

FOREIGNERS ARE IN GRAVE DANGER

Agitation in China Assumes Serious Aspect—Result of Kicking of Coolie.

Hong Kong, Dec. 21.—It is feared the anti-foreign movement at Canton, originally caused by the death of a coolie, who is alleged to have been kicked by a watchman on a Portuguese vessel, will culminate in an outbreak against all foreigners.

So serious is the situation regarded that the British torpedo destroyer Hare has been sent to Canton.

The British steamers Kocchen and Canton, two of the ships which are being boycotted, have been recalled from Wuchow.

All Chinese vessels and their passengers are being closely scrutinized on their arrival by naval officers. The native papers continue to ferment the agitation against the foreigners.

RICH PEDLAR MURDERED. Montreal Mendicant Killed and Robbed of \$3,000.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

WRECK ON C. P. R. (Two Trains Collide—Wonderful Escape of Two Men in Caboose.)

Manor, Sask., Dec. 21.—A serious wreck occurred at a Canadian Pacific station here at 12:30 on Sunday, when a light engine from Roston crashed into the rear of a westbound freight which stopped on the main track for dinner. Two men were asleep in the caboose and had a wonderful escape.

The fireman and engineer on the light engine had had no rest for 36 hours and believed the road closed. The caboose was telescoped and the engine climbed the debris, all being more or less damaged by fire. A car of oats was also scorched. The track is now clear.

Tree Kills Lumberman. Kenora, Dec. 21.—Hans Merchants, 25, who was injured by the falling of a tree at the portage Lumber company's camp, died in the hospital here.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK BILL Will be Rejected by the United States Senate.

Washington, Dec. 20.—When the senate reconvenes two weeks from tomorrow, the bill for the establishment of a postal savings bank will be first on the calendar. Of all measures to be considered by the upper branch of congress this one will take precedence, and its fate so far as the sixth congress is concerned is in doubt.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 20.—Telephone messages received tonight from Plaster Rock, New Brunswick, report the murder of Patrick Green, a pedlar from Montreal, and the robbery of \$3,000 from him.

2,000,000 POUNDS IS DAIRY OUTPUT

Government Creameries Have the Best Record in Their History in Production and Prices.

Over 2,000,000 pounds of butter have been produced by the creameries of Alberta during the twelve calendar months of the past year, all being more or less than the average of the butter produced in any part of the province.

Mr. Marker, dairy commissioner of the province, never comes to Edmonton but what he has a new surprise in closing up the business of the past year. He says that the prosperity of the dairy industry, the above statement which he made to a Bulletin reporter is in a large measure correct.

Mr. Marker closed the interview with an important reference to the dairy campaign which will be conducted in closing up the business of the present winter. He said there will be one hundred meetings held at every district center in the province.

Mr. Marker made a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

Mr. Marker makes a very important statement regarding the marketing of this season's product. About 450,000 pounds of Alberta creamery butter were bought by jobbing firms in British Columbia and shipped into the Yukon territory.

FARMERS ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY

System of Co-operation in Vogue in Denmark in Connection With Pork Packing Industry.

The pork commission, which met in board of trade rooms Monday morning, was fortunate in securing the evidence of N. H. Sorensen, late of Denmark, as an example of the success of co-operation and yet the principle of co-operation is generally understood.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

The features of the Danish co-operative system are valuable as they show wherein Alberta farmers must have the foundation for any co-operative scheme that they may promote if they wish to follow the example of Denmark.

THE CONSUMERS' CRY WAS HEARD

Editor of London Economist Says There Will be no Rise in the Tariff.

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

Canadian Associated Press. London, Dec. 21.—F. W. Hirst, editor of the Economist, who returned from Canada today, when interviewed, said: "I gathered from members of the Canadian government that the pressure of the Protectionist interests, during the recent discussions, was weak."

FOUR GRAPERS SENTENCED

Defrauded State Out of \$19,306 in Furniture Contract.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 18.—Four men, one a contractor, and three former officials of the state of Pennsylvania, who were convicted of grafting in connection with a contract for furnishing the new capitol, were today sentenced to terms in the Dauphin county court to two years imprisonment in the Eastern penitentiary and a fine of \$500 each.

24 YEARS AGO TODAY

Taken From the Files of the Edmonton Bulletin, Saturday, December 20th, 1884.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

Cold and rains all week. The bridge across the Blind river is completed. Stock dealers were seen at Lac La Biche on December last.

WHEAT SHOWS INCREASE

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 12.—The annual report of the Soo canals will show a total freight tonnage for the year of 41,418,890, or an increase from last year of 10,399,125 tons.

</





THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY.) DAILY—Delivered in City, 34 per year. By mail, per year, \$3. By mail to United States per year \$1 SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscription per year \$1. Subscribers in the United States \$2. All subscriptions strictly in advance. PUBLISHED BY DUNCAN MARSHALL, Manager. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1908.

THE PROTEST PROTESTED.

After election comes the protest and after the protest, the saw-off. So frequently has the saw-off and the election been the same thing that it is almost too much to say that the election protest is now regarded in Canada as pretty much of a practical joke. It is looked upon as one of the inevitable inconsequentialities—like the toast to "the press" that figures at the tail end of a banquet. The protest as it is operated is generally simply a means of defence adopted by each side to keep the other from scoring unexpectedly.

It is admitted that with the election law what it is and has been—a highly complicated set of plans and specifications for holding elections, thoroughly understood only by the architect and yet necessarily binding upon the laymen who serve as election officials, and with human nature subject to limitations as it has been, and promises to be for some time, that practically any election ever held in any constituency in Canada or over which it is held could be upset. Through pardonable and innocent ignorance, or through unpardonable and willful recalcitancy, someone in some part of the constituency is pretty certain to do something he should not have done or to leave undone something that he should have done—and the performance, or non-performance, is generally sufficient to invalidate the election on a strictly technical interpretation and application of the election law.

It is entirely within the right and privilege of any voter to protest at an election. If he believes that there has been infraction of any of the clauses made and provided, but in practice the protest is usually lodged, if one is lodged, by the party whose candidate suffered defeat. It has become common for each party, therefore, as a measure of self-defence to lodge protests sufficient in number to offset those likely to be lodged by the other party. The outcome usually is, unless where the protesting party think they have a particularly strong case, that protests founded on non-criminal or non-intentional acts are dropped with mutual consent as "saw-off."

Opposition papers published at a distance from the capital have been making much of a protest lodged against the election of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Ottawa. The Ottawa Citizen does not share their gratification nor does it approve the course. It says, plainly, "We protest against a protest," and proceeds to propound the reasons for it. It is worthy of note that the Citizen recognizes the Ottawa "protest" as a threat put up simply and solely to stay the Liberals from protesting some other seat and in hope of arranging a "saw-off."

Now the Citizen fails to see where the political parties, the country, and particularly the charity like several other things begin at home, the city of Ottawa gets any benefit out of this prelate protest business. If one political party had been successful by a small majority and the other had good reason to believe that improper means had been used to secure that majority, then we admit there would be some sense in it. In this case the supposed political party has been returned by the people of Canada by a majority of fifty or thereabouts. There is no uncertain sound about that. The people of Canada desire any want what they want when they want it, and get it. That is the decision of the final court of appeal, and all the protests between here and Hellington won't change it. There may be cases of individual members who think their seats were stolen from them, or there may be an occasional mean man who thinks that through hegemony not win in a fair fight he can win at a by-election, with his party in power. But of those two classes there is not a handful among the 250 ridings. If the two political parties would leave these individuals severely alone to contest their own grievances in their own way the interests of the country would in any way be jeopardized, nor even the interests of the political parties. They are just the cases of isolated individuals who think they should have, or can get \$2,500 more for the next four years. The administrative bodies of the two great parties should have bigger and better work in hand, and if they paid more attention to it and less to swapping protests the affairs of the country would benefit.

And, finally, take the case of the city of Ottawa. It is not to the interest of the city of Ottawa that the political battle is over, that the troubles of a protest should be thrust upon it, especially when nobody wants it, and

simply because it may be useful to saw-off a protest against some obscure member who never anything for Ottawa, or Ottawa for him. This may sound like selfishness, but we hope before we get through that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has done a great deal for the city of Ottawa during his residence here. His personal influence in forwarding Federal improvement works at the capital, and by other ways has made himself personally popular. Only last year he took a leading part in endeavoring to secure for Ottawa a fine hotel and station. So far his efforts have not been successful, but that was not his fault. In spite of that, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier became the Liberal candidate for Ottawa in the last election the Conservative party here fought his candidature with a legal determination to defeat him if possible because it was a fight on national lines in regard to which local affairs should not count. They gave him squares, hard battle. But the campaign of October is over now, the national issues are decided beyond the question of a doubt, and not only is it not to the interest of this city to pursue the premier with an unpopular protest at the instance of interested outsiders, but when all is said and done, it is not a fair deal. If the Conservatives in other constituencies in Canada had cut down their opponents' majority by a thousand as did the Ottawa Conservatives are satisfied that it was a fair fight on both sides, and are inclined to resent an improper allegation to the effect that the Ottawa representatives, whereas this protest may keep Ottawa without a regular representative next spring. And all for what? Because some unnamed individual in some unnamed constituency generally believes that the city of Ottawa may be made a precedent for a grip on four years' parliamentary indemnity.

THE MANITOBA GOVERNMENT AND THE ALBERTA SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Winnipeg Telegram—The distinct aim of the public school is not to turn out pupils with smattering knowledge of many subjects, but a thorough and substantial knowledge of the subjects that will be of use to them for the battle of everyday life. Precisely. And because it directs this distinct aim, the bi-lingual school system engineered by the Roblin Government is destructive of the primary function of the public schools. Had this enterprising aggression been content to confine their educational activities to the province which pays their salaries and tolerates their antics, Alberta people would have no particular ground for complaint. But when they aspire to wreck the solidarity of Alberta's school system and to introduce here the monstrosity they have brought forth in Manitoba the case is different.

There is some pretty good evidence that Mr. Roblin and his colleagues have attempted to do this. During the recent Federal campaign a number of gentlemen appeared in the Victoria constituency representing themselves as school teachers from Manitoba. They addressed meetings among the Austrian settlers there, depicting the beauties of the Manitoba system and offering them in return for the election of Mr. Morrison to Ottawa the instemable course of schools without qualified teachers and exempt from the standard curriculum.

Did these men come on their own account and at their own expense? Well, hardly. If they were what they claimed to be, then either the Roblin system had left them without jobs at their schools were closed while they preached a political crusade in a civilized province. If the system had left them without situations they would scarcely be sounding its praises. The conclusion is that they just "shut up shop" until the elections were over. If they did that they did with the knowledge and consent of the Roblin Government and at the expense of the people from whom that Government draw their notorious campaign funds.

The appearances and activities of these scoundrels were fully published during the campaign, yet neither from the Manitoba Government, from the candidate on whose behalf they labored, nor from the party managers local or general, came a word of repudiation or a hint of dissatisfaction with the policy they advocated and the premises they made. The case stands proven to the hilt that these men were emissaries sent by the Roblin Government to preach the doctrine of bi-lingual schools in a constituency of Alberta that they came, preached and promised with the full knowledge, consent and approval of the Conservative party that that party stands pledged to the policy of destroying the uniformity of Alberta's school system by interjecting into it the bi-lingual system operated in

against this the people of Alberta will protest on two grounds. They will resent the interference of the Roblin Government or any other outside party in the management of their school affairs. Our school system is what we made it and must remain such. Within the limits of the constitution, Alberta claims and exercises the full right and power of

determining what her school system will be and has no notion whatever of tolerating interference with that right from Premier Roblin or anybody else. The Opposition party, in countenance and endorsing such interference, has declared for the subversion of this right and have established their stand that the school system of Alberta should be made not in Edmonton but in Winnipeg.

The policy of bi-lingual schools will be repudiated quite as promptly and decisively as the impudence which attempted to introduce it. This for the reason above quoted from the Winnipeg Telegram. The business of the public school is to give the scholar as "thorough and substantial knowledge of the subjects that will equip them for the battle of everyday life," as possible in the limited period of school-attendance. Just because to the average scholar, this period is limited the bi-lingual system frustrates this primary and all-essential function.

The school life of the average pupil is not more than five or six years—a term more too long under the most favorable conditions to give him a thorough and substantial knowledge of the subjects that will equip him for the battle of everyday life. It is the right of every pupil that this limited period shall be devoted fully and completely to this end, and any diversion of time from such purpose will be glad to have Sir Wilfrid Laurier as their sitting member, but the chances are that he will resign the seat and that in a comparatively few weeks it will be open for the election of an Ottawa representative, whereas this protest may keep Ottawa without a regular representative next spring. And all for what? Because some unnamed individual in some unnamed constituency generally believes that the city of Ottawa may be made a precedent for a grip on four years' parliamentary indemnity.

THE MAN BEHIND.

According to the Vancouver Province the decision of the Sikhs and Hindus to not go to Honduras was not due to any adverse conditions of the language which he is going to teach, but to the fact that he is going to teach a language which he is not capable of teaching.

Previously, it is asserted, the Sikhs and Hindus had been favorably disposed toward the project, while the delegates from Honduras found fault with nothing but the lowness of the wages.

As a result of Teja Singh's operations "The delegates returned to Vancouver to receive instructions, not to submit a report. The charge of accepted bribery of one of the delegates was trumped up for the purpose of working on the Indian feeling, and although it had been proved to be utterly false it had been proved. The charge was given voice by Teja Singh, and the delegate whom he had been approached in this way has so completely disappeared that none of the government officials can discover his whereabouts though a search has been made for him."

The Province concludes: "The refusal to hear Mr. Harkin's report was part of the game started by Teja Singh. The commissioner was very wise in not entering the temple. It would have been the result of a demand that the Indian leaders are placing themselves and their country in a very bad light by their want of frankness and by their ruthless treatment of the truth."

INSURING THE WORKERS.

The Workmen's Compensation act comes into force with the New Year. This measure might, with equal propriety, though with perhaps less earnestness, have been called the workman's insurance act. In effect it means that every man engaged in the occupations enumerated is after the first day of January, insured against what if he receives injury from an accident incidental to his employment, and that his family are guaranteed compensation if he loses his life from such cause. This not only guarantees the workman's care or lack of care, or his ability or non-ability to pay premiums. It does not deprive him of the right to carry whatever accident insurance he may see fit to carry or may be able to carry, but it guarantees him a stipulated amount of insurance whether he is personally able to carry any or not. If a man is employed in one of the specified occupations the act insures him and keeps him insured so long as he remains in it.

This insurance the workman cannot be deprived of by virtue of any contract made with an employer. Contracts setting aside the provisions of the act are void if they include a compensation scheme adjudged by the attorney general to be as favorable to the workman as the provisions of the act. Nor can the acceptance of any such contract be made a condition of employment, the act itself explicitly annulling any contract so operating. From such contracts the workman is entirely at liberty to withdraw and by withdrawing places himself again under the compensation provided by the act. Every employee in the specified occupations is therefore guaranteed the benefit of the act if he wants it and can legally avail himself of it by accepting another compensation scheme adjudged as favorable to him.

It is further stipulated that the payments on account of injuries must go to the injured man and cannot be taken for any debt he may have incurred. They are not liable to be charged or attached, nor shall any claim be set off against them. This assures the workman that in the event of injury the money intended to enable him to pull through the period of disability shall go into his own hands and be used for his family and himself. If through lack of thrift he has run into debt the consequences of his folly are prevented falling upon him when he is least able to bear them. If he has been unable to keep out of debt when well and free, he is not provided for by the act. The act is not intended to take from him the means of medical attendance and of family support when he is incapacitated from working.

An equally important clause guarantees the dependants of a workman killed in an accident the payment of the amount of his wages at the time or by what the accident may have been occasioned. If it can be proven that the victim was guilty of wilful misconduct and that the accident was solely and absolutely due to this misconduct he cannot if injured disability allowances. But if he is killed by the accident his family get the compensation just as certainly as though he had had nothing to do with causing the accident. The payment of the death claim has absolutely nothing to do with the cause of the accident, and is in no way and to no degree dependent on it. Death from an accident resulting in the nature of an out-of-pocket employment is the only condition precedent to claiming and securing these. Thus the family are saved from suffering through even the wilful negligence or misconduct of the deceased bread winner.

The act places the question of compensation to injured workmen on an entirely different basis than that of the common law. It establishes the principle that the expense consequent on the disablement or death of employees in an industry should be assessed as a charge on the product of the industry. Immediately, the compensation the employees or their dependants for accidents will come from them only nominally and in the first instance. In England and other countries where similar acts have been passed into law the employers have been found to shift the burden by insuring themselves against loss.

Such person shall provide and erect a box known as the King Edward mail box, on the roadside, located in such a manner as to be reached by the courier without dismounting from the vehicle or horse. This box can only be obtained from the post office department.

The price of the box, together with all the necessary fittings, except only the post on which it will be erected, cannot be determined at present, inasmuch as the price will vary materially depend on the number of boxes required. The department is, therefore, purchasing the boxes for the trial routes and erecting them, leaving the price to be determined after it is seen what the full number of boxes required to equip the existing routes will be. They will be supplied to the patrons at cost.

ed to receive from any Postmaster on the route any mail matter that may be entrusted to him outside of the usual mail bag, and shall carry such mail matter to and deposit it in the proper rural mail box placed on the line of the route for this purpose. He will also be required to collect the mail from the rural mail boxes erected along his line of travel, and to deposit the same in the next post office at which he arrives.

The services performed by the courier are without charge to the person sending or receiving the mail, the department allowing the courier a fixed sum per annum for each box served by him on his route. The ultimate intention is to establish the service generally throughout the country, existing routes through the most thickly settled districts being first served.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The United States football statistics are published. Dead, 12; wounded, 30.

Now the suffragettes are besieging Mr. Borden. After the famine the pestilence.

Temperance gained 6,000 votes in Boston, the home of "choice tomatoes."

"Pig iron is quiet," says Bradstreet's, wherein it shows the impropriety of the name.

An American clergyman has been praying for a duty on zinc. Shoredwellers in certain parts of the world are said to pray for wrecks.

Arrebold says the United States supply of crude oil is decreasing. Perhaps this accounts for his being less lively than usual to Mr. Kellogg.

The Albertian finds it necessary to explain how 2675 votes got into the Calgary boxes Monday. It says the "voters' list was in bad shape." Just so—too bad to attend to duty.

The licensing bill seems to have been drawn, quartered and hanged. President Castro says he is in Germany in "a private capacity," in contradiction probably to the public incapacity he displays when in Venezuela.

Students of Quebec raised a riot because they were refused admission to an Uncle Tom's Cabin performance. They would likely have raised a worse one if they had got in and were refused exit.

A Hayti despatch says: "Preliminary arrangements for an enormous vote in favor of the candidature of General Simon for the presidency 'have been made'—i.e., all the 'non-agreed' have been chased into the swamps."

English prohibitionists have decided not to ally themselves with Carrie Nation ostensibly because she confines her action to the saloons, while they aim at the whole traffic from the manufacturer downwards, but actually because they fear the risk her tactics involve. That they decline to carry Carrie.

Calgary Albertian—Edmonton found "three street cars quite insufficient" last night at the hour of the boxing. After Strathearn's had finished "one and the Calgary visitors another, or the third was quite unable to carry all the Edmonton people." Well we had the satisfaction of giving our Calgary visitors the experience of their lives.

Montreal Star—Mr. Lloyd-George says that he will no longer address meetings with women present. He would probably be willing to address ladies, however. But the trouble is that "suffragettes" frequently disguise themselves as ladies and can only be detected when they have begun to scream like fat-wives. Then the police find that they have chained themselves to their seats—a precaution frequently taken with other lunatics. It will be a pity if British politics be deprived of the presence of ladies.

great public meetings, but this will probably be the price which ladies must pay for having their "rights" agitated for. They are to be cut off from the study of politics by a movement intended to plunge them into the maelstrom. Still the ladies will probably suffer less than the politicians who need a restraining influence.

ALBERTA OR SAMBATCHMAN. MADDEN Dept. B 428 Traders Bank, Toronto, Can.

THE RAILWAY POLICY.

Lacombe Globe—The Government of Alberta has during its short life introduced many measures of great benefit to the settler, but no legislative

travel of a rural mail courier is at liberty to purchase and erect one of these boxes at the cross-road or any other point on the courier's route for the reception of matter addressed to him or mailed by him as the case may be.

In addition to carrying the mail to the various post offices on his route the courier will, therefore, be required

to receive from any Postmaster on the route any mail matter that may be entrusted to him outside of the usual mail bag, and shall carry such mail matter to and deposit it in the proper rural mail box placed on the line of the route for this purpose. He will also be required to collect the mail from the rural mail boxes erected along his line of travel, and to deposit the same in the next post office at which he arrives.

The services performed by the courier are without charge to the person sending or receiving the mail, the department allowing the courier a fixed sum per annum for each box served by him on his route. The ultimate intention is to establish the service generally throughout the country, existing routes through the most thickly settled districts being first served.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The United States football statistics are published. Dead, 12; wounded, 30.

Now the suffragettes are besieging Mr. Borden. After the famine the pestilence.

Temperance gained 6,000 votes in Boston, the home of "choice tomatoes."

"Pig iron is quiet," says Bradstreet's, wherein it shows the impropriety of the name.

An American clergyman has been praying for a duty on zinc. Shoredwellers in certain parts of the world are said to pray for wrecks.

Arrebold says the United States supply of crude oil is decreasing. Perhaps this accounts for his being less lively than usual to Mr. Kellogg.

The Albertian finds it necessary to explain how 2675 votes got into the Calgary boxes Monday. It says the "voters' list was in bad shape." Just so—too bad to attend to duty.

The licensing bill seems to have been drawn, quartered and hanged. President Castro says he is in Germany in "a private capacity," in contradiction probably to the public incapacity he displays when in Venezuela.

Students of Quebec raised a riot because they were refused admission to an Uncle Tom's Cabin performance. They would likely have raised a worse one if they had got in and were refused exit.

A Hayti despatch says: "Preliminary arrangements for an enormous vote in favor of the candidature of General Simon for the presidency 'have been made'—i.e., all the 'non-agreed' have been chased into the swamps."

English prohibitionists have decided not to ally themselves with Carrie Nation ostensibly because she confines her action to the saloons, while they aim at the whole traffic from the manufacturer downwards, but actually because they fear the risk her tactics involve. That they decline to carry Carrie.

Calgary Albertian—Edmonton found "three street cars quite insufficient" last night at the hour of the boxing. After Strathearn's had finished "one and the Calgary visitors another, or the third was quite unable to carry all the Edmonton people." Well we had the satisfaction of giving our Calgary visitors the experience of their lives.

Montreal Star—Mr. Lloyd-George says that he will no longer address meetings with women present. He would probably be willing to address ladies, however. But the trouble is that "suffragettes" frequently disguise themselves as ladies and can only be detected when they have begun to scream like fat-wives. Then the police find that they have chained themselves to their seats—a precaution frequently taken with other lunatics. It will be a pity if British politics be deprived of the presence of ladies.

great public meetings, but this will probably be the price which ladies must pay for having their "rights" agitated for. They are to be cut off from the study of politics by a movement intended to plunge them into the maelstrom. Still the ladies will probably suffer less than the politicians who need a restraining influence.

ALBERTA OR SAMBATCHMAN. MADDEN Dept. B 428 Traders Bank, Toronto, Can.

THE RAILWAY POLICY.

Lacombe Globe—The Government of Alberta has during its short life introduced many measures of great benefit to the settler, but no legislative

travel of a rural mail courier is at liberty to purchase and erect one of these boxes at the cross-road or any other point on the courier's route for the reception of matter addressed to him or mailed by him as the case may be.

In addition to carrying the mail to the various post offices on his route the courier will, therefore, be required

BOARD OF C TO C

Suggested That Manage

Hande of Indep

Dougall, W. H. Oration—Two

The operation of the Edmonton Railway, began so auspiciously weeks ago, has already evoked favorable comment, not alone from provinces, but in the four corners of the Dominion where out of municipal ownership utilities in Western Canada watched with an critical eye. Edmonton has been the congratulatory references in all parts of the Dominion and who have come to the city at the end of November. As one stands on the streets during the afternoon and sees the crowded cars being part of the city and suburbs, go rushing by the system up to the front, it is variously impressed upon the mind and week there has been improvement in the service as of the past is used to see the face of the present. But it still in its infancy, and it is which, it will develop with time, five, or even one or two not yet been realized.

INTERNATIONAL LAW FOR NAVAL WARFARE

Views of Ten Powers Who Are to Frame Laws Governing When Ships Shall Be Held Liable For Seizure by Belligerents in Any Naval Operations.

London, Dec. 21.—The views of the ten powers whose delegates are here to frame laws for the international Prize Court, provided for at the last Hague conference, make a huge volume. The United States, Great Britain and Japan are agreed upon the majority of points. The American views are in line with the code adopted by the war college and include the following:

A neutral ship found within the limits of a belligerent power may be seized, destroyed, or used for warlike purposes, but the owners must be indemnified for any loss.

All ships in the public service of the enemy are subject to capture except those employed in purely a charitable or scientific work or voyages of discovery.

Neutral ships employed in naval or military service of the enemy or placed under control of the enemy for naval or military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

A neutral ship carrying an enemy's dispatches is subject to seizure when acting as courier in the service of the enemy.

Mail steamers under a neutral flag, carrying said dispatches whether as part of general mail or otherwise, for convenient reasons, and without special remuneration, are not subject to seizure.

Merchant ships, under escort of warships of their own nationality, should be exempt from the right of search or proper assurance, being given by the commander of the convoy.

The conversion of merchant vessels into warships on the high seas is a question to be decided, Great Britain thinks, by reference to the rights of neutrals.

Japan differs from Great Britain only on one point, in that, in respect to the right to search a neutral vessel under convoy of a warship of her own nationality, Japan holds that a neutral vessel under convoy of a vessel of war of her own nationality is exempt, except in cases of grave suspicion, from a belligerent search. If the commander of the convoy makes a declaration in writing that the vessel under convoy has no contraband on board, is not engaged in an attempt to violate a blockade, is not performing unneutral service for the other belligerent, and that the ship's papers are in order and complete.

\*\*\*\*\*

TO LEASE INTERCOLONIAL.

Ottawa, Dec. 21.—Hon. Geo. P. Graham, minister of rail-ways, on being asked as to the report that the Intercolonial railway is to be leased to a private railway, stated that he has under consideration the betterment of the management of the line, and that he is considering some projects looking to that end, and are under discussion.

Suggestions have been made by the committee on placing the management under a commission of one or more members, the whole consisting of representatives of the general, and no decision has been arrived at, or is in sight.

Mr. Graham added that after a year's experience he feels that some improvement in the management must be possible, and that he is casting about to arrive at that improvement.

\*\*\*\*\*

An Ideal Commission.

A number of persons have suggested who would be excellently fitted to act on this Judicial Commission. The names of the most prominent ones are Mr. McDonald, Ex-Mayor, William and J. C. Dowset. It is generally believed that these gentlemen were an ideal board and one that would be the entire confidence of the people. It is understood that the first step will be to act while the three gentlemen might be induced to position on the board.

Mayor McDonald is recognized as the most prominent figure of Western Canada. That he has already achieved in his municipal life, makes it naturally the first choice for a position.

In William Short the city would have an excellent jurist, and a government and a man whose ever been the welfare of Edmonton. Short is known as the father of the city government in this city and his action would be an asset to the city.

J. C. Dowset, vice-president of the board of trade, and by the way, a member of the city council, has the confidence of every man

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

BOARD OF C TO C

Suggested That Manage

Hande of Indep

Dougall, W. H. Oration—Two

The operation of the Edmonton Railway, began so auspiciously weeks ago, has already evoked favorable comment, not alone from provinces, but in the four corners of the Dominion where out of municipal ownership utilities in Western Canada watched with an critical eye. Edmonton has been the congratulatory references in all parts of the Dominion and who have come to the city at the end of November. As one stands on the streets during the afternoon and sees the crowded cars being part of the city and suburbs, go rushing by the system up to the front, it is variously impressed upon the mind and week there has been improvement in the service as of the past is used to see the face of the present. But it still in its infancy, and it is which, it will develop with time, five, or even one or two not yet been realized.

INTERNATIONAL LAW FOR NAVAL WARFARE

Views of Ten Powers Who Are to Frame Laws Governing When Ships Shall Be Held Liable For Seizure by Belligerents in Any Naval Operations.

London, Dec. 21.—The views of the ten powers whose delegates are here to frame laws for the international Prize Court, provided for at the last Hague conference, make a huge volume. The United States, Great Britain and Japan are agreed upon the majority of points. The American views are in line with the code adopted by the war college and include the following:

A neutral ship found within the limits of a belligerent power may be seized, destroyed, or used for warlike purposes, but the owners must be indemnified for any loss.

All ships in the public service of the enemy are subject to capture except those employed in purely a charitable or scientific work or voyages of discovery.

Neutral ships employed in naval or military service of the enemy or placed under control of the enemy for naval or military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

A neutral ship carrying an enemy's dispatches is subject to seizure when acting as courier in the service of the enemy.

Mail steamers under a neutral flag, carrying said dispatches whether as part of general mail or otherwise, for convenient reasons, and without special remuneration, are not subject to seizure.

Merchant ships, under escort of warships of their own nationality, should be exempt from the right of search or proper assurance, being given by the commander of the convoy.

The conversion of merchant vessels into warships on the high seas is a question to be decided, Great Britain thinks, by reference to the rights of neutrals.

Japan differs from Great Britain only on one point, in that, in respect to the right to search a neutral vessel under convoy of a warship of her own nationality, Japan holds that a neutral vessel under convoy of a vessel of war of her own nationality is exempt, except in cases of grave suspicion, from a belligerent search. If the commander of the convoy makes a declaration in writing that the vessel under convoy has no contraband on board, is not engaged in an attempt to violate a blockade, is not performing unneutral service for the other belligerent, and that the ship's papers are in order and complete.

\*\*\*\*\*

TO LEASE INTERCOLONIAL.

Ottawa, Dec. 21.—Hon. Geo. P. Graham, minister of rail-ways, on being asked as to the report that the Intercolonial railway is to be leased to a private railway, stated that he has under consideration the betterment of the management of the line, and that he is considering some projects looking to that end, and are under discussion.

Suggestions have been made by the committee on placing the management under a commission of one or more members, the whole consisting of representatives of the general, and no decision has been arrived at, or is in sight.

Mr. Graham added that after a year's experience he feels that some improvement in the management must be possible, and that he is casting about to arrive at that improvement.

\*\*\*\*\*

An Ideal Commission.

A number of persons have suggested who would be excellently fitted to act on this Judicial Commission. The names of the most prominent ones are Mr. McDonald, Ex-Mayor, William and J. C. Dowset. It is generally believed that these gentlemen were an ideal board and one that would be the entire confidence of the people. It is understood that the first step will be to act while the three gentlemen might be induced to position on the board.

Mayor McDonald is recognized as the most prominent figure of Western Canada. That he has already achieved in his municipal life, makes it naturally the first choice for a position.

In William Short the city would have an excellent jurist, and a government and a man whose ever been the welfare of Edmonton. Short is known as the father of the city government in this city and his action would be an asset to the city.

J. C. Dowset, vice-president of the board of trade, and by the way, a member of the city council, has the confidence of every man

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS TO CONTROL STREET RAILWAY

Suggested That Management of Radial Railway System be Placed in the Hands of Independent Commission, Composed of Mayor McDougall, W. H. Short and J. C. Dowsett, During First Year of Operation—Two First Named Would Accept Appointment.

The operation of the Edmonton Radial Railway, began so auspiciously seven weeks ago, has already evoked much favorable comment, not alone in the western provinces, but in the more eastern parts of the Dominion where the work done out of municipal ownership of public utilities in Western Canada is being watched with a critical eye.

CELEBRATE GOLDEN WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Unique Occasion in Fort Saskatchewan Made Occasion of Public Reception by F. A. Walker, M.P.P., in Honor of His Parents, Who Have Been Wedded Half a Century.

Fort Saskatchewan, Dec. 19.—The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, of Fort Saskatchewan, was made an occasion of a splendid banquet, given by the members of the Walker family, and by a public reception given in their honor by Mr. A. Walker, M.P.P., and Mrs. F. A. Walker. The banquet took place at 4.30 p.m. yesterday in the Queens hotel.

EDMONTON MAN ROBBED

Wife Near Leduc Was Attacked and His Money Taken.

Leduc, Dec. 18.—Fred Jessup, a young man whose home is in Edmonton, was attacked by a robber and robbed of \$50 on Wednesday afternoon. He had come to Leduc on the afternoon train from Strathcona, and was walking out to the farm of R. J. McDonald, to whom he had engaged as a farm hand.

THE HOLIDAY TRADE

Bradstreet Says It Equals or Exceeds That of Last Year.

New York, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's report will say: The holiday trade shows further extension and most cities report the buying of this Christmas equal to or slightly in excess of last year. There is, however, a perceptible feeling of disappointment discernible in some reports as to its failure to expand more largely than was expected.

WANT RETURN OF CANTEN

Eleven Men Dis of Drinking a Concoction in Army Camp.

Washington, Dec. 18.—General Tinker, commanding in the Philippines, has called the war department a concoction of the report from Manila that eleven men of the eighteenth infantry stationed at Camp Keithley died from drinking a concoction which was supposed to be wine. It is supposed that although other persons are supposed to have entered into the drink, wood alcohol was the base of the concoction. The medical authorities say that methyl alcohol in the beverage. The report of the death of these men at an apparently recent camp supper caused great consternation not only on account of the misfortune to the army, but because it is believed that if the soldiers had proper beverages at their posts they would not be tempted to drink any such villainous concoction. The facts in the case have been before started against the agitation for the canteen.

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION MAINTAINED

Vancouver, Dec. 18.—The full court of appeal today refused to allow an appeal by the attorney-general from a decision of the court against the province in the fishery case this week.

APPLY FOR INCORPORATION

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—The Western Canada Life Assurance Company is applying for incorporation.

UNITED STATES OF EUROPE

Sir Max Vascher Would Abolish Emperors and Kings to Make Europe More Secure.

Paris, Dec. 19.—Sir Max Vascher, who is touring the capitals of Europe advocating the abolition of emperors and kings and the formation of the United States of Europe, was received yesterday by M. Finchen, minister of the interior, at the president of the union. He has been advocating a federation of the states of Europe as a remedy for the existing alarming situation involved in the opposition of a disunited Europe to an united North America.

VICTIM OF NIHILIST PLOT

Russian Ambassador to Rome Dies of Cholera.

Rome, Dec. 19.—The circumstances of the death of Count Nicholas Maraviev, the Russian ambassador here, are remarkably like those that surrounded the death of President Faure of France. Count Maraviev was said to have been visiting a French lady at a leading hotel when he suddenly became ill and withdrew to another apartment. Physicians, hurriedly called, found the count suffering from cholera. He died within an hour after the seizure.

GIRDIRONING OF THE WEST

Premier Rutherford Makes Statement in Toronto Concerning Alberta's Railway Policy.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—Premier Rutherford of Alberta, the guest of honor at a dinner last night, said his province intends to pursue a vigorous railway policy. He will inaugurate a department of railways and of the federal government does not back the new lines as fast as Alberta wishes, the province has decided to build the lines in any case. Lines must first be built and then the premier thinks population and all other things will be added.

OPTION ON C. & E. ROAD

C. N. R. to Take Over the Line, Says Report From Saskatoon.

Saskatoon, Dec. 19.—It is rumored here in railroad circles that the C. N. R. are shortly to take over the Calgary and Edmonton road. It is a fact that work on the Goose Lake line to Calgary is being pushed with all speed and it is expected that when the capital from one to two million dollars is secured, the line will be completed. The C. N. R. is known to own a large site in Calgary for terminal facilities. It is believed that the C. N. R. will take over the line to Calgary as a result of the evidence of Mr. Bond, who was paid \$1,000 by the G.T.P. for four months ago.

THEIR CAUSE SUSTAINED

Westminster County Voters in Favor of Retaining Temperance Act.

Moncton, N.B., Dec. 18.—Following the application for the repeal of the Canada Temperance Act, and in favor of retaining the liquor traffic in Westmoreland county, a vote was taken today and resulted in sustaining the act by a majority of about 700. Moncton City went more than 600 for the act. The last vote in the question in the county was in 1899, when the act was carried by 240. A temperance meeting tonight it was decided to fight for a rigid enforcement of the liquor law. The result was made known, the temperance party left in various parts of the city and paraded in honor of their victory.

DISASTROUS WITH SAW-OFF

Toronto, Dec. 18.—E. Knefer, K.C., Port Arthur, who was defeated by Jas. Cousine in the recent election, is in the city today. It is reported that he was injured by a saw-off.

JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF CHURCH

Welland, Dec. 17.—Judge Wells gave a verdict for \$12,382.55 against the town in favor of the Methodist church, which was damaged by fire, when the road roller broke a gas main.

SOURIS MAN WANTS DIVORCE

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—J. C. Cowan, of the district of Souris, Man., has entered suit for a divorce from his wife, Daisy Cowan, lately of Winnipeg.

THE SECOND CASE FOR ARBITRATION ON G.T.P.

Solicitor For Company in Bechtelmont Right of Way Arbitration Case Calls Attention to Fact G.T.P. Has Had Only Two Arbitration Cases.

The evidence which has been accumulating before the board of arbitration on the G.T.P. right of way controversy was focused before the arbitrators on Friday morning by the leading counsel for the respective parties. After hearing the argument for both sides the board adjourned proceedings until Thursday morning, December 24th, when the board will meet on the points at issue will be given.

NEW REGIMENT 101ST CANADIAN FUSILIERS

The Name by Which Edmonton's Infantry Regiment Will Be Known—Jan. 4th—Active Drilling Commences April 1st, 1909.

The work of organizing the new infantry regiment in Edmonton is proceeding rapidly and by spring every thing will be under way. Colonel Edwards, who is in command of the new regiment, received word yesterday from the district officer commanding the 101st Canadian Fusiliers.

EDMONTON MAN ROBBED

Wife Near Leduc Was Attacked and His Money Taken.

Leduc, Dec. 18.—Fred Jessup, a young man whose home is in Edmonton, was attacked by a robber and robbed of \$50 on Wednesday afternoon. He had come to Leduc on the afternoon train from Strathcona, and was walking out to the farm of R. J. McDonald, to whom he had engaged as a farm hand.

THE HOLIDAY TRADE

Bradstreet Says It Equals or Exceeds That of Last Year.

New York, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's report will say: The holiday trade shows further extension and most cities report the buying of this Christmas equal to or slightly in excess of last year. There is, however, a perceptible feeling of disappointment discernible in some reports as to its failure to expand more largely than was expected.

WANT RETURN OF CANTEN

Eleven Men Dis of Drinking a Concoction in Army Camp.

Washington, Dec. 18.—General Tinker, commanding in the Philippines, has called the war department a concoction of the report from Manila that eleven men of the eighteenth infantry stationed at Camp Keithley died from drinking a concoction which was supposed to be wine. It is supposed that although other persons are supposed to have entered into the drink, wood alcohol was the base of the concoction. The medical authorities say that methyl alcohol in the beverage. The report of the death of these men at an apparently recent camp supper caused great consternation not only on account of the misfortune to the army, but because it is believed that if the soldiers had proper beverages at their posts they would not be tempted to drink any such villainous concoction. The facts in the case have been before started against the agitation for the canteen.

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION MAINTAINED

Vancouver, Dec. 18.—The full court of appeal today refused to allow an appeal by the attorney-general from a decision of the court against the province in the fishery case this week.

APPLY FOR INCORPORATION

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—The Western Canada Life Assurance Company is applying for incorporation.

TAFET'S SECRETARY OF STATE

Senator Knox is Announced to Fill the Position.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 19.—President-elect Taft tonight announced the appointment of Senator Knox as Secretary of State in his cabinet. He said that the offer was made to Mr. Knox last Saturday morning in New York. "I feel that I am to be congratulated on securing the services of Senator Knox in my cabinet," said Mr. Taft. "A Secretary of State first I wanted a lawyer and second a man who is in the public eye, a man who stands out prominently as a great American. Mr. Knox was a great attorney-general, he was a prominent candidate for the presidency, and is recognized by the senate and elsewhere as one of the greatest lawyers of that body. Mr. Taft would not discuss the story that Mr. Wickersham had been appointed attorney-general."

MYSTIC SHRINERS IN WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, Dec. 19.—Mystic Shriner No. 101, which has about 150 members, are gathered here today for the annual ceremonial tonight.

NEW REGIMENT 101ST CANADIAN FUSILIERS

The Name by Which Edmonton's Infantry Regiment Will Be Known—Jan. 4th—Active Drilling Commences April 1st, 1909.

The work of organizing the new infantry regiment in Edmonton is proceeding rapidly and by spring every thing will be under way. Colonel Edwards, who is in command of the new regiment, received word yesterday from the district officer commanding the 101st Canadian Fusiliers.

EDMONTON MAN ROBBED

Wife Near Leduc Was Attacked and His Money Taken.

Leduc, Dec. 18.—Fred Jessup, a young man whose home is in Edmonton, was attacked by a robber and robbed of \$50 on Wednesday afternoon. He had come to Leduc on the afternoon train from Strathcona, and was walking out to the farm of R. J. McDonald, to whom he had engaged as a farm hand.

THE HOLIDAY TRADE

Bradstreet Says It Equals or Exceeds That of Last Year.

New York, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's report will say: The holiday trade shows further extension and most cities report the buying of this Christmas equal to or slightly in excess of last year. There is, however, a perceptible feeling of disappointment discernible in some reports as to its failure to expand more largely than was expected.

WANT RETURN OF CANTEN

Eleven Men Dis of Drinking a Concoction in Army Camp.

Washington, Dec. 18.—General Tinker, commanding in the Philippines, has called the war department a concoction of the report from Manila that eleven men of the eighteenth infantry stationed at Camp Keithley died from drinking a concoction which was supposed to be wine. It is supposed that although other persons are supposed to have entered into the drink, wood alcohol was the base of the concoction. The medical authorities say that methyl alcohol in the beverage. The report of the death of these men at an apparently recent camp supper caused great consternation not only on account of the misfortune to the army, but because it is believed that if the soldiers had proper beverages at their posts they would not be tempted to drink any such villainous concoction. The facts in the case have been before started against the agitation for the canteen.

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION MAINTAINED

Vancouver, Dec. 18.—The full court of appeal today refused to allow an appeal by the attorney-general from a decision of the court against the province in the fishery case this week.

APPLY FOR INCORPORATION

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—The Western Canada Life Assurance Company is applying for incorporation.

LEGISLATION COMPENSATES WORKMEN'S DEPENDANTS

Workmen's Compensation Act Which Becomes Operative January 1st, 1909, Not Only Provides for Compensating Workmen for Injuries Sustained at Work, But Insures Consideration of Dependents in Case of Accidents or Fatalities.

The Workmen's Compensation act comes into force with the new year. The act applies to men engaged in or about any railway, factory, mine, quarry or engineering work, or upon any building more than forty feet in height in whose construction scaffolding or mechanical power is used. It does not apply to men at other than manual labor whose salaries exceed \$1,200 per year, nor to casual employees, nor to those doing "piece-work" on premises not under the control of the employer.

EDMONTON MAN ROBBED

Wife Near Leduc Was Attacked and His Money Taken.

Leduc, Dec. 18.—Fred Jessup, a young man whose home is in Edmonton, was attacked by a robber and robbed of \$50 on Wednesday afternoon. He had come to Leduc on the afternoon train from Strathcona, and was walking out to the farm of R. J. McDonald, to whom he had engaged as a farm hand.

THE HOLIDAY TRADE

Bradstreet Says It Equals or Exceeds That of Last Year.

New York, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's report will say: The holiday trade shows further extension and most cities report the buying of this Christmas equal to or slightly in excess of last year. There is, however, a perceptible feeling of disappointment discernible in some reports as to its failure to expand more largely than was expected.

WANT RETURN OF CANTEN

Eleven Men Dis of Drinking a Concoction in Army Camp.

Washington, Dec. 18.—General Tinker, commanding in the Philippines, has called the war department a concoction of the report from Manila that eleven men of the eighteenth infantry stationed at Camp Keithley died from drinking a concoction which was supposed to be wine. It is supposed that although other persons are supposed to have entered into the drink, wood alcohol was the base of the concoction. The medical authorities say that methyl alcohol in the beverage. The report of the death of these men at an apparently recent camp supper caused great consternation not only on account of the misfortune to the army, but because it is believed that if the soldiers had proper beverages at their posts they would not be tempted to drink any such villainous concoction. The facts in the case have been before started against the agitation for the canteen.

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION MAINTAINED

Vancouver, Dec. 18.—The full court of appeal today refused to allow an appeal by the attorney-general from a decision of the court against the province in the fishery case this week.

APPLY FOR INCORPORATION

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—The Western Canada Life Assurance Company is applying for incorporation.

EDMONTON MAN ROBBED

Wife Near Leduc Was Attacked and His Money Taken.

Leduc, Dec. 18.—Fred Jessup, a young man whose home is in Edmonton, was attacked by a robber and robbed of \$50 on Wednesday afternoon. He had come to Leduc on the afternoon train from Strathcona, and was walking out to the farm of R. J. McDonald, to whom he had engaged as a farm hand.

THE HOLIDAY TRADE

Bradstreet Says It Equals or Exceeds That of Last Year.

New York, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's report will say: The holiday trade shows further extension and most cities report the buying of this Christmas equal to or slightly in excess of last year. There is, however, a perceptible feeling of disappointment discernible in some reports as to its failure to expand more largely than was expected.

WANT RETURN OF CANTEN

Eleven Men Dis of Drinking a Concoction in Army Camp.

Washington, Dec. 18.—General Tinker, commanding in the Philippines, has called the war department a concoction of the report from Manila that eleven men of the eighteenth infantry stationed at Camp Keithley died from drinking a concoction which was supposed to be wine. It is supposed that although other persons are supposed to have entered into the drink, wood alcohol was the base of the concoction. The medical authorities say that methyl alcohol in the beverage. The report of the death of these men at an apparently recent camp supper caused great consternation not only on account of the misfortune to the army, but because it is believed that if the soldiers had proper beverages at their posts they would not be tempted to drink any such villainous concoction. The facts in the case have been before started against the agitation for the canteen.

GOVERNMENT'S POSITION MAINTAINED

Vancouver, Dec. 18.—The full court of appeal today refused to allow an appeal by the attorney-general from a decision of the court against the province in the fishery case this week.

APPLY FOR INCORPORATION

Ottawa, Dec. 18.—The Western Canada Life Assurance Company is applying for incorporation.

PROPOSED HAS BEEN HAILLED

Mount of enthusiasm the announcement of the railway in the district in Alberta lack of adequate railway not felt at the present time. A railway station today the demand move the season's crop is as a consequence of thousands of dollars are in circulation are granaries and elevators for periods. Under present railroads Alberta cannot possibly as her natural postulant. Alberta is bound and rich Province—but have railways.

NATIONAL LAW NAVAL WARFARE

Ten Powers Who Are to Govern When Shall Be and Shall Not Be For Seizure by Belligerent Naval Operations.

Dec. 21.—The views of the delegates are here for the International Convention provided for at the last conference, make a huge volume. The delegates are agreed upon the points. The American line with the code adopted at college and include the ship found within the belligerent power may be seized, or used for warlike at the owners must be in the public service of the subject to capture employed in purely a charitable work or voyages of ships employed in naval or service of the enemy, or control of the enemy military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

Ship carrying an enemy's subject to seizure when under the service of the belligerent power may be seized, or used for warlike at the owners must be in the public service of the subject to capture employed in purely a charitable work or voyages of ships employed in naval or service of the enemy, or control of the enemy military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

Ship carrying an enemy's subject to seizure when under the service of the belligerent power may be seized, or used for warlike at the owners must be in the public service of the subject to capture employed in purely a charitable work or voyages of ships employed in naval or service of the enemy, or control of the enemy military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

Ship carrying an enemy's subject to seizure when under the service of the belligerent power may be seized, or used for warlike at the owners must be in the public service of the subject to capture employed in purely a charitable work or voyages of ships employed in naval or service of the enemy, or control of the enemy military service, are subject to capture and destruction.

INTERCOLONIAL

Dec. 21.—Hon. Geo. M. M. minister of rail- being asked as to that the Intercolonial is to be leased to railway, stated that after consideration the management of the line and that various looking to that under discussion. He said, "looking to the management of one or more of the lines, so far as has been decided in order and com-

Dec. 21.—Hon. Geo. M. M. minister of rail- being asked as to that the Intercolonial is to be leased to railway, stated that after consideration the management of the line and that various looking to that under discussion. He said, "looking to the management of one or more of the lines, so far as has been decided in order and com-

USE HIDES

Kind of RAW FURS at 2.00 Per Acre. Bank, Toronto, Ont.

USE HIDES

Kind of RAW FURS at 2.00 Per Acre. Bank, Toronto, Ont.

USE HIDES

Kind of RAW FURS at 2.00 Per Acre. Bank, Toronto, Ont.





EDMONTON NEWS

LOCALS

Workmen are now engaged in fitting up the trucks for the last car to arrive of the seven ordered for the street railway. It will be ready for operation by the end of the week.

PERSONALS

P. H. Thibaudau, inspector of schools in the Lacombe district, is in the city.

The funeral took place at two o'clock Monday of the late Mr. J. Thurston, a farmer of the Riverview Quatre district. His death occurred on Saturday at the Maple Leaf Boarding-house and was due to heart failure.

W. H. White, of Fort Saskatchewan, member-elect of the House of Commons for the constituency of Victoria, is in the city Saturday, a guest at the Imperial Hotel.

Miss Agnes Deans Cameron, the well known magazine writer, who was in Edmonton last summer on her way north, delivered a lecture at Chicago on Thursday last before the Englewood Women's Club on "A Woman's Trip to the North Pole."

H. Madu, proprietor of the Empire Hotel, today, is spending a few days in the city. He reports business good in Islay and says that the new elevator will be ready for operation in a few days.

The survey plans of the following townships have been received at the Dominion lands office, and the available quarter sections therein will be open for entry on the 15th of January, 1909.

R. A. Wallace, of High River, and James Bower, of Red Deer, members of the provincial board of education are in the city to attend sitting of the commission and are registered at the Hotel Cecil.

Erskine, the latest town to organize a board of trade, and Hugh McDonald, of that town, has written A. G. Harrison, secretary of the Edmonton Board of Trade, asking for a few pointers regarding the constitution to be adopted.

L. Fuller, of Inglewood, Cal., has returned to the city from the country. He states that he has secured a large number of California friends with money would come out and settle in that part of Alberta if there was a prospect of getting railway connection.

ERSKINE ENTERPRISING.

The enterprising town of Erskine, Alberta, is the latest town to organize a board of trade, and Hugh McDonald, of that town, has written A. G. Harrison, secretary of the Edmonton Board of Trade, asking for a few pointers regarding the constitution to be adopted.

C. P. R. PASSENGERS.

The passenger traffic on the railroads still continues to be very heavy as the Christmas holidays draw near.

AN ATTRACTIVE CALENDAR.

The Board of Trade offices is being besieged with applications for calendars this week and the supply on hand is being rapidly exhausted.

THE FURTHEST NORTH SCHOOL.

Althabasca Landing can no longer lay claim to the distinction of being the furthest north school in the American continent.

DISTRICT COURT CASES.

Judge Taylor returned Saturday from Lloydminster, Vermilion and Innisfree where sittings of the district court were held.

C.N.R. TRAVELLERS.

The following are some of the passengers who left recently for Christmas excursions: A. Patry, Mitchell, S.D.; McKinley, Toronto; Mr. Edwards, Hamilton; A. W. Havelin, Lacombe, Ont.; J. W. G. Pate, Montreal; A. Patry, Sr., Quebec; Mr. Stevens, Mr. Lyall, New York; Miss Huff, St. Paul, New York; Mr. Pettigrove, New York; Mr. Kerkov, S.D.; Mr. Barnes, Philadelphia; A. E. Fee, Toronto, N.S.; Mr. Condit, St. John, N.B.; Mr. Weidrick, Hagersville, Ont.; A. G. McGeorge, Montreal; Mr. Highton, Montreal; P. G. K. Crisp, Shelburne; S. H. Thompson, Woodstock.

A GENEROUS RESPONSE.

The citizens of Edmonton have responded to the appeal of the Salvation Army for money and kind with which to bring cheer to the sick and deserving destitute during the festive season, with a whole heartedness and magnanimity which does them infinite credit.

ALBERTA COLLEGE RECITAL.

The faculty and students of Alberta college closed the fall term of the year 1908, Friday evening, by a most successful recital in McDougall Methodist church, followed by a very enjoyable conversation in the college halls.

BLACK WATCH.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

Black Watch.

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

AFTER ALBERTA OATS.

General Alberta oats, which is recognized as the best in the world, is greatly in demand for seed. Applications are being received in the city from various points along the new Moose Lake line of the C.N.B. in Saskatchewan, for seed oats from this part of the west.

FERNIE BEING REBUILT.

J. A. Kinney, organizer for the Brotherhood of Carpenters, arrived in the city yesterday from the south.

INDIANS ILL-USE HORSE.

A band of Cree Indians came into the city Thursday from the south.

FRENCH FINANCIER HERE.

That French capital is becoming more and more interested in the Canadian market and that many prominent French financiers will place a great deal of their money in this country within the next few months.

FIRST WORK FOR NEW COUNCIL.

Mayor-elect Lee and those of the city authorities who have worked under consideration the public works of next year which require attention, are desirous of getting the new council to work at the earliest possible moment upon the organization of the plans, specifications and tenders for the new work.

LET THE PEOPLE KNOW.

Lethbridge Herald—Different ways of doing things and in no case has this been so true as in the case of the railway in the announcement of its railway policy by the Alberta government.

THRIVING G.T.P. TOWN.

The Board of Trade has received a report from the secretary of the Ryley Board of Trade, R. A. Peterson, giving some interesting particulars regarding the thriving town on the Edmonton district and kept for reference.

CITY PURCHASE STEAM ENGINE.

As the first step towards the increase of the electric power plant made necessary by the extension of the city limits, the city council has approved the recommendation of Commissioner McLaughlin decided to purchase a 100 horse power engine from the Robb Engineering Co., Amherst, N.S., at a cost of \$6,375.

THINKS HE IS PRINCE OF WALES.

Under arrest at the police station at the present time is a man who thinks that he is the Prince of Wales.

PREBYTERIAN EXTENSION.

The meeting in First Presbyterian Church, Thursday evening, for the purpose of discussing church extension in the western section of the city, was well attended.

BULLETIN CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

The Christmas number of the Bulletin will be issued from this office on Wednesday. The 100th number, seven years ago, in interest the previous issues, which have been considered by the Board of Trade, received communications from Tessler, Saskatchewan, and from Blon, Saskatchewan, for information regarding the best method of securing good oats for seed from the Edmonton district.

INDIANS ILL-USE HORSE.

A band of Cree Indians came into the city Thursday from the south.

FRENCH FINANCIER HERE.

That French capital is becoming more and more interested in the Canadian market and that many prominent French financiers will place a great deal of their money in this country within the next few months.

FIRST WORK FOR NEW COUNCIL.

Mayor-elect Lee and those of the city authorities who have worked under consideration the public works of next year which require attention, are desirous of getting the new council to work at the earliest possible moment upon the organization of the plans, specifications and tenders for the new work.

LET THE PEOPLE KNOW.

Lethbridge Herald—Different ways of doing things and in no case has this been so true as in the case of the railway in the announcement of its railway policy by the Alberta government.

THRIVING G.T.P. TOWN.

The Board of Trade has received a report from the secretary of the Ryley Board of Trade, R. A. Peterson, giving some interesting particulars regarding the thriving town on the Edmonton district and kept for reference.

CITY PURCHASE STEAM ENGINE.

As the first step towards the increase of the electric power plant made necessary by the extension of the city limits, the city council has approved the recommendation of Commissioner McLaughlin decided to purchase a 100 horse power engine from the Robb Engineering Co., Amherst, N.S., at a cost of \$6,375.

THINKS HE IS PRINCE OF WALES.

Under arrest at the police station at the present time is a man who thinks that he is the Prince of Wales.

PREBYTERIAN EXTENSION.

The meeting in First Presbyterian Church, Thursday evening, for the purpose of discussing church extension in the western section of the city, was well attended.

STRAIGHT LOAN

SINKING FUND LOAN

the bottom of the mine that he died several days later. The evidence went to show that several men were working on a platform when one of the planks slipped away and fell down the shaft. It was not known at the time that White was at the bottom but when he was called later, an answer was received in a few minutes.

SCHOOL TEACHERS ORGANIZE.

The teachers of the Edmonton public and high schools have organized a teachers' union.

VIOLATED FRANKING LAWS.

Little rye, flax or speltz grain. The price of rye flax in the district ranges from \$10 to \$25.

CONGRESSMEN MUST PAY \$10 TO GET TYPEWRITERS FOR P. O. DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Dec. 17—Three congressmen will be short just \$19 in Christmas money on the cost of three typewriters to the government.

MR. SHARRATT RETURNS TO OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Dec. 17—After three months' absence Mr. Darius Sharratt, a member of the House of Commons, returned to Ottawa today.

POPULATION OF THE TOWN IS AT PRESENT 63.

A village school district has been created, embracing some 20 square miles. The assessment is \$182,000 and the tax rate will probably be about five mills.

15% MORE FOR YOUR HOUSE.

If you intend putting up a house to cost \$300 or more, estimate on "Sovereign" Boiler and Radiators.

MAKES PRIZE BUTTER.

Who ever heard of Canada's prize butter makers using imported salt? They all rely on Windsor Salt.

WINDSOR SALT.

because they know that it dissolves quickly—works in easily—and gives a delightful flavor to the butter.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

247 JASPER AVE. EAST

LOANS AT 8%

ON IMPROVED FARM PROPERTY

APPLY TO CREDIT FONCIER, F. C. EDMONTON

G. H. GOWAN, LOCAL MANAGER SCHOOL DEBENTURES PURCHASER

Builders and Contractors

Get our figures on your factory work and save money. We are in a position to quote right prices on special detail work.

W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SASH AND DOOR FACTORY EDMONTON, ALTA.

LEGAL

GRIESBACH, O'CONNOR & ALLISON.

Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Solicitors for the Traders Bank of Canada.

Wm. Short, Hon. C. W. Cross, O. M. Biggar, Hector Cowan, SHORT, CROSS, BIGGAR & COWAN.

Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Offices at present in Cameron Block over new offices of Merchants Bank of Canada after May 1st, next.

GRAND TRUNK BUSINESS COLLEGE EDMONTON

Now is the time to prepare. Write for catalog. It describes the splendid course of training in this school which is known all over Alberta for superior equipment and teaching force.

Violated Franking Laws.

Little rye, flax or speltz grain. The price of rye flax in the district ranges from \$10 to \$25.

CONGRESSMEN MUST PAY \$10 TO GET TYPEWRITERS FOR P. O. DEPARTMENT.

Washington, Dec. 17—Three congressmen will be short just \$19 in Christmas money on the cost of three typewriters to the government.

MR. SHARRATT RETURNS TO OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Dec. 17—After three months' absence Mr. Darius Sharratt, a member of the House of Commons, returned to Ottawa today.

POPULATION OF THE TOWN IS AT PRESENT 63.

A village school district has been created, embracing some 20 square miles. The assessment is \$182,000 and the tax rate will probably be about five mills.

15% MORE FOR YOUR HOUSE.

If you intend putting up a house to cost \$300 or more, estimate on "Sovereign" Boiler and Radiators.

MAKES PRIZE BUTTER.

Who ever heard of Canada's prize butter makers using imported salt? They all rely on Windsor Salt.

WINDSOR SALT.

because they know that it dissolves quickly—works in easily—and gives a delightful flavor to the butter.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

247 JASPER AVE. EAST

SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

VOLUME V.

C. P. R. MUS. ARREARS IN

Forfeiture Proceedings Government on Behalf of Improvement Districts

FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS

Forfeiture proceedings cover of arrears of taxes improvement districts and districts were held before the court on January 16th and in Macleod 18th. These proceedings are those held before a justice of the peace court at Vermilion and Wetaskiwin, and by the Alberta government to assist the districts in collecting of the taxes on land.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS.

In Calgary, the attorney department, represented Attorney General Wood, the payment of arrears of the lands of the Calgary ton railway. R. B. Benn of the company, disputed the amount of arrears on the company's lands are taxation under the act of S. B. Woods held in the year 1907.