

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1886.

VOL. XV.—NO. 45

REDDIN'S DRUG STORE!

CAMERON BLOCK.
MORE ATTRACTIVE THAN EVER.
NEW GOODS,
LOW PRICES,
BEST VALUE.

Personal Attention in every Department.

D. O'M. REDDIN, Jr.

Charlottetown, July 14, 1886.

A GREAT SUMMER RESORT.

The Seaside Hotel,

Rustico Beach, P. E. Island,

HAS been much improved this season, and will be open for Guests and Visitors on or before JULY 10th.

TERMS MODERATE.

The Proprietors will spare no pains to make this the finest summer resort in the Province.

JOHN NEWSON & CO.

June 23, 1886.

NEW HAT & FUR STORE

Newson Block.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

Hats of the Latest Styles at the very lowest prices.

Furs of all kinds cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired.

Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

E. STUART.

Charlottetown, May 26, 1886.

6,500 HATS

—AT—

L. E. PROWSE'S,

WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

MOST of this stock has been bought at about 30 per cent. less than regular prices, therefore

BIG BARGAINS

will be given in every line. For Style, Quality and Low Price, we leave all other competitors behind.

PLEASE COME AND SEE

L. E. PROWSE,

Sign of the Great Big Hat, 74 Queen Street.

Charlottetown, April 7, 1886.

Charlottetown Woolen Mills.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

FARMERS.—If you want to save disturbance in the home, go quickly to any one of the Agencies of the

Charlottetown Woolen Company and Buy a Suit of Clothes.

The good wife's time is occupied sufficiently without being annoyed and worried in mending the Clothes purchased elsewhere than from us; so if you really desire peace, and have an everlasting Suit, go as we advise.

We started manufacturing in 1881, and every year our business has gone on and multiplied, but in case there still be a few who have not heard the glad tidings or favored us with a visit, to all our old customers and the public generally we extend a cordial invitation to come and see us.

AGENTS:

Our Own Store, North Side Queen Street, Charlottetown

Messrs. James Ross, Mount Stewart

Messrs. Matthew, McLean & Co., Souris

Messrs. Beer & Sons, St. Peter's

Mr. G. H. Halbrooke, Cardigan

Messrs. Prowse & Sons, Murray Harbor

Our Own Store, Montague Bridge

Mr. Albert Gray, Freetown

Messrs. Reuben Tuplin & Co., Kensington

Mr. David Rogers, Summerside

Mr. Robert Bell, Alberton

Messrs. Strong Bros., Victoria, Crapaud

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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

1886. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1886.

On and after Tuesday, June 1st, 1886, Trains will run as follows:

Trains Depart—For the West.

STATIONS. Express. Mixed. Mixed.

Charlottetown, 6:00 a.m. 10:15 a.m. 12:30 p.m.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.,

8 WALL ST., N. Y.

Steamer "Heather Belle."

1886. 1886.

Summer Arrangement.

On and after TUESDAY, May 4, the

Steamer "Heather Belle," Capt. McLean,

will run as follows:

Every Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, will

leave Charlottetown for Orford, Brant,

St. John's, and return on Wednesday

morning at 10 o'clock. All other trains run

as usual.

JAMES COLEMAN,

Railway Office, Charlottetown, May 27, 1886.

Superintendent.

Trains run by Eastern Standard Time.

Trains on Cape Traverse Branch leave Charlottetown Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and

leave Cape Traverse Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. All other trains run

as usual.

TERMS MODERATE.

The Proprietors will spare no pains to make this the finest summer resort in the Province.

JOHN NEWSON & CO.

June 23, 1886.

NEW DRY GOODS!

—AT—

PERKINS & STERN'S

As usual, our stock has been personally selected in the best British and American markets, and comprises, in addition to a full range of

STAPLE DRY GOODS

all the novelties to be found.

London, Paris and New York Millinery, Fancy Goods, Hats, Bonnets and Shapas.

New Parasols and Umbrellas,

Large Stock of New Hosiery, Gloves, &c.,

New Trimmings New Frillings, New Laces,

NEW DRESS GOODS, WITH TRIMMINGS TO SUIT.

New French Muslins, New American Muslins, New Laces to Match.

New Cloths, New Pink Cottons, New Jerseys, New Jackets,

New Carpets and Oilcloths.

PERKINS & STERN'S.

Charlottetown, May 12, 1886.

J. F. WILLIS & CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

GOLD MEDAL WAZNER SEWING MACHINES.

THE GENUINE

Uxbridge Organs, and the Leading Pianos of the Day.

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Complimentary Addresses.

The following addresses were presented to the Rev. James E. McDonald by his parishioners before his departure to Vancouver:

To the Reverend James E. McDonald.

REVEREND AND DEAR SIR.—We are pleased to learn that your good Bishop in recognition of your long, unswerving and faithful discharge of your priestly duties, has graciously granted you a few well-deserved holidays to enable you to accompany his Lordship on his intended tour through the great Northwest and the neighboring Republic.

Your parishioners of St. Joseph's mission cannot allow the opportunity to pass without conveying to you a feeble expression of their appreciation of your long and faithful service to the great Northwest and the neighboring Republic.

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THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1886

The Debt of the Dominion

It is noteworthy that Grit orators are as particular at the present time about the questions they discuss as the managers are concerning the localities to which the leaders are invited to speak.

Now that the C. P. R. "agitation" and the franchise "iniquity" have collapsed, it is necessary that some show of opposition be kept up by charging the present Government with increasing the debt of the Dominion.

It may be urged by the opponents of the present Government that the public debt has increased, but it is impossible for them to exonerate themselves from the charge of having increased our indebtedness enormously without having left anything to show for it.

Our local Grit contemporary evidently experienced another of those painful sensations to which it is subject on Monday last. The debt of the Government in announcing the progress of the expected quarter of a million dollars is too much of a load for the old party back to bear.

When we consider some of the causes which plunged the Dominion into debt so rapidly, our readers will agree that it would be difficult to do without our Grit friends—in the Opposition. Under Grit rule Canadian credit sank very low, and interest was correspondingly high.

Those who understand how deeply we sympathize with our contemporary will not find fault with us for withholding information for the present, at least; if for no other reason than that our contemporary warns the Government that the people will ask for information at the approaching Legislative Council Election.

From November, 1873, to June 30, 1874, the Grits increased the annual expenditure \$4,141,669 over the previous year; for the years 1875-6, their expenditure increased \$75,000, and wound up with the year's transactions with a deficit of \$1,460,785; 1876-7 with another of \$1,460,045; 1877-8 with another of \$1,128,147; and 1878-9 with another of \$1,937,999; and as they were virtually responsible on account of their disastrous trade policy for the deficit of 1879-80, Sir Richard Cartwright and his friends left a monument of \$8,070,185 to commemorate their incapacity and extravagance.

But it is the yearly average under such party which shows the hollowness of Grit pretensions. The total increase of interest on public debt from 1867 to 1873 was \$828,956, an average increase per year of \$143,825. The increase from 1874 to 1878, when Sir Deficit Cartwright was Finance Minister, amounted to \$1,451,841, or an average annual increase of \$290,368. During the Conservative period, from 1879 to 1885, notwithstanding the "blue ruin" we hear so much about, the increase for six years has been only \$934,628, an average of \$155,771, or \$57,179 less than during the five years the Grits were in power. So much for interest.

The next test to be applied is the sinking fund and charges of management of debt. In making this comparison we include 1873 in the Grit term, and 1879 in the Liberal-Conservative period. From 1873 to 1878, inclusive, the total Grit sinking fund—a sum invested annually to pay off debt—amounted to \$3,666,765, and the charges of management for the same period averaged within a fraction of \$200,000 annually. From 1879 to 1885, inclusive—the same length of time—the total amount set apart by the present Government to pay off debt was \$6,088,677, and the charges of management were only \$224,975, showing that the expense of managing the public debt was much larger proportionately under Grit rule than at present.

It may be urged by the opponents of the present Government that the public debt has increased, but it is impossible for them to exonerate themselves from the charge of having increased our indebtedness enormously without having left anything to show for it. It is quite the reverse with the present Government. They have constructed a great national highway and fostered every branch of industry in the Dominion, and which kept the credit of the country abreast of the most prosperous and progressive colonies in the empire. In view of these facts, it is, we think, unfortunate for Grit orators that party exigencies should force them to deal with the debt question in any section of the Dominion outside the Indian reserves.

The Grit Organ Looming Up Again

Our local Grit contemporary evidently experienced another of those painful sensations to which it is subject on Monday last. The debt of the Government in announcing the progress of the expected quarter of a million dollars is too much of a load for the old party back to bear.

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In computing the relative increase of our public debt as between the present Government and their predecessors, it has always been contended by the Conservative press and party that, owing to our improved condition, the expenditure on important public works has not increased our debt burden. In this respect we rejoice to see that there is one Grit newspaper in the Dominion honest enough to present the case fairly. The St. John Globe, having grasped the subject with the subject, and recognizing our improved credit, is candid enough to make the following admission:

But it is the yearly average under such party which shows the hollowness of Grit pretensions. The total increase of interest on public debt from 1867 to 1873 was \$828,956, an average increase per year of \$143,825. The increase from 1874 to 1878, when Sir Deficit Cartwright was Finance Minister, amounted to \$1,451,841, or an average annual increase of \$290,368. During the Conservative period, from 1879 to 1885, notwithstanding the "blue ruin" we hear so much about, the increase for six years has been only \$934,628, an average of \$155,771, or \$57,179 less than during the five years the Grits were in power. So much for interest.

Death of Mayor Beer

We are sorry to have to announce the death of Henry Beer, Esq., Mayor of this city, which occurred on the morning of last Thursday, the 2nd inst. Mr. Beer had been ill of fever since early last spring, but till a short time before his death sanguine hopes of his recovery had been entertained by his family and friends. Nearly two months ago the fever subsided, but another malady set in which necessitated a surgical operation, and from which he was apparently recovering. The prostration consequent on the presence of the combined diseases, however, was more than a system already debilitated by the fever could endure, and it terminated fatally.

Mr. Beer was second son of the late Hon. George Beer, and was born in this city on the 7th of June, 1835. He received his education at the old Central Academy in his palmy days, and in 1857 was married to Miss Kings, of Pownal. He engaged in mercantile business in early life and conducted an extensive establishment at Southport for many years. About five years ago he transferred a portion of his business to a large store on the south side of Queen Square in this city, and this was totally destroyed in the fire of February, 1884. In 1870 he entered the political arena, and since then till the close of the last session of the Provincial Parliament he represented the Fort Augustus District in the Local Legislature, with the exception of the years from 1879 to 1882. He was elected Speaker of the Assembly in March 1877, and filled that honorable position with credit during a short term of Parliament. He took much interest in the creation of a volunteer service for his native Province, obtaining rank as an officer therein, and has been for many years Lieutenant-Colonel of the 82nd Battalion of Volunteer Militia.

He was elected Mayor of Charlottetown at the Civic Election of 1885. During the period of the smallpox epidemic, from November 1885 till the extinction of that terrible scourge, Mayor Beer as Chairman of the Board of Health performed services for which his memory cannot but be revered. At all times and in the most inclement weather he was found actively discharging important duties, directing and controlling the efforts that were being made for the suppression of the disease. He did not even shrink from contact with the sick and dying. His conduct was brave and his efforts most successful in subduing the pest.

In 1886 he was re-elected as Mayor to promote the introduction of water works for the city, but the fault has not been his if the matter so far has miscarried. In public life Mr. Beer had numerous and influential opponents, but his genial and kindly disposition never encouraged animosities. He was highly esteemed by his political friends, and we are sure that those, with his numerous friends in private life, join in condolence with his widow and family in their bereavement.

The Provincial Exhibition

The Provincial Exhibition, 1886, promises to be larger in some of the leading classes of exhibits than any of its predecessors. The special encouragement given to owners of horses, by the handsome prizes of Dr. Doid, of Charlottetown, for the "Barrister," and of Dr. Baristo, of Summerside, for the "Horseman," will cause a large and doubtless a very fine display of young stock sired by those two imported horses. We expect yet to chronicle before the exhibition takes place special prizes to be awarded by the owners of other valuable horses, whose get are highly spoken of among horse fanciers. It is needless to say that enterprising men who offer special prizes in the agricultural and industrial departments of exhibitions contribute very materially to their success.

The prize list now on our table shows amount in cash prizes awarded by the Board of Commissioners for the approaching Provincial Exhibition, is \$1572.75, which sum is already supplemented by \$20 from Dr. Doid for "Barrister," and \$17 from Dr. Baristo for "Horseman." The very handsome sum of \$17 from McLeod & Stewart, seedsmen and grocers of this city, for the best sample of turnips grown from seed purchased at their store, will give rise to keen competition in that section.

This Exhibition takes place after harvest, when our farmers are released in a great measure from the labor and anxieties of the summer, and at the most convenient season for public display and comparison, as the central and general exhibition of the Province—the products of the industries of the whole people. The additional knowledge which agriculturists, mechanics and artisans obtain through the means of these exhibitions and the opportunities for improvement which they offer are of great value. It is only by producing the best article, and that by means of the most economical methods, and by maintaining a steady improvement in all the departments of our agricultural and industrial productions, that we can hold our own, and maintain the reputation which we have attained at home and abroad because of the superior character of our exhibits.

It is said, and we believe the statement is correct, that Charlottetown is the only city in the Dominion of Canada where exhibitions are held, which does not contribute towards the support of those useful and profitable gatherings. It is not an uncommon occurrence to find city corporations voting from \$5000 to \$20,000 of their funds for the encouragement of exhibitions in their cities. From our civic board not one dollar has ever been voted or offered towards giving prizes to any of our city mechanics or manufacturers in any line of industry. Surely one or two hundred dollars might be awarded by the City Council to be divided in prizes for articles exhibited by our citizens, such as carriages, furniture, boots and shoes, paintings, penmanship, ornamental home industries, and such like, all of which would add to the attractions of the exhibitions. Since we need not expect that any action of this kind will be taken by the present civic board, we think that our mercantile houses, hotel keepers and others of our citizens whose cash receipts are considerably augmented during Exhibition week, should offer special prizes in any of the departments of the Exhibition in which they feel the most interested.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The election in Haldimand takes place to-day. Mr. Merritt is the Government candidate, and Mr. Coulter, Opposition.

THIRTY-SIX elections have been held in the Dominion since the last general election. Of this number the Government carried twenty-nine and the Opposition five. Quite a reaction, to be sure.

The organs of the Grit party have at last partially overcome their prejudice against the title of "chieftain." Blake and Mowatt are now dubbed "Liberal Chiefs." No doubt it is the "chief" humbug the Grits mean.

The strange thing of time brings about some wondrous things indeed. Several Grit members of Parliament and "blue ruin" politicians are making a holiday trip over the C. P. Railway at present. Who would have thought a few years ago that one of these obstructive would ever have the enterprise to travel across the continent on the C. P. Railway? Slugs and dogs would be more in harmony with their ideas of national development. The Government ought to offer the whole batch of them a free pass.

We welcome extended to Sir John Macdonald on his return to Ottawa from British Columbia was the most enthusiastic and spontaneous ever witnessed at the Capital. There were other attractions, too, on the night of his arrival. Blake and Mowatt were holding high carnival at the Roller Rink, and as the managers had been drumming up their forces for weeks, most of the Grits were there. But when the Premier's return was announced, there was no effort required to bring out the populace of the metropolis in thousands.

The Mayoralty Contest

No sooner was the late lamented Mayor Beer laid to rest than it devolved upon our citizens to make preparations for the election of his successor. In this conforming with the Act of Incorporation our citizens were forced to perform a duty which under other circumstances would appear like indecent haste. However, a public meeting was held in the Market Hall on Saturday evening, a report of which appears in another column. We would judge from that transcript there that the great majority of those present were satisfied to allow ex-Lieut. Governor Haviland to be elected without opposition. But it appears that certain parties have declared war to the knife, and the result is that ex-Mayor Hooper has been nominated to oppose him on Monday next. We need not remind our readers that Mr. Hooper is a candidate for the fifth time. He was elected twice and defeated twice, so that in placing himself in the balance this time he enters upon his fifth campaign.

Mr. Haviland is a gentleman in every way qualified for the position, and on that account should be returned by a large majority. Those of the old school who take an interest in Civic affairs look upon the late Mr. Haviland as a model Mayor, and maintain to this day that the city made greater progress in his day than ever it did since. This alone is a strong recommendation. For our own part we consider that a more suitable candidate could not easily be found for the position than ex-Lieutenant-Governor Haviland.

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AT DEATH'S DOOR

Believed that would question me... What things the parting soul doth see...

THE "ISIS" MYSTERY.

The Story of a Missing Ship.

By LEON LEWIS.

CHAPTER XV.—[CONTINUED].

"How did this man look?" asked Jack.

The old pilot described the stranger, and it was singular how truthfully Jack was reminded of Glugg.

"The man was just a young fellow," added the pilot, "and the boat had just been cleared when the stranger came."

"Why, that stranger was Glugg?" he cried, in a sudden glow of excitement.

"All air," the pilot replied.

"The soul of our hero thrilled to its centre as he looked seaward in silence."

"Where can he be now?" he asked himself.

"Finding himself thus thrown into the field of speculation, Jack hastened to sort forth all the facts in the case."

"The answer of the old navigator, was discouraging."

"You ship has probably gone back to China," he declared.

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Improved rapidly upon acquaintance.

"And you shall have a front room, Mr. Oley—the one directly over the parlor."

"That will be very nice," commented Glugg, "and here is the cash for two weeks in advance."

"I have changed my mind upon several things, and am anxious to see it."

He was soon installed and left to his reflections.

"We are out of everything, including money," declared the skipper, at the end of this period.

"This was accordingly done."

But Jack was not entirely hopeless, nor was he a man to shrink from difficulty.

"The purpose of our hero was to be seen in a glance, he too, was in quest of lodgings."

"Thunder!" ejaculated Glugg, mentally. "Is this a misfortune, or is it a turn in my favor?"

"Looking down into the street until Jack had entered the house, Glugg slipped from his room to the landing."

"The business of our hero was soon stated. He did not propose to remain in Cape Town a great while."

"If that is so," she said, lifting her forehead oracularly, and shaking her head in a sort of awe-struck joy.

"The assistant's black eyes sparkled. A full house meant for her plenty of small silver pieces that would be otherwise well to be."

"It is safe to say that neither mistress nor maid hardly drew a full breath during the next half hour."

"The new-comers were two in number—a young lady and a middle-aged gentleman who appeared greatly exhausted with their long voyage."

"The situation was one that appealed to the best instincts of Mrs. Ray's heart."

"I have you just at home here, Mr. March," said Mrs. Ray, who had expressed his approval of the entertainment offered him, and given his name.

"I am really sorry, gentlemen," said Mrs. Ray, "but I am a stranger in town."

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arrived, madam," continued Scott, "we must beg you to give us three lodgings also."

"Oh, indeed!" cried Mrs. Ray again; and it was marvellous what a difference there was between this utterance of the words and the former.

"Fortunately the business has been so dull lately that I will have plenty of room."

He was a large man directly opposite the captain, and it was now it pleased him.

"Oh, we leave all that to you, madam," said Scott. "The essential is that we are lodged near our friend."

"The terms were soon settled, the widow being now all smiles and good nature, and then the three men went away as abruptly as they had come."

"A suppressed yell burst from Glugg's lips at sight of the new-comer—and well it might."

"The old proverb is certainly true," cried Mrs. Ray to her assistant, as soon as they were again by themselves.

"It never rains but it pours. Here are five as good boarders as ever set foot in my house, and all in less than an hour!"

"Steamer in!" exclaimed the Hostess, from his post at the door.

"The announcement was all that was necessary for Mrs. Ray's complete bewilderment."

"If that is so," she said, lifting her forehead oracularly, and shaking her head in a sort of awe-struck joy.

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He was a large man directly opposite the captain, and it was now it pleased him.

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"The terms were soon settled, the widow being now all smiles and good nature, and then the three men went away as abruptly as they had come."

"A suppressed yell burst from Glugg's lips at sight of the new-comer—and well it might."

"The old proverb is certainly true," cried Mrs. Ray to her assistant, as soon as they were again by themselves.

"It never rains but it pours. Here are five as good boarders as ever set foot in my house, and all in less than an hour!"

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