, municipality or person to abstain from the commission of such offence or to comply with such order or decision, and generally may give such directions for carrying such order or decision into effect as to the court 5 seems meet.

7. Subject to the provisions of this Act, and in so far as Procedure  
they are not incompatible therewith, all enactments, rules in courts.  
and orders relating to proceedings in the superior courts of original jurisdiction in the several provinces or appeals 10 thereto, shall apply to proceedings had or appeals taken under this Act in the same manner as if such proceedings or appeals related to a matter within the ordinary jurisdiction of the said courts.

8. Sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall not come into Date and  
15 operation as to any area, district or locality, until a date mode of  
to be appointed by the Governor in Council by proclama- operation  
tion published in *The Canada Gazette* and in such other of Act.  
way as may be deemed advisable. Such proclamation shall also describe clearly such area, district or locality.

20 2. The Governor in Council may from time to time as he deems advisable issue proclamations published as aforesaid bringing the said sections 2 and 3 into operation as to additional areas, districts or localities.

3. Any proclamation issued under this Act may be 25 revoked or amended from time to time, such revocation or amendment to be made known by proclamation published as aforesaid.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

B.

An Act respecting the Pollution of  
Navigable Waters.

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Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 10th February, 1915.

Second reading

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Friday, 12th February, 1915.

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Honourab Mr. BELCOURT.

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OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL B.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 10th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting the Pollution of Navigable Waters.

**W**HEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the prevention of the pollution of navigable waters: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble.

**1.** In this Act the expression "the Minister" means the Minister of Agriculture.

Interpretation.

**2.** Every person is guilty of an offence against this Act and liable on summary conviction to the penalties herein-  
 10 after provided, who puts, or causes or permits to be put or to fall, flow, or to be carried into any navigable water, or into any other water any part of which is navigable or flows into any navigable water,—

Prohibition of placing sewage and other refuse matter in navigable waters, except according to regulations.

(a) any solid or liquid sewage matter; or,  
 15 (b) any other solid matter which, not being sewage, is poisonous, noxious, putrid, decomposing, refuse, or waste; or  
 (c) any liquid matter which, not being sewage, is  
 20 poisonous, noxious, putrid, decomposing, refuse or waste;

unless such matter, whether solid or liquid, is disposed of in accordance with regulations or orders made or permits granted under the authority of this Act.

**2.** A person, other than a municipal or sanitary authority,  
 25 shall not be guilty of an offence under this section in respect of the passing of sewage matter into a drain communicating with any sewer belonging to or under the control of any municipal or sanitary authority, if he has the sanction of the municipal or sanitary authority for such passing.

Exception of private persons using public sewers.

**3.** Every corporation convicted of an offence against this Act or of a violation of any regulation or order made or

Penalties. Corporations.

permit granted under the authority of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and an additional amount of fifty dollars for each day the offence continues.

Individuals. 2. Every person, other than a corporation, who is convicted of any such offence or violation shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and an additional amount of ten dollars for each day the offence continues, or to imprisonment not exceeding two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment. 5 10

Disposal of fines recovered. 3. All sums of money recovered under this section shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada and shall be applied in such manner as is by the Governor in Council deemed best adapted to promote the objects of this Act and to secure its due administration. 15

Regulations by Governor in Council. 4. The Governor in Council may make such regulations, general or special, as are requisite or expedient to carry out the purposes and intent of this Act; and the said regulations shall have force and effect as of and from the date of the publication thereof in *The Canada Gazette*. 20

Authorities and officers for enforcement of Act. 2. The Minister may appoint such officers as he deems necessary to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Act, and may also designate any existing board of health or sanitary authority, or other person, for such purposes.

Orders and permits by Minister. 3. The Minister may make such orders and grant such permits as are provided for in such regulations. 25

Appeal from Minister's order, etc. 5. Any order or decision of the Minister under the regulations provided for in this Act shall be subject to an appeal to the superior court of original jurisdiction in the province in which such order or decision is to be enforced; and the said superior court shall have power to affirm, set aside or vary such order or decision; but pending the final determination of any such appeal the order or decision appealed from shall stand and be binding and the execution thereof shall not be stayed. 30 35

Form of appeal. 2. The appeal shall be in the form of a special case to be agreed upon by both parties, or their attorneys, and if they cannot agree, shall be settled by a judge of the said superior court upon the application of one of the parties or his attorney. 40

Enforcement of orders. 6. The superior court of original jurisdiction in the province in which an offence against this Act has been committed or in which any order or decision given under this Act by the Minister or by the said superior court is to be enforced, may, by summary order, require any 45

corporation, municipality or person to abstain from the commission of such offence or to comply with such order or decision, and generally may give such directions for carrying such order or decision into effect as to the court  
5 seems meet.

7. Subject to the provisions of this Act, and in so far as they are not incompatible therewith, all enactments, rules and orders relating to proceedings in the superior courts of original jurisdiction in the several provinces or appeals  
10 thereto, shall apply to proceedings had or appeals taken under this Act in the same manner as if such proceedings or appeals related to a matter within the ordinary jurisdiction of the said courts. Procedure  
in courts.

8. Sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall not come into  
15 operation as to any area, district or locality, until a date to be appointed by the Governor in Council by proclamation published in *The Canada Gazette* and in such other way as may be deemed advisable. Such proclamation shall also describe clearly such area, district or locality. Date and  
mode of  
operation  
of Act.

20 2. The Governor in Council may from time to time as he deems advisable issue proclamations published as aforesaid bringing the said sections 2 and 3 into operation as to additional areas, districts or localities.

3. Any proclamation issued under this Act may be  
25 revoked or amended from time to time, such revocation or amendment to be made known by proclamation published as aforesaid.



## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL C.

An Act for the relief of William Ewart New.

**W**HEREAS William Ewart New, of the city of Calgary, Preamble.  
in the province of Alberta, fireman, has by his petition  
alleged, in effect, that on the thirtieth day of May, A.D.  
1906, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario,  
5 he was lawfully married to Bertha Olivia Patterson; that  
she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster; that  
his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that  
since the said marriage she has deserted him and has on  
divers occasions committed adultery; that he has not  
10 connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him  
and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his  
petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and  
15 affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: There-  
fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of  
the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as  
20 follows:—

1. The said marriage between William Ewart New and Marriage  
Bertha Olivia Patterson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and dissolved.  
shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes  
whatsoever.
- 25 2. The said William Ewart New may at any time hereafter Right to  
marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the said marry again.  
marriage with the said Bertha Olivia Patterson had not  
been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

C

An Act for the relief of William Ewart New.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 9th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 11th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. TALBOT.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL C.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 12th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of William Ewart New.

**W**HEREAS William Ewart New, of the city of Calgary, Preamble.  
 in the province of Alberta, fireman, has by his petition  
 alleged, in effect, that on the thirtieth day of May, A.D.  
 1906, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario,  
 5 he was lawfully married to Bertha Olivia Patterson; that  
 she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster; that  
 his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that  
 since the said marriage she has deserted him and has on  
 divers occasions committed adultery; that he has not  
 10 connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
 has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him  
 and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his  
 petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
 his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and  
 15 affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
 whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: There-  
 fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of  
 the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as  
 20 follows:—

1. The said marriage between William Ewart New and Marriage  
 Bertha Olivia Patterson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and dissolved.  
 shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes  
 whatsoever.

25 2. The said William Ewart New may at any time hereafter Right to  
 marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the said marry again.  
 marriage with the said Bertha Olivia Patterson had not  
 been solemnized.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL D.

An Act for the relief of Helene Suzette Baxter Douglas.

WHEREAS Helene Suzette Baxter Douglas, presently <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of  
Quebec, wife of Frederick Charles Douglas, of the said  
city, physician, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that  
5 they were lawfully married on the fifteenth day of January,  
A.D. 1908, at the said city of Montreal, she then being  
Helene Suzette Baxter, spinster; that the legal domicile  
of the said Frederick Charles Douglas was then and is  
now in Canada; that since the said marriage he has on  
10 divers occasions committed adultery; that she has not  
connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there has  
been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and  
her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by her  
petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
15 her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again, and  
affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
20 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Helene Suzette Baxter and <sup>Marriage</sup>  
Frederick Charles Douglas, her husband, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
25 purposes whatsoever.

2. The said Helene Suzette Baxter may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry <sup>marry again.</sup>  
if the said marriage with the said Frederick Charles Douglas  
had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

D

An Act for the relief of Helene Suzette  
Baxter Douglas.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 9th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 11th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. MITCHELL

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL D.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 12th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Helene Suzette Baxter Douglas.

**W**HEREAS Helene Suzette Baxter Douglas, presently Preamble.  
 residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of  
 Quebec, wife of Frederick Charles Douglas, of the said  
 city, physician, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that  
 5 they were lawfully married on the fifteenth day of January,  
 A.D. 1908, at the said city of Montreal, she then being  
 Helene Suzette Baxter, spinster; that the legal domicile  
 of the said Frederick Charles Douglas was then and is  
 now in Canada; that since the said marriage he has on  
 10 divers occasions committed adultery; that she has not  
 connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there has  
 been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and  
 her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by her  
 petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
 15 her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again, and  
 affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
 whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of her petition be **granted**:  
 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
 20 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
 as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Helene Suzette Baxter and Marriage dissolved.  
 Frederick Charles Douglas, her husband, is hereby dissolved,  
 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 25 purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Helene Suzette Baxter may at any time Right to marry again.  
 hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry  
 if the said marriage with the said Frederick Charles Douglas  
 had not been solemnized.



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL E.

An Act respecting The Premier Trust Company.

**W**HEREAS The Premier Trust Company has by its Preamble.  
petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set  
forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said 1913, c. 179.  
petition: Therefore his Majesty, by and with the advice  
5 and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada,  
enacts as follows:—

**1.** The powers granted by the Act incorporating The Extension  
Premier Trust Company, chapter 179 of the statutes of of time  
1913, shall expire and that Act shall cease to be in force, for  
10 for all purposes except for the winding up of the company, commencing  
at the end of two years from the second day of April, 1915, business.  
unless the company goes into actual operation within such  
period.

**2.** Section 16 of the said Act is hereby repealed. Repeal.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

E

An Act respecting The Premier Trust Company.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 10th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 12th March, 1915.

Honourable MR. BELCOURT.

OTTAWA

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5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL E.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 24th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting The Premier Trust Company.

**W**HEREAS The Premier Trust Company has by its Preamble.  
 petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set  
 forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said 1913, c. 179.  
 petition: Therefore his Majesty, by and with the advice  
 5 and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada,  
 enacts as follows:—

**1.** The powers granted by the Act incorporating The Extension  
 Premier Trust Company, chapter 179 of the statutes of of time  
 1913, shall expire and that Act shall cease to be in force, for  
 10 for all purposes except for the winding up of the company, commencing  
 at the end of two years from the second day of April, 1915, business.  
 unless the company goes into actual operation within such  
 period.

**2.** Section 16 of the said Act is hereby repealed.

Present limit  
 of time.





THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL F.

An Act respecting the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Company.

WHEREAS a petition has been presented praying that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble.  
1907, c. 85.  
1908, c. 104.  
1910, c. 94.

1. The Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Company, hereinafter called "the Company," may lay out, construct and operate a line of railway from some point on the main line of its railway as located in townships 77, 78 or 79, ranges 3, 4, 5 or 6, west of the sixth principal meridian, in the province of Alberta, thence in a generally southerly direction through Grande Prairie Land District, thence in a southerly direction to a point at or near Jasper House, in the province of Alberta.

New line authorized.

2. The Company may within two years after the passing of this Act commence to construct the line of railway authorized by section 1 of this Act, and may, within five years after the passing of this Act, complete the said line of railway, and if within the said periods respectively such line is not so commenced or is not so completed and put in operation, the powers of construction conferred upon the Company by Parliament shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the said line of railway as then remains uncompleted.

Limits of time for construction.

3. The limit of the amount of securities issued by the Company in respect of the line of railway authorized by section 1 of this Act shall not exceed forty thousand dollars per mile of such railway, and such securities may only be issued in proportion to the length of railway constructed or under contract to be constructed.

Issue of securities.

Municipal consent to construction or operation along highways.

4. The Company shall not construct or operate its railway along any highway, street or other public place without first obtaining the consent, expressed by by-law, of the municipality having jurisdiction over such highway, street or other public place and upon terms to be agreed on with such municipality. 5

Agreements with other Companies.

5. Subject to the provisions of sections 361, 362 and 363 of *The Railway Act* the Company may, for any of the purposes specified in the said section 361, enter into agreements with the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company of Canada, The Canadian Northern Railway Company, The Athabasca and Grande Prairie Railway Company, the Brulé and Grande Prairie Railway Company, or with any of the said companies. 10

R.S., c. 37.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

F

An Act respecting the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Company.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 10th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 12th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. TALBOT.

OTTAWA

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1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL F.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 18th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Company.

**W**HEREAS a petition has been presented praying that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble.

1907, c. 85.  
1908, c. 104.  
1910, c. 94.

**1.** The Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Company, hereinafter called "the Company," may lay out, construct and operate a line of railway from some point on the main line of its railway as located in townships 77, 78 or 79, ranges 3, 4, 5 or 6, west of the sixth principal meridian, in the province of Alberta, thence in a generally southerly direction through Grande Prairie Land District, thence in a southerly direction to a point at or near Jasper House, in the province of Alberta.

New line authorized.

**2.** The Company may within two years after the passing of this Act commence to construct the line of railway authorized by section 1 of this Act, and may, within five years after the passing of this Act, complete the said line of railway, and if within the said periods respectively such line is not so commenced or is not so completed and put in operation, the powers of construction conferred upon the Company by Parliament shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the said line of railway as then remains uncompleted.

Limits of time for construction.

**3.** The limit of the amount of securities issued by the Company in respect of the line of railway authorized by section 1 of this Act shall not exceed forty thousand dollars per mile of such railway, and such securities may only be issued in proportion to the length of railway constructed or under contract to be constructed.

Issue of securities.

Municipal  
consent to  
construction  
or operation  
along  
highways.

18

4. The Company shall not construct or operate its railway along any highway, street or other public place without first obtaining the consent, expressed by by-law, of the municipality having jurisdiction over such highway, street or other public place and upon terms to be agreed on with such municipality. 5

Agreements  
with other  
Companies.

5. Subject to the provisions of sections 361, 362 and 363 of *The Railway Act* the Company may, for any of the purposes specified in the said section 361, enter into agreements with the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company of Canada, The Canadian Northern Railway Company, The Athabasca and Grande Prairie Railway Company, the Brulé and Grande Prairie Railway Company, or with any of the said companies. 10

R.S., c. 37.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL G.

An Act respecting the patent of The National Wood Distilling Company.

WHEREAS The National Wood Distilling Company of Preamble.  
Wilmington, in the state of North Carolina, one of  
the United States, and Harry C. Moore of Blairmore,  
in the province of Alberta, have by their petition represented  
5 that the said The National Wood Distilling Company is  
the owner and the said Harry C. Moore is the licensee of  
a certain patent issued under the seal of the Patent Office,  
namely, number one hundred and six thousand, nine hundred  
and thirty-one, for a process of destructive distillation of  
10 wood, and have prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter  
set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said  
petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice  
and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of  
Canada, enacts as follows:—

15 **1.** Notwithstanding anything in *The Patent Act* or Extension of  
in chapter 153 of the statutes of 1914, or in the patent time for  
mentioned in the preamble, the failure to construct or manufacture.  
manufacture in Canada the invention patented under the R.S., c. 69,  
said patent shall be deemed not to have affected the validity s. 38.  
20 of the said patent, but the time for such construction or 1914, c. 153,  
manufacture shall be deemed to have been duly extended s. 3.  
to the end of one year from the passing of this Act, and such  
extension of time shall have the same effect as if applied  
for and granted within the time prescribed by *The Patent*  
25 *Act*.

**2.** Section 3 of chapter 153 of the statutes of 1914 is Repeal.  
hereby repealed.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL

G

An Act respecting the patent of The National Wood Distilling Company.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 10th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 12th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. BOSTOCK.

OTTAWA

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1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL G.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE 19th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting the patent of The National Wood Distilling Company.

WHEREAS The National Wood Distilling Company of Preamble.  
 Wilmington, in the state of North Carolina, one of  
 the United States, and Harry C. Moore of Blairmore,  
 in the province of Alberta, have by their petition represented  
 5 that the said The National Wood Distilling Company is  
 the owner and the said Harry C. Moore is the licensee of  
 a certain patent issued under the seal of the Patent Office,  
 namely, number one hundred and six thousand, nine hundred  
 and thirty-one, for a process of destructive distillation of  
 10 wood, and have prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter  
 set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said  
 petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice  
 and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of  
 Canada, enacts as follows:—

15 **1.** Notwithstanding anything in *The Patent Act* or  
 in chapter 153 of the statutes of 1914, or in the patent  
 mentioned in the preamble, the failure to construct or  
 manufacture in Canada the invention patented under the  
 said patent shall be deemed not to have affected the validity  
 20 of the said patent, but the time for such construction or  
 manufacture shall be deemed to have been duly extended  
 to the end of one year from the passing of this Act, and such  
 extension of time shall have the same effect as if applied  
 for and granted within the time prescribed by *The Patent*  
 25 *Act*.

Extension of  
 time for  
 manufacture.

R.S., c. 69,  
 s. 38.  
 1914, c. 153,  
 s. 3.

**2.** Section 3 of chapter 153 of the statutes of 1914 is Repeal.  
 hereby repealed.





THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL H.

An Act respecting The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited.

**W**HEREAS a petition has been presented, praying that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble,  
1911, c. 80.

- 1.** The Grain Growers' Grain Company Limited, incorporated by chapter 80 of the statutes of 1911, may sell shares in its capital stock without limit as to number, to any company or society whether now or hereafter to be incorporated; and, subject to the powers of any such company or society, such company or society, notwithstanding section 5 of the said chapter 80, upon consent by resolution of the directors of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, being first obtained, which consent said directors are hereby authorized from time to time to give, may acquire and hold any number of shares in the capital stock of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited; and such company or society shall have at all meetings of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, a vote for each share held by it in the capital stock of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited. The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, may enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any such company or society, and may lend money to, or guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such company or society.
- 2.** The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, may take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any company or society, whether now or hereafter to be incorporated,

Power to sell shares to other companies.

Power to other companies to hold such shares.

Votes on shares held.

Power to company to share profits, etc., etc.

Power to hold shares of other companies.

which company or society is carrying or may carry on any business which The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, is authorized to carry on; and may pay for the same in cash, or in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or partly in cash and partly in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited; and may sell or otherwise deal with such shares; and may enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any such company or society, and may lend money to or guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist, any such company or society.

Sharing profits, etc., etc.

S. 12 amended.  
Objects.

**3.** Section 12 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the words: "The Company may also carry on the business of a general storekeeper in all its branches, both wholesale and retail."

S. 13 amended.

Payment for similar businesses acquired.

**4.** Paragraph (f) of section 13 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the words: "and may pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, or wholly or partly in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or wholly or partly in debentures of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or otherwise."

S. 13 amended.

Loans to customers.

**5.** Paragraph (i) of section 13 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by inserting after the words: "customers of" in the first line thereof, the words:—"and others having dealings with," and by adding after the word "Act" in the second line thereof the words: "and may guarantee the performance of contracts of any such persons."

S. 17 amended.

Distribution of surplus.

**6.** Subsection 2 of section 17 of said chapter 80 is hereby amended by substituting the words: "such rate of" for the word "a" before the word "dividend" in the fifth line thereof, and adding after the said word "dividend" the words: "as may be declared by the company"; by striking out the words: "of not less than eight per cent" in the said fifth line; and by inserting after the words: "shareholders of" in the eighth line thereof, the words: "and customers of and any other persons having dealings with."

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

H

An Act respecting The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited.

Received and read a first time,

Wednesday, 10th March, 1915.

Second reading,

Friday, 12th March, 1915.

HONOURABLE MR. POPE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty

1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL H.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 19th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited.

**W**HEREAS a petition has been presented, praying that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

**1.** The Grain Growers' Grain Company Limited, incorporated by chapter 80 of the statutes of 1911, may sell shares in its capital stock without limit as to number, to any company or society whether now or hereafter to be incorporated, if such company is authorized to carry on any business which The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, is authorized to carry on, and, subject to the powers of any such company or society, such company or society, notwithstanding section 5 of the said chapter 80, upon consent by resolution of the directors of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, being first obtained, which consent said directors are hereby authorized from time to time to give, may acquire and hold any number of shares in the capital stock of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited; and such company or society shall have at all meetings of The Grain Growers' Company, Limited, a vote for each share held by it in the capital stock of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited.

**2.** The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, may take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any company or society, whether now or hereafter to be incorporated, if such company or society is authorized to carry on any business which The Grain Growers' Grain Company,

Sharing profits, etc., etc.

Limited, is authorized to carry on; and may pay for the same in cash, or in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or partly in cash and partly in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited; and may sell or otherwise deal with 5 such shares.

S. 12 amended.  
Objects.

**3.** Section 12 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the words: "The Company may also carry on the business of a general storekeeper in all its branches, both wholesale and retail." 10

S. 13 amended.  
Payment for similar businesses acquired.

**4.** Paragraph (f) of section 13 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the words: "and may pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, or wholly or partly in fully paid up shares of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or wholly or partly in 15 debentures of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, or otherwise."

S. 13 amended.  
Loans to customers.

**5.** Paragraph (i) of section 13 of the said chapter 80 is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof: "and may also guarantee the performance of contracts of any 20 such customers."

S. 17 amended.  
Distribution of surplus.

**6.** Subsection 2 of section 17 of said chapter 80 is repealed and the following is substituted therefor: "2 The Company may at any annual general meeting of the Company, on resolution adopted by a vote of the 25 shareholders present or represented by proxy at such meeting, order that when the profits of the Company in any year show a surplus after providing such rate of dividend as may be declared by the Company on the par value of the subscribed capital of the Company and any 30 sum set apart by the directors as or towards a reserve fund, the said surplus shall be distributed among the shareholders and customers of the Company upon such basis and in such proportions as may be set out in the said resolution; provided, however, that notice of the said resolution 35 shall be mailed or delivered to the shareholders of the Company at the same time that notice of the date of such annual general meeting of the Company is mailed or delivered to the Company's shareholders."

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL I.

An Act for the relief of Lottie Thorndike.

WHEREAS Lottie Thorndike, presently residing at <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
Peterborough, in the province of Ontario, wife of  
George Milner Thorndike, formerly of the township of  
Mariposa, County of Victoria, in the said province, has by  
5 her petition alleged, in effect, that they were lawfully  
married on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894, at the  
town of Lindsay, in the said province, she then being  
Lottie McWilliams, spinster; that the legal domicile of  
the said George Milner Thorndike was then in Canada;  
10 that since the said marriage he has deserted her and has  
on divers occasions committed adultery; that she has  
not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that  
there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between  
him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas  
15 by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act  
dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry  
again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet;  
and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it  
is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
20 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Lottie McWilliams and <sup>Marriage</sup>  
George Milner Thorndike, her husband, is hereby dissolved <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
25 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
purposes whatsoever.

2. The said Lottie McWilliams may at any time here- <sup>Right to</sup>  
after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if <sup>marry again.</sup>  
the said marriage with the said George Milner Thorndike  
30 had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

I

An Act for the relief of Lottie  
Thorncliffe.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 16th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 18th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. DERRVYSHIRE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TRONE

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL I.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE 19th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Lottie Thorndike.

**W**HEREAS Lottie Thorndike, presently residing at Preamble.  
 Peterborough, in the province of Ontario, wife of  
 George Milner Thorndike, formerly of the township of  
 Mariposa, county of Victoria, in the said province, has by  
 5 her petition alleged, in effect, that they were lawfully  
 married on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894, at the  
 town of Lindsay, in the said province, she then being  
 Lottie McWilliams, spinster; that the legal domicile of  
 the said George Milner Thorndike was then in Canada;  
 10 that since the said marriage he has deserted her and has  
 on divers occasions committed adultery; that she has  
 not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that  
 there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between  
 him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas  
 15 by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act  
 dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry  
 again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet;  
 and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it  
 is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
 20 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
 as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Lottie McWilliams and Marriage  
 George Milner Thorndike, her husband, is hereby dissolved dissolved.  
 25 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Lottie McWilliams may at any time here- Right to  
 after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if marry again.  
 the said marriage with the said George Milner Thorndike  
 30 had not been solemnized.

The Session of the Parliament of Canada, 1912

THE STATUTE OF CANADA

BILL I

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF COMMONS

IN THE FIRST SESSION OF THE PARLIAMENT OF CANADA

FOR THE PURPOSE OF AMENDING THE ACT RESPECTING THE

REGISTRATION OF DEEDS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

AND TO AMEND THE ACT RESPECTING THE REGISTRATION OF

DEEDS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

AND TO AMEND THE ACT RESPECTING THE REGISTRATION OF

DEEDS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

AND TO AMEND THE ACT RESPECTING THE REGISTRATION OF

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DEEDS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

AND TO AMEND THE ACT RESPECTING THE REGISTRATION OF

DEEDS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO



THE SENATE

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE

An Act for the relief

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL J.

An Act for the relief of Arthur Ernest Birdsell.

WHEREAS Arthur Ernest Birdsell, of the township <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
of Brantford, in the county of Brant, in the province  
of Ontario, farmer, has by his petition alleged, in effect,  
that on the thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1895, at  
5 Waterford, in the said province, he was lawfully married  
to Minnie Starr; that she was then of the said township  
of Brantford, a spinster; that his legal domicile was then  
and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage she  
has deserted him and has on divers occasions committed  
10 adultery; that he has not connived at nor condoned the  
said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly  
or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings  
for divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed  
for the passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage,  
15 authorizing him to marry again and affording him such  
other relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allega-  
tions have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer  
of his petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and  
with the advice and consent of the Senate and House  
20 of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Arthur Ernest Birdsell <sup>Marriage</sup>  
and Minnie Starr, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes  
whatsoever.
- 25 2. The said Arthur Ernest Birdsell may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry <sup>marry again.</sup>  
if the said marriage with the said Minnie Starr had not been  
solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

HONORABLE J.W. BROWN

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

J

An Act for the relief of Arthur Ernest Birdsell.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 16th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 18th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. RAY.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty

1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL J.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE 19th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Arthur Ernest Birdsell.

WHEREAS Arthur Ernest Birdsell, of the township of Brantford, in the county of Brant, in the province of Ontario, farmer, has by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1895, at 5 Waterford, in the said province, he was lawfully married to Minnie Starr; that she was then of the said township of Brantford, a spinster; that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage she has deserted him and has on divers occasions committed 10 adultery; that he has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage, 15 authorizing him to marry again and affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House 20 of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Arthur Ernest Birdsell and Minnie Starr, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. Marriage dissolved.

25 2. The said Arthur Ernest Birdsell may at any time hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Minnie Starr had not been solemnized. Right to marry again.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL 1

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE FOUR MARCH 1913

To give effect to the recommendations of the Royal Commission on the Status of Women

1. WHEREAS the Royal Commission on the Status of Women has recommended that the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

10 (a) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(b) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(c) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(d) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(e) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(f) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(g) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(h) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(i) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(j) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

2. The said law shall be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(a) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(b) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(c) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(d) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(e) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(f) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(g) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(h) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(i) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

(j) That the law should be amended so as to give effect to the following principles:

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL K.

An Act respecting a patent of John Millen and Son, Limited.

WHEREAS John Millen and Son, Limited, have by their Preamble.  
petition represented that they are the holders of a  
patent number 114,110 for an improvement in trolley  
wheels, issued under the seal of the Patent office of Canada,  
5 and dated the fifteenth day of September, 1908, and have  
prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is  
expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: There-  
fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
10 as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding anything in *The Patent Act*, or in  
the patent mentioned in the preamble, the Commissioner of  
Patents may, within three months after the passing of this  
Act, receive from the said John Millen and Son, Limited  
15 an application for a certificate of payment of further  
fees, and the usual fees for the remainder of the term  
of eighteen years from the date thereof, and may grant  
and issue to the said John Millen and Son, Limited, the  
certificate of payment of further fees provided for by *The* R.S., c. 69.  
20 *Patent Act*, and an extension of the term of duration of  
the said patent, in as full and ample a manner as if the  
application therefor had been duly made and the fees  
paid within six years from the date of the issue of the said  
patent.

25 2. If any person has, in the period between the expiry  
of six years from the date of the said patent, and the  
twenty-third day of October, nineteen hundred and fourteen,  
commenced to construct, manufacture, use or sell in Canada  
the invention covered by the said patent, such person may  
30 continue to construct, manufacture, use or sell the said  
invention in as full and ample a manner as if this Act had  
not been passed.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

K

An Act respecting a patent of John Millen and Son, Limited.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 16th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 18th March, 1915.

Honourable MR. DERBYSHIRE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TARDÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty

1915

5th Session. 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

## BILL K.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 26th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting a patent of John Millen and Son,  
Limited.

WHEREAS John Millen and Son, Limited, have by their Preamble.  
petition represented that they are the holders of a  
patent number 114,110 for an improvement in trolley  
wheels, issued under the seal of the Patent office of Canada,  
5 and dated the fifteenth day of September, 1908, and have  
prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is  
expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: There-  
fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
10 as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding anything in *The Patent Act*, or in Power to  
the patent mentioned in the preamble, the Commissioner of receive  
Patents may, within three months after the passing of this fees and  
Act, receive from the said John Millen and Son, Limited extend  
15 an application for a certificate of payment of further term.  
fees, and the usual fees for the remainder of the term  
of eighteen years from the date thereof, and may grant  
and issue to the said John Millen and Son, Limited, the  
certificate of payment of further fees provided for by *The* R.S., c. 69.  
20 *Patent Act*, and an extension of the term of duration of  
the said patent, in as full and ample a manner as if the  
application therefor had been duly made and the fees  
paid within six years from the date of the issue of the said  
patent.
- 25 2. If any person has, in the period between the expiry Certain  
of six years from the date of the said patent, and the rights  
twenty-third day of October, nineteen hundred and fourteen, saved.  
commenced to construct, manufacture, use or sell in Canada  
the invention covered by the said patent, such person may  
30 continue to construct, manufacture, use or sell the said  
invention in as full and ample a manner as if this Act had  
not been passed.





5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL L.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23rd MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Adam Clarke Anderson.

**W**HEREAS Adam Clarke Anderson, of the city of Toronto, Preamble.  
 in the province of Ontario, manufacturer's agent,  
 has by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-  
 sixth day of July, A.D. 1879, at the said city of Toronto,  
 5 he was lawfully married to Evangeline Medora Vance;  
 that she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster;  
 that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada;  
 that since the said marriage she has deserted him and has  
 on divers occasions committed adultery; that he has not  
 10 connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
 has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him  
 and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his  
 petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
 his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and  
 15 affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
 whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted:  
 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
 20 as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Adam Clarke Anderson Marriage dissolved.  
 and Evangeline Medora Vance, his wife, is hereby dissolved,  
 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 purposes whatsoever.

25 **2.** The said Adam Clarke Anderson may at any time Right to marry again.  
 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if  
 the said marriage with the said Evangeline Medora Vance  
 had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

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THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL L.

An Act for the relief of Adam Clarke Anderson.

**W**HEREAS Adam Clarke Anderson, of the city of Toronto, <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
in the province of Ontario, manufacturer's agent,  
has by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-  
sixth day of July, A.D. 1879, at the said city of Toronto,  
5 he was lawfully married to Evangeline Medora Vance;  
that she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster;  
that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada;  
that since the said marriage she has deserted him and has  
on divers occasions committed adultery; that he has not  
10 connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him  
and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his  
petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and  
15 affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
20 as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Adam Clarke Anderson <sup>Marriage</sup>  
and Evangeline Medora Vance, his wife, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
purposes whatsoever.
- 25 2. The said Adam Clarke Anderson may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if <sup>marry again.</sup>  
the said marriage with the said Evangeline Medora Vance  
had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

L

An Act for the relief of Adam Clarke  
Anderson.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 17th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. TAYLOR.

OTTAWA

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL M.

An Act for the relief of Thomas Jefferson Moore.

**W**HEREAS Thomas Jefferson Moore, of Richardson, in <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
the province of Saskatchewan, farmer, has by his  
petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-ninth day of  
January, A.D. 1905, at Durham, in the state of North  
5 Carolina, one of the United States of America, he was  
lawfully married to Lydia Lee Wingo; that she was then  
of Durham aforesaid, a spinster; that his legal domicile is  
now in Canada; that since the said marriage she has com-  
mitted adultery; that he has not connived at nor condoned  
10 the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly  
or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for  
divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed for the  
passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing  
him to marry again, and affording him such other relief  
15 as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have  
been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his  
petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with  
the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Com-  
mons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** That the said marriage between Thomas Jefferson <sup>Marriage</sup>  
Moore and Lydia Lee Wingo, his wife, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Thomas Jefferson Moore may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if <sup>marry again.</sup>  
the said marriage with the said Lydia Lee Wingo had not  
been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

M

An Act for the relief of Thomas Jefferson  
Moore.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 17th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. Ross  
(Moosejaw).

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty

1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL M.

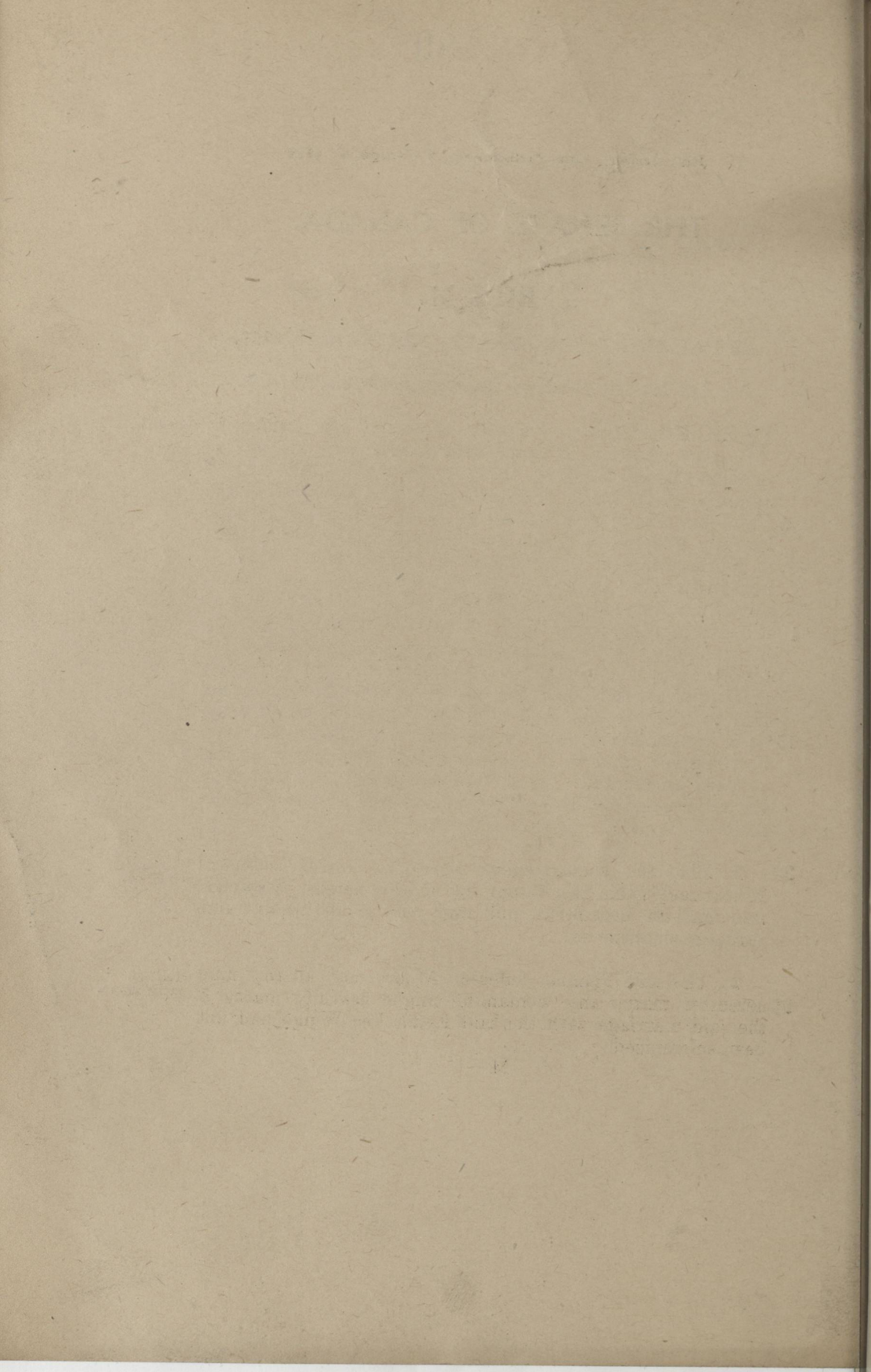
AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23rd MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Thomas Jefferson Moore.

**W**HEREAS Thomas Jefferson Moore, of Richardson, in Preamble.  
 the province of Saskatchewan, farmer, has by his  
 petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-ninth day of  
 January, A.D. 1905, at Durham, in the state of North  
 5 Carolina, one of the United States of America, he was  
 lawfully married to Lydia Lee Wingo; that she was then  
 of Durham aforesaid, a spinster; that his legal domicile is  
 now in Canada; that since the said marriage she has com-  
 mitted adultery; that he has not connived at nor condoned  
 10 the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly  
 or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for  
 divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed for the  
 passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing  
 him to marry again, and affording him such other relief  
 15 as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have  
 been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his  
 petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with  
 the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Com-  
 mons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** That the said marriage between Thomas Jefferson Marriage  
 Moore and Lydia Lee Wingo, his wife, is hereby dissolved, dissolved.  
 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Thomas Jefferson Moore may at any time Right to  
 27 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if marry again.  
 the said marriage with the said Lydia Lee Wingo had not  
 been solemnized.





THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL N.

An Act respecting Canadian Provident Insurance Company.

WHEREAS Canadian Provident Insurance Company has <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
by its petition prayed that it be enacted as herein-  
after set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of  
the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the  
5 advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons  
of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding anything in section 78 of *The* <sup>Extension</sup>  
*Insurance Act, 1910*, or in the Act, chapter 97 of the <sup>of time for</sup>  
statutes of 1913, incorporating Canadian Provident <sup>license.</sup>  
10 Insurance Company, the said chapter 97 shall be deemed <sup>1913, c. 97.</sup>  
not to have expired and ceased to be in force after the  
fifteenth day of May, 1915, but to have continued and to  
be in force for all purposes thereof whatsoever until the  
sixteenth day of May, 1917; and the Minister of Finance  
15 may, at any time not later than the fifteenth day of May,  
1917, and subject to all other provisions of *The Insurance* <sup>1910, c. 32.</sup>  
*Act, 1910*, grant to that company the license necessary for  
carrying on business.

2. If the company has not obtained the said license <sup>Limitation.</sup>  
20 before the sixteenth day of May, 1917, the said chapter  
97 shall then expire and cease to be in force thereafter,  
except for the sole purpose of winding up the company's  
business, but otherwise shall remain in full force and effect  
for all purposes thereof whatsoever.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

N

An Act respecting Canadian Provident Insurance Company.

Received and read a first time

Thursday, 18th March, 1915.

Second reading

Tuesday, 23th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. WATSON.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. DE L. TACHÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty

1915

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL O.

An Act respecting The Northwest Life Assurance Company.

WHEREAS a petition has been presented praying that 1913, c. 164.  
it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Section 1 of chapter 164 of the statutes of 1913 incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company s. 1 amended.  
is hereby amended by striking out the words "Robert Hamilton Fulton, banker," and "Wilbert Emerson Burke, 10 merchant," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Andrew Cunningham, agent", and "Alexander Leigh, accountant." Incorporators changed.

2. Notwithstanding anything in section 78 of *The Insurance Act*, 1910, or in the Act, chapter 164 of the 15 statutes of 1913, incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company, the said chapter shall be deemed not to have expired and ceased to be in force after the sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, but to have continued and to be in force, for all purposes 20 whatsoever, until the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen; and the Minister of Finance may, at any time not later than the thirtieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and subject to all other provisions of *The Insurance Act*, 1910, grant 25 to the said company the license necessary for carrying on business. Extension of time for license. 1910, c. 32.

3. If the said company has not obtained the said license Limitation.  
before the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, the said chapter 164 of the statutes of 1913

shall then expire and cease to be in force thereafter, except for the sole purpose of winding up the company's business, but otherwise shall remain in full force and effect for all purposes thereof whatsoever.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O.

An Act respecting The Northwest Life Assurance Company.

WHEREAS a petition has been presented praying that this Act be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore the Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. Section 1 of chapter 104 of the statutes of 1913 incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company is hereby amended by striking out the words "Robert Hamilton Fulton banker," and "Wilbert Jamieson Banker, merchant," and inserting in their stead the words "Alexander Cunningham agent," and "Alexander Esch accountant."

2. Notwithstanding anything in section 75 of the Statutes of 1910 or in the Act chapter 104 of the Statutes of 1913, incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company, the said charter shall be deemed not to have expired and ceased to be in force after the sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, but to have continued and to be in force for all purposes whatsoever until the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and the Minister of Finance may at any time not later than the thirtieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and subject to all other provisions of the Statutes of 1910, grant to the said company the license necessary for carrying on business.

3. If the said company has not obtained the said license before the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, the said chapter 104 of the statutes of 1913

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL



An Act respecting The Northwest Life Assurance Company.

Received and read a first time

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Second reading

Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. Ross (Moosejaw).

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHÉ  
Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

## BILL O.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE 24th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting The Northwest Life Assurance Company.

WHEREAS a petition has been presented praying that <sup>1913, c. 164.</sup> it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Section 1 of chapter 164 of the statutes of 1913 incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company is hereby amended by striking out the words "Robert Hamilton Fulton, banker," and "Wilbert Emerson Burke, merchant," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Andrew Cunningham, agent", and "Alexander Leigh, accountant." <sup>S. 1 amended. Incorporators changed.</sup>
2. Notwithstanding anything in section 78 of *The Insurance Act*, 1910, or in the Act, chapter 164 of the statutes of 1913, incorporating The Northwest Life Assurance Company, the said chapter shall be deemed not to have expired and ceased to be in force after the sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, but to have continued and to be in force, for all purposes whatsoever, until the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen; and the Minister of Finance may, at any time not later than the thirtieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and subject to all other provisions of *The Insurance Act*, 1910, grant <sup>Extension of time for license.</sup> to the said company the license necessary for carrying on business. <sup>1910, c. 32.</sup>
3. If the said company has not obtained the said license <sup>Limitation.</sup> before the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, the said chapter 164 of the statutes of 1913

shall then expire and cease to be in force thereafter, except for the sole purpose of winding up the company's business, but otherwise shall remain in full force and effect for all purposes thereof whatsoever.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL P.

An Act for the relief of Austin McPhail Bothwell.

**W**HEREAS Austin McPhail Bothwell, of the city of <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba, lecturer, has  
by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the ninth day of  
May, A.D. 1910, at the city of Montreal, in the province  
5 of Quebec, he was lawfully married to Dorothy Jean Couper;  
that she was then of the city of London, England, a spinster;  
that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that  
since the said marriage she has committed adultery; that  
he has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
10 that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of an  
Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing him to marry  
again, and affording him such other relief as is deemed  
15 meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved,  
and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as  
follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between Austin McPhail Bothwell <sup>Marriage</sup>  
and Dorothy Jean Couper, his wife, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Austin McPhail Bothwell may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if <sup>marry again.</sup>  
the said marriage with the said Dorothy Jean Couper had not  
been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

P

An Act for the relief of Austin McPhail Bothwell.

Received and read a first time,

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Second reading,

Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

HONOURABLE MR. DERBYSHIRE

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915



5th Session. 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL P.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 24th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Austin McPhail Bothwell.

**W**HEREAS Austin McPhail Bothwell, of the city of Preamble.  
 Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba, lecturer, has  
 by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the ninth day of  
 May, A.D. 1910, at the city of Montreal, in the province  
 5 of Quebec, he was lawfully married to Dorothy Jean Couper;  
 that she was then of the city of London, England, a spinster;  
 that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that  
 since the said marriage she has committed adultery; that  
 he has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
 10 that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
 between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
 whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of an  
 Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing him to marry  
 again, and affording him such other relief as is deemed  
 15 meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved,  
 and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted:  
 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as  
 follows:—

- 20 **1.** The said marriage between Austin McPhail Bothwell Marriage  
 and Dorothy Jean Couper, his wife, is hereby dissolved, dissolved.  
 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 purposes whatsoever.
- 2.** The said Austin McPhail Bothwell may at any time Right to  
 25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the marry again  
 said marriage with the said Dorothy Jean Couper had not  
 been solemnized.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

BILL 4

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5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL Q.

An Act for the relief of Agnes Gravelle.

**W**HEREAS Agnes Gravelle, presently residing at Ports-<sup>Preamble.</sup>  
mouth, in the province of Ontario, wife of Thomas  
Wilfred Gravelle, of the city of Calgary, in the province  
of Alberta, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they  
5 were lawfully married on the twenty-eighth day of December  
A.D. 1908, at the city of Winnipeg, in the province of  
Manitoba, she then being Agnes Mathewson, spinster;  
that the legal domicile of the said Thomas Wilfred Gravelle  
was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage  
10 he has deserted her and has committed adultery; that  
she has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
whereas by her petition she has prayed for the passing  
15 of an Act dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to  
marry again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed  
meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved,  
and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
20 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Agnes Mathewson and <sup>Marriage</sup>  
Thomas Wilfred Gravelle, her husband, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
25 purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Agnes Mathewson may at any time here-<sup>Right to</sup>  
after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry <sup>marry</sup>  
if the said marriage with the said Thomas Wilfred Gravelle <sup>again.</sup>  
had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

Q

An Act for the relief of Agnes Gravelle.

Received and read a first time

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Second reading

Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

Honourable MR. DERBYSHIRE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHE  
Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

5th Session. 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL Q.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 24th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Agnes Gravelle.

WHEREAS Agnes Gravelle, presently residing at Ports-<sup>Preamble.</sup>  
mouth, in the province of Ontario, wife of Thomas  
Wilfred Gravelle, of the city of Calgary, in the province  
of Alberta, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they  
5 were awfully married on the twenty-eighth day of December,  
A.D. 1908, at the city of Winnipeg, in the province of  
Manitoba, she then being Agnes Mathewson, spinster;  
that the legal domicile of the said Thomas Wilfred Gravelle  
was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage  
10 he has deserted her and has committed adultery; that  
she has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
whereas by her petition she has prayed for the passing  
15 of an Act dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to  
marry again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed  
meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved,  
and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
20 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. The said marriage between Agnes Mathewson and  
Thomas Wilfred Gravelle, her husband, is hereby dissolved,  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
25 purposes whatsoever. <sup>Marriage dissolved.</sup>

2. The said Agnes Mathewson may at any time here-  
after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry  
if the said marriage with the said Thomas Wilfred Gravelle  
had not been solemnized. <sup>Right to marry again.</sup>



THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL R.

An Act for the relief of Clara Elizabeth Darnell.

WHEREAS Clara Elizabeth Darnell, presently residing at Preamble.  
Port Arthur, in the province of Ontario, wife of Hugh  
Balfour Darnell, formerly of the city of St. Johns, in the pro-  
vince of Quebec, now residing at Peking, China, insurance  
5 agent, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they were  
lawfully married on the ninth day of September, A.D. 1903,  
according to the provisions of the statute of the United  
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland known as *The Foreign*  
*Marriage Act, 1892*, at the office of the British Consul General  
10 at Manila, one of the possessions of the United States of  
America; she then being Clara Elizabeth MacKenzie, spinst-  
er; that the legal domicile of the said Hugh Balfour Darnell  
was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage  
he has on divers occasions committed adultery; that she  
15 has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that  
there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between  
him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas  
by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act  
dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again,  
20 and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: There-  
fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the  
Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

25 **1.** The said marriage between Clara Elizabeth Mac- Marriage  
Kenzie and Hugh Balfour Darnell, her husband, is hereby dissolved.  
dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all  
intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Clara Elizabeth MacKenzie may at any Right to  
30 time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry again.  
marry if the said marriage with the said Hugh Balfour  
Darnell had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

R

An Act for the relief of Clara Elizabeth Darnell.

Received and read a first time

Friday, 19th March, 1915.

Second reading

Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

HONOURABLE MR. DERRYSHIRE.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. DE L. TACHÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL R.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 24th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Clara Elizabeth Darnell.

WHEREAS Clara Elizabeth Darnell, presently residing at <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
 Port Arthur, in the province of Ontario, wife of Hugh  
 Balfour Darnell, formerly of the city of St. Johns, in the pro-  
 vince of Quebec, now residing at Peking, China, insurance  
 5 agent, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they were  
 lawfully married on the ninth day of September, A.D. 1903,  
 according to the provisions of the statute of the United  
 Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland known as *The Foreign*  
*Marriage Act, 1892*, at the office of the British Consul General  
 10 at Manila, one of the possessions of the United States of  
 America; she then being Clara Elizabeth MacKenzie, spins-  
 ter; that the legal domicile of the said Hugh Balfour Darnell  
 was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage  
 he has on divers occasions committed adultery; that she  
 15 has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that  
 there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between  
 him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas  
 by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act  
 dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again,  
 20 and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
 whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: There-  
 fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the  
 Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

25 **1.** The said marriage between Clara Elizabeth Mac-<sup>Marriage</sup>  
 Kenzie and Hugh Balfour Darnell, her husband, is hereby <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
 dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all  
 intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Clara Elizabeth MacKenzie may at any <sup>Right to</sup>  
 30 time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully <sup>marry again.</sup>  
 marry if the said marriage with the said Hugh Balfour  
 Darnell had not been solemnized.

The Senate of the Dominion of Canada

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE OF CANADA

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED

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## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL S.

An Act to amend The Canada Grain Act.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Section 27 of *The Canada Grain Act*, chapter 27 of 1912, c. 27, s. 27 amended.  
5 the statutes of 1912, is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:—

“2. Such certificate shall be in all cases, *primâ facie* Inspecting officer's certificate.  
evidence of the facts therein contained.”

2. Subsection 4 of section 126 of the said Act, as enacted s. 126 amended.  
10 by section 9 of chapter 21 of the statutes of 1913, is repealed Terminal elevators.  
and the following is substituted therefor:—

“4. No grain shall leave a terminal elevator without Official weighing.  
being officially weighed, and the official certificate of Official certificate of weight.  
weight shall be conclusive evidence of the weight of  
15 such grain.”

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL

S

An Act to amend The Canada Grain Act.

Received and read a first time

Tuesday, 23rd March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 25th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. LOUTHREED.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

[Bill sent down from the Senate and reprinted as amended  
by the Committee of the Whole House.]

## SENATE BILL S.

PASSED BY THE SENATE, 26th MARCH, 1915.

## HOUSE OF COMMONS BILL 112.

An Act to amend The Canada Grain Act.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of  
the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. Section 27 of *The Canada Grain Act*, chapter 27 of  
5 the statutes of 1912, is amended by adding thereto the  
following subsection:—

“2. Such certificate shall be in all cases *prima facie*  
evidence of the facts therein contained.”

Inspecting  
officer's  
certificate.

2. Subsection 4 of section 126 of the said Act, as enacted  
10 by section 9 of chapter 21 of the statutes of 1913, is repealed  
and the following is substituted therefor:—

Terminal  
elevators.

“4. No grain shall leave a terminal elevator without  
being officially weighed, and the official certificate of  
weight shall be final subject to the provisions of section  
15 120 of this Act.”

Official  
weighing,  
and  
certificate  
of weight.

3. Section 118 of the said Act is amended by adding  
thereto the following words, “and to all water carriers  
other than ocean carriers.”

Application  
of Act  
extended.

4. The said Act is further amended by adding the  
20 following sections after section 120:—

“120A. The Board shall also receive and investigate  
all complaints in writing under oath, of any shortage in  
grain, upon the delivery of same from an elevator to a  
vessel or from a vessel to an elevator, and shall have power  
25 to assess or apportion the loss arising from such shortage,  
amongst the elevator operators, water carriers, and shippers,  
having to do with the said grain, and the finding of the  
Board and such assessment or apportionment certified

Receipt and  
investigation  
of complaints  
of shortage  
in grain,  
and  
apportion-  
ment.

over the hand of a majority of the Board, shall be delivered or sent to all persons concerned in such finding, assessment or apportionment, and shall be final, and shall be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Regulations relating to shortages and overages. "120B. The Board may make regulations governing 5

Contributions. the responsibility for and the disposition of shortages and overages of grain upon delivery of same from an elevator to a vessel or from a vessel to an elevator, and may assess in such manner and in such amount as it may deem just and proper, contributions from elevator operators, water carriers and shippers, or from any of them, in favour of the Board or otherwise, for the purpose of providing against such responsibility: Provided that nothing contained in this section shall limit the powers of the Board under the preceding section." 10 15

Powers of Board on investigations. 5. Subsection 2 of section 120 of the said Act is amended by adding after the word "investigation" in the first line thereof the following words:—"or of any investigation authorized under this Act."

[REPRINT.]

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS  
OF CANADA.

BILL 112.

SENATE BILL S.

An Act to amend The Canada Grain  
Act.

*(Reprinted as amended by the Committee  
of the Whole House.)*

SIR GEORGE FOSTER.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. Taché  
Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL S.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 26th MARCH, 1915.

An Act to amend The Canada Grain Act.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Section 27 of *The Canada Grain Act*, chapter 27 of 1912, c. 27, 5 the statutes of 1912, is amended by adding thereto the s. 27 amended. following subsection:—

“2. Such certificate shall be in all cases *primâ facie* Inspecting officer's certificate. evidence of the facts therein contained.”

2. Subsection 4 of section 126 of the said Act, as enacted s. 126 amended. 10 by section 9 of chapter 21 of the statutes of 1913, is repealed Terminal elevators. and the following is substituted therefor:—

“4. No grain shall leave a terminal elevator without Official weighing. 15 such grain.” Official certificate of weight.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF COMMONS

IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED

THE SENATE OF CANADA

THE SENATE OF CANADA

THE SENATE OF CANADA

THE SENATE OF CANADA

THE SENATE OF CANADA



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL T.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23rd MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Alexander McIntyre.

**W**HEREAS Alexander McIntyre, of the city of Toronto, <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
 in the province of Ontario, steelworker, has by his  
 petition alleged, in effect, that on the thirteenth day of  
 April, A.D. 1893, at the city of Hamilton, in the said  
 5 province, he was lawfully married to Elizabeth Kennedy;  
 that she was then of the said city of Hamilton, a spinster;  
 that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada;  
 that since the said marriage she has on divers occasions  
 committed adultery; that he has not connived at nor  
 10 condoned the said adultery; that there has been no collusion,  
 directly or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings  
 for divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed for  
 the passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage, author-  
 izing him to marry again, and affording him such other  
 15 relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations  
 have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of  
 his petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and  
 with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of  
 Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between Alexander McIntyre and <sup>Marriage</sup>  
 Elizabeth Kennedy, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
 be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes  
 whatsoever.

**2.** The said Alexander McIntyre may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
 25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if <sup>marry</sup>  
 the said marriage with the said Elizabeth Kennedy had <sup>again.</sup>  
 not been solemnized.

Bills U+V reversed

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL V.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23rd MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Alice Beckett.

**W**HEREAS Alice Beckett, presently residing at Medicine Hat, in the province of Alberta, wife of William Beckett, of the city of Calgary, in the said province, bank messenger, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they were lawfully married on the fourteenth day of December, A.D., 1899, at Walton le Dale, Lancashire, England, she then being Alice Winterbottom, spinster; that the legal domicile of the said William Beckett was then in England and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage he has deserted her and has on divers occasions committed adultery; that she has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Alice Winterbottom and William Beckett, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Alice Winterbottom may at any time thereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Beckett had not been solemnized.

50  
The Senate of Canada

THE SENATE OF CANADA

1871

Printed and Published by  
the Queen's Printer,  
Ottawa, 1871.

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL U.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23rd MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Violet Burnett Delmege.

**W**HEREAS Violet Burnett Delmege, presently residing Preamble.  
 at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec,  
 wife of Vassall Lavicount Delmege, formerly of the said  
 city of Montreal, bank clerk, has by her petition alleged,  
 5 in effect, that they were lawfully married on the first day  
 of June, A.D. 1910, at the city of Westmount, in the  
 said province, she then being Violet Burnett Cooke, spinster,  
 that the legal domicile of the said Vassall Lavicount Delmege  
 was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage  
 10 he has on divers occasions committed adultery; that she  
 has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that  
 there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between  
 him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas  
 by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act  
 15 dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry  
 again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet;  
 and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
 20 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
 as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Violet Burnett Cooke Marriage dissolved.  
 and Vassall Lavicount Delmege, her husband, is hereby  
 dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all  
 25 intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Violet Burnett Cooke may at any time here- Right to marry again.  
 after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the  
 said marriage with the said Vassall Lavicount Delmege  
 had not been solemnized.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

BILL

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

Bills U and V reversed

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL W.

An Act to amend The Gold and Silver Marking Act,  
1913.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the <sup>1913, c. 19.</sup>  
Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. Sections 13, 14 and 15 of *The Gold and Silver Marking Act, 1913*, are repealed and the following are substituted therefor:—

- “ 13. Every one is guilty of an offence, and liable, on summary conviction thereof, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and not less than twenty-five dollars for each article or part of an article in respect of which the conviction is had, who being a dealer,—
- Offences made punishable on summary conviction and minimum penalties added.
- (a) applies to an article any mark not authorized by this Act, or by regulation made under the authority of this Act, to be applied thereto;
- 15 (b) applies to an article any mark in a manner not so authorized;
- (c) omits or neglects to apply to an article any mark required by this Act, or by regulation made under the authority of this Act, to be applied thereto;
- 20 (d) makes in Canada, sells in Canada, or imports or otherwise brings into Canada, an article to which any mark not authorized by this Act, or by regulation made under authority of this Act, is applied, or to which a mark is applied in a manner not so authorized, or which has not applied thereto any mark required by this Act, or by such regulation, to be applied thereto;
- 25 (e) in any other way contravenes any provision of this Act, or of any such regulation, as to the application of marks to articles;
- 30 (f) attempts to commit any offence described in the foregoing paragraphs of this section.

" 14. Every one is guilty of an offence, and liable, on summary conviction thereof, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and not less than twenty-five dollars, who, being a dealer,—

- (a) applies to a plated article any mark which guarantees 5  
or purports to guarantee, or induces or tends to induce  
a belief, that the gold or silver with which the article is  
plated will wear or last for any time whether specified  
or not;
- (b) makes in Canada, sells in Canada, or imports or 10  
otherwise brings into Canada any plated article to  
which any such mark is applied;
- (c) in Canada prints, causes to be printed, issues,  
publishes, or otherwise makes use of, any printed or  
written matter of the nature of an advertisement 15  
guaranteeing or purporting to guarantee, or inducing  
or tending to induce a belief, that the gold or silver  
with which a plated article is plated will wear or last  
for any time whether specified or not;
- (d) imports or otherwise brings into Canada any such 20  
printed or written matter;
- (e) attempts to commit any offence described in the  
foregoing paragraphs of this section.

Metal of  
articles  
seized made  
forfeitable  
to Crown.

" 15. Every article in respect of which a conviction is had 25  
under this Act shall be broken or defaced and the metal  
thereof shall be forfeited to the Crown and all printed or  
written matter in respect of which a conviction is so had  
shall be destroyed."

Officer  
empowered  
to seize and  
retain  
articles.

2. Section 16 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto 30  
the following sub-section:—

" 2. Such officer may seize any article to which this Act 30  
applies and which is marked otherwise than in accordance  
with the provisions of this Act, or of the regulations made  
thereunder, and may retain the same until the prosecution  
for the offence committed in respect of such article has been 35  
finally decided by the courts. After a conviction has been  
obtained and the prosecution finally decided, the article  
shall be broken or defaced and the metal thereof forfeited  
to the Crown, as provided in section 15 of this Act."

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

## BILL

## W

An Act to amend The Gold and Silver  
Marking Act, 1913.

Received and read a first time

Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

Second reading

Thursday, 25th March, 1915.

HONOURABLE MR. LOUGHEED.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. DE L. TACHÉ

Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

## BILL W.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 26th MARCH, 1915.

An Act to amend The Gold and Silver Marking Act,  
1913.

HIS Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the 1913, c. 19.  
Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

1. Sections 13, 14 and 15 of *The Gold and Silver Marking Act, 1913*, are repealed and the following are substituted therefor:—

- “ 13. Every one is guilty of an offence, and liable, on summary conviction thereof, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and not less than twenty-five dollars for each article or part of an article in respect of which the conviction is had, who being a dealer,—
- Offences made punishable on summary conviction and minimum penalties added.
- (a) applies to an article any mark not authorized by this Act, or by regulation made under the authority of this Act, to be applied thereto;
- (b) applies to an article any mark in a manner not so authorized;
- (c) omits or neglects to apply to an article any mark required by this Act, or by regulation made under the authority of this Act, to be applied thereto;
- (d) makes in Canada, sells in Canada, or imports or otherwise brings into Canada, an article to which any mark not authorized by this Act, or by regulation made under authority of this Act, is applied, or to which a mark is applied in a manner not so authorized, or which has not applied thereto any mark required by this Act, or by such regulation, to be applied thereto;
- (e) in any other way contravenes any provision of this Act, or of any such regulation, as to the application of marks to articles;
- (f) attempts to commit any offence described in the foregoing paragraphs of this section.

“ 14. Every one is guilty of an offence, and liable, on summary conviction thereof, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and not less than twenty-five dollars, who, being a dealer,—

- (a) applies to a plated article any mark which guarantees 5  
or purports to guarantee, or induces or tends to induce  
a belief, that the gold or silver with which the article is  
plated will wear or last for any time whether specified  
or not;
- (b) makes in Canada, sells in Canada, or imports or 10  
otherwise brings into Canada any plated article to  
which any such mark is applied;
- (c) in Canada prints, causes to be printed, issues,  
publishes, or otherwise makes use of, any printed or  
written matter of the nature of an advertisement 15  
guaranteeing or purporting to guarantee, or inducing  
or tending to induce a belief, that the gold or silver  
with which a plated article is plated will wear or last  
for any time whether specified or not;
- (d) imports or otherwise brings into Canada any such 20  
printed or written matter;
- (e) attempts to commit any offence described in the  
foregoing paragraphs of this section.

Metal of  
articles  
seized made  
forfeitable  
to Crown.

“ 15. Every article in respect of which a conviction is had under this Act shall be broken or defaced and the metal 25 thereof shall be forfeited to the Crown and all printed or written matter in respect of which a conviction is so had shall be destroyed.”

Officer  
empowered  
to seize and  
retain  
articles.

2. Section 16 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following sub-section:— 30

“ 2. Such officer may seize any article to which this Act applies and which is marked otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Act, or of the regulations made thereunder, and may retain the same until the prosecution for the offence committed in respect of such article has been 35 finally decided by the courts. After a conviction has been obtained and the prosecution finally decided, the article shall be broken or defaced and the metal thereof forfeited to the Crown, as provided in section 15 of this Act.”

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS OF CANADA.

BILL X.

An Act respecting The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company.

WHEREAS The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble.

1913, c. 79.

1. The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company may commence the construction of its railway from Buctouche to a point in the Richibucto Harbour at Richibucto in the province of New Brunswick, and from Richibucto to Chatham or Loggieville in the said province, and from a point at Painsec Junction on the line of the Intercolonial Railway to a point at or near Cape Tormentine in the said province, and from a point at Westpoint in the province of Prince Edward Island to Coleman on the main line of the Prince Edward Island Railway, and expend fifteen per cent of the amount of its capital stock thereon within two years after the passing of this Act; and may complete the said railway and put it in operation within five years after the passing of this Act; and if, within the said periods respectively, the said railway is not so commenced and such expenditure is not so made, or if the said railway is not so completed and put in operation the powers of construction conferred upon the said Company by Parliament shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the said railway as then remains uncompleted.

Extension of time for construction.

2. Section 6 of chapter 79 of the statutes of 1913 is hereby repealed.

Present time limit repealed.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL X.

An Act respecting The Moncton and  
Northumberland Strait Railway  
Company.

Received and read first and second times  
Wednesday, 24th March, 1915.

Honourable Mr. POIRIER.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHÉ  
Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915.

5th Session, 12th Parliament. 5 George V, 1915

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS OF CANADA.

BILL X.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 25th MARCH, 1915.

An Act respecting The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company.

WHEREAS The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Preamble.

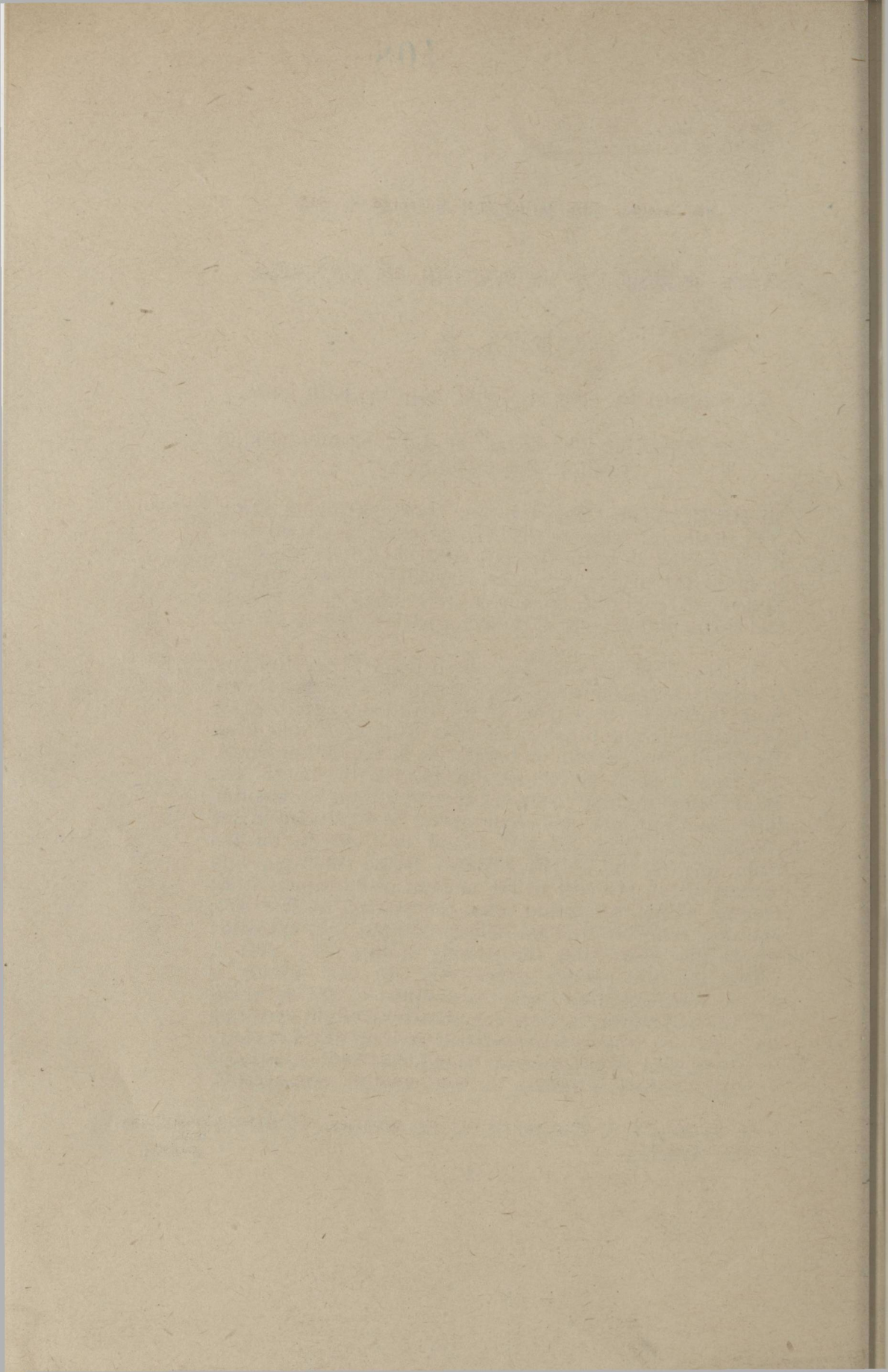
1913, c. 79.

1. The Moncton and Northumberland Strait Railway Company may commence the construction of its railway from Buctouche to a point in the Richibucto Harbour at Richibucto in the province of New Brunswick, and from Richibucto to Chatham or Loggieville in the said province, and from a point at Painsec Junction on the line of the Intercolonial Railway to a point at or near Cape Tormentine in the said province, and from a point at Westpoint in the province of Prince Edward Island to Coleman on the main line of the Prince Edward Island Railway, and expend fifteen per cent of the amount of its capital stock thereon within two years after the passing of this Act; and may complete the said railway and put it in operation within five years after the passing of this Act; and if, within the said periods respectively, the said railway is not so commenced and such expenditure is not so made, or if the said railway is not so completed and put in operation the powers of construction conferred upon the said Company by Parliament shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the said railway as then remains uncompleted.

Extension of time for construction.

2. Section 6 of chapter 79 of the statutes of 1913 is hereby repealed.

Present time limit repealed.



## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL Y.

An Act respecting The Grand Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of Canada.

**W**HEREAS Thomas Smith, of the city of Ottawa, in the Preamble.  
county of Carleton, civil servant, William J.  
Sutherland, of the town of Smiths Falls, in the county of  
Lanark, engineer, Jean M. Briand and Joseph Larue, both 1893, c. 90.  
5 of the said city of Ottawa, civil servants, members of The 1905, c. 77.  
Grand Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association 1914, c. 136.  
of Canada in good standing who were admitted to said  
Association before 1st November, 1907, have by their  
petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth,  
10 and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition:  
Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and  
consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada,  
enacts as follows:—

**1.** Chapter 136 of the statutes of 1914 (first session)  
15 is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:—

“**2.** The preceding section of this Act shall not come into  
force or have any effect until the Grand Trustees call a  
convention for general business of said Association and  
submit thereto the increased rates, liens and options  
20 proposed by them.”

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL

Y

An Act respecting The Grand Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of Canada.

Received and read a first time

Thursday, 25th March, 1915.

Second reading

Friday, 26th March, 1915.

Honourable MR. McSWENNEY.

OTTAWA

Printed by J. de L. TACHÉ  
Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty  
1915



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL Z.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 25th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Thomas Batin Harries.

**W**HEREAS Thomas Batin Harries, of the city of Calgary, <sup>Preamble.</sup>  
 in the province of Alberta, veterinary surgeon, has  
 by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the fourteenth day  
 of August, A.D. 1911, at the town of Banff, in the said  
 5 province, he was lawfully married to Minnie Henrietta  
 Miebach; that she was then of Wabamun, in the said  
 province; that his legal domicile was then and is now in  
 Canada; that since the said marriage she has deserted him  
 and has on divers occasions committed adultery; that he has  
 10 not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
 has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and  
 her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his  
 petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
 his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and  
 15 affording him such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
 whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
 expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: There-  
 fore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the  
 Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between Thomas Batin Harries and <sup>Marriage</sup>  
 Minnie Henrietta Miebach, his wife, is hereby dissolved, <sup>dissolved.</sup>  
 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
 purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Thomas Batin Harries may at any time <sup>Right to</sup>  
 25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the <sup>marry</sup>  
 said marriage with the said Minnie Henrietta Miebach had <sup>again.</sup>  
 not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BANK ACT

ENACTED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF COMMONS OF CANADA

IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED

THE 10TH DAY OF MARCH 1912

THE SENATE HAS PASSED THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION

That the Senate do concur in the Bill

introduced by the Hon. the Minister of Finance

with amendments thereto

and do hereby give their assent thereto

inasmuch as the House of Commons

has concurred therein

and the Senate has no objection

to the amendments proposed

and the Senate has no objection

to the amendments proposed

and the Senate has no objection

to the amendments proposed

and the Senate has no objection

to the amendments proposed

and the Senate has no objection

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## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL A<sub>1</sub>.

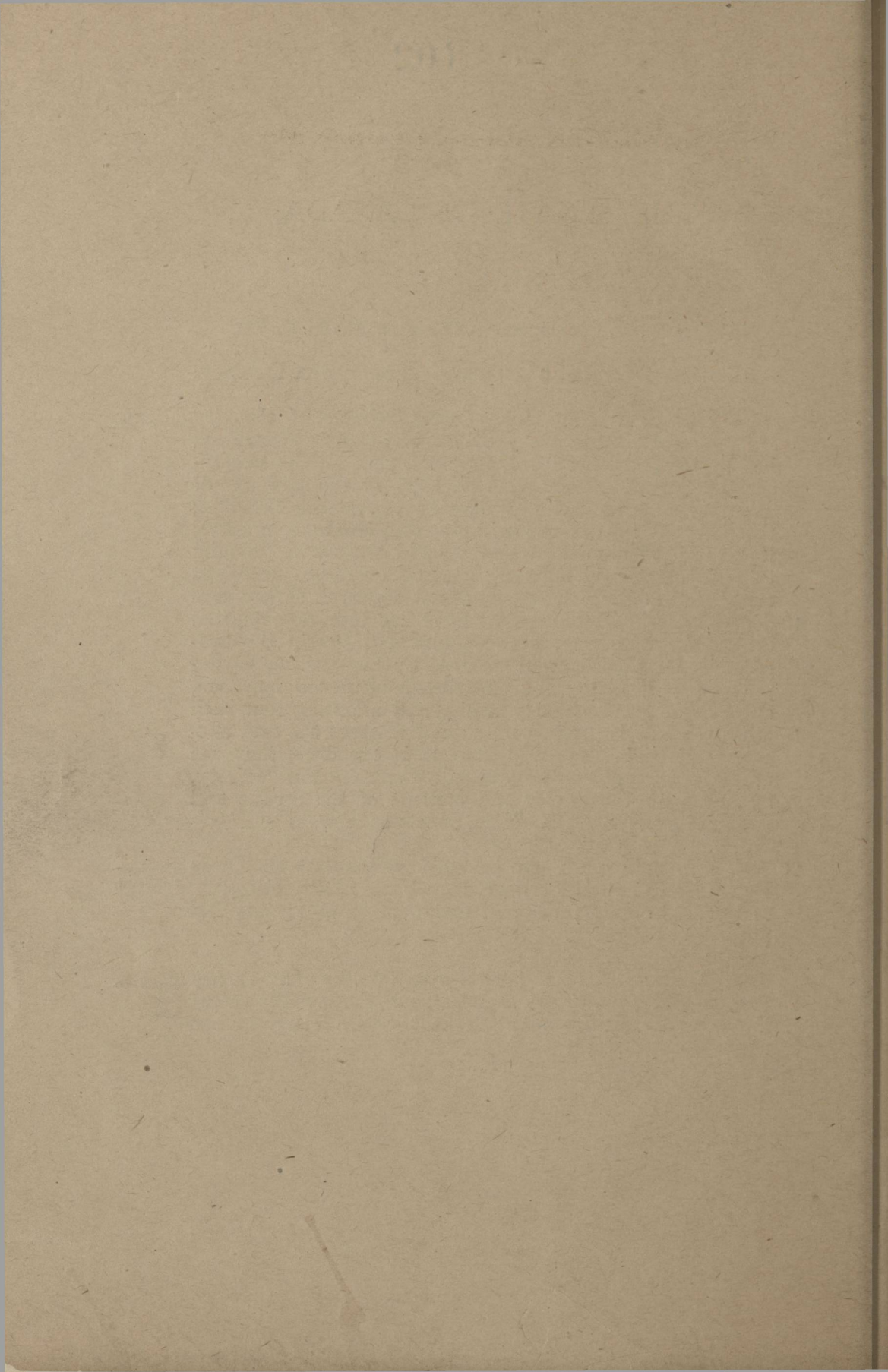
AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 25th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of William John Owen Delaney.

WHEREAS William John Owen Delaney, of the city Preamble.  
of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, electrician,  
has by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-  
seventh day of December, A.D. 1905, at the said city of  
5 Toronto, he was lawfully married to Louisa Harrison;  
that she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster;  
that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada;  
that since the said marriage she has on divers occasions  
committed adultery; that he has not connived at nor con-  
10 doned the said adultery; that there has been no collusion,  
directly or indirectly, between him and her in the pro-  
ceedings for divorce; and whereas by his petition he has  
prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage,  
authorizing him to marry again, and affording him such  
15 other relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said alle-  
gations have been proved, and it is expedient that the  
prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty,  
by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and  
House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between William John Owen Marriage  
Delaney and Louisa Harrison, his wife, is hereby dissolved, dissolved.  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and  
purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said William John Owen Delaney may at any Right to  
25 time hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry marry  
if the said marriage with the said Louisa Harrison had again.  
not been solemnized.



5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL B1.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 25th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Edith May Webster Boydell.

**W**HEREAS Edith May Webster Boydell, presently residing at the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec, wife of Arthur Trevor Boydell, formerly of the said city of Sherbrooke, book-keeper, has by her petition alleged, in effect, that they were lawfully married on the twentieth day of February, A.D. 1906, at the said city of Sherbrooke, she then being Edith May Webster, spinster; that the legal domicile of the said Arthur Trevor Boydell was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage he has deserted her and has on divers occasions committed adultery; that she has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by her petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again, and affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Edith May Webster and Arthur Trevor Boydell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Edith May Webster may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Trevor Boydell had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

REPORT OF THE SENATE

1871

AND THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

ON THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE

IN THE YEAR 1871

AND THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

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5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL C1.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 25th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of William Robert Delaney.

**W**HEREAS William Robert Delaney, of the city of <sup>Preamble.</sup> Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, mechanic, has by his petition alleged, in effect, that on the second day of January, A.D. 1905, at the city of Toronto, in the said  
 5 province, he was lawfully married to Nellie Hook; that she was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster; that his legal domicile was then and is now in Canada; that since the said marriage she has on divers occasions committed adultery; that he has not connived at nor condoned  
 10 the said adultery; that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing him to marry again, and affording him such other relief  
 15 as is deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between William Robert Delaney and Nellie Hook, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. <sup>Marriage dissolved.</sup>

**2.** The said William Robert Delaney may at any time <sup>Right to marry again.</sup> hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Nellie Hook had not been solemnized.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

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1911



## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL D1.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 30th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Edith Marguerita Lyons.

**W**HEREAS Edith Marguerita Lyons, presently residing Preamble.  
at the city of St. Catharines, in the province of  
Ontario, wife of Wilbert Franklin Lyons, formerly of the  
said city of St. Catharines, clerk, has by her petition alleged,  
5 in effect, that they were lawfully married on the first day  
of July, A.D. 1903, at the city of Niagara Falls, in the state  
of New York, one of the United States of America, she  
then being Edith Marguerita Schram, spinster; that the  
legal domicile of the said Wilbert Franklin Lyons was  
10 then in Canada; that since the said marriage he has on  
divers occasions committed adultery; that she has not  
connived at nor condoned the said adultery; that there  
has been no collusion, directly or indirectly, between him  
and her in the proceedings for divorce; and whereas by her  
15 petition she has prayed for the passing of an Act dissolving  
her said marriage, authorizing her to marry again, and  
affording her such other relief as is deemed meet; and  
whereas the said allegations have been proved, and it is  
expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
20 Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

**1.** The said marriage between Edith Marguerita Schram Marriage  
and Wilbert Franklin Lyons, her husband, is hereby dissolved.  
25 dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all  
intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Edith Marguerita Schram may at any Right to  
time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry  
marry if the said marriage with the said Wilbert Franklin again.  
30 Lyons had not been solemnized.

THE PARLIAMENT OF CANADA

Bill No.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BANK ACT

Enacted by Her Majesty in Council

in the first year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II

at Ottawa, this 15th day of June, 1957

W. L. MARSHALL, Clerk of the Privy Council

Printed by the Queen's Printer

at Ottawa, Ontario

1957

Price 10c

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# THE SENATE OF CANADA.

## BILL E1.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 30th MARCH, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Charles Isaac Alexander.

**W**HEREAS Charles Isaac Alexander, of the city of Preamble.  
Saskatoon, in the province of Saskatchewan, farmer  
and real estate broker, has by his petition alleged, in effect,  
that on the seventh day of September, A.D. 1898, at the  
5 town of Logan, in Harrison county, in the state of Iowa,  
one of the United States of America, he was lawfully  
married to Agnes Josephine Musgrave; that she was then of  
the said town of Logan, a spinster; that his legal domicile  
was then in the said state of Iowa, and is now in Canada;  
10 that since the said marriage she has committed adultery;  
that he has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of  
15 an Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing him to  
marry again, and affording him such other relief as is  
deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been  
proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition  
be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the advice  
20 and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of  
Canada, enacts as follows:—

**1.** That the said marriage between Charles Isaac Marriage dissolved.  
Alexander and Agnes Josephine Musgrave, his wife, is  
hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void  
25 to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

**2.** The said Charles Isaac Alexander may at any time Right to marry again.  
hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if  
the said marriage with the said Agnes Josephine Musgrave  
had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

Bill No.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

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BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

BY THE SENATE, 23RD MARCH, 1911

5th Session, 12th Parliament, 5 George V, 1915

## THE SENATE OF CANADA.

### BILL F1.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 1st APRIL, 1915.

An Act for the relief of Cecil Howard Lambert.

**W**HEREAS Cecil Howard Lambert, of the city of Toronto, Preamble.  
 in the province of Ontario, accountant, has by his  
 petition alleged, in effect, that on the twenty-third day of  
 December, A.D. 1905, at the said city of Toronto, he was  
 5 lawfully married to Pearl Eva King; that she was then of  
 the said city of Toronto, a spinster; that his legal domicile  
 was then and is now in Canada; that since the said  
 marriage she has on divers occasions committed adultery;  
 that he has not connived at nor condoned the said adultery;  
 10 that there has been no collusion, directly or indirectly,  
 between him and her in the proceedings for divorce; and  
 whereas by his petition he has prayed for the passing of  
 an Act dissolving his said marriage, authorizing him to  
 marry again, and affording him such other relief as is  
 15 deemed meet; and whereas the said allegations have been  
 proved, and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition  
 be granted: Therefore His Majesty, by and with the  
 advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons  
 of Canada, enacts as follows:—

20 **1.** The said marriage between Cecil Howard Lambert Marriage  
 and Pearl Eva King, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and dissolved.  
 shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes  
 whatsoever.

**2.** The said Cecil Howard Lambert may at any time Right to  
 25 hereafter marry any woman he might lawfully marry if marry again.  
 the said marriage with the said Pearl Eva King had not  
 been solemnized.

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