## Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.

Coloured covers /
Couverture de couleur
Covers damaged /
Couverture endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated /
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
Cover title missing /
Le titre de couverture manque
Coloured maps /
Cartes géographiques en couleur
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/ Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)

Coloured plates and/or illustrations /
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
Bound with other material /
Relié avec d'autres documents
Only edition available /
Seule édition disponible
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.

L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-étre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.


Coloured pages / Pages de couleur

Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
Pages restored and/or laminated /
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées

Pages detached / Pages détachées
Showthrough / Transparence
Quality of print varies /
Qualité inégale de l'impression


Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire

Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutees lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.

Additional comments /
Commentaires supplémentaires:


## Original Hunting, Fishing and Descriptive Articles-



| Page |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mackay's Lake...................... silgonquin................s. 8 | q-"As Fralle a Leat,"...........porothy \#orster......... 11 |
| Our Megantic Inuetration. | J. M. Lekorne, F. R. \& C.... 12 |
| Our Illustrations, On Moose River, Maine, page 8 ; The Caribon, page 7 ; An | $18$ |
| Ontario Fiomestead, page 10; Megantic Lhke, loonlog noeth from Cherry Bank, page 11 ; Vtew of Parliament | Poem-" Oricin of Lake Moffatt's Mongter.'. .James Owens. is |
| Buildings, Ottawn, page 18; Vlew ot Niogara Falls, | Wordd's Fair Notes. ............................. . ................ . . 18 |
| Amorictin Iide, page 18; Megantic Lake, south from Cherry Bank, page 23. | Day's' Brook Trout Fishing it Nove Bcotin. ...ER. Jenner.... 14 |
| Lol the Poor Indian....................H. Prench.............. | A Letter tromineádico..................... . .Nomad............... 15 |
| At the Chats Portage. . . . .i........ Walton S. Amith. ........... . 5 | Hedtorlals. . . . . . . . . ................................................ 18 |
| Marguerite de Robervel, Ohap. III.... Maud Ogiloy......... . . 7 | Hixchanges.......................................................... 18 |
| Incidents of Ploneer Ifile infthe Bestern Townahipe.......... 10 | Eparics from Tommy's Pen. $\qquad$ $\boldsymbol{2}$ |
| Tind of the Mqmphremecors Season............................ 11 | Market Bxatchee.................................................... 22 |

SHEFEROOKE, P. Q

# CANCER 

## can be .

## tompletely bured.

Those having triends troubled with Cancer, will confer a lasting blessing. on them by sending us their address, as we have a thoroughly reliable cure without knife or plaster. We will be pleased to send testimonials from those cured, and full particulars of treatment to any address sent us.

## S'IOTT \& JURY, BOWMANVILLE, ONT. -

## ARE YOU AMBITIOUS

TO PUBLISH A SMALL PAPER, to boon your businees, or to advanca the interests of your village, or to gratify your literary tastes?

If SO, SEND FOR FREE SAMPLES of the small papers (4 pages, each 6x9 inches) which we print and deliver for only

## \$3.50 FOR 1,000 COPIES.

3 colnmn papers ( 4 pages, esch $8 \times 12$ inches) $\$ 8.00$ for 1000 coples.
AGENTB, NOVELTY DEALERS and other business men will and these small papers a very attractive way of sending out their oircular announoements.
For fall paritculars, terms, privileges extended to customers, etc., ptc., address THE CORONA PRINTER, Hasbrouck Heights, N.J.

## POSTMASTERS

Can make money by becoming AGBNTS for this journal, and employing canvassers. WE WANT
POSTMASTERS (Or POSTMISTRESSES,)
As Agents, as it relieves us from the necesaity of asking for references, and they will have a
Preference over other Agents, $-:-$ For the sale of any articles which we control.
D. THOMAS \& CO., PuBlisirirg, SHERBROOKE, QUF.

FLORIDA Homeseeker (monthly.) Samples free Homes on one dollar monthly payments. O. M. CROBBY, No. 88 Frankin street, N. Y.

ILLUSTRATED CURIOSITY LIST
With Box Ornamental Minerals, Indian Relics, Curiosities, wo. "Companion," Illustrated, desoribing Curjosities, \%c. year; Advertisements 1 o-d-word. [mention thif paper.]

## POSTMASTERS ONLY.

(This Journal is $\$ 1$ a year in advance,) EVERY POSTMASTER
IN THE UAITED ETATES AND CANADA,
Who mends us 50 ots for a yearts bubacription to THER TAAND WRETVE IN, will be appointed
OUIR 8 OLEAGNT
For his locality, and will recelve the MOST LIBEnAL CASETIN-ADVANCE COM-

MIsBION ever ofrered to any agent.
Addrems, D. THOTAS \& CO.
Pablisherm, Sherbrooke, $\boldsymbol{Q}_{\text {。 }}$

WEBSTER'S

## Unabridged Dictionary

## Revised and Enlarged

By CHA UNOY A. GOCDRIOH, Prof in Xale College. Wigh Appendix of 10.000 words and 1500 ilustrations. Pronouncing Vocabularies of SCRIPTORE, CLASsigal\& Gigographicar Terms.
Also, a Dletionary of Mercantile and Legal Terms, 8nd 15,000 8ynonyms.
Over 1600 pages. Weight about 8 pounds.
This work has ulways been sold at from $\$ 12$ to $\$ 15$, but by special arrangement with with The Land We Live IN, —ONE YEAR—— and send. prepaid, to nearest express office, To U. S. Subscribers, .. .. \$3.75. To Canadian do
$\$ 4.50$. D. THOMAS \& CO., Sherbrooke, Que*

## G. H. PRESBY; Photographer,

Twose's Block, Wellington St.
SHERBROOKE.
Every description of Photographs prepared in the highent style ar the art, and at price which dery competition. Platures copled colored and enlarged. Outdoor views and acenery a specialty. Call and see samples.
Choose a fine day and

## J.TRACY

FASHIONABLE
MERCEANT-TAILOR, TRACY' BLOCK, Wellington St.
Has always on hand a large and well assorted stook of
CLOTHS, TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, AND GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

## 8ATIBFACTION GUARANTEED.

## GUITAR:

Any person may learn to play the Guitar Fithout notes by using HOW ins CEARTS There if absolutoly uo need of notes what ever with this method as Guitar playing is taught by illugtration. We are receiving hundreds of testimonials every week from so simple a child can understand them. They tell you right where to plece your ingers, tell you how to string and ture a Gaitar; in fact, tell you all

there iS to know IThe author of these Charts has been a teacher for 20 years and his guca oens is due to theae Charti, $\$ 30$ worth of information is acquired for 50 cents. Thousands already sold and diving perfect satigiaction. Elandicomely printed and bound and will last a life time. There are 24 Charte showing 120 positions on the Guitar. Price 50 cents per get (94) Send toder.
TAUGHT
D. TEROMAS\&CO

General Agent

## FOR SALE.

66 AKE VIEW" Farm, formerly ocentainind over 350 acres, with nearls a mile of tronink over 350 acres, with nearly a mile of eat view to be found round the Lite the pretin ent view to be found round the Lake. About ifivacres cleared, and the balance is princirunning throngh the centre and ceve oroos ing aprings of water. Close to a presbyterian church and school. Two milestrom Megantic viliage station of the C. P. Rallway, ot is minutes run by steamer. Poat office adjoins ing the church. Best speckled and lake tront finhing in close proximity to the propperty. Will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms.

Apply to
D. THOMAS \& CO., Sherbrooke.

# T. J. TUC.K, 

DRUGGIST AND STATIONER,
SHERBROOKE, P. Q.
Stock Complete, Physicians Prescriptions and Family Kecipes a specialty Mail orders solfcited and promptly attended to.
STATIONERY, - including -

SCHOOL BOOKS
AND
SCHOOL REQUISITES, at lowert prices.


HIHL'S GOLDEN OIL, A SURE CURE FOR
Scratches ih Horses Send for Price Lint.

## D. THOMAS \& CO., Ceneral Agente,

 shorbrooko, que.[^0]

DEVOTED TO ORIGINAL HUNTING, FISHING AND DESCRIPTIVE ARTICLES.
Vol. IV., No. $3 \& 4$ Sherbrooke, QUE., OCT. \& NOV., 1891. Price Ten Cents.

## MACKAY'S LAKE.

BY ALGONQUIN.;

羅HE lake above mentioned lies about two miles from the centre of the city of Ottawa, and about half a mile from the bank of the Ottawa River. It is a small body of clear water, with a marl bottom in which a pole might be easily pushed down, apparently to any distance. When the writer was a boy of ten years of age he went one Saturday afternoon to this lake to fish. There was neither boat nor canoe on the lake, and we were for a time at a standstill. However, one of the larger boys of the party had fortunately brought an axe and an auger. Three or four good-sized cedars were soon felled, and a float was rapidly constructed, upon which we quickly embarked and started out to try our luck. We had lots of live minnows with us, and after some difficulty managed to shove down a pole, about twenty feet long, into the mud, which, as there was no current, kept the float stationary. We theri baited our hooks and cast in the lines, when there was a rapid rush of large pike all round. There were five in the party, and for two hours they were all kept busy hauling in the pike. The fish ran from two to five and six pounds in weight, and it may be readily imagined that we were all heavily laden on our slow march homewards. The lake had never been fished in before, and, as a consequence, it was alive with fine fish. At the time I speak of there were no saw-mills here, and no trees cut away on the banks of the "Grand River," as it was then
called ; consequently the water was pure and clear, and the shores were replete with scenes of beauty unsurpassed in magnificence. Another feature of the beautiful little lake I had almost forgotten. Our cedar float had not been long moored when a crowd of black water snakes, about three feet long, came from all sides and boarded our craft. Not having much love for this unwelcome addition to our party, I laid my rod aside and, *ith a good, heavy stick, I commenced the slaughter. I am certain that I must have killed over fifty of the unwelcome intruders during the evening.
ruffed grouse and pigeons, and in the adjacent cedar swamps, which have nearly all disappeared, hares and foxes were abundant. The foxes still hang on in slightly diminished numbers, and I seldom fail to get a "start" in November and December whenever I put out my Yankee fox-beagles, which I got from Dr. Plunkett, of Lowell, Mass. They are much better dogs for hares than the dwarf beagles, and as good on deer or foxes as the best fox-hounds in. America.-Amateur Sportsman.

Ottawa, Canada.

## Our Megantic Illustrations.



At present, a solitary snake may be seen in this lake occasionally, and the fish are almost as scarce there now as the snokes. By means of a creek between Mackay's Lake and the Grand River the lake had been stocked with fish from the river during the high water in spring. There are, however, a few fine pike in it yet, which can be caught either with a minnow or metal trool. The woods around Mackay's Lake, in old times, were full of deer,

These illustrations appeared in former issues of this journal, but as "Cherry Bank," from which the views were taken, is now for sale, we have concluded to republish them. Cherry Bank is nearly mideway of the length of the Lake Megantic and on the East shore of the lake. Three or four steamers ply daily through the lake, and almost opposite the property is the finest trolling ground for lake trout or "lunge," to be found round the lake. The owner, Mrs. T. C. Jones, is now a resident of Winnipeg, and intends fixidg her summer residence nearer home, and this the only reason for disposing of the property There is a neat and commodious two story house erected on it, and the property is admirably situated and adopted for either agricultural purposes, sub-division into villa lots with lake frontup, or for a gentleman's ground. Excellent hunting and fishing, (moose, caribou, deer and lake and speckled trout,) in the immediate vicinity. "The Canadian Pacific Railway passes a short distance to the rear, and the Franklin \& Megantic R.R. will pass over or near the property. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the publishers of this journal.

[for the land we live in.]

## Lo! the Poor Indian!

AVING noticed in the columns of The Lant We Live In occasional articles referring to the late Noel Annance and his son Archie, both college educated Indians, I thought I would give snother illustration to show that it is hard to get the mind of the Indian much above his bark canoe

Peter Otsaquette was the son of an Oneida Indian, of the State of New York, at the close of the American Revolution. He was noticed by the Marquis de Lafayette, who in addition to his noble zeal for liberty, was possessed of very philanthropic feelings. Viewing this young savage with peculiar interest, and anticipating the happy results to be derived from his moral regeneration, he took him-though scarcely twelve years old-to France. Peter arrived there at the time when Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette were in the zenith of their glory. There he was tanght the accompliabments of a geutleman. Music, drawingand fenciag were made familiar to him, amal hre danced with a grace that a Vestris couldn't but admire.

At about eighteen his separation from a country in which he had spent his time so agreeably and profitably became necessary. Laden with favors from the marquis and the miniatures of those friends he had left behind, Peter departed for America inflated, perhaps, with the idea that the deep ignorance of his nation with that of the Indians of the whole continent, might be dispelled by his efforts, and be become the proud instrument of the civilization of .thoueands.

Prosecuting his route to the land of his parents, be came to the city of Albany, not the uncivilized ravage, not with any of those marks wich beppoke a birth of the forest or spent in toil in the wilds of a desert, but possessing a fine, commanding figure, an expressive countenance and intelligent eye, with a face scarcely indicative of the race from which he was descended. He presented at this period an interesting spectacle $;$ a child of the wilderness was about to proceed to the home of
his forefathers having received the brilliant advantages of a cultivated mind, and on his way to impart to the bation that owned him the benefits which civilization had given him. It was an opportunity for the philosopher to contemplate and to reflect on the future good this young Indian might be the means of producing.

Shortly after his arrival at Albany, where he visited the first families, he took advantage of Governor Clinton's journey to Fort Stanwif, where a treaty was to be held with the Indians, to return to his tribe. On the route Otsaquette amused the com-pany-among whom were the French Minister, Count de Monstiers, and several gentlemen of respectability-by his powers on various instruments of music. At Fort Stanwis be found bimself again with the companions of his early days, who saw and recognized him. His friende and relations had not forgotten him, and he was welcomed to his home and to his blanket.
But that which occurred soon after his reception led him to a too fearful anticipation of an unsuccessful project, for the Oneidas, as if they could not acknowlenge Ot tequette attired in the drees with which he appeared before them, a mark which did not disclose his nation, and thinking that he had assumed it as if ashamed of his own native costume, the garb of his ancestors, they tore it from him with a savage avidity and a fiend-like ferociousness, daubed on the paint to which be had been so long unused, and clothed him with the uncouth habiliments held eacred by his tribe. Their fiery ferocity in the performance of the act, showed but too well the bold stand they were about to take against the innovations they supposed Otsaquette was to be the agent for effecting against their time' immemorial manners and customs, and which from the venerable antiquity of their structure it would be nothing short of sacrilege to destroy.

Thus the reformed savage was taken back again to his native barbarity, and as if to cap the climax of degredation to a mind just susceptible of its own powers, was married to a equaw.

From that day Otsaquette was no longer the accomplished Indian, from whom every wish of philanthropy was expected to be
realized. He was no longer the instrument; ty whose powest ithe emancipation of his countrymen from the thraldom of ignorance and superstition was to be effected.

From that day he was an inmate of the forest, was once more buried in his original obscurity, and bis nation only viewed him as an equal. Even a liberal grant from the state failed of securing to him that superior consideration among, them which his civ lization had 'procured ${ }^{4}$ for him with the reat of mankind. The commanding prominence acquired from instruction, from which it was expected ambition would have sprung up, acting as a double stimulant, from either the natural inferiority of the eavage mind or the predomination of his countrymen, became of no effect, and in a little time was wholly annihilated.

Otsaquette was lost. His moral perdition began from the hour he left Fort Stanwis. Three short months had hardly transpired when intemperance had marked him as her own, and soon hurried him to the grave. And as if the very transition had deadened the finer feelings of his nature, the picture given him by the marquis, the very portrait of his affectionate friend and benefactor, he parted with.
Extraordinary and unnatural as the conduct of this uneducated savage may apappear, the anecdote is not of a kind alto gether unique, which proves that little or nothing is to be expected from conferring a literary education upon the rude children of the forest.

An Indiarr named George Whiteeyes, was taken while a boy, to the College of Princeton, N. Y., where he received a classical education. On returning to his nation he made some little stay in Philsdelphia, where he was introduced to some genteel families. He was amiable in his manners and of modest deméanor, without exhibiting any trait of the savage whatever, but no sooner had he rejoined his friends and tormer companions in the land of his nativity, than he dropped the garb and manner of civilization and resumed those of the savage, and drinking deep of the intoxicating cup, soon put an end to $\mathrm{h}: \mathrm{s}$ existence.

Many other instances might show how ineffectual have been the attempts to plant civilization on savage habits by means of literary education. Can the leopard change his spots ?

Hiram Frenca.
Eaton, Oct., 1891.
Our illustrated catalogue is sent free on application. It describes a variety of Fancy Goods, Toys and Novelties, which will be sent to any address or receipt of price in cash, or U.S. on Canada postage stamps.

## FOR THE LAND WE LIVE IN.

## At the Chats Portage.

By Walton S. Smith.

Sam and I were friends of long standing, we had known each other in the days of our earliest childhood. But time that changes all things, worked its inevitable law with us ere our years had increased overmuch. Sam went into the lumber business, his father was in that line, and I went to college. Thus new interests arose and new friends came to fill the void that was engendered when we parted.

It is always so, think not you schoolmates who swear eternal friendship, and-plan vaguely the accomplishment of that which no mortal has yet succeeded in doing, that your vows will amount to more than-broken vows! Yet swear on good lads, continue your vain illusion, your bold imaginings. They are but vanity, but they serve to ennoble-and surely they -are very pleasant

As the seasons came and went, and more pressing interests continued to press, I found myself thinking but little of my old chum, indeed I blush to say that he had almost completely vanished from my memory. Consequently when a great broad shouldered bronzed young giant stalked up to me on day in the city of Ottawa, and announced himself to be identical with the lad I had loved so well in other days, the encounter had all the delighttful force of a pleasant surprise. We discussed that never failing topic, old times. We looked each other over and remarked on our respective personalities with the franks rudeness of old friends; in short we had a joyful reunion. It was moreover one that was fruithful in ultimately bringing about the series of incidents recorded in this narrative.

A raft belonging to Sam's father chanced to be coming down the Ottawa; it would necessarily be delayed at the Chats Rapids and he proposed to board it there. He was obliged to do this in connection with business, and wished me to accompany him ; as an inducement he offered me bed and board free if I consented. He did not know precisely where the raft was but-
"I have a small bark canoe at the Quio," said he. "There is a camping outfit in it. We will take the steamer from Aylmer, and, when we reach the Quio, can get into the canoe and paddle up to the Chats ; it is only a few miles. We will camp overnight on the old portage and proceed next morning. Why man it is a glorious scheme!"

I listened; there was much in the
idea that attracted me. Butbeing of a cautions nature, I questioned him closely before consenting.

No, there were no Indians nowadays who went on the war-path. Sam was very positive on that score, moreover he solemnly assured me that there was not the smallest danger of our encountering wild beasts !

Accordingly, late one afternoon, two enthusiastic voyageurs set forth in a small bark canoe from the little settlement known as the Quio, a place made up of many stores, innumerable taverns and a few wooden houses; it is situated at the mouth of a river called by the same name. The word signifies turbid water; it is an Indian word. Consequently the waters of the stream are very muddy and the streets of the settlement are usually the same. There are two of these last, and they encircle two sides of a large swamp.

It was a hot day. The sun beat down until my head was fit to split; and we had three hours steady paddling before we arrived at the Chats, three of the longest and most agonizing hours I ever experienced. We passed the Quio Boom, where Sam informed me, saw-logs were " snubbed" after they came over the falls. I did not understand him, and the expression was so ominously significant that I forbore to question. We had a glimpse of Pontiac, a cluster of tiny whitewashed cottages on the Quebec side, and over the tops of intervening trees, we could see the gleaning spire of a church in the Chats village ; the last is on the Ontario shore. These two settlements stand one at eithes, end of a chain of rocky islands that stretches across the Ottawa river from bank to bank. And it is through the gaps in these that the same stream rushes, foaming angrily, untilat length it drops with a sullen roar into the stilf depths of the Chats lake.

Had there been any close observer near at hand to watch us disembarking he would have noticed that the relations between the man in the bow and the man in the stern of our canoe were decidedly strained. This came to pass because the latter was so unsympathic ; he laughed brutally at the bowman's misery.
"This is nothing to what you will have to endure my buck!" he declared.

I was in the bow and I was unaccustomed to being called a buck.

When our very unsteady craft grounded on the pebbly beach, I lost no time in getting myself ashore. I felt I had earned repose and cast longing looks at a cluster of maples near by, but the energetic Sam forbade it.
"Let us pitch the tent" he "said. First we hauled up the canoe then
we unstrapped the bundle in which was our small canvas abode.

The erection of that piece of white cloth was a very laborious task, nor avas it completed without more than one ebuilition of temper. However when we succeeded finally, we sat down on convenient rocks and eyed the resuldadmiringly, at least I did. My friend was pleased to find fault.
"I'm jiggered if the blasted thing aint pitched inside out !" he' ejaculated blandly.

I groaned miserably at this; it even flashed through my mind that this voyageur life was not all romance. The same, to be perfectly frank, had already occurred to me more than once; but heretofore the thought had been sternly repressed.

I was disgusted and lost no time in declaring my unatterable determination.
"I refuse to touch it again!"
Sam demurred a little; he even reviled me, but a true voyageur must be possessed of extraordinary patience. I bore silently with his discontent and, when he had eased his mind somewhat mildly suggested that a meal would be in order.

That was a happy suggestion. Instantly my energetic companion's mind was diverted to the task of lighting a fire. While he wandered along shore gathering drift wood for this end, I spread out a blanket on the soft grass, and on the blanket I spread myself whereupon over me came the deep calm of wakeful repose. I gazed up through the leaves of over hanging ;branches at the blue sky beyond, and listened to the singing of the birds and io the roar of the distant torrent. There was joy in my heart for the spirit of my surroundings had entered into me. In dreamy speculative way I reviewed the associations of the place.

This portage could indeed a tale unfold : So far back as the existence of man hereabouts went, wandering bands of red men had come and rested here an hour or more ere they proceeded on down the mighty river! And, later the adventurous French had passed to and fro in quest of commermercial gain, of the glory' of discovery, or to convert the heathen.

These last conjure up a goodly train .the great whole-souled Champlain, the devoted priests, and numerous others all brave men and true. Then La Salle's picturesque personality flitted by, going and coming at intervals, a very erratic customer was he with a love of danger and of persistence in the face of difficulty and misfortune that may well be admired. To paddle from Montreal into the unknown west and brave the storms of our inland seas was no small thing in those days. But


ON MOOSE RIVER, MAINE.

Robert Cavelier Sieur de la Salle (what grand names those old braves had!) was not content with that alone, he dared even to proceed further-and that in despite of the warnings which came so plentifully from the more friendly Indians. He went on, the greater the difficuly, the greater the determination to persevere, and at length his canoe issued forth where the waters of the mighty Mississippi empty into the gulf of Mexico. Yes La Salle's was a fine character, I always did admire La Salle:

At this juncture I think I became rather excited, I emphasised the thoughts that were in me by greeting tholiage above with a sapunt nod; when-

## Whizz! bang !

I started up, I shook a pound or so of mud from my eyes, then began to dig with my fingers beneath my shirt collar, whither also had gone much real estate. As I did .so, 1 looked reproachfully at that wretch Sam, whose face was visible across a blazing wood fire, distorted with a grin of friendish enjoyment.

I addressed him seriously ; there was even a peremptory note in my voice. "You are a child, you are a great.over-grown booby !!' I declared.

Sam looked at me and saw that the primitive instinct, the desire to play, was stirred whereupon ensured an instant change; his laugh was replaced by a look of gravity, even of alarm.
"No offense I hope?" he said questioningly.

I made no reply, but drew myself up with dignity as I continued to convulsively tug forth large lumbs of turf
from beneath the neck-band of my shirt. It is not easy to draw one's self uip with dignity when one is thus engaged.
Sam watched me a while, then lifted up his voice in wild laughter. There was a three-quart tin pail handy and it was nearly full of water. I saw that my friend was possessed of a spirit of evil, and I said the contents of the three quart pail. In an emergency my actions are invariably prompt. One moment saw Sam wrestling with the evil spirit, and the pail full of water; the next saw me with an empty tin pail in my hand, Sam very wet and very grave, and the evil one had flown! Thus it was that my promptness saved the future of my friend. For surely no man in whom the spirit of evil has found lodging can hope to enjoy the privileges of the blessed!

After supper we sat in the red glow of our camp fire and smoked, and then it was that I realized that my old friend had allowed his love for the truth to wane in the interval which had elapsed since the days when we were boys together. He now told outrageous lies in the most serene manner; and when I protested, he assumed an injured air.
He began by harping on the life in the lumber camps; I listened with interest what he said was probably untrue ; but at least it might have happened. But, as the words fell from his lips his imagination became inflamed. First he told an awful lie about shooting a bear. I coughed .politely. Then, warming to the subject, he refered to a stump race that dwelt in the height of land $;$ he said they were called windi-
goes, that they had hair all over their bodies, that they had long tails, and were terribly strong.
"Sam!" I said sadly, "Samuel," I repeated very sadly, "how you have fallen from the straight?"

Then my friend arose, smiling good humouredly, stretched his muscrilar limbs and vanished inside the tent.

The night that ensued was a succession of horrors! At first it was hot, even resembling the temperature of a certain place which my profane companion used pointedly more than once by way of a comparison. Then it became cold and our fire, which had burned briskly during the warm spell, sank to a heap of coals. I tried to rouse my comrade, but in vain, he would not budge. So I got up myself perforce and heaped the remaining stock of wood on the embers. Their there was a blaze to gladden ones heart. But withal sleep refused to come!
The weird stillness of the woods, the distant thunder of the cataract, the stars peeping through the opening. in the tent, the red light of the fire and the blackness beyond, all combined to keep me awake. And thereby knew not why, they oppressed me. Besides these there was an internal trouble, Sam's looking disagreed with me. And, to add insult to the pain he was inflicting, the unscrupulous: friend began to snore away right merrily. It was a genuine snore; it was the nasal performance of one, wrapped in the folds of sleep, as surely and as snugly as he was in the warm grey bankets. How I envied him 1 Never did I pass such a miserable


THE CARIBOU.
night, and never again I hope, will such a trigh precede such a cheerless dawn. There was no fire, and that wretch was still asleep. $\quad$ The grass was wet without from the dew, and the air was cbill, and Sam still slept on : The first grey tint of dawn changed to a brighter glow; there came a dull streak in the eastern sky, and still the sluggard slept. At last I crept forth shivering, gathered an armfull of dry drift-wood and kindled a fire. As I coaxed the flame, the first rays of the sun came flashing over the waters and there was that unspeakably lazy scoundrel still comfortably asleep !, My soul was filled with ire, and I determined to touse him. With this end in view, I re-entered the tent, cast myself down by his side, and howled plaintively in .his ear.

## [to be continued.]. <br> Canadian Universities.

A large sheet on which will appear, artistically grouped, beautiful engravings of all the universities of Canada will be one of the four magnificent supplements to be preeented with the Christmas number of the Dominion Ihlestrated, now being prepared, regardless of pains or expense. This-one supplement will alone make the number of great value, especially to send :abroad, giving strangers a clear conception -of the advantages for higler ellucation which Canada posseesees. This Christmas number will far surpase anytbing of the :kind ever issued in Canada.

25 complete Novels, free by mail ito any reader of this journal, who will send us 81 and the name of a new subscriber.

## THE CARIBOU.

Thecaribou may now be found in apy of the unsettled portions of the Province of Quebec and State of Maine. Fifty years ago it was seldom seen south of the International boundary. The best time for still hunting the caribou is in November and December, when there is sufficient snow to enable the hunter to track them without necessitating the use of snowshoes, and when the snapping of a twig under the foot is less likely to be heard. The curiosity of the caribou is one of its greatest enemies, a desire to ascertain the cause of alarm frequently leading it to retrace its eracks and bring it within reach of the hunter's rifle, so that should the sportsman score a miss on his first attempt, it is well to abstain frow giving chase as his quarry will be quite likely to return within easy shot. To our taste a caribou steak is far ahead of any other game for juiciness and flavor. One of our most successful amateur hunters is Capt. Thomas, of Melbourne, Que., who possesses some beautiful trophies of his skill as a rifleman, in the way of mounted 'caribou heads and antlers. Caribou are now plentiful along the Maine Boundary east of Megantic Lake, and now is the open season for them, as well as all other members of the deer family.

A prominent Western agent says of the "Monroe Ink Erasing Pencil," that "a deaf and dumb man can make money with them as they sell themselves. See advertisement.

## QUESTIONS AND ANSWERY

"Pruriency" wants to know if champagne is considered a proper accompaniment to a plate of ice cream. He says he knows a lady and a gentleman who during one of the very warm evenings which ushered in the present month, indulged in ice cream at the City FruitStore and washed it down with a bottle of champage.

- Ans.-We have never heard of ice cream and channpagne leing taken tagether and should imagine that the one would nentralize the effect of the other, still there is no law to prevent it, and "everyone to their taste" as the old maid said when she kised the cat.
"Charioteer" say that a friend of his residing at Weedon, purchased a horee in Montreal, which was represented to him to be perfect in all it parts and in a "state of nature," like some of the lots of land in Weedon Township. The horse has proved deficient in some respects and he wants $t \omega$ know if he has any recourse against the vendor.

Aps.-Certainly. If the horse is in any way deficient or isn't the entire horse he was represented to te, he can compel the"rendor to make good the deficiency, and still it is a matter that the purchaser ought to have been able to see for himself. Such a deficiency would have béen more apparent than the defect in the Frenchman's horse, which he declared didn't " look very well," and when he was returned to him as being stone blind aaid "Begar me tole you he no look very well. Fo' su' he no look at all."

[FOR THE LAND WE LIVE IN.] Marguerite de Roberval.

A LEGEND OF FRENCH CANADA.
BY MAUD OGILVY.

## CHAPTER III.



HE harbor at the then important seaport town of St. Malo was all life and excitement that bright morning. Crowds of sailors of all nationalities were gathered in little knots chatting together and discussing this wonderful expedition to the New World.
"'Tis strange that De Roberval takes with him such a motley crew. Methinks fiad I the command I would leave the women behind," suid one of the sailor who had seen many an adventure on the Spanish Main and considered himself competent to give advice on any subject.
"'You would,' retorted his companion, * doubtless make a better viceroy than the count but unfortuna'ely the king has not chosen you. The ambition of M. de RoLerval is to found a colony in this new country they call Canada snd then to sprean the faith and build in America a rival to the Spanish conquests."
"This is a bold scheme," said the other, "and M. de Roberval is,a bold man. Look, do you see over yonder, there is his niece, the fair Mademoiselle Marguerite. 'Tis said she will accompany her uncle to the New World."
"She is a beantiful lady," said the secoud sailor, "and young but she hae an air of sadness which ill befits her youth."

Fes, Marguerite had indeed an air of aadness. Her uncle was to sail on the morrow, there was no word of Alan, she had only had one letter from him for the last month, although he had bade her hope. The ship was to sail to-morrow and yet there was no word of him. She was well-nigh in deepair. She had left their lodging that morning to get a little fresh air and to try and divert her thoughts by exploring the quaint old town with its queer crooked streets and its churches, from which issued long processions of black-robed priests and acolstes. No, nothing would change the current of her thoughts for everywhere she saw signs of preparation going on, everywhere she heard people talking of this wondrous expedition, but a presentiment came over her that some evil would befall her, she knew not what. She would
fain have disobeyed her uncle's command and remained in France, but she had nowhere to go. She was alone in the world, an orphan, and she had no news from Alan. That day passed slowly, it was the longest she bad ever spent, and at length when night came she retired early, though not to sleep for many hours. It was late, when after tossing about she sank into uneasy slumber, haunted by horrible dreams. She thought she was with Alan in some great peril, she hardly knew what, only that he ching to her and bade her stay with him. And ther uncle looked at them and langhed and moved away without stretching out his hand to aid them. She felt that Alan wrs slowly leaving her, being swallowed up by the nameless horror and she scream. ed aloud. Her cry wakened her and she saw that it was broad daylight and that the summer sun was streaming in through the casement. She rose and dressed and went into the adjoining room, where the wife of mine host informed her that M. de Roberval had breakfasted an hour ago and that he had gone to mass in the Cathedral. Madam, after delivering this message, looked mysterious and said in an undertone :
"Here, Mademoiselle, is something which came for you this morning."

It was a small roll of parchment tied up *with blue ribbon. Marguerite took it eagerly. Who could be writing to her save Alan?
"A messenger brought it this morning," went on the voluble landlady, "be had ridden in hot haste from Paris and said I was to give this into no hands but yours, Mademoiselle."

Marguerite hastily pulled the ribbon off and unfolded the roll which contained these words :-
"Be of good cheer my Jarling. All will be well and $I$ shall be with you soon. A. burage.
"A. de L.," there was no mistaking that signature. Then he had not forgotten her after all, be would be with her soon, in truth, it must be very soon else it would be too late. The ship was to sail when the Cathedral bell struck fuar. A ray of hope entered Marguerite's heart, she regained her trust in Alan. all would yet go well.

This day passed more quickly than the previous one, for each moment Marguerite expected to see Alan appear. She was restless and could not remain in the house, so went to hear High Mass in the Cathedral. It was an imposing spectacle this Cathedral of St. Malp at any time, but today the place was brightened with the presence of the soldiers, sailors and daring advanturers of M. de Roberval's crew. They had all come to hear mass said in a consecrated church for, for aught they
knew, the last time in their lives. That day they were to face unknown perils by sea and the attack of the Indian they went forth to convert. Who knew when they would ever worship again in this holy tem ple?

But such considerations as these weighed but little with Marguerite, a great human passion had, for the time driven out the calm religious instincts of early youth. Alap was her one thought, Alan and Alan alone. As in a dream she heard the priests* chant, the response of the great multitude, saw the sailors bow their heads in reverence at the elevation of the host.

The day wore on, twelve o'clock atruck, one, two, three from the belfry of the Cathedral and still no sign of Alan. M. de Roberval at three o'clock came into her apartment and told her that it was time tomake their way to the harbor for theirship, the largest of the fleet of five, would weigh anchor in half an hour.

Marguerite hastily donned her long grey travelling cloak and hood and accompanied her uncle through the straggling streets of St. Malo down to the quay. Here everything was life and color, men and women were rushing up and down the long wharves excitedly, bidding farewell to their friends, sailors were scrambling about, soldiers were quaffing great mugs of beer and here and there a black-robed friar was exhorting the travellers to continue steadfast in the fatth in that new lamb to which they were about to start. At thempeatance of M. de Roberval and nis nidce a little thrill of excitement ran througn the crowd and subdued conversations relating to them were heard from many lips.
"In good sooth," said one woman, "Mademoiselle de Roberval looks unwilling to depart."
"As she is," rejoined lier companion, asoldier who had seen much hard servicein the king's wars. '"Know, you not, Nannette, that it is sore against her will that she leaves France."
"I did not know," returned Nannette, " tell me," womaa-like scenting a romance from afar.
"rom afar. Bah you are behind the times. All the world knows it is to tear the maider away from her lover that M. de Roberval. takes her to the New World."
"Poor lady," said Nannette compassionately, "she looks full of grief."
Soon the pinnaces were laden with pas. sengers and on the latrest ship, the "François," the commander and his niece embarked. The wind was favorable and soon. St. Malo's piers and quaint gabled dwellings were far out of signt. It was a lovely evening and Marguerite sat on deck watching the fast receding coast of France with tear beliunmed eyes. Alan had broken his faith to her, he had not come in spite of his assurances, but perhaps he had been. : wounded, killed, such things we re of daily occurrence in these troublous times in stanny France.
She was alone on deck save for a few sailors who were standing at the stern of the veasel, for M. de Roberval had gone below to give orders to his motley crew. By this time they were well out on the Dover Channel making for the western coast of Cornwall: Suddenly one of the sailors at the stern started up and criect. out excitedly:
"See there-there is a sailing boat and by'r lady she is making signals to us to stop."
M. de Roberval was told of the strange sailing vessel and quickly came on deck, ordering the "François" to be stonped at once.
"No need of this excitement," he said, "it is only Paul de Rocheblave, a goodly seaman whom I engaged sorne weeks ago, but who I feared had been detained."
Marguerite raised her eyes with languid interest as the little skiff came alongside the "François." There were two men in the boat, the rough seaman whose jovial voice she could hear saluting M. de Roberval. The face of the other man she could not see for he was enveloped, in a long black cloak and wore a black peaked cap pulled down over his face. Paul de Rocheblave sprang forward to grasp the rope thrown out to him and tine black cloaked figure made a movement to assist him. Marguerite trembled, there was something familiar in that tall, graceful figure. Could it be ?-

## CHAPTER IV.

The failor they called Paul de Rocheblave sprang on deck and was warmly greeted by M. de Roberval, who drew him aside and questioned him as to the reasons of his delay in joining the expedition. All being eatisfactorily explalned the sailor informed the Viceroy that he had taken the liberty to bring with him a friesd, who was a well-tried and courageous youth de. sirous of seeing the New World, of which he had heard many wondrous tales from Cartier, the Captain of St. Malo.
"Any friend of yours is welcome, my good Paul," said M. de Roberval, warnly. "I must go below now, but will speak with your companion later. He is nobly born, yon say '?

The Viceroy hurried off to give some necessary orders and that night did not encounter Paul Rocheblave's friend, nor for several days did he see him, for the sailor reported that the young man was suffering severely from mal de mer and could scarcely lift his head from his piltow. He sbared with him the dark uncoufortable corner hardly to be dignified by the name of cabin and the "François" was far out in mid-Atlantic before any one but Paul saw the face of the black-cloaked stranger.

The morning after his arrival, Paul de Rocheblave met Blanche, an old woman who had spent her life in the service of the De Roberval family, on the narrow stairway leading to the deck.
"Where is Mademoiselle Marguerite ?" he demanded.

Blanche looked surprised as she answered stiffly,
"Mademoiselle de Roberval is on deck."
Marguerite was sitting in her favourite place at the stern of the ship watching with lack-lustre eyes the monotonous roll of the great Atlantic breakers. Her spirits had sunk to the lowest depths and she had -quite abandoned any expection of seeirg Alan again. The thrill of hope which ran through her at the momentary glimpse of the cloaked stranger in the little sailing. boat had passed away, leaving her more alespondent than before and she told herself angrily that the résenablance was
merely the result of her morbid imagination.
"Mademoirelle," said Blanche approaching her, "Paul the sailor, who came on board last night, desires speech with you."
"With me ?" said the girl, langaidly, " what can he want with me?"
"I know not, Mademoiselle, but he came to me just now and whispered mys. teriously in my ear that he wished to speak with you without the knowledge of M, M Roberval. What shall I say to him, Mademoiselle, he awaita your answer."
" I will see him, Blanche. Ask him to come to me."
Blanche departed with her young mistress' message to the sailor. The old woman had been Marguerite's nurse, later on her maid and was devoted wholly to her interests. She knew all her secrets and sympathised with her in her troubler, considering M. de Roberval an unreasonable tyrant. Alan de Longpré, by virtue of a few judicious compliments and gifts had completely won her heart and she was ready to lay down her life to save him and Marguerite. Needlees to say M. de Roberval knew nothing of her devotion to the course of true love, else be would sum marily have dismissed her from his niece's service in spite of her long residence in his family.

On receiving Marguerite's permission Paul de Rocheblave came on deck glancing cautiously around to see if there was any sign of the Vict roy. The coast was clear, only a few sailors were about and he quickly reached the spot where Mademoigelle de Roberval was seated.
" Mademoiselle," he said doffing his cap and bowing low, "I have the hodour to wish you good morning"

Mademoiselle de Roberval inclined, her hesd and motioned the sailor te take vacant seat near her, saying:
"Blanche told me you desired to speak to me."
"Yes Mademoiselle," lowering his voice "I have a most urgent meseage to deliver. I saw M. de Longpré jesterday."
"What Alan de Longpré?" and Margaerite rising and laying her fair white hand on the sailor's rough weather beaten one. "Tell me I implore you my good sir, if you bave news of him."
"Softly Mademoiselle, we must not be overheard. Your uncle must not gee the sailor talking with his niece else his suspicions will be aroused."
"Quickly then tell me of Mr. de Long. pré," said Marguerite impatiently.
"I had"speech with him at St. Malo. He bade me bereech you to be true to him."
"Yet he broke faith with me," said Marguerite bitterly.
"Nay, Mademoiselle judge not so harshly. Alan de Longpré is as true as steel. He also bade me- Ab, there is M. de Roberval, I niust go."

M: de Roberval was not in the best of humours that morsing; circumstances had conspired, it seemed to provoke him. There were pretty jeslousies amongst the members of the crew and constant bickerings between the military and naval factions. Then one of the fleet of five ships had dropped far behind the others and was nowhere to be seen. More than this, his niece's, what he was pleased to call sullenness, annoyed him excessively although
he flattered himself that he had got rid of her objectionable suitor and that change of scene would soon cause her to forget Alan.
Impatiently Marguerite waited for another opportunity of questioning Paul but it never came; he seemed to avoid her and she dared not seek him. The days passed slowly in monotonous similarity and the ships made good headway for those days of primitive navigation. They had been out nearly eight weeks when a sailor who had accompanied Captain Cartier fon his first voyage of diacovery up the St. Lawreice, announced that they would see land in less than twenty four hours. The air grew very cold and chill winds blew on them from the ice-fields of the far northy the eky was gloomy and threatening and the welcome to the $\mathrm{Ne}^{2}$ World was nct inviting to the voyagers. Nevertheless M. de Roberval was in the highest spirits at the speedy manner in which the passage across the Atlantic had beenaccomplished.

That night a terrible storm broke over the deep and far away could be heard the breakers dashing on the coast, judging from the sound evidently a rock-bound and inhospitable shore. The timiers of the "Francois" creaked and whivered but she rode the huge waves gatlantly and it was not till towards midnight that any real danger was apprehended. Then the storm seemed to radouble its fury, the lightning cleft the sky, revealing a wild, angry sea beneath, the thunder clashed and reverberated in deafening peals. The crerv was in confueion, women shricked and prayed, all lost self-control when $h$ was most needed. All did I say ' No, there was one cxception. M. de Roberval was perfectly calm and self.controlled and his example did much to bring the sailors to a sense of their duty. But all effort of man seemed vained, the elemental wat raged above, beneath and around the devoted ship and threatened every moment to o'erwhelm her.
Marguerite and Blanche clung to each other in the crowded cabin murnuring prayers and certain that their last hour had come. It was indeed a very pandemonitm in this cabin crowded with terrorstricken men and women expecting every moment to be launched into eteruity.

Suddenly the ship seemed to be rent in twain with un awful crash, Marguerite was violently thrown from one side of the cabin to the other and after that she knew no more. A merciful oblivion came over her and it must have been several hours before she came to herself. Had she died and was she even now at the gates of Yaradise 9 It must be 8 fur there was Alan de Dongpré standing near beseeching ber to speak to him. Slowly her benumbed senses came back, slie stretched out her hand and Alan came forward and clasped her in his arms kissing regardless of onlookere, her cheeks, her hair, her lips.

This was no phantom, no ghostly spirit from the land of Hades, nor was this Paradise for she could hear the clamour of the tempest raging without, the creaking timbers of the "Francois." What mattered the storm to her, what mattered the howling of the winds, the raging of the storm. But Alan was beside her. With him she could face eternity with calmness, and fear not what death might. bring.


AN ONTARIO HOMESTEAD.

## for the land we live in.

## INCIDENTS OF PIONEER LIFE

## IN THE E ©TERN TOWNSHIPS.



LTHOCGH some of the incidents containad herein have heen briefly alluded to in former contribu tions to the Land We Live Jn, I have thunglit it atvisable, in view of the centennial demon-tration to take place in $189 \%$, to again refer to them in connection with other incidents which have taken place in the early settlement of the Tuwnalip of Newport.
In the year A.I. 1791, Alured Clarke, the Governor if lie Province of Lower Canada, issued a proclamation offering to grant the write lands of the crown, in townships of ten miles equare, and in free and common sorrage to parties desirous of occupying the ame, on application to that effect. In con-equence thereof, Stephen Williams, of Dauty, in the Stale of Varmont, petitionel fur a township thy the name of Newpurt, to be granted to him and his associates, forty in number, which petition was approverLof and the prayer thereof granted. Williams, however, neglected to come forward at he was expected to do, but Edmund Hraril, one of his nesociaters, in the year F 93 , in company with Josiah Sawyer, set ont from Mis-i*quoi Bay, on Lake Champluin, wit! terin, provisions, etc., made their way throurh the woodo -ninety miles firm any int abitants to the westward-and afier travelling and exp'oring the woods fir thirty one daye, arrived on a hill now called Pleasant Ilill, in the Township of Newport (and where I lived from 1832 to $18: 39$ ), where Sawyer Liegan to make improvements. This was distant twenty-five miles i:nm the nearest ithalitant to the soulh, and seventy miles from fhe French setilemeuts to the north.

In the year 1794 Josiah Sawyer started his family, and coming as far as West Stewartstown, N. H., remained through the winter and until the summer of 1895. Here his voungest danghter, Aligail, was horn in the early part of this summer, and when she was six weeka old her mother took her in her arms and zode on horse-back-her horse leeing led on a blazed line -a distance of thiry miles to Lat No. 6 in the 91 h Range of New port.

Thieline parsed over or near the Here. forl Monntaine, over हtreams and swamps to the place alinve mentionad, now ouned by Dindley Williams. Sawyerlad been on befure and built a loy house, and raived some grain and potatoes. This dangl'er A higail, when of mature age, became the wife of $A<a$ Alger, ami died a few yeara ago in her ninetieth year. For nearly fifty years I was a near neighhor of hers, and had frefient conversations with her and tior her-hand relatiye to the carly petilempit of the Townotipis of Newprirt and Eatom. In the vear 1815 she attended a acticul at Curkelire trught lig the late Rev. Jomathan Tavhor. Sise wà then woman grown, white I was a bey if ecvell yeariont.
In the year lig; E [mand ITenal moved his family intu ute cown.hin, and finding that Williamo did not eromo forward, Itrand on the 24ih June, 179i, peritioned ti:e Government for a grant of the Townsh'p of Newport to himand his avonciates. Silv ver and Heard had agreel: to separaie. Suwyer concluding to pertition for the crat half of Eaton. Accogilingly. on the 22nd Narch, 1800, an Oriler in Commeil was granted in favor of Heard, " hich-nmitting the preliminary portion-real as fol-lows:-
"And wherea, the Executive Conncil of
the asid province having duly and ma-
turety considered the said fetition, have in
part approved and have adjudged it to be reasonable that one quarter of the said tract or parcel of land so situate as aforesaid, should be granted to the said Eumund Heard and his said associates, and his heirs and their heirs and assigns forever, upon the termis and conditions prescribed by His Majesty's Royal Instructions in this behalf.
"Now therefore, having taken the premises into consideration by this warrant of survey, I do empower and rquiire you, at the rroper costs and charges of the said E !mind Heard and his associates to make a faithful suryey of the said tract or parcel of land, described as abore set forth, to be hereafter dirtinguished by the name of the Townehip of Newport, and to subdivide the said township into lots of 200 acres each, and in the execution of this warrant I do require and command you to lay out the said township of Newport conformably to His Majesty's Royal Instructions in this helialf, that is to say, of the dimensions of ten miles square, as nearly as circumstances chall admit, provided the said Township of Newport lie not intersected by nor be rituated-upon any navigable river or water, and of the dimensions of nine miles in front by twelve in depth of the - nid township. (Here follows the reservatinins to be made, viz: mines, ship timber, ciergy and crown reserves, to be reserved i, ritu Protestant clergy and crown pur-10-es.)
"Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Castle of St. Louis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province of: Lower Canala, the 25th day of September; IIt the year of Our Lord (1800) one thousand eight hundred, and fortieth year of His Majesty's reign,'" (George IfI.)

Eaton. Oct., 1891.


## End of the Memphremagog Season.

-It is always sad to contemplate the fag end of anything, especially the fay end of a watering place season, and I am sure the lake seems deserted, and the Owl's Head and Mt. Orford more than dreary, since the Lady of the Lake hauled off. The islands, also, have a weird and lonesome Took as they loom up in the mirage of the autumnal haze which rests on the water, and the long, gaping galleries in front of the hotels seem like ghost walks. The low of the cattle along the ehores has a hollow sound, and the moon reats on the water like a phantom. Few rowboats are afloat, and there seems to he no life stirring anywhere-no ducks, no fishleaping, no restless eandpipers on the land wash, not even a kingfisher. And appearances do not belie the facts. Yuu cannot etir a fin in these waters while the sun is croseing the equator, and all the birds in the woods lie low. Even the crow and the bludjay hold their tongues, and the tap of the woodpecker is not heard. The sportsman may skitter for pickerel along the lilypads of ponds and rivers and evoke no aign. He may draw his troll along the lake skore without tempting the smallest response. Black bass, pickerel, perch, mascalonge. lake trout, even shiners, all lie perdu. I doubt if even the baly trout in the brooks would look at the juiciest
lobever offered. In the woods it is the sane. The partridges hug the cover, and not a rabbit crosses the road. Why is this thus? Verily, why do cocks crow?

All that any naturalist knows about it is that at this off period everything is in a. state of quiescence or lethargy. A brisk blow, usually represented by the equinoctial storm, is needed to stir up the dormant energies. This year there has been no such meteorological disturbance, and the transition fiow summer to autumn has come so gradually as to be hardly noticeable, except hy the cooler nights and the less fervid noonday sun. The ducks will now fly one by one as the reazon pásees, and there will be no rushing flight to escape a sudden visitation of nipping frost. The broods of partridges will gradually separate in quest of favored places where the roke buds and high bush crankerries atill cling to the twigs; there will be no hustling aniong the squirrels and rabbits to gather forage for winter hoards; the high-holders and creepers won't have to prod the trees for grubs, because there is plenty of free insect life as yet : and the giant "lunge rill quietly come out of the depths of the lake a month hence to deposit their spawn on the shallows at the outlet, and no one will know of their coming or going unleas heris constantly on the alert.-From "By Meinphremagog" by Chas. Huttock in the American Angler for October.

## for the land we liye in.

 AS FAILS A LEAT.BY DOROTHY FORSTER.
Another leaf falls to the ground, Tortly and sllently down. To crumble into dust,
And mingle once again
Thus back end earth form whence it sprang
Thus back and ever buck,
Thus dies the source of life.
The body crumbles as the lear
And mingles with its natlve clay.
The soul goes back to gidd
The Almighty snuree oflito,
Who called it into being.
Who gave it life, and sent it forth
To do Hiswill on earth,
And to fulalitis destiny
Acoording to His holy word,
Thl He shonld call it H ome.
He sent it forth for His wise end,
Which it knew not, nor understood
Its duty lay, in doing falthrally
The work its hand found ont,
That which lay nearest to it,
In humble trust in God.
That He knew what whs best,
And ordered all for its eteryal sood.
Then will each livisg givit
Then rill each liviog scont
Know well the reasen of its being,
And bless its Father, God.

## FREE PREMIUMS.

To every new or renewal nubscriber, to this Journil who pays the $\$ 1.00$ subscription price in advance, we will, give as a free preininm a year'gsubseription to any one of the
folluwing publicalions:

Canada, monthly, Benton, New Brunswiek Butler's Journal Fredericton do do Medical Adylser and Farm Help, monthly, Bowmanville, Ont.
The Miner, monthly, Capelton, Que.
The Whho, monthly, Stratford, Ont
Vade Macum, monihly, Sulna, Kansas.
Coroua News Latter, semi monthly, Kigbronek Heights, N. J.

## THE BIRDS OF CANADA

## A Popular Lecture Delivered Before the Natural Historical Society, at Montreal, 12th March. 1891.

by J. M. I.EMOINE, F. R. S. C.

## PART I.

## Mr. President, Laties and Gentlemen

With your permission we shall spend a focial hour, and hold confab with the friends of your routh and of mine-the lirds. Nor need you doubt me when I tell you that it is ncit in the spirit of exact rcience, but rather with the freedom of an chd acquaintance that I shall to night introduce to you some of the most notable rpecies found near your city.

Do not expect a highly scientific discour e on ornitholegy: stray jottingsrambles amongst lirds and books-that is all I can promise you to night.

That branch of zoology which treats of birds is denommated ornithology. It is leyond a doutit that this deparment of the animal kinglom atiracted the attention of mankind in the remotest ages; several lirde, as you are aware, are indicated by name and their peculiarities alluded in Holy Writ. Mention is frequeutly made in the earliest and best of books, the Bible, of the soaring eagle, the dismal raven, the tiny sparrow, the grave-looking owl, the migratory atork. The care taken of the Prophet Elijah bs our sable and far-seeing friend the raven, you all remember reading of.

The dove and the raven were both honored with important missions by that distinguished and most successful navigator, Capt. Noah. Yuu know how much the ibis was petted, nay honored, in Egypt ; the white ibis was in special veneration in Thebes-had the run of the city. The stork was sung by Herodotus, the swan by Virgil and by a host of other poets : Aristo phanes, some twenty-three hundred years ago, celebrated not only the croahing of frogs, but also the melody of birds.
It was reserved to one of the loftiest minds of antiquity, Aristotle of Stagyra, to furnish the world with the earliest methodical information on zoology. This great man was the first to observe and attempt to explain the organization of animated nature. His treatise will ever be regarded as one of the masterpieces of antiquity. The generation of animals, their habits, their organs, the mechanism of their functions, their resemblances and differences are therein discussed wi!h astonishing clegrness and sagacity. Aristotle way be reckoned as baving established a solid basis for natural history, and his principal divisiods of the animal kingdom are so well founded that almost all of them are stinl substantially admitted. In arranging facts he carefully goes back to causes from general results.
We next come to the Roman, Pliny the Elder, born A.D. 23, who died, as you may have read, in the year 79 of our era, from the noxious fumes of Vesurius during the eruption which, it is said, destroyed Herculaneum. Having the charge of a Roman fleet, he had, in attempting to euccor some of the unfortunate inhabitants, ventured too near the scene of the calamity. He
died during the following night. I presume some of you bave perused the very interesting letter recording the event, written by Pliny, the Younger, the nephew and adopted son of the Koman naturaliet.

As a laborious, but not adways reliable compiler, you have heard of Aldrovandus, born about 1535 . I said not always reliable. To illustrate this latter point, I shall now quote from the 1 st vol. Canadian Dáturalist, an extract purporting to describe one of our most beautiful winter visitors, the Bohemian Cbatterer, or Waxwing. A specimen is in your museum. 1 was once fortunate enough to snare three very fine birds of this species-this is the only time i saw them round my house, at Spencer Grange. A kept them all winter in my aviary; and they poon hecame so bloated, so uncommonly portly from good eating, that they were struck down hy apoplexy, and one after the other died. I need not tell you the sorrow such a catas. trophe brought to my family circle."
"That the Bohemian Chatterer was known to the ancients there can be little doubt, but a great deal of obscurity prevails as to the names hy which it was distinguished. Some have taken it to be the Incepediaria aris of Pliny (book x., c. 13), the inauspicious bird, on account of which appearance home more than once underwent lustration, but more especially in the consulship of L. Cassius and C. Marius, when the apparition of a great owl (Bubo) was added to the horrors of the year. Others have supposed that it was the bird of the Hercyuian forest (book x., c. 47), whose featbers shone in the night like fire. Aldrovandus, who collected the opinions on this point, has taken some pains to show that it. couid be neither the one nor the other. The worthy Italian gravely assures his readers that its feathers do not shine in the night, for he says he kept one alive for three months, and observed it at all hours (quâris noctis horâ contemplatus sum').

Here is the mysterious stranger who appears to have startled antiquity. See how silky his plumage ! mark the waxlike tips of his wings ! this is no doubt the portion which was supposed to shine at night. Be catefur, however, not to confound him with the Cedar or Cherry Bird-our summer visitor.' He resembles fím much in plumage, but is twice his size.

Nor should we omit the names of Redi, Swammerdam, Willoughby, John Ray, and especially of Francts Bacot, amongst the laborious tillers of the soil of natural history.
Next to Aristotle and Pliny ranks the great botanist aud naturalitt Linnexue, who devoted a lifetime to reforming and rearranging the history of all natural productions, and lived to see hila method triumphant and almoet univerwally received: Nor was he a mere nomenclator; his vast genius led him to take the most elevated views of nature. He penetrated with a glance into causes which were the least ob. vious on the surface. Order, precision, clearness, exactitude of description and ac: curate knowledge of relations in detail di $\varepsilon$ tinguish his worke. Hé it was who sent to America, to Quebec, the eccentric Peter Kalm. Every guide-book reminds you of the amusing account Kalm wrote of Quebec and Montreal sogiety, in 1749 ; what a fine fellow Count de la Galliseonière, the Governor-General in those days, appeared
to the Swedish traveller;-how our respected grandinothers chatted, frolicked, dressed, danced ;-how well be related all he saw, and some things he did not see. We are led next to consider the brilliant career of a French naturalist, an elegant writer and profound philosopher, Buffon. Possessed of a vast fortune, moving in the highest circles of a nation famous for its civilization and learuing, Buffon, during half a century, from his chateau of Montbard, promulgated his canons to the scientife world. He tells us he spent forty years in his study, perfecting and rounding the sentences of his immortal works, but when bearing in mind the lifelike eketches of birds written by Buffon's successors and contradictors, the field naturalists of the new schoo!, such as Alexander Wilson, Audubion, Chas. Buonaparte, one is in. clined to regret that the sedentary philosopher should have spent so much time irdoors describing his favorites, instead of ransacking the woods, the fields, the sea shore, to vee for himself, like Audubon and Wilson and other more recent field naturalists, how God's creatures lived, loved, sang and died.

The natural sciences have had, in the Unitid States au well ay in Canala, rude heginnings. Catesty (173i), Edwardf; Forster (1771), Pennant (1787), Latham, Peale, Bartrani (1791), might be considered the pioneers of this branch of study in the American Union. Vieillot's French illustrated work, published in France in 1807 , on the birds of San Domingo and North America, drew the eyes of European sarants towards the American fauna. Until 1827, Wilson's treatise on the birds of Pennsylvania and New Jersey was the sole authority. That year Audubon commenced his lifelike drawings of Anterican birils, which, with their biography, he completed twelve years later, in 1839.. Ap octavo and more complete edition of the work was issued between 1840 and 1844. In 1832, Nuttall published that portion of his manual descriptive of the land birds of theUnited States and Canada. The part relating to winter birds appeared in 1834. In 1840 a second edition was put forth. In 1858 appeared the celebrated ninth vol-ume of "Pacific Railroad Reports," a robust quarto of 1,000 pages, which revolu-tionized American ornithology.. Several thousand specimens, furnished by the differeat surveying parties, accompanied bymeir reports and notes, bad been sent to the Smithsonian Institution and placed in the hands of ite a sistant-secretary, Spencer K. Baird, who, with the able assistance of John Cassin and George N. Lawrence, revised the whole rubject, reconstructing classes, orders and families, re-christening new species, setting forth in this splendid volume the entire avi-fauna of America, north of Mexico, and bringing up the list of birds described to 744. Important additions have since been made to this list by the learned Dr. Elliott Coues, a surgeon in the United States army, by R. Ridgway and others, so that American ornithology, from the time of Alexauder Wilson. (1814) to 1887, shows the following progressive increase :-

| 283 | 1881-Ridgway. .... 983 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1838-Bonaparte. . 471 | 1882-Cones.... ... |
| 1840-Brewer...... 491 | 1884-Coues....... 902 |
| 1814-Audubon ... 508 | 1886-A.O.U |
| 778 | 1887-Coues ........ $960{ }^{*}$ |
|  | 1887-RIdg way . . . . $1,028$. |

"This list," remarks Mr. Chamberlain, "requires some explanation, for the apparent increase has not been wholly due to the discovery of new species, as night be inferred. A portion of the increase is due to the extension of the territorial limits em, braced under the term 'North America.' when uped for ornithological purposes." Lower California, Greenland and Gualeloupe were included in some and ex. cluded in other lists."
Doubtless several here present would like th hear more about the leading ornithologiste on the continent.

Were I merely to be guided by brilliant scholarship I should point out as facile princeps the erudite Dr. Elliott Coues, unrivalled a Hellenist.

I however think myself asfe in adopting Mr. Chanherlain's estimate - concerning these savants, and would set forth the six eminent writers whose names follow as likely to hold the possible relative rank in the future:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Allen } \\
& \text { Merriam } \\
& \text { Brewster } \\
& \text { Bendire } \\
& \text { Ridgway } \\
& \text { Coues. }
\end{aligned}
$$

In a recent latter from Mr. Chamberlain, from Harvard University, to which he is attached, Mr. Chamberlain expresses his opinion that Mr. Allen is reckoned the very ablent of American ornithologists. He will probably, he thinks, stand at the head of them, forming years to come, "a most aligent and careful st.dent." His positión in the American Museum in New York, gives him unusual facilities. Dr. Merriam, he says, is rapidly advancing, and his exceptional opportunities, with his ability and energy, will doubtleas foon place him by the side of Allan. Rideyway and Coues must always be counted ainong those who have advanced American ornithology to its present high position. The works that are being prepared by Brewster and Bendire, backed by their past records, will cause them to be ranked by the side of Ridgway and Coues, if not by the side of Merriam.
[to be continued.]

## [for tíe land we hive in.] <br> The Monster of Moffatt Lake.

For the information of tlrose ignorant of the fact, we may say that Moffatt Lake is situated in the Township of Lingwick, Compton County, Quebec, and that a verit able sea serpent, or some other aquarian monster, is said to have been seen there on several occasions. By some it has been attributed to a flock of duck's, dimly seen in the morning fog, as they followed each other from some marely retreat into the broad expanse of the lake. Others have supposed it to be an otter, followed by her young ones, returning from a nightly fishing excursion, and anxious to reach their hurrow before the early morning light became too bright. We do not know whether every Eastern Townehips lake has its monster, or not, but one is said to exist in Dudswell Lalt, which has the appearance of a large alligator. Perhaps some Saurian escaping from a travelling menagerie, may have found shelter in the lake, and
hunts the muddy bottoms where eel spearers claim to have seen him, when pursuing their nightly avocations. If so, he must be a sorrow 'un when he feels that he has to "go it alone," in those waters. As to the Moffat Lake monster, we fancy our con tributor is "poking fun," at some one in the vicinity, but we give his version of it, without recognizing him as an authority on such subjeets, or as one who has "seen snakes," much anyway. Ed.
Mr. Editor. I will tell you for the benefit of those of your readers who take an interest in such mattere, the origin of the Moflat Lake Monster, or Sca Serpent, as termed by some, although it is a question of the day how a veritable sea serpent, could be fouñ some hundred miles distant from its natural element. But to proceed. Once upon a time there was an ea-tern poet. When about half way up the ladder of fame, he was troubled with gas on the brain. One day he received a few lines of kind advice from a friend, and warning him of his untimely end. His ire was so great that he suddenly filled with gas, seized his pen to write a reply, lost his hold on the ladder, fell and exploded. Passing through the air so rapidly created such a friction that he caught fire and would have inevitably been burnt to a cinder; but as he lookel donward and beheld Moffat Lake, he made a head, foremost dive for it. Being in such extreme heat and striking the water so radidly, it spun him out as the spinner draws a thread from the roll. The lake being a great fishery, he started fishing on his own hook, and has grown to be such a monster, that he is a terror to the surrounding country. But hes harmless, as the sting was blown out of him when he exploded. The following verses will more fully explain the matter:

## Origin of Lake Moffatt's Monster.

The Monster of Moffatt, I will say for the proft
Of those whom I truly regard-
And others as well, who would thank me to tell,-
Is the ghost of an Eastern Bard.
When he went off a fiying, and bitterly ory. ing,
And gazing down sadiy below,
He sald I sm dylag. there, is no denying.
And into Lake Moffati I'll go.
Better crawl round ite ma'shen than burn down to ashes,
And consame by the heat-of my fre,
Although round my ashes, the dudees and assew.
Should mournfully chant my best lyre.
Then there was commotion upon this small ocean,
With fear all the fishes did quaze,
Not in form of a lobster, a reptile, or mons. ter,
A "header" he took in the Lake.
Now in every gale, with his hard horns tall, He lashes this once placid lake.
Till fearful to tell, the waves rise and $s \mathrm{well}$, And even the shores seem to shate.
He's lost his ambition, since changed his condition,
He knows he is now a queer fish,
In order to beat me, he gladly would eat me,

* Monster Poet ! you'll not get your wish
"You can iflounder away when the arnail fishes play.
And like horned whale jou can spout.

Butithere you must stay, for sou can't get 2way, 1
You're so clumsy you cannot crawl out."
"Though even the nation in great estimation,
Held your name once, your glory is gone,
You could rbyme so bewltching, but now it is fishing,
From eventipe until the day dawie."
" Were it not for division, it would not be in vision
Alone, you'd be dreaming of yore,
And like a huge snake have to wallow the lake,
And fitghten the loons from the shore."
This monster's been seen round the margin so green.
On the shore of that wondrous Lake Mofsatt.
Thus endeth his fame, and he's now changed in name,
To a munster, from a great poet prophet.
JAMES OWENS.
Johvville, Que., Oct. 1891.

## WORID'S FAIR NOTES.

More than $15,000,000$ feet of lumber will be used in the construction of the huge building for Manufactures and L:beral Arts.

The Agriculture and Arts Association and the Stock Breeders' Association of Toronto have voted to urge the officials and government of Ontario to take measures to have the province properly represented at the Exposition.

New South Wales, Australia, has decided to participate in the Exposition, and has appointed a commission of twelve to collect exhibits.

Exposition stock subscriptions have now been paid in to an aggregate exceeding $\$ 3,000,000$, although only 60 per cent has thus far been cailed for. The $\$ 5,000,000$ of city bonds voted by Chicago are now available and will be put on the market 8000.

No Japanese goods or exhibitions wh be permitted at the Exposition unless they have first received the approval of the Japanese officials in charge of their government exhibit. The Exposition Directory rendered this decision at the request of Ja panese Minister Matsu, who is the Japanәse imperial commissioner to the Fair. A similar rule will be enforced in the case of other foreign nations.
A Turkish ilag was hoisted at the World's Fair ground on Sept. 20 with appropriate ceremonies. It was raised on the site which Robert Levy, of Constantinople, has secured for his Turkish specialties. He will reproduce a Constantinople street, show most of the striking features of Turkish life and have a novel and interesting collection of Turkish goods and curios. The flag was raised in conjunction with the stars and stripes and is the first one of the scores of foreign Hags event ually to enliven the Fair scenes

# A DAY'S BR00K TROUT FISHING IN NOVA SCOTIA. 

## BY EDMUND JENAER.

By referring to my diaries, I find that the brook trout fishing is at its best about May 20th. A good deal of my brook trout fishing has been done in the country to the south of the Annapolis Valley, and there the season is a little earlier than it is in the eastern counties of Nova Scotia. This year the spring is very late, and to-day (May 25th) the trees are perfectly bare, and the grass has hardly commenced to start.

During the last ten days we have - had heavy rains and bitter northeast winds, and though the trout find abundant food under such circumstances, they will not rise to the fly. Even if they would, the extreme unpleasantness of the weather keeps most men at home.

Last Saturday was a better day than usual, and a couple of friends who had long been intending to try their luck at the brook trout turned up. We started for the fishing grounds about seven o'clock in the morning.

The best pools lie about four miles from here; there is no road, but the fire has cleaned the barrens, and anyone who knows the way can get there without very much exertion. We had the whole day before us, so we took our time, and it was nearly nine o'clock when we reached our fishing ground. I may as well state that the stream divides about four miles from the sea. The east branch has two large pools in it, and numerous runs and rapids which hold some nice fish in warm weather. The west branch has four pools, about half an acre in size on the average, and a large, stillwater or small lake about half a mile long. There is a dam on each branch, but both dams are broken; they were put there when the gold mines were flourishing; at that time the brook used to run between seventy and eighty stamps. The lowest pool on the west branch is a nasty place to fish and the fish do not seem to lodge there until June, so we commenced woth on the jecond pool. It is an ideal trout po ${ }^{6}$, surrounded with alders. tandracks and spruce buskes. When the water gets low, say the first week in June; the trout assemble in dozens in this place. The stream swarns with the larvæ of insects, the bushes overhang the water, and the fish can lie under them secure from the heron and the osprey; and when they have gorged themselves with the flies which drop from the alders, they can retire into ten feet of water.

As there is only room for two rods,

I took charge of the landing net, and my friends tried their luck at the mouth of the brook. Only one fish, and that a small one, responded to their coaxing; the wind was very high, and made casting any distance a difficult matter.

After ten minutes' fishing we decided to move on and try our luck upstream. McD-_and I walked up to the two upper pools, whilst A stayed behind to fish the rapids. The first pool we reached was a failure. Only one fish rose to the fly, and he didn't seem very anxious for it. The second pool is a very nice spot to fish. There is a strip of wild meadow on one side of it, it has been "burnt off" several times, and the alders are all killed, and there is a nice clear space to cast a fly in. As there is plenty of room for three rods I put mine together whilst McD -was fishing the fool of the pool. A-turned up about this time with three very fair fish. McD—whipped the waters most carefully, but not a fish would rise. He then moved up to the mouth of the brook whilst I put on a different fly, and prepared to go over the same gronud. Just a I had got out a good lenghth of line' a splash from the head of the pool announced that $\mathrm{McD}-\quad$ had got hold of a respecta-ble-sized fish. The landing net was on my side, so I reeled in my line and went to McD-'s assistance. The fish gave some very good sport, and when I landed him we found he had taken the "dropper." I made the fly myself, and I may as well describe .it

Red body, red hackle, gold tinsel and white wings (see duck feathers).

I find this an excellent dropper for brook-trout. They often prefer it to the "red palmer" and " silver doctor." McD —caught foyr nice fish in quick succession ; they all rose to this particular fly. None of them were mach under a pound in weight, and one of them was a little over. They are game little fellows, and they show a great deal of sport on light tackle. A friend of mine has often described them as "pig-headed." It is a most appropriate epithet.'

Former experience had taught me that when the fish got alarmed and quitted the mouth of the brook, they retired into the deep water under the eastern bank. So when the fish ceased to rise to McD ——'s flies I went back for my rod, and after a few casts I secured a pound trout.

Having cleaned this pool out, we proceeded up the run to the foot of the big stillwater. This run has several nice eddies and small pools in it. A-lost twe fish on the way up, One was a very large one; it carried
off his fly and two feet of his cast.
There are two logs across the brook, here, and many a fox and wild cat has been snared on them. The big stillwater is a great breading place for black ducks, and a favorite fishing ground for the others. The lower part doesn't hold any fish at this time of year, so we made our way round on the barrens. The head of the stillwater was exposed to the wind, and we had very bad luck there. The two or three fish we caught were full of dragon-fly-larvæ and cadis worms. When they are forton the bottom it is almost uselegs to coax them with the fly; even- the natural May fly is disregarded. We ate our luncheon and enjoyed a pipe; my triends were very much taken with the place. It is admirably suited for a. camping ground. There is lots of wood, any amount ot shelter, and the best fishing on the stream is within a mile. It is not a bad place for hunting either ; there are lots of birch and spruce partridges, and several broods of black ducks have been hatched out this spring. Last summer a cow and calf moose spent several months in a hardwood hill not half a mile away: Probably the cow is back the wow. They will return to the sam. place every spring if they are not molested. There is any amount of feed there, and no one goes up the stream from March to November with the exception of myself.

Our pipes finished, we made our way across the barrens to the east branch of the brook. The divide is very narrow, devoid of trees of any sort, and strewn with quartz boulers from some large leads which crop out. I have passed a good many day sprospecting up there, but with very little success. The east branch is larger than the west, there are numerous rapids, and in June the trout seem to prefer them to them to the pools. The day was too cold for the fish to be up there; and we made our way down to the first big pool. There is only casting room for two rods, so I did not put my rod together. The pool was full of fish, and McD _managed to raise one the very first cast. Fortune did not favor A-at all on this occasion, but McD—did very well ; I think he got eight fish there-one weighed very nearly two pounds.

- The man who first introduced me to this pool said he had seen a fourpoumder taken there, and I have myseff taken a three-pounder with the spinning' minnow. The next pool threatened to prove a total failure, but at the last momerit, It hataged to catch a very decent fish. He rose to my dropper, and by some chance I fouled him about two inches below the
dorsal fin. He made a very plucky fight of it, and I expected a much larger fish. Having landed him, we made our way down stream for about a mile. There was a very heavy ice freshet this spring, and all along the banks the trees had suffered severely. It is curious what a difference this. makes in going $u p$, and downa stream. You can go dowri stream with the greatest ease, but a short walk upstream will give you an incredible amount of labor and vexation. Every bush is bent down and catches in your clothes, and if the alders are at all thick, you feel like a person in a nightmare who dreams he is trying to force his way through an interminable chevaux de grise. We rested for a few moments by a little brook which comes from a small lake about half a mile back in the hills. This lake literally swarms with small trout. None of them weighs over half a pound, but they will rise to any kind of fly. They are game little fish, but a fly only lasts a short time with them, as they have teeth like small pike. We did not think it worth while to visit them, and after trying one or two eddies and small pools we arrived at the head of a mill pond. This is the best place on the whole brook. On May 6th my host's little boy-a youngester not twelve years old-caught four nice fish in as many minutes (using a worm), and pricked and lost six or eight more. On this occasion the brook was too high for fly fishing, and after some fruitless endeavors we took our rods to pieces and made our way homewards across the barrens. We reached home before five o'clock; our bag consisted of twenty-one fish, all caught with the fly. Had we cared to use worms we could have easily doubled it. Half our time was taken up in traveling from one pool to another. I have often spent three or four hours at a single pool and taken two dozen 'fish to my own rod, but they are not in condition yet, nor will they bite well until the warm weather and the May flies come.-Amateur Sportsman.

Goldenville, N. S.

## A Letter from Mexico.

The following is an extract from a letter received by us from an old friend and contributor, "Nomad," dated at Sultepec, Etado de Mexico, Mexico, 28th August last, and which was crowded out of our September issue. We feel confident that the glowing description of the scenery which he gives will prove interesting to many of our readers. We hope to hear from him
frequently, and think, we can safely promise in the near future a description of the mines with which he is connected:
"My present surroundings are beyond anything I had ever seen before in this country, if I except some parts of the Rocky Mountaine that lie between Sonora and Chihualrua, which I visited in the year 1881, and if I were to attempt a verbal description of the mountainous region in which I am now living, I should uterly fail to convey to your mind anything beyond a very faint idea of the reality, as I do not think you have ever seen any portion of this globe with which I could compare it for your benefit; mountain appears to rise above mountain, and so crowd each other that there is no, room for a piece of flat land big enough to set up a Punch and Judy show on, while the roade, oh dear, you should see them, and then you would wonder how any hnman beings could be such fools as to risk their lives by walking or rather creeping pin theim, atill less by riding over them of horsetrack; but one soon gets accustomed to such acrotaric performances, and even to utter occasionally a very weak jest about them, ench as my telling some of the people here that the goats that left Noali's Ark ufter the deluge had made these roadn, and that they had remained in about the rame state ever since. I think ponje of them had heard about Noah's Ark, and could appreciate the justness of my remark, but I think others are etill wondering what I could have meaṇt.
I am on the slope leading down from the table land of the interior of the country towards the hot country on the gide of the Pacific. The place is reached tron the City of Mexico, first by a few hours ride by rail, then followed by two days on horseback, which may be considered as riding on a rail also; with the pleasant idea added that an unlucky stamble of your horse might possibly precipitate you over his head down the ravine below for a few hundred feet or so.
The houses in the village, for we have a village, are built of adubes (sun-dried brick), generally left of their own natural color inside the house and outside as well--it would be too aristocratic to plaster and whitewach them. The roofs are some of them covered with red tiles which are not bad, others are covered witd a very long and extremely thin split slingle, which keeps out the wet admirably when it does not rain, and rots in about four or five yeare. The aristocrats have brick floors, the "o oi pollos" being content with their mother earth. To find room for these houses the hillsides generally have to be cut into for some distance. Every house if, en the auctioneer wonld eay, self-contained, and is surrounded by a garden which usually contains a number of fruit trees, oranges, limes, peach, guava, banana, custard apple, etc., which at a distance, and in the rainy season, when everything of a vegetable nature is at ite best, make the cottages look very romantic and even cosy, but the looker on should know how to keep hie distance and be satisfied with a distant view. Of coupse by the "village" I do not mean the town of Sultepec, which is distant from here about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ milea, perhape, and at an elevation of 2,632 feet
above us (I like to be particular in such cafes). In that town there are several well built hovses that, with a slight outlay of money, could be made tolerably comfortable for this temperate climate.
The people in this village, so far, have bebaved remarkably well, and I hope and believe will continue to do so. I don't know if you have read a novel called "A Queer Bace," where the people are all spotted. Well, in this place quite alarye number of the inhabitants are spotted. The ground color is generally a dull brown, and the spots or patches are either much darker or minch lighter in color than the rest of the hody. In one of our mines I saw one man who had rolled the legs of his loose cotton drawers a gocd distance above his knees. His natural brown color was relieved by a plentiful and tolerably regular supply of epots so much lighter than the rest of the skin as to appear almost white. The apots, though, are generally very large, and neither the large nor the pmall ones add anything to the beauty of the possessor, notwith tanding their singularity.
The office where I am writing is built agains: $t$ :e side of the mountain, a piece of which had to be cut out to make ennffcient level ground for it. The top of the mountain is more than a mile from here, and would take a long time to ascend. The ravine is abont one hundred yards below, and so steep that the roof of the storehouse is some yards below the level of the floor of the office, and the roof of the stable is on a level with the floor of the storevery romantic and perbapa pretty in a picture, but rather inconvenient for business and trying to one's wind.
To compeneate in a slight degree for these inconveniences, we have some very lovely views close by. One in particular, a deep gorge overtopped by a-series of immense precipices of porphyritic rock, clothed with luxuriant vegetation, down which a lovely stream of sweet water plunges in a series of small cascades. Several very beautiful pictures might be made of this spot by varying the point of view, but it would require the talentinof a gopd artist to give anything like an idea of its sublime heanty.
The Land We Livis In came to hand regularly up to the June number, since which date I have not received any.
I have not mentioned the climate of this district. It is very pleasant, neither hok. nor cold. I have no thermiometer, so cannot give you any precise information as to. the temperature, but I am sorry to say it. is slightly malarial and quite debilitating to ne themers especially.
I shall be glad to hear from you, and with kind regards to all acquaintonces, I am
very truly yours,
Numad.
An advertisement in our columns calls Attertion / to the merits of the "Monroe Ink Erasing Pencil." It is indispensable in every well regulated family, and in every place of business where ink is used. It is a bonanza for agents. Write to the bublishers of this paper for particulars.

## THE LAND WE LIVE IN.



To our Subscribers and the Public.
Only those who have tried it know the difficulties which attend the publication of a class journal. In this province it is almost inpossible to publish one which will adhere closely to any particular class lins with any prospect of pecuniary success, hence we have been obliged to introduce under the title of descriptive articles a gread deal of matter which would be for eign to an exclusively sporting journal. That Canada should be able and willing to suppport a paper devoted entirely to the interests of sportzmen goes without saying, but it don't do it, and we question much if such a publication could be made a pecuniary success unless the publisher had capital enoughto back him while he educated those more particularly interested, to the neeessity of supporting it, and when speak ingol those interested we do not alone refer to the'rod and gun fraternity, but to those whom they benefit. Rallway and steamboat corporations, hotel keepers and dealers in sportsmen's supplies are those who der:ve the greateat pecuniary benefit from the nomadic sportsman, and they should contribute most liberally to the advertising columns of such a journal, as it mainly on the revenue derivable from this. source that the publisher must base his prospects of success. Of course, in the interests of the advertiser, it is essential that the paper should have a fair circulation, and that more than the amount of the subscription is the object of the publisher in endeavo, ing to add to his subscription list, as in many cases the aggregate amount of subscriptions does not pay the actual cott of paper and printing. Recognizing this fact, and that the advertising apace is sparsely filled during the winter months, The American Angler, New York, the leading journal of its class in America, has "closed down" on its weekly issue, and with its October number commenced the publication of the Angler as a monthly, to be increased by eupplementary editions during the summer months if circumstances appear to requine it. While thanking our friends and patrons for the excep
tionally large subscription list which we enjoy, we feel that we are entitled to a great deal more advertising patronage than we have succeeded in securing, particularly local patronage. Outsiders form an opinion of the enterprise of a locality from the advertising columns of its local papers, for it has become a recognized fact that the individual who does not believe in the efficacy of printer's ink is a long way behind the times, and cannot compete successfully srith thoze who let the world know what they have to dispose of -and after nearly four years of experience in the publication of The Land We Live In, we can flatter ourselves on having secured a pretty good footho'd in many outside localitiea, in addition to a more than a verage local circulation. Those who have seen our mailing list, and every one may see it, and welcome,-have expressed surprise thin our circulation should be so general, considering the courparatively'short period that our journal has been in existence. Now, we know from the complimentary letters we are receiving from all quarters that our publication is appreciated amongst a claiz of readers whose good opinion we appreciate, and that many of our subscribers preserve each number for reference, and that although we have offered much more than the original cost to secure back files of the paper for recent wubscribers, we have been unable to secufe them. Advertisers and intending advertisers should make a note of this. It happens very frequently that parties see something advertised which they do not happen to want at the time, but when they do. it is a great satisfaction to them to be able to place their hands on the paper containing the advertisement. Our personal experience enables us to speak feelingly on this point. Another thing to which we are obliged to reter, and we do so with regret, is the fact that a large amount is due us in the way of subscription arreare. Quite a number have regeived the paper from the commencemeut, and failed to remit any part of the subscription. We know they are perfectly good for it, and with some the anount is considered so paltry that they do not think the want of it canees us any inconvenience, bnt they forget that the aggreagte amount of these small items is an important matter to us. Rather than subject them to any annojance we have seriously encroached on other sources of income to keep our paper running, much to our own discomfort and to the detriment of those dependent on us. It is now of almost vital importance to us and the contifuation of our publication that these arrears should be colleeted, and we sincerely hope and trust those of our subscribers who receive an intimation of the amount of their in-
debtedness will not delay in remitting us the amount. The alacrity with which they respond will govern our actions in the preparation of our Christmas number. which we hope to make in every way an improvement ar alf previous isenes. Else whese in this issue we offer most liberal inducements to those tho will pay up all arrears and their renewal subseription for. 1 the current year, as well ae to new subscribers, and hope that these wiil be an incentive to our friends and the public generally to assist us in continuing the publication of the Land We Live in to ultimate pecuniary success, and place it in a position which will reflect eredit on its patrons and supporters. It is a sine qua non to the continued publication of this journal that our present subscribers should respond to this appeal without any unnecessary delay.

In its issue of the 2nd inst. the Gazette, of this city, publishes a lengthy editorial which is entitled, "A Few Words on Temperance and Purity." It commences by publishing a letter addressed to the Secretary of the United Lodges of Gloucester and Albert, of the $S$ ons of Er.gland Benevolent Society, which its editor appears to think was intended to cast personal reflections on himself. We understand that the society is a secret one, and it is quite evident from the nature of $i t$, that the writer of the letter did not intend it for publica tion, nor that the orthographical and gram matical errors should have been pointed out to the public through the mediun of a newspaper editorial. We question the propriety of such a course, to say nothing of the secrecy which is supposed to attach to the proceedings of such societies, or the wisdom of the editor in airing his personai grievances by way of an editorial. We have been for years connected with secret eocieties, but we fail to recall an instance in which any of the proceedings or communications pertsining to the society were given to the press or the public without a resolution to that effect. The portion of the editorial which refers to temperance, is appropriate and to the point, but the Gazette regrets the fact that in Sberbrooke young men of some position and a little education rather glery in indulging in vices which can barely be alluded to. While crediting this journal with being "edited by a man of considerable ability," it accuses it of making more than a passing reference to the evil and maxing capital out of $i t$, and insinuates tha! our "line of action gives rise to the suggestion that for ten cents a nonth it is willing to open peep holes in a poppet show of pruriency." We thank the Gazette for its recognition of the "considerable ability" which it
credits the editor of this journal with, and will go "one better" by referring to its editor as a "man of A-VERY considerable ability," besides acknowledging the benefits we have derived through the curiosity of its readers inducing them to invest in the Webster's Unabridged Dictionaries , which we offer as a premium to new subscribers. The Gazette anwittingly en dorses our action by referring to an individual who bore a "rather shady reputation as to his dealings with the other sex," and who was refused an invitation to a party at her house by a lady who said, "I do not open the front door of my house to any gentleman who sneaks in at the back door." We claim that our remarks anent the vices referred to were of such a general application as to excite the prurience of the female community, with the result that the -s shady reputation" of certain individuals in their dealinge with the other eex became known, and that these individuals could be admitted by the front or back door, or, both, or refused admission, at the option of the "lady of the house." . However, as the remarks of our contemporary are only expressive of an opinion as far as ouraction is concerned, we shall let the matter drop, consoling ourselvas with the reflection that Even doctors differ, and that the editor of the Gazette is " nothing if not critical."
-
Our reporter has discovered that an isolated house on a prominent thoroughfare Jeading into as well as out of this city, and on the outskirts thereof, is partly occupied by a ra'her attractive grass widow, and that until lately, when a slight denouement took place, a certain gentleman with whom we are to some extent familiar, has visited the place at different hours of the day and night, on which occasions his business appears to bave been altogether with the lady in question. He mustn't do so " never, no more," and when we tell him that "walls have ears," he will probably surmise what we mean. Besides, we havechad an inkling that if bis visits are continued, his wife will be made cognizant of the fact. Now, as only one individual is referred to here, we hope that balf a dozen will not consider it necessary to call upon us and "acknowledge the corn," with a request to " let them down eaqy."

Mr. J. J. Burbeck, of this city, spent the Tast day of the open trout fishing deason (Sept. 30th) on-the Moe's River, and se. cured a fine basket of tront weighing from . 1 l b . to 1 ll . each. They wers all caught on the loner two miles of the river.

We have much pleasure in calling attention to the adv. of H. A. Carhart, engraver, Syracuse, N. Y., in another column. Mr. Carbart has done considerable work for this paper, and we can vouch for the excellence of his work and his very reasonable charges. Similar work done in New York city has cost us usually a third more. Those in want of advertising cuts would obtain most satisfactory results by communicating with Mr. Carhart, 30 Snow Building, Syracuse, who will submit designs for their approval.
M. Pamphile Birun, of this city, caught a maskinonge' at Lake Aylmer, the early part of this month, which measured 3ft. int. in length and weighed 22 pounds. He was caught with minnow bait, and the rod used was a birch sapling, without reel, and with an ordinary line and hook. The truth of this statement can be vouched for by well known residents of this city, who happened to be there when the fish. was caught. About the same time last year a son of Mr. Biron caught four fish one day at Lake Aylner which weighed 48 pounds.
Those individuals who so indastriously circulated a report that this paper had been ruppressed on account of what they were pleased to consider sensational items, which appeared in the last two or three issues, are advised in their uwn interesta, to exercise a little caution in future. It is bad enough for them to display their ig. norance, without rendering themselves liable for damages in circulating malicious reports.

Messrs. Bishop \& Brown have opened a firtt class fish stall and'green grocers' shop in the basement of the City Hall building on the market-place, where they will keep a choice assortment of all varieties of fiah in season, Caraquet, Malpeque and St. Lucian oysters, etc. Those in want of anything in their line should give them a call.

The Pagtime Package contains Chess and Checker Boards, Dominoes, Nine Men Morris, Game of Fox and Geese, Myatic Age Tablet, Game of Fortuae, Improved Game of Ferfeit, Language of Flowers, Moree Telegraph Alphabet, Game of Authors, Pantomime, Shadow, Buff, The 'Clairvoyant, Album Writere' Friend, 50 Conundrums or Riddles, 13 Magical Experiments, 11 Parlor Games, Magie.Music, Game of Letters; ete., only 12cts. Muiled prepaid. Address this office.

We heva to apolacise for the isene of our journal. Our printere have had iseue of our journal. Oar printer have had necesitated alterations in, and saditions to their plant and machinery, and although the mester contained in this issue has been several days in type, it has been imposible to sooner complete the press worls and Anish up of the paper. Under the circumanances we have thought it advisable to amalgamate the Ootober and November is sues and publist them as one number, and thus be ensh ed to issue our December num. her on time. Our anbseribers will lose ninth. Ing by thin "drinbling up," as October, and November illi ount an one number only. We Rhall endeavor to make our December and January iskues more than ordinarify attrarifre, ind with thif viey solfcit the afe patrong.

There is a steadily increasing demand for Oxirn, the Great Nervé Food, amongat those acquainted with its merits in cases of insomania and nervousness. It is a wonderful invigorator, and makes an elderly person feel ten years younger. By mail, 40 cents per box.

Erastus Wimsn, Eeq., 314 B:oadway, New York, has our thanks for a paniphlet entitled "Imposesibility of Canadian Annexation," in which he trents this subject at conalderable length, Ktrongly ad vocating such a commercial union as unrestricted reciprocity would afford between the United States and Canada. We make the following extract :
" My position in this matter is simply this: That annexation is unnecessary, is undesirable and is impossible. It is unnecessary, because all that annexation would achieve co, far as trade and com merce is concerned, wouta be effectually achieved by unrestricted reciprocity. A commercial union such as unrestricted reciprocity would afford, instead of a political union, is all that is needed to open up a market continental in its extent for the manufactures of this country. It equally opens up supplies of raw material more productive of prosperity in the United States than anything else just now neaded. Of all thinge it opens up territory for the accommodation of the emigration that is pouring in upon us, and which such scenes of that at Oklahona in the current week show there is no more room for. The ' land hunger' which these scenes it dicate flows the need of wider areas, especially wheat-producing territory. No one thing in all the category of events possible to happen, would be of greater advantage than to bave the 1,000 miles equare of wheat-bearing territory in Canada to the north of Minnesota and Dakota flled with enigrants who wonld be resdy-made customers of the Upited States."

The Ladies' Newspaper Word Contest closed on the 15 th Sept. We were successful to the extent of a silver bake dish, valued at $\$ 16$. The Ladies' Newepaper Co. is prompt in announcing and forswarding prizes, which is more than we can say. for some other companies whioh une this method of increasing their subsoription lists.

We will send the Novelty World an 8 page monthly paper pablished at Lowell, Mass., to any new subscriber, or advance paying renewal subscriber to The Land We live In, as a free gift tor one year. An acceptance of this offer must accompany the subscription.

Vade Mecum, pubifthed by'F. F. Oakley, Salina, Kansas, at 50 cents, per year,continues to be ore of our most acceptable. exchanges. It feariessly attacks and exposes all Frauds, Swindlers and Humbugs, and there are very many persons who might be saved ten times the coet by subscribing; for it. 'We know this from porsonal experience. A glance at its columns has eaved us from depositing money in banks "Whereon the wild thyme blows." In its Sept. issue it passes some remarks on a certain Montreal " word contest" paper', and on the members of a certuin firm which formerley existed is Toronto, of hoth of which we have had some personal knowledge. We will furnish a year's subscription free to new subscribers to this journal or to advance paying renewal subscribers, who remit direct to this Office enclosing 25 cents additional.

Canada, Benton, New Brunswick, \$1. per year, Continues to increase in interest and helps to foster our interest in this land we live in. The September issue contains: the concluding chap er of "Head or Heart,"" by Maude L. Radford, a chapter so expressive and affecting that we ahnost wish that we hadn't reached the end,-or that it had a different ending ; "A Memory," of Carillon, on the Ottawa River; A third chapter of "Montcalm and French Canada;"A continuation of "The White Cottage, or Fortunes of a Boy-Emigrant in Canada," by Mrs. S. A. Curzon; "Surprise," a poem, by the editor; "The Flowers," a stanza by J. H. Chant; " The Mother," by William Wilfred Campbell, with sketch of the Author's works, from. "Wives and Daughters," London, Ont; "A Canadian Heroine," by Edmund Collins; Editorial noter, \&c. Clubbed with The Land We Live In to new subscribers only, for \$1, to renewal adrance paying subscribers, $\$ 1.50$.

In its' September issue Everybody'sJournal, says :-
In our judgment the latest number of The Land We Live In, (Sherbrooke, Quebec,) excels all other publications cf its kind as well as its own past numbers.
Thanks! We consider your judgment an excellent one, Bro. Snyder, and one which cannot be reversed by new trials.

The following publications have been denied the privilege of the Canadian mails. on account of the immoral influence of the. advertisements they publish: American Fireside and Farm, The American Homestead, The American Household Journals, The American Clttage Home, all printed at


VIEW OF NIAGARA FALLS.-AMERICAN SIDE.

- Jersey City, N. J. ; The Police Gazette, Our Country Home, The Welcome Friend, The Illustrated Companion, all published at New York; The Home, published at Boeton, Mass. ; The Saturday Blade, published at Chicago ; and Comfort, Golden Moments, Vickery's Fireside Visitor, Happy Hours, Sunshine, Hearth and Home, all published at Augnetn, Maine. Such publications as the abore are $n$ curse to the homes of our country, and it ie to be hoped that the commeudable step. taken by our Post Office authorities will have the effect of very largely diminishing their circulation in this country. Of course they will be brought in by other meane, but we trust that the eyes of parents will be opened, and that they will prevent the papers in the above lint from bringing their defiling influence into our Canadian homes. The land has been flooded with this trash, and it is about time for the food to find an outlet.-From." Canada," for September.

We have no dearth of writers in Canada, although many of our best have gone where they could find the market for the product of their brains and hearts which their own country denies them. If such a market were to arise, most of these would come back to us. Bpt we have still in Canada a numbef of names that would be an honour to any coun'ry, and if our people would evidence the re. lity of their patriotism by subscribing for and inducing ollers to subscribe for such puolications as The Week, The Dominion Illustrated, The Land we Wiee In, and Canada, the publishers would be enabled to empluy all our best writers at home. To du this, they muet have a large cirgulation. If our people want CanADA so the equal of the leading American and Englieh magazinef, they can have it eo; it rests wholly with them. Subcribe and canvass for the magazine, take as much interest in its success as the dilor does, who has no private ends to serk in its publication, and you will soon have a magazine that the whole Dominion will be「proud of.-From' ${ }^{\circ}$ Cunada" for September.

We have received from W.. D. Boyce, $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{q}$, publisher of the Suturday Blade and Chicago Ledger, a beautifully illustrated catalogue, showing interior views of his extensive printing establishment, interpersed with exquisite half tone engravings of works of art, one "of which is from a painting ly Bryson of "Pyeche by the Seaside," and is a perfect gem of artistic beauty. A very characteristic engraving is one etyled "The Man that Don't Believe in Adverlising," a d from the seedy
appearance of the individual one could a lmost guess at the title. The circulation of the two papers referred to is over $300,-$ 000, and we see that Mr. Boyce has instituted an action for damages against Geo. P. Rowell \& Co., New York, for underrating his circulation in their "American Newepaper Directory." The circulation of the Saturday Blade has increased from $\mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0}$ in Jany., 1889, to $\mathbf{2 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ in Oct., 1891.

The October issue of Canada contains, amongst other racy and interesting matters, "Sban McGann's Toboggan Slide," by Gilbert Parker ; "Una in the Wilderness," by Thos. C. Robson; "The Heart on the Sleeve," by Pastor Felix; "The Waterman," by Mathew Richley Knight ; Chap. IV. of "The White Cottage," by Mrs S. A. Curzon ; and Biographical Sketches of Francis Blade Crofton, Provincial Librarian of Nova Scotia, and J. M. Lemuine, F.R.S.C, of Quebec; also a short article, "On the Gatineau," descriptive of an iucident connected with the early history of that district. In a few years volumes of Canada and The Land We Life In will form admirable reference books for matters connected with the early histors, growth and progress of various parts of the Dominior, and we can furnish a a year's subscription to both for $\$ 1.50$, or to strictly new eubscribers who subscribe between now and lat January next. for $\$ 1.00$.

Many of our subscribers will notice that we are placing facilities in their way for the transmission of their subscriptions, and we hope they will not hesitate to " catch on."

## NEW TIME TABLE.

The Quebec Central Railway will adopt winter time table on Monday November ind. On that day the express train will leave Sherbrooke at 8.00. 2.m, arriving at Quebec $2.3^{\circ}$ p.m, Returning, express will leave Quebec at $\mathrm{r} .30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., arriving at Sherbrooke 8.00 p.m. The night train service will be discontinued for the winter months.

## A Beautlful Souvenir.

Splendid illustratione, supplements, literary features and artistic arrangement; beautiful engravinge, charming stories, sketches and poemp, wit and hnmour, in delightful combination in the Chrietmas number of the Dominion Illustrated for 1891. No expense will be spare to make it the most magnificent holiday souvenir ever issued in Canada. Published by the Sabiston Litho. \& Pub. Co., Montreal.

Dickens' Complete Works and the Iand We Live In, 1 year only $\$ 1.60$

Iu translating from "En Racontant" by J. U. Gregory, Esq., certain articles which appeared in our June and July issues our translator made severalmost absurd and ridiculous blunders for which we trust the author will accept our most ample apologies, and that his friends will saddle the dame where it belonge, on our translator. An implicit confidence in the ability of our translator to render a faithful translation prevented us from giving the matter the personal attention we should have done and for this we express our sincere regret.

## The World's Columbian Exposition, Illustrated.

Is the only established organ entirely devoted to the interests of the Worid's Columbian Expositsa. It is published monthly, commencing with February, 1891. No library will be complete without it. The illustrations are in half tone, and the finest enameled paper is used. Euch number will contain 32 pages, 11 xl6. Every six issues will form a volume. The subsecription price is $\$ 3$ a year, or 25 cts . a month. Yearly or monthly subscriptions may be sent to the publishers of The Land We Live In, Sherbrooke, Que., or to Jas. B. Campbell, preaident and general manager, 218 LaSalle street, Chicayo, Ill. Get all back uumbere, and have every six succeeding issues haudsomely bpund. You will then have a complete illustrated history of the Great Exposition, and you and your children will be able to Revinw the Great Fair iu years to come. Sample copies can be seen at the office of this journal. Beautifully bound vole. supplied at $\$ 2.75$ per vol. As soon as the interests of thegColumbian Exposition demand it, the pullication will iasne semi. monthly, und during the six months of the Exposition, May to November, 1893, it will be issued weekly, when the annual rate will be advanced. Suhacribers remitting $\$ 8$ before January, 1892 , will receive a copy of every isane of the paper from its first number (Febwe, 1891), until the close of the Fuir in 1893.

Do not fail to call at th's office, and subscribe for the World's Columbian Expositson Illustrated, the only authentic organ oi the World's Fair. Subscriptions reczived from month to month, or by the year, or untif the close of the Fair in 1893. Copies may be seen at this office.

It will pay you to become a subscriber to The Land We Live In, for the premiums alone, some of which could not be obtained for the price at which we offer paper and premiums.

There is nothing a canvassing agent can handle so profitably as the Ink Erasing Pencil advertised in another columi.

## DON'T MISS THIS

As an encouragement to those of our subscribers who are in arrears for subscriptions and with. a view of establishing our jour-nal on a better cash basis,' we will send absolutely free and postpaid to every subscriber to THE Land We Live In, who pays up all arrears, and renews his or her subscription for the current year, twenty-five (25) standard novels by distinguished authors, such as Wilkie Collins, Geo. Eliot, Chas. Dickens, Mary Cecil Hay, Florence Marryatt, Mrs. Henry Wood. M. F. Caldor, Hugh Conway, Sylvanus Cubb, jr., Amanda M. Douglas, Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, "The Duchess," B. L. Fargeon, Miss M. E. Braddon, H. Rider Haggard, and others, who have achieved notoriety in the literary world ; or. to those who prefer them, we will send free and postpaid, either "Ooopers Leather Stocking Tales," one vol. consisting of The Deerslayer, the Pathfinder, The Last of the Mohicans, The Pioneers, and The Prairie; or "Six Great Books for Rural Homes," consisting of The Standard American Poultry Book, The American Live Stock Manual, Everybody's Lau Book, Condensed Cyclopcedia of Useful Knowledge, Modern Cook Book and Medical Guide, and Artistic Embroidery. This offer extends to new subscribers as well, so that where three or four subscribers in any locality club together, each availing himself of different offers, or choosing different sets of novels, they, can secure a supply of first. class interesting and instructive reading matter, sufficient to last them through the ensuing winter, and provide literary pabulum for their respective families. These novels were originally pablished at prices ranging from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 2$ each. Now is the time to. take advantage of this unparalleled offer, which will only be ex-tended to the close of the present. year.


We have a few copies of "The Magic Wand and Medical Guide," which we will mail to any address for $5 c$ cents each.


## SPARKS FROM TOMMY'S PEN.

The Worldy Smart Man Gets it Right and Left-Perfection is All Right in Butter and Fere-We Make Mistakes, So Do Others.
Young man, when you get eo smart that you have nothing left to learn, the beat place for you would be on a book shelf in one of "Carnegie's free libraries." And when you get so cunning that we can never catch you napping, the best place for you is among the stuffed owls in the National Mureum. The world has no need of such fossils outside of caves and archæological collections. What a dried. up channel is to a landecape, such to the world he lives in, is a worldly-smart nature which has become invulnerable to a sensation and iscapable of a mistake or an esthusiasm.

He bas outgrown his chief charm who has ourgrewn his freshnese ; and he has become a mere petrifection who has attainediunto a state wherein he is unassailable by the blunders to which other men
nuccumb. We don't need such weople any more than full-mooned Augther night needs signalights. Better fall down once in a while than to get so ossified that you can't even bend yourself out of the perpendicular.
-I know perfection is all right in bulter and eggs, but a man to ber a good comrade wantsenongh of the imperfection of human nsture left to hin to render himaelf capable offrentocasional blunder. I would ratherdive with the Statue of Liberty, on Bedloe's Ifland, then attempt to dwell with a person who has outlived the possibility of being "taken in," or has soared above the weakness of once in a while taking a leap without kuowing exuctly where be is going to land. Why, bless your heart, my dear, the man who always looks before he jumpa, mirees a fine tumble in the clover! Yes, antohildren playing logether in the haymow, would mise the best elixir of their sport if they measured every distance and computed the safety of every risk. And life, a good part of it anyway, is nothing more than he venture of children romping in the
dark. A preternaturally wise child and a smart man make poor comrades in eitber play or work.

What gives childhood its first aud great est chara . What more, than ite'freehness -ard its capacity to enjoy a delusion? When the child outgrows its belief in Santa Claus and fairy tales, it ceases to have the nature of a child, and the wiser it gets and the further from the humbuggeries of youth the more of that belief it loeen, until it becomes like too many of us older cranks, a withered old corn stalk, with neither dew nor bloseom left upon it. When wi pray for pure hearts, let us add to our petition from now on, that in the grind and turmoll of sordid living we. may all preserve a títle of the "greenness" of life's springtime in our-nature. Keep us, good Lord, from too much conceit in our own cunntige. Help us now and then to take the attitude of little children. Make singing birds of us rather than sly old foxes, shrube of living verdure rather than dusty specimens mucilaged inside of a herbar-ium.-Tommy Mice in the Homestead, Pa.,: News Boy.

"Good mornin, Pather 1 Excuse mo Pather for callin' yon Pather, but sure didn't I know you afore you wor Misther CootJoor? Yes indeed I did so I did" "That's all right Malligan. It's market fees I'm after now, not names, an' if you were to call me an extortionate owld pather, it would't hurt my feelin's a bit, so take the hint and be ferlin' for yer ten, cents." "Och! Its' that yer dbrivin' as, is it. Faith I'm that mortial cowld that I cau't feel tin cinte." -6 It's not tin cepts I want, its' a ten cent silver coin I want, but I s'pose you left it over at the Magog House as you came by." "Tbat I may niver sin Pather, but I've the greatest mind to give you the lie, so I have. The sorrs a shtop I had since I left home, except to shoot these two patridges the other side of the Kay Brook, and to wather the owid horse down by the Brewery. Here's a quarther! Take it.out of that Pather! Bad ceas t'ye for insinuatin' that I sthopped at the Magog !" "Don't got mad, Mr. Mulligan! I didn't say what yon stopped at the Magog for." "Bud scran t'ye, I tell ye I didn't shtop !" "I didn't suy yon did." -"No faith, I don't b'lerve ye caid it in as many words but je insinuated it, an' that's worse nor sayin' it." "Berel stop yeur jawin' you two, till I see jf I can't buy them partridges. I suppose thes'ra shot full ot lead to make them weigh." "W Well they're not Mr. Presby. You'll not fied a mark on them below the neck, so you won't. I've , hot too many patridges not to know betther - hor that so I have. I'll howid you the price of a noggin' that it's the thruth I'm tellin' yau, an' no lie, an' by the same token you can have thim fur fifty oente, or lave thim. There's plenty 'Il be glad to git thim at that, but by the powers Misther Presby, there's not a man in the City I'd soonar see atin' thim than yersilf, I thank jel Misther Presby:- Now jnat take thim down to yer picther aloon ans"git some miofoinhit shports. man to howld thim till you take a picther ol him, 80 he can show his frinds that bo's the divil an' all to shoot: I'll howld ye, ye'll make mony out of the copies ha'll want."
"What's that silver cup that Spearing has on exhibition in his window orer there?" $\because$ Ob; that's a cup won by the 53rd Batt, for proficieney in drill or something of that kind, I don't think it has any name as yet." ."Haen't ay? Well I would snggent that it be named Stirrup Oup, as exemplifying the proficiency of some of its officers in connection with equestrian performiances," "How's that ?" "Why they gny, at the Quebec camp, one of them had a chair provided, to assist him in monntip, and another got a spill from his horse in the street." . CO h that's nothing! Perhaps some of that smugsled Whiskey may have been at the bottom of it"
*Hello ! Didymus?" " Bello yourself!" " What do you think of the verdict of acquittal rendered in that case of Boaculien for murdcr." "Thing! I think the jury ought
to be indicted for high trotasn, in conspiring against Her Majesty, Her Crown and Dignity, by rendering such a verdict" "Well, perhaps that would be going farther thinn the cirenmetances would warrant, but no sand man who heard the evidence, can gay thit the ferdict was in actordance with that evidence. ${ }_{2}-$
"Non, "M'eiet! no for dat. Dat jury she'll be 'fraid dat ef she'll say dat man she'll mek le meurtre, she'll come hang fo' sure. She'll be one Franchman, she'll don' stan' no show, fo' su'. She'll be hang all-asam' lek Blanchard et Lamontagne. Oui, c'est prai. Riel, par ex imple Hang Franchman every tam. .Fo su' no bang H'anglceshman lek dat" "Well no, I'll grat yqu that, Baptiste. Bat do you know why?" "Non, M'sieu, sais pas." "Well its bucause there aint so many Englishmaen that deserve hangiag." "Oh you sacré dam. M'sieu Merrill! You know mors bettare dan dst. Planty H'angleesh-man all-a-sam bad luk one tres mauvais Franchman. Nevare min' M'sieu Merrill, no use for parler wit you, fo' su'. You one dam Yankee. Mak de nutmeg en bois hey? Le jumbon en poplar, hey? Heat le ponkin pie, hey? all-a-sam lek one hog, one cochon, par exemple. B a gosh me n'eat ma $p$ eeg, hon the punkin." "Pheg're a darned sight better'n pea soup, angwar. No wonder they call you a peasouper. Bit see here Baptistel You hurry upo and sell them thar blood poddin's $o^{\prime}$ yourn, an' get that bottle o' whiskey 'at you uso Sunday's in place ov holy water, an' git bomo afure night overtakes you, or tho ole woman 'Il dose the whiskey so you woult-get much comfort out'n it to-morrnw sure." "'Tonnerre! Guess dats so Mreu Merrill. Boudin / Boudin! Bien bon boudin! Douze cents le liore! Mek heem wase'f. Planty pork, planty ognon, avec le sang fraiche, goot blood, fo' $\mathrm{sn}^{\prime}$, c'est vrai Douze cento la liver. Twall cents par popad. Je vend à bon marchia: Másell sheep, fo' su'." "Sell sheepl Youdgughhead it's blowd puddin 's yor settiu' or 'tryiu' to sell, fol no one can onderstan' auch gibherish as yon'ro geitin: off:" "Nover min' me, Mgieu Mespf:. Yoyj don' seo me tek le monnaid lek the, hiost. Merci Madame
 Merci! You ducangile heem mo' bettare dan dat, alnt it? Un autre chaland, M'sien Merrill! Anoder custom'. Ten poun' oui. Yes Bir ' One dollur an' twanty cent. Merci Msicu!. Tank you! Wot for you can'say notinght mo' you h'ole ponkio, M'sieu Murrill, bey? Yo go bome get yoursouper wieu Merrill! Votre the! Your ten, wot yon call, all-asam lek Hirishman, irlandais, she'li say, one quart de beaw,-watare, wot you call, mek heeg bouillir, se diminuter, for mpl heem cont otrong, bien fort, oui. - Bon soir mon amif Bein soir Xaticu Merrill."

## For Over-Fifty Yome.

Mrs. Wrisgiow's Soothing SYRUP hds been dren while teething mifters for their chiland broken of your rest disturbed at night fering and orsing reat by a sick child sufsend at once ond wet a pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Wining. It will relieve the for Chiidren Teethimmediately. Dapend poor litile sufferer there is no mistate about it. it, mothers, rhose, regulates the \& cares Wind Colic, foftens the Gums and ros duces Infammethon, and gives tone reenergy to therthole dind gives tone and slow B Soothing Sgrup" for children " Wining is pleamant to the taste and is the teethcripilon of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurges in the United female Price twenty-ive cents a bottie. Gold-by all drugglets ihroughout the world. Be sure and gik for MHS. WINSLO W'S BOOTHING EYRUP.

## A GREAT INK FRASER.

The following is a copy of a letter received by the Monroe Eraser Co. from its San Francisco Agent :

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Opfice or W. M. Taibotr, } \\
\text { General Agent for High Grade } \\
\text { Novelties, } 320 \text { Hayes St. } \\
\text { Sas Franorsco, Apl. } 20,91 .
\end{array}\right.
$$

Gentlemen :-Please ship me 10 gross Erasers, assorted sizes, in one two dozen agents outfit cases per week until notified further. From the first week I commenced handling the erasing pencil my sales have averaged 6 gross and 7 dozen per week, up to date. By 30 or 60 days more I am satisfied my orders will be for not less than 20 gross per week. I have been eight years in agency business, and am familiar with about all novelties on the market during that time, and I must say I have never as yet seen any novelty to compare with your invention as a seller or money maker.
It is something that no office man for any person that uses ink will be without after chey have seen it operate. All A. ask now is that you fill orders prowptly, and I will sell the goods.

Yours respectfully,
W. M. TAlbott.

The following is in reply to a letter asking for information respecting the Monroe Ink Eraser advertised in another column. The name of the correspon lent is purposely withtheld:

Office of Consulting Phyaician and Medical Electrician, the De Groot Electro-Medical Institute, 66 Lib erty Street, New York.

New York, March 19, 1891.
Dast Nadame. I am at length able to writeits concerning the matter of the Monreffatent Chemical Ink-Erasing Pencil. You inquire as to whether it is what it is represented to be, and as to whether an agency would pay. I answer both questions affirthacively. It will eraee French copying, inerasible and non-fading ink-a feat impossible to accomplish with any other chemical of which I know. It does it, moreover, without injuring the paper in the least.

You can take an ägency conécientionaly. I have persohally solicited the connpany's "terms to agent.s," and find them both fair and reasonable.

I have no acquaintance with the company.

## Truly yours,

W. H. Morse, M.D.

Anyone sending us March, 1891 copies of this paper with address, will receive other satisfactory reading matter in exchange.
$\Delta$ blue crose opposite this paragraph signifies that your subscription expires wity this number. We shall be pleased to have it renewed.



We have more applications by mail for Sample Copies than all the journals of the Province of Quebec (South of the St. Lawrence)
FUTT 「ロOGFTFIER.
A. considerable Circulation is created from this source alone, and the ordering of these sample copies is a

## GOOD GUARANTEE

that they will be read from beginning to end. Your advertisement in

# THE LAND WE LIME IN 

Cannot Escape Notice,
D. THOMAS \& CO., Publishers, Sherbrooke, Que.

## WOOD AND PHOTO <br> ENGRAMINGS

AT LOWEST PRICES.
Send for apecimens. Good and quick work. ELECTROTYPING AND PRINTING.
H. A.CARHART,
tf
Symage, N.Y.

## FOR SALE.

- A valuable farm in the 7th Range of Bary. on lots Nos. 6 and 7 . containing 150 acres of land, Funning water to barns, 100 acres nnder cultivation. Convenient to Rallways, Brhools and Churches. Price \$1800, with liberul terme of payment. Good huniling and fishing in the immediate vicinity.
D. THOMAS \& CO., Agents.


## THE BELLEVUE HOUSE. sherbrcoke, que.

Furnishes first class accommodation to per manent or transient guegte, and ta situated at corner of Terrace Btreet. and Market Gquare, conver:ient to Poat Omce Banka and Court House. 1 able and bat sopplied, ath the bent of everythinglo their line. Particular attention paid to sportsmes. In conve. nient proximily to gtutions of the Grand Trunz, Quebec Central. Boston and Maine, and Canadiun Pacific Railways. Sportsmen'g supplies of all kinds in close prozimity.
$\$ 1.50$ per day to transient guents.

## DR. ORDWAY'S Improved Plasters. whu coas

Rheumatiam, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lame Back or Side, Neuralgia, Cramps, Lung, and all Bronchial Troubles, Sprains, Pleurisy, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Kid; ney Disease, Heart Disease, Sore or Weak Eyes, and Female Weakness, in a short time. NO REMEDY
Ever introduced on this continent, has met with such Sianal Success.
Out of several hundred sold in Canada, we know of only two cases, where they failed to relieve, and these were cases of muscular rheumatism sherbrooke references.
L. A. Dastous, sciatifa; James Cuzner, inflammatory rheumatism; P. W Nagle, lame back; John MoMa us sciattca: R D MorD. Thomas, incipient pne

We guarantee these Plasters to relleve every cate for which they are recommended, if used as directed. or will refand the amonnt pald.
By mall, - - 28 conts.
D. THOMAS \& CU., Genl. Agts., Sherbrojke

NEW TYPERGITERS! INTERNATIONAL
'Nos. 1 and 2.


Warranted Indestructable Alignment.
No. 1 has capital shift and key-board nearly like the Remington No. 2 .

The : New No. 2 is a double key-board machine. These machines are the most beautiful in appearance, and efficient in execution of all the numerous competitors in the typewriting field.

## PRICE.

Either Style Key-Board; \$100.00.
A beautiful line of Cabinets always on hand. Seeond-hand machines taken in exchange, and for sale.

WANTED-A good, smart man in every citp, town and hamlet throughout the entire world, to act as our local agent; our terms to agents are the most liberal of any in the typewriting field.

Manufactured by the

## PARISH M'F'G. CO.,

 PARISH, ~ ~ NENK YORK Address all correspondence to
## W. T. BROWNRIDGE,

 superviser of agents.
## 2 PARK SQUARE,

## BOSTON $_{s}=$ MASS.

10.CHNTTS drivery pays ror your arrectory" which gharess 10 the "Agents' DiUnited States, and yon wirling all over in samplet, circulars, bou will get hundreas zines, etc., from those ho spapers, marou Will get lots of good reading free, and be well pleased with the small investment. List containing name sent to earh perton. $15 \mathrm{r} \quad 94$ Heyward st., Brcoklyn, N Y
Jenny Junc's Practical Cook Beok. - An establiabhed furorite in thousends. of families. The recipes in it are all the result of practical $\mathcal{P}$ experiience, and there is beside a useful chapter oi recipes for dishes of Hebrew ramcirefully tested reotipth, embracing all the popular dishes and the beet results of inodern science reduced to simple and practical form. Cloth. St.00 Illaterated.
D. THO vas \& CO., Pabliphers, Sherbrooke

25 complete Novels, free by msil to any reader of this journal, who will send us 81 and the name of a new subscriber.

The Ladies Interested in the Distribution of $\$ 1,500.00$ !
A Spirit of Friendly Rivalry Stirred Up 1The Ladies Alive to the Great Importance of the UndertaldingI!

The ladies of Canada are delighted; husbands note with pleasure smiling faces of wives and daughters; indeed, the whole conntry is stirred up with a pleasurable excitement.

It simply amounts to this,--that the manofacturers of the celebrated and nniver-- illy used Diamond Dyes have inaugurated a grand competition, acheme ktown as the "Dlamond Dye Competition" which is froely thrown open to every mother, wife and dagghter of our broad Dominion.

No less a sum than $\$ 1,500,00$ will de diftribated to the mothers, wives and daugbters of Canda, in first, gecond and third prizes. This sap is really being returned to the consumers of Diamond Dyer. Every 1ady in Qanada can afford to become a competitor, aud has scfficient intelligence and ability to make up some of the articles mentioned in the long and varied list. Ample time is afford to all for experimenting and beccming perfec as competitors for fie large cash prizes uffered.

It is an unprecedented act of liberality on the part of the wealthy mannfacturers of Diamond Dyes, and never before attempted by any similar institution in the world; and the public have the most ample proof that every promise will be faithfully carried out.

During the season the mannfacturers of Diamond Dyes have contribated liberally to conntry faire, in order to enconrage Honsehold Ecomy and Art. Small and almont unknown conceras have tried to atimulate this character of work, by the ciffer of insifinificant sums of from one to three dollars, that would notinany instance defray cost of djeing and the making up of goods callid for. We fear these small imitators hare not yet discovered the fact that the ladies ralue too highly their time and materiale, to be lared by such trifling and miserly prizes.
The fairs of our country baving closed for the genson, the manufacturers of Diamond Dyes mean to keep the ladies buey during the long antumn and winter erenings, by offering large and substantial prises in keeping with the character of work asked for.

The production of every coppetitor will form an exhibit in the large and well-equipped Diamond Dye establishment in Montreal, and three of the largest and best known Dry Goods firma in Canada have promised experts to award the prises. These welllnown houses are: Henry Morgan \& Co., Henry \& N. E. Hamilton, and Johp Murphy $\& \mathrm{Co}$.

Graham \& Co.; proprictors of the Montreal Daily Star, and Family Herald and Weekly Star, have signified their willingness to act as jodges on the various Essays sent forward for competition.

Young and old, rich and poor, have an equal chance in this magnificent and novel competition scheme; therefore all should willingly eater. If you bave not yet received a book giving full particulars of the scheme, write at once to the Wells \& Richardson Co.. Montreal, who will send it post free.

We are asked to remind our readers of the fact that all interding ccoupatitors should at once signify their intentions of becoming competitors, by sending in the form, properly filled up, which is found on page 15 of the book referred to. We wish to impress apon
-our people the fact that this contest is absolutely free to all. There is no cost for books, no entrance fee, and no money to be sent forward; it is as free to all as the air we breathe. IV trust our paople will do what they can in this competition, and thus sustain the reputation of our women and girls as adepts in household work and art.

We nre sorry to learn that the Laurentidef Honse, Lake Edward, Que., has been destroyed ty fire. It was a great resort for anglers.

## Subscribers' Directory

 For Month ending lst October 1891.

## E J Hale, Quebec.

Dr Rooney, Anburn, Placer Co., Callfornia. Geo 8 Flanders, Waterville, Que.
John Hughes; itanhope. Que.
J Kowlev, St. Valjers Joll Gate, Quebec. Geo M Frirchild, Jr., Vilrartier, Que. A H Cummings. Coaticonk. Que.
E Le シauteur, L'Ansean Fi, Ques Saguenay, $Q$. $\underset{W}{H}$ O Alearst, DeClare, Manituba.
Wm Edwards, Agne, Que.
$\underset{W}{H} \mathcal{A}$ Holland, Melboro, Qne.
W G Murray, Massawippl, Que.
John Harrison, Brompton Falis, Que.
John Harrinon, Brompton Falis, Que
W Dryedale \& Co, Montreal.
 Dr R Thos Blaylock, Danville, Que.
John Mcrilreavey, Perry brro, Que.
Thomas Hall, Cupelton. Que.
Mrs Wm Little, Massawipni. Que.
Rufus A Putney, North Hatiey, Que.

## New Premiums.

The LaND We Live in for one year and six great hook, viz.. The Standard American Poultry Book, The Amertcan ilve Stock Manual. Everybndy's L*w Bnoz. Condensed Cyclonoedia of Ueeful Knowledge. Modern Cook-Book, and Medical Guide, and Arlistie Embroidery for $\$ 1.2 \overline{5}$.
THE LAND WELIVE IN, for one year, and ten of the greatest novels ever writien, viz. East Lynne, Jane Eyre, Juhn Halifax Gen tleman, Admm Bede, The Woman in White, Lady Audiey's Becret, Vanity Fair. The Last Days of Pompeif, The Three Guardsmen, and "Put Yourneif in His Place." for $\$ 1.50$. - The LaND WE Live in, for one year, and "The Leather Storkling Tales.' complete in one volume. conising of the Deersiayer, The Pinbears, and The Last of the Mohlcans, The Pinnegrs, and The Prairie, for \$1.25. LiAND We Live In, Sberbrooke, Que.

We want active, energetic agents, male and female, in every town and rillage, to sell "The Ink Erasing Electrosine Pencil.

## 10 Conts will do litino What?  Non Yoris

R1TT 51 Electricity cure Catarrh Colds Electricity cure Catarrh Colds
eto. Address Littar \& Co, Chicago, III.-fm

## FOR SALE.

1 Covered phaeton, made to order from material fuinikhed by the owner, cost $\$ 200$, price 82500 1light buggy nearly new, price

## FOR ONLY 10 CENTS

We will print your Name and Addreas in 8000 copies of The Fankee Naine Directorv, which if ill bring you hundreds of Samples, Cutalogues, News. you "'THE'YANKEE YOUTH,'' a nice stery paper one jear on trial, and a copy of The birectory wlih your name and addreas printed therein free. Bend 100 . to day io,
8m
Hardin Eprings, Kentucisy

## ATTENTION!

## BUSINESS MNEN.

Bankers, Brokers, Book-Keepers, Lawyers, Notaries, Officiale, Abstract
makers, Instrande writers, Clerge,
And all whose business requires writing, do not deface your books by scratching, use

## The Ink Erasinin Electrosine Pencil,

Which works instantaneously and does not abrade the paper.

## Manufactured by

## THE MONROE ERASING COYY.

A Neat and Clean Set of Books is appreciated by good busidebs men.

The Eraser is in size and shape similar to a common lead pencil, and is used in conrecijon with a small vial of common water recition with a small vial Chioride of Thme dissolved in it. The Pencil absolutely coniains no poison of any kind, and is perfectiy harmless when tasted. Is abpolutelysafe to use, and removesink blots, rrult and other Jiquid stains withrut irjury to paper or other delicate white materials, without abrasion. Wriling can be erased in part qr entirelv, errors corrected, blots reagain as perfectly as though never used. Tu erase writing simply moisten the Friting by wetting eid of pencil and pa-aing over it: Then apply a dropor the liquid elther with reverke end of peuholder or the cork which is in the vial.

## PRICE OF ERRSERS:

( $\Gamma$ anv address, by mail)
No. 1, extra large, 75 cents each; No. ${ }^{2}$, medinm size, 50 cenis each ; No. 3, smaller bize, 40 cento each.
Agents wanted to handle the Eraser, either upun salary or commissiun: Will pay good live agents a llberal salary.
For terms and full particulars send stamp and address to
D. THOMAS \& CO., General Agents,

Bherbrooke, Que.

## AN IDEAL WIFE. <br> A 8350 sealskin Cont for the Lady Coming Nearest the Requirements.

Every lady sending fifly cents for a three months' trial subseribion to the Labizs Pictorial Werkivy, may enclose a sample tor the dellineation of her character in Prof. tor the dellineation of her character in Proi. The single or married lady possessing, ac: The single or marrieu lady possessing, acthe most cbaracteristics necesRary for the making of a good wife, will be presented by the publishers of ihe Ladies Protorial WeEKLY with an ELEGANT GENUINE SEA SKIN COAT, costing $\$ 35000$.
To the lady gtandtug recond in the Examination will b resented a frst class LADIEs' GOLD WATCHI, onsting $\$ 85.00$.
To the lady standing third will be given a SILK DRESS PATTERN, of the best quality. costing $\$ 45$. 0 .
Fourth, CHINA DINNER SET, costing \$10.
To the next five, OPERA GLASSES, conting $\$ 1005$ ear.h.
To the neat ten, handsome PARIOR LAMPA, To the next twenty, beantitul MANTELCLOCKS. To the next thirty, beaniffal PLUSH WOKKBOXEG; and many other articles, a full ity of wisi is published, with the rules, in the LADris' piotorial WEiEKL An elegant SILVER TETE-A-TETE KETTLE is given each day to the rady whose handwriting is received, and upon delineation, is pronounced the best of those ruceived that dap.

The regular price of this publication is $\$ 2$ a Year, and it is equal, in every respect to the high-priced illustrated ingish or American magazines. Three montbs' trial for 50 cents, siver or threexdidet giotorial WhamkLY, Toronto, Danads:
B[GPackage colnred samples, Fountain GUILE, Lemars, Iowa.

[^1]
# Famous Fiction by the World's Greatest Authors! A CHARMING SET OF BOOKS, mimbractiva 

# Tmen of the liratest Iordsh Sver Wittan 

ET工 TEFN OE TMER

## GREATEST AUTHORS WHO EVER LIVED!

If yon will stuily the blographies of the great authors of our day, yon will observe that in most instances their reputations were made by the production of a single book. Let but one work that


Is really great-one masterpiece-emanate from an anthors pen, and though his fature efforfs may be trivial in comparisnn. his name will live and his works be read long after the author has pansel
 the greatest and most fanoms novels in the Engit valaghes set of books as a prentum to our gubwhereby we are enabied to otrer this handsome and air. Fach one of these frmons novels was its seriberg upon terins which make them almost a fre proluction that mate his nume atil fume. The suthor's greatest work-his masterpiece-he preat phich are published under the general title of Forks comprised in rhis valiable set of books, Whin are pas
-" Eamous Flation by the Worh's Greatest Aathors, are as fuliows:

3ABㄷ TXNT․
By Hirs. Hénry Wood.
JANT ITTBE,
By Charlotie Bronte.

## JOHN HALIFAX, GEBTHLHMANT,

By Miss MuIock.
ADAT BEDE,
By Gearge Filiot.

## 

By Willate Collife

LADY AUDLEY'S SECERT,
IBy Misa MI. E. Mradalon.
VANTKY EATS, By W. MI. Thackerray.
 Ify Sir E. Balwer Lytton.
บ: 1 HEBTH GTARDETIEN,
By Alexander Dumag.
 By Charles Reado.

Each of these great and powerfal works fas kown the world over and reail in every civilised iand. Each is intensely interesting, jet pure and elevane with very hanimome and artistio complete, unchanged alli unaoriaged, in er separve wiof vill ive an ofnament to the home. covers, all uniform, thas making a charming get of books Which wili is an ornaniality. Altogether Thes are mrinted from new type, clear, bold and readable, apo pabled to aftorl our subscribers an op It is a delightful set of books, and we are most happy to be enabled to ailort
 named, comprising the complete net of "Famous Ficion by the World's Greatest Anthors,' by mait, postage prepaid by our. Fimes also THE LAND WE LIVE IN for one year, upon receipt of ongsi. 50 which is an selves, also if 50 cents over our regniar subsoription price, so that you practioally get this besutiful set of books for only 50 cents. Subribera desiring to take adrantage of this offer besuliful set of bobscription have not yet explred, hy reheving now will recelve the boots whonce, and their subscriptions will be extended ohe year from date of explration. We will give the complete set of books free to any one sending us a club of 2 Fenrig gnbscriberg Will gjve the completeset of books ifeat chance for our readers. Do not mist it. Perfect satisfactiou is guaranteed. Addreas all letters:
D. THOMAS \& CO. Publishers,

Sherbrooke, Que:


Adventures it Mow York, - llustrated pressly made for this wori by Mr. Harry Coultaus, the eminent Caricaturist on "Life". There is a world of Fun in Uncle Joah's Adventures in the Great Empire City. Con. taining 128 pages, large octavo.
Prics......................esctis D. THOMAS \& CO., Publishers, Sherbrooke,Que.

TRY ITFOR ONE YEAR. Is true only of the WHEELMEN'S GAZETTE, FOR an Illuatitupd monthly magazine devoted to the grandest, hearthiest, most manly sport in the worid,-cycling.
Ipe you a Wheelman?
Whether you are or not you are sure to be interted in our paper. You can't help it. Its sketches, poems and storlos aro interesting to all. They aro pure and heaithrulin their tone. ind are a constant green nelas and shad of lure.
nspirer or is paper is all we clalm To convince you that our paper is an your name foritin every particular if you wimple and addrens we will send yon a sample copy trurely


Cheap Enough, Is n't It?
LIBERAK COLHIESIONS TO CLUB EATSERS. Address the Rublisher:-

BEN L. DARROW,

- indiatrapolie, indo.


6 MONTE'S-10 CENTS.
The most interesting and instructive monthiy magazine for the coutry boys is THN COUNTMTME It containe two departmente for Ponitry an $\boldsymbol{q}^{\prime}$ Bee-Keepert. We vant 10,000 new eubcoribers $0 \%$ Jen. IEt, and wirl for onit 10 cents Yourit 6 months on trial for oniy 10 cents. Bend st once. Address, THE COUNERY
YOUTE, \%stoin Et., Milwaunee, WIs. It

## Our Book PEOPLE'S EDITIONT BULLETIN. <br> sTANDARD WORKS.



1. Vanity Fair. Thackeray.
2. Last Days of Pompet1.
3. Tom Browp sithool Days
f whomas Hughen.
4. Willy Reilly and his Dear
B. Coléen Bann. Wm. Carieton

Brown's Popular Recitation
and Dtalect Stories.
6. Vicar of Wakefiold.
7. Grimm's Fer Goldsmith.
8. Andergen's

Hans Ch itary Taies. op'e Fablea Andersen
Ivanhoe Walt
Children Walter Scott. Children of the Abbey.
Regina Maria Roche.
12. The Scottish Chiefs. Jane Portor.
Thaddeus of Warsew. Jane Porter.
14. Treasures from Fairyland.
16. Arabian Night's Entertain ments.
Don Quixote de la Mancha
Gulliver's T Dean Swift.
19.

The Pilgrimy Progingon. dohn Bunyan.
2. Wave Boono. Norton.

28 - 2 iveroy. Waiter Bcott
28. Life of Waahington.
28. $\{$ Macarlay's $\}$ Vol. I. Macanlay


Printed from New Plates, Clear Type, and handsomely bound in Extra Cloth, New Side Stamp and Gold Title,
The Volumes In this Serles are Complete and Unabridged,
44. Irving's Sketch Book.

Wanhington Irving.
Charles Tever.
Charies Lever.
40. J. Fenimore Cooper.
47. Tom Brown at Oxiond.
48. The Pathender
J. Fenimore Cooper.
49. By Woman's Wit.
50. Broken Wedding Ring.

Author Dora Thorne.
81. Cobwebs and Cables. Hesba' stretton
52. The Duchess. The Duchess.
33. King Solomon's Mines.
54. Dora Thorne. Author Dora Thorne
55. A Dark Marriage Morn. do.
56. A False Vow.
58. The Fatal Wedding.
58. Love's Conflict.
9. Thorns and Orange Blossom.
60. Her Marriage Vow. do
H. Bider Haggard.
68. A Modern Circe. The Duchese
68. 20,000 Leagres under the Sea

Jules Verne.
64. Tour of the World in 80 Days Jules Verne.
Charles Dickens.
66. Oliver Twist do.
67. Old Curiosity Shop. do
68. Barraby Rudge. dichens Chid's History

Ingland. Charles Dickene
C0. Mysterious Island.
71. Hauff's Farne Tales.
75. Sketches by Boz.
,
4. She Hastior Haggard.
75. Edwin Drood.

Charies Dickens.
76. Through \& Needie's Hiye. Hesba Atretton.
77. Hester Morley's Promise. do.
78.
In Prison and Out.
79. Broken to Harnese

Erimurd Yatee
80. Handy Andy. Sam'I Lover
81. Charies O'Malley.

Charlee Levef.
82. The Plot. J. Femimore Cooper
83. The Last of the Mohicans: do
84. Bede's Charity.

Hembe 8tretton.
85. Star of India. Edw. 8. milis.
86. Called Back. Hugh Conway
87. Toung Mrs. Jardine.

Iisa Inulock.
88. Lays of Ancient Rome.
89. Cast up by the sea

9a Old Mam'millo'si'Secret.
91. Gold Elsie. E. Marlit.
92. Master Passion.

Florence Marryat.
98. Driven to Bay. - do.
94. Self-Help. Samuel Smiles.
9. False Start. Hawley Smart.
. Maric Seaworth.
W. H. G. Kingston.
97. Peter the Whaler. do.

Bertha Clay.
. Life Paul Jones
100. Alice. Sir E. G. E. BulwerLytton.
101. Frnest Maltravers. do.
103. Prairie. J. Fenimore Cooper
104. Proneers. do. '́
108. Put Yourself in fis Rleade. in His Place.
107. Woman Hater. do.
108. Arundel Motto.

Mary Cecil Hay.
109. Nora's Love Test. do. do 111. Victor and Vanquish did do 112. Rory O'Moore. Sandy Laver 118. Michaal Strogoff.
114. Five Weeks in a Ballos Verne.
115. Tale of Two Cities.

Charles Dickens.
116. Terrible Temptation.
117. Life of Nelson.
118. Life of Nelson.
119. Lady Edward S. Elis.
120. Mrs. M. E. Braddon.
120. Captains of Old World.
121. Aurora floyd.
121. A

122 Captaing ${ }^{2}$ Braddon.
Captains of Great Romar
Republic. Henry William Repubic. Henry William
12s. Robert Elsmere.
Mrs. Humphrey-Ward.
194. April's Lady. The Duchese.
12. First Violin.
198. March in the Raje Fothergill
127. Deemster. Hall Caine.
188. Hardy Norseman.
129. Search for Basil Lyndhurst.
120. Roma N. Carey,
120. Donovan. Edina Lyall.
181. Knight Errant. do.
189. Widow Bedott Papers.
184. Woman's Fiace Miorence Wordeu. 185. Fair Women. Mra. Forrenter 188. Wee Wife. Hobe N. Carey.
187. Bomance of a Poor Young Man. Octave Froullet.
188. Wooed and Married.
189. Duro's Secret. Bertha M.
140. The Fividocq of N. Y.
141. Lorna Doone.

Any new subscriber, Who remits \$1 direot to the publishers of thi journal will be entitled to his cholce of any one of the booss named in the above lint, and which will be mall
ed direct to any address in the United States or Canada. Renewal eubeoribers can avail themselver of this offer by eending 35 cents in addition to renenew al subeoriber

Addresm,
D. THOMAS \& CC. Pu

Sherbrooke, Que.

FQR IOO MA MES. WANTED AGE addremses. sor 10 cets 6 m


A BIB 30 DAY OFFER.
88.50 OUTHEL ERE


 Dox 481v rackeotion

50,000SUBECKIBERY WANTED. To get tboin $x$ offer The page 32 column monthis, one year for only 10 cts., which just about pays ior poatage and wrapping We ask no prott. Subscribers ure whatwe want.
SPECIAL-TO The first 200 persons answaring this adverisement wo will kend free either an elegant gold plated ebnny propelliug pencil or a fine nilikel plated inproved puzzle key ring. Take your choice.

Addresa
THE NOVELTY WORLD,
Frank Jones, Pub,
$1 R$ PRINTING IOO ENVELOPES 35 cis. Note Huads rame price. 9th st Mil waukee. Wis

THE TRIBUNE 12 mos, trial 10 Cts. A Kenrick, Publisher, $744-9 t h$ st Miliwaukee, Wis.

31 US 83. 000 A DaY. EABY work aukee, Wisce. The Country Youth. Mil.


We will print your name and sdiress in our Manili:
 Unitted States and Canerda-
In return you will recelve in return you wil recelve
Hor iome time to come
conios or ng of simple coples of nice Newspapers,
Btory Papers Books, Novela, etc. FREE-If You Bond ONE DIM
You will be perfectly surprised at the large quantity of Yu ciaper hat Whbe nent youand nice newwoper largeat, best and most interesting story pepers patit the Our paper contains each month some of the mosi aced ing and interesting stories of Love, Romance, Deteotivo and Adventure that money can buy.
Rvery day people write üs* and ank, how can you furansiver that haring been fin the publishing business fo along time and belng very successful, ghould toll people that we know what we are doing. It is only by having ness that proare enabled to give so much for so ming buad amonnt of money, And if fe did not have the capital to work on could not doit. If we were fust commencing in the by having would be imposesible for us to do mo much everything in this fine of businem.
Our profit comen moeth from advertiging, and if it was not for the envertiging-why it would aimply be impoe siblo zor ua to do business.
umns of interesting 4 to 8 pages each imeno-5 long colWrocure ariming to getico, 1000 new subgaribers-aftar we procuro them wo ehal probeliky not mant to tonto eny a year weuld bo dirt cheap for the paper year. Eran 60 C . Toushow the conflence that we haver in the paper-we would say that we woid aimort be willing to give a person a tom dollar bill if they didint Hike the paper alter
When we rocelte your inbecription we mmediately sond you a copy of che paper by return mall, so an to let recolve ho papprat once and to let you know that-we Wo do busk ind honertly-treat everybody well and wo find that it pays na to do so- 10 yo you need have no fear in sonding to wo-wo whil use you well and when houng cheated and in the fong youn will hare no fear of cure one or the largeat nabect phion in stan ever krowh.
Now remember thatif you bend yoor name and addrese and ariver av Il that we will sead Joar name to pubib send fon our large and intereating atory paper one jear on Wrap the money yp in an old envelope when you put This ad verticement in evary word lt containg Wo invito jou to deal with us and you will and evory hing asroppromentod.
Would yon bo so kind as" ${ }^{\circ}$ show this to four or five of Your friondend get them to mond mith you-if You can With Jou-jou mondint uak one doiltr bill and for your our name froe, beoldes sending you thice ittio present our name free, begdey nending you ance uttio present Will be for you to wit tom of yonr trigade to mand with Now bear hin mhad that wido fast as wo recte evecy Hime By betng hoven with poppio that ded with ull Grodee evorrecured by indiable priblisher.
 in the futuro, tis memo as wo have proepered in the
 appacerod sons oolumes. Yon can cend to them knovetro that you wila out what jour momy oclls for every time with them andythey have er dowe dond co thable butheme.


# POPULAR PUBLICATIONS At Publishers Prices. 



Excelslor Selections.-A collection of che

most popular and successful readings and recitations adapted for Dublic or parlor entertainments. pieces never before published in permanent form, this volume bringa together many of the best seleccions of humorcus, dramatic, sentimental, patriotic, eloquent, pathetic poetry. Containing in prose and poetry. Containing 500 pages,

Hoyle's Games, - new and complete auat this present timel It in cludes all the Card Games, Chess, Checkers, Dominoes, Backgammon, Dice,Billiards, Base-Ball, and all other field games. This is the best bool. tor settling disputes or wagers, being recognized as the modern standard authority. Containing 530 pages. Bound in paper cover.
Price, 50 cte. Boards, Price, 75 cts. Cloth, $\$ \mathrm{r} . \infty$

## now io hunt and Trap.

Containing full instructions for Hunting the Buifalo, Elk, Moose, Deer, Antelope, Bear, Fox. tic., etc. Also, the locslities where Game abounds दूN TRAPPING: Tells you all about Steel Traps How to make Home-made Traps, and how to Tra the Bear, Wolf, Wolverine, Frx, Lynx, Badge Otter, Beiver, Fisher, Martin, Mink, etc.; Birds oi. Prey: Pofsoninis Carnivorous Animals; with full Directions for Prepariag Pelts for Maricet, etc. etc. By J. H. Batry, Hunter and Taxidermist. Fully Ilustrated...


Trappers' practicai Quide.-This little book has immense sale, and gives eatisfaction every timeO It is a practical guide to gunning and rifie shooting, tells how to choose arme and ammunition, about different kinds of game, making and using traps, snares and nets, baits and baiting, trailing game, preserving, dressing, tanning and dycing skins and furs; season for trapping, hints to trappers, fire hunting, pigeon catching, camping out illporting vocabulary, recipes ior
coprtsmen, etc. Illustrated. Price...........s cts

Burdett's Solect Recltations and
 Readings in Prose and Poetry. For Schools, Collegea and Professional En. ocutionista. The volume entitled as above contains orer 5oo pages of the choicest se pieces adanted to recitation to peces and in the English to be found in the English language. The number of the pighty-four, and among them may be found pathetic, patriotic or heroic productions from the writings of all particular tind of literature from Shakespeare down to Carleton. Erery recitationist, amateur or professional, will find it i treasure Cloth, $\$ .00$
"EOW to Dobste and What to Dobate.9

ROWTONP8

## COMPLETE DEBATER

 Containing Debateg, Out lines or Debutes and Quen tions ror Discuscion.In addition to theso aro $s$ harge collection of debatable questiona The authorities to be reierred to ion nformation being given at the close of every debate throughout the work, making it the most com plete work on the subject ever pub lished. Containing Niki Compietz Debates and 108 Questio
The most perfect work of its kind published and especially adapted to Literary and Debating Cocienes.
Containing over $\$ 00$ pages, bound in boards, with cloth back. Price 50 cts. Cloth............75 cte.
Burdett's Irish Dialect Recitations and Readings. -
 This new collection of rare Irish sketches in prose and verse, arranged for public epresentation, embraces the most sparkling Irish wit, set forth with the irresistible lumor of Irish brogue. Besides the new and original pieces never before published in book
 together all of the most popular Irish dialect reading and recitations of the tme. of the kind equals it for brilliancy and fun. -
pf the kind equals it for brilliancy and fun. -
Price . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 .

## Painter's Manual.


-A complete practical guide to house and sign painting, graiining, ing, papering, lettering, staining gilding, glazing, silverisg, analy: sis of colors, harmony, contrast, philosophy, theory, and practice of color, principles of glass staining, etc. Including a new and valuable treatise on How to Mix paints.
Price.....................e.o... so sts
Burdett's Worla of Humor.-This
 novel compilation is made to meet the wants of the many who are always searching for the of Humok. It contains 38 getections in the YANKEE Dialeter'so in the IRIBH Dialect, 20 in the FREACEI Dialect, ${ }^{4}$, in the NHGRO Dialcet, mpaking in all 60 selections, especially adapted for public or private recitation and re. ling. In addition to the many new and original selections, this book has the advantage of bringing together into one volume all of the best pieces of a Humorous nature, which have hitherto aitained a wide popula:ity through the p iblic representation of the most rcnpwned Humorist of tie present day, JAMES S.
BURDETT Mandsoma cloth volume, containing BURDETT if Handsoms cloth volume, containing

Hoffinan's Tricks with Cards, con-

taining all the modern tricks diversions and sleight-of-hand deceptions, with descriptive male the pass, to force a card to make a false shufte a card, a card, to ruffle the cards to change a card, to get sight of a driwn card, to slip a card to $\mathrm{dr} \cdot \mathrm{w}$ back to card, a card, over the pack, to spring the carcus from one band to the ether, to throw a card. Large octavo volume con. 3hing 142 pages, with handsome board coves
"A Mine of Knowledge."
PAYNG'8 BUSINESS POINTERS, A handy tho
 cyclopedia of Information necest ing New Tratif complete, Popniz: tion of U. S. 1850 . Paesport regu-
lations. Rates of frelign poetage


 thong Marks and rules of
punctantion and accent pio
 ness, privato marks of prices, of forelgn gold and sifver coln $\dot{\text { Copyright law }} \mathbf{0}$. 8 . Iatin, Prangh, Spanlish and Inalian pords and phreies. Use or capital letters, efci; etc wo preges bound th Price 80 Cents.
The Eilite Letter Writer.-A complete guide and assistant for polite correspondence. Containing rules and directions for writing on various subjects, together with original specimen letters on Friendship, Relationship, Love, Congratulation, Condolence, Favor, Advice, Travel : Miscel laneous suggeations for, letter writera, Postal Laws, List of Abbreviations Latin, French, Spanish and Italian Words and Phrases. Handsome paper cover. Price..... 25 cts.
 Payne's Legal Advisermis a newten ome of the Laws of the different States of our Union and those of the Gen-
eral Government of the United States, and will be found invaluable to thoe who are forced to appeal to the lay, as well as to that large clase who wish to avon. it. The whole is alphabeti-. cally arranged so as to mate reference to it easy. This worls also contains legal forme of Deeds, Mortgages. Contracts, Assignments, Power of Attorney, AcknowledreBills of Buiders Contracts chan of Lading, Bills of Ex change Affidavits, CertißContracts, Reppration, Forn of Release, For Sale Contracts, Repponaibilities or common Carriers, Proofs of Loss, Leaser Asaign, Dissolation. Deed of Trust, Bill of Sale, Wilts, ete.

Payne's Businese Ealuontor:-An encyclopedia of the know duct of business. Among the contents are: An epitome of the Laws of the various States cf the Union slphe betically arranged for ready reference: Model Business Letters and Answers. Ies sons in Peumanship: est Tables; Rules of order for Deliber Rules of orde and Debating Societies: Tables of W eightsand Mes Tables, Standard and the Met ric. System: Iessons in ric System: Lessons in Typewriting; Lecal Forms Ordinary Business, such as Leases, Assignments, Contracts, etc., etc.; Dictionary of Mercantile Terms; Interest Laws of the United States; Official, Military, Scholastic. Naval and Pro fessional. Titles used in U. S. How to Measure Land Value of Foreign Gold and Silver Coins in the United States; Educational Statistics of the World: List of Abbreviations; Latin, French, Spanish and Iralian Aboreviations; Latin, French, Spanish and Iralian of Accent; Dictionary of Snyonyms; Copyright Law of the United States, etc., etr.. making in all the most complete self-educator pub'ished, containing 600 pages, bound in extra cloth. Price.......... 82.00

We will send the above, or any of them by mail, prepaid, to any address in the United States or Canada, on receipt of price, in cash or postage stamps.
D. THOMAS \& CO. Publishers, Sherbrooke, Que.

## EXPERT FISHERMEN USE LUMINOUS BAIT.

Because it is more convenient, cheaper and better than any other. With LUMINOUS BAIT you can fish in the dark.

-(CAUGHT WITH LUMINO TROLLING SPOON,
THIS balt is in favor among that large class of Waltonians who Ifke to show their friends tangible evidence of their slaill. It is made in periect imitation of almost the entire insect kingdom, from the common house-fiy to the festive cricket. Ask for LU MENOSBAIT. Do not let your dealer try to make youthink something else is just as good, for it isn't. Send us your address and We will tell fou where youtcan be supplied
We alco make

## FINE TACKLE,

-especially for Trout, Bass, Pickerel and Mufcalonge fishing. Spoons of every desirable sise and pattein.
The Entorprise Manaficturing Company, AKRON, OHIO.
Mention this paper.

## H. M. TOMLINSON, <br> Book-Binder and Blank Book Manufacturer. BROOK'S BLOCK, SHERBROOKE, QUE. - Magazine Binding a Specialty. SEND FOR PRICES.

[^2]THE LAND WE LIVE IN.

# CATARRH 

CUREI) BY

## Medicated Inhalation.

Inhalation is the only Rational Method of curtuy Catarrh. By this means the proper remedies are applied in vaporous form to every diseased air cell of the nose and throat Under its influence the secretions dry up and the irritated surface is soothed and healed
FACTS ABOUT OUR TREATMENT.

It can be-sent safely by express to any point.
The directions are plain and simple.
The Inhaler is easily understood-a child can put it in operation.
The Inhaling liquid does not require to be heated, simply poured into the Inhaler.
The operation is more pleasant than painful.
When the disease is in the throat you inhale through the mouth.
When the disease is in the head you inhale through the nose.
It takes from one to three months to cure a bad chronic
5 to 10 minutes twice daily is required for treatment.
It will destroy any bad smell in a few days.
It will take a Catarrhal beadache away in a few minutes.
It will break up a cold in the head in a few minutes.
It can be used at your home as successfully as in Toronto.
It can be sent at a cost of 25 cents by express.

## Address medical inhalation co., 288 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO.

N. B.-Weare certain we can cure you, write for further particulars and testimonials. Send stamped envelope to any reference we ever give, and convince jourself of the merits of our treatment. A child can use our Inhaler.


## THE AGITATOR.

An eight-page paper 24-column monthly with interenting matior for all classos of people. gabscription rates, 25 cente per year. insertion in advance. Apecial rates for ex. nsertion in advance. special rates or reensive adverisements. Gaaranteed circuH. L. PEABODY, Publisher, Water itreet, Augusta Me.


Maker.

- A Practical Guide to the Manyfacture of the various kinds of Plaip and Fancy Candy. The fullest directions are given for getting up the most exquisitely beauti‘ul looking candies, as well as the mist alluring to the palate : while equal attention is given to all the plainer kinds, 80 universal,y hiked by the intic cnes." Every Direction, every Recire, every, Concoction of Which Sugi $r$, Spice and Essence are the ingrodents, is
plain way that a child can understand

Poploy's Plain and Oriamental Nfiabeta, - With Examples in Every Style. Also, the Mechanical and Analytical Construction of Letters, Figures and Titles. With designs for Titles, Ciphers, Monograms, Borders, Compasses, Flourishes, etc., designed as a Text-Book for the use of
Draughtsmen, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, Architects, Engravers, Designers, Sign Painters, Schools, etc. Drawn and arranged by Frederick S. Copley. Ltc. Drawn and arranged by Frire, extra cloch. Price ............... $\$ 2.00$


## Payne's Business Letter Writer and

 Manual of Oommer clal Forms, - Containing especimen Letters on all possible business topics, with appropriate answers. Containing general information with regard to business matters, the rules for punctuation, the abbreviations most uscd in the mercantile workd, 2 table of synonyms, and other information which may be of valu . New edition, revised and en to the brainewt man. New edition, revised and en

Reoltations and Roade Inge_-Being a new and carefully compiled selection of Humorous, Dramant Pathic and Patriotis Eloquent, Pathetic and Dialect Pieces, in prose and poetry. Designed and arand reading. Great care has been taken in the preparetion of this sERIES. The chief aim has been to insert selections especially adapted for public or private recital. $\mathrm{Job}, 1,2,8$ and pready.
Rech number contains 176 pagee.
Baper cover, price. . . . . .................... . .25 cta, each.


8 Hanual.-Reviect Eaticn,whin Additions and Correctiona, in one Who wishes to take pert in the proceedings of any organized body can anford ume; knowledge of its contents alone is a valuable education, and the price is so moderate that no one need deprive himself of its teachings. Also containing the Constitution or the United Statee and Declaration of Independence. Con tajning 200 pagef.
Paper cover. Price Paper cover. Price............... 85 cts Cloth gilt. Price.......................50 cts Burarett' - French and Yankee Dialect Recitations and Readlnge.-This. comprises the most amuang illustrations of French Englith and Yankee dialect selected from all the bets cources of the past and present, containing 34 laughable Yankee dialect selectiona and 20 humorous French dialect readings and recitations, making in all the beat collection published. many a them neves

Wilford's Origunal Dlalogues and Speeches for Youns Folk?-Being by far the mone complete of its kind ever iosued. This has so long been evident in books of this clase, that of Dialogues and Spreches edapted to the aatures of children. This work contains 10 criginal bleBegree and 53 spreches, expecially adapted for children between the agem of stand ra year. s60 payes. Supwr cover, Price............
We will rend the above, or dny of them by - mail. propaid, to any addrean in the United states or Canada, on recelpt of price, in cath -or postage stamps.
D. THOMAS \& CO. Publishers, Sherbrooke, Que.

## A GREAT LITERARY BARGAIN!

 Cooper's Famous Romances of, the American Forest!
## An Entirely New Edition of

## 

## By JAMES FENIMORE COOPER.

The first and greatest of American novelists was James Fenimore Cooper. "Bis popularity," says a writer in the century Magaztne, "was cosmopolitan. He was almost as widely read in France, in Germany, and in Italy as in Great Britain and the United states. Only one American book has have in store for themselves a rich literary treat. Every member of the family circle will be delighth ed with them. We have made an arrangement with the pabilitior of this excencast ediMon of the Leathertocking Tales whereby we are enabled to ofter this large and beantiful bonk almet as a
 ago, but the lightning printing preas, low price of papir and great competition in the book trade have done wonders for the reading pubilc, and this is the most marvelous of all.
RFAT DIP RREAT PRFMITM DF5F, We will send The Leatherstocking Tales, complete as above described, by mail, postage prepaid by ourselves, also THE LAND WE LIVE IN for one year, upon receipt of only $\$ 1.25$ which is an advance of bus 25 cents over our regular sub scription price, so that you practically get this fine edition of the famous Leatherstocking Tales for only 25 rents. Perfect eatisfaction 18 guaranteed to all who take advantage of this great premium offer. Those whose gubscriptions have not yet expired who renew now will rear vel hen free to any one sending us a club of 2 subiribers to our paper. Address all leftera:
D. THOMAS \& CO. Publisher.

Bherbrooke, Que

## FREEREADING!

SEND TO US FOR
Our Catalogue of Complete Novels, and then Mark the Twenty-five You Select, and return to us with
\$1.00 - ONE DOLLAR,- $\$ 1.00$
for subscription to

## 

You will receive the Novels free, by mail.

## Address,

D. THOMAS \& CO., Publishers,

Sherbrooke, P. Q.
ever since attained the international success of theese of Cooper's-' Oncle Tom's Cabin,' and only one American author, Poe, has since gained a pame at all commensurate with Cooper's abroad." The great anthor is dead, but his charming romances atill live to delight new generations of readers. "The wind or the lakes and the prairies has not lost its balsam and the sait of the sea zeeps ita savor, says the same writer above quoted. meaulna the pioneer fill or incldent or the red man and the pioneer, fall or incident, intensely interesting, aboanding in adventinre, yet pure, elevaing. maniy, and enurely advoid or all story No reading conla be more wholesome for story. No reading could be more wholesome for young or old than cooper's smoras novels. An has has jost been pubisia, hate pages, containing til of these famoun romances, pages, containing sil aif, unchanged and ubridiget, tis.
 Tस: 810N2H: Cx:L PRAFBter.
This frandsome edition of the Leatherstocking Tales is printed upon good paper from zarge type. it is a dellghtral book and one which should have a place in evory american home. that mind of man has ever concelved. A whole winter's resaing is comprised in this mammoth volume. All who have not read Cooper's stories


LADIEs' OR BOYs' WATCH.


No. L. 4e, Ladies' ox Boys' Open Face, Smooth Polished, all Nickel, Stem Wind and Set Watch. A good watch for the money. $\$ 4.50$

GENTS' SILVERORE WATCH.


No. L 51, Gents' Open Face, Solid Silverore (Nickel and Silver). Smooth Polished, with a good and reliable American Movement. This watch is sure to give great satisfaction. $\$ 4.75$.


No. L. 87, Gent's Size, Gold-Filled, Hunting or Open Face, richly engraved andhighly finished, with a Gemuine American Stem Wind and Set Movement. 1260.

## ACTUAL WHOLESALE PRICES.

In order to secure the benefit of this specia offer it is necessary, when sending money, to state that you are a reader of this paper
The long-establistied houme of CLAPP \& CO. are extensive dealers in good watches, all kinds of jowelry elther solid gold, silver, or fine rolled gold joweiry, either solid gold, silver, or fine rolled gold Siatid eilver and silver-plated table ware, clocks of every kind, gold-headed canes and umbrellas, op every kind, goldineaded canes and umbrellas, op everything found in such a great house locsted in the American metropolis.

The watches illustrated here are only a few of the low-priced grade from their immense line, and although the priges are very low, every watch is guaranteed; and if it does not nrove entirely satisactory it should be retarned at once and erchanged, or the entire amount of money paid will be rerunded. Such an offer, coming from a house of such high standing, will at once prove the reli bility of the goods ofiered.

Money can be sent in registered letter either to us or direct to the firm of CLAPP \& CO., 18 \& 20 M berty St., New York
If watches are to be gent by registered mail 16 cents additional to quoted price for postage must be paid.
OIFITIF HIGEER PRICED WATCHES OR GLAPP GOODS of any kind are wanted, write to ravings, which they will send iree with 5,00 en Wholensle prices, to all readers of this paper.

## D. THOMAS \& CO.,

## LADIES' OR BOY8' WATCH.



No. I. 47, Ladies' or Boys' Solid Coin Silver Open Face, handsomely Engraved, Stem Wind and Set Watch. A very serviceable watch. \$5.75.
GENTS' SILVER-NICKEL WATCH.


No. L 54, Gents' Nickel-Silver, Open Face Smooth, Polished, Stem Wind and Set, with American Waltham Watch C $\sigma^{*}$ Works. This is a first-class reli. ble watch. $\$ 9.00$.


Nd. 工. 39, Gents's Gold-Filled, Hunting or Open Face case, richly engraved borders, Stem Wind and, Set, genuine, reliable Ameerican Watch. 12.00

## The Land We Live In.

D THOMAS \& CO., Editors and Proprietors SHerbrooke, P. Q.
"The Land We live In" circulates throughout all parts of the United States and Canada and reaches thousands of readers month15. Our aim is to place it before every busi in its columns cannot fail to pay.
gubscription Rates.
Twenty-four-page Edition,.... $\$ 1.00$ per year. Advertising Rates.
10 cents per line under one inch.
One inch, 12 lines, one month........... 85 One inch,
One column
three months 88 g One column, one month............ 600 Cash in advance in all cases. Copy 1500 Cash in advance in all cases. Copy must
be in by the $20 t h$ of each month to secure insertion.
The Land We Live In is printed monthIf by E. R. BMITH \& Son, St. Johns, Que. Address all communications to the Proprietors at Sherbrooke, Que.

## BUSY AGENT

Is an 8-page, 32- onlumn monthly, devoted to Agents and Advertisers. The subscribers' subscribers only) of hundreds of articles such as Jewelry, Agents' Novelties, Household Necessities, dc., for Agents, Peddlers and Sireetmen. These prices are about hall that char. ed at stores.
Subseription price, 50 cents a sear with premiums.
SPRCCIAL OFFERR. - We want to increase our subecription 10,000 at once, and will send the paper one year on fair trial to any address upon receipt of 20 cents in stamps. :apr.ai

BUSY AGENT,
Gordonton, N.C.

## CLARK'S UNRIVALLED ONTTMENT

The great external remedy for Rheumatism and Néar igis it is also an in valuable preparation for Sprains, Bruises, Corns, Bun1ons, Chilbains, Biter, Stings, and all other ailments of a painful nature. If you are sufplaints it will pay yore to try this effient plaints it will pay you to try this efficient leviate pain and inflammation in guffering humanity than any othermedicine now sold We will gend a box by mail to any part of the U. $\mathrm{g}^{\text {win }}$ or canada on recelpt of 25 cta. Agents wanted. $\quad$ D. THOMAS \& AOEnt Sherbrooke. Que

## PIANOS.

W7 have special reduced rates with Fion. BFAI'IY'S CRIEBRATHHD PIANOS, thich we are willing to give our customere the benefit of. These ingtraments are FULLY WARRANTED for ten years, cannot be ex celled for purity and sweetness of tone, and we con sapply them for about halt what such pianos wGuld cost through agents. Our remuneration is obtained through advertising patronage. Favorable terms to reaponsible parties
D. THOMAS \& CO.

## FOR SALE.

A Valuable Collection of 8tandard Books, Art Works, Encyclopacdia Britannica, and Other vaiuable works. Cont over $\$ 1800$. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, at a great ascrifice, cash, or approved notes. a catalogue can be seen at onr oflice and the bools at the residence of the owner in this
olty. $\quad$ DHOMAS \& CO., Agents.
PATN PATNT Amords ingtant relier burns, bruíses or ant azternal heacache pain. One lady in this city whois a great bufierer from pain and nervoun prostration, eays, PaIn Paint is the only thing that fives her relief. Weaupply it in botties at 25 and 50 cents, or will send the powder by mall. with direotions, in 25 and $t 0$ cent pacrares, on receipt of price. Try it. We oan recom. mend it tiom personal experience.
A1) Agents 95 day auras inew rubber Chicago, $11 .-\mathrm{m}$

## GRAND PREMIUM OFFER!

## A. EHPT OE THIR

 WORKS OP CHARLIES DCCEEISS;

## In Twelve Large Volumes,

Which we Offer with a Year's Eubmoription to this Paper for a Trifie More than Our Eegular Eubscription Price.
Wishing to largely increase the circnlation of this paper during the iextsix months, we have made arrangements with a New York l'ublishing honse wherely we are enabled to offer as a preminm to our wheredibe are enabled the Works of Charles Dick ens, in Twelve Large and Handsome ens, in
Volumes, with a year'w siliscription to this paper, for a trifle more that our regular subscription price. Our great offer to subwcribers eclipegs any \&ver lic retofore made. Charles Dickens was the greatest novelist who ever lived. No anthor hefore or pince his time lias wen the fame that he achicesed, and his works are even more popular to-dny than duxing bis lifetime. They abound in wit, humor, pathes, nasterly delineation of character; pathes, masterly delineation of character, vivid descriptions of places and incidents,
thrilling and skillfully wroight plots. Each thrilling and skillfully wroight plots. Each
hook is intensely interesting. No homesionid be without a set of these great aud remartable works. Not to have read them is to be far behind the age in which we live. The set of Dickens' works which we offer as a premium to our sulscrihers is handsomely printed from entirely new plates, wi h new type. The twelve volumes contain the following world-fimous works, each one of which is puidlished complete, uncha"grd, and absokuely unain-idge $l$ :

## DAVID COPPERFIELD, MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT, NICHOLAS NICKELBY, DOMBEYMND 8ON, BLEAK'HOUSE, LITTLE DORRIT, <br> OUR MUTUAL FRIEND, PICKWICK PAPERS,

The above are withont qnestion the most famous novels that were ever written. For a quarter of a century they have been relelorated in every uook and corver of the civilized world. Yet there are thousands of homes in Amerios not yet supplied with a stt of Dickens, the usual high cost of the bonkt pratenting people in modernte circumsiances trom enjoying thin luxury. But now, owing to the use of modern improved printing, fuldiug and stitching machinery, the axtremely low price of white paper, and the great competition th the book trade, we are enabled to offer to our subscribers and readers a set of Dickens' works at a price, which all can afford to pay. Every home in the land may now be supplied, with a sot of the great anthor's works.

DICKENS' WORKS and THE LAND WE LIVE IN, one yean for $\$ 1.60$, if sent direct to us.

The Rhode Ieland Advertising, Distribut ing, and Malliog Agency will distribute your advertising matter of all kinds, such as oirculars, papers, samples, etc., direct to congumers we will also mail printed matter of all kinds at the loweat ponalble prices. We make a specialty of sign painting and nailing them up, aiso bin positins of all kinds. We have the finest boards in the stato, and our advertising wagons are the best in the port done bse rilable orm fill do well to work done by ar reliable nrm Fill do well to try us. We will give the best rererences and samisiaction. Correghondence solicited. We have the beat agent namem money can buy Agency, Providence, R. I.

## EVERYBODY READ THIS. MALL BY THE TON!

We have the largest malling list that reaches your once. Bend 10 cents and we whll insert your name in our directory once, or three umen for 20 cents. You will receive mail rom our malling department for one year, alce from publighers, manufacturers, the mall investment. Copieseont to all por. themail invertment. Copieseent to all per Agency, Providence, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{I}}$ I.
D. THOMAS \& CO., Sherbrooke, P. Q.

## The New Canadian Magazine.

## - EDWIN DROOD. WYSTERY. OF <br> BARNABY RUDGE AND CHRISTMAS OLIVERTWIST AND'GREAT EXPECOLIVERTNGT AND GREAT EXPECTATJONB, <br> THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP AND THE UNCOMMERCIALTRAVELER, A TALE OF TWO CITSEB, HARD TIMES AND THE MYSTERY OF EDWIN DROOD.

Canadian literary Monthlies have been short-lived; but CANADA; the new one dollar magazine, hag evidenily come to stay. enlarged and atarted in January, it has boem tanue. Being broadly national and thoronghly patriotic. it draws its aubscribers from all over the Dominion. Its articlen are short and bright and all by Oanadian writers or on Canadian themen. Tu thoee who remit one doliar berore sept. Int., the pubilisher will send CANADA for of ticen moniher from July, to Dec. 1802. Aduneat if ${ }^{4}$ Canada," Benton, Ne Brunswick.

## A. ${ }^{\text {BOUUCHARD, }}$ gatrния, oue.

Is proprietor of a hotel that atiords tirgt olass scopremodation to sportimen visiting Lare Aylmer and boatm and boatmen are alwaye arallable. The best trolling grounds in thisprovince The Guobec Central RailWay will deposit you and Four trapawithin a Take the night train from Quebec or Sher. broote, to meonre the early muebec or SherMacoaloneore tore she eariy morning ishing within easy drive of the Fotel.

# $\cdots$ QUEBECC CENTRAL 

RAILWAY.

Direct Route to Quebec and all pointe on the Intercolonial Rallway.
The only line running Parlor Cars between Sherbrooke \& Quebec without change.
On and after Monday, Nov. 2nd '91, trains will ipn as follows :-

## EXPRESS.

Leave She:brooke 8.00 am , arrive Beance Jet. 12.10 a.m., Levis 220 p.m.; Quebec [ferry] 235 p.m.

## MIXED.

Teave Sherbrooke 8.20 a.m., Beauce Jct 5.00 p.m., arrive $8 t$ Francis 6.80 p.m.

Trains Arrive at sherbrooke. EXPRESS.
Leaving Quebec (ferry) 1.30 p.m., Levis 1.50 p.m. arrive Beauce Jct. 3.35 p.m., Sherbrooke 8.00 p.m.

MIXED.
Leave St. Francis 6.00 a $m$, arrive Beauce Jct. $6 . \mathrm{F}_{0} \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} ., \mathrm{arrive}$ Sherbrooke $3.10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
Express trains are all heated by steam from the locomative.

> CONNECTIONS.

At Levis and Harlaka Jct. with Intercolonial Railway for Riviere du Loup, Rimouaki, 8t. John N. B., Hallfax, N. S. and all points the Maritime Provinces. At Quebeo with and with Quebec and Lake 8 st . John Rail: way 10 all points north of Quebec.
J. U. Walsh,

Gen. Passenger Agent.
Frank Grundy,
General Manager.
October 28th, 1891.

## Dr. Bush's Cough Syrup

Is a aure Remedy for COUGES and BRON CHIAL AFFEGTIONS. We can supplythe Byrup in boitles, or will furnish the printed formula by which any one can matise it for falmily use or for anae, on recelpt of 25 cents. This formule is neatly printed and the meterals can be obtained at any drug ntore. There is economy in preparing it for family ufe and maney in it for those who will man-
ufacture and ppin toe sale of it in their own ufacture
locality.
D. THOMAS \& CO., Gen. Agents.

## GOOD NEWS

FROTE BOSTON.

T-HE COTTAGE HEARTH is the best family magazine published and we have paade such arrangements that we can offer a year's subscription to any subwcriber to our paper.
THE COTTAGE HEARTH is a large, 32 page, beaulifully illustrated magazine, with ten departments crowded full of bright storier, mustc, fancy work, fashions, re-
ceipte, and prize puzzles for children, with ceipte, gnd $p$

COLORED ART PRINT frontispiece, and at the regular priee, 1150 a year, is very reasonable. We ofrpr hoy ver. to give The Cottagi Heartif for 9 y year to any one who will secure one.now rabcoriber for our paper, or who will pay up their a ubscription to THE LAND WE LIVE IN for one year in advance, and any and all arrpars, and 50 cents additional
application io THE Comisuat HREE on appitation to THE COTTAGE HBARTH Co. Bostof, Mass. For further particulars, addrese,
D. THOMAS \& CO. Sherbrooke, Que.

# BUTLER'S JOURNAL. 

DEYOTED TO
National Independence, Literature, Current Notes and Social Gossip.

Published monthiy, by Martin Butler, Fredericton, N. B.

## Subscription 35 cents a year.

"A prominent feature of the Journais is dente of travel ardes peddler, in the Maritime provinces, descriptive of the "grave and gay" of country life. Poems original and relected, racy sketches raditions and tales of Pioneer Life in New Brunswick. "Celestial Chat," or what is going on in the "Celetilal City," the capital of New Brunswick.
New features and improvements will be gdded from ilme to time, which will render the Jofrasal deserving of pablic patronage and support.
ate $\$ 1$ in advance, from New and Renewal subscribers to THE LAND WE LIVE IN, whl entitle the subsciiber to Butler's Jour nal, FREE for one year. Rear to this ofer publishers of this paper, Sherbrooke Que. If

that you $\begin{array}{cc}t h a t & y o u \\ w i l l \\ \text { yet }\end{array}$ your arms full of mail matter every time you go to the post office, by having your name inserted in our Astodreds of Samples, Books, Catalognes, Magaareds of Samples, Books, Catalogues, Magalishers and Menufacturers, to whom our Directory is regalariy malled.
Send 10 cts. and we will insert your name and address in this directory, and immediplely on recelpt of your order we will send you 18 complete stories, by famous writers 100 Popular Sonegs, CODY of the WAY BACK ASTONIBRER, and DIREOTORY containing your name, FREE OF CHARGE. This beats all offers and our Direchory is ABEAD Of THEM ALL, Address Wayback Astonisher gotG St., Washington, D. C.
$5 \%$.


ALUMINUM A'GE 1 Nemport, Ky Mechanical journal of valuabie information. All the latest news about Aluminum and its manufacture. Very intereating experiments With the new metal never before published Bright, clean, orisp articles of great interest to all people. Socially, profersionally and commercially, strictly in accordance with a high moral siandard. The Aluminum Age' is one of the few Journale of very large cir culation. Firy conts g year, including a pure Aluminum Coined Souvenir, with sold. Prayer encraved, worthits welghit
The NEw Emgland Journal of EpdcaTIos amys: "It is worth as much to the teacher in his class as to thooe aspiring to government positions. It is rarely that any and 80 few unimportant quemtionen"

## EASJERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

Authorised Capital............... 81,500,000<br>Capital Paid in...... ............. 1,485,881<br>Reserve Fund........................ $\mathbf{5 5 0 , 0 0 0}$

BOARD OF DIRECTORG.
R. W. Heneker, President.

Hon. G. G. Stevers, Vice-P resident. Hon. M. H. Cochrane. N. W. Thomas. G. N Galer. Israel Wood. D. A. Manaur.

HEAD OFFICE, - SHERBROOKE, QUE.
War. FARwell, General Manager.
Branches.- Waterloo, Conansville, gtan. stead, Coaticook, Richmond, Granby, Huntstead, Coaticook,
ingdon, Bedford.
Agenis in Montreal-Bank of Montreal. London, Eng.-National Bank of Eootland. Boaton-National Exchange Bank. New York-National Park Bank.
Collections made at all accessible points
and promptly remitied for.

## FOR SALE.

A handsoine set of Moose Antlers in prime c ndition and measuring about three and a half feet across. Price $\$ 2$ ) cash.
D. THOMAS \& CO, Sherbrooke, Que.

UNITED STATES currency is as acceptable to us us Canainen, and for sums of less than a dollar, U. S. pnstage stamps are preferable to Canadian ones. Anything advertised in our columns may be obtained through use

यIII

##  TERS single and double case D. Thomas \& Co. Sherbrooke.

BEATTY'S TOUR OF THE WORLD.
Ex-Mayor Daniel F. Beatty, of Beatty's Celebrated Organs and Pianos, Washington, New Jersey, has returned home from an extended tour of the world. Read his advertisement in this paper and send for catalogue.



Dear Eirs-TVO
 from a
eronid the
wortid
 (Holy iand), India, Coylon, Ar-
rica (Eyypt), OceRalces (Istind of
the Bent and
Western Amprt-
ca. Yot in alt ca. Yot in alt
our greaH ourney
of 35,974 mities of 35,974 mifies,
wo do not remem. boy of hearing a boy of hearing a GWeoter in tons
ins Benty's.
For we believe EX-MAYOR DAE:EL F. BEATTY. From a Photograph taken in London, lingland, 1839.
price. Now to prove to yon that this otatemenay abeolitely true, we would like for eny foader of this paper to order one of our matchless organe or pianon, and we will ofor youa great bargain. Particularit Freefunded at nuy time within three (3) yeara, with intervent at 6 per cent. on elther Plano or Organ, fuily warranted
ton years. 1870 we left home a penniless plowboy ton years. 1870 we left home a penailetso plowboy teday, we have nearly one hundred thousand of World. If they were not good, wo could not have Con and every instrument is fuly warranted for. mon years, to be manufactured from the beat.


Charch, Chapel, and Par. Grand, Kquare, PTIIUS and Oprisht
Beautiful Wedding, Birth
day or Holide Fresents. Gay or Holldiay Preents. Hon. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, New Jersey.


[^0]:    DANIEL THOMAS, Notary : Public : and : Conveyancer, SHERBROOKE, Que.,
    Gives particular attention to the preparaHon of Wills, Mairiage Contracts, Donations, Tutorships and the settlement of Estate. Mining Bonds and Transfors a apocialty. Ad. Hice gratis to subscribors to this journal. The receipt of at least ${ }^{\text {win }}$ in Notarial foes already a subseriber, to a year's suboription to this journal. Proteauional business irame aoted anywhere in the Province of quebec on reanonable_termn.

[^1]:    PAKTIES answering any adver-
    iisement contained herein, will tisement contained herein, will

[^2]:    D. McMANAMY \& Cory

    IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIO Wines and Liquors. WHOLESALE OMLY. SHERBROOKE, P. Q.

