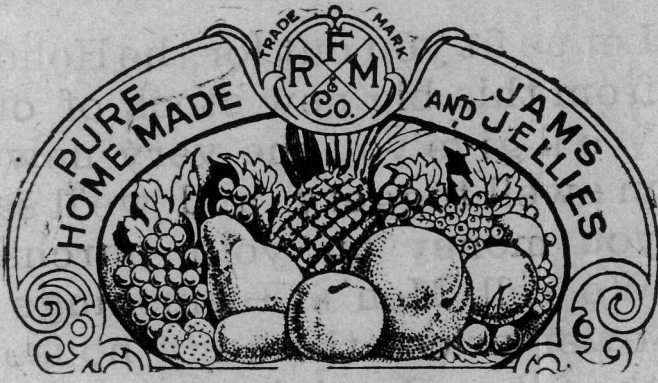


The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1912

Vol. XLII, No. 34



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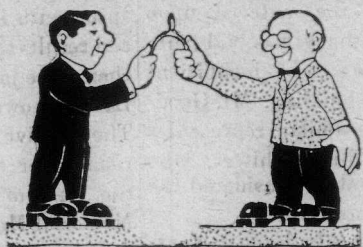
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Nov. 30 1910.

Interest in Foreign Missions Reacts strongly on our work for the Church at home.

American Catholics are beginning to realize this principle of Christian life. Get in touch with the Acts of present day Apostles among these people.

Read: *The Field Afar*,

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We also repair Barometers musical boxes and all kinds of Jewelry in a workmanlike manner.

Goods For Sale:

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RE-OPENING DAY Monday, August 19th

The college term of 1912-13 of the Charlottetown Business College commences Monday, August 19th.

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The earlier you enroll the sooner you will graduate—it doesn't pay to procrastinate.

C. B. C. courses cover Bookkeeping, Shorthand, typewriting, Office Practice, Penmanship, Banking, Business Correspondence, English Branches, Navigation, Engineering, Reporting. Candidates are prepared for any position in the Civil Service. A special course can be arranged to suit the needs of individual students.

To those entering during the month of August a discount of 10 p. c. will be allowed on our regular rates.

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L. B. MILLER - - Principal

ROME LETTER.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Rome, July 27, 1912.

When one looks over the countries of Europe and takes note of the iron grip Freemasonry has taken of several parts, at the first glance only trouble seems to loom ahead for the Catholic Church. She is the only religious organization Masonry esteems worthy of attack; the other "churches" are gradually crumbling to the ground—for they are of the earth, earthy, and besides, does not the secret society use all of them as happy hunting grounds for recruiting purposes? And yet a few generations will pass and the Old Man of the Vatican can look down from the Rock of Ages for traces of the strongly organized bodies, bound by secret oaths to plot incessantly for the destruction of Christ's Church; but he will not find them, for they will have then gone the way of all worthless and evil institutions.

But what a propaganda of calumny has been initiated against the Church in Germany at the Masonic assembly lately held at Frankfurt! Nothing less than a set of rules destined for Catholics (!) who might feel inclined to join the sect, has come forth as a result of that gathering. Many of these rules are amusing, but one thesis in them brings unmeasured ridicule on those responsible for its framing. It runs:

"The Catholic Church is the irreconcilable adversary of culture of mind, that is civilization. She regards progress while Masonry favors it as a means of promoting and generalizing the culture of the mental powers."

Macaulay's great tribute to the debt the world owes the Catholic Church has been often quoted, so we will allow the late Mr. Gladstone to give his opinion on the matter:

"Since the first three hundred years of persecution, the Roman Catholic Church has marched for fifteen hundred years at the head of human civilization, and has driven harrowed to its chariot as the horses of a triumphal car the chief intellectual and material forces of the world; its greatness, glory, grandeur and majesty have been almost, if not absolutely, all that, in those respects, the world has to boast of."

And so who is behind? The great English Commoner or the ignorant German Mason?

When one is tired of the political strife that never ceases in Rome, and seeks for the religious quiet that recalls the early ages that followed the Peace of the Church, he can find it best of all on the Aventine Hill, beyond the Forum, once the busy centre of early Roman life, now deserted and quiet as the grave. Churches, magnificent and historic, surmount Mont' Aventino, each of them connected with a series of events long past that impart a perennial charm to their sturdy old walls. One Church in particular never fails to attract the attention of the tourist, for to Sant' Alessio is attached one of those curious histories that show how differently Providence guides different souls. On the day of the marriage, into which the father forced the fervent youth, the young noble fled from his house to become a wanderer on the face of the earth; for he had taken a vow of celibacy, a step far from the heart of the worldly old Roman senator. Years later Alexis was heard of him until his return to Rome in the guise of a beggar, so wasted and wan as not to be recognized by his nearest relatives. Through pity Senator Euphemianus allowed the poor stranger, as he considered him, to occupy the space under the stairs leading up to the first door of the mansion. Here Alexis lived for seventeen years, receiving scraps of food from his father's servants and treated in every way like a beggar, absolutely unknown to all except One in the city of Rome. At length the end was nigh. A mysterious cry one day rang through Rome: "Seek the man of God." "Seek in the house of Euphemianus." And soon the Pope, the Emperor, the Senators and people were hastening up the sides of the Aventine Hill to the spot where Alexis lay dying. A heavenly light suffused the dying man's countenance. In one hand his Crucifix was tightly held, and the other grasped a sealed paper which contained an account of his life. All efforts to draw the paper from the grasp of death failed until the Pope, in the name of God, ordered the dying man to yield it up. Many painters have depicted the scene that followed. The Pope reading aloud the document to the astonished assembly, the joy and sorrow of the aged father and widowed bride, and, finally, the flight of the soul of Alexis to Paradise make up a scene that is enhanced a hundredfold in the eyes

of one who meditates on these events on the very spot upon which the drama was enacted sixteen hundred years ago.

Owing to the controversy which has been held of late years, especially in Germany, regarding the pronunciation of Latin, the letter lately dispatched by the Holy Father to the Archbishop of Bourges, France, is to be regarded as an important pronouncement on the point. His Holiness cordially approves of the efforts that are being made in several dioceses of France to make the pronunciation of Latin approach as nearly as possible to that in vogue in Rome. One consequence of this harmony of method of speaking the grand old tongue will be a more perfect rendering of Gregorian Chant, "since the accent and pronunciation had," said Pius X, "a great influence on the rhythmic formation of the musical phrase." The Holy Father hopes that the reform in pronunciation of Latin will come to be a successful issue throughout France.

Within a few months at most Italy will probably have again before her the question of divorce, in favor of which a bill has been several times presented and as many times thrown out in the Parliament of Italy. For, in recent times, seeing that Italian law holds out no hope to parties desirous of obtaining a divorce, more than one couple in Italy has resorted to the subterfuge of temporarily abandoning Italy, acquiring the rights of citizenship in a country where the divorce law holds, and then returning to this country with the expectation of having ratified in all its legal consequences the separation given under a foreign flag. This ruse has just been tried by a couple belonging to the aristocracy of Florence, only to be badly foiled by the Court of Appeal of Turin. This tribunal flatly refuses to permit the execution in Italy of a sentence passed in another country, since change of nationality in this instance was brought about to defraud Italian law. Of course the Court of Appeal of Turin is only one tribunal. But its firm stand will in all probability exercise a powerful influence on public opinion, for, through the introduction of a divorce bill would meet with determined opposition on the part of ninety per cent of the population of Italy, masonic and socialist plotting never rests.

Notwithstanding all the arguments adduced in favor of the resumption of diplomatic relations between the Vatican and the French Government on the score of the protectorate in Morocco, few have recalled one obstacle against the project of placing the Catholic institutions of that part of North Africa under the protection of France. Only a few weeks ago the Turkish Government handed over to the Schismatic Armenians—whom Pius X had just denounced and excommunicated—the administration of the goods of the Church there. Nothing has been done in Constantinople by the French Ambassador against the high-handed proceedings, although he is the judicial protector of Catholic rights in the East. What a poor preparation this is for the chance of having the Catholics of Morocco placed in the same position as those in the East!

Lady Day Fete At Cliff Haven.

A BRETON PAGEANT.

CLIFF HAVEN, August 17.

The Lady Day Fete, the grand religious celebration of the Catholic Summer School, with an attractive and salutary weather setting, made of Assumption Day an occasion of great beauty and splendor. With all the solemn devotion of a Brittany pageant of piety, and more than 1,000 persons in reverent retinue leading the way to the improvised altar scene facing the lake, the procession was one of gripping grandeur. More than 100 girls in white, followed by a like number of boys in formal dress, preceded the immediate escort to the Blessed Sacrament, comprising hundreds of devout adults. The triumph that preceded the solemn fete was made the object of a stirring piety of expression that prepared in fitting manner the grand function. A thousand or more kneeling figures on the smiling earth in impressive silence for the solemn Benediction, formed an edifying and pleasing spectacle not soon to be forgotten. The Lady Day Fete is the big celebration at the zenith of the season, and many arrived specially for the occasion.

Sunday next will also be the date of another religious event, when the annual pilgrimage to the Shrine of St. Ann, Isle La Noire, is to take place. A special boat chartered for the occasion is expected to carry about 700

guests to the mecca of so many thousands of American Catholics, and the trip is anxiously awaited.

The bazaar in the New York Cottage on Friday afternoon and evening under the auspices of the Alumnae Auxiliary Association, was an affair that will long be remembered in the annals of the Summer School.

A Solemn High Mass of Requiem was celebrated on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock for the repose of the soul of the late second vice-president of the institution, the Hon. Richard B. Bannin of Brooklyn, who died last week, after a lingering illness.

One of the most important lecture courses and likewise one of the most widely attended and attractive, closed with the present week, when the Rev. Dr. John A. Ryan, of St. Paul Seminary, spoke on "The Industrial Revolution and the rise of the modern wage earning class." The scope of the series as indicated by the noted economist included a discussion of the labor movement in this country, low and high wages, the just wage, and the variously mooted solutions of the labor and wage questions. The exposition was highly instructive. The evening course was also one of interesting dimensions, as delivered by the Rev. James J. Fox, S. T. D., of the Catholic University, who spoke on "Some Typical Social Reformers of the Nineteenth Century," including Archbishop Kettler, the late Leo XIII., Cardinal Manning and Cardinal Gibbons. (The morning course during the ensuing week will be by Charles Hallam McCarthy, Ph. D., of Washington, D. C., who is to develop a course on American History. The evening lectures will be delivered by the Rev. Walter J. Shanley of Danbury, Conn., whose series will have to do with "The Educational Mission of the Catholic Church.")

The Rev. Thos. McMillan, C.S.P., of the Board of Trustees, for many years Chairman of the Board of Studies, is acting president during the absence of the Rev. David J. Hickey, LL.D., who left a few days ago for his parish in Brooklyn after six weeks of active administration.

Conde B. Pallen, Ph. D., managing editor of the Catholic Encyclopedia, is among the distinguished visitors on the grounds. At the family gathering on Sunday evening he delivered an interesting address dealing with the details of this mammoth project.

The weekly hop at the Champlain Club on Wednesday evening was featured with a number of Colonial figures that were well executed by a number of young couples in costumes. Dances were under the direction of Miss M. A. Goary.

The camp fire at the College Camp on Monday evening contained a mirth-provoking farce called "Ham-Omelet," a burlesque on the great tragedy. Fine musical numbers were also presented.

On Saturday evening the dramatic company is to put on its stellar production, that is promised as an attraction that will more than eclipse even the triumphs of the present season. A re-inforced company will be on hand to aid in the special four act performance.

Horseback riding has come into greater vogue than ever, and from dawn to sunset finds many enthusiastic horsemen and expert horsewomen in the saddle for trips ranging from one hour jaunts to vigorous riding to Assable Cham and other points of interest within a radius of twenty-five miles. Automobile parties vie with the horse riding diversion as an attraction for the guests.

It is, or used to be a popular 'fad' with superficial critics of Christianity, to seek out resemblances, partial, seeming—real or imaginary—between certain beliefs of Christians and certain beliefs of pagans, and on such flimsy premises to assert that Christianity had borrowed from paganism, and was therefore not of divine origin. The very plain possibility that pagans might have borrowed from Jews or Christians as easily as the latter from them, they ignored, with the ease and facility with which dealers in error always ignore the thing that does not suit their book. To some extent the old ridiculous performance still goes on, or similar performances. Rev. H. Woods, S. J., has been digging

IF YOU WISH TO BE WELL YOU MUST KEEP THE BOWELS OPEN

Any irregularity of the bowels is always dangerous, and should be attended to at once. If the bowels cease to work properly, all the other organs become deranged.

Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills work on the bowels gently and naturally, and will cure the worst cases of constipation. Mrs. J. Hubbard, Fort Calhoun, Ont., writes:—"I have tried many remedies for constipation and never found anything so good as your Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills. We always keep a box in the house, for we would not be without them. I always recommend them to my friends."

Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills are 25 cents per box, or 50 cents for a dozen, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

In the 11th edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, a work which is now so well marked by the signals set up by the Catholic press that Catholics cannot be supposed for giving it their support. Father Woods has found, as we learn from his article in America, a gem among the contributors to this work, who 'connects the agonizing of the Christian religion with totem cults and the use of a layer of oil to preserve wine in a jar.' So far as the Catholic religion is concerned, the Britannica is a joke, and a very poor joke at that.—Casket.

Two wit once stumbled past a cemetery. On a nearby tombstone one of them chanced to see this inscription: 'Here lies a lawyer and an honest man.' Struck by the incongruity of the epitaph, he read it aloud to his companion. The companion, with a sly twinkle in his eye, replied: 'How strange, here are two men buried in one grave.'

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

The Jolly Fellow (to the man above who has been dragged from his bed by the wild rigging of his front door bell)—One of your windows is wide open.

Mr. Dressing Gown—Thanks awfully, old man. Which one is it? The Jolly Fellow—The one you have your head out of. Ta-ta.

A Sensible Merchant.

Milburn's Stinging Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Minard's Liniment cures neuralgia.

Gallego—Here's the dress suit you loaned me, old man, and thanks. It didn't fit me very well, so I had the tailor make a few alterations.

Green—The dress you did! Well, of all the— Gallego—Oh, it's all right. I told him to send the bill to me.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Bix—I always go by the motto: If you'd have a thing done well, do it yourself.

Dix—Yes; but suppose you want a haircut?

There is nothing harsh about Lax-Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Diarrhea, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25c.

Caller (on the doormat)—Is the lady of the house in?

House maid (who has just received a month's notice)—The mistress is in, but she's no lady.

SUFFERED WITH LAME BACK WAS NOT ABLE TO STRAIGHTEN UP

Mr. C. Grace, Hamilton, Ont., writes:—"I was suffering with lame back, and for two weeks was not able to straighten up to walk, and hardly able to sit down for the pains in my back, hips and legs. I had used different kinds of pills, plasters, liniments and medicines, without any relief. One day there was a B.B.B. book left at our door, and I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, and I decided to try them. Before I had half a box used I felt a great deal better, and by the time I had used two boxes I was cured. I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to all suffering as I did, or from any illness arising from diseased kidneys. Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. When ordering direct, specify 'Doan's'."

THE HERALD

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The British West Indies.

In view of the preferential trade agreement between Canada and the West Indies, considerable interest attaches to a project, advanced by Sir Harry Johnson in the London Chronicle that all these colonies should be joined in a federation. The project is, of course, only a suggestion at this stage, but it contains several suggestive features.

In his proposal for British Tropical America, as Sir Harry Johnson calls the English possessions in and near the Caribbean Sea, he includes Jamaica, British Honduras, Barbados, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the dozen small islands of the Lesser Antilles, as well as Trinidad, British Guiana in South America is also near enough to be included in the list.

This division of the British Empire contains approximately 1,640,000 blacks and 125,000 whites. The predominance of the blacks leads the advocate of this new confederation to reject the proposition that they be joined to Canada. Hence he suggests that Jamaica be made an administrative centre, a place its geographical relation to the other colonies and its comparative importance alike justify; that there should be a Supreme Court, a university, a Federal Council and a variety of other similar institutions created there, and that it should be the residence of the new Governor General of British Tropical America.

The difference in the character of the various colonies included in this group leads Sir Harry Johnson to the conclusion that a large measure of local independence of home rule should be allotted to each. Even the question of black and white suffrage is one which he believes will have to be left to the various colonies, but on the other hand he recognizes the growing insistence of the 1,640,000 negroes of these territories for some sort of political status.

The point to be observed is that this proposal, although in its infancy, is already being viewed with some symptoms of alarm in the United States. Commenting on the writer's suggestion the New York Sun says: "The project is plainly little more than a mere imaginative affair at the moment, yet it must have a real interest for the United States commercially, since a tariff wall erected about such a confederation would be of immediate concern, particularly to the Southern States, while the growth of a more or less well united confederation of English speaking blacks is the most interesting of the many indications of new European activity in the West Indies."

The future possibilities in this confederation, as the Sun sees them, would be strongly inimical to the interests of the United States. The "Chinese wall," which was a nightmare to Mr. Taft, would be strengthened and fortified in an unlooked for quarter. Preferential trade within the Empire would receive an impetus. The confederated colonies, as a unit, would at once become an all important factor. "The tariff wall erected about such a confederation would be of immediate concern, particularly to the Southern States." It becomes daily more evident that Imperial Preference would have lost its terrors had the United States been successful in luring Canada into

the entanglements of reciprocity.

The sentiment in favor of an Empire Preference is increasing in the West Indies. Signs are not wanting that Jamaica and the other colonies, now withholding the preference from Canada, will come into line in the near future. The Daily Gleaner of Kingston, Jamaica, speaks encouragingly on this point. In its issue of the 2nd inst. it comments as follows:

"Consequently, we shall soon see a preferential trade system in full operation in the colonies to the east and south east of us; and it will be interesting to watch how the experiment works. For our part, we have little doubt that it will have a successful result eventually. Canada is a country with a great future before it. Its population is growing by leaps and bounds. Its commerce is expanding at a phenomenal rate. For these reasons its markets are becoming more and more valuable every year for the products of tropical colonies like the British West Indies and Demerara. Bye-and-bye—and in the not very remote future either—the Dominion will have reached such a state of development as to justify Jamaica and the Bahamas (which now depend for their very existence, commercially speaking, on the United States) in seeking to come into closer relations with it, on a preferential basis. Unfortunately, that time has not yet arrived. And this fact is appreciated just as fully by the statesmen, politicians and intelligent business men of Canada as it is by the leading colonists in this part of the Empire."

The inauguration of a greatly improved steamship service between the Maritime Provinces and the West Indies, will go far as an inducement to these colonies to become parties to the agreement. The trade between Canada and the signatories to the agreement will be stimulated and developed. The beneficial effects will commend the advantages of a mutual preference to Jamaica and the other islands not yet included in the arrangement. According to the terms of the agreement Canada is giving their products a preference for three years. At the end of that period they will cease to enjoy this privilege unless they then reciprocate. There seems a strong probability that before three years elapse Jamaica and the other colonies will come in.—St. John Standard.

Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, accompanied by Mrs. Burrell, Miss Loucks and Mr. Ide, Private Secretary, arrived here Saturday from Picou, by the Northumberland. They put up at the Victoria. The Minister was met at the wharf by Hon. Mr. McKinnon Commissioner of Agriculture, Mr. J. A. Clark, Superintendent of the Experimental Farm Station, and others. Sunday afternoon the Minister, accompanied by Hon. Mr. McKinnon, Messrs. McLean and Nicholson, M. P.s, and others, visited the Experimental Farm, a neighboring Fox Ranch, and a suburban orchard. Monday the Minister and his party, accompanied by the above named gentlemen, Premier Mathieson and others went to Georgetown and witnessed the regatta. The party returned to the city Monday night, and on Tuesday morning the Minister and his party left for the Mainland via Summerside.

When you see the heading, "Tried to Change Seats in a Boat," all that is necessary is to look to the bottom of the paragraph to see if the bodies have been recovered. Guelph Mercury.

Switzerland.

Switzerland, a country not often in the public eye, and which goes quietly on its way undisturbed by rumors of war or other complications, is just now enjoying a "boom," but there is very little excitement about it. Some of the towns, especially on Lake Geneva, are growing at a great rate, and throughout the country tourists report fresh evidences of prosperity. New chalets are springing up in the villages and the old ones are being renovated.

Complaints, however, are being heard that this prosperity is not altogether a blessing. The natives, formerly frugal and hard working, now make so much during the tourist months that they are loath to labor the rest of the year. The abundance of money is due largely to the fact that there are now two tourist seasons. Many of the popular resorts and hotels are more crowded in winter than in summer. From Paris and other cities are run daily trains to the Alps, where the sun shines more brightly in mid-winter than in midsummer. Formerly a rainy July or August meant a loss of \$10,000,000 out of the \$60,000,000 which visitors bring to Switzerland. This is now offset by the winter gains.

Meanwhile new mountain and through railways are being built in all directions. The Jungfrau Railway has had a setback. It was to have been opened in July, but difficulties have been encountered in regard to foundations, which make it seem probable that trains will not run to the Jungfraujoch station till next summer. Doubts are being expressed whether the summit will ever be reached. In its present shape, however, this railway offers so much of grandeur to see that it more than pays expenses.—St. John Standard.

The splendid new steel bridge built by the Provincial Government over the West River, christened Popular Island Bridge, was formally opened for traffic on Friday evening last, in the presence of the Premier, the Commissioner of Public Works and others. The bridge is 615 feet long. There are six steel spans, five of them 90 feet long, and one, over the channel, 165 feet. The steel structure rests on concrete piers. The width is 15 feet between the posts. This is the first completed of the many permanent bridges of this kind now under construction by the Government.

The difference between the two parties on the tariff question lies in this: That the Conservatives talk Protection both in opposition and in office, while the Liberals preach Free Trade in opposition and in office practice Protection.—Moose Jaw News.

Mayor Fitzgerald's advice to the people during the high cost of meat to live on canned goods and preserves is very mindful of the naive comment of the impractical Marie Antoinette that if the ravening mob outside Versailles has no bread they might eat cake.—New Bedford Standard.

Andrew Carnegie has offered Edmonton \$60,000 for a public library, and the city has indignantly refused. However, it wasn't exactly due to any excess of civic patriotism, but because Andrew had based the offer on the recent Dominion census, which gave Edmonton 23,000 people, whereas the city claims 55,000. This is a pretty expensive way of letting Andy know that he was dealing with no community in the effete East, Ottawa Citizen.

One of the demands made upon the management of the Intercolonial Railway during the Laurier regime was that the chairman of the political patronage committee at Moncton should have the privilege of distributing passes for free travel over the road. The management did not agree to the proposal. There was a limit to what it could do for those who thought they were politicians. The case, however, illustrates what ailed the Intercolonial. The disgusted official who said it was funnier than a comic opera had reason.—Montreal Gazette.

The Scottish Gathering.

The annual Scottish games under the auspices of the Caledonian Club were held, as previously advertised, at Summerside on Wednesday last. The weather was beautiful, the attendance was large and the games were well conducted and keenly contested. The Clansmen preceded by pipers and band parade from the Club rooms in Charlottetown, to the Railway Station shortly after 8 o'clock Wednesday morning and boarded the special train for Summerside. The train was crowded and so were other specials from the east and on the Murry Harbor branch. After arrival at Summerside the members of the Club again formed into line and marched to the Driving Park preceded by four pipers and the Fourth Regiment Band. The games commenced about 1 o'clock and continued without intermission till the programme was disposed of. Following is the competition.

PRIZE LIST.

- Putting Light Stone—1st, William McLean, DeGros Marsh, 39ft. 10 in.; 2nd, J. P. McLeod, Valleyfield, 37 ft. 11 in.; 3rd, Malcolm McDonald, Lorne Valley, 37 ft. 10 in.; 4th, J. Pendergast, Kensington, 37 ft. 8 in.
- Running High Leap—1st, W. J. Donovan, Charlottetown, and J. P. McLeod, Valleyfield, equally, (1st and second prizes equal divided) 5 ft. 6 in.; 3rd, J. Pendergast, 5 ft. 4 in.
- Throwing Light Hammer, open—1st, William McLean, DeGros Marsh, 107 ft. 7 in.; 2nd, J. Pendergast, 99 ft. 8 in.; 3rd, Malcolm McDonald, Lorne Valley, 88 ft. 5 in.; 4th, J. P. McLeod, 79 ft.
- 220 yards run, amateur—1st, Parker Hooper, Charlottetown, 2nd, F. Lyle, Summerside.
- Running Long Jump—1st, W. J. Donovan 17 ft. 5 in.; 2nd, J. Pendergast, 17 ft. 2 in.; 3rd, D. Martin, Charlottetown, 16 ft. 11 in.
- Vaulting with Pole—1st, W. J. Donovan, 9 ft. 7 in.; 2nd, W. Williams, Charlottetown, 9 ft. 5 in.; 3rd, J. P. McLeod, 9 ft. 3 in.
- Half Mile Run—Walter McKenzie, Springfield; 2nd, Edison McIntyre, Montague; 3rd, James McDonald, Lorne Valley.
- Sack Race—1st, M. F. McKinnon, Churchill; 2nd, William McLean, DeGros Marsh; 3rd, D. P. Matheson, Springfield.
- One Mile Bicycle—1st, J. Gaudet, Charlottetown, 2nd, Geo. Prowe, Charlottetown time 2:49.
- Hop Step and Jump—1st, D. Martin, 38 ft. 8 in.; 2nd, W. J. Donovan, 38 ft. 6 in.; 3rd, J. Pendergast, 36 ft. 3 in.
- 440 Yards Dash—1st, J. Duffy, Charlottetown, 2nd, L. Campbell, 120 Yards Dash—1st, W. J. Donovan, 2nd, W. Williams; 3rd, D. J. Matheson.
- Dancing Ghillie Callum, Men—1st, M. F. McNeill, Long Creek; 2nd, M. E. McKinnon.
- Boys Race—1st, James McDonald, Lorne Valley; 2nd, J. Grady Summerside; 3rd, R. McMillan, Charlottetown.
- 3 Mile Bicycle—1st, George Prowe; 2nd, J. Gaudet.
- Dancing Ghillie Callum, Ladies—1st, Rita McDonald, 2nd, Helen McMillan.
- Best All Round Athlete—W. J. Donovan.
- Best All Round Dancer—Rita McDonald.
- Tug of War, Charlottetown vs. Summerside, ten men to a side, won by Summerside.
- During the sports excellent music was provided by the club pipers and Fourth Regiment Band.

Panama Bill Endorsed By The Senate.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The conference report on the Panama Canal Bill containing the provisions against "trust owned" ships and granting free tolls to certain American vessels was adopted by the Senate today 48 to 18.



Summer Sox
25c. Pair
 Nice assortment in cotton and lisle, black and colored. Other lines.
 30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and \$1.00

Collars
 All the new popular close fitting styles in the celebrated W. G. & R. and Austrian brands.
 15c. each. 2 for 25c.
 20c. each. 3 for 50c.

Trappy Ties
 Lots to select from.
25c to 50c each

Suspenders, all the best makes, Fifty Cents pair. Soft Collars all sizes, all colors, two for Twenty-five cents. Fine Balbriggan Underwear, special, 75c suit

The Men's **McLELLAN BROS.** Tailors and Store Furnishers

Everything Crisp and New in Summer Furnishings for Men

Let us fit you out for the Holiday from this big new stock of ours. We'll give you the very newest in swell toggery, and we'll save you money on your purchase. We sell Men's Furnishings at lower prices than any house in the City. Come in and see our goods—compare our prices with other stores, and then note the saving.

Hundreds of Pretty Shirts 75c to \$3 each

Your shirts will cost you less here. We show an immense line of "Tooke's," "W. G. & R." and "Austrian" makes, in a big assortment of colors, patterns and styles, and at prices that make selling easy. We sell the best ONE DOLLAR Shirt in Canada. A big, well made shirt of beautiful material, that will stand the test of the washtub, made with soft front, cuffs attached or separate, coat style, in a big assortment of patterns. Most stores charge \$1.25 for this shirt. It's the best value in Canada at our price.....\$1.00

A Special in White Balbriggan Underwear \$1.50 Quality for \$1.15 a Suit

A beautiful line of White Balbriggan, in the well known "Spring Needle" make, beautifully finished with satin. All sizes, 32 to 34. Extra good value.....\$1.15 suit. Other lines in Balbriggan, natural wool and silk and wool.....75c to \$4.00 suit

Men's Combination Underwear \$1.50 Suit

This is the ideal underwear for comfort, and is most popular with particular men. Comes in white, elastic knit with full length sleeves and legs, or short, all sizes.

after a futile fight against it led by Senator Brandagee, chairman of the Panama Canal Commission.

An attempt to prevent Panama Canal legislation at this session of Congress was made by Senator Brandagee when he presented conference report on the bill.

The Senator urged that the report be rejected and allowed to go over for a session and a committee of House and Senate appointed to thresh out the problems involved. He attacked the bill as finally framed.

"I believe the bill now is a violation of our treaty obligations with Great Britain and I cannot vote for it," he said: I ask the Senate to reject this report and let the bill go over until next session, when we can give it careful, mature deliberation."

The Senator condemned the provision to exclude railroad steamships. It would prevent ships owned by railroads now under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission from using the canal and would allow ships owned by foreign railroads to pass through.

Senator Reed defended the provision and declared it provided that any competent federal court should decide whether a vessel was owned by a violator of the anti-trust law.

Such unexpected opposition to the amended Panama canal bill developed in the house tonight, that an adjournment was taken as the best way out of an embarrassing situation. Representatives Moore and Olmstead of Pennsylvania, Republicans led the attack. They charged that the conferees had added matter not passed upon by either the house nor the senate and insisted that by so doing, had exceeded their authority.

The senate earlier in the day had adopted the conference report by a vote of 48 to 18, after a fight led by Senator Brandagee, chairman of the senate conferees, who had refused to sign the agreement. Senator Brandagee, urged defeat of the conference report, and the passage of a temporary resolution

Danger of Collapse.

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—A second 'collapsible tower' scandal due to Liberal mismanagement is in prospect, with far more serious financial results to the public exchequer than were involved in the famous Laurier tower seven years ago. The massive square tower of stone rising over the entrance hall of the new million dollar Victoria Memorial Museum has, since the completion of the building, shown a disposition to part company with the rest of the edifice. Cracks have been discovered from time to time in the lower walls, inside the building, necessitating much filling and plastering and constant anxious scrutiny by departmental engineers. These cracks are plainly visible to anyone who chooses to go into the museum and glance up at the walls, and are wide enough to strike terror into the souls of persons nervously disposed.

The contractor, referring to this, expressed the opinion that nobody could guarantee safety under the existing conditions, and he was going to build at the risk of the crown. He asked for definite written instructions on the subject. Whether or not he got them does not appear, but the building was erected and now the contractor's fears are proving to have been well founded. The loss to the government if the tower falls will be very heavy.

If you want to get one of our Premium Pictures send in your Subscription now.

BRING IN YOUR WOOL

We will pay you for good washed Wool at the rate of
24c. lb. Cash
26c. lb. Trade
 And we will guarantee you the best "deal" in good dry goods on P. E. I.

MOORE & McLEOD,
 121 Queen Street, Charlottetown.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

The price of Cheese at the board meeting on Friday last was 12-16 per lb.

Confidence, Hon. Clifford Sifton's bay gelding, broke the world's record by leaping hurdle 7 feet 4 inches at the horse show at Cobourg, Ont.

King George has appointed Right Hon. Louis Robts, Premier and Minister of Agriculture, Union of South Africa, an Honorary General in the British Army.

The London Times announces that a scheme for the amalgamation of the chief steamship lines on the Great Lakes has been completed with a combined capital of \$10,000,000.

Dr. Gaster Odio, a Paris physician, announces that he has discovered the microbe of cancer and succeeded in isolating it. He also declares that he has found an anti-cancer serum.

A man found sketching forts at Lewis, Quebec last night. He is an officer of the Imperial army and had been employed as Military Surveyor by the Ottawa Government.

Joe Lamar, a cowboy in the employ of Frontier Stampede Management at Calgary was thrown by an outlaw horse late Saturday afternoon. Lamar's back was broken. He died on his way to the hospital.

At the Ryde (Isle of Wight) regatta on the 14th Sir Thos. Lipton's Shamrock and Myles B. Kennedy's White Heather, sailed a great race, the latter winning by a narrow margin of 20 seconds over a 51 mile course.

The Railway Department at Ottawa has extended for a month the time for receiving the tenders for the P. E. I. car ferry, which were to have been in on the 15th. Several English and American firms are figuring on the work.

Potato blight has made its appearance in county Wexford Ireland and is stated to have spread to an alarming extent during the past few days. It is feared that a continuance of the present showery weather will result in heavy losses to the farmers.

An International highway connecting Port Arthur and Duluth is being planned. The State of the Minnesota Road Commission and the Cook County Commission are bringing the matter to the attention of the Ontario officials to secure co-operation.

Dan McInnis and D. Edwards died at Calgary Saturday afternoon as a result of injuries sustained Saturday morning when a derrick at the New Court house building fell and crushed the two men. Archie King was also badly mangled but was alive.

Inland revenue like that of the customs and postal receipts shows a steady upward trend. The grand total for July was \$1,779,000, as against \$1,658,969, in the corresponding month last year. Of this amount \$1,746,723 was from excise on spirits and tobacco.

The Hattie Heckman, the United States fishing schooner captured recently by a Canadian revenue cutter off coasting in Nova Scotia waters, has after investigation been condemned and confiscated. This makes three United States vessels confiscated by Canada within a month.

The charitable institutions of Quebec city will benefit by the application of the law against manufacturers. Hand-sets of bottles of ginger ale that were seized from an offender of this kind were distributed on the 15th among the various orphanages. Other seizures will follow with like result.

At Norway Bay, Que. a Summer resort, Sunday, Mary Wright, aged 23, and Bertha Johnson, 16, went beyond their depth bathing and were drowned. Miss Johnson's father was drowned five years ago that day and her sister died three years ago that day by taking carbolic by mistake.

Several persons were killed and damage amounting to a million dollars was caused by a cloudburst and storm that swept over Michigan early Monday. In Niles the water was five feet deep in the streets and seven bridges were washed out and interurban cars stopped. Herman Wilcox, 70 years old, took refuge in a barn and was killed by lightning.

Virginia Christian, a negro and the first woman to be put to death in the electric chair in Virginia, was executed at Richmond early Friday. Governor Mann refused to yield to the entreaties for clemency by several Chicago people. Virginia was convicted of a deliberate and atrociously cruel murder of her employer Mrs. Ida Virginia Belote, at Hampton, Va., March 18 1912.

The trial of three youths, who were arrested on July 21 for being concerned in a plot to assassinate Viscount Kitchener, the British Agent and Council General in Egypt, took place at Cairo on the 14th, and resulted in all of them being found guilty. One was sentenced to 15 years hard labor, while the other two were sent to prison for 15 years without hard labor. It was stated during the hearing that the reading of sedition literature had incited them to the conspiracy.

On Saturday afternoon last, the train from Charlottetown for Cape Traverse ran off the track about a quarter of a mile east of Emerald Junction. Two box cars, a stock car with binder twine, the combined baggage car, a smoker and a passenger coach skidded along for some time and fell on their sides. No one was hurt. There were but four passengers on board. A wrecking train was immediately sent from Charlottetown, and the track was temporarily repaired, so that the incoming and outgoing trains were able to proceed after a couple of hours delay.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Bears and wolves are increasing in numbers in Northern Quebec and making ravages on cattle and sheep.

The Senate at Washington has passed a bill appropriating \$43,000 for increased quarantine facilities at Portland, Maine.

The British Government has granted a pension of \$360 yearly to the daughter of the late Justin McCarthy, novelist and historian, whose estate was only \$2,500.

The steamer Erie, ashore yesterday on Sable Island, has broken in two. The crew are waiting for the surf to subside so that life savers can reach them.

Lieut. Herbert Montague of the British Army has been committed for trial charged with killing a Manchester merchant named Dayan in a local hotel Sunday night.

Prince Arthur of Connaught, son of the Canadian Governor General, has been selected by the King to represent His Majesty at the funeral of the Emperor of Japan.

Henry Smith, a laborer at Battle Creek, Mich., fell 185 feet while on a building at work. He struck on a tank of fresh cement, disappeared, struggled out unhurt and resumed work.

The St. Columba Tea held yesterday at Elmira was a grand success. The attendance was large, the day was fine and the best of order prevailed. A handsome amount must have been realized.

A lone masked robber boarded a southern railway train last Thursday night near Asheville, N. C., and covering the express messenger with a pistol bound him and got away with \$3,000 without being discovered.

Send in your Subscription now and get one of our beautiful Premium Pictures.

"If he's wearing a silk shirt it's a safe bet he's married," observed the Baltimore Sun. This aphorism philosophy is evidently from a bachelor who doesn't know that if a married man had a silk shirt his wife would take it for a kimonos.

Edmund Audemere, a Swiss Airman, completed on Monday the first aeroplane trip from Paris to Berlin. He arrived at the Johannisthal Aerodrome at ten minutes to seven Monday evening, having made three intermediate landings and resting during the night at Bochum.

The Allan line steamer Corsican struck an iceberg in the Strait of Belle Isle Wednesday afternoon. This information first came in a Marconigram to C. H. Harvey, agent of the department of marine and fisheries, Halifax. She was not much damaged, and afterwards proceeded on her voyage.

Our Premium Pictures are beauties. They are worth the price of the Subscription; but Subscribers who pay now get them gratis.

Four children on the farm of Mr. Thomas Dwyer, three miles from the village of Egin, Ont., were burned to death Friday. Harrison and his wife had gone to the barn to milk the cows, leaving the four children asleep in the house. They had been out only a short time when Mr. Dwyer, who was in the field, noticed his home in flames. He gave the alarm and rushing to the burning building got considerable risk to himself. Harrison got out the eldest boy, who was badly burned, and lived only a few hours. The children burned were aged one, three, five and six years, respectively. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison keep house for Mr. Dwyer, who is a bachelor.

Subscribers who send in their Subscriptions now, instead of waiting till the fall, will receive by return mail, free of cost, one of our splendid Premium Pictures.

Lifeboats Not The First Essential.

London, Aug. 10.—The merchant shipping advisory committee of the Board of Trade, to which was referred the question raised by the Titanic disaster, as to what changes in the appliances were necessary, today issued its report. The committee states that the disaster demonstrated the extraordinary difficulty experienced by ships carrying large numbers of passengers in utilizing to their full capacity, even in calm weather, the boats already provided and declares that the security of the passengers is best attained by the adoption of all possible precautions to insure the buoyancy of the vessel after a casualty and by securing the most efficient means of communicating with other vessels.

The gross tonnage of vessels, in the opinion of the committee, should continue to form the basis of the number of boats carried under the davits, it being impracticable to make the number of per-

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

sions carried the standard for such boats. To this is added the recommendation that the existing scale for additional boats and life raft accommodations should be varied by substituting for a percentage of the calculated tonnage the principle of the carrying capacity of the boats provided under the davits and that the additional rafts, collapsible boats, etc. be sufficient to accommodate all the passengers and crew aboard.

The committee recommends that the regulation against undue speed be extended to include a provision for moderate speed at night, when in the presence of known ice.

The All Canadian Route To Montreal.

Via the Intercolonial Railway Ocean Limited Express, the shortest, most comfortable and convenient mode of travel between all Prince Edward Island points, and Quebec and Montreal. Connection with this fast through express is made via steamer to Point du Chene daily except Sundays, and a train from the Points meets the Westbound Ocean Limited at Moncton. Tickets and reservations may be obtained at the office of W. K. Rogers the local ticket agent. The Ocean Limited travels through a territory rich in scenic beauty and makes the fastest time of any through train from the Lower Provinces to the metropolis arriving in Montreal at 7.35 a. m. which is ample time to enable the traveller to make connections with the fast through trains of the Grand Trunk Railway for Toronto, Detroit, Buffalo, Chicago, and other Western points.

Cheap Fares To Toronto Exhibition.

In connection with the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto, which will be held this year from August 24th until September 9th, the Intercolonial Railway will give very low excursion rates, which will give the opportunity to many to visit the "Queen City" on the occasion of its great annual fête.

The Toronto Fair is the largest and most attractive of annual exhibitions in America, and this year new permanent buildings have been constructed and its extensive boundaries enlarged by new boulevards. Aside from the attractions of the exhibition a visit to Toronto at this season is sure to be enjoyable and with the very low rates prevailing it will be possible for persons of moderate means. From Charlottetown the round trip fare will be \$25.75, good August 22, 24, 25, 27, 28, and September 4 and 5. A special rate of \$19.85 will prevail on August 23 and 24, and on September 30. All tickets are good to return September 11th. Maritime Province travellers will have their choice of two through vestibular trains, the Ocean Limited and the Maritime Express, both of which connect at Bonaventure Union Station, Montreal, with the through Grand Frank Railway trains for Toronto. It will be well for intending travellers to apply early for reservations. August 7, 1912-31.

MARRIED.

TRAINOR—McDONALD—In St. Patrick's Church, Port Augustus, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., by the Rev. A. J. McDonald, pastor, Mary Ann McDonald, of Webster's Corner, to Joseph Trainor, Johnston's River.

CAMPBELL—BERNARD—At Park Corner, Aug. 14th, 1912, by Rev. G. A. Sutherland, M. A., John E. Campbell, of Sea View, and Laura M. Bernard, of Sea View.

McMILLAN—GUNN—At Portamouth, N. H., on July 24th, by the Rev. Wm. P. Stanley, Frank H. McMillan and Flora J. Gunn, both of P. E. Island.

DIED.

GILLIS—At his home in Charlottetown, early on the morning of the 20th inst., P. P. Gillis, aged 65 years. Deceased had been ill for over a year, gradually sinking until the end came. He leaves to mourn, three sons and three daughters, besides two sisters and four brothers; Rev. R. J. Gillis, Conductor Angus Gillis, William and Joseph at the old hospital, Plaquid. The sisters are Mrs. John McDonald, Boston, and Mrs. Angus McNamee, French Village. Deceased had been a resident of Charlottetown for about 35 years. His wife predeceased him by several years. The funeral takes place tomorrow morning. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved. We attend his soul rest in peace.

McKENNA—At Lincoln, Ont. 22, on Saturday, 17th August, 1912, Felix McKenna, in the 73rd year of his age. R. I. P.

McINTOSH—At Douglas, Arizona, John C. McIntosh, formerly of Free town, aged 32 years.

McLEAN—At North River, Aug. 18th, 1912, Nell McLean, aged 81 years.

NICHOLSON—At Hunter River, on Thursday, August 8th, 1912, Mrs. Malcolm Nicholson, aged 84, leaving a husband and five children to mourn.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1911 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Madigan.

Fraser & McQuaid, Barristers & Attorneys—Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc., Souris, P. E. Island.

Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

Prizes Offered For Selected Seeds.

Official notice is given by the above organization that substantial prizes in the form of Cash and special trophies, are offered for seed grown in the province and exhibited at the next Annual Winter Fair or Provincial Seed Exhibition. The date of this Exhibition will be made public later.

In addition to the regular prizes offered to members of the Association, special cash prizes are offered to boys and girls between 12 and 18 years of age, for Exhibits of Spring Wheat and White Oats. A sweepstakes prize in the form of a beautiful gold medal, donated by Dr. Jas. W. Robertson, is also offered to the boy or girl having the best Exhibit of Oats in the Maritime Provinces, Quebec and Ontario, and Wheat in each of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Each of these Exhibits is to consist of a sheaf which must be at least 6 inches in diameter at the band, and a gallon of threshed grain. The plants for this sheaf should be selected by hand from the field before the crop is out.

Those proposing to compete for these prizes should arrange at once to make the necessary selections, and should also write to Secretary, Canadian Seed Growers' Association, Ottawa, Ont., and obtain a copy of the prize list, rules and special arrangements regarding the transportation of exhibits.

Now is your chance, boys and girls; even if you don't happen to win a prize the experience you will gain will increase your chances next time.

The Market Prices.

Butter..... 0.06 to 0.25
Eggs, per doz..... 0.00 to 0.25
Fat..... 1.00 to 1.50
Chickens per pair..... 0.00 to 1.25
Floor (per cwt.)..... 0.00 to 0.00
Beef (small)..... 0.10 to 0.14
Beef (quarter)..... 0.08 to 0.14
Mutton, per lb..... 0.08 to 0.09
Pork (per cwt.)..... 0.20 to 0.40
Potatoes (bush)..... 0.45 to 0.80
Hay, per 100 lbs..... 0.45 to 0.70
Rik Oats..... 0.00 to 0.65
Hides (per lb.)..... 0.10 to 0.08
Calf Skins..... 0.00 to 0.12
Sheep pelts..... 0.20 to 0.40
Quarrel (per cwt.)..... 0.00 to 0.05
Turnips..... 0.12 to 0.15
Turkeys (per lb.)..... 0.20 to 0.21
Geese..... 1.25 to 1.75
Frozen hay..... 12.00 to 15.00
Straw..... 0.35 to 0.40
Ducks (per pair)..... 1.00 to 1.50
Lamb Pelts..... 0.25 to 0.30

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Extension of Breakwater at Souris, P. E. I.," will be received at this office until 4 p. m., on Wednesday, September 11, 1912, for the construction of an Extension to the Breakwater at Souris, King's County, P. E. Island.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and office of James B. Egan, District Engineer, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHES,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 14, 1912.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—2666
April 21, 1912-21

Fraser & McQuaid,
Barristers & Attorneys—
Law, Solicitors, Notaries
Public, etc.,
Souris, P. E. Island.

THE JUDGES' DECISION ON THE Union Commercial College Know All Men By These Presents, That, in a court of law, it is the facts that count, not promises or big statements. It is easy enough to make promises and not keep them; it is still easier to make statements that are not based on facts. In the case of this institution you cannot doubt the evidence of satisfaction among the students and graduates, and well pleased business men, in whose employ the graduates are so successful. We find it to be a practical business training institution, with a reputation for getting the best results for its students. The methods are modern; the teaching practical; the instructors are painstaking, competent, and experienced; the graduates are capable of meeting the requirements of the business man. We also find that those who employ the graduates of this institution are exceedingly well satisfied with the services rendered and have filed testimony, expressing their satisfaction. This is the kind of evidence that comes from the fact that the graduates of this institution are capable, and is based on solid and substantial merit. It cannot be imagined or created, but must be earned. It is the product of "value received," and is the kind of evidence that has placed this institution in the front rank of commercial educational institutions. Therefore, we recommend it to all contemplating a course in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping and all other commercial branches. In Witness Whereof, the said judges have hereunto affixed the seal of satisfaction.

Colleges in Charlottetown and Summerside WM. MORAN, Principal

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 148 PRINCE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN. June 15, 1910-11

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown

Morson & Duffy, Barristers & Attorneys. Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

JOB WORK! Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office Charlottetown P. E. Island

Tickets, Dodgers, Posters, Check Books, Note Books of Hand, Receipt Books, Letter Heads, Note Heads

Fraser & McQuaid, Barristers & Attorneys—Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc., Souris, P. E. Island.

This Suit Regular \$2.25 For \$1.25. Boys' Wash Suits, finest quality throughout made in a splendid assortment of plaid and fancy styles, strong, neat and good fitting. For boys aged 2 to 5, regular \$2.25, now clearing at.....\$1.25

Another line worth from \$1.00 to \$1.35, clearing at.....75c. Boys' Blouses, all grades, styles and sizes, regularly sold at 65c to \$1.00. Clearing at.....39c

BROWN'S. 158 Queen Street.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Montague Dental Parlors. We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

PLANT LINE. Daily expected per schooners "B. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons bet quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes. Commencing 7th May and following Tuesdays, steamer will leave for Hawkesbury, Halifax and Boston. Returning leave Boston every Saturday afternoon. For further information apply to T. NICOLL, Agent, Ch'town. June 26, 1912-tf

Amherst Boots. Are the Farmer's friends. Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet. Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75. Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75. Boys' " " 2.00 to 1.50. Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35. Children " " 1.00

Alley & Co.

Hard Coal. Daily expected per schooners "B. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons bet quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes. Commencing 7th May and following Tuesdays, steamer will leave for Hawkesbury, Halifax and Boston. Returning leave Boston every Saturday afternoon. For further information apply to T. NICOLL, Agent, Ch'town. June 26, 1912-tf

STEWART & CAMPBELL, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Office in Deshay Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN. W. S. STEWART, K. C. & H. A. CAMPBELL, July 3, 1911-7ly.

W. W. CORRY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

The Old Woman.

(Frank Hedburn Crawford, in Montreal Tribune)

(Concluded.)

As he stepped to the porch smiling he removed his hat, and, with a bow, presented to the girl a great bunch of fragile poppies, pungently fragrant marigolds, and glowing nasturtiums.

"Oh, aren't they lovely! But I'm afraid you shouldn't have—oh, do you shouldn't have! They are all she had. And I know she must have loved them where they were. And in this best they will only die."

The woman had risen to show the man to the good chair she had first brought out, but now she stood, her lips trembling slightly, mutely staring out at the trampled garden patch, where not a flower remained.

Impulsively the girl rose from her little chair.

"Oh, I'm so sorry—so sorry! I'll had only know!"

"What a tedious!" commented the man. "What does it matter? My dear, there is nothing too good to be given to you. What else could the flowers have been there for?"

The woman turned dully from the vision of desecration. After all this girl and this man—they were her guests.

"It's all right. I'm glad that—that they were there for you. They were all I could give. And you're very welcome. Won't you sit down?"

The man moved toward the old rocking-chair.

"Not that one, sir, it won't hold this one—this is better."

"Oh, this is good enough!"

"Please take the one she offers."

"Why this one's all right. Just a bit loose hang, but—"

He swung it around with a jerk.

"But I know she prizes it, and that it will break! Please do as I ask you—please!"

With smiling, fatuous obstinacy, he seated himself heavily on the old woman's chair, and it did buckle beneath his weight, finally cracked, and broke beyond repair.

He extricated himself with ill grace.

"Well, now, that's too bad! But what do you hang on to a rickety old thing like that for? I'll send you a better one."

The old woman had covered up against the wall when the chair went down. The aching of her heart had become actually physical in its intensity.

The old rocker and the fresh pale flowers—just a minute ago they had been still here; she had been babbling of them to this girl; and now!

And they were her guests—the man and the girl. And she—gentleness and courtesy.

"It—it won't matter," she answered, stammering her voice. "It was so old. But don't send another one you see. Would you like a glass of water?"

She turned to the girl.

"No? Some milk, then, cool from the spring house? No? We have so little to give."

"Ah, but you have given me the loveliest flowers in the world!" cried the girl impulsively.

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia for years, and tried every remedy I heard of but never got anything that gave me relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I cannot praise this medicine too highly for the good it has done me. I always take it in the spring and fall and would not be without it." W. A. Nourse, Belleville, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system.

which her child is created, the enjoyment of eternal happiness in heaven. To guide his steps to that desired end is the principal, if not the only object of her anxious efforts.

To attain this end she counts no exertion too great, no sacrifice too costly.

The love of that mother, who turning away her gaze from that which is the real and true aim of education, directs all her efforts toward the attainment of what is undesirable, or of any rate, of secondary importance, is a false and pre-empted affection.

If she is forgetful of eternity, heedless of the spiritual welfare of her child, she loves only what is earthly and animal in it, and hers is necessarily a debased affection, which will prove her child's perdition. Well may this be called a blind love, since it fails to perceive that by over-indulgence of the child, and worldly-mindedness, she defeats all that education endeavors to accomplish, and make her child unhappy.

The feminine heart must necessarily devote itself to another, even in the case of one who is neither wife and mother, nor the member of a religious Order. The vocation, the natural impulse of women, is for self-surrender, and when no opportunity of this presents itself, the heart is empty and dissatisfied. This occurs, perhaps, less often in the lower or middle classes of society than in the upper. There are women to be met with whose circumstances are too easy for real content. They are not obliged to engage in the battle of life; dress and amusements are all where of they have to think; their time is spent, not in work but in busy idleness. Such a similes existence, enviable as it may appear to some, leaves the strongest desire of the heart, that of devoting itself to a worthy object, unsatisfied.

They are a prey of constant weepings, for all the pleasures at their command leave only a void in their heart. And yet the means of filling that void is really at hand. In the kingdom of God there are no drones. Let the idlers set to work, and make some sacrifice in a good cause, and the heart will soon find the content to which it has long been a stranger.

From "The Catholic Mother," a manual of instructions and devotion for Catholic Mothers, by the Right Rev. Dr. Augustine Egger, D.D.

Work According To Plan

The earth upon which we live moves according to a fixed plan. Nature is a master planner. Her tiniest creation lives according to rule and precept. Often people are not intelligent enough to know what these rules are, and so drift at what they do not understand. They marvel at the starfish, which, when torn in two pieces, becomes two starfish, each severed piece taking up a separate existence. This is possible because the construction of the starfish is planned for just such an emergency. We all live according to a general plan, but being the highest point of natural development, possessing intelligence, we are, in a measure permitted to make our own plans. The reason some persons succeed where others fail is because they are more competent to plan. We call such people original. So they are, in that it is possible for them to conceive plans for the less intelligent to busy themselves in carrying out.

"I have found him," said an employer writing a letter of recommendation for a trusted employee who was leaving him, "to be an intelligent interpreter of his own plans, and those of others." Was that not a fine recommendation? It seemed to me the man most interested that the years of work and effort had been well spent if he could impress that opinion of his ability on one whose praise meant much. To be an originator of worthy plans, with the ability to put them into practice is to possess the keynote to the world's greatest triumphs. That is exactly what Napoleon was able to accomplish. It was this faculty that made the Jesuit and Recollet Fathers such a mighty power in the early days of

our country. They were planners, all, and, besides, they had the gift of teaching others how to labor according to their plans, and to make them enthusiastic in the splendid work of carrying the cross into far places.

In modern times, the person who can not plan can not hope to lead at all. The development of the world's intelligence has reached such a stage that they are two divisions of humanity—those who plan, and others who execute. It depends altogether on ones ability to which class he attaches himself, whether he will always be a worker according to some one else's ideas, or whether his mind is of that order which strikes out boldly for improved ways of doing and of living.

Of these two types of planners, those who work out the details are the persons who eventually may join the first class. Whoever is incapable of working out details will never be able to conceive plans that amount to anything because it has been proved again and again that a poor soldier never makes a good officer.

The planning geniuses of America rarely bother with details, but do not think for a moment it is because they lack the ability to do so. It is merely that they have graduated from that stage into a higher sphere, where they are reaping the reward of their well doing in a subordinate capacity.

One reason for many failures in the world is the inability of those who fail to make use of angles, once it is conceived. It is said that inventors are such impractical men, often, that they do not know how to take advantage of their own genius. However facts destroy that theory in great measure, because the truth is that the reason most inventors do not profit by their inventions is that they lack the money to develop them. Genius is frequently not rich. Hence the capitalist, the money-grubber, is in a position to profit by the facts, as he is inclined to do. He shrewdly measures the worth of another's plan, and makes it his task to carry out the details.—Bonziger's

The Catholic Encyclopedia

Volume XIV.

The Fourteenth Volume of The Catholic Encyclopedia teems with numbers of articles of more than usual interest and evidences more than any preceding volume the wide range and great variety of the subject matter.

Under the titles Sociology, Socialism, Socialistic Communism, and Syndicalism is to be found a broad and comprehensive treatment of a series of topics of a peculiar and momentous interest now that the world is in a sense warring in the ferment of radical and socialist agitation. There is nothing newer or more up to date than the articles touching upon this question in the Fourteenth Volume of The Catholic Encyclopedia.

Among Religious Orders we find notably, in this volume, articles on the Jesuits (under the economic title Society of Jesus), the Templars, Sulpicians, and the various Third Orders which have become of such general interest in recent years, especially since the growth of the popular awakening to the full significance of the work of St. Francis of Assisi and the Franciscans. The article on the Jesuits is the most comprehensive and best balanced we have ever read. Its apologetic section is very valuable and pertinent and surveys with dispassionate criticism the old and the new accusations brought against the Society.

The theological composition of the present volume may be best seen in the great article on Theology with its five headings, Dogmatic, Moral, Pastoral, Aesthetic and Mystical. The article is of over 50,000 words, and constitutes a veritable treatise on the entire science of theology in all its parts. Also of theological interest are the articles Simon, Sin, Toleration, Syllabus, Symbolism, Thomas More, Thomas a Kempis, and Thomas Aquinas, the great medieval doctor of the Church; besides being an admirable biography of the latter, the article on St. Thomas gives a lucid exposition of his principal works, a chart of the Summa Theologiae and a sample of the great theologian's method in treating a subject, all of which constitute a novelty in encyclopedia writing as well as valuable information not easily accessible to the general reader.

Under Scriptural topics we have such important subjects as the Temple, and the Old and New Testaments; under art, Titian and Titianotto; in Church History the line of Popes from Sixtus I.—V.; and Stephen I.—X.; in the sections of nations we have Spain, Switzerland, Sweden and Syria treated with their respective literatures under subheads, Tibet is from the pen of Henri Oudier whose article on China in a previous volume has been pronounced the most complete in encyclopedia literature.

Following the unique plan of the editors to give articles on the foreign nationalities in the United States, we have in Volume XIV an excellent article by Andrew J. Shipman on Slaves in America, besides a general treatment of the slave by Leopold Leonard, Sioux Indians and Shipebo

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Indians are elaborately done by James Mooney of the Bureau of American Ethnology at Washington. Mr. Mooney's articles on the American aborigines throughout the Encyclopedia have elicited universal encomium. Spiritism, Taoism, Universalism, Telepathy, Theosophy and Superstition make up a series of articles which cannot but prove of keenest interest both to the scholar and general reader. The article on Superstition will be effective in clearing away many cobwebs in the minds both of Catholics and non-Catholics, whose notions are often very hazy upon this subject.

The States of the Church, i.e. the territories once subject to the temporal jurisdiction of the popes, is given twenty columns, accompanied by an admirable map showing the extent of the papal possessions at different periods of history in the eighth, twelfth, sixteenth and eighteenth centuries respectively. Ecclesiastical Statistics and the Statistics of Religions are treated by Paul Maria Baumgarten and H. A. Kroese. The latter article containing valuable tables giving comparative religious statistics throughout the world. Among the States of the Union coming in this volume are South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee and Texas.

The editors announce that the last volume of the Fifteenth of this remarkable Encyclopedia will be issued by next October, thus completing one of the greatest literary achievements in the history of publication in the short time of eight years, a monument to the enterprise and industry of those who have devoted themselves to this work.

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